



Strasbourg,

31/01/2023

CEPEJ(2022)8 rev1

Part 2

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

Study on the functioning of judicial systems in the EU Member States

Facts and figures from the CEPEJ questionnaires 2012 to 2021

Study prepared under the authority of the Working Group on the evaluation of judicial systems
(CEPEJ-GT-EVAL)

for the attention of the European Commission (Directorate General Justice)

Part 2 - Country fiches for each EU Member States (2021)

The information and views set out in this study are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official opinion of the Commission. The Commission does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this study. Neither the Commission nor any person acting on the Commission's behalf may be held responsible for the use which may be made of the information contained therein.

Les informations et les opinions exprimées dans cette étude ne lient que leurs auteurs et ne peuvent en aucun cas être considérées comme reflétant la position officielle de la Commission en la matière. La Commission ne garantit pas l'exactitude des données intégrées dans cette étude. Ni la Commission, ni aucune autre personne agissant en son nom ne peuvent être tenues responsables de l'éventuelle utilisation de l'information contenue dans le présent document.

Generated on 31/01/2023 12:20

PDF

ISBN 978-92-76-98604-1

DOI 10.2838/453509

DS-07-23-027-EN-N

Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union, 2023

© European Union, 2023



Judiciary at a glance in Austria

(2021 data)

General data

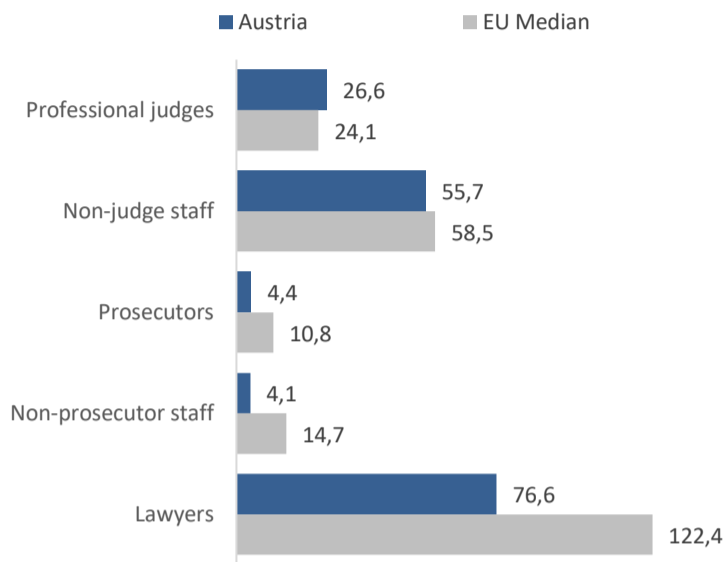
Population: 8 978 929

GDP per capita: 45 030 €

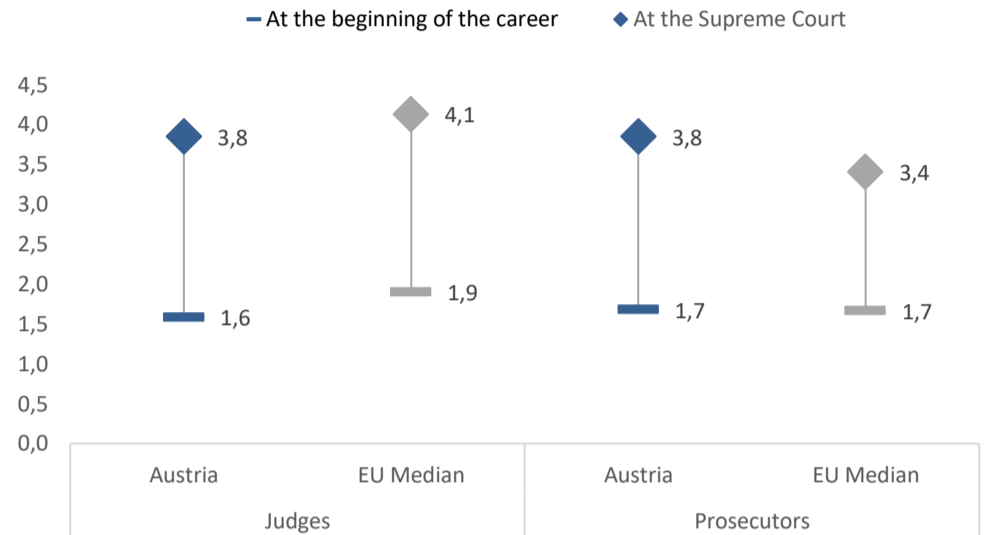
Average annual salary: NA

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

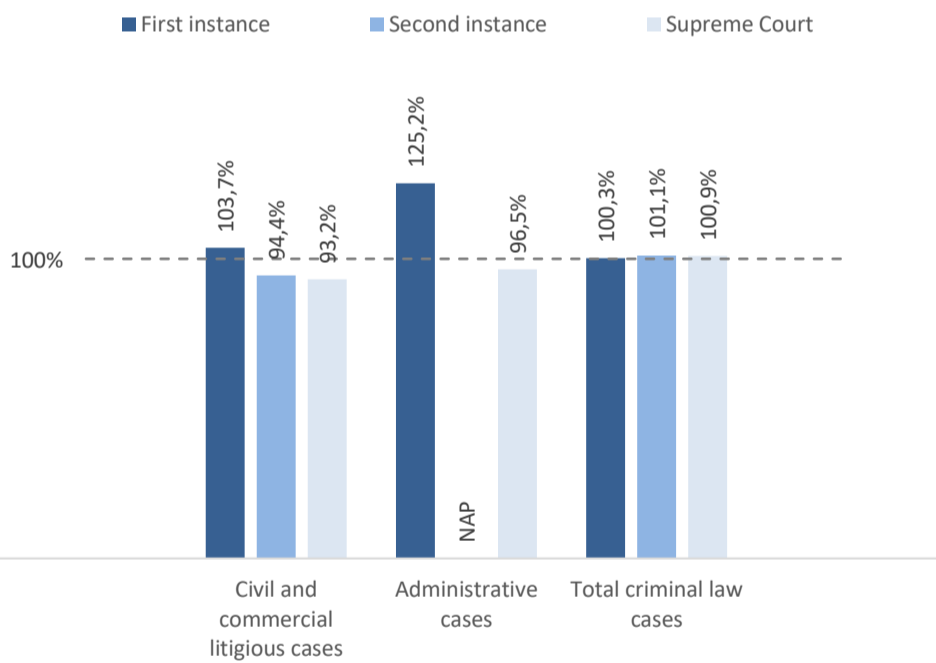


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

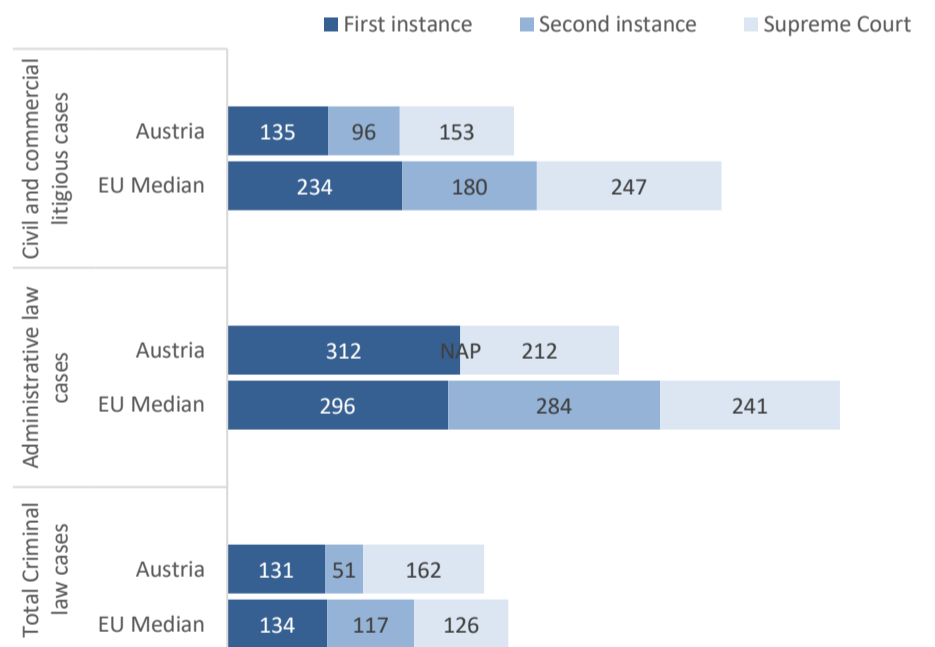


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

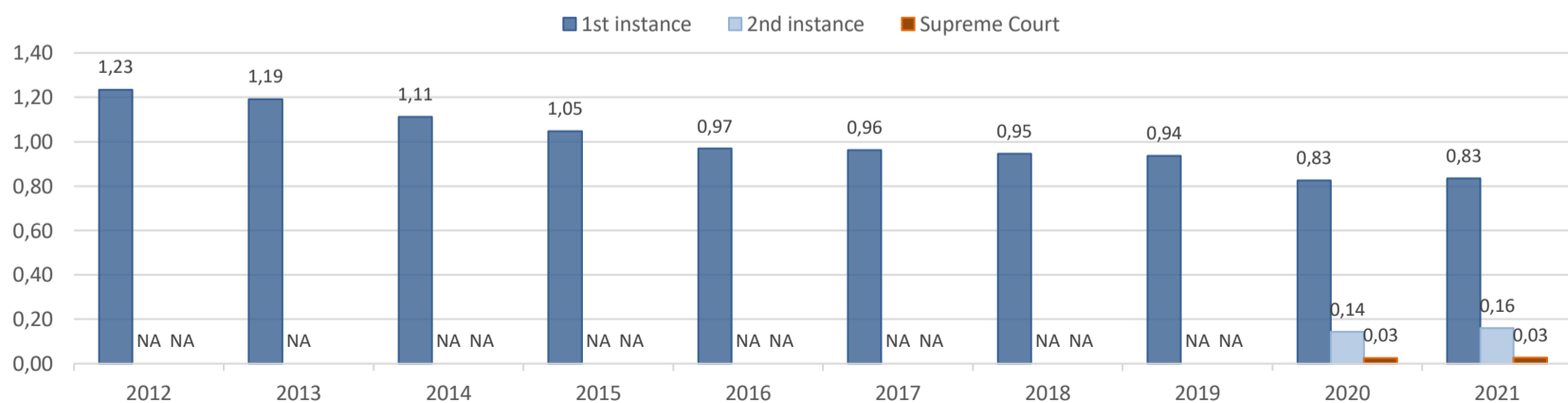


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Austria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	8 932 664	8 978 929		6,2%	0,5%
GDP per capita	36 430	36 930	38 540	39 390	40 420	42 010	43 680	44 900	42 502	45 030		23,6%	5,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	29 723		30 655		31 752		33 221	34 167	35 072	36 283		22,1%	3,5%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,3	18,4	18,9	18,6	27,4	28,2	27,3	29,5	29,0	26,6		45,3%	-8,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,8	55,4	54,8	54,4	63,4	63,0	56,3	57,5	59,0	55,7		1,6%	-5,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									4,5	4,4			-1,3%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									4,1	4,1			0,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,1	68,4	69,2	70,5	70,2	71,9	73,5	74,9	75,1	76,6		12,4%	2,0%
Mediators	28,4	28,3	28,6	26,6	29,3	25,4	25,8	19,0	19,5	18,3		-35,5%	-6,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,235	1,192	1,111	1,047	0,969	0,963	0,945	0,937	0,826	0,834		-32,4%	1,0%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,647	0,844	0,811	0,617	0,513	0,515		NAP	0,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,747	0,735			-1,7%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	101%	103%	102%	102%	99%	101%	100%	100%	104%		3,08	3,86
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91%	80%	90%	111%	126%	125%		NAP	-0,74
CR total criminal law cases									98%	100%			2,12

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	156	135		0,1%	-13,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	388	312		NAP	-19,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									133	131			-1,8%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,46	0,45	0,41	0,38	0,36	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,35	0,32		-30,3%	-9,2%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,61	0,82	0,90	0,82	0,69	0,55		NAP	-19,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,27	0,26			-1,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102%	94%			-7,61
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									100%	101%			1,58

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77	96			23,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									55	51			-7,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	104%	93%			-10,56
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	109%	94%	100%	92%	100%	97%			-3,81
CR total criminal law cases									103%	101%			-1,61

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	118	153			30,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	176	212			20,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									150	162			8,1%

1. Judicial organisation in Austria (2021 data)

In 2021 in Austria, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 152. Namely, there are 133 courts of general jurisdiction and 19 specialised courts.

Among the 133 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 128 act at first instance, 4 at second instance and one at third instance.

More precisely, the 115 District courts and the 13 Regional courts of general jurisdiction intervene as first instance courts. It is noteworthy that the 7 other regional courts that have specialised jurisdiction are not taken into consideration here, but are counted as specialised first instance courts (infra). It is to be mentioned that the peculiarity of the 20 Austrian Regional courts is that even though these are first instance courts, some of them are also competent in respect of appeals against District courts' decisions.

The 4 Higher Regional Courts have appeal competence in respect of all civil and criminal cases.

The Supreme court is the highest instance court in civil and criminal matters.

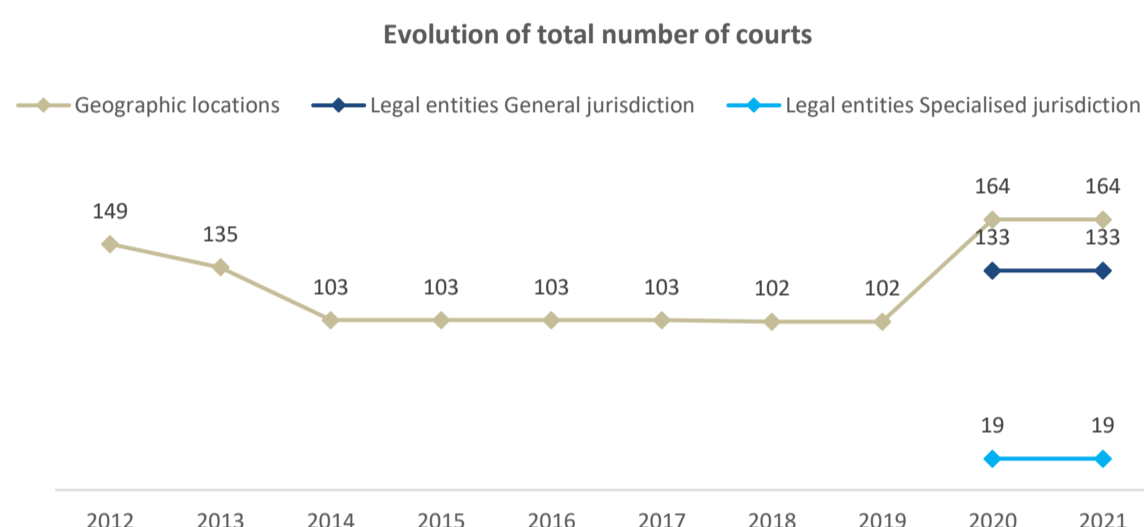
Among the 19 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 18 are of first instance and are competent for all legal matters not reserved to District courts. Within this total we have the 7 Regional courts of specialised competence.

The Supreme Administrative court is the highest instance in administrative matters.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 164 courts among which 158 are of first instance.

Evolution of total number of courts

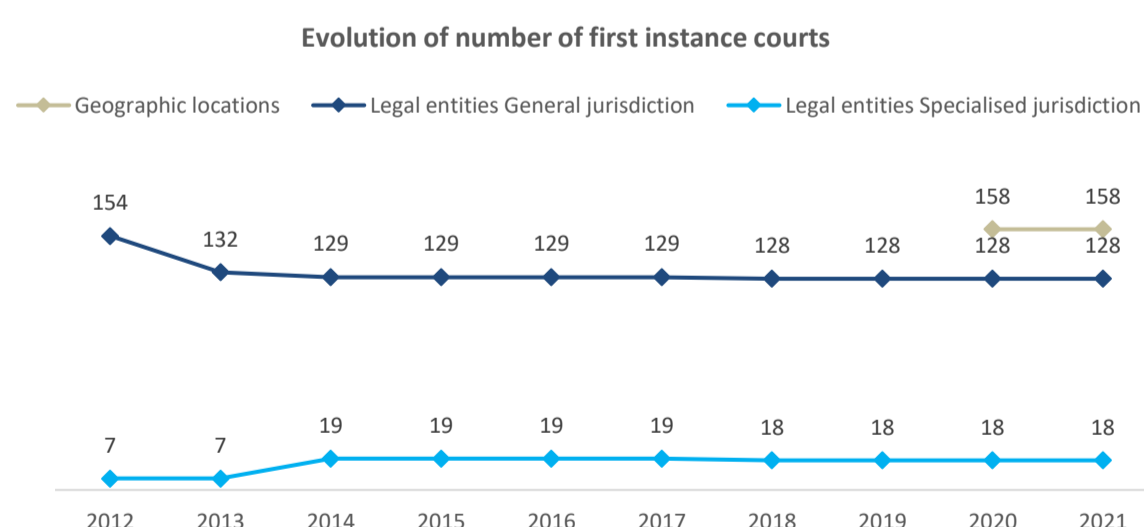
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	149		
2013	135		
2014	103		
2015	103		
2016	103		
2017	103		
2018	102		
2019	102		
2020	164	133	19
2021	164	133	19



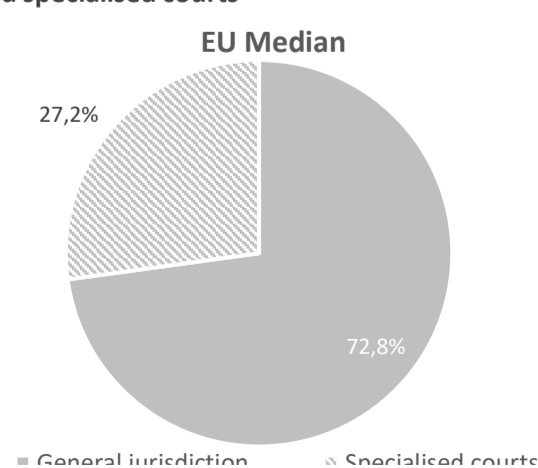
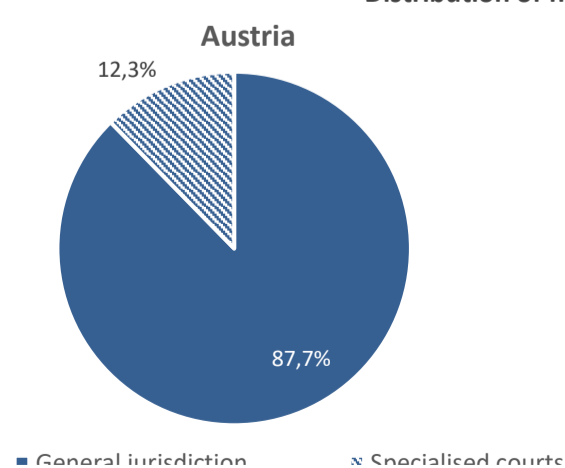
Starting from 2020, data on geographic locations are presented in respect of different locations for different instances, in full compliance with the CEPEJ methodology. The variation observed with previous cycles is only of a methodological nature.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		154	7
2013		132	7
2014		129	19
2015		129	19
2016		129	19
2017		129	19
2018		128	18
2019		128	18
2020	158	128	18
2021	158	128	18



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



■ General jurisdiction

■ Specialised courts

■ General jurisdiction

■ Specialised courts

The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 87,7% - 12,3% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	18	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	2	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	11	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	2	NAP

As a rule every court has to deal with all judicial issues. However, in the biggest Austrian cities certain courts are specialised, i.e. five in Vienna (civil cases, criminal cases, commercial cases [2 x], labour and social welfare cases) and two in Graz (civil cases, criminal cases).

It is noteworthy that one commercial court in Vienna, both courts (in Vienna and Graz) specialised on civil cases and both courts (in Vienna and Graz) specialised on the enforcement of criminal sanctions also act as second instance courts.

The two "other specialized first instance courts" are the two civil law courts (in Vienna and Graz), while the two specialised criminal courts also located in Vienna and Graz are specialised on the enforcement of criminal sanctions.

From January 1st, 2014 there are 11 newly found courts for administrative law in Austria, namely 9 regional administrative courts, 1 Federal administrative court and 1 Federal Tax Court.

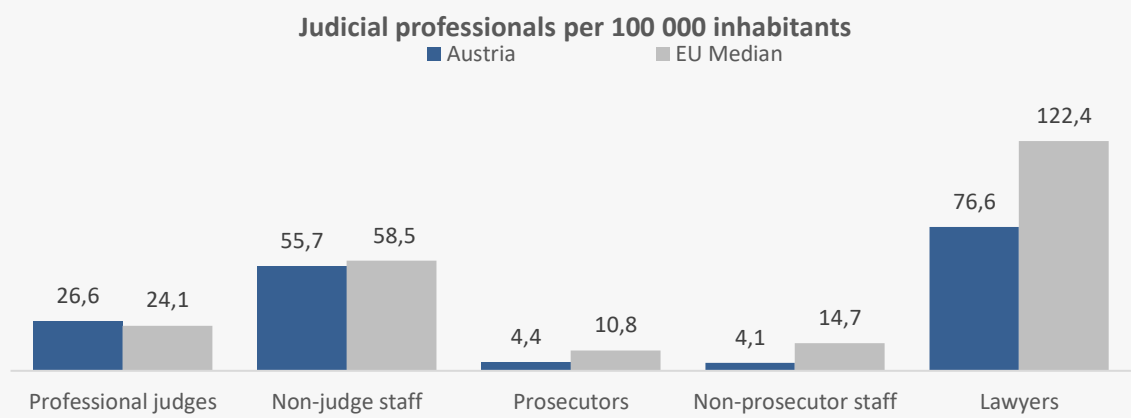
The sum of the numbers in the categories exceeds the total number of specialised courts because the labour and social court in Vienna is one court that is competent for labour and (some) social welfare cases.

2. Professionals of justice in Austria (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

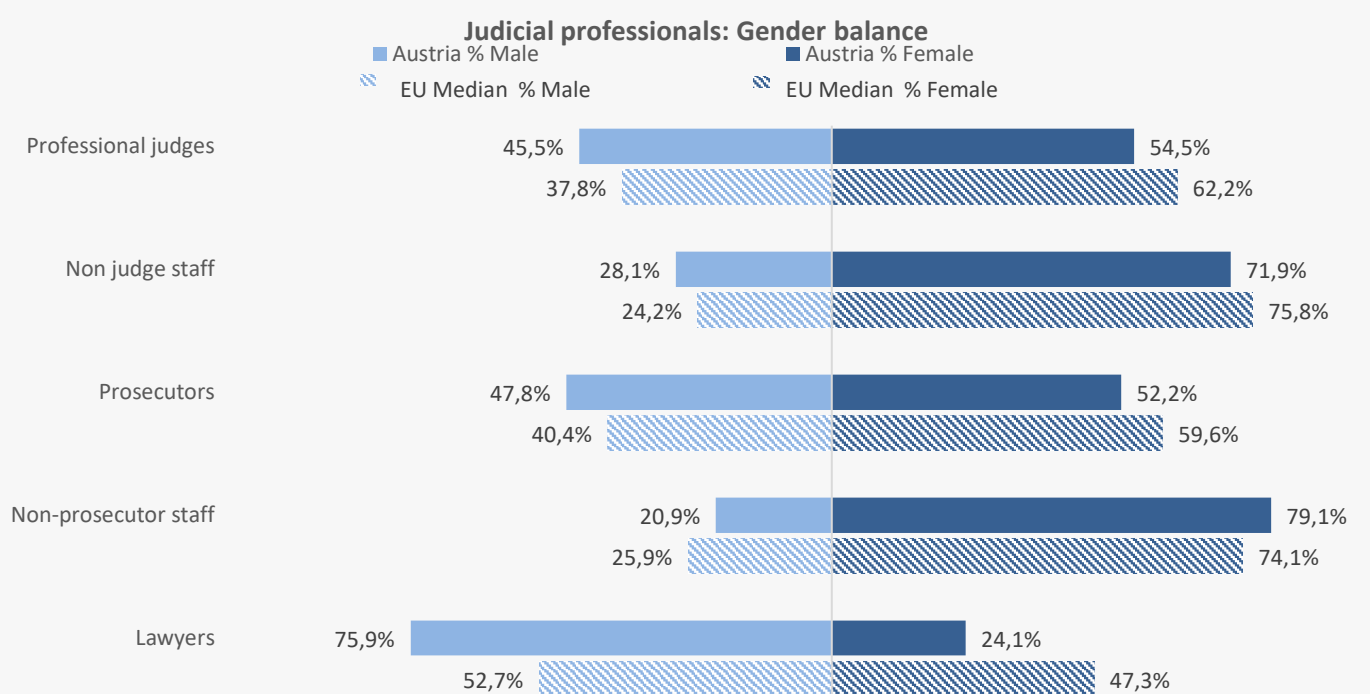
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 387	26,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	4 997	55,7	58,5
Prosecutors	395	4,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	369	4,1	14,7
Lawyers	6 875	76,6	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

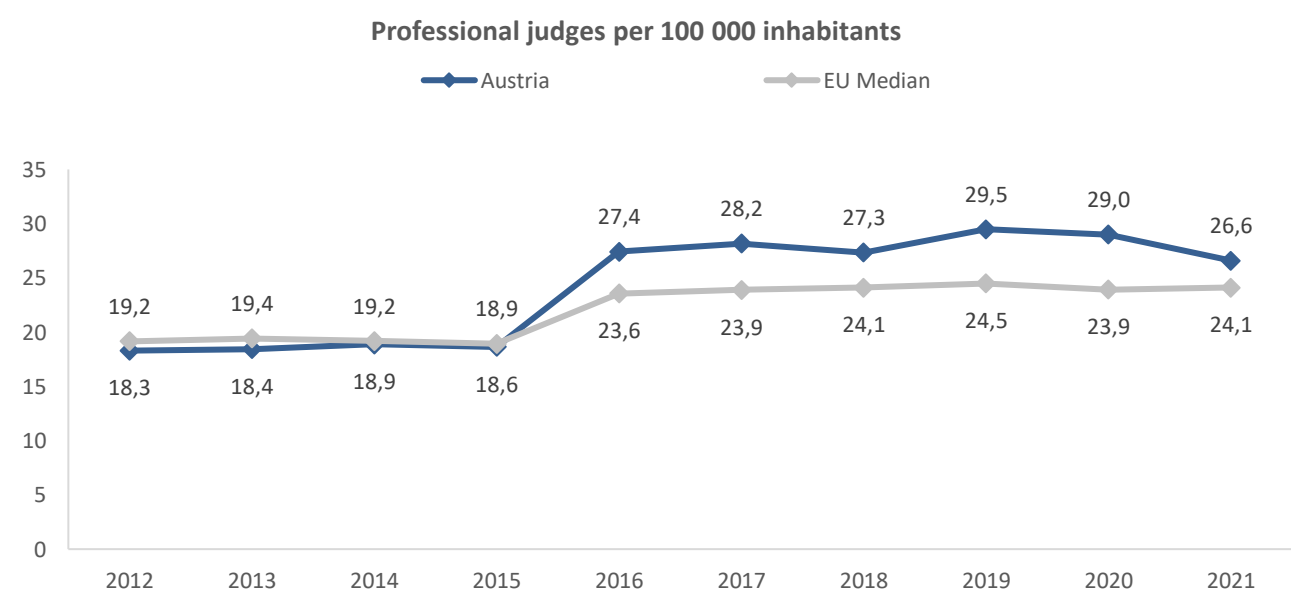
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	45,5%	54,5%
Non judge staff	28,1%	71,9%
Prosecutors	47,8%	52,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,9%	79,1%
Lawyers	75,9%	24,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2012	1 547	19,2	18,3	19,2
2013	1 565	19,4	18,4	19,4
2014	1 620	19,2	18,9	19,2
2015	1 621	18,9	18,6	18,9
2016	2 397	23,6	27,4	23,6
2017	2 478	23,9	28,2	23,9
2018	2 411	24,1	27,3	24,1
2019	2 625	24,5	29,5	24,5
2020	2 589	23,9	29,0	23,9
2021	2 387	24,1	26,6	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Austria is 2 387, which is -7,8% less than in previous cycle.

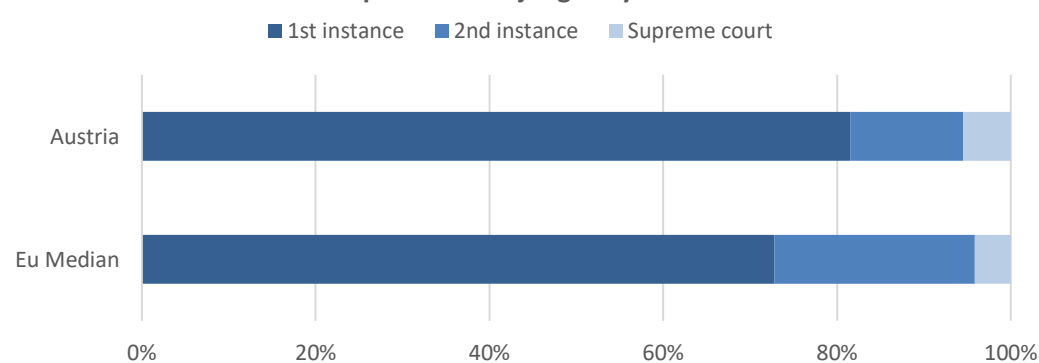
More precisely, in Austria, there are 26,58 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,09 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,04 non-judge staff per judge.

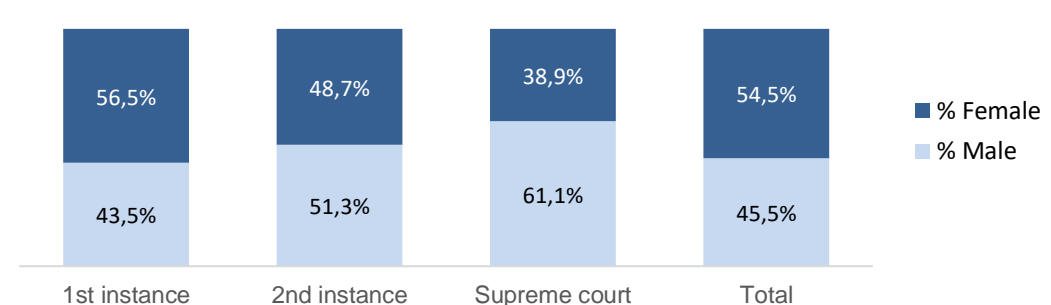
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 946	81,5%	847	1 099	43,5%	56,5%
2nd instance	310	13,0%	159	151	51,3%	48,7%
Supreme court	131	5,5%	80	51	61,1%	38,9%
Total	2 387		1 086	1 301	45,5%	54,5%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Austria



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 1 301, which represents 54,5% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 946 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 099 are Female); 310 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 151 are Female) and 131 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 51 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend established in Austria is similar with some nuances. Namely, the predominance of 1st instance judges is more pronounced; at second instance, there are less judges than at the EU level, while at third instance there are more.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Austria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the first instance judges sit in District and partly Regional courts. The second instance judges sit in partly Regional courts and Courts of appeal. The last instance includes judges sitting in the Supreme Court and the Supreme Administrative Court.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges have the majority only at first instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

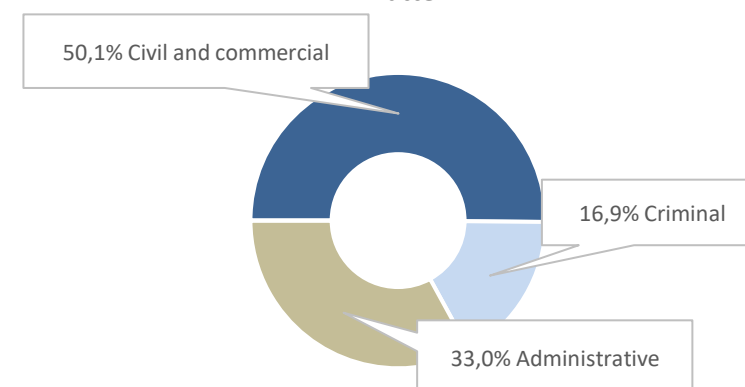
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 946	918	309	719	NAP
2nd instance	310	233	77	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	131	46	17	68	NAP
Total	2 387	1 197	403	787	NAP

In Austria, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	47,2%	15,9%	36,9%	NAP
2nd instance	75,2%	24,8%	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	35,1%	13,0%	51,9%	NAP
Total	50,1%	16,9%	33,0%	NAP

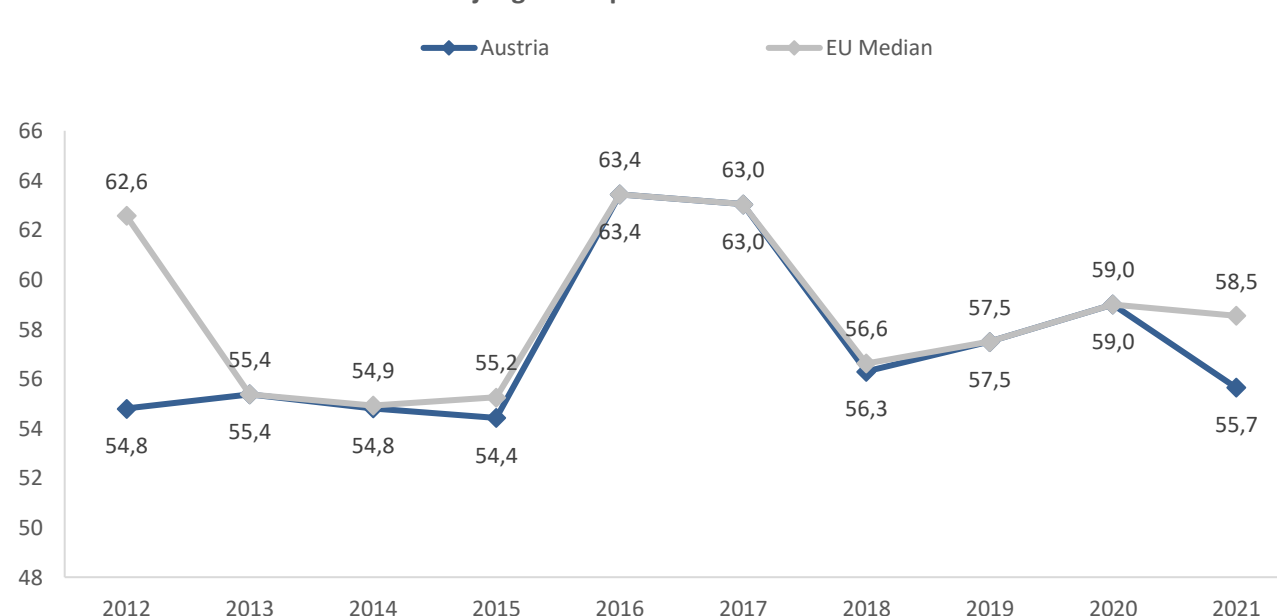
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Austria	Austria	EU Median
2012	4 631	54,8	62,6
2013	4 698	55,4	55,4
2014	4 705	54,8	54,9
2015	4 735	54,4	55,2
2016	5 544	63,4	63,4
2017	5 544	63,0	63,0
2018	4 966	56,3	56,6
2019	5 117	57,5	57,5
2020	5 270	59,0	59,0
2021	4 997	55,7	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Austria has 4 997 non-judge staff (of which 3 591 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -5,2%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 59,0 in 2020 to 55,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 29,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 26,6 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 997	
Rechtspfleger	736	14,7%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	450	9,0%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	3 364	67,3%
Technical staff	108	2,2%
Other	339	6,8%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

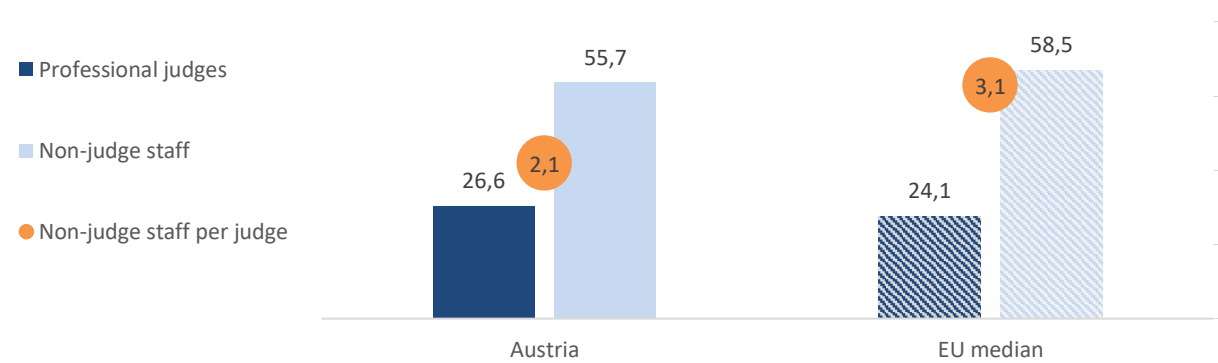
- 736 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 455 are Female);
- 450 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 345 are Female);
- 3 364 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 2 511 are Female);
- 108 technical staff (of which 34 are Female);
- 339 other (of which 246 are Female);

Starting from 2021, the “Kanzlei” who are responsible for handling of case files are no more counted as “other staff”, but as “staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts”. “Other staff” only includes trainees (including trainees for Rechtspfleger) and staff representation. Moreover, starting from 2021, “technical staff” also includes staff working at the courts’ IT departments, therefore the number is higher than in previous years.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Austria	EU median
Professional judges	26,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	55,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,1	3,1

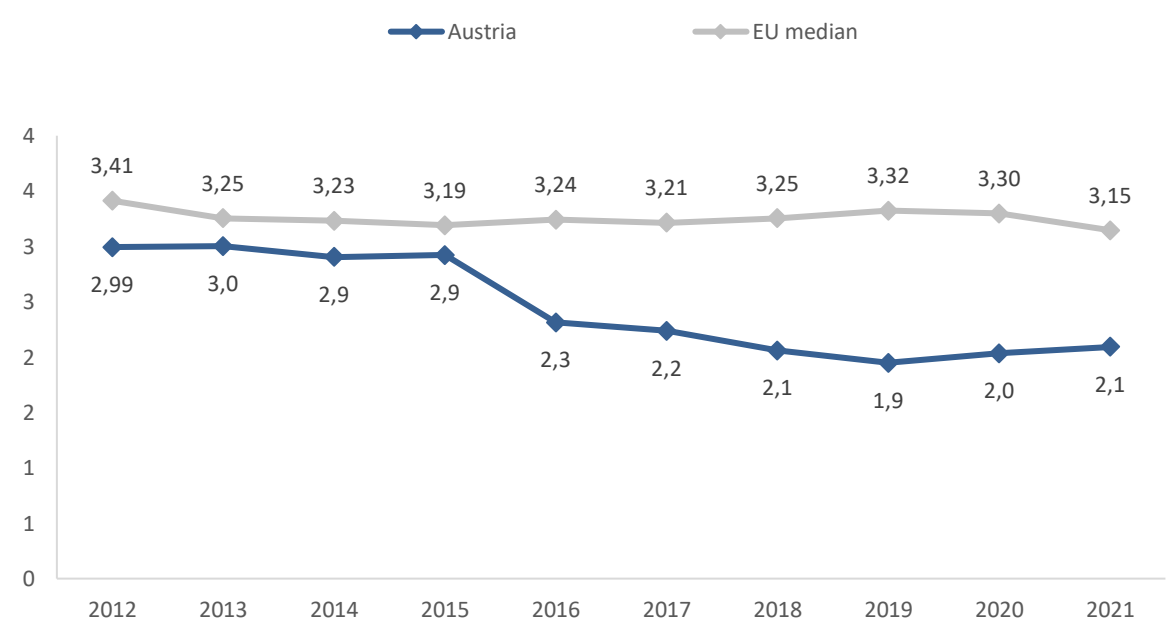
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Austria	Austria	Austria	EU median
2012	18,3	54,8	2,99	3,4
2013	18,4	55,4	3,0	3,3
2014	18,9	54,8	2,9	3,2
2015	18,6	54,4	2,9	3,2
2016	27,4	63,4	2,3	3,2
2017	28,2	63,0	2,2	3,2
2018	27,3	56,3	2,1	3,3
2019	29,5	57,5	1,9	3,3
2020	29,0	59,0	2,0	3,3
2021	26,6	55,7	2,1	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

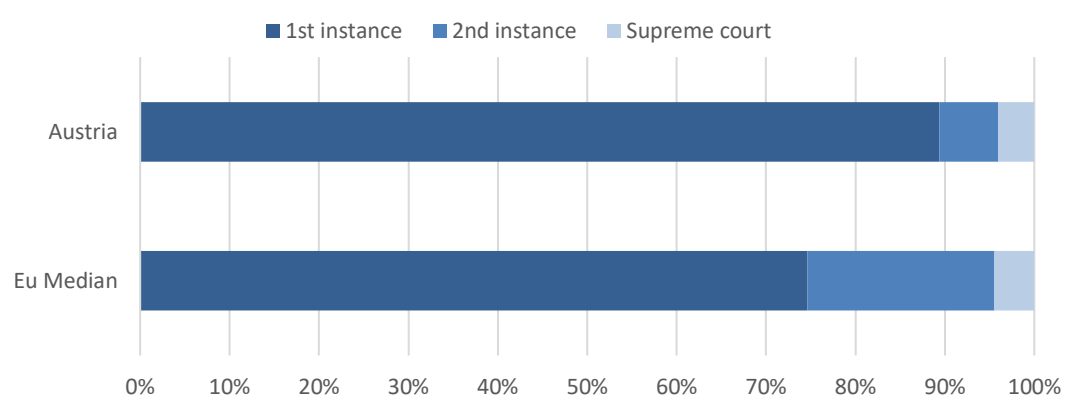


Public prosecutors

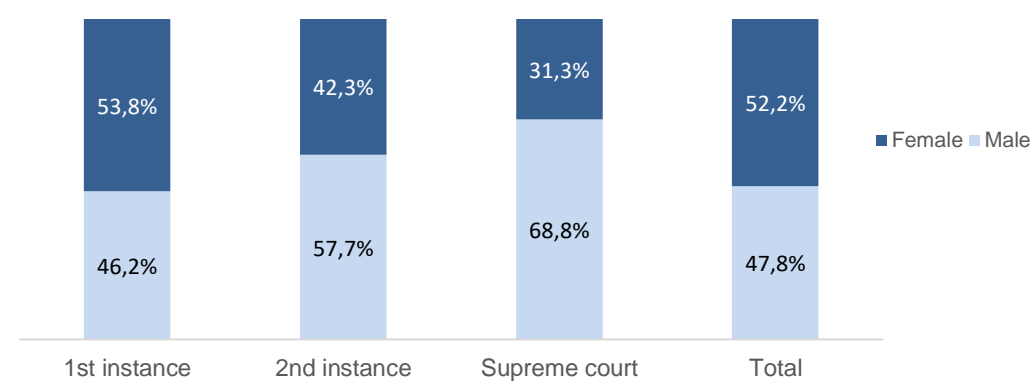
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	353	89,4%	163	190	46,2%	53,8%
2nd instance	26	6,6%	15	11	57,7%	42,3%
Supreme court	16	4,1%	11	5	68,8%	31,3%
Total	395		189	206	47,8%	52,2%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 206, which represents 52,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

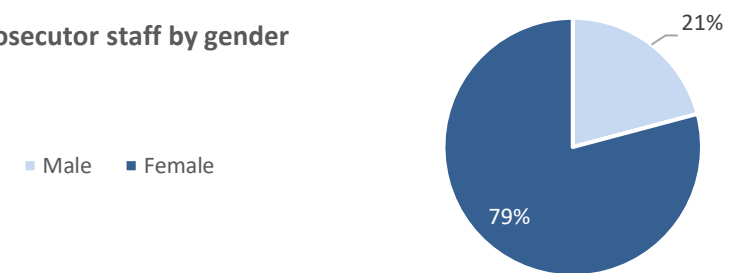
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 353 in first instance (of which 190 are Female); 26 are in second instance (of which 11 are Female) and 16 in final instance (of which 5 are Female).

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that, similar to judges, female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	369	77	292

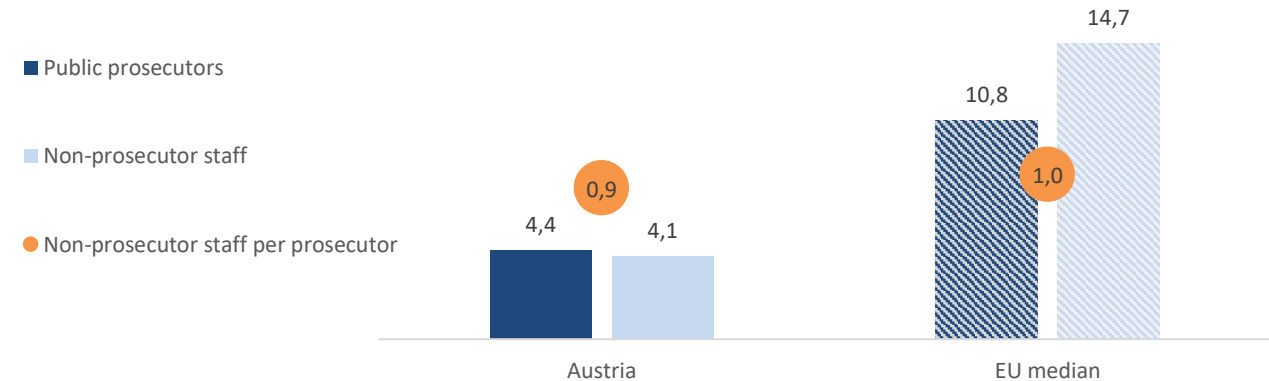
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Austria	EU median
Public prosecutors	4,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	4,1	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,9	1,0

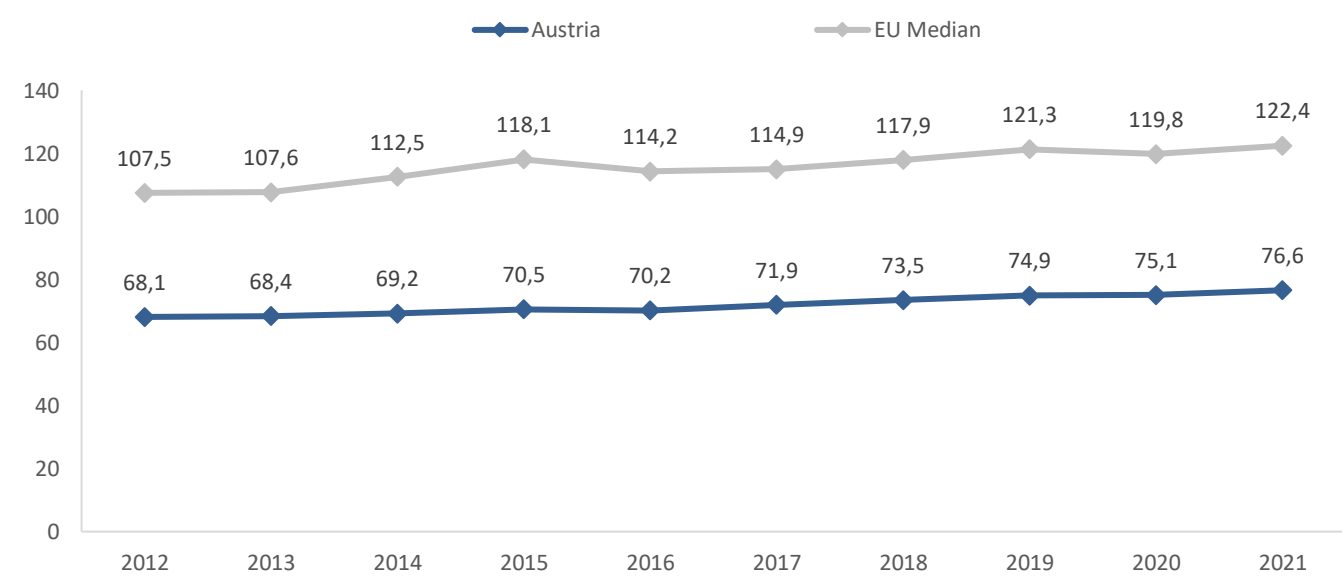
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Austria	Austria	EU Median
2012	5 756	68,1	107,5
2013	5 801	68,4	107,6
2014	5 940	69,2	112,5
2015	6 138	70,5	118,1
2016	6 132	70,2	114,2
2017	6 325	71,9	114,9
2018	6 483	73,5	117,9
2019	6 667	74,9	121,3
2020	6 707	75,1	119,8
2021	6 875	76,6	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, there are 6 875 lawyers, which is 2,5% more than in 2020.

There are 1 656 female lawyers which is 24% of the total.

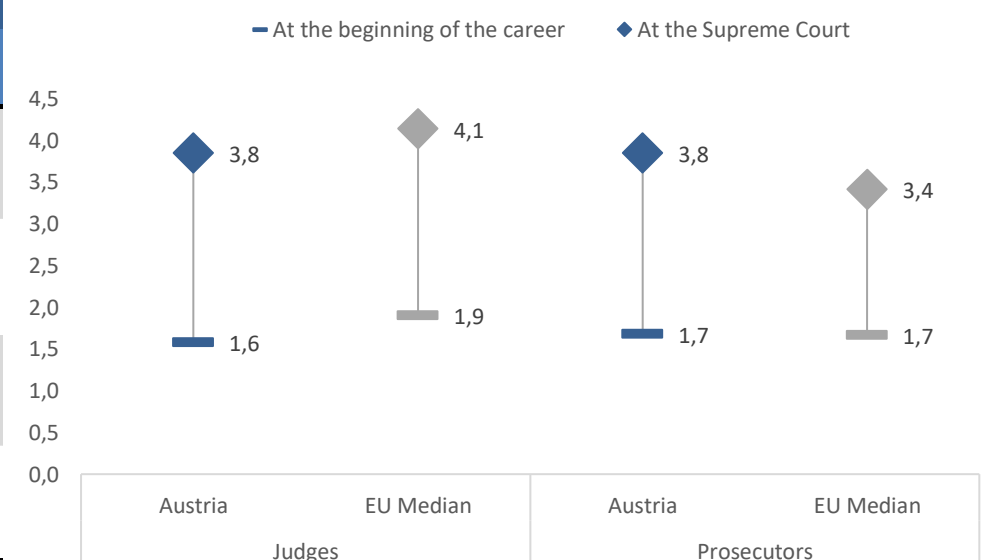
Austria has 76,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The data only include lawyers registered in the list of Austrian lawyers, lawyers registered in the list of established European lawyers according to the Lawyers' Directives registered by 31 December 2021. It does not include legal advisors as such a professions/type of service provider does not exist in Austria.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Austria	Austria	Austria	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	57 460€	NA	1,6	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	139 581€	NA	3,8	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	60 955€	NA	1,7	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	139 581€	NA	3,8	3,4

Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Austria of 57 460€ is somewhat above the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,58, which is below the EU median of 1,90.

In respect of administrative judges, the following information is available: first instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career: Gross annual salary: EUR 75700; Net annual salary: EUR 46900. Judge of the Administrative Supreme Court: Gross annual salary: EUR 133000.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Austria (2021 data)

In Austria, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔

> Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In principle every person who retains a defence lawyer or another representative has to bear the costs him or herself even if the lawyer was appointed ex officio. By virtue of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the court has to decide on total or partial legal aid on the request of the defendant if the defendant cannot bear the total costs for the defence lawyer without impairment of his/her own or his/her family's maintenance which enables him/her to a simple lifestyle and if it is necessary in the interest of justice in particular in the interest of an adequate defence. Where in any case the defendant needs a defence lawyer, the court has to decide on legal aid ex officio even if the defendant does not request for it but further requirements to provide legal aid are given.

Civil Cases: a party with insufficient financial means may apply for legal aid when entering into litigation or at any time later as long as the civil proceeding is still pending. As far as required the court can give legal aid by (wholly or partially) freeing the indigent party from court fees and other fees (fees for experts, interpreters, witnesses and guardians appointed by the court - as representatives for absent parties or parties in need of guardianship -, the parties' travelling expenses, and costs of announcements) and by providing legal representation (by a lawyer) free of charge. Where legal representation is provided, legal aid also covers the pre-trial advice given by the lawyer. A party which was granted legal aid for a particular legal dispute in another EU Member State is also entitled to legal aid in Austria for a proceeding concerning the recognition and enforcement of the decision given in that dispute. If an application for legal aid is submitted concerning an urgent case the court has to decide speedily. If the court decides that the legal aid includes the assistance of a lawyer, the regional Bar Association selects a lawyer from among its members, by alphabetical order.

At its discretion the courts may grant full legal aid or – depending on the applicant's circumstances and taking into account expected costs – partial legal aid, covering only certain fees. But if the applicant loses the case, he has to reimburse the successful party's procedural costs. Legal aid covers all stages of the proceedings. Legal aid is granted for proceedings before civil courts, which is why legal aid is generally not available for alternative dispute resolution mechanisms. However, legal aid is granted for a special application to the court to facilitate a court settlement in a case of mandatory ADR in very special neighbourhood disputes.

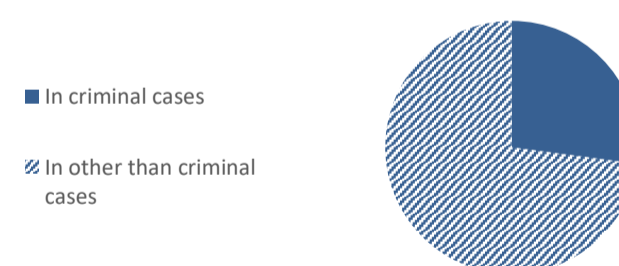
If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceeding. According to the Austrian Civil Procedure Order, the requirements for granting legal aid have only to be re-examined, if the enforcement proceeding will be opened one year after the main proceeding has been closed.

In civil matters, the Austrian Civil Procedure Order provides for that legal aid may cover not only the (provisional) exemption from court fees but also the exemption from fees for witnesses, experts, interpreters and guardians, costs of the necessary announcements and the cash expenditure of guardians or lawyers, representation by a court official or – if necessary – a lawyer. If the personal presence of the parties at a hearing is ordered by the court, their necessary travel expenses are also replaced. In criminal matters, there are no costs to bear for the parties, until the court has taken a final decision, which also encompasses a decision on the costs. In case of an acquittal, the State has to bear all the costs. If a person, different from the Public Prosecutor, i.e. "Privatankläger" holds the accusation and loses the case because of an acquittal, s/he has to bear the costs. In case of a false accusation, the person who knowingly accused the (acquitted) perpetrator would have to bear the costs of the trial.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

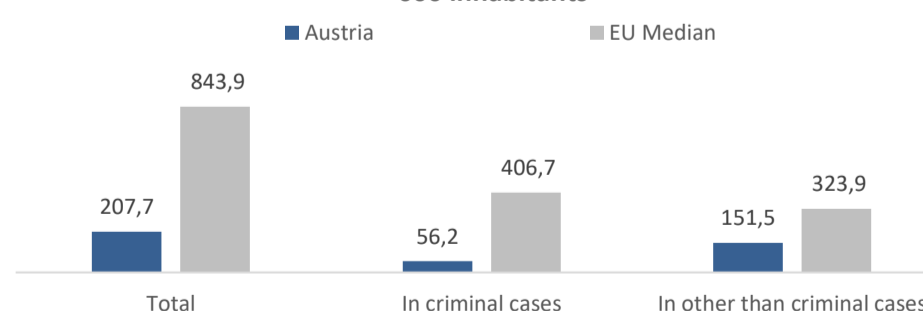
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	18 649	18 649	NAP
In criminal cases	5 049	5 049	NAP
In other than criminal cases	13 600	13 600	NAP

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Austria	EU Median
Total	207,7	843,9
In criminal cases	56,2	406,7
In other than criminal cases	151,5	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

Criminal cases: 3,64 days; other than criminal cases: 32,35 days; total: 23,9 days; regional administrative courts: maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation: 6 months. Supreme administrative court: 29 days

4. Performance of courts in Austria (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

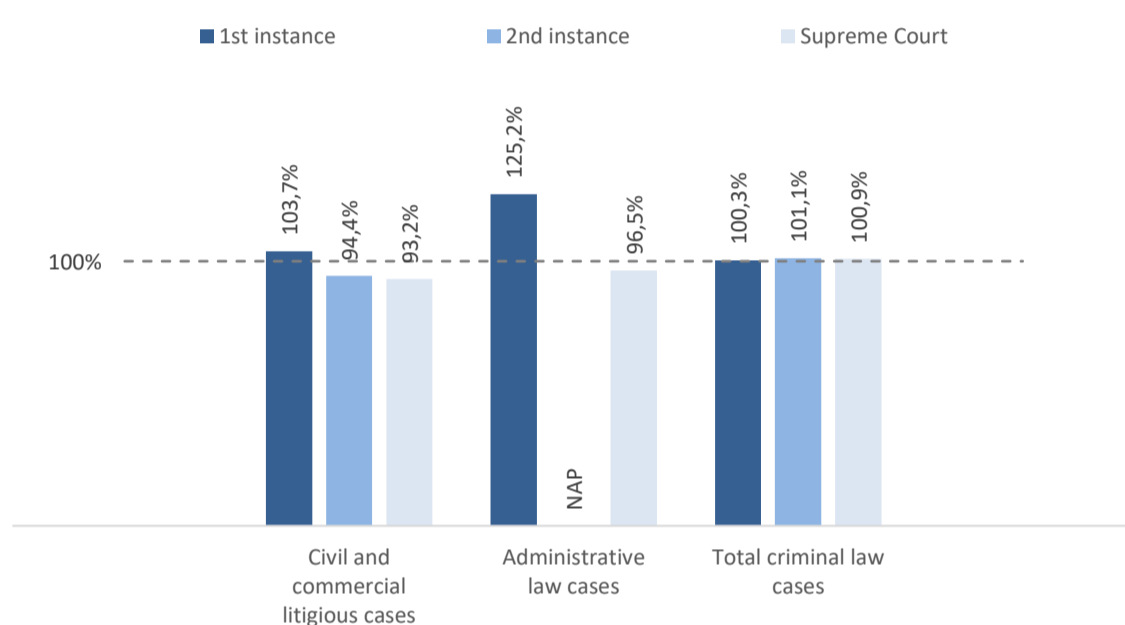
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

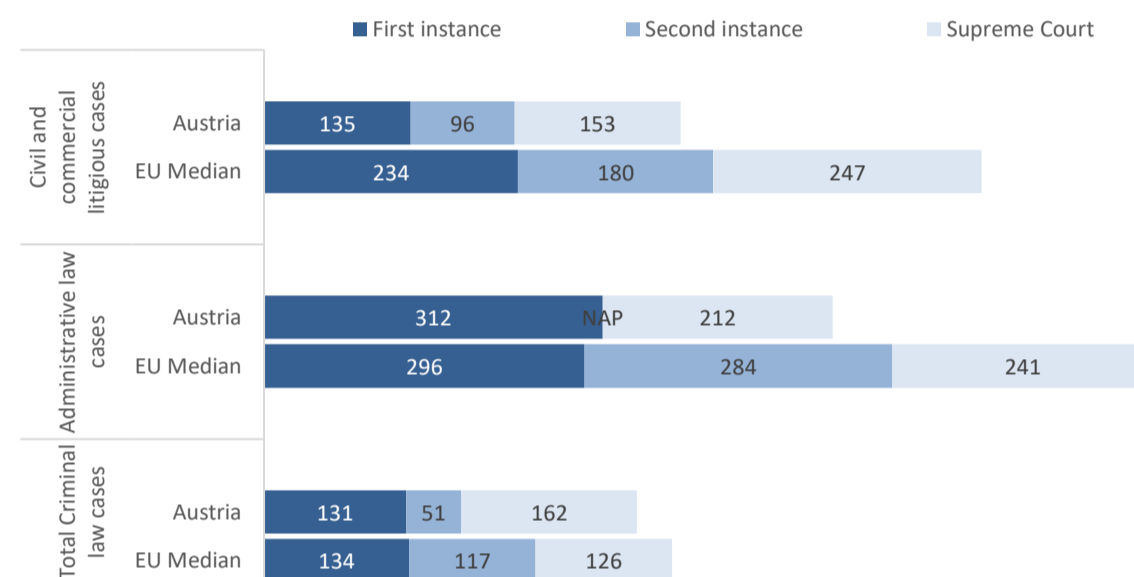
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	103,7%	102,5%	125,2%	101,7%	100,3%	100,0%
	2nd instance	94,4%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	101,1%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	93,2%	99,9%	96,5%	100,4%	100,9%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	135	234	312	296	131	134
	2nd instance	96	180	NAP	284	51	117
	Supreme Court	153	247	212	241	162	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, in Austria, the longest total length of proceedings, all instances taken into consideration, is calculated in the administrative law field, which is also the EU trend. In civil matters, the total length of proceedings is considerably below the EU median, while in criminal matters the value is slightly below the EU median.

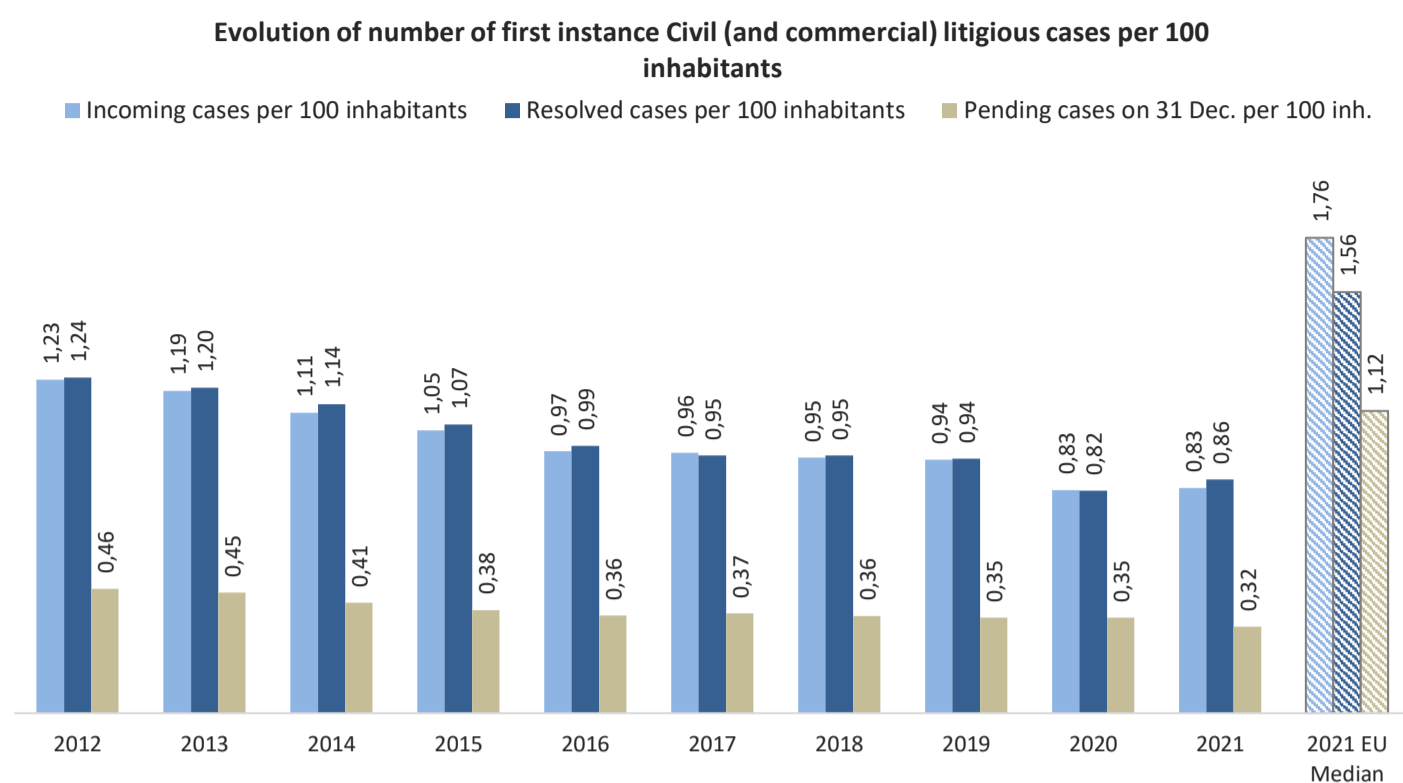
The Disposition Time indicator is below the respective EU medians, except for first instance administrative cases and last instance criminal cases. However, in both situations, the Clearance Rate is satisfactory for 2021, especially concerning the administrative courts. Conversely, in terms of Clearance Rate, the threshold of 100% is not reached in 2021 by the Supreme administrative court, as well as for second and third instance civil cases.

More precisely, in addition to internal organisational measures in the Supreme administrative court due to the Covid-19 pandemic, changes to the legal framework were necessary in 2020 and 2021 to enable the passing of resolutions via circular letter without physical contact between the members of the judicial body. Besides, the increase in staff at the Federal Office for Immigration and Asylum and the Federal Administrative Court has led to an increase in the number of cases dealt with by these authorities and thus also in the number of cases brought before the Supreme Administrative Court, which has now been at a relatively high level for several years.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,23	1,24	0,46
2013	1,19	1,20	0,45
2014	1,11	1,14	0,41
2015	1,05	1,07	0,38
2016	0,97	0,99	0,36
2017	0,96	0,95	0,37
2018	0,95	0,95	0,36
2019	0,94	0,94	0,35
2020	0,83	0,82	0,35
2021	0,83	0,86	0,32
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



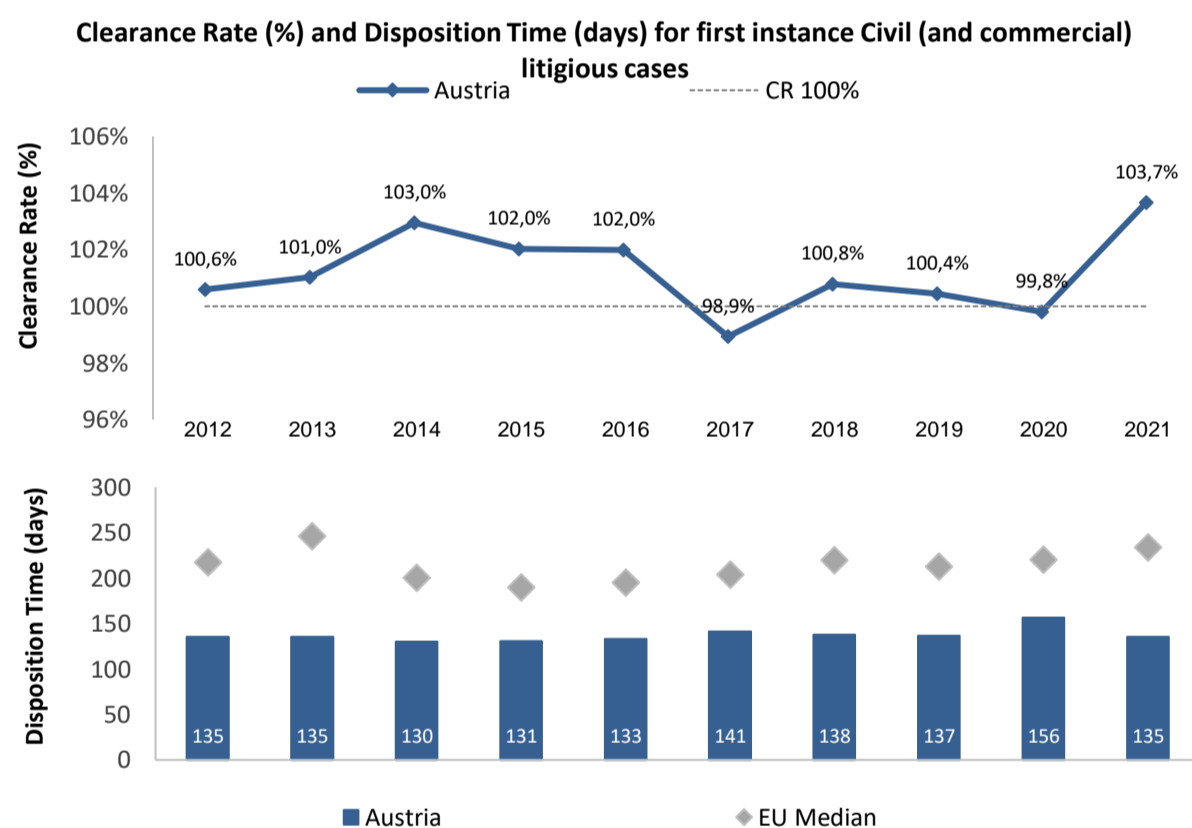
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Austria (0,83 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Austria (0,86 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Austria (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2012	100,6%	100,4%	135	218
2013	101,0%	101,2%	135	247
2014	103,0%	101,8%	130	201
2015	102,0%	102,3%	131	190
2016	102,0%	102,0%	133	196
2017	98,9%	101,3%	141	204
2018	100,8%	101,2%	138	220
2019	100,4%	99,9%	137	213
2020	99,8%	98,5%	156	221
2021	103,7%	102,5%	135	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,7% in 2021 Austria seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,9 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 135 days, which is quite below the EU median of 234 days.

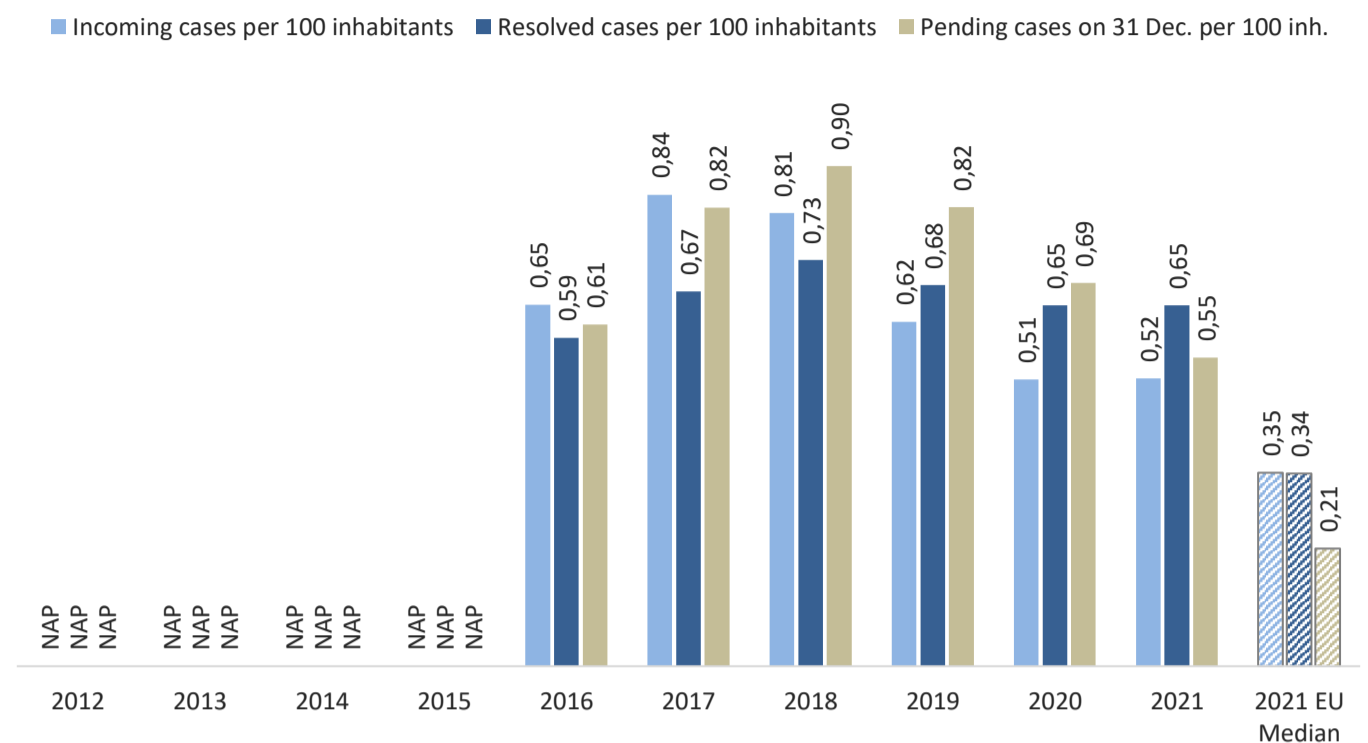
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -13,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NAP	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP	NAP
2014	NAP	NAP	NAP
2015	NAP	NAP	NAP
2016	0,65	0,59	0,61
2017	0,84	0,67	0,82
2018	0,81	0,73	0,90
2019	0,62	0,68	0,82
2020	0,51	0,65	0,69
2021	0,52	0,65	0,55
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Austria (0,52 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

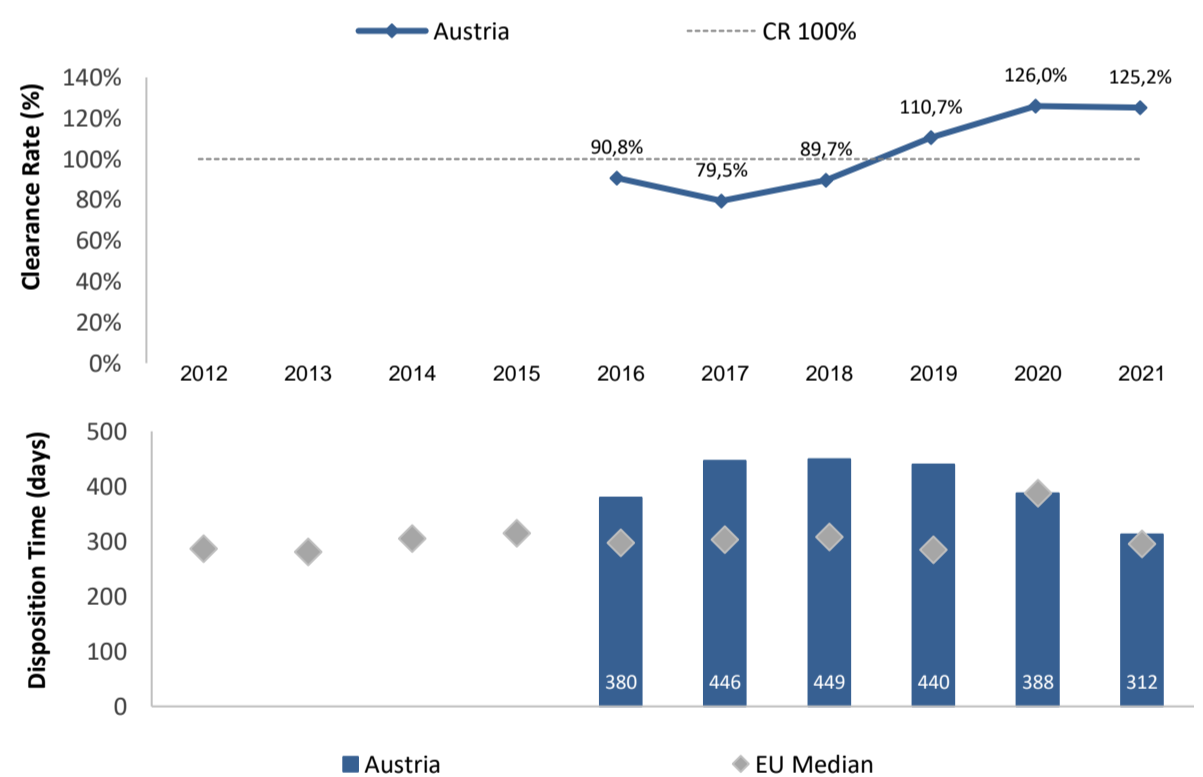
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Austria (0,65 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Austria (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2012	NAP	101,0%	NAP	286
2013	NAP	100,3%	NAP	281
2014	NAP	99,6%	NAP	305
2015	NAP	103,7%	NAP	315
2016	90,8%	103,0%	380	297
2017	79,5%	102,1%	446	303
2018	89,7%	99,7%	449	308
2019	110,7%	102,1%	440	284
2020	126,0%	100,1%	388	388
2021	125,2%	101,7%	312	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 125,2% in 2021 Austria seems to deal efficiently with its first instance administrative law cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,7 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 312 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 296 days.

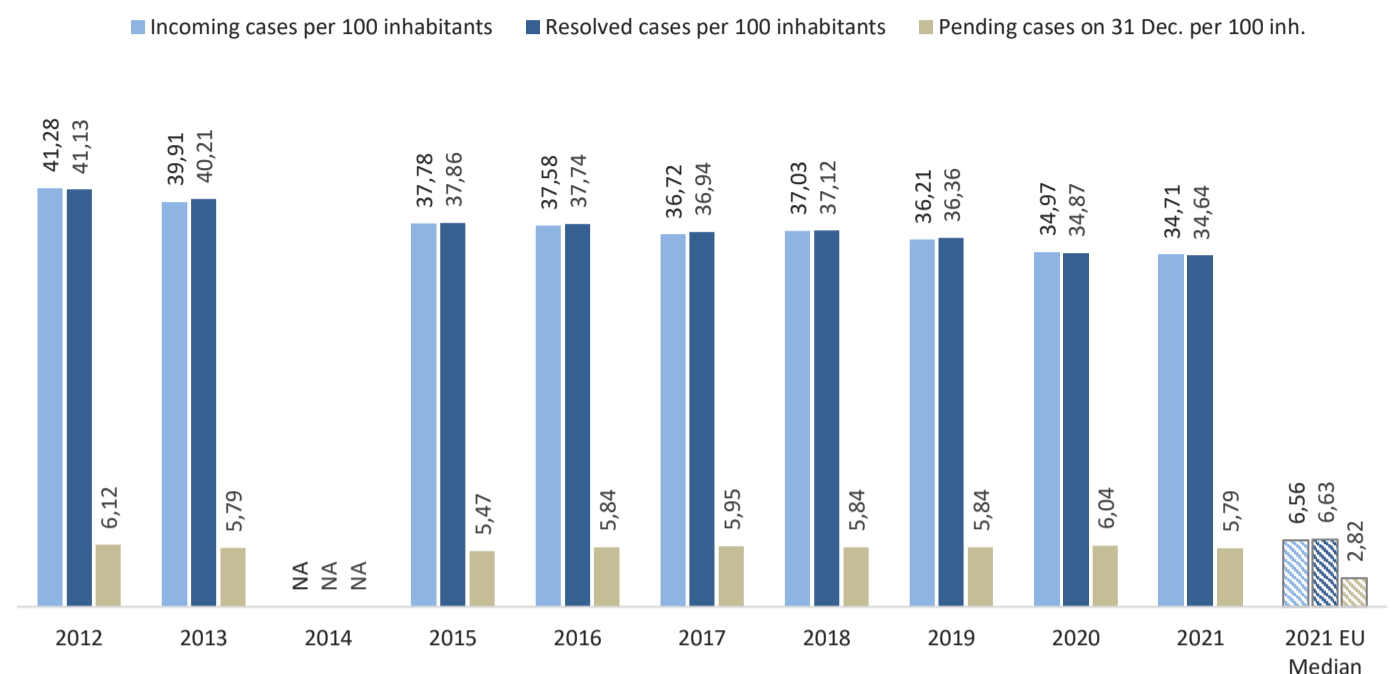
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -19,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	41,28	41,13	6,12
2013	39,91	40,21	5,79
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	37,78	37,86	5,47
2016	37,58	37,74	5,84
2017	36,72	36,94	5,95
2018	37,03	37,12	5,84
2019	36,21	36,36	5,84
2020	34,97	34,87	6,04
2021	34,71	34,64	5,79
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Austria (34,71 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

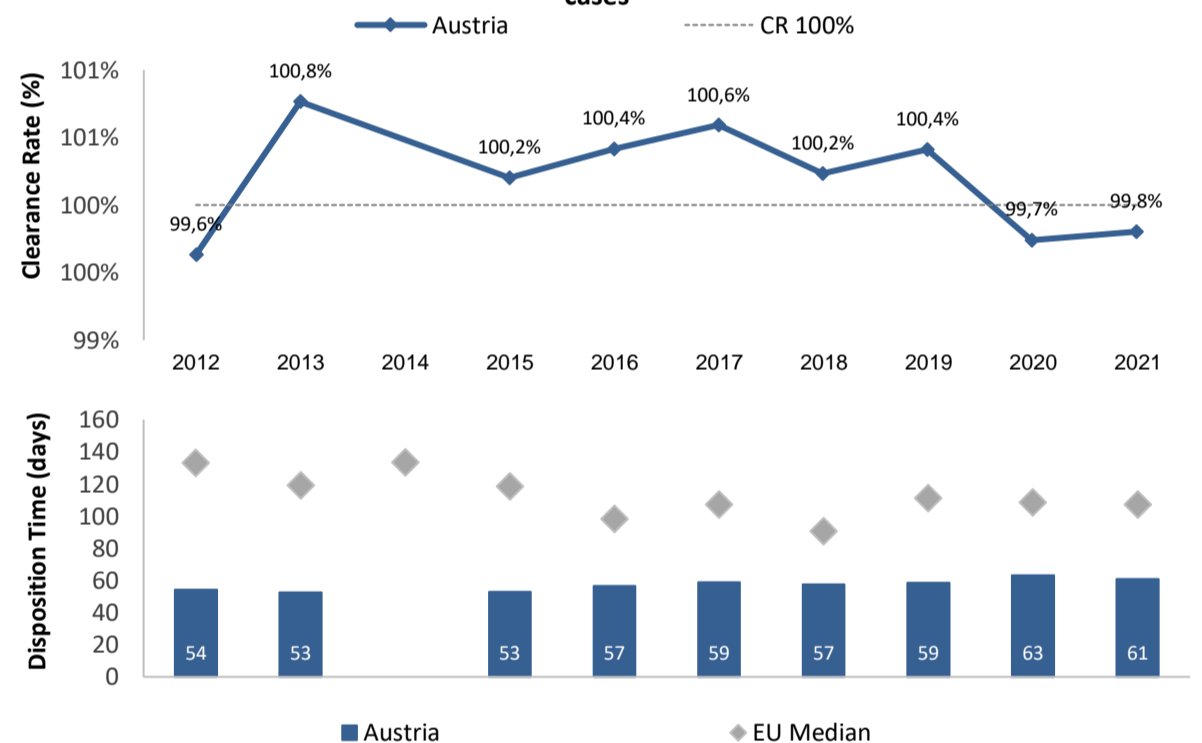
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Austria (34,64 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Austria (5,79 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2012	99,6%	100,5%	54	133
2013	100,8%	100,7%	53	119
2014	NA	101,9%	NA	133
2015	100,2%	101,0%	53	119
2016	100,4%	101,5%	57	98
2017	100,6%	100,6%	59	107
2018	100,2%	100,6%	57	91
2019	100,4%	99,8%	59	111
2020	99,7%	98,7%	63	109
2021	99,8%	101,2%	61	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,8% in 2021 Austria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,1 points.

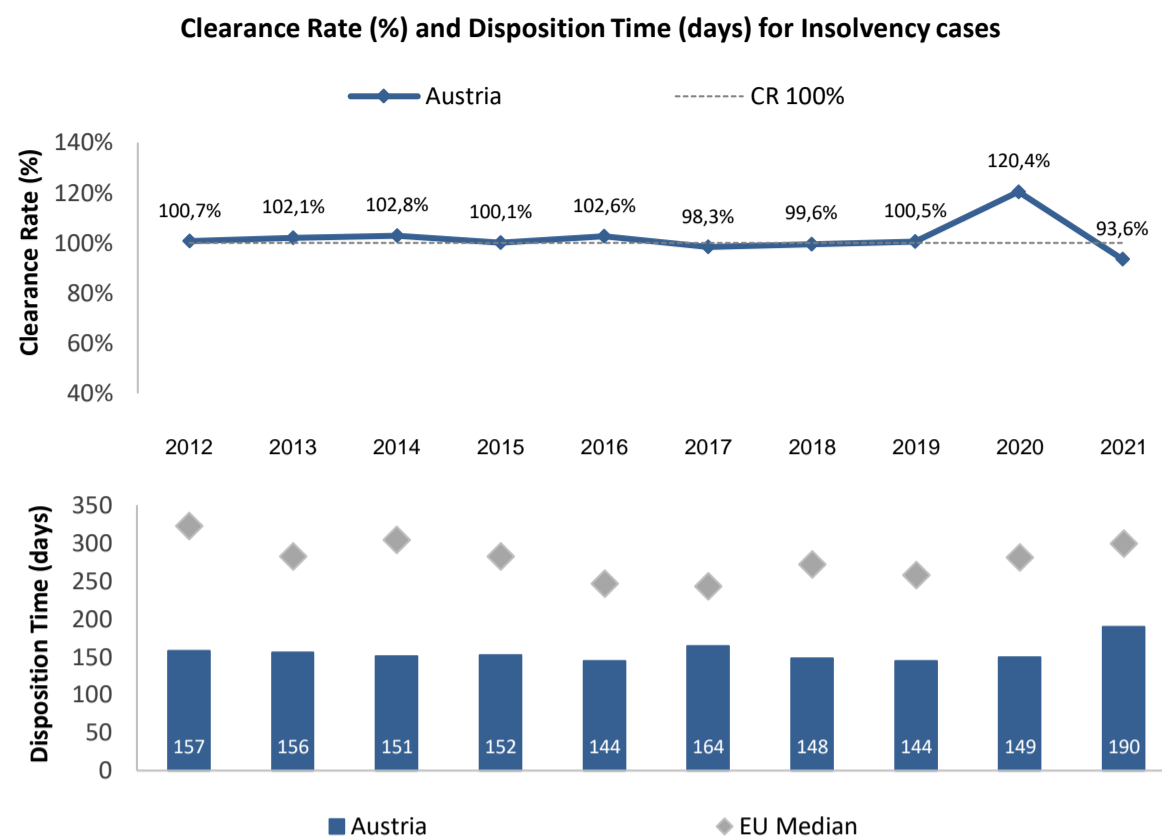
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 61 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -3,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2012	100,7%	95,0%	157	323
2013	102,1%	89,6%	156	282
2014	102,8%	96,9%	151	304
2015	100,1%	104,5%	152	282
2016	102,6%	102,0%	144	246
2017	98,3%	103,6%	164	243
2018	99,6%	101,5%	148	271
2019	100,5%	101,2%	144	258
2020	120,4%	109,7%	149	281
2021	93,6%	103,3%	190	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93,6% in 2021 Austria seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -26,8 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 190 days, which is below the EU median of 299 days.

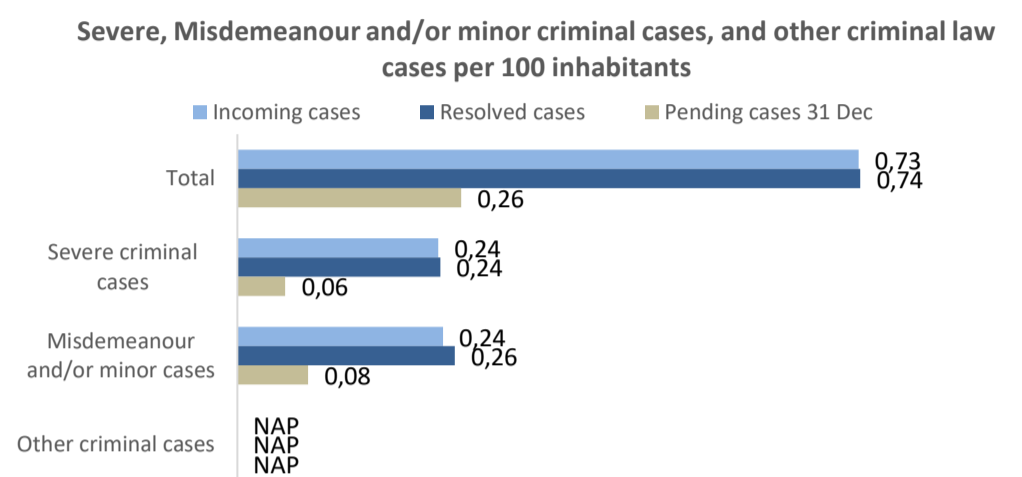
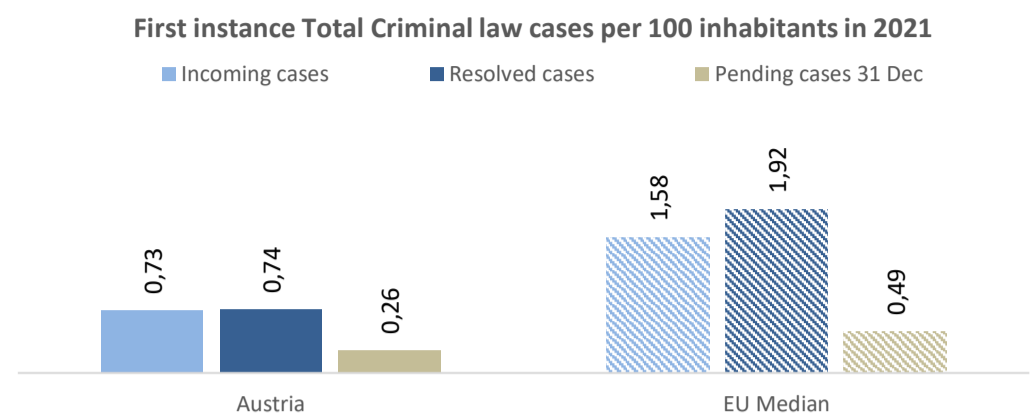
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 27,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	23 968	65 974	66 171	23 771
Severe criminal cases	5 315	21 319	21 539	5 095
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	8 770	21 834	23 085	7 519
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,27	0,73	0,74	0,26
Severe criminal cases	0,06	0,24	0,24	0,06
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,10	0,24	0,26	0,08
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Austria (0,73 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

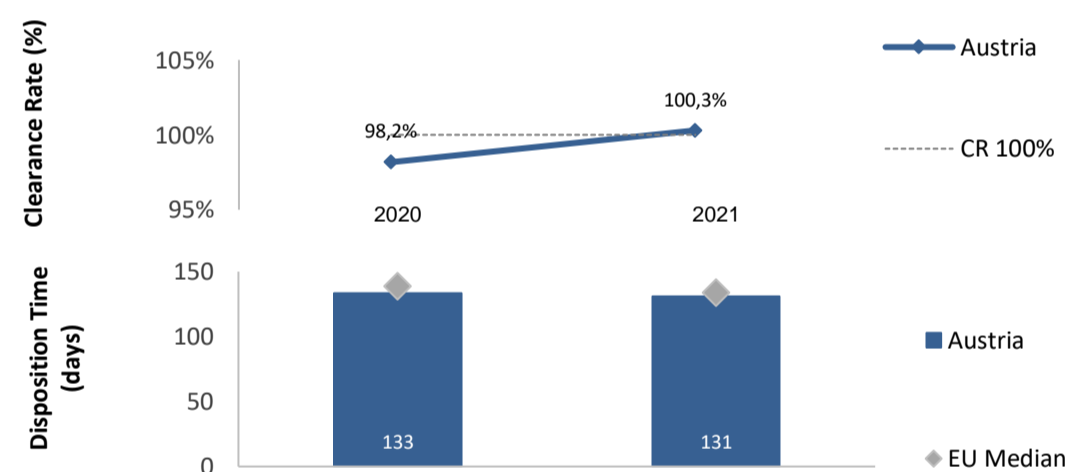
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Austria (0,74 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Austria (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Austria	EU Median	Austria	EU Median
2020	98,2%	95,2%	133	139
2021	100,3%	100,0%	131	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2021 Austria seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 2,1 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 131 days, which is close but below the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -1,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It is worth highlighting that the distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases is possible only for the criminal courts. However, the total number includes administrative criminal law cases as well, where distinction is not possible.

5. Public prosecution services in Austria (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

In Austria the budget for courts cannot be separated from the budget of the prosecution services. With regard to the sub-category “annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services” an answer is not possible because the costs for trainings for judges, public prosecutors, judicial officers (“Rechtspfleger”) and other staff working within courts or public prosecution services are summarized in one figure.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Austria	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Austria	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	20 536	▼ -24,7%	0,23	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	390 025	▼ -4,2%	4,34	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	391 135	▼ -5,5%	4,36	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	290 057	▼ -5,7%	3,23	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	164 134	▼ -9,4%	1,83	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	91 219	▼ -3,2%	1,02	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	34 704	▲ 8,7%	0,39	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	33 609	▼ -9,6%	0,37	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	25 882	▲ 3,8%	0,29	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	41 587	▼ -6,3%	0,46	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	19 426	▼ -5,4%	0,22	0,87

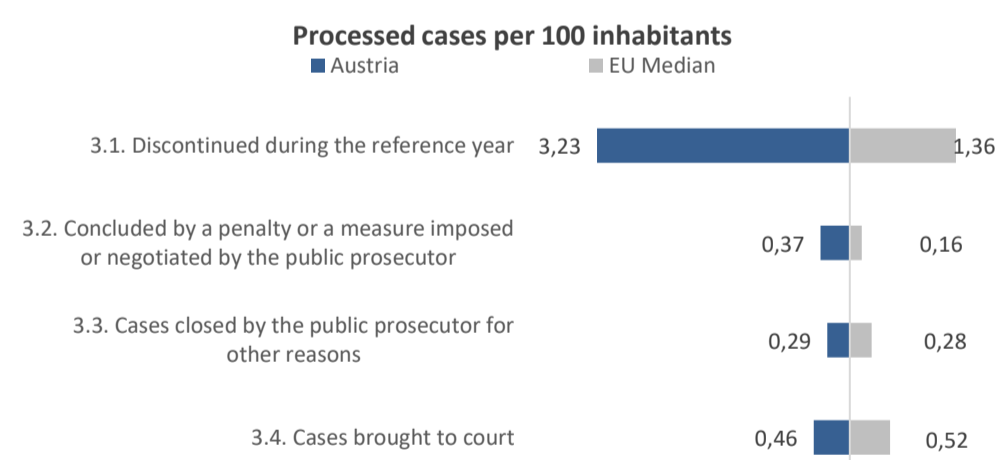
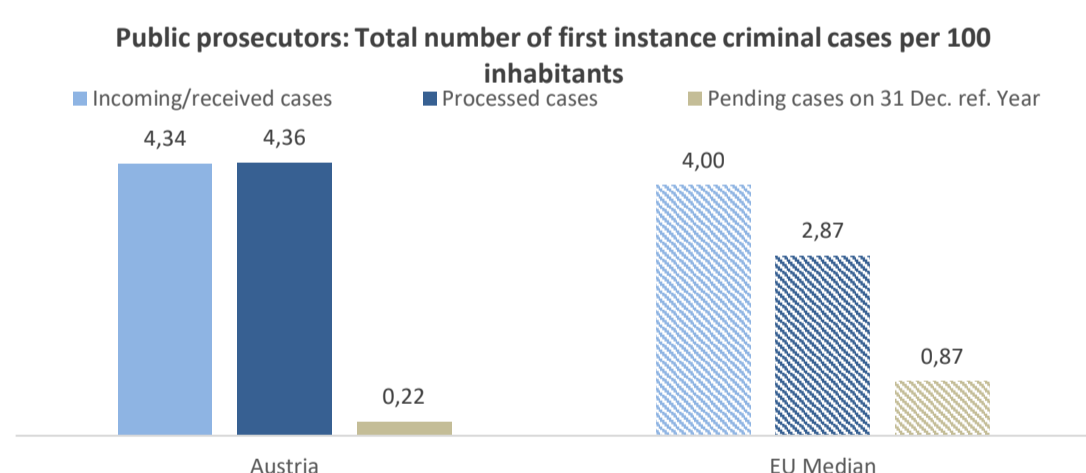
* Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

In respect of “3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity”, it should be mentioned that discontinued investigations for reasons of opportunity are only counted by persons against which the investigation was discontinued. In one case, more than one person can be accused and the investigation can be discontinued for reasons of opportunity against more than one accused person. Therefore, the person-count was not delivered because it is inconsistent with the case-count (3.1.1, 3.1.2 and 3.1.4). The number of cases in which an investigation was discontinued for reasons of opportunity is included in the number provided for 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 but cannot be evaluated separately with the standard statistic tools of the Federal Ministry of Justice of Austria.

The provided number of cases discontinued for other reasons (3.1.4) contains cases discontinued because the offender is fugitive or an investigation may not be instituted or continued by law (e.g. because of diplomatic immunity of the offender), also cases (investigations) that were not instituted in the first place because of a lack of an initial suspicion and all other cases that were discontinued but can not be allocated to one of the above mentioned reasons or the other reasons under 3.1.

Under 3.3, closed cases against unidentified offenders were counted which were discontinued because of another reason than not identifying the offender in the end (mostly cases in which at least one formerly unidentified offender could be identified and therefore the case against the unidentified offender(s) is closed and another (new) case against the known offender(s) is opened).

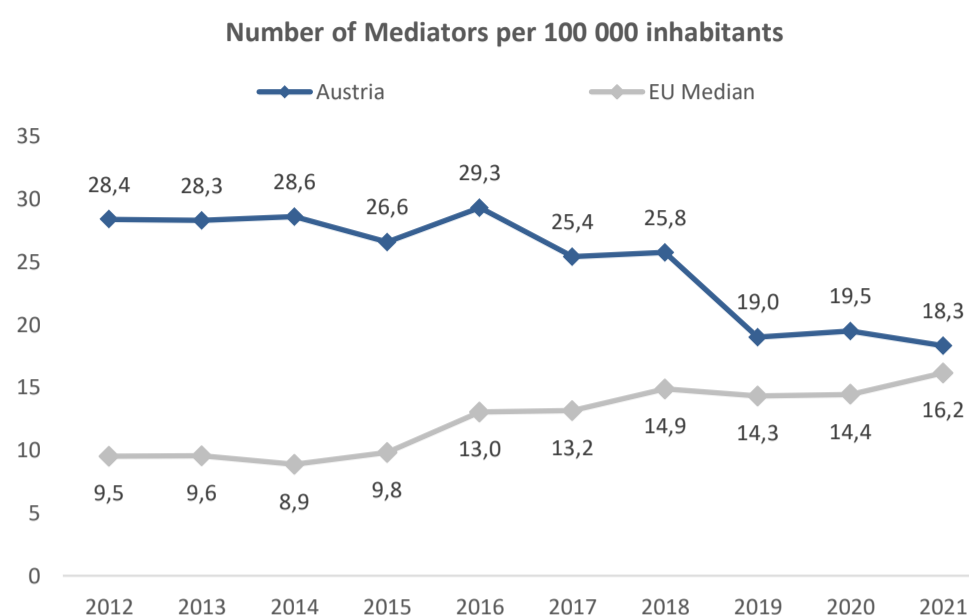
The Austrian Code of criminal procedure knows measures that the public prosecutor can take in cases of minor criminal offences (“Diversion”). Comparable measures have to be taken by the public prosecutor under certain circumstances under the addictive drug act (“Suchtmittelgesetz”). Until 2019, the last-mentioned cases were counted as files “discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation” (3.1.2). Since 2020, these cases are now counted as “concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor” (3.2).



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Austria (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Austria	Austria	EU Median
2012	2400	28,4	9,5
2013	2400	28,3	9,6
2014	2456	28,6	8,9
2015	2313	26,6	9,8
2016	2562	29,3	13,0
2017	2234	25,4	13,2
2018	2273	25,8	14,9
2019	1692	19,0	14,3
2020	1741	19,5	14,4
2021	1645	18,3	16,2



In 2021, there are 1 645 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 18,3 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -5,5%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	17 783
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	14 795
Family cases	NA	NA	816
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	2 172
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

There are no data available if the settlement agreements are the results of court-related mediations. Parties may agree on a settlement agreement without mediation.

7. ICT tools of courts in Austria (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in most of the courts	in all courts	in most of the courts
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	Yes

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	NA	Yes	No
Justice expenses management	NA	No	No
Other	NA	Yes	No

There are monthly controlling reports of the budgetary authorities.

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Austria (2021 data)

In Austria, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

In Austria, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

There are monthly statistics about incoming and closed cases (more frequent); periodic check lists (annual), internal audit examination all 4 to 7 years (less frequent)]

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✔
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Austria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

There are monthly statistics about incoming and closed cases (more frequent); periodic check lists (annual); Internal audit examination all 4 to 7 years (less frequent).

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	8 795 073	8 822 267	8 901 064	8 932 664	8 978 929	6,2%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	36 430	36 930	38 540	39 390	40 420	42 010	43 680	44 900	42 502	45 030	23,6%	5,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	152	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133	133	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	154	132	129	129	129	129	128	128	128	128	-16,9%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	7	7	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	157,1%	0,0%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	-	NAP	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	158	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	149	135	103	103	103	103	102	102	164	164	10,1%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	504 481	517 264	NA	482 779	524 240	530 969	522 569	522 141	531 048	513 679	1,8%	-3,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 530	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	31 407	31 551	-20,2%	0,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	397 794	388 908	390 281	366 196	357 258	372 350	332 879	-	-10,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	397 948	386 305	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	324 114	335 714	283 712	-28,7%	-15,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	25 452	32 556	39 387	42 030	33 144	36 636	49 167	-	34,2%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	17 205	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	20 086	20 069	16,6%	-0,1%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	3 223	3 625	4 056	20 676	25 386	17 649	16 550	29 098	-	75,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	48 297	57 010	71 648	79 024	73 172	61 271	-	-16,3%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 798	50 557	48 324	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	54 119	87 978	76,7%	62,6%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 489 286	3 386 071	NA	3 287 147	3 284 414	3 229 560	3 267 183	3 223 321	3 123 339	3 116 628	-10,7%	-0,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 365	101 157	95 412	91 057	84 708	84 716	83 403	83 399	73 755	74 906	-28,2%	1,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 684 699	2 641 124	2 569 287	2 598 742	2 587 121	2 208 341	2 426 687	-	9,9%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 775 035	1 777 887	1 741 644	1 721 024	1 670 674	1 644 273	1 669 386	1 629 337	1 273 208	1 419 837	-20,0%	11,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	963 675	970 450	925 014	929 356	957 784	935 133	1 006 850	-	7,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	689 005	643 064	648 601	684 737	683 624	633 837	621 199	640 454	643 942	672 088	-2,5%	4,4%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 996	278 938	286 826	291 177	308 157	317 330	291 191	334 762	-0,3%	15,0%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	56 583	74 227	71 553	54 894	45 806	46 281	-	1,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	585 024	555 987	513 877	511 391	501 999	501 330	513 485	497 907	795 437	568 754	-2,8%	-28,5%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 476 472	3 411 960	NA	3 293 774	3 298 090	3 248 636	3 274 813	3 236 623	3 115 226	3 110 435	-10,5%	-0,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	104 977	102 190	98 229	92 903	86 398	83 811	84 061	83 771	73 611	77 651	-26,0%	5,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	2 693 376	2 656 631	2 604 602	2 614 882	2 594 238	2 222 330	2 380 761	-	7,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 786 647	1 782 384	1 751 110	1 737 005	1 676 141	1 682 179	1 676 640	1 639 927	1 299 718	1 374 260	-23,1%	5,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	956 371	980 490	922 423	938 242	954 311	922 612	1 006 501	-	9,1%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	664 726	661 192	626 850	678 073	693 404	635 904	622 348	635 863	643 959	675 380	1,6%	4,9%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	335 857	307 976	285 594	278 298	287 086	286 519	315 894	318 448	278 653	331 121	-1,4%	18,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	51 395	59 035	64 177	60 746	57 707	57 965	-	0,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	584 265	558 218	512 284	507 495	503 666	501 188	511 693	497 868	761 578	594 058	1,7%	-22,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	517 295	491 375	NA	476 152	510 564	523 071	514 939	520 057	539 161	519 872	0,5%	-3,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	32 437	31 779	31 407	31 551	28 806	-26,0%	-8,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	389 117	373 401	366 144	350 056	361 359	358 361	378 805	-	5,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	386 336	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	324 166	316 912	324 742	309 204	329 289	-14,8%	6,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	32 756	22 507	41 978	33 144	36 617	49 157	49 516	-	0,7%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	16 644	15 495	20 086	20 069	16 777	-59,6%	-16,4%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	3 625	4 265	3 796	25 334	17 649	16 531	29 088	32 739	-	12,6%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	53 485	72 202	79 024	73 172	61 271	49 587	-	-19,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	50 557	48 326	49 917	53 813	52 146	52 288	54 080	54 119	87 978	62 674	24,0%	-28,8%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,6%	100,8%	NA	100,2%	100,4%	100,6%	100,2%	100,4%	99,7%	99,8%	0,17	0,06
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,6%	101,0%	103,0%	102,0%	102,0%	98,9%	100,8%	100,4%	99,8%	103,7%	3,08	3,86
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	100,3%	100,6%	101,4%	100,6%	100,3%	100,6%	98,1%	-	(2,53)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,7%	100,3%	100,5%	100,9%	100,3%	102,3%	100,4%	100,6%	102,1%	96,8%	(3,86)	(5,29)

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	99,2%	101,0%	99,7%	101,0%	99,6%	98,7%	100,0%	-	1,30
CR Non litigious land registry cases	96,5%	102,8%	96,6%	99,0%	101,4%	100,3%	100,2%	99,3%	100,0%	100,5%	4,01	0,49
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	99,8%	100,1%	98,4%	102,5%	100,4%	95,7%	98,9%	(1,09)	3,22
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	90,8%	79,5%	89,7%	110,7%	126,0%	125,2%	-	(0,74)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,9%	100,4%	99,7%	99,2%	100,3%	100,0%	99,7%	100,0%	95,7%	104,4%	4,58	8,71
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	54	53	NA	53	57	59	57	59	63	61	12,3%	-3,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	135	135	130	131	133	141	138	137	156	135	0,1%	-13,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	53	51	51	49	51	59	58	-	-1,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	79	78	78	75	76	70	69	72	87	87	10,8%	0,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	13	8	17	13	14	19	18	-	-7,7%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	23	13	13	15	10	10	9	12	11	9	-60,2%	-20,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	-	5	6	5	32	20	19	38	36	-	-5,3%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	380	446	449	440	388	312	-	-19,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	32	32	36	39	38	38	39	40	42	39	21,9%	-8,7%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	2 920	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	2 648	2 668	-8,6%	0,8%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	------

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	11 557	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	9 905	7 002	-39,4%	-29,3%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 354	6 237	6 214	5 992	5 782	5 767	5 497	5 531	4 906	4 824	-24,1%	-1,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	26 152	24 861	23 944	24 365	23 556	22 406	24 910	24 900	14 236	16 604	-36,5%	16,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 444	6 063	6 346	6 099	5 930	5 684	5 686	5 394	4 886	5 083	-21,1%	4,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	26 344	25 385	24 606	24 394	24 158	22 032	24 799	25 028	17 140	15 535	-41,0%	-9,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	2 700	2 511	2 648	2 668	2 409	-14,9%	-9,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	9 922	10 033	9 905	7 001	8 071	-29,0%	15,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,4%	97,2%	102,1%	101,8%	102,6%	98,6%	103,4%	97,5%	99,6%	105,4%	3,95	5,78
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	100,7%	102,1%	102,8%	100,1%	102,6%	98,3%	99,6%	100,5%	120,4%	93,6%	(7,17)	(26,84)
DT Litigious divorce cases	160	181	165	165	161	173	161	179	199	173	7,9%	-13,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	157	156	151	152	144	164	148	144	149	190	20,4%	27,2%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 312	5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 732	4 675	4 276	-	-8,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 037	2 772	-	-8,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 638	1 504	-	-8,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			28 328	27 818	27 320	26 398	25 461	25 523	23 070	24 932	-	8,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 862	14 462	-	12,4%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 208	10 470	-	2,6%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			28 460	27 750	27 567	26 396	25 703	25 580	23 469	24 003	-	2,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13 127	13 659	-	4,1%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 342	10 344	-	0,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 180	5 248	5 001	5 003	4 761	4 675	4 276	5 205	-	21,7%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 772	3 575	-	29,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 504	1 630	-	8,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	19	7	2	5	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	1	-	-50,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			100,5%	99,8%	100,9%	100,0%	101,0%	100,2%	101,7%	96,3%	-	(5,46)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,1%	94,4%	-	(7,61)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	101,3%	98,8%	-	(2,52)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			66	69	66	69	68	67	67	79	-	19,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77	96	-	23,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53	58	-	8,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			730	889	2 935	2 621	2 818	2 966	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	848	762	-	-10,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	2 148	1 834	2 191	2 206	3 064	3 182	-	3,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 396	2 516	6 703	8 233	8 885	9 335	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 278	2 359	-	3,6%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	4 250	5 780	6 802	6 968	6 300	6 048	-	-4,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 237	2 618	7 152	7 933	8 850	8 691	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 364	2 199	-	-7,0%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	4 642	5 423	6 787	6 412	6 321	5 838	-	-7,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			889	787	2 486	2 921	2 853	3 610	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	762	922	-	21,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	1 756	2 191	2 206	2 762	3 043	3 392	-	11,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	57	96	NA	NA	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	118	93	57	96	205	389	-	89,8%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			93,4%	104,1%	106,7%	96,4%	99,6%	93,1%	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,8%	93,2%	-	(10,56)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	109,2%	93,8%	99,8%	92,0%	100,3%	96,5%	-	(3,81)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			145	110	127	134	118	152	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	118	153	-	30,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	138	147	119	157	176	212	-	20,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									22 930	23 968	-	4,5%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									5 469	5 315	-	-2,8%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									8 283	8 770	-	5,9%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									66 767	65 974	-	-1,2%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									21 966	21 319	-	-2,9%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									24 453	21 834	-	-10,7%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 549	66 171	-	0,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									22 120	21 539	-	-2,6%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									23 966	23 085	-	-3,7%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23 968	23 771	-	-0,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									5 315	5 095	-	-4,1%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									8 770	7 519	-	-14,3%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									870	669	-	-23,1%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									201	183	-	-9,0%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									405	362	-	-10,6%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									98,2%	100,3%	-	2,1
CR of Severe cases									100,7%	101,0%	-	0,3
CR of Misdemeanour cases									98,0%	105,7%	-	7,7
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									133	131	-	-1,8%
DT of Severe cases									88	86	-	-1,6%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									134	119	-	-11,0%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 488	1 534	-	3,1%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									820	873	-	6,5%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									668	661	-	-1,0%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									10 216	10 062	-	-1,5%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									6 752	6 646	-	-1,6%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									3 464	3 416	-	-1,4%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									10 170	10 176	-	0,1%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									6 699	6 748	-	0,7%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 471	3 428	-	-1,2%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 534	1 420	-	-7,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									873	771	-	-11,7%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									661	649	-	-1,8%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1	1	-	0,0%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									1	1	-	0,0%
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,5%	101,1%	-	1,59
CR o2 Severe cases									99,2%	101,5%	-	2,34
CR of Misdemeanour cases									100,2%	100,4%	-	0,15

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									55	51	-	-7,5%
DT of Severe cases									48	42	-	-12,3%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									70	69	-	-0,6%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									621	610	-	-1,8%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									165	146	-	-11,5%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 393	1 336	-	-4,1%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									679	741	-	9,1%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 428	1 348	-	-5,6%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									698	709	-	1,6%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									586	598	-	2,0%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									146	178	-	21,9%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									9	25	-	177,8%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									102,5%	100,9%	-	(1,61)
CR of Severe cases									102,8%	95,7%	-	(7,12)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									150	162	-	8,1%
DT of Severe cases									76	92	-	20,0%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									27 279	20 536	-	-24,7%
2. Incoming/received cases									407 162	390 025	-	-4,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									413 905	391 135	-	-5,5%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									307 431	290 057	-	-5,7%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									181 242	164 134	-	-9,4%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									94 249	91 219	-	-3,2%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									31 940	34 704	-	8,7%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									37 178	33 609	-	-9,6%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									24 928	25 882	-	3,8%
3.4. Cases brought to court									44 368	41 587	-	-6,3%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									20 536	19 426	-	-5,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,02	0,96	-	-5,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,05	0,05	-	-5,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-	
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)													
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									18 959	18 649	-	(0,02)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									4 958	5 049	-	0,02
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									14 001	13 600	-	(0,03)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									18 959	18 649	-	(0,02)
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									4 958	5 049	-	0,02
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									14 001	13 600	-	(0,03)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									1 310 376 €	1 288 715 €	-	-1,7%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 547	1 565	1 620	1 621	2 397	2 478	2 411	2 625	2 589	2 387	54,3%	-7,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 325	1 341	1 224	1 223	1 935	1 952	1 957	2 176	2 153	1 946	46,9%	-9,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	157	160	330	331	328	326	321	316	305	310	97,3%	1,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	65	63	66	67	134	133	133	133	131	131	101,8%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	791	784	790	791	1 215	1 260	1 190	1 298	1 261	1 086	37,2%	-13,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	653	647	556	559	938	939	926	1 039	1 012	847	29,7%	-16,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	94	94	191	188	183	181	174	172	165	159	70,1%	-3,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	45	43	43	44	94	92	90	87	84	80	77,6%	-4,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	755	781	830	830	1 182	1 218	1 221	1 327	1 328	1 301	72,3%	-2,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	672	694	668	664	997	1 013	1 031	1 137	1 141	1 099	63,6%	-3,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	64	66	139	143	145	145	147	144	140	151	137,3%	7,9%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	20	21	23	23	40	41	43	46	47	51	156,8%	8,5%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 589	2 387	-	-7,8%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 153	1 946	-	-9,6%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305	310	-	1,6%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	131	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 193	1 197	-	0,3%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	922	918	-	-0,4%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	225	233	-	3,6%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	46	-	0,0%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405	403	-	-0,5%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	309	-	0,3%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	77	-	-3,8%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	-	0,0%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	991	787	-	-20,6%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	923	719	-	-22,1%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68	68	-	0,0%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	5 544	4 966	5 117	5 270	4 997	7,9%	-5,2%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	760	771	785	798	837	857	833	818	801	736	-3,2%	-8,1%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	20	20	19	19	494	406	342	415	432	450	2150,0%	4,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	437	434	439	440	686	783	764	888	873	3 364	669,8%	285,3%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	33	28	23	22	52	57	53	53	50	108	227,3%	116,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	3 366	2 974	2 943	3 114	339	-90,0%	-89,1%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	1 375	1 385	1 388	1 408	1 623	1 623	1 481	1 497	1 543	1 406	2,3%	-8,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	319	324	320	332	335	334	322	313	306	281	-11,9%	-8,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	1	1	1	1	98	83	83	89	94	105	10400,0%	11,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	160	158	160	156	241	258	253	309	303	853	433,1%	181,5%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	9	9	10	10	28	31	33	33	29	74	722,2%	155,2%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	886	894	897	909	921	892	790	753	811	93	-89,5%	-88,5%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	3 921	3 485	3 620	3 727	3 591	10,3%	-3,6%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	441	447	465	466	502	523	511	505	495	455	3,2%	-8,1%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	19	19	18	18	396	323	259	326	338	345	1715,8%	2,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	277	276	279	284	445	525	511	579	570	2 511	806,5%	340,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	24	19	13	12	24	26	20	20	21	34	41,7%	61,9%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	2 474	2 184	2 190	2 303	246	-90,1%	-89,3%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 270	4 997	-	-5,2%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 508	4 347	-	-3,6%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									598	486	-	-18,7%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									164	164	-	0,0%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 543	1 406	-	-8,9%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									1 279	1 199	-	-6,3%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									205	163	-	-20,5%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									59	44	-	-25,4%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 727	3 591	-	-3,6%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 229	3 148	-	-2,5%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									393	323	-	-17,8%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									105	120	-	14,3%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									398	395	-	-0,8%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									358	353	-	-1,4%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									22	26	-	18,2%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									18	16	-	-11,1%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									190	189	-	-0,5%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									166	163	-	-1,8%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									14	15	-	7,1%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									10	11	-	10,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									208	206	-	-1,0%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									192	190	-	-1,0%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									8	11	-	37,5%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	5	-	-37,5%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									364	369	-	1,4%

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									71	77	-	8,5%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									293	292	-	-0,3%
004 Annual average salary in the country									35 072 €	36 283 €	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									56 638 €	57 460 €	-	1,5%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									137 586 €	139 581 €	-	1,5%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									60 084 €	60 955 €	-	1,4%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									137 586 €	139 581 €	-	1,5%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									4	5	-	25,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	1	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	2	-	0,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	1	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	1	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	2	-	100,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									1	2	-	100,0%
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 756	5 801	5 940	6 138	6 132	6 325	6 483	6 667	6 707	6 875	19,4%	2,5%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							5 023	5 122	5 129	5 219	-	1,8%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							1 460	1 545	1 578	1 656	-	4,9%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Austria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	2 400	2 400	2 456	2 313	2 562	2 234	2 273	1 692	1 741	1 645	-31,5%	-5,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Belgium

(2021 data)

General data

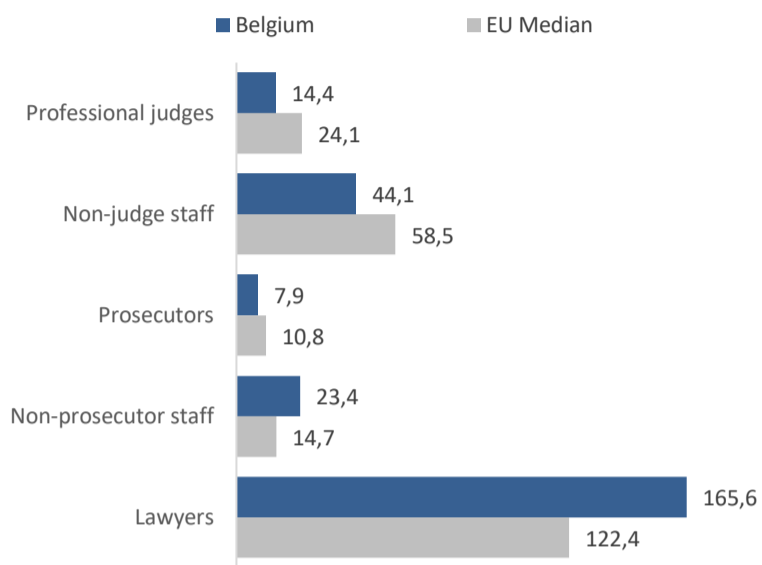
Population: 11 569 034

GDP per capita: 43 937 €

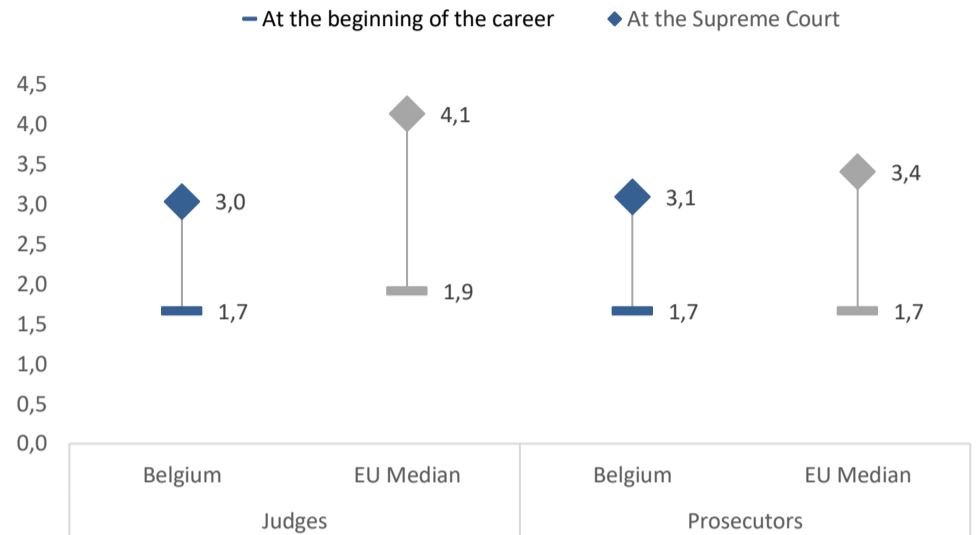
Average annual salary: 44 023 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

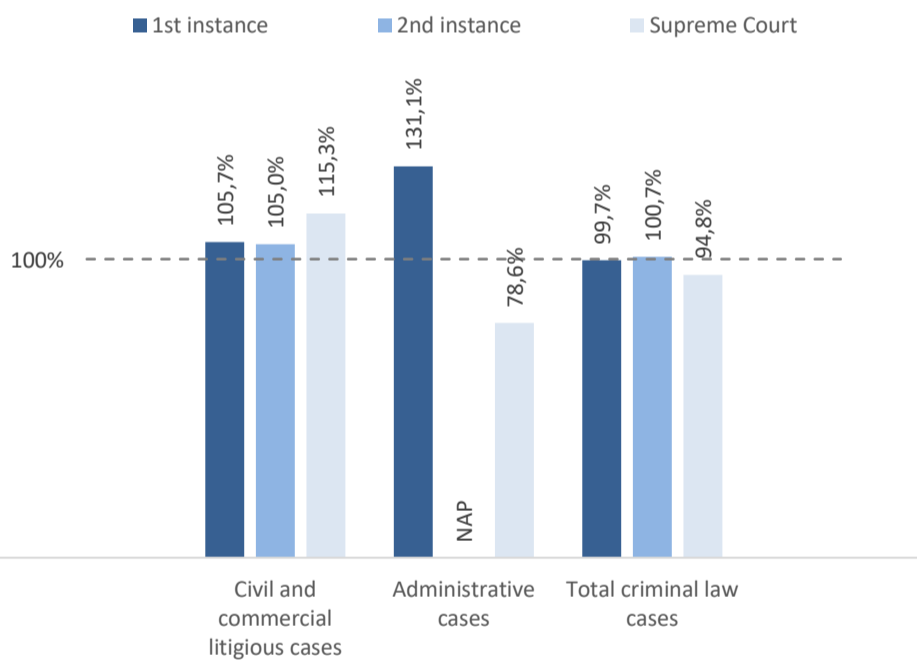


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

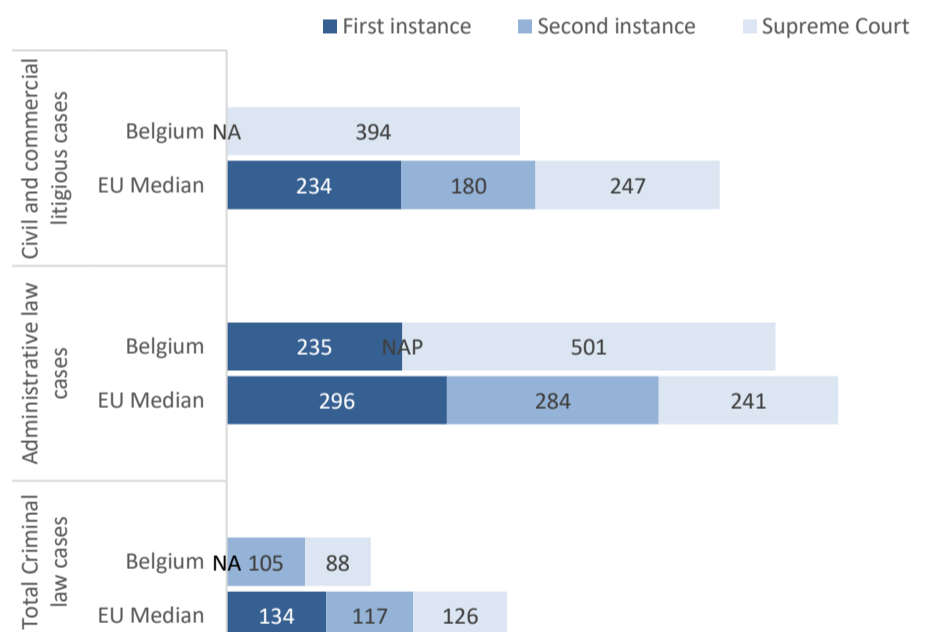


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

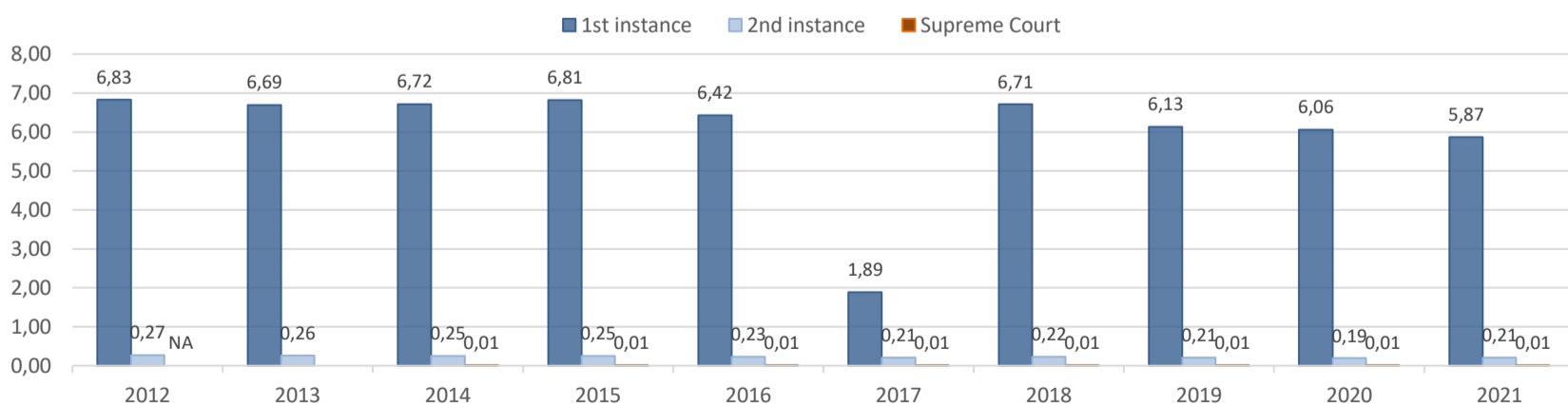


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

* 2017 data on civil litigious cases was partial due to the lack of data on justices of the peace cases following the deployment of new codes at national level.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Belgium

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	11 521 238	11 569 034		3,6%	0,4%
GDP per capita	34 000	34 500	36 000	36 500	37 407	38 500	39 500	41 200	39 160	43 937		29,2%	12,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	40 980		41 544		41 604		43 497	44 544	41 938	44 023		7,4%	5,0%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,3	14,4	14,3	14,3	14,1	13,8	13,3	13,3	13,2	14,4		0,8%	9,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,9	47,6	47,2	46,2	44,6	43,4	43,5	49,1	44,0	44,1		-9,9%	0,2%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									7,6	7,9			4,5%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									21,0	23,4			11,4%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	155,3	159,6	161,8	163,3	163,7	163,5	163,2	165,4	163,8	165,6		6,6%	1,1%
Mediators	10,2	10,4	12,1	12,9	12,8	15,3	18,6	21,0	22,4	21,3		109,5%	-4,8%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	6,828	6,689	6,716	6,815	6,423	1,886	6,712	6,134	6,063	5,866		-14,1%	-3,2%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,2	0,200	0,172	0,174	0,146	0,149	0,151	0,150		NA	-0,5%
Total criminal law cases									1,659	2,007			21,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	98%	99%	102%	112%	112%	101%	99%	106%		NA	6,94
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	88%	117%	121%	101%	119%	112%	108%	131%		NA	22,65
CR total criminal law cases									95%	100%			4,99

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	399	235		NA	-40,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	1,60	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	0,34	0,28	0,24	0,24	0,18	0,19	0,18	0,13		NA	-29,0%
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			103%	105%	110%	110%	104%	110%	104%	105%			0,99
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									101%	101%			0,14

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	105			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			107%	107%	111%	102%	96%	89%	97%	115%			17,91
CR administrative law cases			113%	101%	107%	109%	81%	95%	82%	79%			-3,04
CR total criminal law cases									101%	95%			-6,65

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			480	482	464	414	473	545	504	394			-21,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			148	159	176	195	316	299	415	501			20,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									96	88			-7,9%

1. Judicial organisation in Belgium (2021 data)

All courts in Belgium (except the Court of cassation) are grouped into 49 steering committees.

In 2021, in Belgium, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 230. Namely, there are 207 courts of general jurisdiction and 23 specialised courts.

Among the 207 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 201 intervene at first instance, namely: 13 courts of first instance, 162 justices of the peace, 11 assize courts (one per province and two in Brussels) and 15 police courts. It is worth mentioning that the Assize courts are not structural entities (they are not permanent); they are organised within the Courts of appeal. The Assize court is constituted whenever the Investigation Chamber of the respective Court of appeal (Chambre des mises en accusation) refers a case to that court – the Assize court.

The 5 Appeal courts have competence at second instance. It should be mentioned that the 13 courts of first instance can also intervene at second instance. In fact, they rule as appeal courts on the decisions of the Justices of the peace.

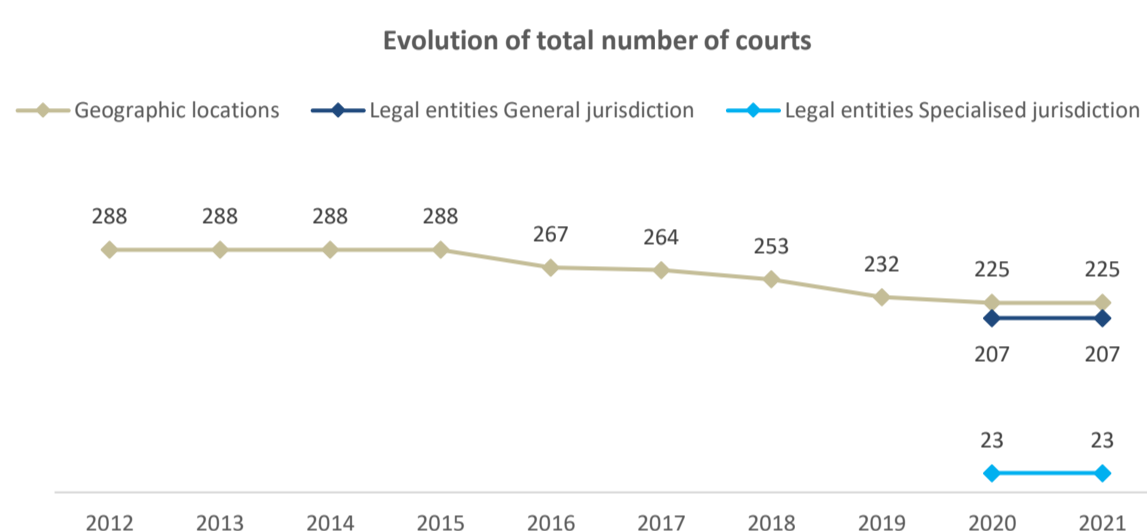
The Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction in Belgium.

Among the 23 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 23 are of first instance. However, it has to be pointed out that the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat) intervenes both in first instance and on appeal in administrative matters. It is the highest instance court in administrative matters.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 225 courts among which 218 are of first instance.

Evolution of total number of courts

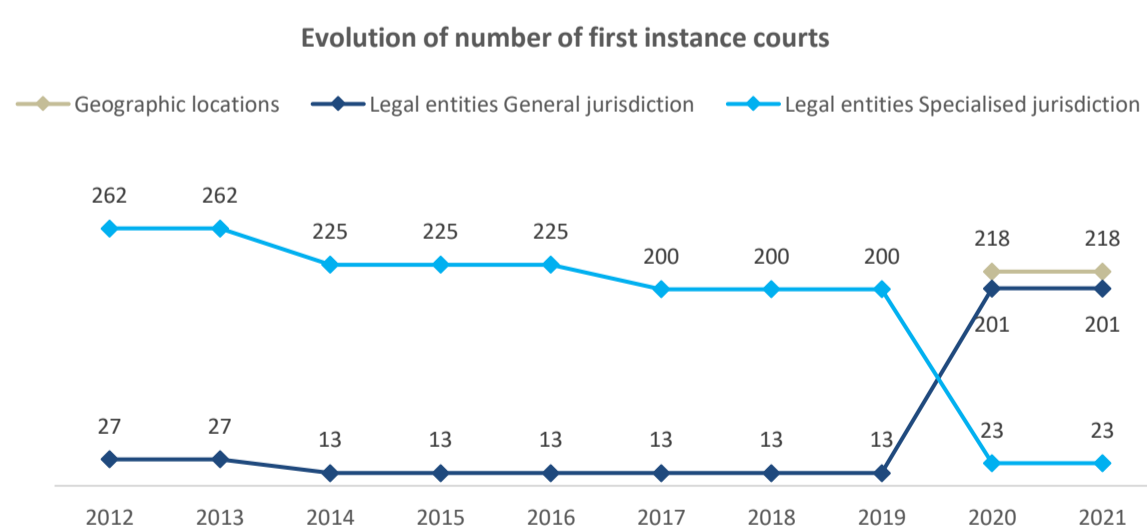
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	288		
2013	288		
2014	288		
2015	288		
2016	267		
2017	264		
2018	253		
2019	232		
2020	225	207	23
2021	225	207	23



It can be useful to recall that the reform of the justices of the peace, with a decrease in geographical locations, was consolidated by the law of December 25, 2017. The implementation of the reform was carried out between 2016 and 2019.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		27	262
2013		27	262
2014		13	225
2015		13	225
2016		13	225
2017		13	200
2018		13	200
2019		13	200
2020	218	201	23
2021	218	201	23



It is worth recalling that the methodology of presentation of data on number of courts as legal entities changed in 2020. Thus, the observed variations between 2019 and the following years do not stem from a reform of the judicial reorganization but have a methodological explanation. More precisely, justices of the peace and police courts are now counted as courts of general jurisdiction, while before 2020 they were categorized as first instance specialized courts. Besides, as of 2020, the 11 assize courts are also included in the data.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 89,7% - 10,3% which is quite different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	23	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	9	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	9	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	5	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

In Belgium, in 2021 there are 9 commercial courts, 9 labour courts and 5 administrative courts considered as first instance specialised courts.

The administrative courts are: the Council of State, the Aliens Litigation Council, Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege and Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen. As mentioned above, the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat) intervenes both in first instance and on appeal in administrative matters and constitutes the Highest instance in the field of administrative law.

In Belgium, the following courts do not exist - insolvency courts, family courts, juvenile courts, insurance and / or social welfare courts, rent and tenancies courts, enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, courts specialised in fight against terrorism or in internet related disputes. These case categories are within the competence of company courts (insolvency, insurances), first instance courts (family, juveniles, enforcement of sentences), labour courts (safety in work).

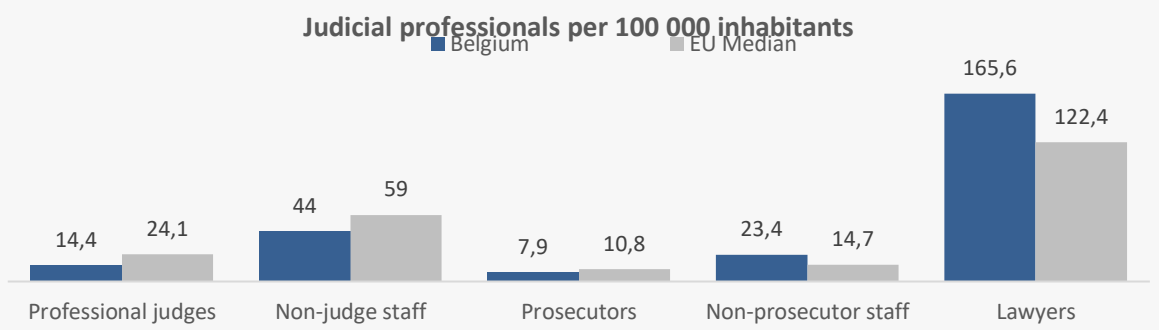
It should be specified that six courts of first instance have specialized enforcement chambers. The name 'enforcement court' is used, but in reality it is a specialized chamber. Moreover, all courts of first instance (13) have a specialized family and youth section. The name 'family court' is used, but in reality it is a specialized section.

2. Professionals of justice in Belgium (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

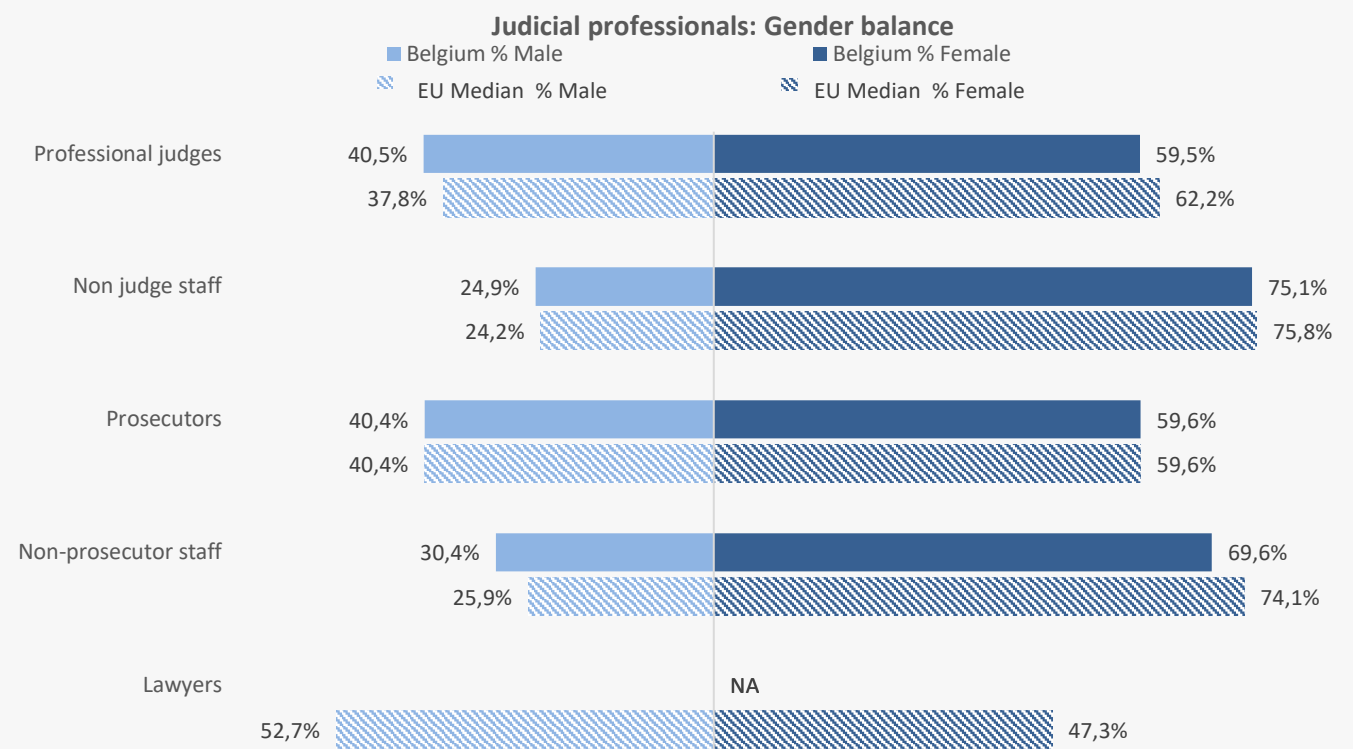
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 669	14,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	5 097	44	59
Prosecutors	919	7,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2 711	23,4	14,7
Lawyers	19 161	165,6	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

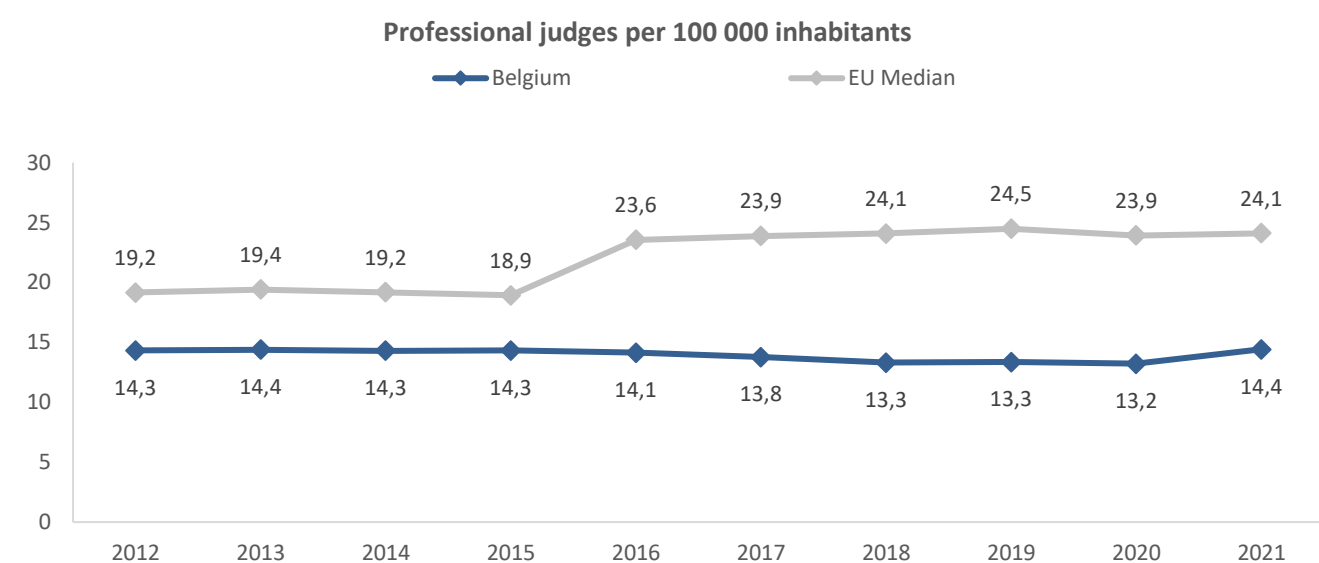
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	40,5%	59,5%
Non judge staff	24,9%	75,1%
Prosecutors	40,4%	59,6%
Non-prosecutor staff	30,4%	69,6%
Lawyers	NA	NA



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Belgium	EU Median
2012	1 598	14,3
2013	1 604	14,4
2014	1 602	14,3
2015	1 614	14,3
2016	1 600	14,1
2017	1 566	13,8
2018	1 523	13,3
2019	1 526	13,3
2020	1 524	13,2
2021	1 669	14,4



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Belgium is 1 669, which is 9,5% more than in previous cycle.

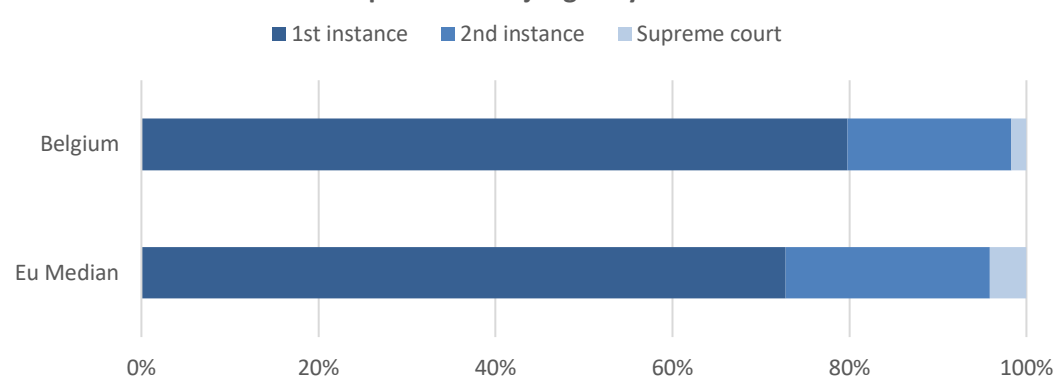
More precisely, in Belgium, there are 14,43 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,05 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,32 non-judge staff per judge.

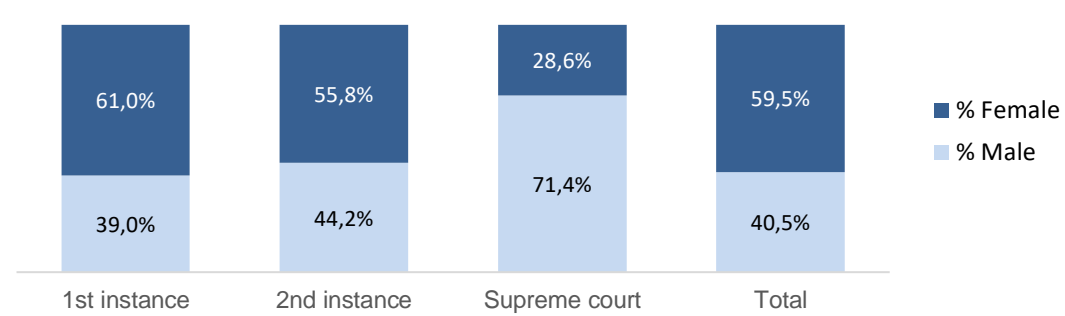
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 331	79,7%	519	812	39,0%	61,0%
2nd instance	310	18,6%	137	173	44,2%	55,8%
Supreme court	28	1,7%	20	8	71,4%	28,6%
Total	1 669		676	993	40,5%	59,5%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Belgium



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 993, which represents 59,5% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 331 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 812 are Female); 310 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 173 are Female) and 28 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 8 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Belgium is similar. The predomination of first instance judges is more pronounced, while second and third instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that as for the previous cycles, the figures contain data for the civil and criminal courts. For this cycle, the administrative judges of the Council of State and the Aliens Litigation Council (41 and 55 judges respectively) have also been taken into consideration.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Belgium presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, concerning administrative judges of the Council of State (as for the Aliens Litigation Council), it is decided to count them as first instance judges even if they intervene both at first and last instance. Accordingly, the number of judges at Supreme court level refers only to judges of the Court of Cassation.

The number of judges at the Council of State is 44 members and for the Aliens Litigation Council it is 55. For the Aliens Litigation Council, the total of 55 is broken down as follows: 32 female judges - 23 male judges, of whom the first president and the president are men. For the Council of State, the situation is as follows: in principle, the Council is composed of 44 members (1 first president, 1 president, 14 chamber presidents and 28 councillors of State); in practice, 41 members are in office in 2021 (two recent retirements and one death); 20 Dutch-speaking and 21 French-speaking; 12 women and 29 men.

It is worth mentioning that an extension of the framework of the Council of State is provided for by a law of 6 September 2022 (which amended article 69 of the laws on the Council of State, coordinated on 12 January 1973). The Council will consist of 58 members. These new members have not yet been recruited.

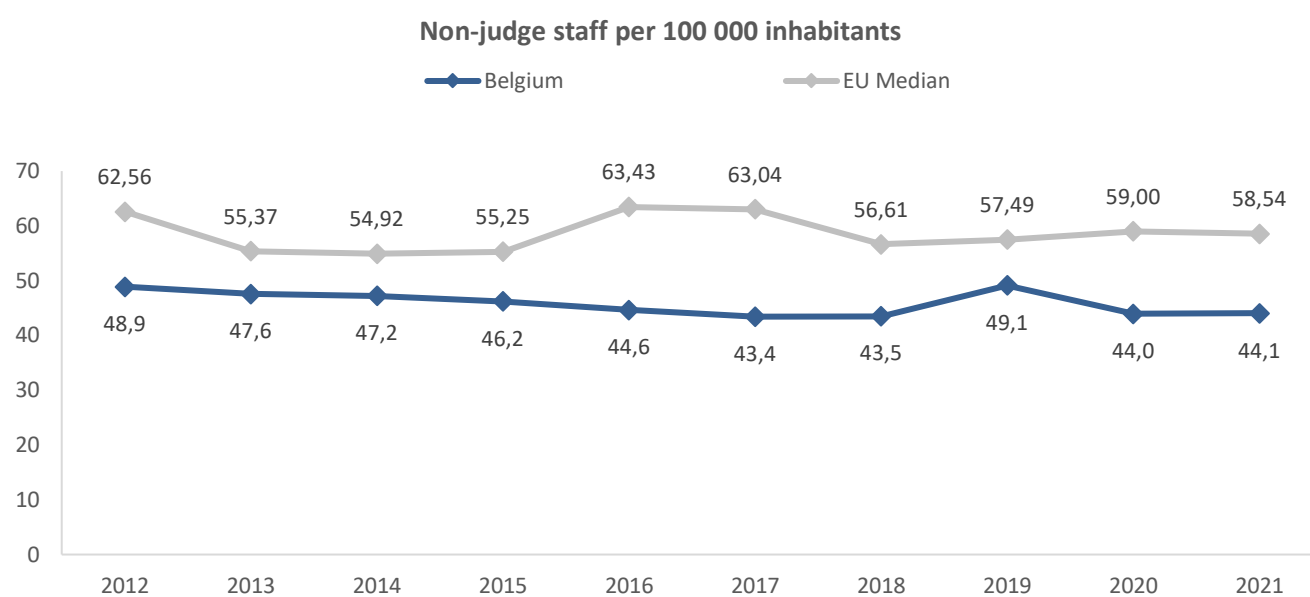
As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance. There is no particular reason for the increase in the number of female second instance judges that stems from the natural evolution (more women in the first degree implies a larger base for recruitment to the appellate degree).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

In Belgium, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Belgium	Belgium	EU Median
2012	5 458	48,9	62,6
2013	5 307	47,6	55,4
2014	5 290	47,2	54,9
2015	5 204	46,2	55,2
2016	5 054	44,6	63,4
2017	4 940	43,4	63,0
2018	4 974	43,5	56,6
2019	5 614	49,1	57,5
2020	5 064	44,0	59,0
2021	5 097	44,1	58,5



In 2021, Belgium has 5 097 non-judge staff (of which 3 830 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,7%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 44,0 in 2020 to 44,1 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 13,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 14,4 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 097	
Rechtspleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 966	38,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 410	47,3%
Technical staff	722	14,2%
Other	0	0,0%

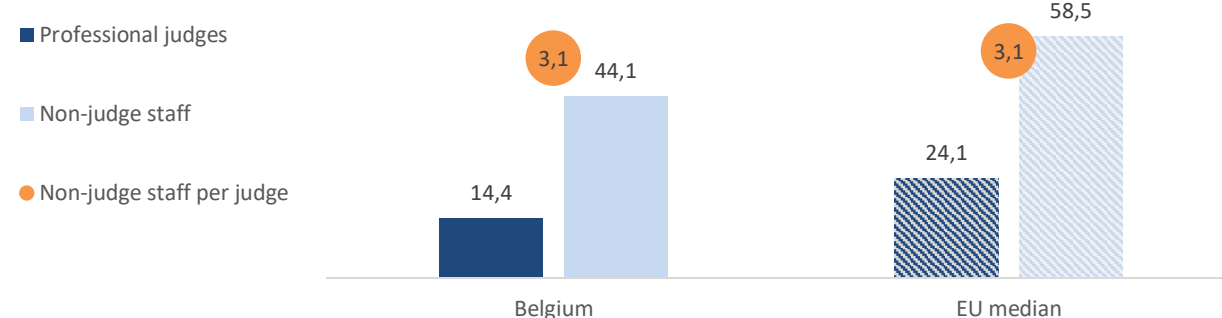
In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 966 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 1 456 are Female);
- 2 410 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 746 are Female);
- 722 technical staff (of which 628 are Female);

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Belgium	EU median
Professional judges	14,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	44,1	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,1	3,1

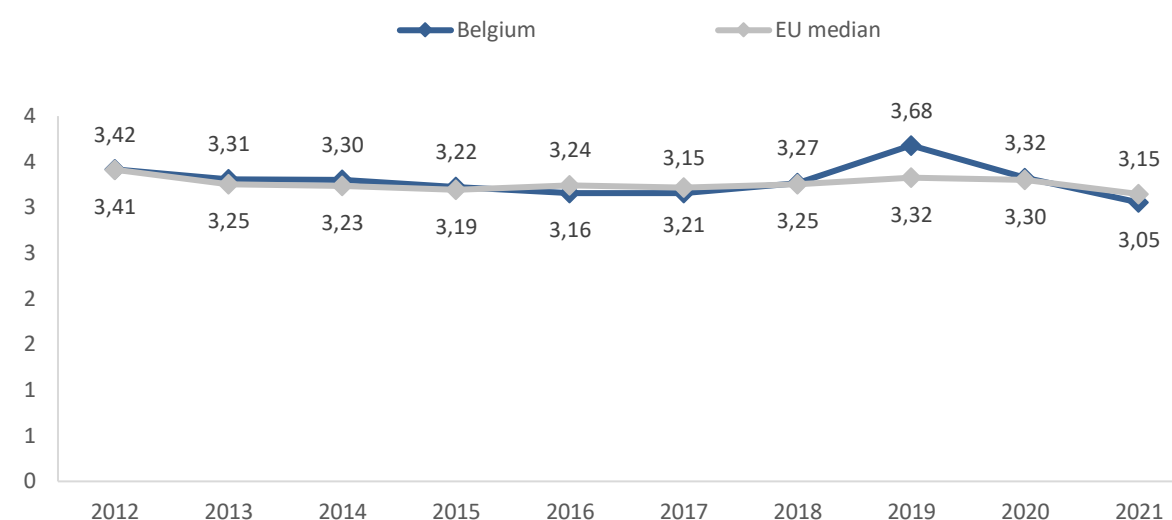
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Belgium	Belgium	Belgium	EU median
2012	14,3	48,9	3,42	3,4
2013	14,4	47,6	3,3	3,3
2014	14,3	47,2	3,3	3,2
2015	14,3	46,2	3,2	3,2
2016	14,1	44,6	3,2	3,2
2017	13,8	43,4	3,2	3,2
2018	13,3	43,5	3,3	3,3
2019	13,3	49,1	3,7	3,3
2020	13,2	44,0	3,3	3,3
2021	14,4	44,1	3,1	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

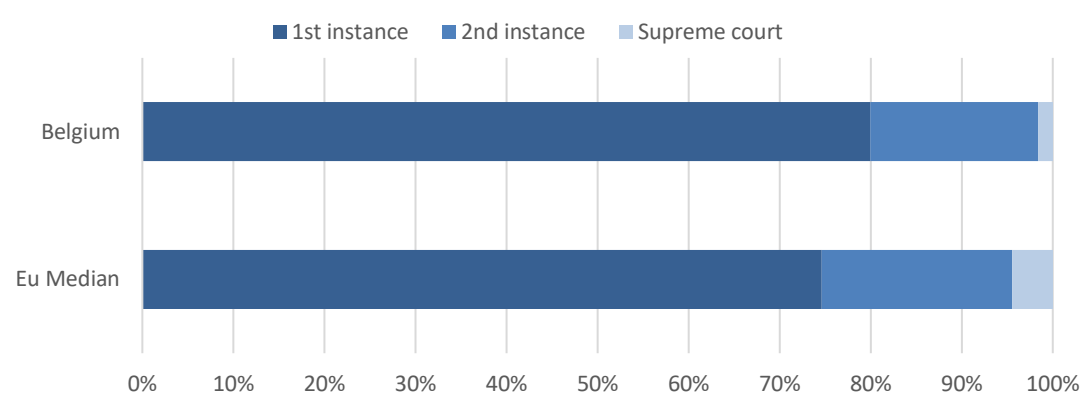


Public prosecutors

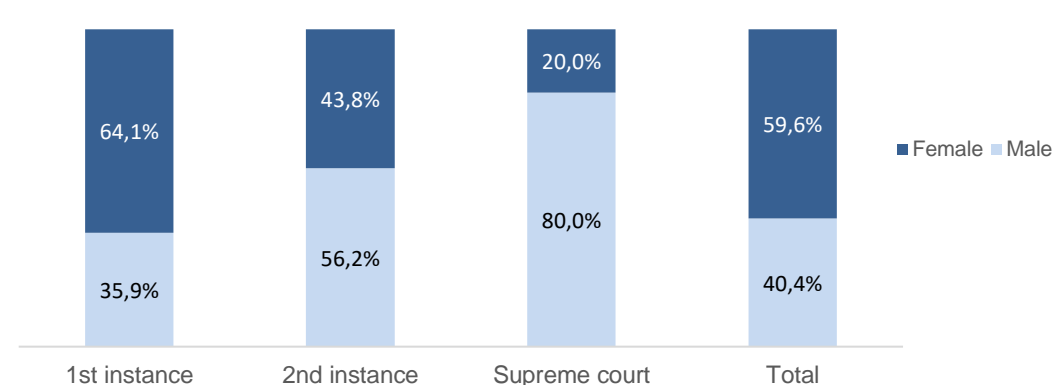
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male		Female	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	735	80,0%	264	471	35,9%	64,1%
2nd instance	169	18,4%	95	74	56,2%	43,8%
Supreme court	15	1,6%	12	3	80,0%	20,0%
Total	919		371	548	40,4%	59,6%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



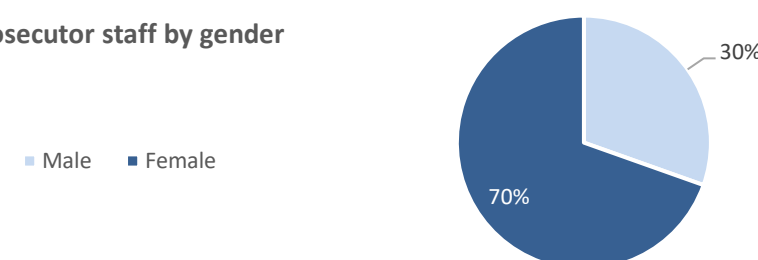
In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 548, which represents 59,6% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 735 in first instance (of which 471 are Female); 169 are in second instance (of which 74 are Female) and 15 in last instance (of which 3 are Female).

Non-prosecutor staff

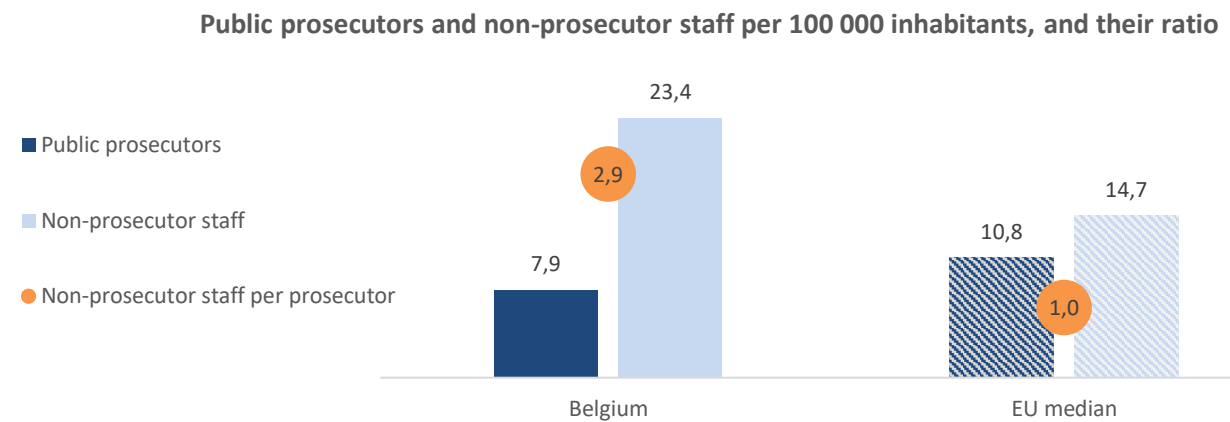
Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	2 711	825	1 886

Non-prosecutor staff by gender



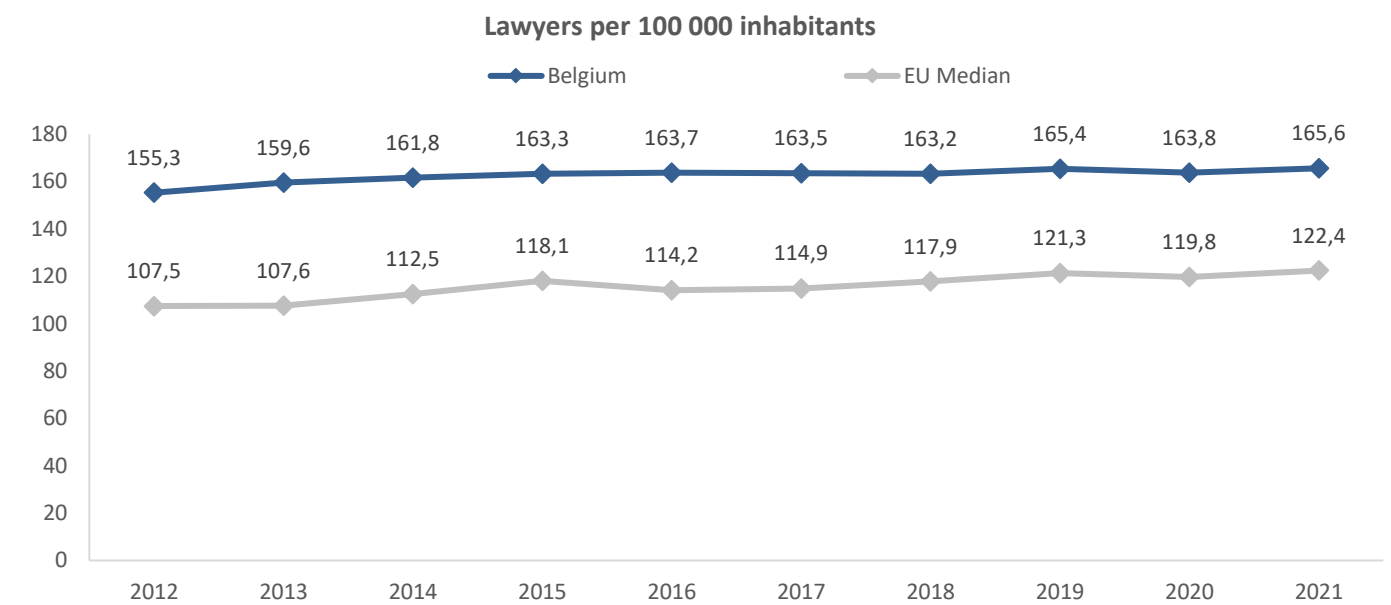
Ratio between public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Belgium	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	23,4	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,9	1,0



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Belgium	Belgium	EU Median
2012	17 336	155,3	107,5
2013	17 795	159,6	107,6
2014	18 134	161,8	112,5
2015	18 402	163,3	118,1
2016	18 532	163,7	114,2
2017	18 604	163,5	114,9
2018	18 658	163,2	117,9
2019	18 905	165,4	121,3
2020	18 875	163,8	119,8
2021	19 161	165,6	122,4



In 2021, there are 19 161 lawyers, which is 1,5% more than in 2020.

The gender breakdown could not be carried out in respect of the total number of lawyers.

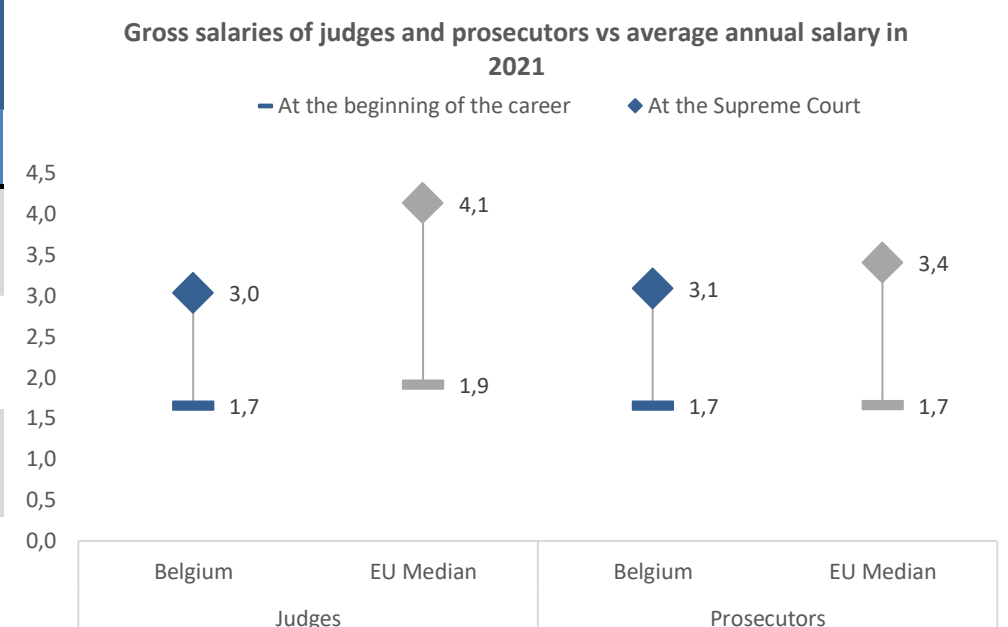
Belgium has 165,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

More precisely, the data are those of the Orde Van Vlaamse Balies, 10 973, and the Order of the French-speaking and German-speaking Bars, 8 188 as of 1 December 2021: a total of 19 161 lawyers.

Unfortunately, none of the Bars was able to provide figures by gender. The Bars report a stable annual increase. According to the latest "barometers of the profession" carried out by the Bar Associations (in 2018 and 2020), it seems that the legal profession is becoming more and more feminised, and the age pyramid suggests that this feminisation will increase in the years to come.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
			Belgium	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	73 069€	41 432€	1,7	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	133 608€	65 167€	3,0	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	73 069€	41 432€	1,7	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	136 054€	66 188€	3,1	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Belgium of 73 069€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,66 which is below the EU median of 1,91.

Few clarifications have been provided in respect of the elements taken into account for salaries. Namely, the salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career is the one of a judge at the first instance court or deputy king public prosecutor, with three years' seniority (beginning of career), married with two dependent children. At the Supreme court level, the indicated salary is the one of the Advocate General at the Court of Cassation with 24 years' seniority, married, no dependent children.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Belgium (2021 data)

In Belgium, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✓
 - Other than criminal cases ✓
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✓
 - Other than criminal cases ✓
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✓
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✓

Judicial assistance (one of the components of the legal aid) consists in exempting, in whole or in part, those who do not have the necessary means of subsistence to meet the costs of proceedings, even extrajudicial proceedings, from paying the various fees - registration, registry and shipping, as well as other costs related to the proceedings. The beneficiaries are also entitled to free of charge services of public and ministerial officials. They can also have free assistance of a technical adviser during judicial expertise. According to Article 665, 2° of the Judicial Code, judicial assistance covers acts relating to enforcement of judgments and decisions of justice.

More precisely, judicial assistance is applicable:

- 1) to all acts related to applications to be brought or pending before a judge in all legal matters (civil, criminal, administrative) or before arbitrators;
- 2) to acts related to the enforcement of judgments;
- 3) to proceedings on request;
- 4) to procedural acts that fall within the jurisdiction of a civil or criminal judge or require the intervention of a public or ministerial officer;
- 5) to mediation procedures, extrajudicial or judicial, conducted by an accredited mediator;
- 6) to all extrajudicial proceedings imposed by law or by the judge;
- 7) for the enforcement of authentic acts in another member State of the European Union in the frame of Article 11 of the Council Directive 2002/8/EC of 27 January 2003 to improve access to justice in cross-border disputes by establishing minimum common rules relating to legal aid for such disputes, under the conditions defined by that Directive;
- 8) to the assistance of a technical adviser when a legal expert is required.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

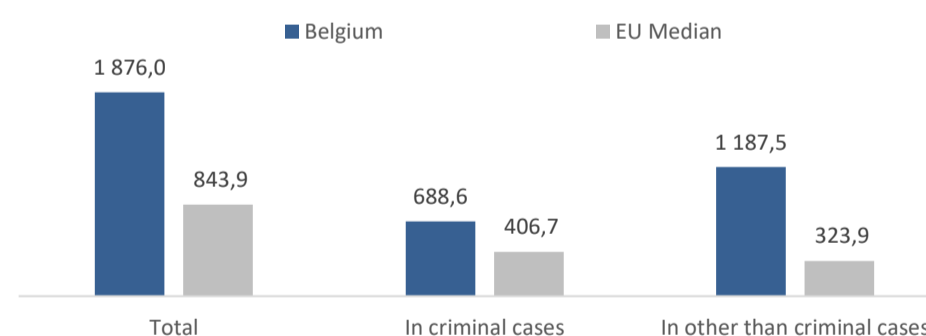
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	217 039	NA	NA
In criminal cases	79 662	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	137 377	NA	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted

- In criminal cases
- ▨ In other than criminal cases

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Belgium	EU Median
Total	1 876,0	843,9
In criminal cases	688,6	406,7
In other than criminal cases	1 187,5	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



For second line legal aid, the number of cases closed for the year 2020-2021 amounts to 217 039 for Belgium. For the year 2020-2021, the number of cases closed in criminal matters amounts to 79 662 and 137 377 for other matters.

As regards judicial assistance (one of the components of the legal aid), the figure is 17 995: these are cases brought before the following courts: first instance courts (civil and family section), company courts and labour tribunals, courts of appeal, criminal section (in criminal matters) and courts of appeal, civil section, and labour court (in other matters). The number of closed cases for which legal aid was granted in full or in part is included in the figures in each category.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

For second-line legal aid, Article 508/15, paragraph 1, of the Judicial Code states that "Except in urgent cases, the applicant and, where appropriate, his or her lawyer, shall be informed of the decision of the office within fifteen days of the application".

As regards judicial assistance, the average duration varied between 11 and 4 days (for criminal cases 9 days, civil cases 11 days, before the labour court 7 days and before the labour tribunal 4 days).

4. Performance of courts in Belgium (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

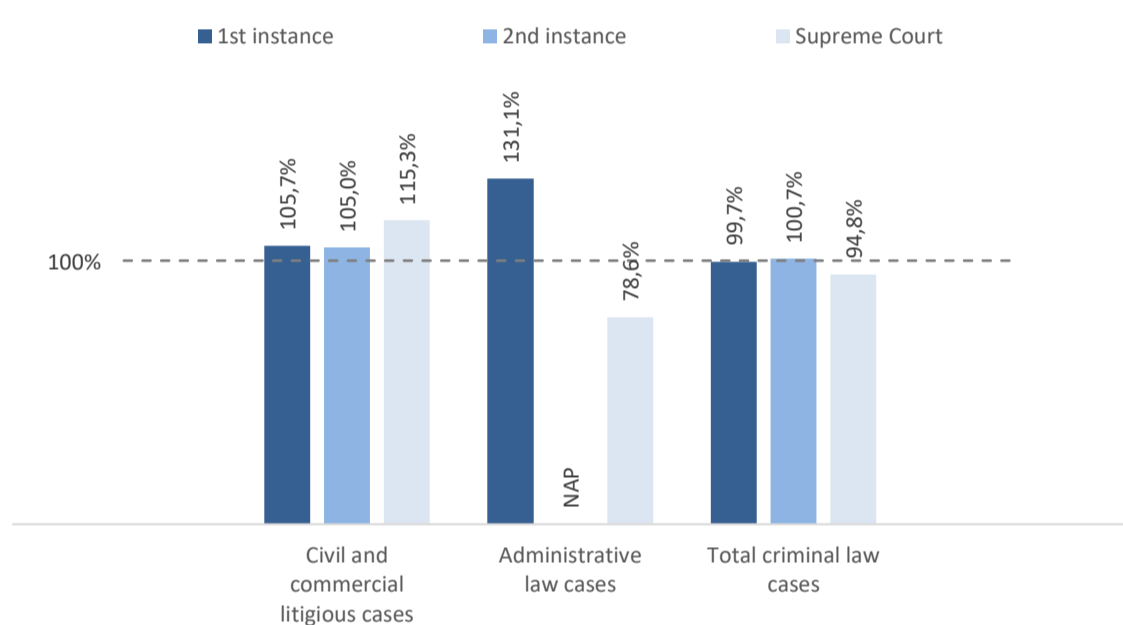
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

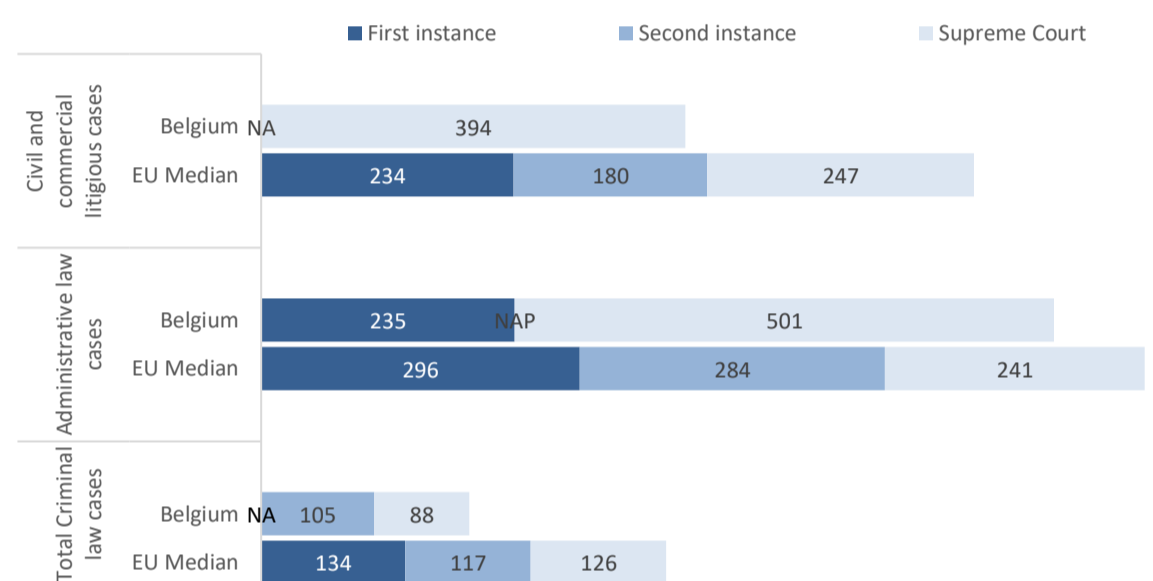
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	105,7%	102,5%	131,1%	101,7%	99,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	105,0%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	100,7%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	115,3%	99,9%	78,6%	100,4%	94,8%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	234	235	296	NA	134
	2nd instance	NA	180	NAP	284	105	117
	Supreme Court	394	247	501	241	88	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be recalled that the Disposition Time indicator cannot be calculated in respect of first instance civil litigious and criminal cases, as well as second instance civil litigious cases. In fact, data on pending cases are not available for the above-mentioned case categories.

In civil matters, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory at all instances in 2021, going beyond the 100% threshold. However, the Disposition Time for the Court of cassation in respect of civil litigations is considerably above the EU median. In 2021, the Court of cassation managed to adopt a higher number of final decisions compared to 2020 which is largely due to a series of 72 similar cases in which final decisions were delivered in 2021, as well as to the endeavours to increase the number of final decisions in tax matters (+30 final decisions compared to 2020). The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 is more or less comparable to the one in 2020. In the long term, an upward general trend is to be noticed. However, more specific evolutions have been observed within this case category: in 2021, compared to 2020, the number of incoming civil cases, as well as the number of incoming social cases has slightly decreased, while the number of incoming tax cases has increased. The latter is increasing from year to year.

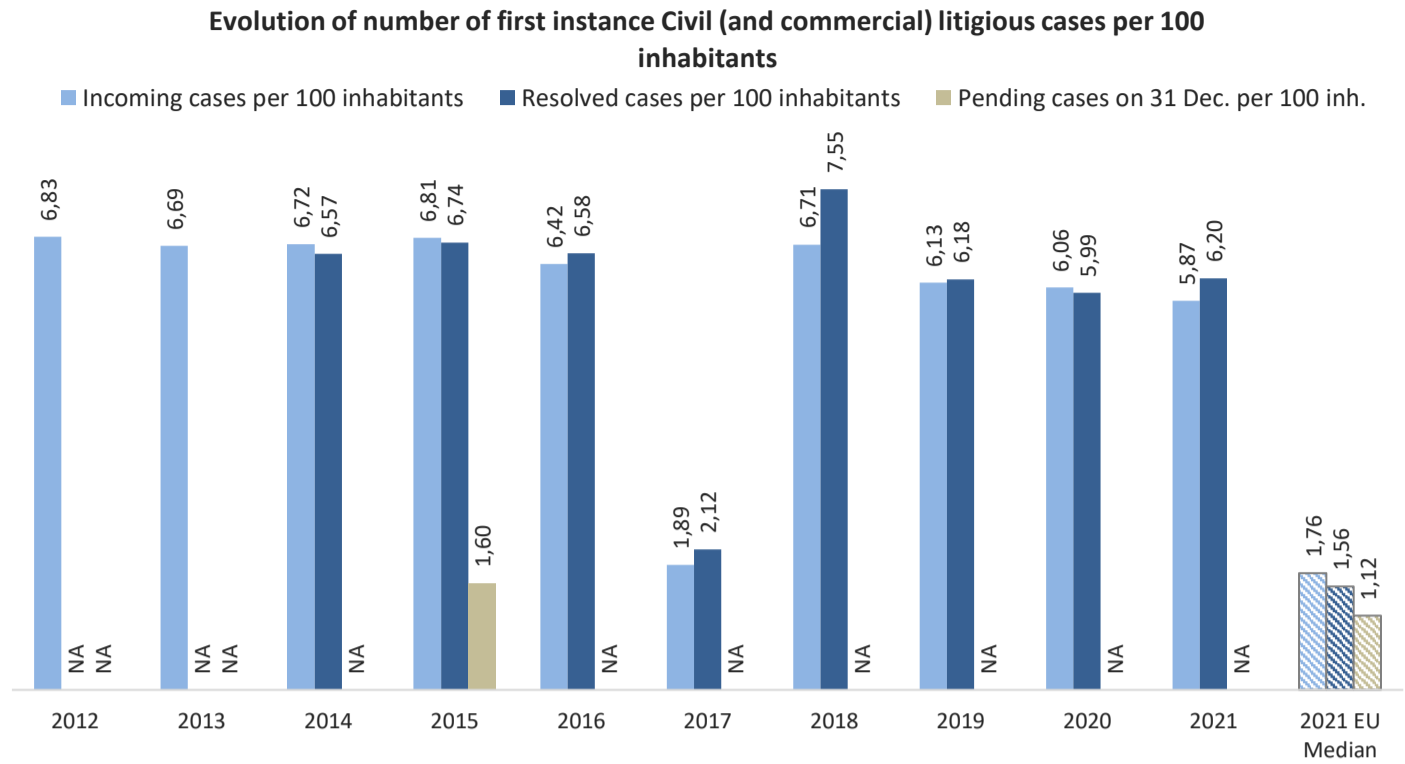
As concerns the Council of State which has competence at both first and last instance, its Clearance Rate is well above the 100% threshold at first instance, while it is quite low at third instance. Accordingly, the Disposition Time indicator is lower than the EU median at first instance and much higher than the EU median value for the last instance. Nevertheless, the total length of administrative proceedings in Belgium in 2021 is shorter than the EU median of 820 days.

In criminal matters, the Clearance Rate indicator is below the 100% threshold only at third instance, but the Disposition Time of the Court of cassation remains below the EU median, which is also the case for second instance courts. While the number of incoming criminal cases brought before the Court of Cassation each year remained relatively stable between 2016 and 2020, this number increased sharply in 2021 (25.50% in one year). At present, it is not clear whether this increase is a one-off and attributable to rather occasional circumstances or whether it is the harbinger of a period of significant growth in the number of criminal cases. Of necessity, the Court of Cassation has succeeded in significantly increasing the number of final judgments handed down in criminal cases in 2021 compared to 2020 (17.27%). However, these efforts could not prevent the criminal caseload at the end of 2021 from increasing for the first time in years, especially with 89 units compared to the criminal caseload at the end of 2020.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	6,83	NA	NA
2013	6,69	NA	NA
2014	6,72	6,57	NA
2015	6,81	6,74	1,60
2016	6,42	6,58	NA
2017	1,89	2,12	NA
2018	6,71	7,55	NA
2019	6,13	6,18	NA
2020	6,06	5,99	NA
2021	5,87	6,20	NA
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



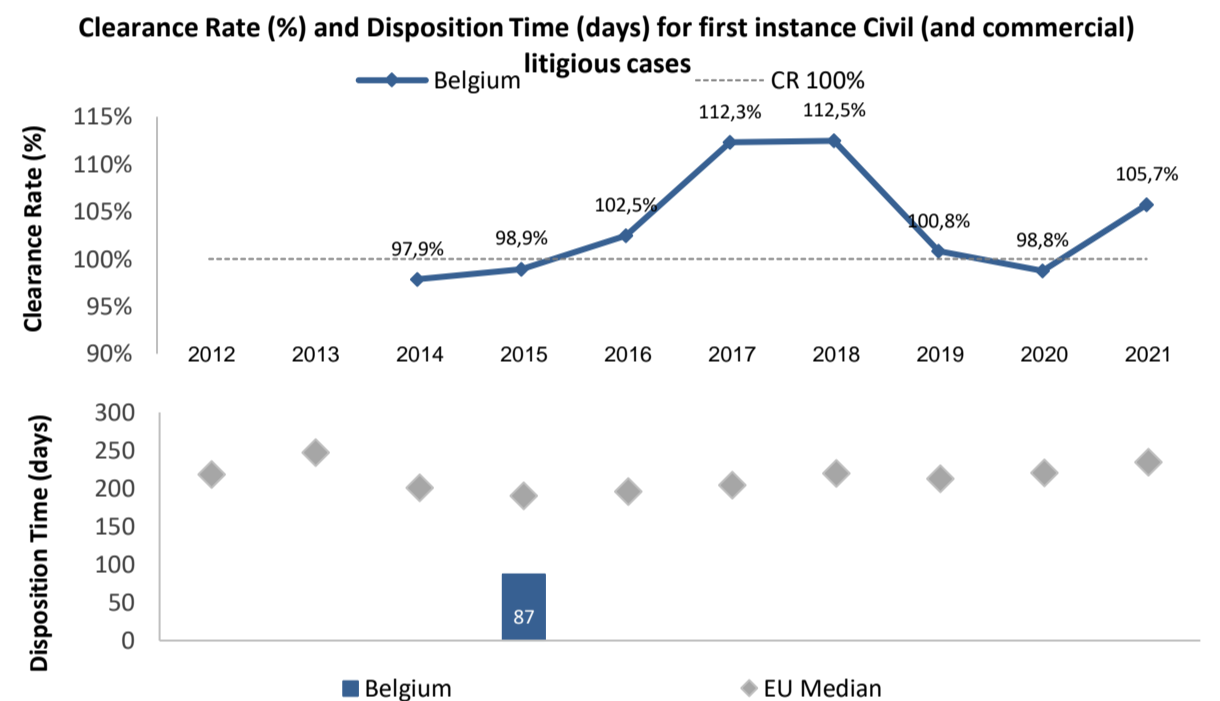
The number of incoming civil and commercial litigious cases in 2021 in Belgium (5,87 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases in 2021 in Belgium (6,20 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

Data on pending civil and commercial litigious cases are not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
2012	NA	100,4%	NA	218
2013	NA	101,2%	NA	247
2014	97,9%	101,8%	NA	201
2015	98,9%	102,3%	87	190
2016	102,5%	102,0%	NA	196
2017	112,3%	101,3%	NA	204
2018	112,5%	101,2%	NA	220
2019	100,8%	99,9%	NA	213
2020	98,8%	98,5%	NA	221
2021	105,7%	102,5%	NA	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,7% in 2021 Belgium seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,9 points.

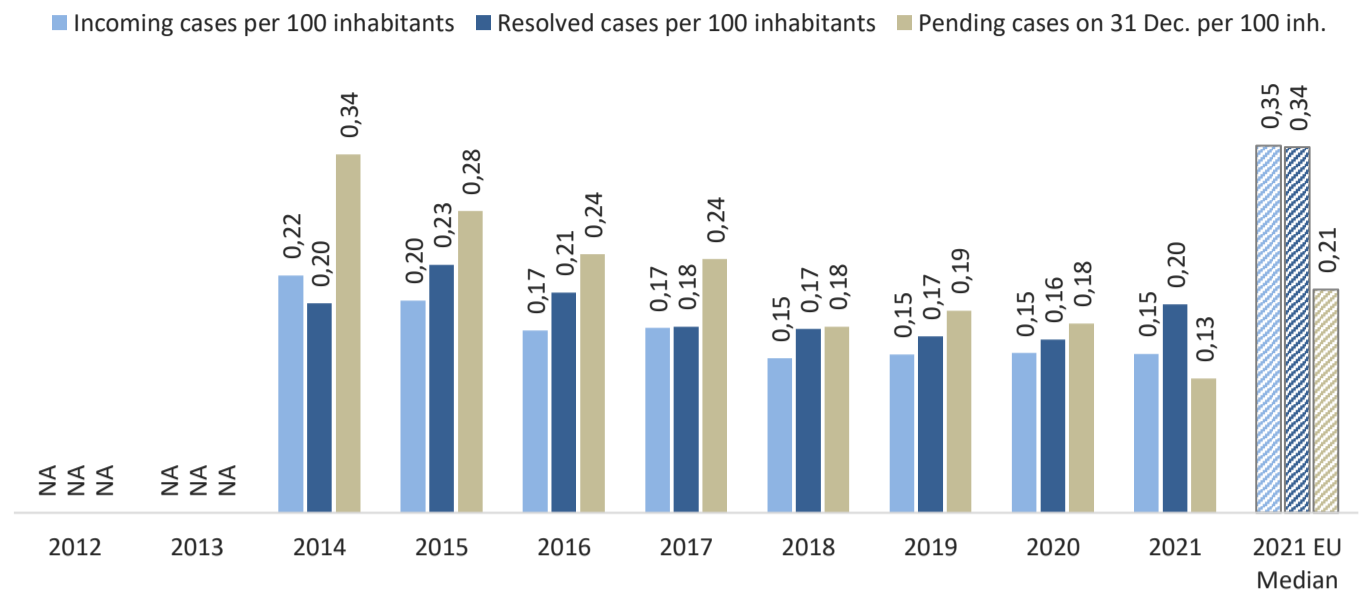
The Disposition Time of first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	0,22	0,20	0,34
2015	0,20	0,23	0,28
2016	0,17	0,21	0,24
2017	0,17	0,18	0,24
2018	0,15	0,17	0,18
2019	0,15	0,17	0,19
2020	0,15	0,16	0,18
2021	0,15	0,20	0,13
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Belgium (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

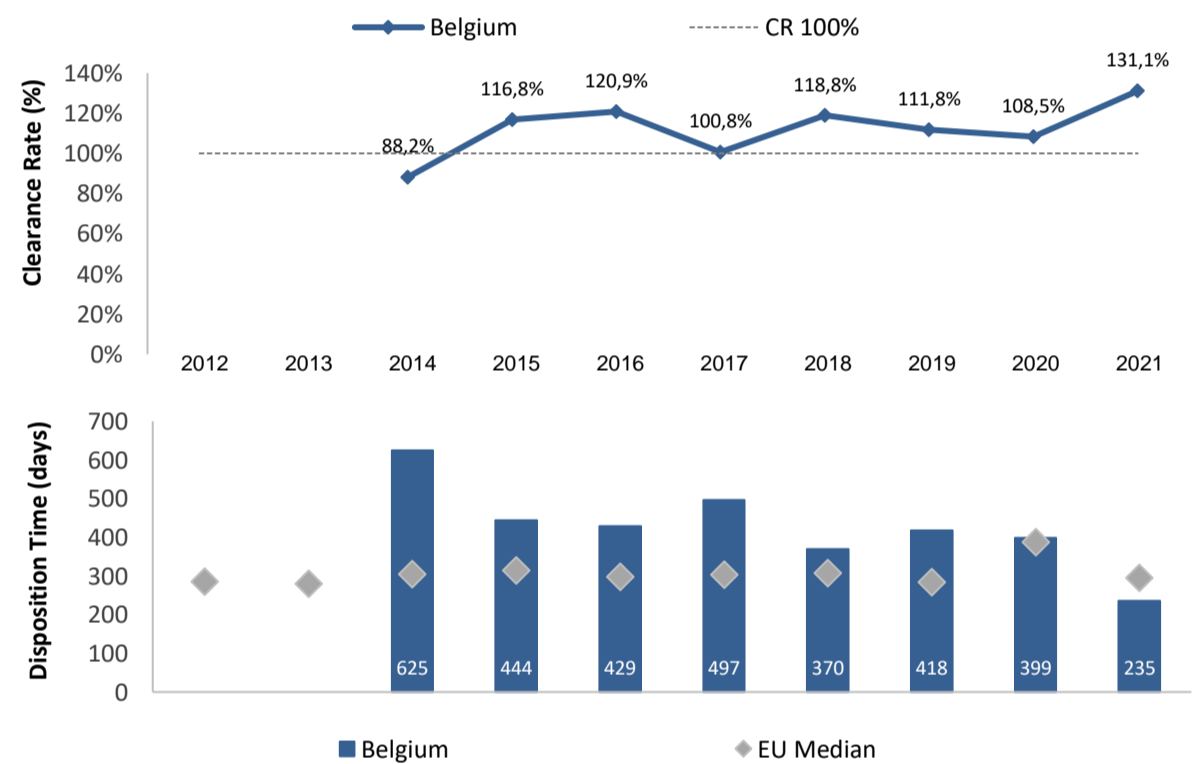
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Belgium (0,20 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Belgium (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
2012	NA	101,0%	NA	286
2013	NA	100,3%	NA	281
2014	88,2%	99,6%	625	305
2015	116,8%	103,7%	444	315
2016	120,9%	103,0%	429	297
2017	100,8%	102,1%	497	303
2018	118,8%	99,7%	370	308
2019	111,8%	102,1%	418	284
2020	108,5%	100,1%	399	388
2021	131,1%	101,7%	235	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 131,1% in 2021 Belgium seems to deal efficiently with its first instance administrative law cases, reducing beacklogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 22,7 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 235 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -40,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

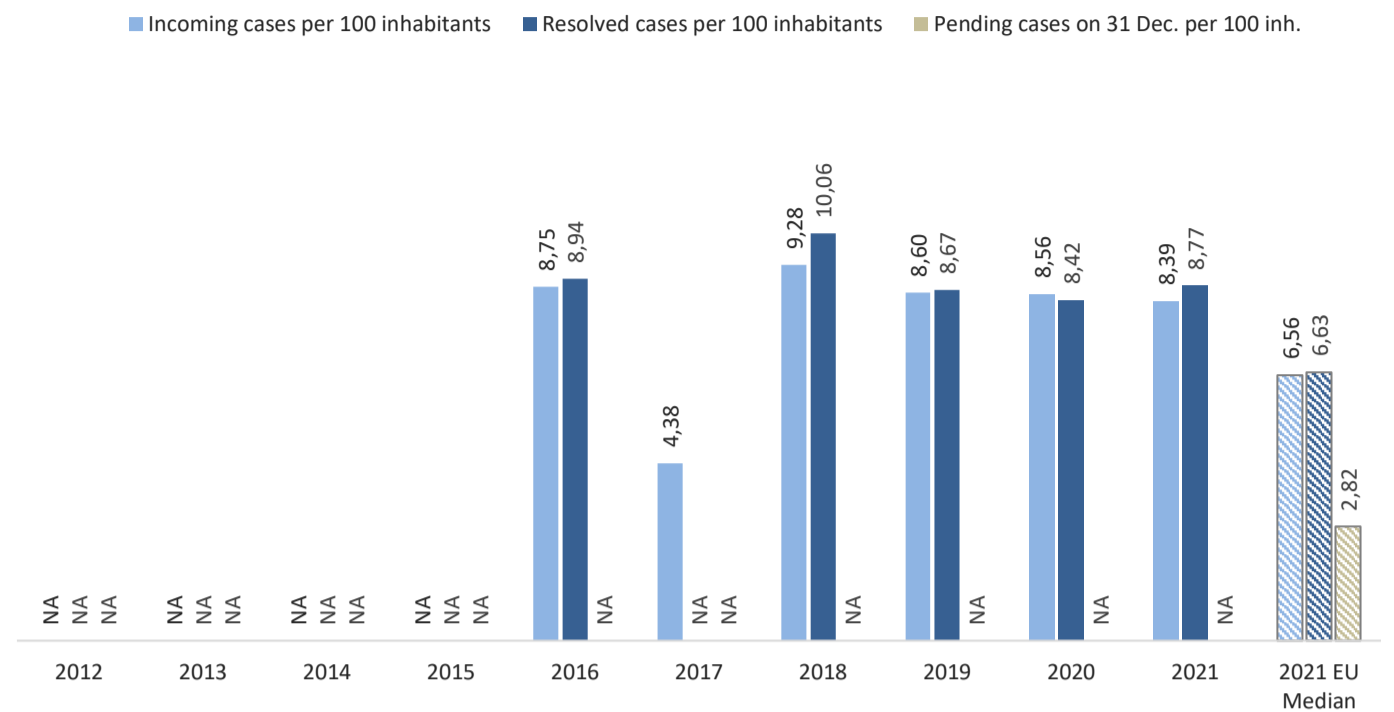
Administrative law cases are those of the Council of State acting as first instance court, the Aliens Litigation Council and the Flemish administrative courts Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege and Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA	NA
2016	8,75	8,94	NA
2017	4,38	NA	NA
2018	9,28	10,06	NA
2019	8,60	8,67	NA
2020	8,56	8,42	NA
2021	8,39	8,77	NA
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming total of other than criminal cases in 2021 in Belgium (8,39 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

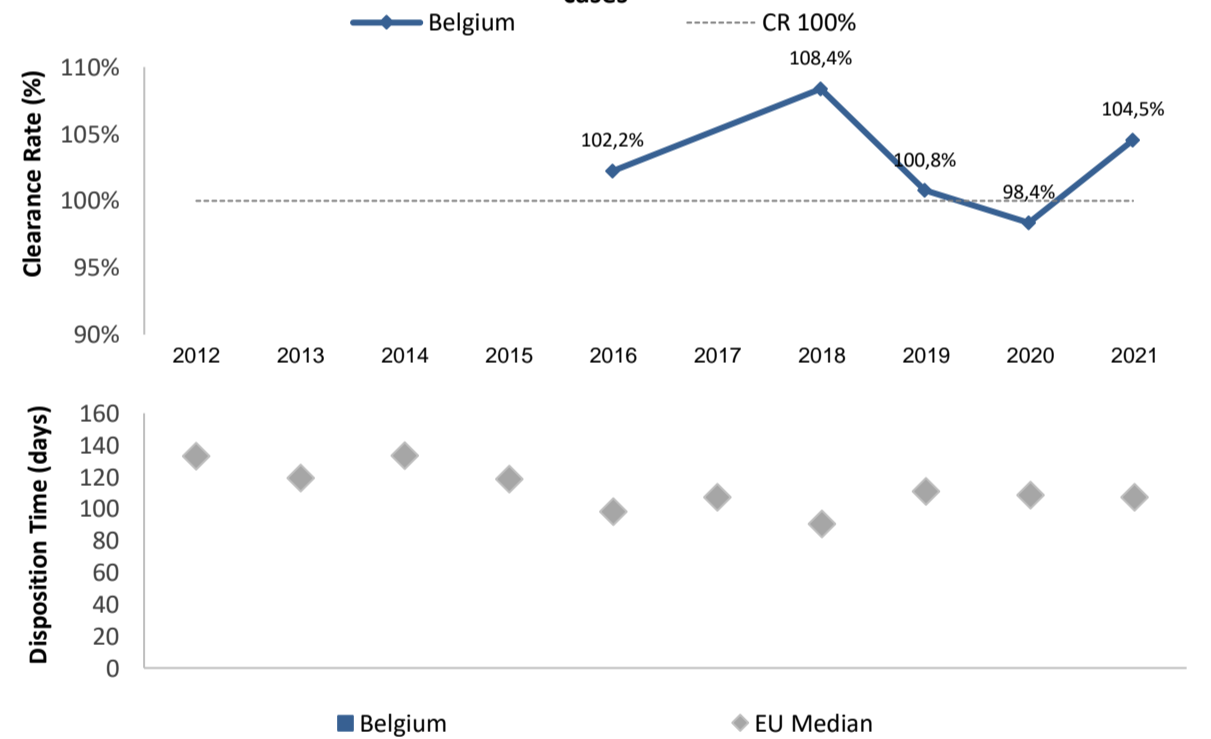
The number of resolved total of other than criminal cases in 2021 in Belgium (8,77 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

Data on pending total of other than criminal cases are not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
2012	NA	100,5%	NA	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	NA	101,9%	NA	133
2015	NA	101,0%	NA	119
2016	102,2%	101,5%	NA	98
2017	NA	100,6%	NA	107
2018	108,4%	100,6%	NA	91
2019	100,8%	99,8%	NA	111
2020	98,4%	98,7%	NA	109
2021	104,5%	101,2%	NA	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,5% in 2021 Belgium seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

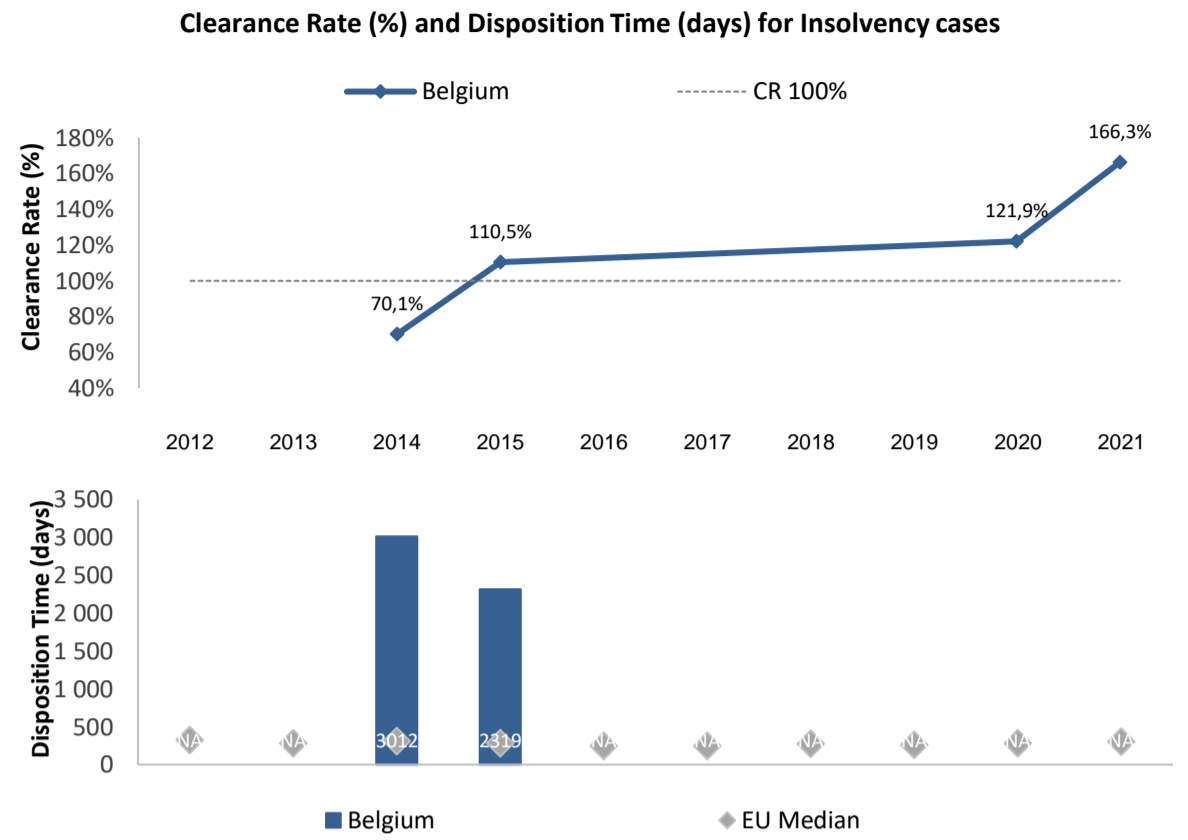
Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,2 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282
2014	70,1%	96,9%	3012	304
2015	110,5%	104,5%	2319	282
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	246
2017	NA	103,6%	NA	243
2018	NA	101,5%	NA	271
2019	NA	101,2%	NA	258
2020	121,9%	109,7%	NA	281
2021	166,3%	103,3%	NA	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 166,3% in 2021 Belgium seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 44,4 points.

The Disposition Time of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

It should be pointed out that the number of incoming and resolved insolvency cases includes cases of the company court concerning insolvency, as well as closed cases of the labour tribunal concerning collective debt settlement. Only figures for incoming and resolved cases are available. Incoming cases refer to all registered cases concerning a bankruptcy "nature of case", cases to which a bankruptcy number has been assigned or cases registered on a specific bankruptcy roll.

In 2021, before the company court there were 37626 incoming insolvency cases, and 59074 resolved cases. Before the labour tribunal there were 8515 incoming cases related to collective debt settlement and 17659 resolved cases.

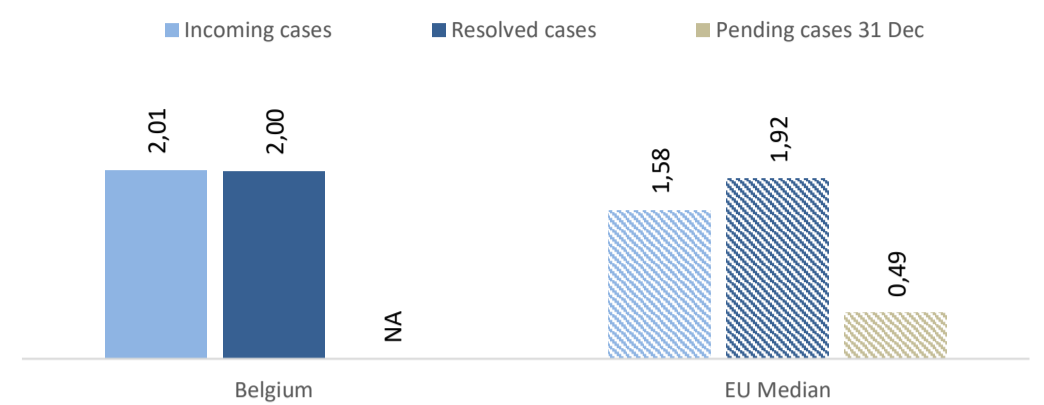
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

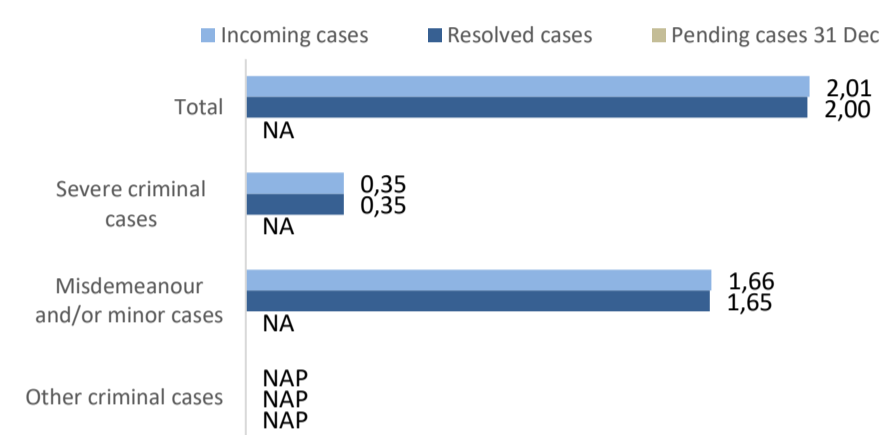
First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	232 220	231 425	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	40 339	40 325	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	191 881	191 100	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	2,01	2,00	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,35	0,35	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	1,66	1,65	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2021



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Belgium (2,01 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

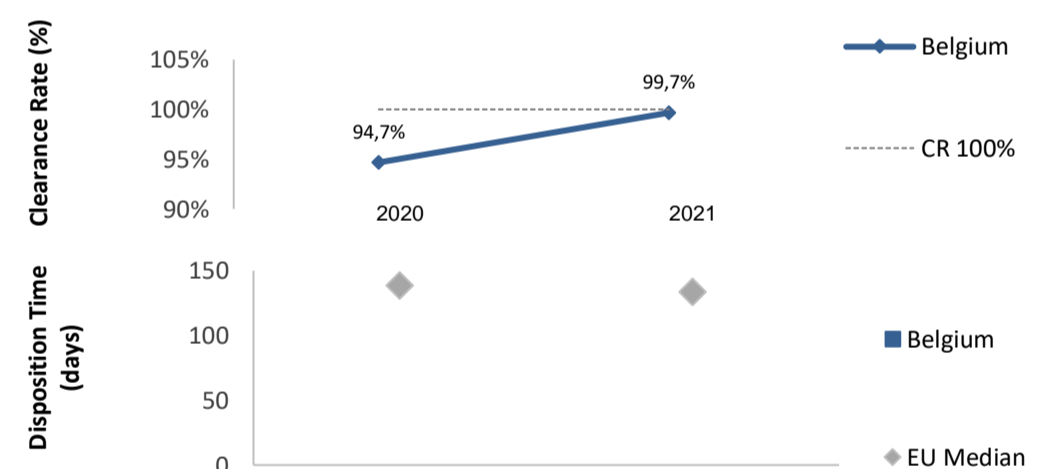
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Belgium (2,00 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Belgium is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Belgium	EU Median	Belgium	EU Median
2020	94,7%	95,2%	NA	139
2021	99,7%	100,0%	NA	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2021 Belgium seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,0 points.

The Disposition Time of first instance total criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

Severe criminal cases include all cases that are dealt with by first instance criminal courts; "minor criminal cases" are all cases that are dealt with by the Police courts.

It should be noticed that data of first instance (criminal) courts do not include data on homicide as the figures include cases of attempted homicide and (attempted) manslaughter (including attempted and manslaughter). Similarly, cases involving child pornography, sexual abuse, or minors cannot be uniquely identified in the general category of sexual offenses. In camera (council chamber) cases are not included; figures for pending cases are not available.

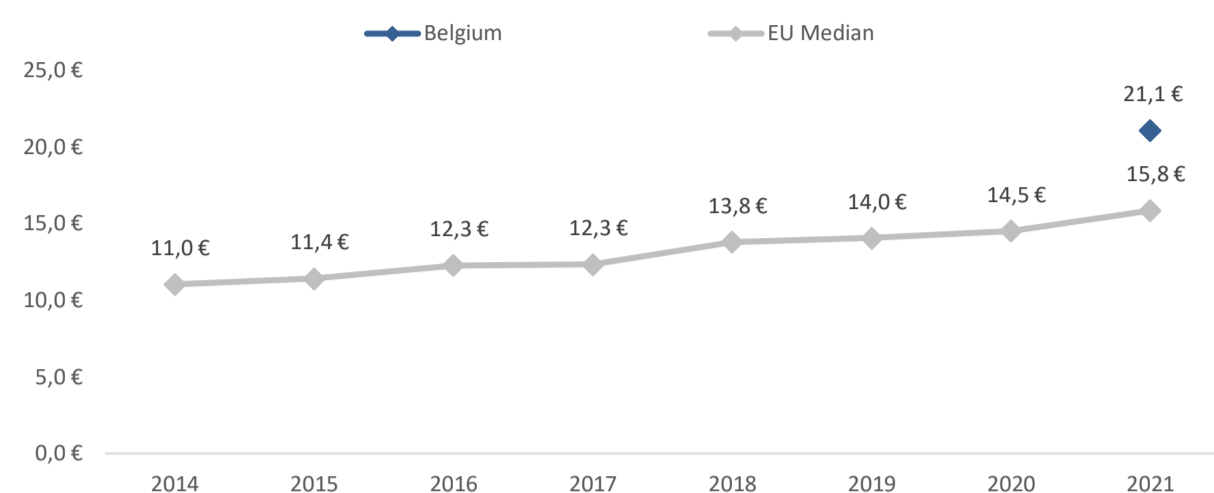
In 2021 there were 9 227 incoming cases in matters of youth protection. For this case category the number of resolved cases is not available for 2021. These are protectional cases dealt with by the juvenile court (in respect of parents, situations of concern, extremely urgent situations of concern, facts classified as offences).

5. Public prosecution services in Belgium (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Belgium	Belgium	EU Median	
2014	NA	NA	11,0 €	
2015	NA	NA	11,4 €	
2016	NA	NA	12,3 €	
2017	NA	NA	12,3 €	
2018	NA	NA	13,8 €	
2019	NA	NA	14,0 €	
2020	NA	NA	14,5 €	
2021	243 867 402 €	21,1 €	15,8 €	

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Belgium	Belgium	EU Median	
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €	
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €	
2020	NA	NA	0,011 €	
2021	NAP	NAP	0,022 €	

In terms of approved budget, only the total budget allocated to the Court of Cassation, all ordinary courts except administrative courts, and the public prosecution services is available (total €721 493 690). It is not possible to isolate the approved budget of the Public Prosecutor's Office from the aforementioned total amount. The implemented budget of €243 867 402 includes the operating costs of the public prosecution services (including staff costs, equipment) but excludes the budget for training. The public prosecution services do not provide training for their staff. The training is ensured by the Judicial training Institute - Instituut voor Gerechtelijke Opleiding, Av. Louise 54, 1050 Bruxelles, <https://www.igo-ifj.be>.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Belgium	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Belgium	EU Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	229 446	▲ 21,3%	1,98	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	613 026	▼ -4,6%	5,30	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	621 717	▲ 3,5%	5,37	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	341 720	▼ -0,1%	2,95	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	73 753	▲ 0,3%	0,64	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	147 451	▲ 2,1%	1,27	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	120 348	▼ -3,0%	1,04	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	168	▲ 425,0%	0,00	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	100 567	▲ 13,5%	0,87	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	123 845	▲ 1,0%	1,07	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	55 585	▲ 17,6%	0,48	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	220 755	▼ -4,6%	1,91	0,87

* Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

Since the reform of the judicial landscape that came into effect on April 1, 2014, Belgium has 15 "first degree" public prosecutors' offices (14 public prosecutors' offices + federal prosecutor's office). The data of the federal prosecutor's office are not included here. The data only concern correctional offenses committed by persons of legal age and persons who are not (yet) identified. Proceedings against minors are handled by the youth section of the public prosecutor's office.

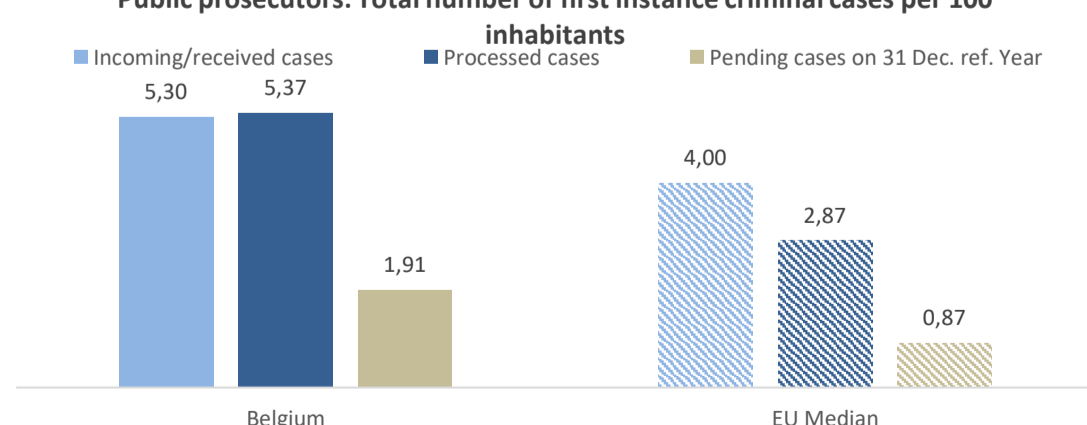
The unit of account is a criminal case: a case can have none, one or more defendants and/or one or more offences.

Dismissals for 'other reasons' refer only to cases in which it was possible to determine in the database that they had been closed by a dismissal for which the reason was not entered or was not correctly registered. In fact, when the reason is correctly recorded, the case is then entered under headings 3.1.1, 3.1.2 or 3.1.3. Therefore, the 'other reasons' heading is for 'unknown reasons' and therefore does not include 'special' reasons."

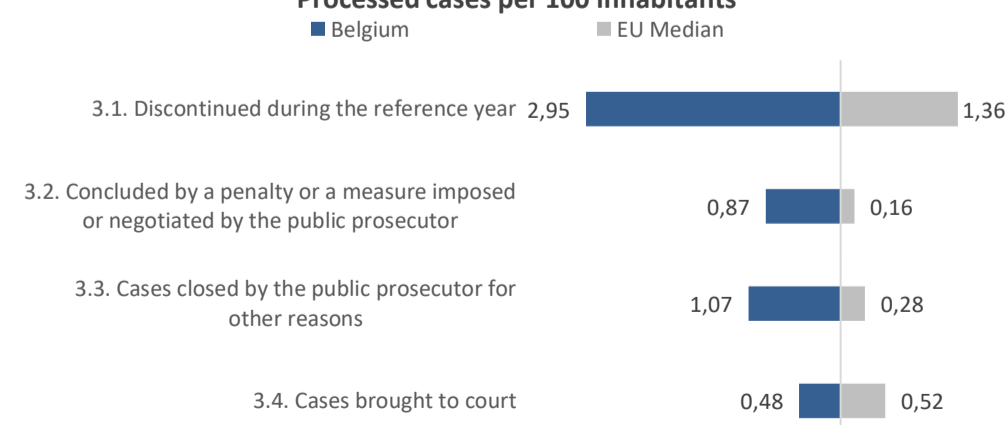
Concerning the number of cases brought to courts (55 585 cases), the data include on the one hand all the cases that were closed as a result of a direct summons (41 324 cases) and on the other hand all the cases that were closed as a result of a first fixation before the council chamber in the framework of the settlement of the proceedings (14 261 cases). Indeed, all these cases are also counted as cases closed by the prosecution in the annual statistics of the Public Prosecution services.

It has been specified that of the 100 567 cases closed by a sanction or a measure imposed or negotiated by the King prosecutor, 55 167 cases were closed following the payment of a penal transaction; 23 743 cases were closed following an administrative sanction; 19 169 cases were closed as a result of pre-trial probation; 2 446 cases were closed following a successful mediation procedure and measures; 42 cases were closed after referral to the head of the corps.

Public prosecutors: Total number of first instance criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



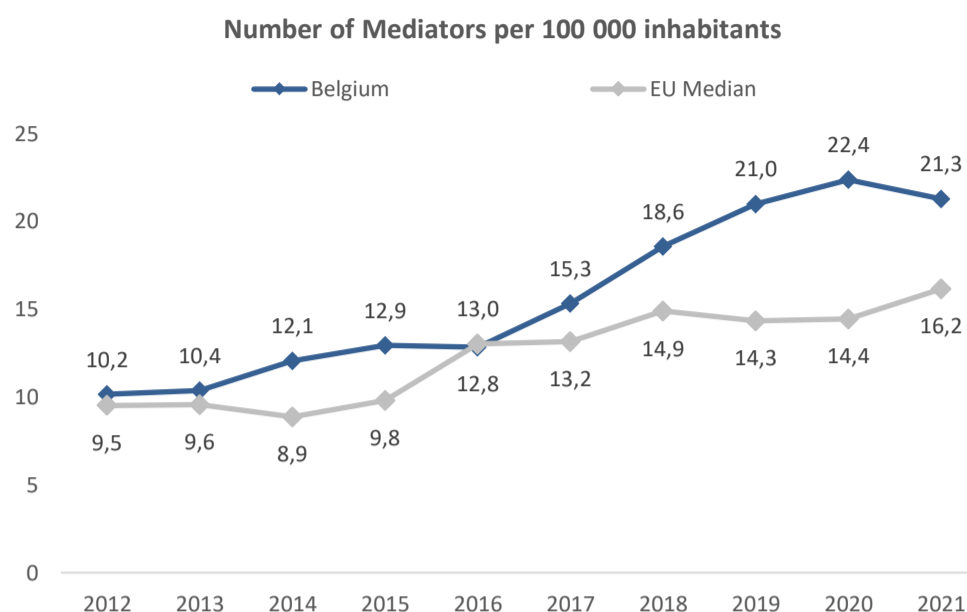
Processed cases per 100 inhabitants



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Belgium (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Belgium	Belgium	EU Median
2012	1134	10,2	9,5
2013	1157	10,4	9,6
2014	1352	12,1	8,9
2015	1457	12,9	9,8
2016	1454	12,8	13,0
2017	1744	15,3	13,2
2018	2122	18,6	14,9
2019	2399	21,0	14,3
2020	2577	22,4	14,4
2021	2463	21,3	16,2



In 2021, there are 2 463 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 21,3 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -4,4%.

It is worth mentioning that a mediator may receive several accreditations. The Federal Mediation Commission determines the criteria for the accreditation of mediators under Articles 1726 and 1727 § 6 of the Judicial Code.

The difference (in figures) with the previous cycle is explained in particular by the removal of mediators who are no longer up to date with their continuing training obligation.

Mediation Barometer 2021 (some figures and trends), link:

https://www.cfm-fbc.be/sites/default/files/content/explorer/slides_barometer_-_fr.pdf

Number of court related mediations

The Federal Mediation Commission does not have data on the number of court related mediation procedures.

7. ICT tools of courts in Belgium (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 50-99%	50-99%	10-49%
Simple dictation tools	Yes some courts / pilot phas	some courts / pilot phas	not available
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes not available	not available	not available
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No

For civil and/or commercial and criminal matters local modification of models is always possible. As regards the Council of State (the highest administrative court in the country), administrative matters, for each type of procedure, there are templates of judgments which contain certain standardised paragraphs. This standardisation concerns in particular the part relating to the conduct of the proceedings. Constant harmonisation work is carried out under the impetus of the First President and with the help of the Chief Registrar. Some documents are now generated automatically on the basis of information contained in our internal databases (e.g. setting orders and hearing tables). However, there are no writing assistance tools as such.

It should be noted that, following a change initiated in 2007, the Council of State's judgments have all been written in direct style since 2017. This generalisation of the direct style has ensured greater uniformity in the presentation of judgments.

Judges of the Belgian Council of State have a number of tools at their disposal: legal databases are maintained internally and made available to the public as well (Juridict www.juridict.be, refLex www.reflex.be, etc.); access is provided to private, paying legal databases (StradaLex www.stradalex.be, Jurisquare www.jurisquare.be, etc.); an intranet managed by the Council of State also centralises all documents produced by the Council of State (judgments, orders, reports, etc.) - it is called Documap; the Council of State's website also offers numerous search options www.raadvst-consetat.be.

The provision of a simple dictation tool is based on an individual online request with a specific and restrictive allocation policy.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Financial management tools				
Budgetary and financial management of courts	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	NA	NA	NA
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	0% (NAP)	No	No	No
Prosecutors	Yes 10-49%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	10-49%	Yes	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Belgium (2021 data)

In Belgium, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

However, it should be mentioned that the College of Courts and Tribunals and its support service are working on the implementation of a quality system at the national level; there is no declination at the local level yet, but this project is in full evolution. Within the framework of the law of 14 February 2014 and the College's action plans (2018 and 2020), a quality system will be implemented in respect of judges. The intention is therefore to introduce an integrated framework of quality, internal control and (internal) audit models to replace the executive's existing ex ante control and monitoring systems.

The quality system is based on international scientific references and will be broken down into ten or so themes that constitute the management modules of an organisation. These management modules cover all aspects of an organisation, including organisational management, process management, human resources management, organisational culture, information and communication, financial management, facility management and information and communication technologies. The College of Courts and Tribunals and the steering committees work together to develop their maturity in these different areas.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In 2021, the College of Courts and Tribunals has started a project to make a central inventory of the backlog in the courts and tribunals using indicators such as length of proceedings, number of pending cases, Disposition time, backlogs.

In Belgium, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The operational work reports provide the above-mentioned indicators. However, qualitative data are not available for all types of courts. The statistics are based on data extracted from the different computer applications used by the registries of the courts and tribunals and calculated by means of counting rules validated by experts.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Indeed, the allocation of resources between courts is carried out based on a methodology defined by the College of courts and tribunals, independently of the performance evaluation.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Belgium, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, the reporting is carried out by means of monthly statistics on the number of processed cases (general prosecution offices); on the basis of bi-monthly dashboards (public F75 offices); and quarterly at the Attorney General's meetings with the King prosecutors and the labour auditors.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

The evaluation is used at local level (public prosecutor's offices, labour auditorates, general public prosecutor's offices).

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	11 376 070	11 431 406	11 431 406	11 521 238	11 569 034	3,6%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 000	34 500	36 000	36 500	37 407	38 500	39 500	41 200	39 160	43 937	29,2%	12,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	-	-	-	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							False	-	-	-	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							False	-	-	-	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	-	-	-	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	-	-	-	False
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	-	-	-	False

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.14 Other							False	-	-	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	-	-	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	-	-	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	-	-	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	True	False	False	
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False	

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									False	False		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	230	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	207	207	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	27	27	13	13	13	13	13	13	201	201	644,4%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	5	-	-72,2%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	262	262	225	225	225	200	200	200	23	23	-91,2%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	23	23	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-60,9%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	21	21	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-57,1%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NA	NAP	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	218	218	202	202	202	177	177	177	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	218	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	288	288	288	288	267	264	253	232	225	225	-21,9%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 894	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	32 255	37 624	32 080	27 615	21 318	23 838	21 794	20 581	-	-5,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	990 337	498 495	1 060 896	983 230	985 887	970 825	-	-1,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	762 164	745 883	752 769	767 875	727 238	214 533	767 255	701 218	698 480	678 697	-11,0%	-2,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	25 092	22 577	19 446	19 835	16 665	17 042	17 364	17 349	-	-0,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	10 498	9 951	NA	9 008	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 012 332	NA	1 149 719	990 917	969 727	1 014 929	-	4,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	736 693	759 712	745 166	240 963	862 888	706 901	689 858	717 402	-	4,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	253 629	267 025	264 970	261 035	274 779	-	5,3%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	22 139	26 377	23 513	19 986	19 806	19 046	18 834	22 748	-	20,8%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	180 480	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	37 880	32 080	27 615	27 213	20 089	21 807	20 569	14 673	-	-28,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,2%	NA	108,4%	100,8%	98,4%	104,5%	-	6,18
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	97,9%	98,9%	102,5%	112,3%	112,5%	100,8%	98,8%	105,7%	-	6,94
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	88,2%	116,8%	120,9%	100,8%	118,8%	111,8%	108,5%	131,1%	-	22,65
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	625	444	429	497	370	418	399	235	-	-40,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	15 744	15 039	14 905	14 984	14 641	14 926	NA	11 834	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	82 398	74 483	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	37 497	34 588	33 396	29 656	14 332	9 727	13 483	14 338	11 006	10 009	-73,3%	-9,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	7 762	7 756	7 535	6 769	6 549	5 886	5 460	4 346	-	-20,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	15 023	10 881	68 681	60 207	53 796	57 613	53 706	46 141	-	-14,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 114	2 290	-	8,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	37 635	33 355	32 173	33 317	15 111	11 947	14 926	14 839	8 566	10 013	-73,4%	16,9%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	8 523	8 052	7 497	7 100	6 381	6 015	5 839	5 532	-	-5,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	10 530	12 021	NA	NA	NA	NA	65 484	76 733	-	17,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 187	2 251	-	2,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	14 983	14 743	14 943	14 653	14 839	14 797	NA	10 648	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	86 891	76 381	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	100,4%	96,4%	96,3%	112,3%	105,4%	122,8%	110,7%	103,5%	77,8%	100,0%	(0,33)	22,21
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	109,8%	103,8%	99,5%	104,9%	97,4%	102,2%	106,9%	127,3%	-	20,35
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	70,1%	110,5%	NA	NA	NA	NA	121,9%	166,3%	-	44,37
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	642	668	728	753	849	898	NA	703	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	3 012	2 319	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	44 140	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	22 195	23 735	-	6,9%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			28 319	27 784	25 697	23 435	25 619	24 177	22 195	23 735	-	6,9%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	23 095	24 932	-	8,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 106	29 283	28 286	25 784	26 640	26 663	23 095	24 932	-	8,0%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	43 390	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
											Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)	
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	104,1%	105,0%	-	0,99
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,8%	105,4%	110,1%	110,0%	104,0%	110,3%	104,1%	105,0%	-	0,99
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	541	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 624	1 554	1 429	1 316	1 463	1 532	1 797	-	17,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 367	1 304	1 243	1 151	1 084	1 119	1 155	1 178	-	2,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	58	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	58	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			345	320	311	278	232	344	363	547	-	50,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	14	14	-	0,0%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 593	1 350	1 369	1 381	1 392	1 475	1 675	-	13,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			931	881	812	970	899	920	876	844	-	-3,7%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	264	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	264	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			698	712	538	399	482	472	587	541	-	-7,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	11	26	-	136,4%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 781	1 658	1 483	1 429	1 095	1 268	1 343	1 702	-	26,7%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			992	942	905	994	864	818	853	973	-	14,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	282	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	282	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			789	716	578	435	390	450	479	425	-	-11,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	11	22	-	100,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	1 554	1 428	1 359	1 457	1 590	1 737	1 690	-	-2,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 305	1 243	1 150	1 127	1 119	1 221	1 178	1 049	-	-11,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	40	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	40	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			320	311	278	232	338	369	545	583	-	7,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	14	18	-	28,6%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	217	223	-	2,8%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	164	168	-	2,4%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	4	NA	17	47	55	-	17,0%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	104,1%	109,9%	104,4%	79,3%	91,1%	91,1%	101,6%	-	10,56
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,6%	106,9%	111,5%	102,5%	96,1%	88,9%	97,4%	115,3%	-	17,91
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	106,8%	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	106,8%	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			113,0%	100,6%	107,4%	109,0%	80,9%	95,3%	81,6%	78,6%	-	(3,04)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%	84,6%	-	(15,38)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	342	351	347	486	458	472	362	-	-23,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			480	482	464	414	473	545	504	394	-	-21,9%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	52	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	52	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			148	159	176	195	316	299	415	501	-	20,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	465	299	-	-35,7%

First instance criminal law cases (Q94)

094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									191 132	232 220	-	21,5%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33 531	40 339	-	20,3%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									157 601	191 881	-	21,8%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									180 946	231 425	-	27,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									35 035	40 325	-	15,1%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									145 911	191 100	-	31,0%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									94,7%	99,7%	-	5,0
CR of Severe cases									104,5%	100,0%	-	(4,5)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,6%	99,6%	-	7,0
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	8 174	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	6 607	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	337	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	1 230	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									26 499	31 279	-	18,0%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									16 530	6 666	-	-59,7%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									9 969	13 038	-	30,8%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	11 575	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									26 656	31 509	-	18,2%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									16 644	6 962	-	-58,2%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									10 012	13 067	-	30,5%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	11 480	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	9 058	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	6 311	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	306	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	2 441	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	1 510	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	124	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									100,6%	100,7%	-	0,14
CR o2 Severe cases									100,7%	104,4%	-	3,73

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Misdemeanour cases									100,4%	100,2%	-	(0,21)
CR of Other									NAP	99,2%	-	-
DT of Total									NA	105	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	331	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	9	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	78	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									380	301	-	-20,8%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 353	1 698	-	25,5%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 372	1 609	-	17,3%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									361	390	-	8,0%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									61	1	-	-98,4%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									101,4%	94,8%	-	(6,65)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									96	88	-	-7,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									189 151	229 446	-	21,3%
2. Incoming/received cases									642 678	613 026	-	-4,6%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									600 531	621 717	-	3,5%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									342 062	341 720	-	-0,1%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									73 555	73 753	-	0,3%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									144 393	147 451	-	2,1%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									124 082	120 348	-	-3,0%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									32	168	-	425,0%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									88 614	100 567	-	13,5%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									122 581	123 845	-	1,0%
3.4. Cases brought to court									47 274	55 585	-	17,6%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									231 298	220 755	-	-4,6%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,93	0,97	-	3,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,36	0,34	-	-4,6%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	243 867 402	-	-
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	-	-
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	-	-
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True	-	-
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True	-	-
020.1.1 Total									203 305	217 039	-	0,07

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									76 561	79 662	-	0,04
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									126 744	137 377	-	0,08
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NA	15	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									70	80	-	14,3%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									13	20	-	53,8%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									150 905 £	181 720 £	-	20,4%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	10-49%	10-49%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	1-9%	50-99%	50-99%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							50-99%	10-49%	50-99%	50-99%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	50-99%	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							False	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	True	NA	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	True	NA	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%		
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	True		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	True		

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Indicator 7: Professionals of justice												
(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)												
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 598	1 604	1 602	1 614	1 600	1 566	1 523	1 526	1 524	1 669	4,4%	9,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 293	1 271	1 271	1 284	1 274	1 226	1 229	1 206	1 193	1 331	2,9%	11,6%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	305	305	302	303	297	310	264	292	301	310	1,6%	3,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	30	28	29	27	29	30	30	28	30	28	-6,7%	-6,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	819	806	776	768	752	723	668	652	640	676	-17,5%	5,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	622	616	592	595	582	546	516	497	484	519	-16,6%	7,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	173	168	161	152	149	156	131	135	135	137	-20,8%	1,5%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	24	22	23	21	21	21	21	20	21	20	-16,7%	-4,8%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	779	798	826	846	848	843	855	874	884	993	27,5%	12,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	641	655	679	689	692	680	713	709	709	812	26,7%	14,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	132	137	141	151	148	154	133	157	166	173	31,1%	4,2%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	6	6	6	6	8	9	9	8	9	8	33,3%	-11,1%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	4 940	4 974	5 614	5 064	5 097	-6,6%	0,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	1 692	1 692	1 889	1 882	1 966	15,1%	4,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	2 484	2 500	2 786	2 470	2 410	-12,9%	-2,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	984	855	889	915	773	764	782	939	713	722	-26,6%	1,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	1 528	1 467	1 466	1 540	1 413	1 311	1 396	1 461	1 225	1 267	-17,1%	3,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	541	539	585	562	557	468	466	488	481	510	-5,8%	6,0%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	691	668	634	689	620	662	675	711	679	664	-3,8%	-2,2%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	296	260	248	289	236	181	255	262	66	94	-68,2%	42,4%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	3 629	3 578	4 153	3 839	3 830	-2,6%	-0,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	1 224	1 226	1 401	1 401	1 456	24,8%	3,9%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	1 822	1 825	2 075	1 791	1 746	-15,9%	-2,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	688	595	641	626	537	583	527	677	647	628	-8,7%	-2,9%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 064	5 097	-	0,7%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	4 306	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	591	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	201	-	-
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	1 267	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	1 083	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	138	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	47	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	3 830	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	3 223	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	453	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	154	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									876	919	-	4,9%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									705	735	-	4,3%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									159	169	-	6,3%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	15	-	25,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									357	371	-	3,9%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									259	264	-	1,9%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									88	95	-	8,0%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									10	12	-	20,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									519	548	-	5,6%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									446	471	-	5,6%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									71	74	-	4,2%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									2	3	-	50,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 424	2 711	-	11,8%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									730	825	-	13,0%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 694	1 886	-	11,3%
004 Annual average salary in the country									41 938 £	44 023 £	-	5,0%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									67 532 £	73 069 £	-	8,2%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									122 877 £	133 608 £	-	8,7%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									67 532 £	73 069 £	-	8,2%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									125 183 £	136 054 £	-	8,7%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									37 714 £	41 432 £	-	9,9%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									60 497 £	65 167 £	-	7,7%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									37 714 £	41 432 £	-	9,9%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									61 489 €	66 188 €	-	7,6%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	2	-	-33,3%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	1	-	0,0%
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	0	-	-100,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									1	1	-	0,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	1	-	-66,7%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	1	-	-50,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									1	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	2	-	-33,3%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									1	2	-	100,0%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	17 336	17 795	18 134	18 402	18 532	18 604	18 658	18 905	18 875	19 161	10,5%	1,5%

Belgium

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

(Q166, Q157)

166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	1 134	1 157	1 352	1 457	1 454	1 744	2 122	2 399	2 577	2 463	117,2%	-4,4%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Bulgaria

(2021 data)

General data

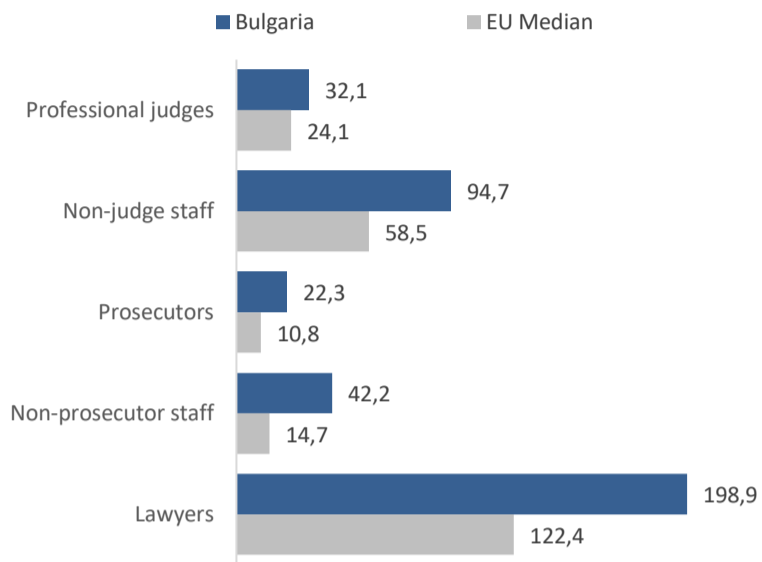
Population: 6 838 937

GDP per capita: 9 868 €

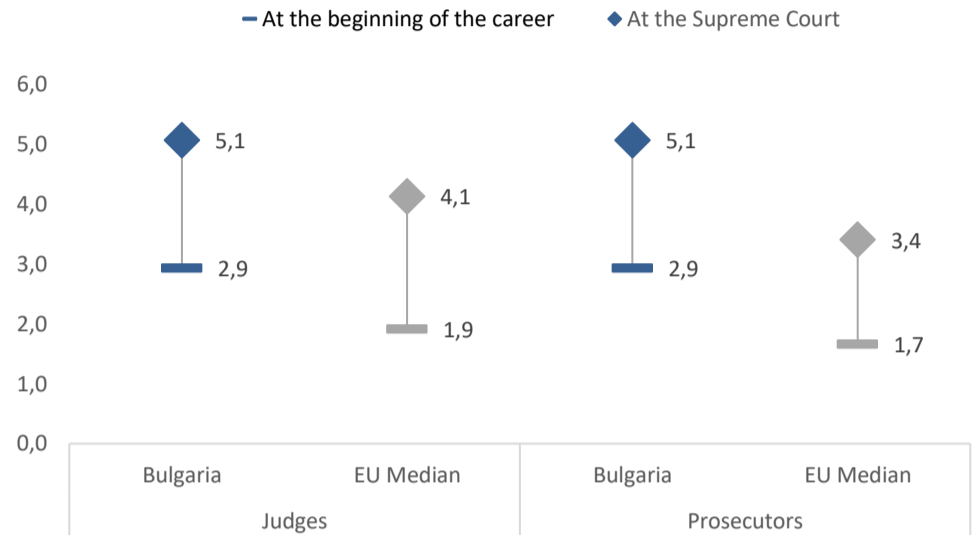
Average annual salary: 9 514 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

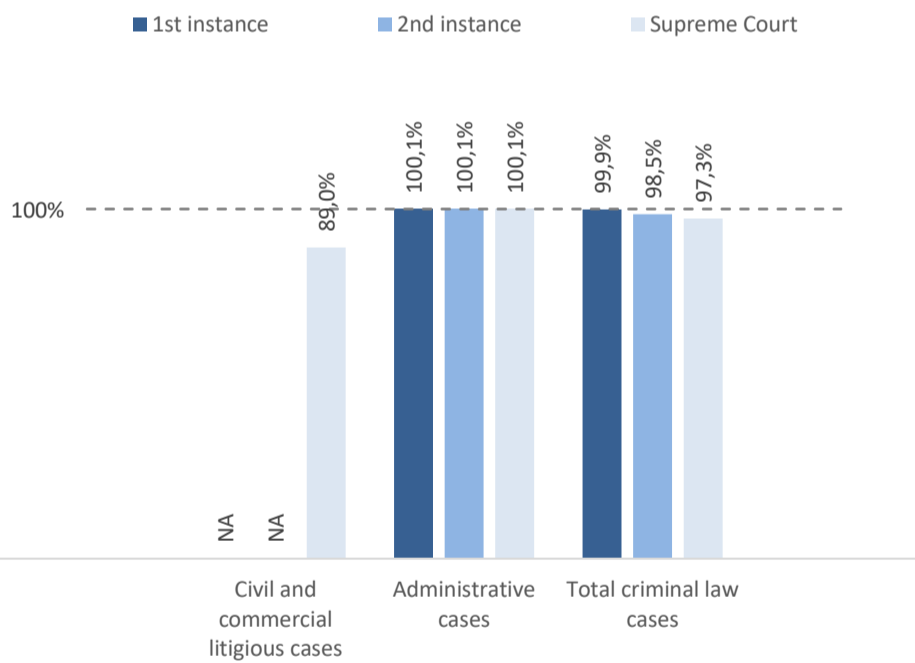


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

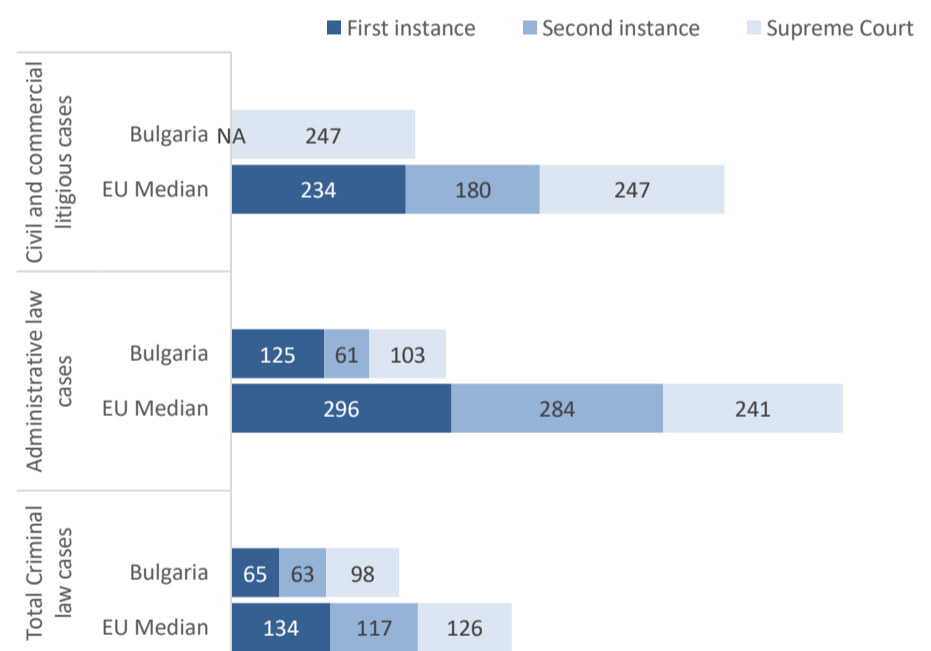


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

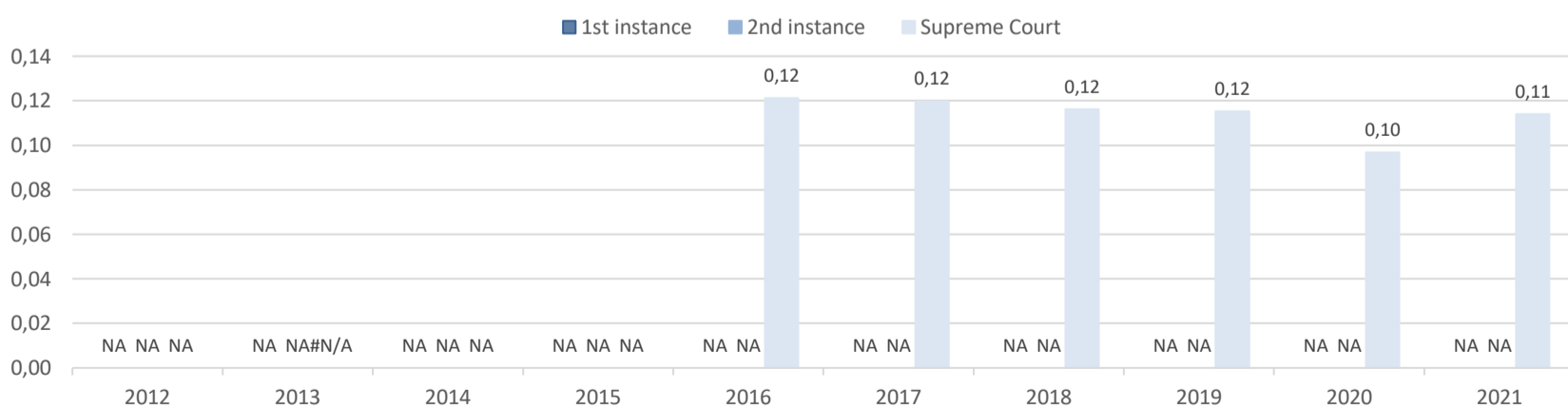


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* The distinction between civil litigious and non-litigious cases is possible only at the Supreme court level in Bulgaria. Thus, data on first and second instance civil litigious cases are not available.

* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Bulgaria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548	6 838 937		-6,1%	-1,1%
GDP per capita	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845	9 868		81,5%	11,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96		0,0%	0,0%
Average annual salary in €	4 486		5 078		5 900		6 964	7 814	8 509	9 514		112,1%	11,8%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	30,7	30,2	30,8	31,1	31,8	31,7	31,8	31,9	31,6	32,1		4,3%	1,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,6	82,2	83,5	85,9	86,9	88,1	89,5	91,0	91,5	94,7		14,7%	3,5%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									22,0	22,3			1,6%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									43,7	42,2			-3,4%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	164,9	165,8	176,3	181,9	190,1	194,6	194,9	199,7	201,9	198,9		20,7%	-1,5%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,394	0,4	0,3	0,370	0,353	0,444	0,445	0,500	0,424	0,423		7,3%	-0,3%
Total criminal law cases									1,884	1,924			2,1%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	92%	109%	101%	99%	104%	95%	100%	99%	100%	100%		7,96	-0,06
CR total criminal law cases									98%	100%			1,52

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	125		-16,8%	1,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									66	65			-2,0%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,15	0,12	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,13	0,14	0,14	0,14	0,14		-3,0%	0,6%
Total criminal law cases									0,34	0,34			1,6%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR administrative law cases			104%	102%	102%	101%	101%	101%	100%	100%			-0,13
CR total criminal law cases									99%	99%			-0,64

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			65	70	62	62	59	57	64	61			-5,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									56	63			12,8%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	97%	101%	96%	98%	103%	89%			-13,74
CR administrative law cases			95%	96%	95%	105%	100%	114%	110%	100%			-10,08
CR total criminal law cases									103%	97%			-5,33

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	172	161	184	190	205	247			20,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			133	159	181	143	141	84	83	103			23,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									91	98			6,8%

1. Judicial organisation in Bulgaria (2021 data)

In Bulgaria in 2021, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 182. Namely, there are 147 courts of general jurisdiction and 35 specialised courts.

According to article 65 of the Judiciary System Act, “all courts are legal entities funded by the budget and shall be represented by the administrative head or another designated person. In the discharge of the functions of administrative head, orders, instructions and rules shall be issued in accordance with the statutory competence. The general assembly, the plenum of the Supreme Cassation Court and the Plenum of the Supreme Administrative Court shall be bodies of the respective court, which rule only in the cases specified in the law, give opinions, adopt rules and decisions by open ballot and a majority of more than half of the judges present”.

Among the 147 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 113 District courts act as main first instance courts. They have jurisdiction over all cases except those which are statutorily assigned to another court. They deal with civil, criminal and administrative-criminal cases. The decisions of the district courts are subject to appeal before the respective Regional court.

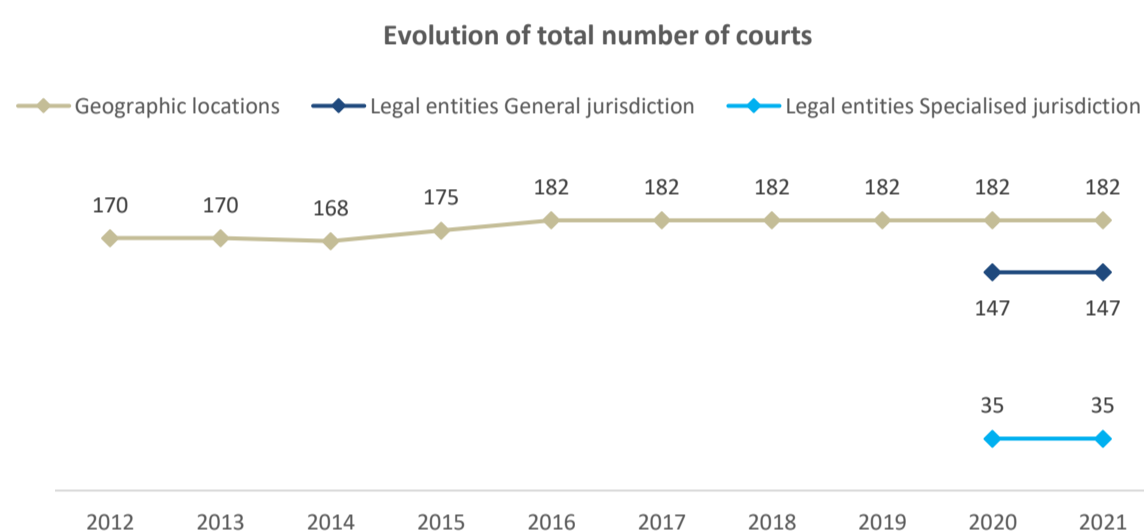
The 28 Provincial/Regional Courts act as courts of first and second instance. As courts of first instance, they examine a precisely defined category of cases involving significant sums or substantial societal interest. When acting as a second (appellate) instance, they re-examine decisions taken by the District courts. At second instance, besides the Regional courts, there are in Bulgaria 5 Courts of appeal.

The Supreme Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction. Its equivalent in administrative matters is the Supreme Administrative Court. Among the 35 specialised courts, 33 act at first instance, while 3 are higher instance courts (see below for more details).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 182 courts among which 145 are of first instance.

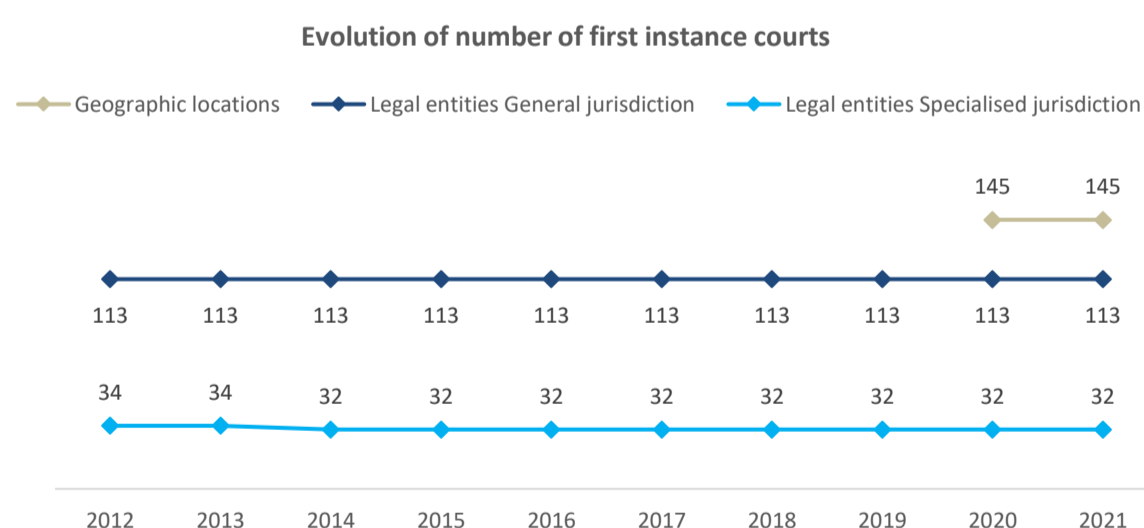
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	170		
2013	170		
2014	168		
2015	175		
2016	182		
2017	182		
2018	182		
2019	182		
2020	182	147	35
2021	182	147	35



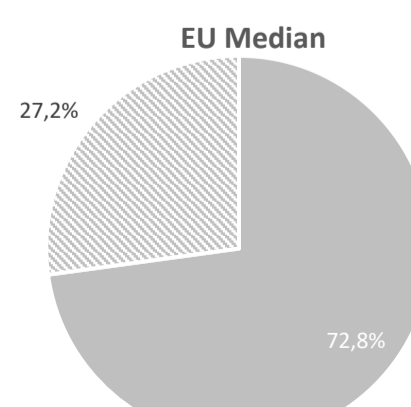
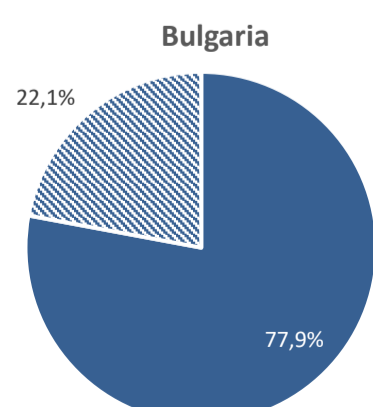
Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		113	34
2013		113	34
2014		113	32
2015		113	32
2016		113	32
2017		113	32
2018		113	32
2019		113	32
2020	145	113	32
2021	145	113	32



The number of courts as legal entities remains stable in Bulgaria.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts





The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 77,9% - 22,1% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	32	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	28	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	3	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	1	1

The 35 specialised courts encompass the 28 first instance Administrative courts as well as the Supreme Administrative Court; 3 military courts dealing with criminal cases of crimes committed by servicemen or officials of the Interior Ministry at first instance; 1 Military Court of Appeal; and 2 other specialised courts.

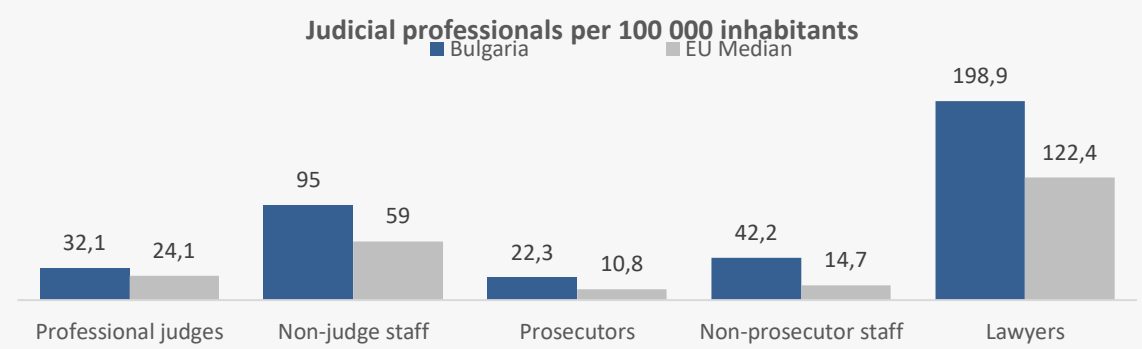
More precisely, the category “other specialised courts” encompasses the Specialized Criminal Court of Republic of Bulgaria and the Specialized Court of appeal. The former has been established in 2011, is situated in Sofia and treated as a Provincial/Regional Court. Its jurisdiction covers criminal cases of a general nature for crimes carried out throughout the Republic of Bulgaria. Its competence is determined on the basis of the subject of the case and not the quality of the perpetrator. The Criminal Procedure Code exhaustively enumerates cases within the competence of this Court, namely crimes committed by organized criminal groups, or on behalf of them and following their decision.

2. Professionals of justice in Bulgaria (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

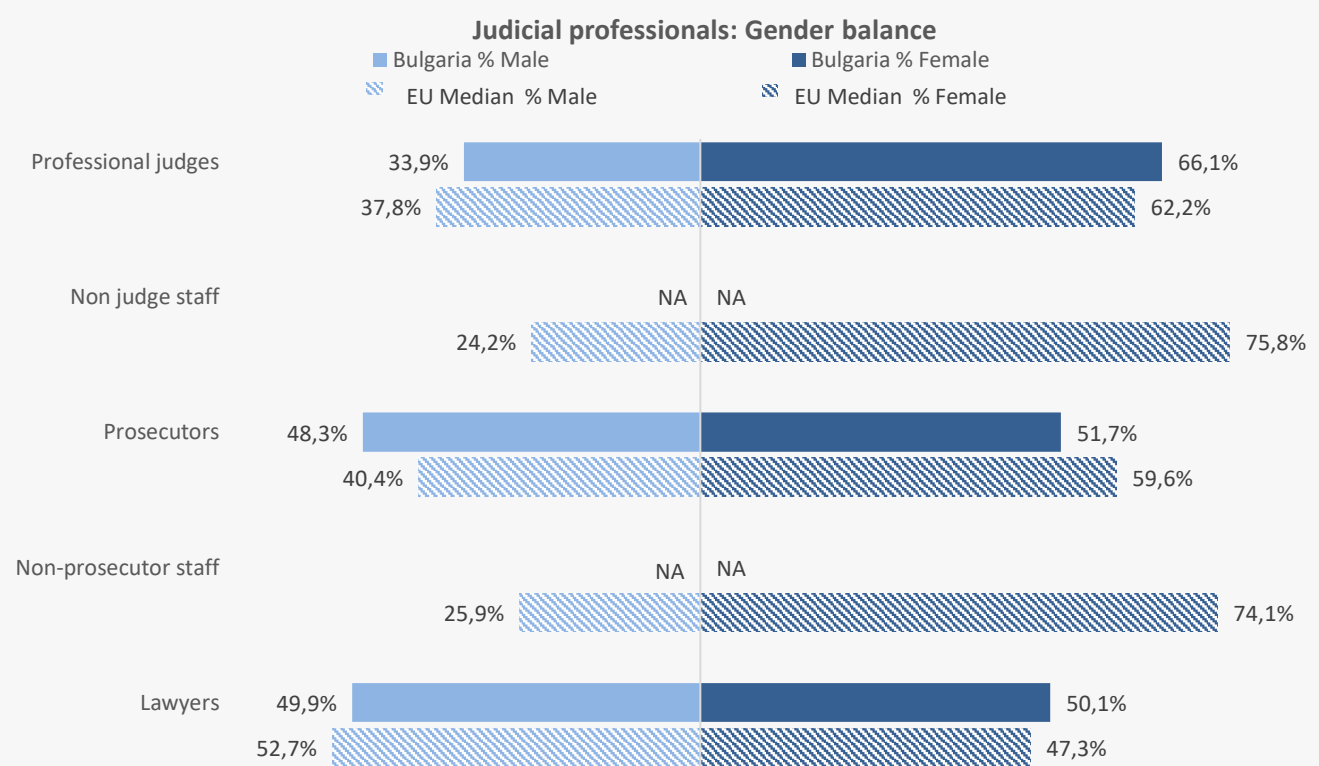
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 192	32,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	6 475	95	59
Prosecutors	1 527	22,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2 887	42,2	14,7
Lawyers	13 605	198,9	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

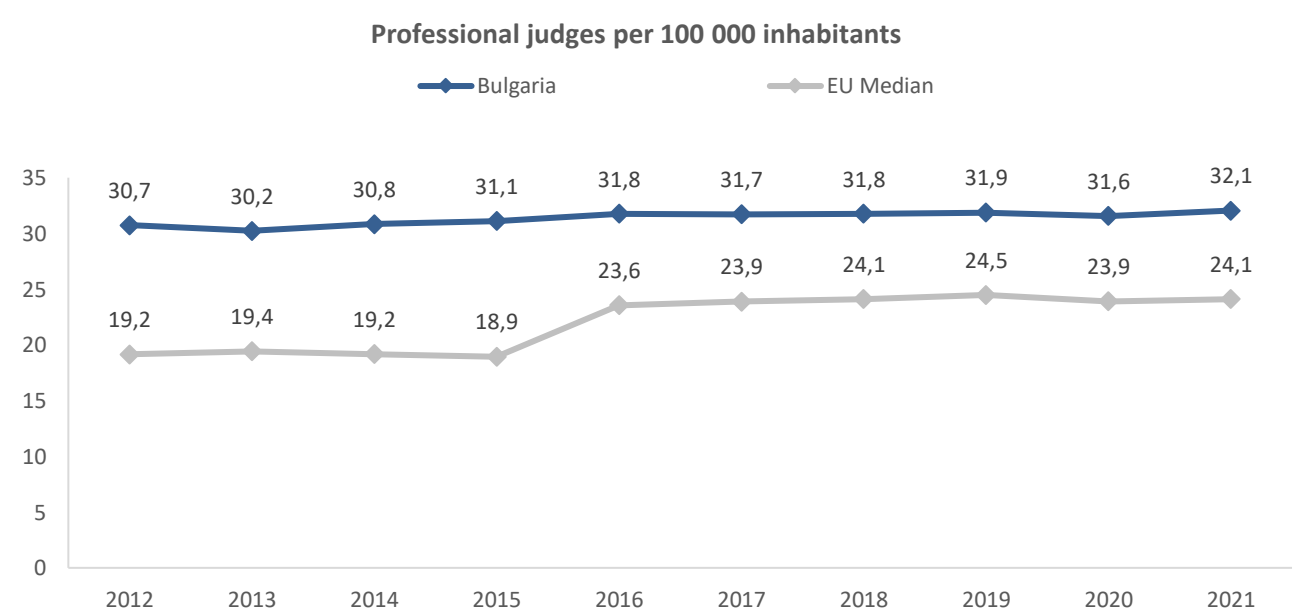
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	33,9%	66,1%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,3%	51,7%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	49,9%	50,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	2 239	19,2	30,7	19,2
2013	2 191	19,4	30,2	19,4
2014	2 220	19,2	30,8	19,2
2015	2 225	18,9	31,1	18,9
2016	2 255	23,6	31,8	23,6
2017	2 235	23,9	31,7	23,9
2018	2 223	24,1	31,8	24,1
2019	2 215	24,5	31,9	24,5
2020	2 184	23,9	31,6	23,9
2021	2 192	24,1	32,1	24,1



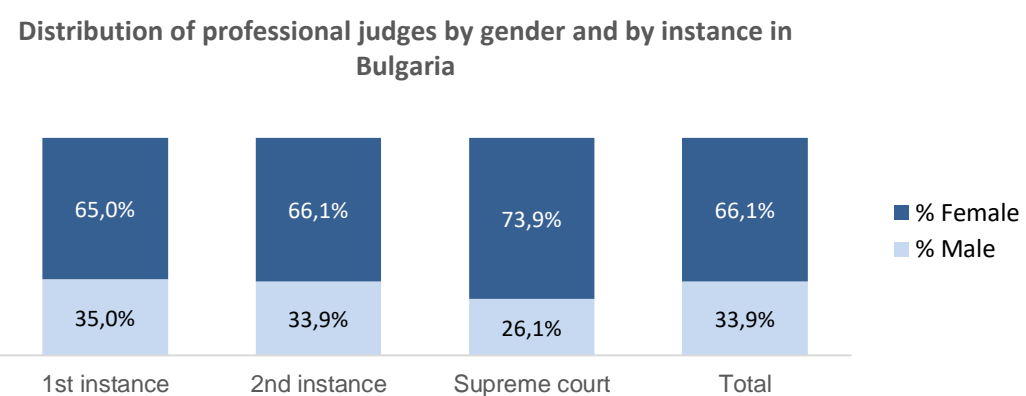
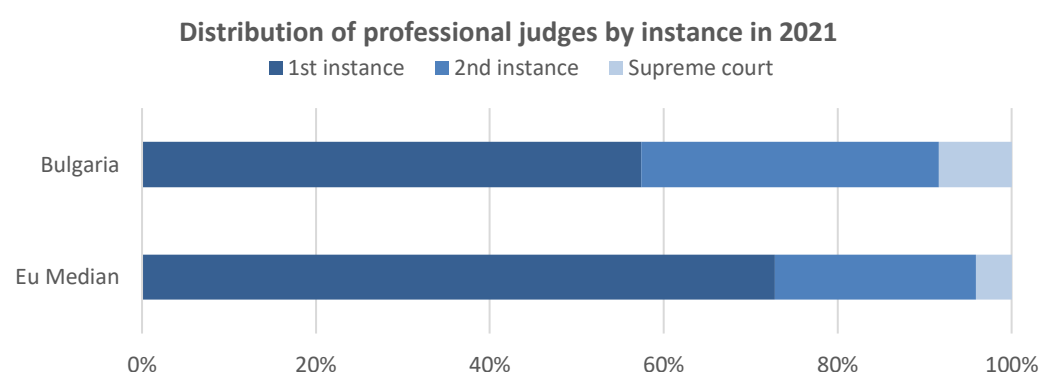
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Bulgaria is 2 192, which is 0,4% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Bulgaria, there are 32,05 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,95 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,90 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 258	57,4%	440	818	35,0%	65,0%
2nd instance	750	34,2%	254	496	33,9%	66,1%
Supreme court	184	8,4%	48	136	26,1%	73,9%
Total	2 192		742	1 450	33,9%	66,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 450, which represents 66,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 258 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 818 are Female); 750 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 496 are Female) and 184 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 136 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance the trend established in Bulgaria is quite different. Namely, the predominance of 1st instance judges is less pronounced, while second and third instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, it should be mentioned that the number of first instance professional judges encompasses judges of first instance courts as follows - 113 district, 28 administrative, 3 military-district and the Specialized Criminal Court. The number of second instance (court of appeal) professional judges encompasses judges of second instance courts as follows - 28 regional/provincial, 5 appellate, the Military Court of Appeal and the Specialized Criminal Court of Appeal. The number of Supreme Court professional judges encompasses judges of the Supreme Court of Cassation and the Supreme administrative court.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges have the majority at all court instances.

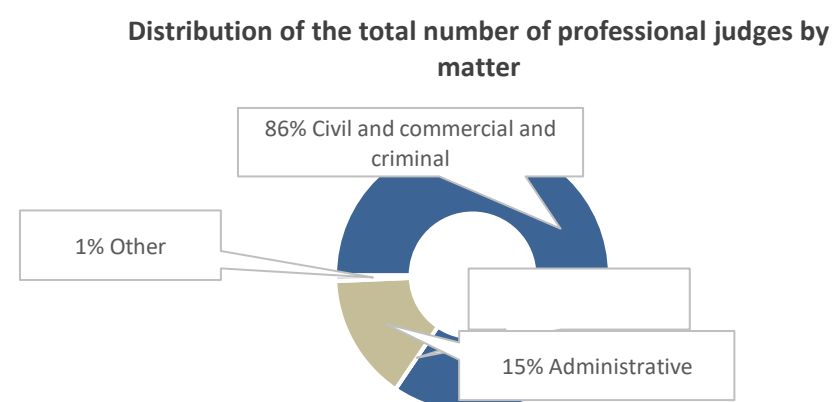
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 258	NA	NA	236	10
2nd instance	750	432	254	NAP	5
Supreme court	184	62	27	94	NAP
Total	2 192	NA	NA	330	15

In Bulgaria, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	18,8%	0,8%
2nd instance	57,6%	33,9%	NAP	0,7%
Supreme court	33,7%	14,7%	51,1%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	15,1%	0,7%



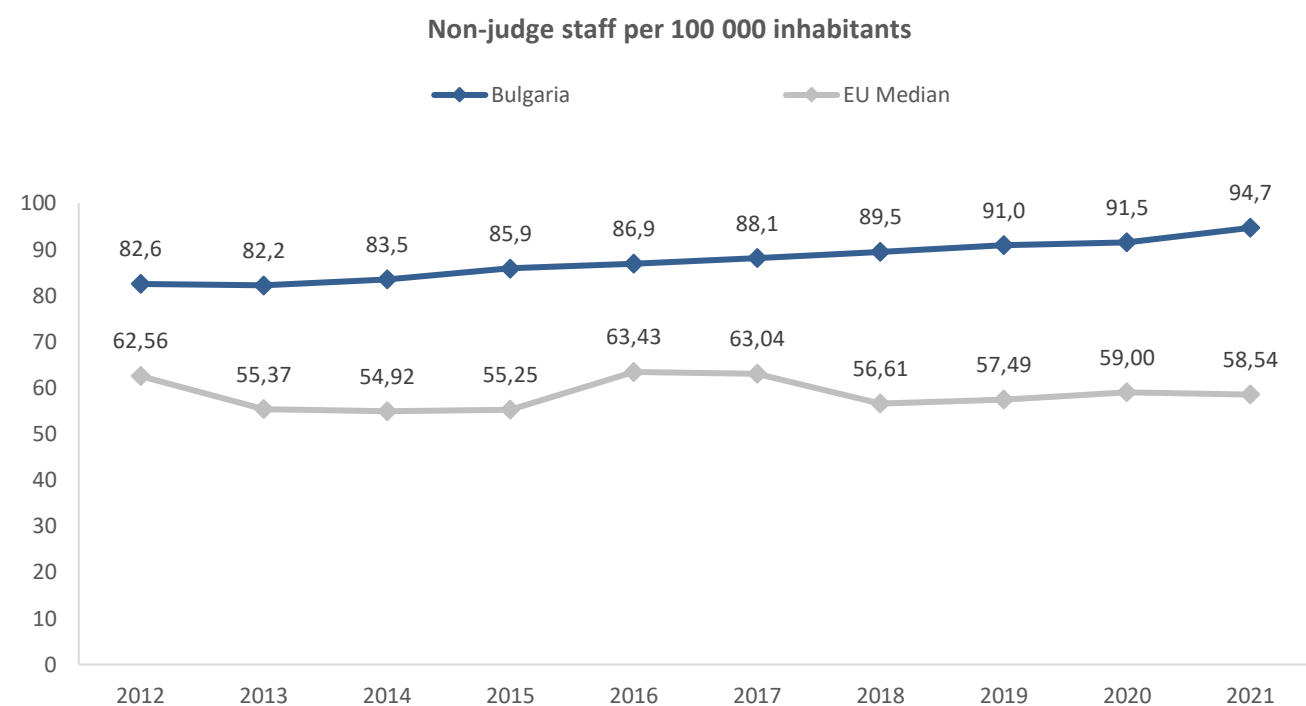
The total number of first-instance judges is 1258. It includes 991 district (first instance) judges, for whom there is no available information regarding the specialization, 236 administrative, 10 other (military) and 21 - judges at first instance Specialized Criminal Court.

The total number of second-instance judges includes also 59 junior judges, adjudicating at regional courts (second instance), for whom information on specialization is not available. 5 other are military judges.

The total number of supreme judges includes the president of the Supreme Court of Cassation, for whom there is no available information regarding the specialization.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	6 014	82,6	62,6
2013	5 958	82,2	55,4
2014	6 014	83,5	54,9
2015	6 143	85,9	55,2
2016	6 174	86,9	63,4
2017	6 212	88,1	63,0
2018	6 262	89,5	56,6
2019	6 323	91,0	57,5
2020	6 329	91,5	59,0
2021	6 475	94,7	58,5



In 2021, Bulgaria has 6 475 non-judge staff (it is not possible to carry out male/female distribution). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,3%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 91,5 in 2020 to 94,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 31,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 32,1 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	6 475	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 840	74,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	970	15,0%
Technical staff	627	9,7%
Other	38	0,6%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

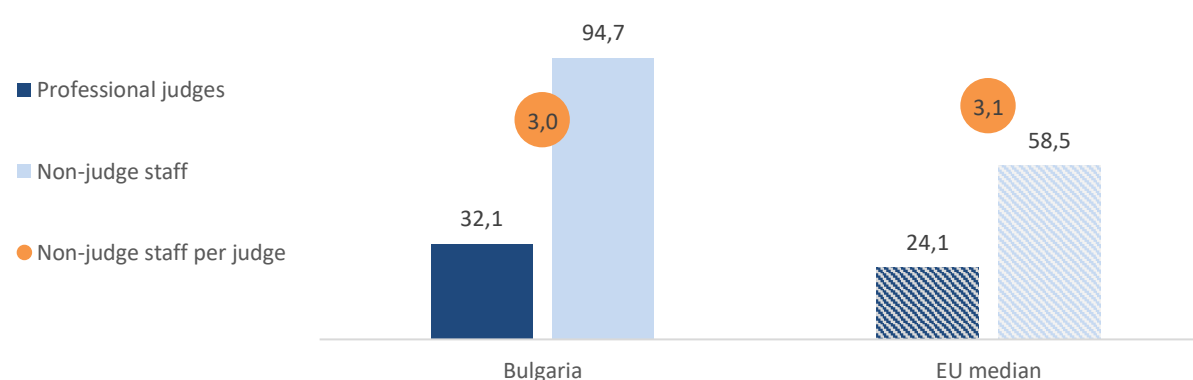
- 4 840 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 970 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 627 technical staff (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 38 other (gender breakdown is not possible);

Since 2012, the category "other" encompasses the number of non-judge staff employees working in the recreational field, while in 2010 it subsumes the number of court assistants. The total number of judicial employees in the courts does not include trainee judges.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Professional judges	32,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	94,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,0	3,1

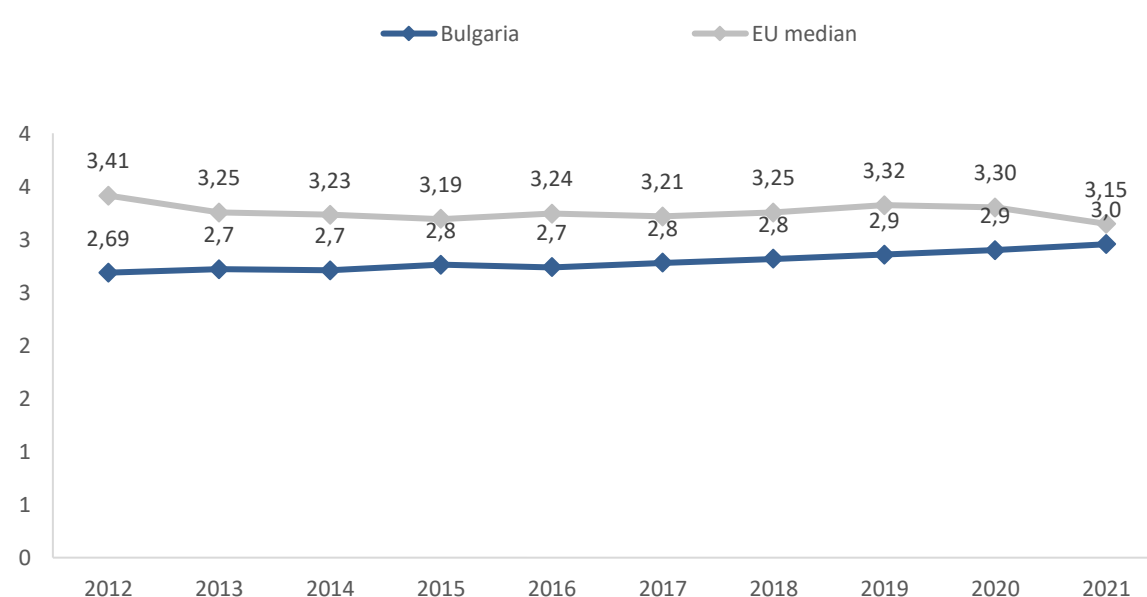
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU median
2012	30,7	82,6	2,69	3,4
2013	30,2	82,2	2,7	3,3
2014	30,8	83,5	2,7	3,2
2015	31,1	85,9	2,8	3,2
2016	31,8	86,9	2,7	3,2
2017	31,7	88,1	2,8	3,2
2018	31,8	89,5	2,8	3,3
2019	31,9	91,0	2,9	3,3
2020	31,6	91,5	2,9	3,3
2021	32,1	94,7	3,0	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

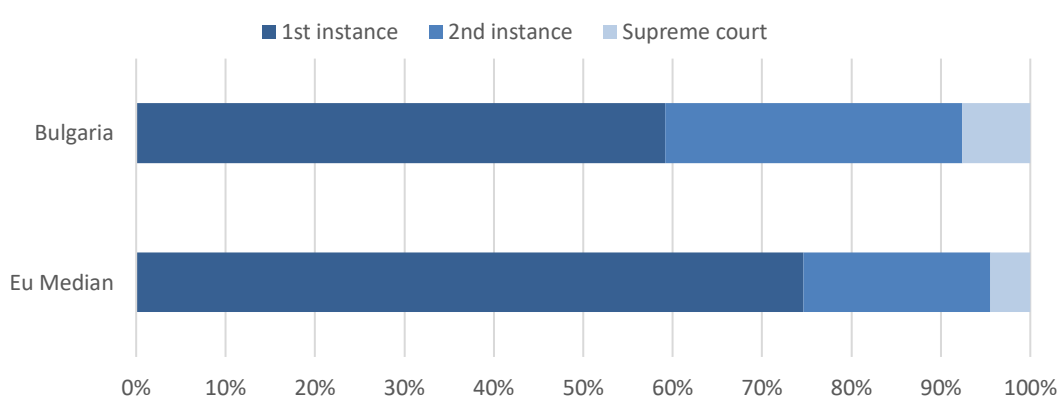


Public prosecutors

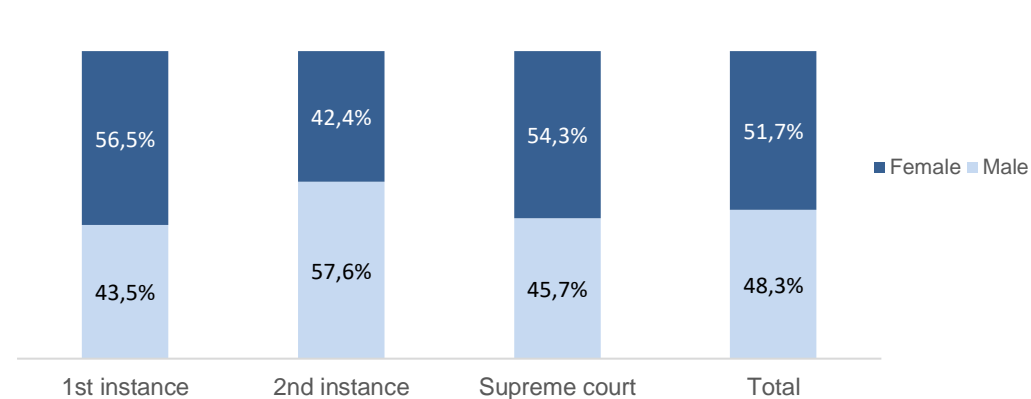
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	904	59,2%	393	511	43,5%	56,5%
2nd instance	507	33,2%	292	215	57,6%	42,4%
Supreme court	116	7,6%	53	63	45,7%	54,3%
Total	1 527		738	789	48,3%	51,7%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 789, which represents 51,7% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 904 in first instance (of which 511 are Female); 507 are in second instance (of which 215 are Female) and 116 in last instance (of which 63 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that the provided data refers to the actual number of employed persons for the year of reference.

Non-prosecutor staff

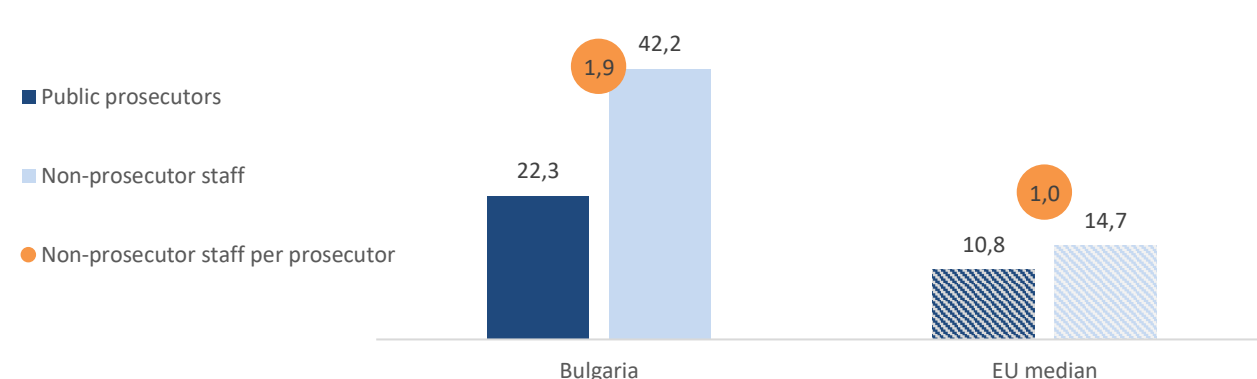
Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	2 887	NA	NA

Distribution by gender of non-prosecutor staff is not available in Bulgaria.

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Public prosecutors	22,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	42,2	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,9	1,0

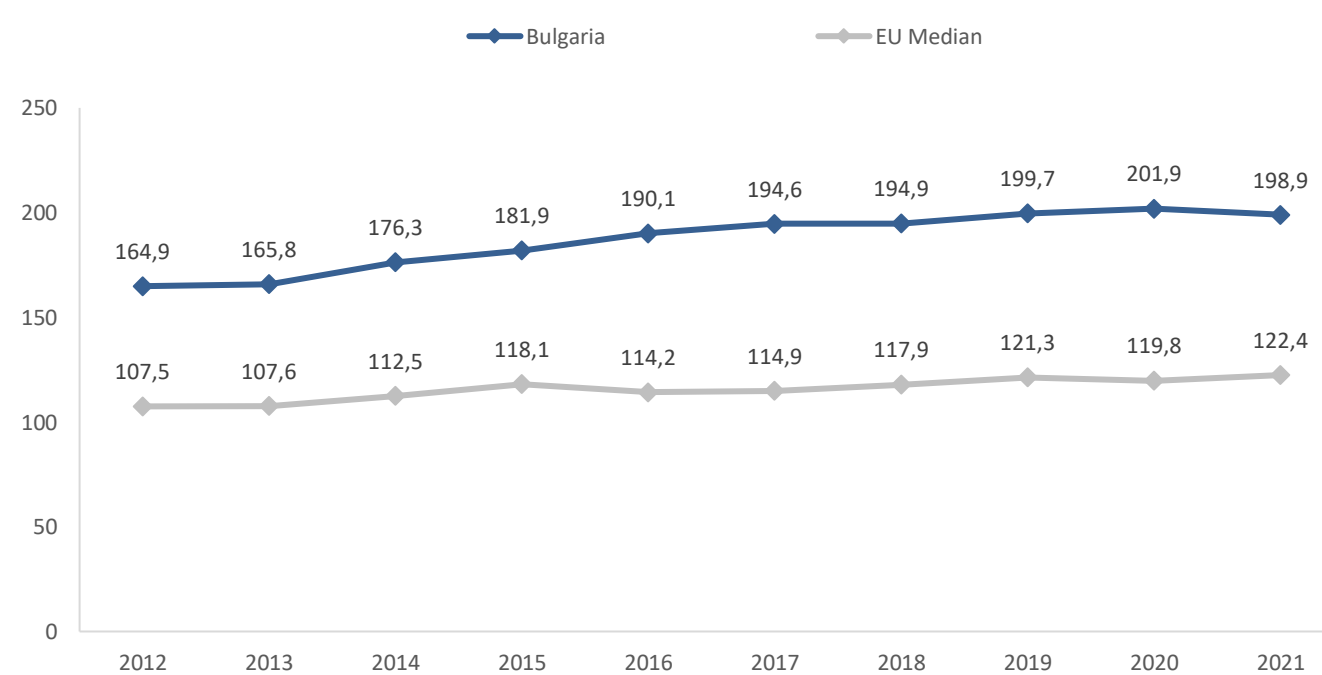
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	12 010	164,9	107,5
2013	12 010	165,8	107,6
2014	12 696	176,3	112,5
2015	13 013	181,9	118,1
2016	13 500	190,1	114,2
2017	13 720	194,6	114,9
2018	13 640	194,9	117,9
2019	13 880	199,7	121,3
2020	13 964	201,9	119,8
2021	13 605	198,9	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



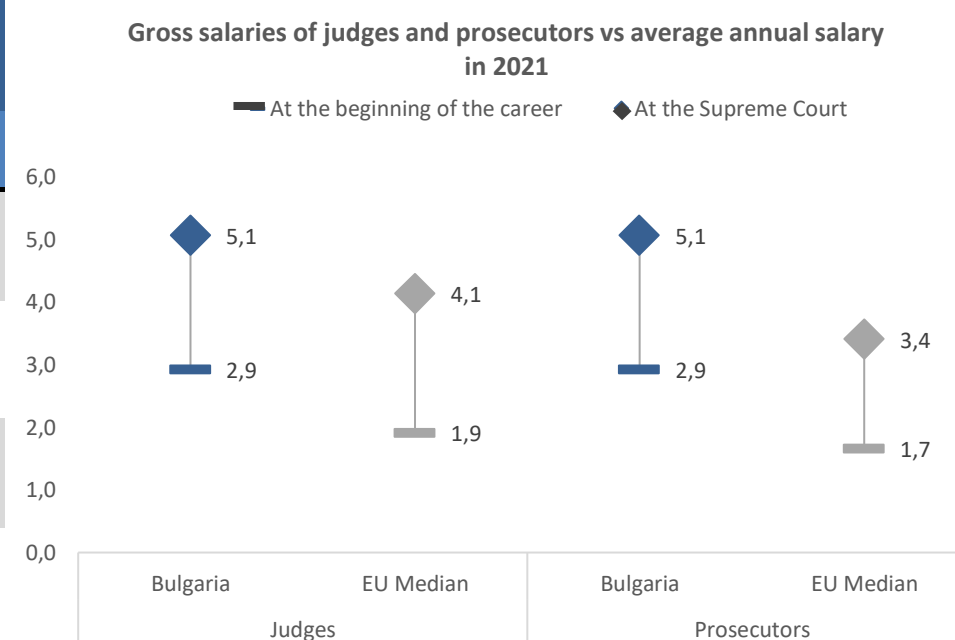
In 2021, there are 13 605 lawyers, which is -2,6% less than in 2020.

There are 6 822 female lawyers which is 50% of the total.

Bulgaria has 198,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	27 867€	25 080€	2,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	48 222€	43 400€	5,1	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	27 867€	25 080€	2,9	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	48 222€	43 400€	5,1	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Bulgaria of 27 867€ is well below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,93 which is above the EU median of 1,91.

The absolute gross salary of a judge at the Supreme court is 48 222€ in Bulgaria which is the smallest value in the EU. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the Supreme court level is 5,1 which is above the EU median of 4,1.

It should be mentioned that the indicated value of salary for "Prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career" refers to the salary of a district (first instance) prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career. The data for judges and prosecutors is calculated from the salary report collected and summarized by the Judiciary as of December 2021. The gross salary of the lowest judicial/prosecutor level, i.e. district judge and district prosecutor, is calculated. The system also has the position of "junior judge", but at the beginning of their career, they work in second-instance courts (regional courts) and not first instance courts. The salary of a district judge and a district prosecutor according to "Table No. 1 of the SJC for Determining the Maximum Basic Monthly Salaries of Judges, Prosecutors and Investigators" is the same.

The indicated value of salary for "Prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance" concerns the supreme judges and supreme prosecutors and is calculated from the salary report provided by the supreme judicial bodies as of December 2021. The gross salary of a magistrate in the supreme judicial body was calculated. According to "Table No. 1 of the SJC for Determining the Maximum Basic Monthly Salaries of Judges, Prosecutors, and Investigators", the determined remuneration of a supreme judge and a supreme prosecutor is the same.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Bulgaria (2021 data)

In Bulgaria, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Legal aid is granted only to natural persons, in criminal, civil and administrative matters before courts of all instances. Legal aid authorities are the Ministry of Justice which conducts the State policy in the sphere of legal aid; the National Legal Aid Bureau /NLAB/ which provides general and methodological guidance of the activity concerning the granting of legal aid by issuing mandatory instructions on the application of the Act and the statutory instruments of secondary legislation; the Bar Councils which organize and administer legal aid within the respective geographical jurisdiction (network of Regional Counseling Centers / RCCs /, established at thirteen bar councils in the country); the authority directing the procedural steps, the court or the relevant police or customs authority which decide whether to grant legal aid or not in civil or administrative cases. Consultations are provided as well as through the National Telephone for Legal Aid at the NLAB.

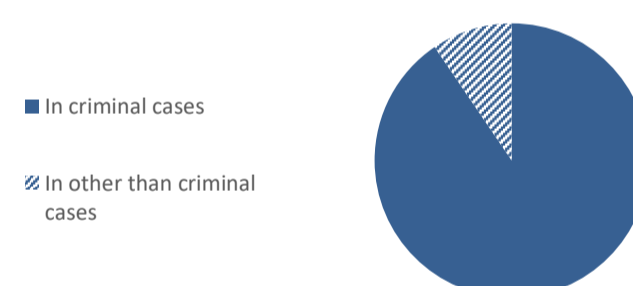
The NLAB grants or refuses granting legal aid for a consultation with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court and/or preparation of documents for a trial. The types of legal aid are: pre-litigation advice with a view to reaching a settlement prior to bringing legal proceedings or to bringing a case before a court; preparation of documents for bringing a case before a court; representation in court by legal counsel; representation upon detention under Article 72 of the Ministry of Interior Act and under Article 16a of the Customs Act and under Art. 124b, para. 1 of the Law on the State Agency for National Security. The legal aid system covers cases in which the assistance of a lawyer, a stand-by defence counsel or representation is mandatory as provided for by the Criminal Procedure Code, the Civil Procedure Code and the Administrative Procedure Code. Legal aid system covers also cases in which the applicant is unable to pay for a lawyer, wishes to benefit of a legal assistance, and the interests of the justice require such legal assistance. Legal aid for alternative dispute resolution (ADR) does not apply.

The travel expenses of an official defence counsel are covered by the budget for legal aid administering. According to Art. 38 (5) of the Legal Aid Act, the appointed lawyer shall furthermore be reimbursed for the necessary expenses on the defence, incurred for visit to the places of deprivation of liberty or to detention facilities and on defence in another nucleated settlement according to the procedure established by the Ordinance on Domestic Business Trips.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

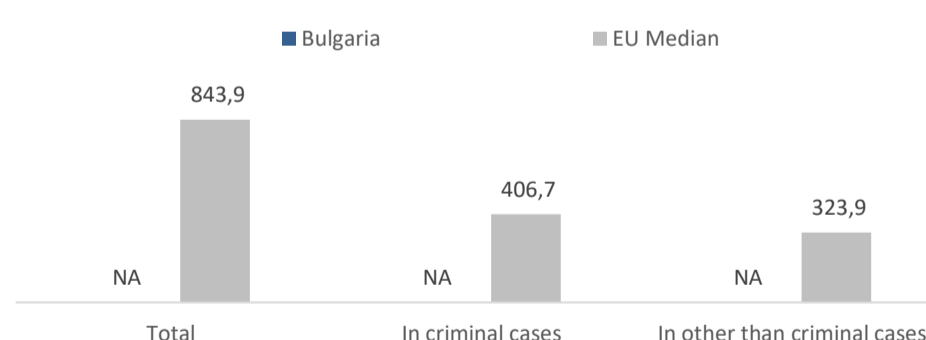
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	34 841	NA
In criminal cases	NA	31 531	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	3 310	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Bulgaria	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



According to the Bulgarian Law on Legal Aid / LPA / there are four types of legal aid: 1. preliminary legal aid for consultation with a view to reaching an agreement before the commencement of court proceedings or for filing a case; 2. preparation of documents for filing a case; 3. legal aid for procedural representation in an already initiated case in the court or in the pre-trial bodies; 4. legal assistance in case of detention under the Law on the Ministry of Interior and under the Law on Customs, which is a representation by a lawyer before pre-trial criminal proceedings are instituted. The provided data is only in respect of the legal aid for procedural representation in an already initiated case in the court or in the pre-trial bodies (3).

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

14

◦ Actual average duration:

5

According to the Law on Legal Aid, 14 days is the deadline for providing legal aid for consultation and preparation of documents for the initiation of a case, which within the meaning of the law is a primary legal aid, which is provided by decision of the Chair of the National Legal Aid Bureau. The 14 days period shall run from the moment when all the documents required by law are presented or available and the legal problem is specified. The average time for processing the application for legal aid and preparing the decision is up to 5 working days, provided that the application is accompanied by all documents certifying that the person is eligible for legal aid.

4. Performance of courts in Bulgaria (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

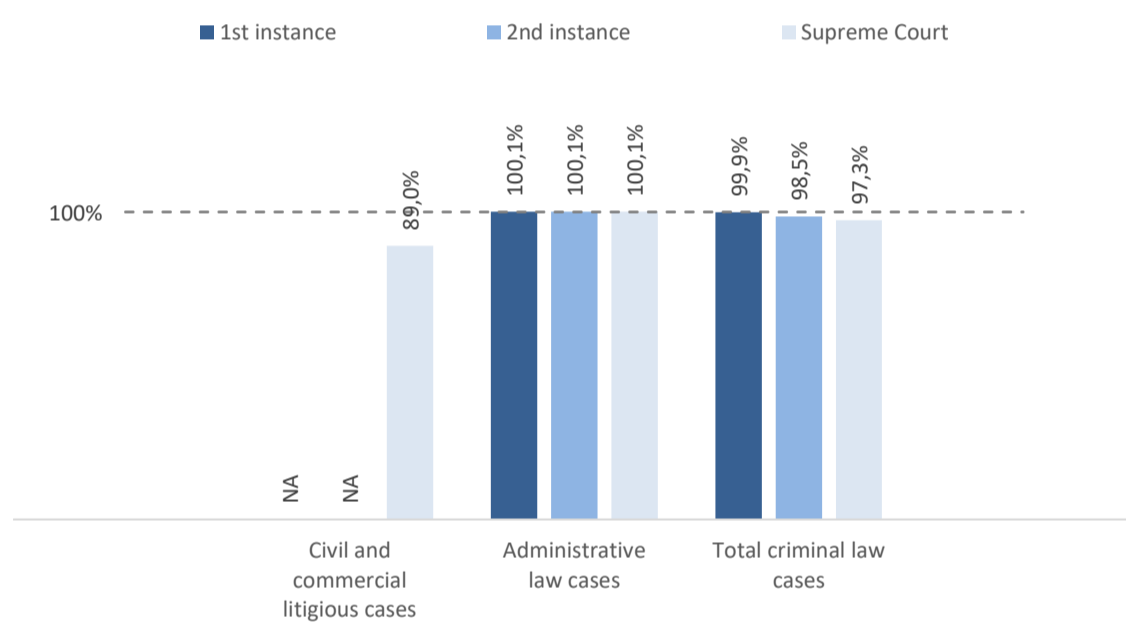
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

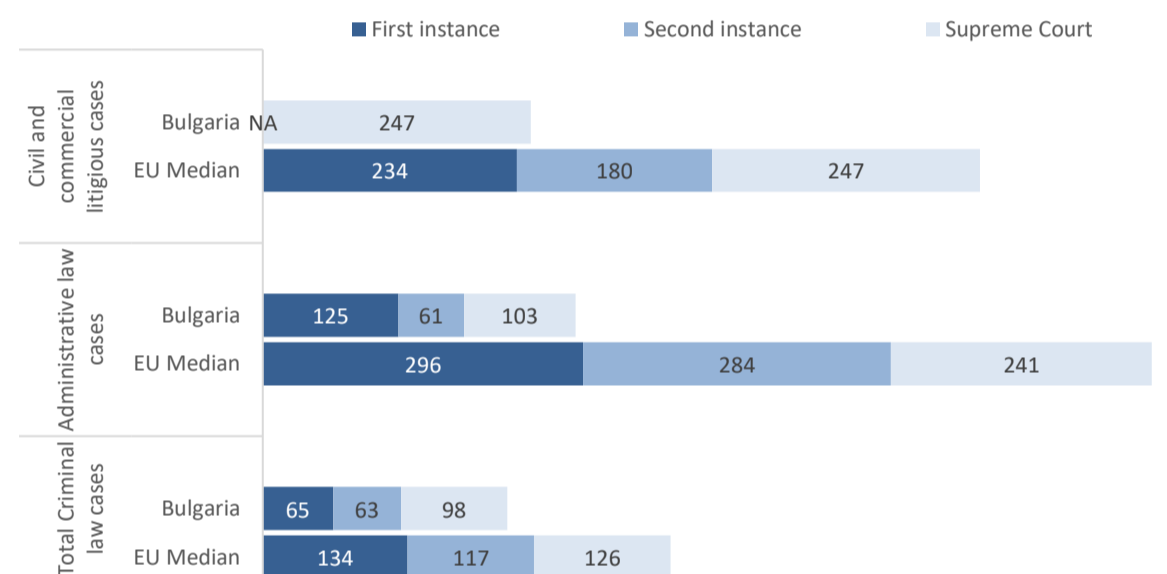
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	NA	102,5%	100,1%	101,7%	99,9%	100,0%
	2nd instance	NA	100,4%	100,1%	96,8%	98,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	89,0%	99,9%	100,1%	100,4%	97,3%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	234	125	296	65	134
	2nd instance	NA	180	61	284	63	117
	Supreme Court	247	247	103	241	98	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be recalled that because of the impossibility of distinguishing between civil litigious and civil non-litigious cases at first and second instance, the efficiency indicators for civil litigations in Bulgaria can only be calculated with regard to the Court of cassation.

In 2021, the total length of administrative proceedings (all instances combined) is longer than the one of criminal proceedings, but to a lesser extent compared to the EU trend. It should be noted that the Disposition Time indicator is below the EU values for all matters at all instances, except for third instance civil cases for which the DT of the Supreme court constitutes the EU median. Similarly, in administrative and criminal matters, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory at all instances, while in civil matters it is slightly below the 100% threshold at the Supreme court level.

More precisely, it seems that the Court of cassation encountered some difficulties in 2021 in dealing with the case-flow in civil matters. The reasons for this are twofold: the large increase in caseloads in 2021 and the critical staffing of the Supreme court of cassation. On the one hand, as a result of the amendments to the Civil Procedure Law, access to cassation appeals was expanded from the beginning of 2020 in cases related to consumer disputes, which in turn caused an increase in the number of cassation cases in the Civil College/Chamber and the Commercial College/Chamber. On the other hand, in 2021 the Supreme court of cassation was not sufficiently staffed due to delays in the competitions for the appointment of judges, as well as due to the retirement of judges in 2021 - in the Civil College/Chamber - 3 judges, and in the Commercial College/Chamber - 1 judge.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

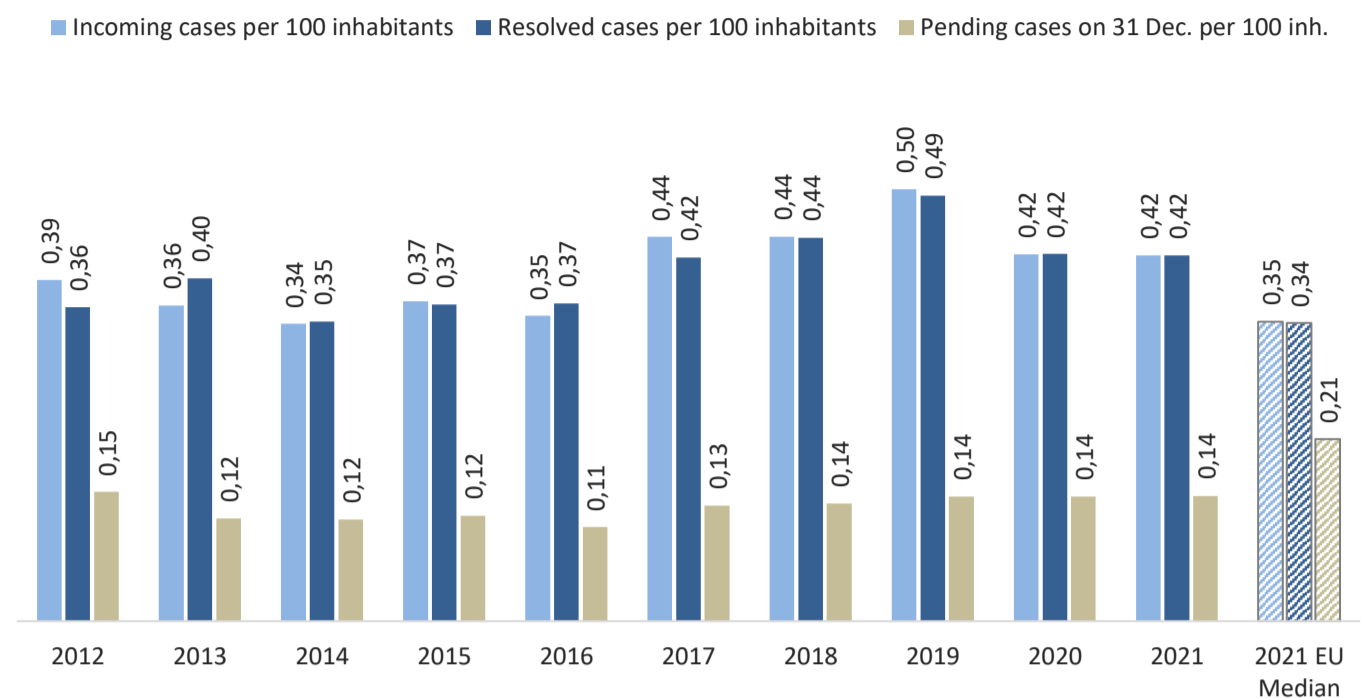
Data on civil and commercial litigious cases at first and second instance are not available for Bulgaria.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,39	0,36	0,15
2013	0,36	0,40	0,12
2014	0,34	0,35	0,12
2015	0,37	0,37	0,12
2016	0,35	0,37	0,11
2017	0,44	0,42	0,13
2018	0,44	0,44	0,14
2019	0,50	0,49	0,14
2020	0,42	0,42	0,14
2021	0,42	0,42	0,14
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

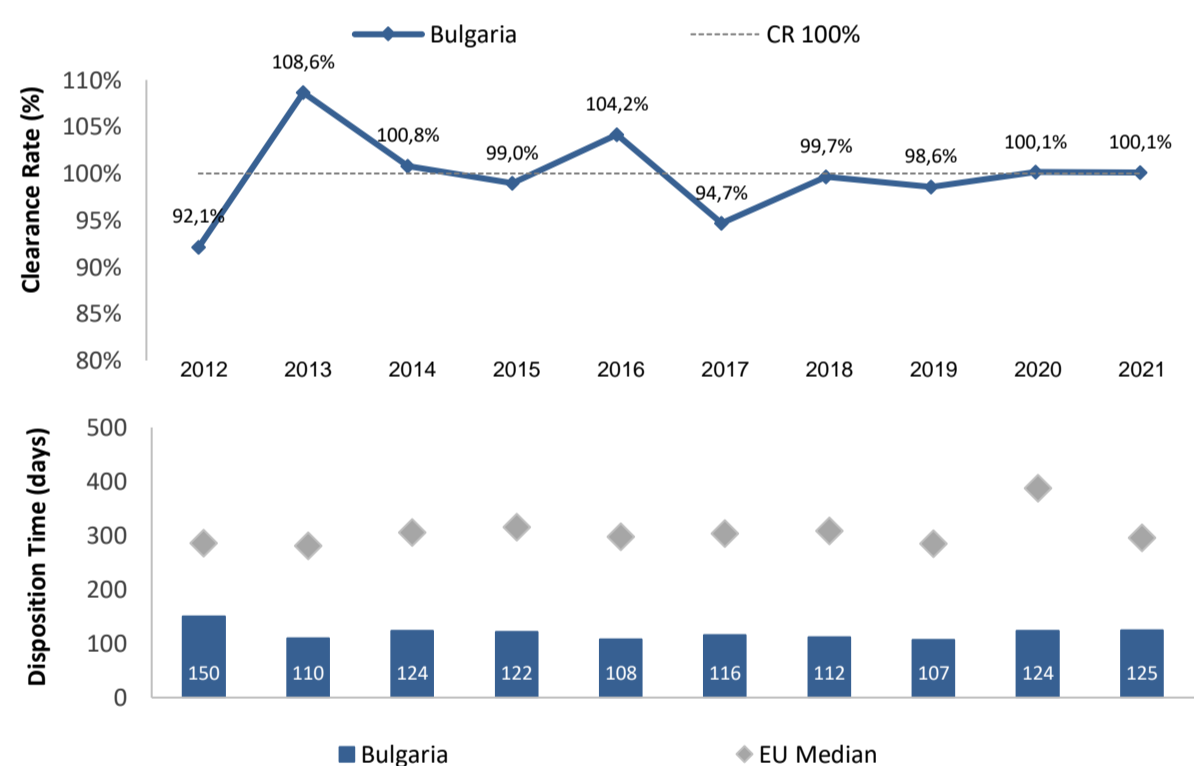
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Bulgaria (0,14 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	92,1%	101,0%	150	286
2013	108,6%	100,3%	110	281
2014	100,8%	99,6%	124	305
2015	99,0%	103,7%	122	315
2016	104,2%	103,0%	108	297
2017	94,7%	102,1%	116	303
2018	99,7%	99,7%	112	308
2019	98,6%	102,1%	107	284
2020	100,1%	100,1%	124	388
2021	100,1%	101,7%	125	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,1% in 2021 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,1 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 125 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 296 days.

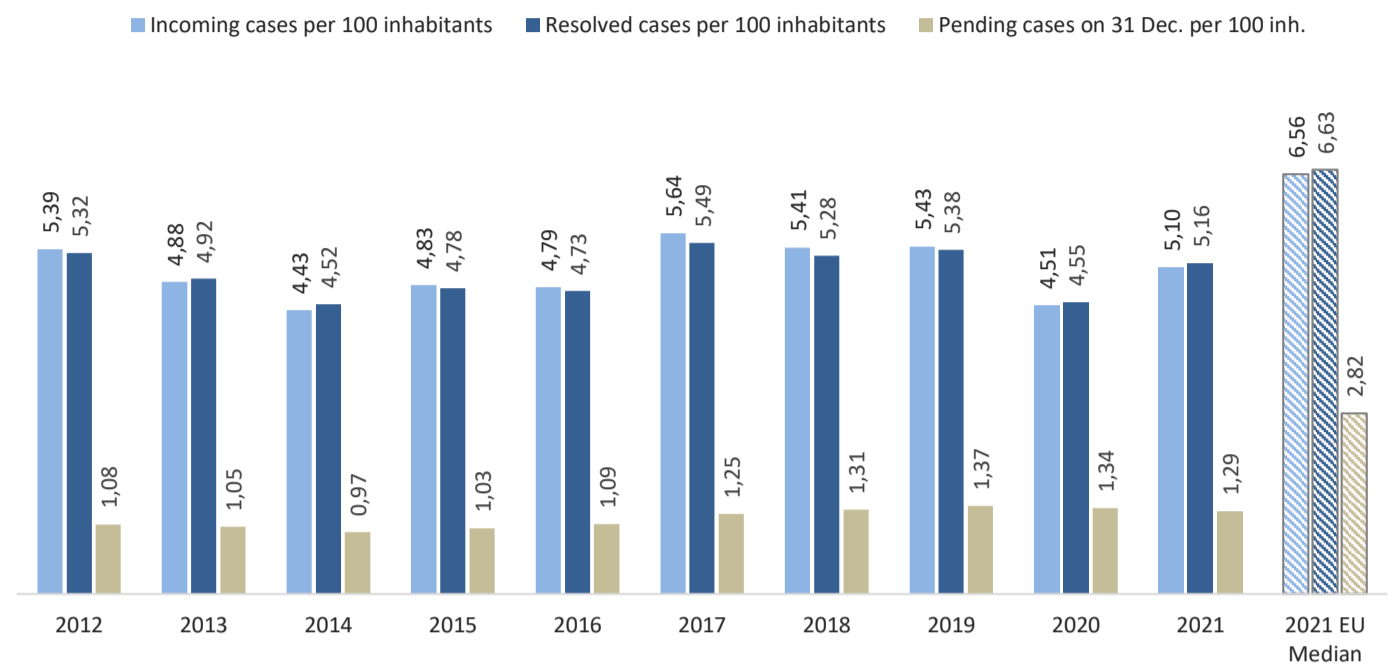
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 1,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	5,39	5,32	1,08
2013	4,88	4,92	1,05
2014	4,43	4,52	0,97
2015	4,83	4,78	1,03
2016	4,79	4,73	1,09
2017	5,64	5,49	1,25
2018	5,41	5,28	1,31
2019	5,43	5,38	1,37
2020	4,51	4,55	1,34
2021	5,10	5,16	1,29
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (5,10 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

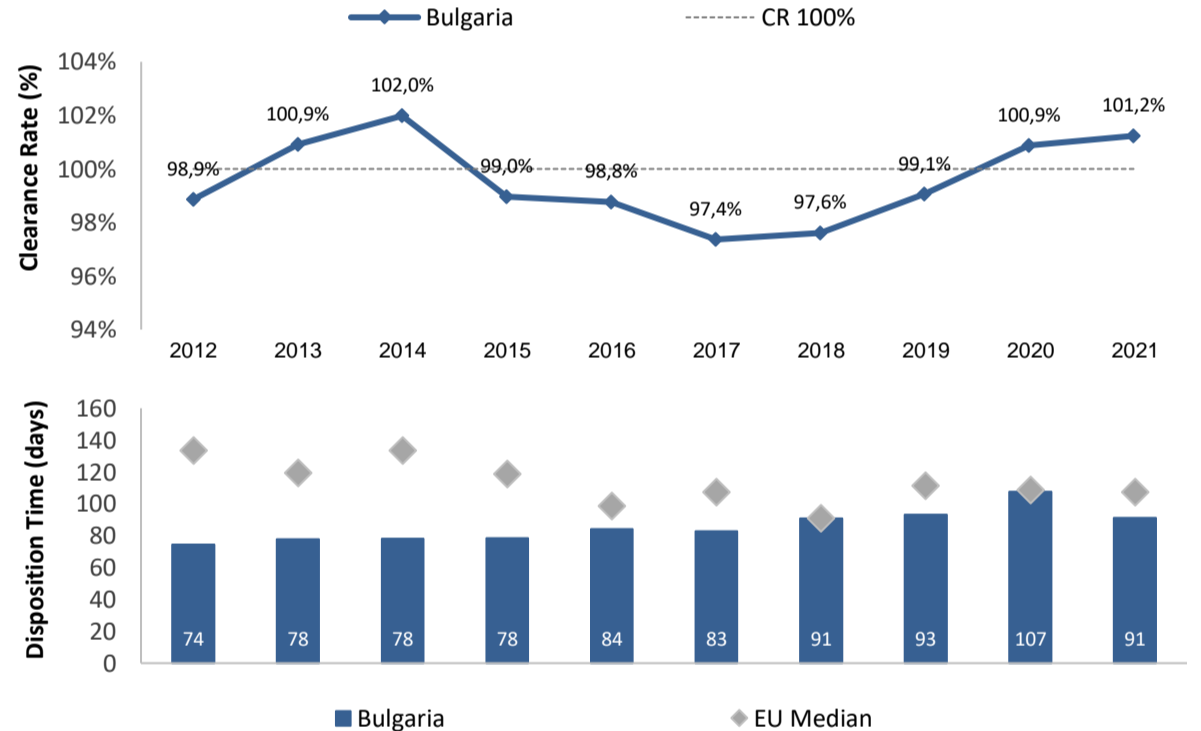
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (5,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Bulgaria (1,29 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	98,9%	100,5%	74	133
2013	100,9%	100,7%	78	119
2014	102,0%	101,9%	78	133
2015	99,0%	101,0%	78	119
2016	98,8%	101,5%	84	98
2017	97,4%	100,6%	83	107
2018	97,6%	100,6%	91	91
2019	99,1%	99,8%	93	111
2020	100,9%	98,7%	107	109
2021	101,2%	101,2%	91	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2021 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,4 points.

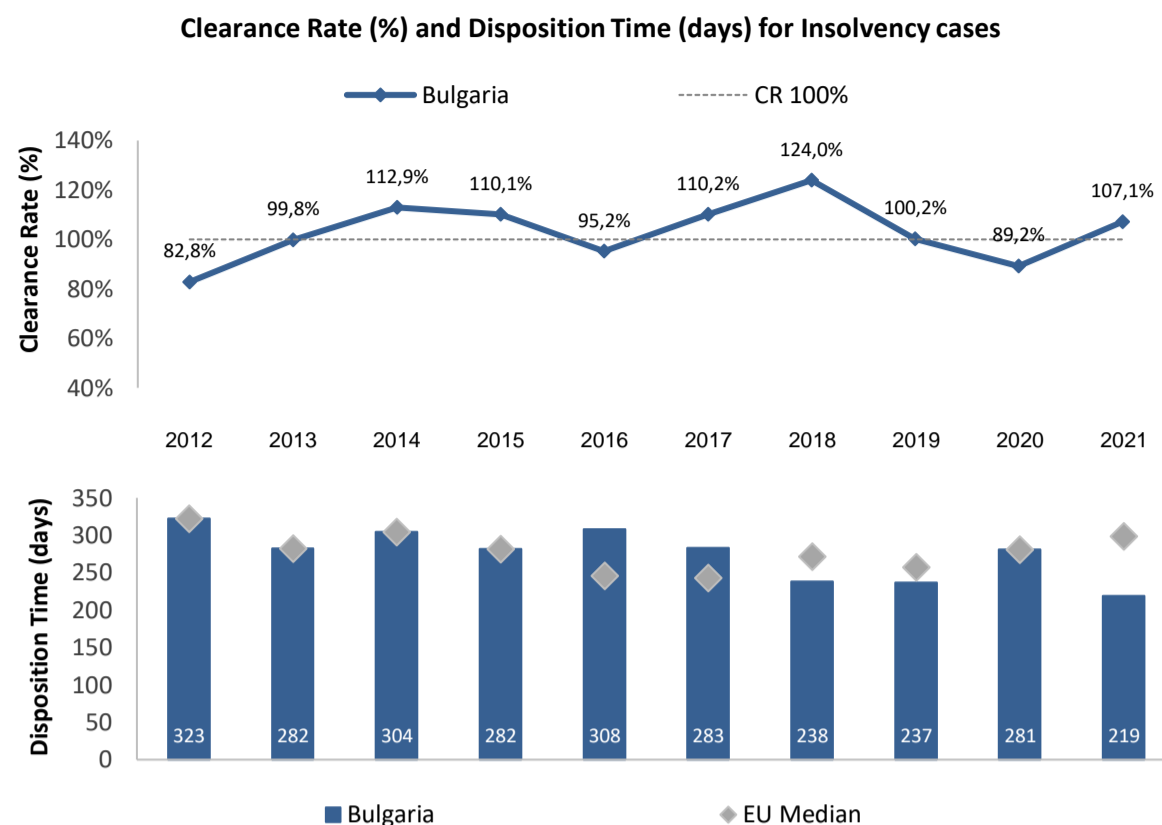
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 91 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -15,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	82,8%	95,0%	323	323
2013	99,8%	89,6%	282	282
2014	112,9%	96,9%	304	304
2015	110,1%	104,5%	282	282
2016	95,2%	102,0%	308	246
2017	110,2%	103,6%	283	243
2018	124,0%	101,5%	238	271
2019	100,2%	101,2%	237	258
2020	89,2%	109,7%	281	281
2021	107,1%	103,3%	219	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,1% in 2021 Bulgaria seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 17,9 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 219 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 299 days.

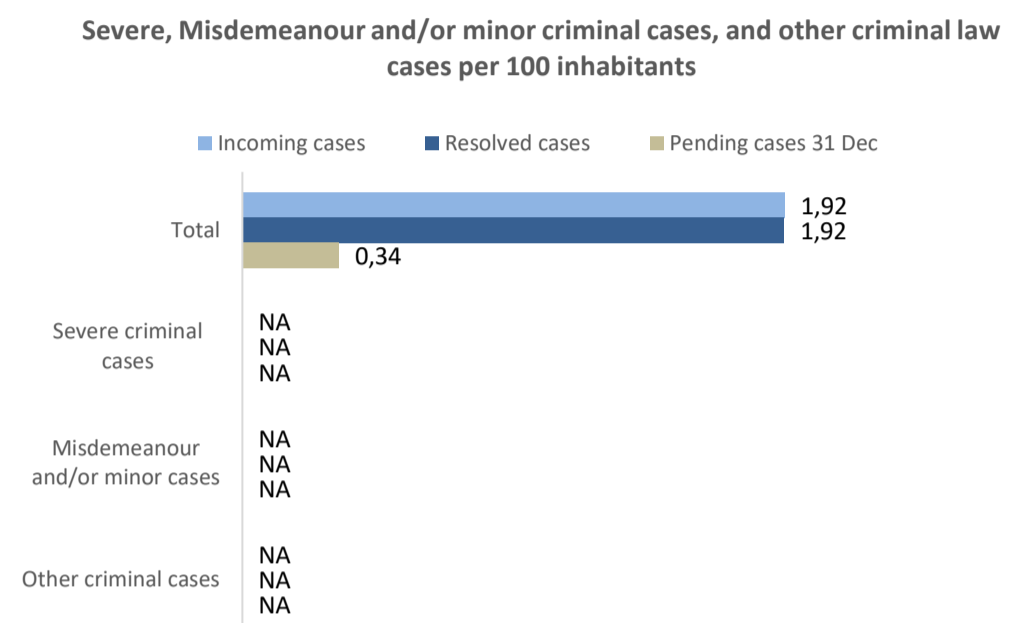
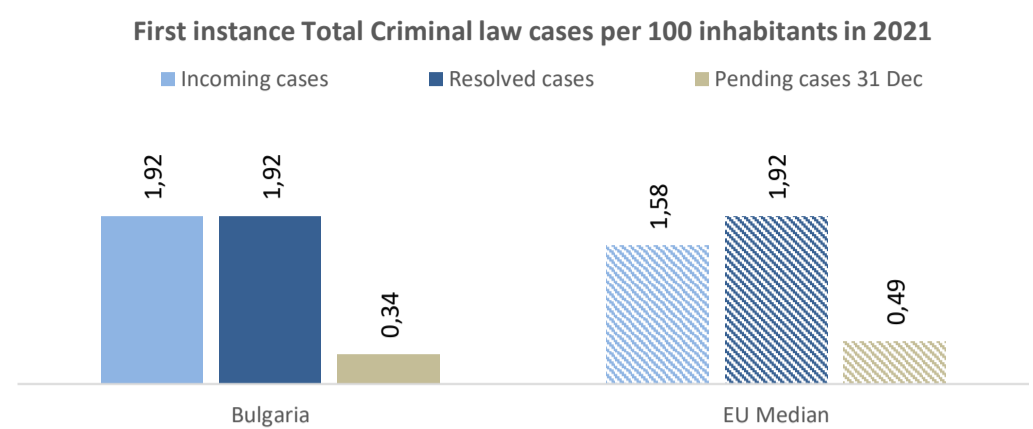
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -22,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	23 281	131 575	131 463	23 393
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,34	1,92	1,92	0,34
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

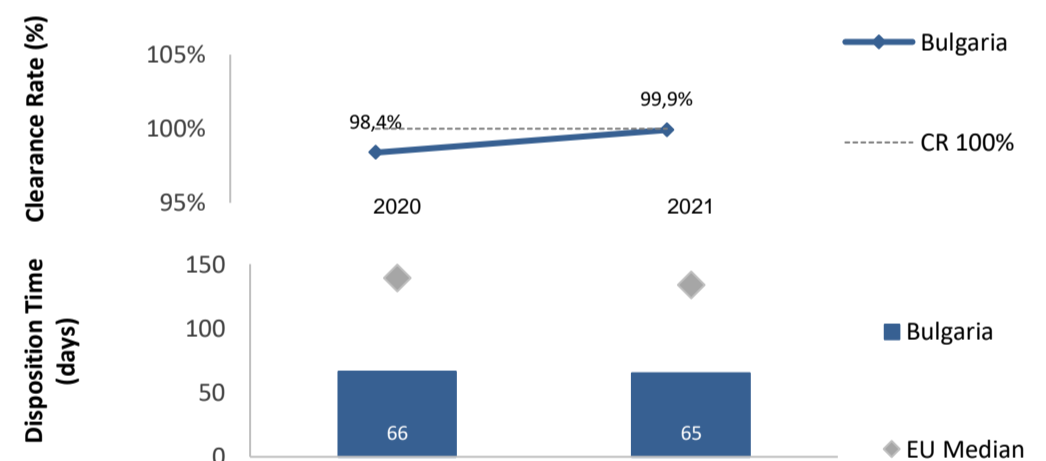
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Bulgaria (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) constitutes the EU median.

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Bulgaria (0,34 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2020	98,4%	95,2%	66	139
2021	99,9%	100,0%	65	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,9% in 2021 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,5 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 65 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -2,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It is worth mentioning that for most of the crimes, the Bulgarian Criminal Code provides for a deprivation of liberty, which makes the distinction between severe and minor criminal cases hard to be made. The offences could be divided into two categories: common offences and offences subject to private prosecution. For the common offences, the search of responsibility is subordinated to the common regime (there is a public interest concerned or public interest and personal goods). Such are the crimes against individuals (homicide, grievous or intermediate bodily harm, rape, fornication and etc.), crimes against the property (the list is not exhaustive). As to the offences subject to private prosecution, the criminal proceedings are initiated upon a complaint by the affected person (personal interests of the affected person, and usually the affected person and the perpetrator are close relatives). Those offences have a lower degree of public danger and affect less the rights of the concerned person. Such offences are the minor bodily injury, the insult, the slander and etc.

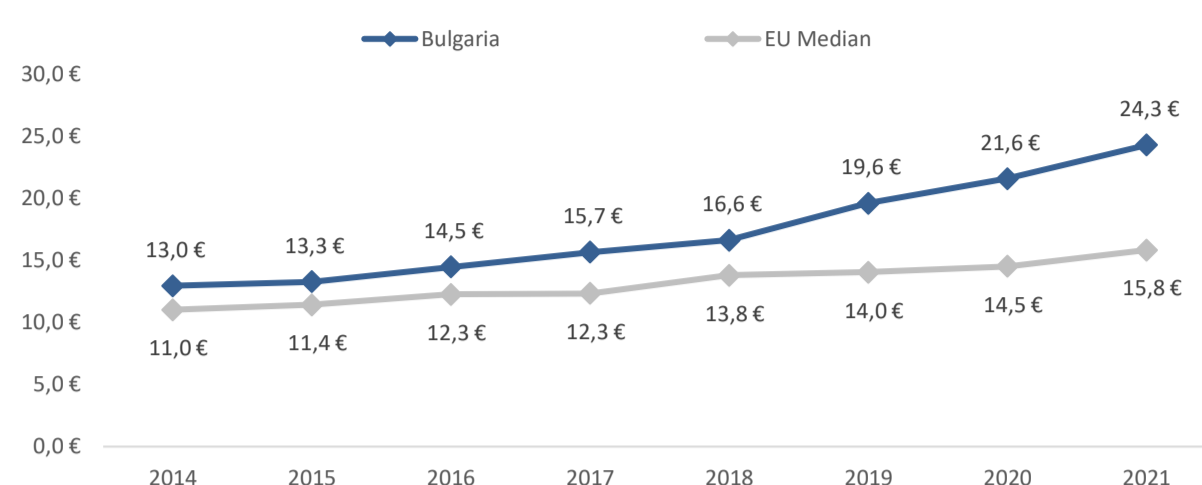
5. Public prosecution services in Bulgaria (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2014	93 356 800 €	13,0 €	11,0 €
2015	94 966 603 €	13,3 €	11,4 €
2016	102 876 460 €	14,5 €	12,3 €
2017	110 387 845 €	15,7 €	12,3 €
2018	116 412 630 €	16,6 €	13,8 €
2019	136 392 502 €	19,6 €	14,0 €
2020	149 281 332 €	21,6 €	14,5 €
2021	166 149 076 €	24,3 €	15,8 €

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2018	10 480 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	12 799 €	0,002 €	0,029 €
2020	3 646 €	0,001 €	0,011 €
2021	9 569 €	0,001 €	0,022 €

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €



Concerning the annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecutors, it should be recalled that the significant reduction in 2020 of this budgetary component was the result of the declared in March 2020 extraordinary epidemic situation in Bulgaria, as well as the restrictive measures related to the spread of COVID-19.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Bulgaria	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	4 119	▼ -12,3%	0,06	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	100 584	▲ 0,1%	1,47	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	168 588	▲ 18,5%	2,47	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	101 626	▲ 36,3%	1,49	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	101 626	▲ 36,3%	1,49	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	37 987	▼ -4,7%	0,56	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	28 975	▲ 3,9%	0,42	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	4 205	▲ 2,1%	0,06	0,87

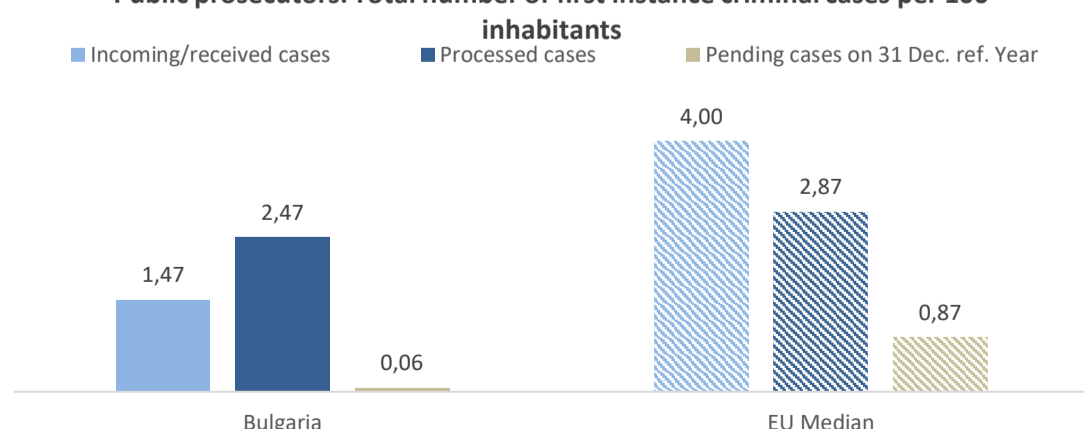
* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The number of discontinued cases includes all discontinued criminal proceedings by the prosecutor in the year on the basis of Art. 24 of the Criminal Procedure Code, including those terminated due to the expiration of the statute of limitations on the basis of Art. 24, para. 1, item 3. The number of cases terminated on statute of limitations grounds is a fact of objective reality, which does not depend on the prosecution. This number is a function of the number of the pending pre-trial proceedings, incl. suspended (predominantly due to failure to establish the perpetrator of the crime during the investigation), as well as the specific crime on which the case is being prosecuted, as the absolute statute of limitations for seeking criminal liability is different and depends on the amount of the penalty provided for in the Criminal Code for the relevant crime (according to Art. 81 of the Criminal Code).

The increase in the number of dismissed cases for 2021 compared to those dismissed in 2020 is mainly due to the greater number of dismissed cases by the prosecutor on the grounds of absolute statute of limitations for prosecution, which obliges the prosecutor to dismiss the case. This conclusion is supported by the statistical data for the two years - in 2021, the dismissed cases, on grounds other than the statute of limitations, are relatively similar: 32,400 for 2021 compared to 32,002 for 2020. However, those dismissed on statute of limitations grounds in 2021 are 69226, and in 2020 - 42565. There is no evidence that this increase is due to any special or extraordinary circumstance that occurred in 2021. Each year the number of cases dismissed on statute of limitations grounds is different and this is due to the above reasons.

"Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons": the suspended PTPs are reported, as well as the PTPs sent by competence (for the respective prosecutor's office, although these cases are essentially unresolved they are closed). Regarding the cases sent by competence, the mathematical calculation for collecting the values is not applicable for the two prosecutor's offices - one that sent it by competence (according to the rules of local, functional or special competence), for which the case was decided "closed case for other reasons" and the other, which accepted it within its competence, if at the end of the year the same case remained pending, the latter is included in the above data.

Public prosecutors: Total number of first instance criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



Processed cases per 100 inhabitants



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Bulgaria (2021 data)

Number of mediators

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available. As of June 2022 the total number of mediators registered in the Unified Register of Mediators at the Ministry of Justice is 2929 (for 2021 the number of newly registered is 214).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Data on the number of court related mediations are not available.

7. ICT tools of courts in Bulgaria (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools

Writing assistance tools
Simple dictation tools
Multiple speakers recording tools
Voice recognition feature

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
No	-	-	-
Yes	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts
	No	No	No

Financial management tools

Budgetary and financial management of courts
Justice expenses management
Other

Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
100%	Yes	Yes
100%	Yes	Yes
NA	NA	NA

Measurement tools to assess the workload

Judges
Prosecutors
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Yes	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
	0% (NAP)	No	No	No

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Bulgaria (2021 data)

In Bulgaria, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Article. 4 of the Ordinance № 2 from 23.02.2017 on the indicators, methodology, and procedure for appraisal of a judge, chairman, and deputy chairman of a court, defines the aims of the appraisal procedure. Article 5. (1) defines the appraisal as an objective assessment of the professional, business, and moral qualities of a judge, chairman, and deputy chairman of a court, demonstrated in the performance of his position. According to article 8. (1) the appraisal shall refer to the qualification, achievements, and professional suitability, as well as the observance of the rules for ethical behavior by a judge, chairman, and deputy chairman of a court.

Judiciary System Act

Article. 196. (1) Appraisal shall be carried out: 1. initial - for a three-year period as of the appointment of a judge, prosecutor, or investigator - when participating in a competition or in case of a proposal for promotion in ranking; 2. for the purpose of acquiring tenure: upon completion of five years of service as a judge, prosecutor, or investigating magistrate; 3. periodic - for a 5-year period as of the attestation for the tenure of a judge, prosecutor, and investigator, of an administrative head and a deputy administrative head; 4. extraordinarily: in the cases under

Article 197 (5).(2) Junior judges, junior prosecutors, and junior investigators shall not undergo an initial appraisal. A report on their work shall be drawn up by the supervisor for the second year of their appointment.

Article. 199. (1) A judge shall be appraised under the following specific criteria:

1. complying with the schedule for conduct of court hearings; 2. the skill of conducting a court hearing and drawing up a record of proceedings; 3. administrating cases and appeals, preparing for a court hearing;
4. a number of appealed judicial instruments from among the appealable judicial instruments, appealed judicial instruments upheld, judicial instruments reversed or invalidated, in whole or in part, and the grounds for it; the ability to reason and justify judicial instruments and to analyze evidence shall be subject to evaluation.

(2) A prosecutor shall be appraised under the following specific criteria: 1. skills in planning and structuring steps in pre-trial and trial proceedings; 2. complying with the written instructions and orders of the superior prosecutor; 3. ability to make working arrangements and direct the investigating authorities and the teams participating in pre-trial proceedings; 4. number of unappealed prosecutorial instruments, including warrants to terminate and suspend criminal proceedings, number of final judicial instruments rendered on instruments submitted by the prosecutor appraised, as well as the final judicial instruments returning cases for the rectification of procedural breaches, and the reasons for this, number of appeals granted, the prosecutorial instruments upheld, modified and reversed upon an instance and ex officio review.

(3) An investigating magistrate shall be appraised under the following specific criteria: 1. skills in planning and structuring steps in pre-trial proceedings; 2. complying with the written instructions and orders of the prosecutor; 3. correspondence of the prosecutorial instruments with the opinion of the investigating magistrate after the conclusive completion of the investigation and final disposal of the cases returned for further investigation.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

In Bulgaria, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council (ISJC) is a body of the judicial system of the Republic of Bulgaria established under the art. 132a of the Constitution of the Republic of Bulgaria /published in State Gazette N.12 from 6th February 2007/. The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council is an independent body with the primary function of examining the operation of the judicial bodies without affecting their independence. Art. 54, para. 1 of the Judicial System Act assigns powers to the Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council.

The Inspectorate annually, not later than the end of March of the current year, adopts a program for the planned inspections.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Bulgaria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is both annual and more frequent than annual.

With the Direction of Organization of the Information Activities at the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria, all indicators for the activity of the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria are regulated, as well as the obligation of all prosecutor's offices to prepare only a statistical report for the first half of the year, as well as analytical annual reports for their activity. The Rules for Measuring the Workload of the Prosecutor's Offices and the Individual Workload of Each Prosecutor and Investigator, adopted by a Decision of the Supreme Judicial Council under Protocol No. 60/11.12.2014, are applied in all prosecutor's offices, investigation departments, and in the National Investigation Service. The use of the Unified Information System of the Prosecutor's Office ensures that the data is retrieved in real-time and allows for its verification and reliability. Data on the administrative and managerial workload of the administrative heads, their deputies, and the heads of the investigation departments are also provided through the system. The ratio of the number of law enforcement acts to one administrative act at the levels of the prosecutor's offices is also taken into account. The analysis of this relation is important for the efficiency/resource ratio analysis.

Within the Prosecutor's Office's Annual Report, an analysis is made for the workload of the public prosecutor's offices and the investigative bodies and it is compared to the workload of authorities of the same type and degree.

Data on the workload of public prosecutor's offices and investigative bodies are also collected every six months.

Ordinance No. 3 of 23.02.2017 on the Indicators and Methods for Assessment and the Criteria for Reporting the Workload Degree of Prosecutors, Investigators, Administrative Heads, and Their Deputies can also be mentioned (adopted by a decision of the Plenum of the Supreme Judicial Council under Protocol No. 7 of 23.02.2017, promulgated in SG 21/10.03.2017). Workload reporting is designated to ensure fairness of the assessment in terms of the volume of actual work. (The evaluation takes into account the actual workload of the relevant judicial authority, as well as the individual workload of the assessed prosecutor, investigator, administrative head, deputy administrative head, and head of the department. The workload of the respective judicial authority is compared to the workload of the bodies of the same type and degree, and the individual workload is compared to the set-out workload norm and the workload of other prosecutors or investigators from the same body of the judiciary).

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

With the Direction of Organization of the Information Activities at the Prosecutor's Office, issued by the Prosecutor General, the performance and quality indicators were defined, outside of the given ones, and covered the acts and actions of the public prosecutor for all types of supervision that are carried out by the Prosecutor's Office:

In criminal proceedings, including the supervision of the enforcement of penalties, the following may be added, but not exhaustively mentioned: prosecutor's acts filed with the court; terminated cases; objections against judicial acts; acts for the enforcement of sentences that have already entered into force; acts for supervision over the sentence enforcement. Actions for resolving the competition between administrative criminal liability and criminal liability; Within civil proceedings – claims submitted under the cases provided by the law; Within administrative proceedings – participation in trials under the cases provided by the law; Acts on the supervision of legality

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548	6 838 937	-6,1%	-1,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645 €	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845	9 868	81,5%	11,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True	True		
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True	True		
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True		
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False		
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False		
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True	True		
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	True	False	False		

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False	False		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									False	False		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							False	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	182	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147	147	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	35	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	34	34	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	-5,9%	0,0%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.10 Administrative courts	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.12 Military courts	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-40,0%	0,0%	
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145	145	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	170	170	168	175	182	182	182	182	182	182	7,1%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	77 396	82 931	91 896	95 459	92 645	24,3%	-2,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	7 743	9 426	9 509	9 999	9 932	15,2%	-0,7%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	397 399	378 948	377 325	312 117	348 759	-11,1%	11,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	31 333	31 146	34 724	29 349	28 924	0,7%	-1,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	386 923	369 915	373 760	314 849	353 084	-9,0%	12,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	29 666	31 044	34 226	29 388	28 946	9,4%	-1,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	87 872	91 964	95 461	92 727	88 320	11,8%	-4,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	9 410	9 528	10 007	9 960	9 910	-9,0%	-0,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,9%	100,9%	102,0%	99,0%	98,8%	97,4%	97,6%	99,1%	100,9%	101,2%	2,38	0,36
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	92,1%	108,6%	100,8%	99,0%	104,2%	94,7%	99,7%	98,6%	100,1%	100,1%		7,96	(0,06)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,4%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	74	78	78	78	84	83	91	93	107	91		22,8%	-15,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	125		-16,8%	1,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	69	75	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	2 378	2 463	2 280	2 252	2 332	2 346	2 272	2 396	2 371	2 566		7,9%	8,2%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--	------	------

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	936	1 032	871	731	661	737	775	710	749	920	-1,7%	22,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	887	1 173	1 227	1 087	967	1 087	977	762	750	894	0,8%	19,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165	189	-	14,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	73	-	0,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 239	6 032	5 822	5 729	5 663	5 393	5 554	5 600	4 830	4 984	-20,1%	3,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 331	1 741	1 551	1 364	1 604	1 202	1 168	1 075	1 301	951	-59,2%	-26,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 583	1 523	1 146	1 143	1 281	1 135	931	1 169	1 293	1 252	-20,9%	-3,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	543	466	-	-14,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	85	-	9,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 151	6 210	5 848	5 795	5 622	5 343	5 421	5 621	4 629	5 144	-16,4%	11,1%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	2 242	1 908	1 693	1 483	1 527	1 281	1 230	1 036	1 121	1 136	-49,3%	1,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 311	1 520	1 294	1 258	1 219	1 251	1 154	1 171	1 154	1 341	2,3%	16,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523	478	-	-8,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	76	-	-3,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	2 466	2 285	2 254	2 186	2 373	2 396	2 405	2 375	2 572	2 406	-2,4%	-6,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	1 025	865	729	612	738	658	713	749	929	735	-28,3%	-20,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	1 159	1 176	1 079	972	1 029	971	754	760	889	805	-30,5%	-9,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185	177	-	-4,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	82	-	13,9%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	98,6%	103,0%	100,4%	101,2%	99,3%	99,1%	97,6%	100,4%	95,8%	103,2%	4,62	7,37
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,2%	109,6%	109,2%	108,7%	95,2%	106,6%	105,3%	96,4%	86,2%	119,5%	23,27	33,29
CR Insolvency cases	82,8%	99,8%	112,9%	110,1%	95,2%	110,2%	124,0%	100,2%	89,2%	107,1%	24,29	17,86
DT Litigious divorce cases	146	134	141	138	154	164	162	154	203	171	16,7%	-15,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	167	165	157	151	176	187	212	264	302	236	41,5%	-21,9%
DT Insolvency cases	323	282	304	282	308	283	238	237	281	219	-32,1%	-22,1%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			16 261	14 841	12 788	12 457	12 512	13 611	15 876	18 713	-	17,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			3 972	3 239	2 932	2 688	2 526	2 411	2 264	2 244	-	-0,9%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			64 305	60 271	59 309	58 503	57 281	59 922	56 644	55 193	-	-2,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			17 598	14 979	15 481	14 793	14 705	14 421	12 717	13 419	-	5,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			65 730	61 852	59 636	58 446	56 180	57 658	53 814	54 821	-	1,9%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			18 330	15 286	15 724	14 954	14 819	14 567	12 744	13 430	-	5,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 836	13 260	12 461	12 514	13 613	15 875	18 706	19 085	-	2,0%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 240	2 932	2 689	2 527	2 412	2 265	2 237	2 233	-	-0,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,2%	102,6%	100,6%	99,9%	98,1%	96,2%	95,0%	99,3%	-	4,32
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			104,2%	102,0%	101,6%	101,1%	100,8%	101,0%	100,2%	100,1%	-	(0,13)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			82	78	76	78	88	100	127	127	-	0,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			65	70	62	62	59	57	64	61	-	-5,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 796	9 462	9 956	10 912	9 934	10 063	8 988	7 358	-	-18,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	3 736	3 940	3 732	3 917	4 048	3 841	-	-5,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3	NA	3	3	-	0,0%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	3	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	3	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			4 788	5 590	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 146	4 937	3 514	-	-28,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 476	25 012	23 443	23 479	24 176	23 075	20 862	20 789	-	-0,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	8 605	8 441	8 138	8 015	6 693	7 798	-	16,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	151	NA	139	160	-	15,1%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	160	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	93	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			16 149	14 931	14 838	15 038	15 887	15 060	14 030	12 831	-	-8,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 662	24 571	22 474	24 297	23 868	25 085	22 473	19 946	-	-11,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	8 388	8 485	7 774	7 846	6 876	6 940	-	0,9%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	152	NA	139	163	-	17,3%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	163	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	94	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			15 351	14 301	14 086	15 812	15 942	17 239	15 458	12 843	-	-16,9%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			9 610	9 903	10 925	9 934	10 061	8 053	7 375	8 311	-	12,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	3 953	3 735	3 915	4 086	3 863	4 699	-	21,6%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	NA	3	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	2	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			5 586	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 144	3 967	3 509	3 612	-	2,9%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	479	248	81	85	53	66	-	24,5%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			97,0%	98,2%	95,9%	103,5%	98,7%	108,7%	107,7%	95,9%	-	(11,78)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	97,5%	100,5%	95,5%	97,9%	102,7%	89,0%	-	(13,74)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,7%	NA	100,0%	101,9%	-	1,88
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NA	NA	101,9%	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	101,1%	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			95,1%	95,8%	94,9%	105,1%	100,3%	114,5%	110,2%	100,1%	-	(10,08)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			132	147	177	149	154	117	120	152	-	27,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	172	161	184	190	205	247	-	20,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	5	NA	8	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	8	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			133	159	181	143	141	84	83	103	-	23,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									21 184	23 281	-	9,9%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									130 282	131 575	-	1,0%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									128 186	131 463	-	2,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23 280	23 393	-	0,5%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									98,4%	99,9%	-	1,5
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									66	65	-	-2,0%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 611	1 704	-	5,8%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									11 268	11 003	-	-2,4%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									11 174	10 841	-	-3,0%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 705	1 866	-	9,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,2%	98,5%	-	(0,64)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									56	63	-	12,8%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									293	266	-	-9,2%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									231	215	-	-6,9%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									22	29	-	31,8%
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									40	22	-	-45,0%
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 035	1 141	-	10,2%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									525	609	-	16,0%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									88	68	-	-22,7%
100.2.4 Other - incoming									422	464	-	10,0%
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 062	1 110	-	4,5%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									541	584	-	7,9%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									81	74	-	-8,6%
100.3.4 Other - resolved									440	452	-	2,7%
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									266	297	-	11,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									215	240	-	11,6%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									29	23	-	-20,7%
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									22	34	-	54,5%
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4	5	-	25,0%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									4	5	-	25,0%
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									102,6%	97,3%	-	(5,33)
CR of Severe cases									103,0%	95,9%	-	(7,15)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,0%	108,8%	-	16,78
CR of Other									104,3%	97,4%	-	(6,85)
DT of Total									91	98	-	6,8%
DT of Severe cases									145	150	-	3,4%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									131	113	-	-13,2%
DT of Other									18	27	-	50,4%

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									4 695	4 119	-	-12,3%
2. Incoming/received cases									100 508	100 584	-	0,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									142 299	168 588	-	18,5%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									74 567	101 626	-	36,3%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									74 567	101 626	-	36,3%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									39 853	37 987	-	-4,7%
3.4. Cases brought to court									27 879	28 975	-	3,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									4 119	4 205	-	2,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,42	1,68	-	18,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,04	0,04	-	2,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									19 155	21 346	-	11,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									8 934	10 504	-	17,6%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									10 221	10 842	-	6,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	81 248 370	83 191 279	93 698 490	95 590 817	103 474 815	111 702 235	117 132 394	137 635 835	152 917 818	168 983 884	108,0%	10,51%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	93 356 800	94 966 603	102 876 460	110 387 845	116 412 630	136 392 502	149 281 332	166 149 076	-	11,30%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 000	12 850	3 840	9 569	-	149,19%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 480	12 799	3 646	9 569	-	162,45%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									31 866	34 841	-	0,09
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									29 002	31 531	-	0,09
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									2 864	3 310	-	0,16
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									14	14	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									7	5	-	(0,29)
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	575	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	300	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	257	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	416 526 £	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	1 041 345 €	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	False	False	False
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter										
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts	

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	NA	100%	50-99%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA	
063-6.2.1 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	NA	NA	
063-6.3.1 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	NA	NA	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								NA	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	2 235	2 223	2 215	2 184	2 192	-2,1%	0,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	1 745	1 750	1 898	1 246	1 258	5,9%	1,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	859	396	277	277	276	299	289	134	760	750	-12,7%	-1,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	192	181	190	188	190	191	184	183	178	184	-4,2%	3,4%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	749	732	742	-	1,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	655	435	440	-	1,1%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	50	255	254	-	-0,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44	42	48	-	14,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 466	1 452	1 450	-	-0,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 243	811	818	-	0,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	505	496	-	-1,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	139	136	136	-	0,0%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 184	2 192	-	0,4%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 246	1 258	-	1,0%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	760	750	-	-1,3%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	184	-	3,4%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	432	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	62	-	-6,1%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	254	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	27	-	-3,6%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337	330	-	-2,1%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254	236	-	-7,1%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	94	-	13,3%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	15	-	-11,8%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	10	-	-16,7%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	6 329	6 475	7,7%	2,3%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	4 492	4 656	4 689	4 697	4 840	8,1%	3,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	1 118	1 006	979	968	970	-34,5%	0,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	502	481	568	585	617	627	627	-	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	55	55	55	55	53	34	35	38	37	38	-30,9%	2,7%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									6 329	6 475	-	2,3%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 099	4 176	-	1,9%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									1 821	1 875	-	3,0%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									409	424	-	3,7%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 520	1 527	-	0,5%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									884	904	-	2,3%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									514	507	-	-1,4%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									122	116	-	-4,9%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									740	738	-	-0,3%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									389	393	-	1,0%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									297	292	-	-1,7%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									54	53	-	-1,9%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									780	789	-	1,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									495	511	-	3,2%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									217	215	-	-0,9%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									68	63	-	-7,4%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									3 021	2 887	-	-4,4%

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	NA	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	NA	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country									8 509 €	9 514 €	-	11,8%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									24 990 €	27 867 €	-	11,5%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									44 214 €	48 222 €	-	9,1%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									24 990 €	27 867 €	-	11,5%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									44 214 €	48 222 €	-	9,1%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									22 491 €	25 080 €	-	11,5%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									39 793 €	43 400 €	-	9,1%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									22 491 €	25 080 €	-	11,5%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									39 793 €	43 400 €	-	9,1%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									4	3	-	-25,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	2	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	1	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									4	NAP	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									8	11	-	37,5%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									4	5	-	25,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	6	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									4	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									5	3	-	-40,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									4	NAP	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	1	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	2	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									5	9	-	80,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									4	NAP	-	-

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	8	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	13 720	13 640	13 880	13 964	13 605	13,3%	-2,6%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							6 503	6 608	6 597	6 783	-	2,8%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							7 137	7 272	7 367	6 822	-	-7,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Bulgaria

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Croatia

(2021 data)

General data

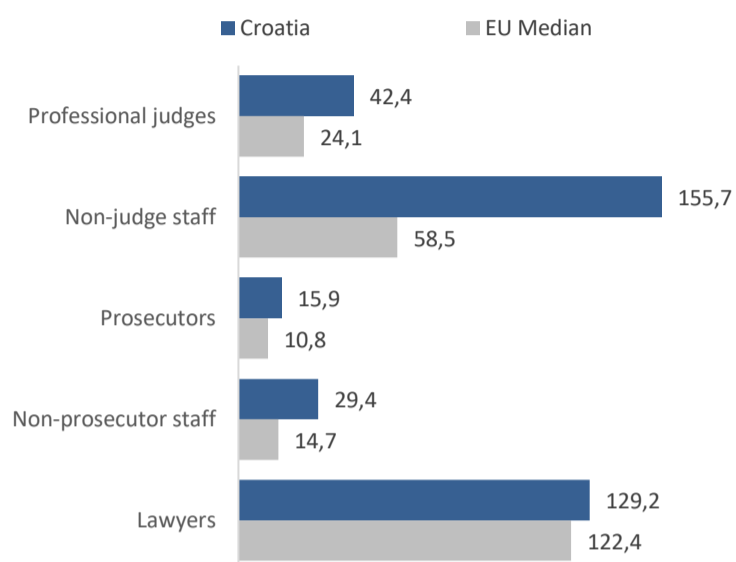
Population: 3 871 833

GDP per capita: 14 773 €

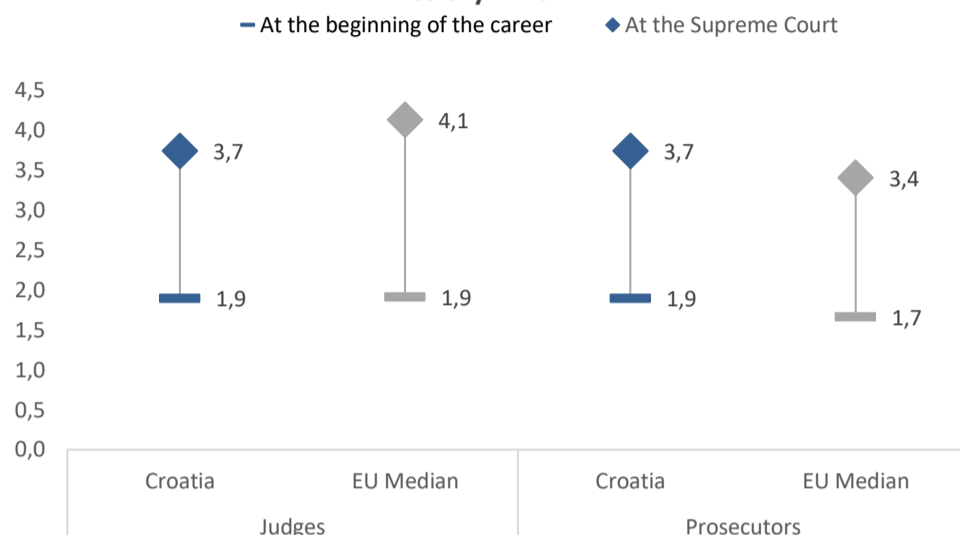
Average annual salary: 15 309 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

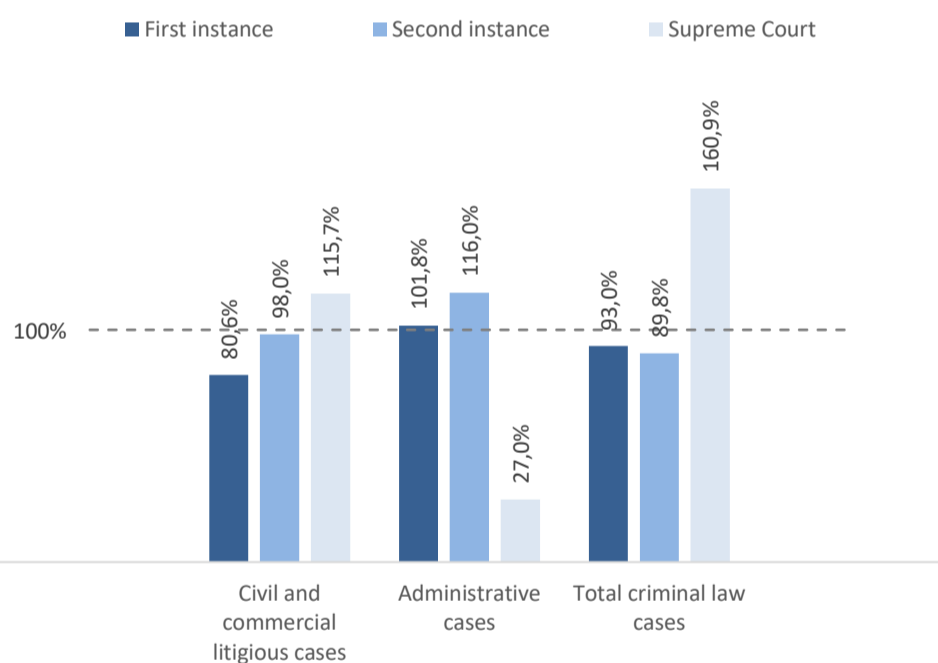


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

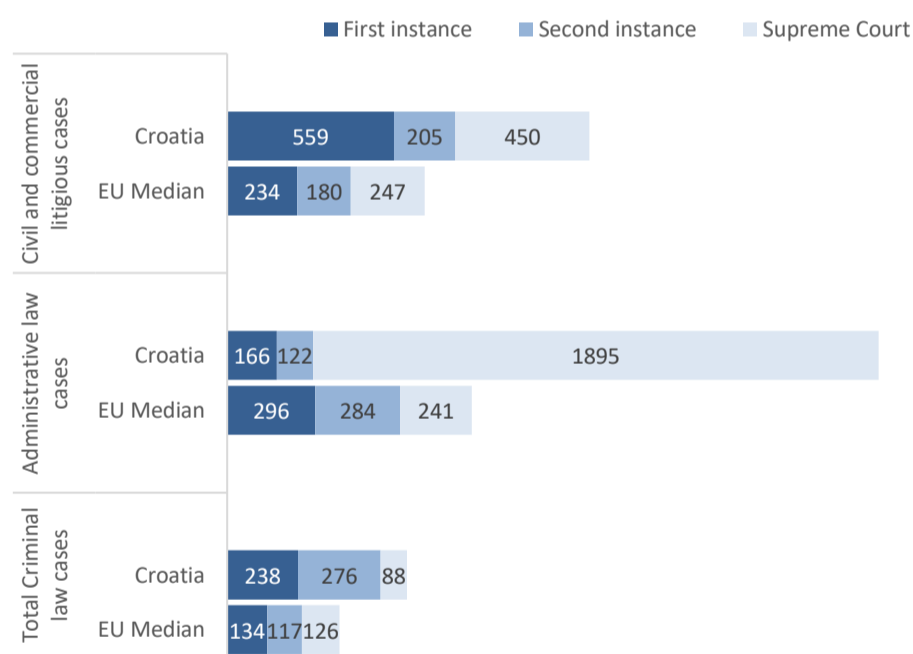


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

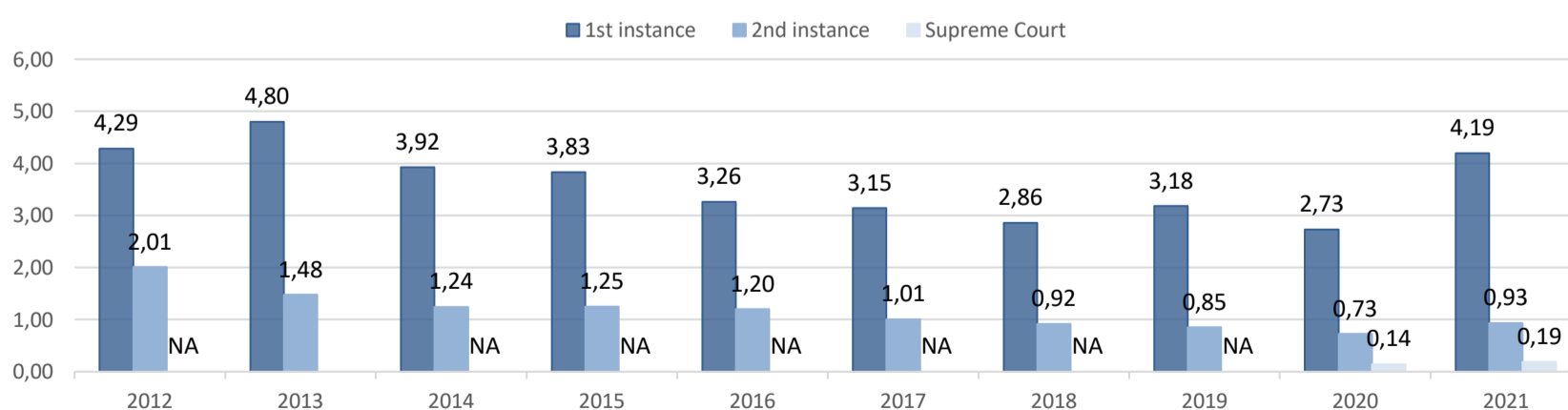


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Croatia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	4 036 355	3 871 833		-9,2%	-4,1%
GDP per capita	10 290	10 147	10 162	10 425	10 965	11 880	12 593	13 270	12 170	14 773		43,6%	21,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,55	7,63	7,66	7,64	7,56	7,51	7,41	7,45	7,54	7,52		-0,3%	-0,3%
Average annual salary	12 571		12 508		12 355		13 671	14 189	14 681	15 309		21,8%	4,3%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	45,3	45,0	44,4	44,5	43,3	43,2	40,7	41,4	40,7	42,4		-6,4%	4,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	146,3	146,5	143,4	141,5	140,3	143,7	143,0	146,1	145,8	155,7		6,4%	6,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									15,4	15,9			3,1%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									26,2	29,4			12,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	103,0	103,8	106,2	108,8	112,9	114,9	116,7	117,1	119,8	129,2		25,4%	7,8%
Mediators	9,5	9,6	10,7	11,3	13,2	14,3	15,0	15,6	16,7	18,2		91,4%	9,4%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,286	4,800	3,923	3,831	3,264	3,145	2,856	3,178	2,731	4,193		-2,2%	53,5%
Administrative law cases	0,282	0,3	0,3	0,342	0,345	0,288	0,329	0,321	0,304	0,346		22,9%	14,1%
Total criminal law cases									4,871	5,158			5,9%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	95%	101%	113%	107%	118%	109%	112%	87%	85%	81%		-14,49	-4,49
CR administrative law cases	41%	64%	86%	93%	109%	126%	116%	109%	107%	102%		60,67	-5,11
CR total criminal law cases									88%	93%			4,90

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	655	559		22,3%	-14,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	179	166		-68,3%	-7,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									223	238			6,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,10	5,13	4,63	4,40	3,84	3,63	3,29	3,72	4,17	5,17		1,4%	24,1%
Administrative law cases	0,17	0,28	0,33	0,36	0,33	0,26	0,21	0,18	0,16	0,16		-3,6%	0,4%
Total criminal law cases									2,62	3,12			19,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			96%	104%	116%	122%	122%	119%	129%	98%			-31,41
CR administrative law cases			454%	124%	86%	90%	86%	91%	108%	116%			7,87
CR total criminal law cases									137%	90%			-47,05

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			448	401	328	310	280	248	184	205			11,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			68	62	119	153	195	210	165	122			-26,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									171	276			61,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	123%	116%			-7,12
CR administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	144%	27%			-116,74
CR total criminal law cases									101%	161%			59,99

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	586	450			-23,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	928	1 895			104,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									121	88			-27,2%

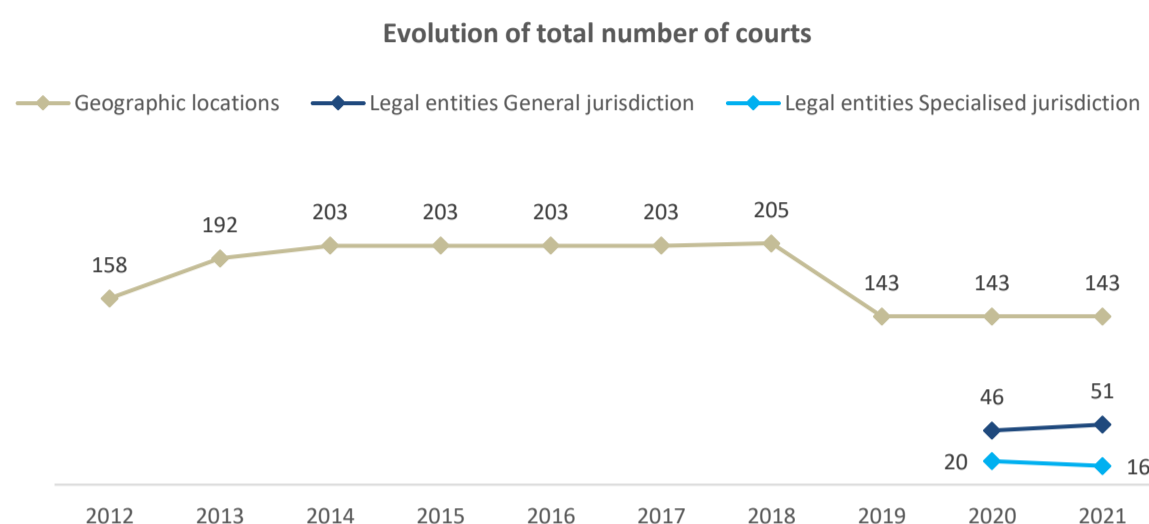
1. Judicial organisation in Croatia (2021 data)

According to 2021 data, the Republic of Croatia has 51 courts of general jurisdiction (33 in first instance; 17 in second instance; and the Supreme Court is the last instance); and 16 specialised courts, covering 143 geographic locations.

On the 1st of January 2021, a new court was established, the High Criminal Court, which took over part of the previous Supreme Court's jurisdiction.

Evolution of total number of courts

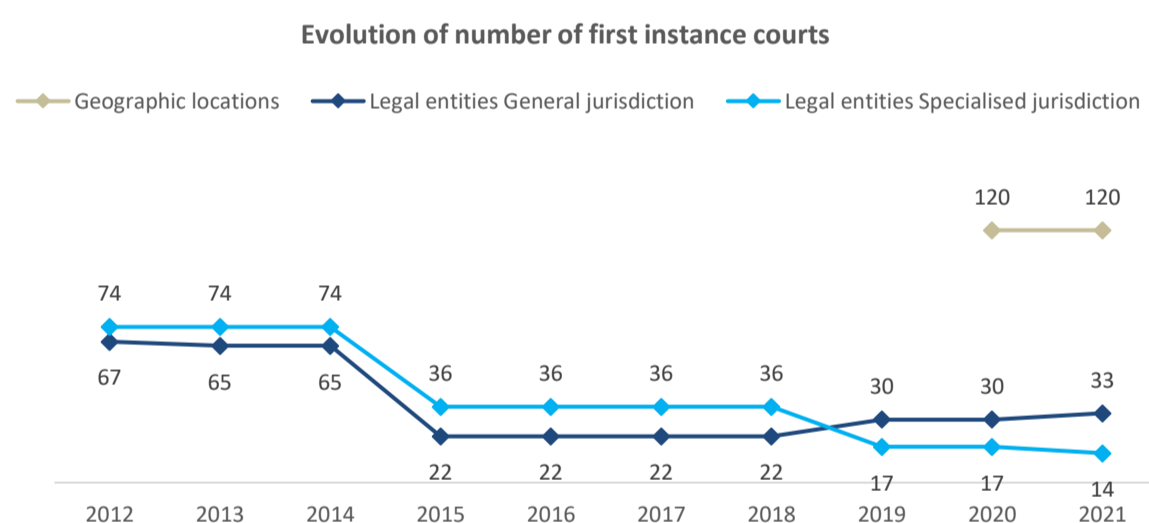
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	158		
2013	192		
2014	203		
2015	203		
2016	203		
2017	203		
2018	205		
2019	143		
2020	143	46	20
2021	143	51	16



The small variation in the number of courts of general jurisdiction and specialised jurisdiction between 2020 and 2021 is due to the establishment of the High Criminal Court in 2021, as well as to a change of methodology following which four courts which used to be classified as specialised are now classified as general (Misdemeanour Courts of Zagreb and Split; Municipal Court of Zagreb; High Misdemeanour Court).

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		67	74
2013		65	74
2014		65	74
2015		22	36
2016		22	36
2017		22	36
2018		22	36
2019		30	17
2020	120	30	17
2021	120	33	14



The reform of judicial map implemented in 2015 decreased the number of Misdemeanour Courts from 63 to 22. Therefore, in accordance with the Act on Territorial Jurisdiction and Seats of Courts (Official Gazette, No. 128/14) in force, there are currently 22 Misdemeanour Courts in function. On the 1st of January 2019, the new Courts Areas and Seats Act came into force. From the organizational aspect, the most important organizational measure was the merging of misdemeanor courts into municipal courts. That is why after 2018, there are less first instance specialized courts and more courts of general jurisdiction.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 70% - 30% (distribution tendency in EU: 73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

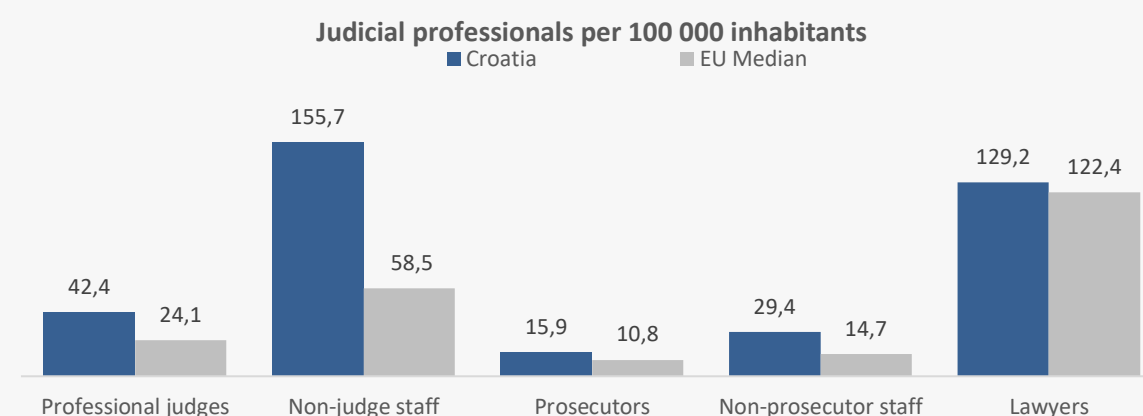
Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	14	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	9	1
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	4	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

2. Professionals of justice in Croatia (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

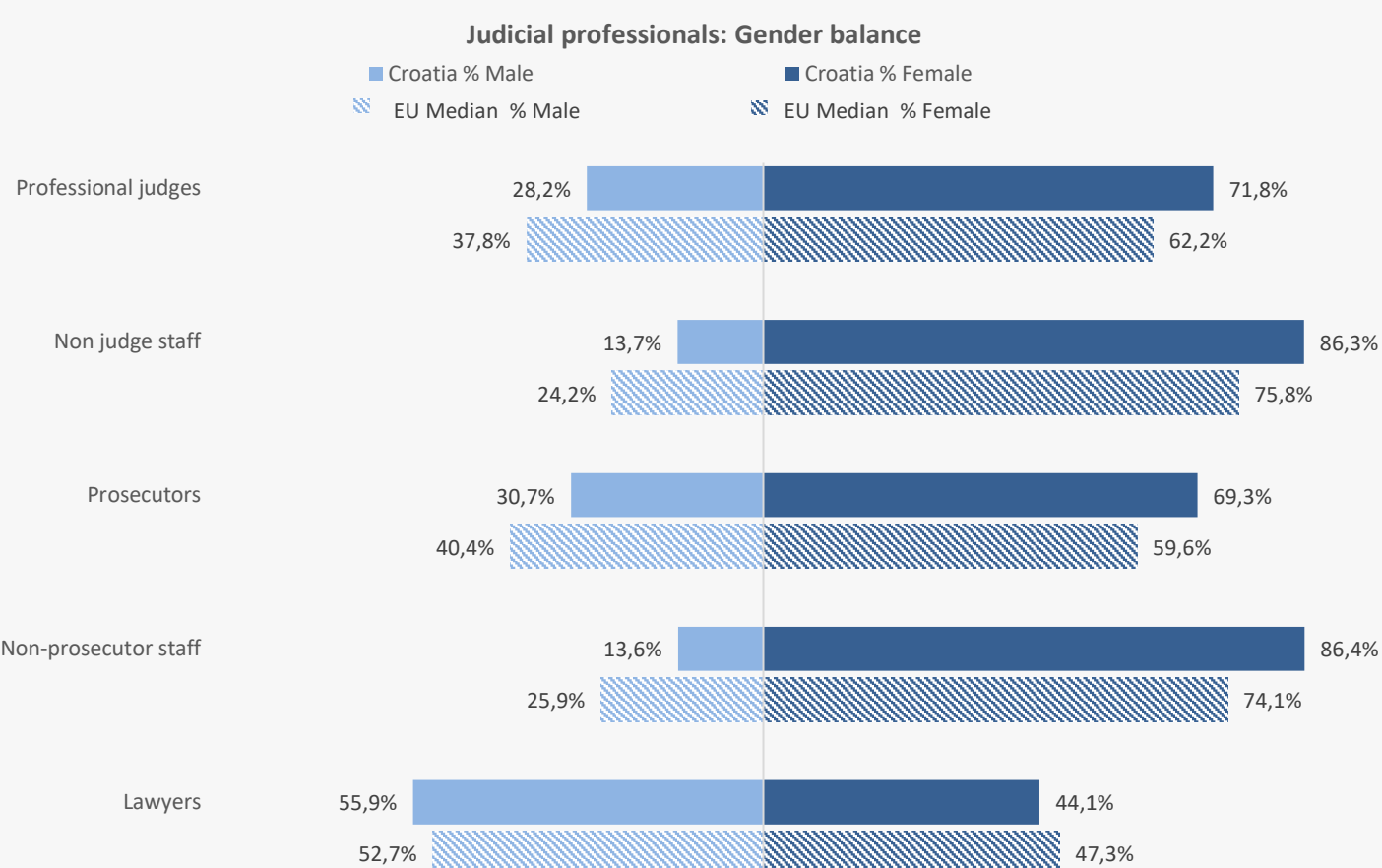
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 643	42,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	6 027	155,7	58,5
Prosecutors	615	15,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	1 137	29,4	14,7
Lawyers	5 002	129,2	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

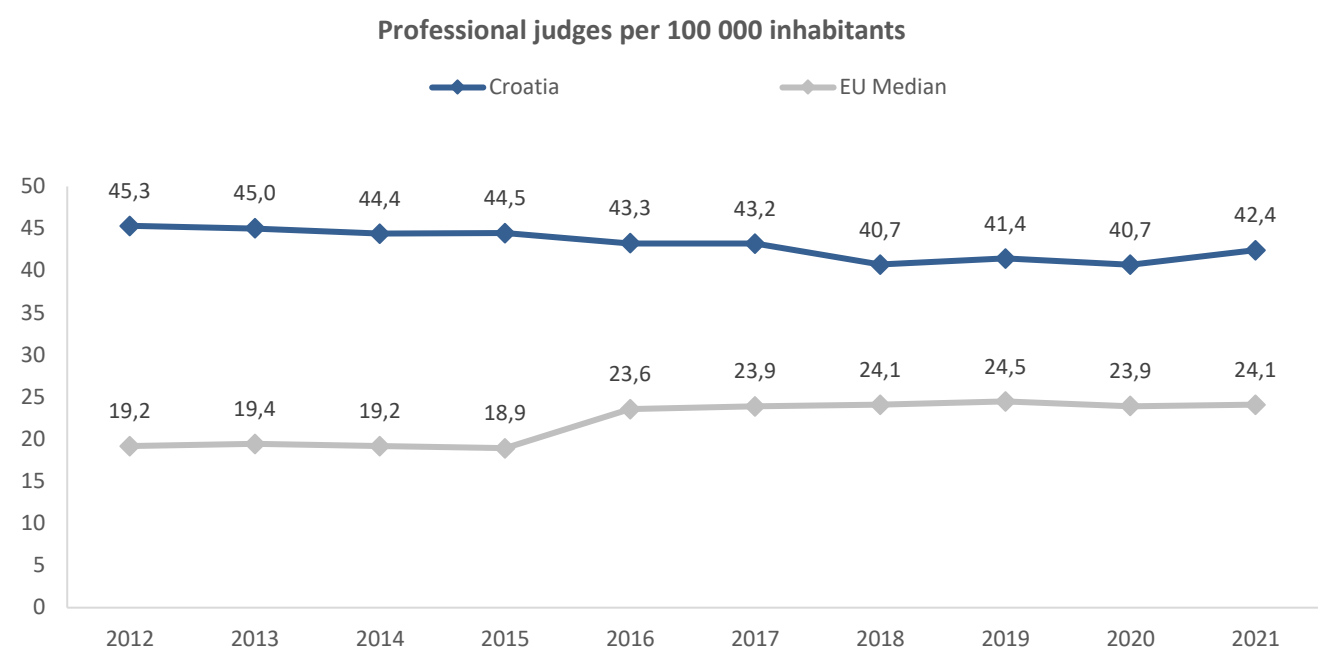
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	28,2%	71,8%
Non judge staff	13,7%	86,3%
Prosecutors	30,7%	69,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	13,6%	86,4%
Lawyers	55,9%	44,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants
	Croatia	Croatia EU Median
2012	1 932	45,3 19,2
2013	1 912	45,0 19,4
2014	1 875	44,4 19,2
2015	1 864	44,5 18,9
2016	1 797	43,3 23,6
2017	1 775	43,2 23,9
2018	1 660	40,7 24,1
2019	1 682	41,4 24,5
2020	1 643	40,7 23,9
2021	1 643	42,4 24,1



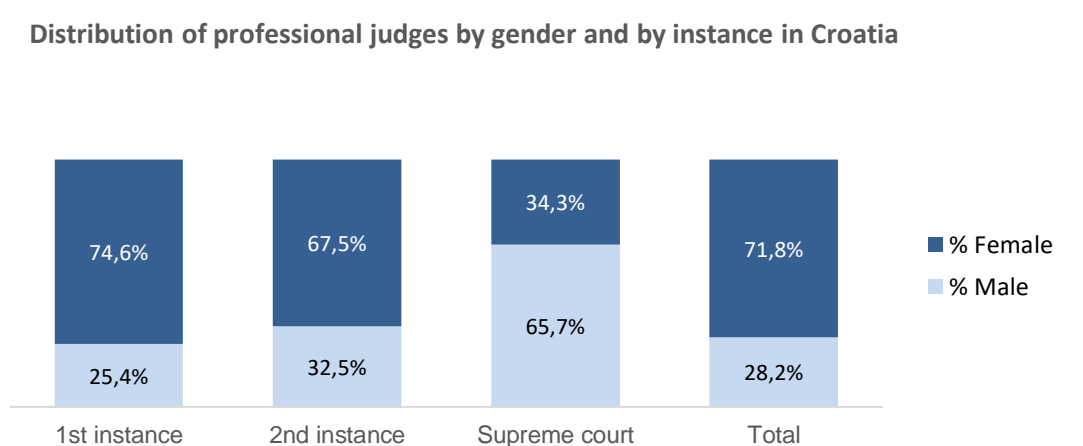
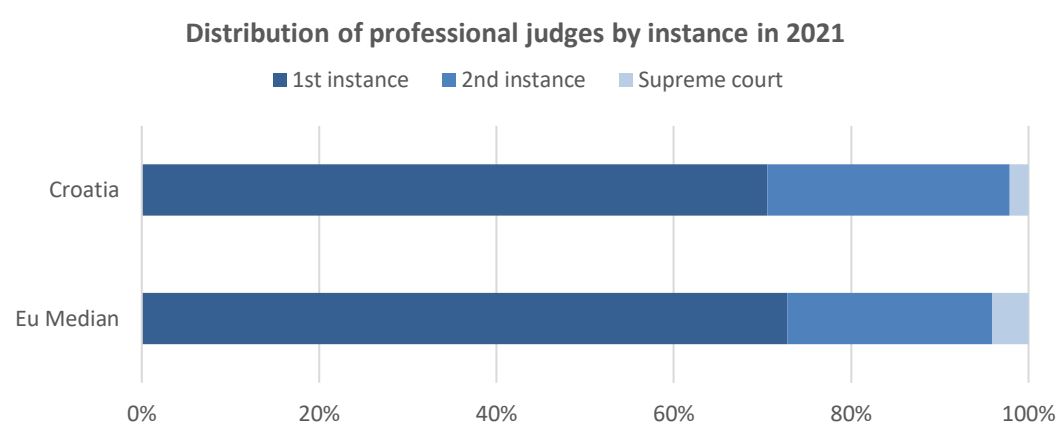
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Croatia is 1 643, which is equal to the previous cycle.

More precisely, in Croatia, there are 42.4 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24.1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3.7 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3.6 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 159	70,5%	294	865	25,4%	74,6%
2nd instance	449	27,3%	146	303	32,5%	67,5%
Supreme court	35	2,1%	23	12	65,7%	34,3%
Total	1 643		463	1 180	28,2%	71,8%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 1 180, which represents 71.8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 159 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 865 are Female); 449 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 303 are Female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 12 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Croatia is similar. The predomination of first instance judges is less pronounced, while second instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that even though there is a majority of female judges in Croatia (71.8%), this majority only exists in first and second instances while at the Supreme Court only 34.3% of judges are female.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

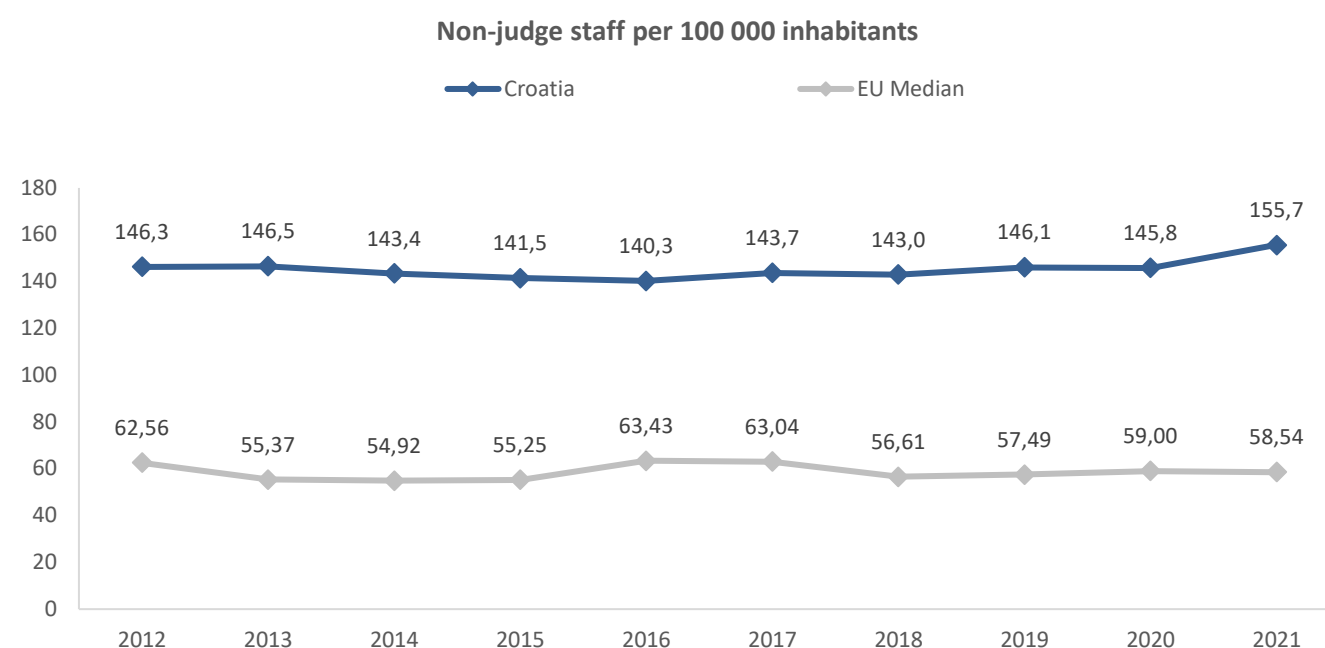
In Croatia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible, due to mixed specialization of judges in courts.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

In Croatia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible, due to mixed specialization of judges in courts.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Croatia	Croatia	EU Median
2012	6 234	146,3	62,6
2013	6 222	146,5	55,4
2014	6 061	143,4	54,9
2015	5 929	141,5	55,2
2016	5 827	140,3	63,4
2017	5 900	143,7	63,0
2018	5 828	143,0	56,6
2019	5 929	146,1	57,5
2020	5 886	145,8	59,0
2021	6 027	155,7	58,5



In 2021, Croatia has 6 027 non-judge staff (of which 5 201 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 145.8 in 2020 to 155.7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 40.7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 42.4 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	6 027	
Rechtspfleger	586	9,7%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 241	70,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	542	9,0%
Technical staff	658	10,9%
Other	NAP	NAP

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

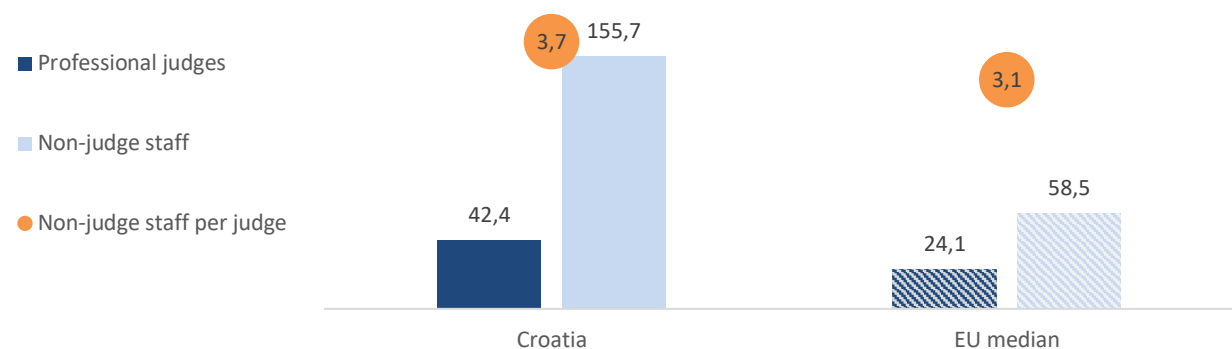
- 586 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 494 are Female);
- 4 241 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 3 876 are Female);
- 542 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 425 are Female);
- 658 technical staff (of which 406 are Female);

The total number of non-judicial staff is a result of a deduction and subsumes only actually working staff. Thus, the total does not include staff on unpaid leave; staff on maternity leave; staff suspended after disciplinary procedures; staff transferred to other State bodies (for example the Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Besides, two non-judicial officials working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 non-judicial official. The reason for fluctuation and differences in the number of Rechtspflegers in Republic of Croatia is that they work for 2 years, then prolonged 5 years and then they get a permanent post or not.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Croatia	EU median
Professional judges	42,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	155,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,7	3,1

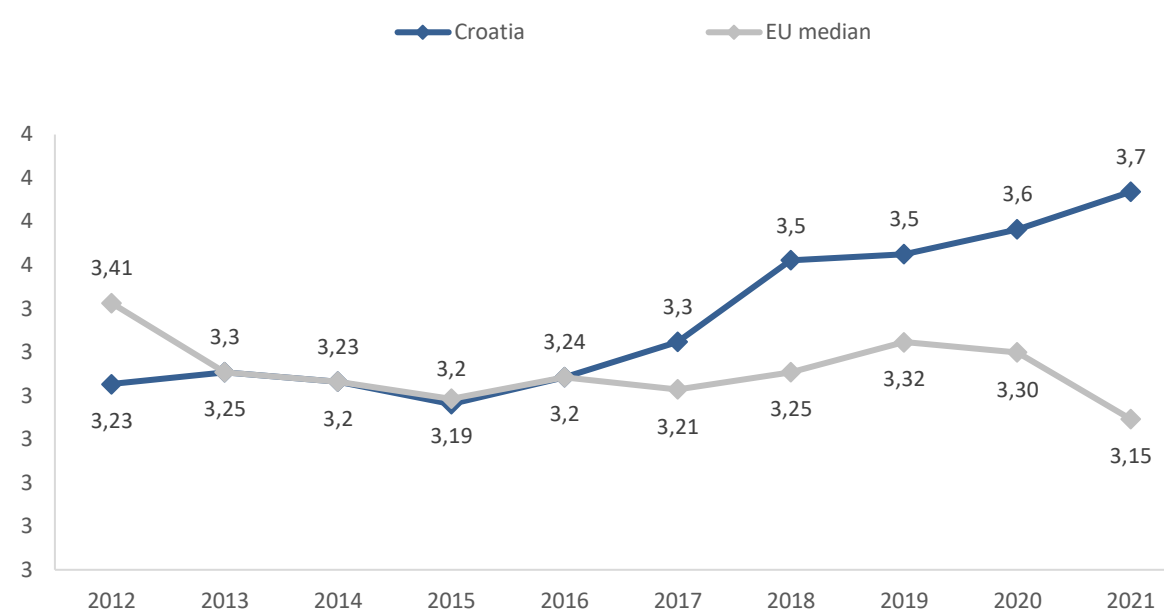
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.		Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Croatia	Croatia	Croatia	EU median	Croatia	EU median
2012	45,3	146,3	3,23	3,4		
2013	45,0	146,5	3,3	3,3		
2014	44,4	143,4	3,2	3,2		
2015	44,5	141,5	3,2	3,2		
2016	43,3	140,3	3,2	3,2		
2017	43,2	143,7	3,3	3,2		
2018	40,7	143,0	3,5	3,3		
2019	41,4	146,1	3,5	3,3		
2020	40,7	145,8	3,6	3,3		
2021	42,4	155,7	3,7	3,1		

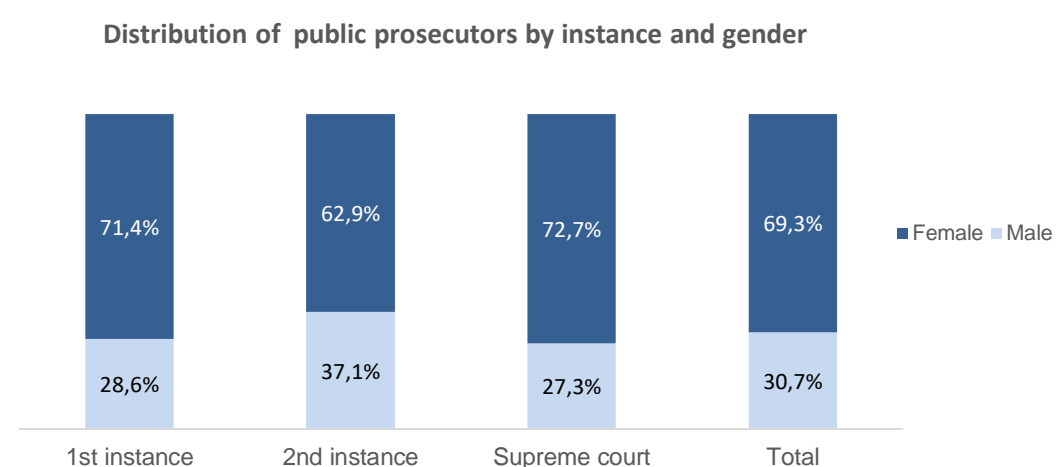
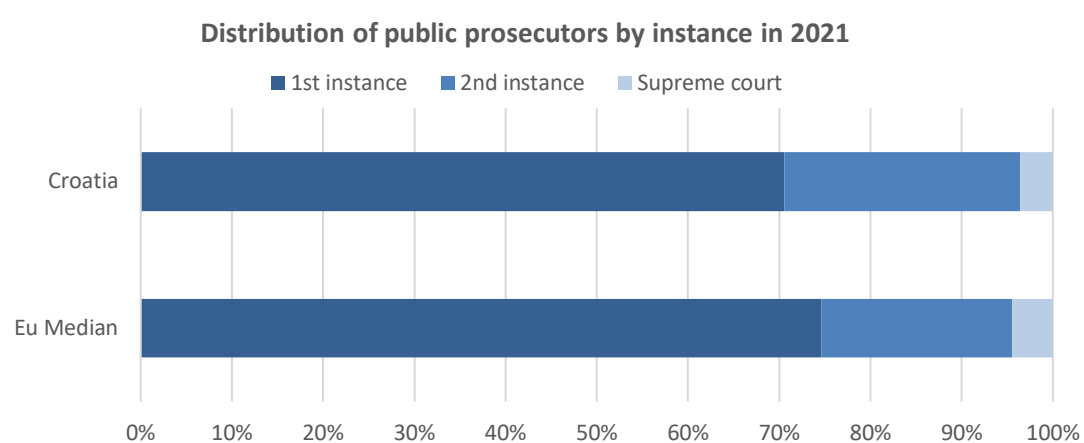
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	434	70,6%	124	310	28,6%	71,4%
2nd instance	159	25,9%	59	100	37,1%	62,9%
Supreme court	22	3,6%	6	16	27,3%	72,7%
Total	615		189	426	30,7%	69,3%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 426, which represents 69.3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 434 in first instance (of which 310 are Female); 159 are in second instance (of which 100 are Female) and 22 in final instance (of which 16 are Female).

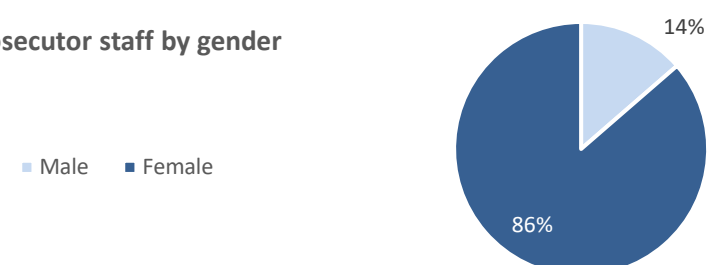
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that the provided data encompasses all officials in the public prosecutors' offices, including heads of the public prosecutors' offices (the Public Prosecutor of the Republic of Croatia, county and municipal public prosecutors, the head of the Bureau for Combating Corruption and Organised Crime) and all public prosecutors deputies. The number of prosecutors at the first instance level includes all municipal public prosecutors, their deputies, as well as the head of the Bureau for Combating Corruption and Organised Crime and his deputies. The number of prosecutors at the second instance (court of appeal) level includes all county public prosecutors and their deputies. The number of prosecutors at the Supreme Court level includes the Public Prosecutor and his deputies.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that there is a majority of female prosecutors, in total (69.3%) and in each of the instances.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	1 137	155	982

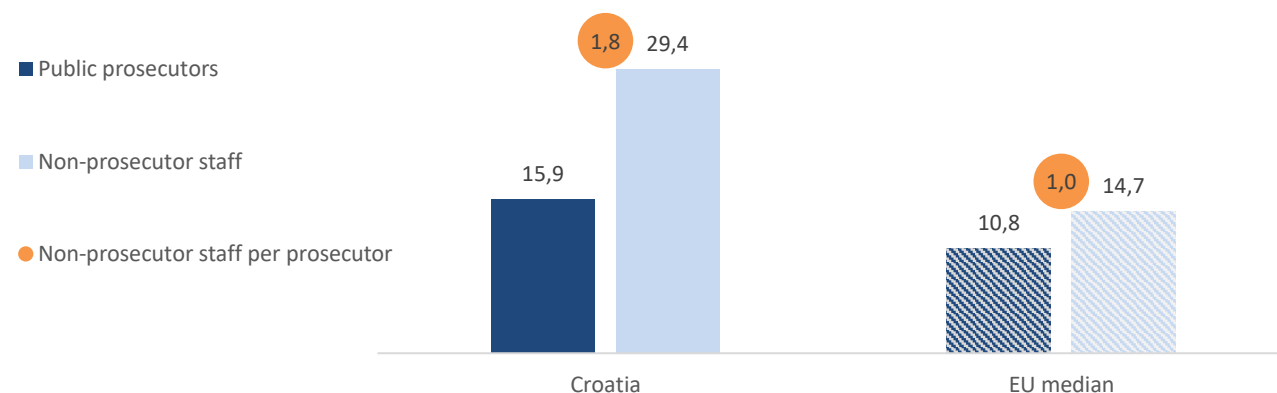
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

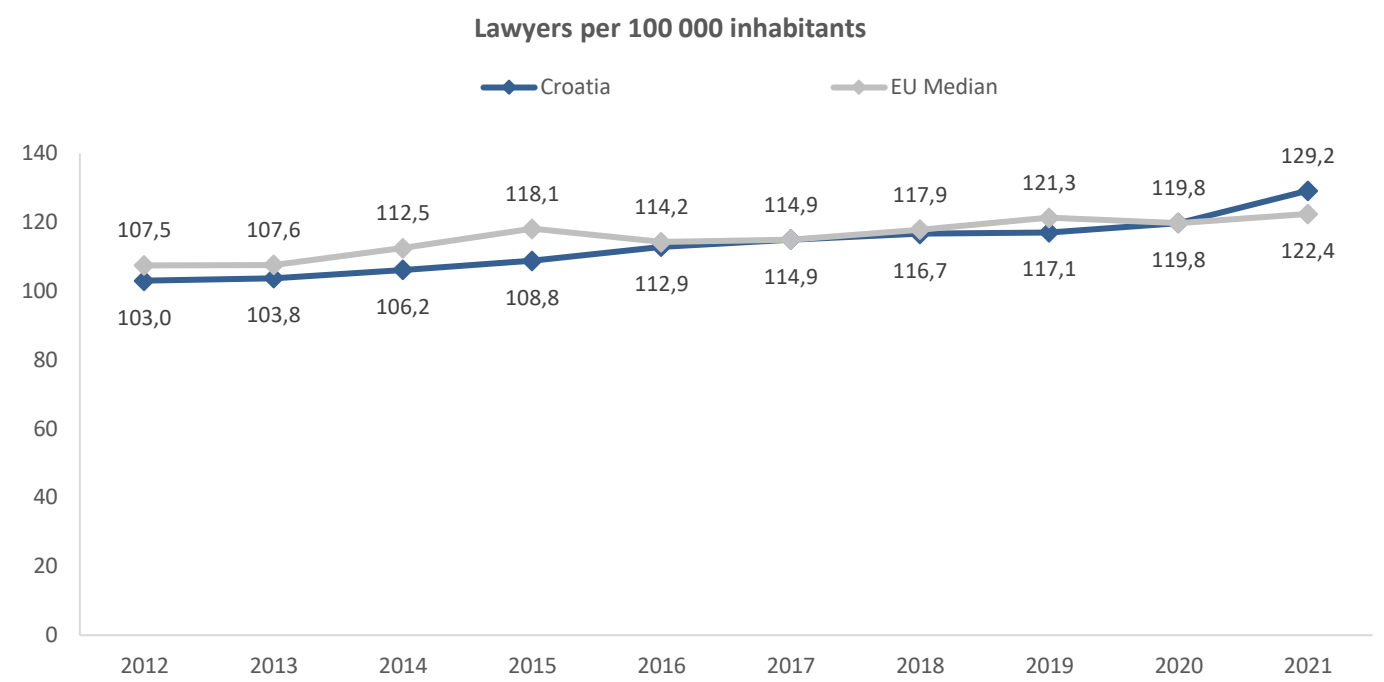
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Croatia	EU median
Public prosecutors	15,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	29,4	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,8	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Croatia	Croatia	EU Median
2012	4 392	103,0	107,5
2013	4 408	103,8	107,6
2014	4 487	106,2	112,5
2015	4 560	108,8	118,1
2016	4 690	112,9	114,2
2017	4 719	114,9	114,9
2018	4 756	116,7	117,9
2019	4 752	117,1	121,3
2020	4 835	119,8	119,8
2021	5 002	129,2	122,4

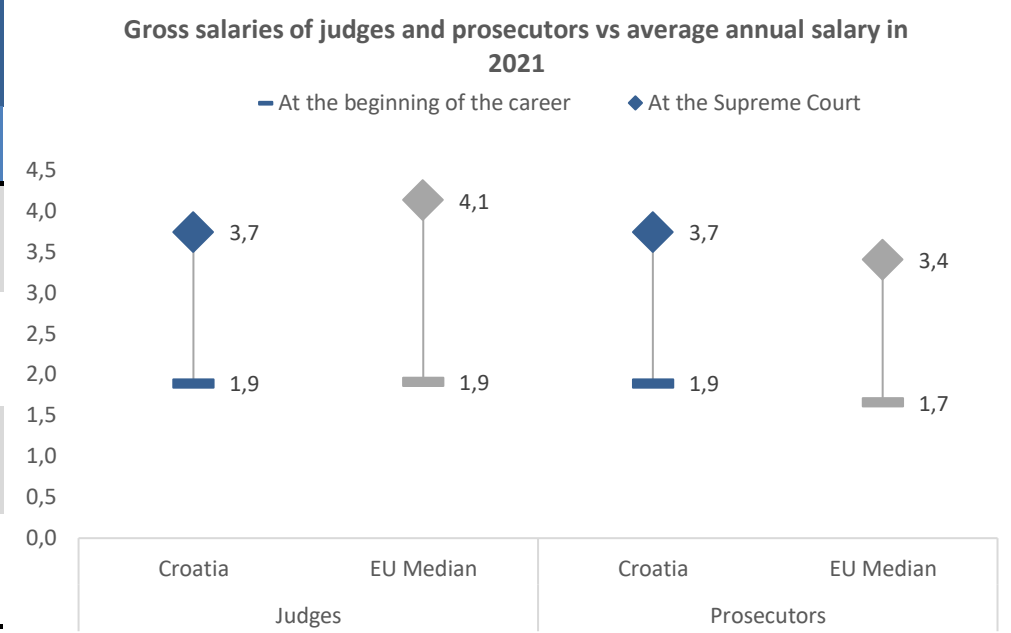


In 2021, there are 5 002 lawyers, which is 3% more than in 2020.
There are 2 206 female lawyers which is 44% of the total.

Croatia has 129.2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122.4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Croatia		Croatia	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	29 020€	19 244€	1,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	57 318€	36 539€	3,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	29 020€	19 244€	1,9	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	57 318€	36 539€	3,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Croatia of 29 020€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1.9, which corresponds to the EU median.

Salaries of judges and other judicial officials are determined by multiplying the base for calculating the salary by the coefficient for a particular official, which are proscribed by the Judges' and other Judicial Officials' Salaries Act (Official Gazette No. 10/99, 25/00, 01/01, 30/01, 59/01, 114/01, 116/01, 64/02, 153/02, 154/02, 17/04, 08/06, 142/06, 34/07, 134/07, 146/08, 155/08, 39/09, 155/09, 14/11, 154/11, 12/12, 143/12, 100/14, 147/14, 120/16, 16/19). Determined salaries are increased by 0.5% for each completed year of service, by a maximum of 20%.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Croatia (2021 data)

In Croatia, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Exemption from court fees in other than criminal cases is one of the forms of secondary legal aid proscribed by the Law on Legal Aid and it may be granted in proceedings related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

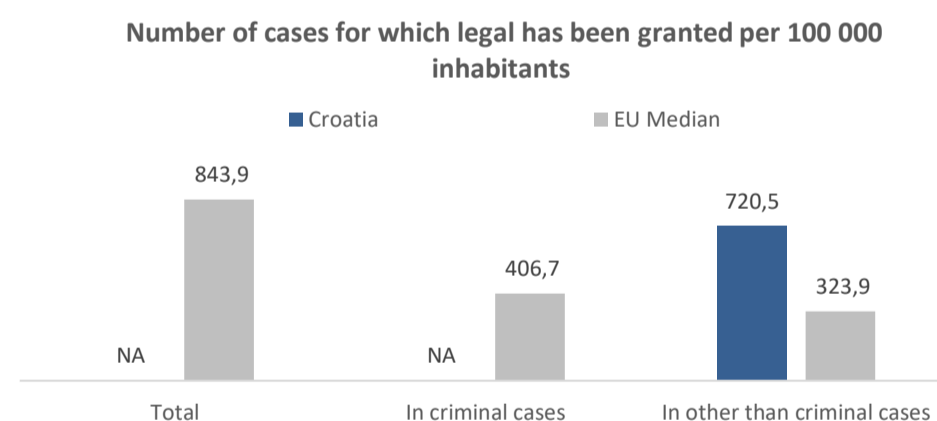
The situation changed few times in the last years. While till 2014, the exemption from payment of court fees could be granted in all judicial proceedings, including enforcement procedures and security procedures, due to changes in the Legal Aid Act in 2014, there was no more this possibility, to finally again reinstall it again in 2016 Free Legal Aid Act (Official Gazette 143/13) and allow to grant legal aid for the fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Exemption from court-proceeding-expenses in other than criminal cases also includes exemption from payment costs of witnesses, expert witnesses, court-sworn translators, costs of site visits and court advertisements. The exemption from payment of litigation costs depends on the material conditions and the type of procedure.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	27 896	2 946	24 950

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Croatia	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	720,5	323,9



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 15
- Actual average duration: NA

According to the provisions of the Criminal procedure Act (OG 152/08, 76/09, 80/11, 121/11, 91/12, 143/12, 56/13, 145/13, 152/14, 70/17, 126/19, 126/19), the defendant submits a reasoned request to be granted legal aid on budget charges to the State Attorney processing the indictment or to the court upon submission the indictment. The decision to grant legal aid against budgetary resources shall be decided by a reasoned decision of the State Attorney or the President of the Council or an individual judge. An appeal against the decision of the State Attorney shall be decided by the investigating judge, while an appeal against the decision of the President of the Council or the individual judge shall be decided by the Council.

Where the defendant has made a request for legal aid against budgetary resources, the administering authority shall not be authorised to take action in which the defendant has the right to participate or decide on the legal remedy or remedy submitted, before deciding on the validity of the request of the defendant for the appointment of the defence counsel against budgetary resources or before the appointment of the defence counsel against budgetary resources, unless those actions are not subject to delay. The administering authority shall provide the appointed defence with adequate time to prepare the defence.

4. Performance of courts in Croatia (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

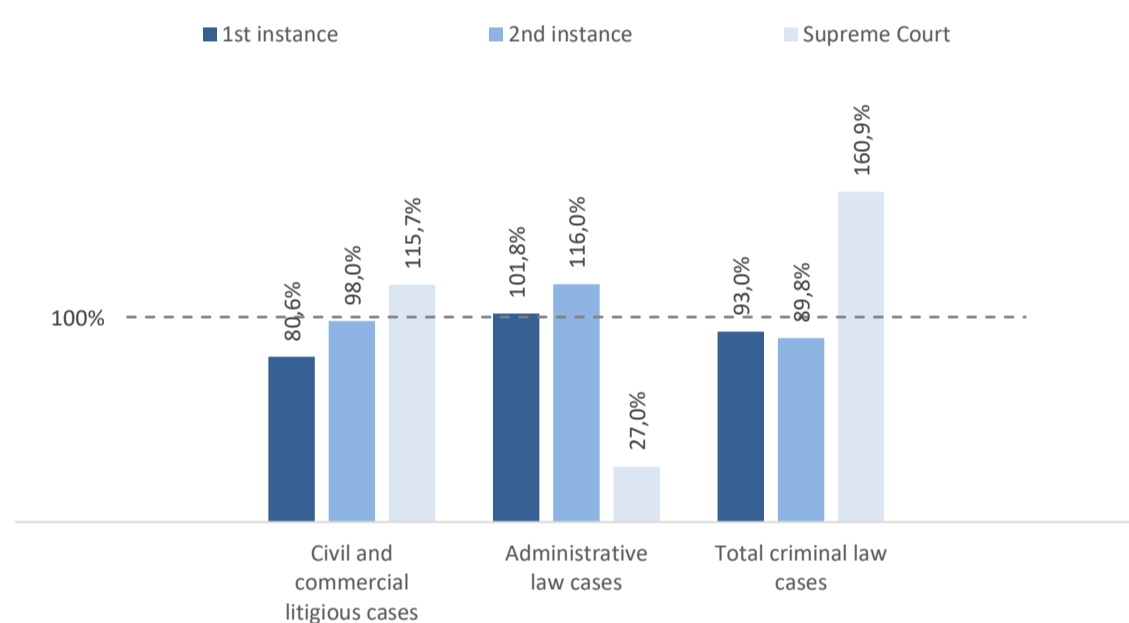
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

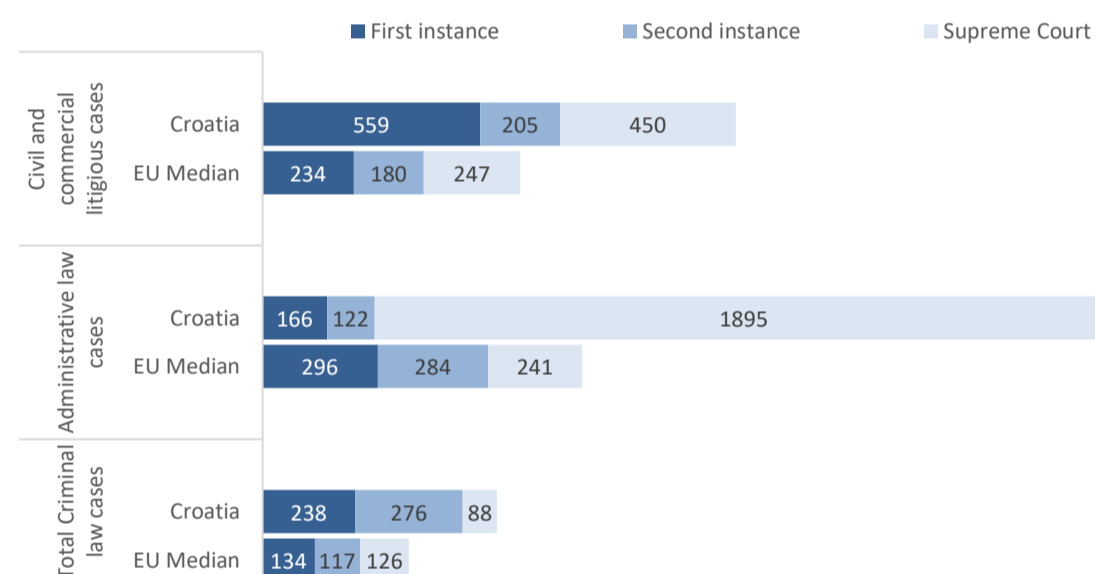
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	80,6%	102,5%	101,8%	101,7%	93,0%	100,0%
	2nd instance	98,0%	100,4%	116,0%	96,8%	89,8%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	115,7%	98,9%	27,0%	100,4%	160,9%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	559	234	166	296	238	134
	2nd instance	205	180	122	284	276	117
	Supreme Court	450	232	1895	241	88	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In Croatia, criminal law cases at the third instance were solved faster than other types of cases in 2021 (with a Disposition Time of 88 days, which is less than the EU Median of 126 days). They also had the Highest Clearance rate (160.9%). This can be notably explained by a decrease of incoming criminal law cases at third instance in 2021 following the establishment of the High Criminal Court on 1st of January 2021, which took over part of the previous Supreme Court's jurisdiction.

Regarding civil and commercial litigious cases, the third instance was the most efficient with a clearance rate of 115.7% (while both first and second instance had clearance rates below 100%; respectively 80.6% and 98%).

For both civil and commercial litigious cases and administrative law cases, the second instance was the fastest one, with the smaller Disposition Times (205 days for civil and commercial litigious cases and 122 days for administrative law cases).

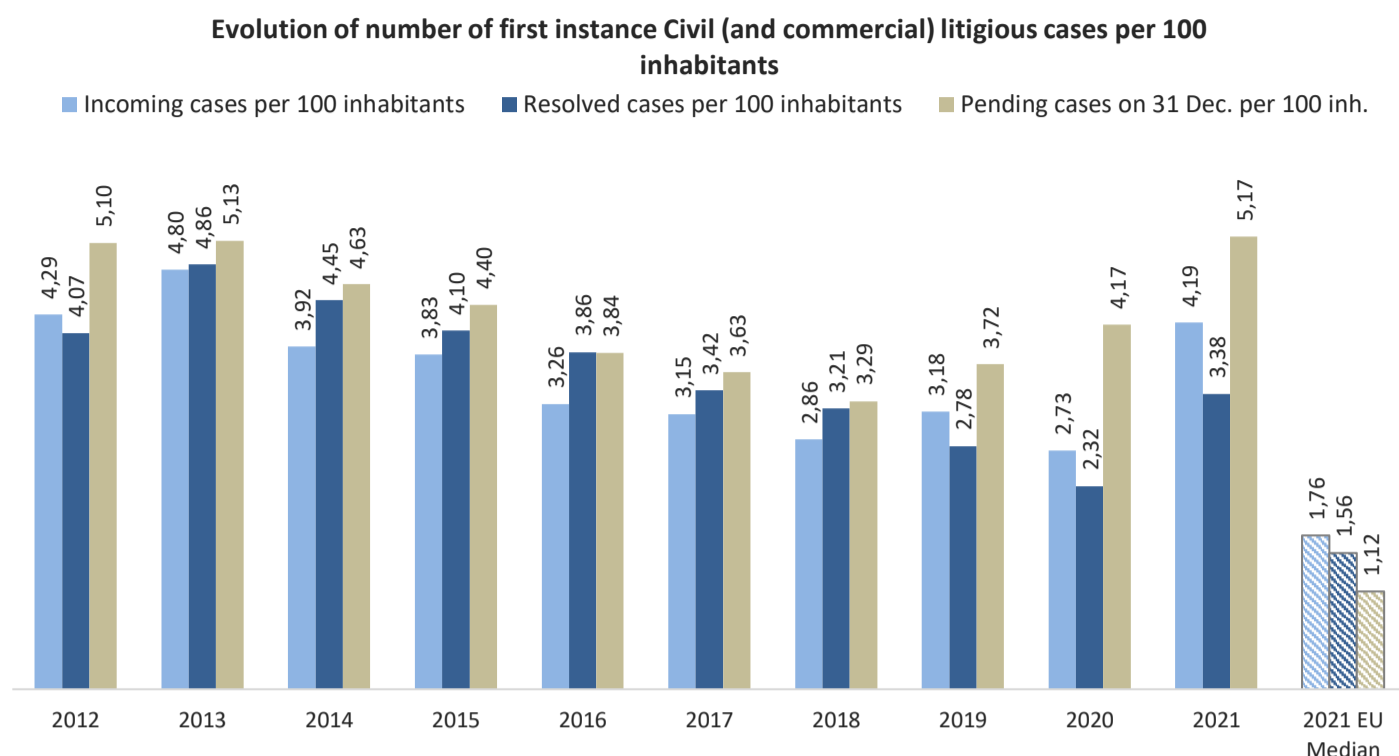
It is to be taken in consideration regarding the low Clearance Rate (27%) and high Disposition Time (1895 days) for administrative cases in third instance that the calculation is made on small numbers due to the small number of cases.

In Croatia in 2021, the total Disposition Times were longer than the EU Medians for the three types of cases (civil and commercial litigious cases, administrative law cases and criminal law cases).

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	4,29	4,07	5,10
2013	4,80	4,86	5,13
2014	3,92	4,45	4,63
2015	3,83	4,10	4,40
2016	3,26	3,86	3,84
2017	3,15	3,42	3,63
2018	2,86	3,21	3,29
2019	3,18	2,78	4,17
2020	2,73	2,32	4,17
2021	4,19	3,38	5,17
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



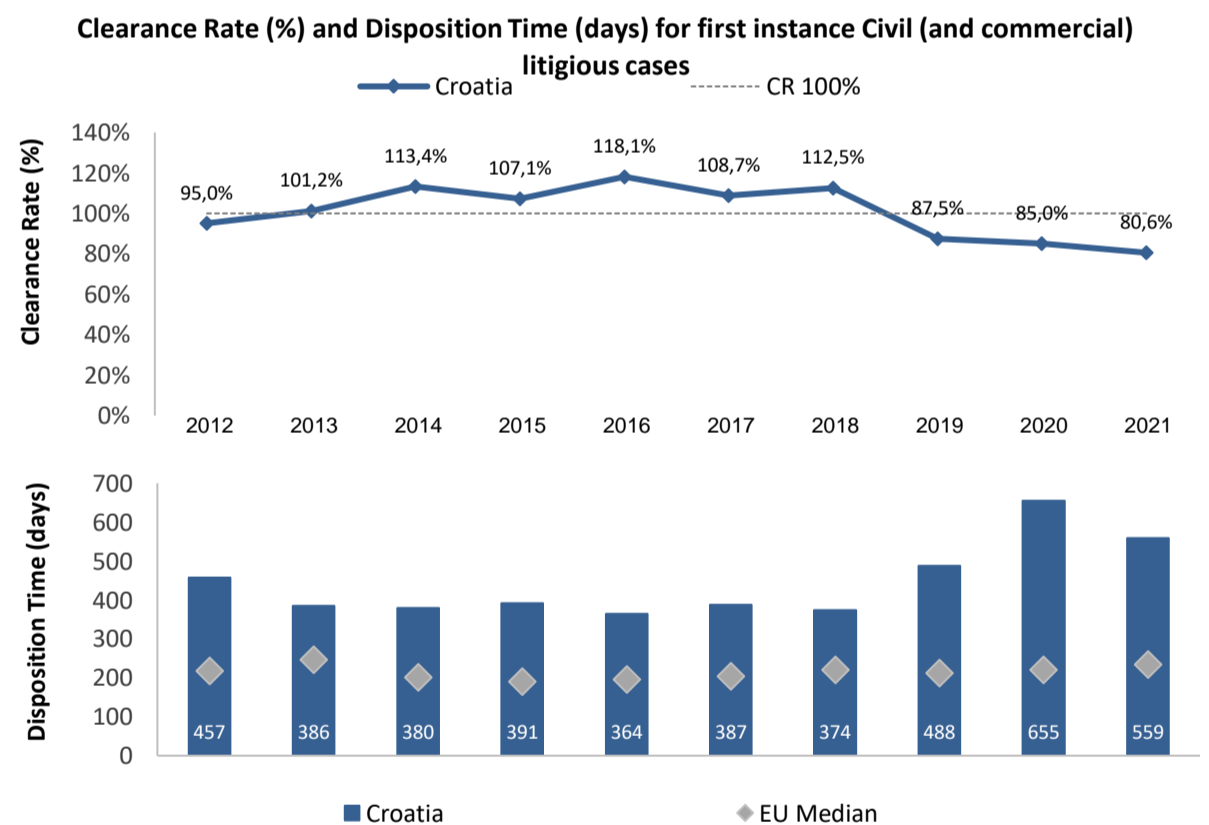
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Croatia (4.19 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1.76 per 100 inhabitants). Between 2020 and 2021, there was an increase of incoming civil and commercial cases caused by the receipt of a large number of civil cases, namely lawsuits in labor disputes due to payment based on rights arising from the collective agreement, which occurred in the first quarter of 2021 and continued, to a somewhat lesser extent, throughout the rest of the year. Also there was an increase of the number of incoming enforcement cases that courts received during the last quarter of 2021, which was caused by a change of legislative framework in September 2021.

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Croatia (3.38 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1.56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Croatia (5.17 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1.12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
2012	95,0%	100,4%	457	218
2013	101,2%	101,2%	386	247
2014	113,4%	101,8%	380	201
2015	107,1%	102,3%	391	190
2016	118,1%	102,0%	364	196
2017	108,7%	101,3%	387	204
2018	112,5%	101,2%	374	220
2019	87,5%	99,9%	488	213
2020	85,0%	98,5%	655	221
2021	80,6%	102,5%	559	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 80.6% in 2021 Croatia seems to face difficulties in dealing with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 4 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 559 days, which is well above EU median of 234 days.

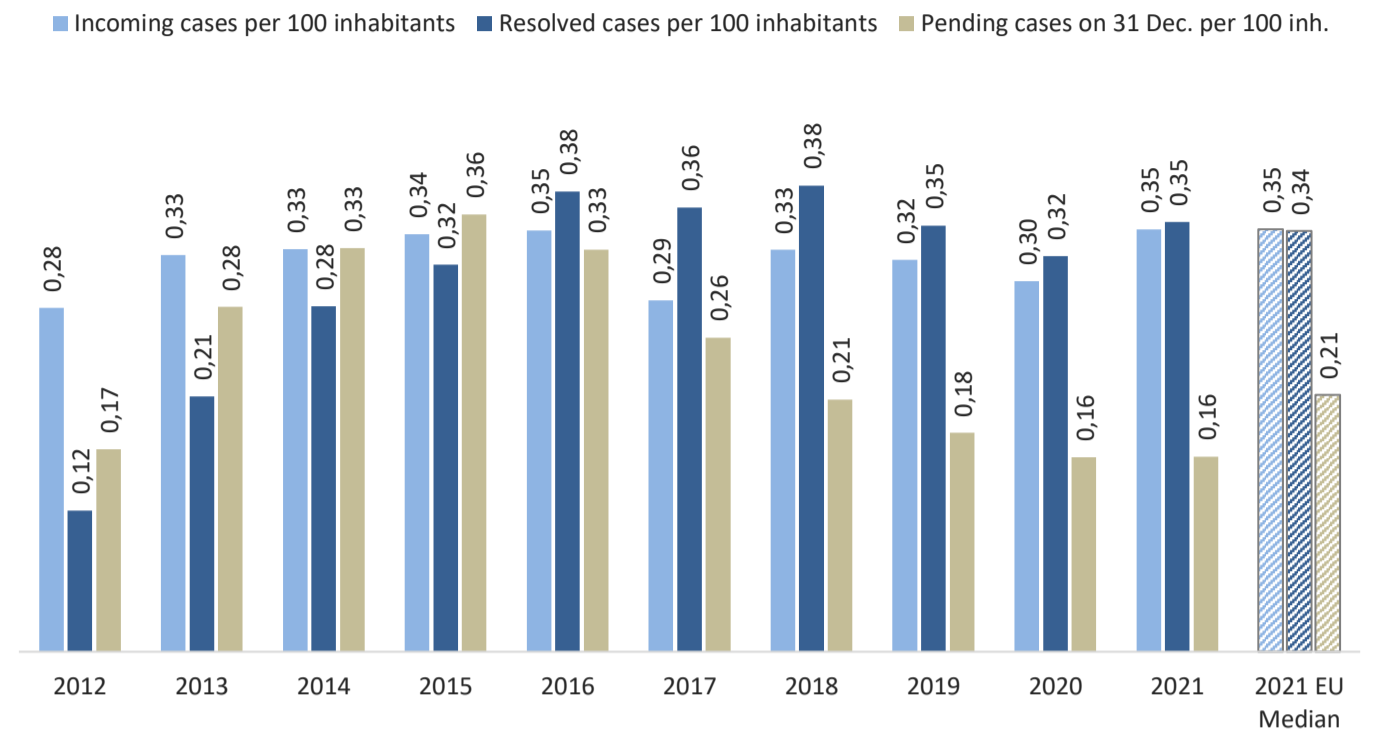
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 15% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,28	0,12	0,17
2013	0,33	0,21	0,28
2014	0,33	0,28	0,33
2015	0,34	0,32	0,36
2016	0,35	0,38	0,33
2017	0,29	0,36	0,26
2018	0,33	0,38	0,21
2019	0,32	0,35	0,18
2020	0,30	0,32	0,16
2021	0,35	0,35	0,16
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Croatia (0.35 per 100 inhabitants) is the EU median.

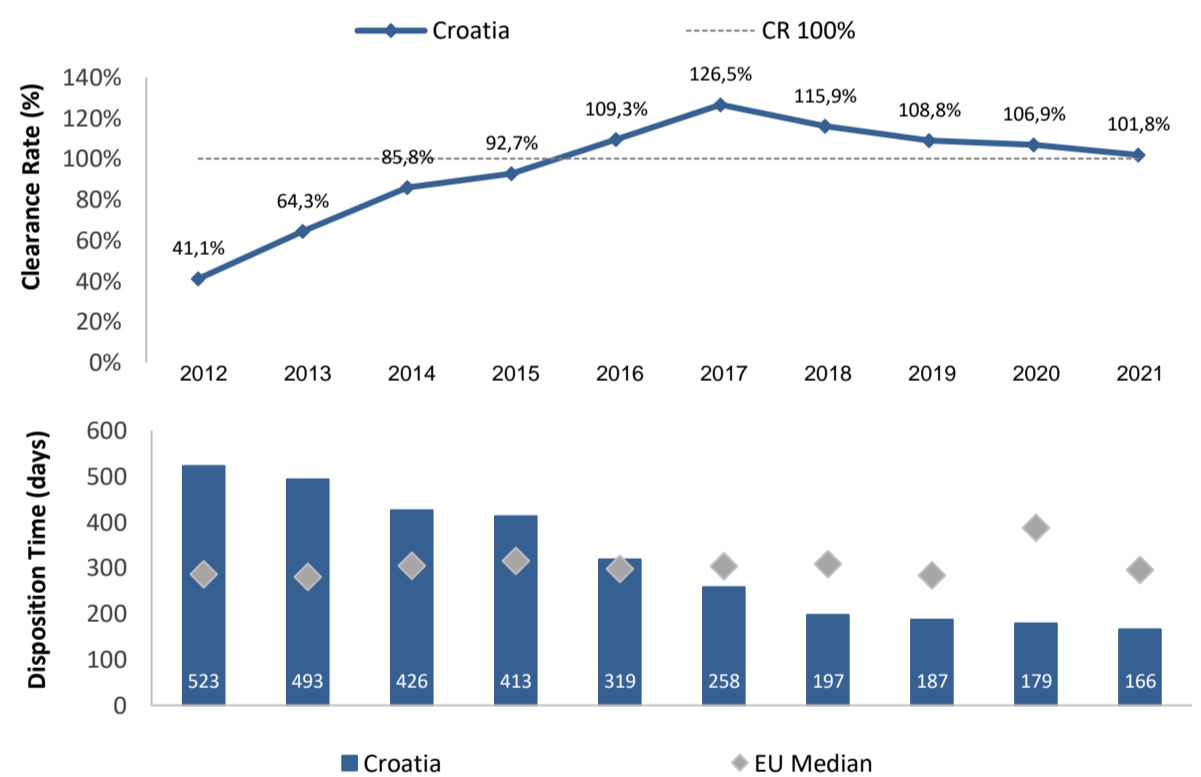
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Croatia (0.35 per 100 inhabitants) is almost the EU median (0.34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Croatia (0.16 per 100 inhabitants) is lower than the EU median (0.21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
2012	41,1%	101,0%	523	286
2013	64,3%	100,3%	493	281
2014	85,8%	99,6%	426	305
2015	92,7%	103,7%	413	315
2016	109,3%	103,0%	319	297
2017	126,5%	102,1%	258	303
2018	115,9%	99,7%	197	308
2019	108,8%	102,1%	187	284
2020	106,9%	100,1%	179	388
2021	101,8%	101,7%	166	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101.8% in 2021 Croatia seems to be able to deal with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 5 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 166 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 296 days.

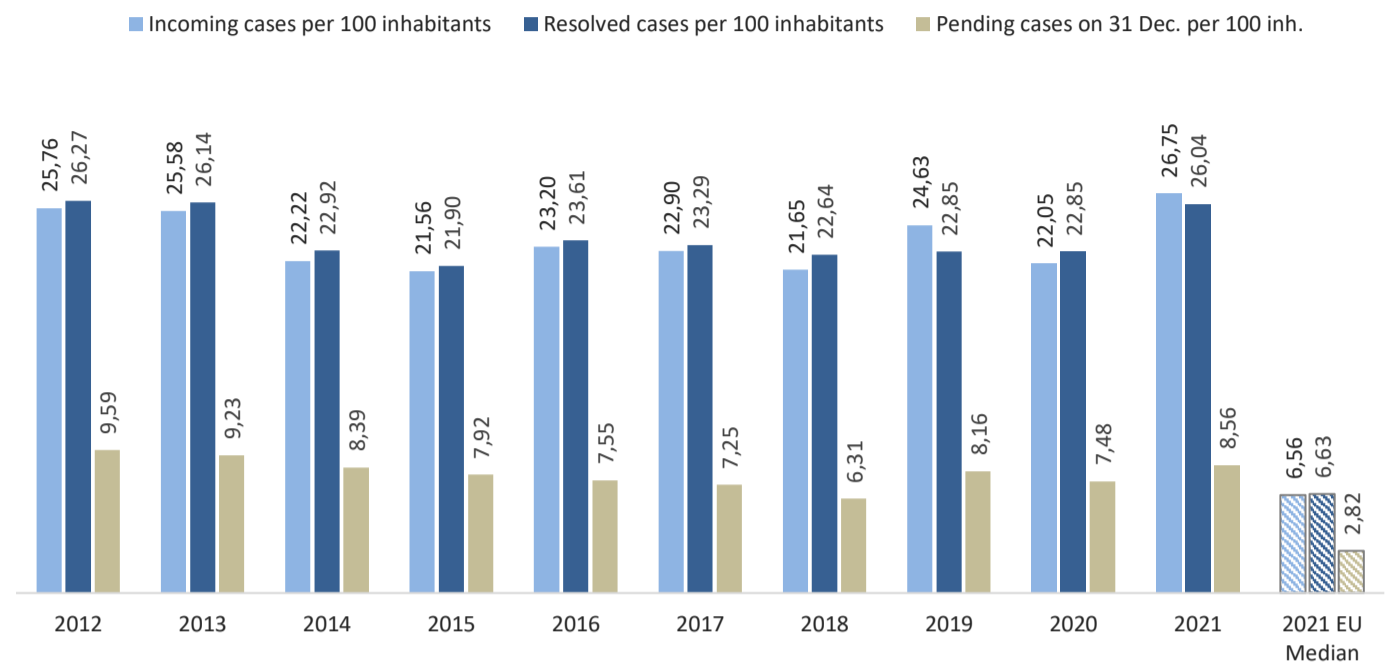
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	25,76	26,27	9,59
2013	25,58	26,14	9,23
2014	22,22	22,92	8,39
2015	21,56	21,90	7,92
2016	23,20	23,61	7,55
2017	22,90	23,29	7,25
2018	21,65	22,64	6,31
2019	24,63	22,85	8,16
2020	22,05	22,85	7,48
2021	26,75	26,04	8,56
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Croatia (26.75 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6.56 per 100 inhabitants).

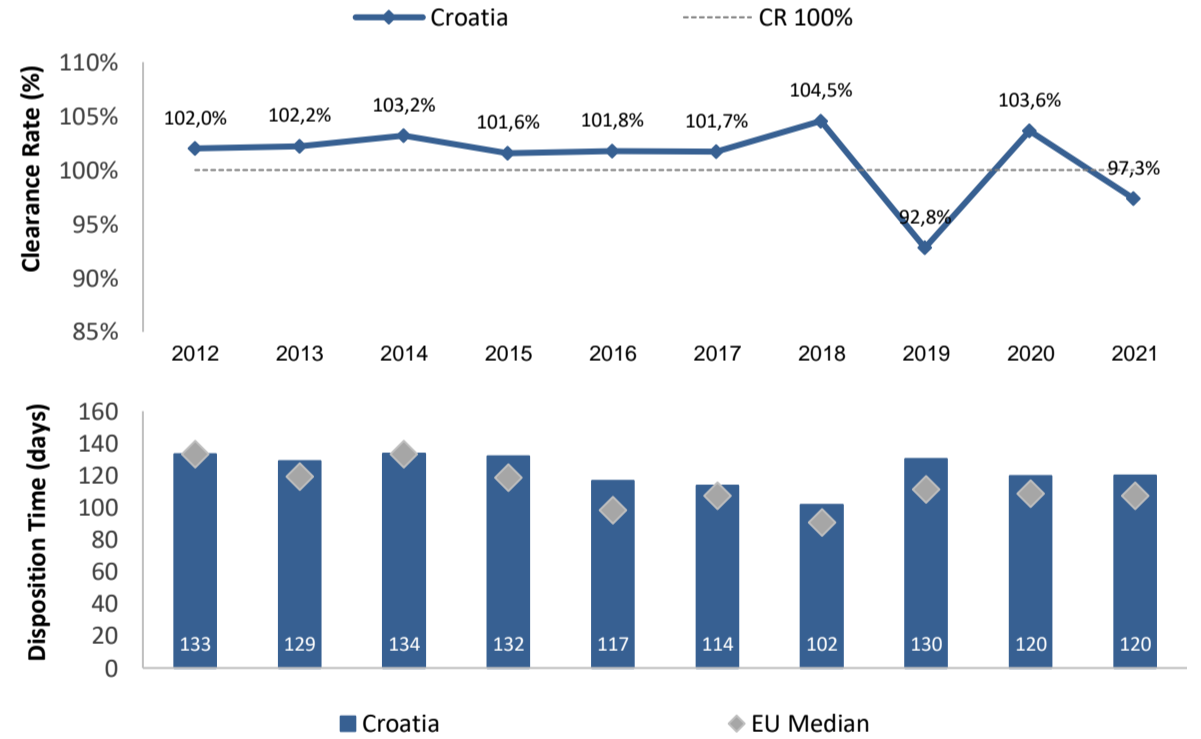
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Croatia (26.04 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6.63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Croatia (8.56 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2.82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
2012	102,0%	100,5%	133	133
2013	102,2%	100,7%	129	119
2014	103,2%	101,9%	134	133
2015	101,6%	101,0%	132	119
2016	101,8%	101,5%	117	98
2017	101,7%	100,6%	114	107
2018	104,5%	100,6%	102	91
2019	92,8%	99,8%	130	111
2020	103,6%	98,7%	120	109
2021	97,3%	101,2%	120	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97.3% in 2021 Croatia seems to face minor challenges to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 6 points.

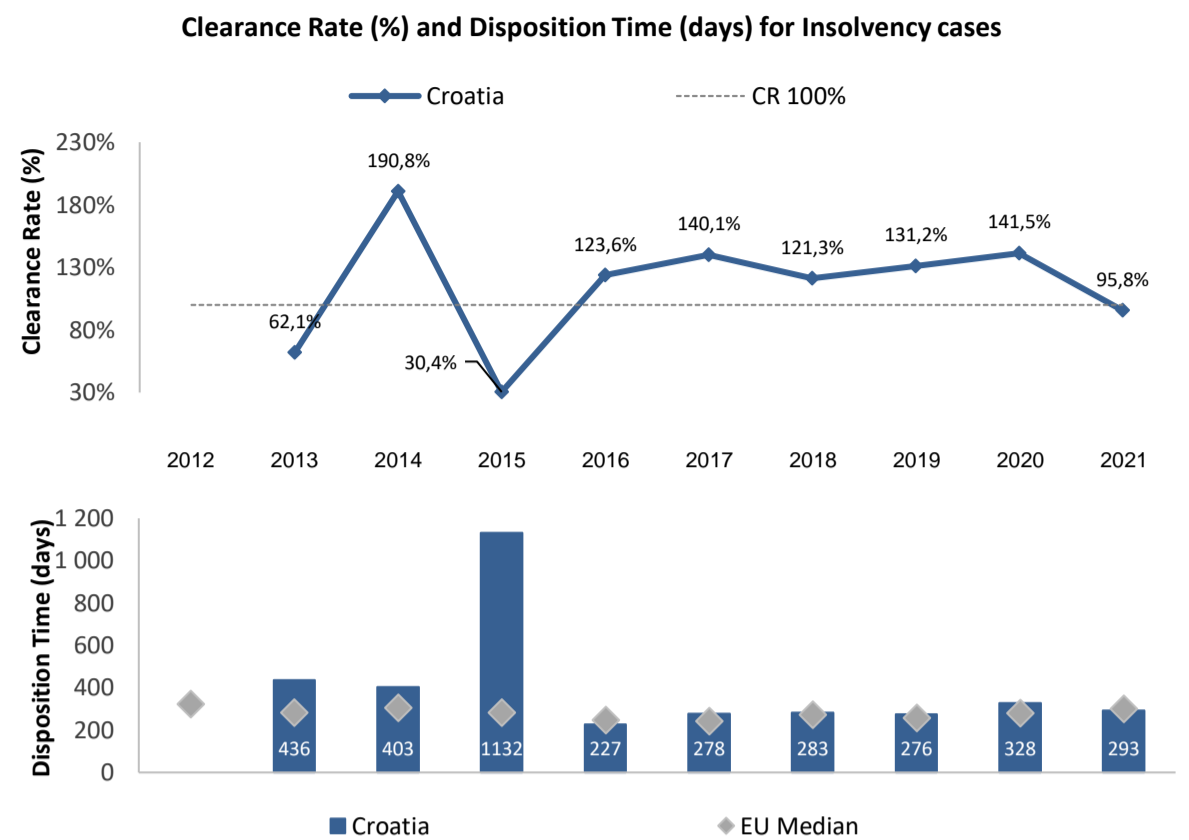
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 120 days, which is slightly above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals no variation of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	62,1%	89,6%	436	282
2014	190,8%	96,9%	403	304
2015	30,4%	104,5%	1132	282
2016	123,6%	102,0%	227	246
2017	140,1%	103,6%	278	243
2018	121,3%	101,5%	283	271
2019	131,2%	101,2%	276	258
2020	141,5%	109,7%	328	281
2021	95,8%	103,3%	293	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95.8% in 2021 Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 46 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 293 days, which is slightly below EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 11% decrease of the Disposition Time.

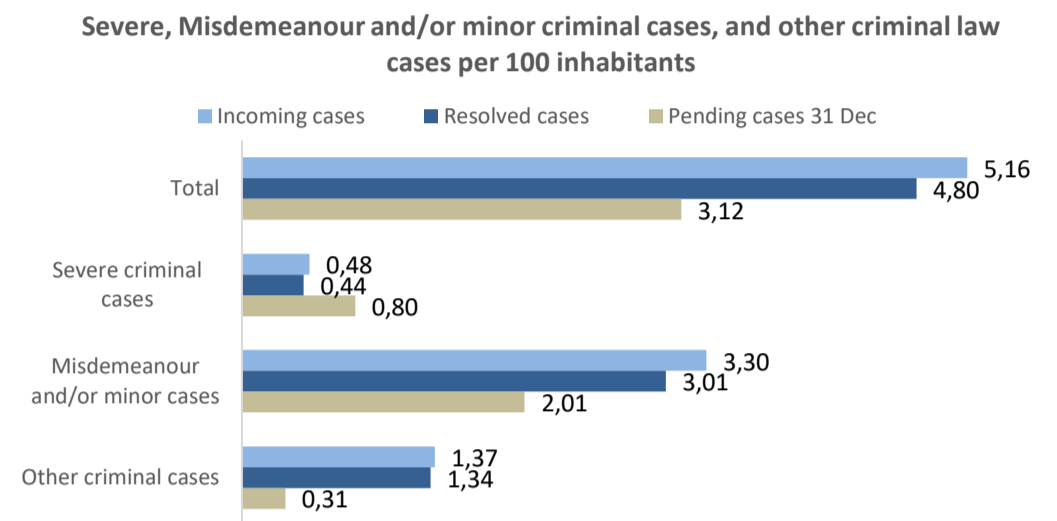
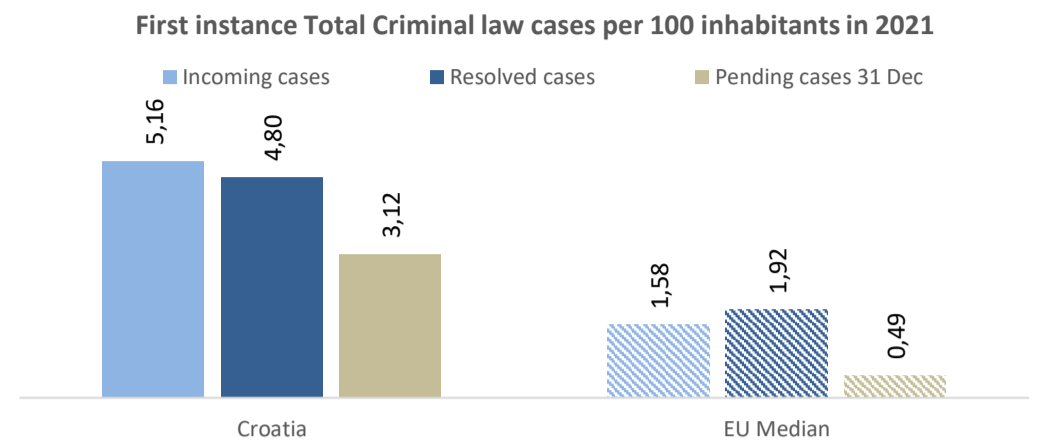
Between 2020 and 2021, there was an increase of incoming insolvency cases because from April 2020 until October 2020, due to the Covid-19 pandemic, a special law was in force (Law on intervention measures in foreclosure and bankruptcy proceedings for the duration of special circumstances) and there were no incoming bankruptcy and enforcement cases in courts.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	105 697	199 693	185 708	120 976
Severe criminal cases	29 337	18 640	17 039	31 164
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	65 651	127 909	116 684	77 865
Other criminal cases	10 709	53 144	51 985	11 947

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2,73	5,16	4,80	3,12
Severe criminal cases	0,76	0,48	0,44	0,80
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	1,70	3,30	3,01	2,01
Other criminal cases	0,28	1,37	1,34	0,31



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Croatia (5,16 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

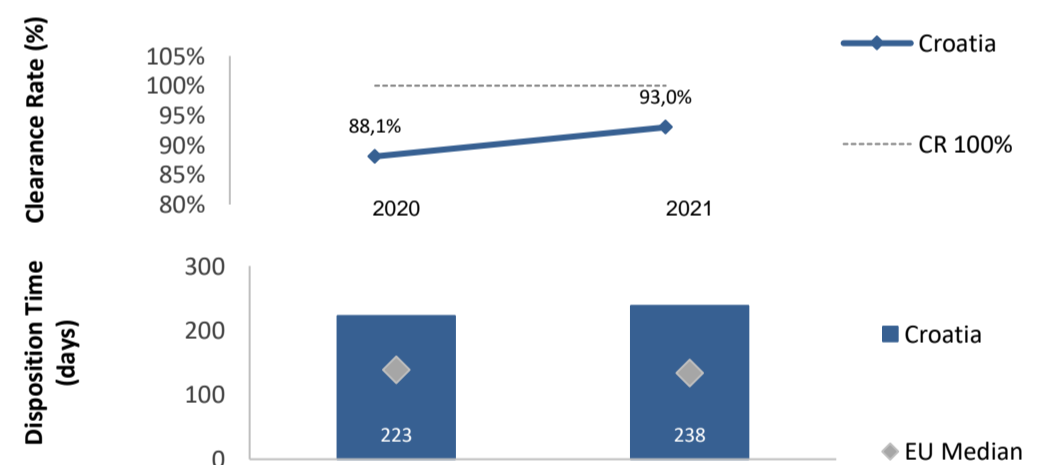
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Croatia (4,80 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Croatia (3,12 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Croatia	EU Median	Croatia	EU Median
2020	88,1%	95,2%	223	139
2021	93,0%	100,0%	238	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 93% in 2021 Croatia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 238 days, which is significantly above EU median of 134 days.

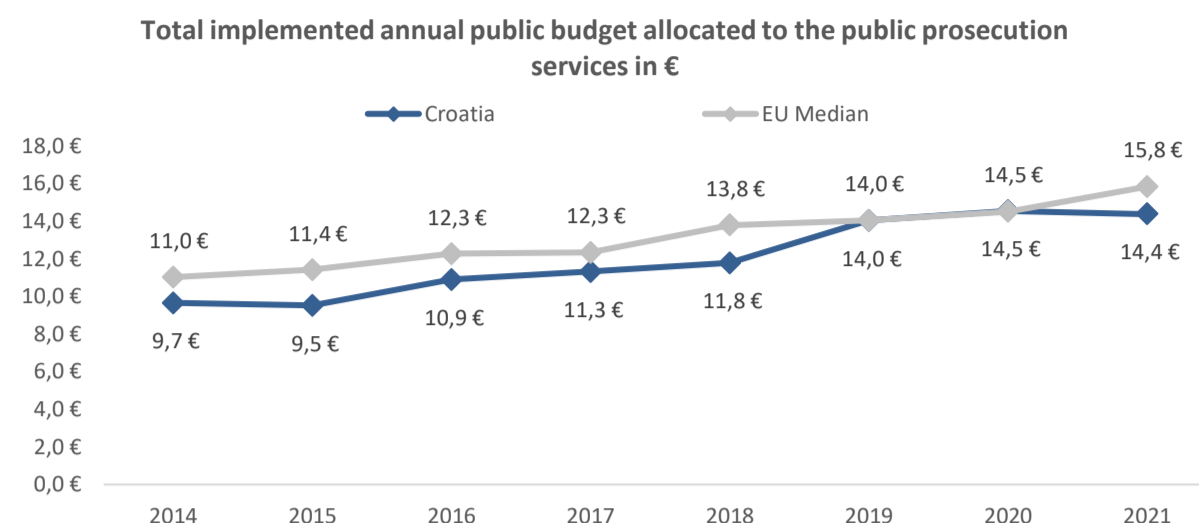
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 7% increase of the Disposition Time.

In category "Other criminal cases" are included (from last cycle) cases related to criminal matters in first instance: execution of sanctions (imprisonment), investigation actions of a judge, cases connected to procedural matters (e.g. panel of judges decision about detention, about prolongation of detention, about confirmation or dismissal of indictment, etc.)

5. Public prosecution services in Croatia (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Croatia	Croatia	EU Median
2014	40 782 068 €	9,7 €	11,0 €
2015	39 923 058 €	9,5 €	11,4 €
2016	45 263 844 €	10,9 €	12,3 €
2017	46 524 690 €	11,3 €	12,3 €
2018	48 003 998 €	11,8 €	13,8 €
2019	57 004 436 €	14,0 €	14,0 €
2020	58 715 444 €	14,5 €	14,5 €
2021	55 703 867 €	14,4 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Croatia	Croatia	EU Median
2018	291 894 €	0,1 €	0,018 €
2019	318 304 €	0,078 €	0,029 €
2020	37 892 €	0,009 €	0,011 €
2021	124 581 €	0,032 €	0,022 €

Between 2020 and 2021 there was a significant increase in the budget approved and implemented for the training of public prosecution services because during the Covid pandemic in 2020 trainings were not held.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Croatia	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Croatia	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	52 201	▲ 7,4%		1,35	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	41 100	▲ 2,9%		1,06	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	40 170	▲ 18,8%		1,04	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	16 953	▲ 17,7%		0,44	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP		NAP	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	3 903	▼ -38,9%		0,10	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	19 314	▲ 4,5%		0,50	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	53 009	▲ 1,5%		1,37	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

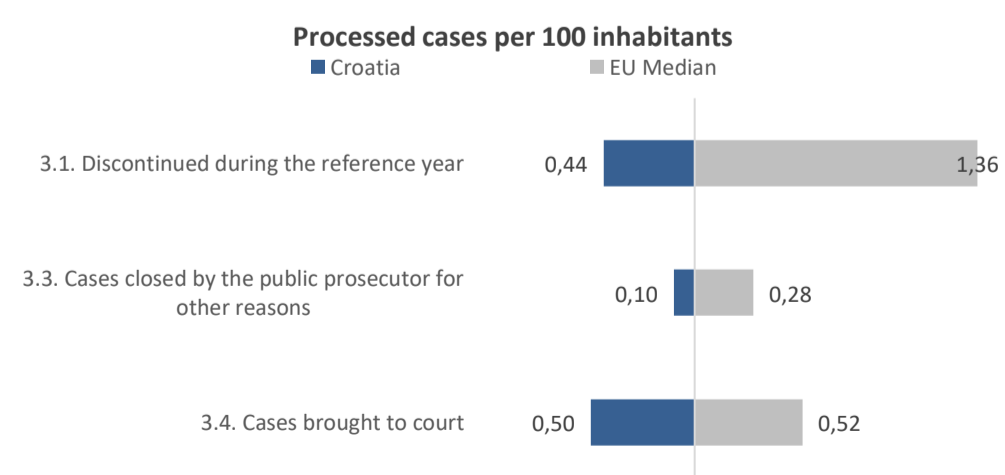
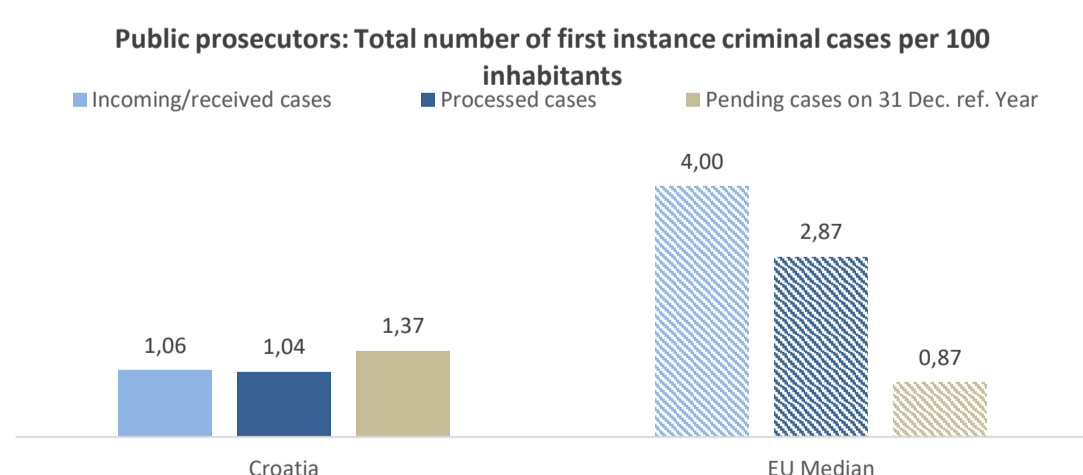
Source of information: Report of the Chief State Attorney of the Republic of Croatia on the work of State Attorney's offices in 2021

3.1. the total number of cases completed by adopting a decision rejecting criminal charges or a decision terminating the investigation is presented, however, statistical data are not kept by categories requested in the table

3.1.3. There was 523 discontinued cases by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity (data covers juvenile perpetrators only because data in relation to other perpetrators is not available).

Discontinued for other reasons: cases can be discontinued for reasons such as circumstances which exclude guilt, the fact that there is no reasonable suspicion that the suspect committed particular criminal offence, in the case when criminal complaint is not credible. The reason for discontinuing the case can be if the data in the criminal complaint indicate the conclusion that the complaint is not credible.

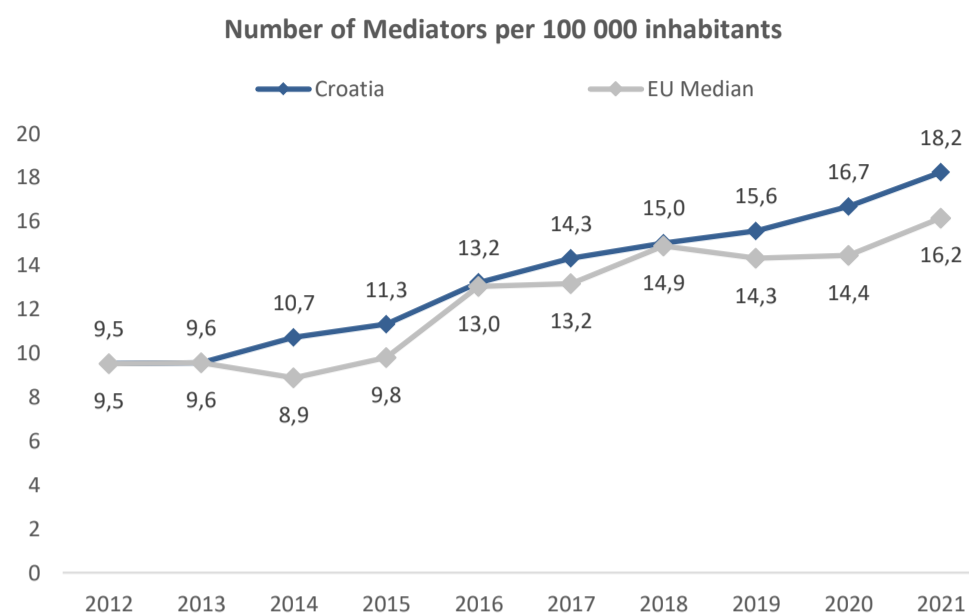
Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons: cases can be closed for reasons such as the existence of circumstances that preclude the guilt of the defendant or there is no evidence that the defendant committed the offence. Other reasons: If the data in the criminal complaint indicate the conclusion that the application is not credible.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Croatia (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Croatia	Croatia	EU Median
2012	406	9,5	9,5
2013	406	9,6	9,6
2014	453	10,7	8,9
2015	474	11,3	9,8
2016	549	13,2	13,0
2017	588	14,3	13,2
2018	612	15,0	14,9
2019	632	15,6	14,3
2020	673	16,7	14,4
2021	706	18,2	16,2



In 2021, there are 706 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 18.2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 4.9%.

Number of court related mediations

The number of court related mediations is not available (NA) for Croatia in 2021.

7. ICT tools of courts in Croatia (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No	
Justice expenses management	0% (NAP)	No	No	
Other	0% (NAP)	No	No	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	0% (NAP)	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Croatia (2021 data)

In Croatia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

According to the Courts Act (Official Gazette, No. 28/13, 33/15, 82/15, 67/18), the president of the court evaluates the work of every judge according to Framework Criteria for the work of judges in the period of one year following the standards on the number of judgements delivered by a judge compared with the number of judgements that should have been delivered, according to the Framework Criteria for the work of judges, result of work in different kinds of cases, respecting deadlines in delivery of judgements and drafting of judgements, quality of judgements on the grounds of expressed remedies in legal actions and other activities of judges.

Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister of Justice on the proposal of the General Assembly of Supreme Court. The Criteria prescribe the number of decisions that need to be rendered every year by a judge.

According to the State Attorney Office Act (Official Gazette, No. 67/18), State Attorneys' and Deputy State Attorneys' performance is evaluated every three years according to the following criteria: achieved results in resolving cases (based on the number of cases assigned to work on the basis of the Framework Criteria for the Work of Deputy State Attorneys and the average work results of county or municipal state attorney's offices for the previous three-year period), the quality of decisions and the justified use of legal remedies, proper performance of the state attorney's duty - observance of deadlines during the procedure, other activities of the State Attorney and the Deputy State Attorney, experience in performing the duty of state attorney and compliance of conduct with the Code of Ethics of State Attorneys and Deputy State Attorneys. The Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister in charge of judicial affairs, with the prior opinion of the Chief State Attorney of the Republic of Croatia.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

In Croatia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

According to the Courts Act (Official Gazette, No. 28/13, 33/15, 82/15, 67/18), the president of court supervises accurate performance of court activities in due time. The president of court has a duty to write a report on the performed supervision and its results, as well as on the measures taken, at least once a month. The report has to be inserted into a case file of judicial administration. The president of court is obliged to ensure court efficiency in the resolution of cases, especially when it comes to the resolution of cases the procedure in which lasts more than three years. The president of court, except for the president of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia, has a duty to submit a report on the performed tasks of judicial administration, measures and activities undertaken to improve work and efficiency of the court in the resolution of cases. The report is to be submitted directly to a court of higher instance, to the State Judicial Council and the Ministry in charge for Justice, once a year, at the latest by the 31 March for the previous year.

The president of the Supreme Court submits the report on the state of judiciary to the Croatian Parliament, once a year, at the latest by the 30th April for the previous year. In this yearly report the president of the Supreme Court can report on the state and actions of the judiciary, organizational problems in courts and legislation shortcomings as well as give suggestions for the improvement of the work of courts. The courts use special information systems for the management and operation of the courts' cases, which consist of standard applications, computer and telecommunications equipment and infrastructure, system software and tools and all the data that are entered, stored and transmitted in all of the registers of the system. Through Case Management system it is possible to regularly monitor and evaluate the activity, performance and output of courts for the Ministry of Justice and the courts themselves.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Croatia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

According to the State Attorney's Act (Official Gazette, No. 67/18), a state attorney supervises accurate performance of all state attorney office activities in due time. A state attorney submits reports to the higher state attorney on his state attorney office performance each month and annually and reports on undertaken and planned actions in cases of special state interest or in cases with complex factual or legal issues. The General State Attorney Office submits the report on the status and trends of reported crime in the previous year, on cases related to the protection of property interests of the Republic of Croatia, legal issues in particular areas and a review of the organization and personnel in state attorney organization to the Croatian Parliament, once a year, at the latest by the 30 April for the previous year. In this yearly report, there can be a warning on the state and functioning of the legal system, deficiencies in the legislation and internal affairs of the state attorney's office and suggestions for improving the work.

The state attorney offices use a special information system for the management and operation of the state attorney cases, as an interactive data base in real time. Through the CTS (Case tracking system) it is possible to regularly monitor and evaluate the activity, performance and output of state attorney offices.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	4 105 493	4 076 246	4 058 165	4 036 355	3 871 833	-9,2%	-4,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 290	10 147	10 162	10 425	10 965	11 880	12 593	13 270	12 170	14 773	43,6%	21,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	8	8	-0,3%	-0,3%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	False	False	False	False	False	False		

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									False	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									True	True		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	67	-	1,5%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	51	-	10,9%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	67	65	65	22	22	22	22	30	30	33	-50,7%	10,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	17	-	13,3%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	16	-	-20,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	74	74	74	36	36	36	36	17	17	14	-81,1%	-17,6%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	28,6%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	62	62	62	23	23	23	23	3	3	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-33,3%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	120	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	158	192	203	203	203	203	205	143	143	143	-9,5%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	430 500	415 939	391 722	354 707	331 743	313 783	297 507	257 110	331 188	302 035	-29,8%	-8,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	208 520	220 356	217 927	195 718	184 289	159 981	148 828	133 976	150 832	168 368	-19,3%	11,6%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	161 792	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 713	173 078	127 233	-	-26,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	160 545	131 065	115 879	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	66 192	114 965	77 391	-51,8%	-32,7%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	45 913	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	58 113	49 482	-	-14,9%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	57 484	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	55 990	37 766	-34,3%	-32,5%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 515	3 102	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	2 123	12 076	-	468,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 024	13 693	10 566	8 421	7 278	6 434	-	-11,6%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 951	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 097 909	1 086 228	938 711	903 398	963 825	940 095	882 675	999 495	890 021	1 035 730	-5,7%	16,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	182 693	203 831	165 741	160 537	135 583	129 130	116 412	128 985	110 253	162 358	-11,1%	47,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	759 028	728 522	813 903	799 149	752 833	857 476	767 513	859 964	-	12,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	423 669	269 321	197 352	157 484	183 550	165 077	120 873	197 628	113 184	137 236	-67,6%	21,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	561 676	571 038	630 353	634 072	631 960	659 848	654 329	722 728	-	10,5%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	476 543	472 363	438 089	449 321	490 091	497 577	495 739	519 274	496 119	590 608	23,9%	19,0%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 900	123 587	121 717	140 262	136 495	136 221	140 574	158 210	132 120	-	-16,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 011	13 813	13 942	14 339	14 339	11 816	13 430	13 034	12 255	13 408	11,6%	9,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 993	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 119 696	1 110 269	968 422	917 569	980 816	956 115	922 780	927 384	922 454	1 008 162	-10,0%	9,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	173 631	206 291	187 950	171 980	160 153	140 364	130 931	112 813	93 760	130 784	-24,7%	39,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	768 503	732 299	804 991	800 808	776 278	800 375	815 596	863 733	-	5,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	458 860	284 153	210 569	162 888	185 317	170 317	143 939	149 571	151 148	132 528	-71,1%	-12,3%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	557 934	569 411	619 674	630 491	632 339	650 804	664 448	731 205	-	10,0%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	479 099	484 480	434 210	447 160	479 167	494 181	495 865	510 264	516 191	589 231	23,0%	14,1%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	126 460	123 724	122 251	140 507	136 310	136 474	140 540	148 257	141 974	-	-4,2%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 936	8 885	11 969	13 290	15 672	14 943	15 571	14 178	13 098	13 645	176,4%	4,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 170	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	408 713	391 898	354 707	331 744	313 515	297 507	257 110	331 188	302 035	331 289	-18,9%	9,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	217 582	217 896	195 718	184 289	159 713	148 828	134 271	150 832	168 368	200 356	-7,9%	19,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	145 013	132 430	140 109	138 113	114 418	173 078	127 233	124 739	-	-2,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	126 354	116 233	102 786	97 339	95 943	91 062	65 897	114 965	77 391	82 859	-34,4%	7,1%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	42 227	35 091	44 166	47 051	48 521	58 113	49 842	41 880	-	-16,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	44 709	46 432	55 990	37 766	39 660	-27,8%	5,0%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 955	2 965	2 540	2 157	2 342	2 089	2 123	12 076	2 220	-	-81,6%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 025	13 693	10 566	8 421	7 278	6 434	6 194	-12,5%	-3,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 774	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	102,0%	102,2%	103,2%	101,6%	101,8%	101,7%	104,5%	92,8%	103,6%	97,3%	(4,65)	(6,31)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,0%	101,2%	113,4%	107,1%	118,1%	108,7%	112,5%	87,5%	85,0%	80,6%	(14,49)	(4,49)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	100,5%	98,9%	100,2%	103,1%	93,3%	106,3%	100,4%	-	(5,83)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	108,3%	105,5%	106,7%	103,4%	101,0%	103,2%	119,1%	75,7%	133,5%	96,6%	(11,74)	(36,97)

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,3%	99,7%	98,3%	99,4%	100,1%	98,6%	101,5%	101,2%	-	(0,37)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,5%	102,6%	99,1%	99,5%	97,8%	99,3%	100,0%	98,3%	104,0%	99,8%	(0,77)	(4,28)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	99,7%	100,1%	100,4%	100,2%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	93,7%	107,5%	-	13,75
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	41,1%	64,3%	85,8%	92,7%	109,3%	126,5%	115,9%	108,8%	106,9%	101,8%	60,67	(5,11)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	139,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	133	129	134	132	117	114	102	130	120	120	-10,0%	0,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	457	386	380	391	364	387	374	488	655	559	22,3%	-14,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69	66	64	63	54	79	57	53	-	-7,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101	149	178	218	189	195	167	281	187	228	127,1%	22,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	28	22	26	27	28	33	27	21	-	-23,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	42	32	33	27	32	33	34	40	27	25	-41,3%	-8,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	30	6	-	-80,8%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	523	493	426	413	319	258	197	187	179	166	-68,3%	-7,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	243	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	6 561	6 276	2 946	3 104	1 873	1 756	1 728	1 747	1 856	-	6,2%
---	----	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	---	------

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	2 722	2 591	2 773	2 403	1 902	1 459	1 137	1 144	1 471	-	28,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	2 774	5 664	5 014	19 087	14 621	10 624	8 660	7 114	6 105	-	-14,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 553	7 283	4 384	2 566	2 867	2 798	2 661	2 389	2 455	-	2,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	1 972	2 378	1 603	1 517	1 199	1 119	1 073	1 067	862	-	-19,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	7 628	2 378	20 217	19 021	9 967	9 213	7 175	4 798	8 816	-	83,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	8 493	8 964	4 233	3 797	2 984	2 826	2 640	2 282	2 442	-	7,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	2 103	2 196	1 980	2 018	1 645	1 441	1 072	743	802	-	7,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	4 738	4 538	6 151	23 510	13 964	11 179	9 416	6 787	8 443	-	24,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	6 621	4 595	3 105	1 873	1 756	1 728	1 747	1 856	1 870	-	0,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	2 591	2 773	2 396	1 902	1 459	1 137	1 144	1 471	1 538	-	4,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	5 664	5 014	19 080	14 621	10 624	8 660	7 114	6 105	6 780	-	11,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	99,3%	123,1%	96,6%	148,0%	104,1%	101,0%	99,2%	95,5%	99,5%	-	3,95
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	106,6%	92,3%	123,5%	133,0%	137,2%	128,8%	99,9%	69,6%	93,0%	-	23,40
CR Insolvency cases	NA	62,1%	190,8%	30,4%	123,6%	140,1%	121,3%	131,2%	141,5%	95,8%	-	(45,69)
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	285	187	268	180	215	223	242	297	280	-	-5,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	450	461	442	344	324	288	390	723	700	-	-3,1%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	436	403	1 132	227	278	283	276	328	293	-	-10,7%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			89 823	81 290	73 230	64 122	54 847	47 023	39 197	29 411	-	-25,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			59 534	61 898	60 230	52 034	42 879	34 807	28 065	19 194	-	-31,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			22 223	17 836	12 278	10 676	10 061	9 454	7 808	7 370	-	-5,6%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			15 572	14 292	10 839	9 033	8 373	7 906	6 544	6 540	-	-0,1%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			20	14	1 214	1 522	1 581	1 482	1 194	782	-	-34,5%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	1 192	1 506	1 574	1 478	1 198	775	-	-35,3%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			20	14	22	16	7	4	5	7	-	40,0%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			6 631	3 530	225	121	107	66	70	48	-	-31,4%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8 066	1 556	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	3 324	2 847	-	-14,4%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			87 801	83 468	79 413	68 251	65 396	62 150	57 590	61 558	-	6,9%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			52 468	52 292	49 743	41 345	37 304	34 633	29 392	36 163	-	23,0%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			33 495	27 740	24 653	21 866	22 066	21 186	22 363	19 940	-	-10,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			27 317	23 475	22 045	19 541	19 794	19 168	20 303	17 622	-	-13,2%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			145	149	2 485	2 171	2 157	1 874	1 946	2 164	-	11,2%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	2 332	2 026	2 021	1 756	1 835	1 979	-	7,8%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			145	149	153	145	136	118	111	185	-	66,7%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			6 033	4 116	123	154	115	144	114	154	-	35,1%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 838	3 436	5 017	5 040	6 026	6 331	5 835	5 455	-	-6,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			96 325	91 531	88 521	77 527	73 206	69 895	67 378	63 679	-	-5,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			50 297	54 407	57 939	50 523	45 383	41 262	38 036	35 441	-	-6,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			37 679	32 854	26 255	22 459	22 652	22 863	23 030	21 908	-	-4,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			29 029	26 989	23 851	20 209	20 242	20 561	20 537	19 392	-	-5,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			151	141	2 177	2 104	2 257	2 162	2 358	2 381	-	1,0%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	2 018	1 950	2 118	2 045	2 249	2 198	-	-2,3%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			151	141	159	154	139	117	109	183	-	67,9%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			8 499	5 724	227	146	153	140	135	135	-	0,0%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			8 349	4 270	4 327	4 545	5 171	5 770	6 312	6 330	-	0,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			81 299	73 227	64 122	54 847	47 023	39 197	29 411	27 434	-	-6,7%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			61 705	59 783	52 034	42 879	34 807	28 065	19 194	19 931	-	3,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			18 039	12 722	10 676	10 061	9 454	7 808	7 370	5 392	-	-26,8%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			13 860	10 778	9 033	8 373	7 906	6 544	6 540	4 761	-	-27,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			14	22	1 522	1 581	1 482	1 194	782	565	-	-27,7%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	1 506	1 574	1 478	1 189	775	556	-	-28,3%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			14	22	16	7	4	5	7	9	-	28,6%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			4 165	1 922	121	107	66	70	48	66	-	37,5%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 555	722	1 412	1 907	2 762	3 324	2 847	2 111	-	-25,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 116	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	9 174	6 240	4 444	2 459	1 067	942	-	-11,7%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			109,7%	109,7%	111,5%	113,6%	111,9%	112,5%	117,0%	103,4%	-	(13,55)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			95,9%	104,0%	116,5%	122,2%	121,7%	119,1%	129,4%	98,0%	-	(31,41)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			112,5%	118,4%	106,5%	102,7%	102,7%	107,9%	103,0%	109,9%	-	6,89
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106,3%	115,0%	108,2%	103,4%	102,3%	107,3%	101,2%	110,0%	-	8,89
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			104,1%	94,6%	87,6%	96,9%	104,6%	115,4%	121,2%	110,0%	-	(11,14)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	86,5%	96,2%	104,8%	116,5%	122,6%	111,1%	-	(11,50)

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			104,1%	94,6%	103,9%	106,2%	102,2%	99,2%	98,2%	98,9%	-	0,72
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			140,9%	139,1%	184,6%	94,8%	133,0%	97,2%	118,4%	87,7%	-	(30,76)
CR Administrative law cases			454,2%	124,3%	86,2%	90,2%	85,8%	91,1%	108,2%	116,0%	-	7,87
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			308	292	264	258	234	205	159	157	-	-1,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			448	401	328	310	280	248	184	205	-	11,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			175	141	148	164	152	125	117	90	-	-23,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			174	146	138	151	143	116	116	90	-	-22,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			34	57	255	274	240	202	121	87	-	-28,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NA	272	295	255	212	126	92	-	-26,6%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			34	57	37	17	11	16	23	18	-	-23,4%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			179	123	195	268	157	183	130	178	-	37,5%
DT Administrative law cases			68	62	119	153	195	210	165	122	-	-26,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 541	14 700	17 643	16 538	16 759	14 219	13 243	12 016	-	-9,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 681	11 367	-	-10,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	431	532	-	23,4%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	361	434	-	20,2%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	90	-	34,3%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	90	-	34,3%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	8	-	166,7%
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	131	117	-	-10,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 910	8 450	7 964	6 879	6 839	6 166	6 162	7 956	-	29,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 770	7 185	-	24,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	360	597	-	65,8%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	523	-	76,7%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	64	-	42,2%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	64	-	42,2%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	19	10	-	-47,4%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	32	174	-	443,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 751	5 507	9 069	7 899	9 379	7 140	7 389	8 886	-	20,3%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 084	8 310	-	17,3%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	259	529	-	104,2%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	223	463	-	107,6%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	49	-	122,7%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	49	-	122,7%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	14	17	-	21,4%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	46	47	-	2,2%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 700	17 643	16 538	15 518	14 219	13 243	12 016	11 084	-	-7,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 367	10 240	-	-9,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	532	600	-	12,8%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	434	494	-	13,8%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	105	-	16,7%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	105	-	16,7%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	1	-	-87,5%
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	117	244	-	108,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 653	5 824	-	3,0%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 476	5 471	-	-0,1%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	59	59	-	0,0%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			60,1%	65,2%	113,9%	114,8%	137,1%	115,8%	119,9%	111,7%	-	(8,22)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	122,8%	115,7%	-	(7,12)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	71,9%	88,6%	-	16,67
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,3%	88,5%	-	13,19
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	48,9%	76,6%	-	27,67
CR Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	48,9%	76,6%	-	27,67
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	73,7%	170,0%	-	96,32
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	143,8%	27,0%	-	(116,74)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1129	1169	666	717	553	677	594	455	-	-23,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	586	450	-	-23,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	750	414	-	-44,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	710	389	-	-45,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1493	782	-	-47,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1493	782	-	-47,6%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	209	21	-	-89,7%
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	928	1895	-	104,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									82 475	105 697	-	28,2%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									27 040	29 337	-	8,5%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									44 977	65 651	-	46,0%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									10 728	10 709	-	-0,2%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									196 602	199 693	-	1,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									17 944	18 640	-	3,9%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									126 616	127 909	-	1,0%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									52 042	53 144	-	2,1%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									173 197	185 708	-	7,2%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									15 769	17 039	-	8,1%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									105 375	116 684	-	10,7%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									52 053	51 985	-	-0,1%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									105 697	120 976	-	14,5%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									29 337	31 164	-	6,2%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									65 651	77 865	-	18,6%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									10 709	11 947	-	11,6%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	23 127	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									14 501	15 271	-	5,3%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	6 387	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1 467	1 469	-	0,1%
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									88,1%	93,0%	-	4,9
CR of Severe cases									87,9%	91,4%	-	3,5
CR of Misdemeanour cases									83,2%	91,2%	-	8,0
CR of Other									100,0%	97,8%	-	(2,20)
DT of Total									223	238	-	6,7%
DT of Severe cases									679	668	-	-1,7%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									227	244	-	7,1%
DT of Other									75	84	-	11,7%
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									13 856	14 446	-	4,3%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									2 484	2 250	-	-9,4%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									11 311	12 133	-	7,3%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									61	63	-	3,3%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									22 548	25 214	-	11,8%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									8 346	9 119	-	9,3%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									13 274	14 900	-	12,2%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									928	1 195	-	28,8%
098.3.1 Total - resolved									30 858	22 644	-	-26,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									8 581	8 662	-	0,9%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									12 451	12 784	-	2,7%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									9 826	1 198	-	-87,8%
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									14 446	17 118	-	18,5%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									2 250	2 806	-	24,7%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 133	14 252	-	17,5%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									63	60	-	-4,8%
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	1 385	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									124	86	-	-30,6%
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	1 295	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									8	4	-	-50,0%
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									136,9%	89,8%	-	(34,38)
CR o2 Severe cases									102,8%	95,0%	-	(7,61)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									93,8%	85,8%	-	(8,53)

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									1058,8%	100,3%	-	(90,53)
DT of Total									171	276	-	61,5%
DT of Severe cases									96	118	-	23,5%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									356	407	-	14,4%
DT of Other									2	18	-	681,1%
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									724	704	-	-2,8%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 100	704	-	-66,5%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									2 120	1 133	-	-46,6%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									704	274	-	-61,1%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									101,0%	160,9%	-	59,99
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									121	88	-	-27,2%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									48 601	52 201	-	7,4%
2. Incoming/received cases									39 926	41 100	-	2,9%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									33 822	40 170	-	18,8%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									14 406	16 953	-	17,7%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									381	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NAP	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									6 389	3 903	-	-38,9%
3.4. Cases brought to court									18 481	19 314	-	4,5%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									52 201	53 009	-	1,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,85	1,01	-	18,8%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									1,31	1,33	-	1,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									504	521	-	3,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									238	279	-	17,2%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									266	242	-	-9,0%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	42 040 323	40 667 128	40 820 393	40 018 315	45 315 977	46 536 649	48 037 039	57 035 536	58 737 144	55 773 565	32,7%	-5,05%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	40 782 068	39 923 058	45 263 844	46 524 690	48 003 998	57 004 436	58 715 444	55 703 867	-	-5,13%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	315 002	318 304	42 941	191 938	-	346,98%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	291 894	318 304	37 892	124 581	-	228,78%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									30 622	27 896	-	(0,09)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									3 433	2 946	-	(0,14)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									27 189	24 950	-	(0,08)
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									15	15	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									332	332	-	0,0%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									138	161	-	16,7%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									194	171	-	-11,9%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									180	131	-	-27,2%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									48	59	-	22,9%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									132	72	-	-45,5%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									1 290 594 £	1 106 447 £	-	-14,3%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									15 973 £	20 160 £	-	26,2%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									1 274 621 £	1 086 287 £	-	-14,8%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 932	1 912	1 875	1 864	1 797	1 775	1 660	1 682	1 643	1 643	-15,0%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 378	1 366	1 343	1 348	1 277	1 261	1 176	1 192	1 158	1 159	-15,9%	0,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	514	506	489	476	483	476	446	453	449	449	-12,6%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	40	43	40	37	38	38	37	36	35	-12,5%	-2,8%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	603	591	583	568	534	520	479	490	473	463	-23,2%	-2,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	389	379	377	373	341	332	311	315	302	294	-24,4%	-2,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	192	189	180	170	171	165	144	152	149	146	-24,0%	-2,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	22	23	26	25	22	23	24	23	22	23	4,5%	4,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 329	1 321	1 292	1 296	1 263	1 255	1 181	1 192	1 170	1 180	-11,2%	0,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	989	987	966	975	936	929	865	877	856	865	-12,5%	1,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	322	317	309	306	312	311	302	301	300	303	-5,9%	1,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	18	17	17	15	15	15	14	14	14	12	-33,3%	-14,3%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 643	1 643	-	0,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 158	1 159	-	0,1%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	449	449	-	0,0%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	35	-	-2,8%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	5 900	5 828	5 929	5 886	6 027	-3,3%	2,4%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	311	285	381	474	523	542	541	576	553	586	88,4%	6,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	4 187	4 135	4 214	4 147	4 241	-8,8%	2,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	544	562	579	534	498	499	490	480	537	542	-0,4%	0,9%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	731	732	717	689	682	672	662	659	649	658	-10,0%	1,4%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	870	873	868	839	819	816	803	814	805	826	-5,1%	2,6%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	65	63	71	83	93	97	93	95	88	92	41,5%	4,5%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	421	424	399	375	350	344	345	359	359	365	-13,3%	1,7%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	105	107	119	112	113	118	113	103	106	117	11,4%	10,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	279	279	279	268	263	257	252	257	252	252	-9,7%	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	5 084	5 025	5 115	5 081	5 201	-3,0%	2,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	246	222	310	390	430	445	448	481	465	494	100,8%	6,2%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	3 843	3 790	3 855	3 788	3 876	-8,3%	2,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	439	455	460	422	385	381	377	377	431	425	-3,2%	-1,4%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	452	453	438	421	419	415	410	402	397	406	-10,2%	2,3%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 886	6 027	-	2,4%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 887	5 016	-	2,6%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									917	927	-	1,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									82	84	-	2,4%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									805	826	-	2,6%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									643	661	-	2,8%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									145	146	-	0,7%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									17	19	-	11,8%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									5 081	5 201	-	2,4%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									4 244	4 355	-	2,6%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									772	781	-	1,2%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									65	65	-	0,0%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									622	615	-	-1,1%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									439	434	-	-1,1%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									158	159	-	0,6%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									25	22	-	-12,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									197	189	-	-4,1%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									126	124	-	-1,6%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									63	59	-	-6,3%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									8	6	-	-25,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									425	426	-	0,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									313	310	-	-1,0%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									95	100	-	5,3%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									17	16	-	-5,9%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 058	1 137	-	7,5%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									138	155	-	12,3%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									920	982	-	6,7%
004 Annual average salary in the country									14 681 £	15 309 £	-	4,3%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									27 878 £	29 020 £	-	4,1%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									53 447 £	57 318 £	-	7,2%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									27 878 £	29 020 £	-	4,1%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									53 447 £	57 318 £	-	7,2%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									17 790 £	19 244 £	-	8,2%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									32 452 £	36 539 £	-	12,6%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									17 790 £	19 244 £	-	8,2%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									32 452 £	36 539 £	-	12,6%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									13	23	-	76,9%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									11	22	-	100,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									2	1	-	-50,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	4	-	33,3%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	4	-	33,3%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	10	-	900,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	4	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	5	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	2	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	1	-	0,0%

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	4 392	4 408	4 487	4 560	4 690	4 719	4 756	4 752	4 835	5 002	13,9%	3,5%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							2 688	2 687	2 733	2 796	-	2,3%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							2 068	2 065	2 102	2 206	-	4,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Croatia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	406	406	453	474	549	588	612	632	673	706	73,9%	4,9%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					508	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Cyprus

(2021 data)

General data

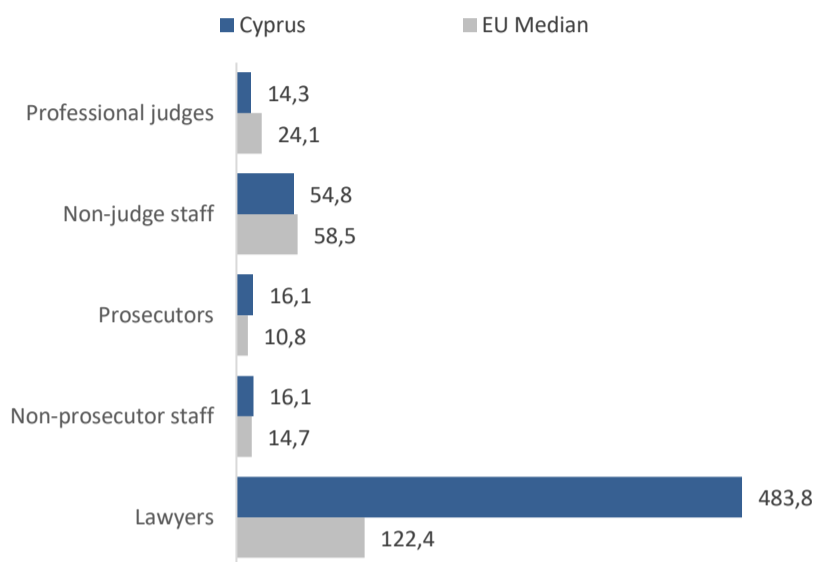
Population: 904 700

GDP per capita: 23 436 €

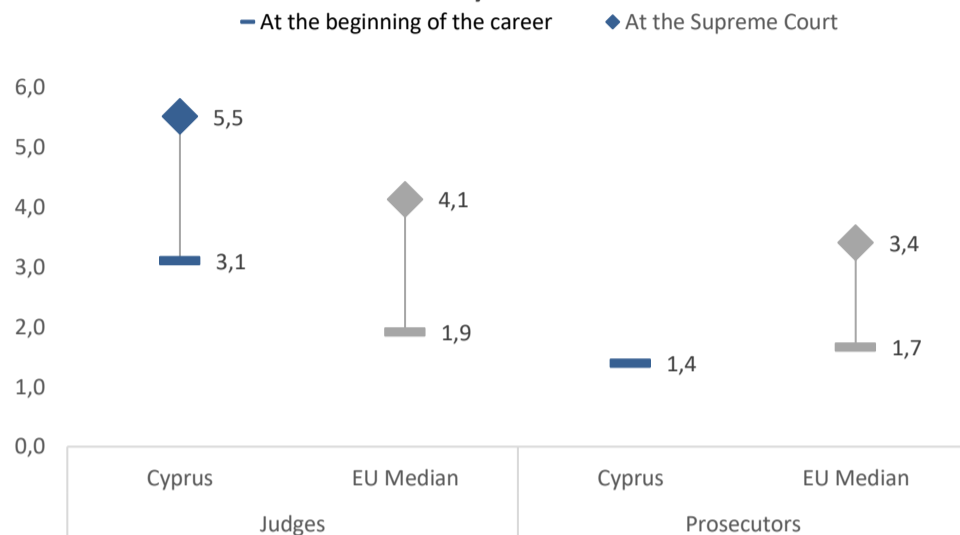
Average annual salary: 25 116 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

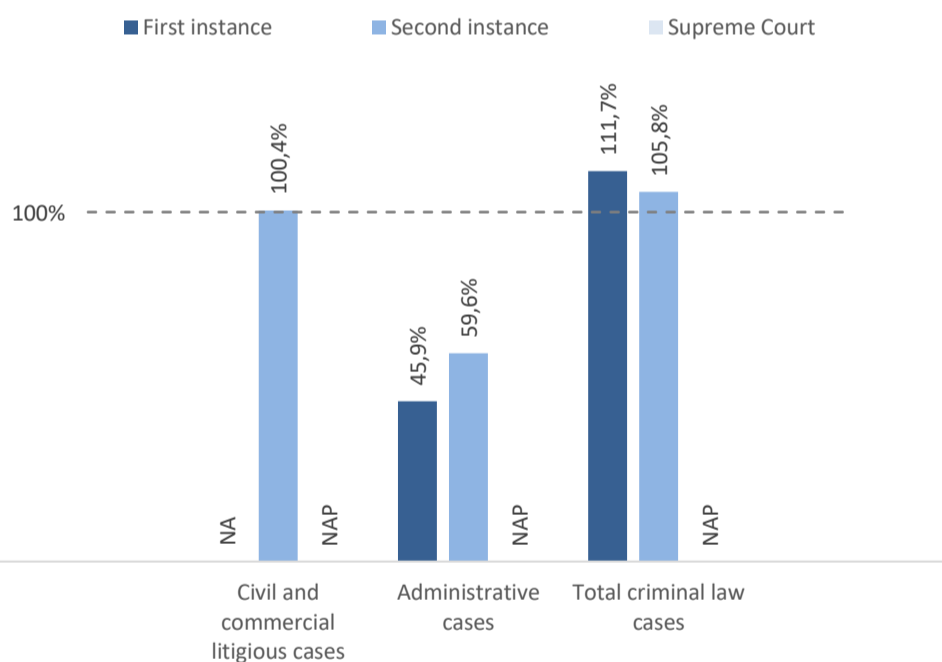


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

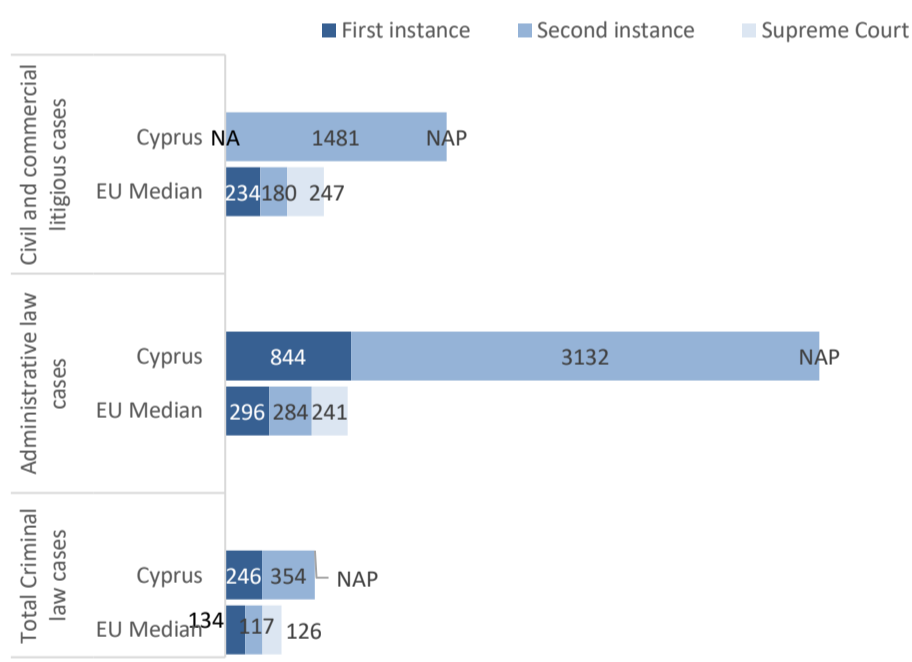


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

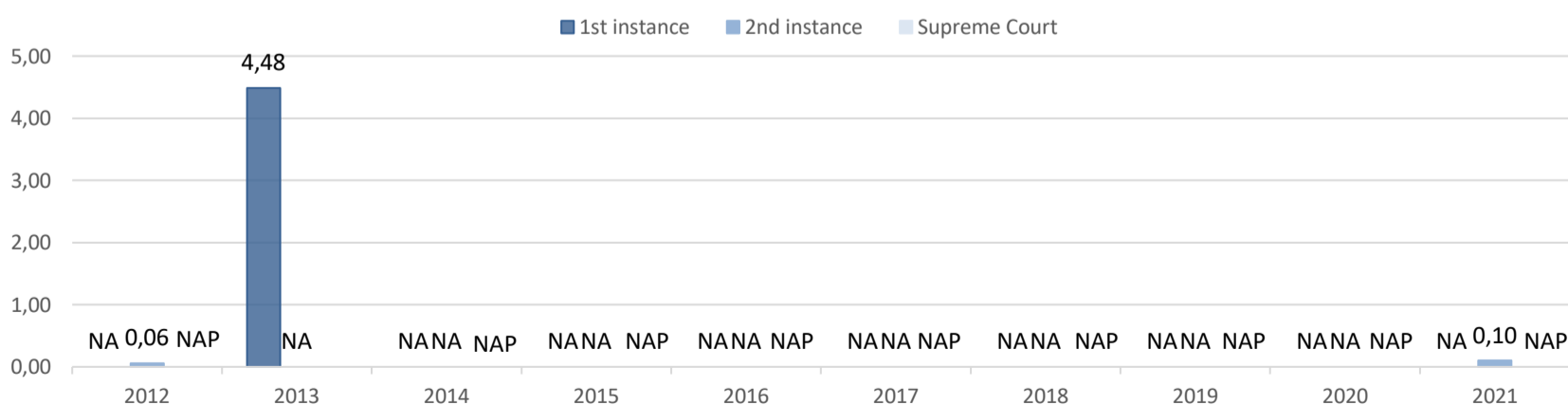


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Cyprus

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	896 000	904 700		4,5%	1,0%
GDP per capita	20 512	19 033	20 454	20 931	21 282	22 770	24 633	25 270	23 397	23 436		14,3%	0,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	24 124		22 764		22 548		22 896	23 742	24 882	25 116		4,1%	0,9%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,9	11,8	11,3	13,3	13,1	13,9	13,5	13,0	14,1	14,3		19,9%	1,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	49,0	49,8	52,2	50,0	51,5	51,6	48,7	53,5	50,1	54,8		12,0%	9,4%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									15,3	16,1			5,5%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									8,1	16,1			98,1%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	295,4	337,5	362,9	378,2	425,0	443,7	458,0	474,0	476,9	483,8		63,8%	1,4%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	4,484	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,242	0,8	0,2	0,200	0,182	0,215	0,223	0,214	0,316	1,193		393,5%	278,0%
Total criminal law cases									6,618	6,286			-5,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	78%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	74%	58%	103%	120%	113%	74%	219%	170%	84%	46%		-28,11	-37,90
CR total criminal law cases									95%	112%			17,07

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 270	775	1 775	1 391	1 582	2 162	487	495	863	844		-33,6%	-2,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									317	246			-22,5%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	6,13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,62	0,95	0,94	0,91	0,89	0,94	0,65	0,49	0,63	1,27		103,2%	102,5%
Total criminal law cases									5,45	4,74			-13,1%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	100%			NA
CR administrative law cases			61%	89%	190%	140%	84%	88%	69%	60%			-9,32
CR total criminal law cases									108%	106%			-2,68

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 481			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			2 890	2 741	2 522	1 975	2 156	1 724	2 688	3 132			16,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									347	354			2,0%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									NAP	NAP			NAP

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NAP	NAP			NAP

1. Judicial organisation in Cyprus (2021 data)

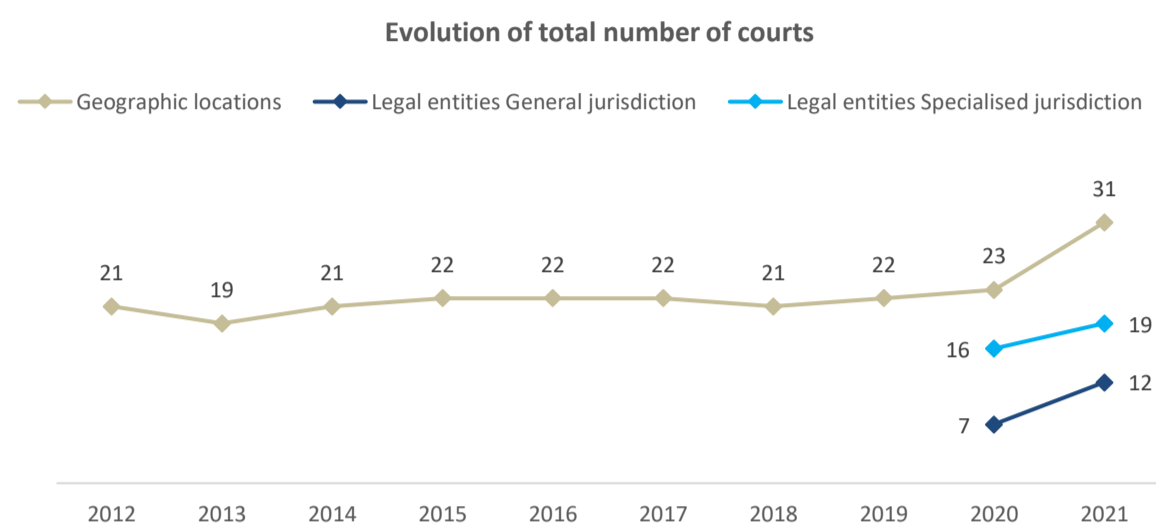
Cyprus has a two tier system. The Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals.

According to 2021 data, there are 12 courts of general jurisdiction and 19 specialised courts (legal entities).

The total number of courts as geographic locations is 31.

Evolution of total number of courts

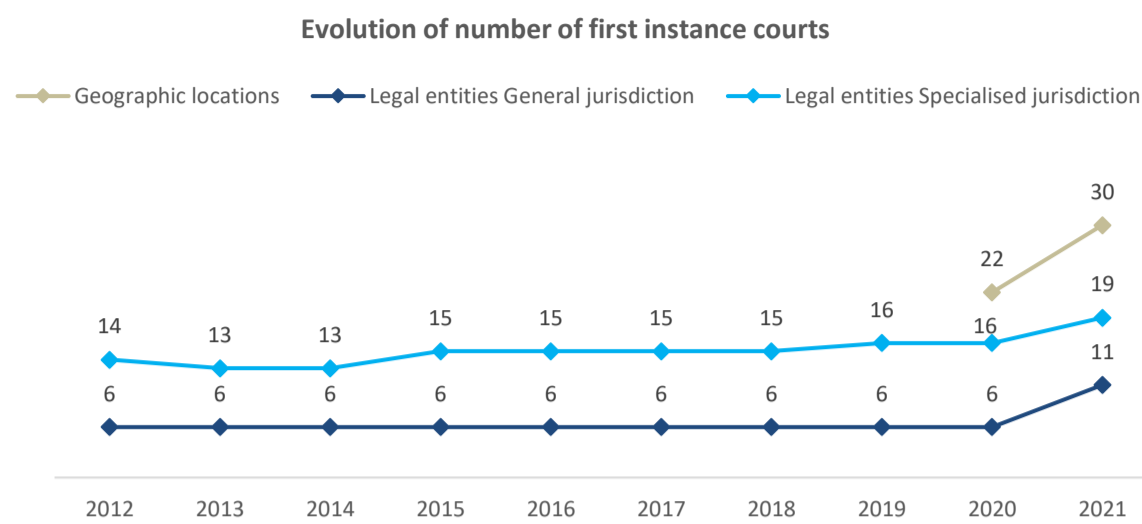
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	21		
2013	19		
2014	21		
2015	22		
2016	22		
2017	22		
2018	21		
2019	22		
2020	23	7	16
2021	31	12	19



In 2021, the 5 assize courts are counted in the courts of general jurisdiction, instead of the 'Other specialised courts'.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		6	14
2013		6	13
2014		6	13
2015		6	15
2016		6	15
2017		6	15
2018		6	15
2019		6	16
2020	22	6	16
2021	30	11	19



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 36,7% - 63,3%, which is different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	19	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	4	NAP
Family courts	4	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	3	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	1	NAP
Juvenile courts	5	NAP
Other specialised courts	1	NAP

In 2021, a law was enacted (Law 55/21) providing for the establishment of a juvenile court in each district of the Republic. Family, Labour and rent control courts have been established in one more district.

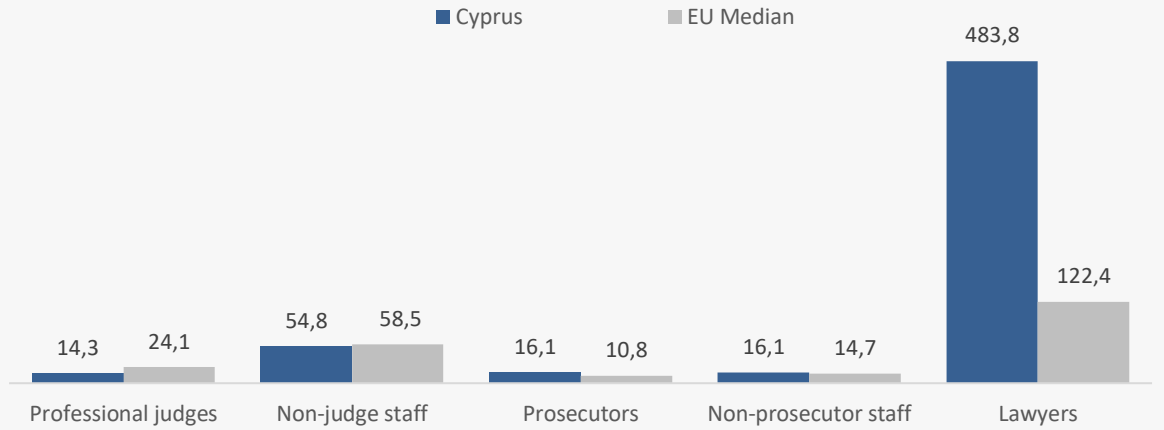
2. Professionals of justice in Cyprus (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

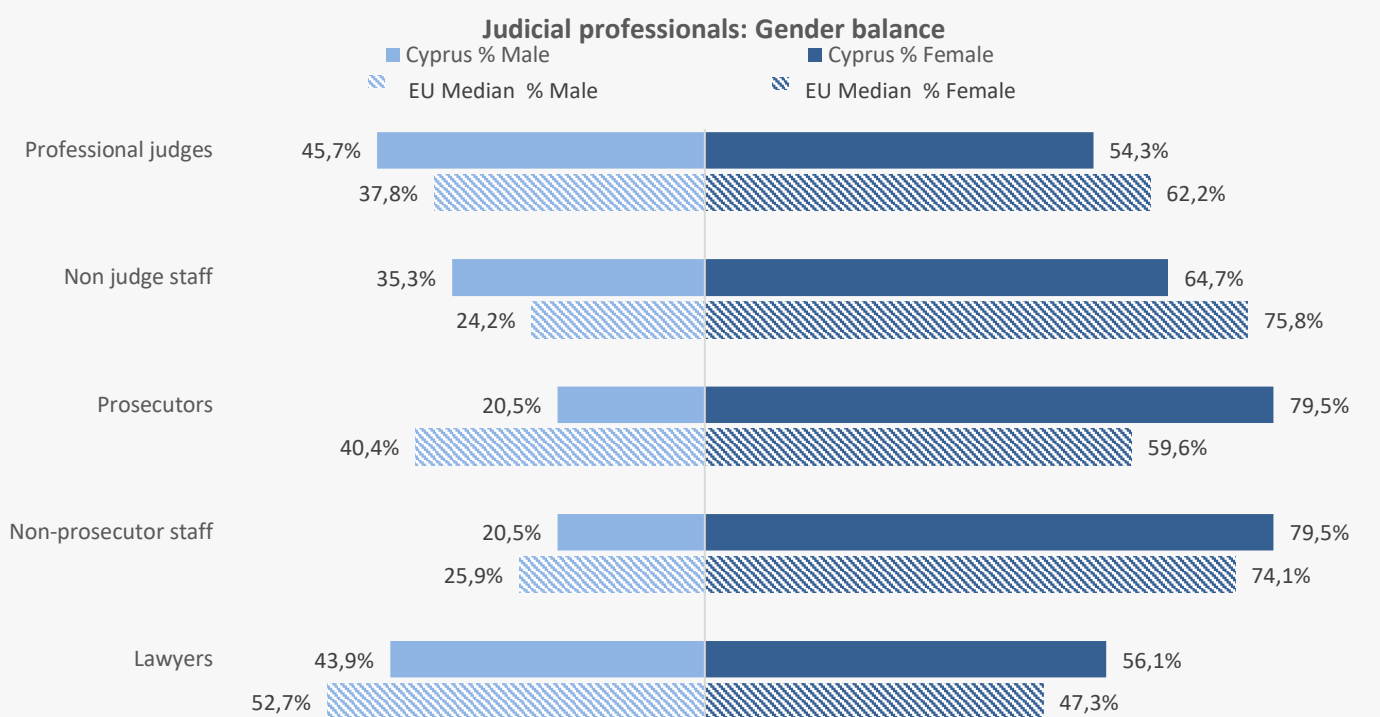
	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	129	14,3	24,1
Non-judge staff	496	54,8	58,5
Prosecutors	146	16,1	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	146	16,1	14,7
Lawyers	4 377	483,8	122,4

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

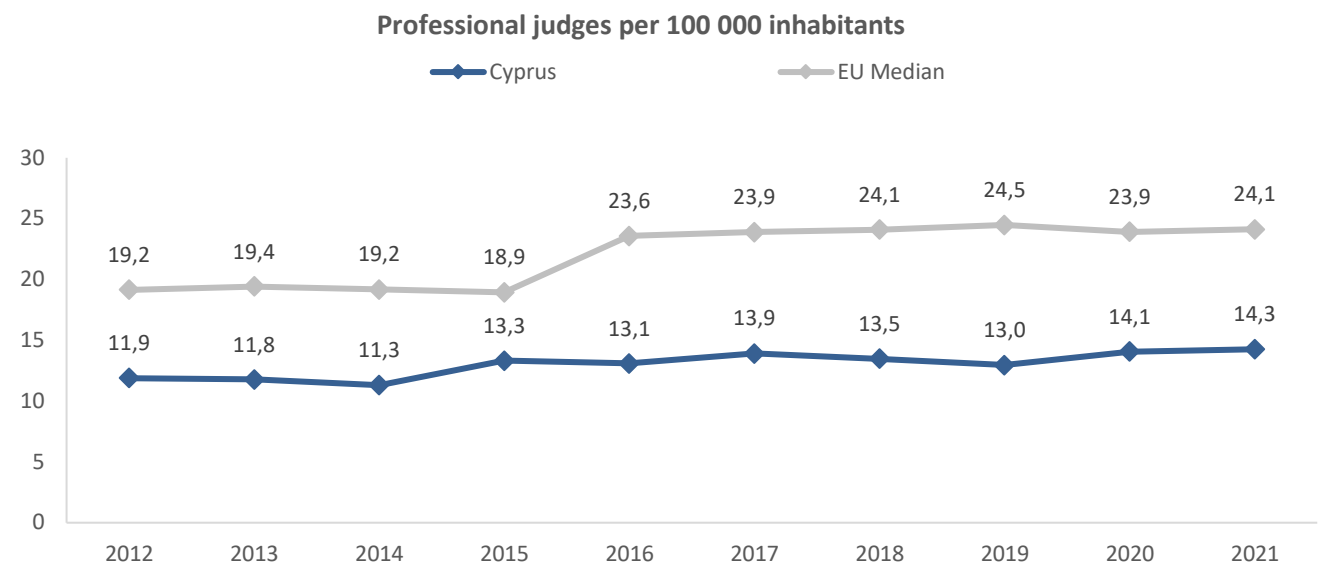
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	45,7%	54,3%
Non judge staff	35,3%	64,7%
Prosecutors	20,5%	79,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,5%	79,5%
Lawyers	43,9%	56,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Cyprus	Cyprus	EU Median
2012	103	11,9	19,2
2013	101	11,8	19,4
2014	97	11,3	19,2
2015	113	13,3	18,9
2016	111	13,1	23,6
2017	119	13,9	23,9
2018	118	13,5	24,1
2019	115	13,0	24,5
2020	126	14,1	23,9
2021	129	14,3	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Cyprus is 129, which is 2,4% more than in the previous cycle.

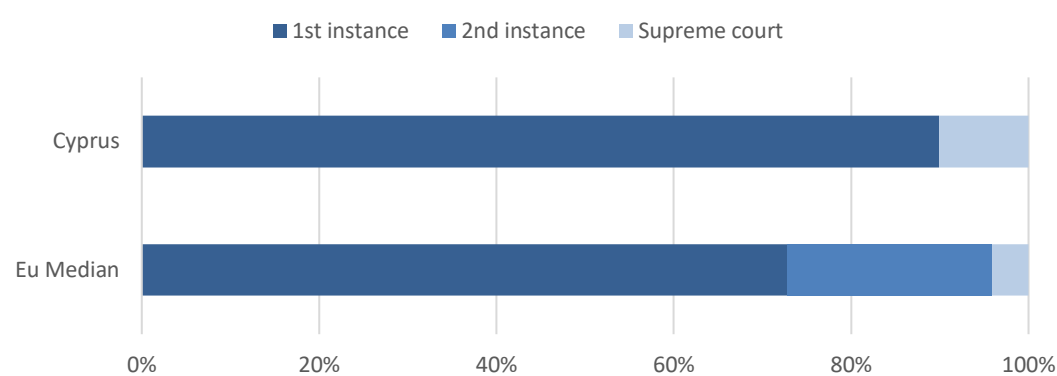
More precisely, in Cyprus, there are 14,26 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,84 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a slight increase compared with the previous cycle where this ratio was at 3,56 non-judge staff per judge.

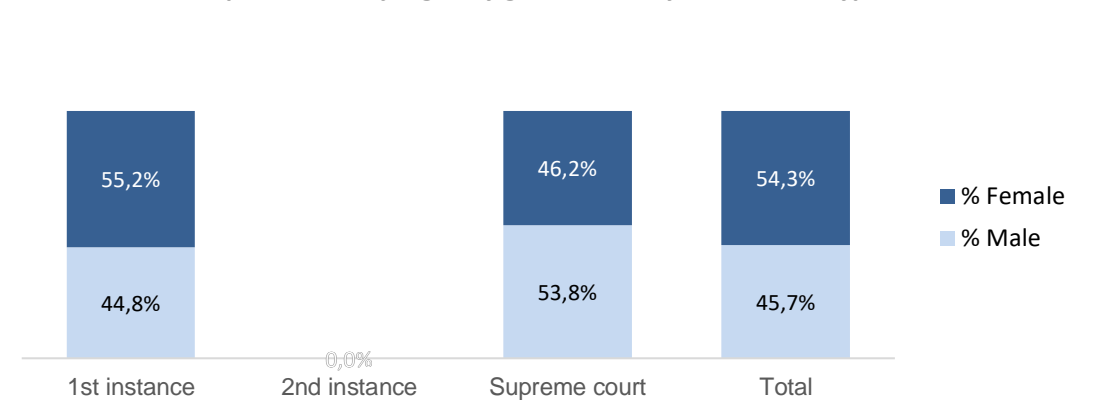
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	116	89,9%	52	64	44,8%	55,2%
2nd instance	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA
Supreme court	13	10,1%	7	6	53,8%	46,2%
Total	129		59	70	45,7%	54,3%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Cyprus



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 70, which represents 54,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 116 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 64 are Female) and 13 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 6 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals and are counted in the category "Supreme court". That is why the number of judges in second instance is presented as NA/NAP.

Considering this methodology of presentation of data, Cyprus cannot be fully compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance. However, it appears that as for the EU, the number of first instance judges is predominant.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges represent more than half of judges in the first instance (55,2%) but less than 50% in the Supreme Court (46,2%).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	116	NA	NA	7	25
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	13	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	129	NA	NA	7	25

All 13 Supreme court judges hear all cases. District court judges are dealing with criminal and civil cases, and they were previously included in the 'Other' cases.

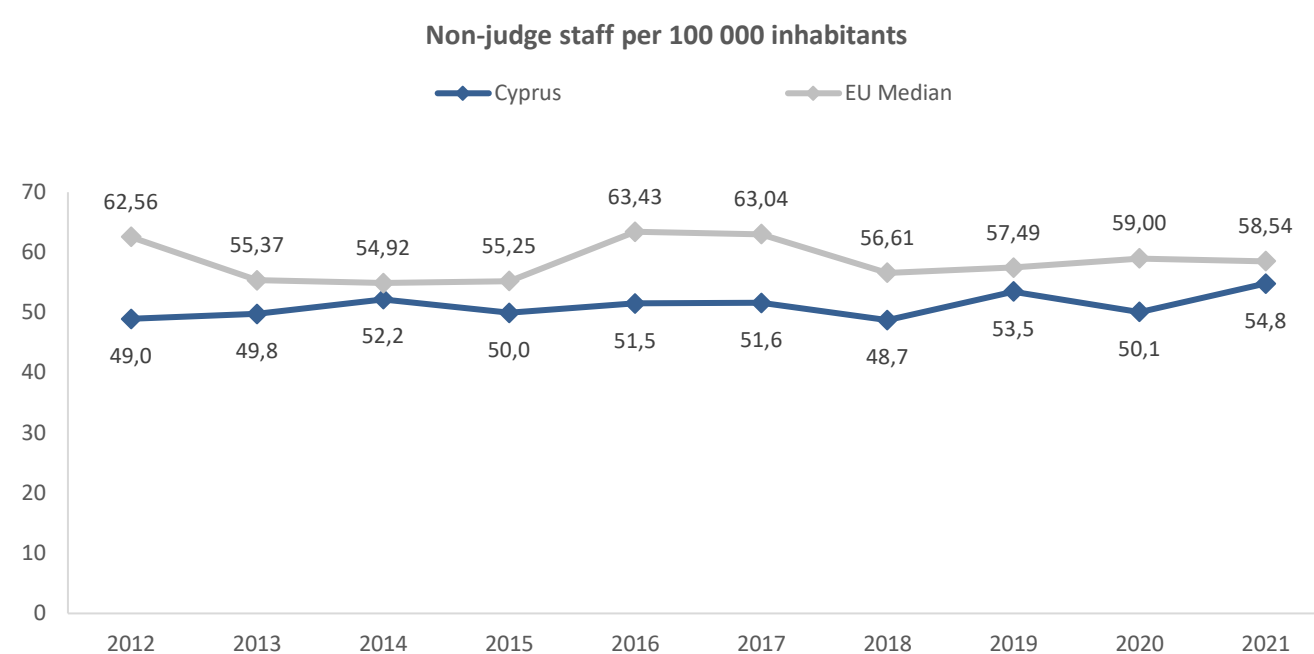
In Cyprus, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	6,0%	21,6%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	NA	NA	5,4%	19,4%

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Cyprus	Cyprus	EU Median
2012	424	49,0	62,6
2013	427	49,8	55,4
2014	448	52,2	54,9
2015	424	50,0	55,2
2016	437	51,5	63,4
2017	441	51,6	63,0
2018	427	48,7	56,6
2019	475	53,5	57,5
2020	449	50,1	59,0
2021	496	54,8	58,5



In 2021, Cyprus has 496 non-judge staff (of which 321 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 10,5%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 50,1 in 2020 to 54,8 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 14,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 14,3 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	496	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	147	29,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	154	31,0%
Technical staff	149	30,0%
Other	46	9,3%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

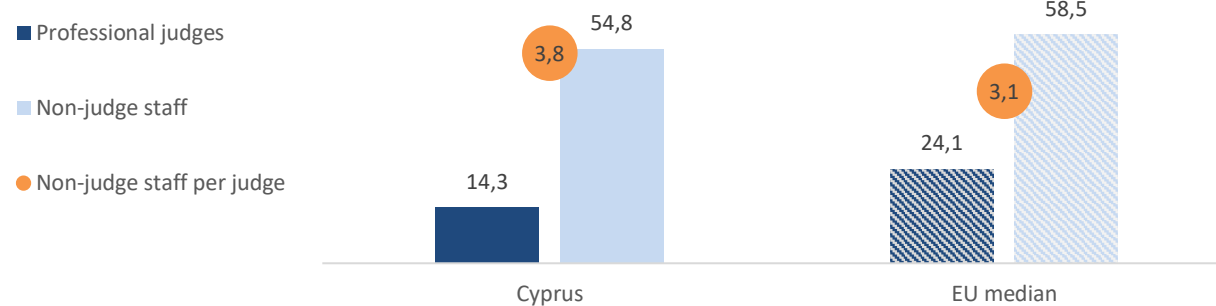
- 147 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 137 are Female);
- 154 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 139 are Female);
- 149 technical staff (of which 33 are Female);
- 46 other (of which 12 are Female);

The total number of non-judge staff includes clerical staff and also court bailiffs.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Cyprus	EU median
Professional judges	14,3	24,1
Non-judge staff	54,8	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,8	3,1

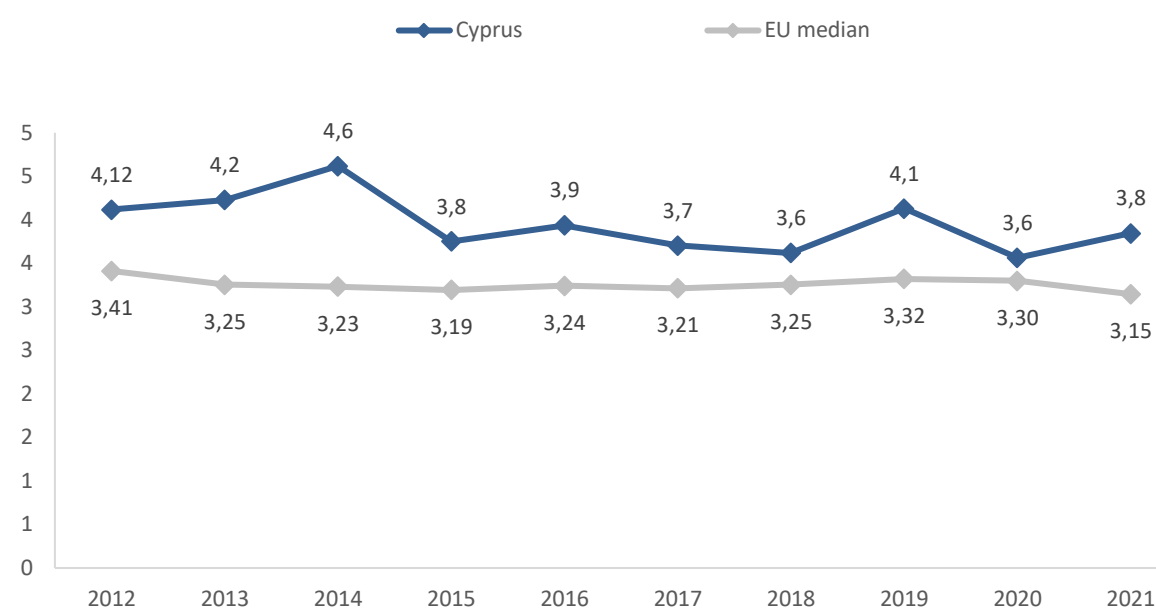
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Cyprus	Cyprus	Cyprus	EU median
2012	11,9	49,0	4,12	3,4
2013	11,8	49,8	4,2	3,3
2014	11,3	52,2	4,6	3,2
2015	13,3	50,0	3,8	3,2
2016	13,1	51,5	3,9	3,2
2017	13,9	51,6	3,7	3,2
2018	13,5	48,7	3,6	3,3
2019	13,0	53,5	4,1	3,3
2020	14,1	50,1	3,6	3,3
2021	14,3	54,8	3,8	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

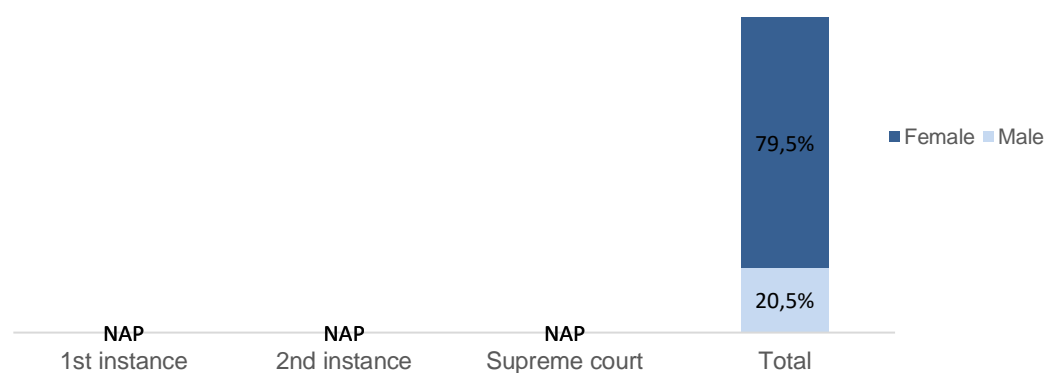


Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	146		30	116	20,5%	79,5%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 116, which represents 79,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

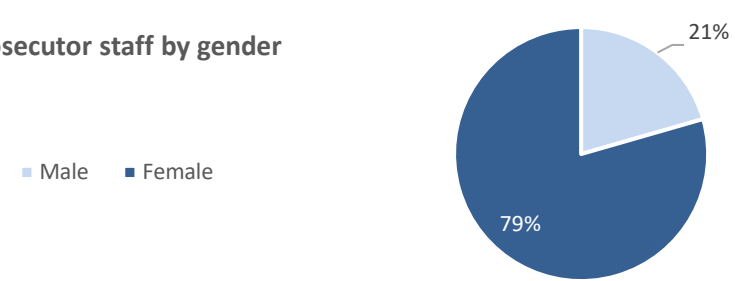
The total number of prosecutors cannot be distributed among the different judicial instances which represents a peculiarity of the Cyprus system.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors represent a majority (79,5%), whereas male prosecutors represent 20,5%..

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	146	30	116

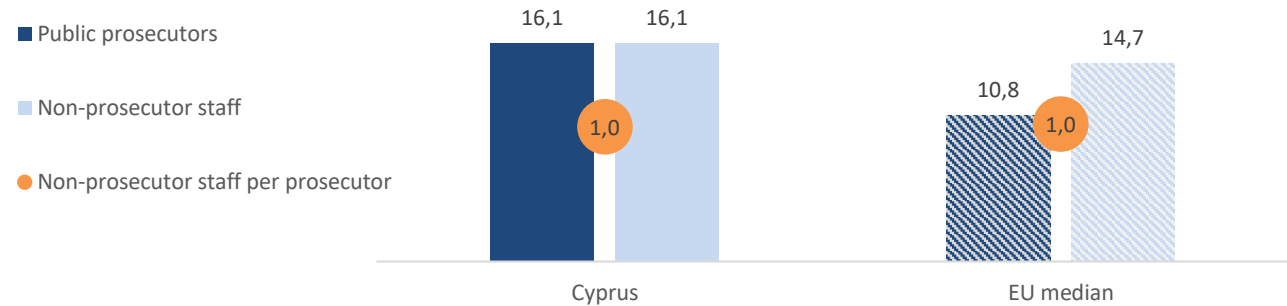
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

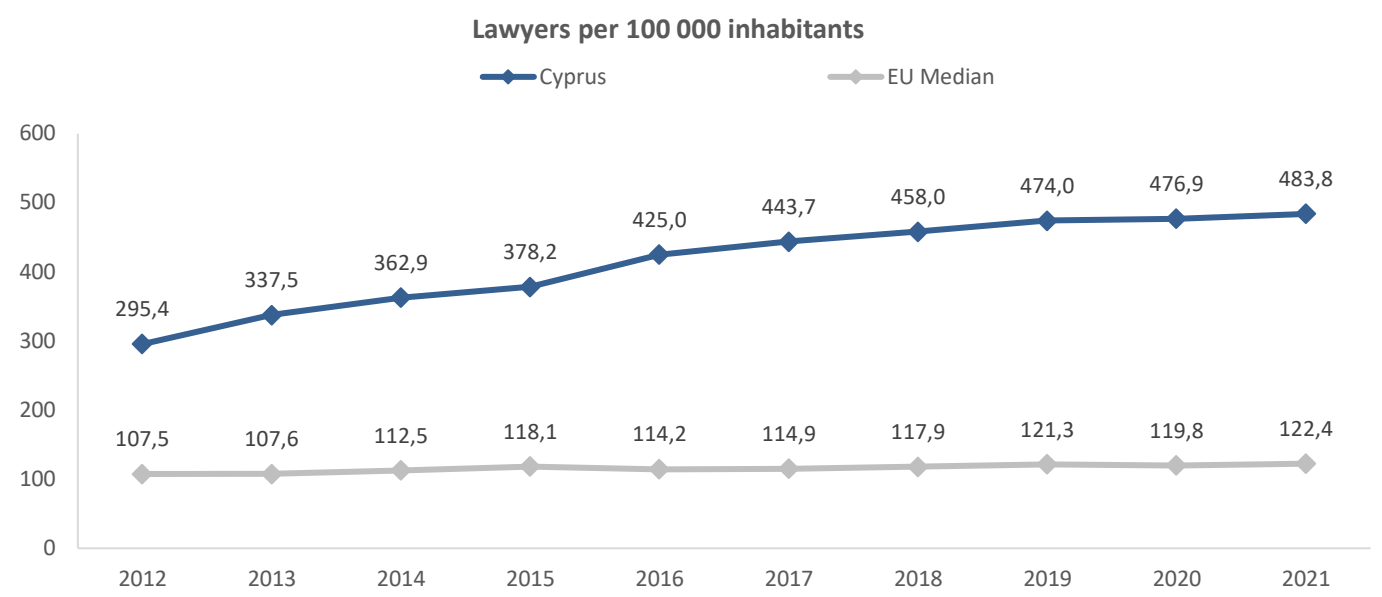
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Cyprus	EU median
Public prosecutors	16,1	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	16,1	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,0	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Cyprus	Cyprus	EU Median
2012	2 558	295,4	107,5
2013	2 896	337,5	107,6
2014	3 114	362,9	112,5
2015	3 208	378,2	118,1
2016	3 605	425,0	114,2
2017	3 793	443,7	114,9
2018	4 012	458,0	117,9
2019	4 209	474,0	121,3
2020	4 273	476,9	119,8
2021	4 377	483,8	122,4



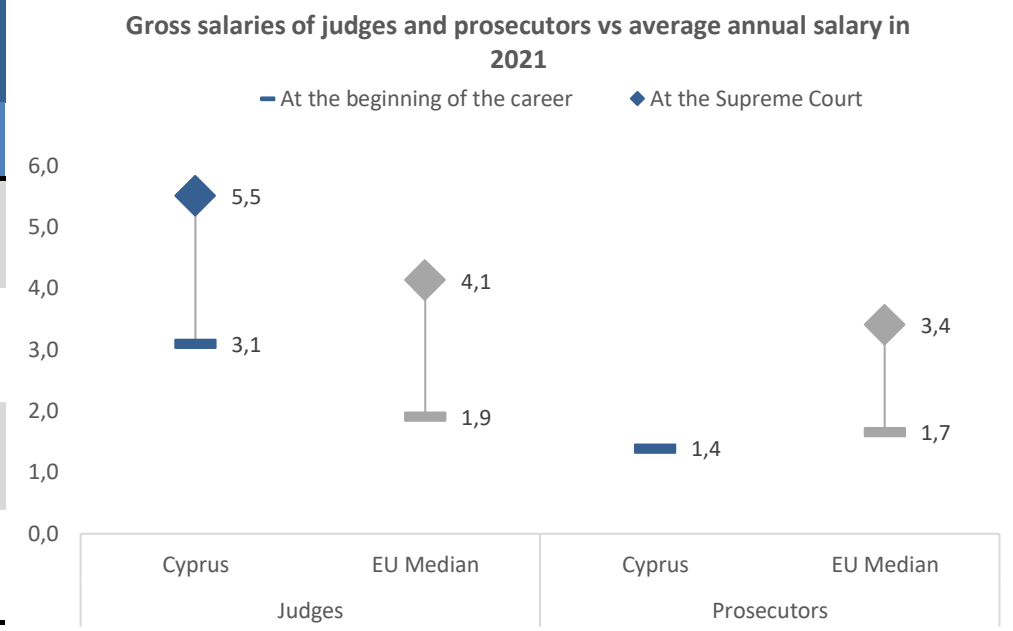
In 2021, there are 4 377 lawyers, which is 2,4% more than in 2020.

There are 2 454 female lawyers which is 56% of the total.

Cyprus has 483,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is significantly above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Cyprus		Cyprus	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	77 916€	56 069€	3,1	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	138 494€	105 500€	5,5	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	35 010€	NA	1,4	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Cyprus of 77 916€ is well above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 3,10 compared with EU median of : 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Cyprus (2021 data)

In Cyprus, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)

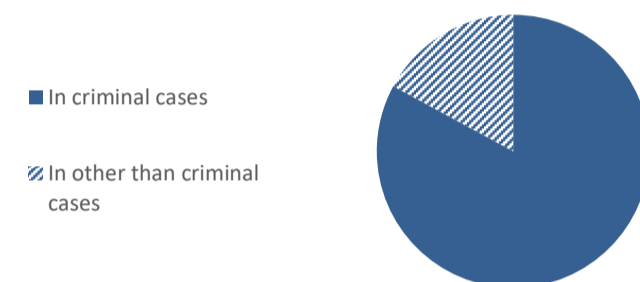


The other costs can only be given following a court order.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	3 329	NA
In criminal cases	NA	2 760	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	569	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Cyprus	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Cyprus (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

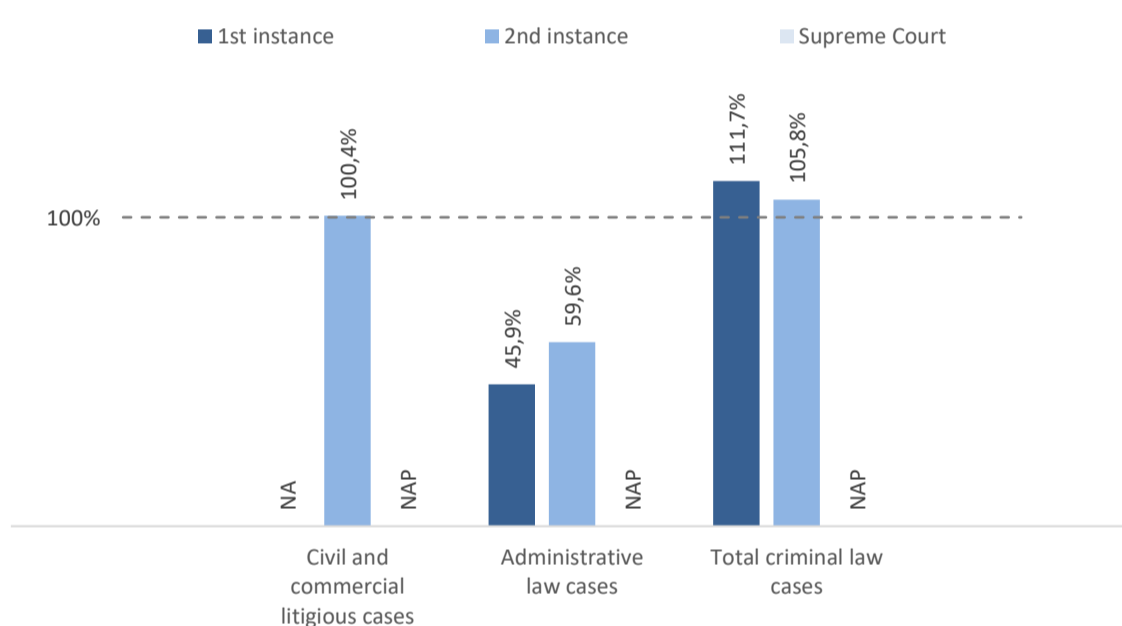
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

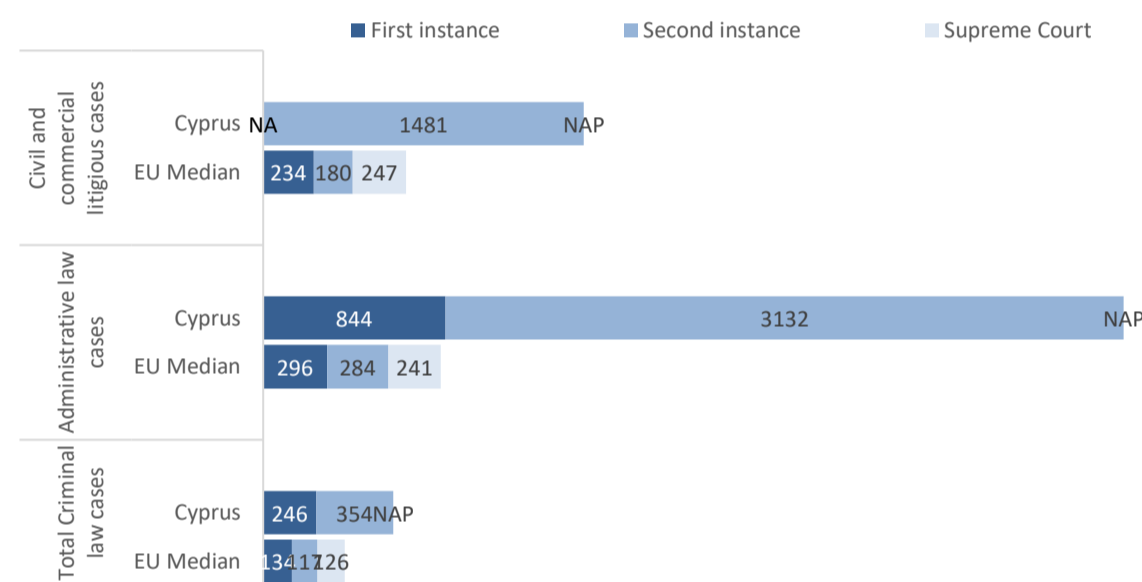
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Cyprus	EU Median	Cyprus	EU Median	Cyprus	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	NA	102,5%	45,9%	101,7%	111,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	100,4%	100,4%	59,6%	96,8%	105,8%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	NAP	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	NAP	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	234	844	296	246	134
	2nd instance	1481	180	3132	284	354	117
	Supreme Court	NAP	247	NAP	241	NAP	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



As Cyprus has a two-tier system, the Supreme Court is the appeal and the final instance court. The case flow data of the Supreme Court are included as second instance cases, therefore only two instances will be analysed. Considering this specificity, Cyprus cannot be fully compared with the EU median, for all instances.

From the data available above, in 2021, criminal law cases appear to be resolved the fastest in Cyprus, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, first instance administrative law cases seem to take the longest in Cyprus, as it appears also in the EU. However, their disposition times are significantly above the EU median. In all matters, the total length of proceedings in Cyprus is above EU median, especially for administrative law cases as already pointed out.

At first instance, courts seem to be efficient as regards criminal law cases, with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold, while for administrative law cases, the Clearance Rate is well below the 100% threshold. The Disposition time is also higher than the EU median for both types of cases.

In the final instance, courts seem to be efficient both for civil litigious and criminal matters, with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold, which is not the case for administrative law cases. The disposition time remains above the EU median for all types of cases, but is significantly higher for civil litigious and administrative law cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

The data for incoming, resolved and pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases for Cyprus is not available for 2021.

The reason for not having data for the subcategories of cases is that there was no electronic filing system that would enable Cyprus to have statistical data on different types of cases.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

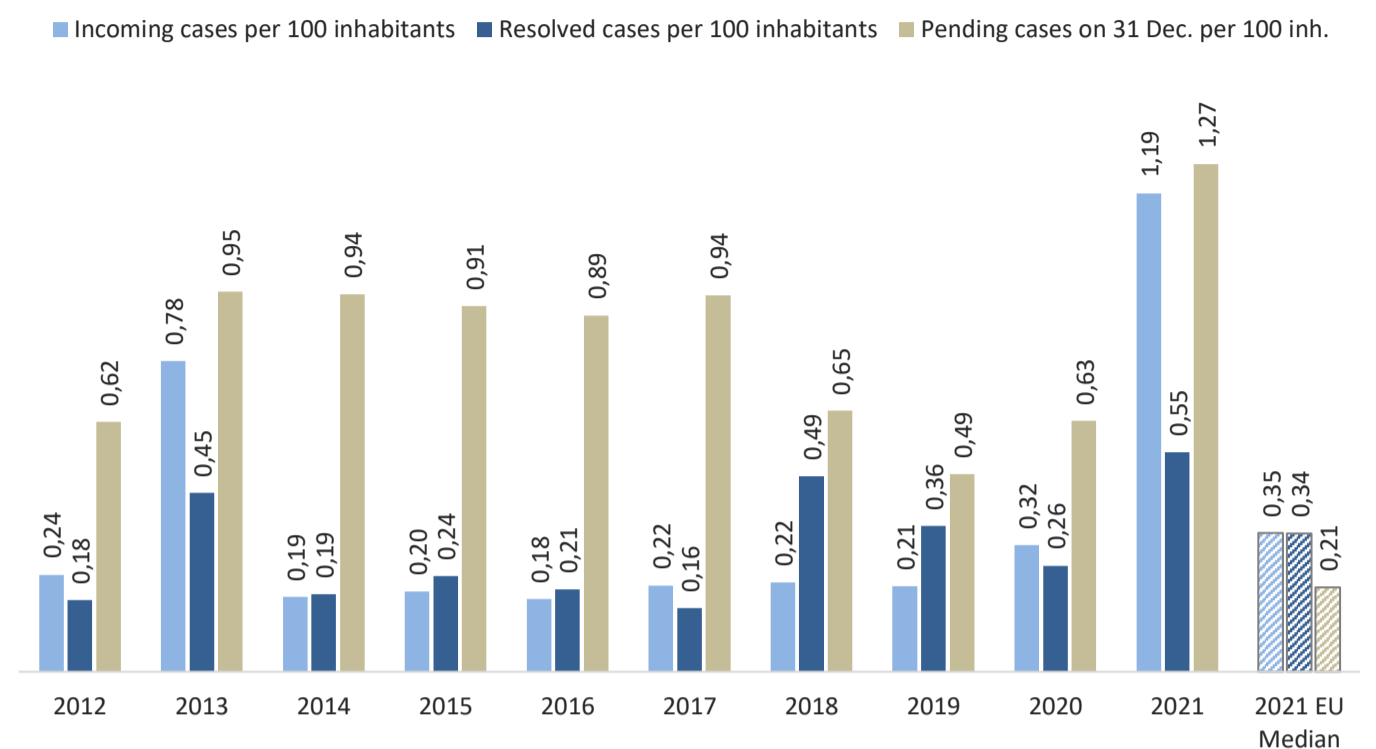
Due to the unavailability of data, the Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,24	0,18	0,62
2013	0,78	0,45	0,95
2014	0,19	0,19	0,94
2015	0,20	0,24	0,91
2016	0,18	0,21	0,89
2017	0,22	0,16	0,94
2018	0,22	0,49	0,65
2019	0,21	0,36	0,49
2020	0,32	0,26	0,63
2021	1,19	0,55	1,27
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Cyprus (1,19 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

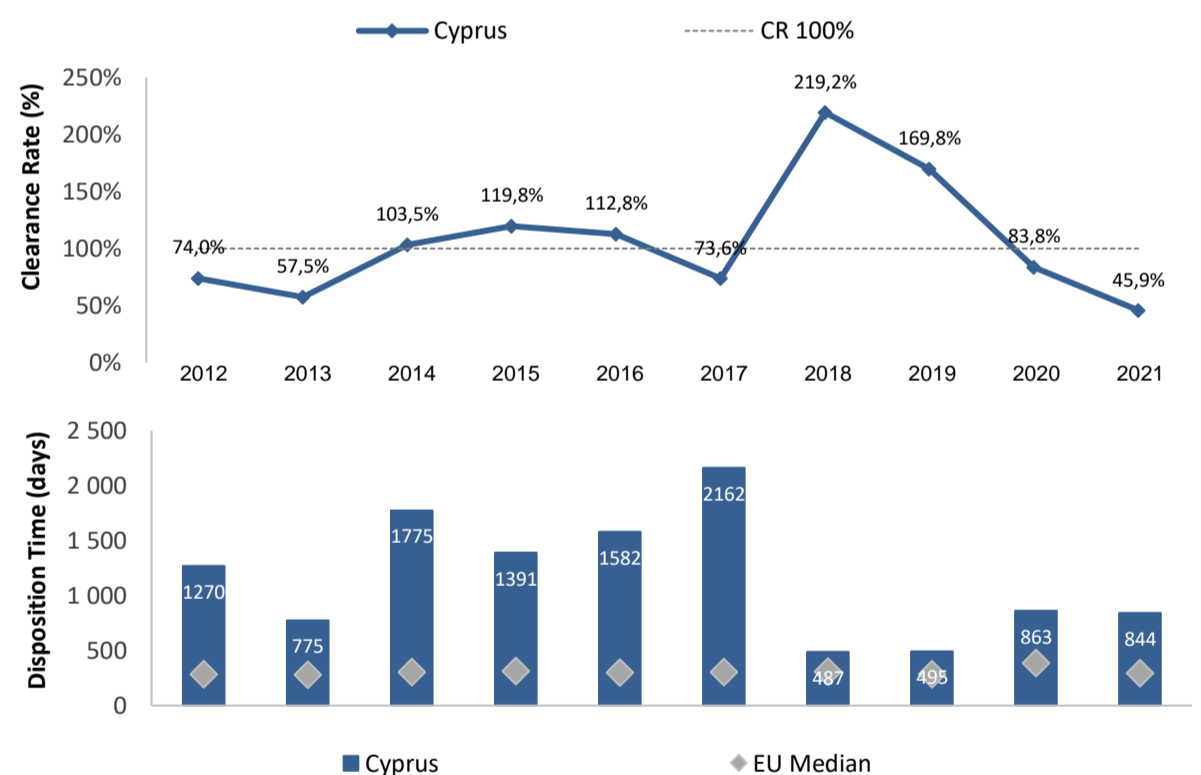
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Cyprus (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Cyprus (1,27 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Cyprus	EU Median	Cyprus	EU Median
2012	74,0%	101,0%	1270	286
2013	57,5%	100,3%	775	281
2014	103,5%	99,6%	1775	305
2015	119,8%	103,7%	1391	315
2016	112,8%	103,0%	1582	297
2017	73,6%	102,1%	2162	303
2018	219,2%	99,7%	487	308
2019	169,8%	102,1%	495	284
2020	83,8%	100,1%	863	388
2021	45,9%	101,7%	844	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 45,9% in 2021 Cyprus seems to face difficulties in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -37,9 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 844 days, which is significantly above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -2,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

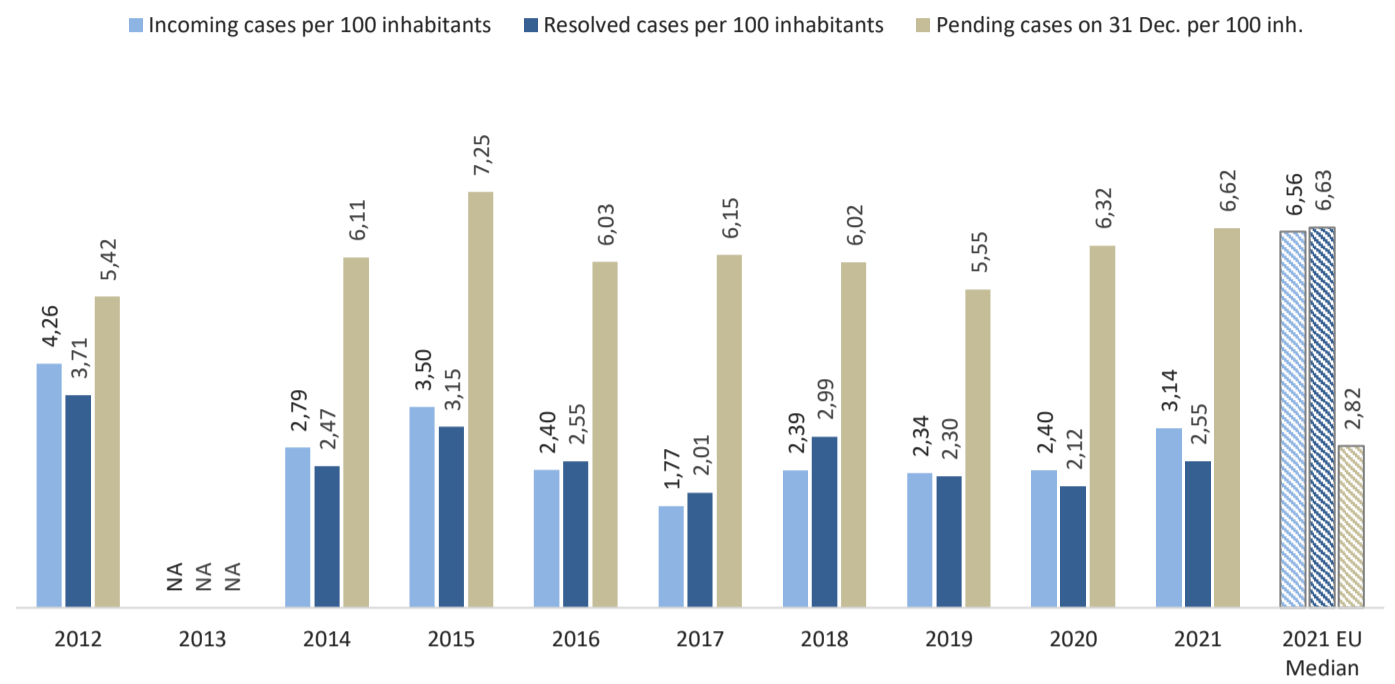
In the administrative cases, the applications for international protection are included and there was an increase in these applications in 2021, as a result of more asylum seekers coming into Cyprus. From 1 January 2021, the Review authority for refugees was abolished.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	4,26	3,71	5,42
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	2,79	2,47	6,11
2015	3,50	3,15	7,25
2016	2,40	2,55	6,03
2017	1,77	2,01	6,15
2018	2,39	2,99	6,02
2019	2,34	2,30	5,55
2020	2,40	2,12	6,32
2021	3,14	2,55	6,62
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Cyprus (3,14 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

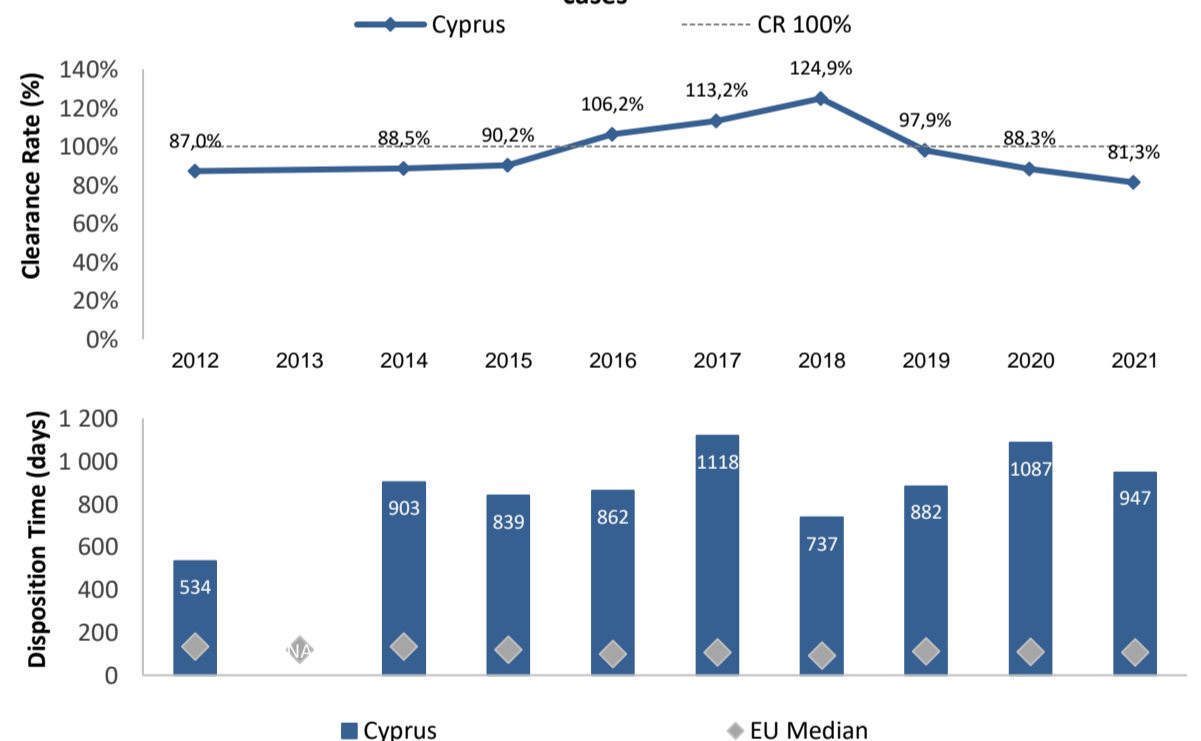
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Cyprus (2,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Cyprus (6,62 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Cyprus	EU Median	Cyprus	EU Median
2012	87,0%	100,5%	534	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	88,5%	101,9%	903	133
2015	90,2%	101,0%	839	119
2016	106,2%	101,5%	862	98
2017	113,2%	100,6%	1118	107
2018	124,9%	100,6%	737	91
2019	97,9%	99,8%	882	111
2020	88,3%	98,7%	1087	109
2021	81,3%	101,2%	947	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 81,3% in 2021 Cyprus seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -7,0 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 947 days, which is significantly above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -12,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

The data for the first instance insolvency cases are not available, because there is no electronic filing system available.

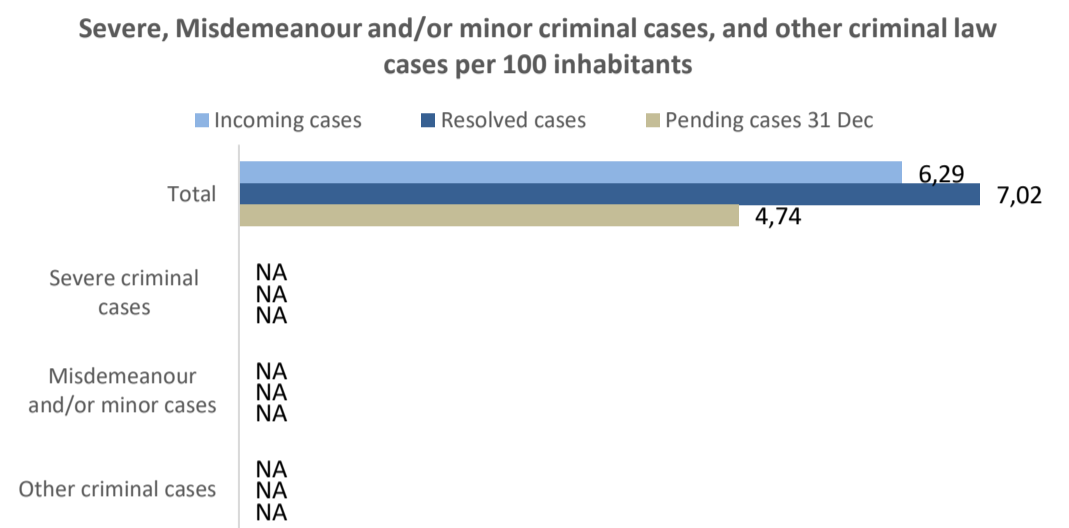
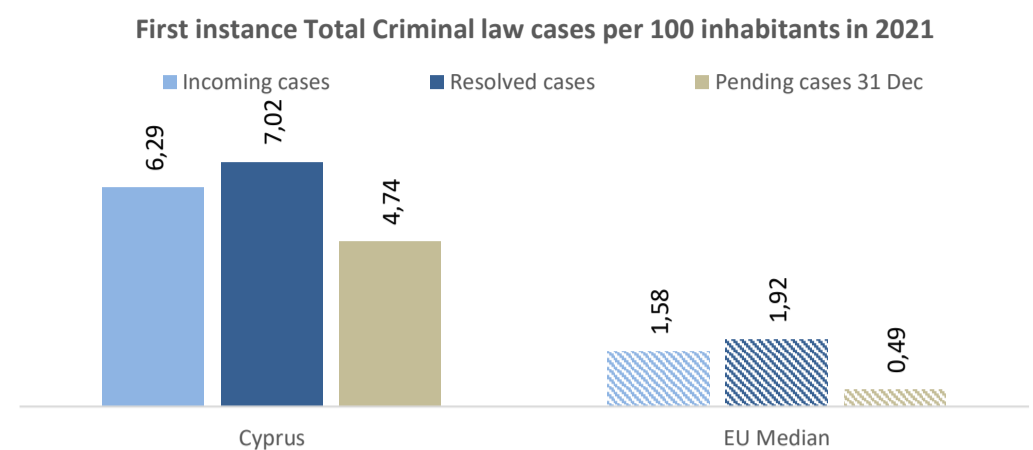
Due to the unavailability of data, the Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	49 542	56 867	63 546	42 863
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	5,48	6,29	7,02	4,74
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Cyprus (6,29 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

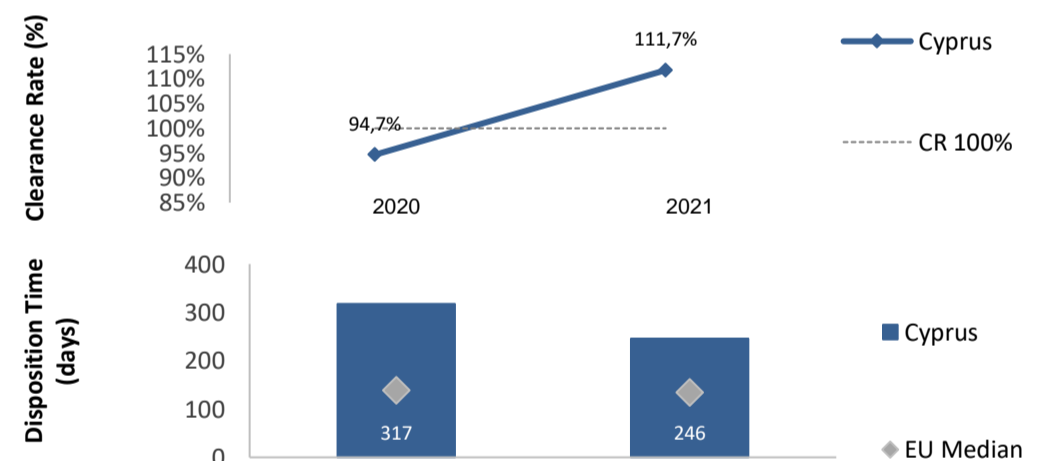
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Cyprus (7,02 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Cyprus (4,74 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Cyprus	EU Median	Cyprus	EU Median
2020	94,7%	95,2%	317	139
2021	111,7%	100,0%	246	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,7% in 2021 Cyprus seems to deal efficiently with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 17 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 246 days, which is well above EU median of 134 days.

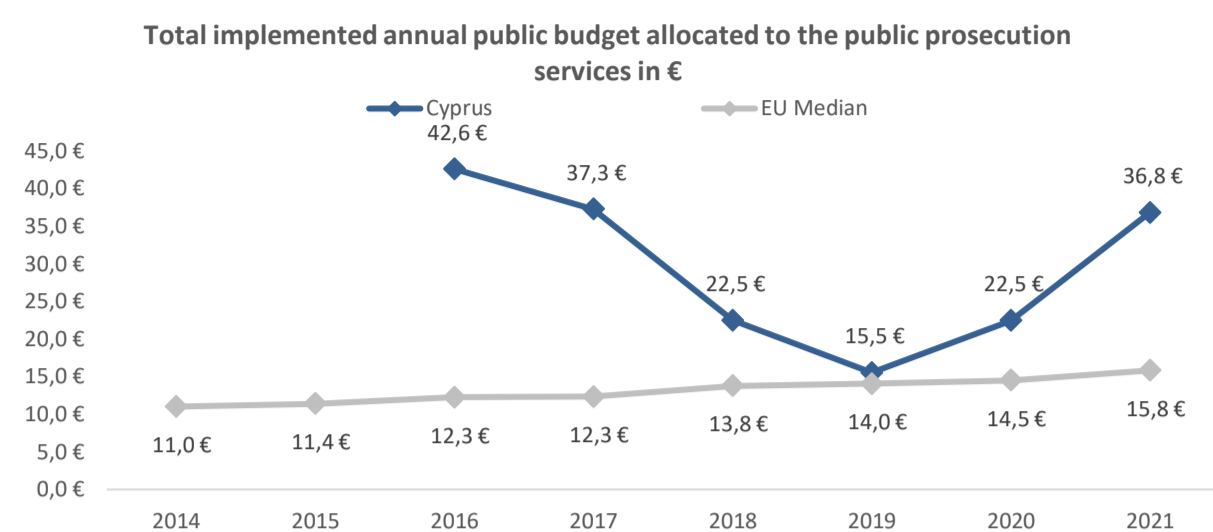
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -22,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The reason for not having data for the subcategories of criminal law cases is that there is no electronic filing system that would enable Cyprus to have statistical data on different types of cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Cyprus (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Cyprus		Cyprus	EU Median
2014	NA		NA	11,0 €
2015	NA		NA	11,4 €
2016	36 139 641 €		42,6 €	12,3 €
2017	31 872 434 €		37,3 €	12,3 €
2018	19 706 797 €		22,5 €	13,8 €
2019	13 807 046 €		15,5 €	14,0 €
2020	20 126 033 €		22,5 €	14,5 €
2021	33 317 620 €		36,8 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Cyprus		Cyprus	EU Median
2018	1 100 €		0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	NA		NA	0,029 €
2020	12 250 €		0,014 €	0,011 €
2021	19 689 €		0,022 €	0,022 €

In 2021, there was a high increase in the compensation paid in action of 10 million, representing compensation awarded in actions against the state.

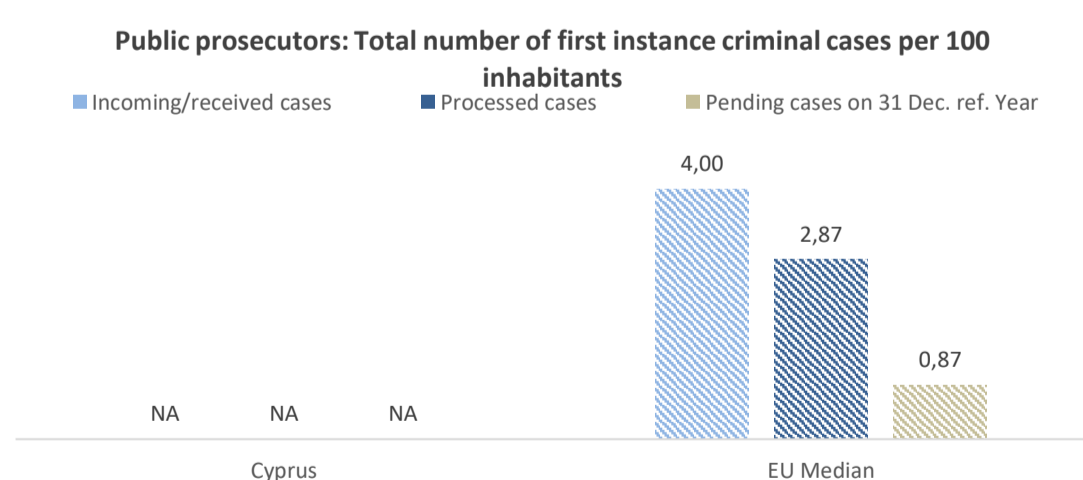
Moreover, less training seminars have been held in person due to covid.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Cyprus	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Cyprus	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	NA	NA	NA	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA	NA	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA	NA	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA	NA	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	NA	NA	NA	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The data for the public prosecutors' first instance criminal cases are not available.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Cyprus (2021 data)

Number of mediators

The information about the number of registered court-related mediators is not available (NA).

The variation between 2020 and 2021 can therefore not be calculated.

Number of court related mediations

Data on the number of court-related mediation procedures is not available.

7. ICT tools of courts in Cyprus (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools

Writing assistance tools
Simple dictation tools
Multiple speakers recording tools
Voice recognition feature

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
No	-	-	-
No	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-

Financial management tools

Budgetary and financial management of courts
Justice expenses management
Other

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
	100%	Yes	Yes
	100%	Yes	Yes
	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP

Measurement tools to assess the workload

Judges
Prosecutors
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
No	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Cyprus (2021 data)

In Cyprus, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Cyprus, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Cyprus, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

This is part of the reform that is underway in the Attorney General Office.

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	854 800	875 900	888 000	896 000	904 700	4,5%	1,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	20 512	19 033	20 454	20 931	21 282	22 770	24 633	25 270	23 397	23 436	14,3%	0,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	False		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	False		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									-	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual										-	False	
073-4.1.2 Less frequent										-	False	
073-4.1.3 More frequent										-	True	
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance										-	False	
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)										-	True	
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency										-	True	
073-6.1.4 Other										-	False	
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	True	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	False		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	False		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									-	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	True		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	31	-	34,8%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	12	-	71,4%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	11	83,3%	83,3%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	19	-	18,8%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	14	13	13	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	19	35,7%	18,8%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	300,0%	33,3%
43.1.5 Family courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	33,3%	33,3%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	0,0%	50,0%
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	5	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NA	NAP	3	5	5	5	5	6	6	1	-	-83,3%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	30	-	36,4%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	21	19	21	22	22	22	21	22	23	31	47,6%	34,8%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 179	NA	49 655	58 568	52 412	54 586	57 972	48 837	54 058	54 620	29,5%	1,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	44 285	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	4 851	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 737	7 540	8 025	5 700	5 146	5 616	15,8%	9,1%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	898	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	36 868	NA	23 939	29 667	20 394	15 160	20 937	20 817	21 530	28 386	-23,0%	31,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	38 473	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 094	6 653	1 604	1 694	1 543	1 840	1 950	1 900	2 829	10 797	415,6%	281,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 031	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	32 092	NA	21 182	26 751	21 661	17 168	26 147	20 382	19 005	23 084	-28,1%	21,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	30 125	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 550	3 828	1 660	2 030	1 740	1 355	4 275	3 227	2 371	4 957	219,8%	109,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 065	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	46 955	NA	52 412	61 484	51 145	52 578	52 762	49 272	56 583	59 922	27,6%	5,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	52 633	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 738	7 540	8 025	5 700	4 373	5 604	11 456	112,3%	104,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	864	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	87,0%	NA	88,5%	90,2%	106,2%	113,2%	124,9%	97,9%	88,3%	81,3%	(5,72)	(6,95)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	78,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	74,0%	57,5%	103,5%	119,8%	112,8%	73,6%	219,2%	169,8%	83,8%	45,9%	(28,11)	(37,90)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	534	NA	903	839	862	1118	737	882	1087	947	77,4%	-12,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1270	775	1775	1391	1582	2162	487	495	863	844	-33,6%	-2,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	3 450	3 378	3 335	3 282	3 389	3 581	3 322	3 293	3 347	3 513	1,8%	5,0%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	------	------

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	1 382	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	1 965	1 874	35,6%	-4,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	7 195	6 846	6 686	6 605	6 663	6 601	6 695	7 075	6 322	6 185	-14,0%	-2,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 005	1 038	984	637	1 014	489	364	632	414	447	-55,5%	8,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	7 267	6 889	6 737	6 498	6 471	6 660	6 724	6 951	6 190	6 676	-8,1%	7,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	638	614	938	751	827	585	715	512	505	373	-41,5%	-26,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	3 378	3 335	3 284	3 389	3 581	3 522	3 293	3 417	3 479	3 022	-10,5%	-13,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	2 196	1 845	1 965	1 874	1 948	11,4%	3,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	100,6%	100,8%	98,4%	97,1%	100,9%	100,4%	98,2%	97,9%	107,9%	6,94	10,03
CR Employment dismissal cases	63,5%	59,2%	95,3%	117,9%	81,6%	119,6%	196,4%	81,0%	122,0%	83,4%	19,96	(38,54)
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	170	177	178	190	202	193	179	179	205	165	-2,6%	-19,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	1 001	1 292	863	1 023	1 012	1 370	942	1 401	1 354	1 906	90,5%	40,7%
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 500	2 868	3 230	3 816	4 186	4 215	4 412	4 828	-	9,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 753	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			801	871	886	957	909	939	968	1 075	-	11,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	104	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			865	788	919	786	843	930	1 021	1 148	-	12,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	920	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			180	133	63	120	189	234	203	228	-	12,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	34	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			437	426	461	529	737	810	790	1 060	-	34,2%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	924	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			110	118	120	168	159	205	140	136	-	-2,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 928	3 230	3 688	4 073	4 292	4 335	4 710	4 916	-	4,4%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 749	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			871	886	829	909	939	968	1 031	1 167	-	13,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	111	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			50,5%	54,1%	50,2%	67,3%	87,4%	87,1%	77,4%	92,3%	-	14,96
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	100,4%	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			61,1%	88,7%	190,5%	140,0%	84,1%	87,6%	69,0%	59,6%	-	(9,32)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	79,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			2446	2767	2920	2810	2126	1953	2176	1693	-	-22,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1481	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			2890	2741	2522	1975	2156	1724	2688	3132	-	16,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	1501	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									45 674	49 542	-	8,5%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									59 300	56 867	-	-4,1%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									56 142	63 546	-	13,2%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									48 832	42 863	-	-12,2%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									94,7%	111,7%	-	17,1
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									317	246	-	-22,5%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									278	245	-	-11,9%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									249	226	-	-9,2%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									270	239	-	-11,5%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									257	232	-	-9,7%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									108,4%	105,8%	-	(2,47)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									347	354	-	2,0%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									NA	NA	-	-
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NA	NA	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NA	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	17 971 759	16 600 696	15 798 704	18 562 103	21 953 972	18 184 425	20 478 203	22 640 515	21 117 635	34 446 594	91,7%	63,12%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	36 139 641	31 872 434	19 706 797	13 807 046	20 126 033	33 317 620	-	65,54%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	45 800	NA	45 850	42 750	-	-6,76%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 100	NA	12 250	19 689	-	60,73%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									False	True		
020.1.1 Total									3 386	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									2 351	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									1 035	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									3 386	3 329	-	(0,02)
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									2 351	2 760	-	0,17
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									1 035	569	-	(0,45)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	False	False	False
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter										
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter										
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter										
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	False	False
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter										

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter												
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter												
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter												
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter												
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter												
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges												
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors												
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff												

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	103	101	97	113	111	119	118	115	126	129	25,2%	2,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	90	88	84	100	98	106	105	102	113	116	28,9%	2,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	56	54	53	60	57	60	59	59	60	59	5,4%	-1,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	44	44	51	49	52	51	50	53	52	10,6%	-1,9%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	9	10	9	9	8	8	8	9	7	7	-22,2%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	47	47	44	53	54	59	59	56	66	70	48,9%	6,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	43	44	40	49	49	54	54	52	60	64	48,8%	6,7%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	6	6	50,0%	0,0%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126	129	-	2,4%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	116	-	2,7%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	13	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	7	-	-46,2%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	7	-	-46,2%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	25	-	-77,9%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	25	-	-71,3%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	424	427	448	424	437	441	427	475	449	496	17,0%	10,5%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	133	133	129	130	138	138	138	155	149	147	10,5%	-1,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	124	131	128	130	135	135	131	147	148	154	24,2%	4,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	129	125	151	128	130	134	125	135	119	149	15,5%	25,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	38	38	40	36	34	34	33	38	33	46	21,1%	39,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	155	178	144	146	150	143	155	145	175	-	20,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	-	0,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	10	NA	7	8	8	10	8	13	15	-	15,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	94	118	99	101	105	95	103	98	116	-	18,4%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	38	NA	29	28	28	30	35	24	34	-	41,7%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	272	284	280	291	291	284	320	304	321	-	5,6%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	126	120	121	129	129	129	146	139	137	-	-1,4%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	121	NA	123	127	127	121	139	135	139	-	3,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	31	33	29	29	29	30	32	21	33	-	57,1%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	NA	7	6	6	3	3	9	12	-	33,3%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									449	496	-	10,5%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									370	413	-	11,6%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									79	83	-	5,1%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									145	175	-	20,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									125	152	-	21,6%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									20	23	-	15,0%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									304	321	-	5,6%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									245	261	-	6,5%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									59	60	-	1,7%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									137	146	-	6,6%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									30	30	-	0,0%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									107	116	-	8,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									73	146	-	100,0%

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									15	30	-	100,0%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									58	116	-	100,0%
004 Annual average salary in the country									24 882 £	25 116 £	-	0,9%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									77 916 £	77 916 £	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									138 494 £	138 494 £	-	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									35 010 £	35 010 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									56 069 £	56 069 £	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									105 500 £	105 500 £	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	0	-	-

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	2 558	2 896	3 114	3 208	3 605	3 793	4 012	4 209	4 273	4 377	71,1%	2,4%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							1 790	1 861	1 821	1 923	-	5,6%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							2 222	2 348	2 452	2 454	-	0,1%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			Yes	Yes	True	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Cyprus

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Czech Republic

(2021 data)

General data

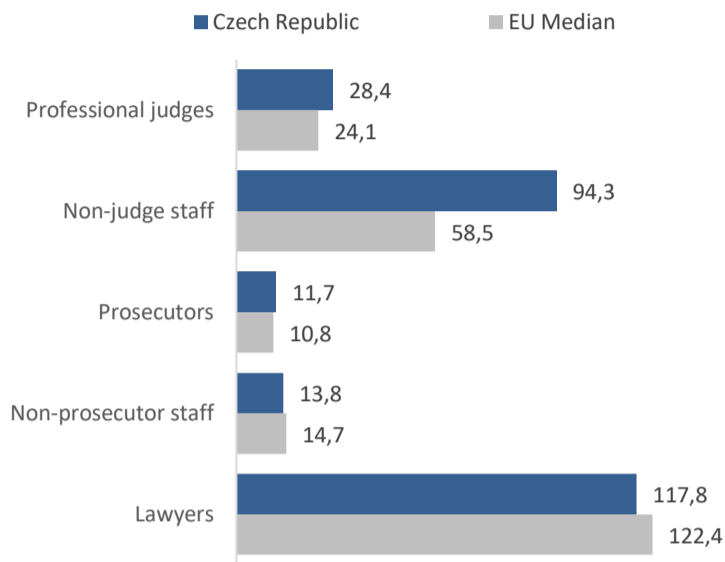
Population: 10 516 707

GDP per capita: 22 267 €

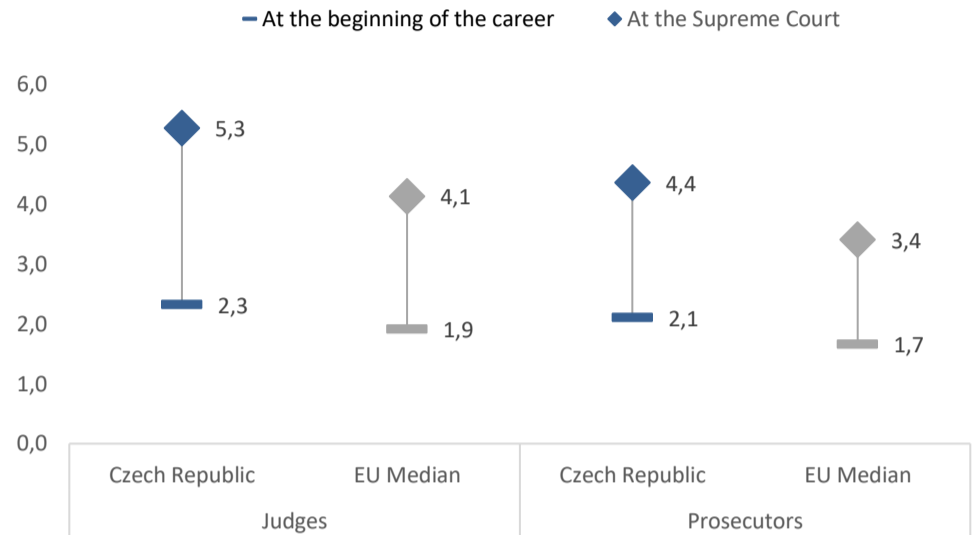
Average annual salary: 18 296 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

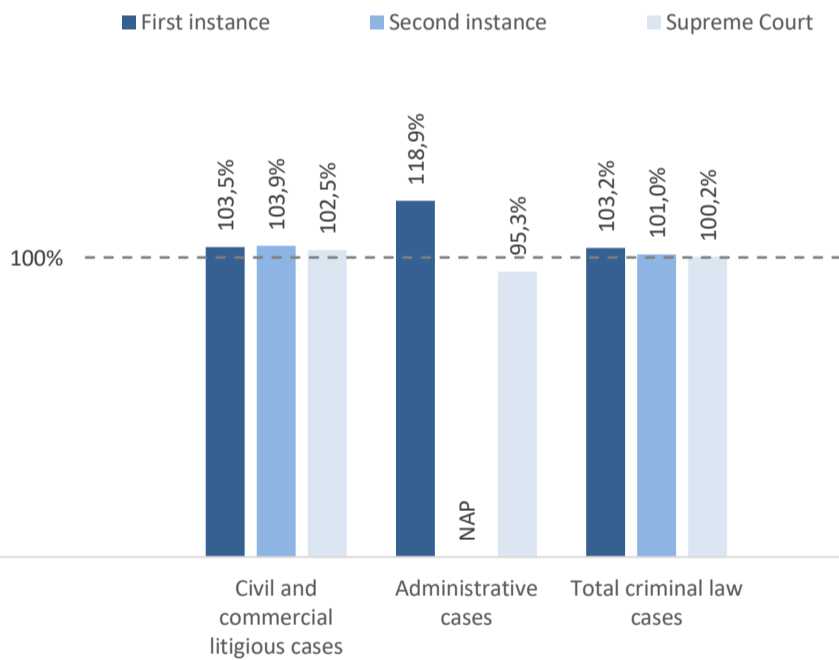


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

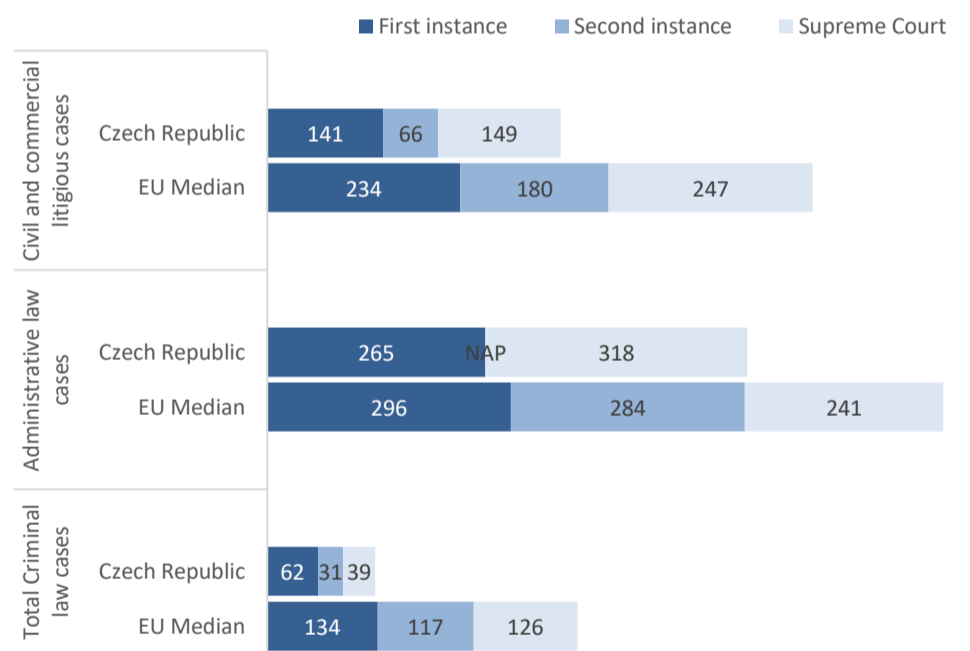


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

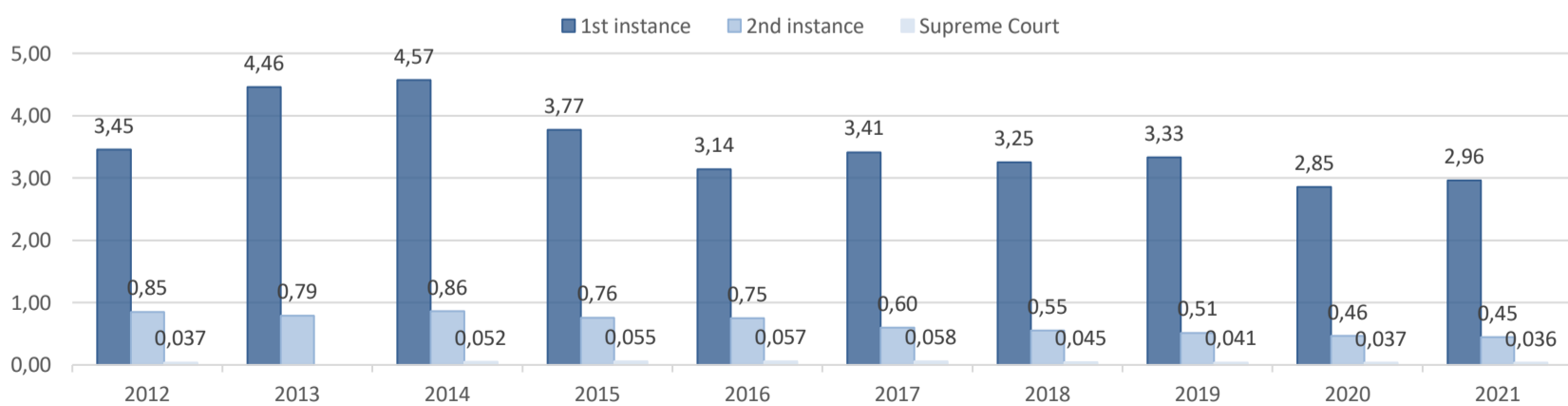


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Czech Republic

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	10 701 777	10 516 707		0,1%	-1,7%
GDP per capita	14 557	13 473	14 602	15 985	16 700	18 095	19 489	20 830	20 278	22 267		53,0%	9,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	25,14	27,43	27,73	27,03	27,02	25,54	25,73	25,41	26,25	24,86		-1,1%	-5,3%
Average annual salary	12 463		11 083		12 253		14 365	16 116	16 279	18 296		46,8%	12,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	29,1	29,1	28,8	28,6	28,4	28,4	28,4	28,2	28,1	28,4		-2,2%	1,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	86,9	86,6	88,4	89,2	91,8	93,4	92,6	93,6	92,7	94,3		8,5%	1,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									11,4	11,7			2,5%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									13,8	13,8			0,4%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	104,1	97,6	112,5	116,5	106,9	109,4	105,0	114,2	114,6	117,8		13,1%	2,8%
Mediators	3,7	4,2	4,0	5,6	5,9	6,2	6,2	5,5	6,3	6,5		76,7%	4,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,455	4,463	4,570	3,773	3,142	3,411	3,251	3,330	2,854	2,960		-14,3%	3,7%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,1	0,087	0,108	0,104	0,111	0,099	0,094	0,088		NAP	-5,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,609	0,593			-2,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	90%	105%	107%	110%	101%	102%	101%	98%	103%		4,65	5,51
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	91%	92%	80%	92%	88%	107%	113%	119%		NAP	6,35
CR total criminal law cases									100%	103%			3,03

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	165	141		-18,9%	-14,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	317	265		NAP	-16,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									72	62			-14,4%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,63	2,07	2,14	1,76	1,45	1,49	1,34	1,29	1,26	1,18		-27,3%	-6,4%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	0,09	0,10	0,10	0,11	0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08		NAP	-16,6%
Total criminal law cases									0,12	0,10			-14,1%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	102%	102%	103%	102%	103%	100%	104%			4,24
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									99%	101%			2,47

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			73	74	69	74	75	68	79	66			-16,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									34	31			-9,1%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			96%	101%	98%	101%	110%	110%	108%	102%			-5,35
CR administrative law cases			102%	NA	91%	88%	85%	91%	94%	95%			1,51
CR total criminal law cases									102%	100%			-2,12

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			201	178	179	171	167	151	143	149			3,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			156	NA	176	200	262	271	302	318			5,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									38	39			2,0%

1. Judicial organisation in Czech Republic (2021 data)

The Czech Republic has a four-tier court system.

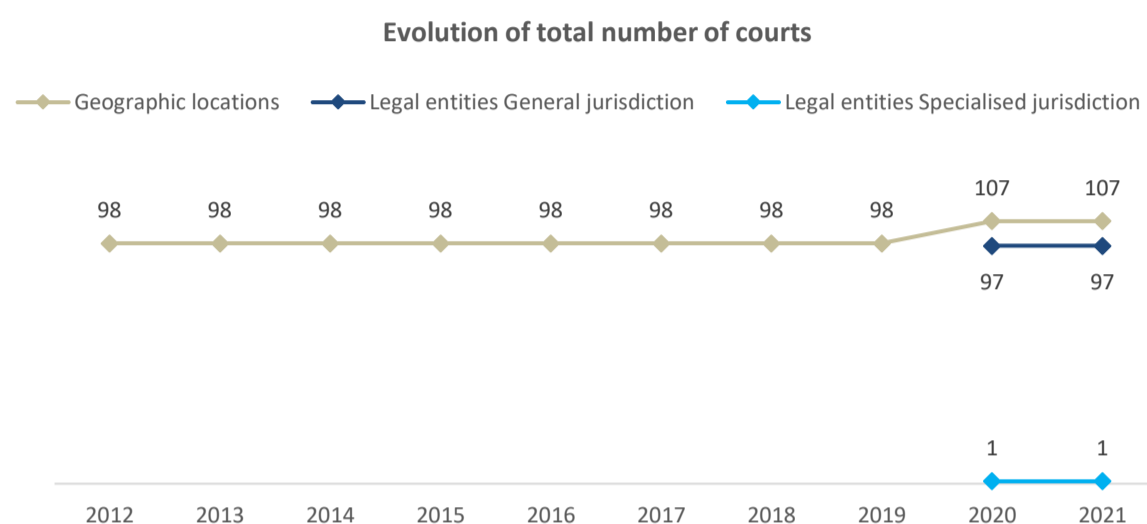
In 2021, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 98. Namely, there are 97 courts of general jurisdiction.

There are no first instance specialised courts. However, there is one highest instance specialised court which is the Supreme Administrative Court.

Among the 97 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 86 act at first instance, 10 at second instance and one at third instance. In terms of geographic locations, there are 107 courts among which 89 are of first instance. In fact, 6 Regional courts and 3 district courts have their branches in other cities.

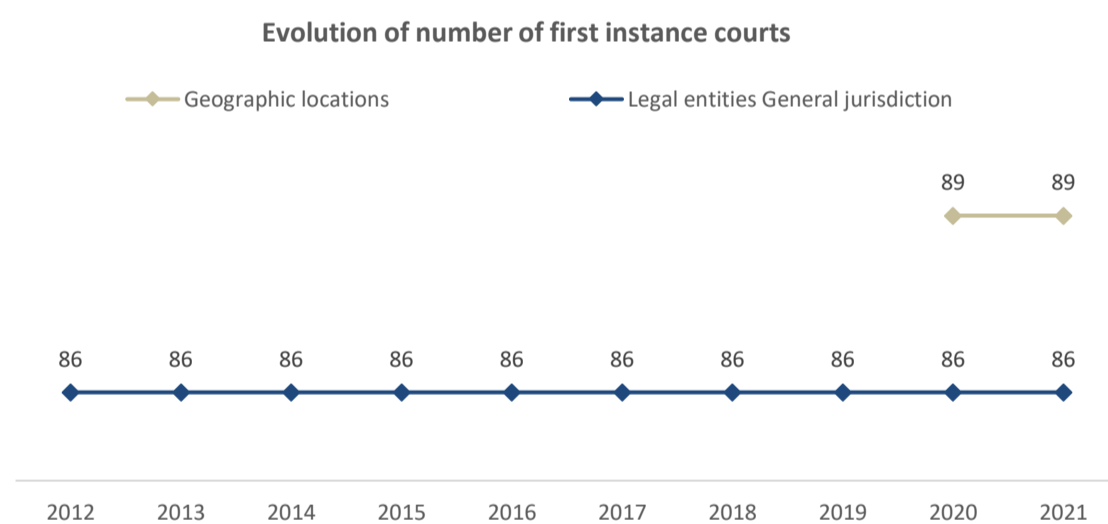
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	98		
2013	98		
2014	98		
2015	98		
2016	98		
2017	98		
2018	98		
2019	98		
2020	107	97	1
2021	107	97	1



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		86	NAP
2013		86	NAP
2014		86	NAP
2015		86	NAP
2016		86	NAP
2017		86	NAP
2018		86	NAP
2019		86	NAP
2020	89	86	NAP
2021	89	86	NAP



Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	NAP	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

There are no specialised first instance courts, but judges within individual courts are specialised (e.g. for family, labour and enforcement cases at district courts, and insolvency and administrative cases at regional courts as first instance courts).

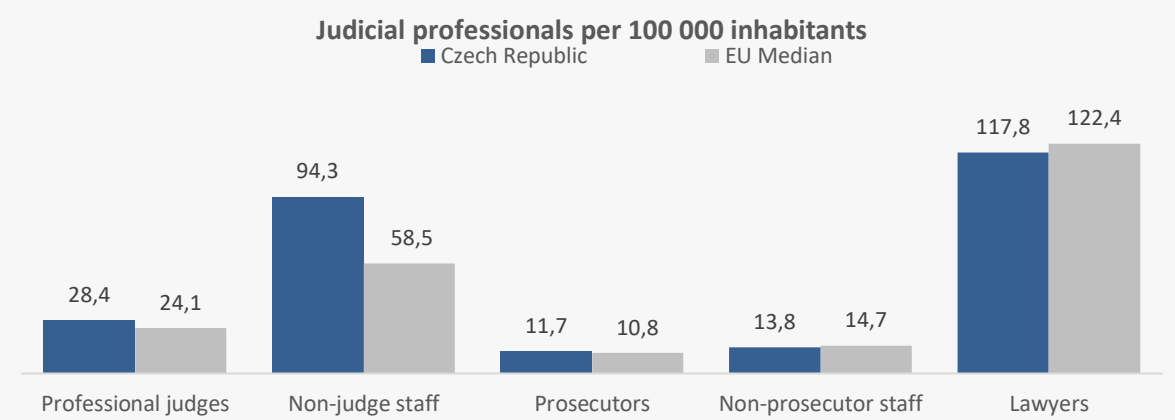
As already mentioned above, the Supreme Administrative Court constitutes the sole higher instance specialised court.

2. Professionals of justice in Czech Republic (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

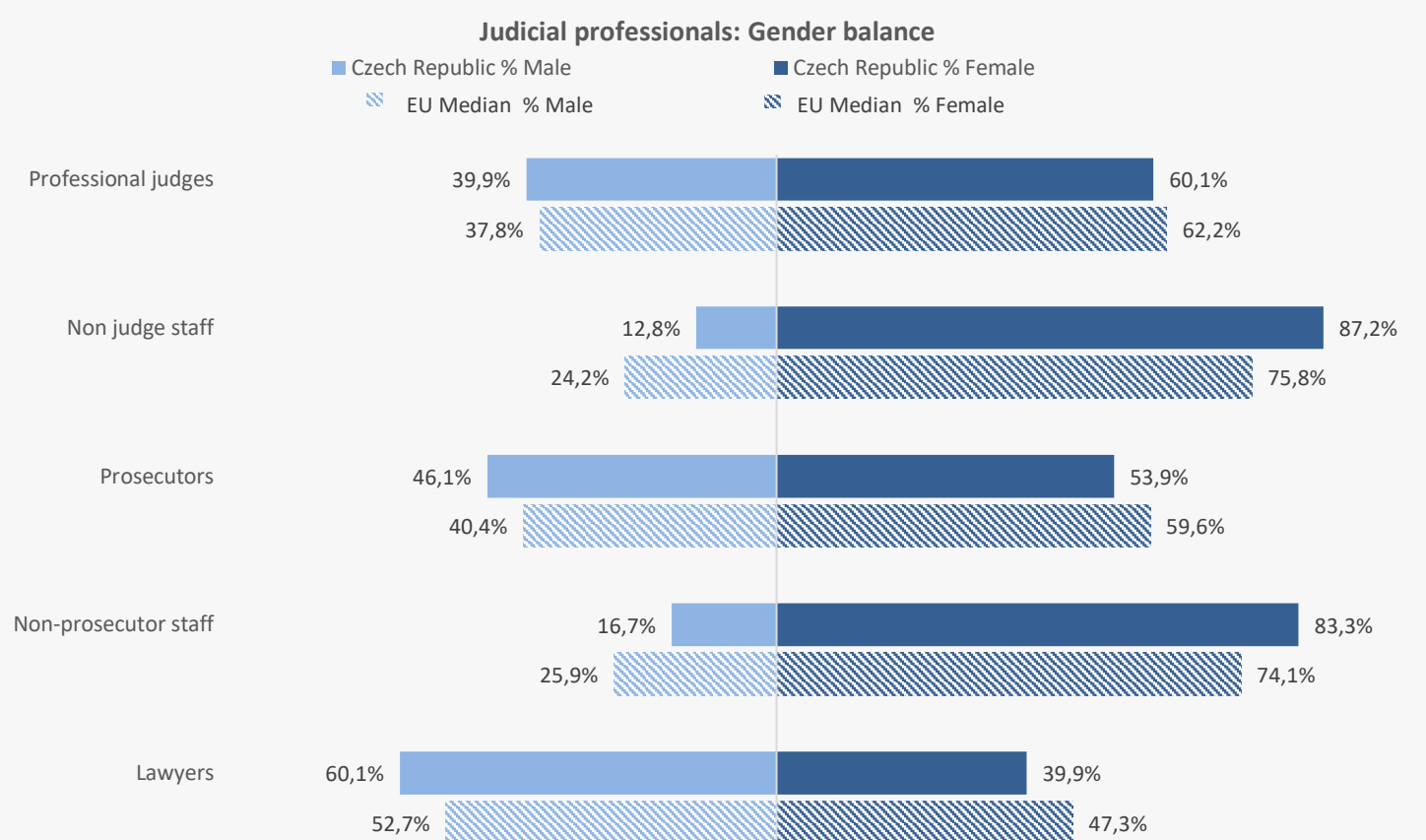
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 990	28,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	9 914	94,3	58,5
Prosecutors	1 233	11,7	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	1 454	13,8	14,7
Lawyers	12 390	117,8	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

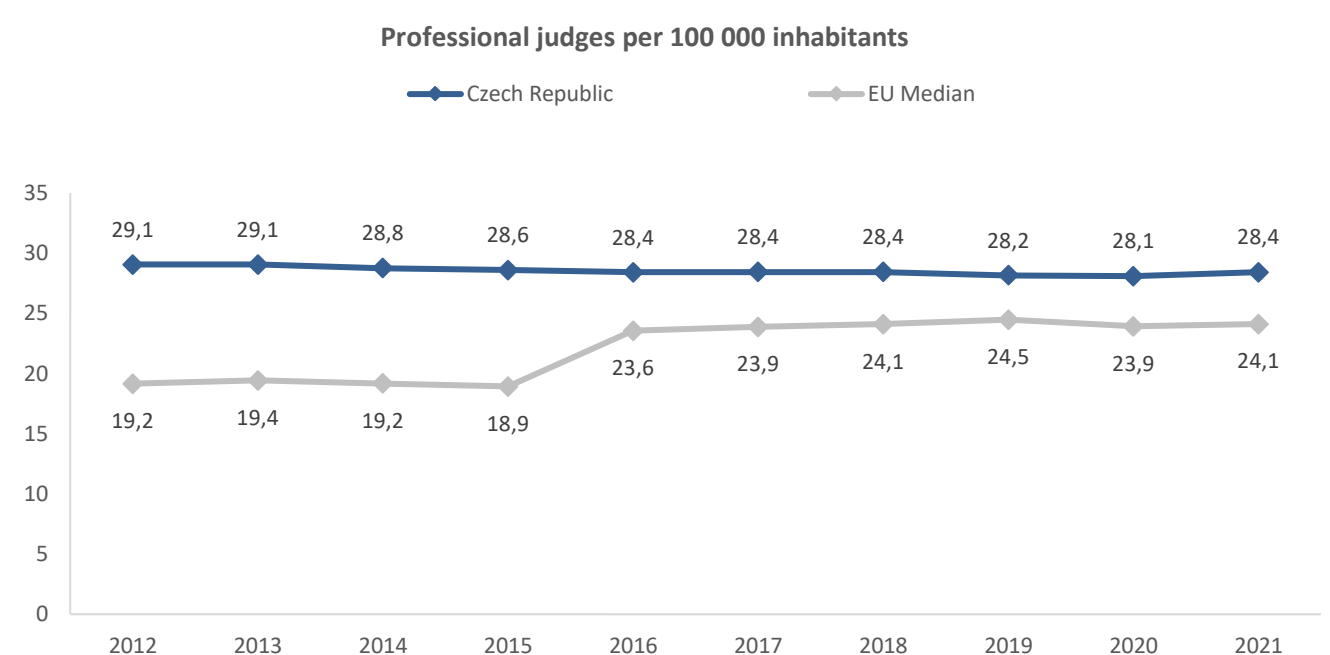
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	39,9%	60,1%
Non judge staff	12,8%	87,2%
Prosecutors	46,1%	53,9%
Non-prosecutor staff	16,7%	83,3%
Lawyers	60,1%	39,9%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	3 055	19,2	29,1	19,2
2013	3 054	19,4	29,1	19,4
2014	3 028	19,2	28,8	19,2
2015	3 018	18,9	28,6	18,9
2016	3 005	23,6	28,4	23,6
2017	3 012	23,9	28,4	23,9
2018	3 029	24,1	28,4	24,1
2019	3 006	24,5	28,2	24,5
2020	3 007	23,9	28,1	23,9
2021	2 990	24,1	28,4	24,1



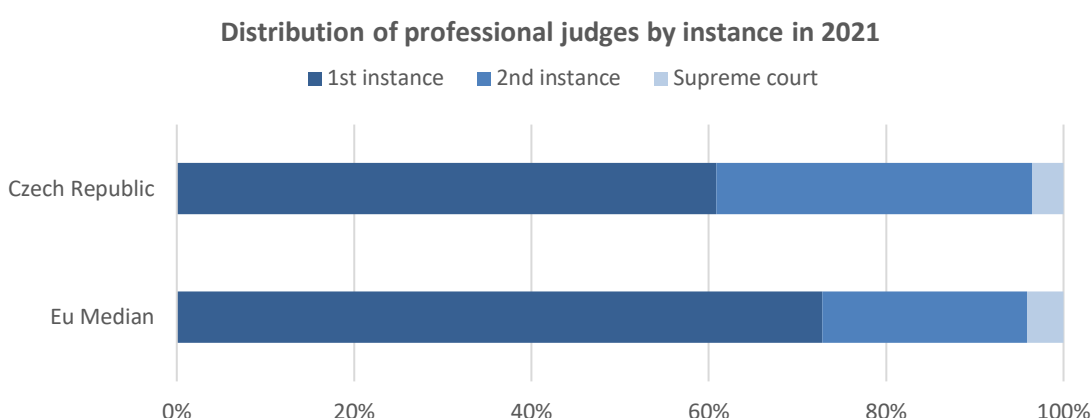
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Czech Republic is 2 990, which is -0,6% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in the Czech Republic, there are 28,43 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,32 non-judge staff per judge.

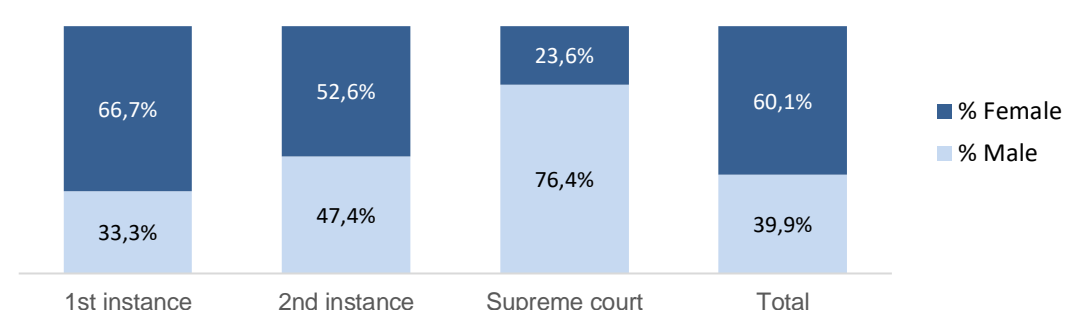
There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,30 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 819	60,8%	606	1 213	33,3%	66,7%
2nd instance	1 065	35,6%	505	560	47,4%	52,6%
Supreme court	106	3,5%	81	25	76,4%	23,6%
Total	2 990		1 192	1 798	39,9%	60,1%



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Czech Republic



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 798, which represents 60,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 819 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 213 are Female); 1 065 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 560 are Female) and 106 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 25 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in the Czech Republic is similar. The number of first instance judges is predominant but lower than at the EU level. The number of second instance judges is higher than the EU median, while the number of third instance judges is slightly lower.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, the Czech Republic presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Indeed, the Czech Republic has a four-tier system. The number of judges of the two High Courts is included in the number of second instance judges. This methodology of presentation of data is applied since 2013, while for the previous evaluations, magistrates of the High Courts were considered as third instance judges.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

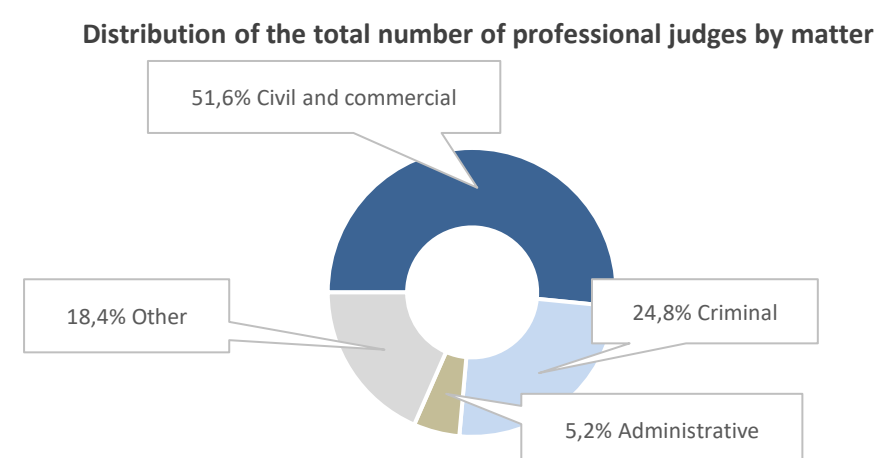
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 819	987	432	0	400
2nd instance	1 065	507	288	119	151
Supreme court	106	48	23	35	0
Total	2 990	1 542	743	154	551

In the Czech Republic, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

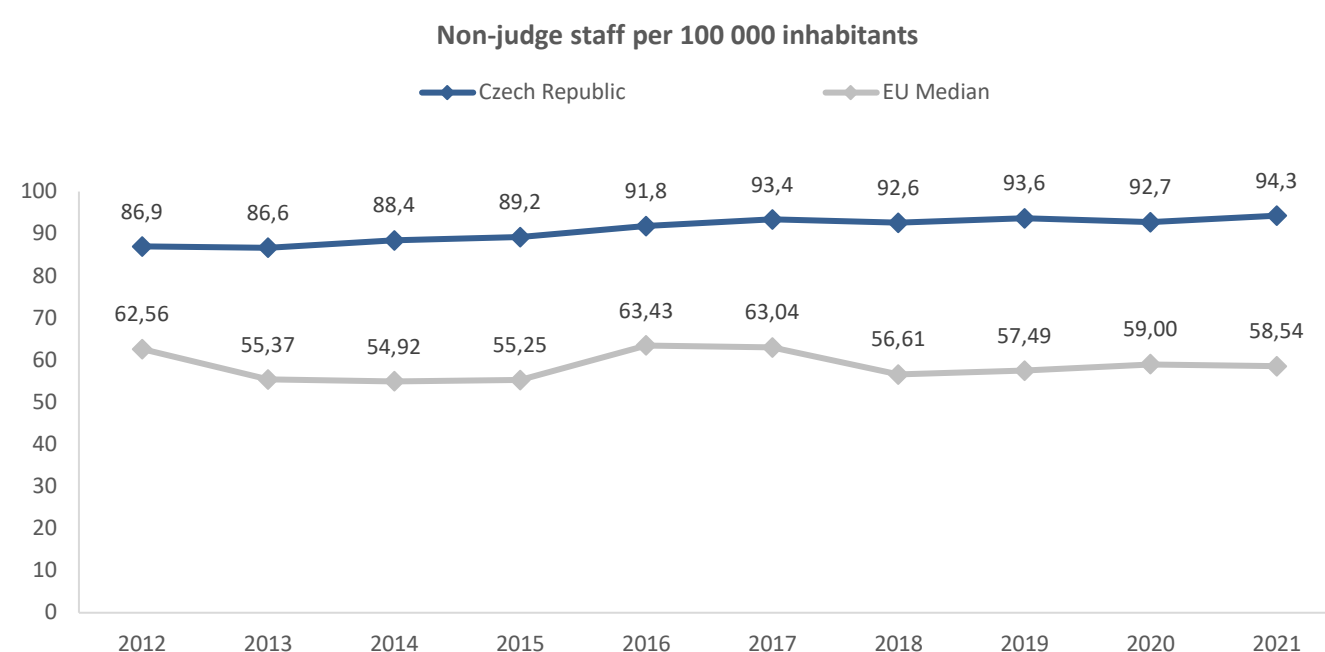
Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	54,3%	23,7%	0,0%	22,0%
2nd instance	47,6%	27,0%	11,2%	14,2%
Supreme court	45,3%	21,7%	33,0%	0,0%
Total	51,6%	24,8%	5,2%	18,4%



The category "Other" encompasses insolvency proceedings and guardianship proceedings.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	9 135	86,9	62,6
2013	9 107	86,6	55,4
2014	9 309	88,4	54,9
2015	9 409	89,2	55,2
2016	9 714	91,8	63,4
2017	9 887	93,4	63,0
2018	9 857	92,6	56,6
2019	9 989	93,6	57,5
2020	9 921	92,7	59,0
2021	9 914	94,3	58,5



In 2021, the Czech Republic has 9 914 non-judge staff (of which 8 646 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 92,7 in 2020 to 94,3 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 28,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 28,4 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	9 914	
Rechtspfleger	2 538	25,6%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 505	45,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 169	21,9%
Technical staff	649	6,5%
Other	53	0,5%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

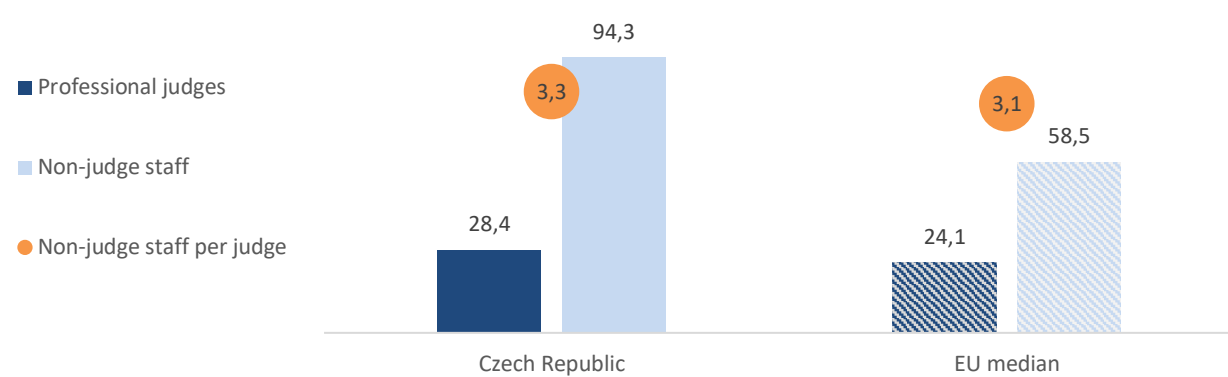
- 2 538 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 2 132 are Female);
- 4 505 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 4 263 are Female);
- 2 169 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 822 are Female);
- 649 technical staff (of which 402 are Female);
- 53 other (of which 27 are Female);

The category "other" encompasses judicial trainees or staff in charge of court documentation, press centre and telephone exchange. The judicial trainee is entitled to perform the acts of the court under the conditions and to the extent specified in factual and time plan of the preparatory service which is compiled by the chairman of the regional court after consultation with the advisory board for the education of trainees. Nowadays, there are few judicial trainees and in 2022 the title is replaced by a "judicial candidate".

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Czech Republic	EU median
Professional judges	28,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	94,3	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,3	3,1

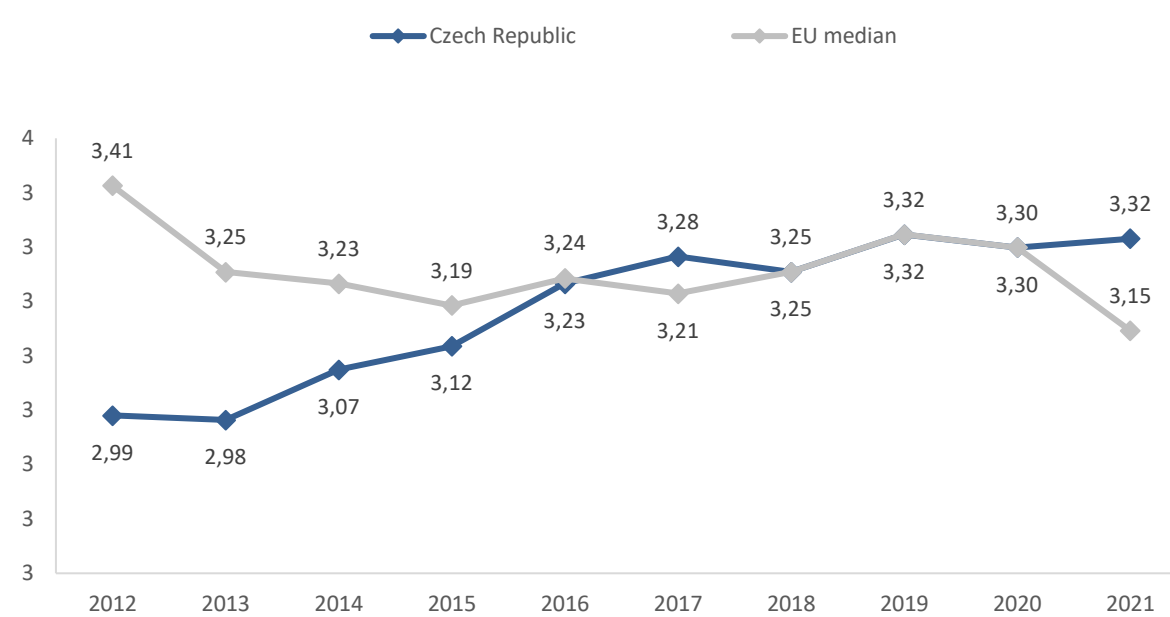
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU median
2012	29,1	86,9	2,99	3,4
2013	29,1	86,6	3,0	3,3
2014	28,8	88,4	3,1	3,2
2015	28,6	89,2	3,1	3,2
2016	28,4	91,8	3,2	3,2
2017	28,4	93,4	3,3	3,2
2018	28,4	92,6	3,3	3,3
2019	28,2	93,6	3,3	3,3
2020	28,1	92,7	3,3	3,3
2021	28,4	94,3	3,3	3,1

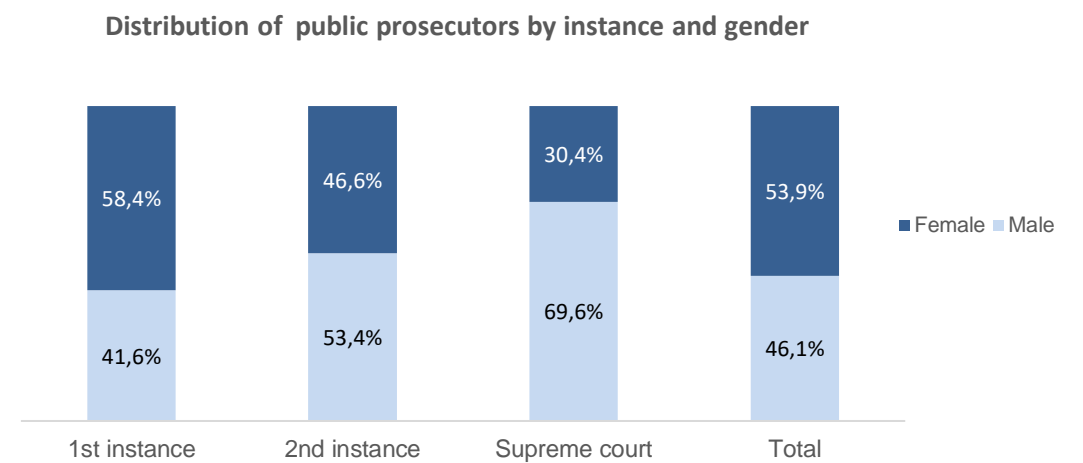
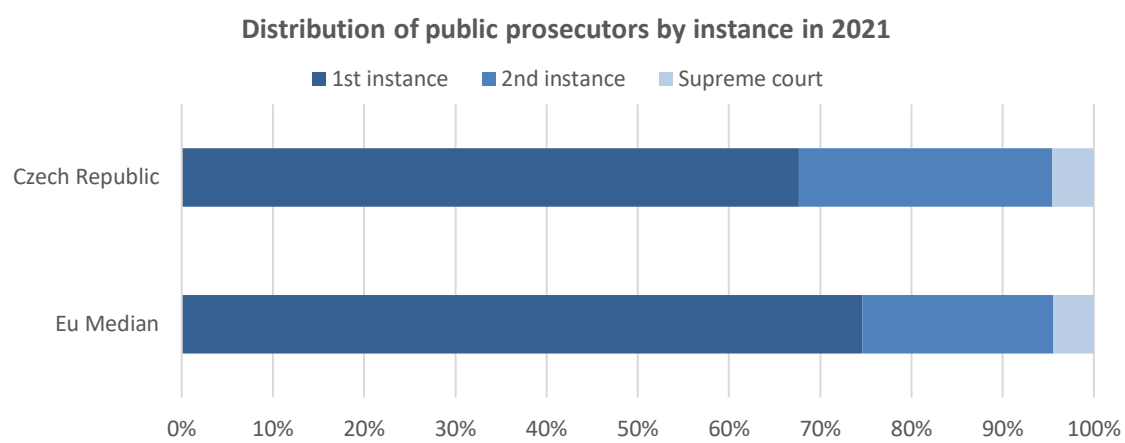
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	834	67,6%	347	487	41,6%	58,4%
2nd instance	343	27,8%	183	160	53,4%	46,6%
Supreme court	56	4,5%	39	17	69,6%	30,4%
Total	1 233		569	664	46,1%	53,9%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 664, which represents 53,9% of the total number of prosecutors.

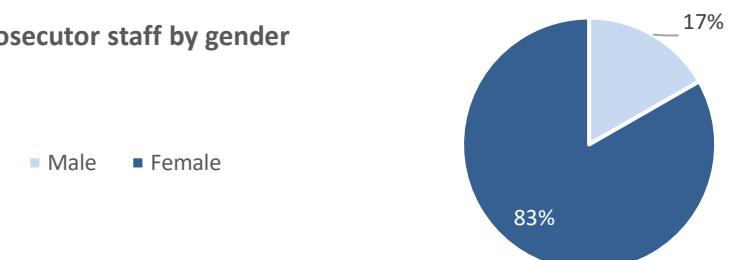
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 834 in first instance (of which 487 are Female); 343 are in second instance (of which 160 are Female) and 56 in final instance (of which 17 are Female).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, the Czech Republic presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Czech Republic is endowed with a system of 4 levels of State prosecution offices: district, regional, high and supreme. The number of high public prosecutors is included in the number of prosecutors at second instance level.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	1 454	243	1 211

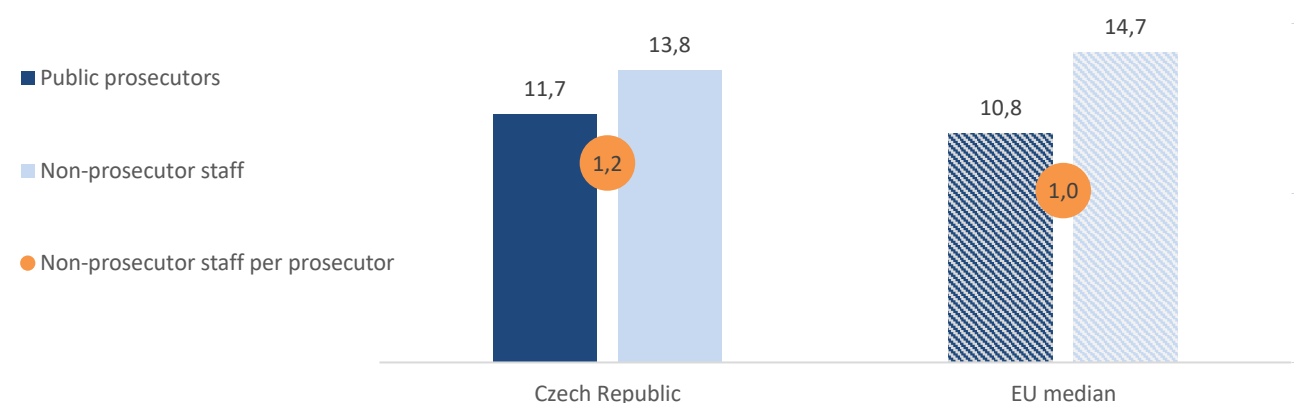
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

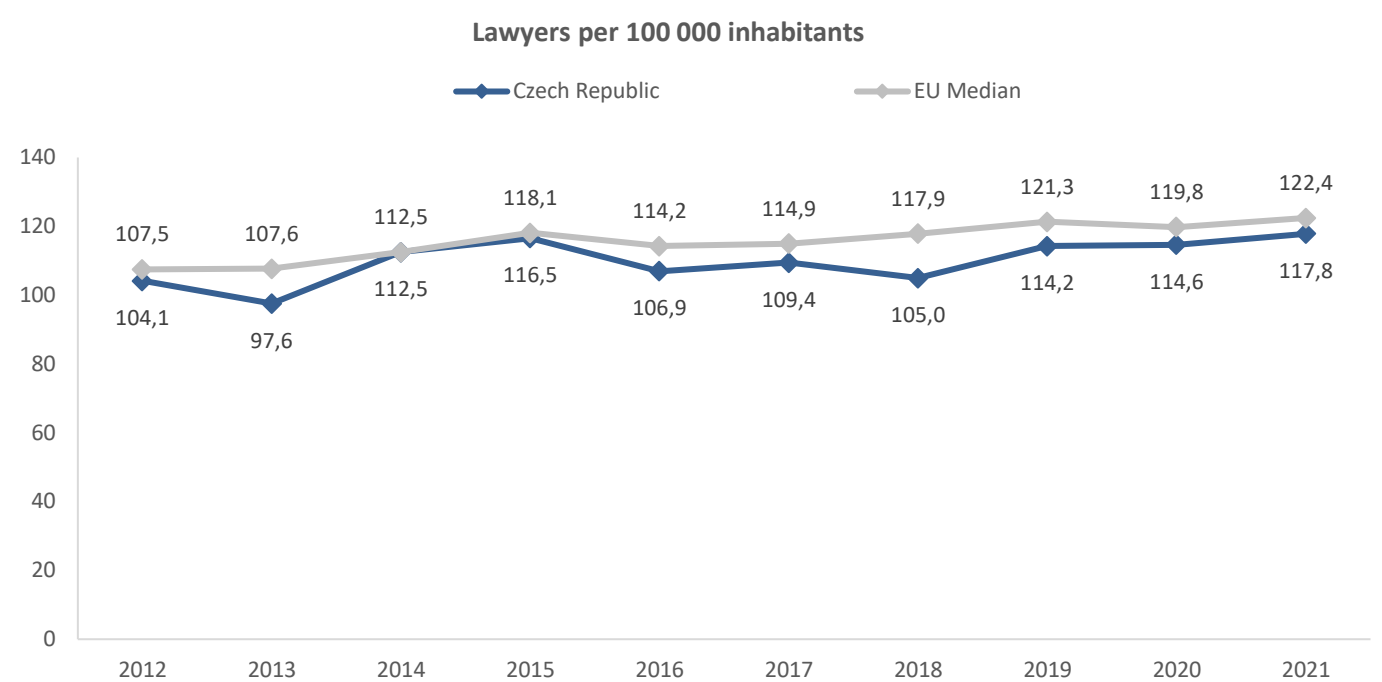
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Czech Republic	EU median
Public prosecutors	11,7	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	13,8	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,2	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	10 944	104,1	107,5
2013	10 255	97,6	107,6
2014	11 842	112,5	112,5
2015	12 300	116,5	118,1
2016	11 310	106,9	114,2
2017	11 587	109,4	114,9
2018	11 180	105,0	117,9
2019	12 188	114,2	121,3
2020	12 267	114,6	119,8
2021	12 390	117,8	122,4



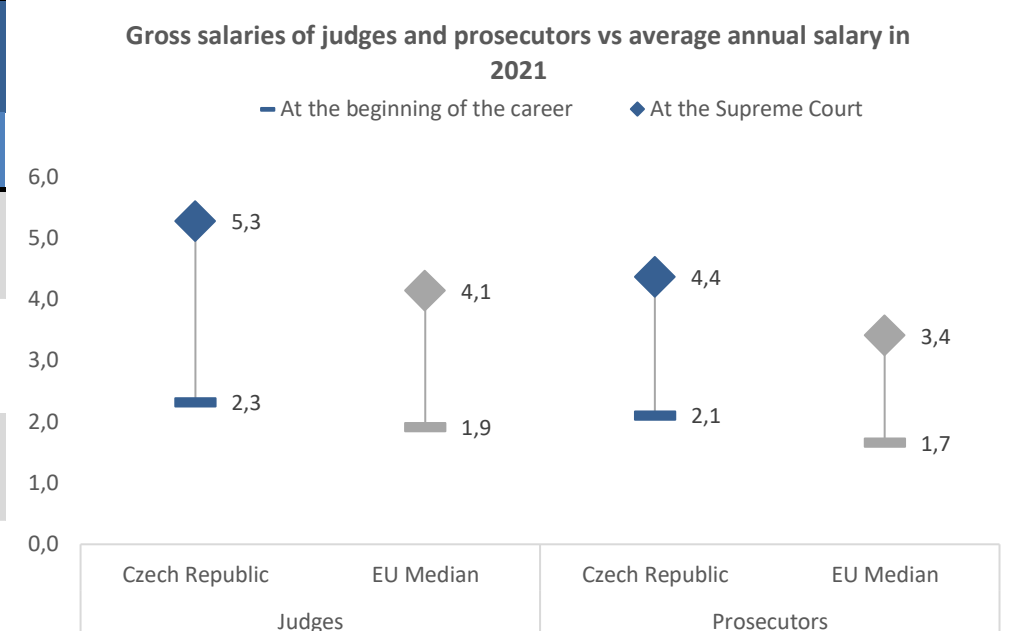
In 2021, there are 12 390 lawyers, which is 1,0% more than in 2020.

There are 4 946 female lawyers which is 40% of the total.

The Czech Republic has 117,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Czech Republic	NA	Czech Republic	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	42 485€	NA	2,3	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	96 492€	NA	5,3	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	38 564€	NA	2,1	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	79 813€	NA	4,4	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in the Czech Republic of 42 485 € is somewhat below the EU median of 52 534 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,32 which is higher than the EU median of 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Czech Republic (2021 data)

In Czech Republic, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Legal aid could be granted at every stage of the proceedings – it could be granted even only for enforcement of judicial decision.

It should be noted that if legal aid is granted, it covers all costs, including lawyer's fees, fees of judicial experts, etc.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Czech Republic	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NA

◦ Actual average duration:

NA

4. Performance of courts in Czech Republic (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

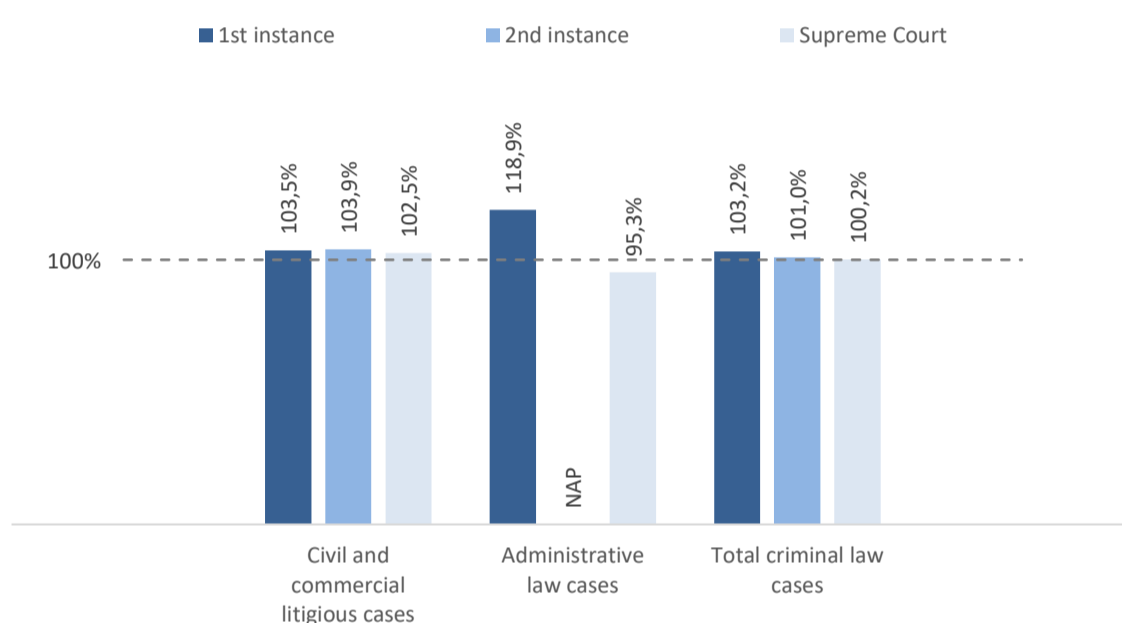
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

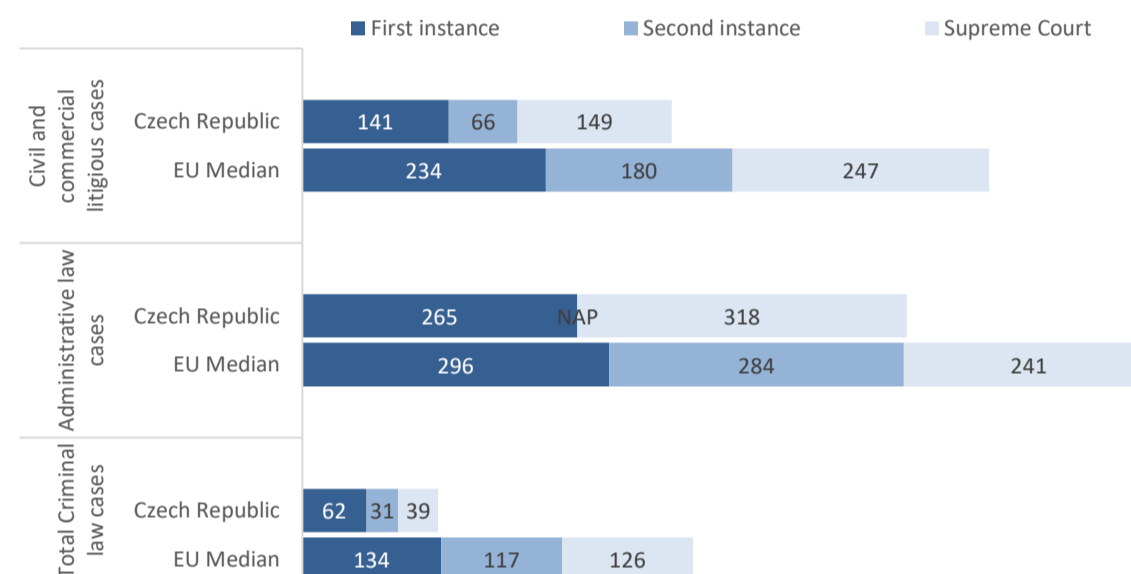
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	103,5%	102,5%	118,9%	101,7%	103,2%	100,0%
	2nd instance	103,9%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	101,0%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	102,5%	99,9%	95,3%	100,4%	100,2%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	141	234	265	296	62	134
	2nd instance	66	180	NAP	284	31	117
	Supreme Court	149	247	318	241	39	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, criminal law cases appear to be the fastest in the Czech Republic, more specifically in the second instance, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, third instance administrative law cases are the longest in the Czech Republic, and somewhat above the EU median for this type of cases. In all matters, the total length of proceedings in the Czech Republic is well below the EU median, especially for civil litigious cases but also criminal law cases.

At first instance, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory for all types of cases, exceeding the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time is also below the EU median for all types of cases.

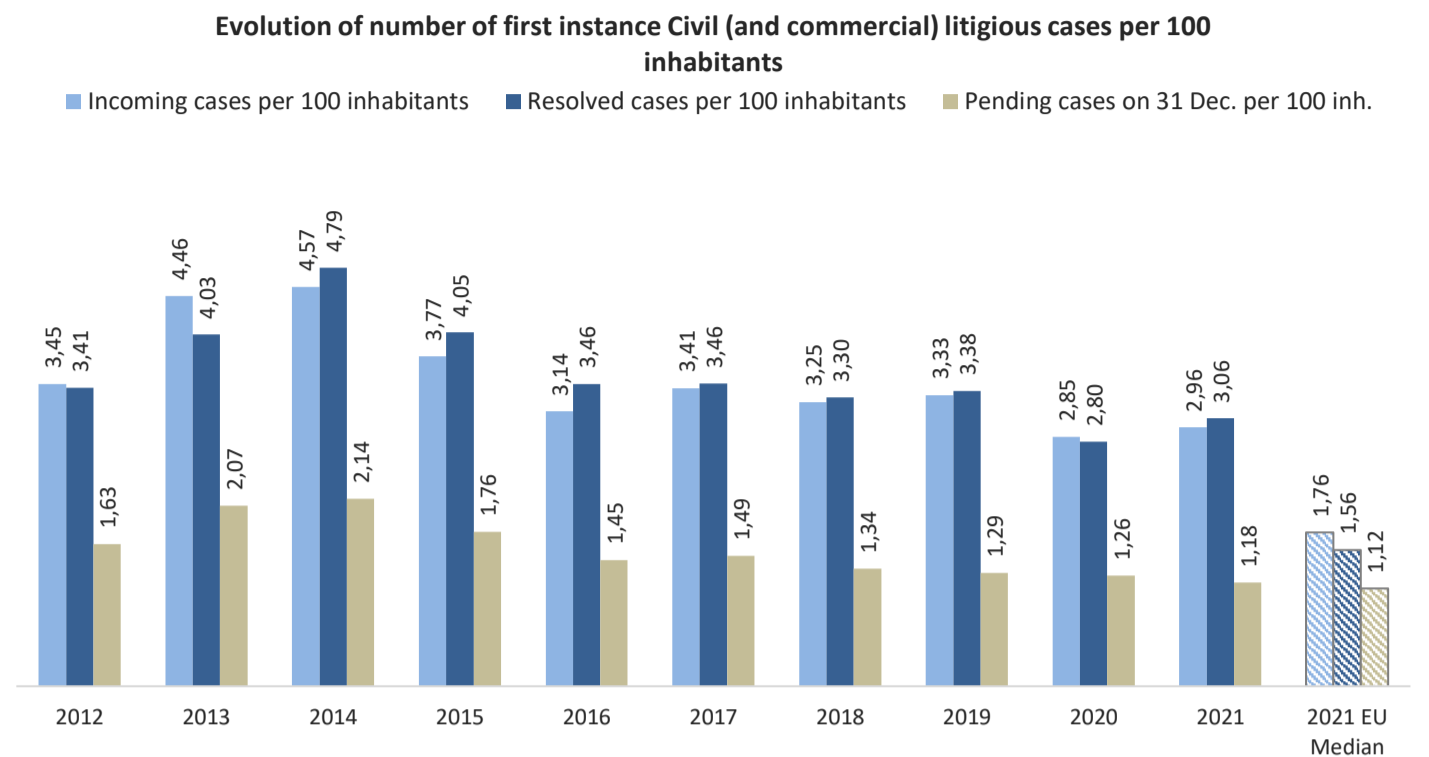
At second instance, courts also seem to efficiently deal with cases, as the Clearance Rate is above the 100% threshold for civil litigious and criminal law cases. Accordingly, the Disposition Time is below the EU median for both types of cases.

For the third instance, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory for civil litigious and criminal law cases, while for administrative law cases, courts seem to be less efficient, with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold. Accordingly, the Disposition Time is below the EU median for civil litigious and criminal law cases, while for administrative law cases it followed its upward trend and appears well above the EU median.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,45	3,41	1,63
2013	4,46	4,03	2,07
2014	4,57	4,79	2,14
2015	3,77	4,05	1,76
2016	3,14	3,46	1,45
2017	3,41	3,46	1,49
2018	3,25	3,30	1,34
2019	3,33	3,38	1,29
2020	2,85	2,80	1,26
2021	2,96	3,06	1,18
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



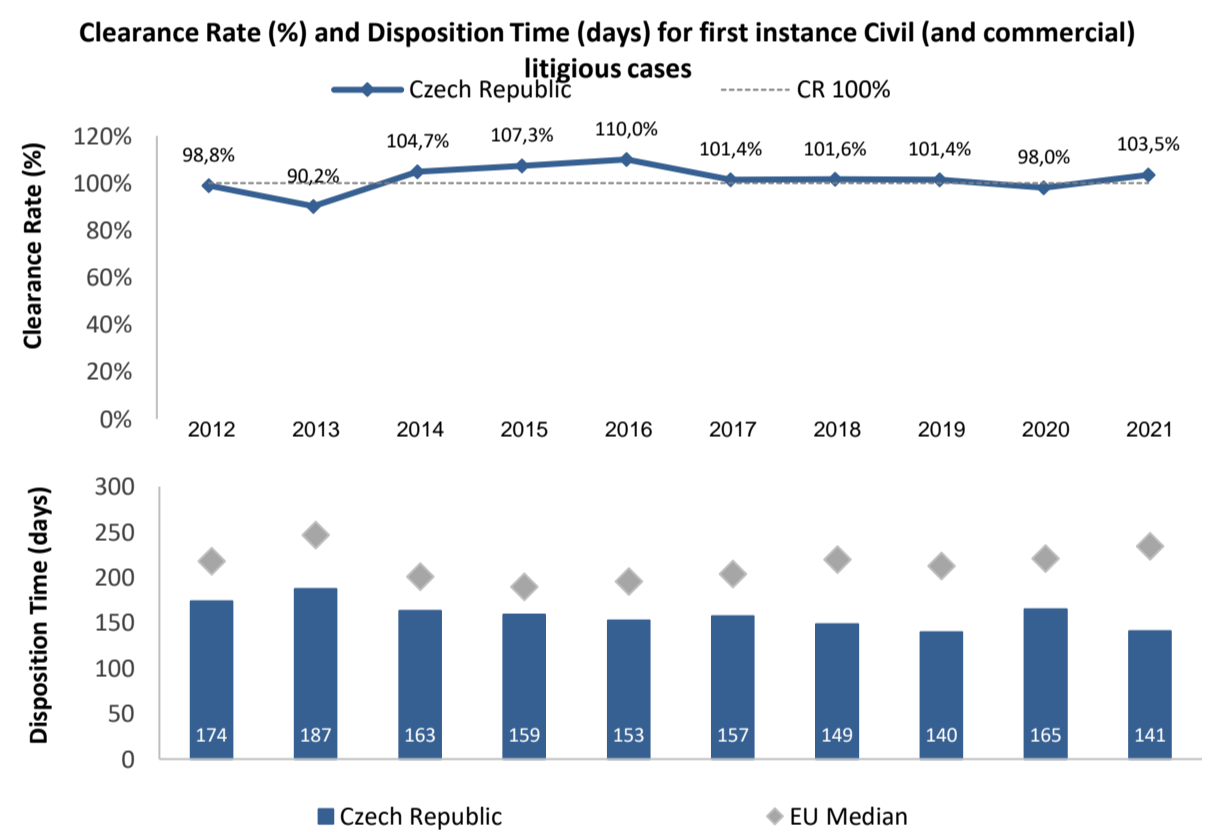
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (2,96 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (3,06 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in the Czech Republic (1,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	98,8%	100,4%	174	218
2013	90,2%	101,2%	187	247
2014	104,7%	101,8%	163	201
2015	107,3%	102,3%	159	190
2016	110,0%	102,0%	153	196
2017	101,4%	101,3%	157	204
2018	101,6%	101,2%	149	220
2019	101,4%	99,9%	140	213
2020	98,0%	98,5%	165	221
2021	103,5%	102,5%	141	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,5% in 2021, the Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,5 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 141 days, which is well below EU median of 234 days.

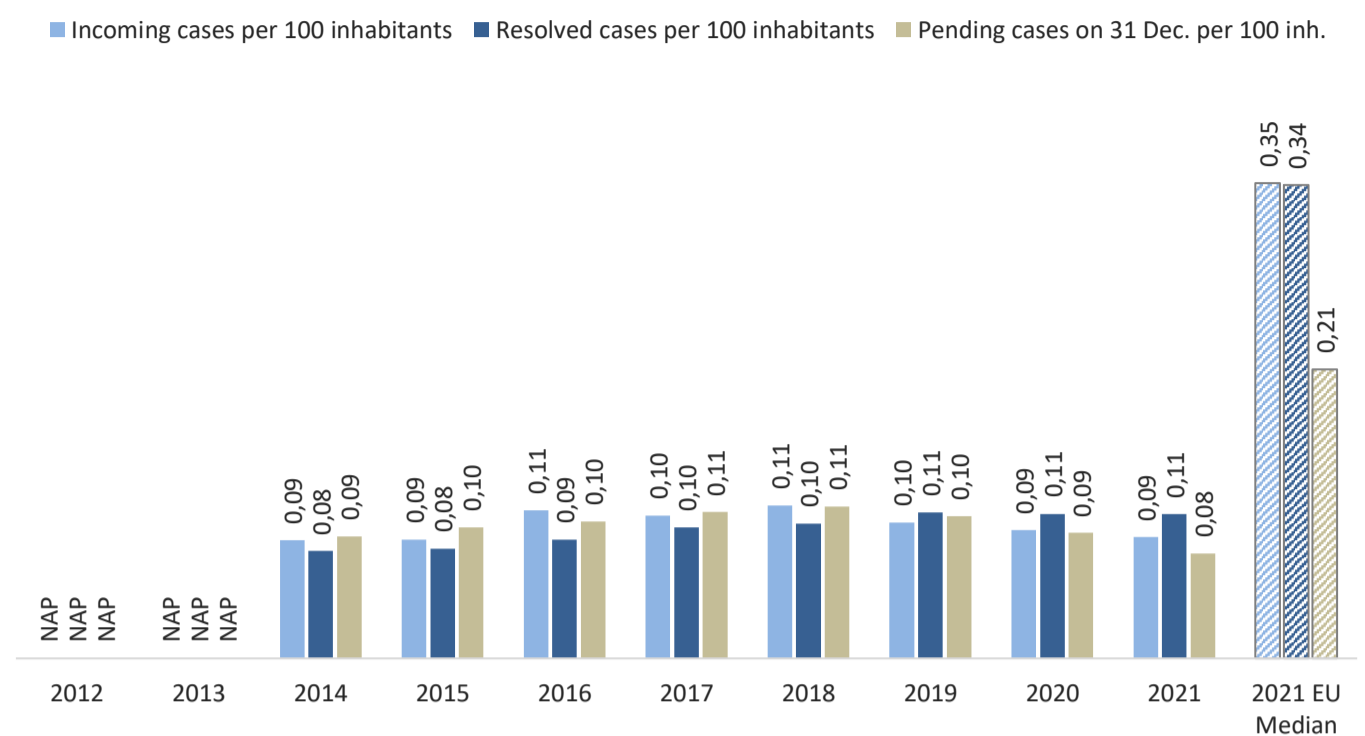
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -14,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NAP	NAP	NAP
2013	NAP	NAP	NAP
2014	0,09	0,08	0,09
2015	0,09	0,08	0,10
2016	0,11	0,09	0,10
2017	0,10	0,10	0,11
2018	0,11	0,10	0,11
2019	0,10	0,11	0,10
2020	0,09	0,11	0,09
2021	0,09	0,11	0,08
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

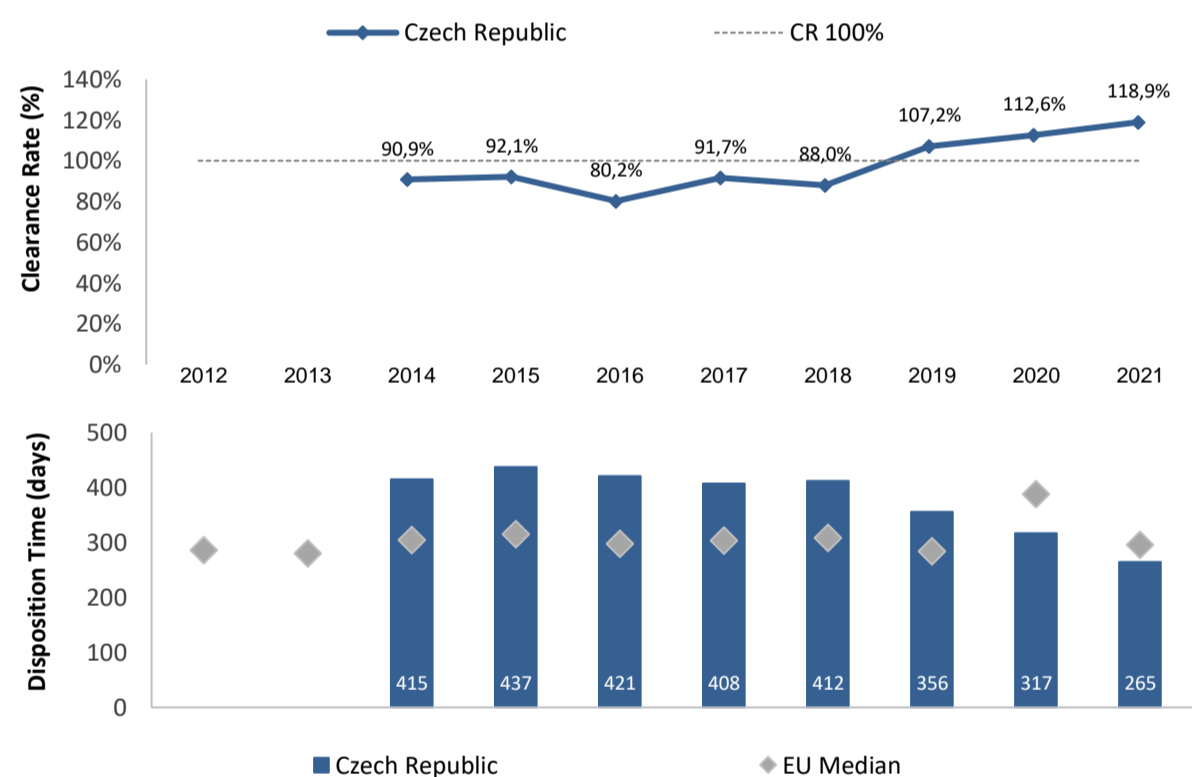
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,11 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	NAP	101,0%	NAP	286
2013	NAP	100,3%	NAP	281
2014	90,9%	99,6%	415	305
2015	92,1%	103,7%	437	315
2016	80,2%	103,0%	421	297
2017	91,7%	102,1%	408	303
2018	88,0%	99,7%	412	308
2019	107,2%	102,1%	356	284
2020	112,6%	100,1%	317	388
2021	118,9%	101,7%	265	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 118,9% in 2021 the Czech Republic seems to be able to efficiently deal with its first instance administrative law cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,3 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 265 days, which is slightly below EU median of 296 days.

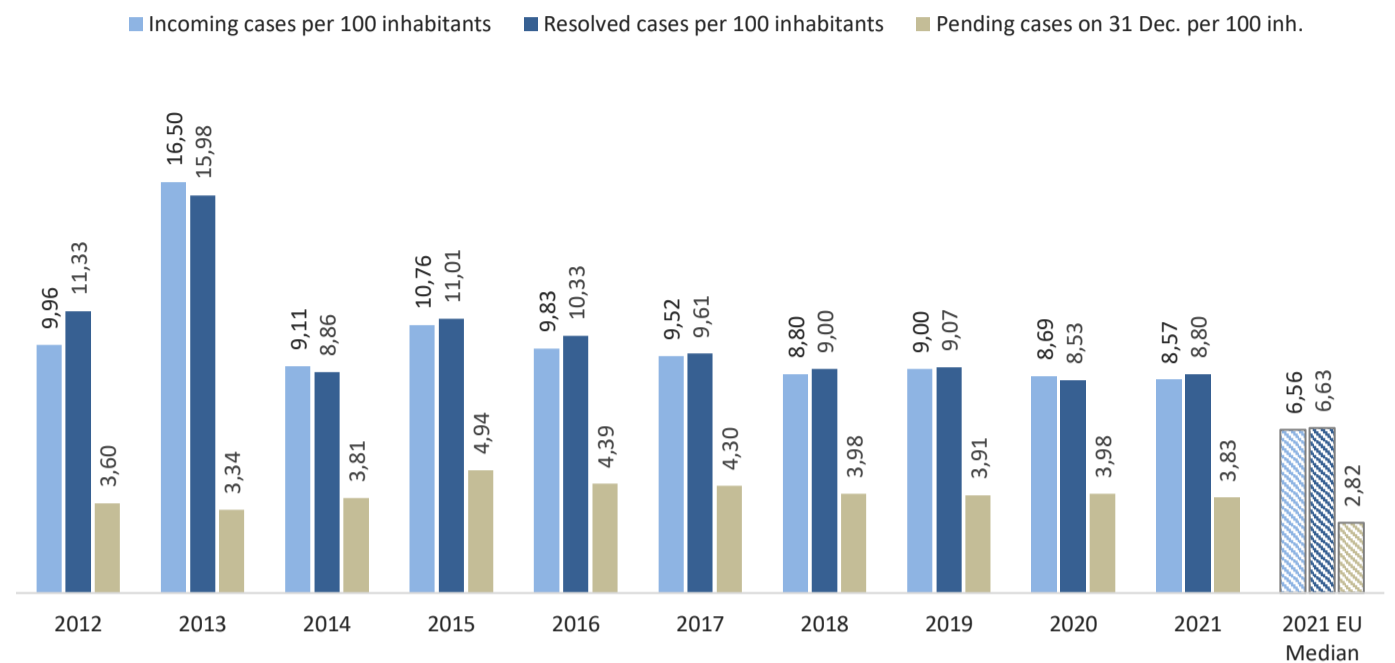
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -16,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	9,96	11,33	3,60
2013	16,50	15,98	3,34
2014	9,11	8,86	3,81
2015	10,76	11,01	4,94
2016	9,83	10,33	4,39
2017	9,52	9,61	4,30
2018	8,80	9,00	3,98
2019	9,00	9,07	3,91
2020	8,69	8,53	3,98
2021	8,57	8,80	3,83
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (8,57 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

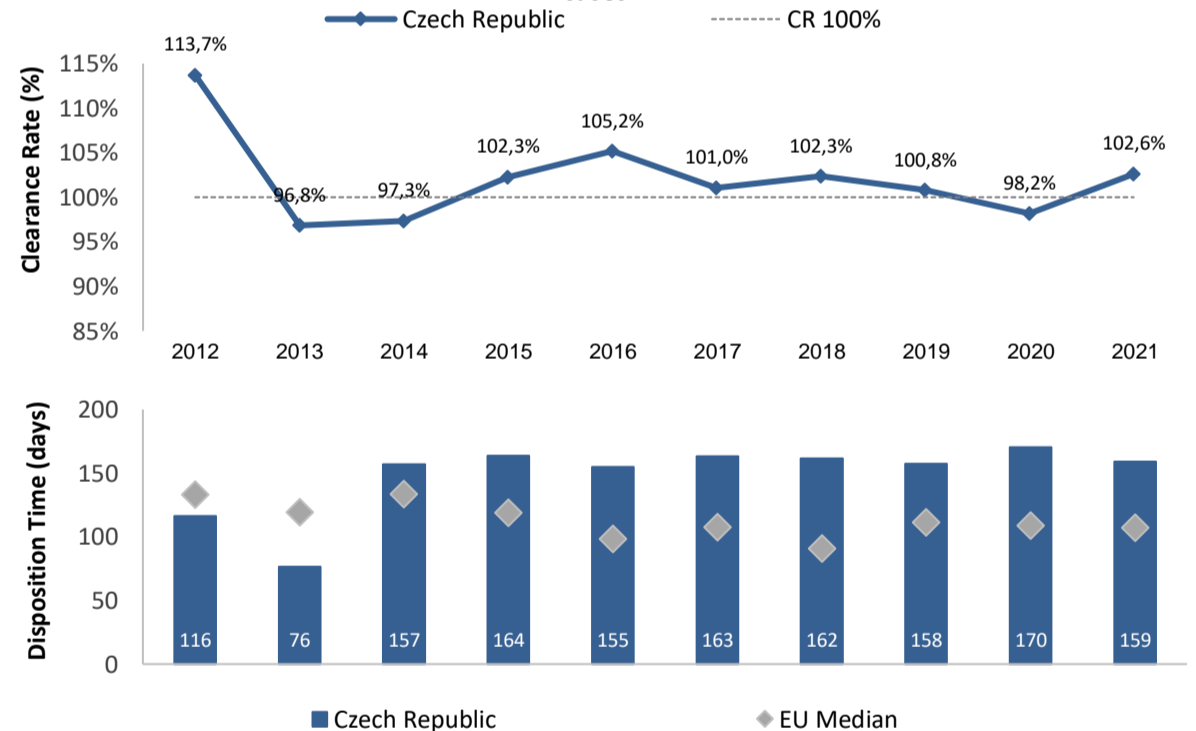
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (8,80 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in the Czech Republic (3,83 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	113,7%	100,5%	116	133
2013	96,8%	100,7%	76	119
2014	97,3%	101,9%	157	133
2015	102,3%	101,0%	164	119
2016	105,2%	101,5%	155	98
2017	101,0%	100,6%	163	107
2018	102,3%	100,6%	162	91
2019	100,8%	99,8%	158	111
2020	98,2%	98,7%	170	109
2021	102,6%	101,2%	159	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,6% in 2021 Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,4 points.

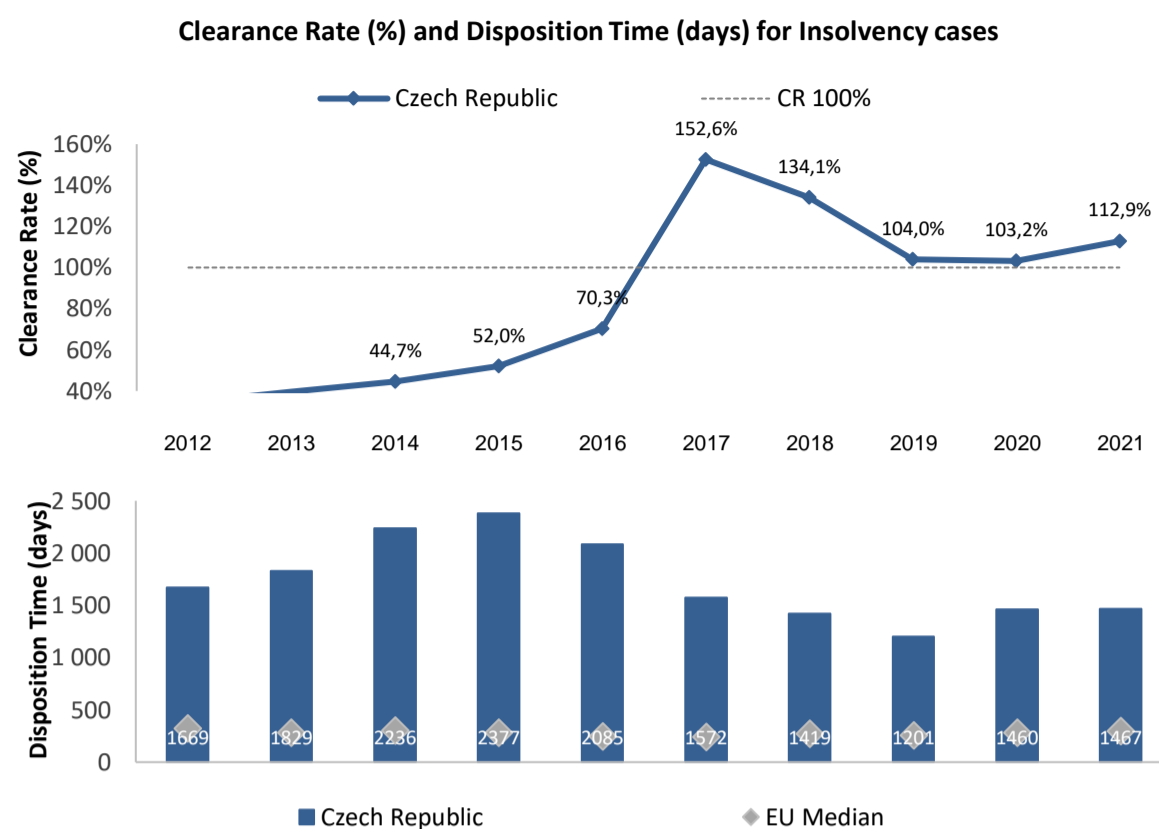
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 159 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -6,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	34,4%	95,0%	1669	323
2013	39,6%	89,6%	1829	282
2014	44,7%	96,9%	2236	304
2015	52,0%	104,5%	2377	282
2016	70,3%	102,0%	2085	246
2017	152,6%	103,6%	1572	243
2018	134,1%	101,5%	1419	271
2019	104,0%	101,2%	1201	258
2020	103,2%	109,7%	1460	281
2021	112,9%	103,3%	1467	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 112,9% in 2021 the Czech Republic seems to be able to efficiently deal with its insolvency cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 9,7 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 1 467 days, which is significantly above EU median of 299 days.

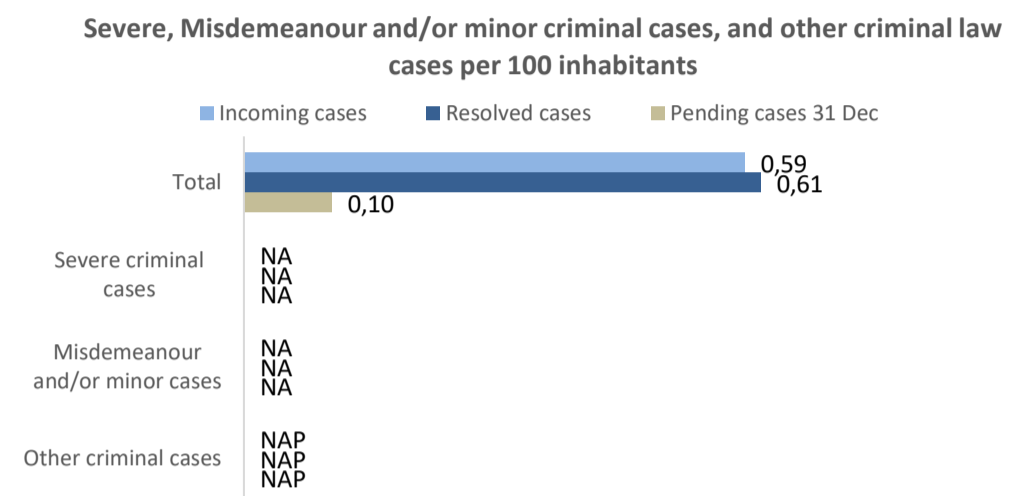
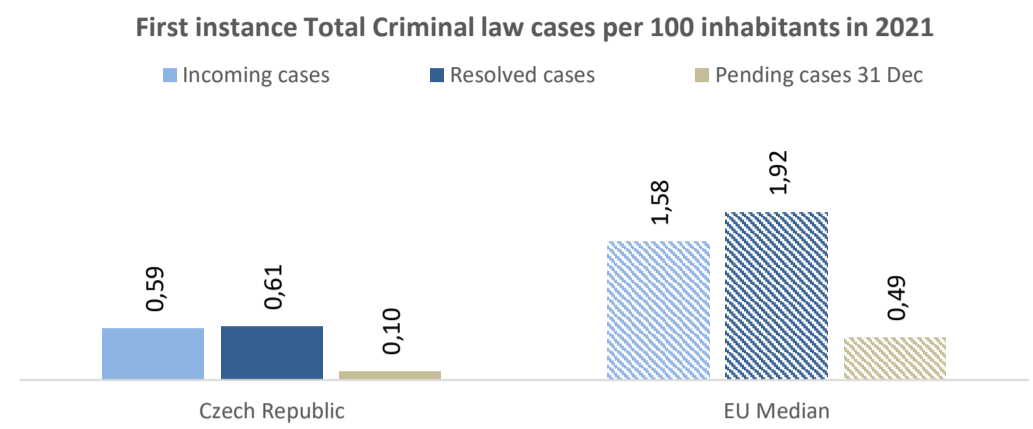
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 0,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	12 884	62 338	64 352	10 870
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,12	0,59	0,61	0,10
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,59 per 100 inhabitants) is well below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

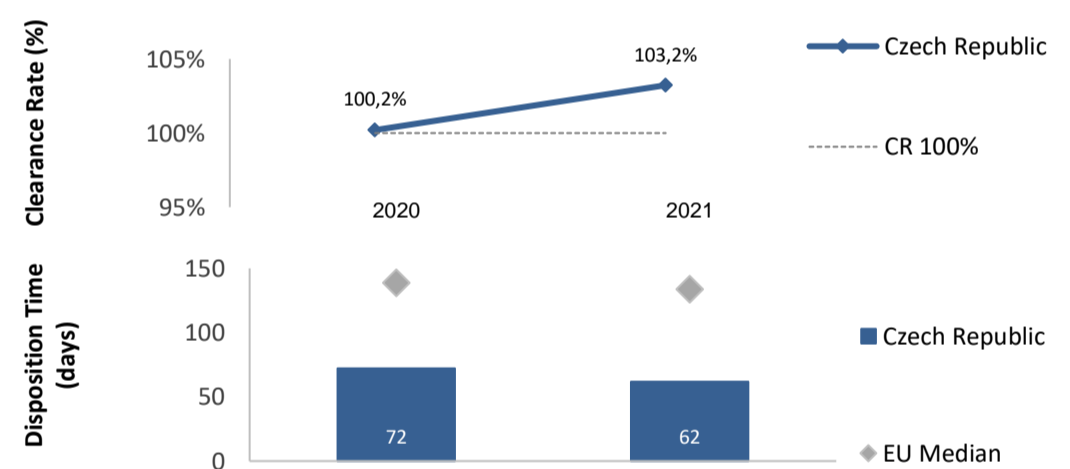
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in the Czech Republic (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is well below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Czech Republic	EU Median	Czech Republic	EU Median
2020	100,2%	95,2%	72	139
2021	103,2%	100,0%	62	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,2% in 2021 Czech Republic seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,0 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 62 days, which is significantly below EU median of 134 days.

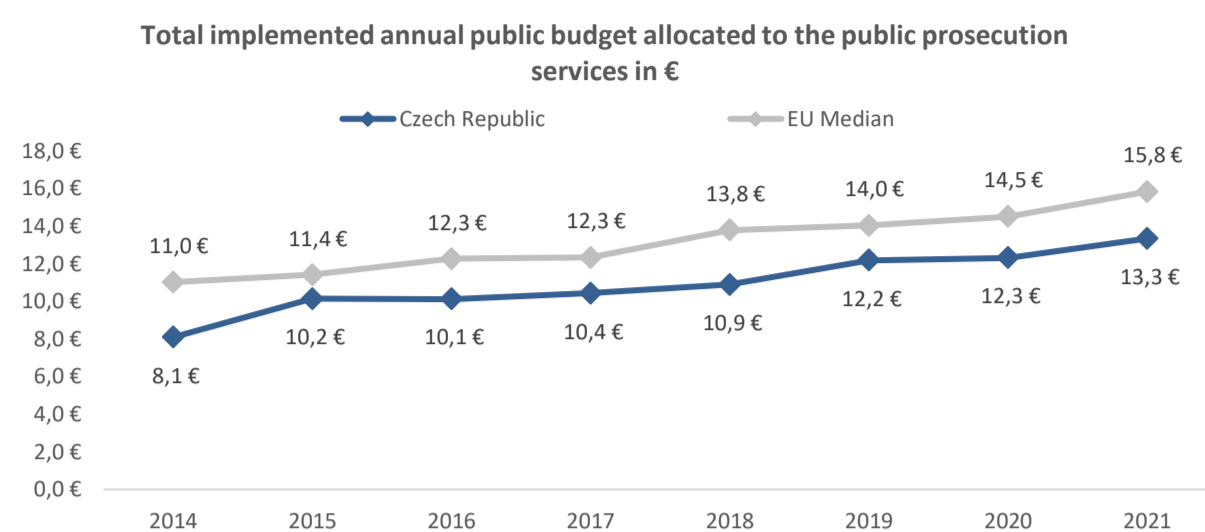
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -14,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It is not possible to distinguish between serious offences and minor offences. Thus, only total number of criminal cases is reported.

5. Public prosecution services in Czech Republic (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU Median
2014	85 249 102 €	8,1 €	11,0 €
2015	107 147 762 €	10,2 €	11,4 €
2016	107 167 590 €	10,1 €	12,3 €
2017	110 483 428 €	10,4 €	12,3 €
2018	116 129 722 €	10,9 €	13,8 €
2019	130 137 857 €	12,2 €	14,0 €
2020	131 805 533 €	12,3 €	14,5 €
2021	140 386 954 €	13,3 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU Median
2018	14 864 €	0,001 €	0,018 €
2019	15 368 €	0,001 €	0,029 €
2020	7 390 €	0,001 €	0,011 €
2021	13 118 €	0,001 €	0,022 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

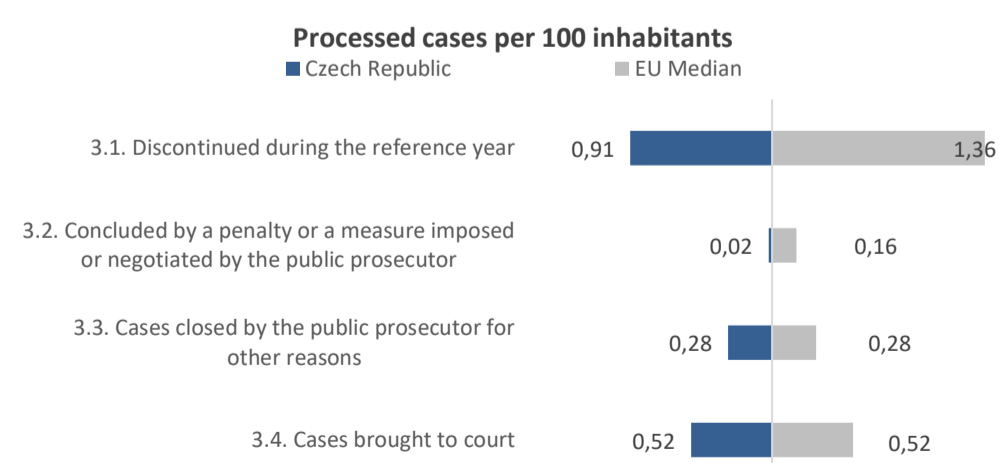
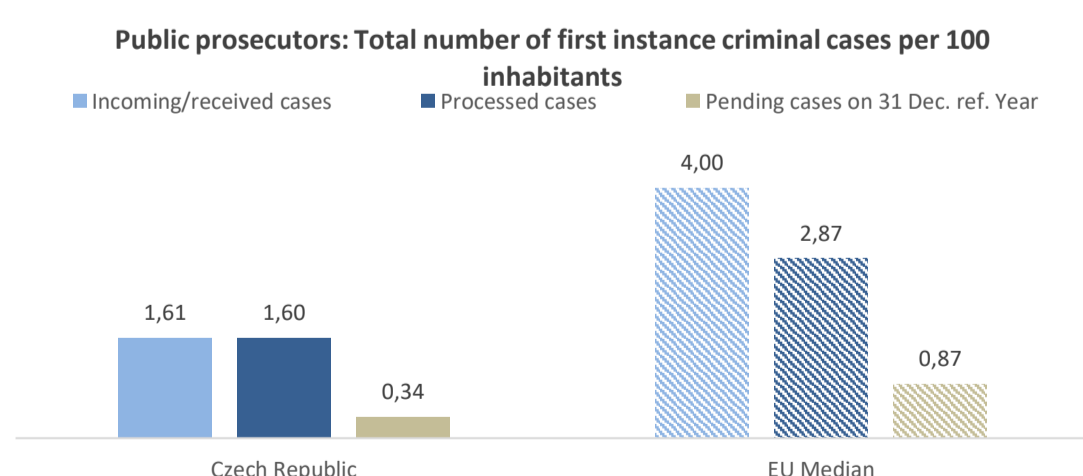
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Czech Republic	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Czech Republic	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	35 546	▼ -15,2%	0,34	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	169 006	▼ -7,1%	1,61	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	168 446	▼ -10,6%	1,60	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	95 306	▬ 0,0%	0,91	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	2 426	▼ -13,1%	0,02	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	29 649	▼ -11,7%	0,28	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	54 418	▼ -3,9%	0,52	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	36 086	▲ 1,5%	0,34	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

It is important mentioning that data comes from various sources.

There are many reasons why the prosecution could be discontinued and it is difficult to say under which category they should be included. However, the reasons may include the following:

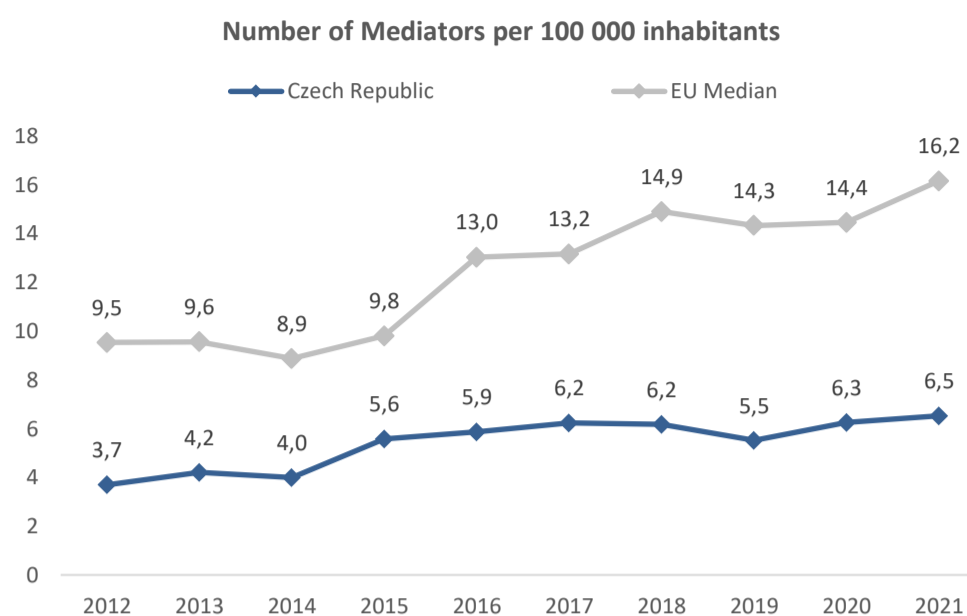
1. if such prosecution concerns a person who is exempt from the competencies of the law enforcement authorities or a person for whom the law requires an official consent for their prosecution, if such consent was not awarded by an entitled authority, unless the exemption is temporary or unless the criminal prosecution of the person is inadmissible due to lack of consent only temporarily;
2. if it concerns a person who is below the age of criminal responsibility;
3. if it is against a person whose mental illness, that occurred after the criminal offence was committed, makes it permanently impossible for them to understand the purpose of the criminal prosecution;
4. many others.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Czech Republic (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	EU Median
2012	388	3,7	9,5
2013	442	4,2	9,6
2014	421	4,0	8,9
2015	589	5,6	9,8
2016	620	5,9	13,0
2017	660	6,2	13,2
2018	657	6,2	14,9
2019	589	5,5	14,3
2020	669	6,3	14,4
2021	686	6,5	16,2



In 2021, there are 686 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 6,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 2,5%.

From the above mentioned number of mediators there are 359 probate and mediation officials and 327 mediators in non criminal cases.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	448	448	430
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Czech Republic (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes	50-99%	50-99%
Simple dictation tools	Yes	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools		in most of the courts	in most of the courts
Voice recognition feature		Pilot testing	Pilot testing

The availability of writing assistance tools depends on the court agenda. Some information systems for specific agendas can automatically create documents based on the predefined template, data stored in the system and the selected procedural action by a user. Some older information systems have a dedicated external application that allows the creation of the required documents based on user input (application called "APSTR"), and for some court agenda the writing assistance tools are not available at all.

Regarding the process of coordinating new templates, the origin of the templates varies. Some are developed by the Ministry of Justice, others are created on the national level in cooperation with experts and court staff. Templates created at the national level can be and are modified in some court agendas at the local level by individual courts or in some cases by individual users.

Most courtrooms have installed specific voice recording tools for recording several separate audio tracks. The project regarding "spoken word-to-text conversion" was realized in the proof-of-concept stage. Based on the results of the project and other factors, the spoken word-to-text project has been included in the National Recovery Plan and will be realized in the upcoming years.

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	No	Yes
Justice expenses management	NA	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA	NA

All Czech courts are using for budgetary and financial management an information system called IRES. This system is used to generate and manage payment transactions, record assets, receivables, payables and other related areas. Although the IRES system (in the sense of all local court distributions) communicates with the National Treasury, which could be thought of as a centralized point where data is consolidated at the national level, it is not a tool/system that allows for easy data consolidation or direct analytical activities for the benefit of judicial agendas.

The IRES system is not primarily used for the justice expenses management of exclusively judicial items such as court fees, litigation costs, etc. This data is not available to the chiefs judges of the courts from the IRES system in a comprehensive form and on a court-by-court basis. Selected judicial information systems that manage the certain justice agenda are able to report the necessary information on justice expense data. These information systems then use IRES to make and record payments.

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	0% (NAP)	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Czech Republic (2021 data)

In the Czech Republic, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In the Czech Republic, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In the Czech Republic, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	10 589 526	10 649 800	10 669 324	10 701 777	10 516 707	0,1%	-1,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	14 557	13 473	14 602	15 985	16 700	18 095	19 489	20 830	20 278	22 267	53,0%	9,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	25	27	28	27	27	26	26	25	26	25	-1,1%	-5,3%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									True	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									False	False		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False			
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False			
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP			
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True			
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False			
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True			
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)													
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	98	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	97	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	89	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	107	107	9,2%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	522 186	296 269	375 783	546 992	517 801	465 609	446 370	425 103	409 216	426 426	-18,3%	4,2%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	166 919	171 113	248 246	215 113	186 136	163 222	148 655	143 208	129 181	135 373	-18,9%	4,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	42 997	221 076	205 370	164 996	162 410	153 253	152 957	165 998	-	8,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	43 819	97 177	32 194	210 783	191 171	159 112	153 009	146 828	147 291	161 741	269,1%	9,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	5 009	3 825	-	-23,6%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	7 923	8 995	12 622	3 871	7 459	5 017	5 009	3 825	-	-23,6%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 880	1 298	1 577	2 013	1 942	1 408	657	432	-	-34,2%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 543	9 374	8 296	10 377	10 377	11 799	11 044	9 784	-	-11,4%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	311 448	27 979	75 997	101 429	117 999	127 014	124 928	116 843	116 034	115 271	-63,0%	-0,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 046 760	1 734 290	958 450	1 136 003	1 039 521	1 007 787	936 757	959 983	930 125	901 344	-13,9%	-3,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	363 080	469 054	480 999	398 243	332 407	361 160	346 240	355 323	305 443	311 244	-14,3%	1,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	433 561	690 653	660 677	613 082	553 409	560 321	583 503	553 375	-	-5,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	290 715	894 145	150 192	508 617	490 606	478 629	440 015	438 605	471 957	441 040	51,7%	-6,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	109 904	110 313	-	0,4%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	238 876	179 997	167 963	132 610	111 788	119 871	109 904	110 313	-	0,4%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 493	2 039	2 108	1 843	1 606	1 845	1 642	2 022	-	23,1%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 055	9 143	11 416	11 031	11 865	10 576	10 015	9 303	-	-7,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	392 965	371 091	34 835	37 964	35 021	22 514	25 243	33 763	31 164	27 422	-93,0%	-12,0%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 190 182	1 679 459	932 818	1 161 795	1 093 080	1 018 171	958 742	967 488	913 104	924 994	-22,3%	1,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	358 886	423 105	503 666	427 241	365 678	366 389	351 743	360 375	299 306	322 125	-10,2%	7,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	405 363	704 714	692 231	610 340	562 658	560 670	570 574	560 692	-	-1,7%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	298 084	915 562	126 708	527 754	517 490	479 403	446 312	438 211	457 632	449 043	50,6%	-1,9%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	111 067	109 784	-	-1,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	234 227	175 198	173 069	129 022	114 206	119 862	111 067	109 784	-	-1,2%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	44 428	1 762	1 672	1 915	2 140	2 597	1 875	1 865	-	-0,5%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	8 233	8 425	9 157	10 113	10 445	11 333	11 275	11 064	-	-1,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	533 212	340 792	15 556	21 415	26 014	31 329	33 896	35 110	31 949	31 113	-94,2%	-2,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	378 764	351 100	401 415	521 200	464 242	455 225	424 385	417 598	426 237	402 776	6,3%	-5,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	171 113	217 062	225 579	186 115	152 865	157 993	143 152	138 156	135 318	124 492	-27,2%	-8,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 195	207 015	173 816	167 738	153 161	152 904	165 886	158 681	-	-4,3%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 450	75 760	55 678	191 646	164 287	158 338	146 712	147 222	161 616	153 738	321,8%	-4,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	3 846	4 354	-	13,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	12 572	13 794	7 516	7 459	5 041	5 026	3 846	4 354	-	13,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 945	1 575	2 013	1 941	1 408	656	424	589	-	38,9%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	9 365	10 092	10 555	11 295	11 797	11 042	9 784	8 023	-	-18,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	171 201	58 278	95 276	117 978	127 006	118 199	116 275	115 496	115 249	111 580	-34,8%	-3,2%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	113,7%	96,8%	97,3%	102,3%	105,2%	101,0%	102,3%	100,8%	98,2%	102,6%	(11,08)	4,45
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	90,2%	104,7%	107,3%	110,0%	101,4%	101,6%	101,4%	98,0%	103,5%	4,65	5,51
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	93,5%	102,0%	104,8%	99,6%	101,7%	100,1%	97,8%	101,3%	-	3,54
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,5%	102,4%	84,4%	103,8%	105,5%	100,2%	101,4%	99,9%	97,0%	101,8%	(0,72)	4,85

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	101,1%	99,5%	-	(1,54)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	97,3%	102,2%	100,0%	101,1%	99,5%	-	(1,54)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	99,9%	86,4%	79,3%	103,9%	133,3%	140,8%	114,2%	92,2%	-	(21,95)
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	90,9%	92,1%	80,2%	91,7%	88,0%	107,2%	112,6%	118,9%	-	6,35
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	135,7%	91,8%	44,7%	56,4%	74,3%	139,2%	134,3%	104,0%	102,5%	113,5%	(22,23)	10,94
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	116	76	157	164	155	163	162	158	170	159	36,8%	-6,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	174	187	163	159	153	157	149	140	165	141	-18,9%	-14,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64	107	92	100	99	100	106	103	-	-2,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	45	30	160	133	116	121	120	123	129	125	180,0%	-3,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	20	29	16	21	16	15	13	14	-	14,5%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	20	29	16	21	16	15	13	14	-	14,5%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	24	326	439	370	240	92	83	115	-	39,7%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	408	412	356	317	265	-	-16,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	117	62	2236	2011	1782	1377	1252	1201	1317	1309	1017,0%	-0,6%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	13 150	12 965	13 636	12 448	11 675	10 313	9 419	9 014	9 036	8 613	-34,5%	-4,7%
---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	-------

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	30 331	52 032	75 256	95 282	111 050	119 923	117 766	116 843	111 104	110 263	263,5%	-0,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases _Litigious divorce case	30 025	32 804	29 474	28 941	28 500	28 033	26 894	27 251	23 601	22 266	-25,8%	-5,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Insolvency	33 083	37 637	34 835	32 801	29 871	16 895	21 211	33 763	26 712	23 632	-28,6%	-11,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases _Litigious divorce case	30 557	32 559	30 719	29 777	29 907	28 934	27 337	27 241	24 054	23 611	-22,7%	-1,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Insolvency	11 382	14 920	15 556	17 047	20 998	25 782	28 436	35 110	27 567	26 679	134,4%	-3,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	12 965	13 210	12 391	11 612	10 268	9 412	8 976	9 024	8 583	7 268	-43,9%	-15,3%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	52 032	74 749	95 276	111 036	119 923	111 036	110 541	115 496	110 249	107 216	106,1%	-2,8%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,8%	99,3%	104,2%	102,9%	104,9%	103,2%	101,6%	100,0%	101,9%	106,0%	4,27	4,12
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	34,4%	39,6%	44,7%	52,0%	70,3%	152,6%	134,1%	104,0%	103,2%	112,9%	78,49	9,69
DT Litigious divorce cases	155	148	147	142	125	119	120	121	130	112	-27,4%	-13,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	1 669	1 829	2 236	2 377	2 085	1 572	1 419	1 201	1 460	1 467	-12,1%	0,5%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			20 446	19 856	18 078	16 586	14 187	13 224	11 304	11 401	-	0,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 680	18 367	16 615	15 189	13 254	12 291	10 531	10 688	-	1,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			766	1 489	1 463	1 397	933	933	773	713	-	-7,8%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			94 595	85 012	84 465	68 340	63 819	59 324	53 147	50 849	-	-4,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			90 549	80 002	79 178	63 475	59 029	54 478	49 597	46 924	-	-5,4%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 046	5 010	5 287	4 865	4 790	4 846	3 550	3 925	-	10,6%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			95 586	86 813	85 970	70 747	64 792	61 251	53 053	52 609	-	-0,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			91 922	81 777	80 618	65 419	60 003	56 248	49 443	48 767	-	-1,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			3 664	5 036	5 352	5 328	4 789	5 003	3 610	3 842	-	6,4%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			19 455	18 055	16 573	14 179	13 214	11 297	11 398	9 641	-	-15,4%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			18 307	16 592	15 175	13 245	12 280	10 521	10 685	8 845	-	-17,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 148	1 463	1 398	934	934	776	713	796	-	11,6%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,0%	102,1%	101,8%	103,5%	101,5%	103,2%	99,8%	103,5%	-	3,64
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,5%	102,2%	101,8%	103,1%	101,7%	103,2%	99,7%	103,9%	-	4,24
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			90,6%	100,5%	101,2%	109,5%	100,0%	103,2%	101,7%	97,9%	-	(3,80)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			74	76	70	73	74	67	78	67	-	-14,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			73	74	69	74	75	68	79	66	-	-16,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			114	106	95	64	71	57	72	76	-	4,9%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 017	2 992	4 235	4 689	5 142	5 274	5 191	5 095	-	-1,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 692	2 893	2 836	2 930	2 884	2 404	1 970	1 662	-	-15,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			20	31	79	68	37	35	47	38	-	-19,1%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			20	31	79	68	37	35	47	38	-	-19,1%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 216	NA	1 130	1 422	1 883	2 503	2 884	3 136	-	8,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			89	68	190	269	338	124	290	259	-	-10,7%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 580	6 128	9 935	10 620	9 418	9 097	8 402	8 200	-	-2,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 462	5 757	6 065	6 105	4 784	4 340	3 927	3 762	-	-4,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			253	271	220	224	182	195	151	187	-	23,8%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			253	271	220	224	182	195	151	187	-	23,8%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			2 647	NA	3 246	3 902	4 109	4 261	4 037	4 012	-	-0,6%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			218	100	404	389	343	144	287	239	-	-16,7%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			8 378	6 108	9 481	10 168	9 286	9 180	8 497	8 140	-	-4,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 262	5 812	5 971	6 151	5 264	4 774	4 234	3 855	-	-9,0%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			242	223	231	255	184	183	160	173	-	8,1%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			242	223	231	255	184	183	160	173	-	8,1%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			2 704	NA	2 954	3 442	3 489	3 880	3 785	3 822	-	1,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			170	73	325	320	349	159	318	290	-	-8,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 219	3 012	4 689	5 141	5 274	5 191	5 096	5 155	-	1,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 892	2 838	2 930	2 884	2 404	1 970	1 663	1 569	-	-5,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			31	79	68	37	35	47	38	52	-	36,8%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			31	79	68	37	35	47	38	52	-	36,8%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 159	NA	1 422	1 882	2 503	2 884	3 136	3 326	-	6,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			137	95	269	338	332	109	259	208	-	-19,7%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			97,6%	99,7%	95,4%	95,7%	98,6%	100,9%	101,1%	99,3%	-	(1,86)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			96,3%	101,0%	98,5%	100,8%	110,0%	110,0%	107,8%	102,5%	-	(5,35)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	106,0%	92,5%	-	(13,45)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	113,8%	101,1%	93,8%	106,0%	92,5%	-	(13,45)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			102,2%	NA	91,0%	88,2%	84,9%	91,1%	93,8%	95,3%	-	1,51
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			78,0%	73,0%	80,4%	82,3%	101,7%	110,4%	110,8%	121,3%	-	10,54
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			184	180	181	185	207	206	219	231	-	5,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			201	178	179	171	167	151	143	149	-	3,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			47	129	107	53	69	94	87	110	-	26,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			47	129	107	53	69	94	87	110	-	26,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			156	NA	176	200	262	271	302	318	-	5,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			294	475	302	386	347	250	297	262	-	-11,9%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									13 017	12 884	-	-1,0%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									65 131	62 338	-	-4,3%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 264	64 352	-	-1,4%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									12 884	10 870	-	-15,6%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1 069	904	-	-15,4%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									100,2%	103,2%	-	3,0
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									72	62	-	-14,4%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 672	1 992	-	19,1%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									21 950	21 037	-	-4,2%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									21 630	21 250	-	-1,8%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 992	1 779	-	-10,7%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									32	21	-	-34,4%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									98,5%	101,0%	-	2,51
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									34	31	-	-9,1%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									183	150	-	-18,0%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 410	1 383	-	-1,9%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 443	1 386	-	-4,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									150	147	-	-2,0%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									102,3%	100,2%	-	(2,12)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									38	39	-	2,0%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									41 936	35 546	-	-15,2%
2. Incoming/received cases									181 924	169 006	-	-7,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									188 314	168 446	-	-10,6%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									95 306	95 306	-	0,0%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									2 793	2 426	-	-13,1%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									33 574	29 649	-	-11,7%
3.4. Cases brought to court									56 641	54 418	-	-3,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									35 546	36 086	-	1,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,04	0,93	-	-10,6%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,20	0,20	-	1,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									222	1 593	-	617,6%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	84 706 722	83 826 142	85 213 339	93 199 782	93 217 029	110 580 595	115 530 744	126 534 122	133 683 358	136 195 988	60,8%	1,88%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	85 249 102	107 147 762	107 167 590	110 483 428	116 129 722	130 137 857	131 805 533	140 386 954	-	6,51%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 852	22 353	22 438	44 751	-	99,44%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 864	15 368	7 390	13 118	-	77,51%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NA	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	5 356	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	2 490	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	9 617 860 £	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	50-99%	50-99%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA	NA	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	NA	NA	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	False	False	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	NA	NA	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	False	NA	NA	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA	NA	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	NA	NA	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	50-99%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	50-99%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	3 055	3 054	3 028	3 018	3 005	3 012	3 029	3 006	3 007	2 990	-2,1%	-0,6%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 857	1 859	1 838	1 838	1 820	1 826	1 849	1 824	1 814	1 819	-2,0%	0,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	964	1 098	1 090	1 081	1 083	1 085	1 078	1 078	1 088	1 065	10,5%	-2,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	234	97	100	99	102	101	102	104	105	106	-54,7%	1,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 193	1 187	1 192	1 185	1 182	1 178	1 195	1 190	1 192	1 192	-0,1%	0,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	644	632	632	629	609	598	611	600	601	606	-5,9%	0,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	407	483	487	482	494	501	505	509	512	505	24,1%	-1,4%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	142	72	73	74	79	79	79	81	79	81	-43,0%	2,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 862	1 867	1 836	1 833	1 823	1 834	1 834	1 816	1 815	1 798	-3,4%	-0,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 213	1 227	1 206	1 209	1 211	1 228	1 238	1 224	1 213	1 213	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	557	615	603	599	589	584	573	569	576	560	0,5%	-2,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	92	25	27	25	23	22	23	23	26	25	-72,8%	-3,8%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 007	2 990	-	-0,6%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 814	1 819	-	0,3%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 088	1 065	-	-2,1%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	106	-	1,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 971	1 542	-	-21,8%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 369	987	-	-27,9%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	554	507	-	-8,5%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	48	-	0,0%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	756	743	-	-1,7%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445	432	-	-2,9%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	288	-	-0,7%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	23	-	9,5%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	154	-	3,4%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	119	-	5,3%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	35	-	-2,8%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	551	-	320,6%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	151	-	15,3%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	9 887	9 857	9 989	9 921	9 914	8,5%	-0,1%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	2 438	2 443	2 568	2 501	2 538	30,2%	1,5%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	4 632	4 616	4 546	4 556	4 505	0,9%	-1,1%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 038	2 131	2 006	2 053	2 091	2 057	2 060	2 145	2 158	2 169	6,4%	0,5%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	636	625	614	610	656	701	656	654	648	649	2,0%	0,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	48	26	77	37	62	59	82	76	58	53	10,4%	-8,6%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	1 146	1 002	1 159	1 390	1 166	1 293	1 206	1 240	1 245	1 268	10,6%	1,8%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	350	296	352	434	394	427	398	438	429	406	16,0%	-5,4%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	181	157	224	292	172	263	196	179	205	242	33,7%	18,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	329	289	322	393	308	300	316	338	339	347	5,5%	2,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	268	253	240	253	269	286	272	263	250	247	-7,8%	-1,2%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	18	7	21	18	23	17	24	22	22	26	44,4%	18,2%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	7 989	8 105	8 150	8 019	8 548	8 594	8 651	8 749	8 676	8 646	8,2%	-0,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	1 600	1 611	1 721	1 756	2 014	2 011	2 045	2 130	2 072	2 132	33,3%	2,9%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	4 282	4 261	4 315	4 227	4 325	4 369	4 420	4 367	4 351	4 263	-0,4%	-2,0%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 709	1 842	1 684	1 660	1 783	1 757	1 744	1 807	1 819	1 822	6,6%	0,2%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	368	372	374	357	387	415	384	391	398	402	9,2%	1,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	30	19	56	19	39	42	58	54	36	27	-10,0%	-25,0%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									9 921	9 914	-	-0,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									6 538	6 586	-	0,7%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									2 967	2 916	-	-1,7%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									416	412	-	-1,0%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 245	1 268	-	1,8%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									617	707	-	14,6%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									481	416	-	-13,5%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									147	145	-	-1,4%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									8 676	8 646	-	-0,3%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									5 921	5 879	-	-0,7%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									2 486	2 500	-	0,6%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									269	267	-	-0,7%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 224	1 233	-	0,7%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									822	834	-	1,5%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									345	343	-	-0,6%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									57	56	-	-1,8%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									561	569	-	1,4%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									339	347	-	2,4%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									183	183	-	0,0%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									39	39	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									663	664	-	0,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									483	487	-	0,8%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									162	160	-	-1,2%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									18	17	-	-5,6%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 474	1 454	-	-1,4%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									262	243	-	-7,3%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 212	1 211	-	-0,1%
004 Annual average salary in the country									16 279 £	18 296 £	-	12,4%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									40 584 £	42 485 £	-	4,7%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									89 904 £	96 492 £	-	7,3%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									36 528 £	38 564 £	-	5,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									79 008 £	79 813 £	-	1,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									24	20	-	-16,7%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									7	3	-	-57,1%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									15	16	-	6,7%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									2	0	-	-100,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	1	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									8	5	-	-37,5%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	1	-	0,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									5	3	-	-40,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									2	1	-	-50,0%
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									10	17	-	70,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									2	2	-	0,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									8	9	-	12,5%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	2	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	3	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	1	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									7	5	-	-28,6%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	0	-	-100,0%

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									5	4	-	-20,0%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	1	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	10 944	10 255	11 842	12 300	11 310	11 587	11 180	12 188	12 267	12 390	13,2%	1,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							7 176	7 333	7 360	7 444	-	1,1%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							4 704	4 855	4 907	4 946	-	0,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Czech Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	388	442	421	589	620	660	657	589	669	686	76,8%	2,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					982	632	681	768	471	448	-	-4,9%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Denmark

(2021 data)

General data

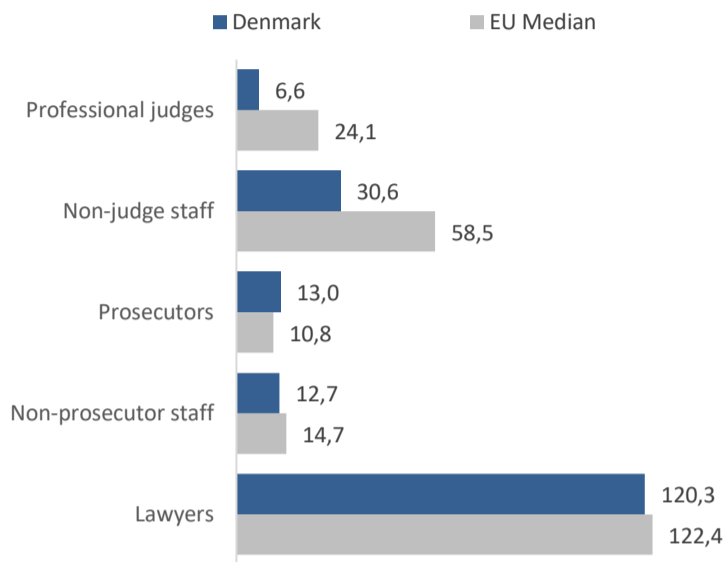
Population: 5 873 420

GDP per capita: 57 320 €

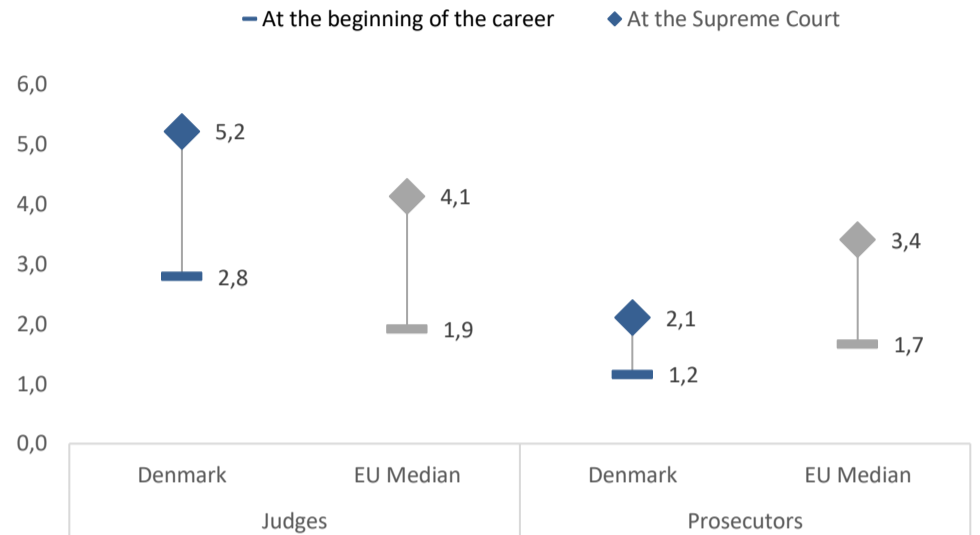
Average annual salary: 42 403 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

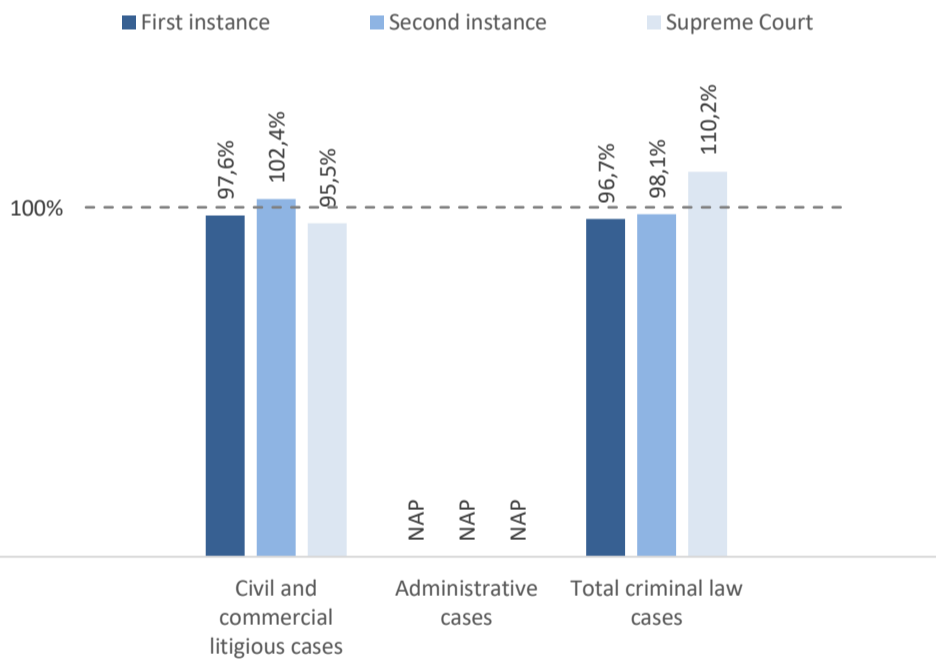


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

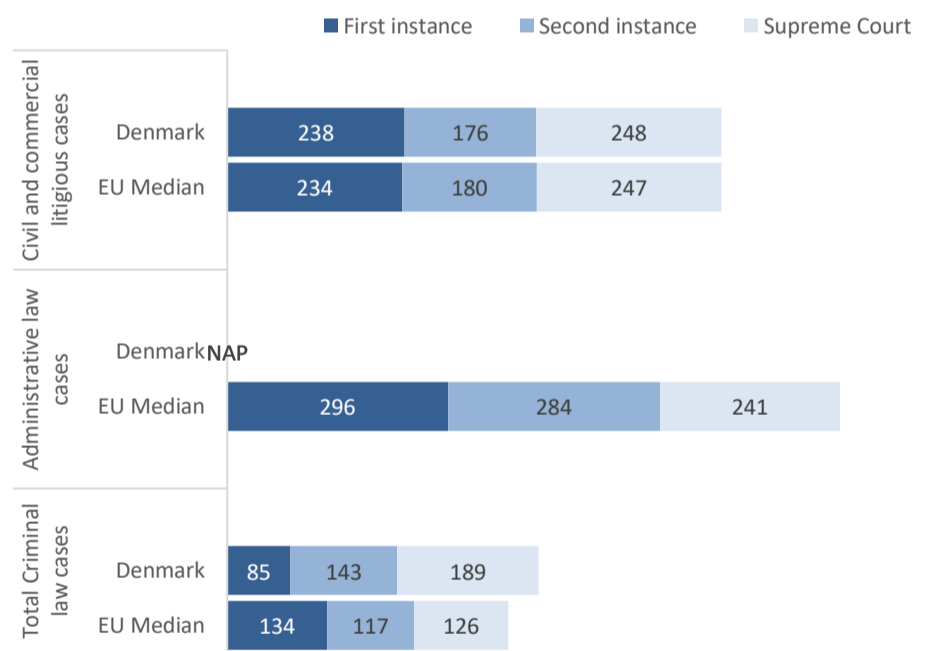


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

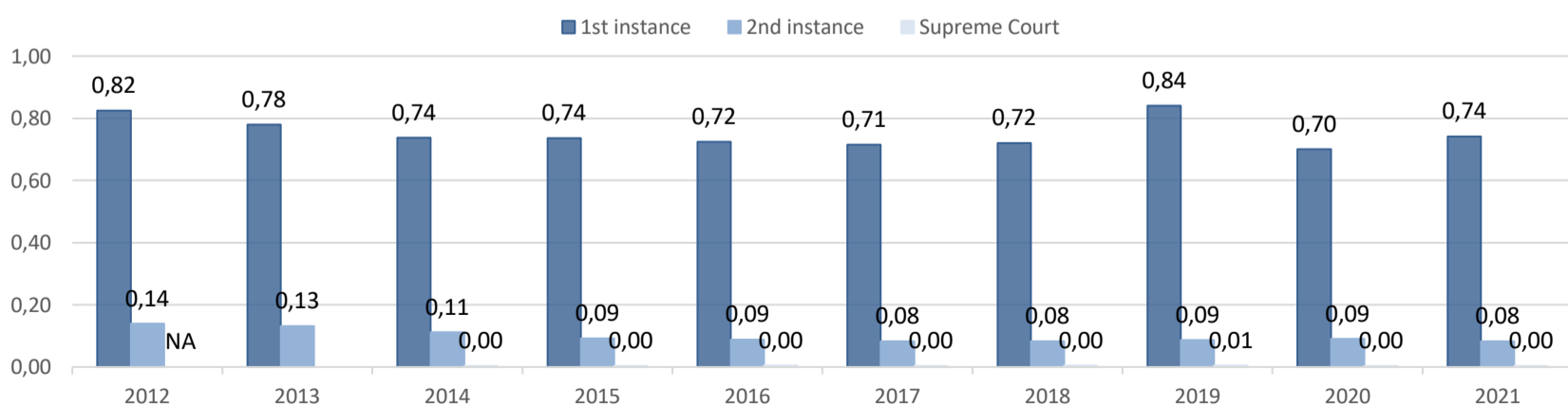


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Denmark

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	5 840 045	5 873 420		4,8%	0,6%
GDP per capita	43 738	45 171	45 744	46 836	48 474	50 100	51 280	53 189	53 470	57 320		31,1%	7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,46	7,46	7,44	7,46	7,43	7,34	7,47	7,47	7,44	7,44		-0,3%	0,0%
Average annual salary in €	51 774		40 140		41 974		38 035	38 891	40 872	42 403		-18,1%	3,7%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	6,6	6,3	6,7	6,6	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,4	6,6	6,6		-0,5%	-0,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	32,5	31,1	31,0	26,8	28,6	28,3	28,5	30,5	31,1	30,6		-5,9%	-1,5%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									NA	13,0			NA
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									28,6	12,7			-55,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	107,5	107,6	108,4	109,2	108,5	111,6	113,0	117,5	117,6	120,3		11,9%	2,2%
Mediators	2,3	2,2	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,3	2,5	2,4	2,4	2,4		7,4%	-0,6%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,825	0,780	0,737	0,737	0,724	0,715	0,721	0,840	0,701	0,742		-10,0%	5,9%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Total criminal law cases									2,789	2,373			-14,9%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	Variations (percentage points)	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	109%	107%	102%	102%	101%	102%	95%	92%	111%	98%		-11,36	-13,45
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases									95%	97%			1,53

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190	238		43,8%	25,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									64	85			33,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,41	0,38	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,34	0,39	0,47	0,40	0,47		15,8%	16,4%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Total criminal law cases									0,46	0,53			15,5%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			104%	109%	109%	105%	96%	94%	98%	102%			4,17
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									98%	98%			0,44

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			170	166	141	136	168	193	180	176			-2,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									141	143			1,6%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			132%	120%	93%	110%	92%	90%	105%	95%			-9,62
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									103%	110%			6,87

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			187	151	207	170	187	219	257	248			-3,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									194	189			-2,6%

1. Judicial organisation in Denmark (2021 data)

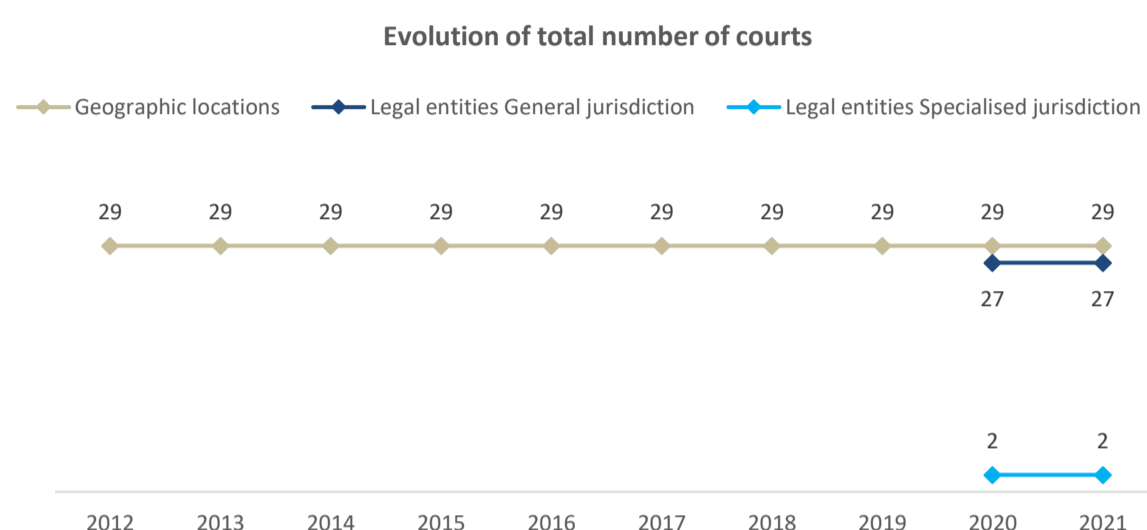
According to 2021 data, the Danish court system is composed of 29 legal entities among which 27 are of general jurisdiction, while two have specialised competence. More precisely, the 27 courts of general jurisdiction encompass 24 District courts intervening at first instance, two High courts dealing with appeals and the Supreme Court.

The Land Registration court and the Maritime and Commercial Court are considered as first instance specialized courts.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 26 courts of first instance and 29 courts in total.

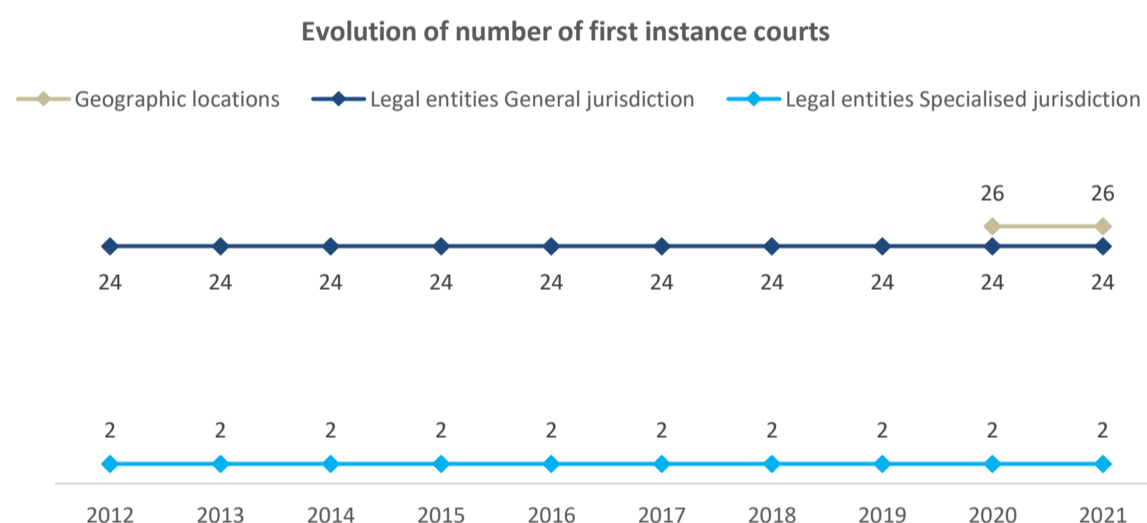
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	29		
2013	29		
2014	29		
2015	29		
2016	29		
2017	29		
2018	29		
2019	29		
2020	29	27	2
2021	29	27	2



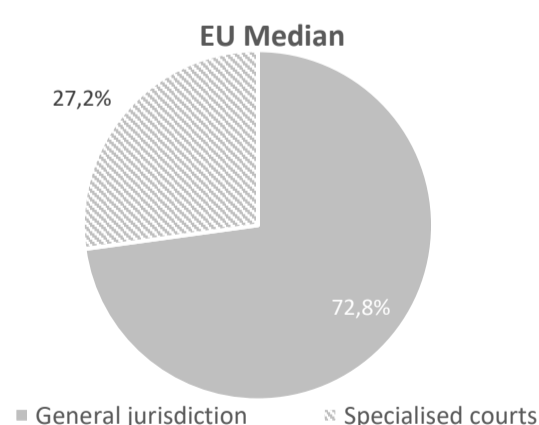
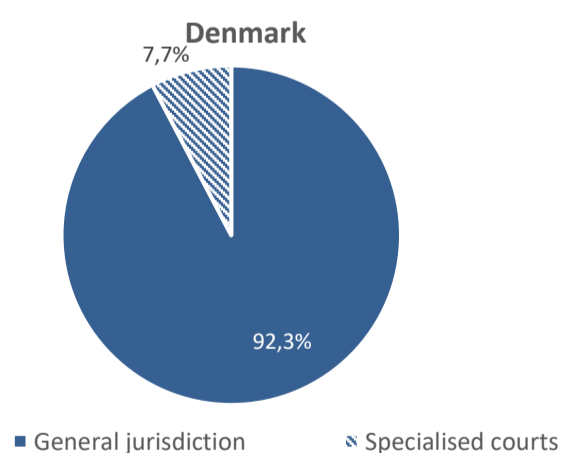
Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		24	2
2013		24	2
2014		24	2
2015		24	2
2016		24	2
2017		24	2
2018		24	2
2019		24	2
2020	26	24	2
2021	26	24	2



The data on number of courts are stable over the years.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 92,3% - 7,7%, which differs from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	1	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	1	NAP

In Denmark, there are only two specialised courts as legal entities which act at first instance. On the one hand, the Maritime and Commercial Court deals with commercial but also, to a greater extent, but not exclusively, with insolvency cases (bankruptcies etc.). On the other hand, the Land Registration Court has been established in 2009.

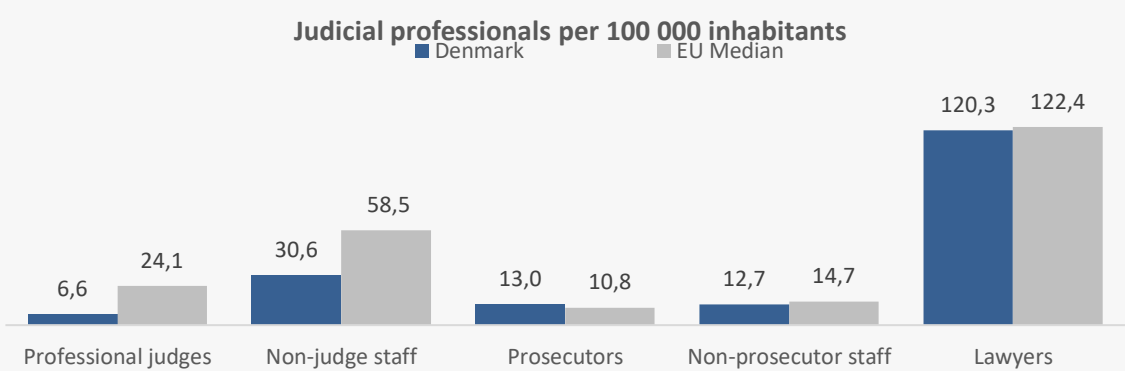
Juvenile courts do not exist as such. Cases concerning juveniles are within the competence of the District courts where a Juvenile Board ensures special care. It is noteworthy that Family courts are not separate legal entities, but sections of District courts. There is one military court but it is not part of the Danish Courts Administration.

2. Professionals of justice in Denmark (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

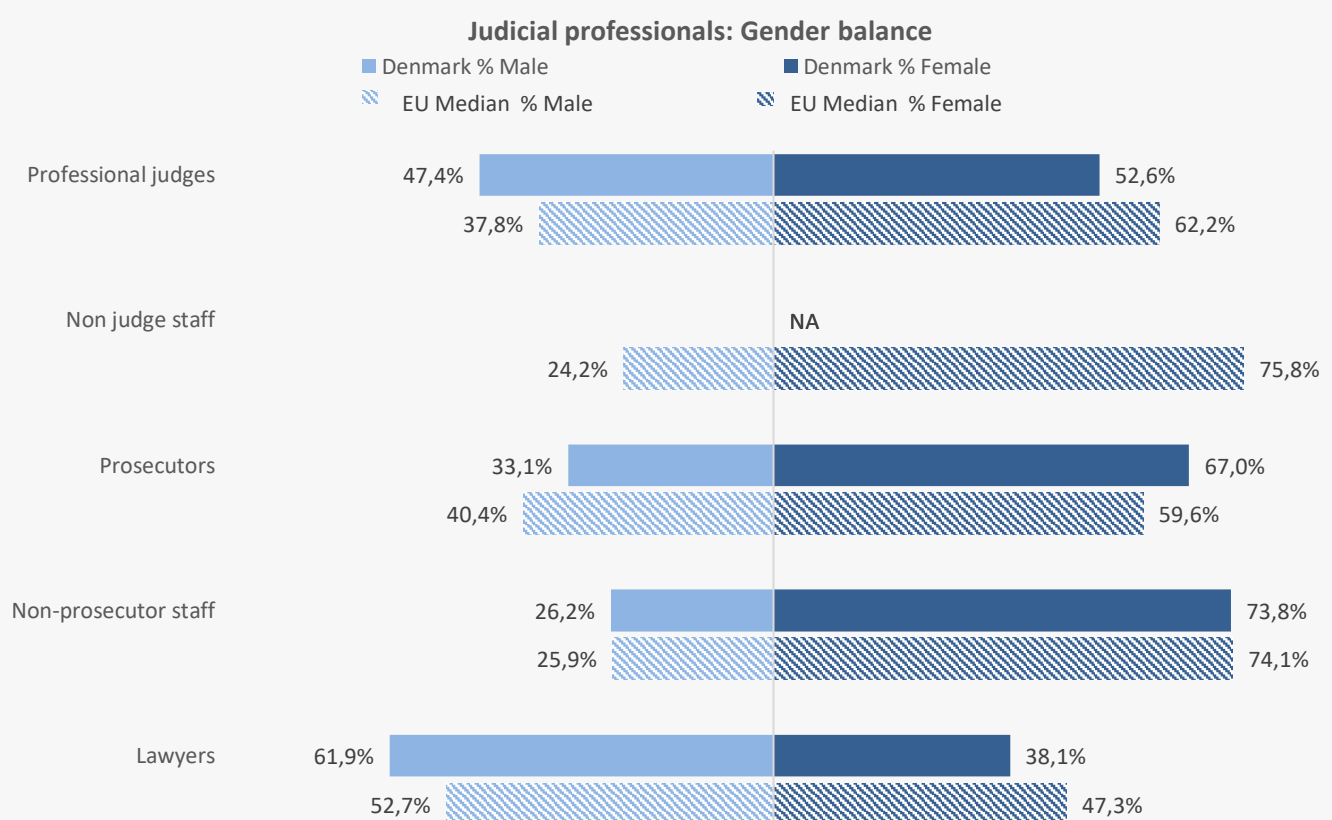
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	388	6,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	1 799	30,6	58,5
Prosecutors	764	13,0	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	747	12,7	14,7
Lawyers	7 063	120,3	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

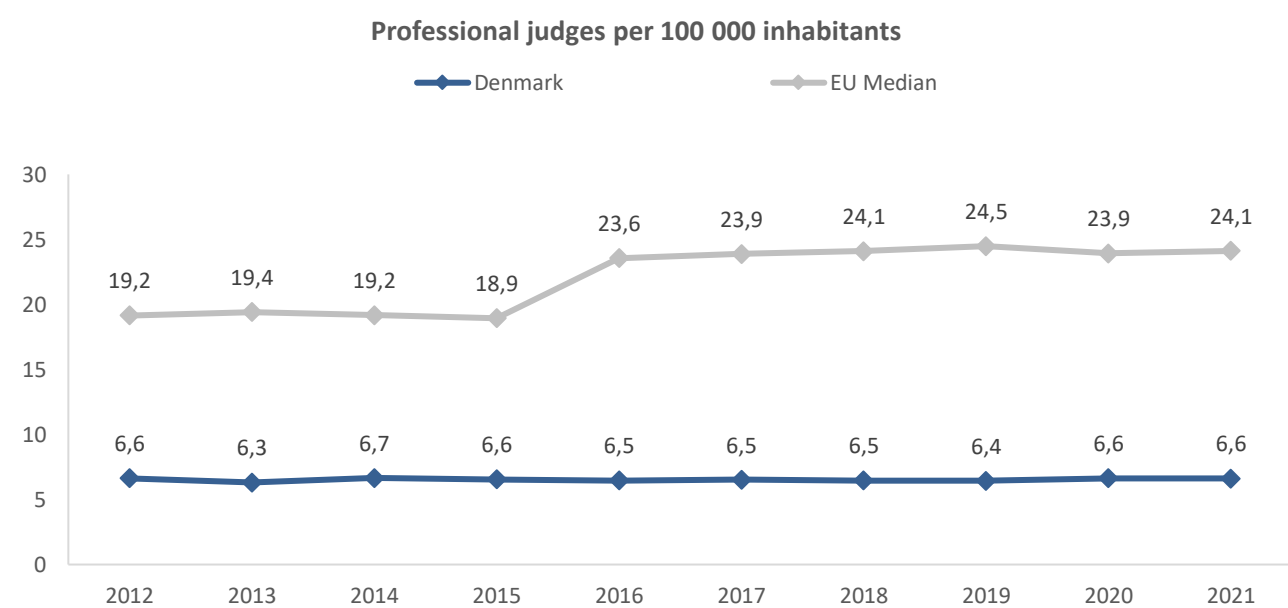
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	47,4%	52,6%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	33,1%	67,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	26,2%	73,8%
Lawyers	61,9%	38,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Denmark	EU Median
2012	372	19,2
2013	355	19,4
2014	377	19,2
2015	374	18,9
2016	372	23,6
2017	377	23,9
2018	375	24,1
2019	375	24,5
2020	388	23,9
2021	388	24,1



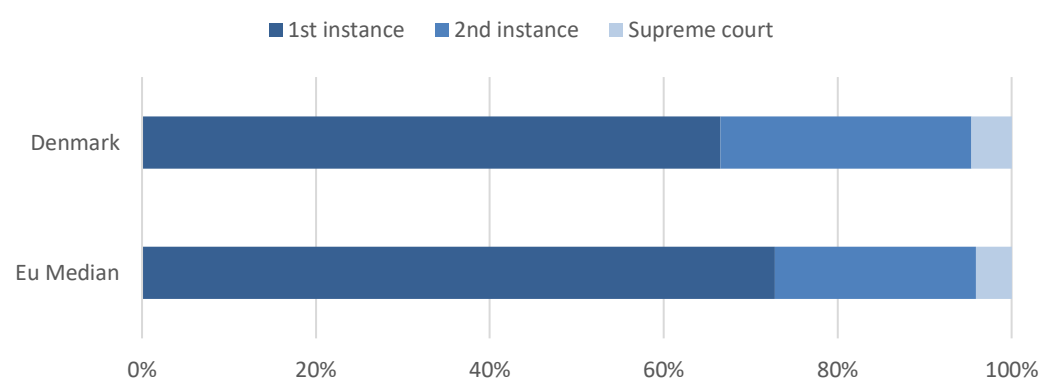
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Denmark is 388, which was also the case in 2020. More precisely, in Denmark, there are 6,61 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is well below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,64 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,68 non-judge staff per judge.

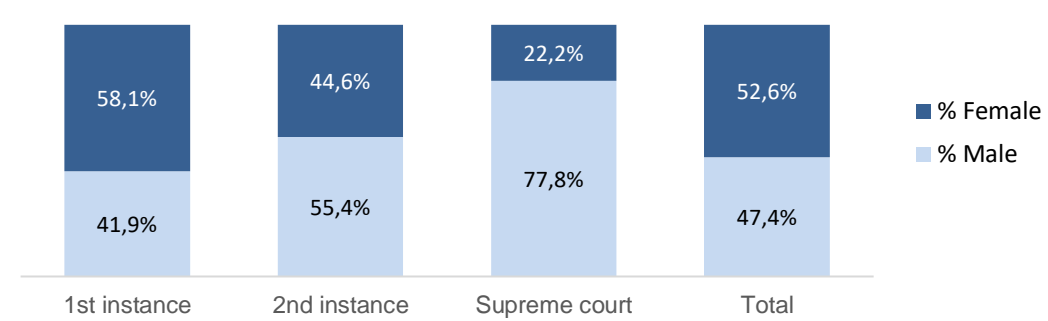
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	258	66,5%	108	150	41,9%	58,1%
2nd instance	112	28,9%	62	50	55,4%	44,6%
Supreme court	18	4,6%	14	4	77,8%	22,2%
Total	388		184	204	47,4%	52,6%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Denmark



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 204, which represents 52,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 258 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 150 are Female); 112 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 50 are Female) and 18 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 4 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Denmark. However, the predominance of first instance judges is less pronounced, while second and third instance judges are more numerous.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that the number of female judges is higher than the number of male judges only at first instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

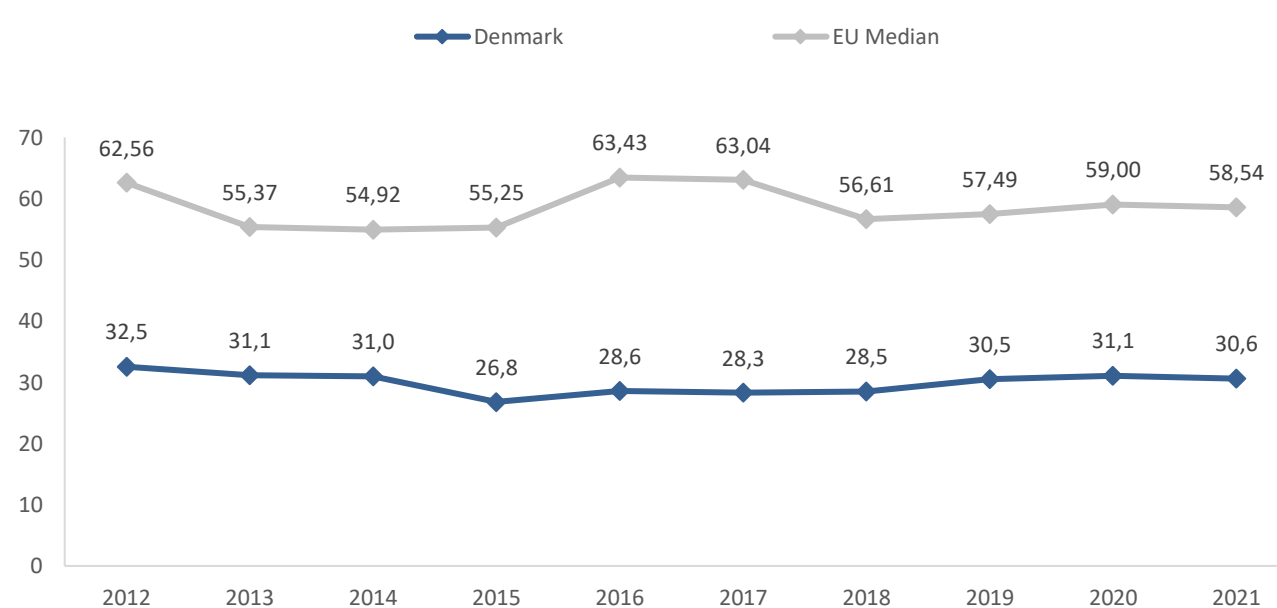
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	258	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	112	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	18	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	388	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Denmark, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible as all judges deal with all case types.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2012	1 823	32,5	62,6
2013	1 751	31,1	55,4
2014	1 754	31,0	54,9
2015	1 529	26,8	55,2
2016	1 642	28,6	63,4
2017	1 634	28,3	63,0
2018	1 656	28,5	56,6
2019	1 775	30,5	57,5
2020	1 816	31,1	59,0
2021	1 799	30,6	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Denmark has 1 799 non-judge staff (gender breakdown is not possible). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,9%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 31,1 in 2020 to 30,6 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants remained stable: 6,6.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 799	
Rechtspfleger	338	18,8%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	10	0,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 353	75,2%
Technical staff	89	4,9%
Other	9	0,5%

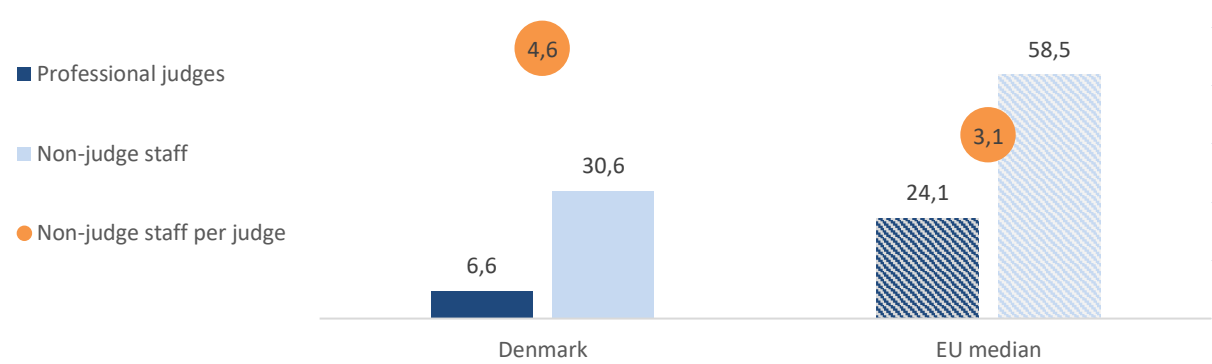
In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 338 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 10 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 1 353 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 89 technical staff (gender breakdown is not possible);
- 9 other (gender breakdown is not possible);

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Professional judges	6,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	30,6	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,6	3,1

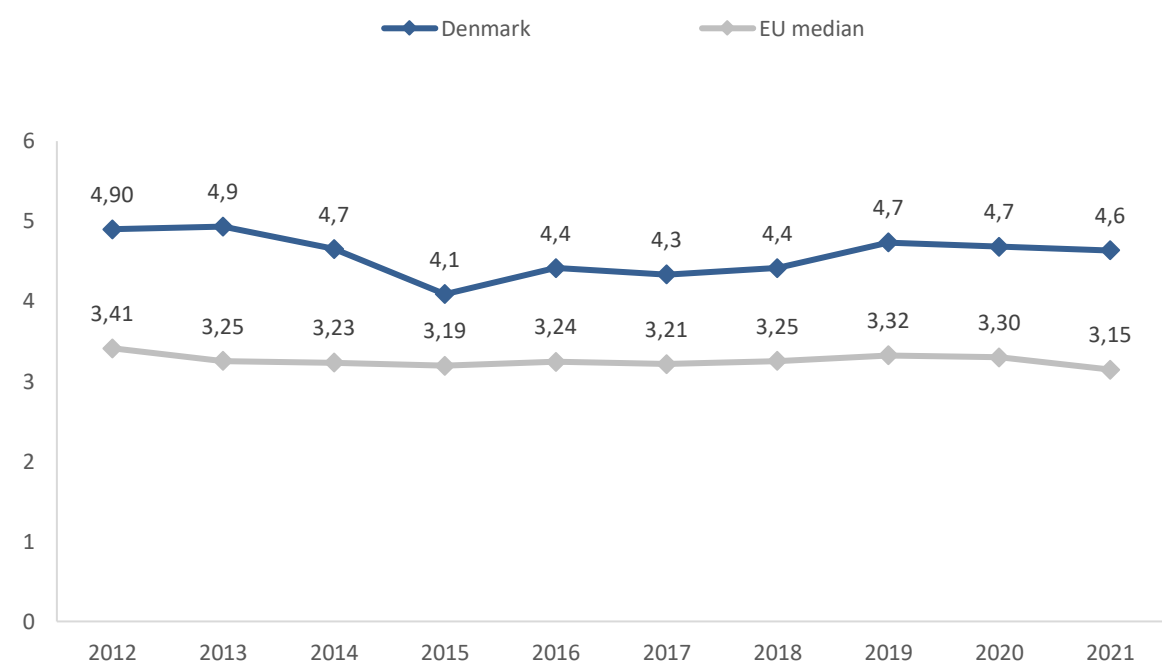
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.		Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Denmark	Denmark	Denmark	EU median	Denmark	EU median
2012	6,6	32,5	4,90	3,4		
2013	6,3	31,1	4,9	3,3		
2014	6,7	31,0	4,7	3,2		
2015	6,6	26,8	4,1	3,2		
2016	6,5	28,6	4,4	3,2		
2017	6,5	28,3	4,3	3,2		
2018	6,5	28,5	4,4	3,3		
2019	6,4	30,5	4,7	3,3		
2020	6,6	31,1	4,7	3,3		
2021	6,6	30,6	4,6	3,1		

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

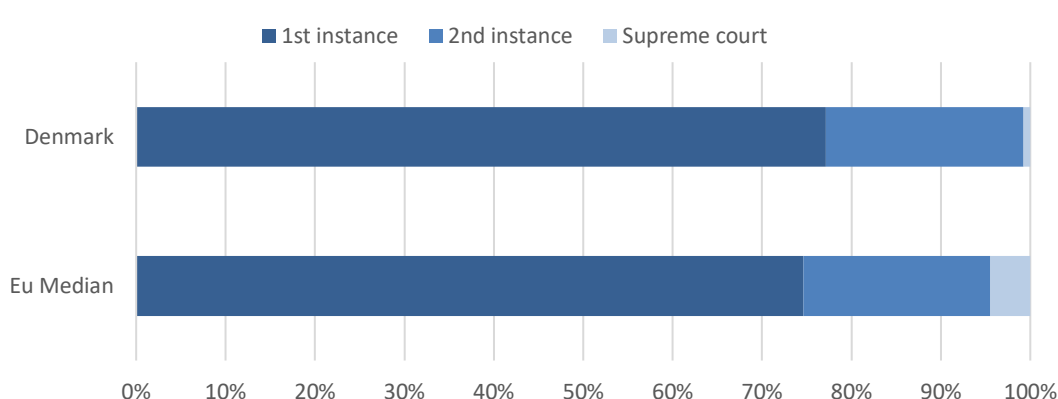


Public prosecutors

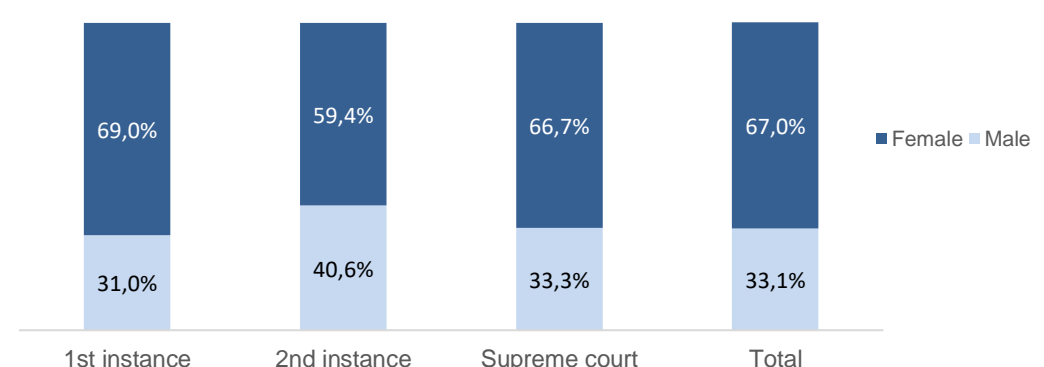
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	594	77,7%	184	410	31,0%	69,0%
2nd instance	170	22,3%	69	101	40,6%	59,4%
Supreme court	6	0,8%	2	4	33,3%	66,7%
Total	764		253	512	33,1%	67,0%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 512, which represents 67,0% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 594 in first instance (of which 410 are Female); 170 are in second instance (of which 101 are Female) and 6 in final instance (of which 4 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that the number is the actual number of employees in full-time equivalent as of December 2021. Full-time equivalents are allocated on the 1st of the month, and it is therefore not possible to draw a precise number for 31 December. The number is therefore drawn for 1 December 2021 and scaled up to a full year. The actual numbers of full-time equivalents are calculated as digital numbers. This is why the total number of prosecutors does not add up when compared to the number of males and females.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Denmark presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, public prosecutors are the Director of Public Prosecutions, the state prosecutors, the police directors as well as the persons who are assumed to assist them in the judicial processing of criminal cases. Organizationally, the Prosecution Service consists of the Director of Public Prosecutions and state prosecutor's offices (central prosecution service) with associated police districts (local prosecution service).

The Director of Public Prosecutions and selected employees appear before the Supreme Court. At the end of 2021, 58 prosecutors were employed at the Director of Public Prosecutions office. 6 of them appear before the Supreme Court. The Director of Public Prosecutions is superior to the other public prosecutors and supervises them and handles complaints about decisions made by the state prosecutors office as the first instance.

The state prosecutors' offices appear before the high courts (second instance – court of appeal). The state prosecutors supervise the police directors' handling of criminal cases and handle complaints about decisions made by the police directors regarding criminal prosecution.

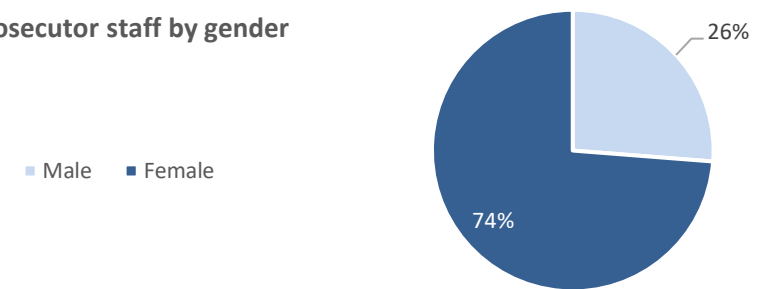
The directors of police and the public prosecutors who are employed by them appear before the district courts.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at all instances.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	747	196	551

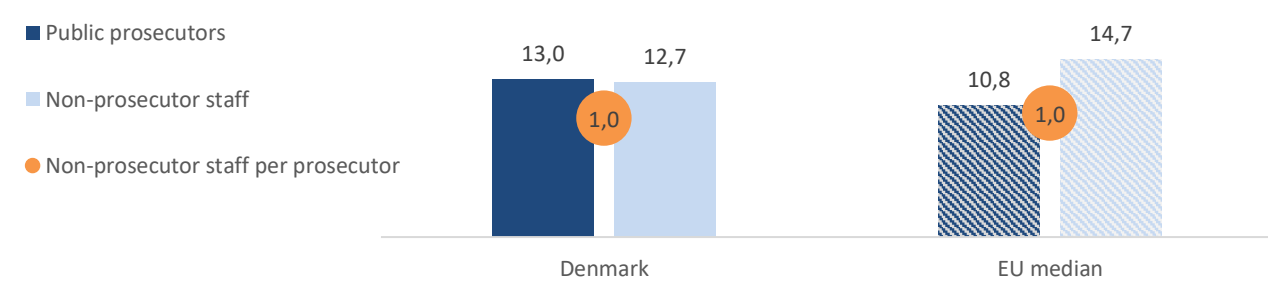
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Public prosecutors	13,0	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	12,7	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,0	1,0

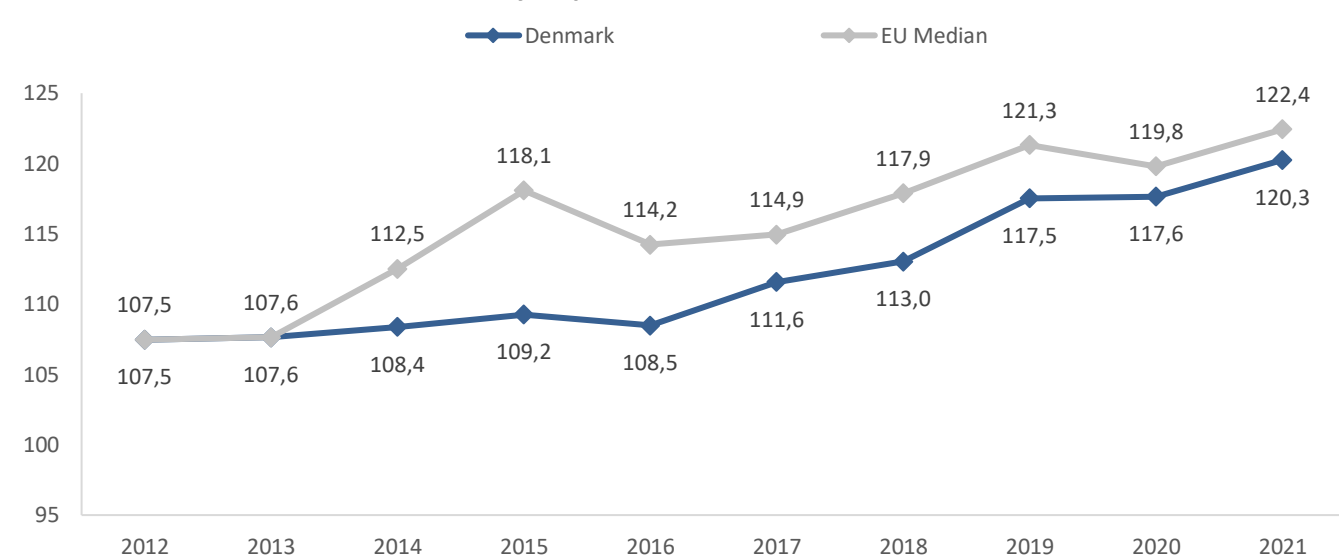
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2012	6 021	107,5	107,5
2013	6 053	107,6	107,6
2014	6 134	108,4	112,5
2015	6 235	109,2	118,1
2016	6 236	108,5	114,2
2017	6 450	111,6	114,9
2018	6 563	113,0	117,9
2019	6 843	117,5	121,3
2020	6 870	117,6	119,8
2021	7 063	120,3	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, there are 7 063 lawyers, which is 2,8% more than in 2020.

There are 2 694 female lawyers which is 38% of the total.

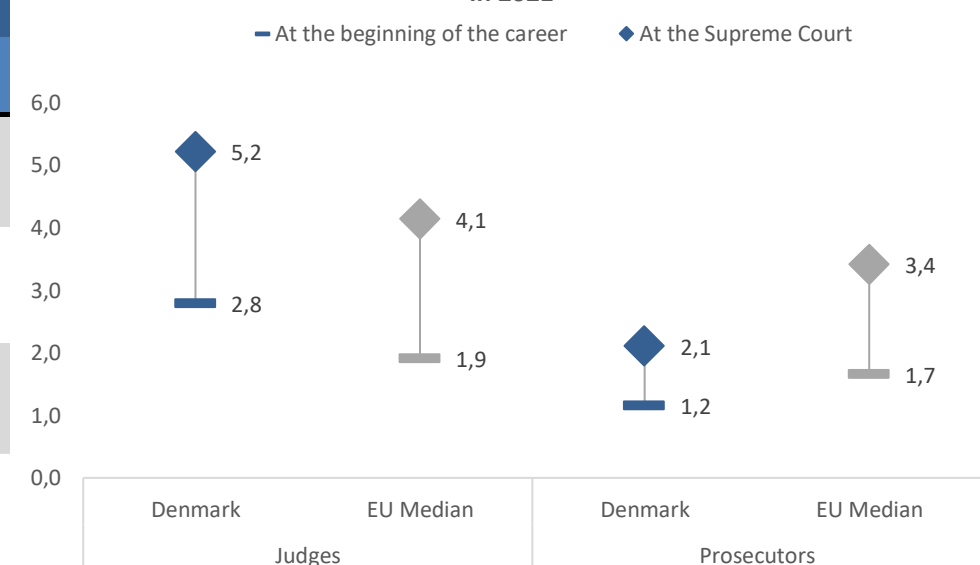
Denmark has 120,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The figures given above are the number of lawyers at the end of 2021.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Denmark	Denmark	Denmark	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	118 377€	NA	2,8	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	221 226€	NA	5,2	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	49 058€	NA	1,2	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	89 407€	NA	2,1	3,4

Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Denmark of 118 377€ is very high when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,79 which is also considerably above the EU median of 1,91.

At the Supreme court or at the Highest Appellate Court, the highest absolute gross salary for judge is in Denmark - 221 226€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary of a judge at the Supreme court or at the Highest Appellate Court is 5,2, which is also above the EU median of 4,1.

Data on net salary are not available. The Danish tax system is progressive. Accordingly, the percentage of tax depends on the income and the municipal tax varies from municipality to municipality.

The annual salary for a Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate is specified based on the average salary for Senior Prosecutors, Special Prosecutors and the Deputy State Prosecutor at the Supreme Court Unit with the Director of Public Prosecutions.

The annual salaries are specified without pension.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Denmark (2021 data)

In Denmark, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔

> Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In criminal cases, defendants are in all cases appointed a defence attorney. Victims of certain criminal offences (e.g. sexual offences, homicide and acts of violence) have access to representation in court by a support attorney. Basic legal advice is available to all persons in criminal cases. Further legal advice is only available subject to certain economic criteria. If the prosecuted person is acquitted, the costs of the defence attorney remain free of charge. Contrarily, it is normally the court who decides if the prosecuted person must pay for the defence attorney and other expenses of the case, if the person is convicted. Finally, if the prosecuted person picks his or her own defence attorney, he or she will as a starting point have to pay the attorney's fee.

In civil cases it is normally the losing part who has to pay both one's own and the opposite party's expenses in relation to the court case. The court can decide that both parties must pay their own costs, if the case doesn't have an actual winner.

The bailiff's court can grant legal aid if the person appearing before the court is deemed to need a lawyer's assistance, and the person fulfils certain economic criteria. (Danish Administration of Justice Act, article 500(2)).

With regard to other than criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for all necessary costs associated with the proceedings. The court decides which expenses are covered by legal aid, e.g. expenses that have been held in connection with a trial with good reason. Fees for technical advisors or experts are covered in criminal cases under special circumstances.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	4 098	NAP
In criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
In other than criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP

In Denmark, there are four different authorities that can grant legal aid: 1) The courts can grant legal aid to the cases listed in section 327 of the Administrative Procedure Act. 2) In other cases legal aid is granted by the Civil Affairs Agency. 3) The Ministry of Justice processes legal aid cases where the Civil Affairs Agency declares itself incompetent. 4) Complaints over decisions made by the Civil Affairs Agency and the Ministry of Justice can be brought before the Appeals Permission Board.

The total number of cases listed above (4098 cases) stems from information given by the the National Board of Justice. It includes all cases brought before the courts where legal aid was granted by either the courts, the Civil Affairs Agency, the Ministry of Justice or the Appeals Permission Board. The number of cases not brought before the courts, but where legal aid was granted is not available.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NA
- Actual average duration: NA

There is no binding legislation on the maximum duration in cases of granting legal aid. Legal aid can be granted by four different authorities. The average processing time in cases of legal aid request processed by the Civil Affairs Agency was 93 days in 2021. It has not been possible to obtain information regarding the average processing time in regards to requests that have been processed by the courts, the Ministry of Justice and the Appeals Permission Board.

4. Performance of courts in Denmark (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

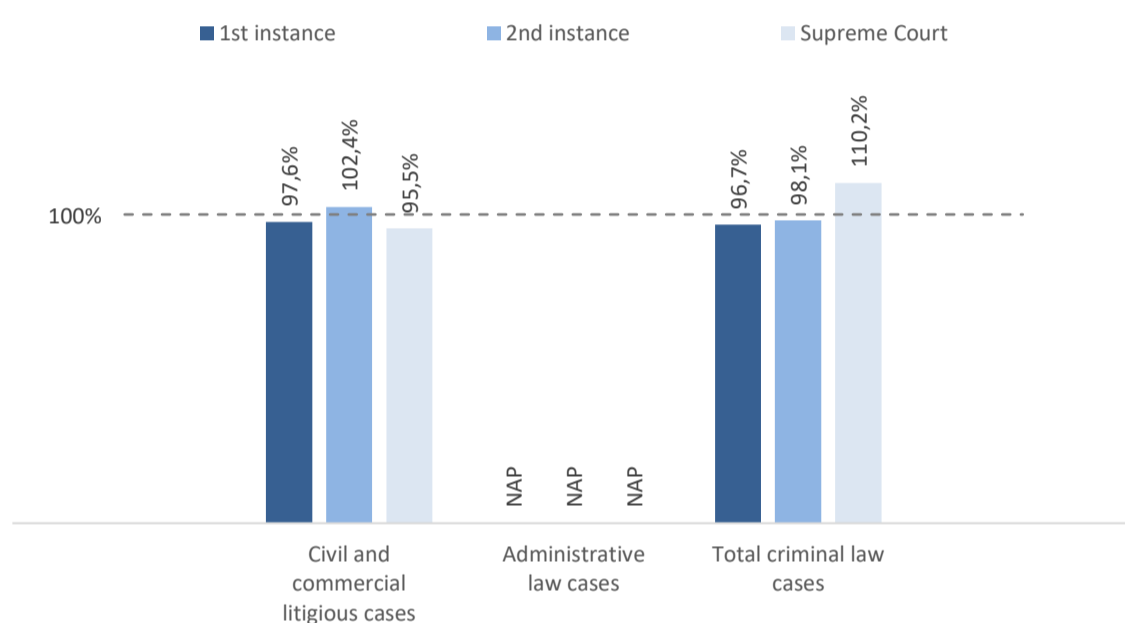
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

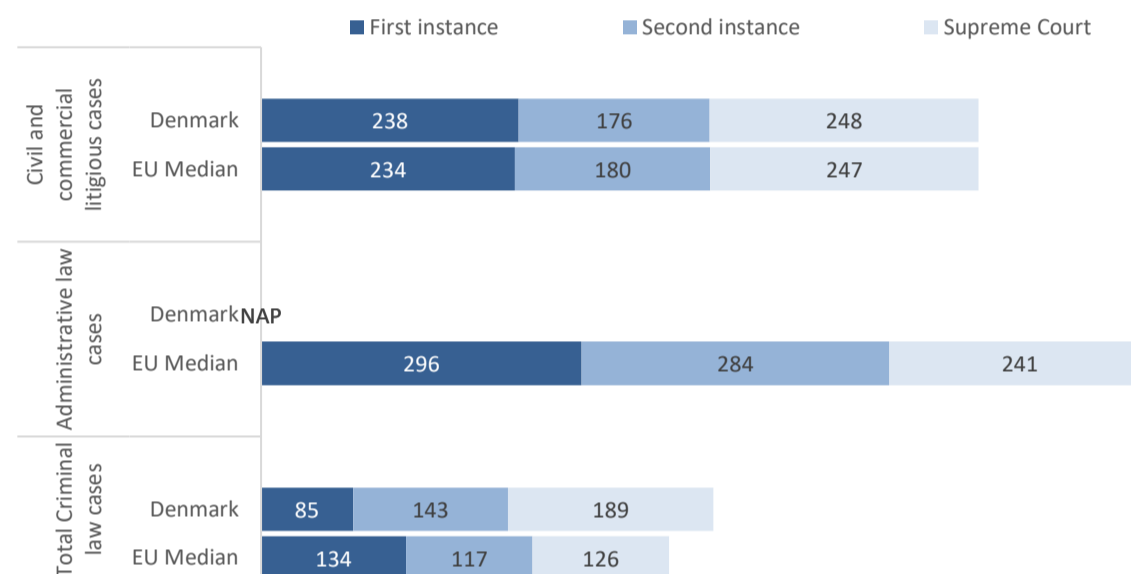
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	97,6%	102,5%	NAP	101,7%	96,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	102,4%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	98,1%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	95,5%	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	110,2%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	238	234	NAP	296	85	134
	2nd instance	176	180	NAP	284	143	117
	Supreme Court	248	247	NAP	241	189	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be recalled that in Denmark administrative cases do not constitute a specific case category but are part of the “civil and commercial litigious cases”.

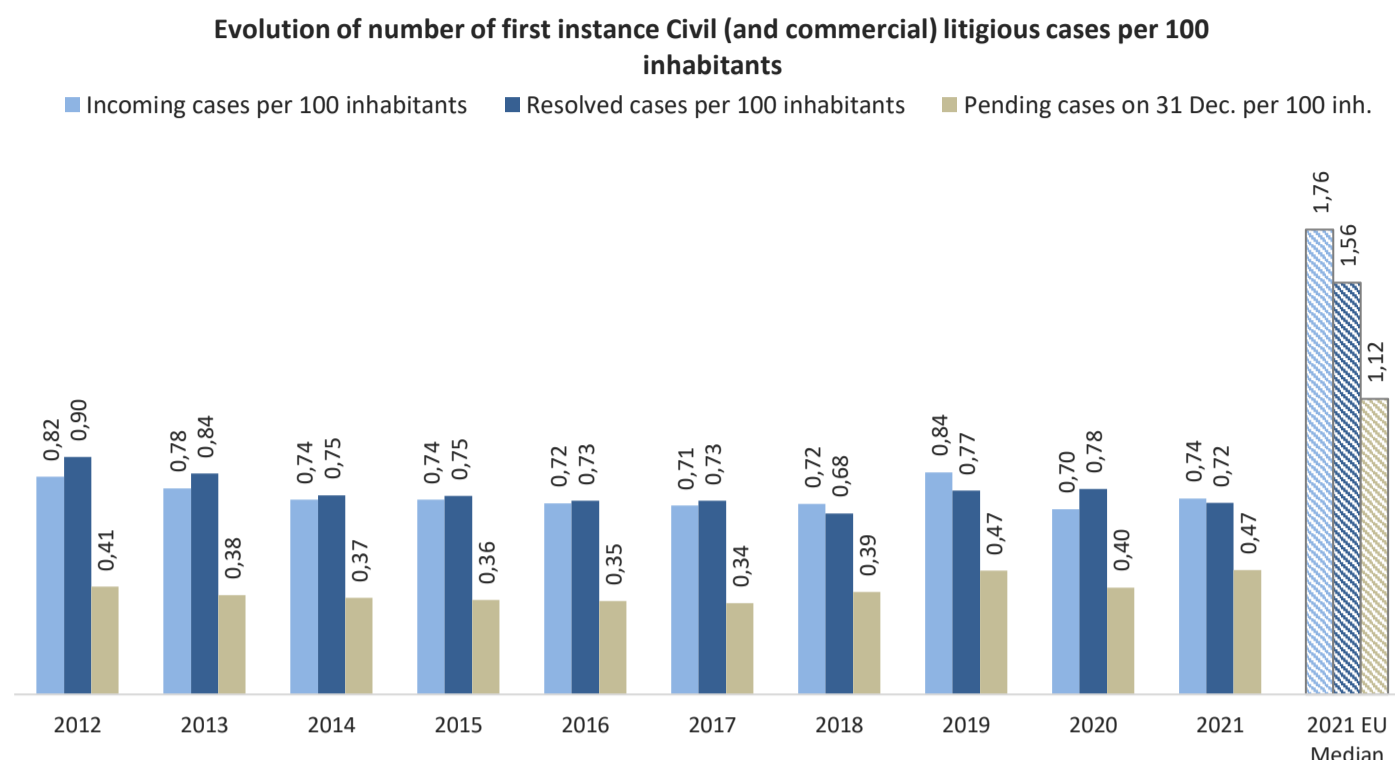
In 2021, in compliance with the EU trend, the total length of criminal proceedings was shorter than the one of civil litigious proceedings. However, when analysing court efficiency by instance, we can notice that in civil matters the Disposition Time indicator is very close to the EU median values at all instances, while in criminal matters the Disposition Time is below the EU median only at first instance. As a matter of fact, the total length of criminal proceedings in Denmark is slightly longer than the EU median.

As to the Clearance Rate indicator, it seems that in 2021 some challenges were faced by District courts (1st instance) in civil and criminal matters, the two High courts (2nd instance) in criminal matters and the Supreme court in civil matters. Despite this, the Disposition Time indicator remained below the EU median for first instance criminal cases and aligned to the EU median for third instance civil cases. Conversely, the Disposition Time indicator increased considerably in respect of first instance civil cases and slightly with regard to second instance criminal cases, exceeding in both situations the EU median values.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,82	0,90	0,41
2013	0,78	0,84	0,38
2014	0,74	0,75	0,37
2015	0,74	0,75	0,36
2016	0,72	0,73	0,35
2017	0,71	0,73	0,34
2018	0,72	0,68	0,39
2019	0,84	0,77	0,47
2020	0,70	0,78	0,40
2021	0,74	0,72	0,47
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



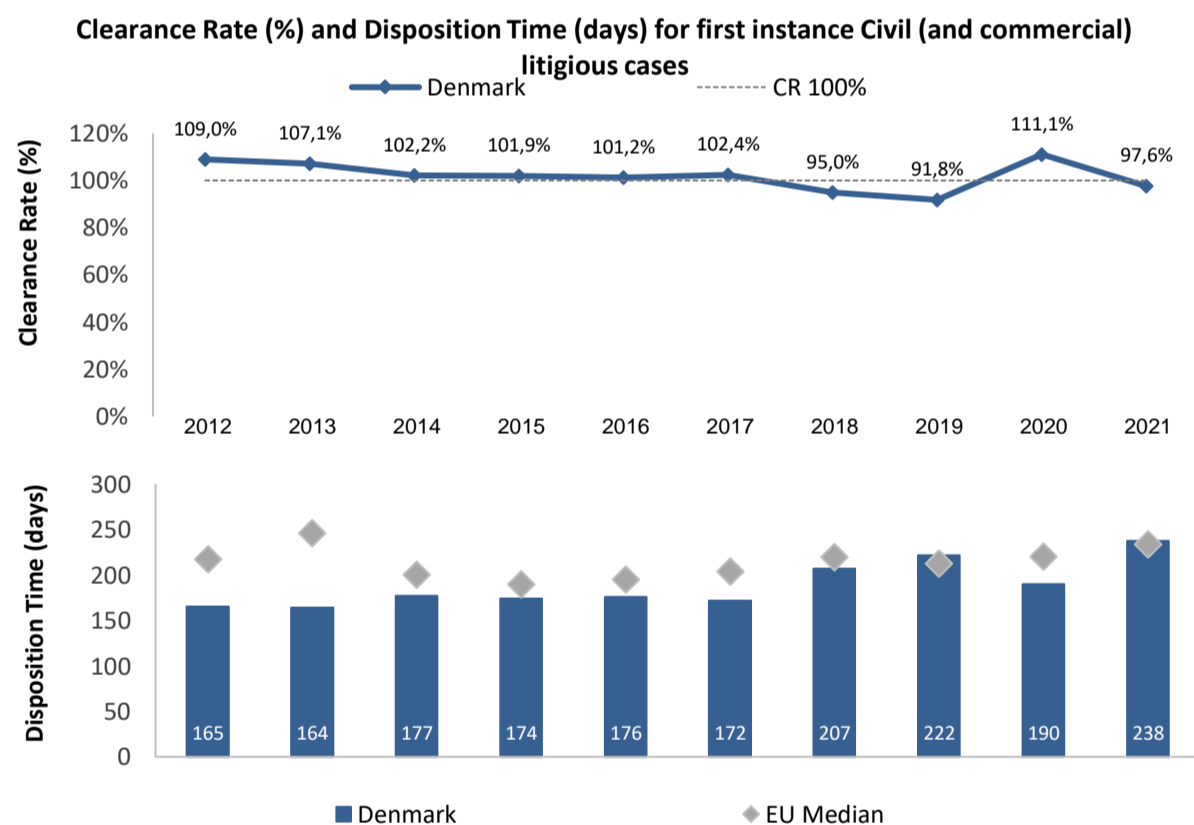
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Denmark (0,74 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Denmark (0,72 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Denmark (0,47 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2012	109,0%	100,4%	165	218
2013	107,1%	101,2%	164	247
2014	102,2%	101,8%	177	201
2015	101,9%	102,3%	174	190
2016	101,2%	102,0%	176	196
2017	102,4%	101,3%	172	204
2018	95,0%	101,2%	207	220
2019	91,8%	99,9%	222	213
2020	111,1%	98,5%	190	221
2021	97,6%	102,5%	238	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,6% in 2021 Denmark encountered some challenges in dealing with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -13,4 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 238 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 25,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

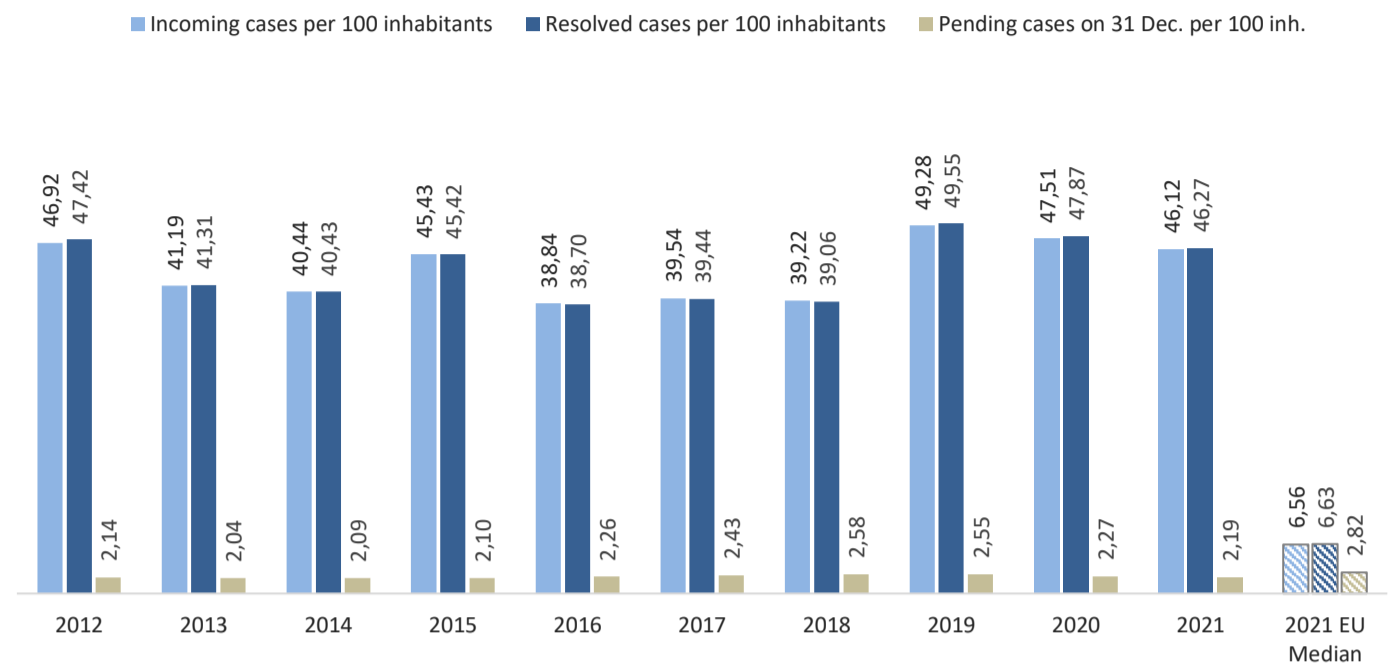
As already mentioned above, in Denmark administrative cases do not constitute a specific case category but are part of the “civil and commercial litigious cases”.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	46,92	47,42	2,14
2013	41,19	41,31	2,04
2014	40,44	40,43	2,09
2015	45,43	45,42	2,10
2016	38,84	38,70	2,26
2017	39,54	39,44	2,43
2018	39,22	39,06	2,58
2019	49,28	49,55	2,55
2020	47,51	47,87	2,27
2021	46,12	46,27	2,19
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Denmark (46,12 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

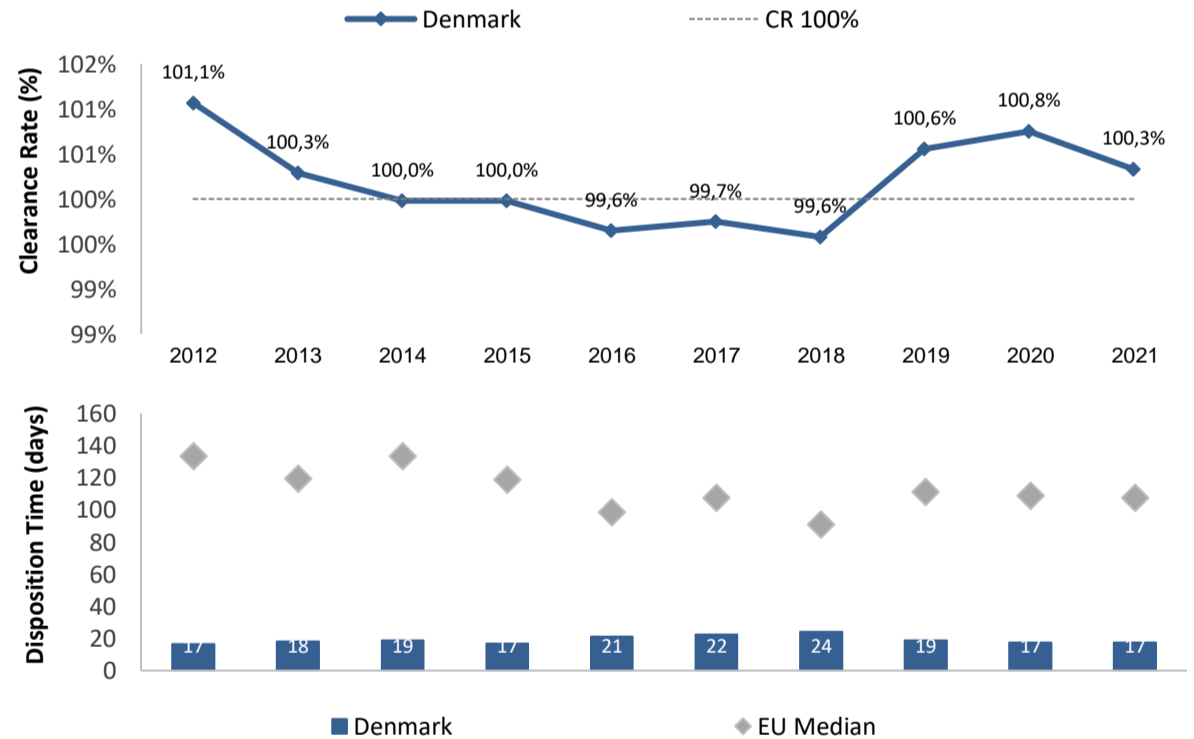
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Denmark (46,27 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Denmark (2,19 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2012	101,1%	100,5%	17	133
2013	100,3%	100,7%	18	119
2014	100,0%	101,9%	19	133
2015	100,0%	101,0%	17	119
2016	99,6%	101,5%	21	98
2017	99,7%	100,6%	22	107
2018	99,6%	100,6%	24	91
2019	100,6%	99,8%	19	111
2020	100,8%	98,7%	17	109
2021	100,3%	101,2%	17	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2021 Denmark seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,4 points.

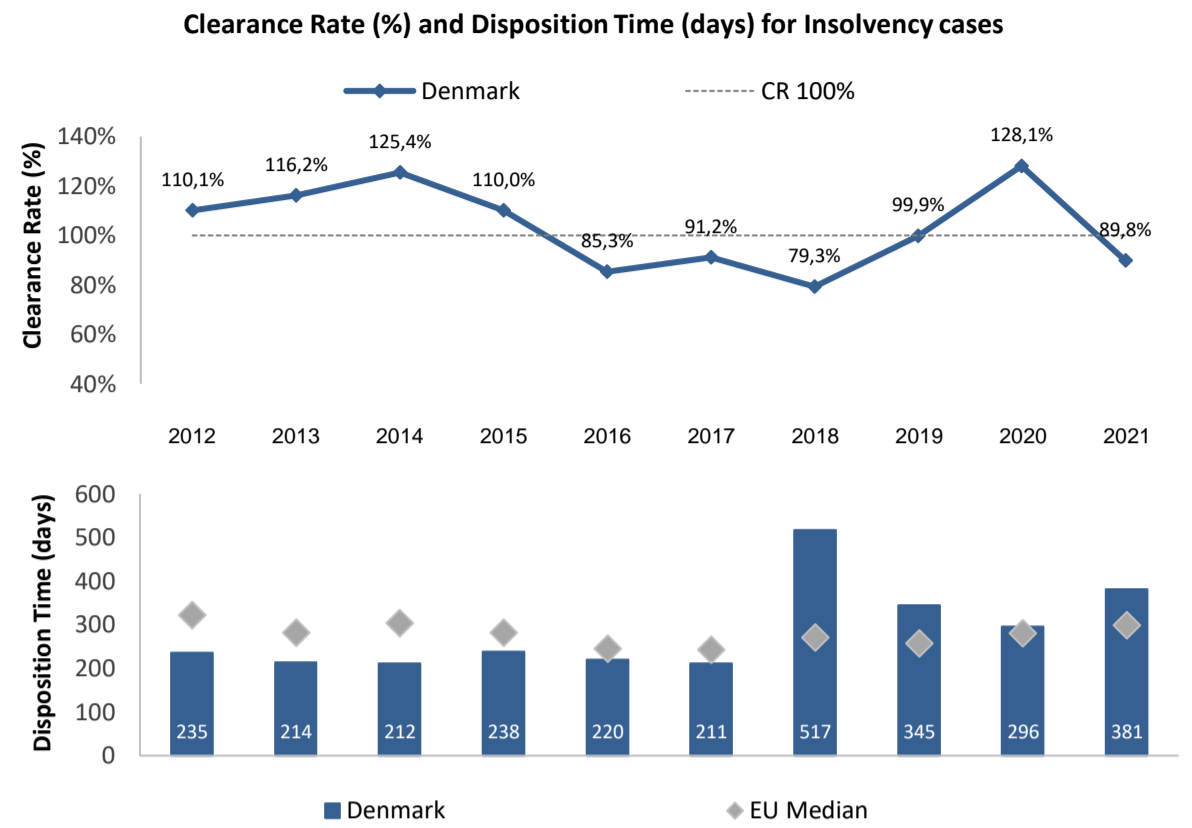
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 17 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -0,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2012	110,1%	95,0%	235	323
2013	116,2%	89,6%	214	282
2014	125,4%	96,9%	212	304
2015	110,0%	104,5%	238	282
2016	85,3%	102,0%	220	246
2017	91,2%	103,6%	211	243
2018	79,3%	101,5%	517	271
2019	99,9%	101,2%	345	258
2020	128,1%	109,7%	296	281
2021	89,8%	103,3%	381	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 89,8% in 2021 Denmark seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -38,3 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 381 days, which is above the EU median of 299 days.

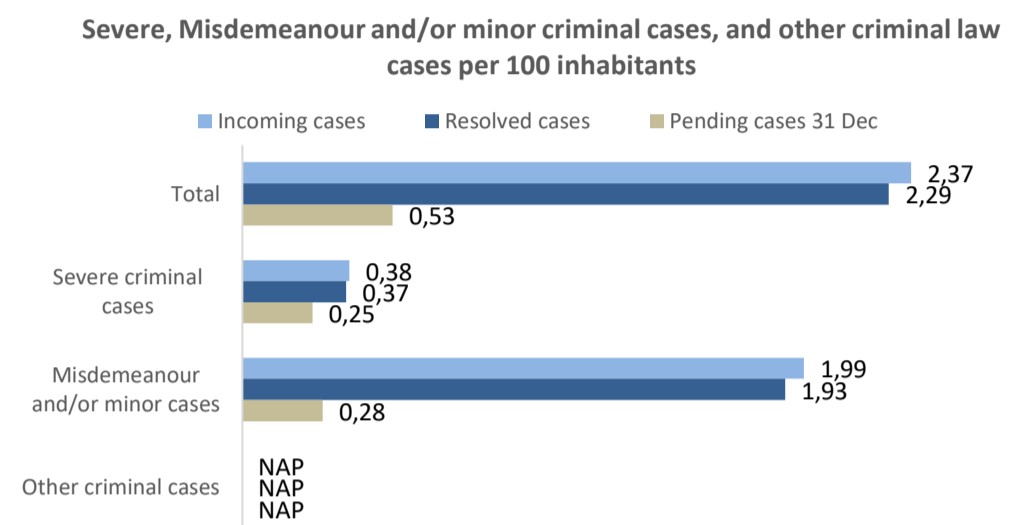
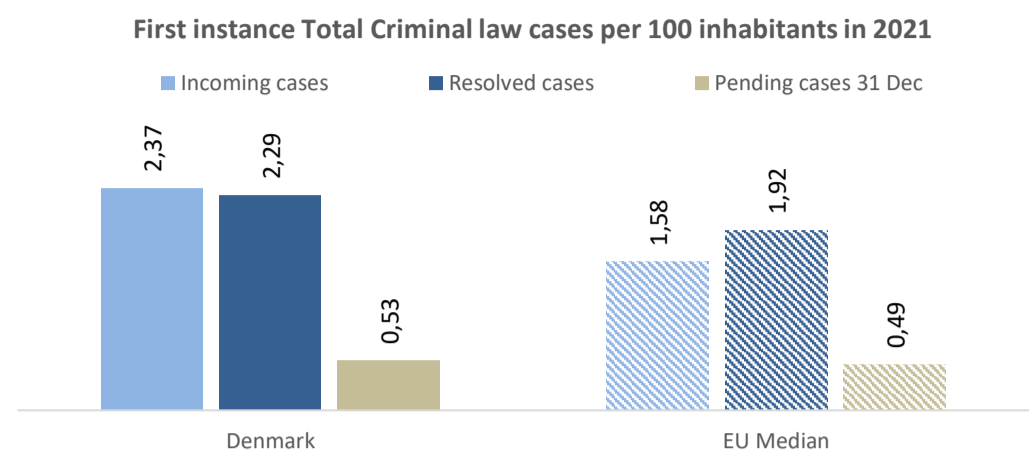
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 28,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	26 760	139 350	134 781	31 329
Severe criminal cases	13 932	22 314	21 651	14 595
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	12 828	117 036	113 130	16 734
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,46	2,37	2,29	0,53
Severe criminal cases	0,24	0,38	0,37	0,25
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,22	1,99	1,93	0,28
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Denmark (2,37 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

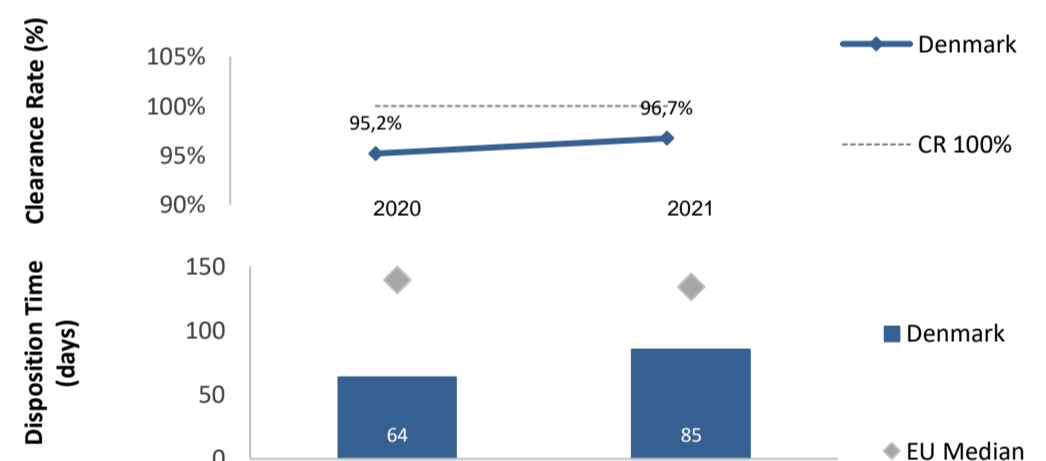
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Denmark (2,29 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Denmark (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2020	95,2%	95,2%	64	139
2021	96,7%	100,0%	85	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,7% in 2021 Denmark seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,5 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 85 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 134 days.

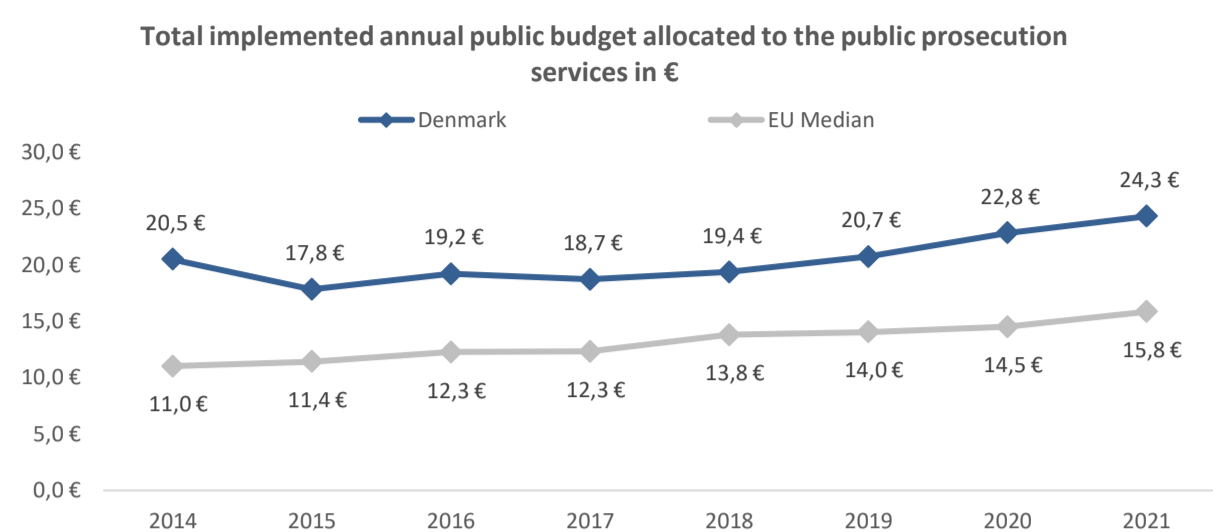
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 33,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The functioning of first instance courts in criminal matters has been affected in 2021 by the fact that 2020 was an unusual year because of the Covid-19 pandemic, related lock down of society, including lock down of courts. It created more pending cases as the prosecution continued to forward new cases to the courts that could not deal with it.

5. Public prosecution services in Denmark (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Denmark	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2014	115 870 009 €	20,5 €	11,0 €	
2015	101 749 306 €	17,8 €	11,4 €	
2016	110 435 917 €	19,2 €	12,3 €	
2017	108 228 822 €	18,7 €	12,3 €	
2018	112 402 737 €	19,4 €	13,8 €	
2019	120 724 723 €	20,7 €	14,0 €	
2020	133 276 866 €	22,8 €	14,5 €	
2021	142 722 702 €	24,3 €	15,8 €	



Data on the budget allocated to training of public prosecution services are not available.

It is noteworthy that the Danish system presents the peculiarity to include the budget allocated to public prosecution services within the overall budget of the police. Before 2013, it was not possible to identify the precise expenditures concerning public prosecution services. As of 2013, due to a change in the registration frame, it is easier to estimate the cost of the public prosecution services.

It should be recalled that the increase in the expenses in 2020 is partly due to an increased effort to reduce case processing times and case stocks in the criminal cases chain. Besides, in 2019, further expenses were incurred in connection with the implementation of several commissions of inquiry set up by the government.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Denmark	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Denmark	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	61 014	▲ 0,6%	1,04	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	194 540	▼ -12,9%	3,31	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	411 362	▼ -2,1%	7,00	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	208 106	▲ 0,5%	3,54	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	3 875	▲ 403,9%	0,07	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	50 243	▲ 5,6%	0,86	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	153 013	▼ -7,5%	2,61	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	52 163	▼ -14,5%	0,89	0,87

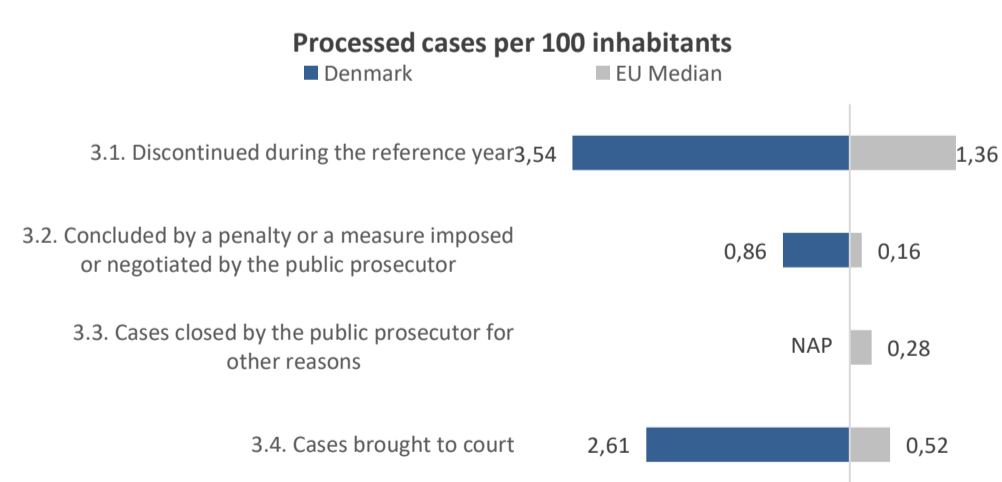
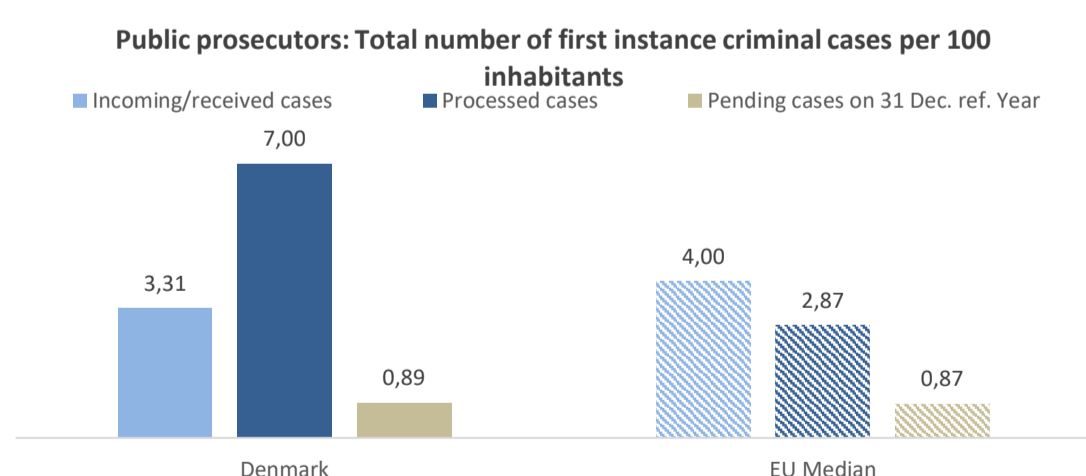
* Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

It has to be highlighted that the number of processed cases includes both cases dismissed by the police and cases dismissed by the public prosecutor. Indeed, it is not possible to always distinguish closed/finished cases between the police and prosecution service as they are often archived in police departments regardless of who processed the case.

The Danish prosecution system presents the peculiarity that one incoming case can result in numerous processed cases. This is the reason why the number of processed cases is considerably higher than the number of received cases.

It is not possible to subtract numbers on discontinued cases in the format in Q 3.1.1. + 3.1.2 + 3.1.4, as the legal basis in Denmark (sections 721 and 749 of the Administration of Justice Act) is not divided in such subsectors.

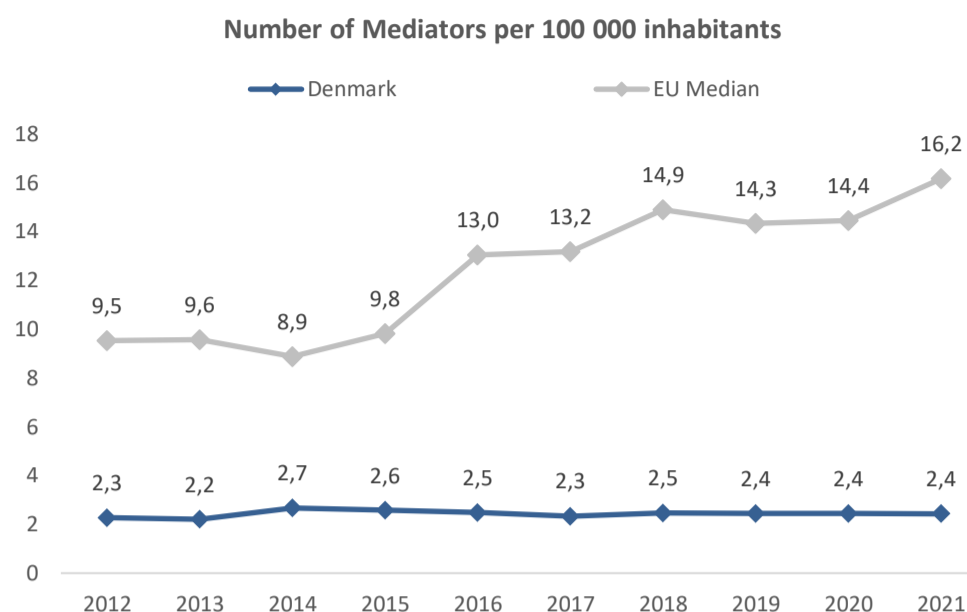
Regarding the increased number of discontinued cases for reasons of opportunity, it should be mentioned that during 2021 there was an increased effort in lowering the amount of pending cases. This can partly explain the surge of discontinued cases for reasons of opportunity.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Denmark (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2012	127	2,3	9,5
2013	124	2,2	9,6
2014	151	2,7	8,9
2015	147	2,6	9,8
2016	143	2,5	13,0
2017	135	2,3	13,2
2018	143	2,5	14,9
2019	142	2,4	14,3
2020	143	2,4	14,4
2021	143	2,4	16,2



In 2021, there are 143 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

These data remained stable between 2020 and 2021.

The number of registered attorneys who are appointed to serve as mediators in court mediation in 2021 is 53. The number of registered judges who serves as mediators in court mediation in 2021 is 90.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	560	370
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Data above all relate to the district courts. In the Civil system can only be seen when the case is finalized. Before it was possible to see it when the case surpassed to mediation. The abandoned cases are first measured when the cases are finished in the court system with a court decision and not when they were first abandoned. With regard to "number of finished court-related mediations", the Danish Court Administration has ignored cases where the parties did not meet at least one time.

7. ICT tools of courts in Denmark (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	50-99%	50-99%
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	Yes

In addition to voice recording, the Danish Court Administration has implemented speech-recognition in connection with certain court precedings. Further implementation of a wider roll-out of speech-recognition is being evaluated currently.

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	1-9%	Yes	No
Justice expenses management	1-9%	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	No	No

Multiple tools are available in various courts for controlling and managing costs and the degrees to which they are being used vary. These data are relatively unknown by the central organization and this is the best estimate. Activity in terms of weighted cases is used also in allocation of resources.

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	10-49%	Yes	No	No
Prosecutors	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	10-49%	Yes	No	No

Concerning judges, the Danish Court Administration has chosen 10-49 %. It might be higher. The point is that on district courts, all judges either fill out how time is spend on a daily basis, or - for appointed judges - on a half-yearly basis. At some courts, the court has decided that the judges despite the Danish Court Administration does not demand it, anyway fill out this daily information. At a High Court and Supreme court level this is not done though. Therefor 10-49 %. Data are used by the Danish Court Administration. It is up to the individual court, how they use and how closely they monitor the staff (Judges). The same counts for non-judge staff. The Danish Court Administration has no data on prosecutor staff. Overall, there has not been changes to the systems that help assess how the workload is for public prosecutors but due to ongoing interest in how the workload is distributed – not only for the single employee but also the districts between – it is estimated that there has been an increase in the percentage. The workload is monitored in more general terms centrally through the Attorney General's office and locally the districts/local prosecution monitor their prosecutors and the workload more closely. The estimate of 50-99% is therefore not an absolute but an estimate since there has been an increase in the focus on monitoring the workload.

Concerning prosecutors, there is a well-implemented time recording system where the Prosecution Service's staff weekly report their time spent on specific tasks, e.g. court work, formal charging, dropping of cases/withdrawal of charges, transport time to and from court, training etc. The time recording system is also used to report work outside normal working hours (overtime), including shifts for which a separate fee is paid. In addition, the number of prosecutions and withdrawal of charges is measures, with each charge weighted according to a specific system. Time recording data is used in calculations of the Prosecution Service's case production and efficiency – and thus also in the management information in QlickView that is available on the Prosecution Service at national level as well as for the individual police districts and State Prosecutor's offices.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Denmark (2021 data)

In Denmark, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The Danish Court Administration does not have such competence. A responsible court follow their cases though.

In Denmark, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Namely, it is carried out monthly, quarterly, half yearly and yearly.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The data are collected for all parts of the judicial system, e.g. police, public prosecution, courts and the prison system. The data are used to measure the performance of the individual agencies/administrations, but also - and perhaps most importantly - to measure the interplay between these.

The category "Other" refers to the number of weighted cases.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

The prosecution makes quarterly reports to the Ministry of Justice on data regarding number of cases, percentage of conviction etc. Disposition time is measured indirectly through a report that measures all steps in a criminal case from arrest to imprisonment. There is no direct measure of Disposition time, but it can be read from this report. The prosecution makes a biannual survey on the satisfaction of the prosecution staff.

In Denmark, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

It is carried out monthly, quarterly and yearly.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The category "Other" refers to the period of time between the preliminary charge and the indictment.

There is not a performance indicator measuring the length of the proceedings directly. However, they are measured indirectly, since there are performance measures on the period of time from a case is given to the public prosecution until the case is resolved.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	5 840 045	5 873 420	4,8%	0,6%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 738	45 171	45 744	46 836	48 474	50 100	51 280	53 189	53 470	57 320	31,1%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	-0,3%	0,0%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							True	True	True	True		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	False	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	True	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False	False		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	False	False	False	False
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	False	False	False	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									-	-		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									-	-		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									-	-		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									True	True		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	29	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	27	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	24	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	143 328	117 611	114 483	116 296	122 137	136 043	144 319	164 281	153 654	137 817	-3,8%	-10,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 505	23 845	21 282	20 933	20 790	20 909	20 458	23 273	28 176	26 655	0,6%	-5,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	64 939	66 789	73 598	87 083	94 887	110 970	94 970	81 027	-	-14,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 701	56 974	57 523	60 220	66 980	77 671	83 319	87 757	77 017	63 009	-17,9%	-18,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 416	6 569	6 618	7 012	9 229	20 541	15 105	14 776	-	-2,2%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 333	2 460	1 680	1 616	971	1 728	3 094	2 223	3 173	2 751	106,4%	-13,3%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	7 136	6 841	5 736	4 953	5 647	5 284	6 135	18 318	11 932	12 025	68,5%	0,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 400	2 339	2 672	2 848	3 242	-	13,8%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	28 748	27 491	28 262	28 574	27 749	28 051	28 974	30 043	30 508	30 135	4,8%	-1,2%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 628 863	2 316 568	2 288 883	2 592 856	2 232 881	2 286 018	2 277 208	2 869 512	2 774 689	2 708 751	3,0%	-2,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	46 213	43 878	41 717	42 053	41 620	41 329	41 854	48 940	40 928	43 581	-5,7%	6,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 115 501	2 420 680	2 060 019	2 104 528	2 076 446	2 650 449	2 557 380	2 471 484	-	-3,4%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	371 900	370 649	359 920	346 762	352 091	368 012	357 316	359 176	296 786	259 987	-30,1%	-12,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 755 581	2 073 918	1 707 928	1 732 276	1 714 131	2 285 719	2 255 423	2 206 088	-	-2,2%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 071 492	1 762 764	1 744 916	2 061 209	1 689 939	1 713 233	1 689 592	2 267 166	2 238 608	2 188 515	5,6%	-2,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	14 694	13 341	10 665	12 709	17 989	19 043	24 539	18 553	16 815	17 573	19,6%	4,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 240	4 999	5 554	5 171	5 409	-	4,6%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	124 021	125 936	131 665	130 123	131 242	140 161	158 908	170 123	176 381	193 686	56,2%	9,8%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 656 912	2 323 265	2 288 504	2 592 317	2 225 000	2 280 231	2 267 599	2 885 425	2 795 569	2 717 756	2,3%	-2,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	50 361	47 009	42 638	42 867	42 116	42 325	39 768	44 924	45 458	42 543	-15,5%	-6,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 114 440	2 418 335	2 052 009	2 098 695	2 070 226	2 670 673	2 573 426	2 483 238	-	-3,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	394 750	372 421	357 102	344 907	344 729	365 470	357 728	373 901	312 743	267 842	-32,1%	-14,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 757 338	2 073 428	1 707 280	1 728 773	1 707 761	2 291 277	2 255 800	2 210 157	-	-2,0%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 070 365	1 763 487	1 745 063	2 061 886	1 689 196	1 711 887	1 690 470	2 266 404	2 239 046	2 190 963	5,8%	-2,1%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	15 366	15 048	12 275	11 542	18 084	16 886	17 291	24 873	16 754	19 194	24,9%	14,6%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	4 452	4 737	5 495	4 883	5 239	-	7,3%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	125 486	125 300	131 426	131 115	130 875	139 211	157 605	169 828	176 685	191 975	53,0%	8,7%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	120 108	114 531	118 484	119 689	129 683	140 504	149 974	148 368	132 774	128 812	7,2%	-3,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	22 804	21 120	20 705	20 458	20 294	19 913	22 544	27 289	23 646	27 693	21,4%	17,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 113	71 458	81 302	91 552	97 182	90 746	78 924	69 273	-	-12,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 548	57 559	62 626	64 876	74 342	80 213	82 907	73 032	61 060	55 154	-4,2%	-9,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 487	6 582	6 960	9 151	11 674	14 983	14 728	10 707	-	-27,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 460	1 737	1 533	939	1 714	3 074	2 216	2 985	2 735	303	-87,7%	-88,9%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 852	5 751	4 954	5 643	5 246	6 077	9 458	11 998	11 993	10 404	51,8%	-13,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 188	2 601	2 731	3 136	3 412	-	8,8%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	27 580	28 364	28 666	27 773	28 087	29 039	30 248	30 333	30 204	31 846	15,5%	5,4%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,1%	100,3%	100,0%	100,0%	99,6%	99,7%	99,6%	100,6%	100,8%	100,3%	(0,73)	(0,42)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	109,0%	107,1%	102,2%	101,9%	101,2%	102,4%	95,0%	91,8%	111,1%	97,6%	(11,36)	(13,45)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,9%	99,9%	99,6%	99,7%	99,7%	100,8%	100,6%	100,5%	-	(0,15)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,1%	100,5%	99,2%	99,5%	97,9%	99,3%	100,1%	104,1%	105,4%	103,0%	(3,12)	(2,36)

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	99,8%	99,6%	100,2%	100,0%	100,2%	-	0,17
CR Non litigious land registry cases	99,9%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	100,1%	0,17	0,09
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	104,6%	112,8%	115,1%	90,8%	100,5%	88,7%	70,5%	134,1%	99,6%	109,2%	4,65	9,59
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	105,0%	94,8%	98,9%	94,4%	96,9%	-	2,43
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	101,2%	99,5%	99,8%	100,8%	99,7%	99,3%	99,2%	99,8%	100,2%	99,1%	(2,06)	(1,06)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	17	18	19	17	21	22	24	19	17	17	4,8%	-0,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	165	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190	238	43,8%	25,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	12	11	14	16	17	12	11	10	-	-9,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	53	56	64	69	79	80	85	71	71	75	41,3%	5,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	-	-25,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-88,4%	-88,7%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	163	139	147	178	106	131	200	176	261	198	21,6%	-24,3%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	179	200	181	234	238	-	1,4%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	80	83	80	77	78	76	70	65	62	61	-24,5%	-3,0%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	2 257	1 994	1 892	1 816	1 557	1 640	1 534	1 533	1 734	1 967	-12,8%	13,4%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	-------

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	6 300	5 817	4 952	4 226	4 182	4 406	8 593	9 895	10 184	8 087	28,4%	-20,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	5 219	5 124	4 852	4 005	4 375	4 124	3 911	4 840	7 239	8 255	58,2%	14,0%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	8 199	7 291	5 808	5 815	8 499	8 454	9 381	10 504	7 707	9 661	17,8%	25,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	5 497	5 237	4 946	4 286	4 314	4 212	3 905	4 637	7 013	7 409	34,8%	5,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	9 024	8 472	7 283	6 399	7 248	7 708	7 438	10 489	9 873	8 678	-3,8%	-12,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 890	1 817	1 546	1 618	1 552	1 540	1 736	1 960	2 813	40,7%	43,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	5 820	4 958	4 223	4 176	4 377	4 459	10 536	9 910	8 018	9 070	55,8%	13,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	105,3%	102,2%	101,9%	107,0%	98,6%	102,1%	99,8%	95,8%	96,9%	89,8%	(15,58)	(7,13)
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	110,1%	116,2%	125,4%	110,0%	85,3%	91,2%	79,3%	99,9%	128,1%	89,8%	(20,24)	(38,28)
DT Litigious divorce cases	133	132	134	132	137	134	144	137	102	139	4,4%	35,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	235	214	212	238	220	211	517	345	296	381	62,1%	28,7%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	2 516	-	2,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 306	3 065	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	2 516	-	2,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	4 862	-	-7,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 330	5 214	5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	4 862	-	-7,8%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	4 978	-	-3,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 577	5 690	5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	4 978	-	-3,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	2 400	-	-6,3%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 059	2 589	2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	2 400	-	-6,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	102,4%	-	4,17
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			103,9%	109,1%	108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	102,4%	-	4,17
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			170	166	141	136	168	193	180	176	-	-2,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			170	166	141	136	168	193	180	176	-	-2,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			222	159	114	131	100	133	156	146	-	-6,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			222	159	114	131	100	133	156	146	-	-6,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			223	230	248	215	257	302	197	242	-	22,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			223	230	248	215	257	302	197	242	-	22,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			295	275	231	236	236	272	207	231	-	11,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			295	275	231	236	236	272	207	231	-	11,6%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			151	114	131	110	121	163	146	157	-	7,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			151	114	131	110	121	163	146	157	-	7,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	95,5%	-	(9,62)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			132,3%	119,6%	93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	95,5%	-	(9,62)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			187	151	207	170	187	219	257	248	-	-3,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			187	151	207	170	187	219	257	248	-	-3,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									19 143	26 760	-	39,8%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									9 781	13 932	-	42,4%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									9 362	12 828	-	37,0%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									162 899	139 350	-	-14,5%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									26 889	22 314	-	-17,0%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									136 010	117 036	-	-14,0%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									155 064	134 781	-	-13,1%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									22 648	21 651	-	-4,4%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									132 416	113 130	-	-14,6%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									26 978	31 329	-	16,1%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									14 022	14 595	-	4,1%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 956	16 734	-	29,2%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									95,2%	96,7%	-	1,5
CR of Severe cases									84,2%	97,0%	-	12,8
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,4%	96,7%	-	(0,7)
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									64	85	-	33,6%
DT of Severe cases									226	246	-	8,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									36	54	-	51,2%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 114	2 251	-	6,5%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									2 114	2 251	-	6,5%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									6 000	6 175	-	2,9%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									6 000	6 175	-	2,9%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									5 857	6 055	-	3,4%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									5 857	6 055	-	3,4%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 257	2 371	-	5,1%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									2 257	2 371	-	5,1%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									97,6%	98,1%	-	0,45
CR o2 Severe cases									97,6%	98,1%	-	0,45
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									141	143	-	1,6%
DT of Severe cases									141	143	-	1,6%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									35	33	-	-5,7%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									35	33	-	-5,7%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									60	49	-	-18,3%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									60	49	-	-18,3%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									62	54	-	-12,9%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									62	54	-	-12,9%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									33	28	-	-15,2%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									33	28	-	-15,2%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									103,3%	110,2%	-	6,87
CR of Severe cases									103,3%	110,2%	-	6,87
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									194	189	-	-2,6%
DT of Severe cases									194	189	-	-2,6%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									60 656	61 014	-	0,6%
2. Incoming/received cases									223 459	194 540	-	-12,9%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									420 204	411 362	-	-2,1%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									207 165	208 106	-	0,5%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									769	3 875	-	403,9%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									47 560	50 243	-	5,6%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									165 479	153 013	-	-7,5%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									61 014	52 163	-	-14,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,88	1,84	-	-2,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,27	0,23	-	-14,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									28 468	20 941	-	-26,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	20 941	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									28 468	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	94 400 000	94 400 000	97 116 986	99 140 896	99 406 787	110 570 966	93 961 349	111 398 062	121 432 125	134 145 358	42,1%	10,47%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	115 870 009	101 749 306	110 435 917	108 228 822	112 402 737	120 724 723	133 276 866	142 722 702	-	7,09%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									3 694	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NAP	4 098	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	3 400	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									93	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									125	259	-	107,2%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									27	80	-	196,3%
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									2 193	3 061	-	39,6%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	1 499	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									17	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									82	140	-	70,7%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									25	31	-	24,0%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									1 286	1 328	-	3,3%
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	2 742 529 €	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									25 673 €	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									89 833 €	81 005 €	-	-9,8%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									28 317 €	47 969 €	-	69,4%
037.3.6 Amount - Other									2 600 362 €	2 613 555 €	-	0,5%

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	50-99%	50-99%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	1-9%	50-99%	1-9%	1-9%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	1-9%	50-99%	1-9%	1-9%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	NA	0% (NAP)	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	NAP	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	NAP	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%		

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	True	True	True		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	372	355	377	374	372	377	375	375	388	388	4,3%	0,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	259	236	261	260	254	254	258	252	264	258	-0,4%	-2,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	94	101	97	95	99	105	99	105	106	112	19,1%	5,7%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	-5,3%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	183	176	NA	NA	183	184	177	188	177	184	0,5%	4,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	111	101	NA	NA	113	110	110	112	107	108	-2,7%	0,9%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	59	62	58	NA	57	61	54	62	57	62	5,1%	8,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	13	14	14	13	13	13	14	13	14	0,0%	7,7%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	189	179	NA	NA	189	193	198	187	211	204	7,9%	-3,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	148	135	NA	NA	141	144	148	140	157	150	1,4%	-4,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	35	39	39	NA	42	44	45	43	49	50	42,9%	2,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	4	5	4	-20,0%	-20,0%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	388	388	-	0,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	258	-	-2,3%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	112	-	5,7%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	1 816	1 799	-1,3%	-0,9%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	319	308	572	357	275	270	274	331	338	338	6,0%	0,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 072	17	18	14	12	10	9	7	10	10	-99,1%	0,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	201	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	1 290	1 291	1 345	1 375	1 353	573,5%	-1,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	67	61	68	63	63	64	72	92	84	89	32,8%	6,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	164	5	5	6	7	-	10	-	9	9	-94,5%	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	1 751	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	308	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	17	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	1 360	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	61	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	5	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 816	1 799	-	-0,9%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 583	1 566	-	-1,1%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									202	202	-	0,0%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									31	31	-	0,0%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									NA	764	-	-
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NA	594	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NA	170	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NA	6	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									NA	253	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	184	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	69	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NA	2	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									NA	512	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	410	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	101	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NA	4	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 670	747	-	-55,3%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									510	196	-	-61,6%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 160	551	-	-52,5%
004 Annual average salary in the country									40 872 €	42 403 €	-	3,7%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									122 545 €	118 377 €	-	-3,4%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									236 387 €	221 226 €	-	-6,4%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									48 322 €	49 058 €	-	1,5%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	89 407 €	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	11	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	5	-	150,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	3	-	200,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	1	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	2	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	10	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	4	-	300,0%

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	1	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	1	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	2	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	2	-	100,0%
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	6 021	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	6 450	6 563	6 843	6 870	7 063	17,3%	2,8%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							4 195	4 307	4 302	4 369	-	1,6%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							2 368	2 536	2 568	2 694	-	4,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 276	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Denmark

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	127	124	151	147	143	135	143	142	143	143	12,6%	0,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					554	NA	715	617	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					321	328	460	412	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					190	161	250	198	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	2	5	7	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Estonia

(2021 data)

General data

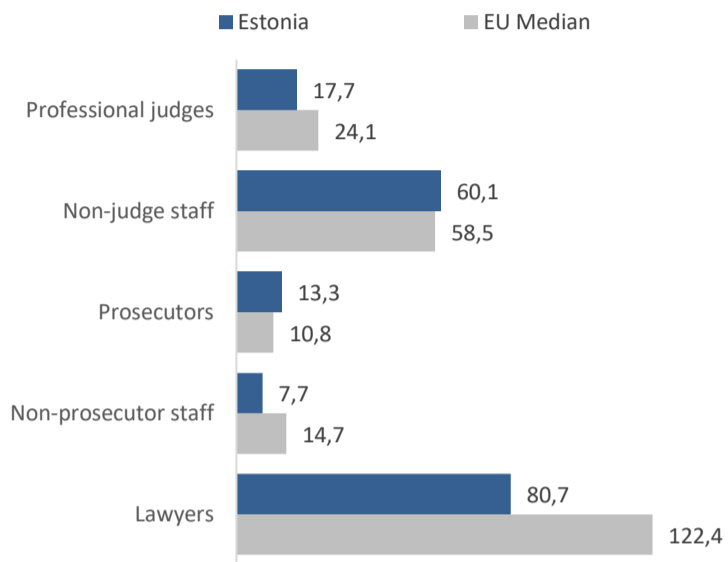
Population: 1 330 068

GDP per capita: 23 641 €

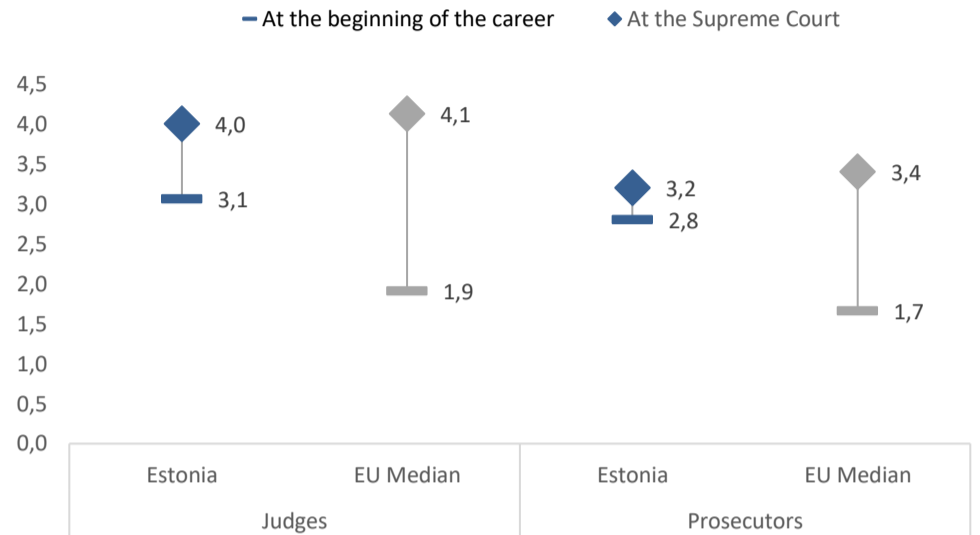
Average annual salary: 18 576 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

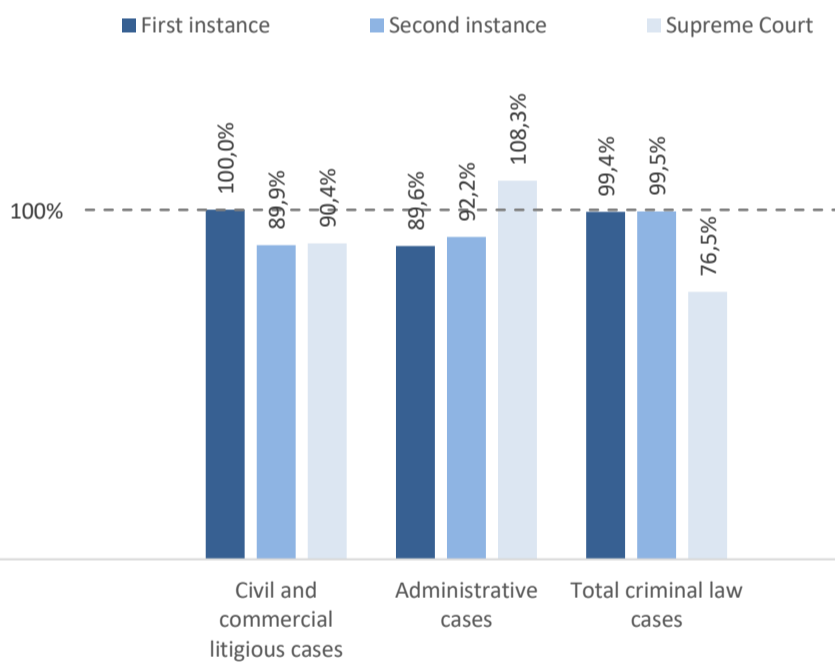


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

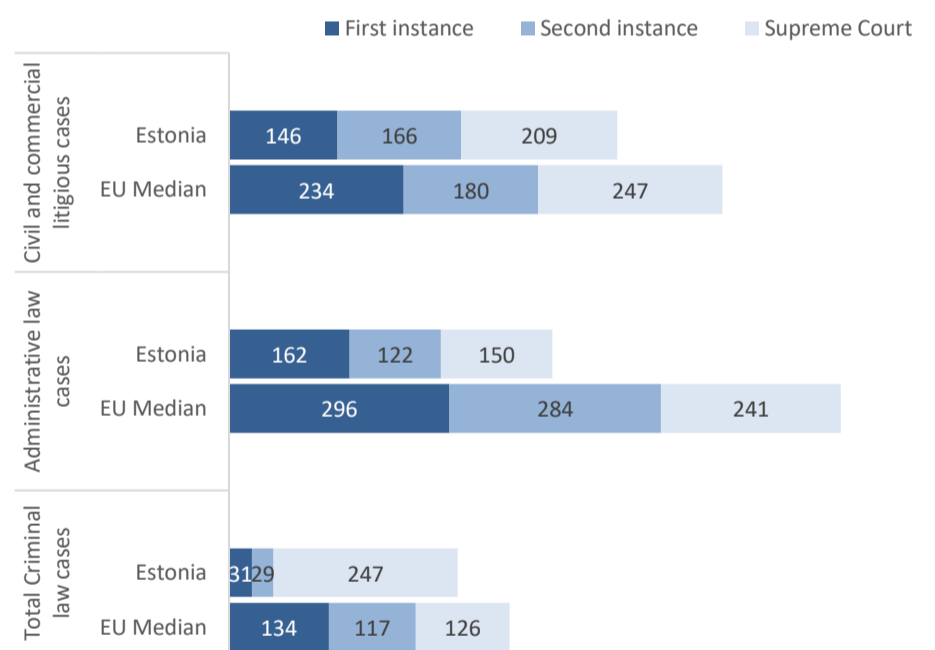


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

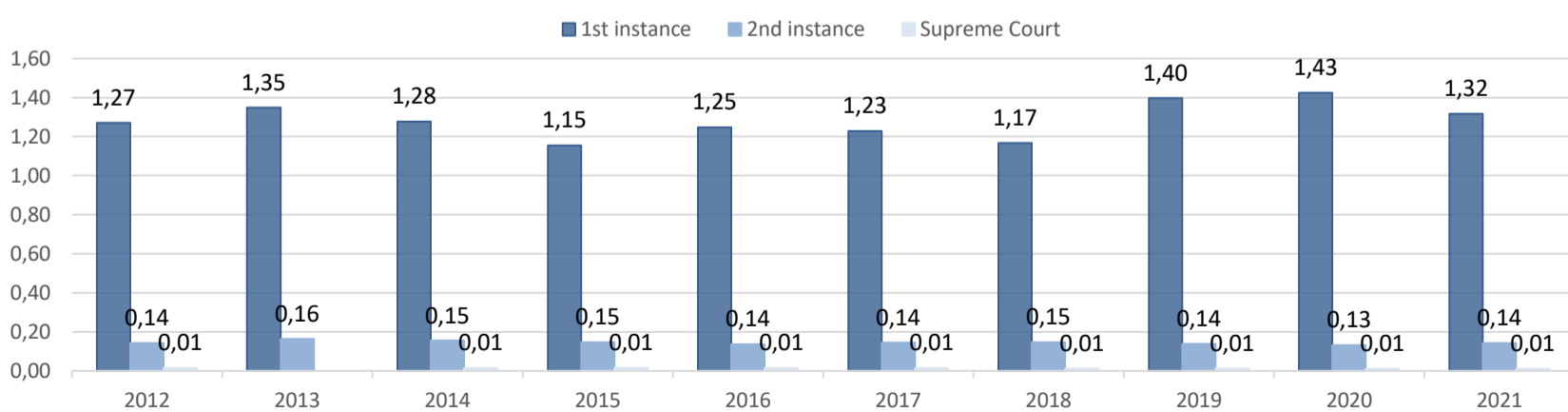


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Estonia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	1 329 460	1 330 068		3,4%	0,0%
GDP per capita	13 495	14 218	15 186	15 405	16 034	17 926	19 737	21 163	20 324	23 641		75,2%	16,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	10 644		12 060		13 752		15 612	16 884	17 376	18 576		74,5%	6,9%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	17,7	17,2	17,6	17,8	17,6	17,3	17,7	17,3	17,6	17,7		0,1%	0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	74,4	75,2	77,4	73,3	66,7	64,3	62,1	60,5	62,1	60,1		-19,2%	-3,2%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									12,7	13,3			4,7%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									6,7	7,7			14,6%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	65,8	66,7	71,1	73,7	75,5	77,8	78,9	81,2	82,4	80,7		22,8%	-2,1%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,270	1,349	1,277	1,154	1,247	1,228	1,166	1,396	1,425	1,317		3,7%	-7,6%
Administrative law cases	0,222	0,2	0,3	0,256	0,225	0,227	0,188	0,191	0,206	0,234		5,7%	13,9%
Total criminal law cases									1,534	1,457			-5,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	112%	108%	104%	102%	98%	99%	101%	94%	100%	100%		-12,43	0,18
CR administrative law cases	106%	91%	90%	105%	106%	99%	100%	94%	92%	90%		-15,92	-2,86
CR total criminal law cases									100%	99%			-0,56

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	167	130	125	136	139	140	143	147	135	146		-12,7%	7,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	108	139	141	117	108	108	119	136	142	162		50,2%	13,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									30	31			1,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,65	0,52	0,46	0,44	0,46	0,47	0,46	0,53	0,53	0,53		-19,4%	-0,1%
Administrative law cases	0,07	0,08	0,10	0,09	0,07	0,07	0,06	0,07	0,07	0,09		34,8%	25,4%
Total criminal law cases									0,13	0,12			-4,0%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			107%	100%	106%	97%	97%	97%	102%	90%			-12,35
CR administrative law cases			100%	95%	106%	108%	111%	103%	95%	92%			-3,06
CR total criminal law cases									99%	100%			0,09

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			100	113	95	111	119	130	120	166			38,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			143	154	130	102	81	92	105	122			15,8%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									27	29			7,1%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			98%	105%	93%	107%	98%	101%	84%	90%			6,74
CR administrative law cases			110%	95%	96%	110%	95%	117%	92%	108%			16,44
CR total criminal law cases									87%	77%			-10,59

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			114	88	132	85	66	72	172	209			21,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)			126	162	173	150	207	147	204	150			-26,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									95	247			159,2%

1. Judicial organisation in Estonia (2021 data)

In 2021, there are 9 courts considered as legal entities in Estonia. Among them, 7 are of general jurisdiction and 2 have specialised competence.

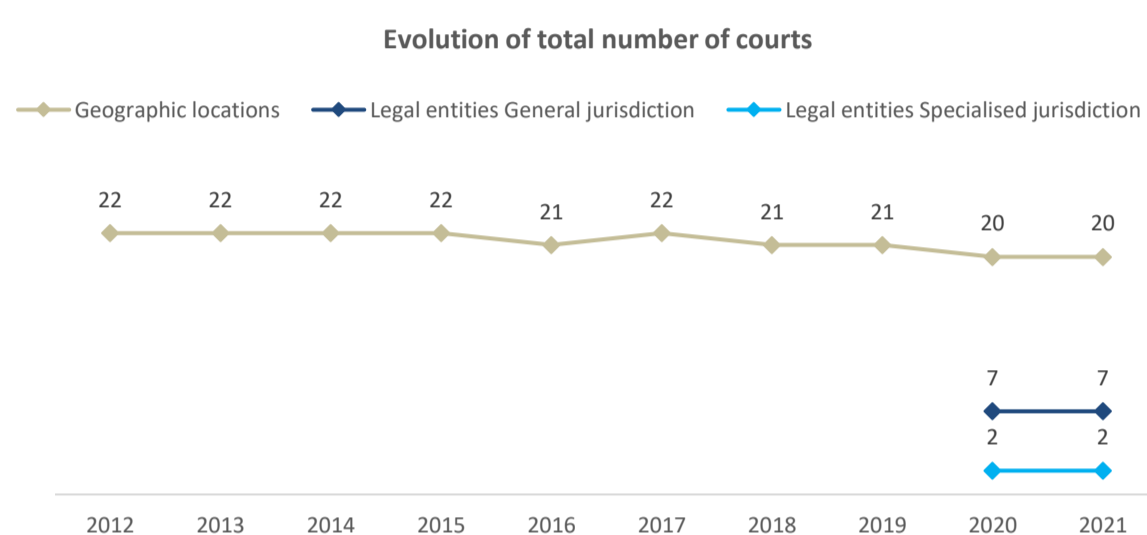
More precisely, there are 4 first instance courts of general jurisdiction – the county courts - which decisions can be appealed before 2 Appellate courts. The Supreme court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction. It hears only cases that have been given leave to appeal (i.e. that have been declared admissible for proceedings in the Supreme Court). The Supreme Court is not required to give reasons in its rulings on the admissibility of the appeals.

There are only two specialised courts which are first instance administrative courts.

In terms of geographic locations, Estonia has 17 courthouses of county courts, 4 courthouses of administrative courts, 2 courthouses of Appellate courts and 1 courthouse of the Supreme Court, all together 24 courthouses. However, as some of the courts are situated in the same house (e.g. Tallinn Administrative Court and Tallinn Circuit Court) and taking into account the fact that Pärnu County Court has a courthouse that is divided between two locations, there are 20 actual geographical locations of Estonian courts.

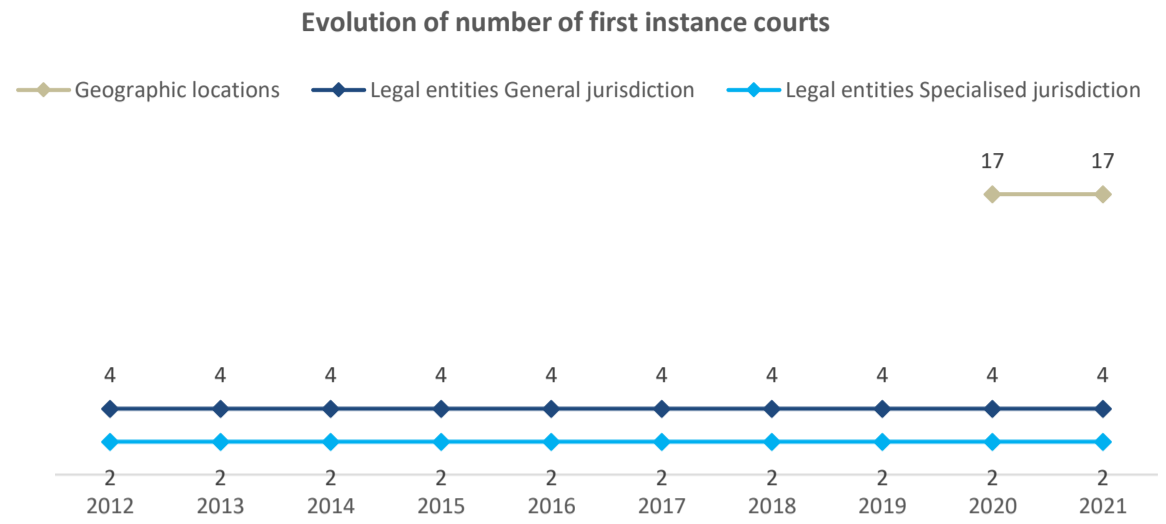
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	22		
2013	22		
2014	22		
2015	22		
2016	21		
2017	22		
2018	21		
2019	21		
2020	20	7	2
2021	20	7	2

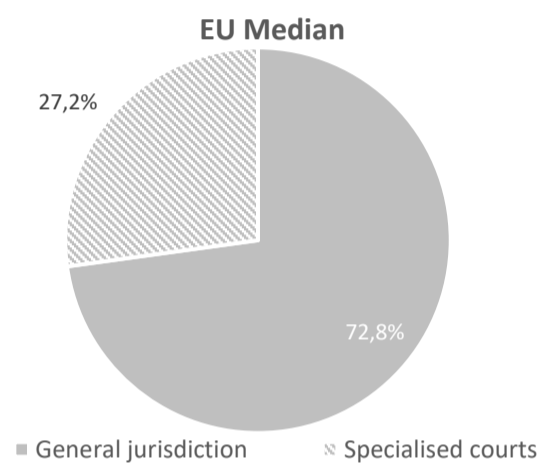
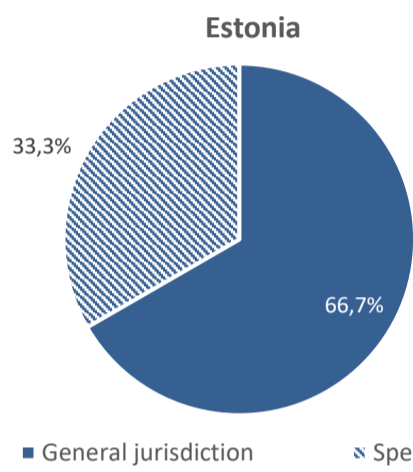


Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		4	2
2013		4	2
2014		4	2
2015		4	2
2016		4	2
2017		4	2
2018		4	2
2019		4	2
2020	17	4	2
2021	17	4	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 66,7% - 33,3% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

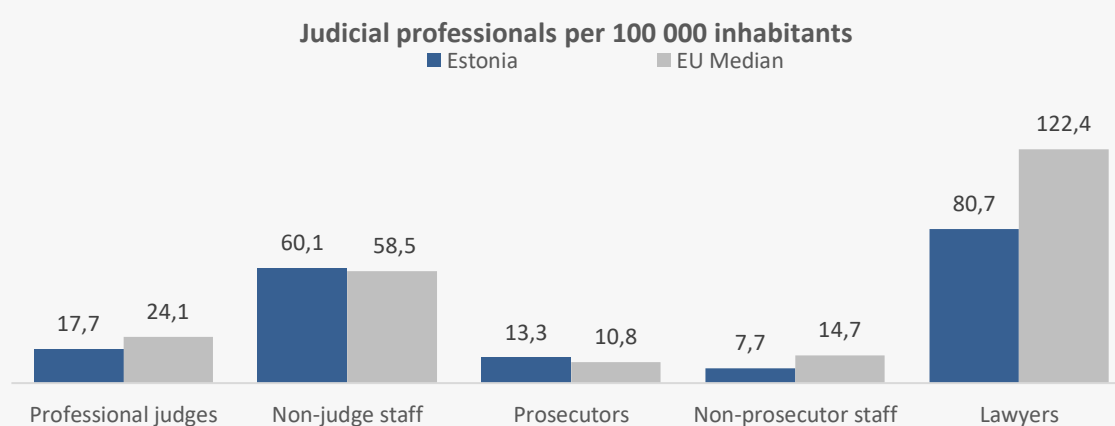
In Estonia, there are no specialized first instance courts, other than administrative courts. All the cases are dealt with by ordinary courts of first instance. The two administrative courts of first instance are situated in Tallinn and Tartu. Nevertheless, for guaranteeing wider access to justice, these two courts have several court buildings in other cities, namely in Pärnu and Jõhvi, where judges and their supporting legal staff work.

2. Professionals of justice in Estonia (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

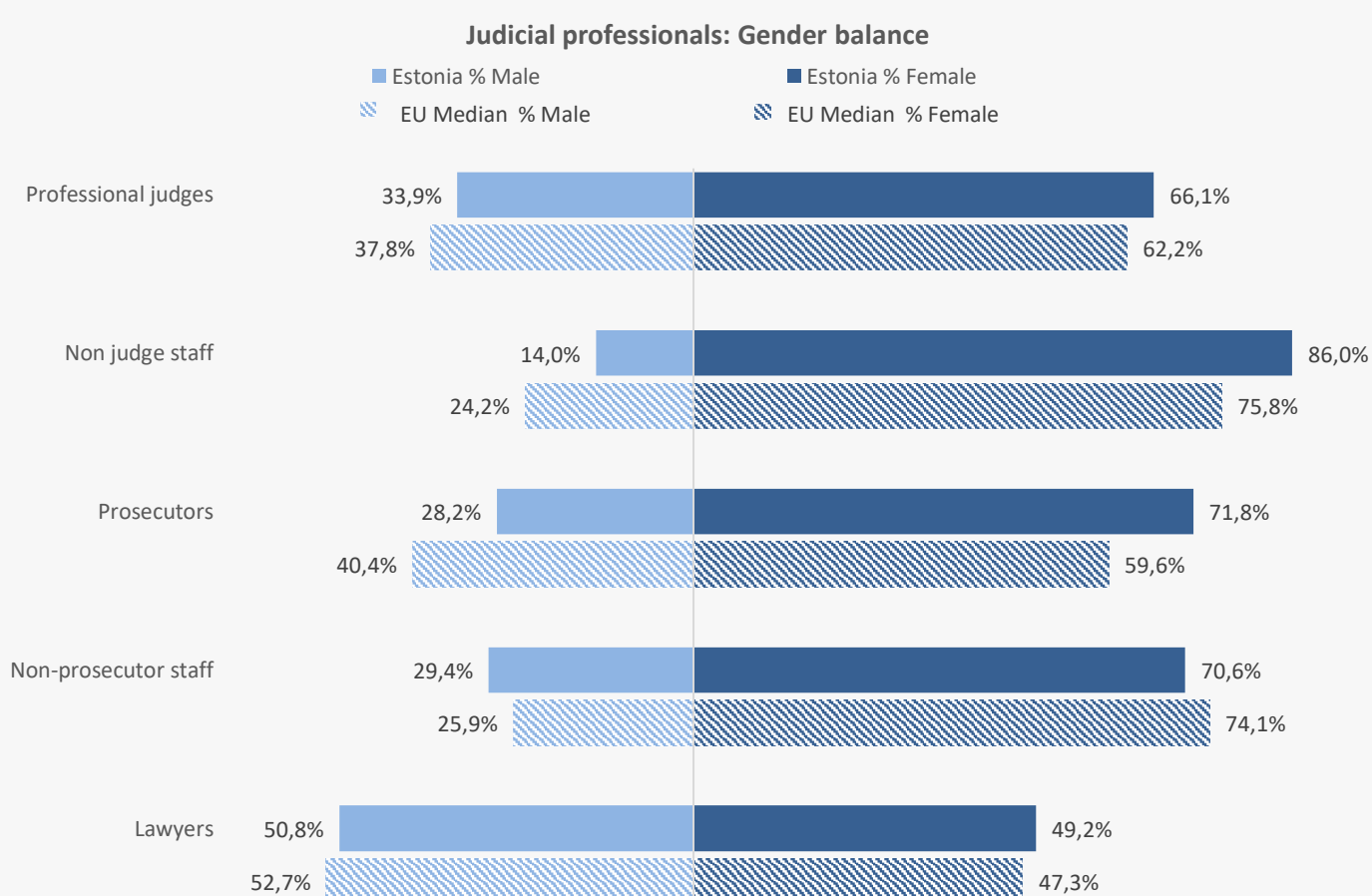
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	236	17,7	24,1
Non-judge staff	799	60,1	58,5
Prosecutors	177	13,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	102	7,7	14,7
Lawyers	1 074	80,7	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

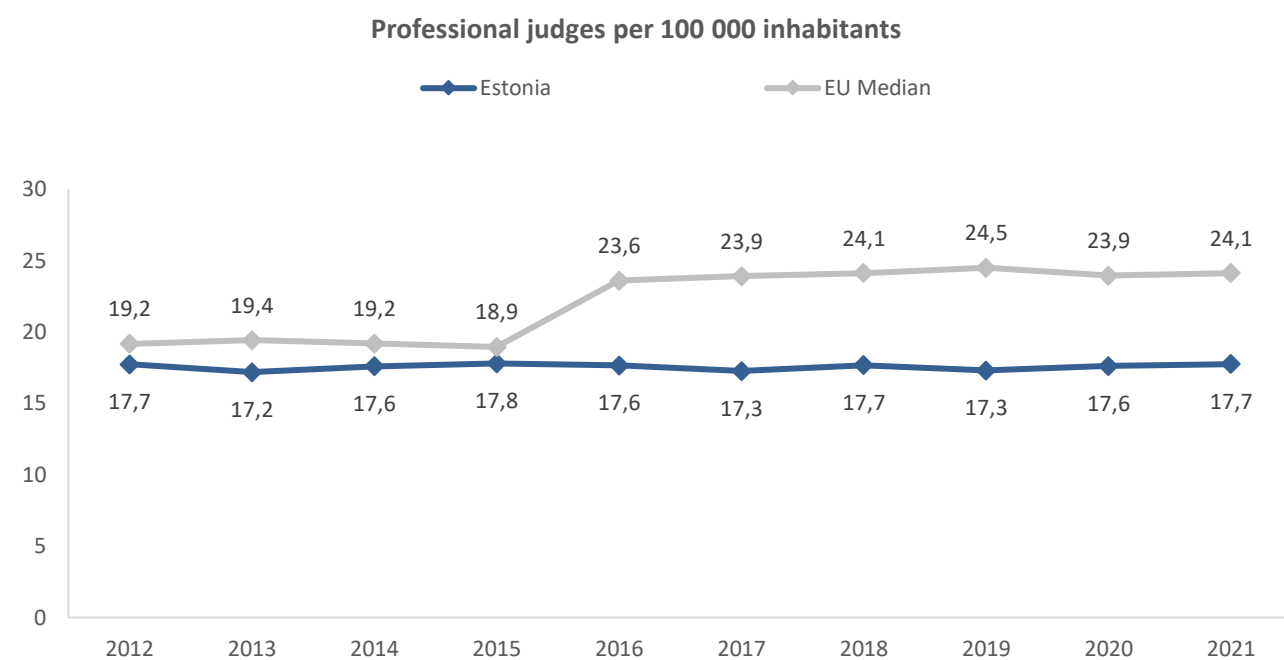
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	33,9%	66,1%
Non judge staff	14,0%	86,0%
Prosecutors	28,2%	71,8%
Non-prosecutor staff	29,4%	70,6%
Lawyers	50,8%	49,2%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Estonia		Estonia	EU Median
2012	228		17,7	19,2
2013	226		17,2	19,4
2014	231		17,6	19,2
2015	234		17,8	18,9
2016	232		17,6	23,6
2017	227		17,3	23,9
2018	233		17,7	24,1
2019	229		17,3	24,5
2020	234		17,6	23,9
2021	236		17,7	24,1



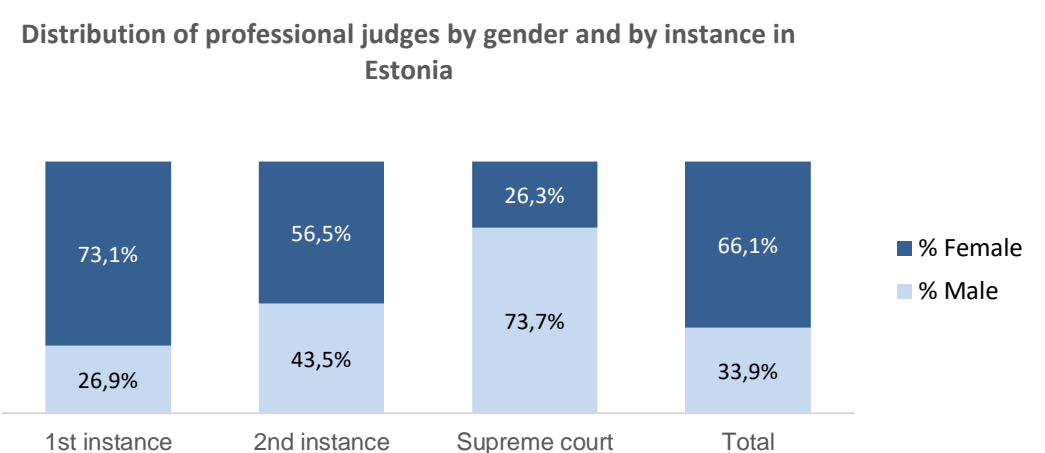
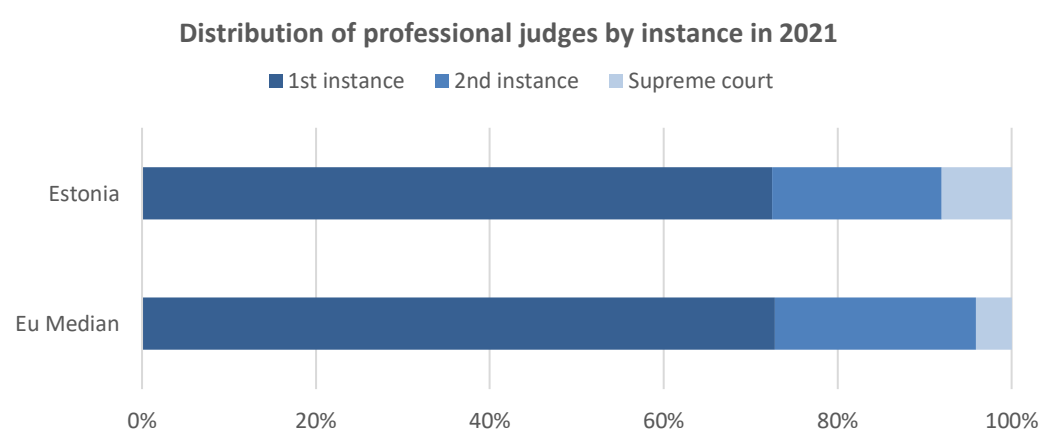
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Estonia is 236, which is 0,9% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Estonia, there are 17,74 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,39 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,53 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	171	72,5%	46	125	26,9%	73,1%
2nd instance	46	19,5%	20	26	43,5%	56,5%
Supreme court	19	8,1%	14	5	73,7%	26,3%
Total	236		80	156	33,9%	66,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 156, which represents 66,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 171 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 125 are Female); 46 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 26 are Female) and 19 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 5 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance a similar trend is observed in Estonia, especially with regard to first instance judges. Second instance judges are less numerous in Estonia than in the EU, while the percentage of third instance judges in Estonia is above the EU median.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at the level of the Supreme court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

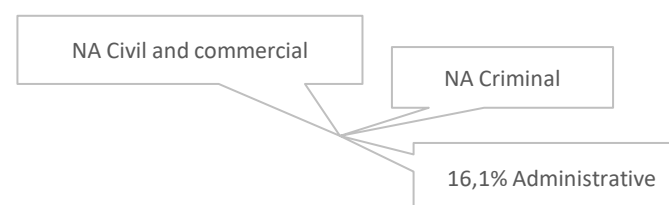
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	171	NA	NA	22	NAP
2nd instance	46	24	11	11	NAP
Supreme court	19	8	6	5	NAP
Total	236	NA	NA	38	NAP

In Estonia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

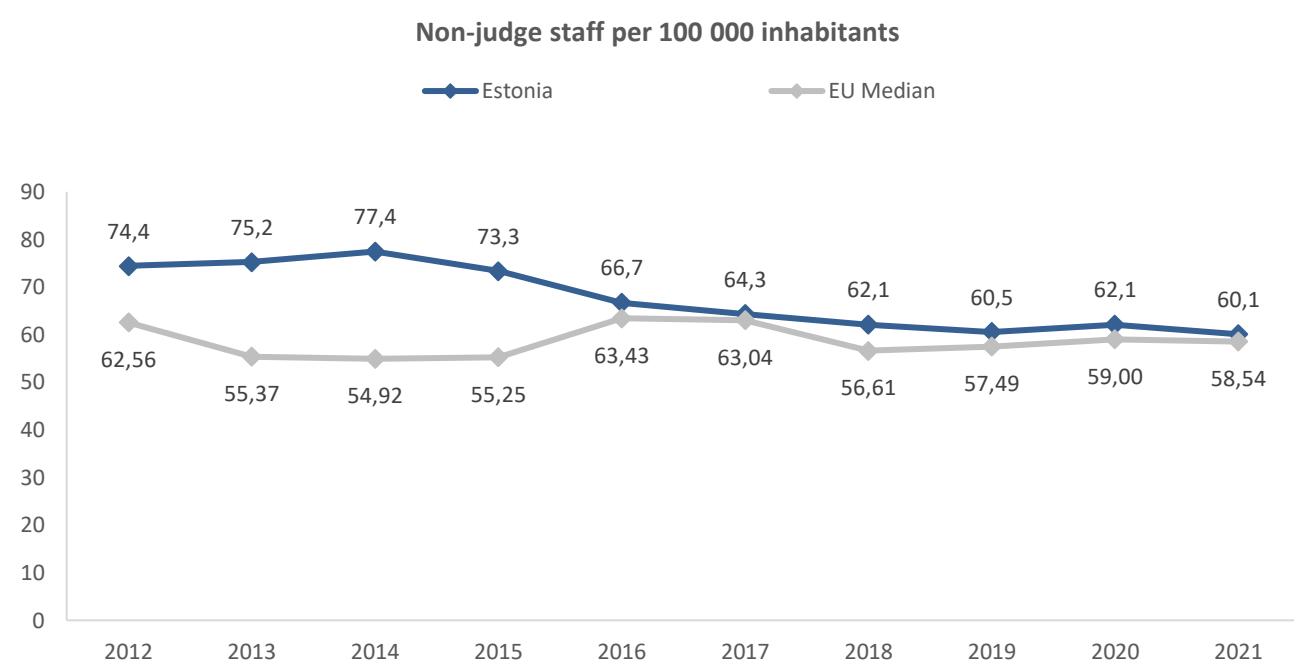
Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	12,9%	NAP
2nd instance	52,2%	23,9%	23,9%	NAP
Supreme court	42,1%	31,6%	26,3%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	16,1%	NAP

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Estonia	Estonia	EU Median
2012	957	74,4	62,6
2013	990	75,2	55,4
2014	1 017	77,4	54,9
2015	965	73,3	55,2
2016	877	66,7	63,4
2017	846	64,3	63,0
2018	819	62,1	56,6
2019	802	60,5	57,5
2020	825	62,1	59,0
2021	799	60,1	58,5



In 2021, Estonia has 799 non-judge staff (of which 687 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -3,2%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 62,1 in 2020 to 60,1 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 17,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 17,7 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	799	
Rechtspfleger	54	6,8%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	576	72,1%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	68	8,5%
Technical staff	68	8,5%
Other	33	4,1%

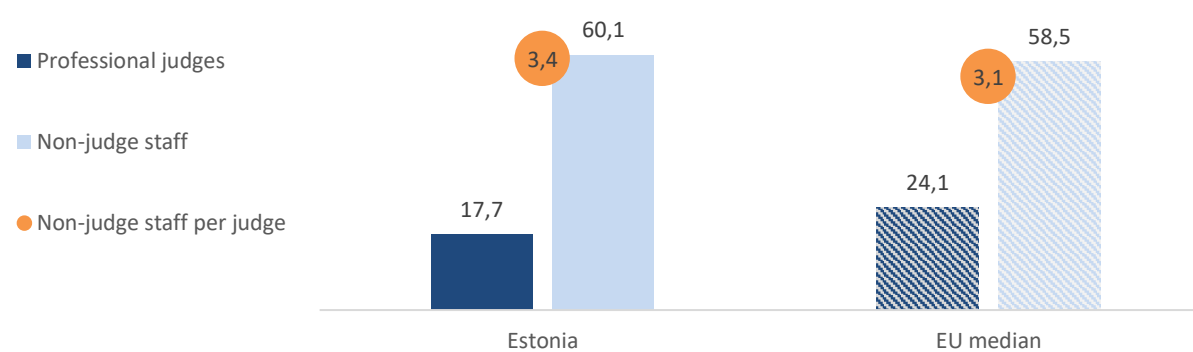
In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 54 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 49 are Female);
- 576 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 535 are Female);
- 68 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 51 are Female);
- 68 technical staff (of which 19 are Female);
- 33 other (of which 33 are Female);

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Estonia	EU median
Professional judges	17,7	24,1
Non-judge staff	60,1	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,4	3,1

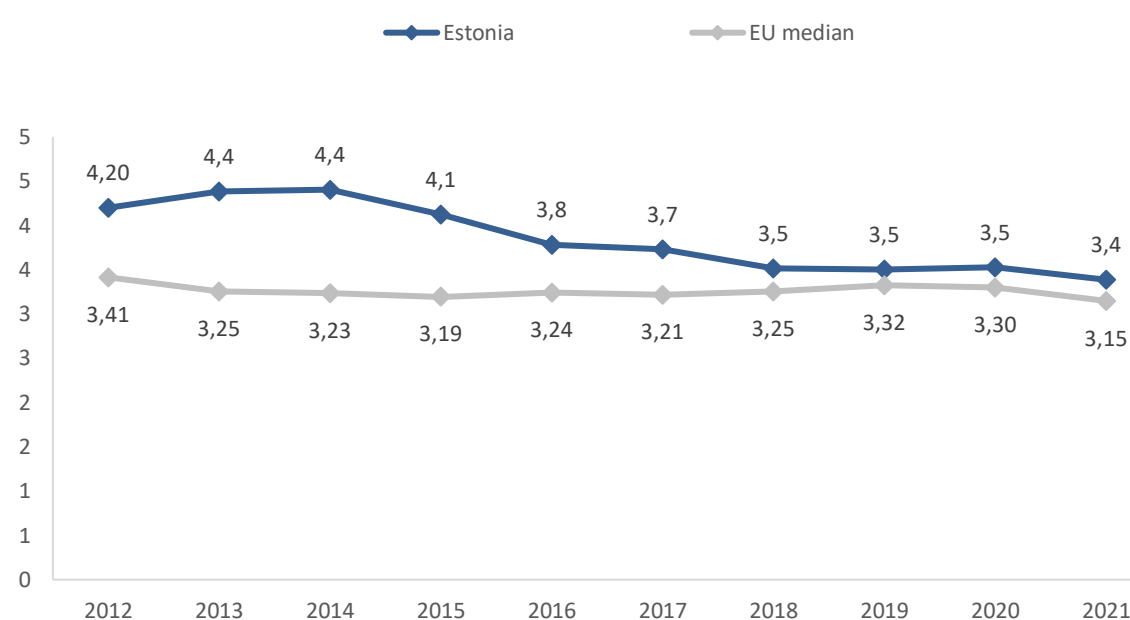
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Estonia	Estonia	Estonia	EU median
2012	17,7	74,4	4,20	3,4
2013	17,2	75,2	4,4	3,3
2014	17,6	77,4	4,4	3,2
2015	17,8	73,3	4,1	3,2
2016	17,6	66,7	3,8	3,2
2017	17,3	64,3	3,7	3,2
2018	17,7	62,1	3,5	3,3
2019	17,3	60,5	3,5	3,3
2020	17,6	62,1	3,5	3,3
2021	17,7	60,1	3,4	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

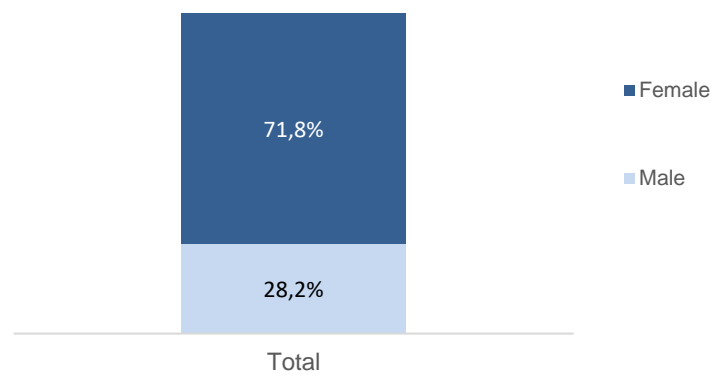


Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	177		50	127	28,2%	71,8%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 127, which represents 71,8% of the total number of prosecutors.

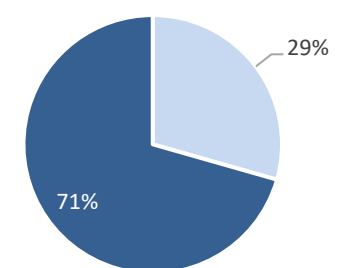
It is worth noticing that the categorisation of public prosecutors by instances is not relevant for the Estonian prosecution system.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	102	30	72

Non-prosecutor staff by gender

Male Female

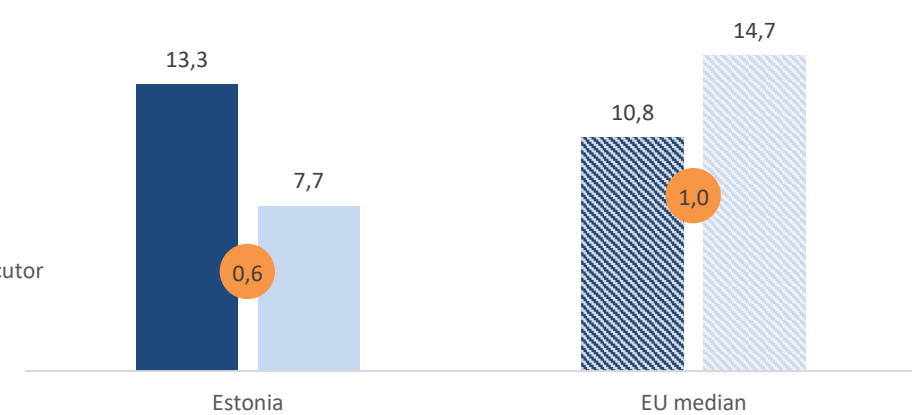


Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Estonia	EU median
Public prosecutors	13,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	7,7	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,6	1,0

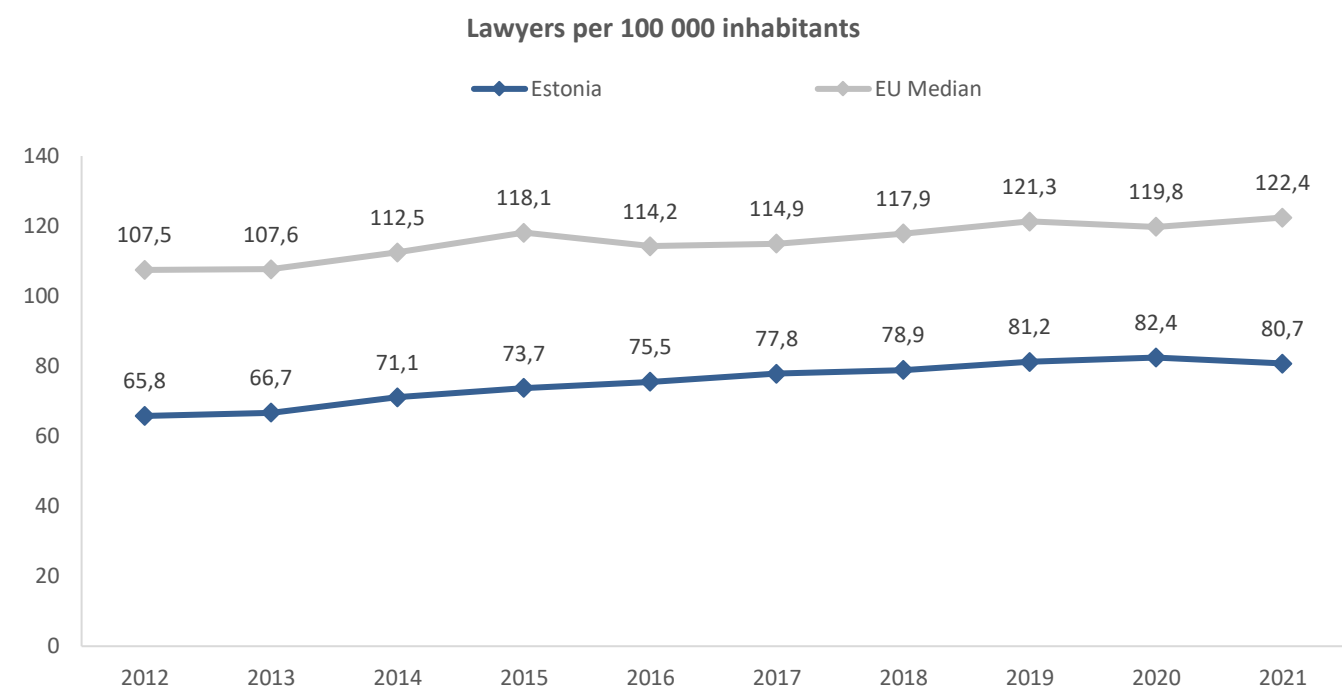
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

Public prosecutors
Non-prosecutor staff
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Estonia	Estonia	EU Median
2012	846	65,8	107,5
2013	878	66,7	107,6
2014	934	71,1	112,5
2015	970	73,7	118,1
2016	993	75,5	114,2
2017	1 024	77,8	114,9
2018	1 041	78,9	117,9
2019	1 076	81,2	121,3
2020	1 096	82,4	119,8
2021	1 074	80,7	122,4

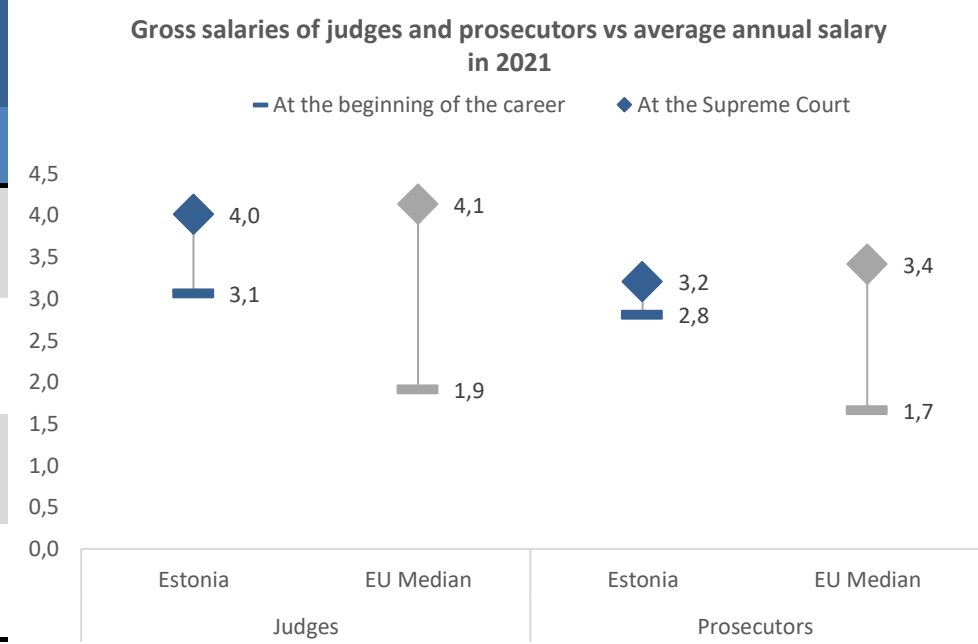


In 2021, there are 1 074 lawyers, which is -2,0% less than in 2020.
There are 528 female lawyers which is 49% of the total.

Estonia has 80,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Estonia	Estonia	Estonia	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	56 952€	43 929€	3,1	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	74 484€	57 444€	4,0	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	52 140€	40 212€	2,8	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	59 592€	45 960€	3,2	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Estonia of 56 952€ is somewhat above the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 3,07 which is considerably above the EU median of 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Estonia (2021 data)

In Estonia, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



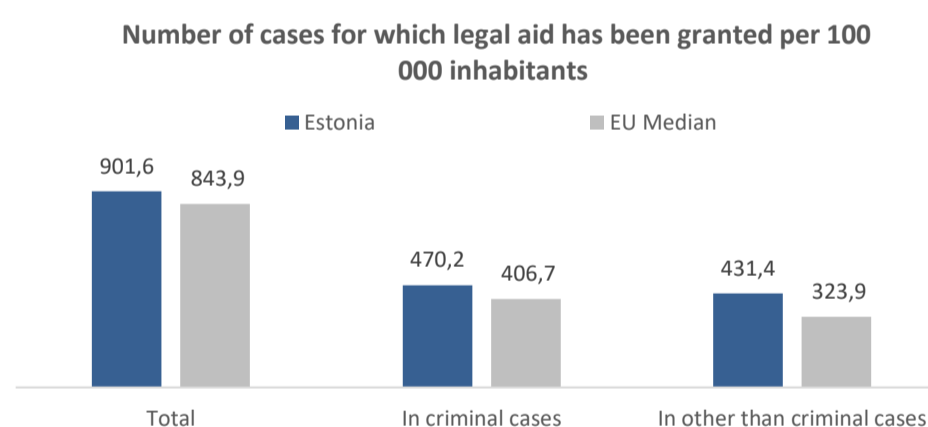
Legal aid cannot be granted for fees related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (except for representing a person in enforcement proceedings), but procedural assistance can be granted to release a person from all or a part of the expenses related to enforcement proceedings.

At the request of a lawyer who has provided state legal aid, the court, investigative body or prosecutor's office shall determine the reimbursable travel and accommodation expenses incurred by the lawyer or the manager of the law firm in connection with the provision of state legal aid. Travel and accommodation expenses shall be reimbursed only if the State legal aid has been provided in a place other than the town or municipality where the law firm or the structural unit through which the lawyer provides legal services is located.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	11 992	NA	NA
In criminal cases	6 254	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	5 738	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Estonia	EU Median
Total	901,6	843,9
In criminal cases	470,2	406,7
In other than criminal cases	431,4	323,9



The number of cases referred to court for which legal aid has been granted and the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted only for legal advice cannot be separated.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NAP

◦ Actual average duration:

NA

4. Performance of courts in Estonia (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

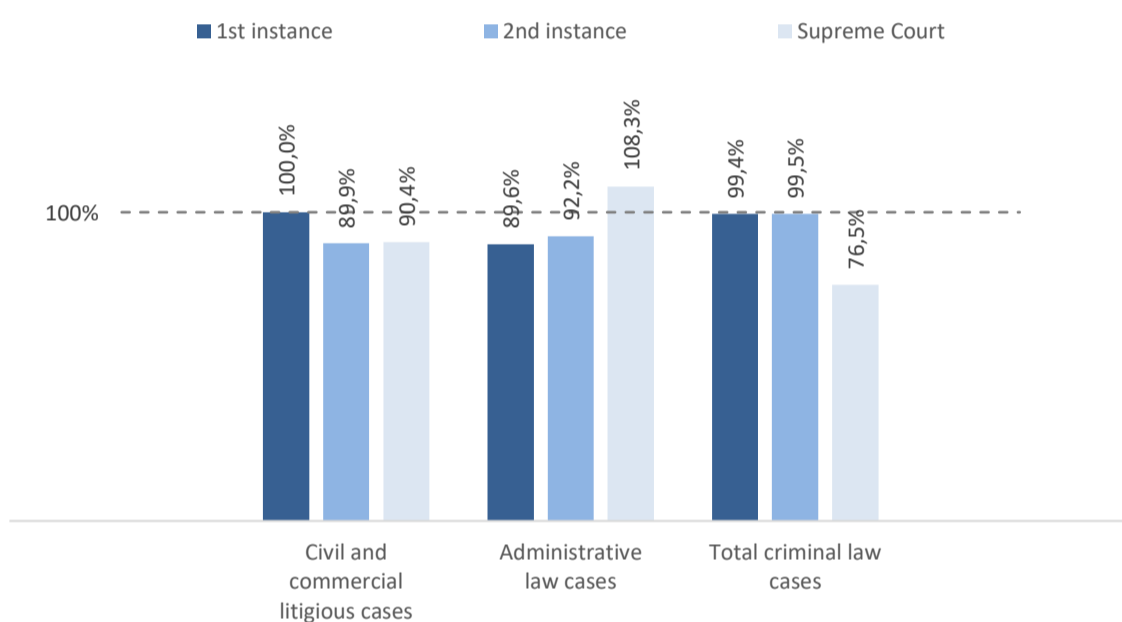
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

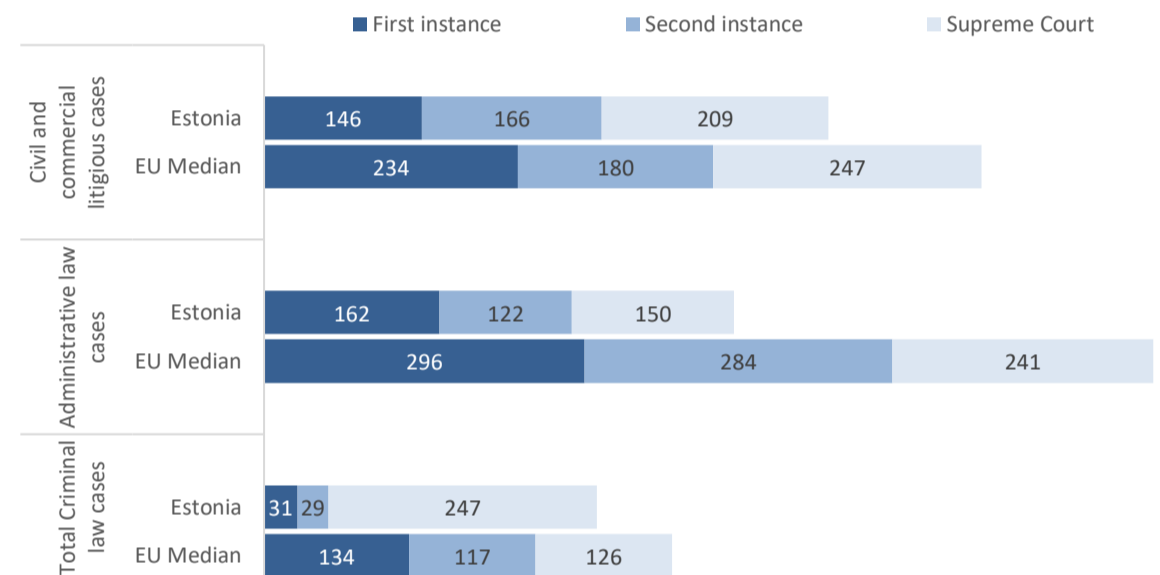
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	100,0%	102,5%	89,6%	101,7%	99,4%	100,0%
	2nd instance	89,9%	100,4%	92,2%	96,8%	99,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	90,4%	99,9%	108,3%	100,4%	76,5%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	146	234	162	296	31	134
	2nd instance	166	180	122	284	29	117
	Supreme Court	209	247	150	241	247	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, in Estonia, the total length of criminal proceedings is the shortest one, akin to the trend in the EU. Conversely, the total length of civil litigious proceedings is longer than the one of administrative proceedings. In all three matters, the total length of proceedings is below the respective EU medians.

In terms of Disposition Time, the values calculated for the Estonian courts are below the respective EU medians for all matters, at all instances, except for third instance criminal cases where the DT indicator exceeds the EU median. Indeed, in 2021, the Clearance Rate of the Supreme court in criminal matters is quite low. Even if, no specific explanation has been provided by the Supreme court, the overall reasons of the decrease in the number of resolved criminal cases are Covid-19 related. As a matter of fact, the Clearance Rate of the Supreme court is also below the 100% threshold in civil matters.

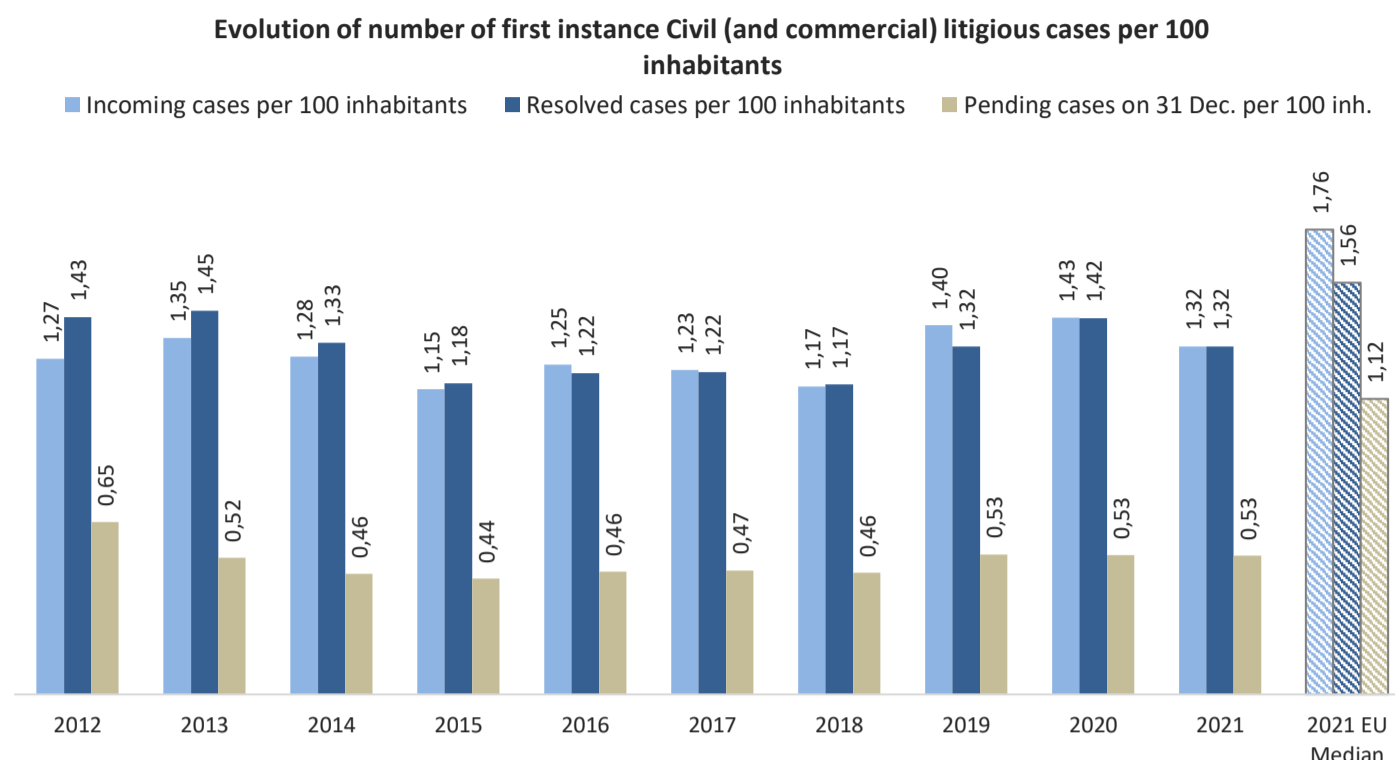
The highest Disposition Time for 2021 in Estonia is calculated for third instance criminal cases and the lowest for second instance criminal cases.

It should be noted that between 2020 and 2021, the number of first instance administrative law cases pending at the end of 2021 increased mainly due to COVID-19 related cases that have taken more time to be solved. Besides, in 2021, a general increase in the case load of circuit courts is observed, which affected the Clearance Rate indicator for second instance civil and administrative cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,27	1,43	0,65
2013	1,35	1,45	0,52
2014	1,28	1,33	0,46
2015	1,15	1,18	0,44
2016	1,25	1,22	0,46
2017	1,23	1,22	0,47
2018	1,17	1,17	0,46
2019	1,40	1,32	0,53
2020	1,43	1,42	0,53
2021	1,32	1,32	0,53
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



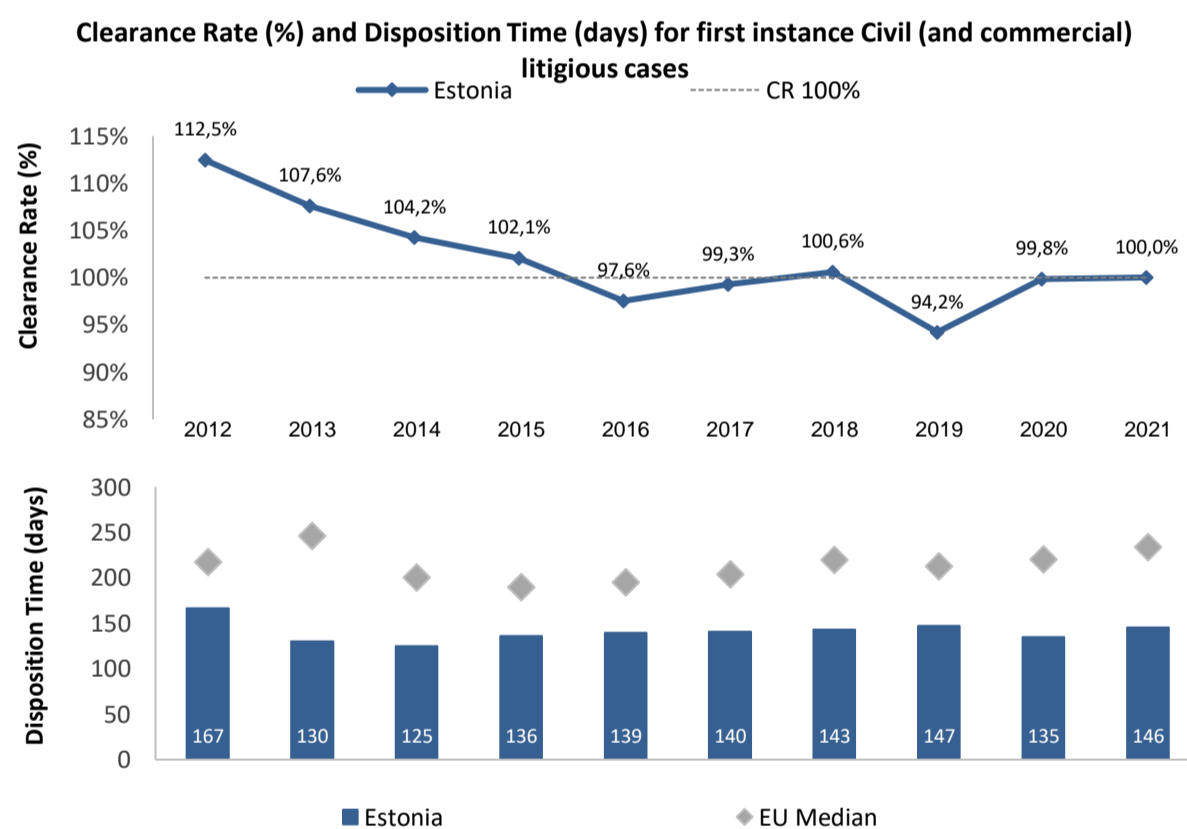
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Estonia (1,32 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Estonia (1,32 per 100 inhabitants) is below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Estonia (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
2012	112,5%	100,4%	167	218
2013	107,6%	101,2%	130	247
2014	104,2%	101,8%	125	201
2015	102,1%	102,3%	136	190
2016	97,6%	102,0%	139	196
2017	99,3%	101,3%	140	204
2018	100,6%	101,2%	143	220
2019	94,2%	99,9%	147	213
2020	99,8%	98,5%	135	221
2021	100,0%	102,5%	146	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2021 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,2 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 146 days, which is considerably below the EU median of 234 days.

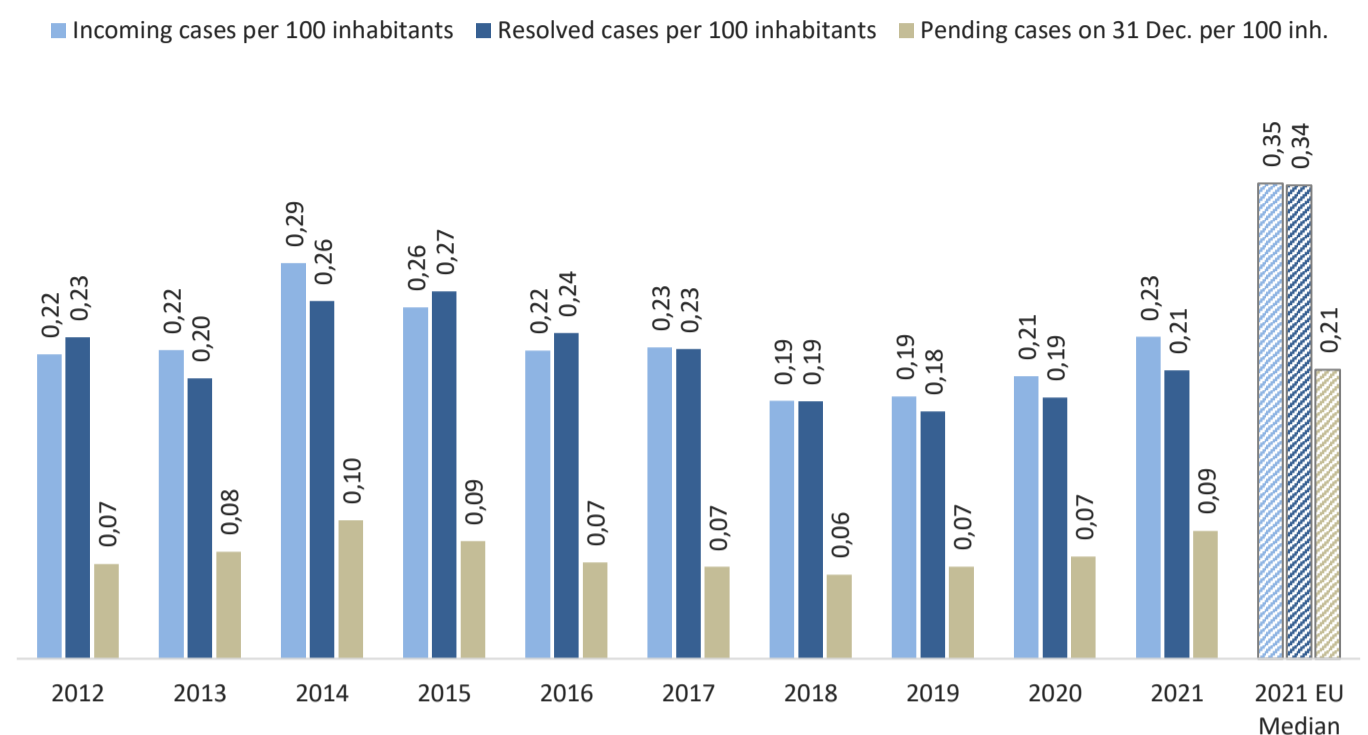
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 7,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,22	0,23	0,07
2013	0,22	0,20	0,08
2014	0,29	0,26	0,10
2015	0,26	0,27	0,09
2016	0,22	0,24	0,07
2017	0,23	0,23	0,07
2018	0,19	0,19	0,06
2019	0,19	0,18	0,07
2020	0,21	0,19	0,07
2021	0,23	0,21	0,09
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Estonia (0,23 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

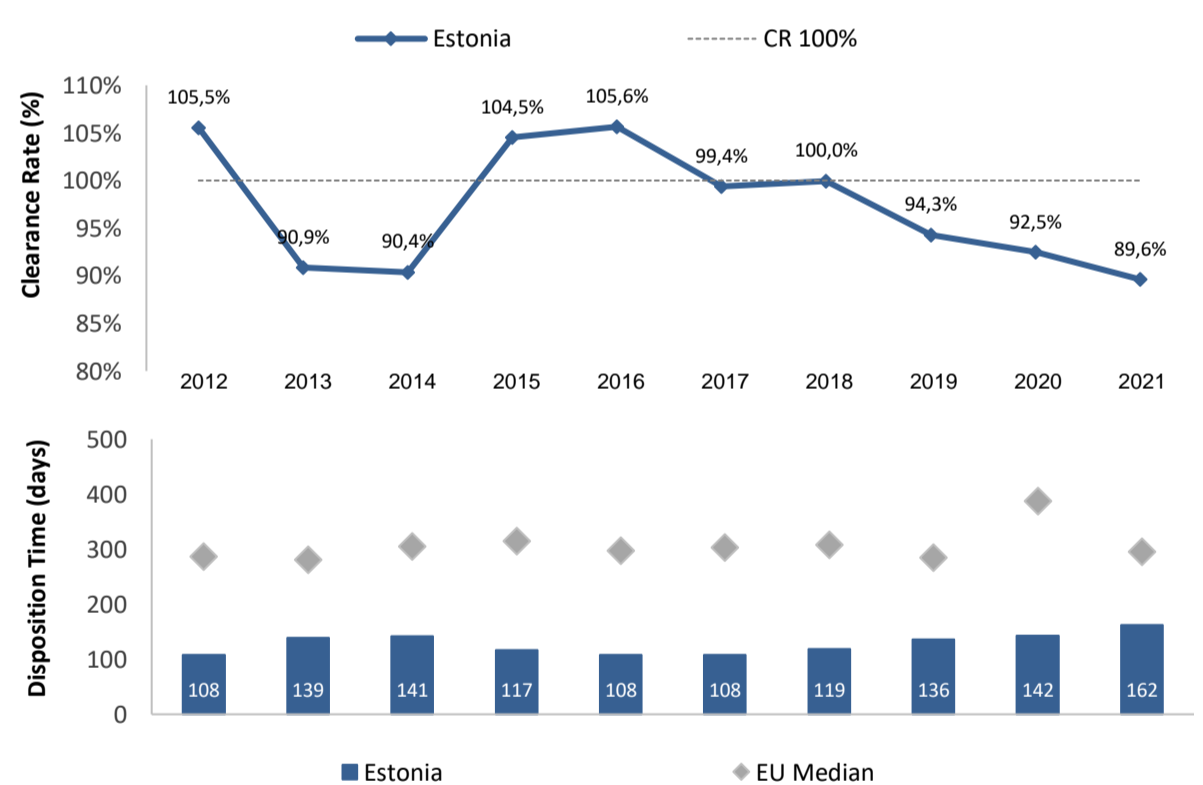
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Estonia (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Estonia (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is considerably below the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
2012	105,5%	101,0%	108	286
2013	90,9%	100,3%	139	281
2014	90,4%	99,6%	141	305
2015	104,5%	103,7%	117	315
2016	105,6%	103,0%	108	297
2017	99,4%	102,1%	108	303
2018	100,0%	99,7%	119	308
2019	94,3%	102,1%	136	284
2020	92,5%	100,1%	142	388
2021	89,6%	101,7%	162	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 89,6% in 2021 Estonia seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,9 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 162 days, which is quite below the EU median of 296 days.

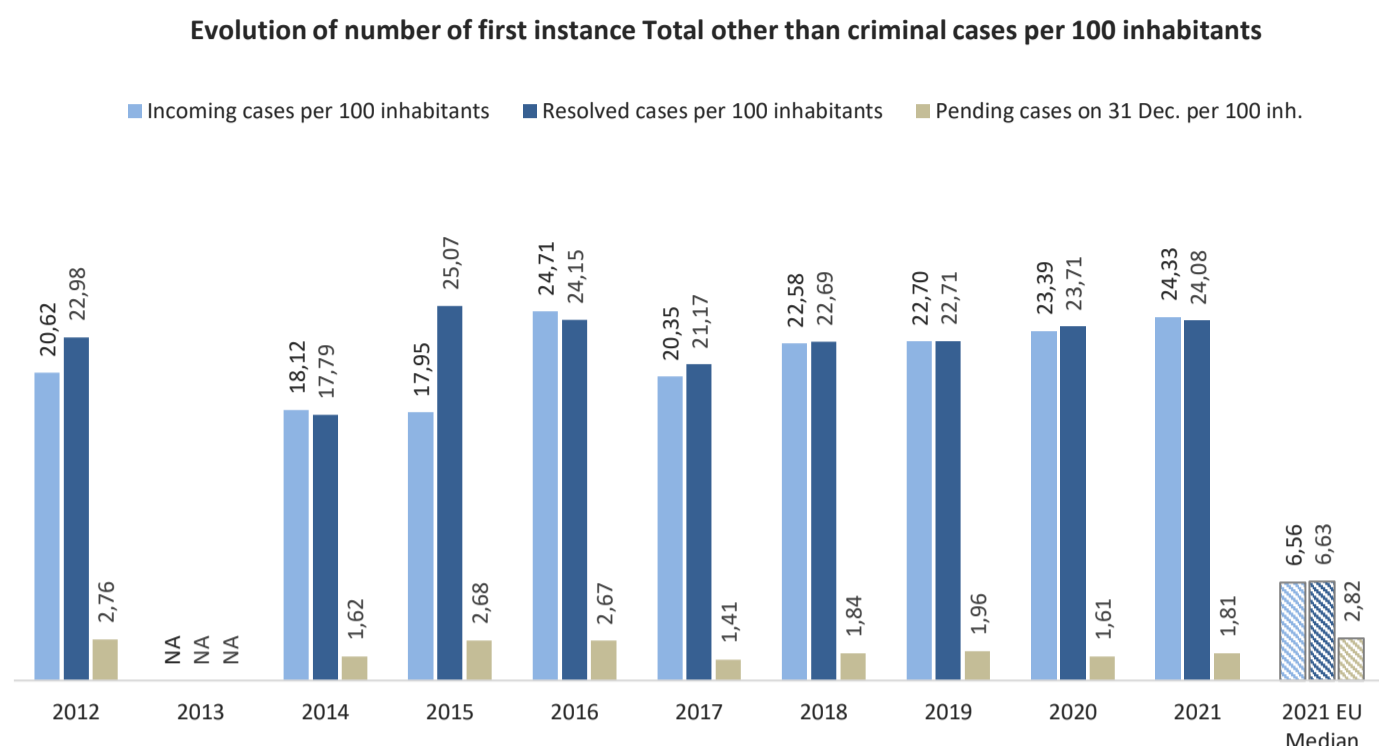
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 13,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

Indeed, as already mentioned above, the increased number of administrative law cases pending at the end of 2021, affecting the Disposition Time indicator for this case category, is due to COVID-19 related cases that have taken more time to be solved.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	20,62	22,98	2,76
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	18,12	17,79	1,62
2015	17,95	25,07	2,68
2016	24,71	24,15	2,67
2017	20,35	21,17	1,41
2018	22,58	22,69	1,84
2019	22,70	22,71	1,96
2020	23,39	23,71	1,61
2021	24,33	24,08	1,81
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Estonia (24,33 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

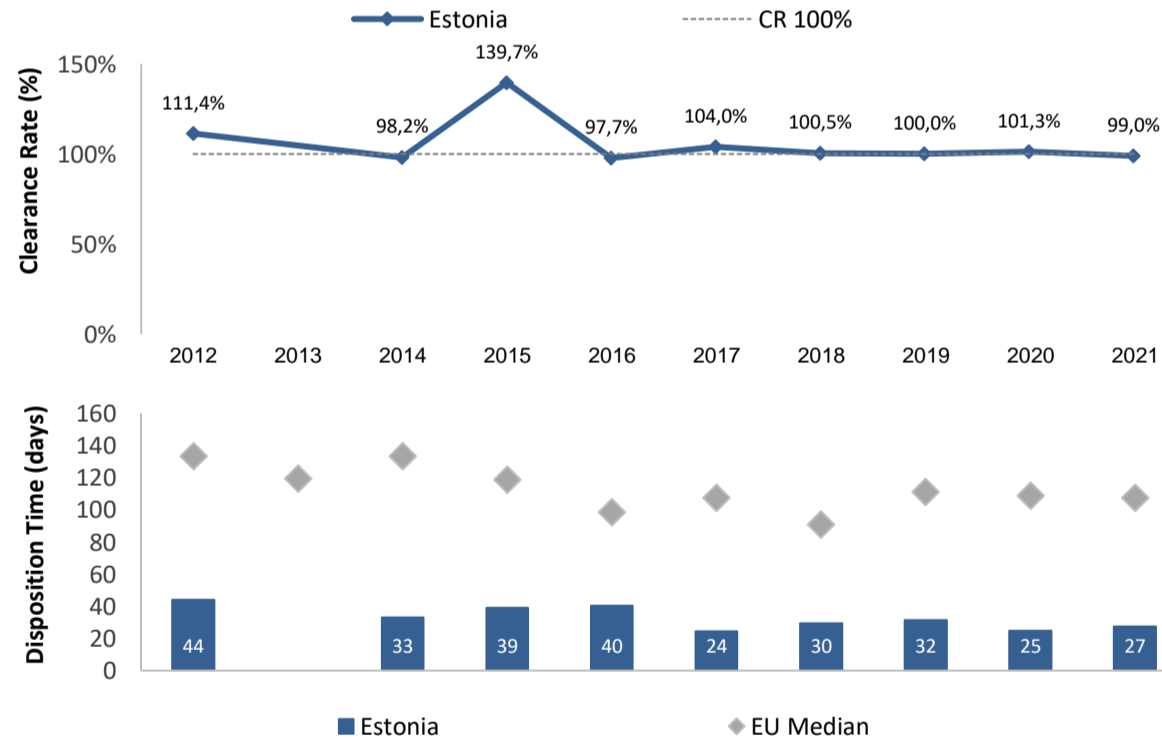
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Estonia (24,08 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Estonia (1,81 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
2012	111,4%	100,5%	44	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	98,2%	101,9%	33	133
2015	139,7%	101,0%	39	119
2016	97,7%	101,5%	40	98
2017	104,0%	100,6%	24	107
2018	100,5%	100,6%	30	91
2019	100,0%	99,8%	32	111
2020	101,3%	98,7%	25	109
2021	99,0%	101,2%	27	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,0% in 2021 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,3 points.

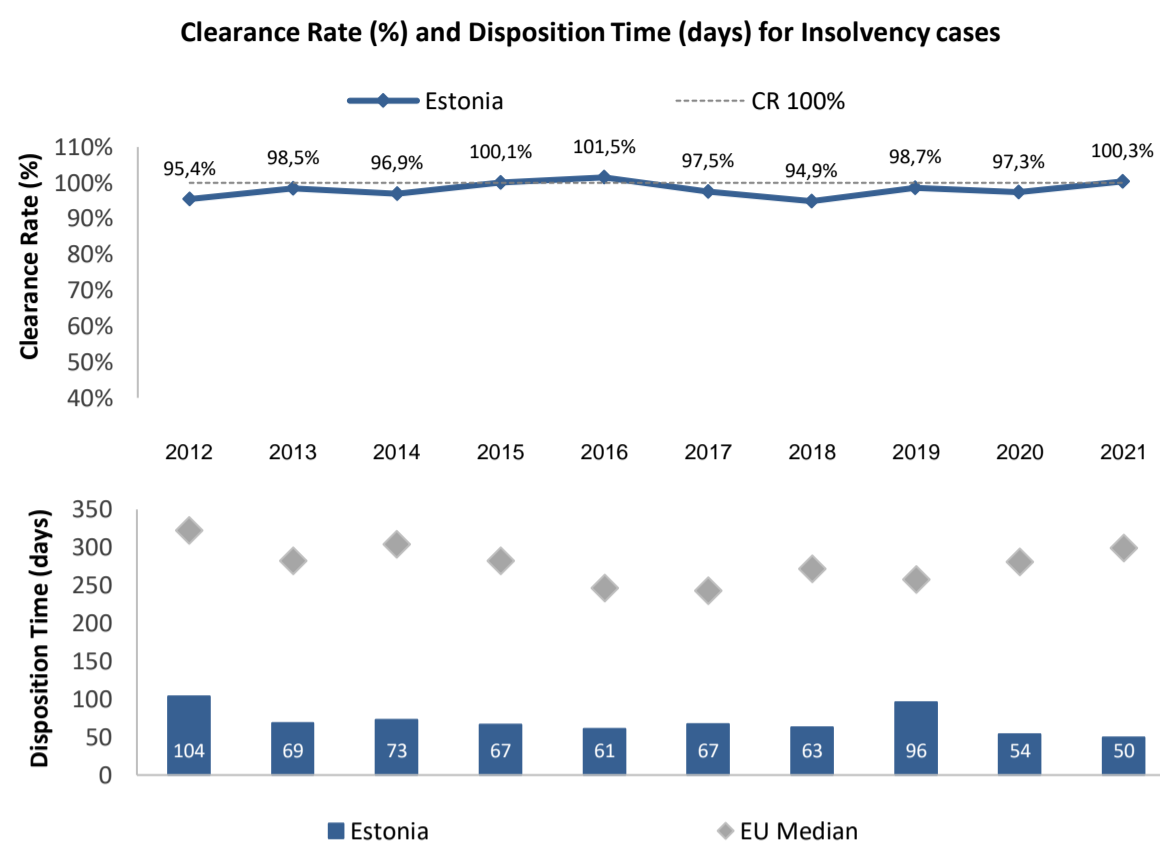
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 27 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 10,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
2012	95,4%	95,0%	104	323
2013	98,5%	89,6%	69	282
2014	96,9%	96,9%	73	304
2015	100,1%	104,5%	67	282
2016	101,5%	102,0%	61	246
2017	97,5%	103,6%	67	243
2018	94,9%	101,5%	63	271
2019	98,7%	101,2%	96	258
2020	97,3%	109,7%	54	281
2021	100,3%	103,3%	50	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2021 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,0 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 50 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 299 days.

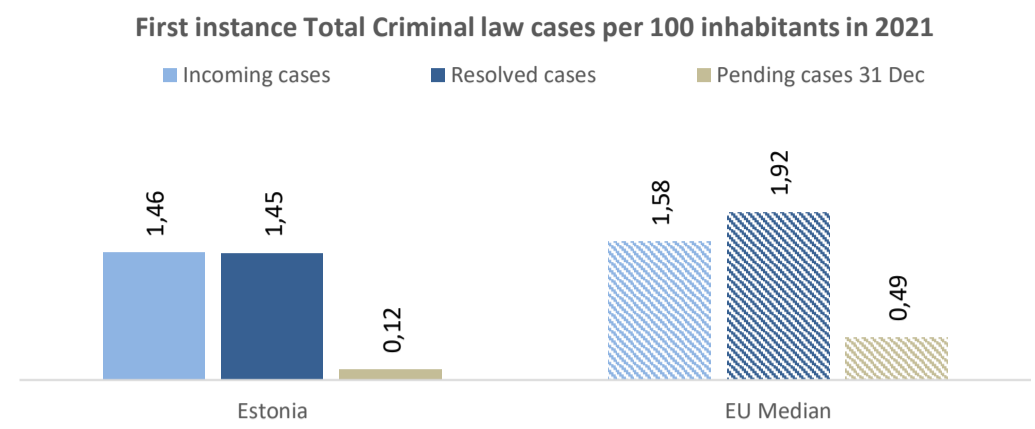
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -7,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

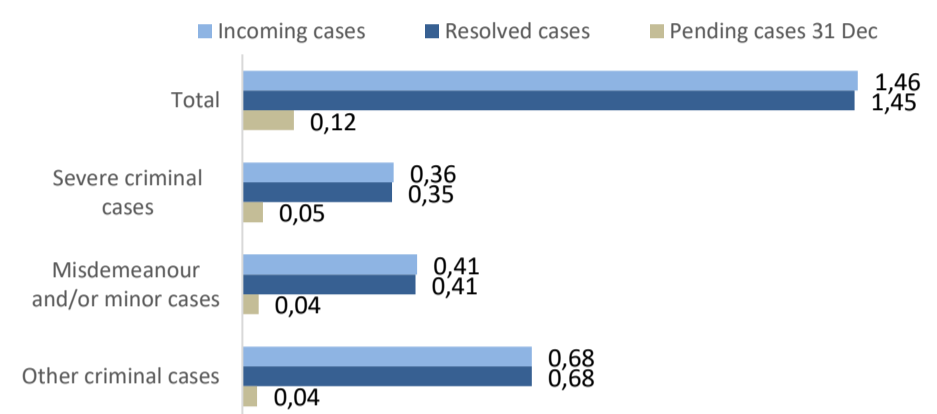
◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1 672	19 374	19 259	1 621
Severe criminal cases	645	4 764	4 704	643
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	557	5 500	5 446	508
Other criminal cases	470	9 110	9 109	470

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,13	1,46	1,45	0,12
Severe criminal cases	0,05	0,36	0,35	0,05
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,04	0,41	0,41	0,04
Other criminal cases	0,04	0,68	0,68	0,04



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Estonia (1,46 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

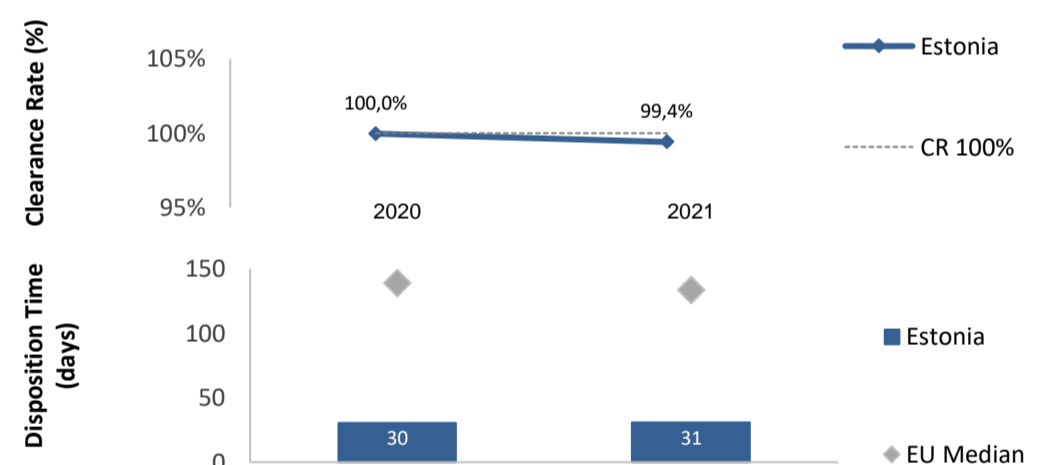
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Estonia (1,45 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Estonia (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Estonia	EU Median	Estonia	EU Median
2020	100,0%	95,2%	30	139
2021	99,4%	100,0%	31	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,4% in 2021 Estonia seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,6 points.

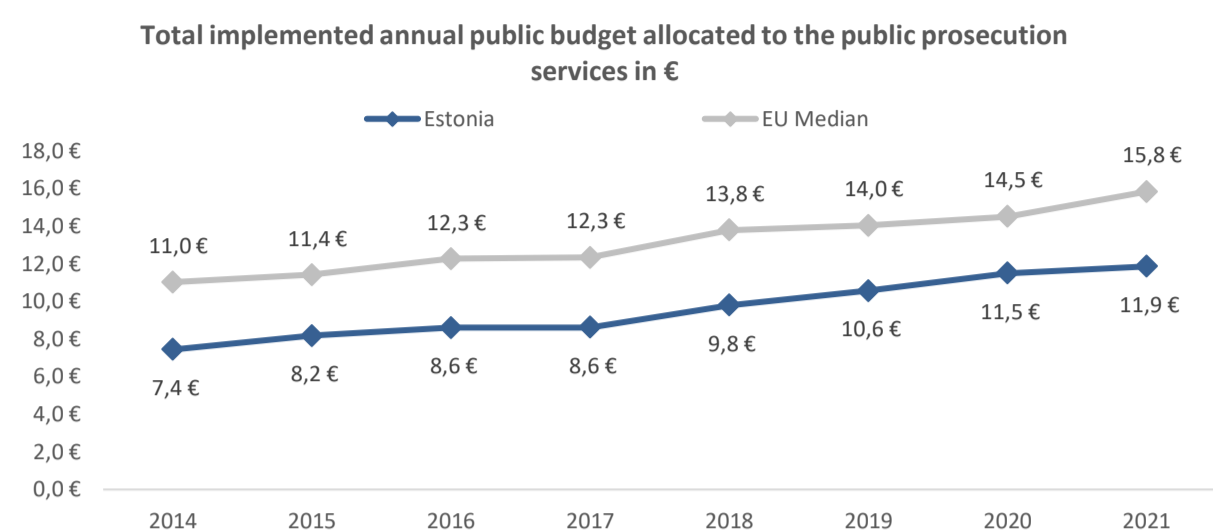
In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 31 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 1,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

5. Public prosecution services in Estonia (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Estonia	Estonia	EU Median
2014	9 774 016 €	7,4 €	11,0 €
2015	10 761 496 €	8,2 €	11,4 €
2016	11 322 578 €	8,6 €	12,3 €
2017	11 337 479 €	8,6 €	12,3 €
2018	12 936 652 €	9,8 €	13,8 €
2019	13 993 648 €	10,6 €	14,0 €
2020	15 290 154 €	11,5 €	14,5 €
2021	15 779 134 €	11,9 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Estonia	Estonia	EU Median
2018	65 300 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	65 011 €	0,049 €	0,029 €
2020	46 657 €	0,035 €	0,011 €
2021	67 483 €	0,051 €	0,022 €

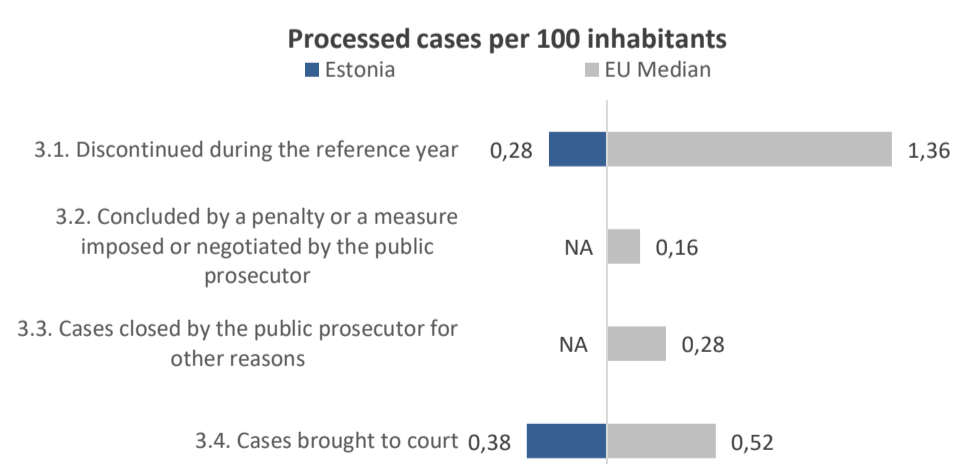
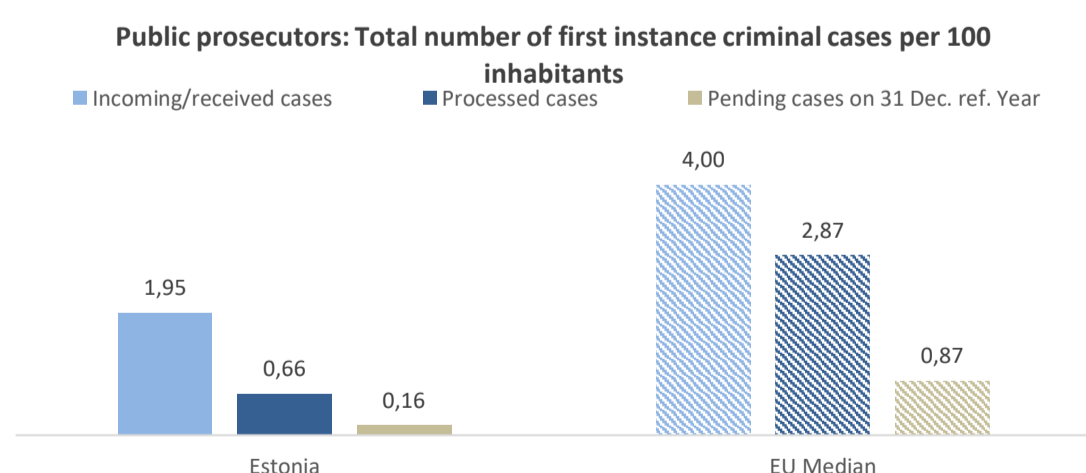
It is worth recalling that in 2020, due to COVID-19 restrictions, there were less trainings which resulted in a decrease in the annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Estonia	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Estonia	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	2 397	0,0%	0,18	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	25 982	0,6%	1,95	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	8 758	-6,6%	0,66	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	3 692	-5,2%	0,28	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA	NA	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	5 066	-7,6%	0,38	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	2 088	-12,9%	0,16	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

It is worth highlighting that while the number of incoming cases is given by registered crimes, the number of cases resolved refers to the number of persons in respect of whom a procedural decision has been made.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Estonia (2021 data)

Number of mediators

There are not accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation in Estonia.

Number of court related mediations

Data on the number of court-related mediations are not recorded in any information system and are therefore not available.

7. ICT tools of courts in Estonia (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	not available	not available	not available
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	Yes

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes
Other	100%	Yes	Yes

The category "Other" refers for example, to all the costs related to state legal aid.

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Estonia (2021 data)

In Estonia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Estonia has developed a quality system consisting of 3 parts. The first part contains quality standards (good practice) for the management of the court that describe activities concerning the chairman of the court. The second part contains quality standards for the administration of courts and is focused on the different roles of the parties involved in the administration of courts: directors, Ministry of Justice, Council for the Administration of Courts. The third part contains quality standards for the court proceedings and is addressed to all judges. All of the three parts of the quality standards have been discussed and approved by the Council for Administration of Courts, respectively in 2012, 2013 and 2015.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✓

The scope of the monitoring system is extended to the results of proceedings; the categories of cases; the number of decisions appealed and revoked, fully or partially. The waiting time and the 'age' of pending (not solved) cases are also monitored. It is worth mentioning that every year all the courts and the Ministry of Justice enter into an agreement according to which courts should strive for structural changes and to make changes in case-flow management that will ultimately ensure efficient proceedings. The content of the agreement has changed since 2017. The goals are more general and the same for all the courts (except the Supreme Court).

In Estonia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual, namely 4 times a year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Estonia, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	1 315 635	1 319 133	1 324 820	1 329 460	1 330 068	3,4%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 495	14 218	15 186	15 405	16 034	17 926	19 737	21 163	20 324	23 641	75,2%	16,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	True		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	False	False	False	False	False	False		

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	True	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	True	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	True	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	False		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	-		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	-		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	-		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	True		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									-	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									-	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									-	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									-	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									-	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	-		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	-		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	-		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	22	22	22	22	21	22	21	21	20	20	-9,1%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	66 242	NA	24 107	23 838	28 828	29 923	26 056	25 371	24 913	21 132	-68,1%	-15,2%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 418	8 412	6 803	6 116	5 845	6 193	6 280	6 157	7 097	7 083	-32,0%	-0,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	16 282	16 392	21 836	22 802	18 884	18 394	16 910	13 042	-	-22,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	13 554	11 553	11 323	9 510	7 727	2 039	9 294	11 338	11 968	8 155	-39,8%	-31,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 959	6 882	14 109	20 763	9 590	7 056	4 942	4 887	-	-1,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	3 782	3 033	3 843	3 125	3 682	3 674	4 775	4 717	3 159	2 938	-22,3%	-7,0%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	37 335	2 777	1 116	3 757	10 427	17 089	4 815	2 339	1 783	1 949	-94,8%	9,3%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	1 153	891	1 022	1 330	1 147	928	892	820	906	1 007	-12,7%	11,1%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	265 301	NA	237 929	236 230	325 147	267 703	297 825	300 762	310 988	323 542	22,0%	4,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 336	17 745	16 775	15 189	16 408	16 159	15 382	18 501	18 950	17 521	7,3%	-7,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	217 368	217 670	305 783	248 558	279 965	279 728	289 301	302 902	-	4,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 136	51 112	46 864	44 407	43 717	14 020	48 177	52 590	60 270	60 406	36,9%	0,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	170 504	173 263	262 066	234 538	231 788	227 138	229 031	242 496	-	5,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	91 218	92 832	97 704	72 800	107 351	121 455	111 522	112 455	108 686	120 806	32,4%	11,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	110 756	90 012	72 800	100 463	154 715	113 083	120 266	114 683	120 345	121 690	9,9%	1,1%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 855	2 957	3 786	3 371	2 956	2 986	2 478	2 533	2 737	3 119	9,2%	14,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	295 674	NA	233 577	329 909	317 757	278 506	299 371	300 911	315 176	320 307	8,3%	1,6%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	18 370	19 096	17 486	15 504	16 007	16 043	15 473	17 433	18 920	17 525	-4,6%	-7,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	212 669	310 882	298 627	259 496	281 421	281 090	293 725	299 987	-	2,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	46 041	50 946	42 969	46 104	44 042	14 025	46 060	52 873	64 011	57 846	25,6%	-9,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	169 700	264 778	254 585	245 471	235 361	228 217	229 714	242 141	-	5,4%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	92 043	92 066	97 769	163 565	106 635	120 113	112 715	112 976	108 869	120 735	31,2%	10,9%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	136 207	91 099	71 931	101 213	147 950	125 358	122 646	115 241	120 845	121 406	-10,9%	0,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 013	2 687	3 422	3 523	3 123	2 967	2 477	2 388	2 531	2 795	-7,2%	10,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 558	NA	21 252	35 228	35 078	18 556	24 225	25 990	21 402	24 086	-32,3%	12,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 393	6 812	5 991	5 767	6 110	6 175	6 069	7 021	6 998	6 994	-16,7%	-0,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 935	28 333	28 047	11 501	17 349	18 079	13 416	15 852	-	18,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	11 434	11 765	9 147	7 724	7 326	1 943	11 328	11 954	8 120	10 610	-7,2%	30,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	4 788	20 609	20 721	9 558	6 021	6 125	5 296	5 242	-	-1,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	2 957	3 799	3 758	17 628	3 674	4 743	3 660	4 342	4 013	3 009	1,8%	-25,0%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	11 884	1 634	1 030	2 981	17 047	4 815	2 361	1 783	1 283	2 233	-81,2%	74,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	890	1 026	1 326	1 128	921	880	807	890	988	1 240	39,3%	25,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	111,4%	NA	98,2%	139,7%	97,7%	104,0%	100,5%	100,0%	101,3%	99,0%	(12,45)	(2,35)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112,5%	107,6%	104,2%	102,1%	97,6%	99,3%	100,6%	94,2%	99,8%	100,0%	(12,43)	0,18
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	97,8%	142,8%	97,7%	104,4%	100,5%	100,5%	101,5%	99,0%	-	(2,49)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,3%	99,7%	91,7%	103,8%	100,7%	100,0%	95,6%	100,5%	106,2%	95,8%	(8,55)	(10,45)

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	99,5%	152,8%	97,1%	104,7%	101,5%	100,5%	100,3%	99,9%	-	(0,44)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,9%	99,2%	100,1%	224,7%	99,3%	98,9%	101,1%	100,5%	100,2%	99,9%	(0,96)	(0,23)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	123,0%	101,2%	98,8%	100,7%	95,6%	110,9%	102,0%	100,5%	100,4%	99,8%	(23,21)	(0,65)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	105,5%	90,9%	90,4%	104,5%	105,6%	99,4%	100,0%	94,3%	92,5%	89,6%	(15,92)	(2,86)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	NA	33	39	40	24	30	32	25	27	-37,5%	10,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	167	130	125	136	139	140	143	147	135	146	-12,7%	7,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	24	33	34	16	23	23	17	19	-	15,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	91	84	78	61	61	51	90	83	46	67	-26,1%	44,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	10	28	30	14	9	10	8	8	-	-6,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	12	15	14	39	13	14	12	14	13	9	-22,4%	-32,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	32	7	5	11	42	14	7	6	4	7	-78,9%	73,2%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	108	139	141	117	108	108	119	136	142	162	50,2%	13,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	263	172	280	300	240	163	168	194	194	174	-33,8%	-10,3%
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--------	--------

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	283	306	277	232	218	222	193	191	180	256	-9,5%	42,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	289	267	235	237	230	226	193	440	230	236	-18,3%	2,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	12	-	-7,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	-	166,7%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	652	691	912	814	828	829	805	855	841	750	15,0%	-10,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	331	451	375	386	446	356	282	291	337	289	-12,7%	-14,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 152	1 306	1 331	1 145	1 194	1 314	1 522	1 635	1 614	1 443	25,3%	-10,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	88	-	33,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	9	-	-25,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	598	585	873	876	900	823	778	860	860	759	26,9%	-11,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	320	432	382	390	389	364	277	290	255	308	-3,8%	20,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 099	1 286	1 290	1 146	1 212	1 281	1 444	1 613	1 571	1 448	31,8%	-7,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	80	-	14,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	-	14,3%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	316	275	319	238	166	169	194	189	174	165	-47,8%	-5,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	277	277	228	213	222	192	187	178	250	230	-17,0%	-8,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	312	242	258	209	201	236	250	425	232	197	-36,9%	-15,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	20	-	122,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	9	-	12,5%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	91,7%	84,7%	95,7%	107,6%	108,7%	99,3%	96,6%	100,6%	102,3%	101,2%	9,48	(1,06)
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,7%	95,8%	101,9%	101,0%	87,2%	102,2%	98,2%	99,7%	75,7%	106,6%	9,90	30,91
CR Insolvency cases	95,4%	98,5%	96,9%	100,1%	101,5%	97,5%	94,9%	98,7%	97,3%	100,3%	4,95	3,01
DT Litigious divorce cases	193	172	133	99	67	75	91	80	74	79	-58,9%	7,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	316	234	218	199	208	193	246	224	358	273	-13,7%	-23,8%
DT Insolvency cases	104	69	73	67	61	67	63	96	54	50	-52,1%	-7,9%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 515	1 358	1 432	1 214	1 135	988	1 154	1 150	-	-0,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			732	591	602	497	559	610	644	585	-	-9,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			138	123	114	100	109	146	222	221	-	-0,5%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			138	123	114	100	109	146	222	221	-	-0,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			645	644	716	617	467	323	288	344	-	19,4%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 583	4 731	4 409	4 425	4 221	3 822	4 060	4 566	-	12,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 021	1 932	1 789	1 890	1 928	1 841	1 745	1 899	-	8,8%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			908	1 013	982	979	989	865	1 070	1 179	-	10,2%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			908	1 013	982	979	989	865	1 070	1 179	-	10,2%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 654	1 786	1 638	1 556	1 304	1 116	1 245	1 488	-	19,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 753	4 645	4 626	4 473	4 237	3 751	4 015	4 196	-	4,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 164	1 925	1 897	1 829	1 874	1 792	1 784	1 707	-	-4,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			939	1 018	998	966	916	814	1 045	1 117	-	6,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			939	1 018	998	966	916	814	1 045	1 117	-	6,9%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 650	1 702	1 731	1 678	1 447	1 145	1 186	1 372	-	15,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 341	1 434	1 209	1 139	1 116	1 109	1 148	1 516	-	32,1%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			590	598	494	558	612	639	585	775	-	32,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106	118	98	113	182	182	221	283	-	28,1%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106	118	98	113	182	182	221	283	-	28,1%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			645	718	617	468	322	288	342	458	-	33,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2	3	1	-	-	4	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1	1	1	-	-	4	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	1	2	5	-	-	-	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,7%	98,2%	104,9%	101,1%	100,4%	98,1%	98,9%	91,9%	-	(6,99)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			107,1%	99,6%	106,0%	96,8%	97,2%	97,3%	102,2%	89,9%	-	(12,35)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	97,7%	94,7%	-	(2,92)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	98,7%	92,6%	94,1%	97,7%	94,7%	-	(2,92)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			99,8%	95,3%	105,7%	107,8%	111,0%	102,6%	95,3%	92,2%	-	(3,06)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			103	113	95	93	96	108	104	132	-	26,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100	113	95	111	119	130	120	166	-	38,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			41	42	36	43	73	82	77	92	-	19,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			41	42	36	43	73	82	77	92	-	19,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			143	154	130	102	81	92	105	122	-	15,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			96	93	91	99	108	73	61	86	-	41,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			54	58	49	57	62	29	28	48	-	71,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			42	35	42	42	46	44	33	38	-	15,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			290	289	285	259	238	210	196	186	-	-5,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			190	194	184	182	158	140	122	114	-	-6,6%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			100	95	101	77	80	70	74	72	-	-2,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			296	293	269	279	231	223	170	181	-	6,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			186	203	172	194	155	141	102	103	-	1,0%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			110	90	97	85	76	82	68	78	-	14,7%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			89	89	108	80	71	61	87	91	-	4,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			58	49	62	45	28	28	48	59	-	22,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			38	40	46	35	43	33	38	32	-	-15,8%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,1%	101,4%	94,4%	107,7%	97,1%	106,2%	86,7%	97,3%	-	10,58
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97,9%	104,6%	93,5%	106,6%	98,1%	100,7%	83,6%	90,4%	-	6,74
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			110,0%	94,7%	96,0%	110,4%	95,0%	117,1%	91,9%	108,3%	-	16,44
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			110	111	147	105	112	100	187	184	-	-1,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			114	88	132	85	66	72	172	209	-	21,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			126	162	173	150	207	147	204	150	-	-26,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 859	1 672	-	-10,1%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									597	645	-	8,0%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									675	557	-	-17,5%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									587	470	-	-19,9%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									20 392	19 374	-	-5,0%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									5 210	4 764	-	-8,6%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									5 952	5 500	-	-7,6%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									9 230	9 110	-	-1,3%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									20 385	19 259	-	-5,5%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									5 114	4 704	-	-8,0%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									5 926	5 446	-	-8,1%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									9 345	9 109	-	-2,5%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 688	1 621	-	-4,0%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									642	643	-	0,2%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									574	508	-	-11,5%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									472	470	-	-0,4%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									59	44	-	-25,4%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									28	28	-	0,0%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									19	3	-	-84,2%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									12	13	-	8,3%

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									100,0%	99,4%	-	(0,6)
CR of Severe cases									98,2%	98,7%	-	0,6
CR of Misdemeanour cases									99,6%	99,0%	-	(0,5)
CR of Other									101,2%	100,0%	-	(1,24)
DT of Total									30	31	-	1,6%
DT of Severe cases									46	50	-	8,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									35	34	-	-3,7%
DT of Other									18	19	-	2,2%

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									136	146	-	7,4%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									126	139	-	10,3%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									10	7	-	-30,0%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									1 993	1 961	-	-1,6%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 874	1 818	-	-3,0%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									119	143	-	20,2%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									1 982	1 952	-	-1,5%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 860	1 810	-	-2,7%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									122	142	-	16,4%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									146	154	-	5,5%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									139	146	-	5,0%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									7	8	-	14,3%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,4%	99,5%	-	0,09
CR o2 Severe cases									99,3%	99,6%	-	0,31
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,5%	99,3%	-	(3,14)

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									27	29	-	7,1%
DT of Severe cases									27	29	-	7,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									21	21	-	-1,8%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									10	23	-	130,0%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									101	81	-	-19,8%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									88	62	-	-29,5%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23	42	-	82,6%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									87,1%	76,5%	-	(10,59)
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									95	247	-	159,2%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									2 397	2 397	-	0,0%
2. Incoming/received cases									25 817	25 982	-	0,6%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									9 378	8 758	-	-6,6%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									3 895	3 692	-	-5,2%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									765	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NA	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									5 483	5 066	-	-7,6%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									2 397	2 088	-	-12,9%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,36	0,34	-	-6,6%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,09	0,08	-	-12,9%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	9 256 322	9 798 246	10 627 825	11 042 407	11 533 359	11 525 880	12 936 652	14 146 518	15 159 770	16 002 372	72,9%	5,56%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	9 774 016	10 761 496	11 322 578	11 337 479	12 936 652	13 993 648	15 290 154	15 779 134	-	3,20%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	65 300	107 647	NA	88 003	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	65 300	65 011	46 657	67 483	-	44,64%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									12 421	11 992	-	(0,03)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									7 067	6 254	-	(0,12)
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									5 354	5 738	-	0,07
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NA	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	False	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA		not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA		not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA		not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts		in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts		in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts		in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	100%	100%	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	True	True	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	True	True	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								100%	100%	100%	100%	

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	228	226	231	234	232	227	233	229	234	236	3,5%	0,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	167	165	169	170	168	163	169	164	169	171	2,4%	1,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	42	43	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	9,5%	0,0%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	19	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	83	83	86	86	85	83	87	86	85	80	-3,6%	-5,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	49	50	51	51	51	49	52	49	50	46	-6,1%	-8,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	17	17	20	20	20	20	20	22	20	20	17,6%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	17	16	15	15	14	14	15	15	15	14	-17,6%	-6,7%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	145	143	145	148	147	144	146	143	149	156	7,6%	4,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	118	115	118	119	117	114	117	115	119	125	5,9%	5,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	25	26	24	25	25	25	25	24	26	26	4,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	2	2	3	4	5	5	4	4	4	5	150,0%	25,0%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234	236	-	0,9%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169	171	-	1,2%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	46	-	0,0%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	24	-	4,3%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	0,0%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	11	-	-8,3%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	20,0%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	38	-	-9,5%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	22	-	-12,0%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	-	0,0%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	5	-	-16,7%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	957	990	1 017	965	877	846	819	802	825	799	-16,5%	-3,2%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	63	54	51	71	51	51	51	51	51	54	-14,3%	5,9%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	220	239	684	652	615	596	583	569	591	576	161,8%	-2,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	489	501	78	87	82	80	77	79	77	68	-86,1%	-11,7%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	138	149	161	111	88	81	73	72	73	68	-50,7%	-6,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	47	47	43	44	41	38	35	31	33	33	-29,8%	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	129	125	126	146	128	130	122	122	124	112	-13,2%	-9,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	5	5	4	20	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	34	29	39	40	42	43	43	43	45	41	20,6%	-8,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	23	18	14	17	16	22	21	21	21	17	-26,1%	-19,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	63	68	65	64	60	56	51	51	51	49	-22,2%	-3,9%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	5	4	5	5	4	2	2	2	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	828	865	891	819	749	716	697	680	701	687	-17,0%	-2,0%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	58	49	47	51	46	46	46	46	46	49	-15,5%	6,5%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	186	210	645	612	573	553	540	526	546	535	187,6%	-2,0%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	466	483	64	70	66	58	56	58	56	51	-89,1%	-8,9%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	75	81	96	47	28	25	22	21	22	19	-74,7%	-13,6%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	42	39	39	36	34	33	29	31	33	-	6,5%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									825	799	-	-3,2%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									648	635	-	-2,0%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									88	84	-	-4,5%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									89	80	-	-10,1%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									124	112	-	-9,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									78	71	-	-9,0%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									13	12	-	-7,7%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									33	29	-	-12,1%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									701	687	-	-2,0%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									570	564	-	-1,1%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									75	72	-	-4,0%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									56	51	-	-8,9%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									169	177	-	4,7%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									50	50	-	0,0%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									119	127	-	6,7%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									89	102	-	14,6%

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									29	30	-	3,4%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									60	72	-	20,0%
004 Annual average salary in the country									17 376 €	18 576 €	-	6,9%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									51 962 €	56 952 €	-	9,6%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									67 942 €	74 484 €	-	9,6%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									47 556 €	52 140 €	-	9,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									53 353 €	59 592 €	-	11,7%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									40 068 €	43 929 €	-	9,6%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									52 392 €	57 444 €	-	9,6%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									36 672 €	40 212 €	-	9,7%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									41 145 €	45 960 €	-	11,7%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	1	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	1	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	846	878	934	970	993	1 024	1 041	1 076	1 096	1 074	27,0%	-2,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							552	562	559	546	-	-2,3%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							489	514	537	528	-	-1,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Estonia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Finland

(2021 data)

General data

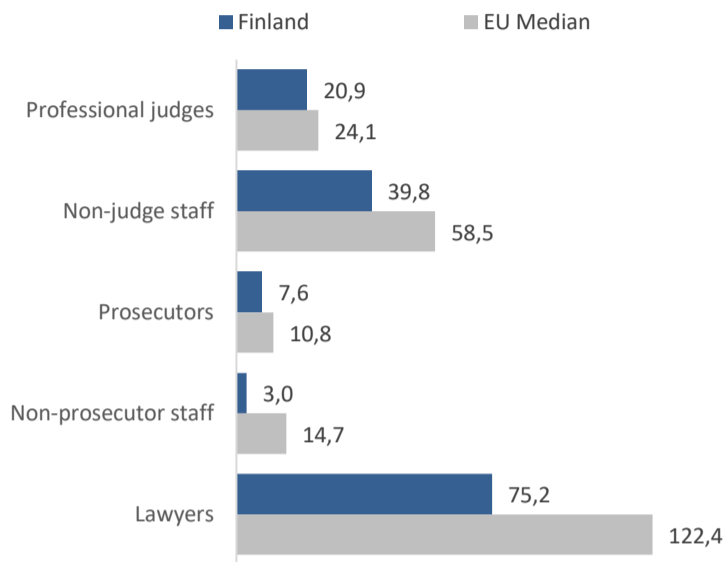
Population: 5 548 241

GDP per capita: 43 483 €

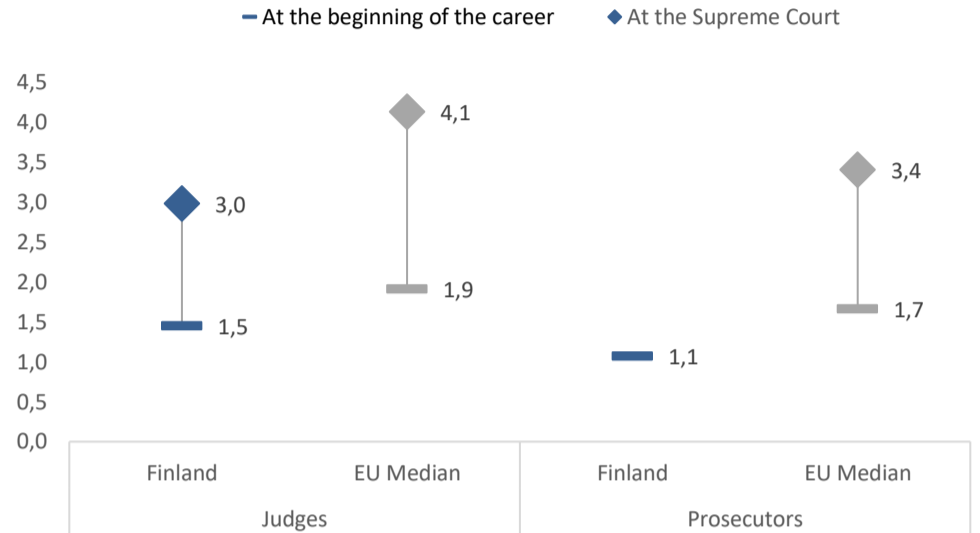
Average annual salary: 47 516 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

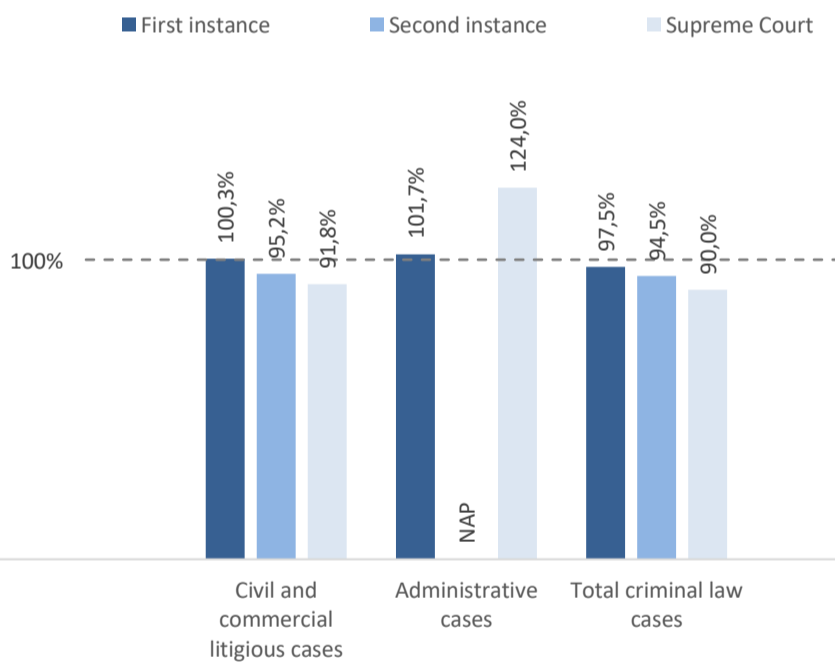


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

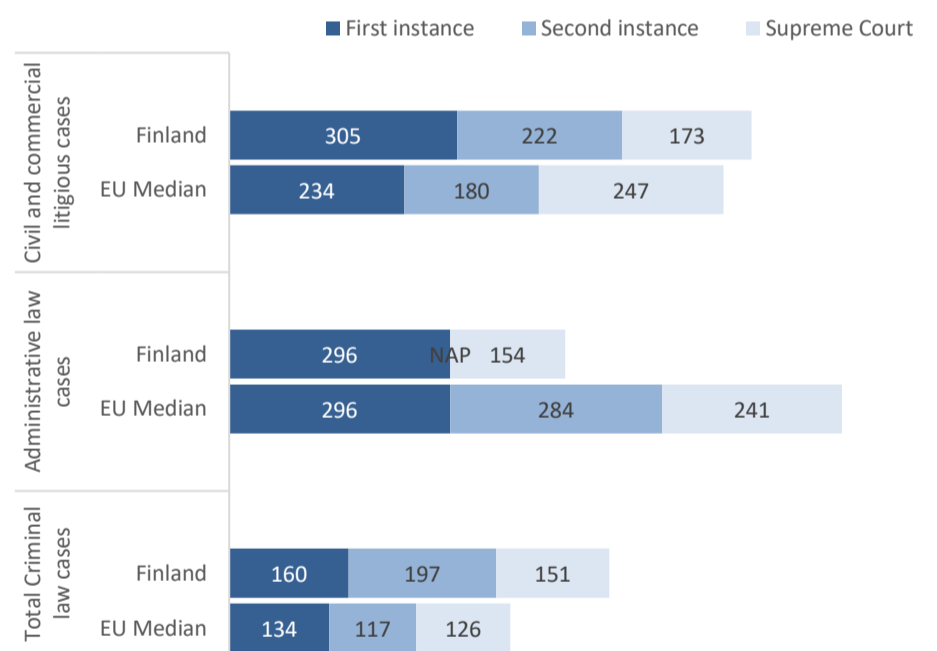


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

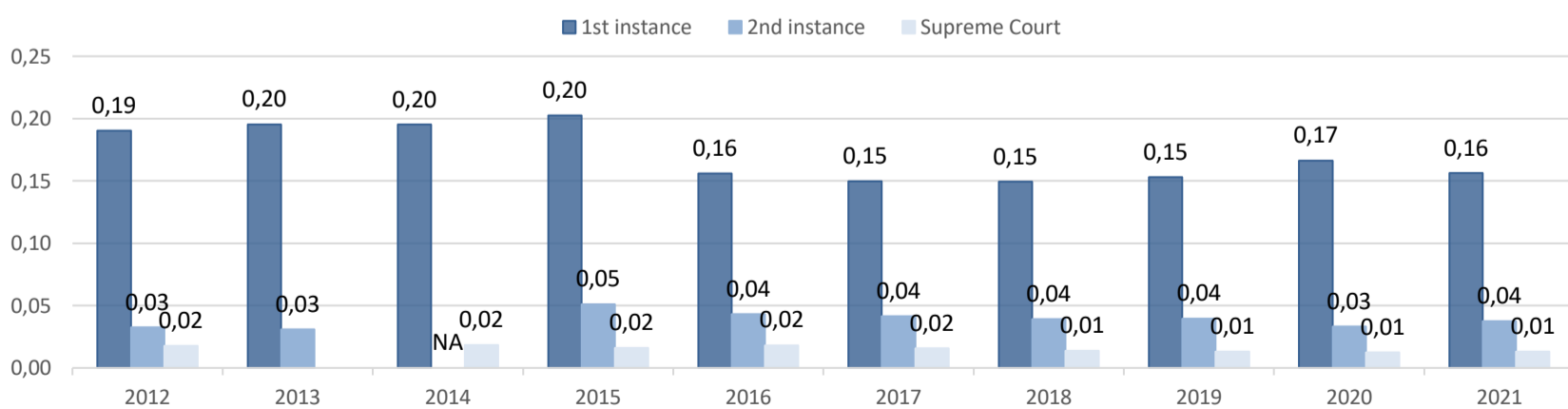


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Finland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	5 533 793	5 548 241		2,2%	0,3%
GDP per capita	35 571	37 018	37 559	38 162	38 959	40 612	42 340	43 567	42 701	43 483		22,2%	1,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	38 472		39 624		40 416		41 580	42 336	43 140	47 516		23,5%	10,1%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,1	18,1	18,1	18,1	19,4	19,0	19,6	19,7	19,5	20,9		15,5%	7,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	40,8	40,3	39,5	39,1	39,4	38,8	38,6	38,5	39,1	39,8		-2,5%	1,9%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									7,0	7,6			8,4%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									2,5	3,0			21,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	35,7	36,9	38,7	64,7	68,9	69,8	71,8	72,8	73,9	75,2		110,9%	1,8%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,190	0,195	0,195	0,202	0,156	0,150	0,149	0,153	0,166	0,156		-17,9%	-6,1%
Administrative law cases	0,508	0,5	0,5	0,494	0,706	0,505	0,445	0,460	0,447	0,393		-22,8%	-12,2%
Total criminal law cases									1,029	1,268			23,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	103%	106%	105%	94%	125%	111%	102%	100%	94%	100%		-2,89	6,69
CR administrative law cases	101%	95%	97%	102%	79%	107%	112%	100%	99%	102%		0,75	3,00
CR total criminal law cases									89%	98%			8,24

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	300	305		-6,3%	1,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	274	296		19,1%	7,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									189	160			-15,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,17	0,16	0,16	0,17	0,13	0,12	0,11	0,12	0,13	0,13		-25,2%	2,3%
Administrative law cases	0,35	0,37	0,38	0,37	0,43	0,38	0,32	0,32	0,33	0,32		-7,3%	-2,4%
Total criminal law cases									0,48	0,54			14,0%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	101%	119%	95%	107%	97%	104%	95%			-9,18
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									104%	95%			-9,94

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	206	150	212	177	205	210	222			5,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									182	197			8,3%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	103%	107%	115%	108%	97%	108%	92%			-16,53
CR administrative law cases			102%	93%	112%	104%	95%	100%	103%	124%			20,91
CR total criminal law cases									93%	90%			-3,41

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			224	219	165	132	131	163	127	173			36,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			312	358	225	169	207	197	214	154			-28,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									122	151			24,2%

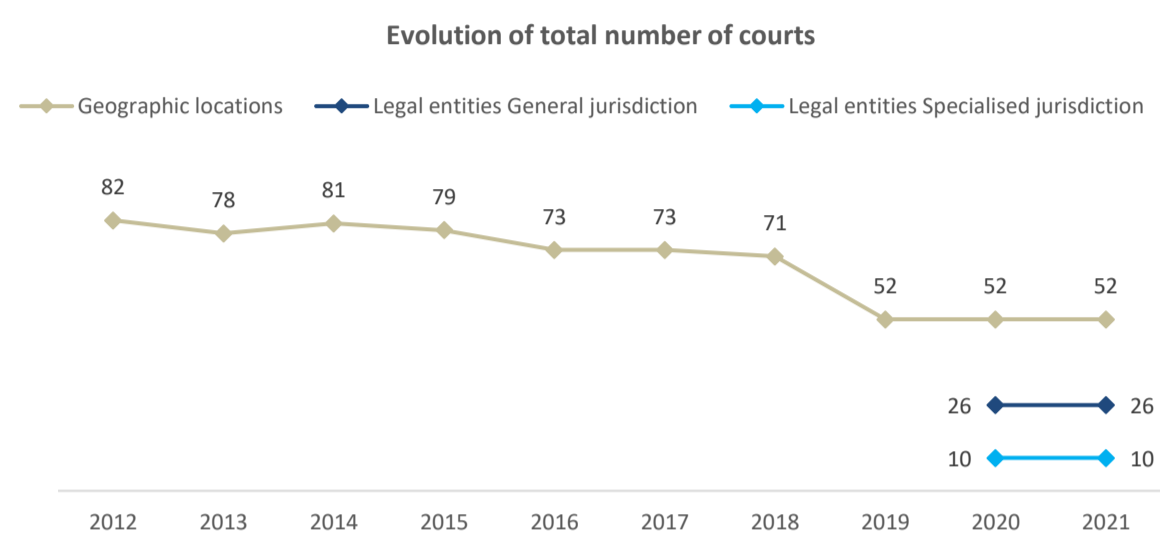
1. Judicial organisation in Finland (2021 data)

In 2021, in Finland, there are 20 district courts with 36 offices, five courts of appeal, the Supreme Court, six administrative courts, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court. One of the Administrative Courts, the Labour Court and the Market Court are located in the same location.

In total there are 36 courts in 52 geographic locations.

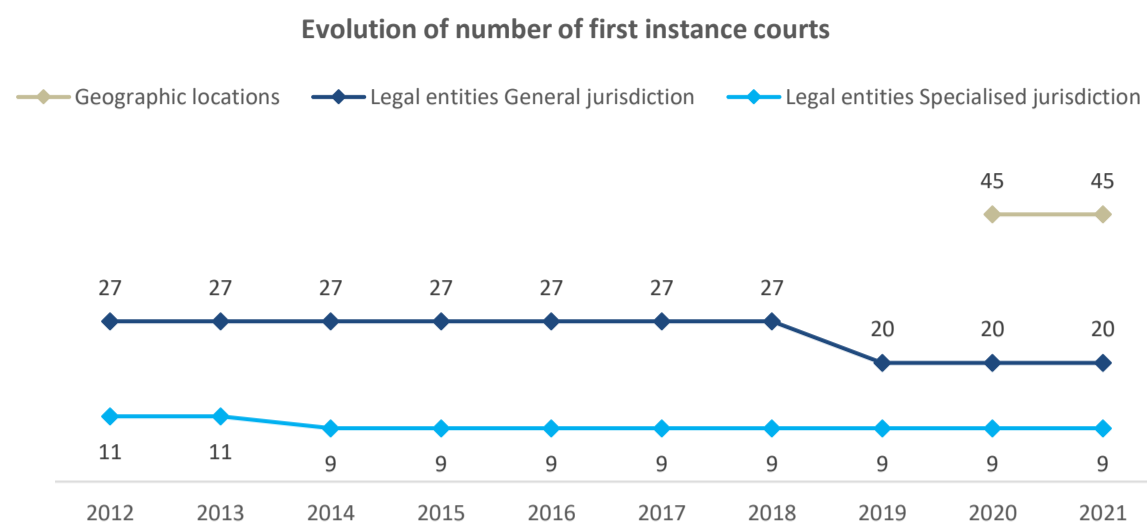
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	82		
2013	78		
2014	81		
2015	79		
2016	73		
2017	73		
2018	71		
2019	52		
2020	52	26	10
2021	52	26	10



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		27	11
2013		27	11
2014		27	9
2015		27	9
2016		27	9
2017		27	9
2018		27	9
2019		20	9
2020	45	20	9
2021	45	20	9



It is noteworthy recalling that the number of district courts was reduced from 27 to 20 courts at the re-structuring on 1 January 2019. A court can have more than one office. The number of the district courts' offices has been reduced from 57 to 36 offices.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 69,0% - 31,0% which is quite similar to the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	9	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	6	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

In Finland, there are six regional administrative courts, the Market Court, the Labour Court and the Insurance Court.

The Supreme Administrative Court is the sole higher instance specialised court in Finland.

Another specialised court is the High Court of Impeachment that hears charges against ministers (i.e. members of the Government), the Chancellor of Justice, the Parliamentary Ombudsman and members of the Supreme Court or the Supreme Administrative Court for unlawful conduct in office. In addition, the High Court of Impeachment deals with charges concerning the criminal liability of the President of the Republic. However, it is convened only when necessary.

2. Professionals of justice in Finland (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

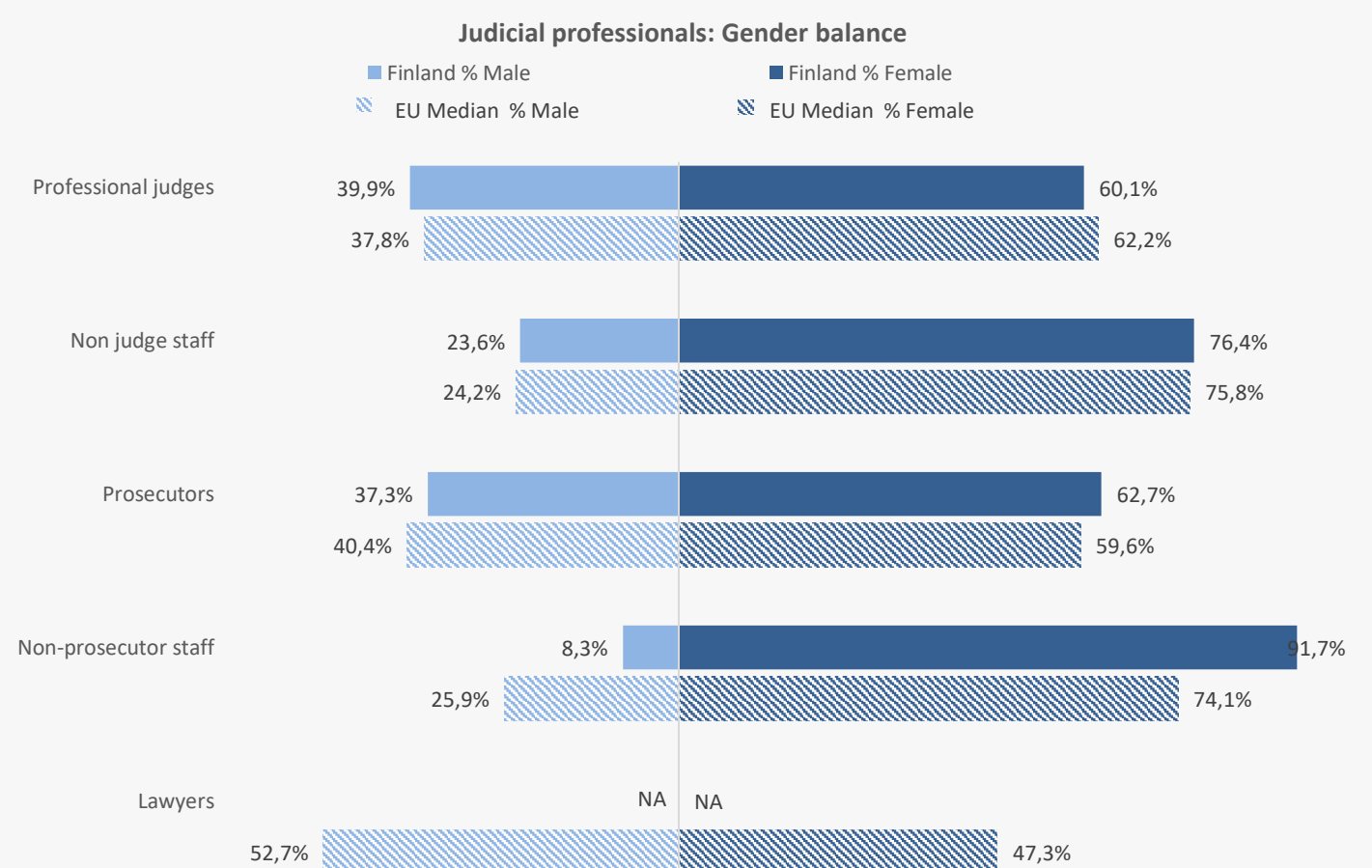
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 158	20,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	2 208	39,8	58,5
Prosecutors	424	7,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	169	3,0	14,7
Lawyers	4 173	75,2	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

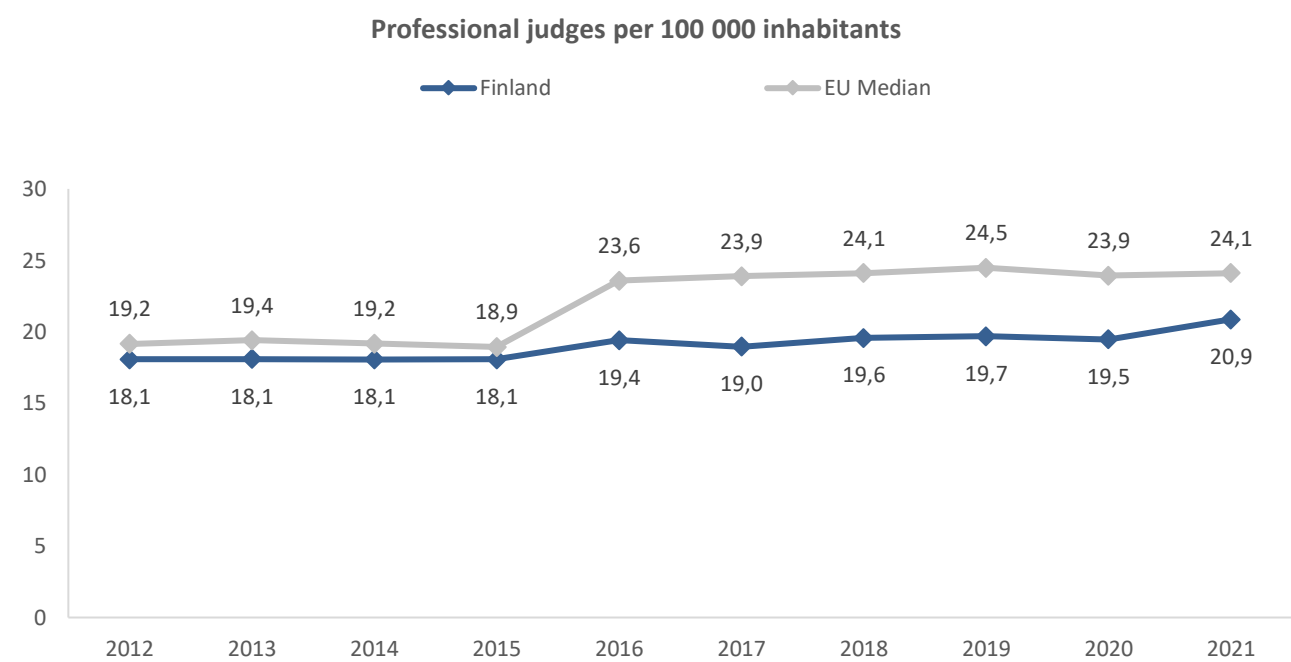
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	39,9%	60,1%
Non judge staff	23,6%	76,4%
Prosecutors	37,3%	62,7%
Non-prosecutor staff	8,3%	91,7%
Lawyers	NA	NA



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Finland	EU Median
2012	981	18,1
2013	986	18,1
2014	988	18,1
2015	991	18,1
2016	1 068	19,4
2017	1 045	19,0
2018	1 081	19,6
2019	1 087	19,7
2020	1 077	19,5
2021	1 158	20,9



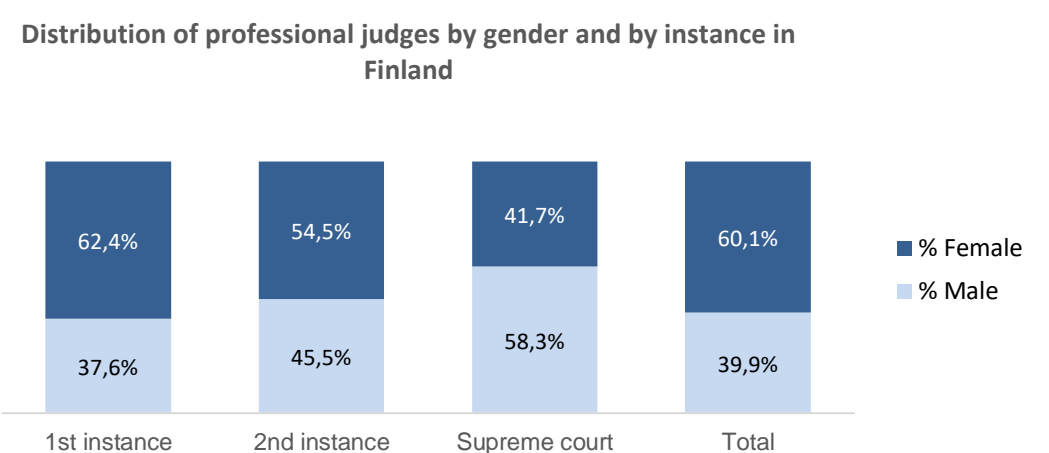
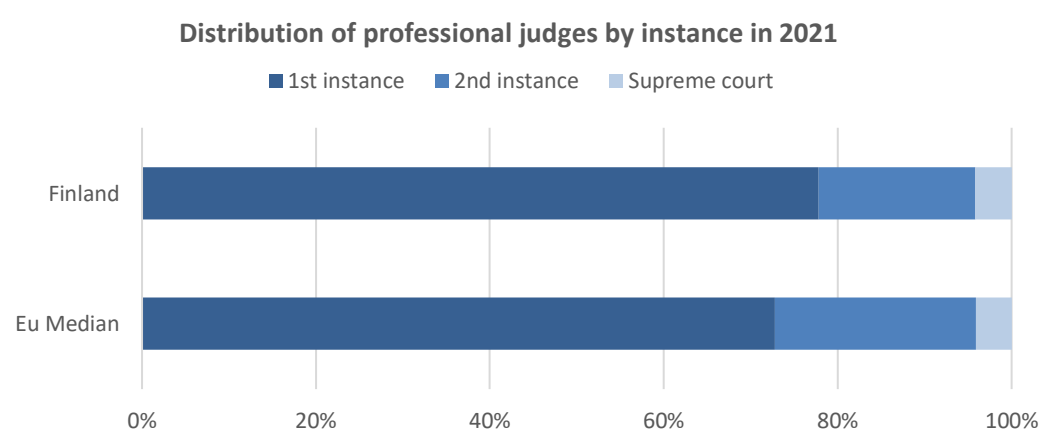
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Finland is 1 158, which is 7,5% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Finland, there are 20,87 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,91 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,01 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	901	77,8%	339	562	37,6%	62,4%
2nd instance	209	18,0%	95	114	45,5%	54,5%
Supreme court	48	4,1%	28	20	58,3%	41,7%
Total	1 158		462	696	39,9%	60,1%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 696, which represents 60,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 901 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 562 are Female); 209 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 114 are Female) and 48 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 20 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Finland is similar. However, we can notice that first instance judges are more numerous, while second instance judges are fewer.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	901	NA	NA	282	NAP
2nd instance	209	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	48	NA	NA	28	NAP
Total	1 158	NA	NA	310	NAP

In Finland, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

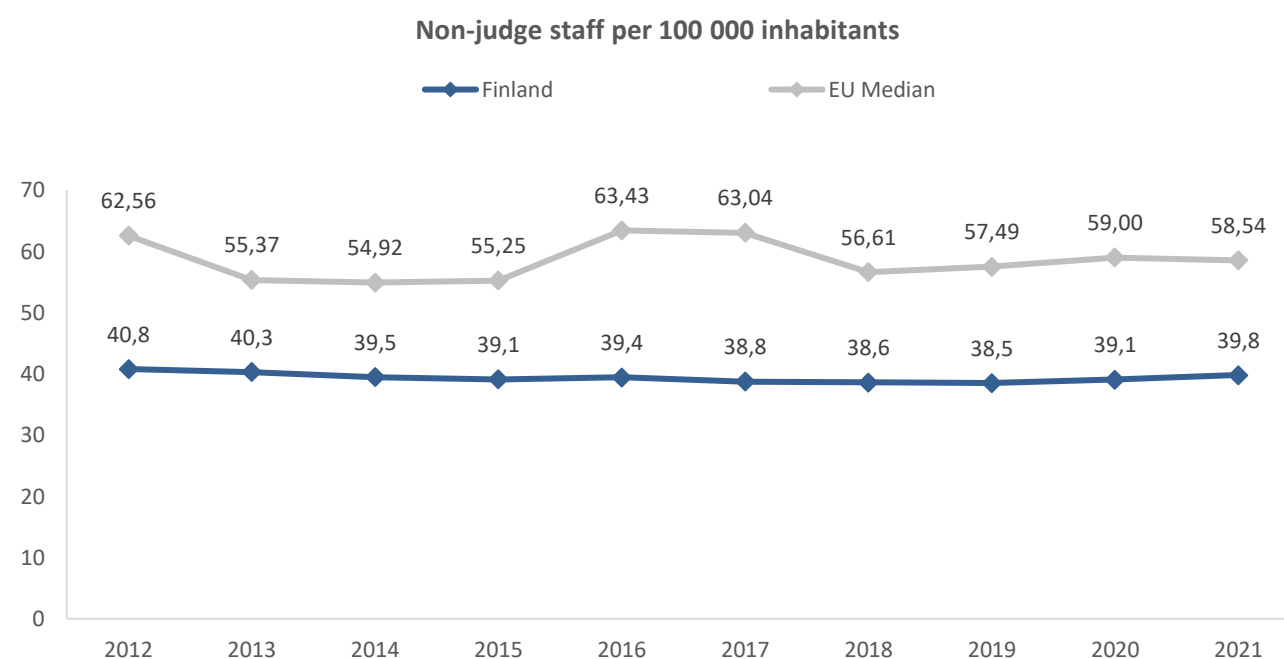
Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	31,3%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	58,3%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	26,8%	NAP

Statistics on the amount of the civil and/ or commercial and criminal judges in the general courts do not exist as in many courts judges work in both types of cases. In Market Court, there are 21 judges who are civil/commercial judges.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Finland	Finland	EU Median
2012	2 214	40,8	62,6
2013	2 196	40,3	55,4
2014	2 161	39,5	54,9
2015	2 145	39,1	55,2
2016	2 170	39,4	63,4
2017	2 137	38,8	63,0
2018	2 131	38,6	56,6
2019	2 128	38,5	57,5
2020	2 162	39,1	59,0
2021	2 208	39,8	58,5



In 2021, Finland has 2 208 non-judge staff (of which 1 688 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 39,1 in 2020 to 39,8 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 19,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 20,9 in 2021.

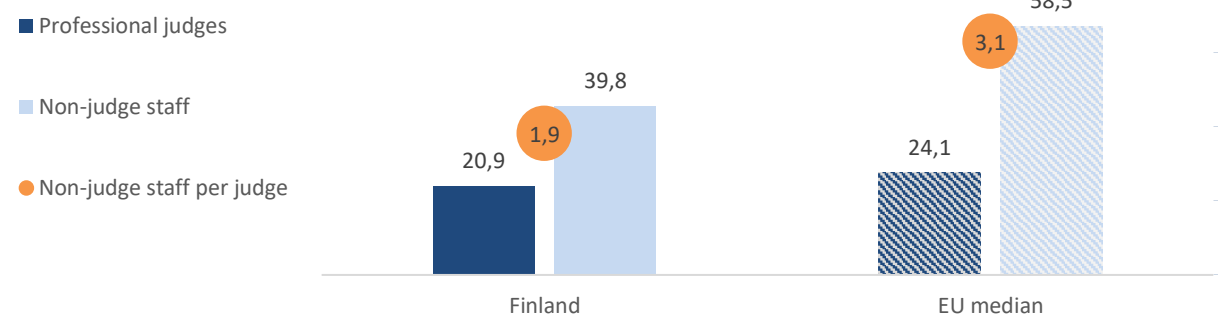
The Finnish court staff organisation does not correspond to the CEPEJ subcategories. Therefore, only the total of non-judge staff can be provided. Office staff has tasks mentioned in the categories 2-5. Summoners' tasks are for example to serve summons, subpoenas and other documents. Trainee judges have the same responsibility as judges but they do not have competence to deal with difficult cases. They are always appointed for a fixed term period (one year). In the courts of appeal, the administrative courts, the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Labour Court and the Market Court a referendary prepares and presents a case to the judges but the final judgment is decided by the judges.

In 2021, the total non-judge staff includes 1530 office staff, 269 summoners, 131 trainee district judges and 278 referendaries. As concerns the function of "Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies)", it should be mentioned that the senior judge of a district court may appoint in writing a member of the office personnel at the district court who has given an affirmation corresponding to the judge's affirmation, who has received sufficient training and who has sufficient skills to attend to the duties: (1) in cases referred to in Chapter 5, section 3 of the Code of Judicial Procedure: (a) to give judgments by default; (b) to give, on the basis of Chapter 21, section 8(c) of the Code of Judicial Procedure, decisions and judgments on court costs, if the respondent has conceded the claim; (c) to decide on the staying of an action if the plaintiff has withdrawn the action and the respondent does not call for a decision in the case; (2) to decide on applications for divorce on the basis of section 25, subsection 1 of the Marriage Act (234/1929) if both spouses are domiciled in Finland. If the case to be decided by office personnel, as referred to in subsection 1, proves to be extensive, subject to interpretation or otherwise difficult to decide, the case shall be transferred for a decision of a notary or a legally trained judge at the district court. The chief judge of a district court may appoint in writing a member of the office personnel at the district court who has sufficient skills, to issue summons and certificates, to effect service of documents and to attend to other duties connected to the preparation, consideration or enforcement of administration of justice matters. Before taking such tasks the staff member must give an oath. (Courts Act, Chapter 19, Section 6).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Finland	EU median
Professional judges	20,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	39,8	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,9	3,1

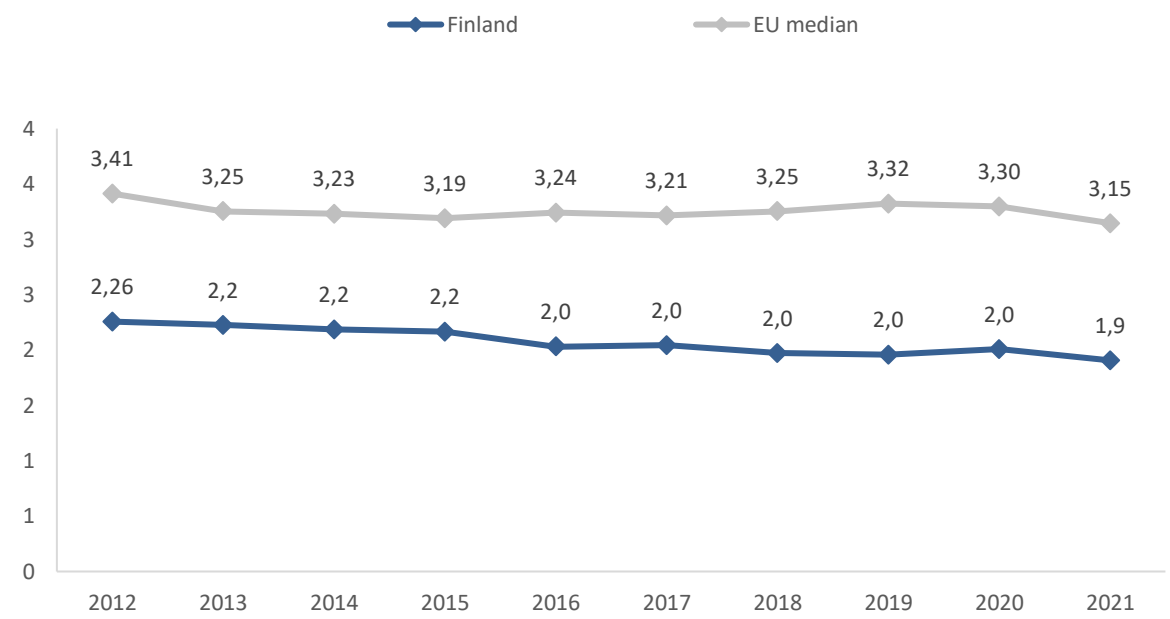
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Finland	Finland	Finland	EU median
2012	18,1	40,8	2,26	3,4
2013	18,1	40,3	2,2	3,3
2014	18,1	39,5	2,2	3,2
2015	18,1	39,1	2,2	3,2
2016	19,4	39,4	2,0	3,2
2017	19,0	38,8	2,0	3,2
2018	19,6	38,6	2,0	3,3
2019	19,7	38,5	2,0	3,3
2020	19,5	39,1	2,0	3,3
2021	20,9	39,8	1,9	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

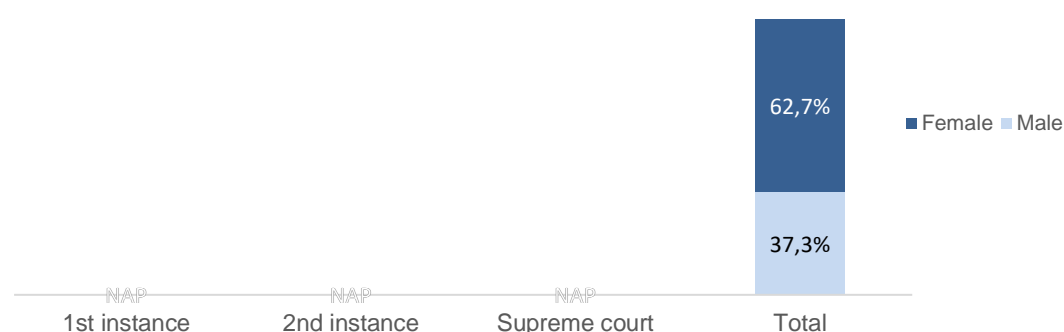


Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	424		158	266	37,3%	62,7%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 266, which represents 62,7% of the total number of prosecutors.

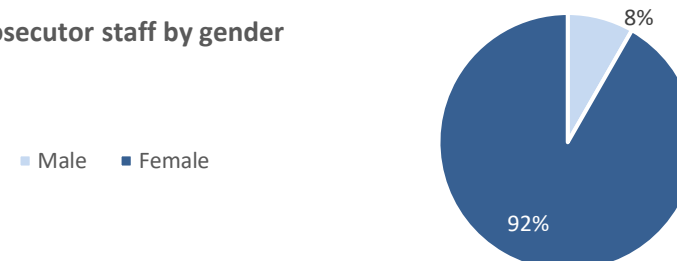
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Finland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, prosecutors in Finland are not bound on Court instances, and every prosecutor is expected to, in a normal situation, to handle and prosecute the criminal case all the way to the Supreme Court, if needed.

The National Prosecution Authority comprises the Office of the Prosecutor General that acts as the general administrative unit, and five prosecution districts: Southern Finland, Western Finland, Northern Finland, Eastern Finland and Åland. The National Prosecution Authority has 34 offices around Finland. The Prosecutor General is the supreme prosecutor and the head of the prosecution service. The Prosecutor General directs and develops prosecutorial activity by issuing general instructions and guidelines to the prosecutors. She/he also appoints district prosecutors. The Prosecutor General may take over a case from a prosecutor, but cannot order a prosecutor to decide the case in any given manner. She/he can also self-decide on the bringing of charges and designate a prosecutor to pursue the case in the courts. The Deputy Prosecutor General decides the matters in his/her competence on the same authority as the Prosecutor General. He/she also acts as a deputy for the Prosecutor General when necessary. For regular prosecutorial tasks, the Office of the Prosecutor General has state prosecutors whose jurisdiction covers the entire country. Most criminal matters (89 256 cases annually) are dealt with by the prosecution areas. The Office of the Prosecutor General deals mainly with criminal cases with wider significance to society as a whole, a few dozen every year.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	169	14	155

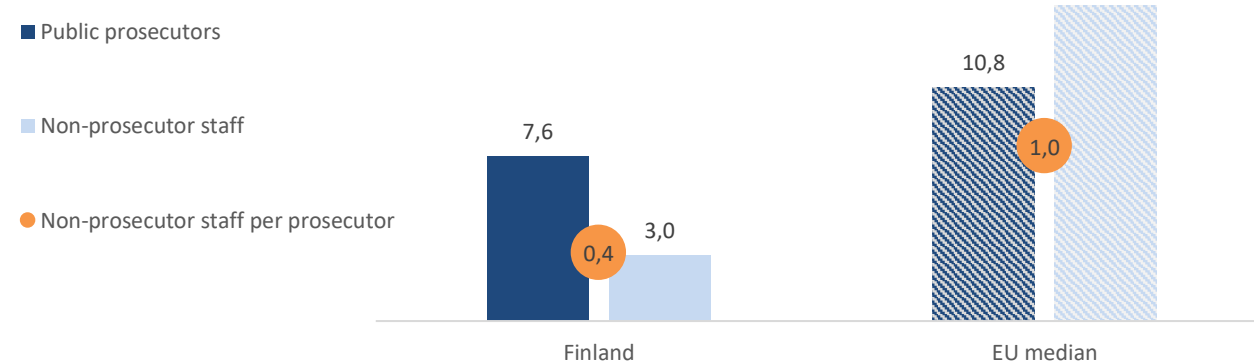
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

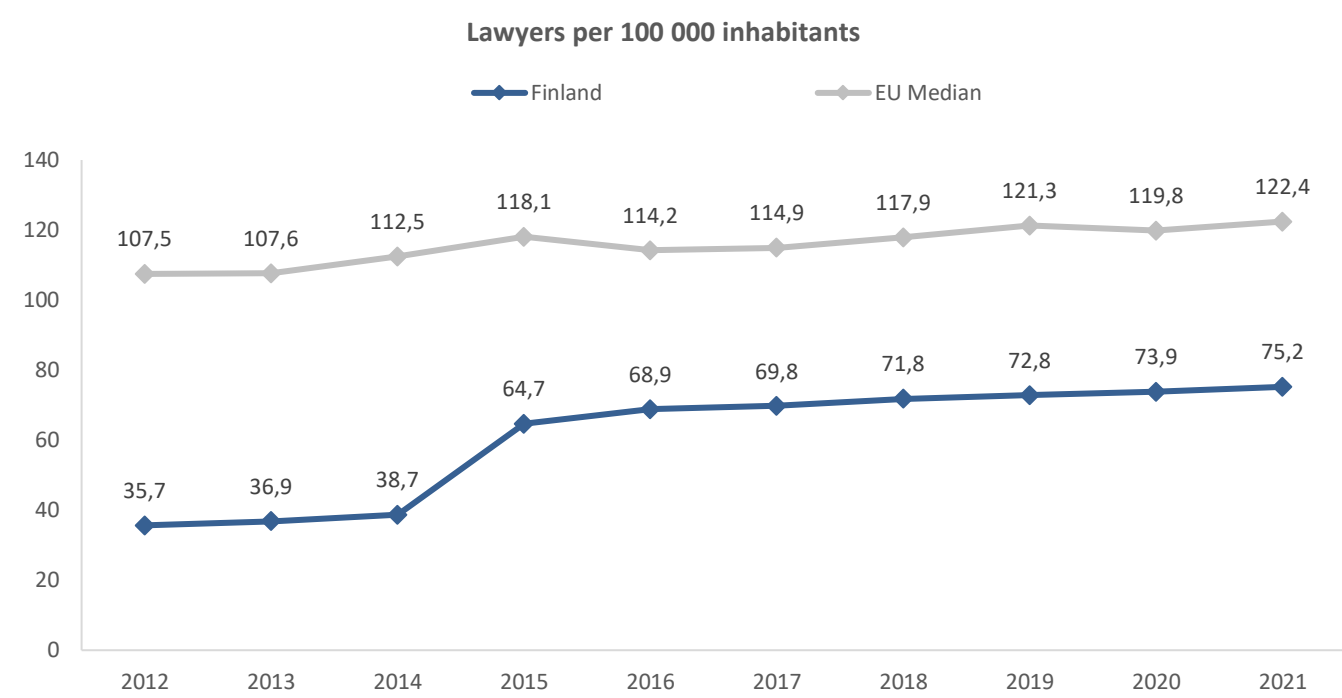
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Finland	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	3,0	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,4	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Finland	Finland	EU Median
2012	1 935	35,7	107,5
2013	2 009	36,9	107,6
2014	2 115	38,7	112,5
2015	3 550	64,7	118,1
2016	3 791	68,9	114,2
2017	3 846	69,8	114,9
2018	3 965	71,8	117,9
2019	4 022	72,8	121,3
2020	4 087	73,9	119,8
2021	4 173	75,2	122,4



In 2021, there are 4 173 lawyers, which is 2,1% more than in 2020.

It is not possible to carry out gender breakdown within the number of lawyers.

Finland has 75,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

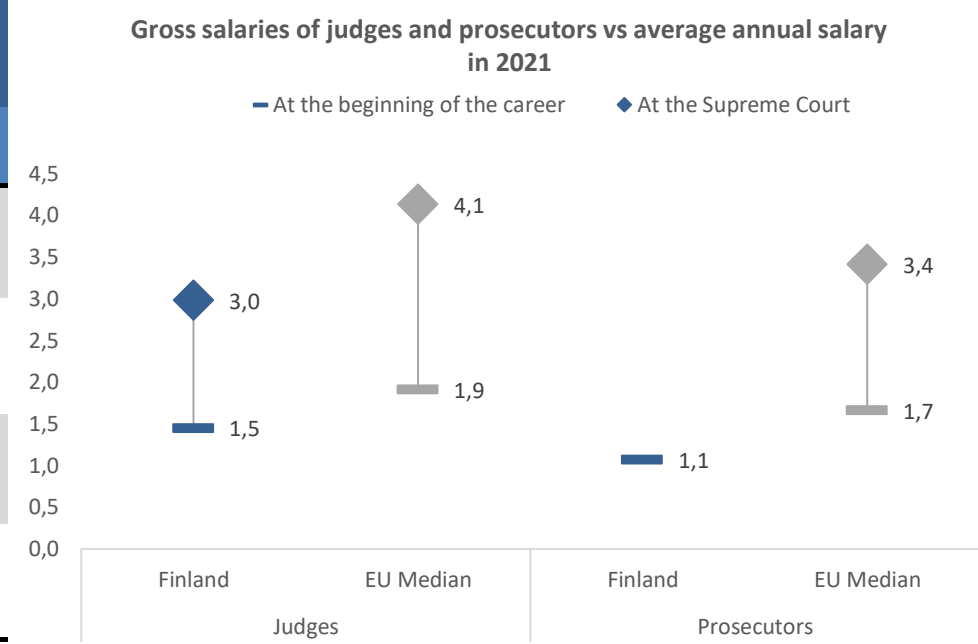
It is worth recalling that as of 2014, only attorneys-at-law, public legal aid lawyers and licenced legal counsels are allowed to represent a client in court. In addition, in-house lawyers can represent their company in court. Lawyers working for trade unions can represent a client in a district court and in the Labour Court in disputes regarding employment relationship. Lawyers working for public authorities can represent the public authority in court.

In order to qualify as an attorney-at-law, a lawyer needs to have at least four years of work experience and must pass the demanding three-part professional qualification test known as the bar examination. The titles of attorney-at-law and attorney's office are protected by law and can only be used by lawyers accepted into the Finnish Bar Association. Attorney's offices employ also associate lawyers, that is lawyers who are not yet members of the bar.

The total number of lawyers includes 2230 attorneys-at-law, 1738 licenced legal counsels and 205 public legal aid lawyers. These lawyers can represent a client in court. The title of attorney-at-law is protected by law and can only be used by lawyers accepted into the Finnish Bar Association. The total number of in-house lawyers, trade union lawyers and lawyers working for public authorities is not available.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Finland		Finland	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	68 900€	NA	1,5	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	141 720€	NA	3,0	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	50 880€	NA	1,1	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Finland of 68 900€ is quite above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,45 which is below the EU median of 1,91.

In Finland, there are several salary categories for judges. The salary depends also on the years of work experience. At the end of 2021 first instance judge is in a salary category T11 in which the gross salary is from 4847,68 €/month to 6301,98€/month depending on his/her experience. A permanent first instance judge has usually at least nine years of work experience which means the salary is 5918,33 €/month. In Finland, the taxation is progressive so the information on net salary varies from person to person and is not available.

Prosecutors in Finland are not bound on Court instances.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Finland (2021 data)

In Finland, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases ✓
- Other than criminal cases ✓

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases ✓
- Other than criminal cases ✓

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✓

> Other costs than above (Q19) ✓

The granting of legal aid exempts the recipient from liability for the enforcement fees pertaining to the judgment or the court order and any expenses payable in advance. All necessary costs of enforcement are covered from state funds, if they cannot be collected from the opposing party. (Legal Aid Act, Section 4(4)).

Moreover, the fees and compensations arising from the interpretation and translation services required in the consideration of the matter are waived for a recipient of legal aid. Compensation for a witness called by a party receiving legal aid is paid from the state funds. Other costs arising from presenting evidence by a party receiving legal aid are paid from the state funds if the evidence was necessary for deciding the case. If a party receiving legal aid, other than the defendant in a criminal case, has been summoned to the court in person, the compensation for the costs of appearing before the court are paid from the state funds. Legal aid can be granted for travel and lodging costs for the lawyer, as well as for the expenses of witnesses, expert witnesses included. A state-covered support person may be appointed to a victim of violent or sexual crimes, in addition to his/her legal representation.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

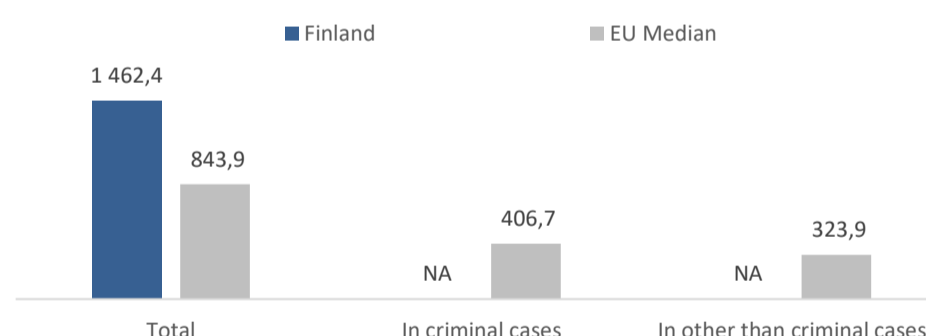
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	81 138	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted

- In criminal cases
- ▨ In other than criminal cases

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Finland	EU Median
Total	1 462,4	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Legal aid decisions are taken by the State Legal Aid Offices. Legal aid can be provided in respect of almost any sort of legal matter. In court cases the applicant has a choice of lawyers: (1) a public legal aid lawyer (working at the State Legal Aid Office) or (2) a private lawyer, who can be an advocate (member of the Finnish Bar Association) or a licensed lawyer (lawyer who has been granted a permit by the Licensed Lawyers Board to act as an licensed lawyer). In certain matters legal aid is only given by public legal aid lawyers.

At the moment, detailed data cannot be provided because the reporting system of the legal aid is currently being renewed.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Finland (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

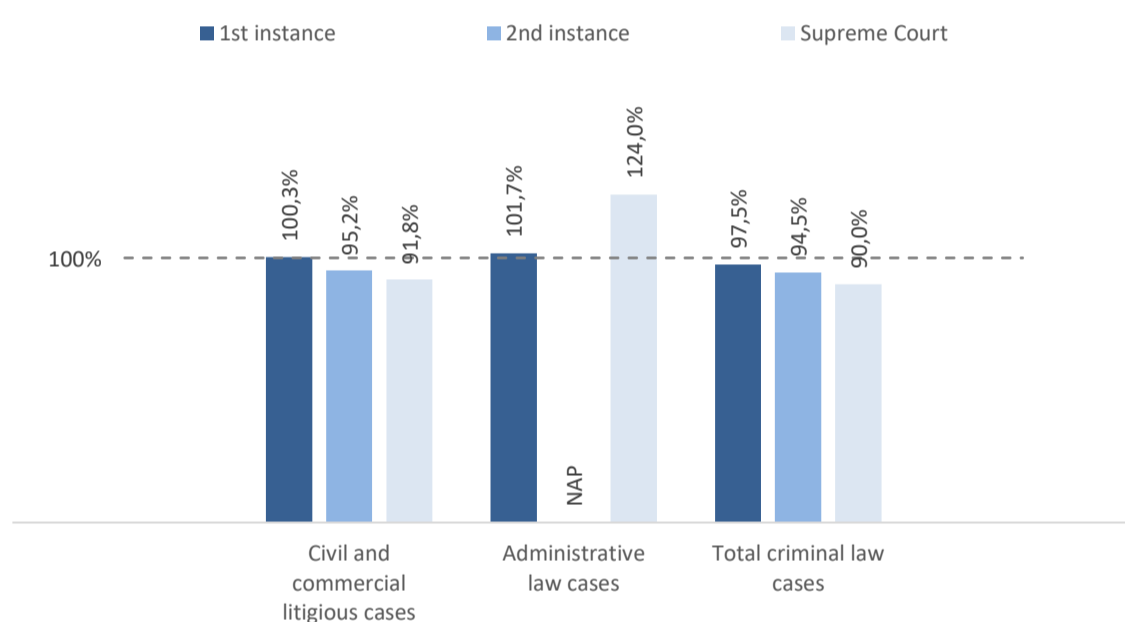
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

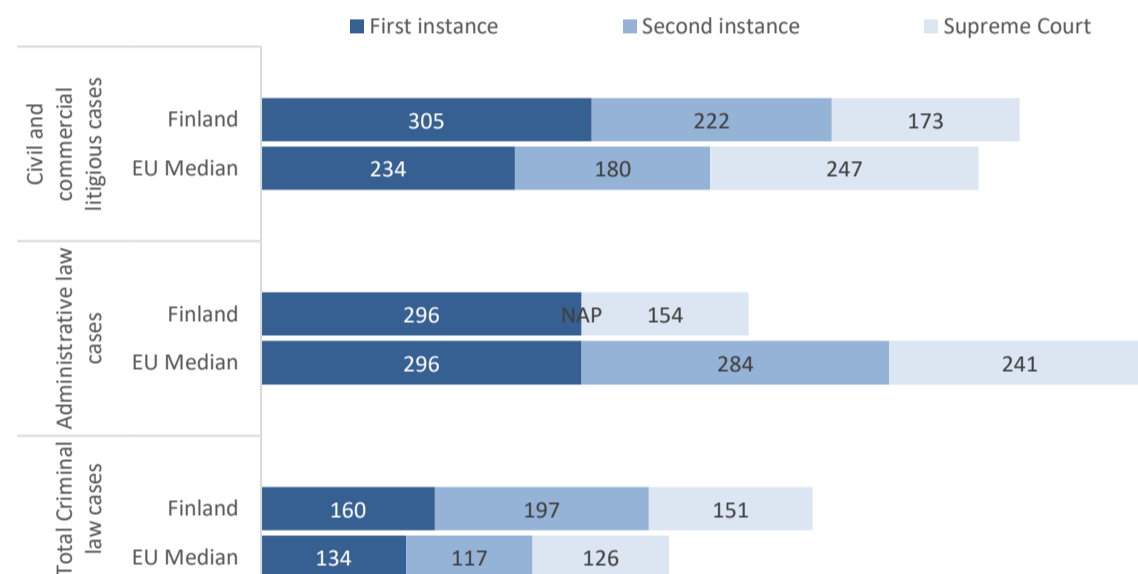
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	100,3%	102,5%	101,7%	101,7%	97,5%	100,0%
	2nd instance	95,2%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	94,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	91,8%	99,9%	124,0%	100,4%	90,0%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	305	234	296	296	160	134
	2nd instance	222	180	NAP	284	197	117
	Supreme Court	173	247	154	241	151	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In contrast with the EU trend, in 2021, the administrative proceedings (all instances combined) appear as the fastest in Finland. In fact, the Clearance Rate indicator in administrative matters is above the 100% threshold at all instances, while the Disposition Time indicator constitutes the EU median at first instance and is considerably below the EU median at last instance. One can notice that the number of incoming third instance administrative cases has been on the decline for the last years.

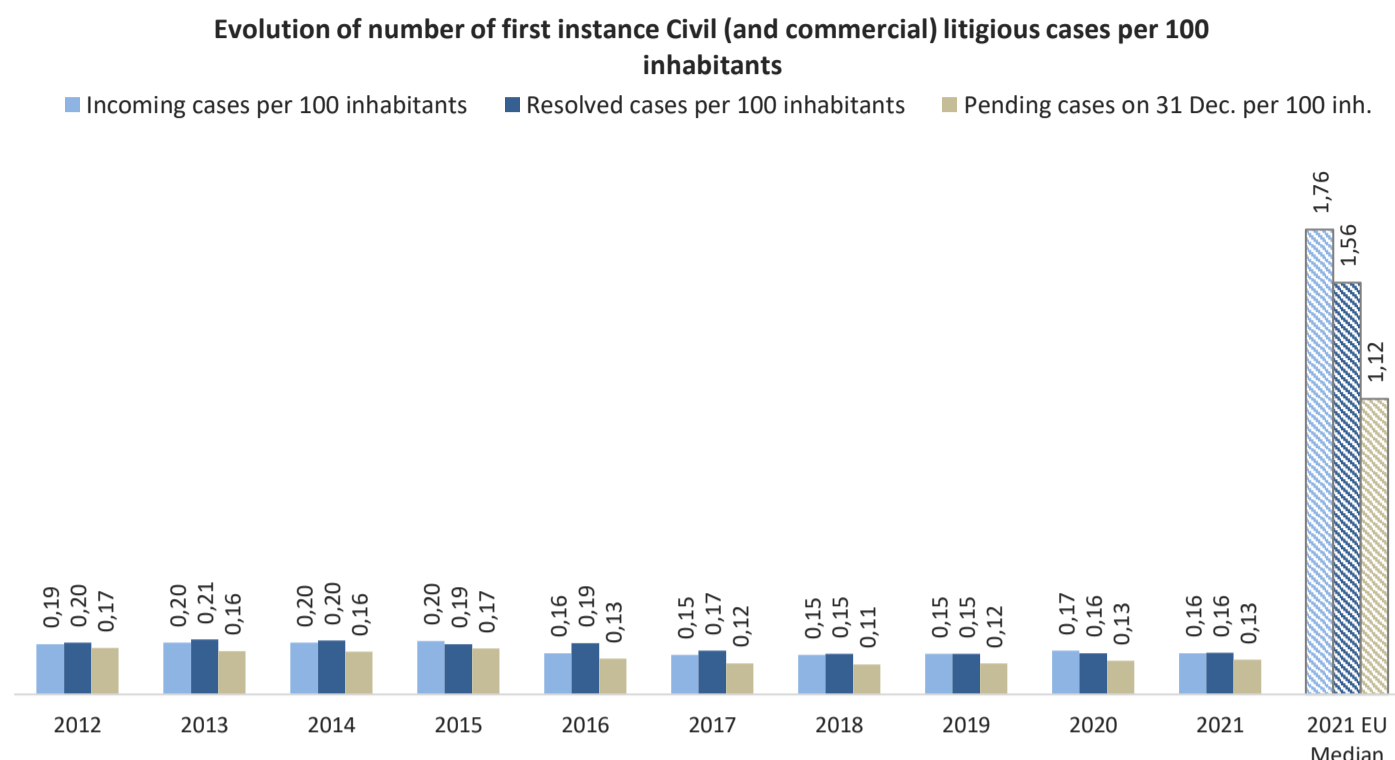
In 2021, courts prove to be more efficient in criminal matters than in civil litigious matters. However, in respect of criminal cases, the Clearance Rate indicator remains below the 100% threshold at all instances and the Disposition Time is above the EU median values also at all instances. The total length of proceedings in civil as well as in criminal matters is longer than the respective EU medians.

In civil matters, the situation is more nuanced. The Disposition Time is below the EU median only at the last instance, even though the Clearance Rate of the Supreme court is below the 100% in 2021. At first and second instance, the Disposition Time is higher than the EU values.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,19	0,20	0,17
2013	0,20	0,21	0,16
2014	0,20	0,20	0,16
2015	0,20	0,19	0,17
2016	0,16	0,19	0,13
2017	0,15	0,17	0,12
2018	0,15	0,15	0,11
2019	0,15	0,15	0,12
2020	0,17	0,16	0,13
2021	0,16	0,16	0,13
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



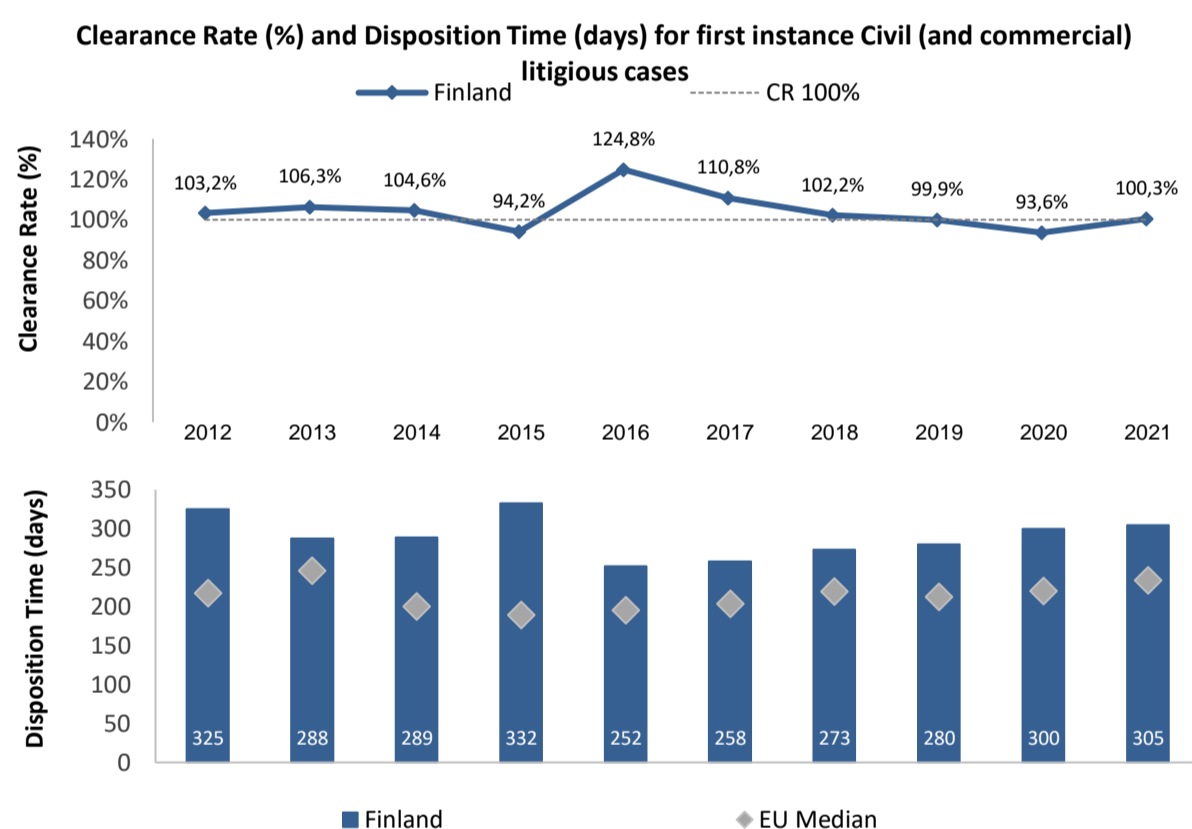
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Finland (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Finland (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of civil (and commercial) litigious pending cases at the end of 2021 in Finland (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
2012	103,2%	100,4%	325	218
2013	106,3%	101,2%	288	247
2014	104,6%	101,8%	289	201
2015	94,2%	102,3%	332	190
2016	124,8%	102,0%	252	196
2017	110,8%	101,3%	258	204
2018	102,2%	101,2%	273	220
2019	99,9%	99,9%	280	213
2020	93,6%	98,5%	300	221
2021	100,3%	102,5%	305	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2021 Finland seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,7 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 305 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 234 days.

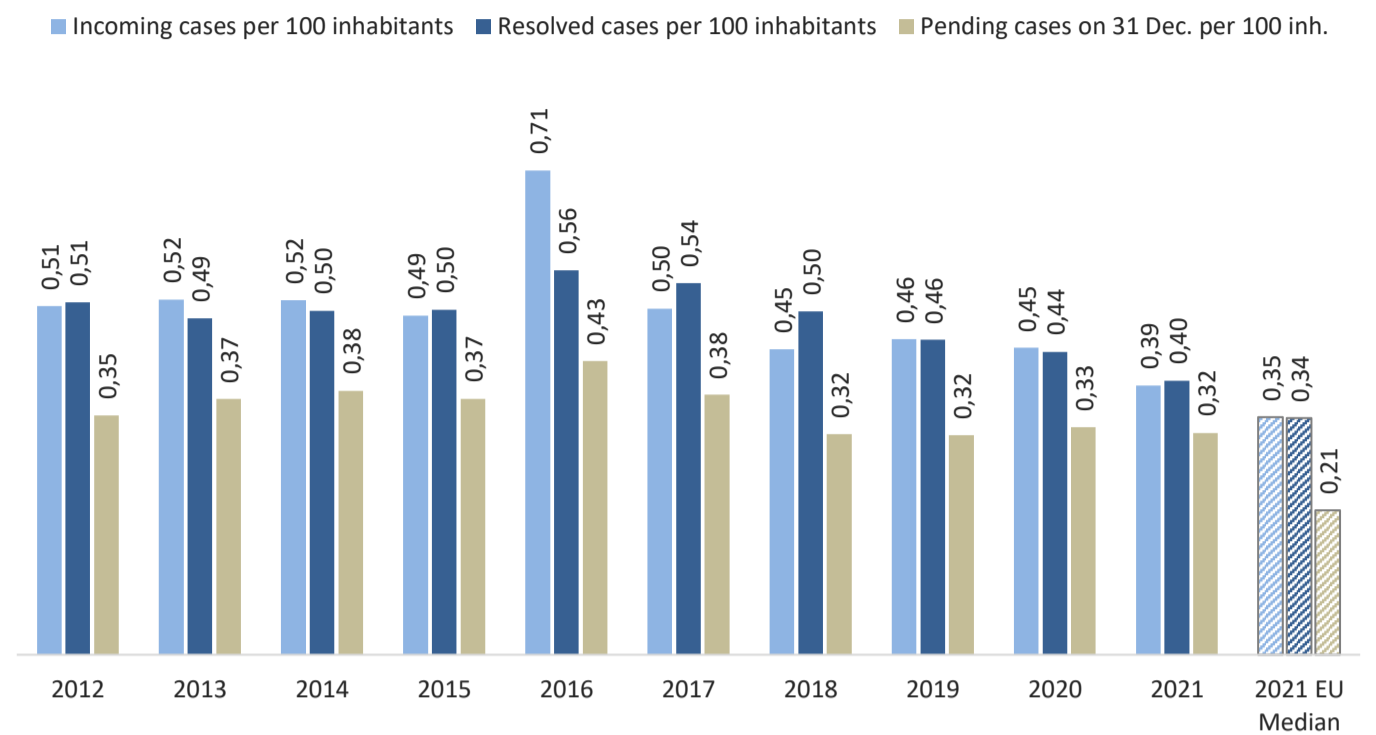
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 1,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,51	0,51	0,35
2013	0,52	0,49	0,37
2014	0,52	0,50	0,38
2015	0,49	0,50	0,37
2016	0,71	0,56	0,43
2017	0,50	0,54	0,38
2018	0,45	0,50	0,32
2019	0,46	0,46	0,32
2020	0,45	0,44	0,33
2021	0,39	0,40	0,32
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Finland (0,39 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

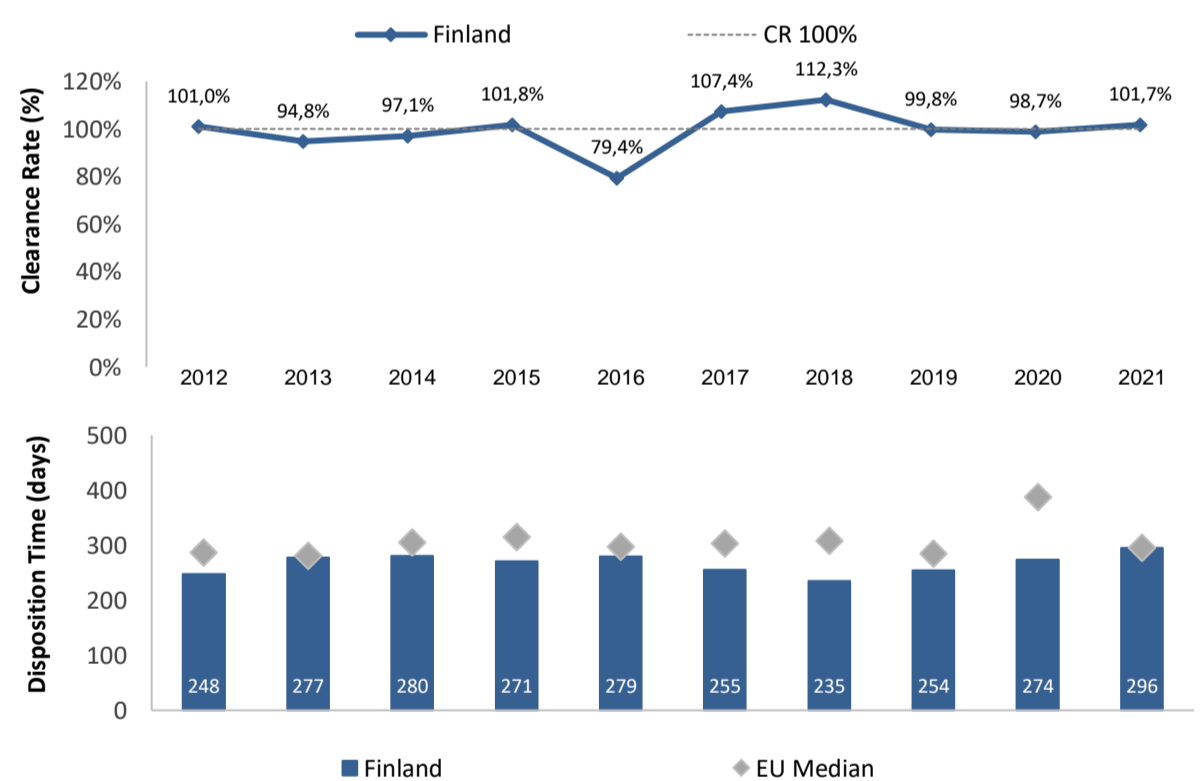
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Finland (0,40 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Finland (0,32 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
2012	101,0%	101,0%	248	286
2013	94,8%	100,3%	277	281
2014	97,1%	99,6%	280	305
2015	101,8%	103,7%	271	315
2016	79,4%	103,0%	279	297
2017	107,4%	102,1%	255	303
2018	112,3%	99,7%	235	308
2019	99,8%	102,1%	254	284
2020	98,7%	100,1%	274	388
2021	101,7%	101,7%	296	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,7% in 2021 Finland seems to be able to deal with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,0 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 296 days, which corresponds to the EU median.

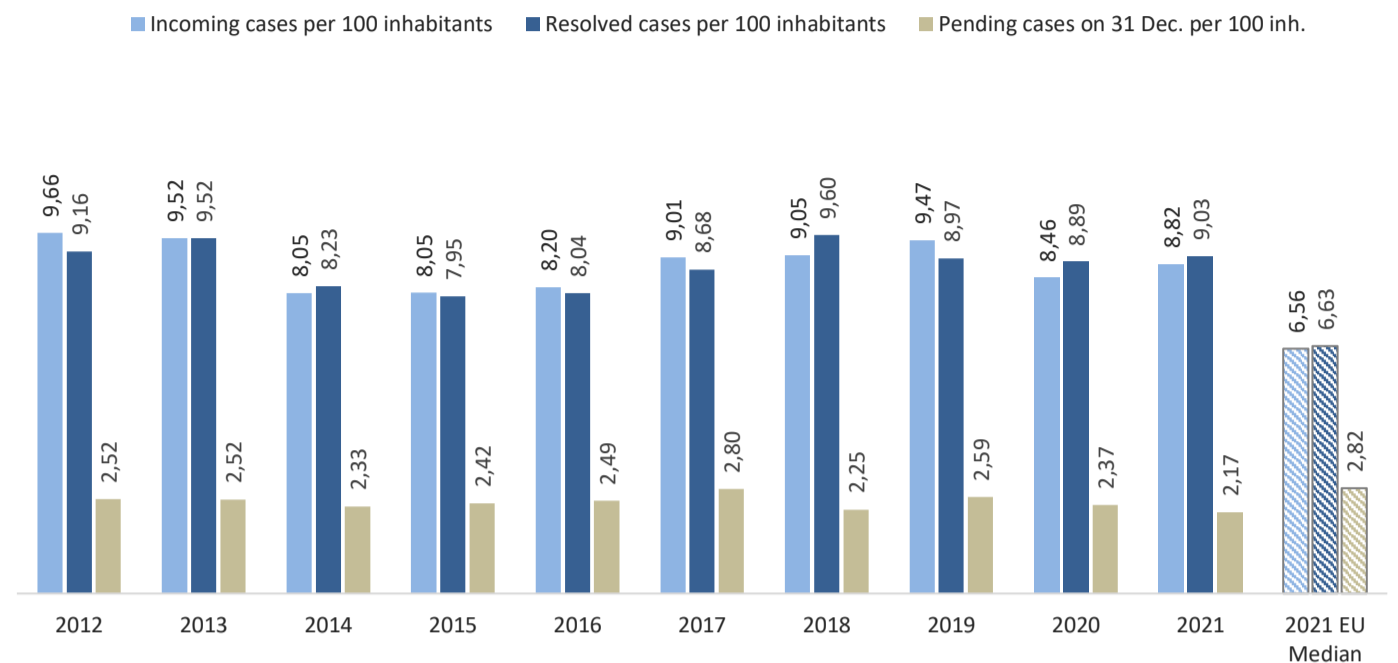
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 7,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	9,66	9,16	2,52
2013	9,52	9,52	2,52
2014	8,05	8,23	2,33
2015	8,05	7,95	2,42
2016	8,20	8,04	2,49
2017	9,01	8,68	2,80
2018	9,05	9,60	2,25
2019	9,47	8,97	2,59
2020	8,46	8,89	2,37
2021	8,82	9,03	2,17
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Finland (8,82 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

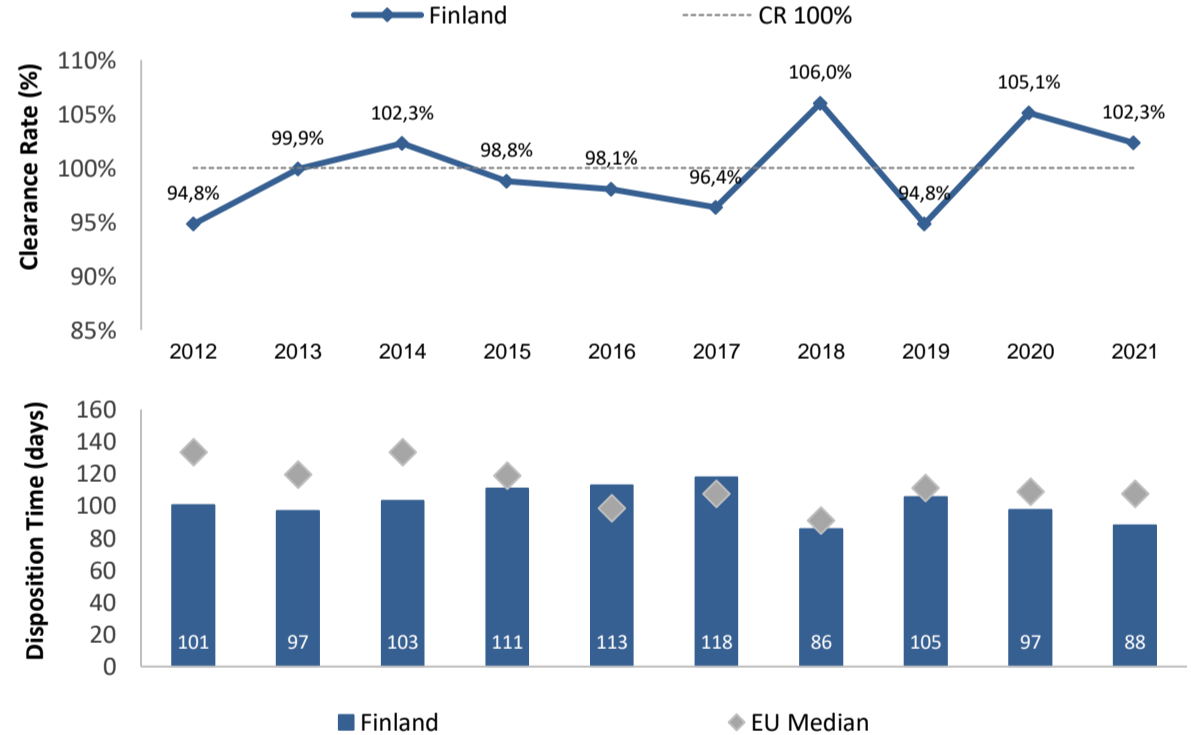
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Finland (9,03 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Finland (2,17 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
2012	94,8%	100,5%	101	133
2013	99,9%	100,7%	97	119
2014	102,3%	101,9%	103	133
2015	98,8%	101,0%	111	119
2016	98,1%	101,5%	113	98
2017	96,4%	100,6%	118	107
2018	106,0%	100,6%	86	91
2019	94,8%	99,8%	105	111
2020	105,1%	98,7%	97	109
2021	102,3%	101,2%	88	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,3% in 2021 Finland seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,8 points.

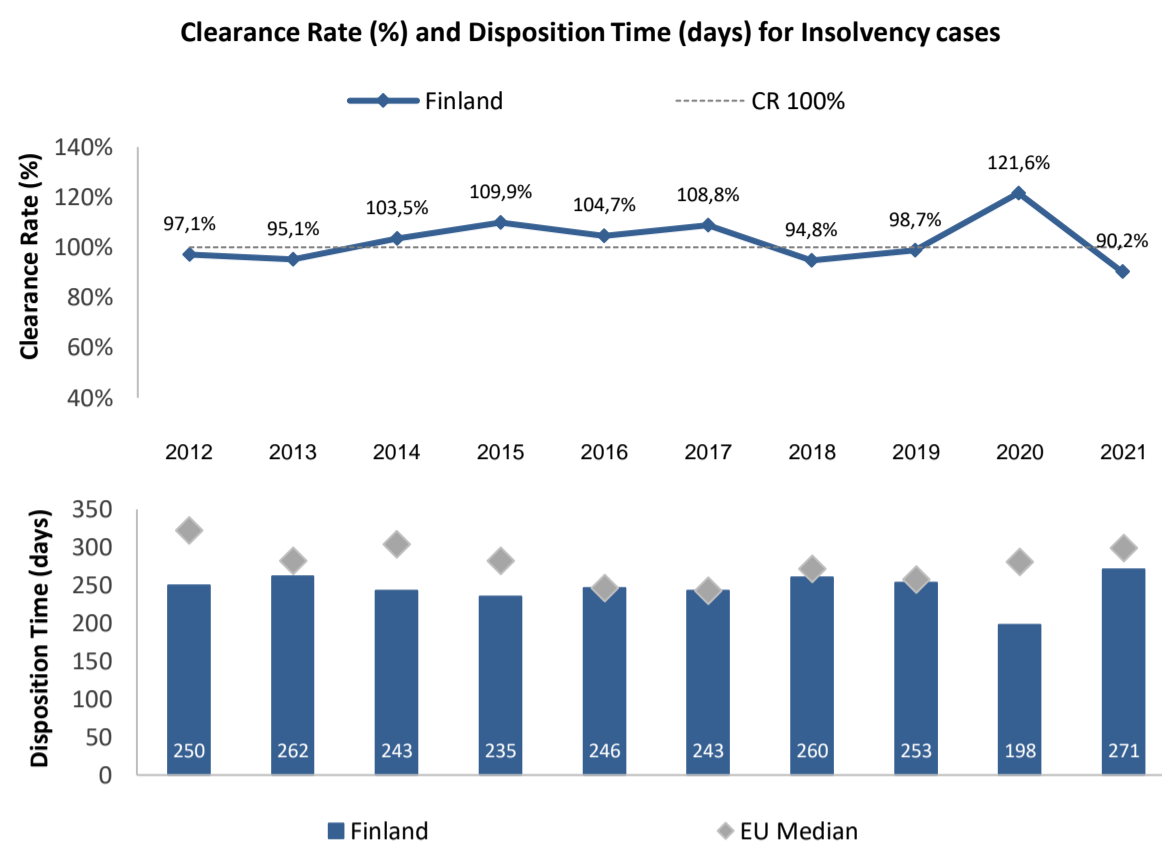
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 88 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -10,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
2012	97,1%	95,0%	250	323
2013	95,1%	89,6%	262	282
2014	103,5%	96,9%	243	304
2015	109,9%	104,5%	235	282
2016	104,7%	102,0%	246	246
2017	108,8%	103,6%	243	243
2018	94,8%	101,5%	260	271
2019	98,7%	101,2%	253	258
2020	121,6%	109,7%	198	281
2021	90,2%	103,3%	271	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 90,2% in 2021 Finland seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -31,4 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 271 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 299 days.

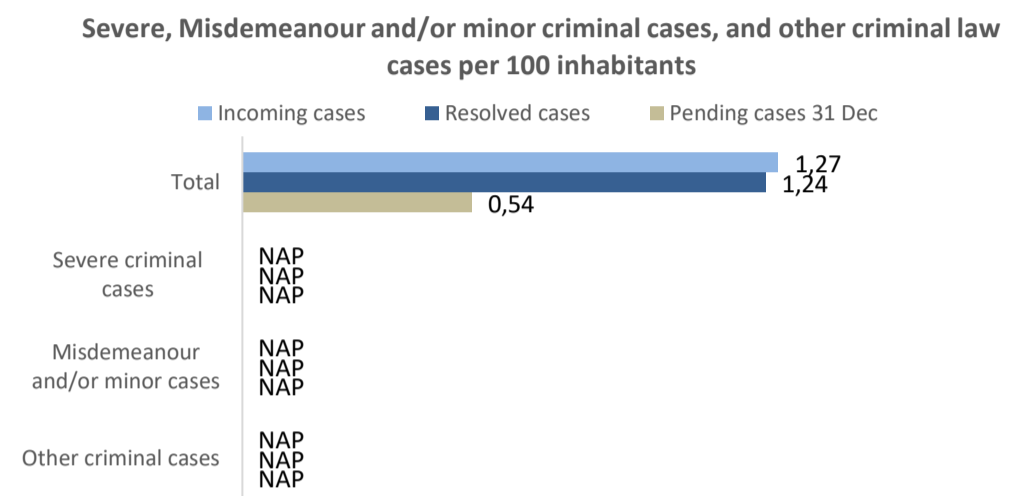
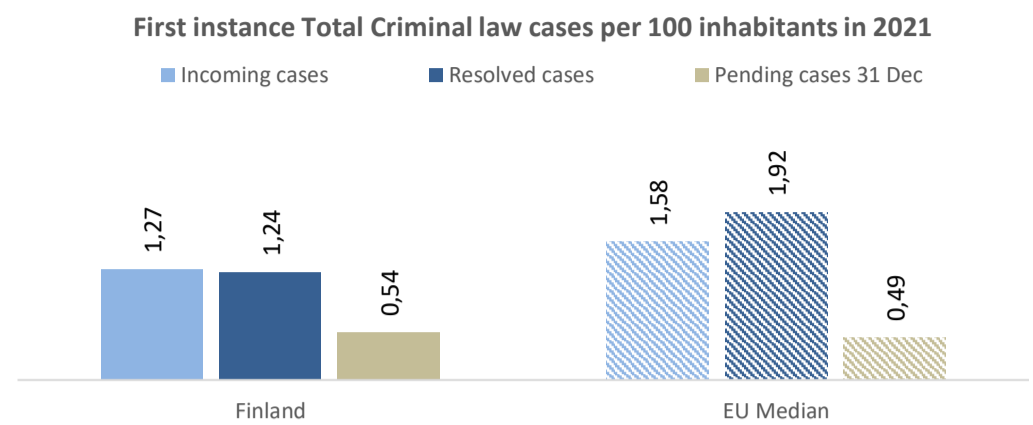
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 37,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	28 360	70 375	68 638	30 097
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,51	1,27	1,24	0,54
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Finland (1,27 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

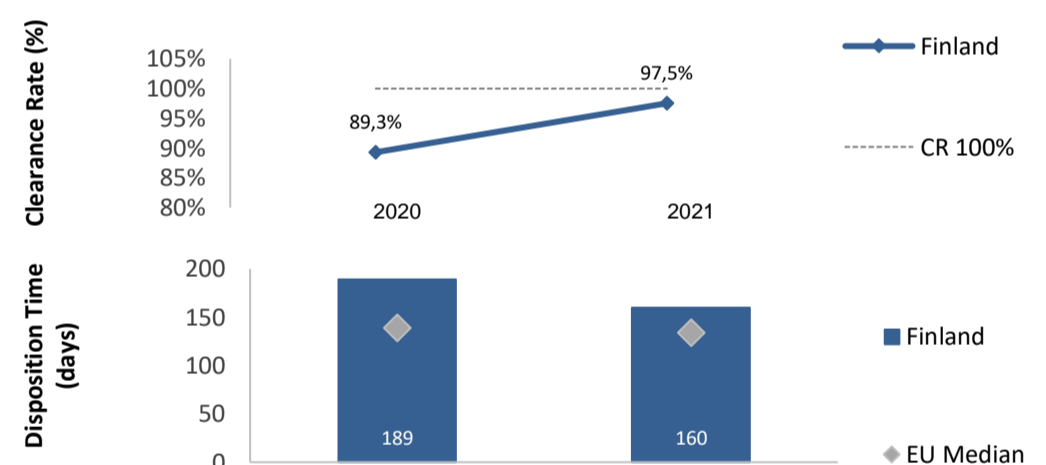
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Finland (1,24 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Finland (0,54 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Finland	EU Median	Finland	EU Median
2020	89,3%	95,2%	189	139
2021	97,5%	100,0%	160	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,5% in 2021 Finland seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 8,2 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 160 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -15,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Finland, the cases are not statistically categorised in severe criminal cases and misdemeanour and / or minor cases.

It is noteworthy that for the first time, military court cases and coercive measures are included in the numbers.

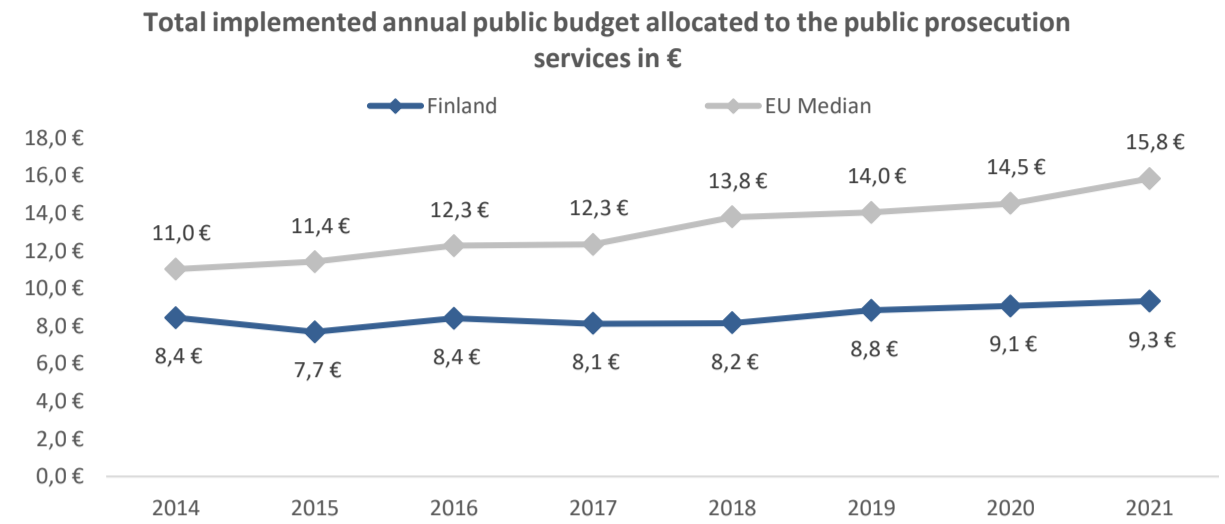
"Coercive measures": these are cases that are dealt separately from a criminal case and therefore get their own case ID-number. They include telecommunications interception and electronic surveillance, confiscation, detention on remand, detention of an alien, travel ban and other coercive measures, restraint on alienation [hukkaamiskielto] and confiscation for security. When a coercive measure is dealt within an ongoing case it does not get its own case ID-number and is not counted as a separate case.

"Military trials" deal with cases of military offences (e.g. service offences, sentry offences, absence from duty offences, obedience offences, offences by a superior officer). In addition, certain crimes against soldiers are military offences as are some criminal offences stipulated in Conscription Act (Chapter 45 of the Criminal Code). The "military trial" is a case dealt with by the district courts (excluding the district court of Åland), the Court of appeal of Helsinki and the Supreme court. In a district court the case is dealt with by a judge (as a chair) and two military members. Because of this different composition of the panel, it is referred to as "military court" even though it is a composition of the district court. Similarly, the panel in the Court of appeal and the Supreme court includes two military members.

5. Public prosecution services in Finland (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Finland	Finland	EU Median
2014	46 223 000 €	8,4 €	11,0 €
2015	42 200 000 €	7,7 €	11,4 €
2016	46 243 000 €	8,4 €	12,3 €
2017	44 800 000 €	8,1 €	12,3 €
2018	45 042 000 €	8,2 €	13,8 €
2019	48 848 000 €	8,8 €	14,0 €
2020	50 210 000 €	9,1 €	14,5 €
2021	51 760 000 €	9,3 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Finland	Finland	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	586 128 €	0,106 €	0,029 €
2020	379 043 €	0,068 €	0,011 €
2021	407 595 €	0,073 €	0,022 €

Concerning the annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services, in 2021 the total amount used for training was 407 595 euro. The latter comprises: 261 683 euro for salaries related to trainings (+ plus pensions etc. payments); 29 328 euro of travel expenses (excluding VAT), 73 230 euro for purchasing different course and conference services, and 43 354 euro used for training by the Office of the Prosecutor General.

The annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services increased only slightly since the particular year of the pandemic. In fact, in 2021, the Prosecution Authority had a recommendation on remote work in force and also most of the trainings were organized remotely.

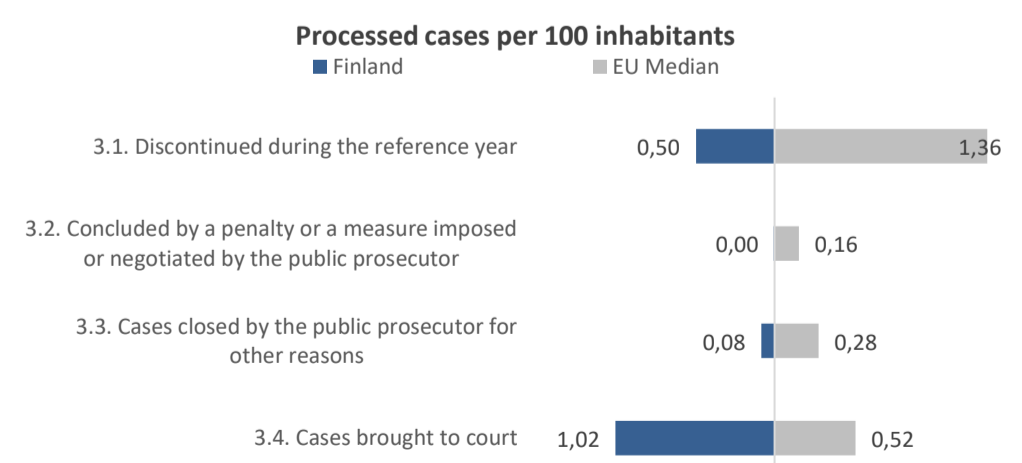
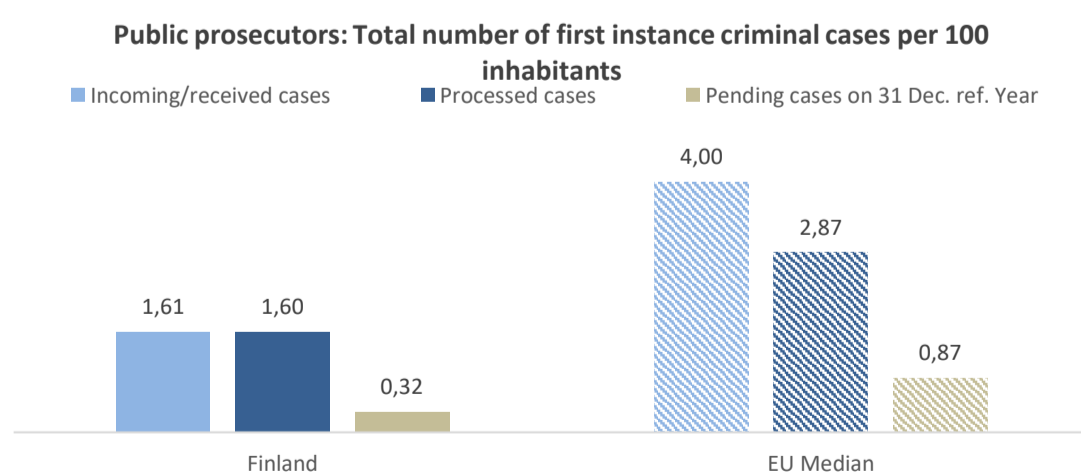
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Finland	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Finland	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	17 725	▲ 26,7%		0,32	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	89 256	▼ -2,2%		1,61	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	88 979	▲ 1,7%		1,60	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	27 916	▲ 7,8%		0,50	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP		NAP	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	136	▼ -65,0%		0,00	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	15 904	▼ -5,4%		0,29	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	11 876	▲ 36,7%		0,21	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	16	▲ 33,3%		0,00	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	4 683	▼ -4,8%		0,08	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	56 364	▼ -0,6%		1,02	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	18 002	▲ 1,7%		0,32	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The category "cases concluded by a penalty" does not include notice cases of summary fines. The number of summary fines in 2021 was 34 306.

The category "cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons" refers to internal transfers of cases between prosecution districts, joining of cases and technical decisions.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Finland (2021 data)

Number of mediators

In Finland there is no accreditation or a register for court-related mediators, all mediators being trained in a special training program for mediation.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	2 219	2 319	1 493
Civil and commercial	801	1 005	561
Family cases	1 242	1 132	818
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	176	182	114
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Given that consumer cases are not statistically specified, cases in which consumers are involved are included in the number of civil and commercial cases.

7. ICT tools of courts in Finland (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	not available	not available	not available	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	No	
Other	NA	NA	NA	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	No
Prosecutors	50-99%	Yes	Yes	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	Yes	Yes	No

There is a system for collecting data on handling cases and this is deployed to all courts. In administrative courts Power BI software is compatible with the new case management system, HAIPA. During the transition period, the administrative courts also use the Business Objects Board software (BOBI) for cases still pending in the old case management system.

The general courts are also transitioning to a new case management system, AIPA. However, the number of cases in the new system was much lower than in the administrative courts. Similarly, during the transition period, the general courts also use the Business Objects Board software (BOBI) for the cases still pending in the old case management system.

Due to data protection, only the court where the judge / staff member works, looks at the data related to an individual. The heads of courts are able to follow the number of cases resolved by the judge. Often, these data are not used on detailed/short term manner.

Rather, they may be used at a court level (for example in budget negotiations) and as a long term indicator, or in case of a sudden and radical change in judges output (but even then not as a tool for disciplinary measure). In addition, a tool for reporting the working hours is 'deployed' within courts 100% in the sense that it is available and accessible. We estimated the use to correspond to '50-99%'.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Finland (2021 data)

In Finland, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

There are quality projects covering both civil and criminal cases in the Court of Appeal of Rovaniemi judicial district and in the Helsinki Court of Appeal judicial district. In a quality project, one or several working groups are set up usually for a year. There are judges from each district court within the judicial district of a court of appeal and court of appeal judges and referendaries in the working group. Depending on the topic, prosecutors, attorneys-at-law and other lawyers, public legal aid lawyers and police may also participate in the working group's work. The working group writes a report on a specific theme, for example developing conduct of the court proceedings or legal costs in criminal and civil cases. The written report is presented and discussed in a formal event and published. The aim is to provide legal professionals with practical information and guidelines on a certain topic.

In addition, there are co-operation projects between administrative courts.

Prosecution Services' system quality improvement project is underway.

The Finnish Association of Judges compiled and published Ethical Principles for Judges in 2012.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✔	Other	✘

All courts keep statistics of the mentioned court activities in the operational case management systems. The National Courts Administration can access these figures through a reporting system.

In Finland, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

During the annual budget negotiations the performance of each court is evaluated. However, the general performance of the courts as a whole (for example Disposition Times) is monitored more frequently.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✔	Other	✘

It is worth mentioning that there are only performance and not quality indicators.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

Concerning the "Backlogs" indicator, cases that have been pending for longer than a year are monitored.

In Finland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The prosecution services are evaluated twice a year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	5 513 130	5 521 773	5 525 292	5 533 793	5 548 241	2,2%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	35 571	37 018	37 559	38 162	38 959	40 612	42 340	43 567	42 701	43 483	22,2%	1,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									True	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	-		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	-		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	-		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	20	20	20	20	-25,9%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	11	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-18,2%	0,0%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.10 Administrative courts	8	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	-25,0%	0,0%	
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	45	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	82	78	81	79	73	73	71	52	52	52	-36,6%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	109 588	137 004	137 261	127 125	128 042	136 237	154 229	115 918	155 291	131 983	20,4%	-15,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 829	9 600	9 321	8 883	9 530	7 358	6 487	6 451	6 497	7 290	-25,8%	12,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	125 526	101 762	-	-18,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	75 446	103 192	102 233	91 790	97 217	100 644	121 848	86 233	125 526	101 762	34,9%	-18,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	19 203	18 849	20 233	20 955	15 553	22 940	20 765	17 620	18 029	18 324	-4,6%	1,6%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 110	5 363	5 474	5 497	5 742	5 295	5 129	5 614	5 242	4 607	-9,8%	-12,1%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	524 352	519 154	440 553	441 823	451 430	496 472	499 995	522 977	467 946	489 605	-6,6%	4,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 320	10 644	10 677	11 108	8 587	8 259	8 244	8 448	9 201	8 666	-16,0%	-5,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	425 171	450 037	-	5,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	476 764	470 137	391 260	393 554	393 960	450 958	457 303	480 320	425 171	450 037	-5,6%	5,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	27 579	28 214	28 254	27 112	38 831	27 817	24 593	25 396	24 743	21 782	-21,0%	-12,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 689	10 159	10 362	10 049	10 052	9 438	9 855	8 813	8 831	9 120	-5,9%	3,3%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	497 063	518 725	450 486	436 443	442 641	478 438	529 974	495 812	491 856	501 069	0,8%	1,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 653	11 319	11 164	10 463	10 718	9 152	8 427	8 436	8 616	8 695	-18,4%	0,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	449 309	461 131	-	2,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	449 101	470 722	401 590	388 228	390 607	429 811	484 490	452 792	449 309	461 131	2,7%	2,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	27 852	26 745	27 429	27 595	30 815	29 878	27 608	25 348	24 432	22 161	-20,4%	-9,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 457	9 939	10 303	10 157	10 501	9 597	9 449	9 236	9 499	9 082	-4,0%	-4,4%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	136 877	137 433	127 328	132 586	136 831	154 271	124 250	143 083	131 384	120 519	-12,0%	-8,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 496	8 925	8 834	9 528	7 399	6 465	6 304	6 463	7 082	7 261	-23,5%	2,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	101 388	90 668	-	-10,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103 109	102 607	91 903	97 116	100 570	121 791	94 661	113 761	101 388	90 668	-12,1%	-10,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	18 930	20 318	21 058	20 475	23 569	20 879	17 750	17 668	18 340	17 945	-5,2%	-2,2%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 342	5 583	5 533	5 467	5 293	5 136	5 535	5 191	4 574	4 645	-13,0%	1,6%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,8%	99,9%	102,3%	98,8%	98,1%	96,4%	106,0%	94,8%	105,1%	102,3%	7,55	(2,77)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,2%	106,3%	104,6%	94,2%	124,8%	110,8%	102,2%	99,9%	93,6%	100,3%	(2,89)	6,69
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	105,7%	102,5%	-	(3,21)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94,2%	100,1%	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	95,3%	105,9%	94,3%	105,7%	102,5%	8,27	(3,21)

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,0%	94,8%	97,1%	101,8%	79,4%	107,4%	112,3%	99,8%	98,7%	101,7%	0,75	3,00
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,6%	97,8%	99,4%	101,1%	104,5%	101,7%	95,9%	104,8%	107,6%	99,6%	1,98	(7,98)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	101	97	103	111	113	118	86	105	97	88	-12,7%	-10,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	325	288	289	332	252	258	273	280	300	305	-6,3%	1,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	84	91	94	103	71	92	82	72	-	-12,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	84	80	84	91	94	103	71	92	82	72	-14,4%	-12,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	248	277	280	271	279	255	235	254	274	296	19,1%	7,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206	205	196	196	184	195	214	205	176	187	-9,5%	6,2%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	11 706	12 203	12 127	12 326	12 384	11 255	11 444	11 999	12 069	11 428	-2,4%	-5,3%
---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	-------	-------

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	559	509	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	480	479	-14,3%	-0,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	2 135	2 251	2 439	2 326	2 050	1 936	1 745	1 946	2 031	1 556	-27,1%	-23,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	366	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	19	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	17 075	18 185	18 542	18 579	17 023	17 648	18 001	17 553	17 058	15 230	-10,8%	-10,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	577	638	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	452	413	-28,4%	-8,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 359	3 553	3 372	2 882	2 725	2 384	2 801	2 894	2 321	2 724	-18,9%	17,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	485	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	57	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	17 696	18 262	18 325	18 545	18 145	17 458	17 579	19 042	17 593	16 397	-7,3%	-6,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	647	601	658	666	662	557	529	505	463	450	-30,4%	-2,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 261	3 379	3 489	3 168	2 852	2 593	2 654	2 857	2 823	2 457	-24,7%	-13,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	415	491	-	18,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	59	-	96,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	11 085	12 126	12 344	12 360	11 262	11 445	11 866	10 510	11 534	10 261	-7,4%	-11,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	489	546	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	469	442	-9,6%	-5,8%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	2 233	2 425	2 322	2 040	1 923	1 727	1 892	1 983	1 529	1 823	-18,4%	19,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	360	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	17	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	103,6%	100,4%	98,8%	99,8%	106,6%	98,9%	97,7%	108,5%	103,1%	107,7%	4,03	4,53
CR Employment dismissal cases	112,1%	94,2%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,4%	109,0%	(3,17)	6,53
CR Insolvency cases	97,1%	95,1%	103,5%	109,9%	104,7%	108,8%	94,8%	98,7%	121,6%	90,2%	(6,88)	(31,43)
DT Litigious divorce cases	229	242	246	243	227	239	246	201	239	228	-0,1%	-4,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	276	332	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	370	359	30,0%	-3,0%
DT Insolvency cases	250	262	243	235	246	243	260	253	198	271	8,4%	37,0%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 843	1 913	1 912	1 363	1 456	1 288	1 395	1 285	-	-7,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	1 651	1 606	1 161	1 267	1 120	1 181	1 102	-	-6,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			240	206	252	162	138	117	177	132	-	-25,4%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			240	206	252	162	138	117	177	132	-	-25,4%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			64	56	54	40	51	51	37	51	-	37,8%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 835	3 780	3 069	2 894	2 739	2 801	2 493	2 652	-	6,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 806	2 376	2 281	2 163	2 187	1 833	2 078	-	13,4%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			828	914	651	562	529	569	581	518	-	-10,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			828	914	651	562	529	569	581	518	-	-10,8%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			54	60	42	51	47	45	79	56	-	-29,1%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 763	3 779	3 618	2 804	2 905	2 698	2 604	2 547	-	-2,2%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 848	2 821	2 176	2 310	2 117	1 914	1 979	-	3,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			861	869	741	586	550	523	625	506	-	-19,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			861	869	741	586	550	523	625	506	-	-19,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			62	62	56	42	45	58	65	62	-	-4,6%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 915	1 914	1 363	1 453	1 290	1 391	1 284	1 390	-	8,3%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	1 609	1 161	1 266	1 120	1 190	1 100	1 201	-	9,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			207	251	162	138	117	163	133	144	-	8,3%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			207	251	162	138	117	163	133	144	-	8,3%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			56	54	40	49	53	38	51	45	-	-11,8%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			98,1%	100,0%	117,9%	96,9%	106,1%	96,3%	104,5%	96,0%	-	(8,41)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	101,5%	118,7%	95,4%	106,8%	96,8%	104,4%	95,2%	-	(9,18)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	107,6%	97,7%	-	(9,89)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	104,3%	104,0%	91,9%	107,6%	97,7%	-	(9,89)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			114,8%	103,3%	133,3%	82,4%	95,7%	128,9%	82,3%	110,7%	-	28,44
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			186	185	138	189	162	188	180	199	-	10,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	206	150	212	177	205	210	222	-	5,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			88	105	80	86	78	114	78	104	-	33,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			88	105	80	86	78	114	78	104	-	33,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			330	318	261	426	430	239	286	265	-	-7,5%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 536	4 519	4 746	4 012	3 648	3 791	3 758	3 543	-	-5,7%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			510	579	549	482	359	292	314	259	-	-17,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			3 719	3 625	3 916	3 294	3 057	3 337	3 312	3 129	-	-5,5%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			307	315	281	236	232	162	132	155	-	17,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 747	5 720	6 195	7 736	7 321	7 177	6 188	5 143	-	-16,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 013	884	999	862	767	725	683	733	-	7,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			4 201	4 319	4 785	6 411	6 199	6 113	5 204	4 099	-	-21,2%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			533	517	411	463	355	339	301	311	-	3,3%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 741	5 475	6 905	8 094	7 155	7 215	6 383	6 048	-	-5,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			944	914	1 066	988	829	703	740	673	-	-9,1%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			4 272	4 012	5 382	6 638	5 902	6 138	5 365	5 083	-	-5,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			525	549	457	468	424	374	278	292	-	5,0%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 542	4 764	4 036	3 654	3 814	3 753	3 563	2 638	-	-26,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			579	549	482	356	297	314	257	319	-	24,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 648	3 932	3 319	3 067	3 354	3 312	3 151	2 145	-	-31,9%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			315	283	235	231	163	127	155	174	-	12,3%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,9%	95,7%	111,5%	104,6%	97,7%	100,5%	103,2%	117,6%	-	14,45
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,2%	103,4%	106,7%	114,6%	108,1%	97,0%	108,3%	91,8%	-	(16,53)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,7%	92,9%	112,5%	103,5%	95,2%	100,4%	103,1%	124,0%	-	20,91
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			98,5%	106,2%	111,2%	101,1%	119,4%	110,3%	92,4%	93,9%	-	1,53
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			289	318	213	165	195	190	204	159	-	-21,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			224	219	165	132	131	163	127	173	-	36,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			312	358	225	169	207	197	214	154	-	-28,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			219	188	188	180	140	124	204	218	-	6,9%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									20 227	28 360	-	40,2%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									56 932	70 375	-	23,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									50 834	68 638	-	35,0%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									26 325	30 097	-	14,3%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									89,3%	97,5%	-	8,2
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									189	160	-	-15,3%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 760	2 543	-	-7,9%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 876	5 574	-	14,3%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									5 094	5 269	-	3,4%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 542	2 848	-	12,0%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									104,5%	94,5%	-	(9,52)
CR o2 Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									182	197	-	8,3%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									205	243	-	18,5%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									833	889	-	6,7%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									778	800	-	2,8%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									260	332	-	27,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									93,4%	90,0%	-	(3,41)
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									122	151	-	24,2%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									13 991	17 725	-	26,7%
2. Incoming/received cases									91 246	89 256	-	-2,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									87 530	88 979	-	1,7%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									25 888	27 916	-	7,8%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									389	136	-	-65,0%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									16 809	15 904	-	-5,4%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									8 690	11 876	-	36,7%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									12	16	-	33,3%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									4 917	4 683	-	-4,8%
3.4. Cases brought to court									56 713	56 364	-	-0,6%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									17 707	18 002	-	1,7%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,96	0,98	-	1,7%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,19	0,20	-	1,7%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	45 312 000	45 947 000	46 223 000	43 800 000	46 243 000	44 000 000	45 042 000	48 848 000	51 540 000	57 320 000	26,5%	11,21%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	46 223 000	42 200 000	46 243 000	44 800 000	45 042 000	48 848 000	50 210 000	51 760 000	-	3,09%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	586 128	379 043	407 595	-	7,53%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									82 628	81 138	-	(0,02)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									56	49	-	-12,5%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									40	28	-	-30,0%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									154 264 €	212 218 €	-	37,6%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	NA	NA	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	981	986	988	991	1 068	1 045	1 081	1 087	1 077	1 158	18,0%	7,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	744	758	758	761	834	817	850	850	854	901	21,1%	5,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	194	185	186	188	184	178	184	191	178	209	7,7%	17,4%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	43	43	44	42	50	50	47	46	45	48	11,6%	6,7%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	482	484	473	451	485	460	452	451	433	462	-4,1%	6,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	350	362	356	338	368	350	344	342	323	339	-3,1%	5,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	105	95	89	85	84	78	78	90	81	95	-9,5%	17,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	27	27	28	28	33	32	30	29	29	28	3,7%	-3,4%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	499	502	515	540	583	585	629	636	644	696	39,5%	8,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	394	396	402	423	466	467	506	508	531	562	42,6%	5,8%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	89	90	97	103	100	100	106	111	97	114	28,1%	17,5%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	16	16	16	14	17	18	17	17	16	20	25,0%	25,0%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 077	1 158	-	7,5%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	854	901	-	5,5%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	209	-	17,4%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	48	-	6,7%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	278	310	-	11,5%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	282	-	12,4%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	28	-	3,7%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	2 137	2 131	2 128	2 162	2 208	-0,3%	2,1%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	2 196	NA	NA	NA	NA	488	498	516	520	-	0,8%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 643	1 630	1 646	1 688	-	2,6%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									2 162	2 208	-	2,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 783	1 822	-	2,2%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									233	237	-	1,7%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									146	149	-	2,1%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									516	520	-	0,8%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									426	422	-	-0,9%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									53	60	-	13,2%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									37	38	-	2,7%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									1 646	1 688	-	2,6%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									1 357	1 400	-	3,2%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									180	177	-	-1,7%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									109	111	-	1,8%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									390	424	-	8,7%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									155	158	-	1,9%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									235	266	-	13,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									139	169	-	21,6%

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									11	14	-	27,3%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									128	155	-	21,1%
004 Annual average salary in the country									43 140 €	47 516 €	-	10,1%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									66 900 €	68 900 €	-	3,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									136 300 €	141 720 €	-	4,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									50 880 €	50 880 €	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 935	2 009	2 115	3 550	3 791	3 846	3 965	4 022	4 087	4 173	115,7%	2,1%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Finland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					673	726	1 671	2 349	2 417	2 219	-	-8,2%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					204	237	505	857	946	801	-	-15,3%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					425	432	1 034	1 293	1 258	1 242	-	-1,3%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					44	57	132	199	213	176	-	-17,4%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in France

(2021 data)

General data

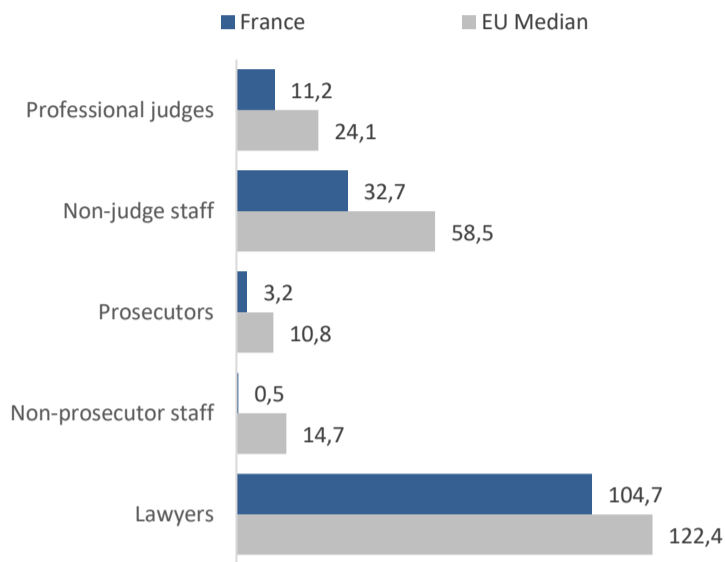
Population: 67 626 000

GDP per capita: 36 660 €

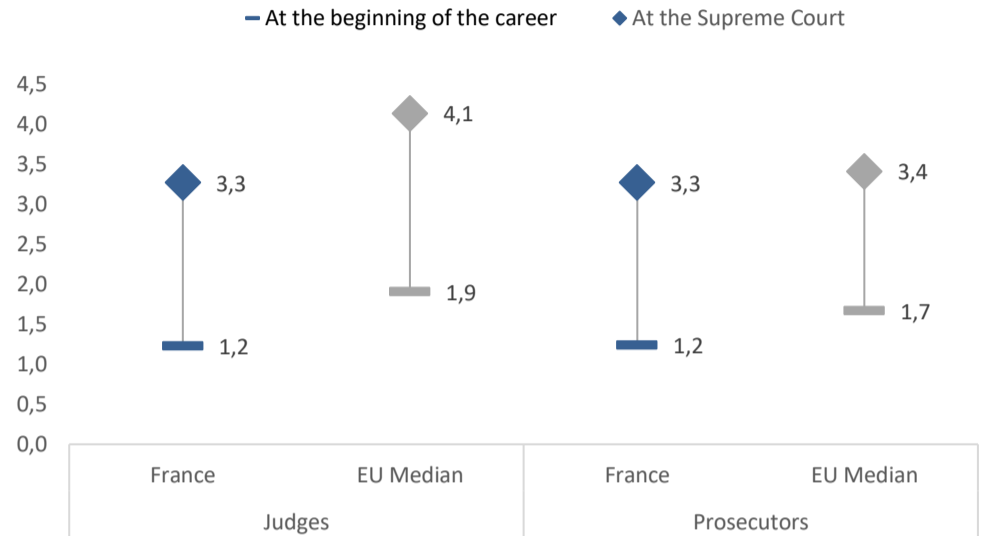
Average annual salary: 37 742 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

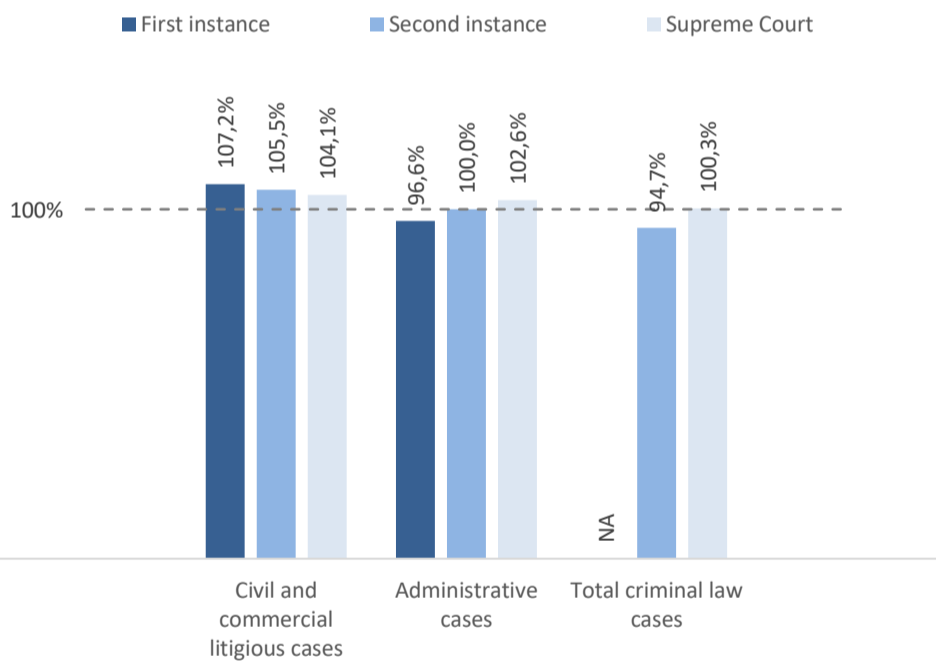


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

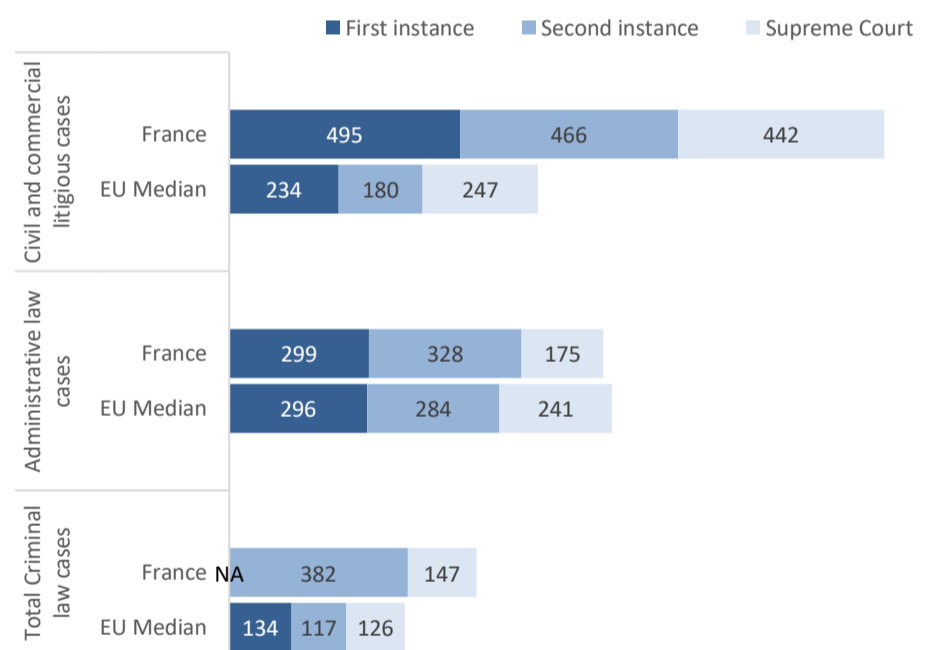


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

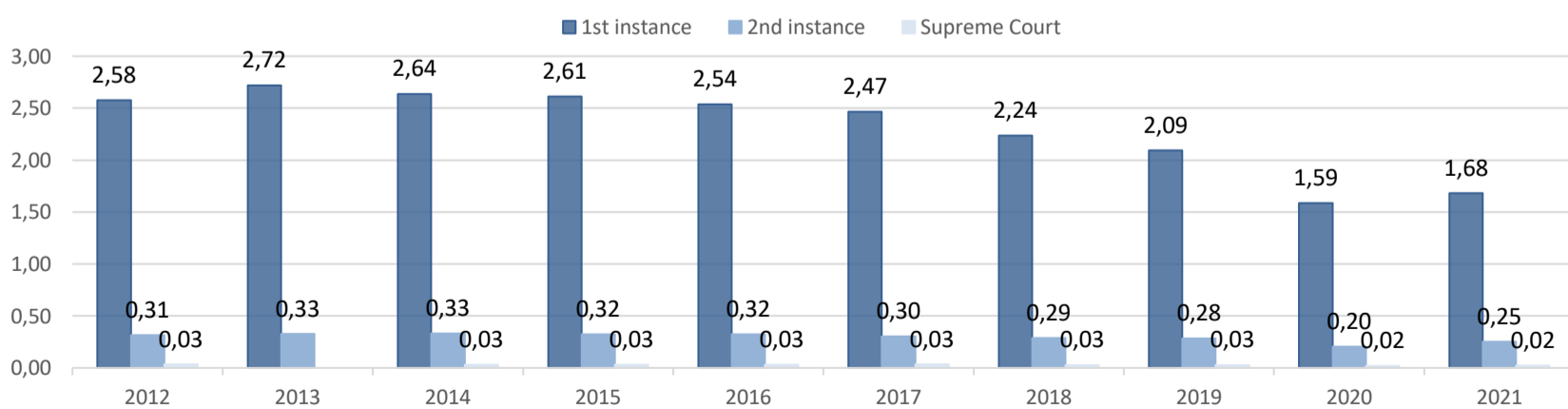


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

France

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241	67 626 000		3,1%	0,3%
GDP per capita	31 059	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959	36 660		18,0%	8,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	34 100		34 500		35 400		35 763	36 705	34 495	37 742		10,7%	9,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,7	10,7	10,5	10,5	10,4	10,5	10,9	11,1	11,2	11,2		4,4%	0,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	33,2	33,3	33,7	33,5	33,9	33,8	34,1	34,9	35,7	32,7		-1,4%	-8,4%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									3,2	3,2			-0,7%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									NA	0,5			NA
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	85,7	91,5	93,6	93,2	97,7	99,7	99,9	102,6	104,0	104,7		22,2%	0,7%
Mediators	NA	3,7	3,7	3,9	4,4	4,4	2,1	NA	3,8	3,8		NA	-0,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,575	2,719	2,636	2,612	2,536	2,468	2,236	2,093	1,586	1,680		-34,8%	6,0%
Administrative law cases	0,272	0,3	0,3	0,288	0,289	0,294	0,318	0,345	0,312	0,357		31,2%	14,3%
Total criminal law cases									1,433	NA			NA

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	98%	94%	98%	99%	103%	96%	100%	93%	107%		7,99	14,36
CR administrative law cases	107%	104%	96%	98%	99%	102%	98%	97%	95%	97%		-10,03	1,43
CR total criminal law cases									91%	NA			NA

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	495		58,9%	-22,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	299		-1,0%	-10,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,18	2,24	2,37	2,42	2,43	2,36	2,47	2,47	2,57	2,44		12,0%	-5,0%
Administrative law cases	0,24	0,22	0,24	0,24	0,25	0,24	0,24	0,26	0,27	0,28		17,7%	4,2%
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	95%	95%	104%	105%	102%	105%	106%			0,23
CR administrative law cases			100%	100%	98%	100%	97%	96%	102%	100%			-1,60
CR total criminal law cases									102%	95%			-7,72

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			477	476	487	464	466	481	607	466			-23,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			334	329	341	334	327	329	362	328			-9,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									399	382			-4,2%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			92%	88%	105%	90%	123%	102%	105%	104%			-0,82
CR administrative law cases			101%	109%	100%	103%	100%	101%	96%	103%			6,25
CR total criminal law cases									104%	100%			-3,92

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			425	516	376	469	337	402	485	442			-8,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			185	206	207	184	200	188	221	175			-21,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									146	147			0,9%

1. Judicial organisation in France (2021 data)

In 2021 in France, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 1 063. Namely, there are 206 courts of general jurisdiction and 857 specialised courts.

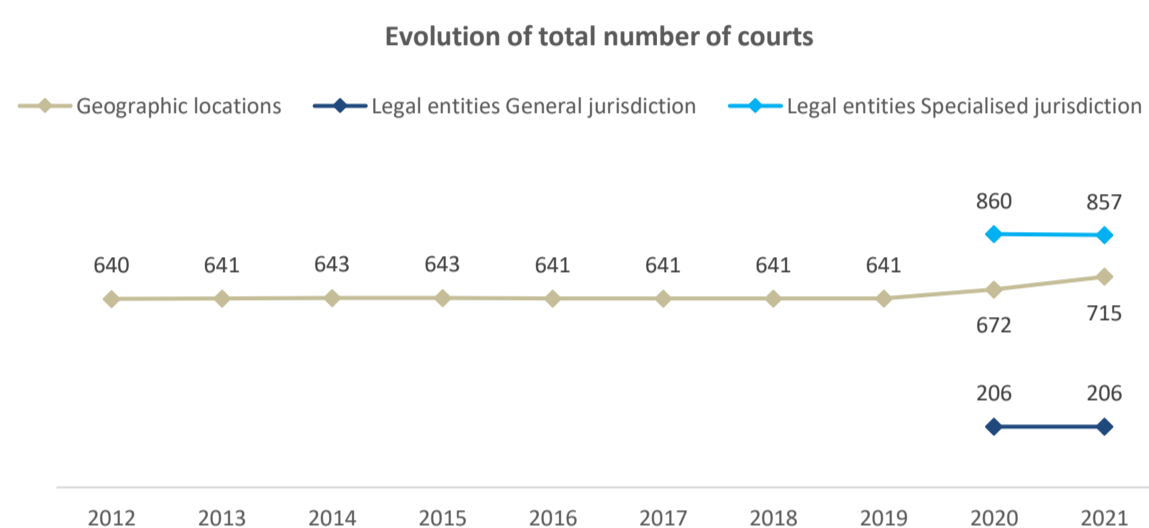
Among the 206 legal entities of general jurisdiction, the 164 “tribunaux judiciaires” and the 4 TPI have competence at first instance, the 37 Courts of appeal are the second instance courts of general jurisdiction, while the Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction in the French judicial system.

Among the 857 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 848 act at first instance, while 9 are higher instance specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 715 courts among which 661 are of first instance. When a court of first instance and a court of appeal are located on the same site, they have been counted separately.

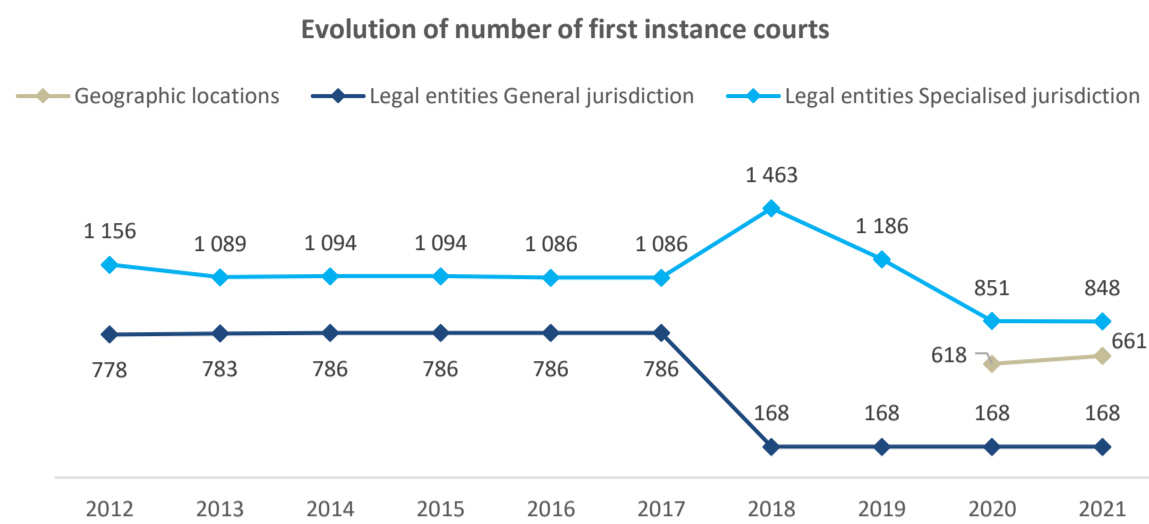
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	640		
2013	641		
2014	643		
2015	643		
2016	641		
2017	641		
2018	641		
2019	641		
2020	672	206	860
2021	715	206	857



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		778	1 156
2013		783	1 089
2014		786	1 094
2015		786	1 094
2016		786	1 086
2017		786	1 086
2018		168	1 463
2019		168	1 186
2020	618	168	851
2021	661	168	848



On the one hand, the decrease in the number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction in 2018 was the result of the implementation of the justice reform (Law No. 2016-1547 of November 18, 2016 on the modernization of justice in the 21st century; Law no. 2019-222 of 23 March 2019 on programming 2018-2022 and reform for justice).

On the other hand, since January 1, 2019, social litigation is within the competence of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (tribunaux judiciaires) and the specialized jurisdictions have been abolished. Since November 1, 2019, litigation concerning military disability pensions has been transferred to administrative courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 16,5% - 83,5%, which is in contrast with the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%. Indeed, in 2021, France is the EU member State with the highest number of specialised courts.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	848	9
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	152	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	216	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	42	9
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	156	NAP
Other specialised courts	282	NAP

In France in 2021, at first instance there are 216 labor courts (211 “conseils de prud’hommes” and 5 labor courts); 152 commercial courts; 42 administrative courts; 156 juvenile courts and 282 other specialised courts (272 parity courts for rural leases (tribunaux paritaires des baux ruraux (TPBR)), the Court for navigation on the Rhine; the Court for navigation on the Moselle; 6 Maritime courts; the National court of asylum; the “Commission du contentieux du stationnement payant”).

In matters of enforcement of sentences, the enforcement judge (JAP) is a court of first instance for the enforcement of sentences, being at the same time a decision-making, monitoring and follow-up body. The Court for the Enforcement of Sentences (TAP) is a court of first instance, composed of three JAPs of the judicial courts (most complex and sensitive cases). In each court of appeal, a TAP is established. The exact number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts is not available. However, as it is a small number it would not significantly affect the total.

In matters of terrorism, a derogatory jurisdiction is provided for under ordinary law (articles 706-22-1 and D 49-75 to D49-81-5 of the CPP). The Paris enforcement courts specialized in terrorist matters (JAPAT, the TAPAT and the enforcement chamber) have exclusive jurisdiction to monitor persons convicted by specialized terrorism trial courts; shared jurisdiction with ordinary law enforcement courts to monitor persons convicted of acts of terrorism and other offenses falling within the scope of Article 706-16 of the CPP by ordinary law courts.

Concerning military jurisdictions, in peacetime courts of general jurisdiction are competent, while in times of war, the territorial courts of the armed forces are competent as exceptional jurisdictions.

Higher instance specialised courts exist only in administrative matters – the 8 Administrative courts of appeal and the Council of State

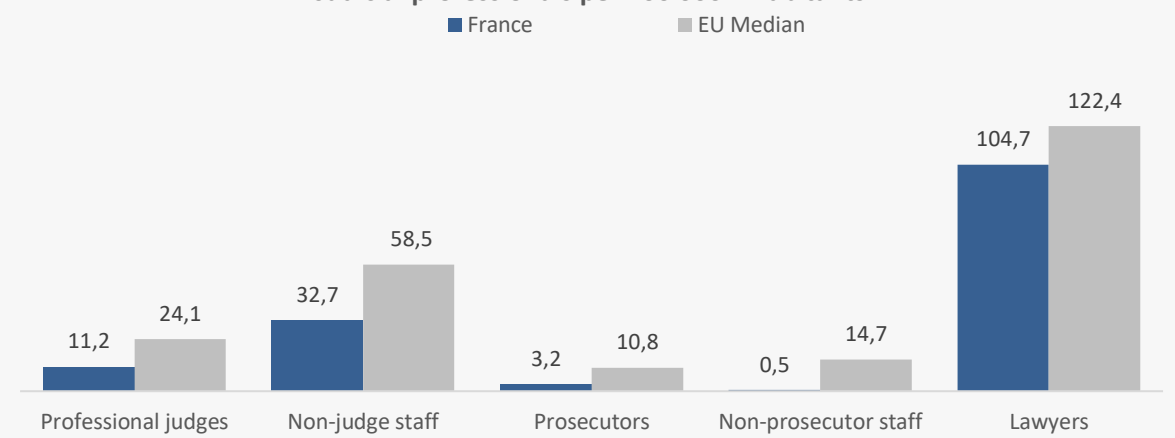
2. Professionals of justice in France (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 574	11,2	24,1
Non-judge staff	22 115	32,7	58,5
Prosecutors	2 143	3,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	359	0,5	14,7
Lawyers	70 794	104,7	122,4

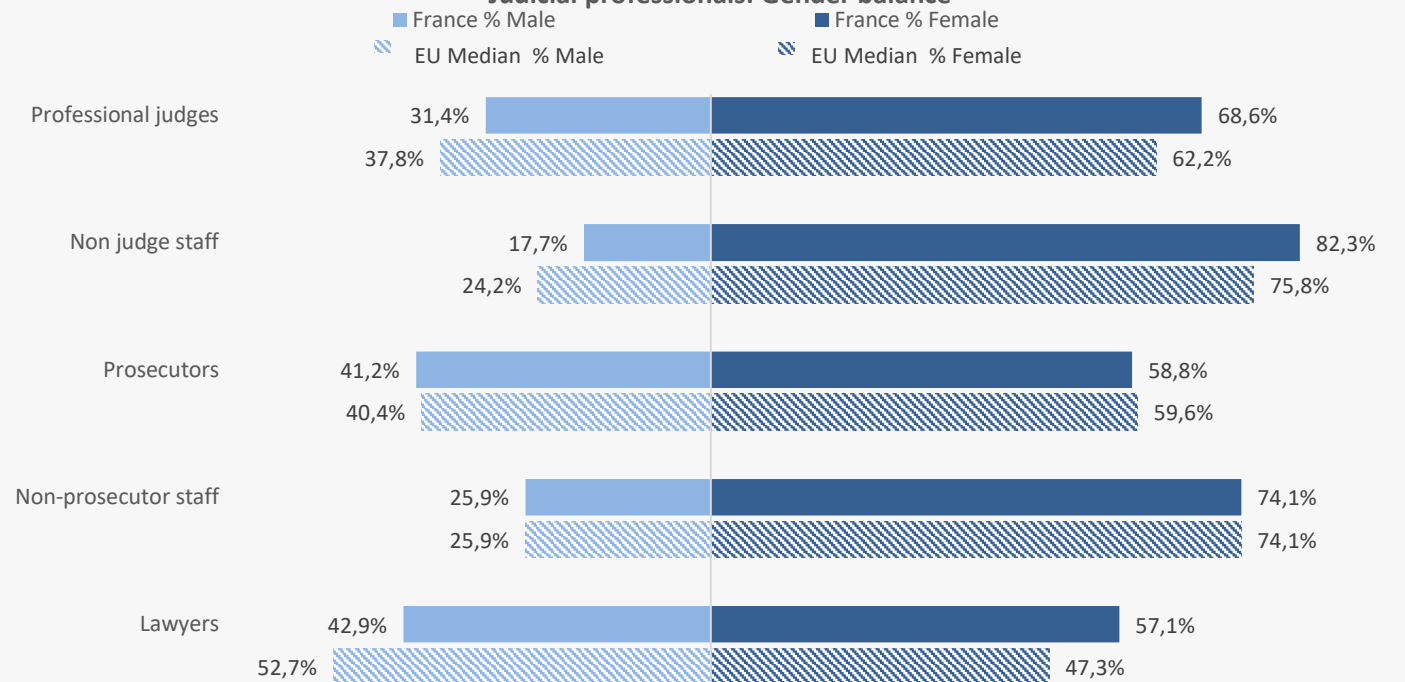
Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	31,4%	68,6%
Non judge staff	17,7%	82,3%
Prosecutors	41,2%	58,8%
Non-prosecutor staff	25,9%	74,1%
Lawyers	42,9%	57,1%

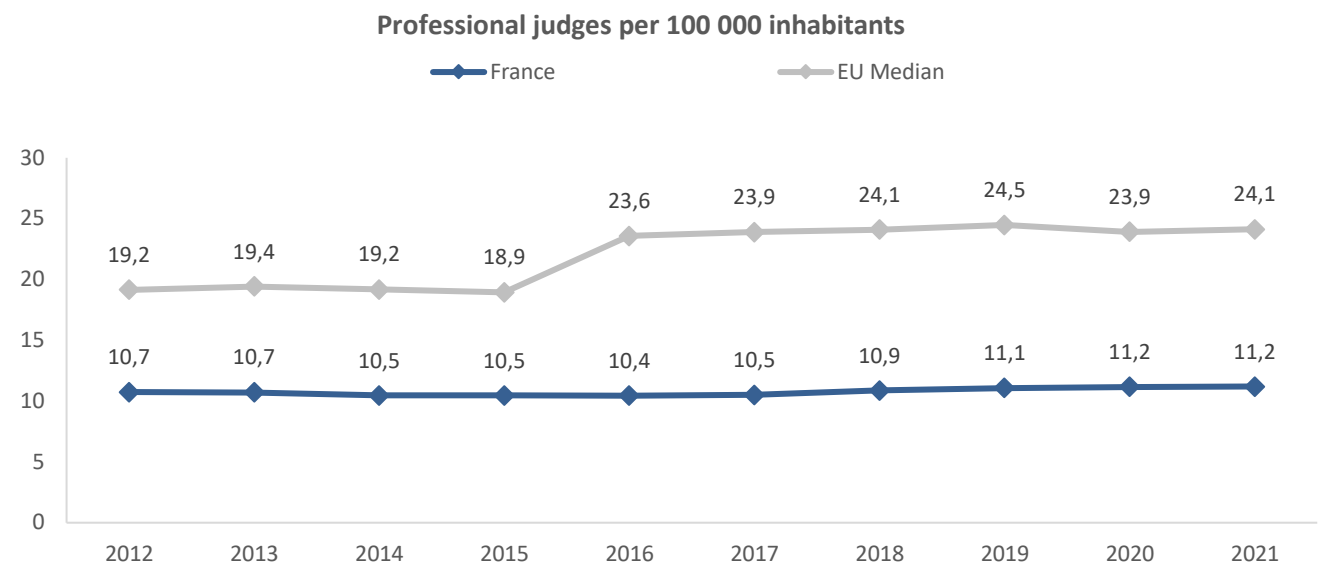
Judicial professionals: Gender balance



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2012	7 033	10,7	19,2
2013	7 054	10,7	19,4
2014	6 935	10,5	19,2
2015	6 967	10,5	18,9
2016	6 995	10,4	23,6
2017	7 066	10,5	23,9
2018	7 277	10,9	24,1
2019	7 427	11,1	24,5
2020	7 522	11,2	23,9
2021	7 574	11,2	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in France is 7 574, which is 0,7% more than in previous cycle.

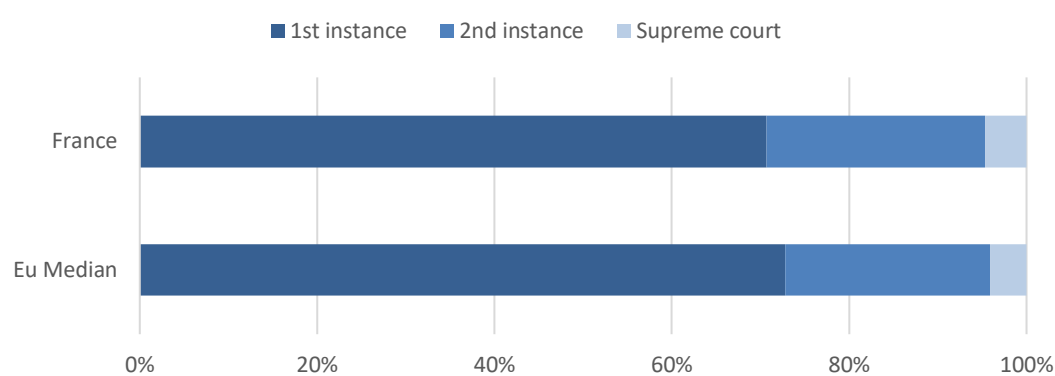
More precisely, in France, there are 11,20 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,92 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,20 non-judge staff per judge.

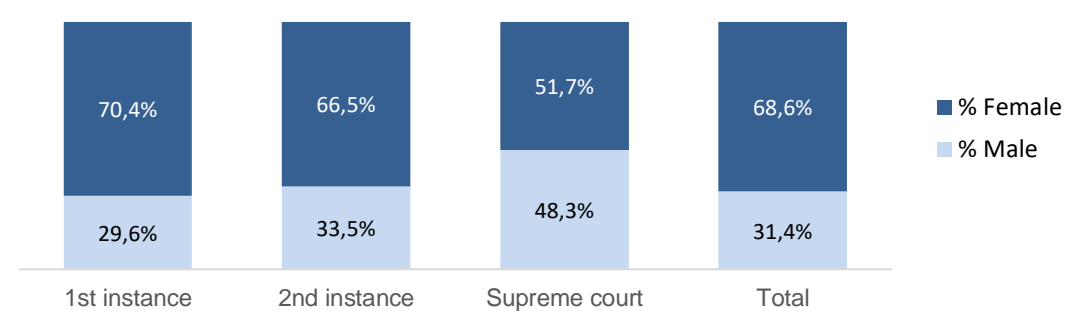
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	5 354	70,7%	1 586	3 768	29,6%	70,4%
2nd instance	1 868	24,7%	625	1 243	33,5%	66,5%
Supreme court	352	4,6%	170	182	48,3%	51,7%
Total	7 574		2 380	5 194	31,4%	68,6%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in France



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 5 194, which represents 68,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 354 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 3 768 are Female); 1 868 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 1 243 are Female) and 352 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 182 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in France. If the number of first instance judges is slightly below the EU median, those of second and third instance judges are slightly above the respective EU medians.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, it has been specified that members of the National Court of Asylum (CNDA) and the Paid Parking Litigation Commission (Commission du contentieux du stationnement payant) are counted as first instance judges.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that in France, in 2021, female judges have the majority at all instances. It is worth pointing out that the gender distribution is based on the number available in FTE for all professional judges except for administrative judges for whom the distribution is available in FTE only for the total.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	5 354	NA	NA	912	NA
2nd instance	1 868	NA	NA	273	NA
Supreme court	352	NA	NA	128	NA
Total	7 574	NA	NA	1 313	NA

In France, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

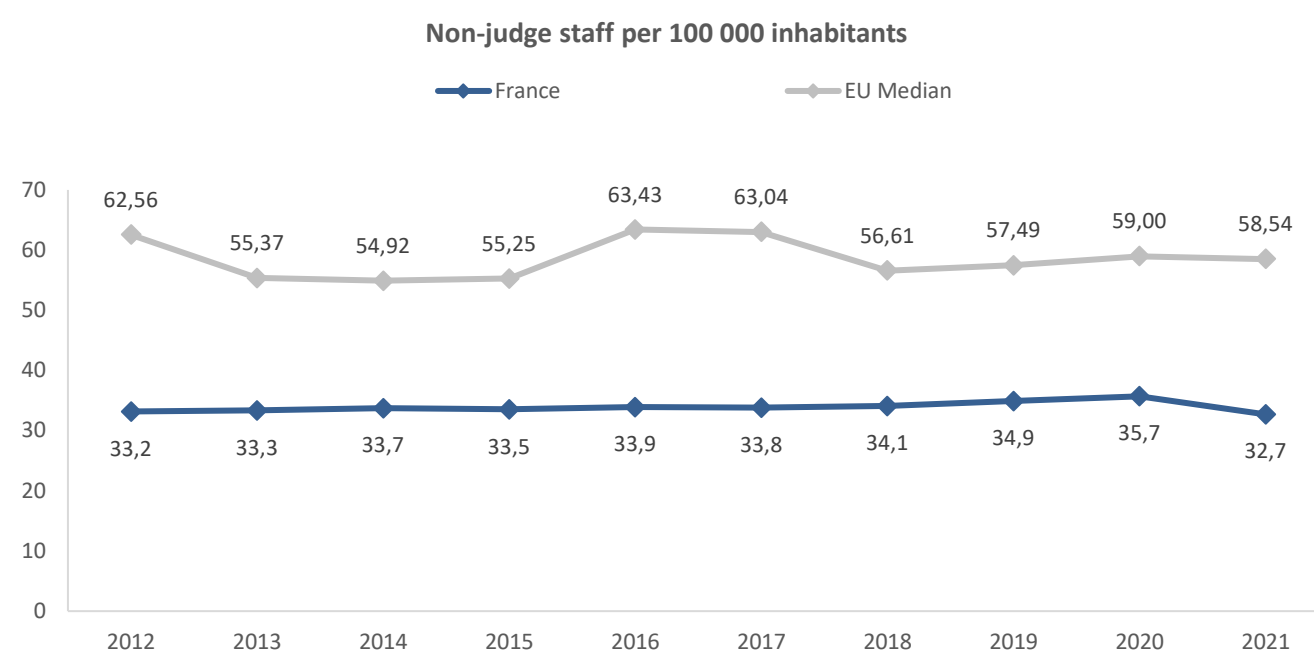
Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	17,0%	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	14,6%	NA
Supreme court	NA	NA	36,4%	NA
Total	NA	NA	17,3%	NA

Non-specialised judges, who account for approximately 45% of the staff of the civil and criminal courts, are required to work in both criminal and civil matters. As a result, the distribution between the different types of litigation is not quantifiable, as these assignments fall within the organisational powers of the head of court.

Similarly, certain specialised judges (juvenile judges and liberty and custody judges) are also likely to intervene in both civil and criminal cases due to their areas of competence.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2012	21 758	33,2	62,6
2013	21 946	33,3	55,4
2014	22 360	33,7	54,9
2015	22 326	33,5	55,2
2016	22 712	33,9	63,4
2017	22 714	33,8	63,0
2018	22 844	34,1	56,6
2019	23 396	34,9	57,5
2020	24 062	35,7	59,0
2021	22 115	32,7	58,5



In 2021, France has 22 115 non-judge staff (of which 18 200 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -8,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 35,7 in 2020 to 32,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants remained stable: 11,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	22 115	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	18 311	82,8%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 391	10,8%
Technical staff	816	3,7%
Other	597	2,7%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 18 311 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 15 811 are Female);
- 2 391 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 815 are Female);
- 816 technical staff (of which 132 are Female);
- 597 other (of which 442 are Female);

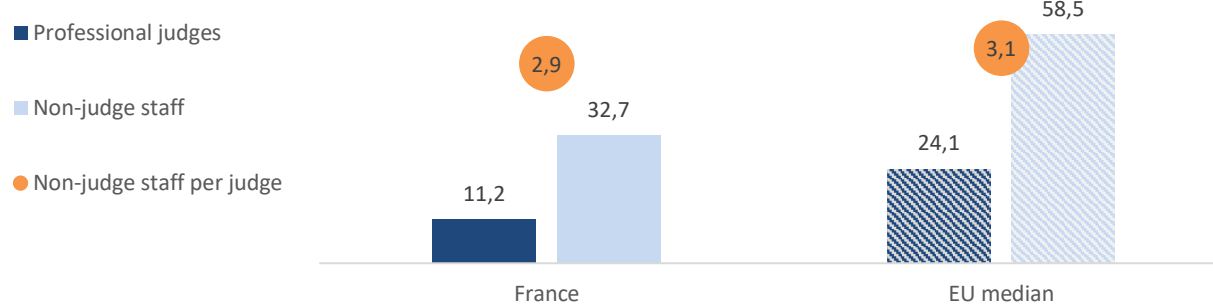
Concerning the total of 22 115, it should be noted that this figure includes 597 legal assistants and specialised assistants working only for the courts and 939 contractual staff recruited in the framework of local justice. Put differently, the "other non-judge staff" correspond to legal assistants and specialised assistants who do not work for the prosecution services, while for the other subcategories (2, 3 and 4) it is not possible to distinguish between staff working for the courts and those working for the public prosecution services.

The category "non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars" includes the category B contractual staff recruited under the support plan for justice implemented since the second half of 2020 on the sole basis of Article 7 bis of Law No. 84-16 of 11 January 1984 on the statutory provisions relating to the State civil service, created by the law on the transformation of the civil service of 6 August 2019, which institutes the project contract. These contractual employees are recruited for three years. The significant increase in the number of these contractual staff (240 more than in 2020), combined with the increase in the number of court clerks (+221 compared to last year) and the increase in the number of other non-judge staff (+210 compared to last year), contributes to the increase in the overall figures communicated for the year 2021. As on 31 December 2021, 1 666 category A and B staff (including 1 383 women) were undergoing initial training at the "École nationale des greffes", most of them on practical training in the courts. These staff will join the courts in 2022 or 2023.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Professional judges	11,2	24,1
Non-judge staff	32,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,9	3,1

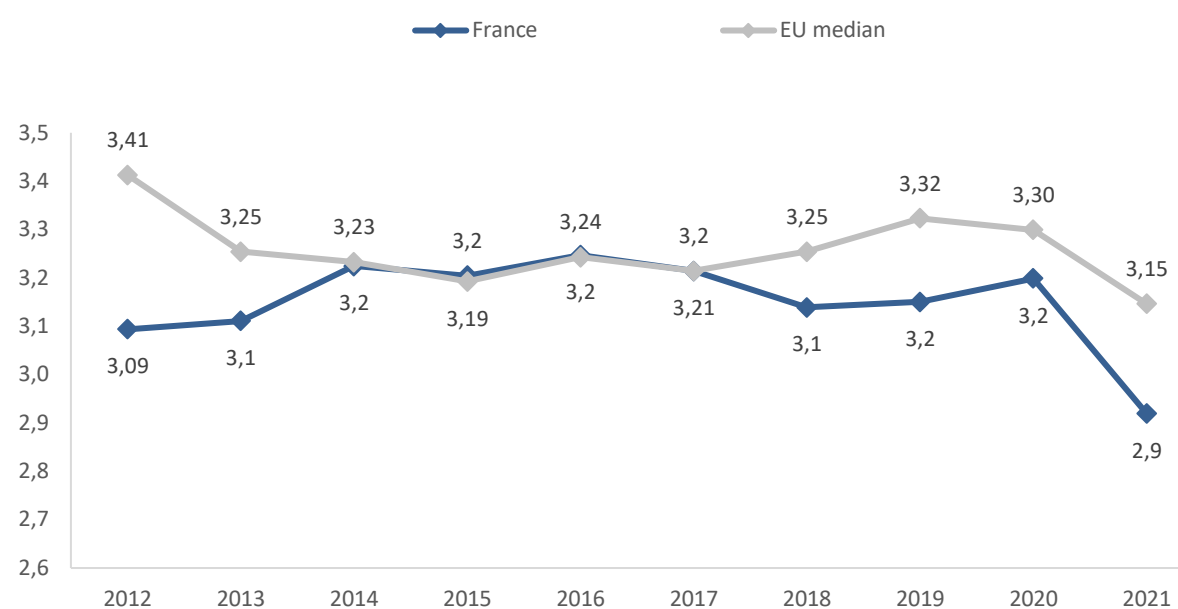
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	France	France	France	EU median
2012	10,7	33,2	3,09	3,4
2013	10,7	33,3	3,1	3,3
2014	10,5	33,7	3,2	3,2
2015	10,5	33,5	3,2	3,2
2016	10,4	33,9	3,2	3,2
2017	10,5	33,8	3,2	3,2
2018	10,9	34,1	3,1	3,3
2019	11,1	34,9	3,2	3,3
2020	11,2	35,7	3,2	3,3
2021	11,2	32,7	2,9	3,1

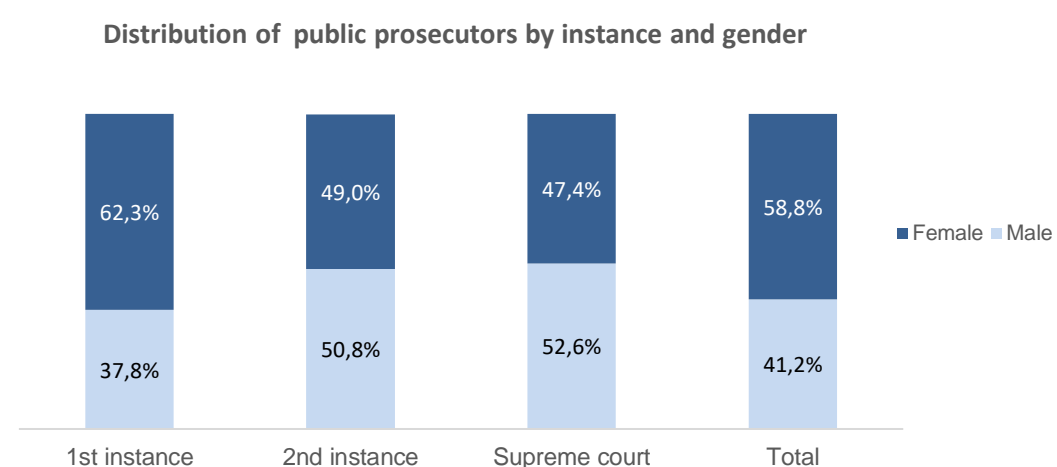
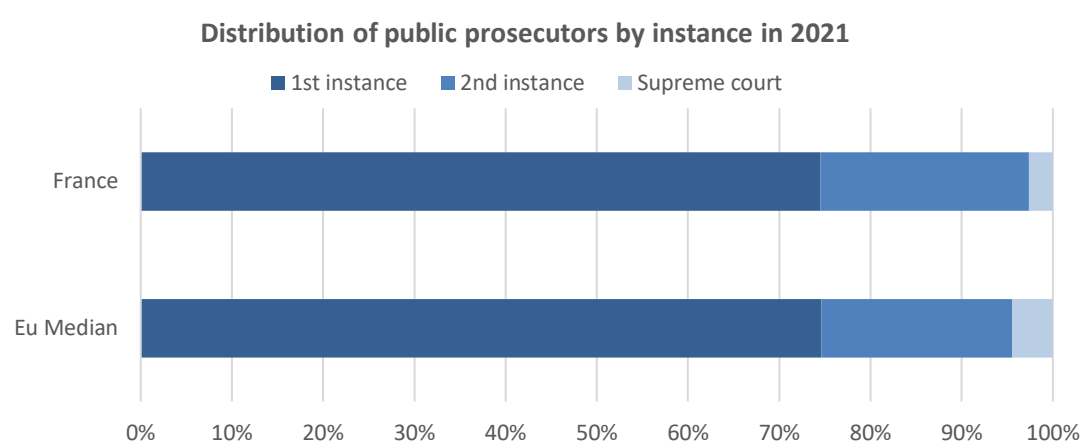
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 596	74,5%	603	994	37,8%	62,3%
2nd instance	490	22,9%	249	240	50,8%	49,0%
Supreme court	57	2,7%	30	27	52,6%	47,4%
Total	2 143		882	1 261	41,2%	58,8%



In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 261, which represents 58,8% of the total number of prosecutors.

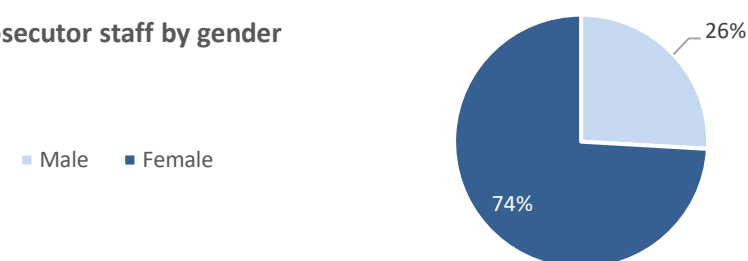
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 596 in first instance (of which 994 are Female); 490 are in second instance (of which 240 are Female) and 57 in final instance (of which 27 are Female).

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it can be mentioned that female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	359	93	266

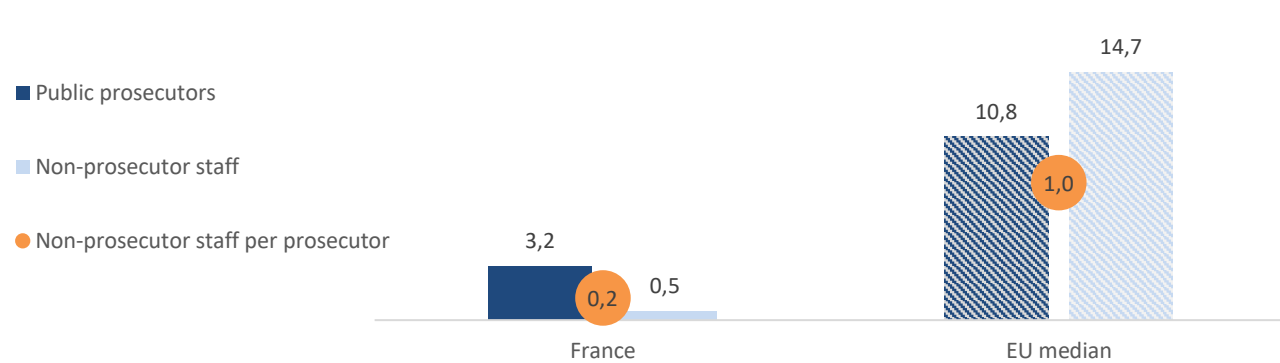
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

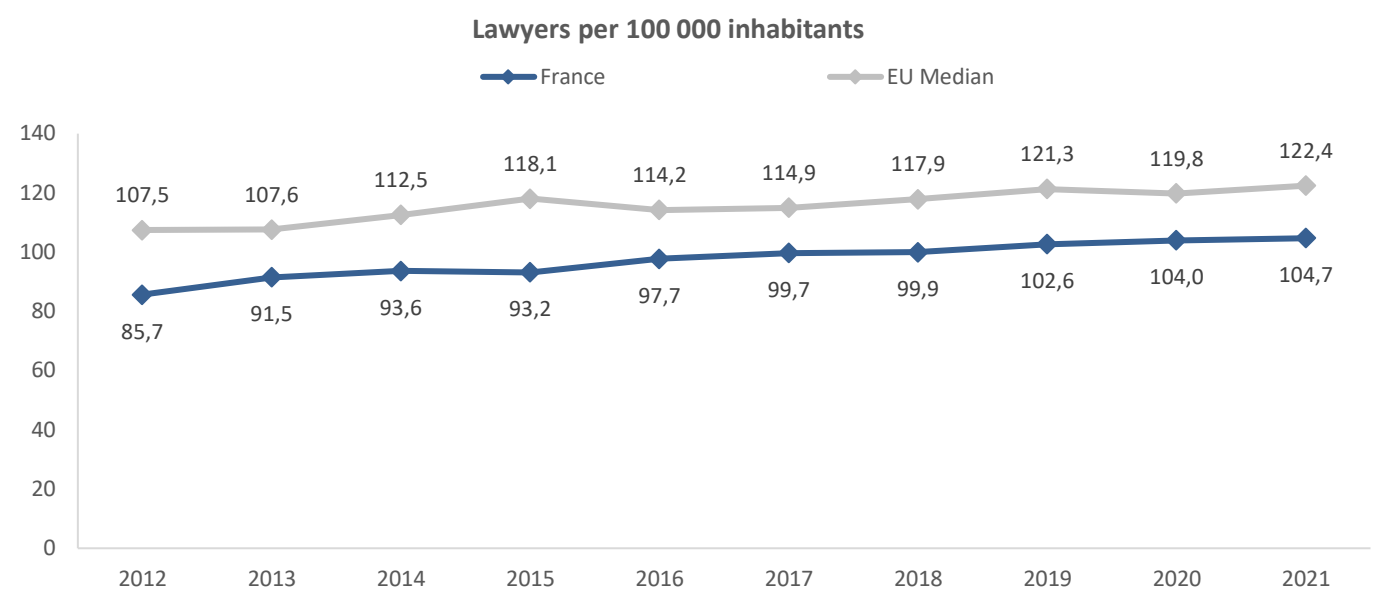
Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Public prosecutors	3,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	0,5	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,2	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2012	56 176	85,7	107,5
2013	60 223	91,5	107,6
2014	62 073	93,6	112,5
2015	62 073	93,2	118,1
2016	65 480	97,7	114,2
2017	66 958	99,7	114,9
2018	66 958	99,9	117,9
2019	68 835	102,6	121,3
2020	70 073	104,0	119,8
2021	70 794	104,7	122,4

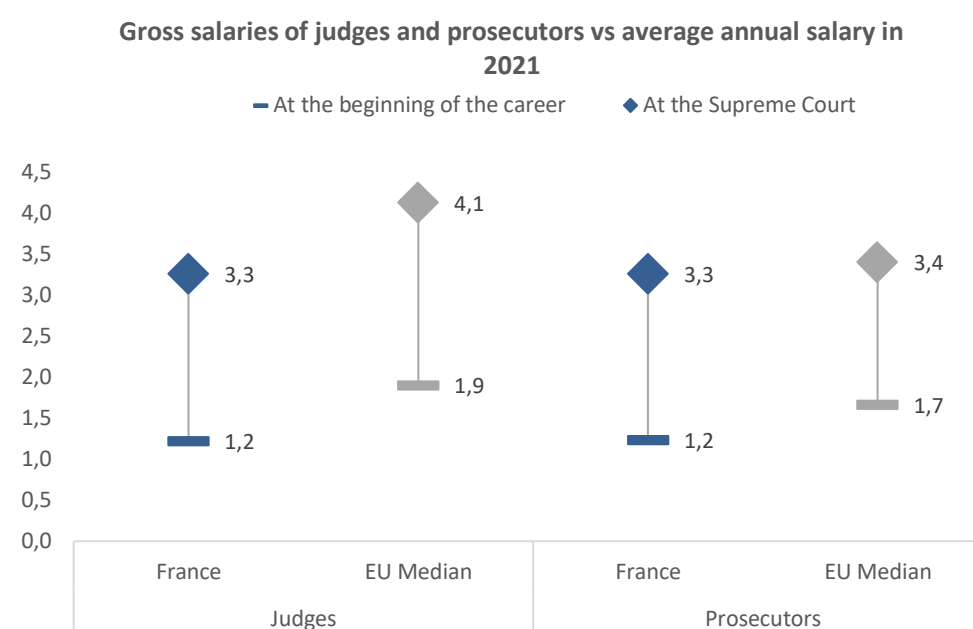


In 2021, there are 70 794 lawyers, which is 1,0% more than in 2020.
There are 40 405 female lawyers which is 57% of the total.

France has 104,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	France	France	France	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	46 149€	37 716€	1,2	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	123 213€	101 922€	3,3	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	46 738€	38 502€	1,2	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	123 213€	101 922€	3,3	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in France of 46 149€ is below the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,22 which is also below the EU median of 1,90.

Is considered as "first-instance professional judge (civil and criminal courts) at the beginning of his/her career" a judge at the 3rd step of the second grade with a lump-sum compensation (35%) and flexible bonus (12%). Is considered as "public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career" a prosecutor of the Public Prosecutor's Office at the 3rd step of the second grade with a lump-sum compensation (38%) and flexible bonus (12%).

Concerning judges of the Court of Cassation, is provided the salary of a President of Chamber CC (F: 1369) - flexible bonus 14%. With regard to prosecutor at the Court of Cassation, is provided the salary of the First Advocate General CC (F: 1369) - flexible bonus 14%.

It is noteworthy that the data provided are those of the civil and criminal justice. Concerning the administrative justice, the data are as follows: professional judge of first instance, beginning of career: 50 200, 41 300; judge of the Supreme court or of the last instance of appeal: 95 100, 76 900.

3. Legal aid and court fees in France (2021 data)

In France, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

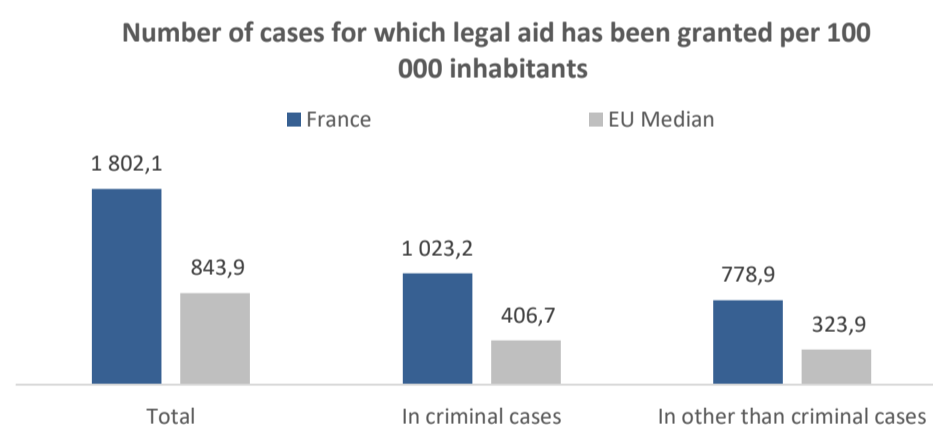
Enforcement agents can be appointed to enforce any court decision for a beneficiary of legal aid, either as a continuation of the proceedings or separately. Article 11 of the Law of 10 July 1991 provides for that legal aid "shall apply as of right to procedures, acts or measures for the enforcement of justice decisions obtained with its benefit, unless enforcement is suspended for more than one year for a reason other than the exercise of an appeal or a decision to suspend enforcement". In addition, Article 10 of the Law of 10 July 1991 provides for that legal aid may be granted "in connection with the enforcement on French territory of a court decision or any other enforceable title, including if they emanate from another member State of the European Union" (except Denmark).

Articles 40 and 40-1 of the law of 10 July 1991 on legal aid provide for that the beneficiary of legal aid is entitled to the assistance of a lawyer and all public or ministerial officers (enforcement agents, solicitors and notaries in particular). He/she is also exempt from paying, advancing or depositing all costs relating to the instances, procedures or acts for which it has been granted (expert reports, social surveys, family mediation, etc.), with the exception of a pleading fee of €13.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	1 218 689	NA	NA
In criminal cases	691 975	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	526 714	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	France	EU Median
Total	1 802,1	843,9
In criminal cases	1 023,2	406,7
In other than criminal cases	778,9	323,9



The data provided correspond to the number of admissions to legal aid per year.

The increase in the total of cases for which legal aid has been granted between 2020 and 2021 is explained by the effects of the health crisis.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: 50

Concerning the average reel duration, the precise figure is 49.8 days.

4. Performance of courts in France (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

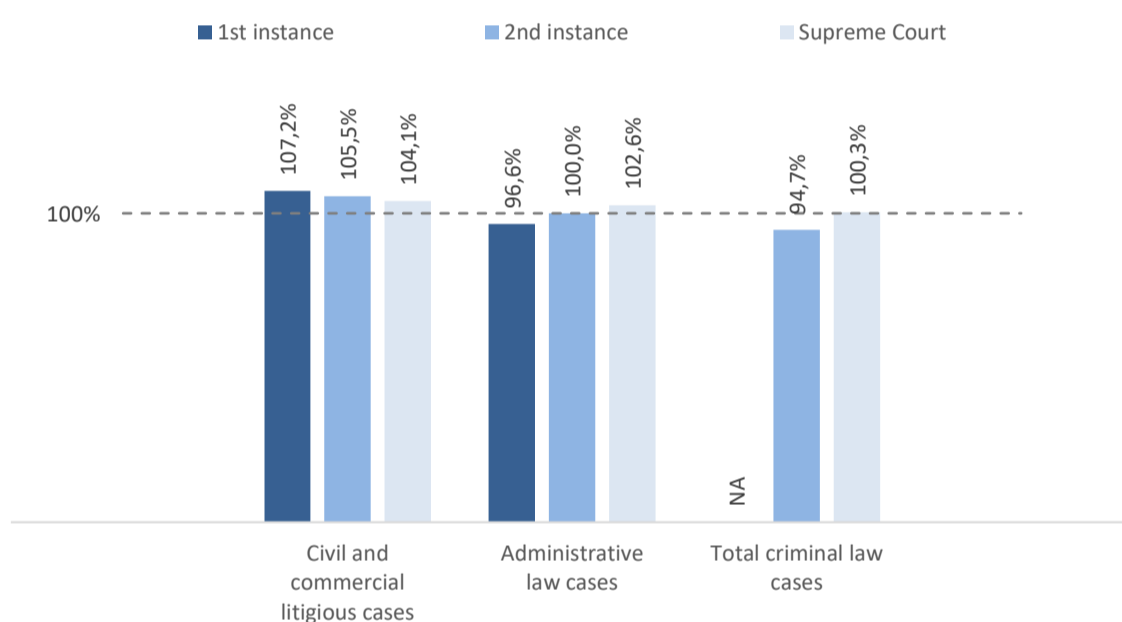
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

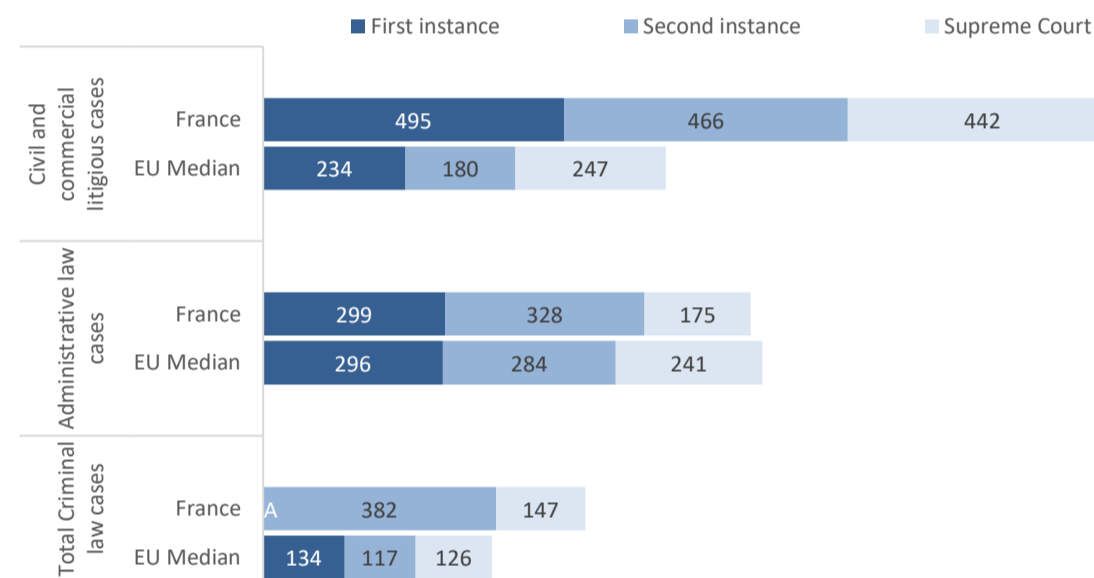
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		France	EU Median	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	107,2%	102,5%	96,6%	101,7%	NA	100,0%
	2nd instance	105,5%	100,4%	100,0%	96,8%	94,7%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	104,1%	99,9%	102,6%	100,4%	100,3%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	495	234	299	296	NA	134
	2nd instance	466	180	328	284	382	117
	Supreme Court	442	247	175	241	147	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, in France, the total length of civil litigious proceedings, all instances considered together, is longer than the one of administrative proceedings which goes against the trend observed at the EU level. As a matter of fact, the Disposition Time indicator in civil matters exceeds considerably the respective EU medians for all three instances, despite the very positive results in terms of Clearance Rate. However, it should be highlighted that these positive values of the Clearance Rate in 2021 allowed reducing the Disposition Time in a very important way at all three instances. Accordingly, the total length of civil litigious proceedings in France decreased from 1 729 days in 2020 to 1 403 days in 2021.

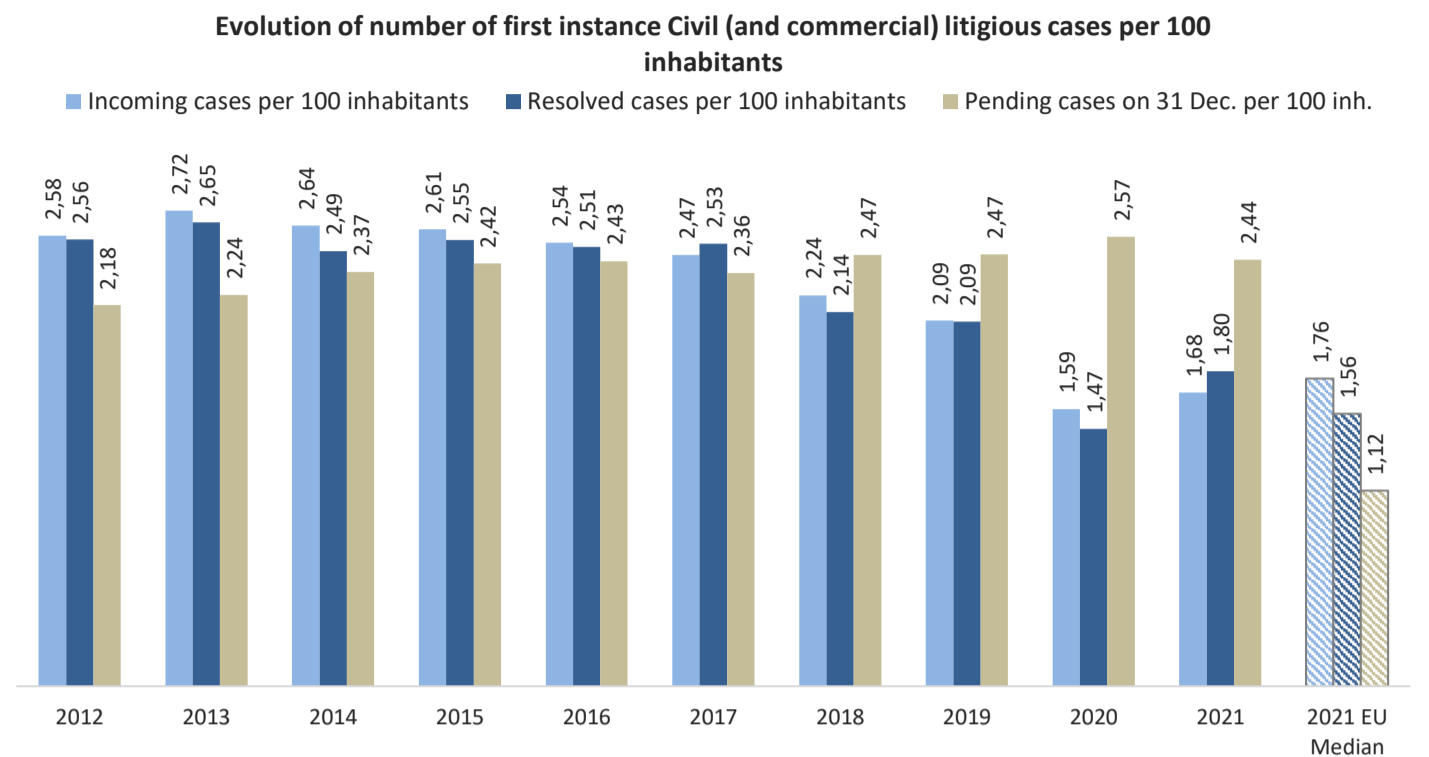
In administrative matters, the Disposition Time of second instance cases is slightly above the EU median, while this indicator is below the EU median at the level of the Council of State and very close to the EU median at first instance. It is worth recalling that the output of the administrative courts of appeal (CAA) fell sharply in 2020 (-10%) because of the COVID-19. When the situation returned to normal, the CAAs gave priority to foreigners' litigation, which accounts for almost 50% of their entries, and the stock therefore aged mechanically.

Data on criminal matters are partial which does not allow calculating the Clearance rate and the Disposition Time for first instance criminal cases. At second instance, it appears that courts of appeal have encountered some difficulties in 2021 in dealing with the case flow. As a result, even if the Disposition Time slightly decreased since 2020, it is still considerably above the EU median. As to the Court of cassation, its Clearance Rate was satisfactory in 2021, but the Disposition Time indicator remained at the same level as in 2020, slightly exceeding the EU median.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,58	2,56	2,18
2013	2,72	2,65	2,24
2014	2,64	2,49	2,37
2015	2,61	2,55	2,42
2016	2,54	2,51	2,43
2017	2,47	2,53	2,36
2018	2,24	2,14	2,47
2019	2,09	2,09	2,47
2020	1,59	1,47	2,57
2021	1,68	1,80	2,44
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



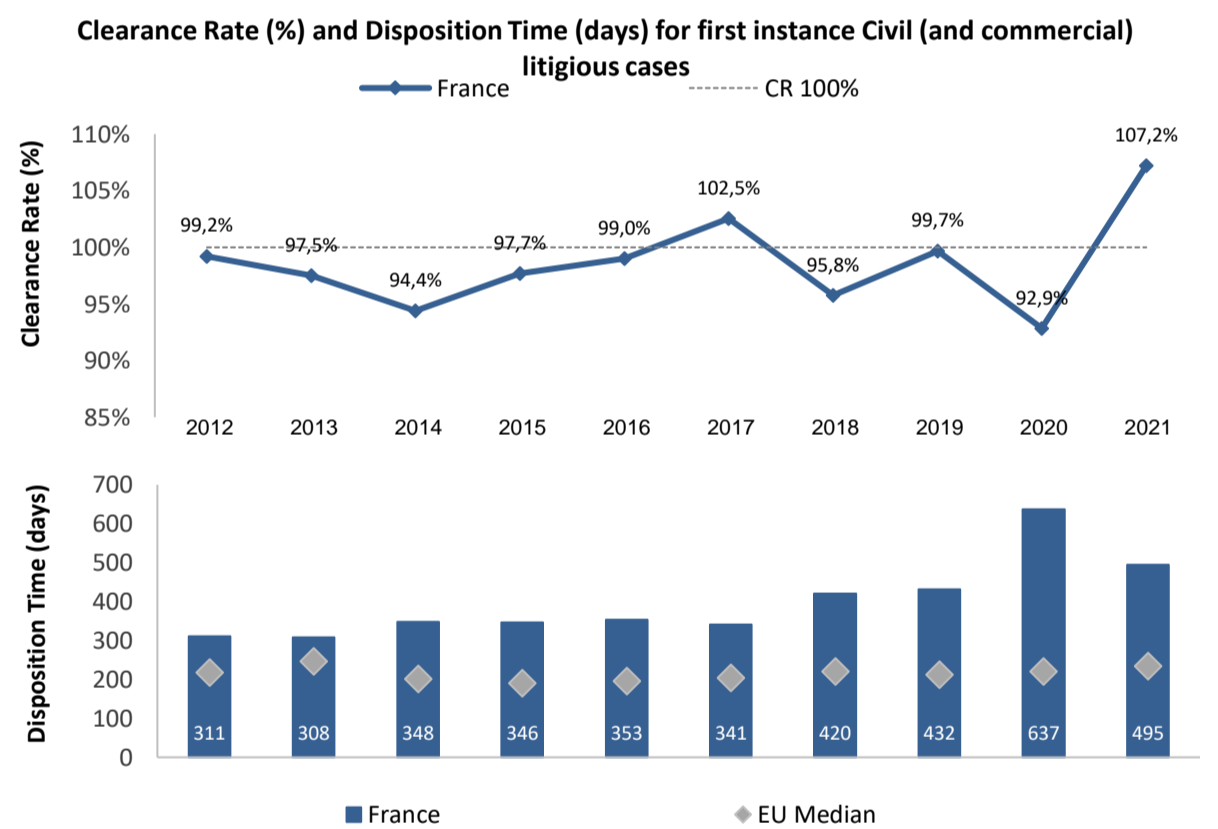
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in France (1,68 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in France (1,80 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in France (2,44 per 100 inhabitants) is above the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2012	99,2%	100,4%	311	218
2013	97,5%	101,2%	308	247
2014	94,4%	101,8%	348	201
2015	97,7%	102,3%	346	190
2016	99,0%	102,0%	353	196
2017	102,5%	101,3%	341	204
2018	95,8%	101,2%	420	220
2019	99,7%	99,9%	432	213
2020	92,9%	98,5%	637	221
2021	107,2%	102,5%	495	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,2% in 2021 France seems to deal efficiently with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 14,4 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 495 days, which is well above the EU median of 234 days.

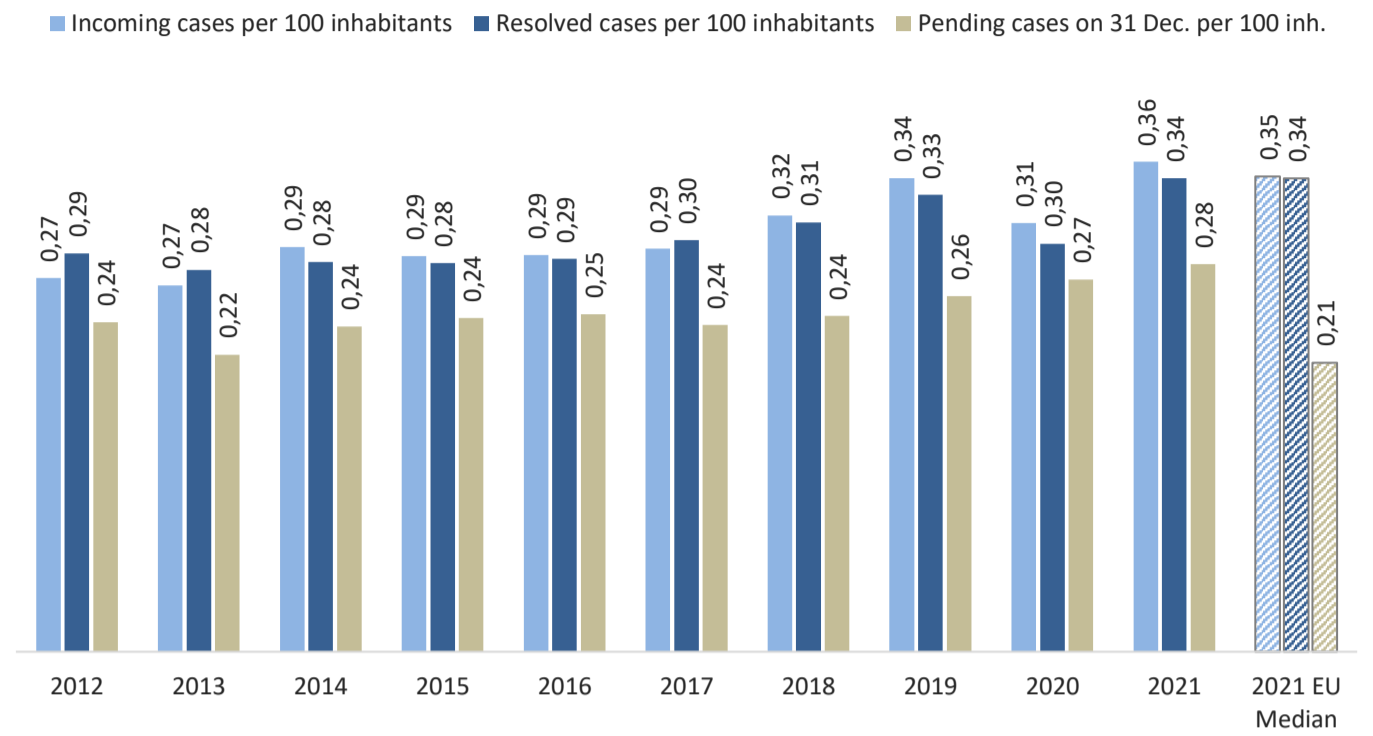
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -22,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,27	0,29	0,24
2013	0,27	0,28	0,22
2014	0,29	0,28	0,24
2015	0,29	0,28	0,24
2016	0,29	0,29	0,25
2017	0,29	0,30	0,24
2018	0,32	0,31	0,24
2019	0,34	0,33	0,26
2020	0,31	0,30	0,27
2021	0,36	0,34	0,28
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in France (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

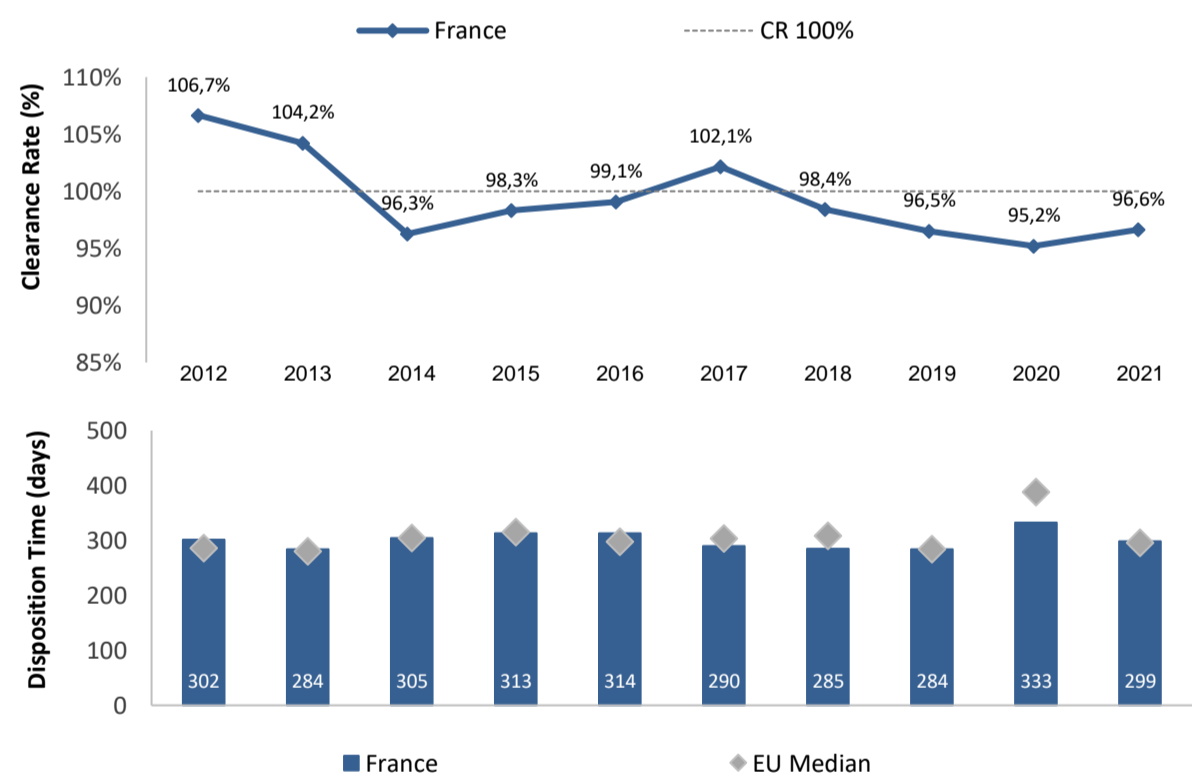
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in France (0,34 per 100 inhabitants) is aligned to the EU median.

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in France (0,28 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2012	106,7%	101,0%	302	286
2013	104,2%	100,3%	284	281
2014	96,3%	99,6%	305	305
2015	98,3%	103,7%	313	315
2016	99,1%	103,0%	314	297
2017	102,1%	102,1%	290	303
2018	98,4%	99,7%	285	308
2019	96,5%	102,1%	284	284
2020	95,2%	100,1%	333	388
2021	96,6%	101,7%	299	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,6% in 2021, France seems to still face minor challenges in dealing with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,4 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 299 days, which is very close to the EU median of 296 days.

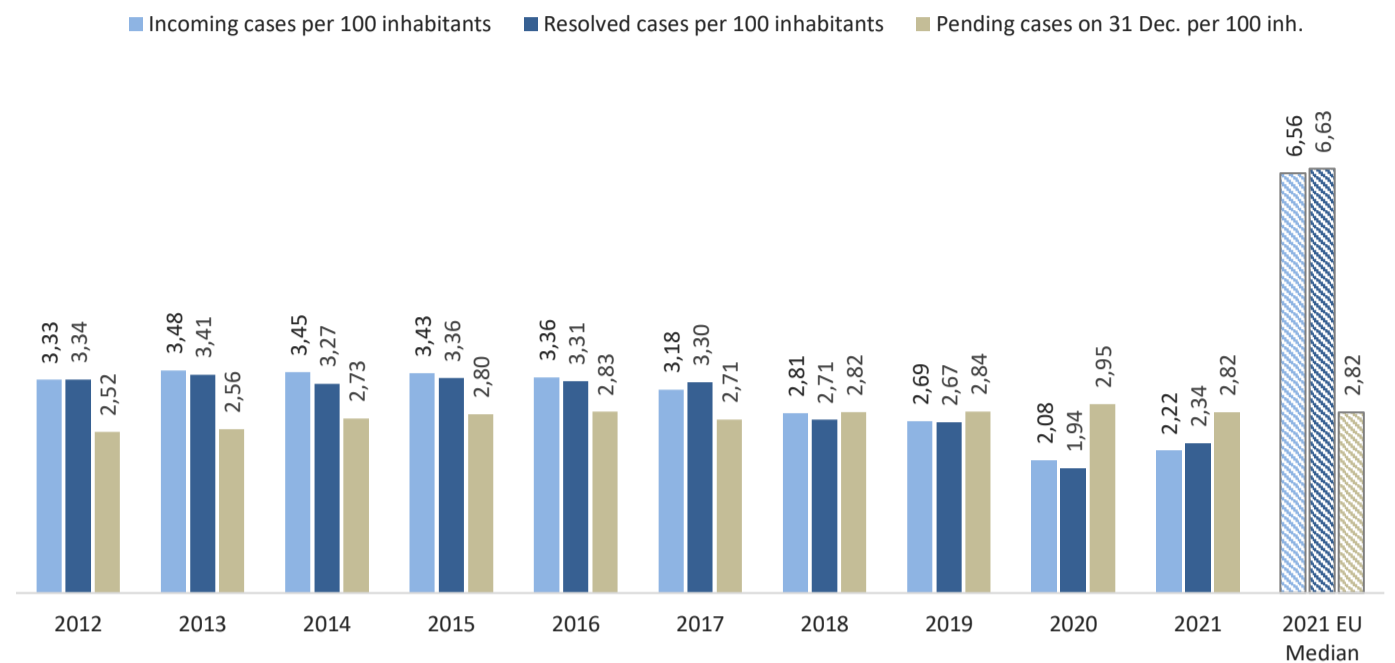
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -10,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,33	3,34	2,52
2013	3,48	3,41	2,56
2014	3,45	3,27	2,73
2015	3,43	3,36	2,80
2016	3,36	3,31	2,83
2017	3,18	3,30	2,71
2018	2,81	2,71	2,82
2019	2,69	2,67	2,84
2020	2,08	1,94	2,95
2021	2,22	2,34	2,82
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in France (2,22 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

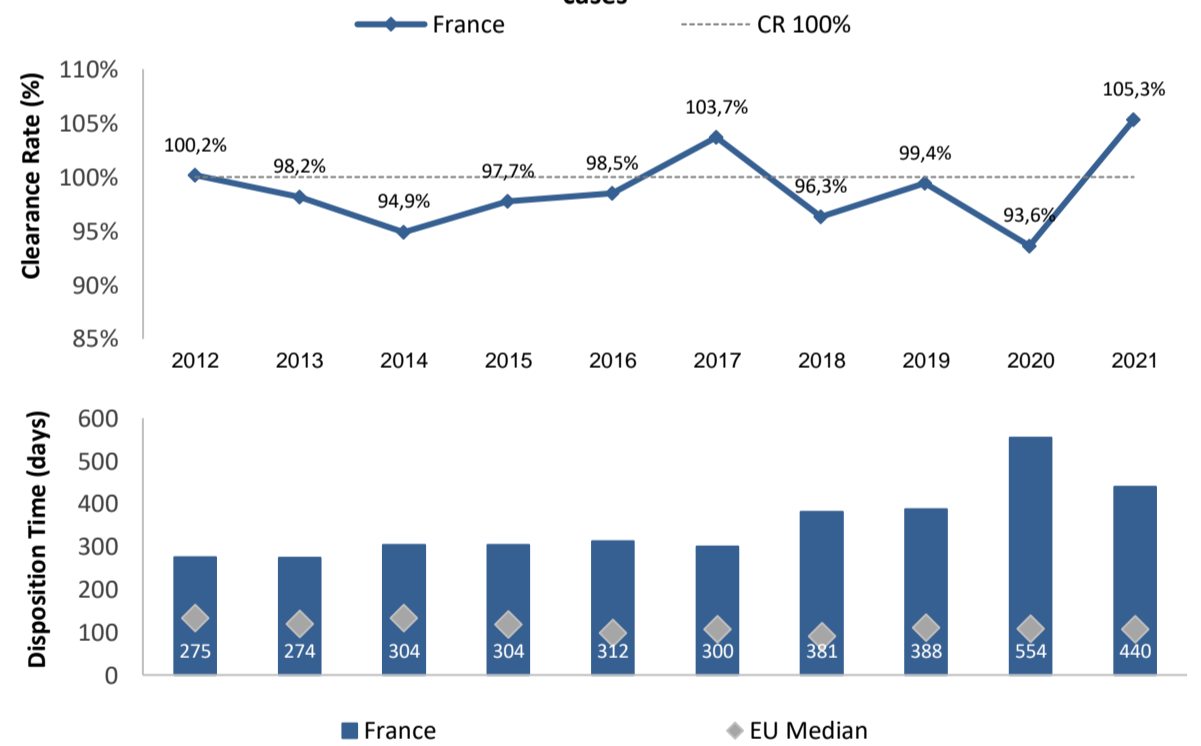
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in France (2,34 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in France (2,82 per 100 inhabitants) is aligned to the EU median.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2012	100,2%	100,5%	275	133
2013	98,2%	100,7%	274	119
2014	94,9%	101,9%	304	133
2015	97,7%	101,0%	304	119
2016	98,5%	101,5%	312	98
2017	103,7%	100,6%	300	107
2018	96,3%	100,6%	381	91
2019	99,4%	99,8%	388	111
2020	93,6%	98,7%	554	109
2021	105,3%	101,2%	440	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,3% in 2021 France seems to deal efficiently with its other than criminal cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 11,7 points.

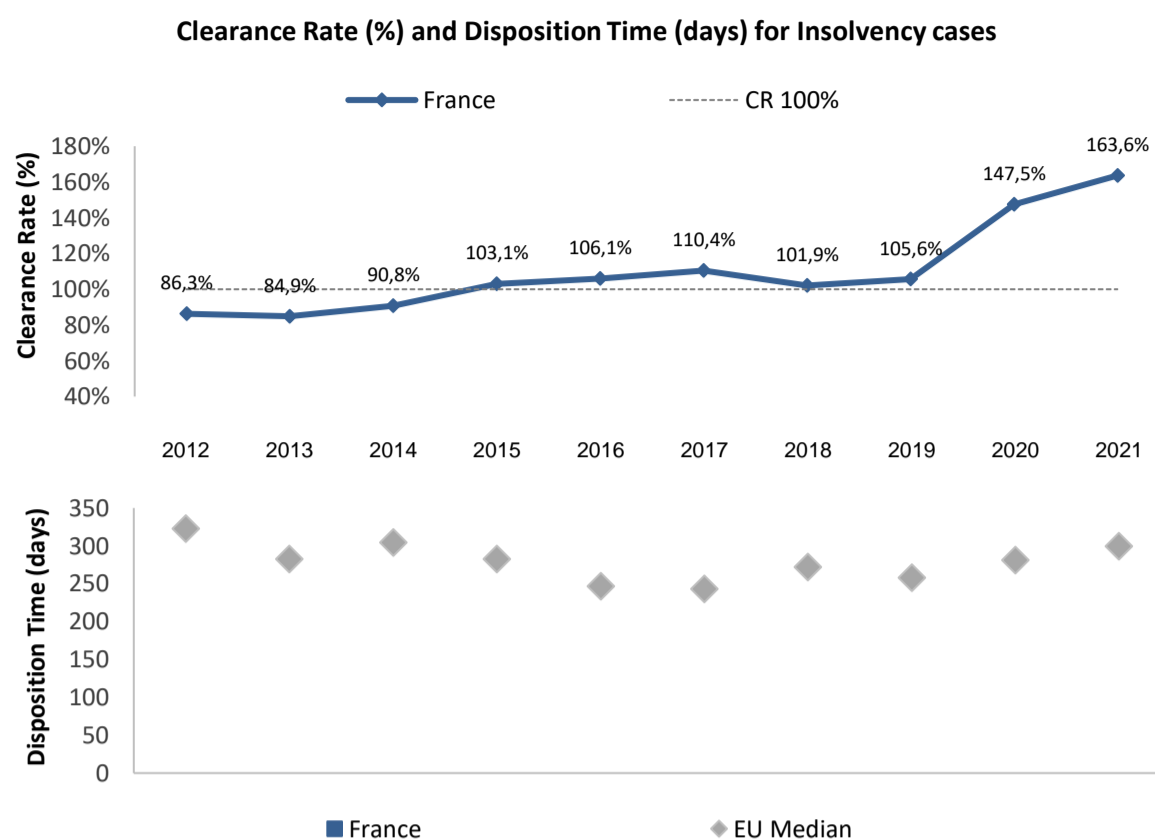
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 440 days, which is well above the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -20,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2012	86,3%	95,0%	NA	323
2013	84,9%	89,6%	NA	282
2014	90,8%	96,9%	NA	304
2015	103,1%	104,5%	NA	282
2016	106,1%	102,0%	NA	246
2017	110,4%	103,6%	NA	243
2018	101,9%	101,5%	NA	271
2019	105,6%	101,2%	NA	258
2020	147,5%	109,7%	NA	281
2021	163,6%	103,3%	NA	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 163,6% in 2021 France seems to deal efficiently with its insolvency cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 16,1 points.

The Disposition Time of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

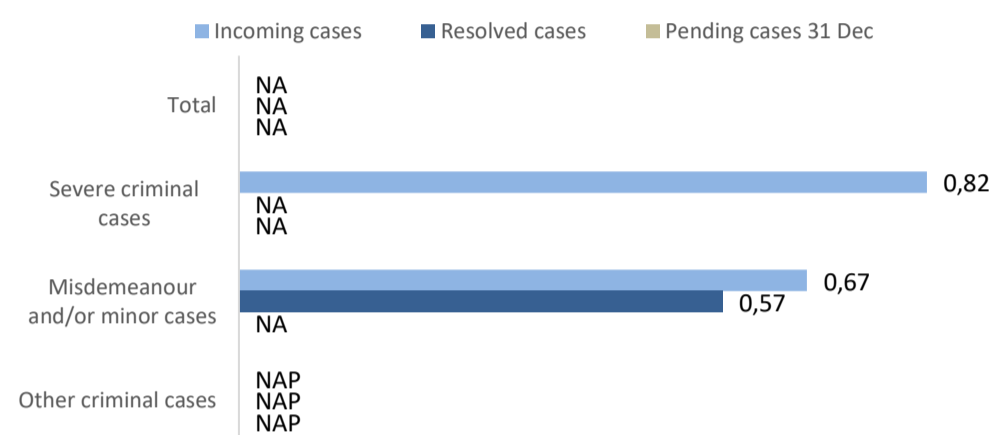
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	551 370	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	455 348	387 728	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,82	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	0,67	0,57	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The 2021 data on total number of criminal cases are not available. Accordingly, the Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time indicators cannot be calculated.

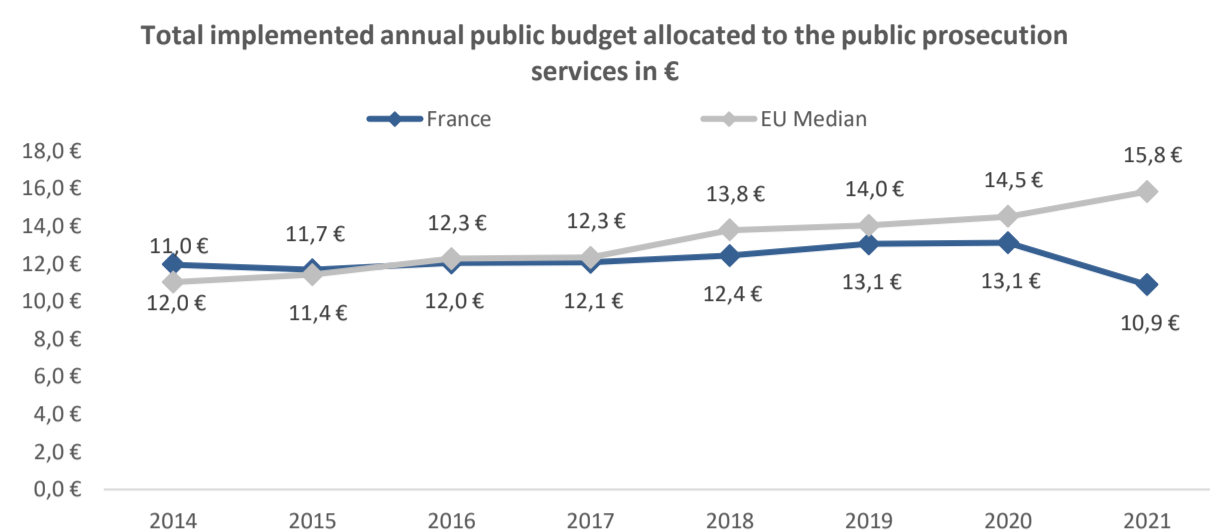
◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2020	91,3%	95,2%	NA	139
2021	NA	100,0%	NA	134

5. Public prosecution services in France (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	France		France	EU Median
2014	793 313 171 €		12,0 €	11,0 €
2015	778 590 473 €		11,7 €	11,4 €
2016	807 160 505 €		12,0 €	12,3 €
2017	811 386 286 €		12,1 €	12,3 €
2018	833 119 054 €		12,4 €	13,8 €
2019	875 628 332 €		13,1 €	14,0 €
2020	884 666 227 €		13,1 €	14,5 €
2021	736 277 006 €		10,9 €	15,8 €



As it is not possible to distinguish between data related to courts' budget and data related to the public prosecution services' budget, an 80/20 ratio has been applied to the data from the LFI 2021 of P166 and the annual performance report 2021 of P 166.

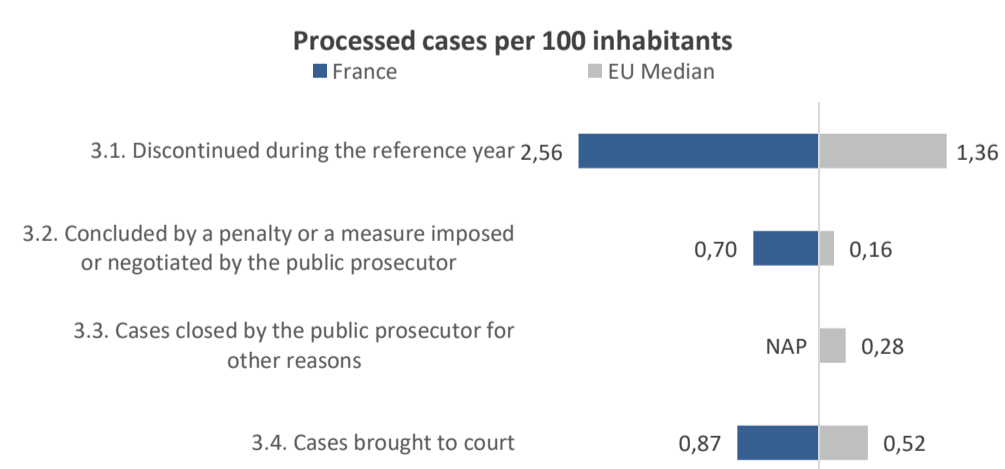
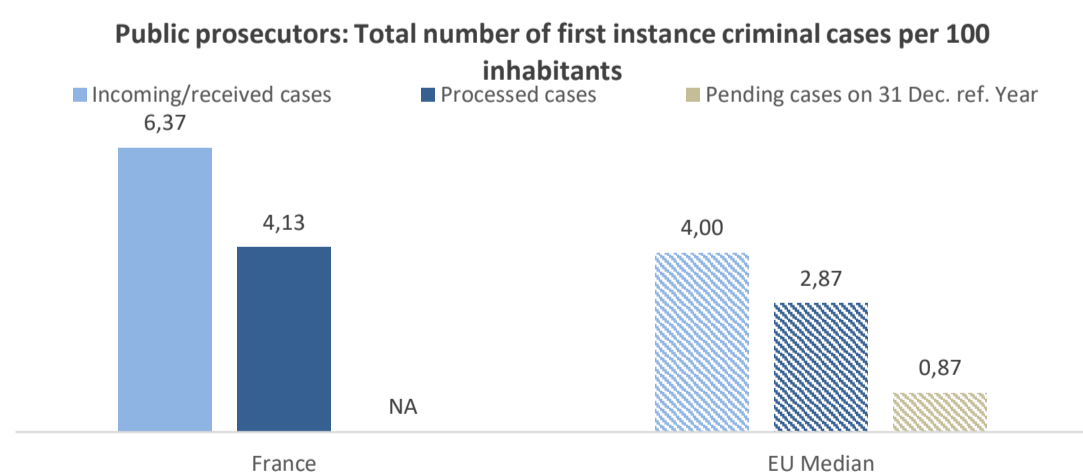
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	France		France	EU Median
2018	NA		NA	0,018 €
2019	NAP		NAP	0,029 €
2020	NA		NA	0,011 €
2021	29 092 471 €		0,430 €	0,022 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	France	% Variation 2020 - 2021	France	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	4 306 541	▲ 4,4%	6,37	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	2 792 471	▲ 5,1%	4,13	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 730 908	▲ 5,0%	2,56	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	918 574	▲ 1,7%	1,36	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	619 017	▲ 11,8%	0,92	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	193 317	▲ 0,7%	0,29	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	474 452	▼ -0,7%	0,70	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	587 111	▲ 10,9%	0,87	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

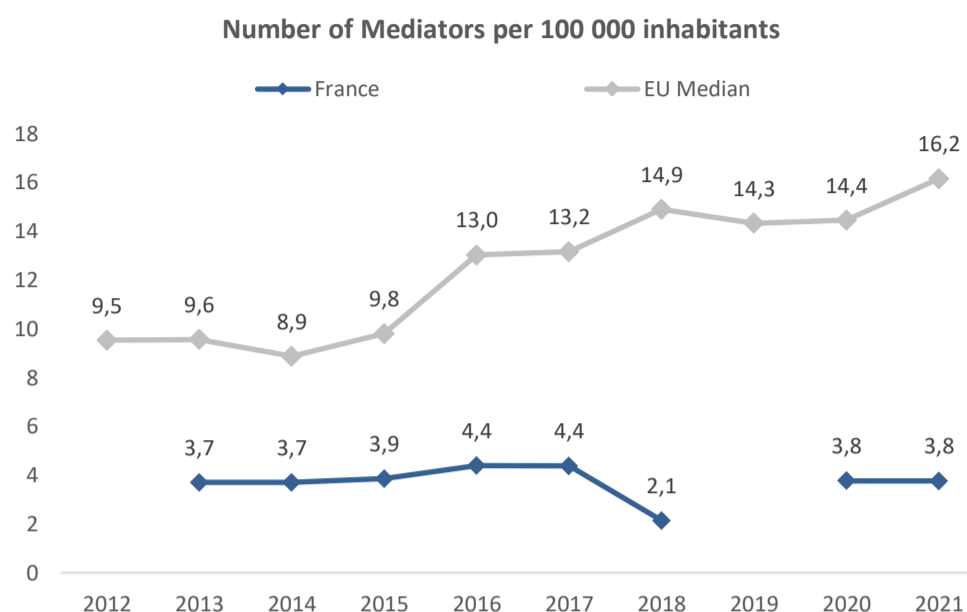
The complexity and diversity of data on criminal cases do not allow an estimation of the number of pending cases.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in France (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Absolute Number	EU Median
	France	France
2012	NA	NA
2013	2435	3,7
2014	2450	3,7
2015	2571	3,9
2016	2940	4,4
2017	2940	4,4
2018	1436	2,1
2019	NA	NA
2020	2542	3,8
2021	2542	3,8



In 2021, there are 2 542 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 3,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The total remained the same as in 2020.

Indeed only the number of natural persons is reported. More precisely, among a total of 2854, 2542 are natural persons, the others are legal persons

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	2 208	1 846	952
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In criminal matters, mediation does not strictly speaking lead to a settlement. In fact, in the event of successful mediation, the public prosecutor's office will close the case on the grounds of successful "criminal mediation". If the mediation fails, the prosecutor's office takes over the prosecution, based on the opportunity principle, and can decide to prosecute the perpetrator in court.

It is useful to recall here that a voluntary project has been launched in the field of mediation at the initiative of the judge before the administrative courts, with each court having to reach a quantified objective of mediations proposed by the judge and accepted by the parties (but without any obligation to see these mediations lead to an agreement, which the court does not control. The objective is, over the period 2019-2022, to reach approximately 2000 mediations initiated by the judge before the administrative courts (i.e. approximately 1% of the entries of the TA and CAA).

7. ICT tools of courts in France (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 10-49%	50-99%	100%
Simple dictation tools	NA	NA	some courts / pilot phases
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes NA	NA	not available
Voice recognition feature	NA	NA	No

In criminal matters the templates available in the applications cover a large part of the criminal law field. However, in some cases, it is still necessary for judges and court clerks to make changes. The new templates or those to be modified as a result of legislative reforms and the templates not present in the application are available on the ministerial intranet before being integrated into the applications in order to facilitate the work of the registry staff during the development phases.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	NA	NA

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	0% (NAP)	No	No	No
Prosecutors	0% (NAP)	No	No	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

In respect of non-judge staff, the Management and Distribution Tool for Civil Servants (OUTILGREF) was created in 1992. It has been online via the private Justice network since 2006. It measures the workload of registry officials (i.e. excluding legal assistants and specialised assistants) and assesses the need for registry staff (FTE) in the courts and regional administrative services (RAS). It also includes an assessment of the workload of the common or support services. A data collection exercise is carried out each year to feed it.

As regards judges and prosecutors, the answer is currently no. However, since December 2019, the Directorate of Judicial Services (DSJ) has been working on a more effective management tool to measure the activity of judges, based on a case weighting system (SPA). Operational case weighting tables should be available by the end of 2022 for the first instance, once the results of the survey conducted in the pilot courts have been analysed. These tables will be organised around jurisdictional activity but also support activity. During 2023, the weighting tables should be able to be translated into an IT application that will improve the administration of justice by strengthening the ministry's management capacities.

Once implemented, the information from the case weighting system will be used to allocate judges' workload more accurately between the various courts and, in the longer term, to better assess the need for judges and, more broadly, for judicial staff to deal with the activity of the courts and tribunals.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in France (2021 data)

In France, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Quality standards developed for public administration are used in the judicial system. The charter of the administrations thus sets the rules for the reception of litigants in all courts and can lead to certification. There are also local initiatives aimed at setting up a "quality system" based on certification by an external body, which consists in establishing procedures describing the reception process, the organisation of work and the management of a case.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

In France, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

In the case of civil and criminal justice, it is specified "in the framework of management dialogues".

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In France, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241	67 626 000	3,1%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	31 059	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959	36 660	18,0%	8,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	True	False	False	False

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	True	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							True	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	True		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									-	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	False	False	False	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	True	True	True	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							True	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	False	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	True	False	True	True	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	True	True	True	True	

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	True	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	True		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 066	1 063	-	-0,3%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	206	206	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	778	783	786	786	786	786	168	168	168	168	-78,4%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	37	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860	857	-	-0,3%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1 156	1 089	1 094	1 094	1 086	1 086	1 463	1 186	851	848	-26,6%	-0,4%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	143	143	148	148	143	143	143	143	152	152	6,3%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	281	281	281	281	281	289	289	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	50	50	50	50	50	49	49	NA	NA	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	115	141	141	141	141	141	241	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	156	-	0,6%
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	640	208	208	208	200	200	474	438	286	282	-55,9%	-1,4%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	618	661	-	7,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	640	641	643	643	641	641	641	641	672	715	11,7%	6,4%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 654 187	1 643 188	1 692 658	1 810 803	1 863 243	1 899 497	1 821 752	1 892 584	1 903 120	1 987 671	20,2%	4,4%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 415 720	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 630 342	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	1 732 374	22,4%	4,6%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	72 374	-	-1,3%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 108	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	72 374	4,7%	-1,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	169 359	149 904	149 932	158 768	162 856	164 091	160 474	165 741	173 792	182 923	8,0%	5,3%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 185 753	2 288 177	2 285 876	2 288 643	2 253 976	2 135 602	1 882 289	1 801 871	1 400 368	1 502 201	-31,3%	7,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 688 929	1 789 902	1 747 989	1 740 302	1 698 704	1 658 004	1 498 080	1 403 505	1 068 850	1 136 137	-32,7%	6,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	124 680	-	3,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	318 333	322 513	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	124 680	-60,8%	3,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	178 491	175 762	195 625	192 007	193 532	197 243	213 029	231 280	210 514	241 384	35,2%	14,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 189 186	2 246 155	2 169 237	2 237 067	2 219 465	2 213 947	1 813 313	1 791 335	1 310 960	1 581 821	-27,7%	20,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 675 838	1 745 616	1 649 648	1 700 279	1 682 166	1 700 230	1 434 571	1 399 133	992 473	1 218 052	-27,3%	22,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	130 515	-	10,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	322 968	317 357	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	130 515	-59,6%	10,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	190 380	183 182	188 295	188 783	191 697	201 460	209 618	223 229	200 411	233 254	22,5%	16,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 650 754	1 685 210	1 809 297	1 862 379	1 897 754	1 821 152	1 890 728	1 903 120	1 991 346	1 908 051	15,6%	-4,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 627 999	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	1 732 374	1 650 459	15,5%	-4,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	66 539	-	-12,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	66 539	3,2%	-12,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	157 470	142 484	157 262	161 992	164 691	159 874	163 885	173 792	182 713	191 053	21,3%	4,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,2%	98,2%	94,9%	97,7%	98,5%	103,7%	96,3%	99,4%	93,6%	105,3%	5,14	11,68
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,2%	97,5%	94,4%	97,7%	99,0%	102,5%	95,8%	99,7%	92,9%	107,2%	7,99	14,36
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	104,7%	-	7,10
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,5%	98,4%	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	104,7%	3,22	7,10

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	106,7%	104,2%	96,3%	98,3%	99,1%	102,1%	98,4%	96,5%	95,2%	96,6%	(10,03)	1,43
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	275	274	304	304	312	300	381	388	554	440	60,0%	-20,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	311	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	495	58,9%	-22,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	186	-	-21,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	73	80	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	186	155,4%	-21,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	302	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	299	-1,0%	-10,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---	---

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	92 864	90 694	91 882	86 926	84 579	94 560	92 802	89 026	75 733	41 561	-55,2%	-45,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	124 434	145 779	134 837	128 489	108 193	94 099	90 504	80 566	71 501	72 685	-41,6%	1,7%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	55 561	57 743	56 820	57 902	53 072	49 626	49 083	46 375	30 931	24 557	-55,8%	-20,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	92 659	89 956	88 220	84 602	85 560	82 562	86 771	90 569	79 589	98 060	5,8%	23,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	130 478	128 657	130 574	136 021	131 063	122 120	97 053	96 580	68 734	92 992	-28,7%	35,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	47 942	49 024	51 577	59 686	56 300	54 768	50 039	48 969	45 621	40 176	-16,2%	-11,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 202	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	399	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	99,8%	99,2%	96,0%	97,3%	101,2%	87,3%	93,5%	101,7%	105,1%	235,9%	136,16	130,85
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,9%	88,3%	96,8%	105,9%	121,1%	129,8%	107,2%	119,9%	96,1%	127,9%	23,08	31,81
CR Insolvency cases	86,3%	84,9%	90,8%	103,1%	106,1%	110,4%	101,9%	105,6%	147,5%	163,6%	77,32	16,11
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			294 069	294 210	307 020	317 778	310 011	302 841	295 549	289 510	-	-2,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			254 353	254 567	266 127	276 110	268 669	260 673	247 769	240 497	-	-2,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			12 215	12 170	12 996	NA	12 798	12 700	16 837	18 505	-	9,9%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			12 215	12 170	12 996	13 068	12 798	12 700	16 837	18 505	-	9,9%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			27 501	27 473	27 897	28 600	28 544	29 468	30 943	30 508	-	-1,4%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			282 436	279 740	282 835	273 682	263 086	263 044	201 536	243 630	-	20,9%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			220 119	215 160	217 135	203 792	194 060	190 203	137 434	171 390	-	24,7%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			32 460	33 983	34 392	NA	35 253	37 157	33 873	38 228	-	12,9%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			32 460	33 983	34 392	38 607	35 253	37 157	33 873	38 228	-	12,9%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			29 857	30 597	31 308	31 283	33 773	35 684	30 229	34 012	-	12,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			267 325	267 682	272 077	281 393	270 311	264 733	207 617	254 669	-	22,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			205 772	203 896	207 152	211 233	203 258	194 479	144 706	180 858	-	25,0%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			31 623	33 246	34 320	NA	34 199	35 994	32 205	39 805	-	23,6%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			31 623	33 246	34 320	38 877	34 199	35 994	32 205	39 805	-	23,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			29 930	30 540	30 605	31 283	32 854	34 260	30 706	34 006	-	10,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			309 180	306 268	317 778	310 067	302 786	301 152	289 468	278 471	-	-3,8%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			268 700	265 831	276 110	268 669	259 471	256 397	240 497	231 029	-	-3,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			13 052	12 907	13 068	NA	13 852	13 863	18 505	16 928	-	-8,5%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			13 052	12 907	13 068	12 798	13 852	13 863	18 505	16 928	-	-8,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			27 428	27 530	28 600	28 600	29 463	30 892	30 466	30 514	-	0,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	950	1 108	1 620	-	46,2%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			94,6%	95,7%	96,2%	102,8%	102,7%	100,6%	103,0%	104,5%	-	1,51
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,5%	94,8%	95,4%	103,7%	104,7%	102,2%	105,3%	105,5%	-	0,23
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	NA	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	104,1%	-	9,05
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			97,4%	97,8%	99,8%	100,7%	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	104,1%	-	9,05
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,2%	99,8%	97,8%	100,0%	97,3%	96,0%	101,6%	100,0%	-	(1,60)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			422	418	426	402	409	415	509	399	-	-21,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			477	476	487	464	466	481	607	466	-	-23,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			151	142	139	NA	148	141	210	155	-	-26,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			151	142	139	120	148	141	210	155	-	-26,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			334	329	341	334	327	329	362	328	-	-9,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 568	29 070	28 489	29 757	29 145	25 062	24 729	NA	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			21 199	22 858	23 041	24 358	23 870	19 635	19 231	NA	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			6 369	6 212	5 448	5 399	5 275	5 427	5 498	5 860	-	6,6%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			33 377	29 139	30 018	32 754	27 021	27 287	23 451	27 094	-	15,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			21 295	20 412	20 398	22 890	17 458	17 071	13 417	15 781	-	17,6%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			12 082	8 727	9 620	9 864	9 563	10 216	10 034	11 313	-	12,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			31 888	27 476	30 994	30 806	31 076	27 795	23 742	28 032	-	18,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 636	17 923	21 387	20 667	21 493	17 475	14 071	16 421	-	16,7%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			12 252	9 553	9 607	10 139	9 583	10 320	9 671	11 611	-	20,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			29 057	30 733	27 513	31 705	25 090	24 554	24 575	25 456	-	3,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			22 858	25 347	22 052	26 581	19 835	19 231	18 714	19 894	-	6,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6 199	5 386	5 461	5 124	5 255	5 323	5 861	5 562	-	-5,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	89	132	102	-	-22,7%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			95,5%	94,3%	103,3%	94,1%	115,0%	101,9%	101,2%	103,5%	-	2,22
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			92,2%	87,8%	104,8%	90,3%	123,1%	102,4%	104,9%	104,1%	-	(0,82)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,4%	109,5%	99,9%	102,8%	100,2%	101,0%	96,4%	102,6%	-	6,25
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			333	408	324	376	295	322	378	331	-	-12,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			425	516	376	469	337	402	485	442	-	-8,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			185	206	207	184	200	188	221	175	-	-21,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									965 679	NA	-	-
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									497 526	551 370	-	10,8%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									468 153	455 348	-	-2,7%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									882 087	NA	-	-
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									490 172	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									391 915	387 728	-	-1,1%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									91,3%	NA	-	-
CR of Severe cases									98,5%	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									83,7%	85,1%	-	1,4
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									43 287	42 657	-	-1,5%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									37 811	45 402	-	20,1%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									38 730	43 001	-	11,0%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									42 368	45 058	-	6,3%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									102,4%	94,7%	-	(7,54)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									399	382	-	-4,2%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 302	2 998	-	-9,2%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									7 199	7 360	-	2,2%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									7 503	7 382	-	-1,6%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 998	2 976	-	-0,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									104,2%	100,3%	-	(3,92)
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									146	147	-	0,9%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									4 124 168	4 306 541	-	4,4%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									2 655 865	2 792 471	-	5,1%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									1 648 743	1 730 908	-	5,0%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									903 345	918 574	-	1,7%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									553 520	619 017	-	11,8%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									191 878	193 317	-	0,7%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									477 768	474 452	-	-0,7%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									529 354	587 111	-	10,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,64	0,68	-	5,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									78 600	101 706	-	29,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									78 600	101 706	-	29,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	729 425 027 €	742 704 493 €	780 762 888 €	774 262 280 €	809 515 806 €	816 441 201 €	#####	#####	#####	#####	2,0%	-16,79%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	793 313 171 €	778 590 473 €	807 160 505 €	811 386 286 €	#####	#####	#####	#####	-	-16,77%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	29 123 899 €	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	29 092 471 €	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									888 343	1 218 689	-	0,37
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									348 715	691 975	-	0,98
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									539 628	526 714	-	(0,02)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									45	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									52	50	-	(0,04)
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									908	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	754	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									249	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									217	530	-	144,2%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	575	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									1 975 018 €	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									1 388 393 €	2 514 646 €	-	81,1%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							NA	NA	NA	10-49%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	NA	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter								NA	NA	NA

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter									NA	NA	NA	
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter								in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter									NA	NA	NA	
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter									NA	NA	NA	
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter									NA	NA	not available for this matter	
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	NA	NA	NA	NA	
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	NA	NA	NA	NA	
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	NA	NA	NA	No	
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA	NA	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA	NA	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA	NA	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								False	False	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges										NA	0% (NAP)	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors										NA	0% (NAP)	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff										100%	100%	

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	NA	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	NA	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	NA	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	7 033	7 054	6 935	6 967	6 995	7 066	7 277	7 427	7 522	7 574	7,7%	0,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 962	4 977	4 876	4 883	4 919	4 982	5 121	5 243	5 288	5 354	7,9%	1,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 695	1 708	1 706	1 721	1 731	1 748	1 805	1 827	1 880	1 868	10,2%	-0,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	376	369	353	363	345	336	351	355	354	352	-6,4%	-0,6%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 829	2 746	2 617	2 555	2 491	2 443	2 466	2 454	2 446	2 380	-15,9%	-2,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 819	1 772	1 701	1 657	1 628	1 608	1 611	1 629	1 615	1 586	-12,8%	-1,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	787	760	719	701	687	668	685	656	658	625	-20,6%	-5,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	223	214	197	197	176	167	170	167	173	170	-23,8%	-1,7%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	4 204	4 308	4 318	4 412	4 504	4 623	4 811	4 973	5 076	5 194	23,5%	2,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	3 143	3 205	3 175	3 226	3 291	3 374	3 510	3 613	3 673	3 768	19,9%	2,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	908	948	987	1 020	1 044	1 080	1 120	1 171	1 222	1 243	36,9%	1,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	153	155	156	166	169	169	181	188	181	182	19,0%	0,6%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 522	7 574	-	0,7%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 288	5 354	-	1,2%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 880	1 868	-	-0,6%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	354	352	-	-0,6%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 343	1 313	-	-2,2%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	909	912	-	0,3%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	303	273	-	-9,9%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	132	128	-	-3,0%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	24 062	22 115	1,6%	-8,1%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17 663	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	19 074	18 894	18 891	19 573	18 311	3,7%	-6,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 352	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	2 703	2 657	2 853	3 045	2 391	76,8%	-21,5%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	964	1 047	1 051	907	923	937	1 025	1 001	889	816	-15,4%	-8,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 779	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	NAP	268	651	554	597	-66,4%	7,8%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	4 991	3 731	3 902	3 797	3 969	4 007	NA	4 244	4 383	3 914	-21,6%	-10,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	2 146	2 258	2 454	2 450	2 497	2 585	NA	2 530	2 734	2 499	16,4%	-8,6%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	292	679	585	603	621	658	NA	687	765	576	97,3%	-24,7%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	774	794	863	744	759	764	NA	843	742	684	-11,6%	-7,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	92	NAP	NA	184	141	155	-	9,9%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	16 767	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	18 707	NA	19 152	19 678	18 200	8,5%	-7,5%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	15 517	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	16 489	NA	16 361	16 839	15 811	1,9%	-6,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	1 060	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	2 045	NA	2 165	2 279	1 815	71,2%	-20,4%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	190	253	188	163	164	173	NA	158	146	132	-30,5%	-9,6%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	NAP	NA	467	413	442	-	7,0%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									24 062	20 708	-	-13,9%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	17 929	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	2 483	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	296	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	3 551	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	2 894	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	571	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	86	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	17 157	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	15 035	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	1 912	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	210	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 151	2 143	-	-0,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 605	1 596	-	-0,6%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									489	490	-	0,2%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									57	57	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									871	882	-	1,3%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									594	603	-	1,5%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									247	249	-	0,8%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									30	30	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 280	1 261	-	-1,5%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									1 011	994	-	-1,7%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									242	240	-	-0,8%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	27	-	0,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									NA	359	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	93	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	266	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country									34 495 €	37 742 €	-	9,4%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									46 149 €	46 149 €	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									123 213 €	123 213 €	-	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									48 738 €	46 738 €	-	-4,1%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									123 213 €	123 213 €	-	0,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									37 716 €	37 716 €	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									101 922 €	101 922 €	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									38 502 €	38 502 €	-	0,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									101 922 €	101 922 €	-	0,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									4	16	-	300,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	6	-	500,0%

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	6	-	500,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									2	4	-	100,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	NAP	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	3	-	0,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	2	-	0,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	1	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									1	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									7	10	-	42,9%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	1	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	2	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									2	1	-	-50,0%
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									3	4	-	33,3%
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	2	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	3	-	50,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	1	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	1	-	-

Lawyers

(Q146, Q147, Q148)

146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	56 176	60 223	62 073	62 073	65 480	66 958	66 958	68 835	70 073	70 794	26,0%	1,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							29 700	29 835	30 304	30 389	-	0,3%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							37 258	38 464	39 769	40 405	-	1,6%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

(Q166, Q157)

France

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	2 435	2 450	2 571	2 940	2 940	1 436	NA	2 542	2 542	-	0,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	1 156	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	2 724	2 751	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	261	780	1 021	1 394	2 208	-	58,4%
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					11 995	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Germany

(2021 data)

General data

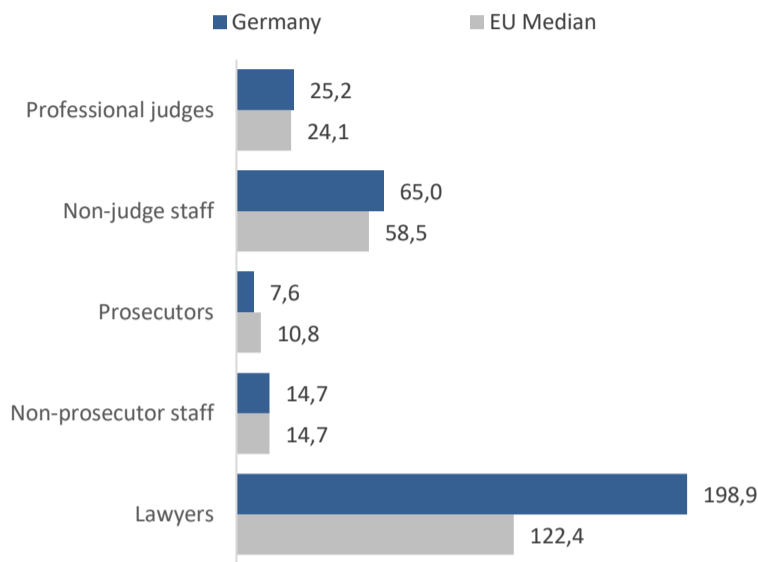
Population: 83 237 124

GDP per capita: 42 918 €

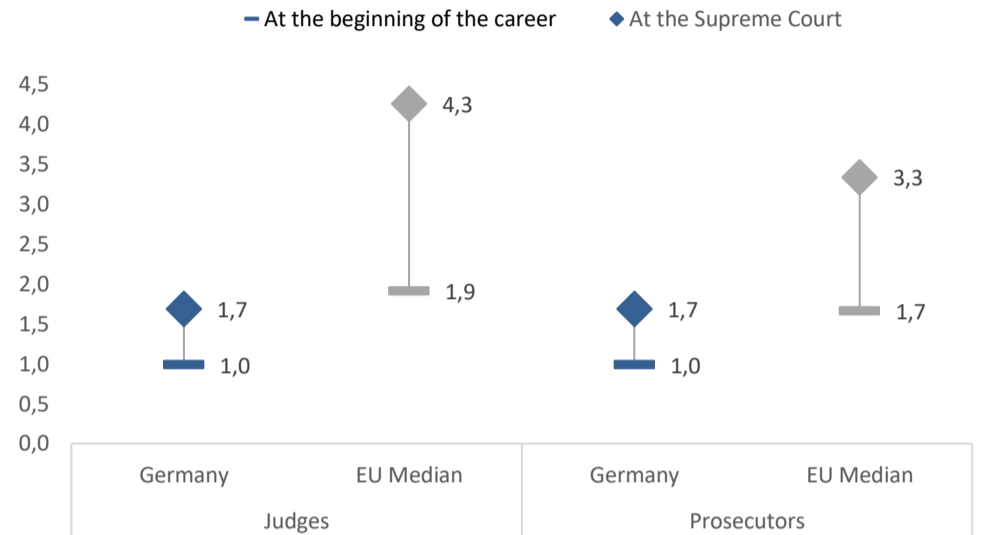
Average annual salary: 54 163 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

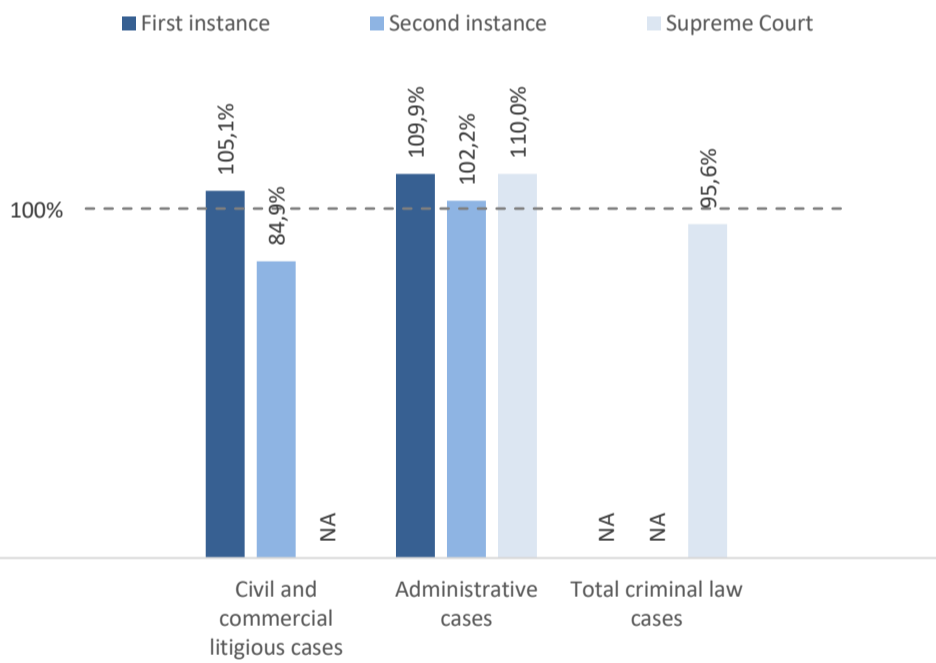


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

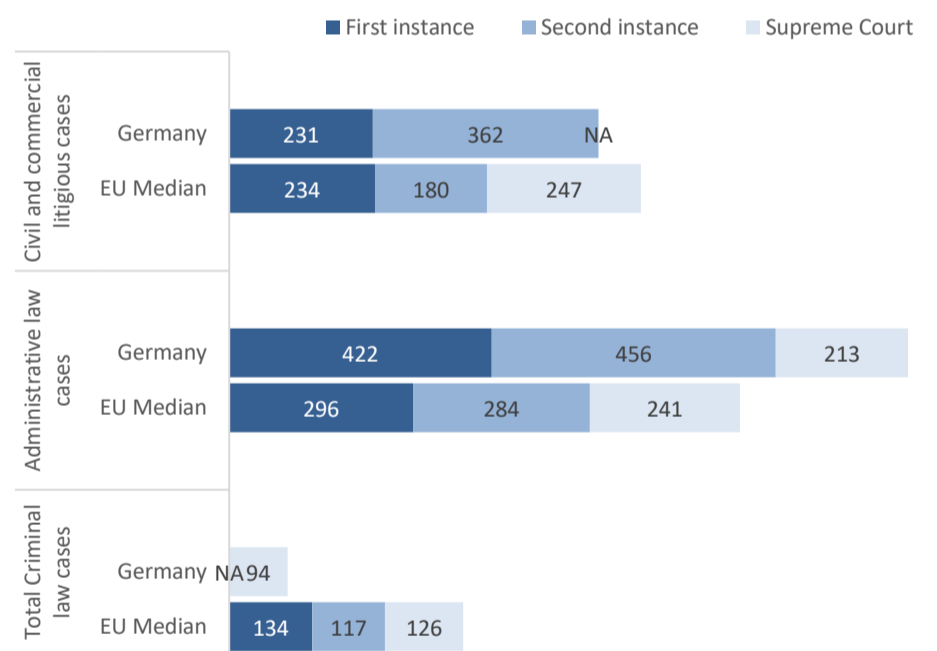


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

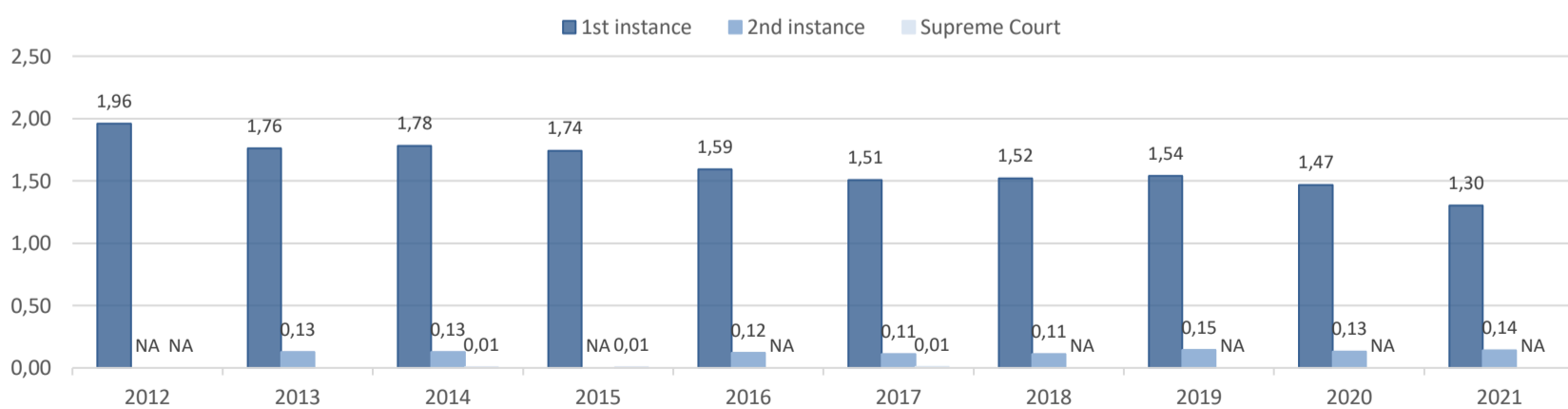


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Germany

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	83 155 031	83 237 124		3,7%	0,1%
GDP per capita	32 550	33 343	33 343	37 087	37 997	39 649	40 852	41 342	40 027	42 918		31,9%	7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary in €	44 991		44 991		52 044		53 688	56 808	52 464	54 163		20,4%	3,2%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,7	23,9	23,9	23,6	24,2	24,3	24,5	24,7	25,0	25,2		2,1%	0,9%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	66,9	66,0	66,0	65,2	64,7	64,3	65,1	65,5	65,1	65,0		-2,8%	-0,1%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									7,5	7,6			1,9%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									14,7	14,7			-0,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	200,5	201,4	202,4	200,3	200,1	199,2	198,9	199,5	199,2	198,9		-0,8%	-0,2%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,961	1,763	1,781	1,741	1,592	1,506	1,520	1,542	1,466	1,302		-33,6%	-11,2%
Administrative law cases	0,856	0,8	0,8	0,804	0,900	1,049	0,901	0,818	0,700	0,657		-23,2%	-6,1%
Total criminal law cases									1,428	1,362			-4,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	100%	99%	100%	102%	103%	101%	97%	99%	98%	105%		4,72	6,94
CR administrative law cases	102%	100%	100%	103%	92%	84%	97%	109%	110%	110%		8,17	-0,17
CR total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	237	231		26,0%	-2,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	426	422		19,1%	-1,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,99	0,92	0,97	0,92	0,88	0,85	0,89	0,91	0,93	0,87		-12,3%	-7,3%
Administrative law cases	0,84	0,80	0,82	0,79	0,85	1,02	1,04	0,97	0,90	0,83		-1,2%	-7,3%
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			100%	NA	101%	102%	99%	85%	103%	85%			-18,02
CR administrative law cases			93%	NA	96%	96%	94%	98%	107%	102%			-4,46
CR total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			233	NA	245	254	262	299	265	362			36,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)			320	NA	452	430	443	427	419	456			8,8%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			97%	102%	NA	109%	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR administrative law cases			100%	107%	107%	100%	98%	103%	106%	110%			3,73
CR total criminal law cases									104%	96%			-8,61

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			206	185	172	198	228	219	197	213			7,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									77	94			21,6%

1. Judicial organisation in Germany (2021 data)

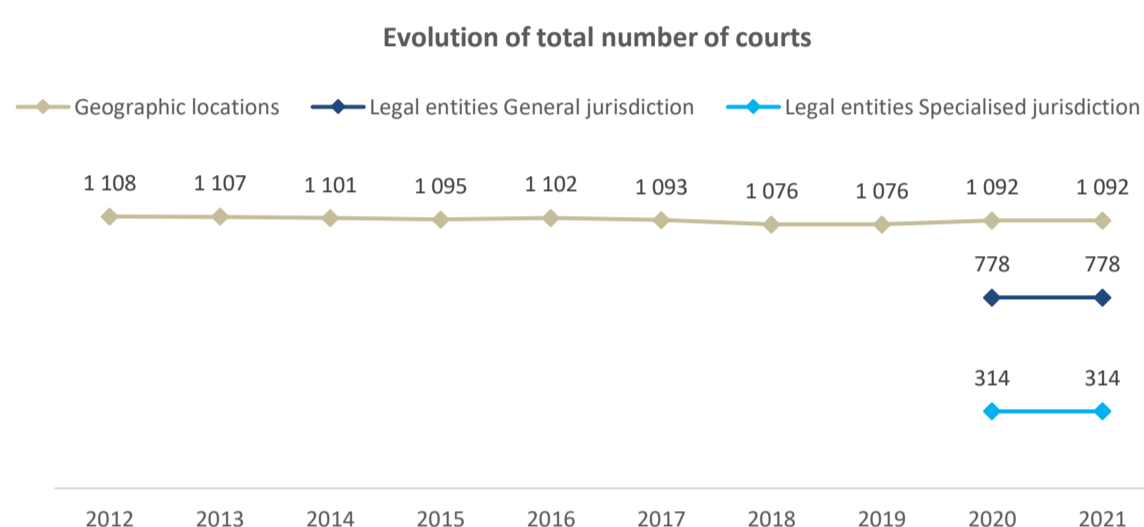
The court system in Germany has a federal structure. The administration of justice is entrusted to federal courts and the courts of the 16 federal states (Länder). The ordinary jurisdiction consists of the civil and criminal jurisdictions. The specialised courts are the Administrative courts, the Finance courts, the Labour courts and the Social courts. In addition, there is the constitutional jurisdiction, which consists of the Federal Constitutional Court and the Constitutional courts of the Länder.

Even though the German legal system generally knows three instances (first instance, appeal on questions of fact and law, appeal on questions of law only), the different kinds of courts do not correspond directly to the stages of appeal. Local Courts (Amtsgerichte) are first instance courts with the Regional Courts (Landgerichte) as next stage of appeal (exceptions apply in family matters). However, Regional Courts do not only serve as second instance courts but also deal with first instance cases. Whether a case is initially dealt with at a Local or Regional Court depends (among other things) on the value at dispute (civil cases) or on the kind of the suspected offence (criminal cases). Similarly the Higher Regional Courts (Oberlandesgerichte) may serve as second instance courts (for cases that were initially dealt with at Regional Courts or for cases in family matters) and as third/highest instance Courts for cases that were initiated at the Local Courts (criminal cases). Higher Regional Courts are also responsible for some (rare) first instance cases in civil matters (e.g. model declaratory action) and criminal matters (e.g. high treason, treason and endangering external security).

The Constitutional Courts of the Länder and the Federal Constitutional Court (Bundesverfassungsgericht) are not part of the stages of appeal. Constitutional jurisdiction is also seen as separate from general and specialised jurisdiction. Constitutional Courts review legislation with regard to constitutional provisions. The Federal Constitutional Court mainly assesses alleged violations of basic rights by public authorities. However, in order to have access to the Constitutional Courts, the regular path of legal proceedings must generally be exhausted.

Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	1 108		
2013	1 107		
2014	1 101		
2015	1 095		
2016	1 102		
2017	1 093		
2018	1 076		
2019	1 076		
2020	1 092	778	314
2021	1 092	778	314

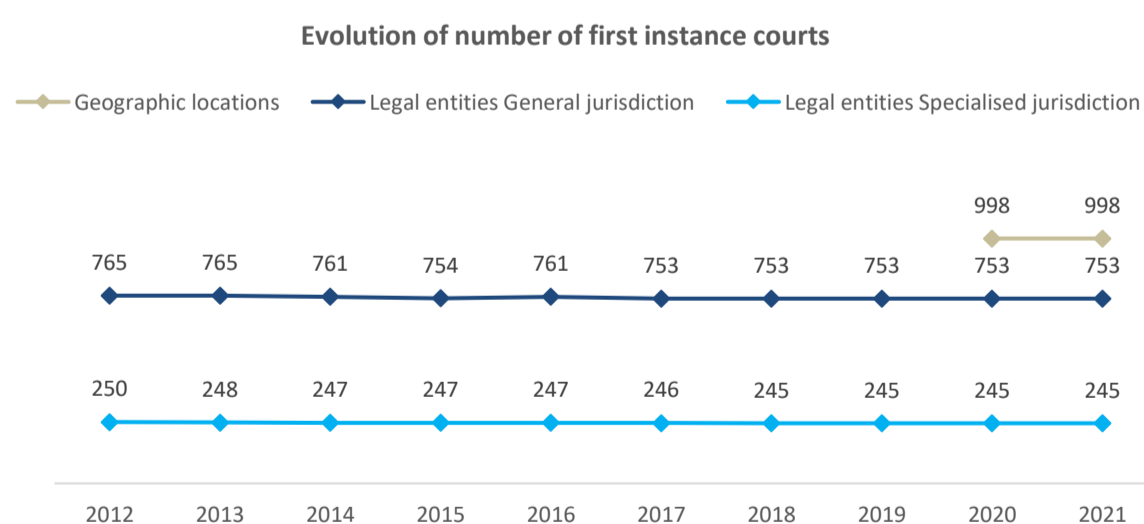


First instance courts include: 638 Local Courts, 115 Regional Courts. Regional Courts handle first as well as second instance cases. Second instance courts include: 24 Higher Regional Courts. Higher Regional Courts handle second and third instance cases as well as certain (few) first instance cases. Higher Regional Courts are the third and final instance with regard to criminal cases, that were originally initiated at the Local Courts. Highest instance courts include: Federal Supreme Court. The total number of specialised courts includes 16 Constitutional Courts of the Länder.

The figures in this section are taken from the chart "Number of Federal and State Courts" (https://www.bmju.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/PDF/Anzahl_der_Gerichte_des_Bundes_und_der_Laender.html) that does not distinguish between legal entities and geographic location of the courts. Generally, one legal entity equals one geographic location. A small number of courts may have an additional point of presence in other geographic locations. Since the exact number of geographic locations in comparison to legal entities is unknown, the figures from the chart "Number of Federal and State Courts" were used to answer this question as well.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		765	250
2013		765	248
2014		761	247
2015		754	247
2016		761	247
2017		753	246
2018		753	245
2019		753	245
2020	998	753	245
2021	998	753	245



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



■ General jurisdiction

■ Specialised courts

■ General jurisdiction

■ Specialised courts

The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 75% - 25% similar to EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	245	69
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	108	19
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	51	16
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	68	15
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	18	19

It is noteworthy that depending on the value at dispute, commercial cases are dealt with at Local or Regional Courts, on application in a chamber established at the Regional Court for commercial cases. There are no separate commercial courts. Likewise, there are no independent rent and tenancies courts, enforcement courts or courts for insurance cases. Depending on the caseload, special panels of judges are established for this purpose at the Local and Regional Courts. Family cases are dealt with at first instance in special departments of the Local Courts (second instance: Higher Regional Courts). The Federal Armed Forces do not have any military courts of their own; its members are subject to civil jurisdiction. Juvenile courts do not exist as independent courts either. They are established at the Local Courts or Regional Courts, depending on the severity of the expected sentence and the type of offence. The Juvenile Courts may be composed of a single criminal judge sitting as youth judge or one or more judges together with lay youth assessors.

The category "other" covers:

18 Finance Courts (first instance)

16 Constitutional Courts of the Länder, the Federal Constitutional Court, Federal Patent Court and the Federal Finance Court (higher instances).

2. Professionals of justice in Germany (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

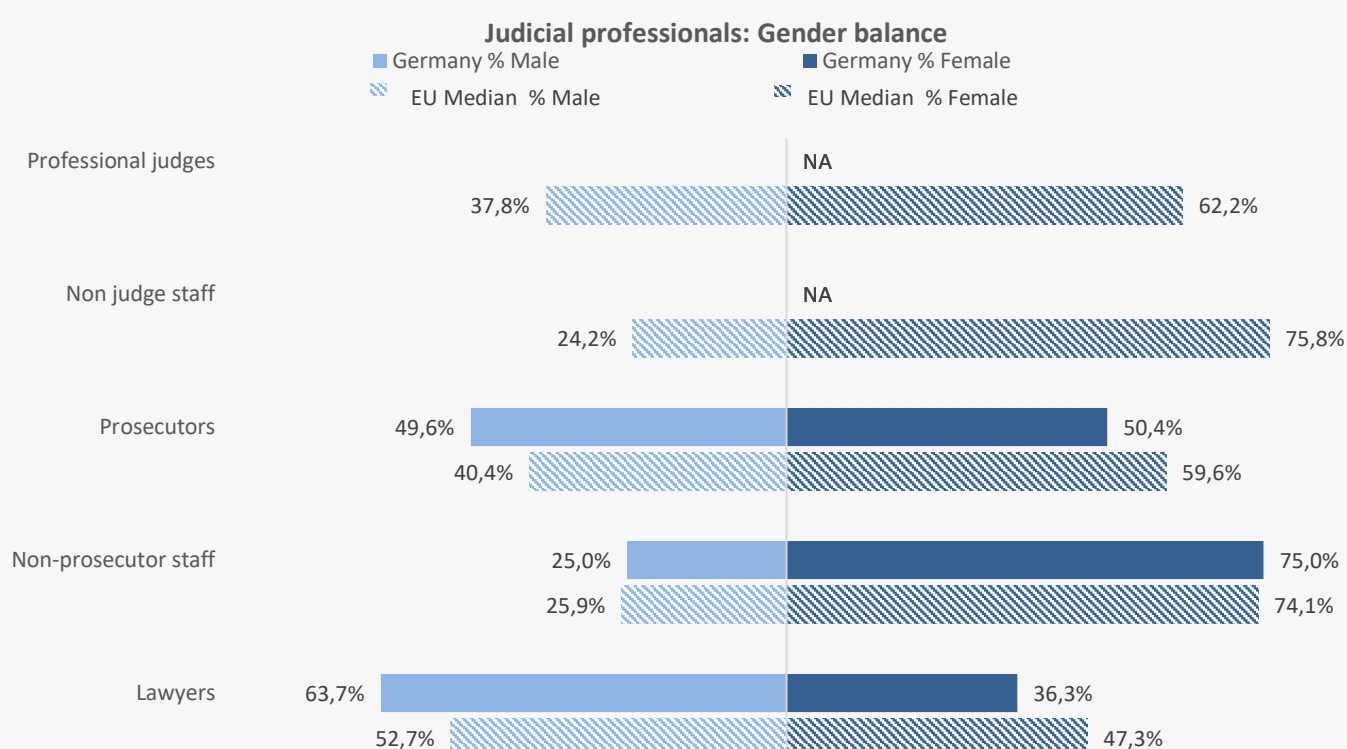
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	20 998	25,2	24,1
Non-judge staff	54 117	65,0	58,5
Prosecutors	6 320	7,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	12 197	14,7	14,7
Lawyers	165 587	198,9	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

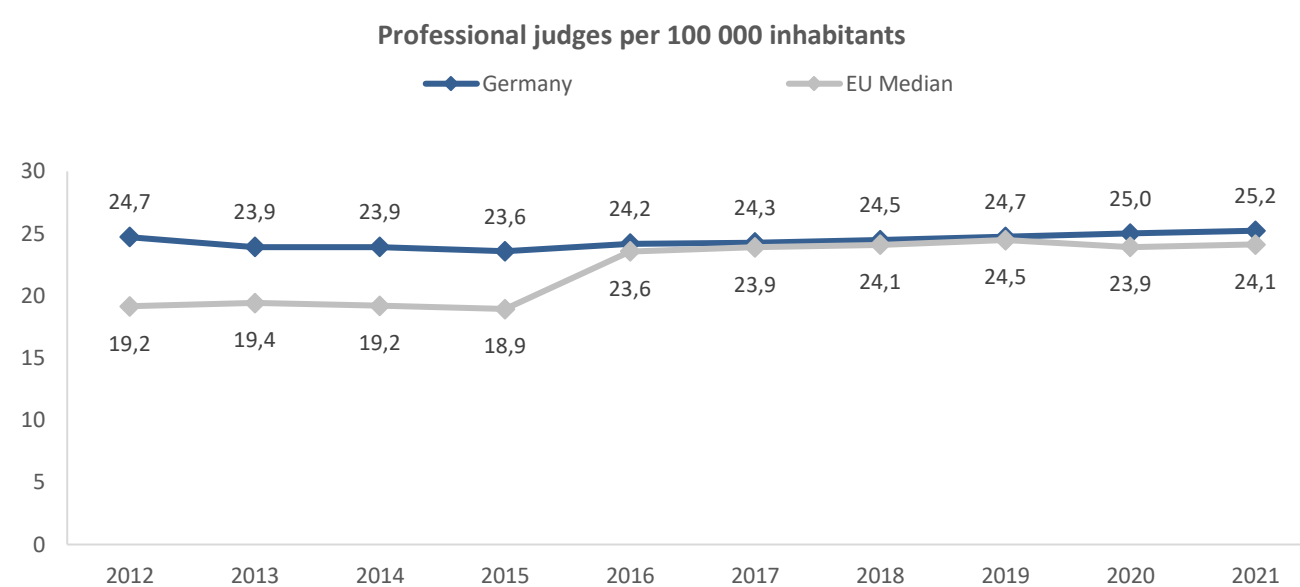
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	NA	NA
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	49,6%	50,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	25,0%	75,0%
Lawyers	63,7%	36,3%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Germany	EU Median	Germany	EU Median
2012	19 832	19,2	24,7	19,2
2013	19 323	19,4	23,9	19,4
2014	19 323	19,2	23,9	19,2
2015	19 282	18,9	23,6	18,9
2016	19 867	23,6	24,2	23,6
2017	20 069	23,9	24,3	23,9
2018	20 323	24,1	24,5	24,1
2019	20 570	24,5	24,7	24,5
2020	20 793	23,9	25,0	23,9
2021	20 998	24,1	25,2	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Germany is 20 998, which is 1% more than in previous cycle. More precisely, in Germany, there are 25 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is slightly above the EU median of 24 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was also close to 3 non-judge staff per judge.

Regarding the number of judges in Germany it should be noted that the federal level and the Länder on 31 January 2019 agreed on a 'Pact for the Rule of Law'. The pact foresees additional funding of EUR 220 million from the federal level for the Länder to create 2000 additional posts for judges and prosecutors, including the necessary administrative staff by 31 December 2021. In addition, the federal level is creating 24 additional posts at the Federal Court of Justice and 71 posts at the Prosecutor General of the Federal Court of Justice. New posts that were created after the beginning of 2017 are included into the count.

A joint report by the Federal Government and the Länder on the state of implementation of the pact was presented on 10 June 2021. The report concluded that the implementation has well progressed, noting in particular that over 2 700 posts for judges and prosecutors have been created so far, with 2 500 being filled.

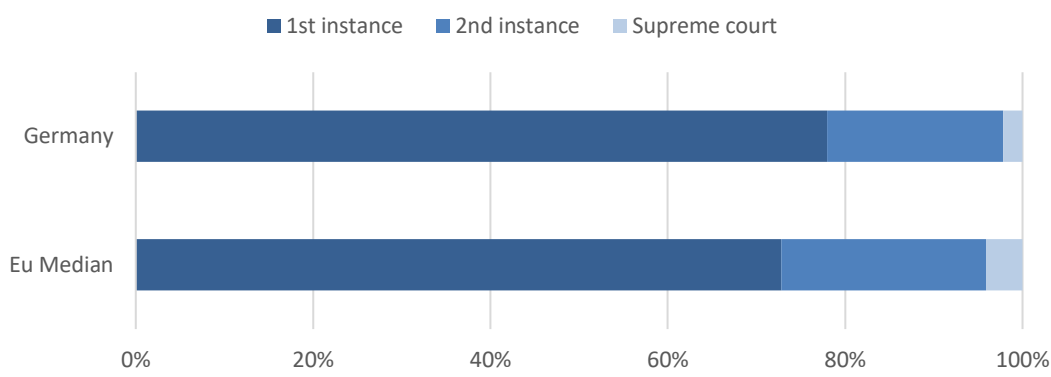
These numbers will not be reflected directly in the answers to Q 46, because the figures represent the average value of the actual personnel deployed during the reference year (in full-time equivalents).

It should also be noted that one of goals of the 'Pact for the Rule of Law' is to address the challenges related to the upcoming wave of retirements of judges and public prosecutors.

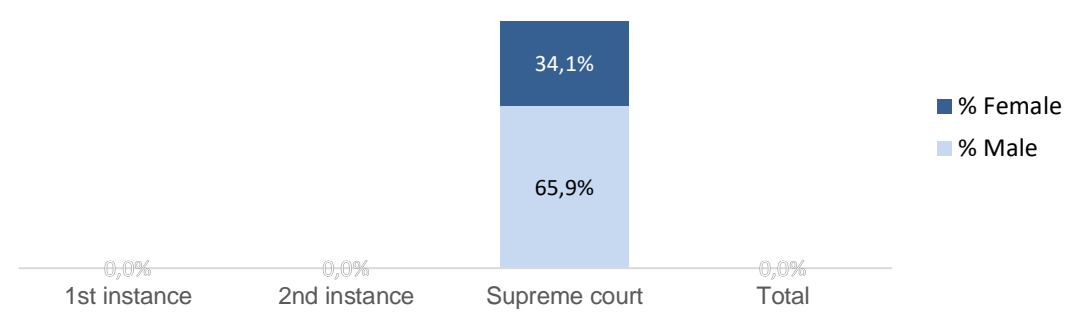
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	16 373	78,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	4 164	19,8%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	461	2,2%	304	157	65,9%	34,1%
Total	20 998		NA	NA	NA	NA

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Germany



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is not available (NA).

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 16 373 are sitting in first instance courts; 4 164 are sitting in second instance courts and 461 are sitting in Supreme Court.

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance it should be noted that Germany has a higher percentage of first instance judges (78%) compared to EU median (73%), and lower percentage of second (20% compared to 23%) and third instance judges (2% compared to 4%).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances and the distribution of male/female judges, Germany presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned.

1. There is a "court-staff statistic" ("Personalbestand") of the Länder that reports the number of judges in full-time equivalent as of 31 December of the reference year. This statistic also shows the number of female judges but it is not possible to allocate the judges to the different instances/stages of appeal. This statistic does not include the judges at the Federal Courts ("Supreme Courts").
2. The "staff-assignment statistics" ("Personalverwendung") of the Länder basically reports the average number of personnel actually deployed during the reference year (full-time equivalent). For example, employees who were not present for more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training are excluded. The staff-assignment statistic offers the possibility to allocate the judges to the different instances but it does not show the number of female judges. It does not include the Federal judges either.
3. The "judiciary-staff statistic" ("Richterstatistik") combines the number of the judges of the Länder from statistic No 1 (court staff statistic) with the number of judges at the Federal Courts (full-time equivalent as of 31 December 2020). This statistic is not published every year but every two years. It differentiates between the judges of the Länder and the judges of the Federal Courts (highest instance) and includes the number of female judges.

Regarding the figures under "1. Number of first instance professional judges" and "2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) professional judges" were taken from statistic No 2 (staff-assignment) because statistic No 1 does not offer the possibility to allocate personnel to the different instances. The figures under "3. Number of Supreme Court professional judges" were taken from statistic No 3 because the Federal judges only appear in that statistic. Figures represent the number of judges at the Federal Courts in full time equivalents as of 31 December 2020. The number of judges at the Federal Courts is published every second year (see General Comment).

The "regular" court-staff statistics of the Länder distinguish between "total" and "female" but do not allow for a differentiation between the instances. According to the regular court-staff statistics as of 31 December 2021 there were 22 006 judges in total, 10 626 female and 11 380 male (full-time equivalents).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	16 373	5 620	4 183	1 888	4 682
2nd instance	4 164	1 482	575	340	1 767
Supreme court	461	NA	NA	52	NA
Total	20 998	NA	NA	2 280	NA

In Germany, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	34,3%	25,5%	11,5%	28,6%
2nd instance	35,6%	13,8%	8,2%	42,4%
Supreme court	NA	NA	11,3%	NA
Total	NA	NA	10,9%	NA

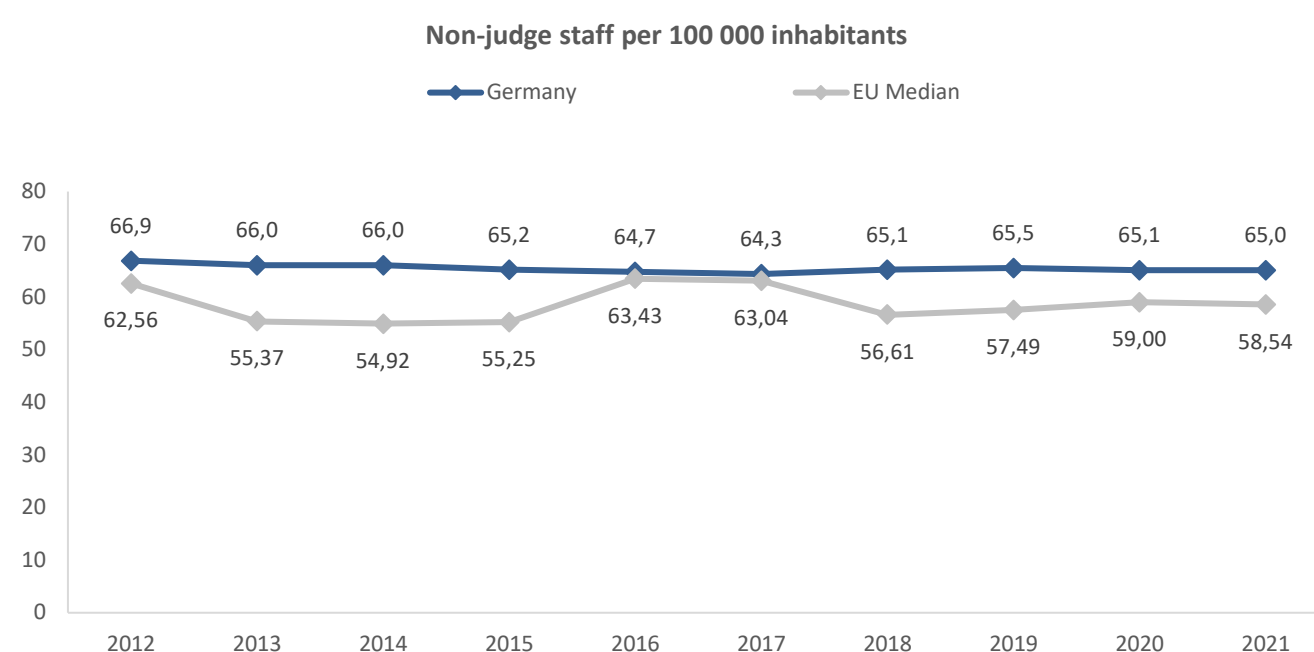
"Other" includes: family cases (at the Local and Higher Regional Courts), cases at the Labour Courts, Social courts, Finance courts.

"First instance" and "Second instance": Data is taken from the "staff-assignment statistics" of the Länder. It is derived from a complex calculation key as an annual average value of the actual personnel deployed (for example, excluding employees who were not present more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training).

"Supreme Court": the figures are taken from the court-staff statistics and represent the number (FTE) of judges at the Federal Courts (Federal Court of Justice, Federal Patent Court, Federal Administrative Court, Federal Finance Court, Federal Labour Court, Federal Social Court, Federal Constitutional Court, Military Disciplinary Courts) as of 31. December 2020. The statistic is published every second year. It shows the number of judges (FTE) at the Federal Court of Justice (152) but includes no information on their assignment to civil or criminal cases. According to the website of the Federal Court of Justice, there are currently 113 judges (headcount) assigned to the civil panels and 46 to the criminal panels.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Germany	Germany	EU Median
2012	53 649	66,9	62,6
2013	53 302	66,0	55,4
2014	53 302	66,0	54,9
2015	53 292	65,2	55,2
2016	53 181	64,7	63,4
2017	53 178	64,3	63,0
2018	54 072	65,1	56,6
2019	54 434	65,5	57,5
2020	54 107	65,1	59,0
2021	54 117	65,0	58,5



In 2021, Germany has 54 117 non-judge staff (number of male and female is not available). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals no significant change.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased very little (from 65,1 in 2020 to 65 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 25 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 25,2 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	54 117	
Rechtspfleger	8 594	15,9%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	27 963	51,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	6 812	12,6%
Technical staff	2 384	4,4%
Other	8 364	15,5%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 8 594 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal;
- 27 963 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 6 812 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 2 384 technical staff;
- 8 364 other;

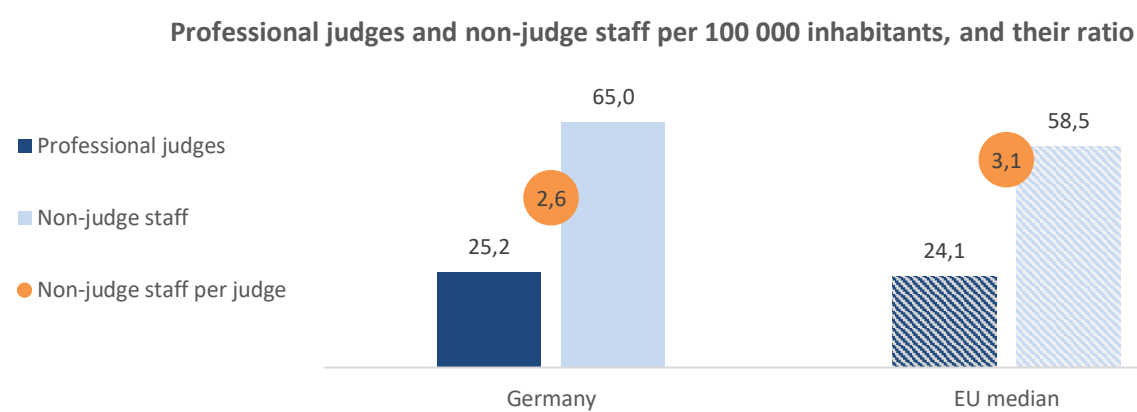
Data is taken from the "staff-assignment statistics" of the Länder and represents an annual average value of the actual personnel deployed (for example, excluding employees who were not present more than 20 working days during a quarter for reasons other than holiday and/or training). The staff-assignment statistics do not distinguish between male and female staff.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of non-judge staff, it should be specified that these figures denote the number of staff (full-time equivalent) who are:

- granted unpaid leave for training/further-training purposes,
- released to work in staff representation bodies, as representatives for staff with disabilities, and as gender equality commissioners,
- employed in a special facility,
- employed as reception/security staff,
- employed by the court switchboard,
- motor pool staff,
- cleaners and other non-salaried personnel.

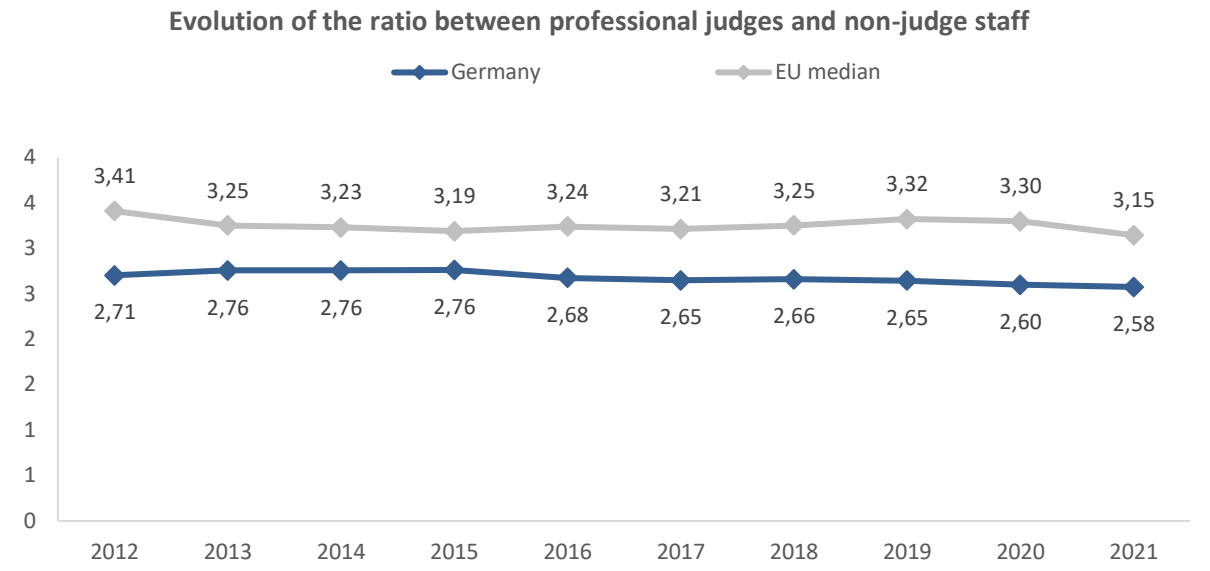
Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Germany	EU median
Professional judges	25,2	24,1
Non-judge staff	65,0	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,6	3,1



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

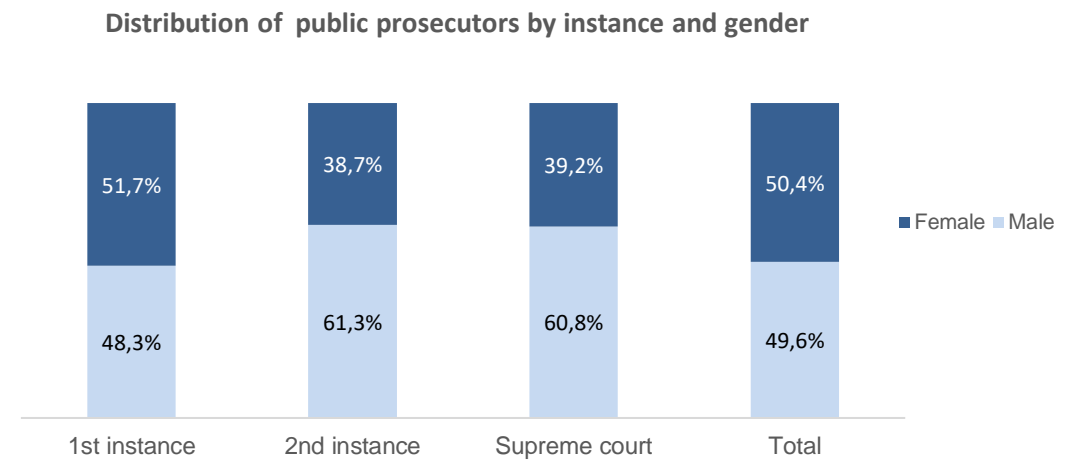
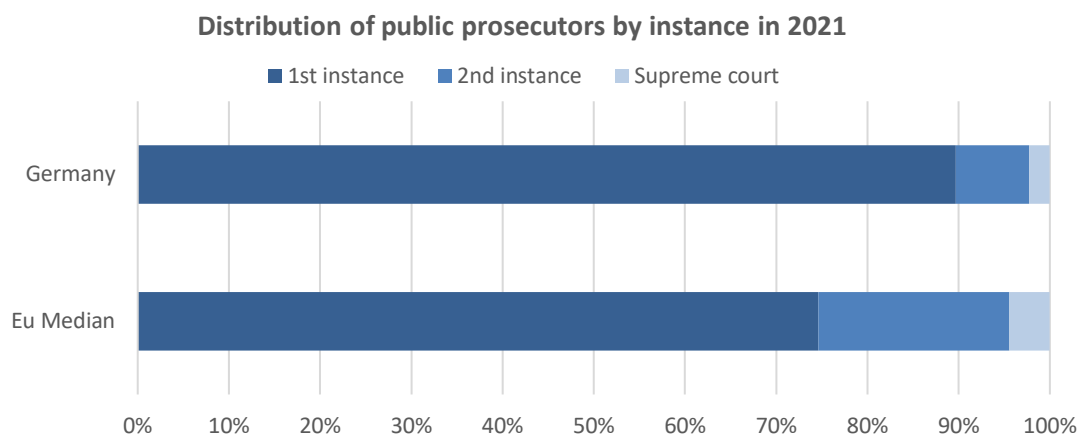
Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Germany	Germany	Germany	EU median
2012	24,7	66,9	2,71	3,4
2013	23,9	66,0	2,8	3,3
2014	23,9	66,0	2,8	3,2
2015	23,6	65,2	2,8	3,2
2016	24,2	64,7	2,7	3,2
2017	24,3	64,3	2,6	3,2
2018	24,5	65,1	2,7	3,3
2019	24,7	65,5	2,6	3,3
2020	25,0	65,1	2,6	3,3
2021	25,2	65,0	2,6	3,1



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	5 668	89,7%	2 737	2 931	48,3%	51,7%
2nd instance	509	8,1%	312	197	61,3%	38,7%
Supreme court	143	2,3%	87	56	60,8%	39,2%
Total	6 320		3 136	3 184	49,6%	50,4%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 3 184, which represents 50% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 668 in first instance (of which 2 931 are Female); 509 are in second instance (of which 197 are Female) and 143 in final instance (of which 56 are Female).

Regarding the number of public prosecutors in Germany it should be noted that the federal level and the Länder on 31 January 2019 agreed on a 'Pact for the Rule of Law'. The pact foresees additional funding of EUR 220 million from the federal level for the Länder to create 2000 additional posts for judges and prosecutors, including the necessary administrative staff by 31 December 2021. In addition, the federal level is creating 24 additional posts at the Federal Court of Justice and 71 posts at the Prosecutor General of the Federal Court of Justice. New posts that were created after the beginning of 2017 are included into the count.

A joint report by the Federal Government and the Länder on the state of implementation of the pact was presented on 10 June 2021. The report concluded that the implementation has well progressed, noting in particular that over 2 700 posts for judges and prosecutors have been created so far, with 2 500 being filled.

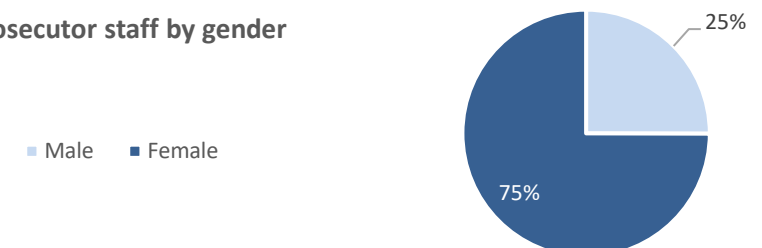
It should be noted that one of goals of the 'Pact for the Rule of Law' is to address the challenges related to the upcoming wave of retirements of judges and public prosecutors.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that figures represent full-time equivalents as of 31. December 2021.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	12 197	3 054	9 143

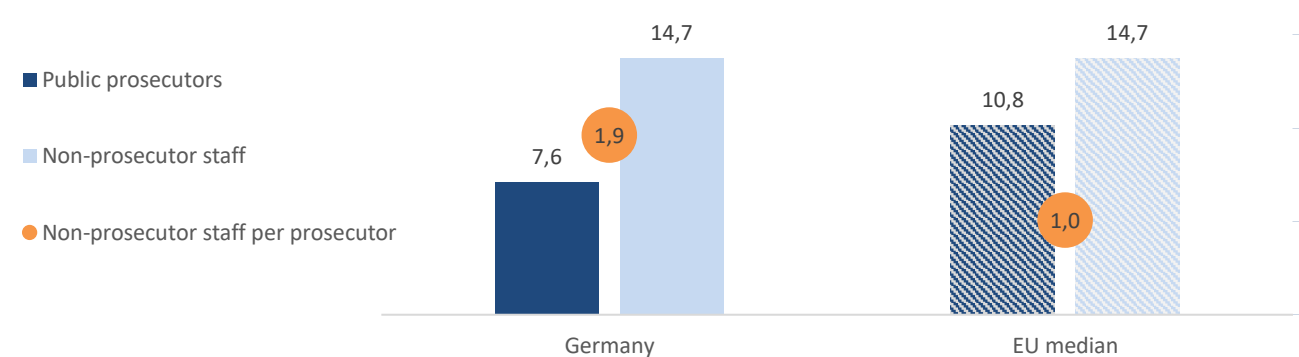
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

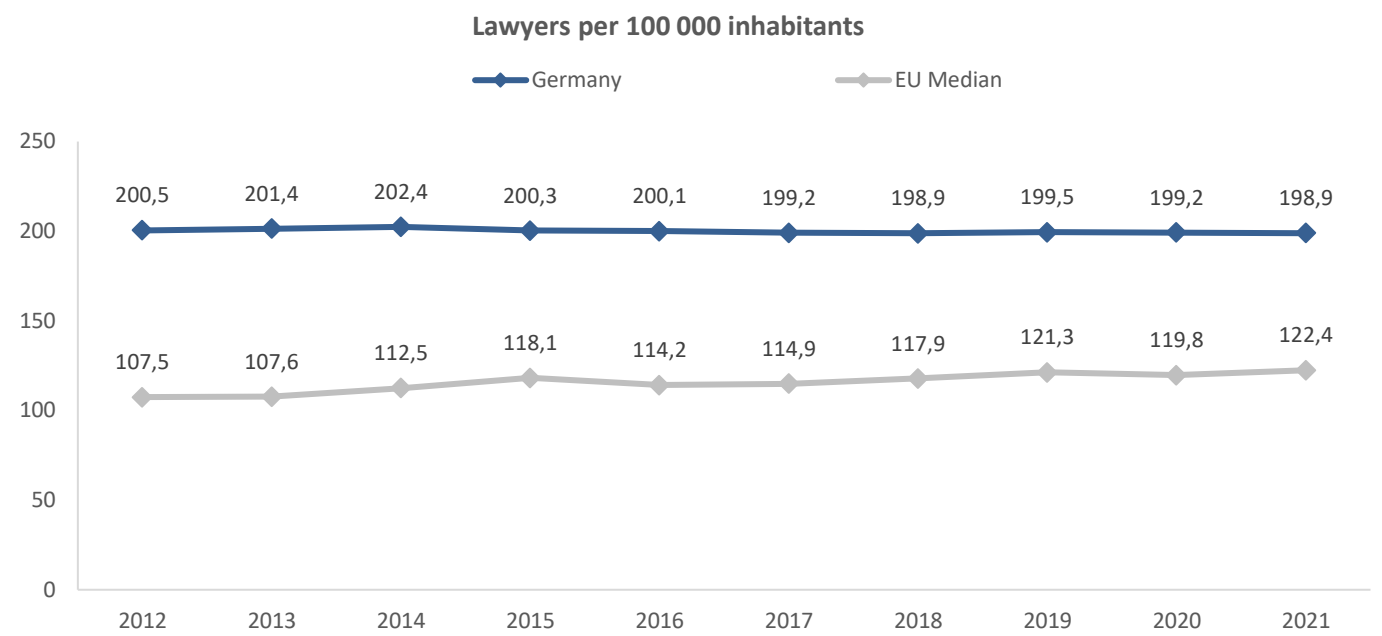
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Germany	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	14,7	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,9	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Germany	Germany	EU Median
2012	160 880	200,5	107,5
2013	162 695	201,4	107,6
2014	163 513	202,4	112,5
2015	163 772	200,3	118,1
2016	164 393	199,2	114,2
2017	164 656	198,9	114,9
2018	165 104	199,5	117,9
2019	165 901	199,2	121,3
2020	165 680	199,2	119,8
2021	165 587	198,9	122,4

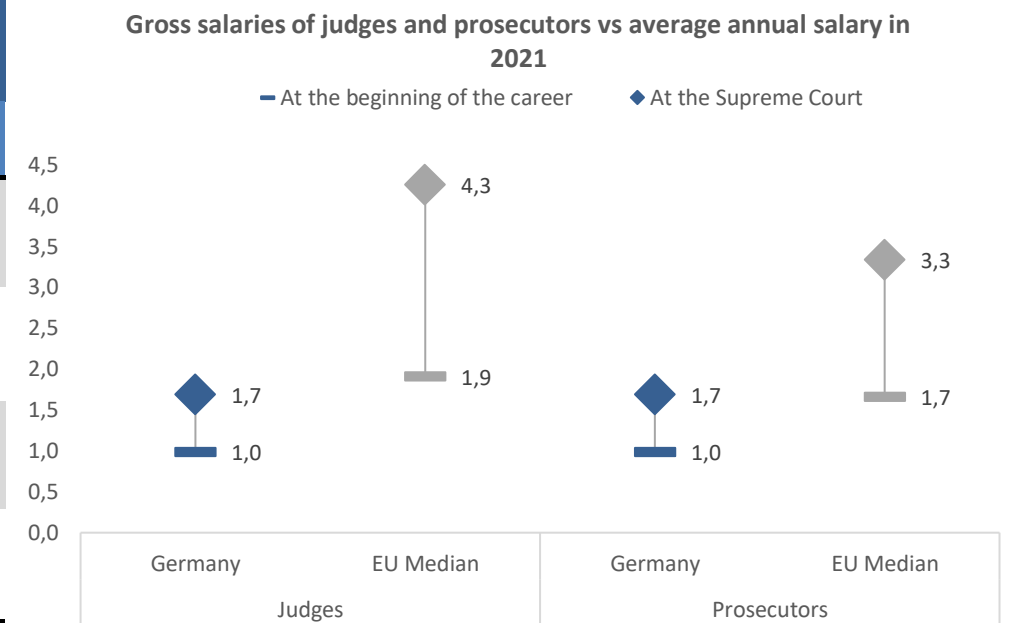


In 2021, there are 165 587 lawyers, which is insignificantly less than in 2020. There are 60 057 female lawyers which is 36% of the total.

Germany has 199 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Germany	Germany	Germany	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	53 568€	41 258€	1,0	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	91 574€	62 105€	1,7	4,3
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	53 568€	41 258€	1,0	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	91 574€	62 105€	1,7	3,3



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Germany of 53 568€ is somewhat above the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1.0 compared with EU median of 1.9.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data, it should be noted that data represents average base-salaries of judges and public prosecutors according to the remuneration laws ("Besoldungsgesetze") of the Länder. Judges and public prosecutors may be entitled to additional payments depending on - their individual familial situation (married/partnership, children) - position and function at the court (e.g. judges with administrative tasks).

The conditions and amount of any additional payments are determined by the remuneration laws of the Länder.

No information on annual net salary is available on the basis of the personal circumstances of judges and public prosecutors. The federal average was calculated unweighted: the annual salaries of the Federal Länder were added and divided by the number of Länder, regardless of how many judges and prosecutors work in the respective Federal Land (the corresponding data are not known).

3. Legal aid and court fees in Germany (2021 data)

In Germany, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



The concept of “necessary defense” provides that in all criminal cases in which accusations of considerable weight are involved, which are not merely simple in nature or in which the accused is particularly in need of protection, the accused shall be provided with a defense counsel representing him or her upon request or ex officio, irrespective of his or her financial circumstances (Section 140 of the Criminal Procedure Code). In a case of necessary defense the court or - in urgent cases - the public prosecutor will assign a defense counsel to the defendant upon his or her request prior to his or her interrogation. A defense counsel has to be appointed ex officio in cases of necessary defense, if (1) the defendant is to be brought before a court for a decision on detention or provisional placement, (2) it becomes known that the accused, to whom the accusation of the crime has been opened, is in an institution on the basis of a judicial order or with judicial authorization, (3) it becomes apparent in the preliminary proceedings that the accused will not be able to defend himself or herself, in particular if the accused is questioned or confronted or if (4) he or she has been summoned to make a statement on the indictment (Section 141 of the Criminal Procedure Code). The appointment of the defense counsel ends with the discontinuation or final conclusion of the criminal proceedings [Section 143 (1) of the Criminal Code]. The defense counsel settles his fees with the state treasury. However, since his or her costs are part of the costs of the proceedings, the defendant must pay them as far as he or she is convicted and insofar as the defendant is acquitted, the state treasury must bear the costs and expenses of the proceedings.

Rules for witnesses and victims in criminal cases:

Especially vulnerable witnesses, e.g. children or handicapped persons, can - without proof of being financially needy - be assigned a lawyer free of charge by the court to assist them during an interview (“Zeugenbeistand”, section 68b (2) Code of Criminal Procedure).

Victims of certain crimes, especially violent or sexual crimes, and also close relatives, spouses and partners of killed persons, who are entitled to be joint plaintiffs, can be assigned a lawyer without having to cover the expenses and without having to prove their financial need (see sections 397a and 406h (3) Code of Criminal Procedure).

Victims of other crimes, who can also be joint plaintiffs, have the possibility to apply for legal aid as financial assistance if their income is too low to cover the costs fully or only in part and if they are unable to assert their own interests sufficiently or cannot be expected to do so (see section 397a (2), 406h (3) Code of Criminal Procedure).

Legal aid can also be granted to persons who claim compensation for damages or pain and suffering in the criminal proceedings in a so-called adhesion claim (“Adhäsionsklage”, see sections 403, 404 (5) Code of Criminal Procedure), if they are not able to cover the expenses (fully or in part) and their legal action offers sufficient expectation of success and is not wanton. The same applies to persons who act as private prosecutors to achieve a punishment of the perpetrator in cases where the prosecution has declined to pursue the offence due to a lack of public interest in the prosecution (“Privatklage”, see sections 374, 379 (3) Code of Criminal Procedure).

In civil matters, legal aid in compulsory enforcement is granted for the entire enforcement proceeding and not for individual enforcement measures.

The approval of legal aid includes the costs for the taking of evidence (e.g. witnesses, experts), as well as travel expenses of the recipient to attend a court hearing if personal attendance at the hearing is necessary. Expenditure for the preparation of the proceedings (e.g. expert witnesses, interpreters) may be refundable as necessary expenditure of the appointed solicitor.

With regard to criminal cases: Other costs are considered costs of the proceedings. These are settled after the discontinuation or final conclusion of the criminal proceedings and not paid in advance. The only exception being travel costs of a defendant who does not have sufficient financial means. However, since these costs are also considered costs of the proceedings, the defendant must pay them as far as he or she is convicted. Insofar as the defendant is acquitted, the state treasury must bear the costs and expenses of the proceedings.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	402 442	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Germany	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

As regards the methodology of presentation of data it should be noted that in criminal cases, legal aid is granted. However, this is not separately statistically recorded and therefore, the replies are not available ("NA").

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

The duration of the proceedings depends, among other things, on when the evidence for the means test is submitted in full, whether a statement by the opposing party has to be considered and whether the court has to issue legal notices if necessary. Regarding the statement of the opposing party: According to the Code of Civil Procedure (Section 118 Approval Procedure), the opponent is to be given the opportunity to state his position as to whether or not he believes the prerequisites for the approval of legal aid have been met, unless this is deemed inappropriate for special reasons (e.g. in the case of a claim for an injunction). The Act on Proceedings in Family Matters and in Matters of Non-contentious Jurisdiction includes a similar provision (Section 77).

4. Performance of courts in Germany (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

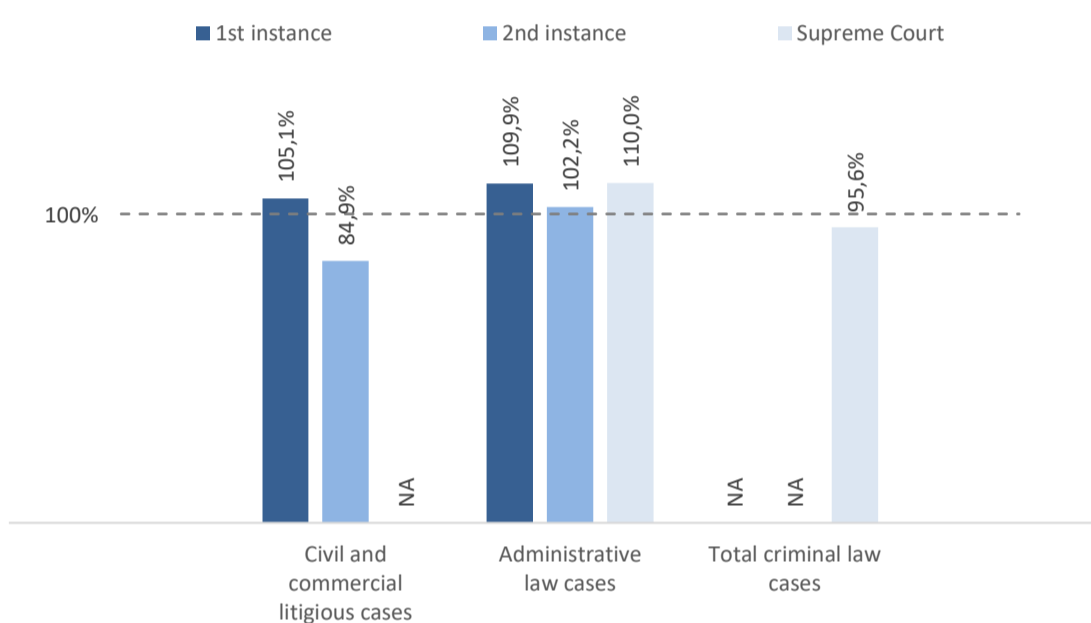
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

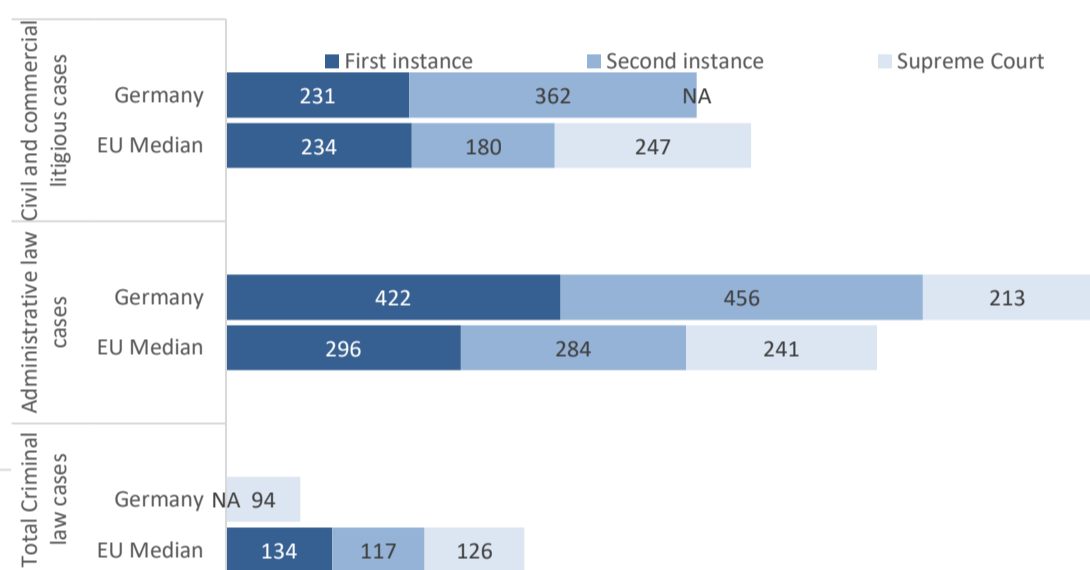
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Germany	EU Median	Germany	EU Median	Germany	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	105,1%	102,5%	109,9%	101,7%	NA	100,0%
	2nd instance	84,9%	100,4%	102,2%	96,8%	NA	98,5%
	Supreme Court	NA	99,9%	110,0%	100,4%	95,6%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	231	234	422	296	NA	134
	2nd instance	362	180	456	284	NA	117
	Supreme Court	NA	247	213	241	94	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



From the available data, it could be noticed that Germany has longer disposition times compared to EU medians in civil (and commercial), as well as administrative cases. Looking at clearance rates for these two groups of cases, it could be noted that for the administrative matters clearance rates are above 100% in all three instances and they are much above EU medians. In civil and commercial cases however, clearance rate is at the very low level of 85% for the second instance civil cases which might lead to accumulation of backlogs and longer length of proceedings in situation when DT is already at the level of two EU medians (362 compared to 180 days). The CR for the third instance criminal cases is also below 100% (around 96%). However, DT for those cases is better than EU median (94 compared to 126 days) which implies that efficiency is still at the good level for this type of cases.

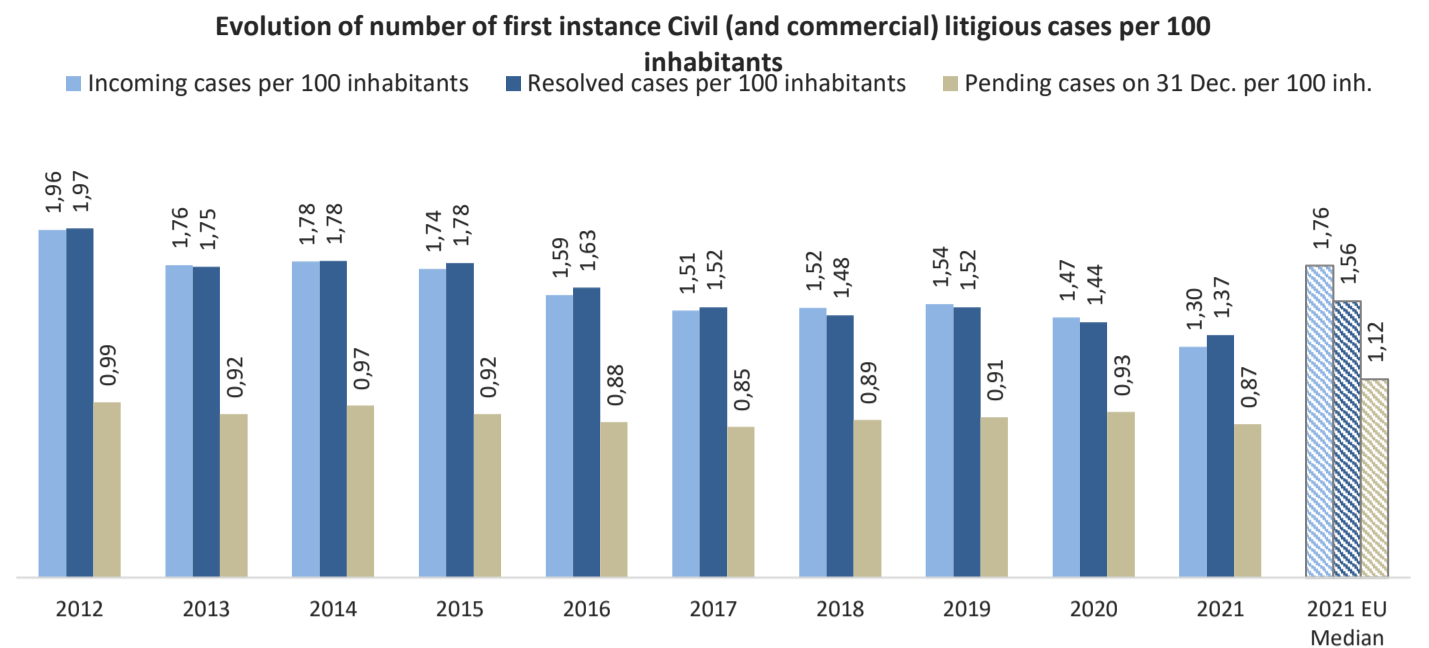
General information on the statistics used as sources for data in this section:

Once per year, the Federal Statistical Office compiles and publishes the statistics of the civil, criminal, administrative, finance, social, family and labour courts. Nationwide uniform ordinances define the scope and rules of data collection for these statistics. The courts collect the data and submit it to the statistical offices of the Länder, who check and edit the data and send it to the Federal Statistical Office. In simplified terms, the ordinances provide two different kinds of data collection sheets: The "procedural surveys" that collect data on the specifics of the proceedings happening at a court and the "monthly surveys" that track the caseload of a court. With regard to the caseload count, the monthly surveys distinguish between "caseload of proceedings covered by the procedural surveys" and "other caseload". For the cases from the first category (proceedings covered by the procedural surveys), the monthly surveys collect the number of cases pending at the beginning and at the end of a month as well as the number of received and resolved cases. For the "other caseload", the monthly surveys generally only count the number of received cases, claims, etc.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,96	1,97	0,99
2013	1,76	1,75	0,92
2014	1,78	1,78	0,97
2015	1,74	1,78	0,92
2016	1,59	1,63	0,88
2017	1,51	1,52	0,85
2018	1,52	1,48	0,89
2019	1,54	1,52	0,91
2020	1,47	1,44	0,93
2021	1,30	1,37	0,87
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



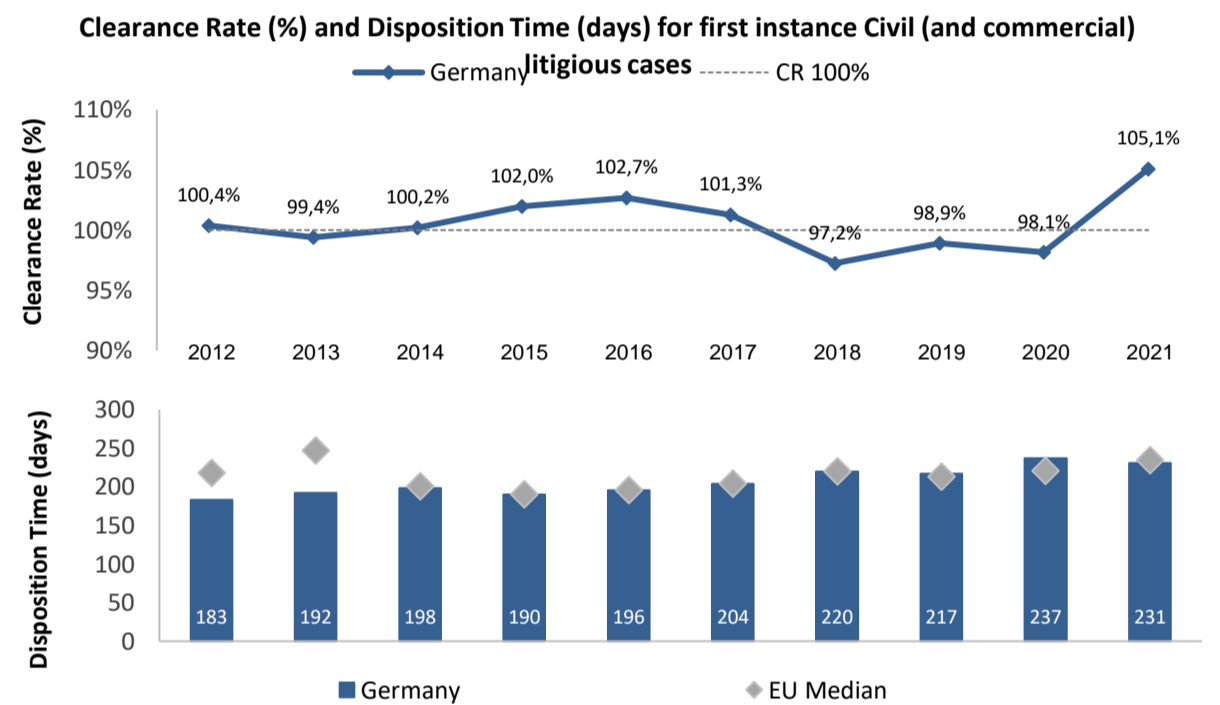
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Germany (1,30 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Germany (1,37 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Germany (0,87 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Germany	EU Median	Germany	EU Median
2012	100,4%	100,4%	183	218
2013	99,4%	101,2%	192	247
2014	100,2%	101,8%	198	201
2015	102,0%	102,3%	190	190
2016	102,7%	102,0%	196	196
2017	101,3%	101,3%	204	204
2018	97,2%	101,2%	220	220
2019	98,9%	99,9%	217	213
2020	98,1%	98,5%	237	221
2021	105,1%	102,5%	231	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105% in 2021 Germany seems to deal well with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 7 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 231 days, which is slightly below EU median of 234 days.

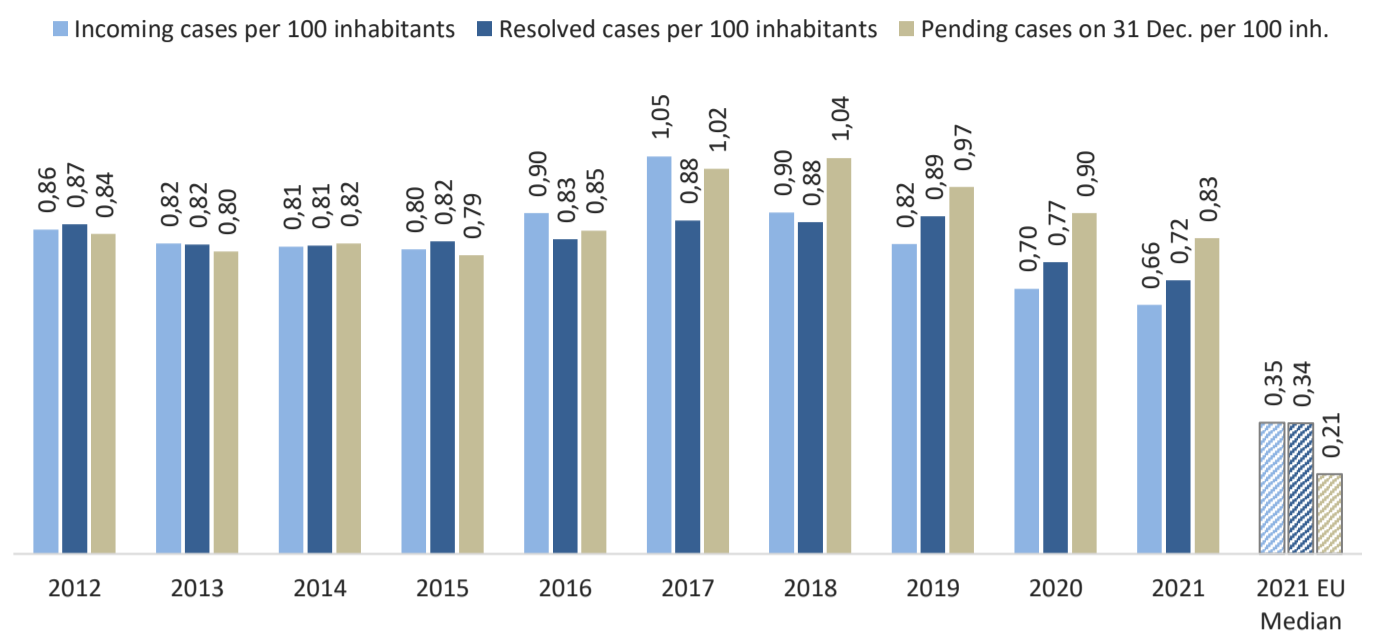
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,86	0,87	0,84
2013	0,82	0,82	0,80
2014	0,81	0,81	0,82
2015	0,80	0,82	0,79
2016	0,90	0,83	0,85
2017	1,05	0,88	1,02
2018	0,90	0,88	1,04
2019	0,82	0,89	0,97
2020	0,70	0,77	0,90
2021	0,66	0,72	0,83
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Germany (0,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

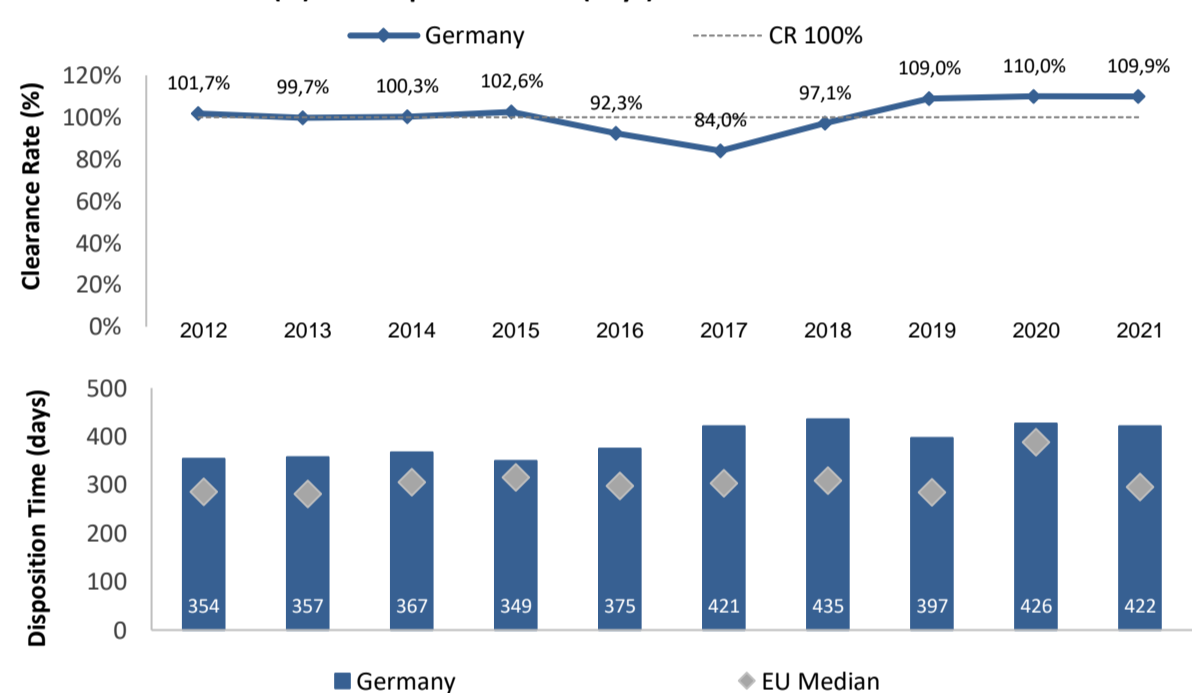
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Germany (0,72 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Germany (0,83 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Germany	EU Median	Germany	EU Median
2012	101,7%	101,0%	354	286
2013	99,7%	100,3%	357	281
2014	100,3%	99,6%	367	305
2015	102,6%	103,7%	349	315
2016	92,3%	103,0%	375	297
2017	84,0%	102,1%	421	303
2018	97,1%	99,7%	435	308
2019	109,0%	102,1%	397	284
2020	110,0%	100,1%	426	388
2021	109,9%	101,7%	422	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 110% in 2021 Germany seems to deal well with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has not changed significantly.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 422 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

The total number of incoming, resolved and pending other than criminal cases is not available for Germany.

Insolvency cases

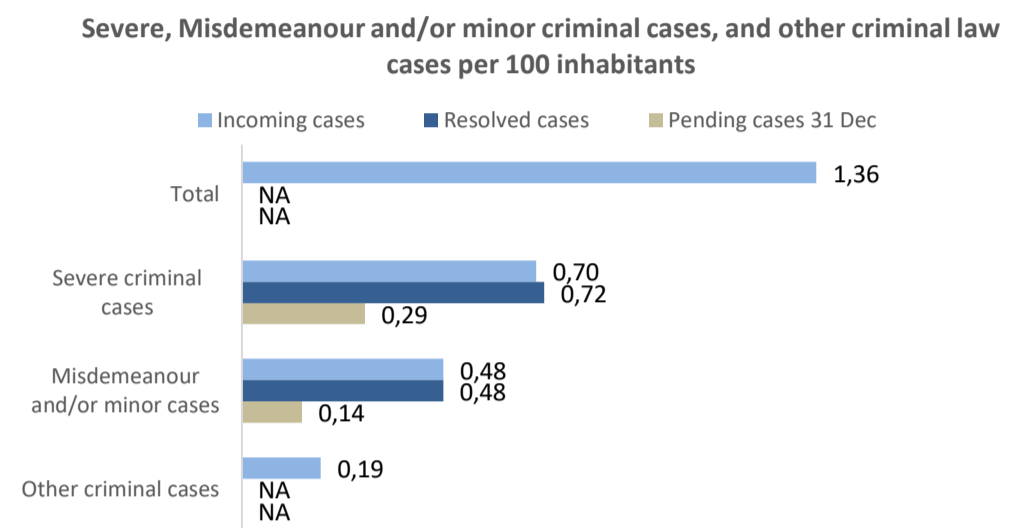
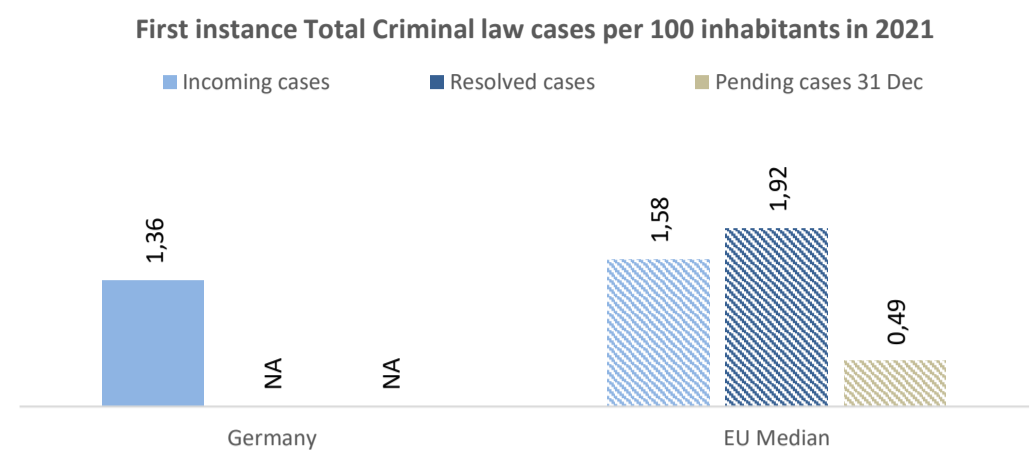
The data on insolvency cases are not available.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1 133 482	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	258 490	580 267	596 352	242 337
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	117 952	397 602	397 252	118 296
Other criminal cases	NA	155 613	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,36	NA	NA
Severe criminal cases	0,31	0,70	0,72	0,29
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,14	0,48	0,48	0,14
Other criminal cases	NA	0,19	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Germany (1,36 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved and pending criminal cases in 2021 for Germany is not available (NA).

The Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance total criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

The category "misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases" subsumes regulatory fine proceedings before criminal courts.

"Other criminal cases" include:

- proceedings at the penal execution chambers (concerning suspension of execution of the remainder of a sentence of life imprisonment or concerning suspension of execution of placement in a psychiatric hospital or in preventive detention, determinate custodial sentences, proceedings under sections 109, 110, 138 of the Prison Act (Strafvollzugsgesetz, StVollzG), proceedings under Part IV of the Act on International Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters (Gesetz über die internationale Rechtshilfe in Strafsachen, IRG) and section 71 (4) of Part II)
 - proceedings regarding supervision of conduct
 - complaints about costs/fees - complaints against search/seizure orders - complaints in economic cases and tax cases
 - complaints in matters concerning detention - cases in matters falling within the Regulatory Offences Act (Ordnungswidrigkeitengesetz, OWiG) registered in the complaints register - other complaints - subsequent or reserved preventive detention
 - proceedings regarding the order of subsequent or reserved preventive detention - proceedings regarding the suspension of execution of a sentence where the court has reserved the order of preventive detention, in the cases covered by section 462a (2), third sentence, of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Strafprozessordnung, StPO)
 - proceedings before the judicial service court
 - proceedings regarding health professionals, tax consultants, agents in tax matters, patent lawyers or architects
 - other disciplinary proceedings - proceedings regarding legal remedies in matters of enforcement of youth custody, youth detention and remand detention
- With regard to "other criminal cases", only the number of incoming cases is recorded (exception: proceedings concerning supervision of conduct).

It should also be noted that the category "other cases" includes the cases that appear in the monthly surveys of the Regional Courts as "other caseload", which means that these cases are actually first and second instance cases. Due to the above mentioned structure of data collection, a distinction between 1st and 2nd instance cases is unfortunately not possible for these cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Germany (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

The data on the public prosecution implemented budget is not available for Germany. The reason is that the budget of the courts cannot be separated from budget of the public prosecution. More specifically, in the majority of the Länder, the budget of the courts cannot be separated from budget of the public prosecution. A few Länder that can make this distinction, cannot separate the training budget of the public prosecution services from the training budget of the whole judiciary.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Germany	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Germany	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	711 539	▼ -2,8%		0,85	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	4 927 905	▼ -1,1%		5,92	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	4 896 694	▼ -2,2%		5,88	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	2 631 439	▼ -1,9%		3,16	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	1 477 233	▲ 1,3%		1,77	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	1 150 548	▼ -5,2%		1,38	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	3 658	▼ -67,5%		0,00	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	152 013	▼ -6,0%		0,18	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	1 231 257	▲ 2,6%		1,48	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	881 985	▼ -8,2%		1,06	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	743 050	▲ 4,4%		0,89	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

General information on the public prosecution statistic used as a source for answering this question:

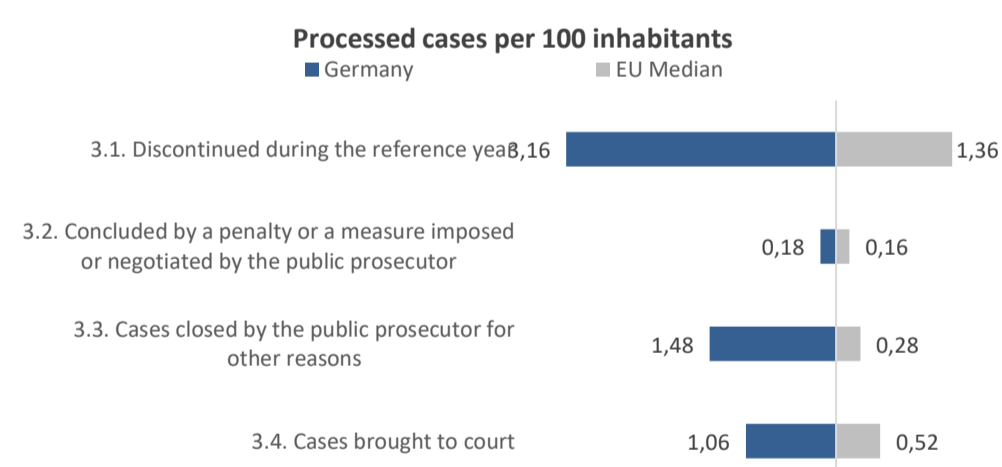
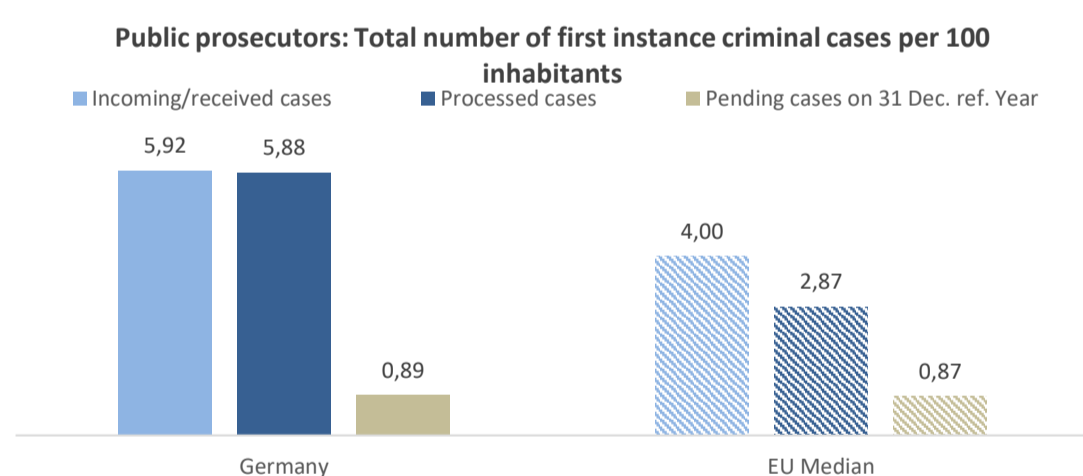
Once per year, the Federal Statistical Office compiles and publishes the public prosecution statistic. Statistical ordinances define the scope and rules of data collection for these statistics. The public prosecution offices collect the data and submit it to the statistical offices of the Länder, who check and edit the data and send it to the Federal Statistical Office. In simplified terms, the statistical ordinance provides two different kinds of data collection sheets: The "procedural survey" that collects data on the specifics of the investigation proceedings carried out by the public prosecution and the "monthly survey" that collects data on the caseload and other workload of the public prosecution offices. The figures entered here do not include investigations against persons unknown. The public prosecution statistic only shows the number of charges filed against unknown perpetrators. Information on the further treatment of those charges is not available. This is because the monthly survey distinguishes between "caseload of investigation proceedings covered by the procedural surveys" and "other workload". Charges against persons unknown fall into the category "other workload". The number of resolved and pending cases is only collected with regard to the first category (proceedings covered by the procedural surveys). If a suspect is identified in cases with an unknown perpetrator, the case receives a new file-number and then appears in the category "covered by the procedural surveys".

As regards the methodology of presentation of data, please note the following:

3.2 Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor:

The number represents the cases that were discontinued in accordance with Section 153a of the Code of Criminal Procedure ("Non-prosecution subject to imposition of conditions and directions") These cases would also fit into the category "discontinued for reasons of opportunity" (3.1.3) but were allocated to 3.2 here.

3.1.4 The number of cases discontinued for other reasons in the public prosecution statistic 2020 (and previous years) was considerably higher due to a programming issue in one of the Länder. Many of the cases that were registered in this category should have actually been registered within the category "discontinued for reasons of opportunity". The issue was noticed and fixed at the end of 2020.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Germany (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Germany does not have a system of accreditation or registration for mediators.

Number of court related mediations

There is no statistical data available on the number of court annexed mediation cases.

7. ICT tools of courts in Germany (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	Yes in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes some courts / pilot phases	some courts / pilot phases	some courts / pilot phases
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	Yes

Availability of simple dictation tools: The vast majority of the Länder have them available in all courts, the remaining Länder have them available in most courts.

Availability of multiple speakers recording tools: Availability differs greatly among the Länder. Overall, the answer "in some courts" describes the situation best. Availability in civil and criminal matters seems to be slightly higher than in administrative matters.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	50-99%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	50-99%	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	NA	NA

"Budgetary and financial management of courts"

Tool deployment rate: A slight majority of the Länder answered "50-99 %". The remaining Länder have a tool deployment rate of 100%. 2 Länder answered "NA". Data consolidated at national level: The Federal Ministry of Justice has answered this question with "yes" with regard to the courts at federal level. A slight minority of the Länder replied "yes", while the slight majority replied "no". One of the Länder answered "no" for the labour and administrative courts and "yes" for the remaining courts. 3 Länder could not provide an answer.

"Justice expenses management"

Tool deployment rate: A slight majority of the Länder answered "100 %". Half of the remaining Länder answered "50-99%" while the other half answered "10-49%". One of the Länder answered "NA".

Data consolidated at national level: The Federal Ministry of Justice has answered this question with "yes" with regard to the courts at federal level. The majority of the Länder answered "no". 2 Länder could not provide an answer.

"Other"

Tool deployment rate: The vast majority of the Länder answered "NA".

"Other" tools that are in use in the remaining Länder are tools for medium term fiscal planning (consolidated on national level: yes; communicating with other ministries: yes) and case management at the finance courts (consolidated at national level: no; communicating with other ministries: no)

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	Yes 50-99%	No	Yes	No
Prosecutors	Yes 50-99%	No	Yes	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	Yes 50-99%	No	Yes	No

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Germany (2021 data)

In Germany, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

At the level of the Federal Government, statistics on proceedings encompass the number of incoming cases, the type of proceeding, the form of conclusion, and the time needed for conclusion. Moreover, information regarding other characteristics is also collected (legal aid in litigation and legal aid for proceedings, value of dispute, subject area, remedies, etc.) All of this information can be correlated to one another upon evaluation. The regular evaluations can be found in the publications of the Federal Statistical Office. Data regarding the business overviews usually does not contain – in that it involves manual statistics – additional information beyond the business workload, particularly as regards the duration of proceedings.

The monitoring activities no. 1-4 were selected by all Länder, the activities no. 5 and 9-13 were selected by most Länder and the activities under "other" were only mentioned by some Länder (5).

In Germany, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

The situation has not changed in comparison with previous cycles. However, the methodology of replying to this question has changed in order to match the method used for replying to similar questions and in order to better reflect the answers provided by the Länder.

The majority of the Länder (10) answered "yes", 6 Länder answered "no".

Of the 10 Länder who answered "yes", exactly half indicated that evaluations take place annually. The other half reported that evaluations happen more frequently - in most cases quarterly.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

While the vast majority (13) of the Länder answered "yes", a minority of 2 Länder answered "no".

Scarcely half of the Länder answered that quality indicators have been defined for backlogs, a few reported that quality indicators for costs, number of appeals, appeal ratio, clearance rate, disposition time or productivity of judges and court staff have also been defined.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The situation has not changed in comparison with previous cycles. However, the methodology of replying to this question has changed in order to match the method used for replying to similar questions and in order to better reflect the answers provided by the Länder.

A slight majority of the Länder answered "yes", 4 Länder could not provide an answer.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The monitoring activities no. 1-5 and 1-12 were selected by most Länder, the activity no. 9 (monitoring of costs) was selected by some (5) Länder.

In Germany, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The situation has not changed in comparison with previous cycles. However, the methodology of replying to this question has changed in order to match the method used for replying to similar questions and in order to better reflect the answers provided by the Länder.

A slight majority of the Länder answered "yes", one of the Länder could not provide an answer.

Among the Länder who answered "yes", frequencies are rather inconsistent. A slight majority of those Länder answered "more frequently" (quarterly reports).

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

While the vast majority (13) of the Länder answered "yes", a minority of 2 Länder answered "no".

Just over half of the Länder answered that quality indicators have been defined for backlogs, a few reported that quality indicators for satisfaction of users, costs, clearance rate, disposition time or productivity of prosecutors and staff have also been defined.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Four Länder could not provide an answer. Half of the remaining Länder answered "yes" while the other half answered "no". All of the Länder who selected "yes" reported to use the evaluation for reallocating resources and most also use it for reengineering of internal procedures.

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	82 657 002	83 019 200	83 166 711	83 155 031	83 237 124	3,7%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 550	33 343	33 343	37 087	37 997	39 649	40 852	41 342	40 027	42 918	31,9%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	-	-	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	-	-	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	-	-	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	True		

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	False		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 092	1 092	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	778	778	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	765	765	761	754	761	753	753	753	753	753	-1,6%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	24	-	-82,7%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	1	-	-96,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	314	314	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	250	248	247	247	247	246	245	245	245	245	-2,0%	0,0%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	113	111	110	110	110	110	108	108	108	108	-4,4%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	68	68	68	68	68	67	68	68	68	68	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	69	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	19	-	5,6%
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	16	-	6,7%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	15	-	7,1%
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	19	-	-13,6%
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	998	998	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	1 108	1 107	1 101	1 095	1 102	1 093	1 076	1 076	1 092	1 092	-1,4%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 966 112	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	798 265	736 340	785 606	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 935	738 824	753 054	775 875	-2,8%	3,0%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 657 420	1 691 876	1 727 738	1 766 395	1 806 827	1 859 927	-	2,9%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	689 031	643 094	664 067	662 009	644 890	701 598	845 199	867 035	806 128	748 074	8,6%	-7,2%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 957 181	1 851 995	1 851 995	1 748 709	1 468 300	462 519	440 716	444 077	453 757	450 740	-77,0%	-0,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 573 220	1 424 016	1 439 072	1 423 489	1 308 135	1 244 697	1 261 954	1 282 250	1 219 203	1 084 145	-31,1%	-11,1%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	2 365 351	NA	2 639 044	2 525 579	2 509 519	2 515 303	2 299 376	2 094 853	-	-8,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	5 604 653	5 490 219	5 490 219	NA	5 551 746	5 476 346	5 428 233	5 531 883	5 550 420	5 670 394	1,2%	2,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	118 560	NA	117 251	NA	122 206	122 799	126 423	132 566	140 297	158 904	34,0%	13,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	686 985	661 706	655 687	657 108	739 325	866 662	748 328	680 061	582 323	547 248	-20,3%	-6,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 518 404	1 622 446	1 622 446	1 203 321	1 348 599	970 975	945 094	953 399	933 856	851 889	-43,9%	-8,8%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 888 915	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 578 891	1 415 623	1 441 714	1 451 589	1 343 337	1 260 439	1 227 172	1 267 995	1 196 562	1 139 270	-27,8%	-4,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	88 326	NA	87 843	87 136	87 651	90 370	89 367	90 278	-	1,0%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	698 569	659 613	657 745	674 226	682 617	727 832	726 730	741 004	640 706	601 187	-13,9%	-6,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 519 898	1 418 949	1 418 949	1 224 780	1 355 615	994 402	960 583	953 682	942 192	886 352	-41,7%	-5,9%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	792 594	744 510	782 964	754 864	719 662	703 920	738 819	753 049	776 359	720 756	-9,1%	-7,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 691 795	1 727 539	1 766 513	1 808 598	1 861 202	1 928 477	-	3,6%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	677 447	645 014	662 009	644 891	701 598	840 158	866 972	806 072	748 038	694 461	2,5%	-7,2%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 955 687	1 838 550	1 838 550	1 728 710	1 463 852	440 747	443 995	453 747	450 720	417 233	-78,7%	-7,4%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,4%	99,4%	100,2%	102,0%	102,7%	101,3%	97,2%	98,9%	98,1%	105,1%	4,72	6,94
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	75,3%	NA	71,9%	71,0%	69,3%	68,2%	63,7%	56,8%	-	(6,89)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,7%	99,7%	100,3%	102,6%	92,3%	84,0%	97,1%	109,0%	110,0%	109,9%	8,17	(0,17)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,1%	87,5%	87,5%	101,8%	100,5%	102,4%	101,6%	100,0%	100,9%	104,0%	3,95	3,15
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	183	192	198	190	196	204	220	217	237	231	26,0%	-2,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	7030	7236	7356	7305	7602	7797	-	2,6%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	354	357	367	349	375	421	435	397	426	422	19,1%	-1,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	470	473	473	515	394	162	169	174	175	172	-63,4%	-1,6%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---	---

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	26 968	40 175	40 175	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases _Employment dismissal case	101 369	152 391	152 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Insolvency	-	143 662	143 662	NA	159 395	149 526	139 752	135 212	92 999	146 198	-	57,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases _Litigious divorce case	190 258	167 014	167 014	NA	184 025	174 149	167 836	168 629	163 435	161 375	-15,2%	-1,3%
101.3.2 Resolved cases _Employment dismissal case	144 293	152 919	152 919	NA	192 161	180 886	173 096	178 797	198 766	165 851	14,9%	-16,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 078	4 863	-	-4,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	761	799	-	5,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	25 360	39 686	39 647	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	-	303 654	303 654	NA	293 924	293 027	280 659	292 436	250 154	264 907	-	5,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	142,3%	100,3%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	64	95	95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			65 321	NA	68 430	67 257	65 161	66 211	84 306	81 192	-	-3,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			55 796	NA	50 298	51 875	53 918	57 216	58 217	55 186	-	-5,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			19 288	NA	21 860	19 833	19 499	19 399	19 483	19 827	-	1,8%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101 960	NA	99 151	91 640	93 235	121 042	108 810	117 550	-	8,0%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			69 294	NA	43 468	47 805	50 376	50 788	45 059	42 476	-	-5,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			42 202	NA	47 031	43 826	41 700	42 062	40 385	39 225	-	-2,9%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102 185	NA	100 324	93 736	92 194	102 945	111 956	99 768	-	-10,9%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			64 492	NA	41 891	45 754	47 169	49 744	48 058	43 410	-	-9,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			43 335	NA	49 058	44 085	41 629	41 506	40 418	38 887	-	-3,8%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			65 227	NA	67 257	65 161	66 211	84 305	81 223	98 939	-	21,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			56 458	NA	51 849	53 926	57 214	58 217	55 197	54 267	-	-1,7%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			18 155	NA	19 833	19 574	19 348	19 882	19 826	20 173	-	1,8%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100,2%	NA	101,2%	102,3%	98,9%	85,0%	102,9%	84,9%	-	(18,02)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			93,1%	NA	96,4%	95,7%	93,6%	97,9%	106,7%	102,2%	-	(4,46)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			102,7%	NA	104,3%	100,6%	99,8%	98,7%	100,1%	99,1%	-	(0,94)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			233	NA	245	254	262	299	265	362	-	36,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			320	NA	452	430	443	427	419	456	-	8,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			153	NA	148	162	170	175	179	189	-	5,8%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	10 558	10 586	9 529	9 495	9 292	8 973	-	-3,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 023	4 143	NA	5 473	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			4 040	4 037	3 837	3 487	3 414	3 549	3 649	3 111	-	-14,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 868	1 908	1 449	1 618	1 195	1 113	1 231	996	-	-19,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	15 591	15 396	13 678	13 606	14 472	13 167	-	-9,0%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 348	4 158	NA	6 316	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			7 131	6 508	6 755	6 365	5 806	5 522	5 729	4 990	-	-12,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			2 657	2 273	2 305	1 876	1 755	2 401	1 938	1 491	-	-23,1%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	15 664	15 880	13 713	13 784	14 413	13 313	-	-7,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 228	4 246	NA	6 869	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			7 137	6 990	7 200	6 387	5 672	5 671	6 086	5 487	-	-9,8%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			2 617	2 596	2 136	2 299	1 837	2 283	2 173	1 549	-	-28,7%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	10 485	10 102	9 494	9 317	9 351	9 409	-	0,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 143	4 055	NA	4 920	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			4 033	3 552	3 392	3 465	3 548	3 400	3 292	3 196	-	-2,9%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 908	1 585	1 618	1 195	1 113	1 231	995	938	-	-5,7%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	100,5%	103,1%	100,3%	101,3%	99,6%	101,1%	-	1,52
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97,2%	102,1%	NA	108,8%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,1%	107,4%	106,6%	100,3%	97,7%	102,7%	106,2%	110,0%	-	3,73
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			98,5%	114,2%	92,7%	122,5%	104,7%	95,1%	112,1%	103,9%	-	(8,24)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	244	232	253	247	237	258	-	8,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			358	349	NA	261	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			206	185	172	198	228	219	197	213	-	7,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			266	223	276	190	221	197	167	221	-	32,2%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									247 214	258 490	-	4,6%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									109 040	117 952	-	8,2%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									1 187 545	1 133 482	-	-4,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									640 143	580 267	-	-9,4%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									390 866	397 602	-	1,7%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									156 536	155 613	-	-0,6%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									628 662	596 352	-	-5,1%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									381 932	397 252	-	4,0%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									258 492	242 337	-	-6,2%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									117 953	118 296	-	0,3%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Severe cases									98,2%	102,8%	-	4,6
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,7%	99,9%	-	2,2
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									150	148	-	-1,2%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									113	109	-	-3,6%
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									20 987	20 807	-	-0,9%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 614	1 246	-	-22,8%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									57 890	56 491	-	-2,4%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									45 005	44 451	-	-1,2%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									12 760	11 909	-	-6,7%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									125	131	-	4,8%
098.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									45 169	45 215	-	0,1%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									13 118	11 903	-	-9,3%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									20 807	20 039	-	-3,7%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									1 246	1 251	-	0,4%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									NA	NA	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases									100,4%	101,7%	-	1,35
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,8%	99,9%	-	(2,78)

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									168	162	-	-3,8%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									35	38	-	10,6%
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									784	658	-	-16,1%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 984	3 257	-	9,1%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 110	3 114	-	0,1%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									658	801	-	21,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									104,2%	95,6%	-	(8,61)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									77	94	-	21,6%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									731 988	711 539	-	-2,8%
2. Incoming/received cases									4 984 552	4 927 905	-	-1,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									5 004 542	4 896 694	-	-2,2%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									2 682 373	2 631 439	-	-1,9%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									1 457 907	1 477 233	-	1,3%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									1 213 206	1 150 548	-	-5,2%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									11 260	3 658	-	-67,5%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									161 653	152 013	-	-6,0%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									1 199 972	1 231 257	-	2,6%
3.4. Cases brought to court									960 544	881 985	-	-8,2%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									711 530	743 050	-	4,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,00	0,98	-	-2,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,14	0,15	-	4,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	523 346 503	510 067 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									NAP	NAP		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									433 536	402 442	-	(0,07)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in all courts

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- 10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	50-99%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							- NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	NA	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	NA	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	19 832	19 323	19 323	19 282	19 867	20 069	20 323	20 570	20 793	20 998	5,9%	1,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	14 861	14 840	14 840	14 833	15 385	15 587	15 827	16 042	16 207	16 373	10,2%	1,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	4 056	4 024	4 024	3 993	4 018	4 018	4 039	4 071	4 125	4 164	2,7%	0,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	457	459	459	456	464	464	457	457	461	461	0,8%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	348	348	NA	328	328	310	310	304	304	-	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	111	111	NA	136	136	147	147	157	157	-	0,0%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 793	20 998	-	1,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 207	16 373	-	1,0%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 125	4 164	-	0,9%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	461	461	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 511	5 620	-	2,0%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 467	1 482	-	1,0%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 125	4 183	-	1,4%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	564	575	-	2,0%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 305	2 280	-	-1,1%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 909	1 888	-	-1,1%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345	340	-	-1,4%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	52	-	0,0%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 663	4 682	-	0,4%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 749	1 767	-	1,0%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	53 649	53 302	53 302	53 292	53 181	53 178	54 072	54 434	54 107	54 117	0,9%	0,0%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	8 461	8 482	8 482	8 564	8 720	8 565	8 860	8 771	8 642	8 594	1,6%	-0,6%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	29 144	28 621	28 621	28 336	28 069	28 084	28 469	28 464	28 071	27 963	-4,1%	-0,4%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 478	7 503	7 503	7 626	6 524	6 580	6 678	6 844	6 785	6 812	-8,9%	0,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 281	1 119	1 119	1 087	1 866	1 937	1 996	2 089	2 220	2 384	86,1%	7,4%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7 285	7 578	7 577	7 679	8 002	8 012	8 069	8 266	8 389	8 364	14,8%	-0,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	53 302	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	8 482	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	28 621	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	7 503	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	1 119	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	7 578	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									6 197	6 320	-	2,0%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									5 562	5 668	-	1,9%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									492	509	-	3,5%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									143	143	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									3 062	3 136	-	2,4%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									2 667	2 737	-	2,6%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									308	312	-	1,3%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									87	87	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									3 135	3 184	-	1,6%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									2 895	2 931	-	1,2%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									184	197	-	7,1%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									56	56	-	0,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									12 204	12 197	-	-0,1%

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									3 143	3 054	-	-2,8%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									9 061	9 143	-	0,9%
004 Annual average salary in the country									52 464 €	54 163 €	-	3,2%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									52 928 €	53 568 €	-	1,2%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									90 670 €	91 574 €	-	1,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									52 928 €	53 568 €	-	1,2%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									90 670 €	91 574 €	-	1,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									40 117 €	41 258 €	-	2,8%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									61 253 €	62 105 €	-	1,4%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									40 117 €	41 258 €	-	2,8%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									61 253 €	62 105 €	-	1,4%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									15	NA	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									11	NA	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									1	NA	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									1	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									9	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									13	NA	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	NA	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	NA	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	NA	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	NA	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	NA	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									1	NA	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	NA	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	NA	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	NA	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	NA	-	-

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	NA	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	NA	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	NA	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	NA	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	NA	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	NA	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	NA	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	NA	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	NA	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	160 880	162 695	163 513	163 772	164 393	164 656	165 104	165 901	165 680	165 587	2,9%	-0,1%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							107 105	106 899	106 214	105 530	-	-0,6%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							57 999	59 002	59 466	60 057	-	1,0%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Germany

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Greece

(2021 data)

General data

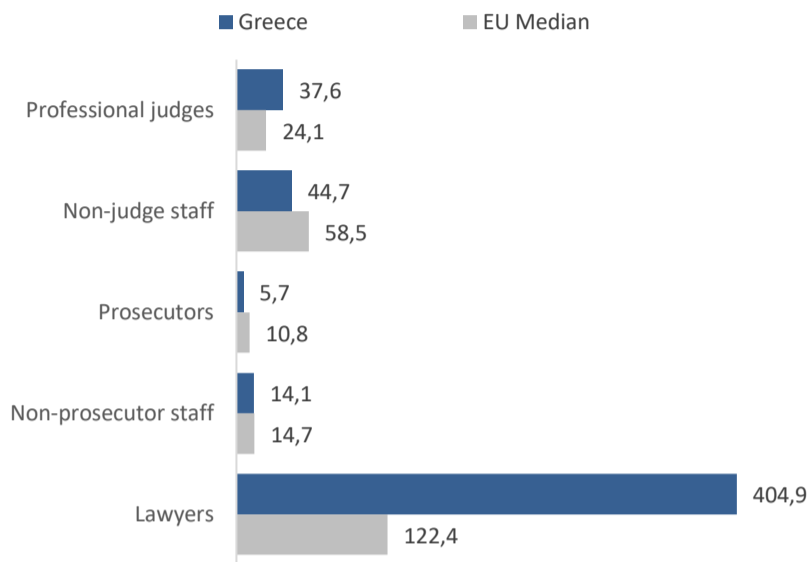
Population: 10 678 632

GDP per capita: 17 013 €

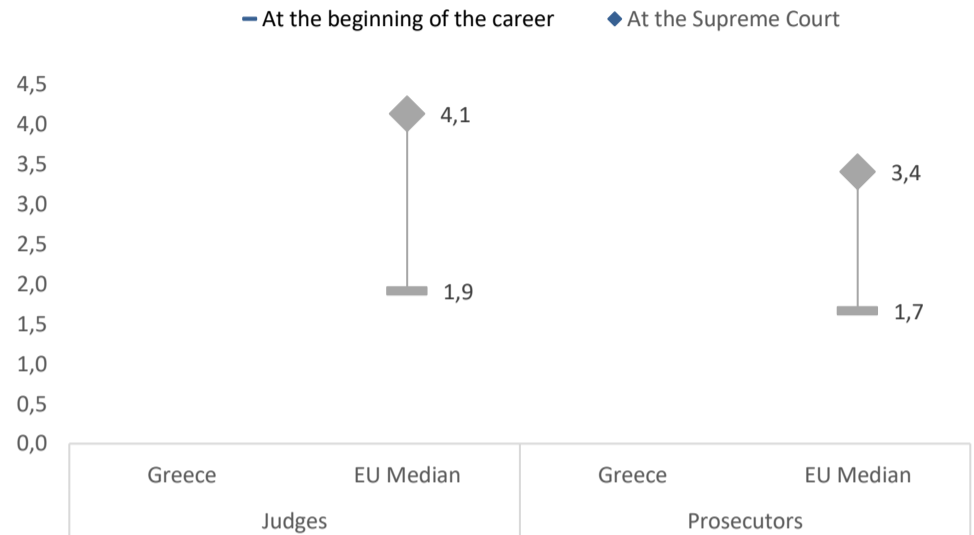
Average annual salary: NA

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

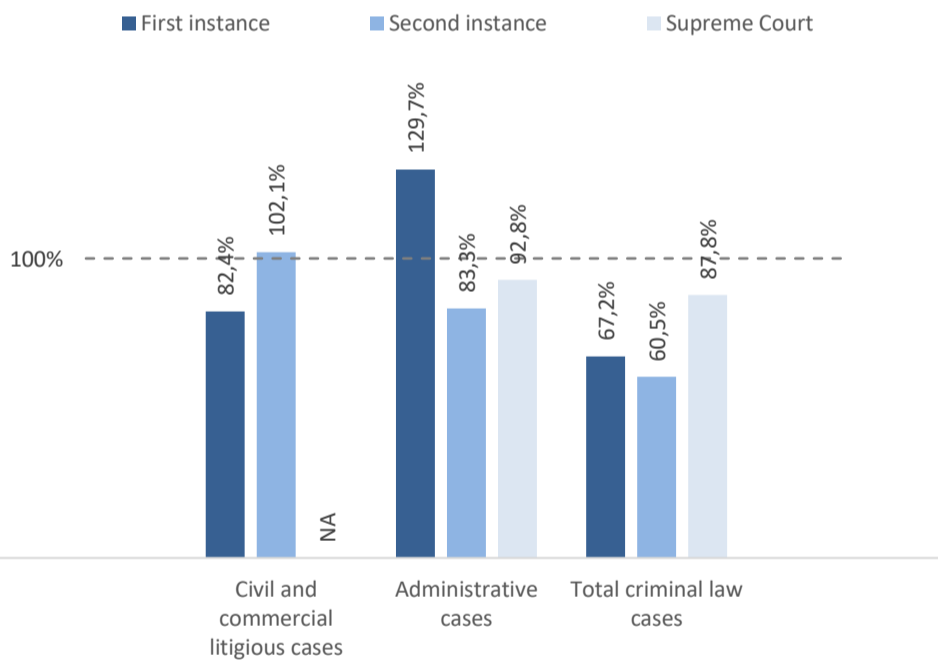


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

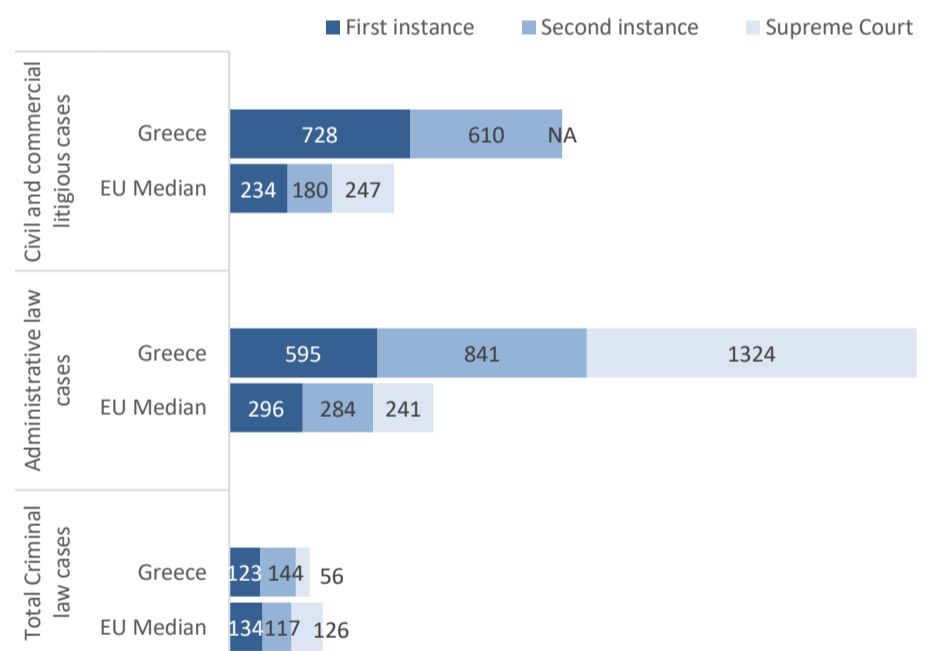


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

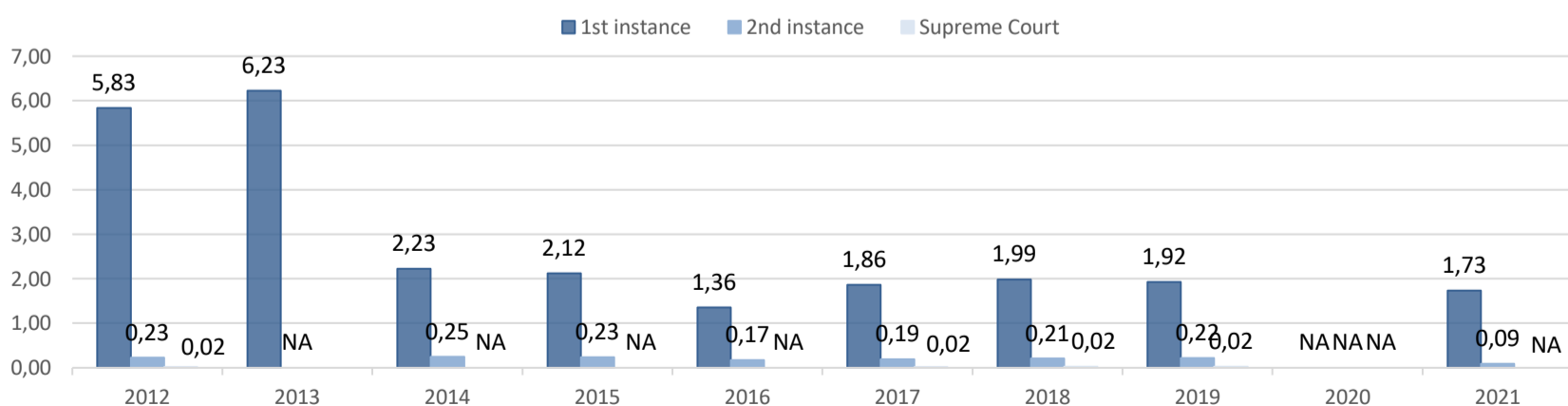


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Greece

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	10 718 565	10 678 632		-3,5%	-0,4%
GDP per capita	17 161	NA	16 250	16 181	16 154	16 736	16 736	16 736	15 424	17 013		-0,9%	10,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	NA		16 243		16 243		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	23,3	35,0	20,6	20,3	25,8	26,6	26,8	26,9	36,0	37,6		61,7%	4,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	48,2	48,6	50,5	51,3	39,3	38,5	38,9	39,9	39,2	44,7		-7,2%	14,1%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									5,6	5,7			3,1%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									15,2	14,1			-7,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	380,7	381,3	387,7	388,9	390,3	389,1	399,9	396,3	416,1	404,9		6,4%	-2,7%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	15,4	16,8	15,5	23,8	NA	28,0		NA	NA

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,834	6,227	2,226	2,119	1,359	1,861	1,987	1,924	NA	1,731		-70,3%	NA
Administrative law cases	0,581	0,6	NA	0,501	0,500	0,558	0,562	NA	0,421	0,438		-24,7%	3,9%
Total criminal law cases									NA	1,583			NA

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	58%	80%	113%	102%	99%	96%	86%	86%	NA	82%		24,68	NA
CR administrative law cases	143%	153%	NA	183%	148%	166%	164%	NA	163%	130%		-13,51	-33,10
CR total criminal law cases									NA	67%			NA

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	NA	728		55,2%	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 520	1 148	NA	964	1 086	735	601	NA	551	595		-60,8%	8,1%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	123			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,32	5,56	2,28	2,23	2,25	2,35	2,63	2,89	NA	2,84		-34,3%	NA
Administrative law cases	3,47	3,12	NA	2,43	2,20	1,87	1,51	NA	1,04	0,93		-73,3%	-10,6%
Total criminal law cases									NA	0,36			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	93%	75%	113%	97%	101%	NA	102%			NA
CR administrative law cases			NA	122%	107%	138%	114%	NA	98%	83%			-14,83
CR total criminal law cases									109%	60%			-48,39

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			509	588	1 149	640	662	638	NA	610			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	683	915	509	564	NA	599	841			40,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	144			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	119%	95%	95%	NA	NA			NA
CR administrative law cases			NA	NA	130%	133%	107%	107%	118%	93%			-25,47
CR total criminal law cases									NA	88%			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	893	1 014	1 265	1 283	1 107	1 324			19,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	56			NA

1. Judicial organisation in Greece (2021 data)

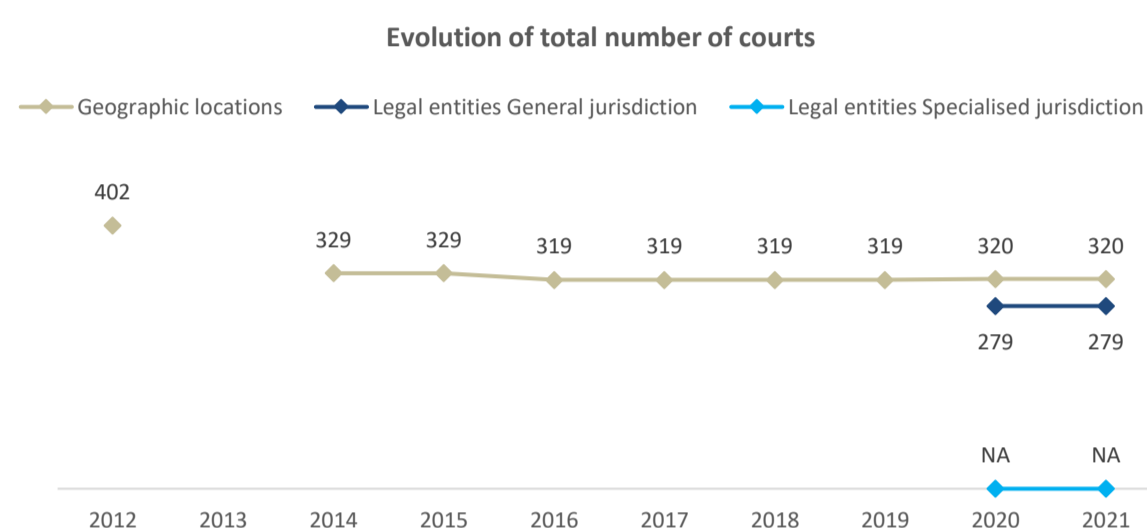
In Greece, the total number of courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) is 279. There are 259 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (196 Local and District Criminal Courts and 63 Courts of First Instance). There are 19 second instance courts of general jurisdiction and the Supreme Court as the highest court of general jurisdiction (Areios Pagos).

The accurate number of first instance specialized courts encompassing administrative courts, military courts and other courts is not available. However, it is reported that administrative courts include 30 first instance courts, 9 second instance courts and 1 Supreme Court (the Council of State) that is considered as one of the three supreme courts in Greece. The higher instance other specialized court is the Court of Auditors that is also considered as one of three supreme courts in Greece.

There are in total 320 courts as geographic locations.

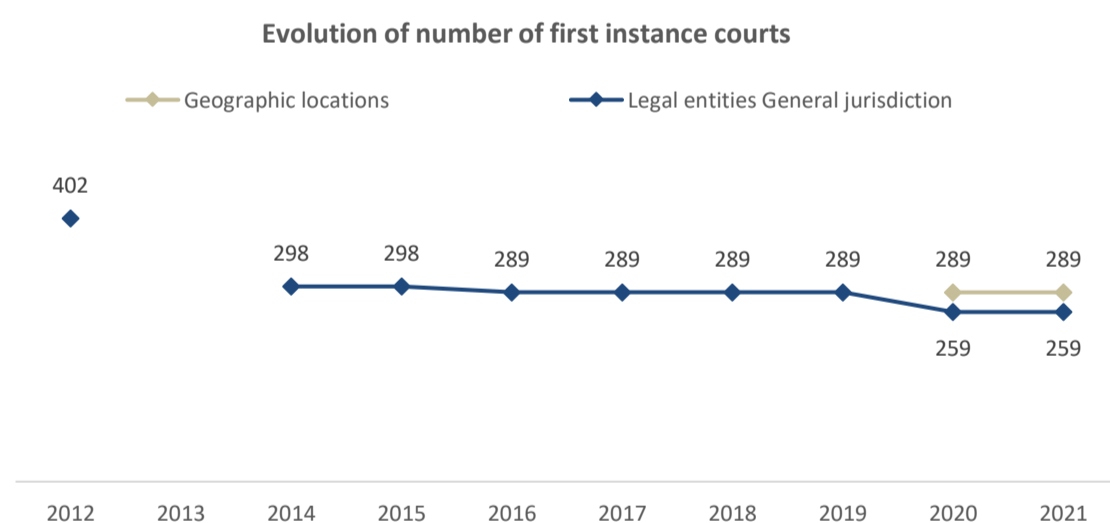
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	402		
2013	NA		
2014	329		
2015	329		
2016	319		
2017	319		
2018	319		
2019	319		
2020	320	279	NA
2021	320	279	NA



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		402	NAP
2013		NA	NA
2014		298	NA
2015		298	NA
2016		289	NA
2017		289	NA
2018		289	NA
2019		289	NA
2020	289	259	NA
2021	289	259	NA



As the number of first instance specialised courts is not available, the distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts cannot be carried out.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	NA	NA
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	30	10
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NA	NA
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	1

In Greece, there are no special courts for the different fields of law described above, besides those already mentioned. The Greek Constitution is reluctant to provide special courts in the Greek legal system. Instead, within the courts of first instance and courts of appeal of large cities, there are special chambers, where the task of adjudicating in special categories of law (e.g. family law, commercial law, etc.) is assigned. Judges entrusted with such duties have usually the relevant specific studies.

As far as other special courts are concerned, special provisions regulate the operation of military, navy and air force courts. It is to clarify that the military, navy and air force courts are under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of National Defence, therefore there is no further information.

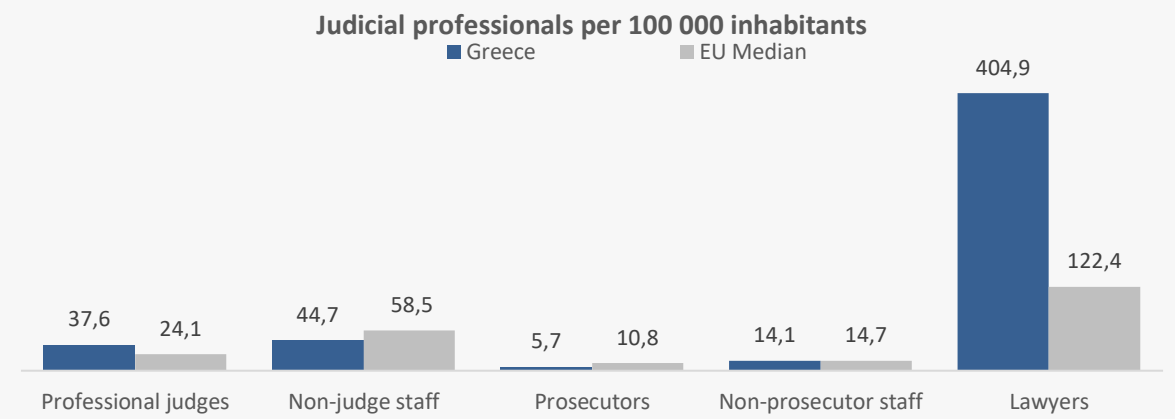
Administrative courts include: in the first instance 30, in the second instance 9 and 1 Supreme Court (the Council of State).

2. Professionals of justice in Greece (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

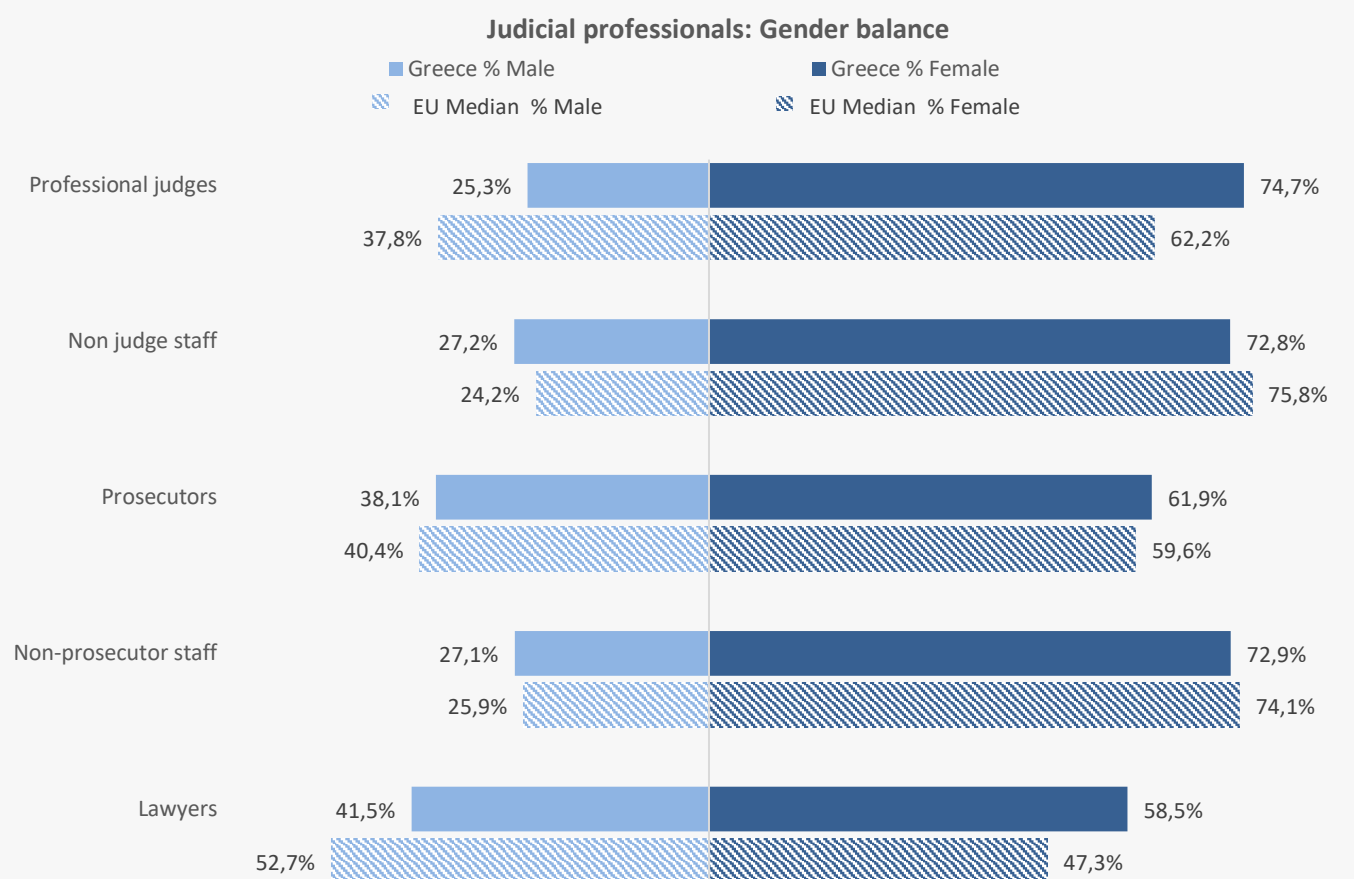
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	4 018	37,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	4 774	44,7	58,5
Prosecutors	611	5,7	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	1 508	14,1	14,7
Lawyers	43 240	404,9	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

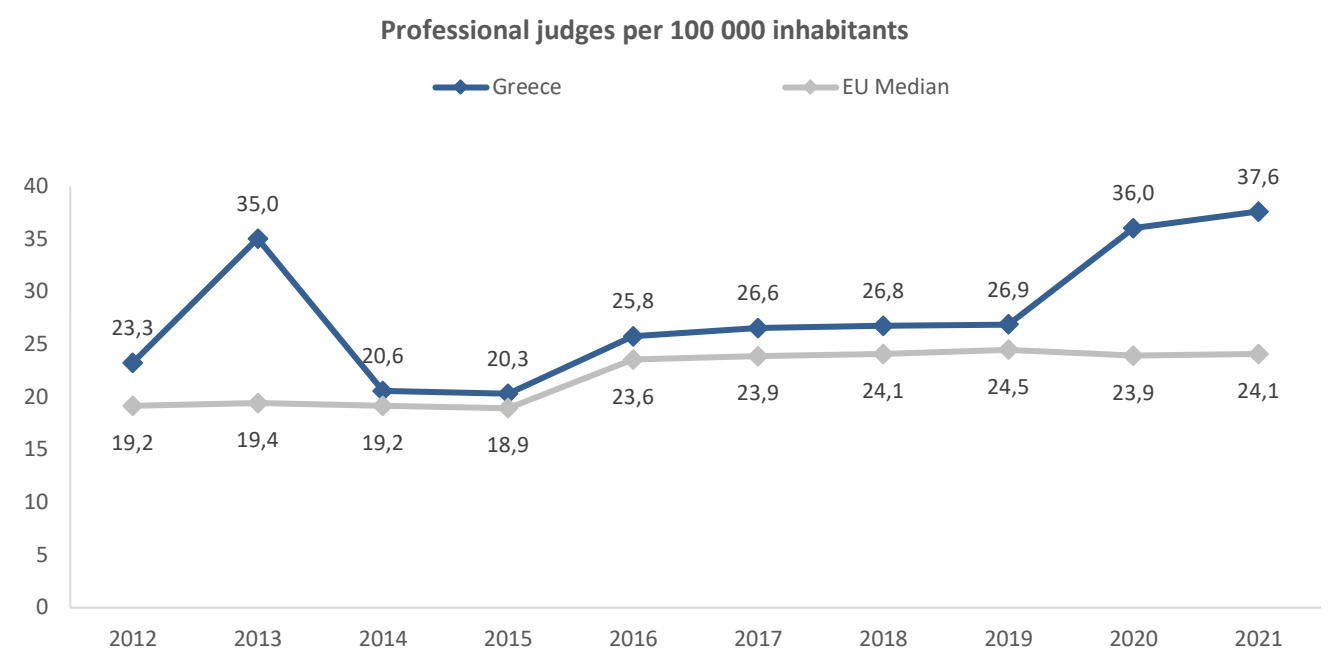
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	25,3%	74,7%
Non judge staff	27,2%	72,8%
Prosecutors	38,1%	61,9%
Non-prosecutor staff	27,1%	72,9%
Lawyers	41,5%	58,5%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Greece		Greece	EU Median
2012	2 574		23,3	19,2
2013	3 877		35,0	19,4
2014	2 231		20,6	19,2
2015	2 206		20,3	18,9
2016	2 780		25,8	23,6
2017	2 861		26,6	23,9
2018	2 874		26,8	24,1
2019	2 884		26,9	24,5
2020	3 861		36,0	23,9
2021	4 018		37,6	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Greece is 4 018, which is 4,1% more than in the previous cycle.

More precisely, in Greece, there are 37,63 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is well above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,19 non-judge staff per judge.

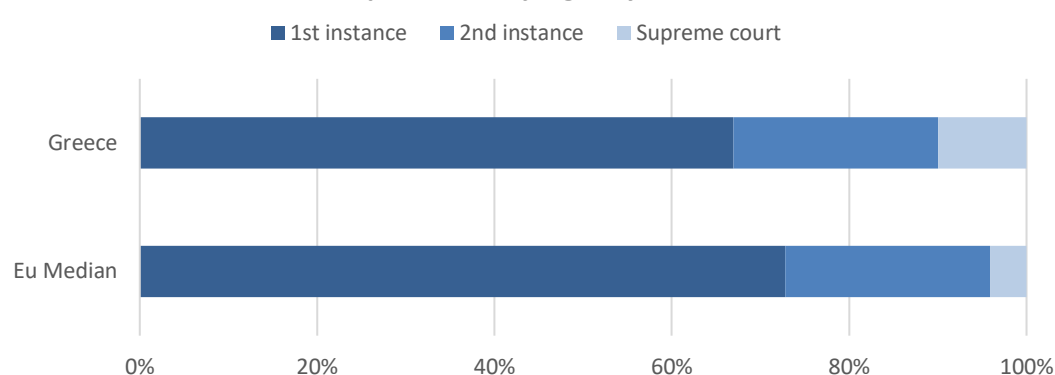
There has been an increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 1,09 non-judge staff per judge.

The increase in the number of Supreme court professional judges is explained by the fact that, in 2021, judges of the Court of auditors, who are all supreme, have been included for the first time.

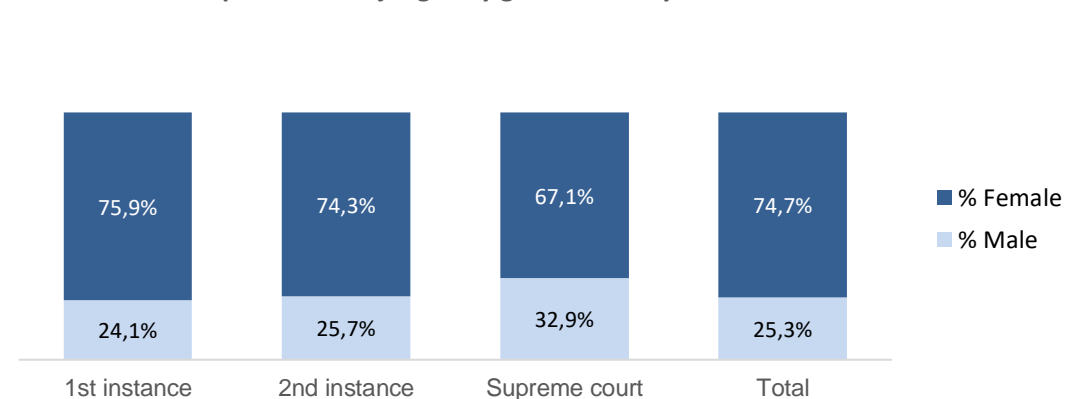
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	2 690	66,9%	647	2 043	24,1%	75,9%
2nd instance	927	23,1%	238	689	25,7%	74,3%
Supreme court	401	10,0%	132	269	32,9%	67,1%
Total	4 018		1 017	3 001	25,3%	74,7%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Greece



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 3 001, which represents 74,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 690 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 2 043 are Female); 927 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 689 are Female) and 401 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 269 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Greece follows similar trends, but with slightly less judges in the first instance courts and a bit more judges in the Supreme court's level.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the methodology of replying changed which caused differences in numbers compared to the previous years.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that in Greece, there is a high percentage of female judges in all instances (75,9 % in first instance courts, 74,3% in second instance courts and 67,1% in Supreme courts).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

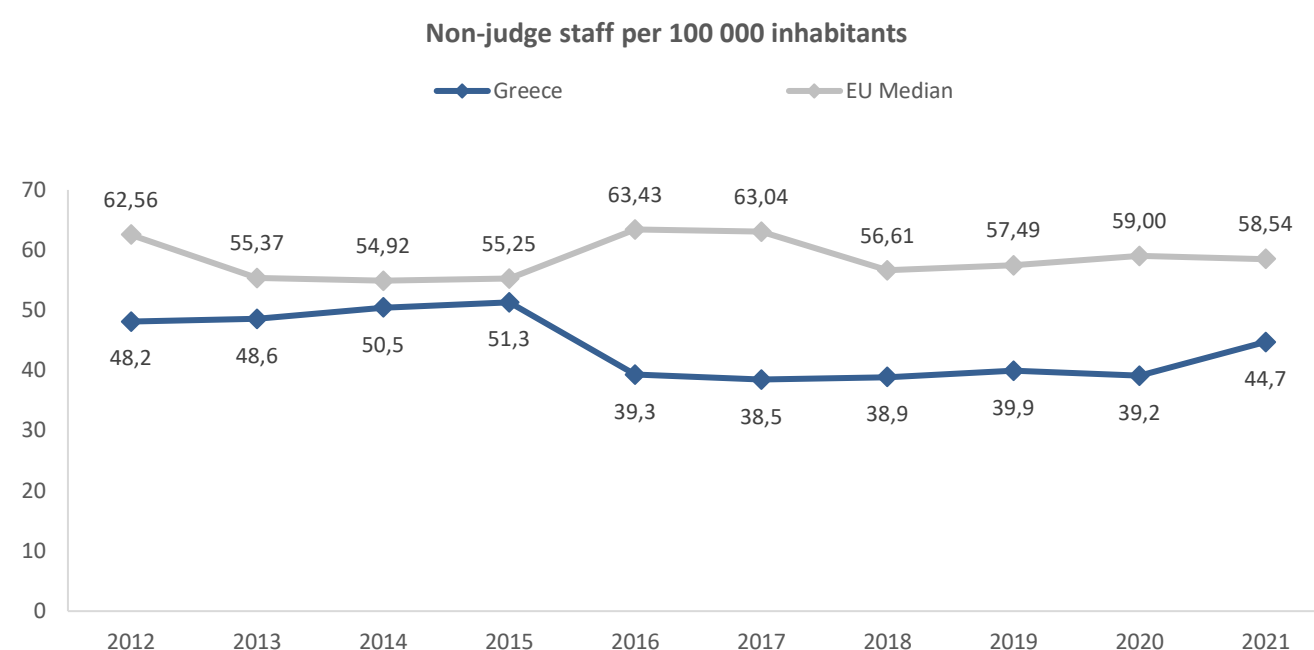
In Greece, the distribution of judges by categories of cases cannot be carried out.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Greece	Greece	EU Median
2012	5 327	48,2	62,6
2013	5 376	48,6	55,4
2014	5 474	50,5	54,9
2015	5 572	51,3	55,2
2016	4 236	39,3	63,4
2017	4 145	38,5	63,0
2018	4 179	38,9	56,6
2019	4 284	39,9	57,5
2020	4 198	39,2	59,0
2021	4 774	44,7	58,5



In 2021, Greece has 4 774 non-judge staff (of which 3 475 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 13,7%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 39,2 in 2020 to 44,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 36,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 37,6 in 2021.

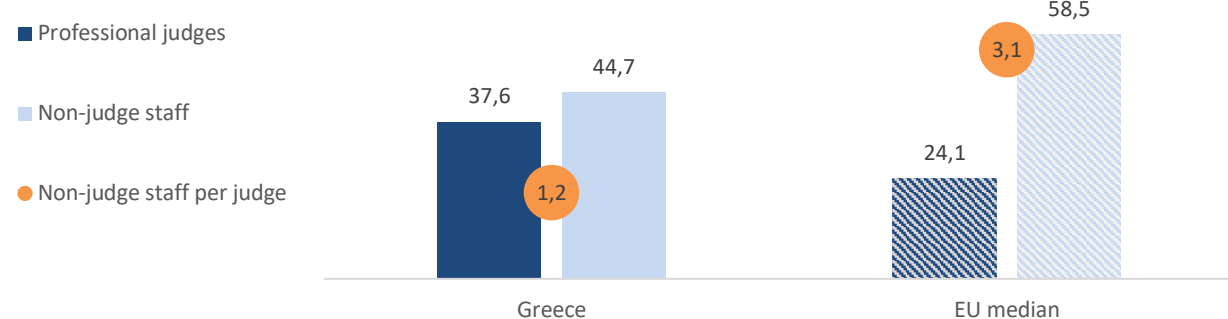
Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 774	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NA	NA
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NAP	NAP

The non-judge staff cannot be broken down into categories.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Greece	EU median
Professional judges	37,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	44,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,2	3,1

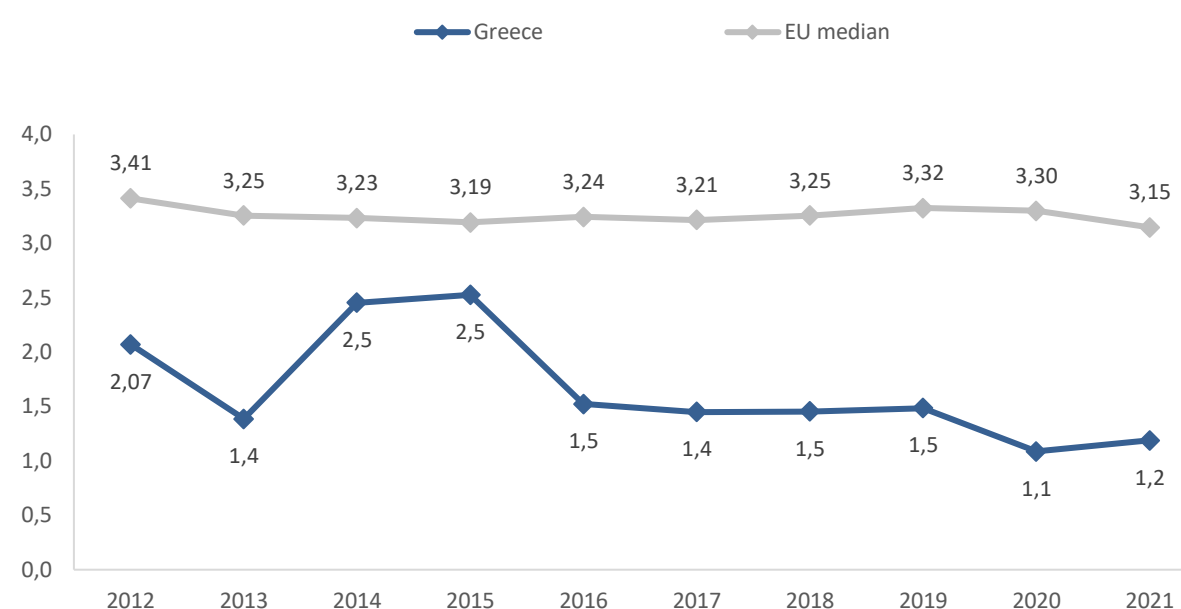
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Greece	Greece	Greece	EU median
2012	23,3	48,2	2,07	3,4
2013	35,0	48,6	1,4	3,3
2014	20,6	50,5	2,5	3,2
2015	20,3	51,3	2,5	3,2
2016	25,8	39,3	1,5	3,2
2017	26,6	38,5	1,4	3,2
2018	26,8	38,9	1,5	3,3
2019	26,9	39,9	1,5	3,3
2020	36,0	39,2	1,1	3,3
2021	37,6	44,7	1,2	3,1

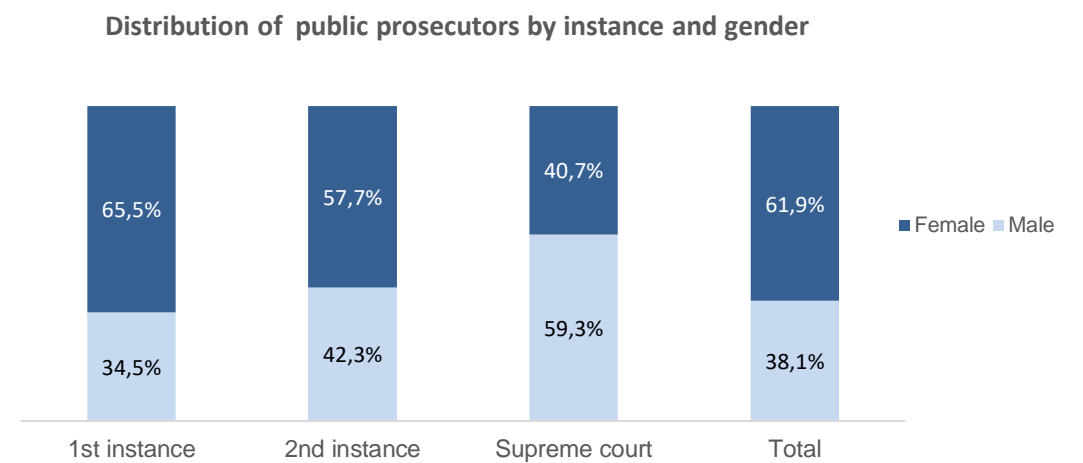
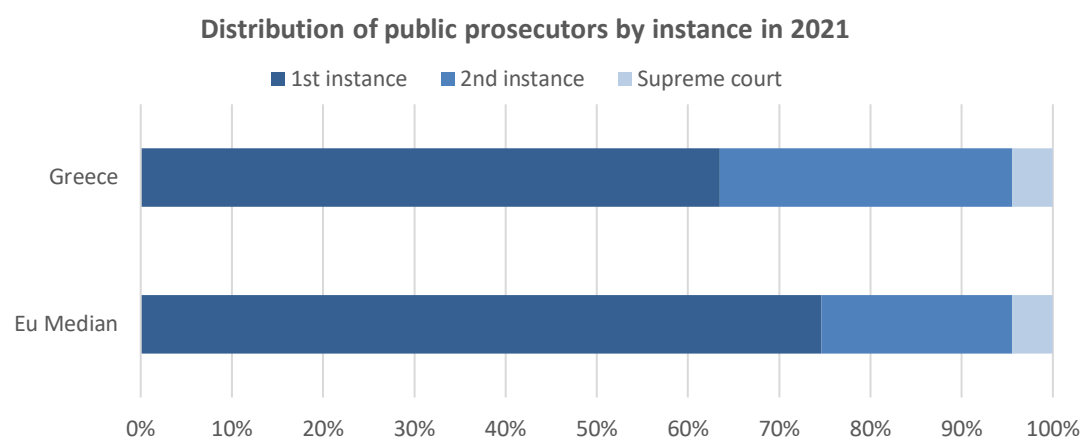
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	388	63,5%	134	254	34,5%	65,5%
2nd instance	196	32,1%	83	113	42,3%	57,7%
Supreme court	27	4,4%	16	11	59,3%	40,7%
Total	611		233	378	38,1%	61,9%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 378, which represents 61,9% of the total number of prosecutors.

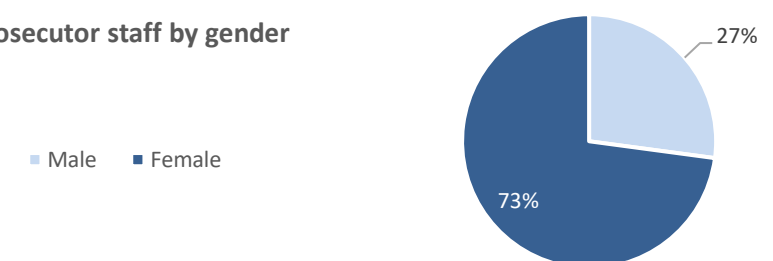
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 388 in first instance (of which 254 are Female); 196 are in second instance (of which 113 are Female) and 27 in final instance (of which 11 are Female).

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that in Greece, there is an important percentage of female prosecutors in first instance (65,5%), second instance (57,7%) and per total (61,9%). There is however no majority of female prosecutors at Supreme court level (40,7%).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	1 508	409	1 099

Non-prosecutor staff by gender

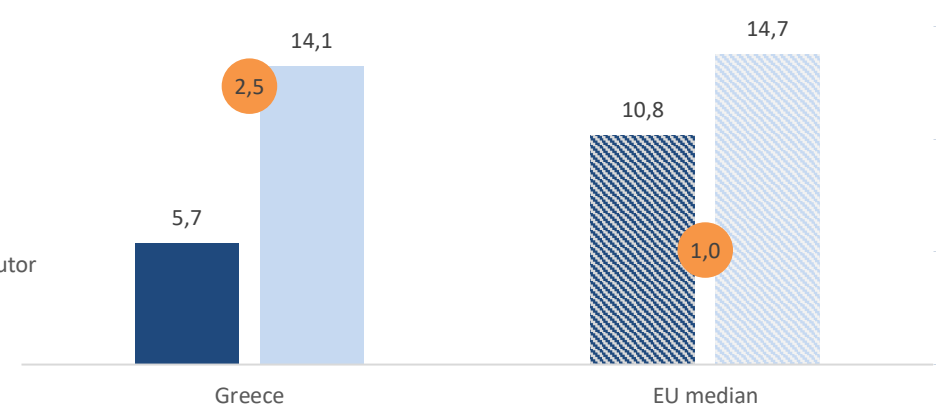


Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Greece	EU median
Public prosecutors	5,7	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	14,1	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,5	1,0

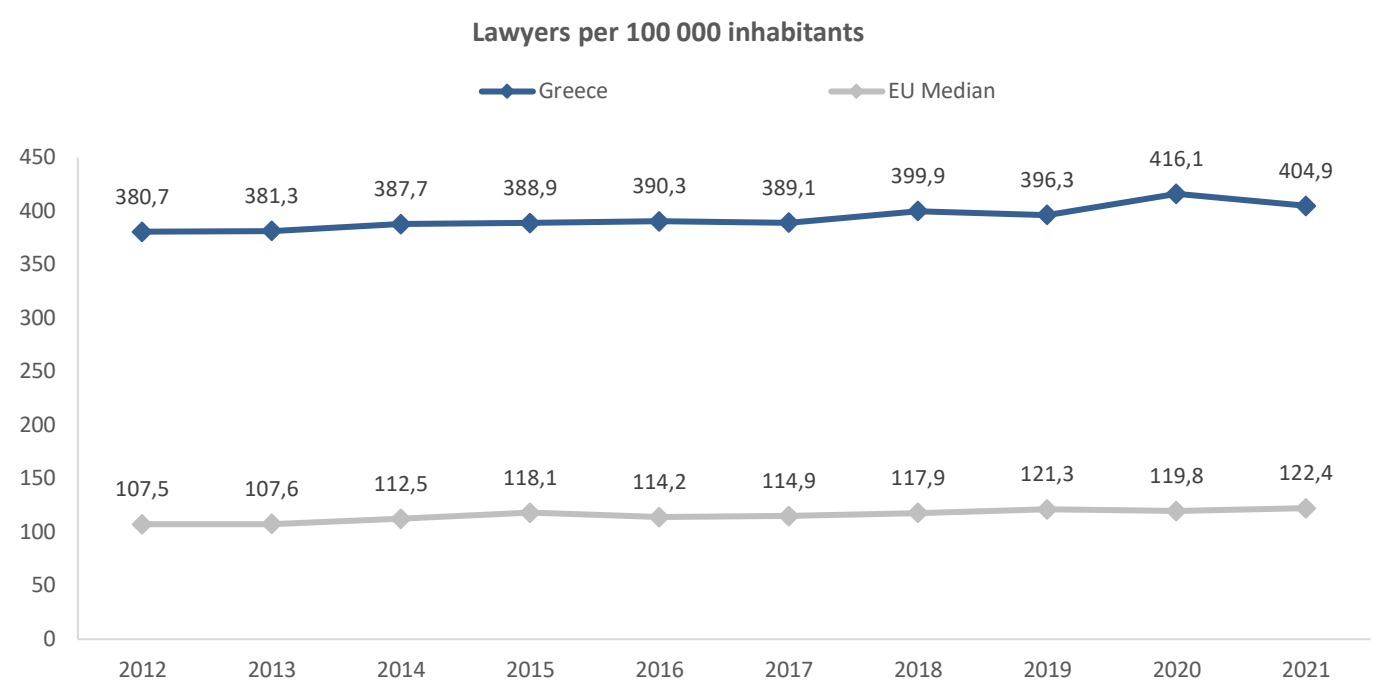
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

Public prosecutors
Non-prosecutor staff
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Greece	Greece	EU Median
2012	42 113	380,7	107,5
2013	42 177	381,3	107,6
2014	42 052	387,7	112,5
2015	42 226	388,9	118,1
2016	42 091	390,3	114,2
2017	41 903	389,1	114,9
2018	42 949	399,9	117,9
2019	42 500	396,3	121,3
2020	44 595	416,1	119,8
2021	43 240	404,9	122,4



In 2021, there are 43 240 lawyers, which is -3,0% less than in 2020.

There are 25 275 female lawyers which is 58% of the total.

Greece has 404,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Greece		Greece	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	31 710€	22 795€	NA	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	87 247€	49 749€	NA	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	31 710€	22 795€	NA	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	87 247€	49 749€	NA	3,4

According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Greece of 31 710€ is considerably below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€.

The ratio with the annual average salary of the country cannot be calculated.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Greece (2021 data)

In Greece, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Low-income citizens are entitled to the provision of free legal assistance, that is, the granting of a lawyer, bailiff or notary, in cases of criminal, civil and commercial law of any degree. These include divorce, alimony, custody and communication, insult, paternity recognition, etc.

Greek citizens, EU citizens, as well as third-country citizens or stateless persons are entitled to legal aid if they have a legal residence or usual residence in Greece. Low-income citizens, beneficiaries of legal aid, are those whose annual family income does not exceed two-thirds of the minimum annual individual earnings provided for by the National General Collective Labour Agreement.

Legal Aid is provided at the request of the applicant, in compliance with the law 3226/2004 as amended and completed by law 4274/20.

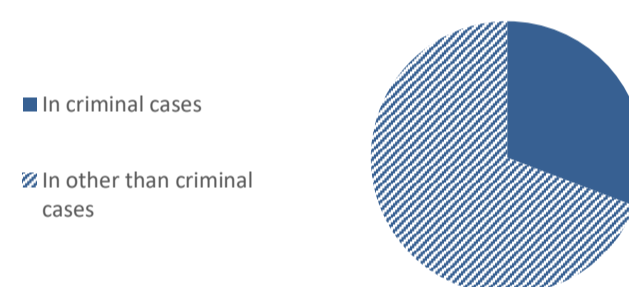
Furthermore, if an expert's opinion is considered by the court to be necessary, then the relevant costs are covered by the State.

With regard to administrative courts, there is no such legislative provision, while in civil and commercial cases legal aid is granted for expert fees.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

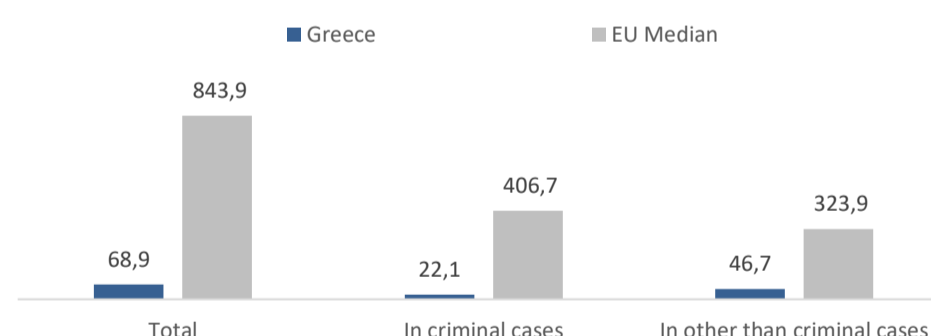
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	7 353	6 875	508
In criminal cases	2 363	2 115	278
In other than criminal cases	4 990	4 760	230

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Greece	EU Median
Total	68,9	843,9
In criminal cases	22,1	406,7
In other than criminal cases	46,7	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

15

◦ Actual average duration:

3

4. Performance of courts in Greece (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

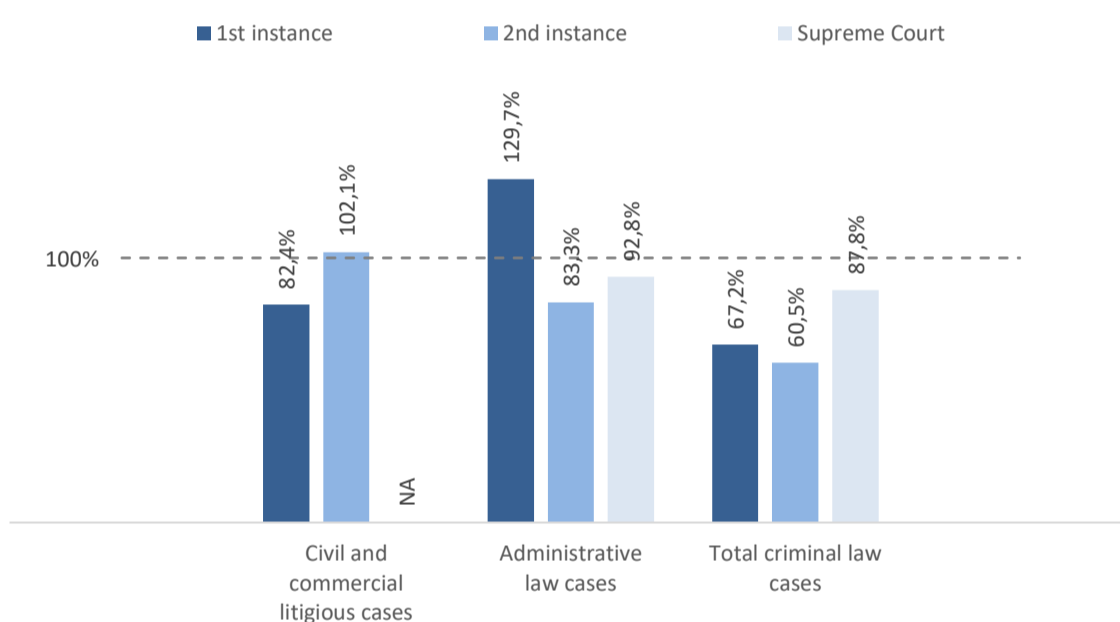
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

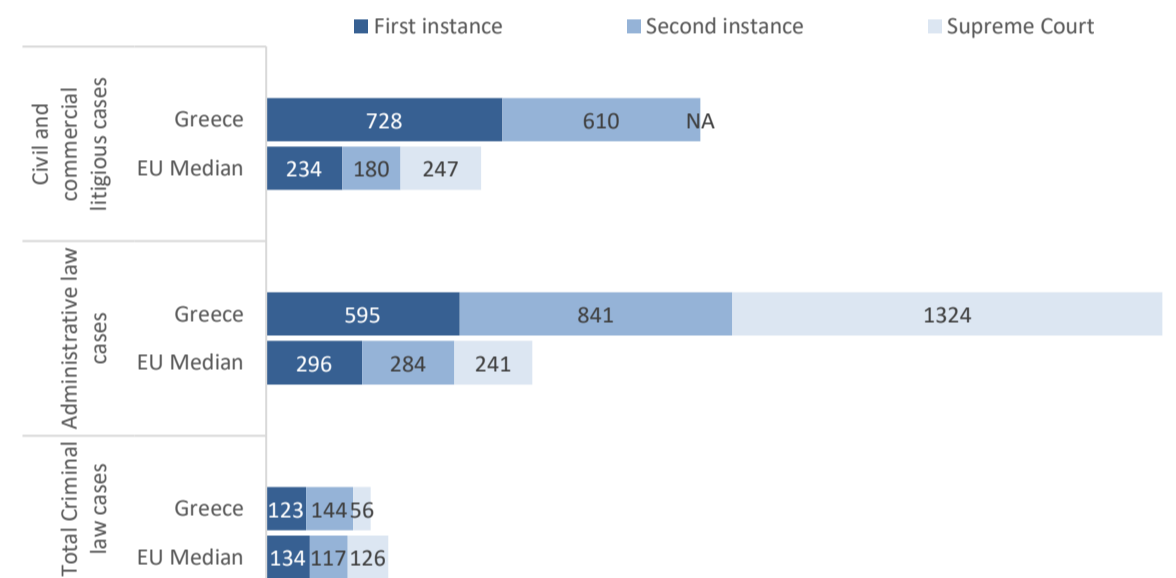
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	82,4%	102,5%	129,7%	101,7%	67,2%	100,0%
	2nd instance	102,1%	100,4%	83,3%	96,8%	60,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	NA	99,9%	92,8%	100,4%	87,8%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	728	234	595	296	123	134
	2nd instance	610	180	841	284	144	117
	Supreme Court	NA	247	1324	241	56	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be noticed that data on third instance civil cases are not available for the reference year.

Against the background of the available data, in 2021, criminal law cases appear to be overall the fastest in Greece, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, administrative law cases are overall the longest in Greece, as it appears also in the EU, but significantly above the EU median. The total length of proceedings in Greece is above EU median, except for criminal law cases, where it is slightly below.

At first instance, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory for administrative law cases, with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold, whereas for civil litigious and criminal law cases, the Clearance Rate is below the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time is above the EU median for both civil litigious and administrative law cases.

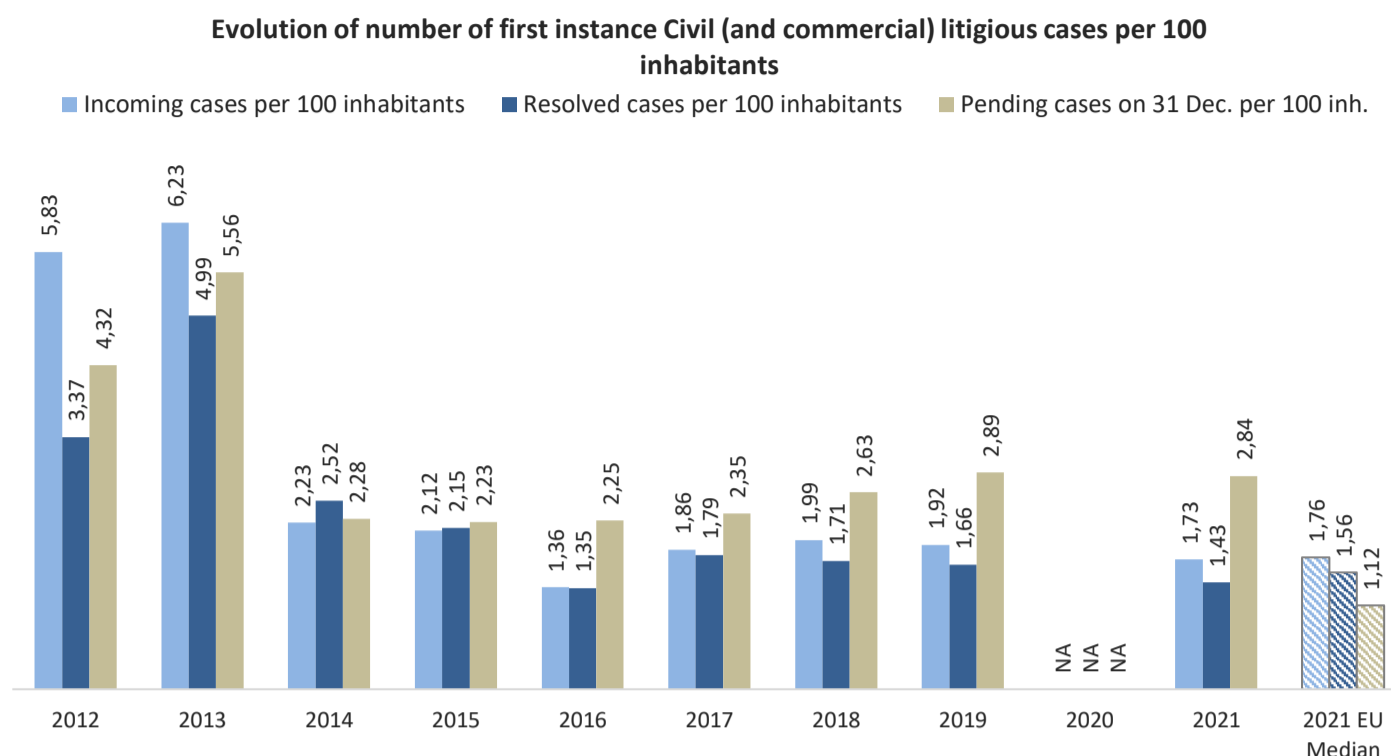
In the second instance, courts seem to be the most efficient in civil litigious cases, with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time remains however significantly above the EU median for all types of cases.

At third instance, courts seem to face some difficulties in dealing with cases, where the Clearance Rate is somewhat below the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time remains above the EU median for administrative law cases, while it is considerably below the EU median in criminal matters.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	5,83	3,37	4,32
2013	6,23	4,99	5,56
2014	2,23	2,52	2,28
2015	2,12	2,15	2,23
2016	1,36	1,35	2,25
2017	1,86	1,79	2,35
2018	1,99	1,71	2,63
2019	1,92	1,66	2,89
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	1,73	1,43	2,84
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



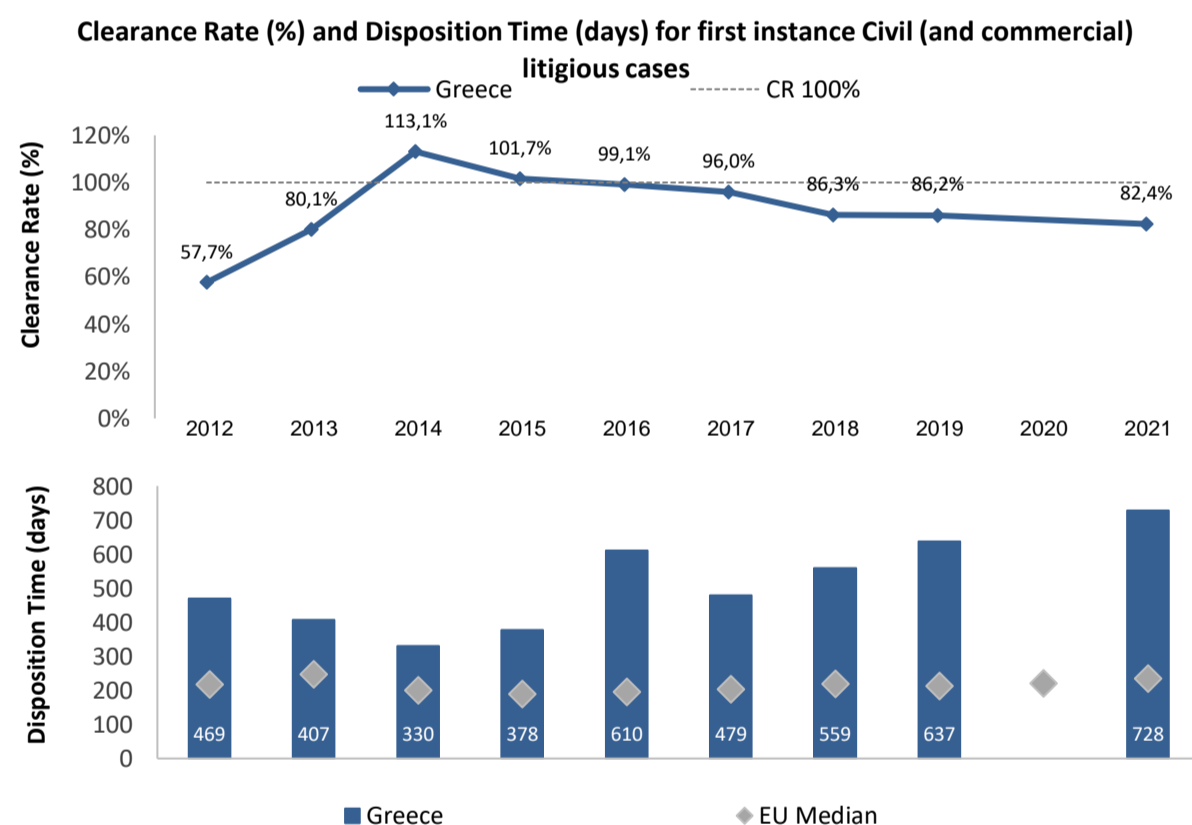
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Greece (1,73 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Greece (1,43 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Greece (2,84 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
2012	57,7%	100,4%	469	218
2013	80,1%	101,2%	407	247
2014	113,1%	101,8%	330	201
2015	101,7%	102,3%	378	190
2016	99,1%	102,0%	610	196
2017	96,0%	101,3%	479	204
2018	86,3%	101,2%	559	220
2019	86,2%	99,9%	637	213
2020	NA	98,5%	NA	221
2021	82,4%	102,5%	728	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 82,4% in 2021 Greece seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

The variation of the Clearance rate between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 728 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 234 days.

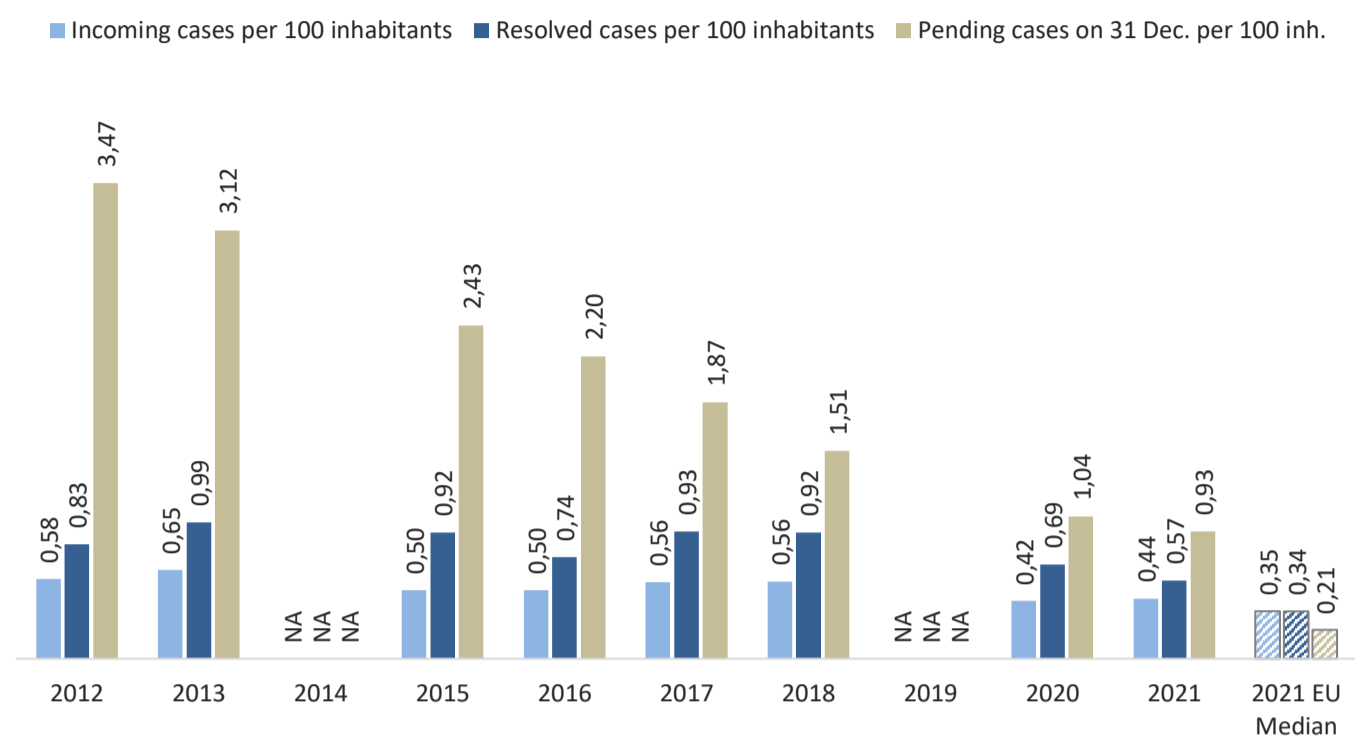
The variation of the Disposition time between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,58	0,83	3,47
2013	0,65	0,99	3,12
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	0,50	0,92	2,43
2016	0,50	0,74	2,20
2017	0,56	0,93	1,87
2018	0,56	0,92	1,51
2019	NA	NA	NA
2020	0,42	0,69	1,04
2021	0,44	0,57	0,93
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Greece (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

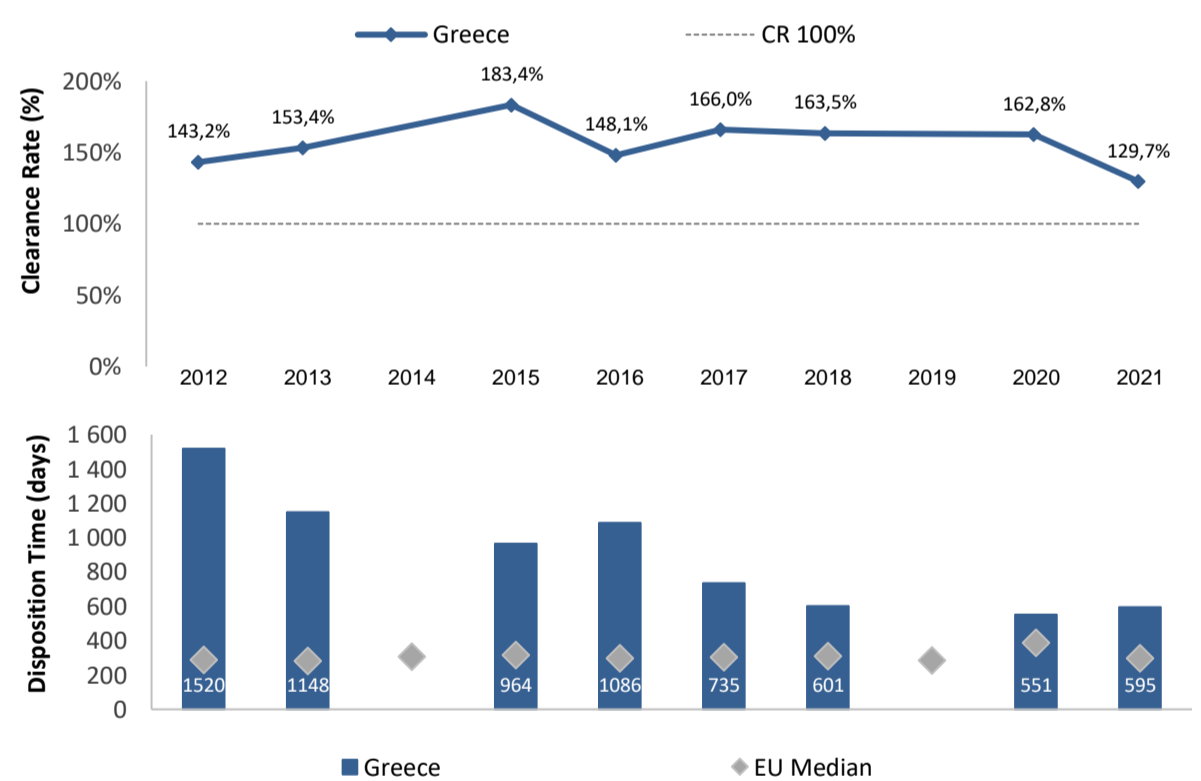
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Greece (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Greece (0,93 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
2012	143,2%	101,0%	1520	286
2013	153,4%	100,3%	1148	281
2014	NA	99,6%	NA	305
2015	183,4%	103,7%	964	315
2016	148,1%	103,0%	1086	297
2017	166,0%	102,1%	735	303
2018	163,5%	99,7%	601	308
2019	NA	102,1%	NA	284
2020	162,8%	100,1%	551	388
2021	129,7%	101,7%	595	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 129,7% in 2021 Greece seems to deal efficiently with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -33,1 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 595 days, which is well above EU median of 296 days.

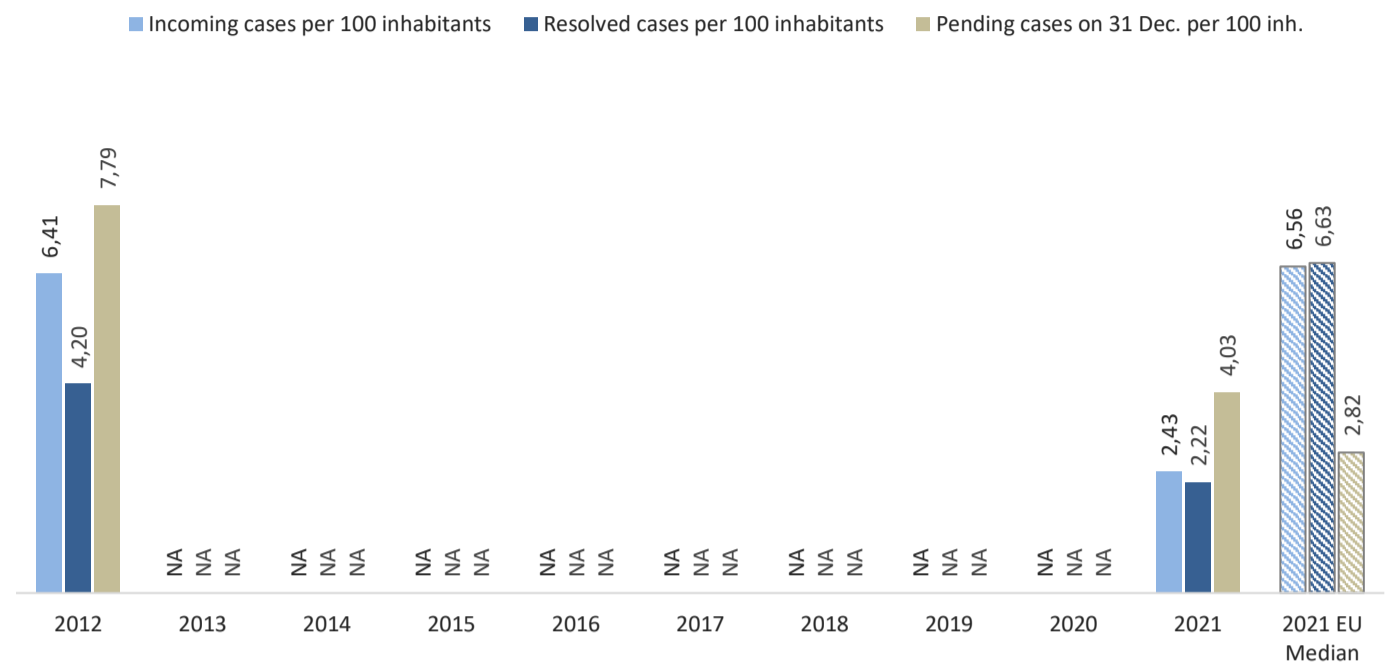
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 8,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	6,41	4,20	7,79
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA	NA
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	2,43	2,22	4,03
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Greece (2,43 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

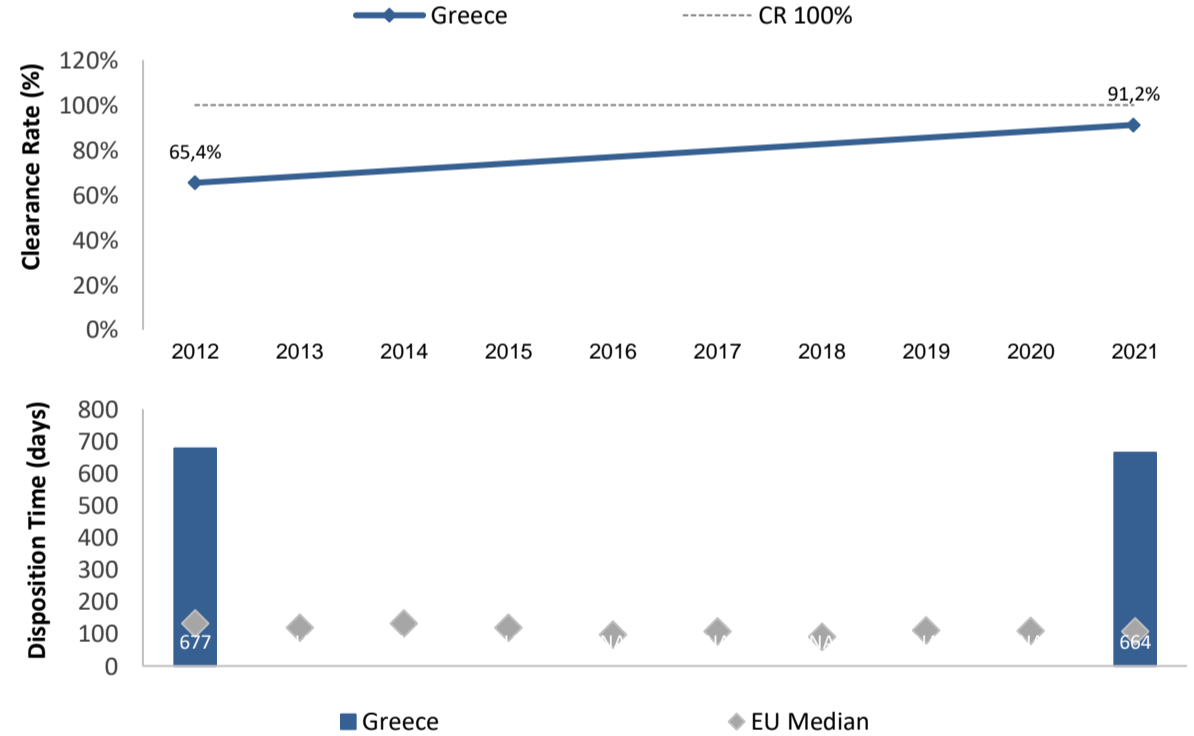
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Greece (2,22 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Greece (4,03 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
2012	65,4%	100,5%	677	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	NA	101,9%	NA	133
2015	NA	101,0%	NA	119
2016	NA	101,5%	NA	98
2017	NA	100,6%	NA	107
2018	NA	100,6%	NA	91
2019	NA	99,8%	NA	111
2020	NA	98,7%	NA	109
2021	91,2%	101,2%	664	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,2% in 2021 Greece seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

The variation of the Clearance Rate between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

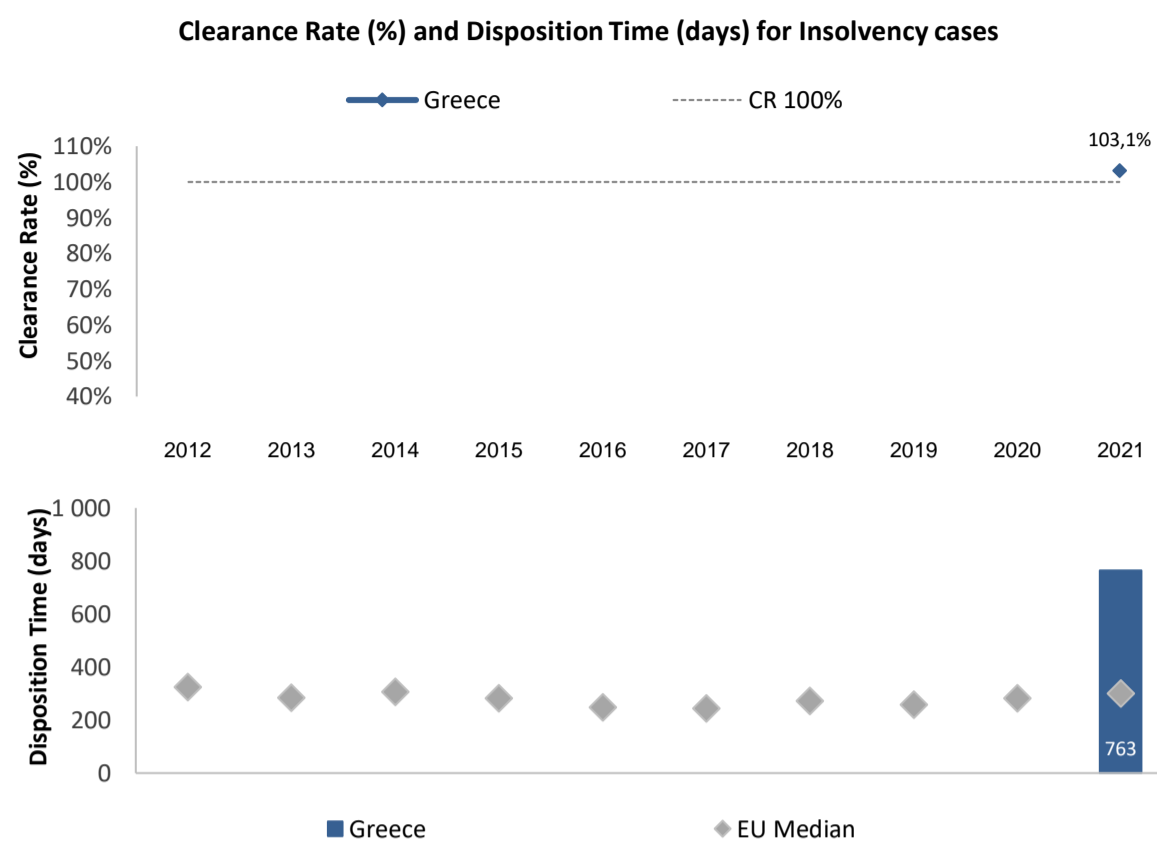
In 2021, first instance Total of other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 664 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 107 days.

The variation of the Disposition time between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282
2014	NA	96,9%	NA	304
2015	NA	104,5%	NA	282
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	246
2017	NA	103,6%	NA	243
2018	NA	101,5%	NA	271
2019	NA	101,2%	NA	258
2020	NA	109,7%	NA	281
2021	103,1%	103,3%	763	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,1% in 2021 Greece seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

The variation of the Clearance rate between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 763 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 299 days.

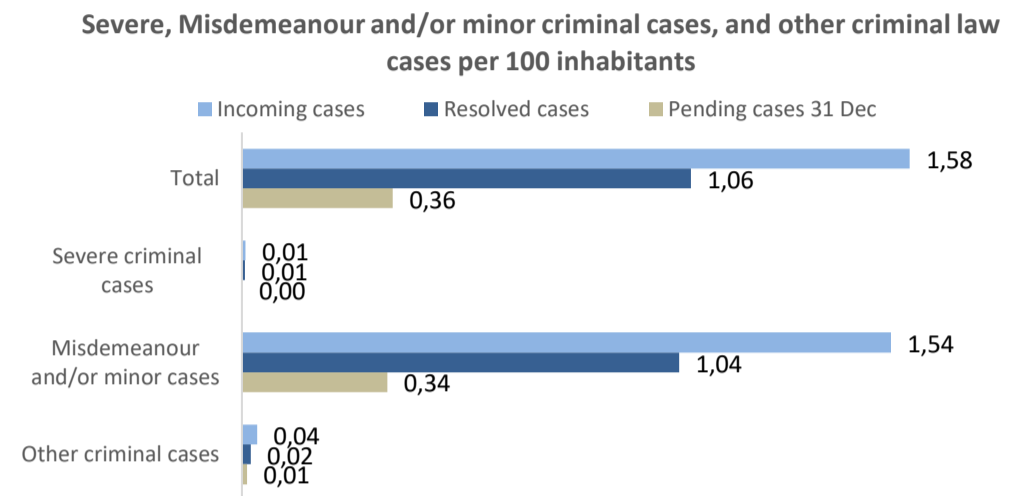
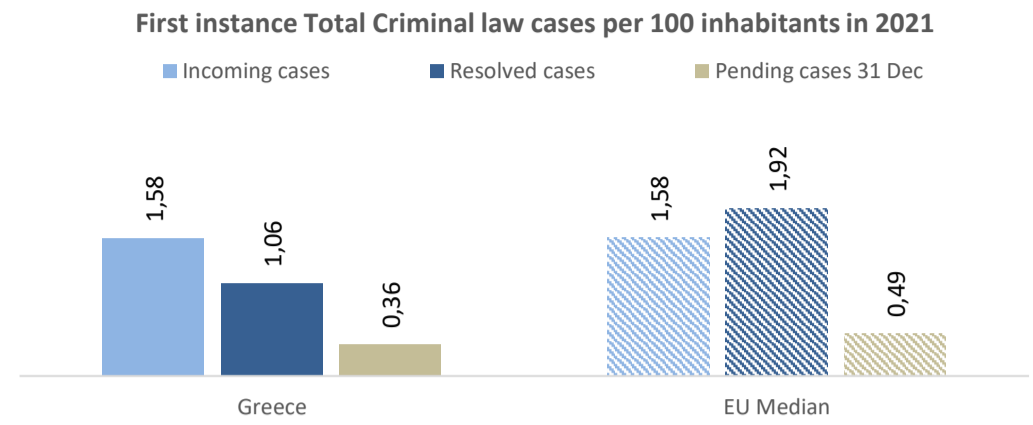
The variation of the Disposition time between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	23 912	169 013	113 634	38 221
Severe criminal cases	79	951	739	147
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	23 818	164 256	110 688	36 813
Other criminal cases	15	3 806	2 207	1 261

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,22	1,58	1,06	0,36
Severe criminal cases	0,00	0,01	0,01	0,00
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,22	1,54	1,04	0,34
Other criminal cases	0,00	0,04	0,02	0,01



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Greece (1,58 per 100 inhabitants) is the EU median.

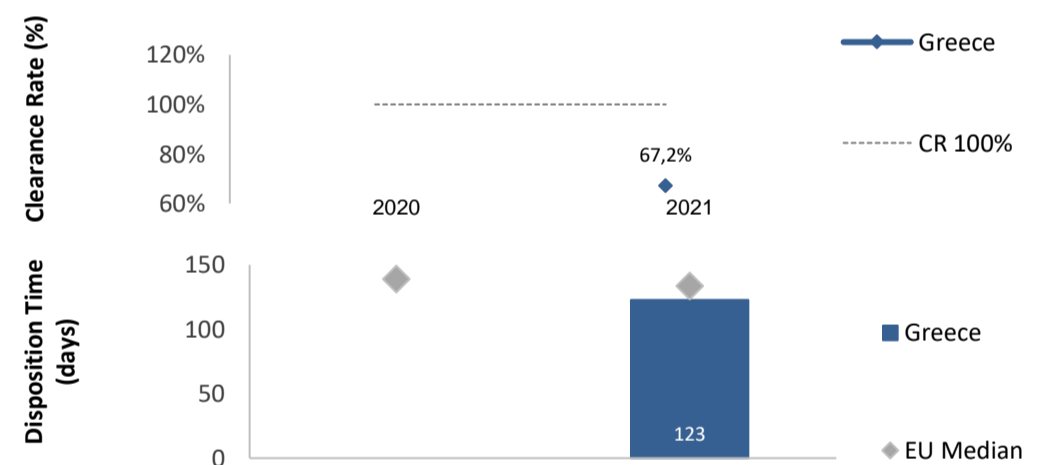
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Greece (1,06 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Greece (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Greece	EU Median	Greece	EU Median
2020	NA	95,2%	NA	139
2021	67,2%	100,0%	123	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 67,2% in 2021 Greece seems to face difficulties in dealing with its first instance total criminal law cases.

The variation of the Clearance rate between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

In 2021, first instance criminal law cases are solved in approximately 123 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 134 days.

The variation of the Disposition time between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

5. Public prosecution services in Greece (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

The public prosecution services' budget cannot be separated from the courts' budget.

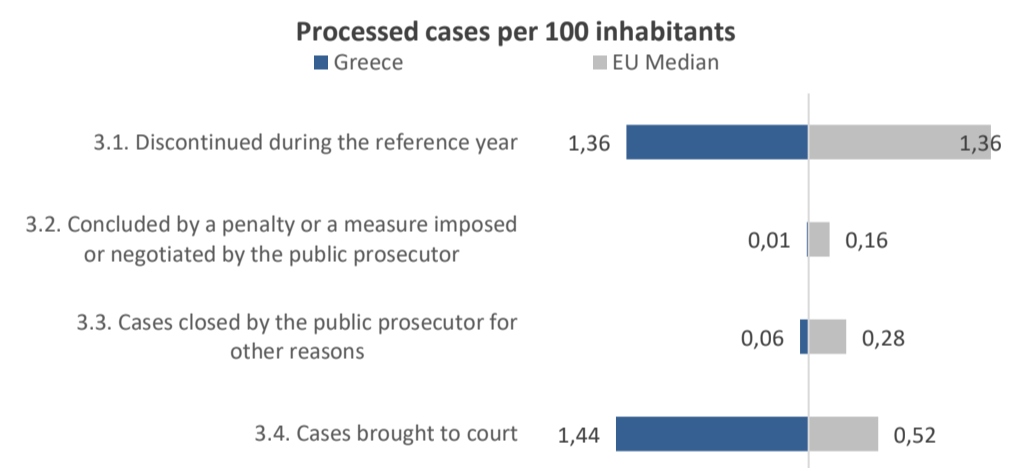
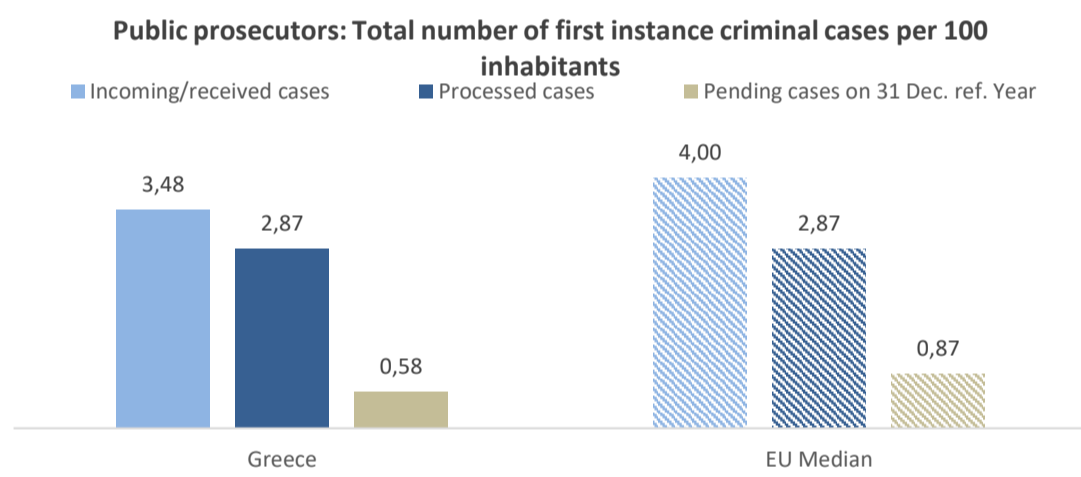
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Greece	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Greece	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	43 348	NA	0,41	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	372 069	NA	3,48	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	306 632	NA	2,87	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	144 994	NA	1,36	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	95 713	NA	0,90	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	38 356	NA	0,36	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	10 543	NA	0,10	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	10 925	NA	0,10	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 460	NA	0,01	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	6 868	NA	0,06	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	153 310	NA	1,44	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	62 134	NA	0,58	0,87

* Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

The definition of the pending cases includes postponed cases or the cases for which the trial date has not been set for the reference year or has not been determined during the year.

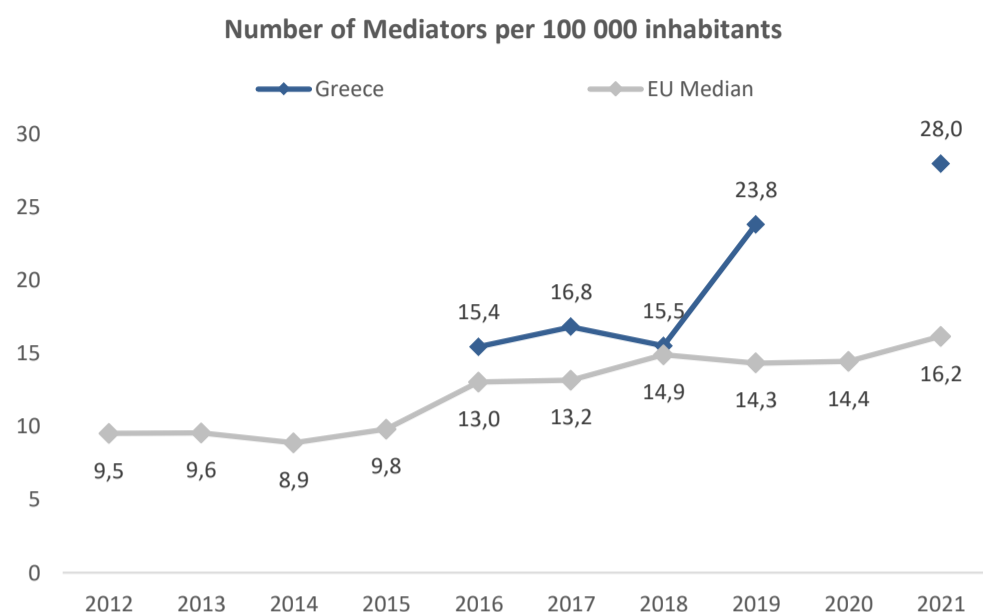
Considering that this is the first year where offices calculate their pending cases, and some of them do not have electronic systems to monitor their data, in the next years, there will be better and more accurate statistics.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Greece (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Greece	Greece	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	9,5
2013	NA	NA	9,6
2014	NA	NA	8,9
2015	NA	NA	9,8
2016	1665	15,4	13,0
2017	1809	16,8	13,2
2018	1665	15,5	14,9
2019	2553	23,8	14,3
2020	NA	NA	14,4
2021	2985	28,0	16,2



In 2021, there are 2 985 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 28,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated, as data were not available in the previous cycle.

Out of the 2985 mediators, 2963 are active.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	2 286	3 810	479
Civil and commercial	402	3 231	0
Family cases	208	447	395
Administrative	2	0	0
Employment dismissal	0	0	0
Criminal cases	1 674	132	84
Consumer cases	0	0	0

7. ICT tools of courts in Greece (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes 10-49%	10-49%	50-99%
Simple dictation tools	Yes in most of the courts	in most of the courts	not available
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in most of the courts	in most of the courts	not available
Voice recognition feature	No	NA	NA

The system of keeping minutes of court meetings has been extended to criminal proceedings following the signing of a new relevant contract.

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	No
Other	NA	NA	NA

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	50-99%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	Yes NA	-	-	-
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	NA	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Greece (2021 data)

In Greece, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies), by the Code of Organization of Courts and Status of Judicial Officers (Law 1756/1988). Personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Most of the measures taken recently in Greece aim at speeding up administrative justice. However, the law provides a set of quality criteria that must be taken into account when inspectors check the performance of each judge.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

According to Law 1756/1988 (art. 85), supreme judges appointed as inspectors for one year's term, draft every year general reports on the operation of each court and prosecutor's office in their district and recommend the necessary measures for the proper functioning of the service. Regarding administrative courts, this task is fulfilled by the General Commission of the State for ordinary administrative courts.

In Greece, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The internal Regulation of each court determines a number of cases assigned to each judge and, in accordance with the law, the judge normally has to deliver his decision within eight months of the hearing, otherwise he is considered to be unduly delayed:

- Depending on the procedure (e.g. n. 4412/2016 as in force, Article 372, procurement procedure).
- The rules of the Council of State provide for deadlines for holding a conference, for delivery of a draft decision and publication of a decision.
- The regulations of the administrative courts provide for a minimum number of charging cases for judges (Council of State)

The number of incoming cases, number of pending cases and backlogs are referred by part of the courts.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Greece, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The number of incoming cases, number of pending cases and backlogs are referred by part of the prosecution services.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	10 768 193	10 741 165	10 724 599	10 718 565	10 678 632	-3,5%	-0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 161	NA	16 250	16 181	16 154	16 736	16 736	16 736	15 424	17 013	-0,9%	10,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	True	False	False	False

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									False	False		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	Yes	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									True	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									True	True		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	279	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	279	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	402	NA	298	298	289	289	289	289	259	259	-35,6%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NA	NA	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	289	289	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	402	NA	329	329	319	319	319	319	320	320	-20,4%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	616 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	407 689	-33,9%	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	205 198	478 241	278 913	246 691	241 441	244 637	252 811	281 705	NA	NA	270 910	32,0%	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20 769	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	17 520	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 514	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 466	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 735	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	411 193	383 402	NA	308 860	263 476	240 650	200 803	NA	139 880	NA	112 789	-72,6%	-19,4%

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	3 221	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	709 644	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	259 735	-63,4%	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	645 339	688 859	241 418	230 068	146 569	200 426	213 468	206 387	NA	184 820	-71,4%	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22 149	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	15 752	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 832	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 325	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	502	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4 565	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	64 305	71 568	NA	54 402	53 934	60 100	60 320	NA	45 159	46 741	-27,3%	3,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	6 025	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	464 392	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	236 814	-49,0%	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	372 296	551 755	273 048	233 954	145 221	192 482	184 131	177 813	NA	152 235	-59,1%	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	19 456	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13 703	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 875	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 483	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	387	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 878	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	92 096	109 771	NA	99 763	79 872	99 772	98 633	NA	73 525	60 628	-34,2%	-17,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	4 495	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	861 643	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	430 610	-50,0%	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	478 241	615 345	246 839	242 209	242 789	252 654	282 148	310 279	NA	303 495	-36,5%	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 462	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	19 569	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 471	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 308	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	160	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 422	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	383 402	345 199	NA	263 473	237 593	200 978	162 490	NA	110 993	98 902	-74,2%	-10,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	4 751	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	65,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	91,2%	25,74	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	57,7%	80,1%	113,1%	101,7%	99,1%	96,0%	86,3%	86,2%	NA	82,4%	24,68	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	87,8%	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	87,0%	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,3%	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	111,9%	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77,1%	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	100,0%	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	85,0%	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	143,2%	153,4%	NA	183,4%	148,1%	166,0%	163,5%	NA	162,8%	129,7%	(13,51)	(33,10)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	74,6%	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	677	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	664	-2,0%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	469	407	330	378	610	479	559	637	NA	728	55,2%	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	440	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	521	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	286	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	322	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	151	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	219	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	228	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1520	1148	NA	964	1086	735	601	NA	551	595	-60,8%	8,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	386	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 605	-	-
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-------	---	---

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	385	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 341	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	21	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	4	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 639	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	334	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	613	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	97	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	86	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 975	-	-
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	230	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	632	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	50	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	62	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 269	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	489	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 322	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	34	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	12	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	81,8%	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	68,9%	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	103,1%	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	401	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	776	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	763	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	48 320	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			39 307	38 027	38 244	43 336	38 983	41 354	NA	16 026	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	305	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	221	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	47 453	43 442	42 280	36 360	NA	28 517	31 930	-	12,0%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	59	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	28 724	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			26 719	25 337	18 181	20 594	22 431	23 187	NA	9 278	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	374	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	277	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	19 018	15 714	18 380	19 066	NA	17 925	18 237	-	1,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	835	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	25 576	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			27 284	23 641	13 599	23 228	21 767	23 477	NA	9 475	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	253	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	186	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	23 195	16 867	25 326	21 786	NA	17 585	15 186	-	-13,6%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	662	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	65 912	51 468	-	-21,9%

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			38 027	38 054	42 826	40 702	39 492	41 064	34 954	15 829	-	-54,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	426	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	312	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	114	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	114	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	43 407	42 289	35 334	33 640	NA	28 857	34 981	-	21,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	232	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	455	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	89,0%	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,1%	93,3%	74,8%	112,8%	97,0%	101,3%	NA	102,1%	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67,6%	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67,1%	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	69,1%	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	69,1%	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	122,0%	107,3%	137,8%	114,3%	NA	98,1%	83,3%	-	(14,83)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	79,3%	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	735	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			509	588	1149	640	662	638	NA	610	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	615	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	612	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	621	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	621	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	683	915	509	564	NA	599	841	-	40,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	128	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 207	2 135	18 956	17 201	15 597	15 496	14 654	14 339	-	-2,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 309	1 904	2 012	2 000	NA	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	16 296	14 892	13 693	13 484	12 654	12 039	-	-4,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 865	2 322	6 597	5 766	5 969	5 864	NA	6 301	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 083	2 324	2 343	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	4 675	3 683	3 645	3 521	3 354	3 657	-	9,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 937	1 797	6 977	7 404	6 102	5 983	NA	5 657	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 488	2 216	2 217	NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	6 083	4 916	3 886	3 766	3 968	3 395	-	-14,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 135	2 660	17 197	15 563	15 475	15 377	14 339	14 994	-	4,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	1 904	2 012	2 138	2 300	NA	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	14 888	13 659	13 463	13 239	12 039	12 312	-	2,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	8 586	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			103,9%	77,4%	105,8%	128,4%	102,2%	102,0%	NA	89,8%	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	119,4%	95,4%	94,6%	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NA	130,1%	133,5%	106,6%	107,0%	118,3%	92,8%	-	(25,47)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			402	540	900	767	926	938	NA	967	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	279	331	352	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	893	1014	1265	1283	1107	1324	-	19,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	23 912	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	79	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	23 818	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	15	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	169 013	-	-
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	951	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	164 256	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	3 806	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	113 634	-	-
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	739	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	110 688	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	2 207	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	38 221	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	147	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	36 813	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	1 261	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	20 203	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	17	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	20 174	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	12	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									NA	67,2%	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	77,7%	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	67,4%	-	-
CR of Other									NA	58,0%	-	-
DT of Total									NA	123	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	73	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	121	-	-
DT of Other									NA	209	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	6 214	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	4 270	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	1 939	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	5	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									18 375	27 488	-	49,6%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	16 259	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	10 404	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	825	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									20 003	16 622	-	-16,9%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	9 133	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	6 672	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	817	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	6 567	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	4 204	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	2 355	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	8	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	626	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	369	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	255	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	2	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									108,9%	60,5%	-	(44,45)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	56,2%	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	64,1%	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	99,0%	-	-
DT of Total									NA	144	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	168	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	129	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	4	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	16	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	-	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	16	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	1 323	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	1 260	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	63	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NA	1 162	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	1 106	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	56	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	177	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	154	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	23	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									NA	87,8%	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	87,8%	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	88,9%	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	56	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	51	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	150	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	43 348	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									NA	372 069	-	-
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NA	306 632	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									NA	144 994	-	-
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	95 713	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	38 356	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	10 543	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	10 925	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	1 460	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	6 868	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									NA	153 310	-	-
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	62 134	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	3 102	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	728	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	2 374	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	3 096	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	728	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	2 368	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	6	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	-	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	6	-	-	
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)													
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	7 353	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	2 363	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	4 990	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	6 875	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	2 115	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	4 760	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	508	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	278	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	230	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									15	15	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									3	3	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in all courts

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA	NA		

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA	NA		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 574	3 877	2 231	2 206	2 780	2 861	2 874	2 884	3 861	4 018	56,1%	4,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 518	2 643	1 540	1 517	1 750	1 714	1 720	1 729	2 676	2 690	77,2%	0,5%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	812	984	459	450	892	900	911	911	934	927	14,2%	-0,7%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	244	250	232	239	138	247	243	244	251	401	64,3%	59,8%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	831	NA	616	NA	795	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 017	22,4%	-
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	411	NA	369	NA	468	NA	NA	NA	NA	647	57,4%	-
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	291	NA	132	NA	251	NA	NA	NA	NA	238	-18,2%	-
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	129	NA	115	NA	76	NA	NA	NA	NA	132	2,3%	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 743	NA	1 615	NA	1 985	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 001	72,2%	-
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 107	NA	1 171	NA	1 282	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 043	84,6%	-
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	521	NA	327	NA	641	NA	NA	NA	NA	689	32,2%	-
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	115	NA	117	NA	62	NA	NA	NA	NA	269	133,9%	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	4 145	4 179	4 284	4 198	4 774	-10,4%	13,7%

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	5 376	1 523	1 543	1 133	1 097	1 112	1 001	1 133	1 299	-	14,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	3 951	4 029	3 103	3 048	3 067	3 283	3 065	3 475	-	13,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 198	4 774	-	13,7%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 458	3 399	-	-1,7%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									619	612	-	-1,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									121	763	-	530,6%

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 133	1 299	-	14,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									924	871	-	-5,7%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									175	168	-	-4,0%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									34	260	-	664,7%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 065	3 475	-	13,4%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 534	2 528	-	-0,2%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									444	444	-	0,0%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									87	503	-	478,2%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									595	611	-	2,7%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									374	388	-	3,7%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									196	196	-	0,0%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									25	27	-	8,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									NA	233	-	-
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	134	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	83	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NA	16	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									NA	378	-	-
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	254	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	113	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NA	11	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 631	1 508	-	-7,5%

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									467	409	-	-12,4%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 164	1 099	-	-5,6%
004 Annual average salary in the country									NA	NA	-	-
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									31 710 £	31 710 £	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									87 247 £	87 247 £	-	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									31 710 £	31 710 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									87 247 £	87 247 £	-	0,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									22 795 £	22 795 £	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									49 749 £	49 749 £	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									22 795 £	22 795 £	-	0,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									49 749 £	49 749 £	-	0,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	42 113	42 177	42 052	42 226	42 091	41 903	42 949	42 500	44 595	43 240	2,7%	-3,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							NA	NA	18 292	17 965	-	-1,8%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							NA	NA	26 303	25 275	-	-3,9%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Greece

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 665	1 809	1 665	2 553	NA	2 985	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 286	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	41	NA	NA	NA	402	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	208	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	1 782	NAP	NA	NAP	2	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	1 674	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Hungary

(2021 data)

General data

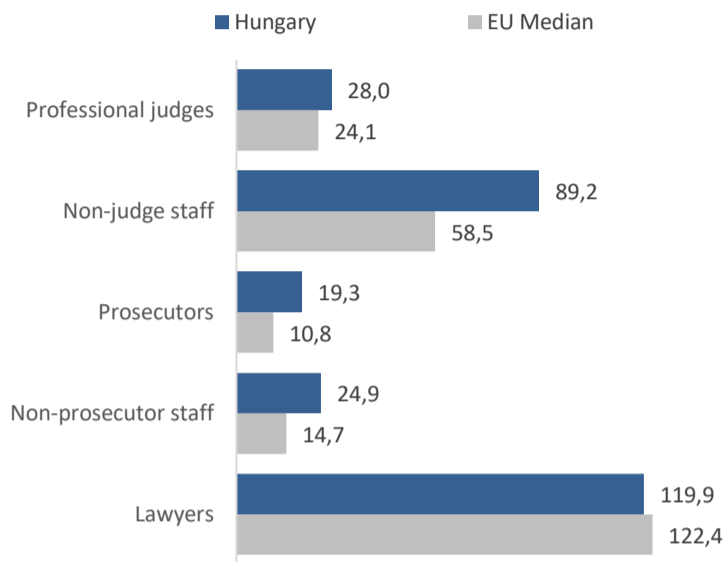
Population: 9 689 010

GDP per capita: 15 401 €

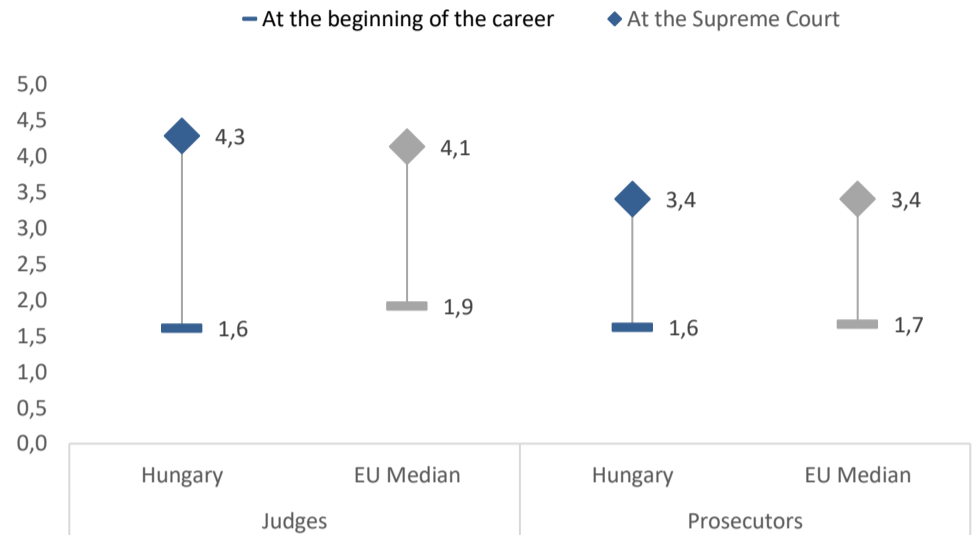
Average annual salary: 14 906 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

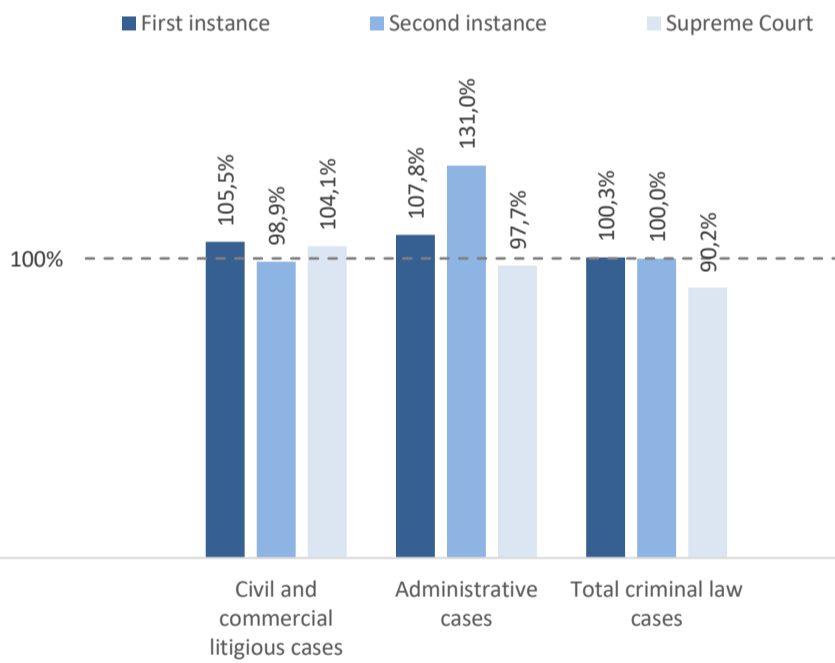


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

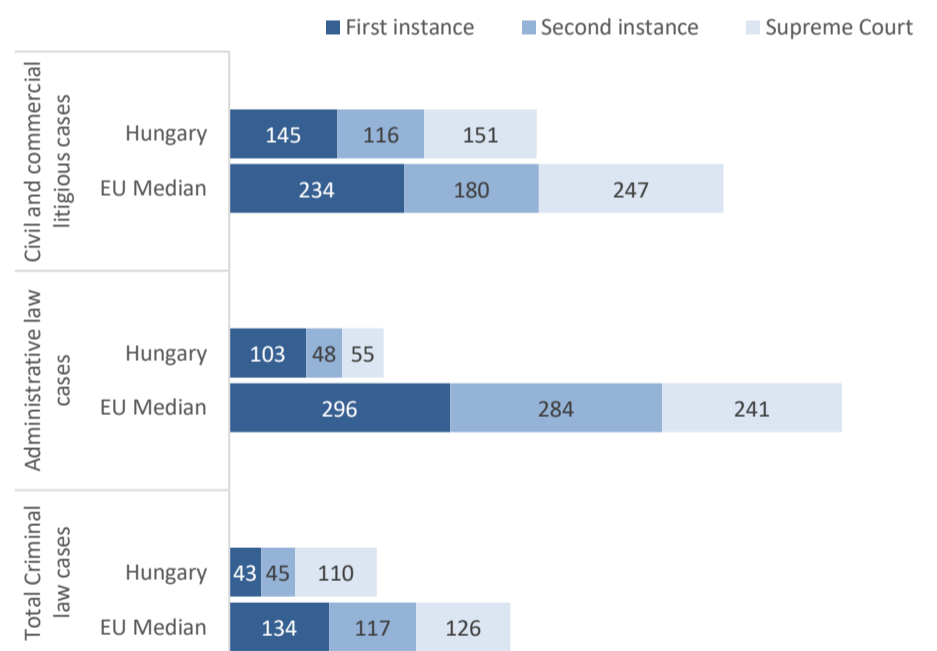


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

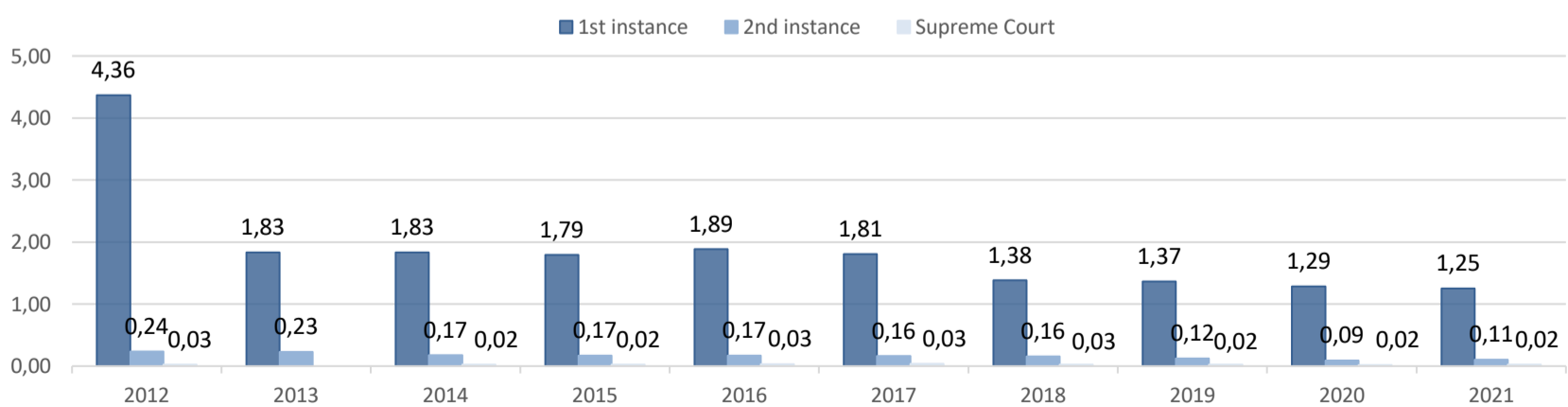


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Hungary

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	9 890 640	9 689 010		-2,2%	-2,0%
GDP per capita	9 800	9 900	10 500	10 900	11 200	11 800	12 500	13 180	13 940	15 401		57,2%	10,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	292,96	296,91	315,00	315,68	309,40	309,40	322,16	329,99	360,90	369,00		26,0%	2,2%
Average annual salary	9 137		9 759		10 537		12 288	13 375	12 901	14 906		63,1%	15,5%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	27,9	28,4	28,5	28,6	28,7	28,6	30,2	29,5	28,2	28,0		0,2%	-0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,2	81,0	81,4	81,2	81,7	84,8	88,9	87,4	86,7	89,2		8,5%	2,8%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									19,0	19,3			1,9%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									24,5	24,9			1,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	131,2	131,6	131,9	132,2	114,2	113,3	132,6	130,2	115,6	119,9		-8,6%	3,7%
Mediators	0,1	0,2	1,2	1,6	1,8	1,8	1,6	2,1	1,4	1,5		1178,4%	8,6%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	4,364	1,831	1,830	1,794	1,886	1,805	1,382	1,366	1,288	1,255		-71,2%	-2,6%
Administrative law cases	0,127	0,2	0,2	0,185	0,200	0,171	0,178	0,168	0,296	0,212		67,1%	-28,2%
Total criminal law cases									3,648	4,460			22,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	105%	98%	104%	99%	98%	96%	116%	104%	100%	106%		0,47	5,35
CR administrative law cases	108%	104%	92%	105%	100%	102%	102%	103%	89%	108%		-0,14	18,50
CR total criminal law cases									97%	100%			3,08

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	165	145		50,2%	-12,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	110	103		-29,8%	-6,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									54	43			-21,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,21	0,83	0,75	0,77	0,81	0,86	0,67	0,59	0,58	0,53		-56,6%	-9,8%
Administrative law cases	0,06	0,05	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,08	0,06		17,2%	-18,8%
Total criminal law cases									0,53	0,53			-0,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			111%	102%	100%	99%	106%	110%	107%	99%			-8,13
CR administrative law cases			99%	102%	97%	99%	97%	106%	146%	131%			-14,51
CR total criminal law cases									102%	100%			-2,42

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			114	123	121	133	112	105	116	116			-0,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			94	87	83	91	91	64	4	48			1113,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									48	45			-6,6%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	96%	86%	88%	110%	111%	132%	104%			-27,73
CR administrative law cases			108%	96%	99%	96%	90%	118%	109%	98%			-10,93
CR total criminal law cases									104%	90%			-14,00

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			158	181	203	246	229	232	155	151			-2,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			129	169	168	201	228	116	58	55			-5,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									66	110			67,1%

1. Judicial organisation in Hungary (2021 data)

The Hungarian court system is as follows: Kúria (1) – the Hungarian Supreme Court - its jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers adjudication of extraordinary remedies and appeals, adopting uniformity decisions. It also decides if municipal decrees are in compliance with higher level legislation.

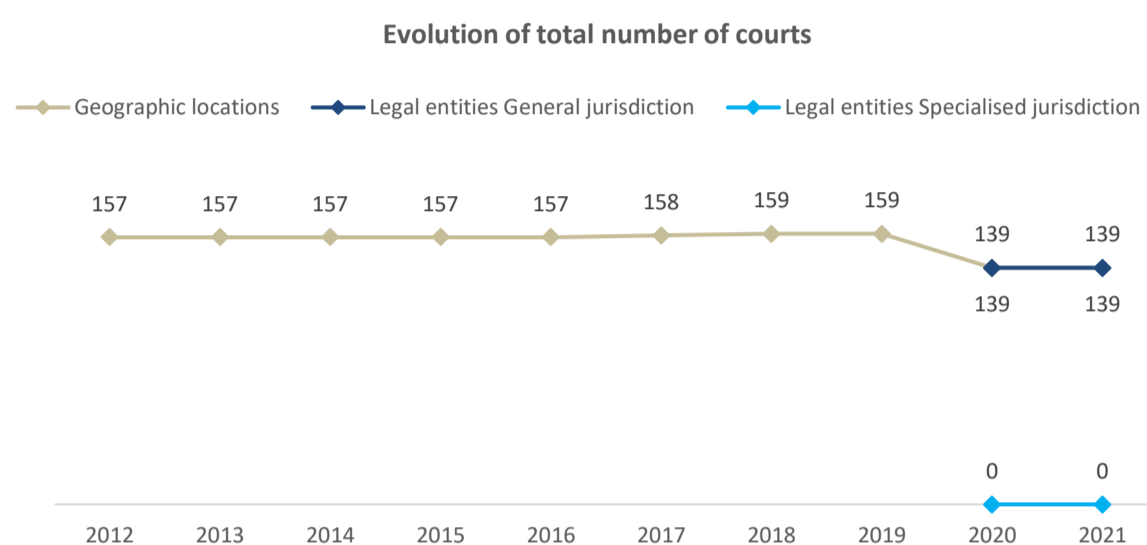
Regional courts of appeal (5) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from the regional courts (third instance in criminal cases).

Regional courts (20) – their jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from district courts, administrative and labour courts, and procedure at first instance in certain criminal and civil cases.

District courts (113) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the procedures at first instance. The number of judges in the largest district court is 357, whereas the smallest court operates with one judge. Out of the 113 district courts, the district courts in the seat of the regional courts have special competences in some cases.

Evolution of total number of courts

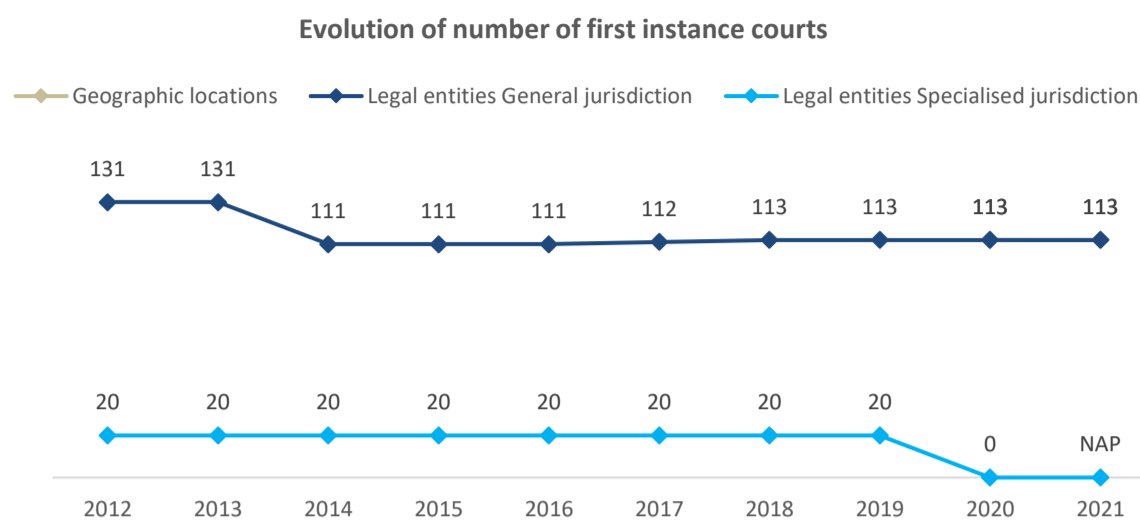
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	157		
2013	157		
2014	157		
2015	157		
2016	157		
2017	158		
2018	159		
2019	159		
2020	139	139	0
2021	139	139	0



Administrative and labour courts (20) were dismissed on 31st of March 2020. From this date Regional Courts deal with labour cases on first instance while administrative cases are dealt with by eight Regional Court on a regional level. This change affected both the number of specialised jurisdiction courts and geographic locations.

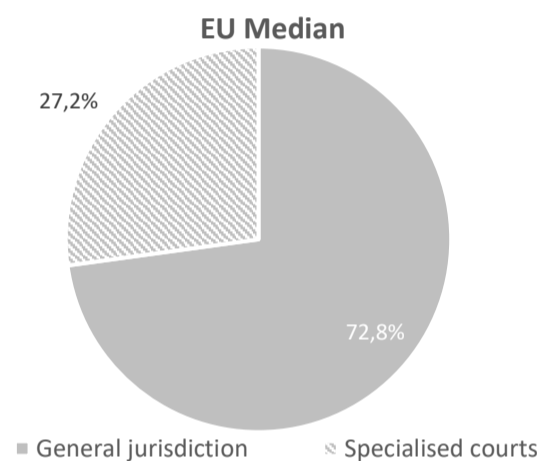
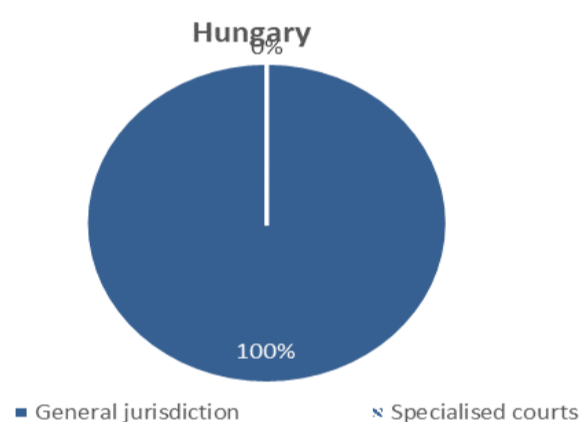
Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		131	20
2013		131	20
2014		111	20
2015		111	20
2016		111	20
2017		112	20
2018		113	20
2019		113	20
2020	113	113	0
2021	113	113	NAP



Administrative and labour courts (20) were dismissed on 31st of March 2020. From this date Regional Courts deal with labour cases on first instance while administrative cases are dealt with by eight Regional Court on a regional level. This change affected both the number of specialised jurisdiction courts and geographic locations.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



Since there are no specialised courts in Hungary, all courts (100%) are general jurisdiction courts. This is quite different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	NAP	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

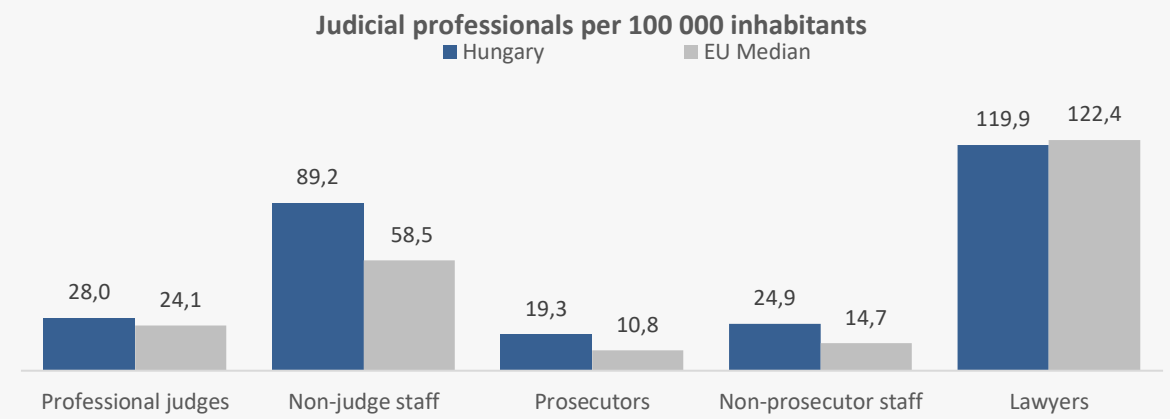
Administrative and labour courts (20) were dismissed on 31st of March 2020. There are military departments at five Regional Courts and at one Regional Court of Appeal. Although they only deal with military related criminal cases, they are not considered as specialized courts as they are a part of the ordinary court system both in administrative and professional management. Consequently, the table above contains only not applicable (NAP) replies for Hungary.

2. Professionals of justice in Hungary (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

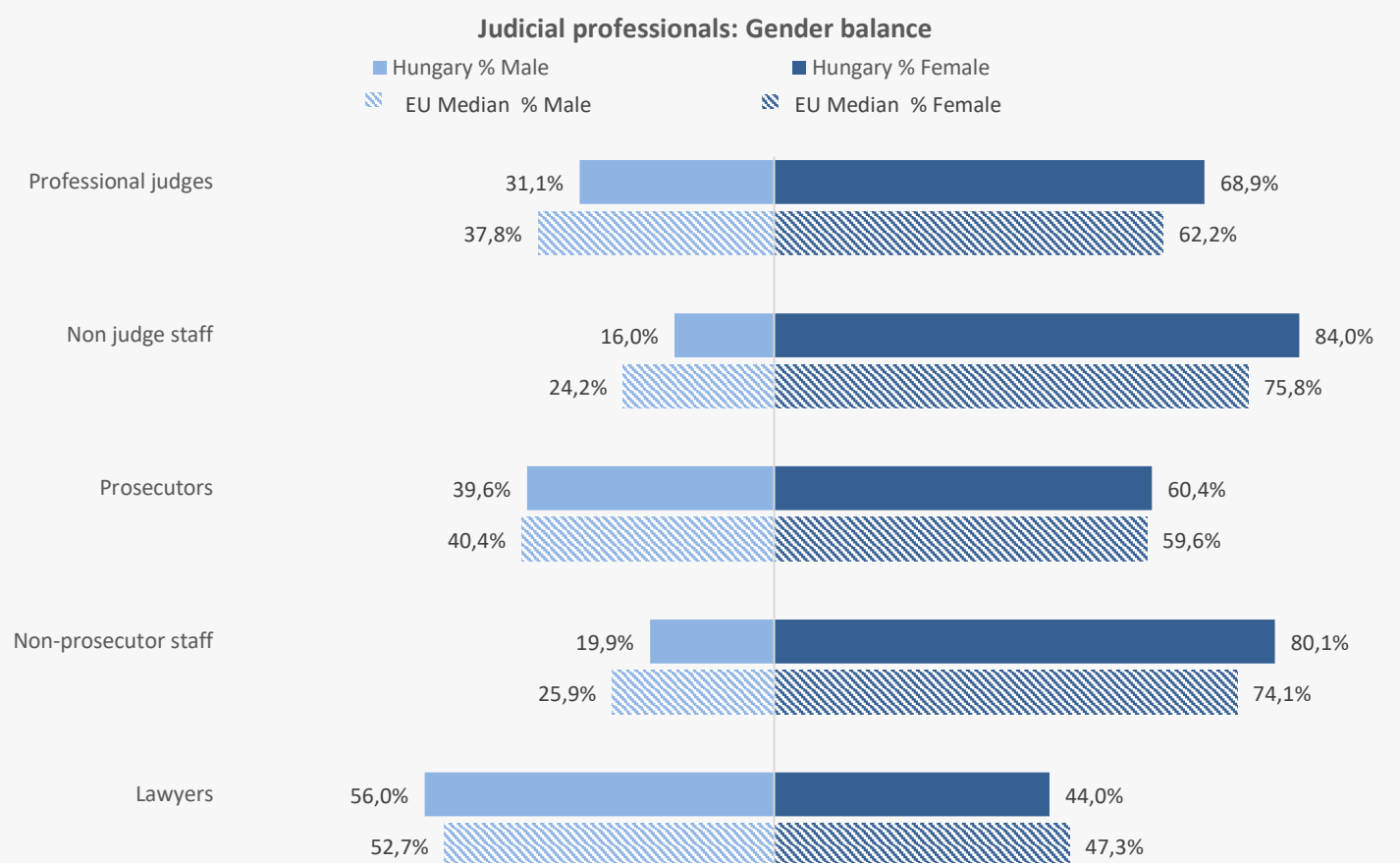
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 710	28,0	24,1
Non-judge staff	8 638	89,2	58,5
Prosecutors	1 873	19,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2 411	24,9	14,7
Lawyers	11 617	119,9	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

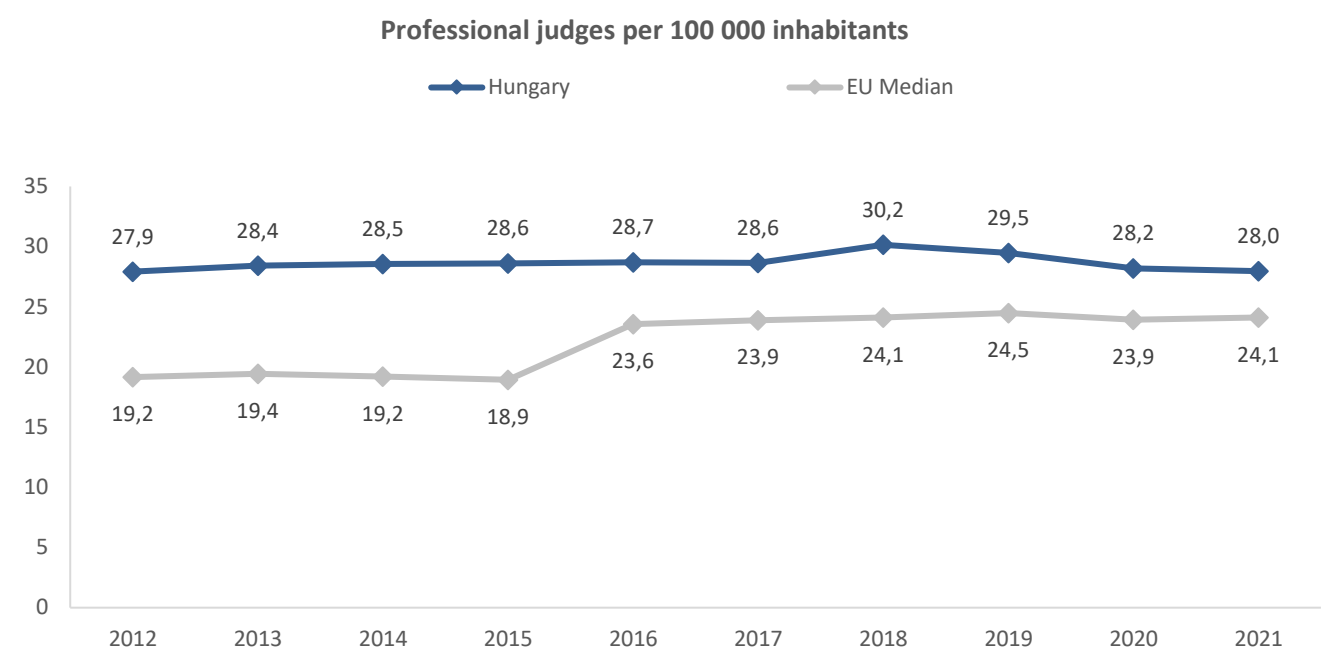
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	31,1%	68,9%
Non judge staff	16,0%	84,0%
Prosecutors	39,6%	60,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,9%	80,1%
Lawyers	56,0%	44,0%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Hungary	EU Median
2012	2 767	19,2
2013	2 807	19,4
2014	2 813	19,2
2015	2 813	18,9
2016	2 811	23,6
2017	2 828	23,9
2018	2 892	24,1
2019	2 878	24,5
2020	2 789	23,9
2021	2 710	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Hungary is 2 710, which is - 3% less than in previous cycle.

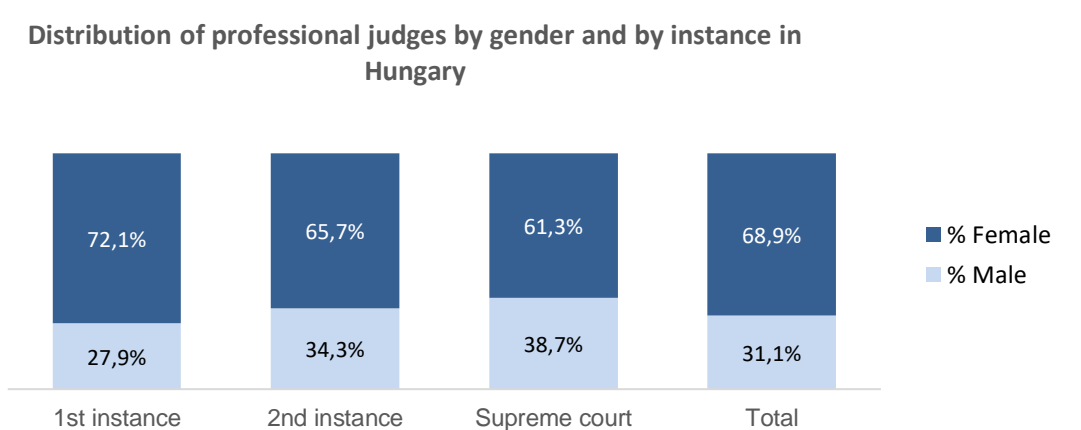
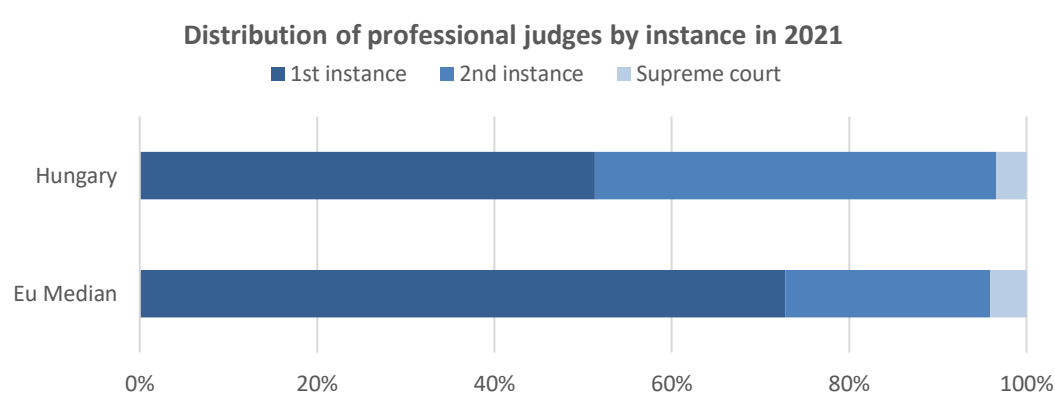
More precisely, in Hungary, there are 28 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,1 non-judge staff per judge.

Since 2012 and the establishment of the National Office for the Judiciary, the data collection methodology is the same. Accordingly, the number of first instance professional judges includes judges of the District Courts. Judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal are counted as the second instance judges. As concerning the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the internal regulations which are renewed every year by the president of each court after consultation with the judicial council and the professional departments of the court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 391	51,3%	388	1 003	27,9%	72,1%
2nd instance	1 226	45,2%	420	806	34,3%	65,7%
Supreme court	93	3,4%	36	57	38,7%	61,3%
Total	2 710		844	1 866	31,1%	68,9%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 1 866, which represents 69% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 391 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 003 are Female); 1 226 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 806 are Female) and 93 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 57 are Female).

In Hungary the distribution of judges between instances seems to be different than the EU median. While EU median is 72,7% of the first instance judges, in Hungary this number is at the level of 51,3%. The reason might be the methodology of presentation of data. As stated above, the judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal are counted as second instance judges. As concerns the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the bylaws which are renewed every year by the president of each court. This influences the number of judges of second instance.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that women are majority at each instance which is highest 72% at first instance and lowest (but still more than half) 61% at the Supreme court. It is evident that although in all instances women are above 60%, their percentages decrease in the higher instances.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

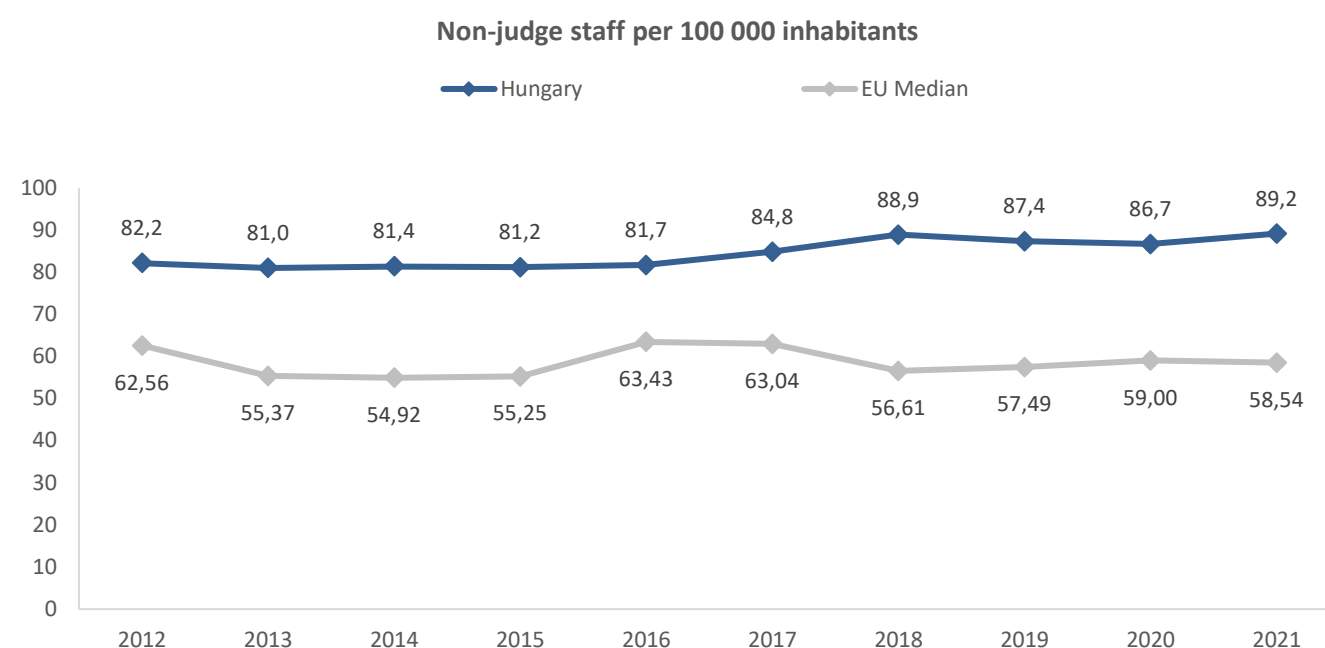
In Hungary, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Hungary	Hungary	EU Median
2012	8 142	82,2	62,6
2013	8 000	81,0	55,4
2014	8 022	81,4	54,9
2015	7 979	81,2	55,2
2016	8 003	81,7	63,4
2017	8 379	84,8	63,0
2018	8 528	88,9	56,6
2019	8 538	87,4	57,5
2020	8 576	86,7	59,0
2021	8 638	89,2	58,5



In 2021, Hungary has 8 638 non-judge staff (of which 7 259 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 87 in 2020 to 89 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 28,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 28 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	8 638	
Rechtspfleger	990	11,5%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	881	10,2%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	6 767	78,3%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 990 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 790 are Female);
- 881 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 768 are Female);
- 6 767 other (of which 5 701 are Female);

Court secretaries („bírószági titkár”) are employees of the court that are similar to Rechtspfleger. They are lawyers, who after acquiring a degree at a law faculty have made the bar exam (which requires at least 3 years professional practice). They are enabled to perform duties of judges in cases specifically defined by law.

According to the Constitution when a court secretary is dealing with a case he/she has the same independence as a judge. In criminal cases they can make out of trial decisions (e.g. order an expert to be included in the case), or they can hear witnesses on request of another court. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In misdemeanour cases they adjudicate the case - this is an area of law in which mostly court secretaries deal with cases of first instance. In civil and labour cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In administrative non-litigious cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. In company registry cases they can make every decision, as well in insolvency cases (with some exceptions).

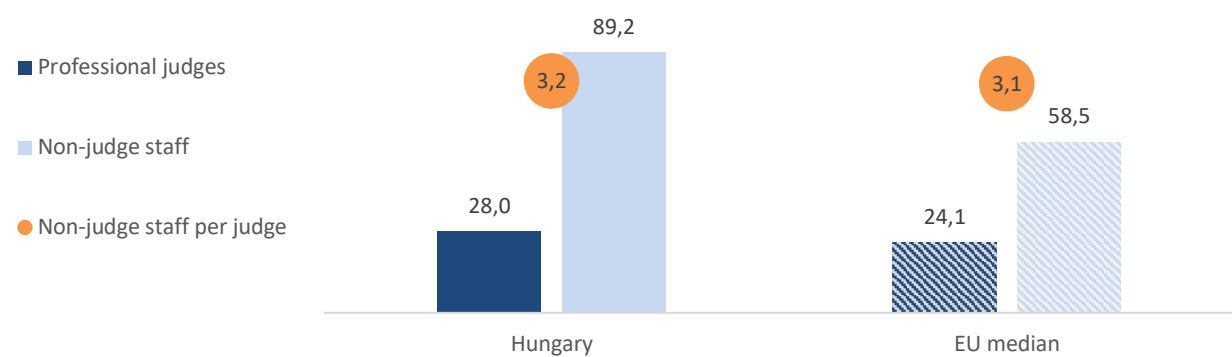
From 2012, the category "non-judge staff assisting judges" includes only staff directly assisting judges.

Other non-judge staff includes staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts (3) and technical staff (4).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Hungary	EU median
Professional judges	28,0	24,1
Non-judge staff	89,2	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,2	3,1

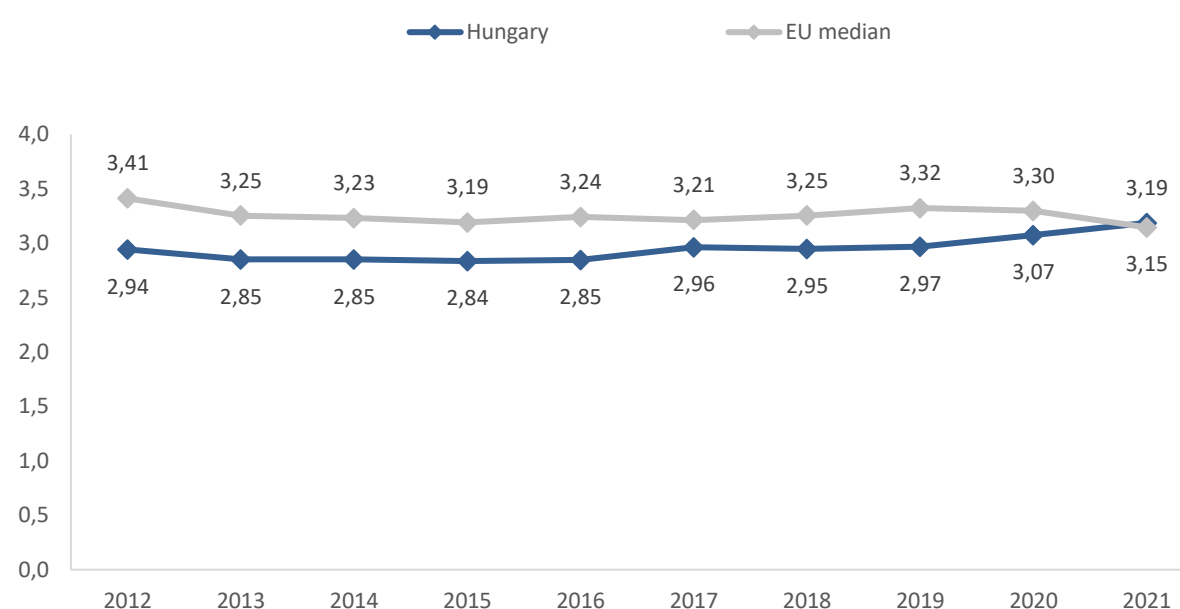
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Hungary	Hungary	Hungary	EU median
2012	27,9	82,2	2,94	3,4
2013	28,4	81,0	2,9	3,3
2014	28,5	81,4	2,9	3,2
2015	28,6	81,2	2,8	3,2
2016	28,7	81,7	2,8	3,2
2017	28,6	84,8	3,0	3,2
2018	30,2	88,9	2,9	3,3
2019	29,5	87,4	3,0	3,3
2020	28,2	86,7	3,1	3,3
2021	28,0	89,2	3,2	3,1

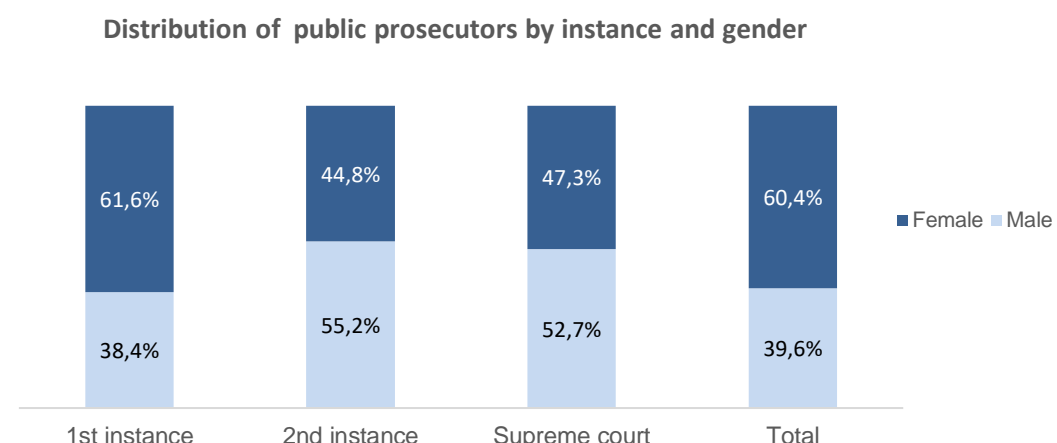
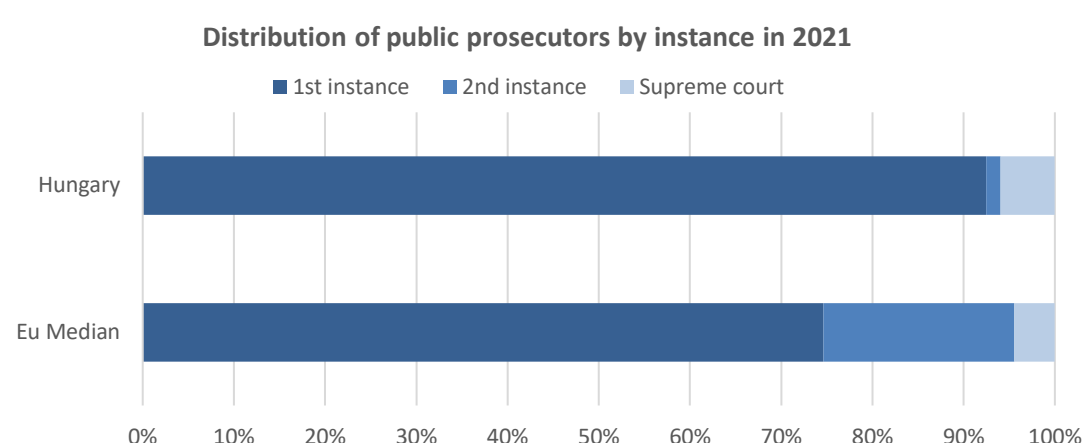
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 730	92,4%	665	1 065	38,4%	61,6%
2nd instance	29	1,5%	16	13	55,2%	44,8%
Supreme court	112	6,0%	59	53	52,7%	47,3%
Total	1 873		741	1 132	39,6%	60,4%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 132, which represents 60% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 730 in first instance (of which 1 065 are Female); 29 are in second instance (of which 13 are Female) and 112 in final instance (of which 53 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that two prosecutors were serving in the Ministry of Justice, on a temporary basis. They are included in the total number of prosecutors. However, they are not taken into account when giving the number of prosecutors serving at different instances (court levels). All prosecutors are appointed to a full-time job, but some prosecutors perform part-time service on a temporary basis for various reasons, such as raising children.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Hungary presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. As of this cycle (2021 data), the 'number of prosecutors at first instance level' is an aggregate of the number of prosecutors serving at district-level prosecution services and other prosecution services equivalent to that level, as well as the number of prosecutors serving at high prosecution services. A part of the prosecutors serving at high prosecution services proceed also at second instance (high court) level. The number of prosecutors serving at high prosecution services is 520 (226 males, 294 females), while the number of prosecutors serving at district-level prosecution services (other prosecution services equivalent to that level) is 1210 (439 males, 771 females).

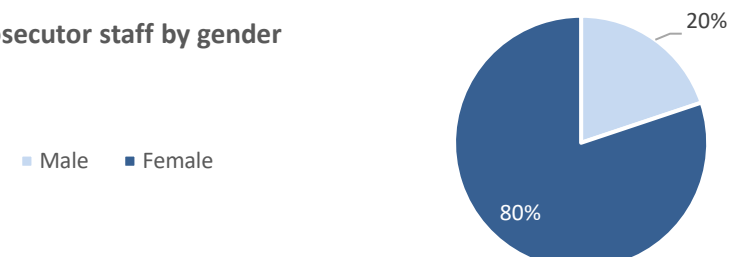
The 'number of prosecutors at second instance (court of appeal) level' means the number of prosecutors serving at appellate prosecution services.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors are majority in the first instance prosecution services (62%), but not in the second and third instances where they occupy less than half of the positions (45% and 47% respectively). It is also notable that percentage of female prosecutors is lower than percentage of female judges.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	2 411	479	1 932

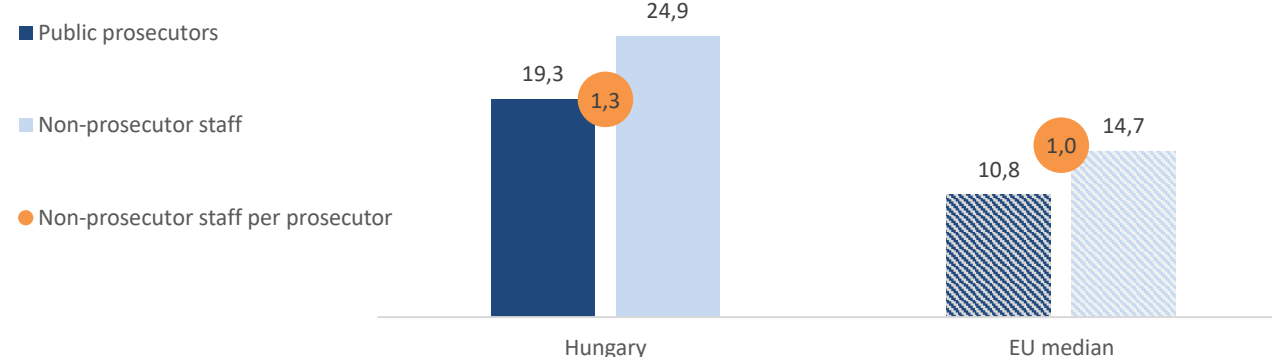
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

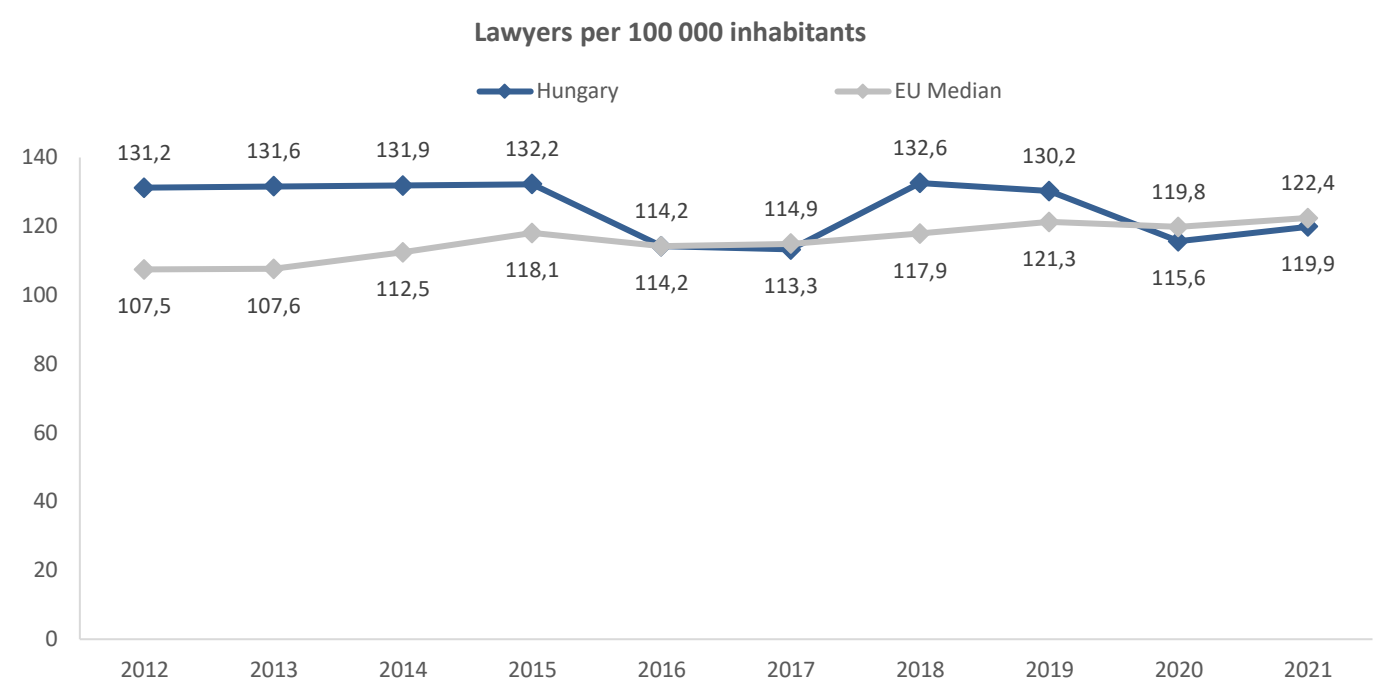
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Hungary	EU median
Public prosecutors	19,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	24,9	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,3	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Hungary	Hungary	EU Median
2012	13 000	131,2	107,5
2013	13 000	131,6	107,6
2014	13 000	131,9	112,5
2015	13 000	132,2	118,1
2016	11 191	114,2	114,2
2017	11 191	113,3	114,9
2018	12 715	132,6	117,9
2019	12 719	130,2	121,3
2020	11 436	115,6	119,8
2021	11 617	119,9	122,4

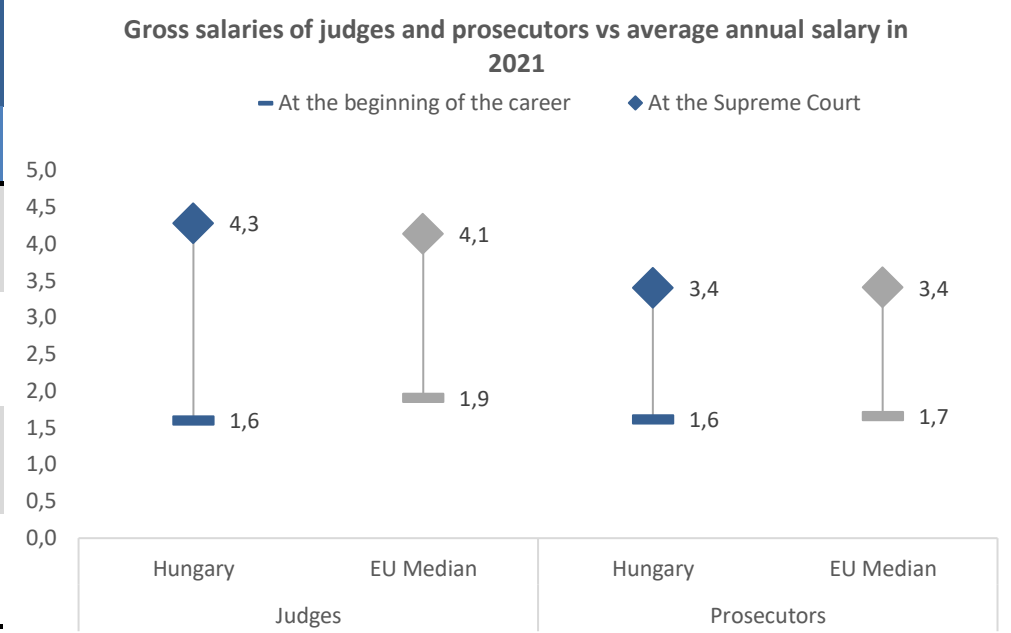


In 2021, there are 11 617 lawyers, which is 2% more than in 2020.
There are 5 116 female lawyers which is 44% of the total.

Hungary has 120 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Hungary		Hungary	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	23 942€	15 922€	1,6	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	63 886€	42 484€	4,3	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	24 156€	16 063€	1,6	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	50 796€	33 779€	3,4	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Hungary of 23 942€ is quite below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,6 slightly lower compared with EU median of 1,9.

It is interesting to note that the smallest absolute gross salary for a judge at the beginning of career in EU is 23 942€ in Hungary.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Hungary (2021 data)

In Hungary, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘

> Other costs than above (Q19) ✘

The Legal Aid Service may grant legal aid in judicial and extrajudicial cases. The county justice services, as offices of first instance and in charge of receiving the applications for legal aid, do not merely assess the eligibility for aid but, in simple cases, provide legal assistance directly as well – without prior screening of the clients’ financial capabilities. However, legal aid (legal advice, drafting a document) is primarily provided by legal aid providers (attorneys, notaries public, non-governmental organizations etc.) who are recorded into the Register of legal aid providers who have contractual relation with the Legal Aid Service. The latter provides professional legal assistance for socially disadvantaged people. The law defines the situations in which legal aid can be granted and those in which no legal aid may be provided.

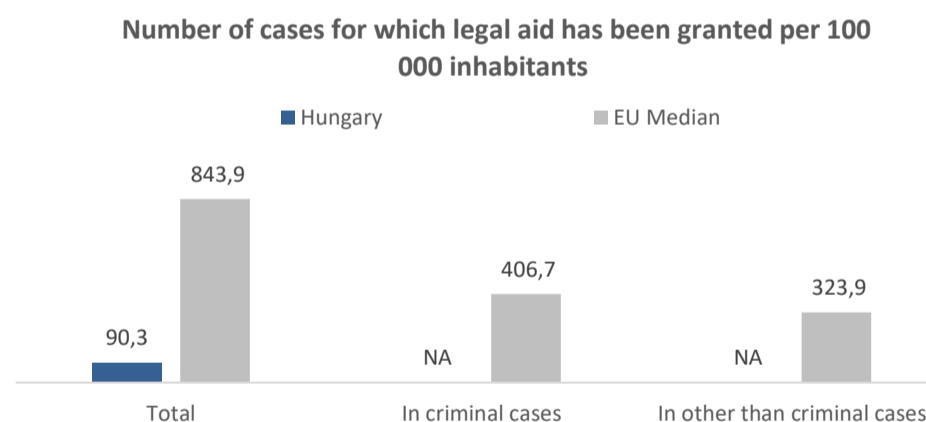
Legal aid cannot be granted for the fees that are related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent), because in Hungary the state-financed legal aid basically covers only the lawyer's fees.

However, the reimbursement of a few other costs (for example: travel, parking costs and phone, postal expenses) may be requested.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	8 746	2 925	5 821
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Hungary	EU Median
Total	90,3	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9



Only the total numbers are available, so “NA” replies are provided for “criminal cases” and “other than criminal cases” because there is no specific data available. In 2020 due COVID-19 pandemic the personal appearance of the clients strongly decreased, therefore the applications for legal aid and the number of cases where legal aid was granted decreased also heavily in comparison to 2018. In 2021, the case numbers began to increase again.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 5
- Actual average duration: NA

The prescribed duration is 5 days if the application form was handed in person and 15 days (if the application form was not handed in person). The timeframes are set by Section 23, Subsection (1) of Act LXXX of 2003 on Legal Aid.

4. Performance of courts in Hungary (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

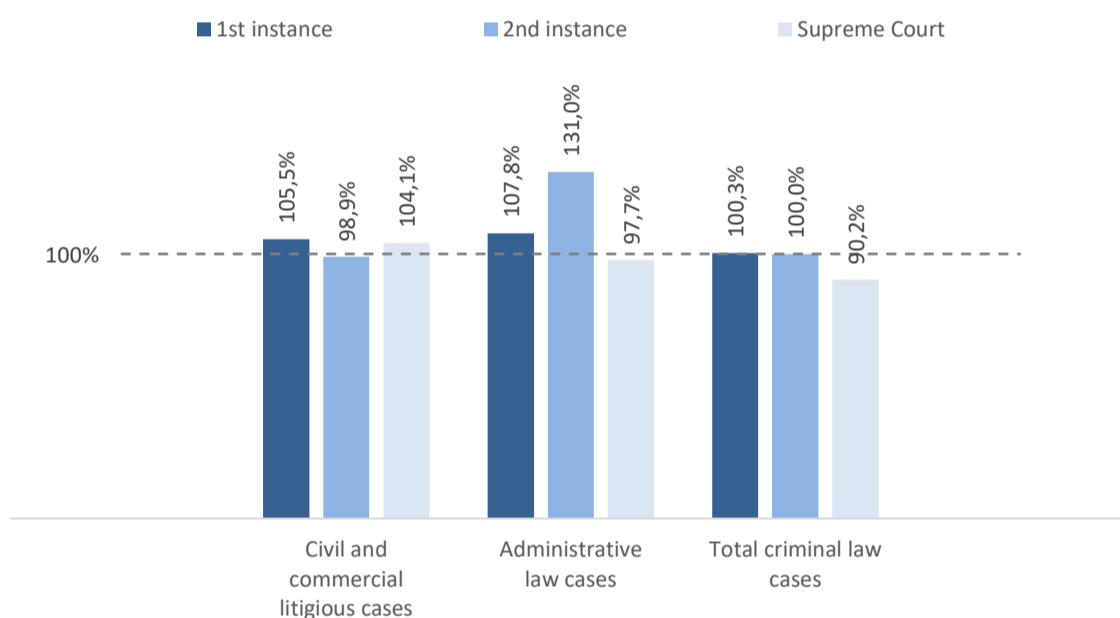
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

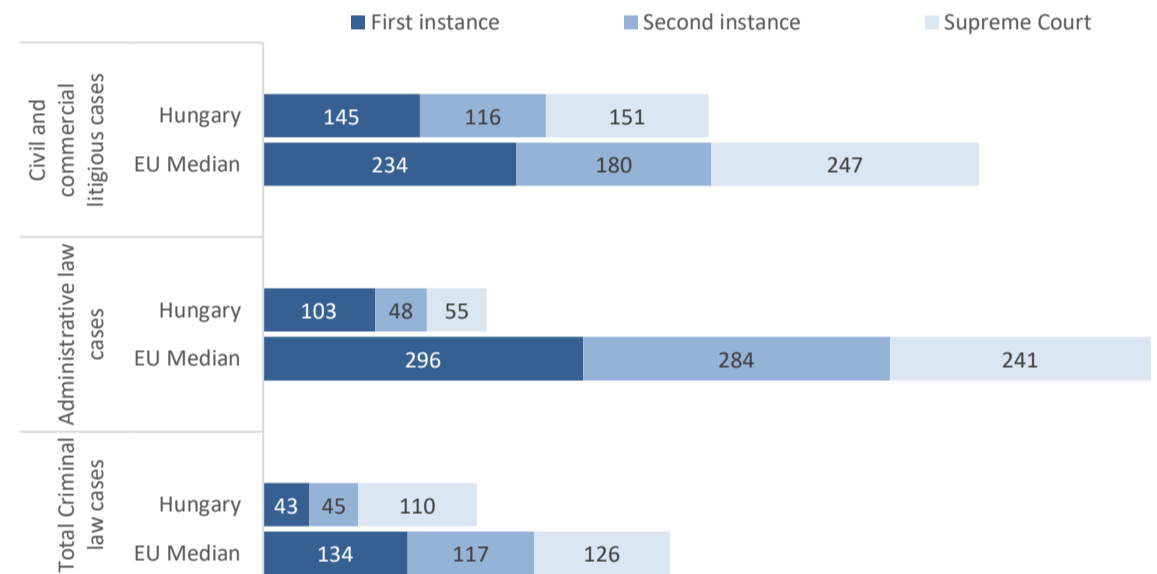
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	105,5%	102,5%	107,8%	101,7%	100,3%	100,0%
	2nd instance	98,9%	100,4%	131,0%	96,8%	100,0%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	104,1%	99,9%	97,7%	100,4%	90,2%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	145	234	103	296	43	134
	2nd instance	116	180	48	284	45	117
	Supreme Court	151	247	55	241	110	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)

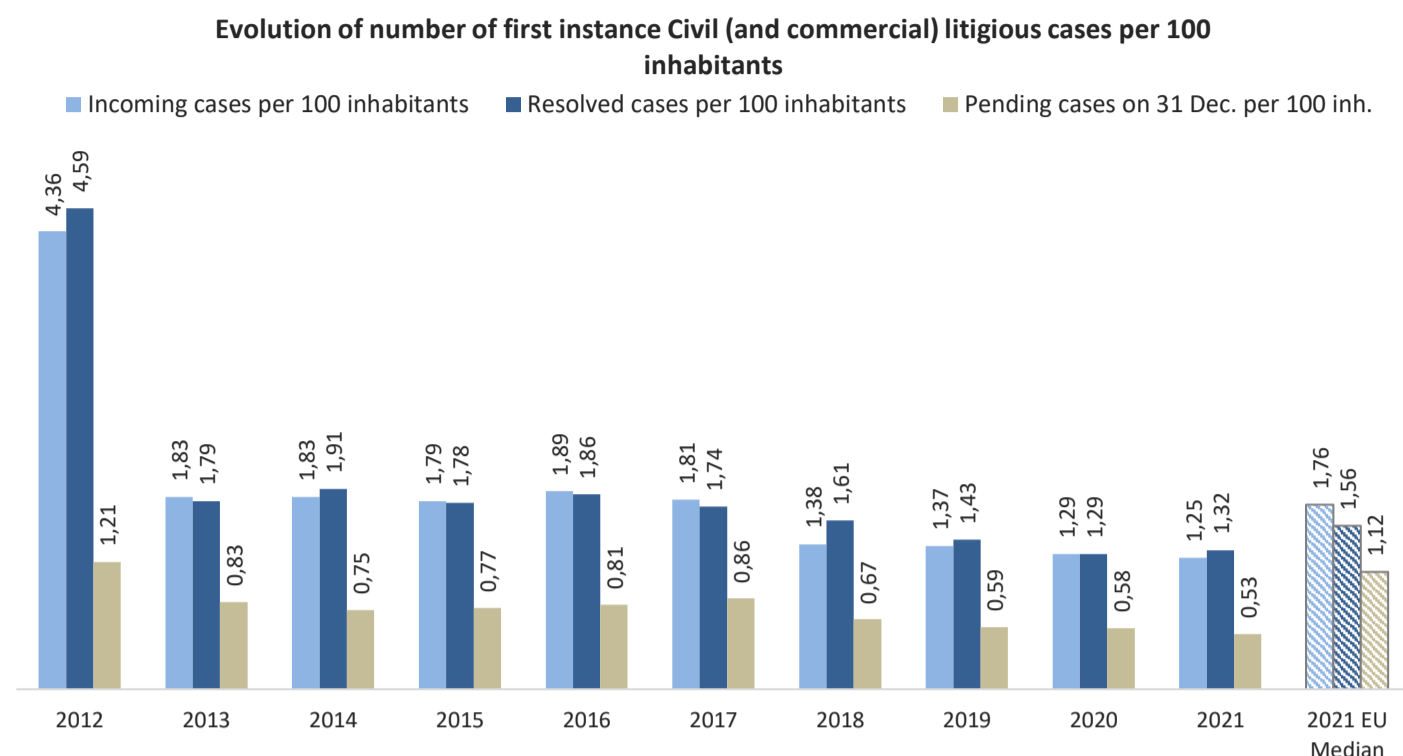


In 2021, the disposition time for all categories of cases and for all instances in Hungary are well below EU medians. Hungarian courts recorded the lowest total DT in criminal cases which is in line with EU tendency. However, DT for administrative cases is almost at the same level as for criminal cases which is interesting to note as it is opposite to the EU median where administrative cases have the highest total value. Looking at the clearance rates, the only value significantly lower than 100% is calculated for the criminal cases in the Supreme Court (90%). The fallback of the clearance rate can be explained on one hand by the pandemic situation and on the other hand, by the fact that in years 2020 and 2021, almost 50% of the judges of the Criminal Chamber retired. Although the vacant judicial positions are already filled there was an increase in the number of motions for review that can be explained by an increased activity of defendants and their defence counsels.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	4,36	4,59	1,21
2013	1,83	1,79	0,83
2014	1,83	1,91	0,75
2015	1,79	1,78	0,77
2016	1,89	1,86	0,81
2017	1,81	1,74	0,86
2018	1,38	1,61	0,67
2019	1,37	1,43	0,59
2020	1,29	1,29	0,58
2021	1,25	1,32	0,53
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



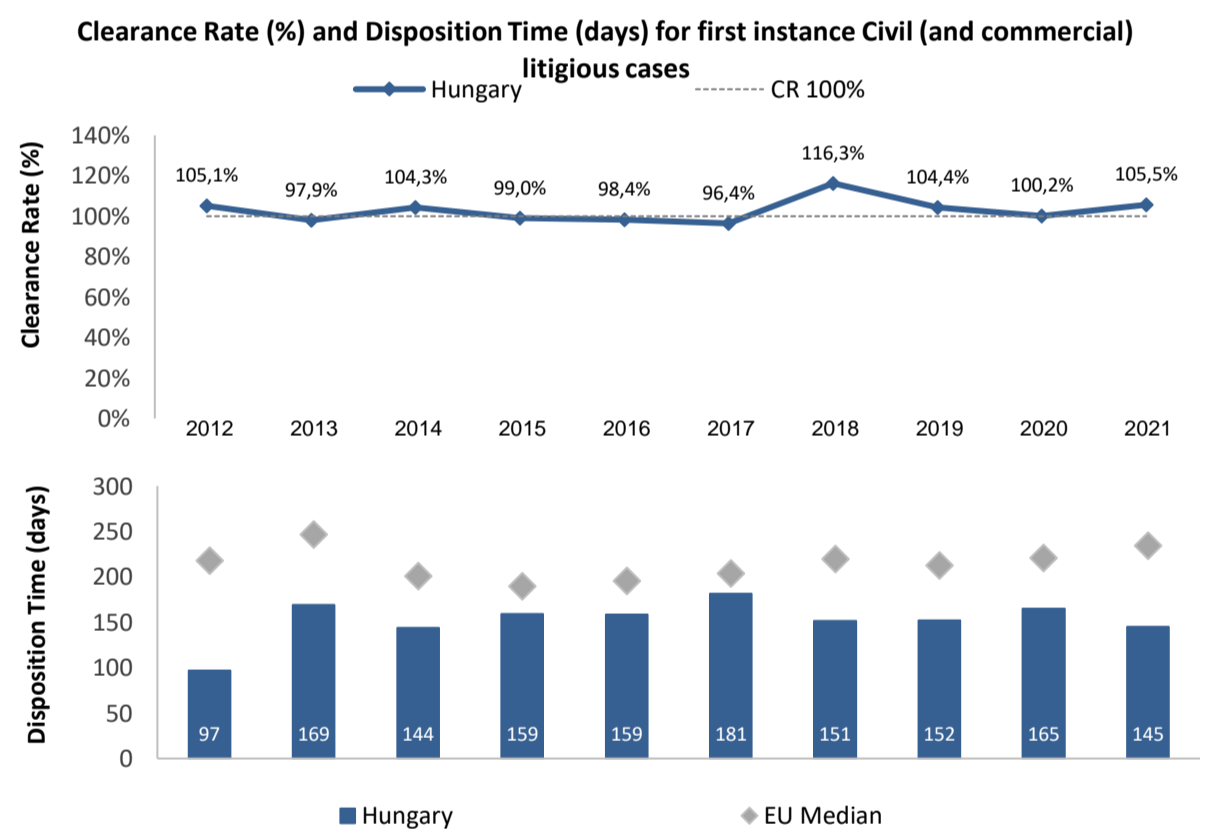
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Hungary (1,25 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Hungary (1,32 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Hungary (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
2012	105,1%	100,4%	97	218
2013	97,9%	101,2%	169	247
2014	104,3%	101,8%	144	201
2015	99,0%	102,3%	159	190
2016	98,4%	102,0%	159	196
2017	96,4%	101,3%	181	204
2018	116,3%	101,2%	151	220
2019	104,4%	99,9%	152	213
2020	100,2%	98,5%	165	221
2021	105,5%	102,5%	145	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106% in 2021 Hungary seems to deal well with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 145 days, which is below EU median of 234 days.

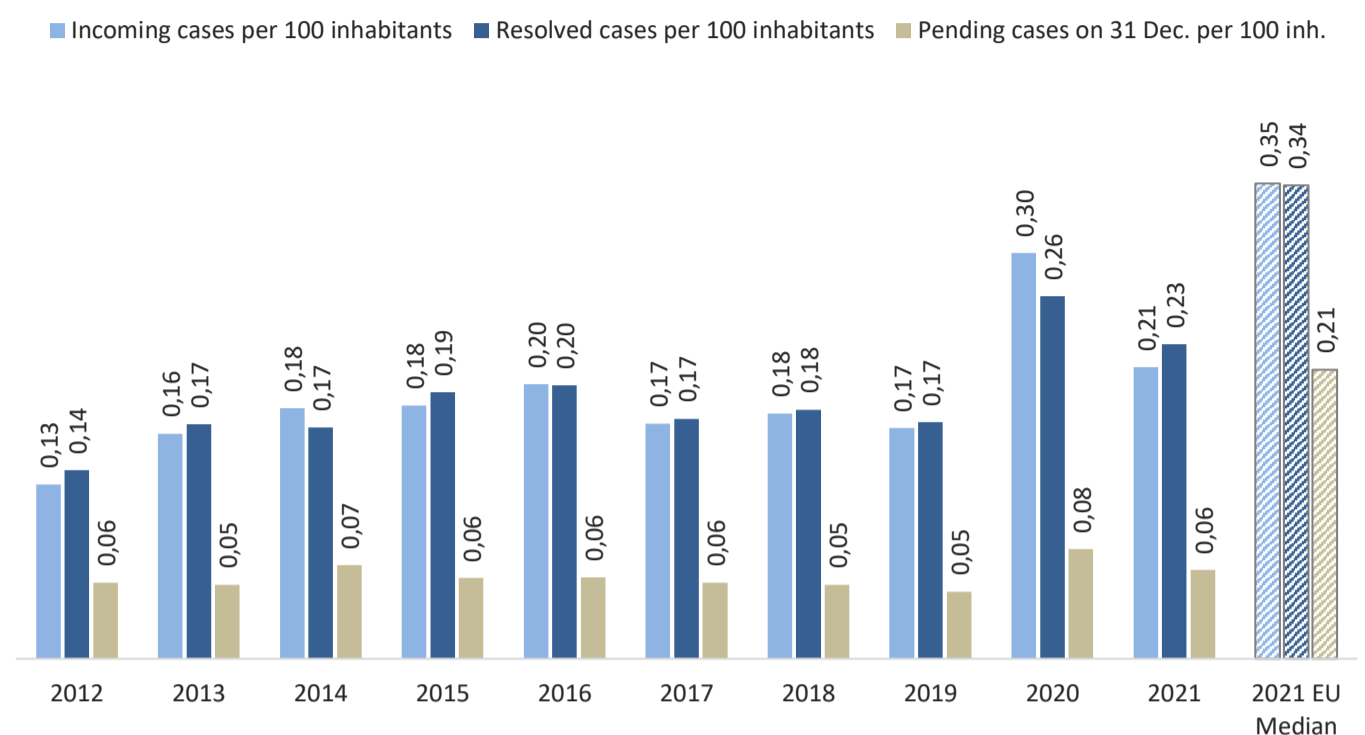
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 12% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,13	0,14	0,06
2013	0,16	0,17	0,05
2014	0,18	0,17	0,07
2015	0,18	0,19	0,06
2016	0,20	0,20	0,06
2017	0,17	0,17	0,06
2018	0,18	0,18	0,05
2019	0,17	0,17	0,05
2020	0,30	0,26	0,08
2021	0,21	0,23	0,06
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Hungary (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

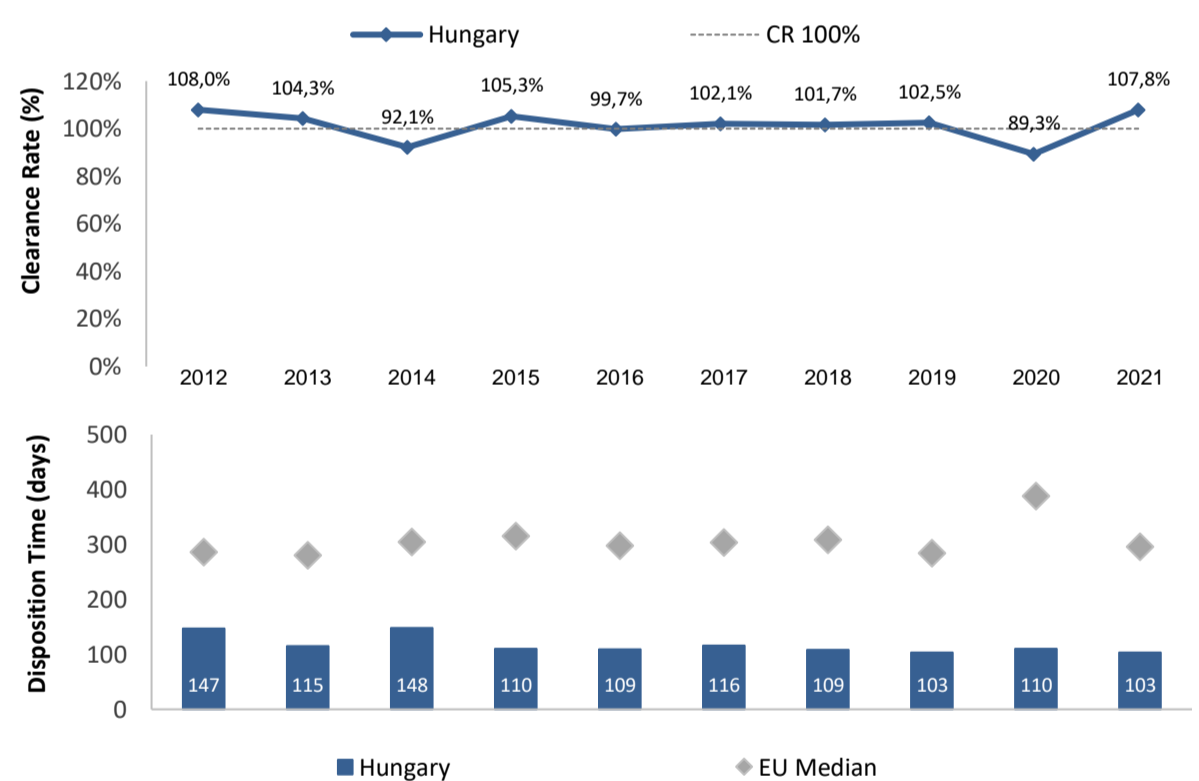
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Hungary (0,23 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Hungary (0,06 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
2012	108,0%	101,0%	147	286
2013	104,3%	100,3%	115	281
2014	92,1%	99,6%	148	305
2015	105,3%	103,7%	110	315
2016	99,7%	103,0%	109	297
2017	102,1%	102,1%	116	303
2018	101,7%	99,7%	109	308
2019	102,5%	102,1%	103	284
2020	89,3%	100,1%	110	388
2021	107,8%	101,7%	103	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 108% in 2021 Hungary seems to deal well with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 19 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 103 days, which is significantly below EU median of 296 days.

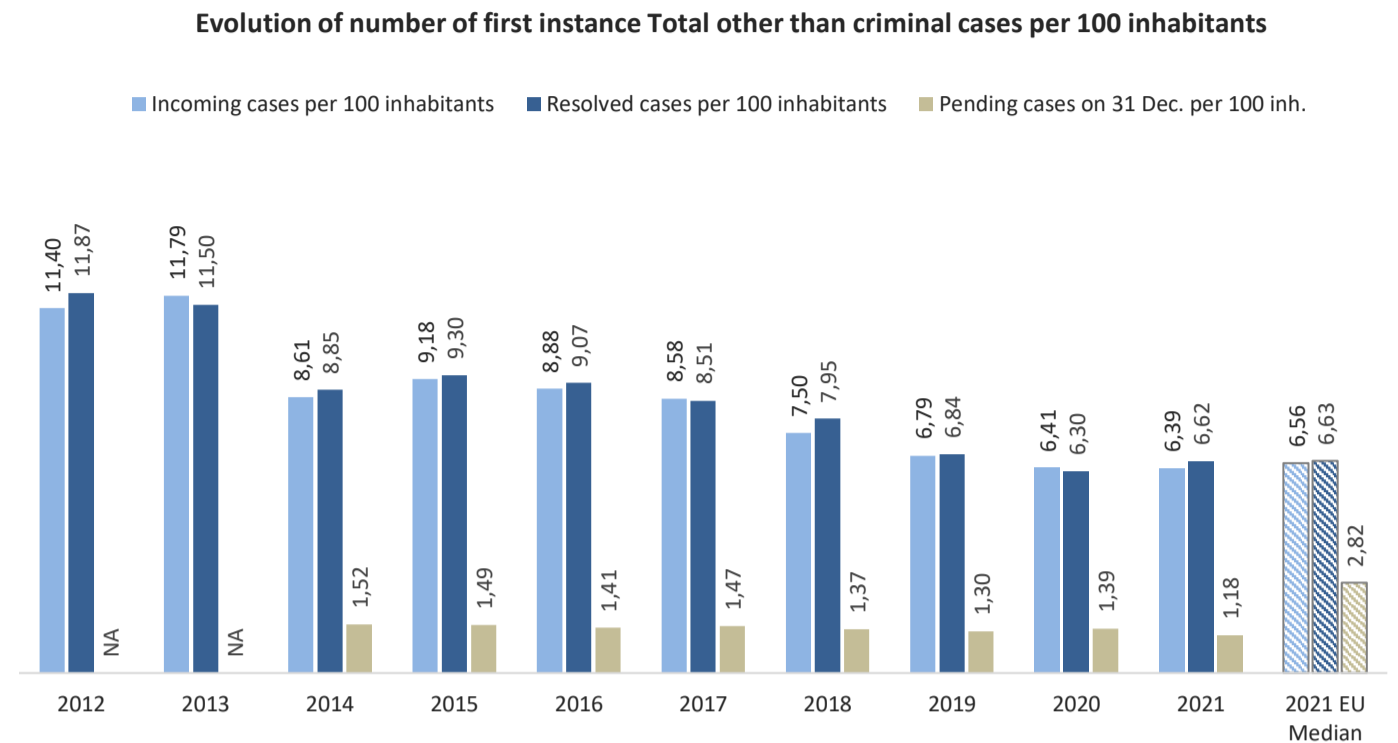
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

These favourable evolution of efficiency indicators might be explained by the fact that number of incoming cases decreased in general and the situation was the same for administrative cases. As the number of incoming cases decreased and the courts were able to finish more cases than the number of the "new" cases, the backlog was reduced.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	11,40	11,87	NA
2013	11,79	11,50	NA
2014	8,61	8,85	1,52
2015	9,18	9,30	1,49
2016	8,88	9,07	1,41
2017	8,58	8,51	1,47
2018	7,50	7,95	1,37
2019	6,79	6,84	1,30
2020	6,41	6,30	1,39
2021	6,39	6,62	1,18
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Hungary (6,39 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

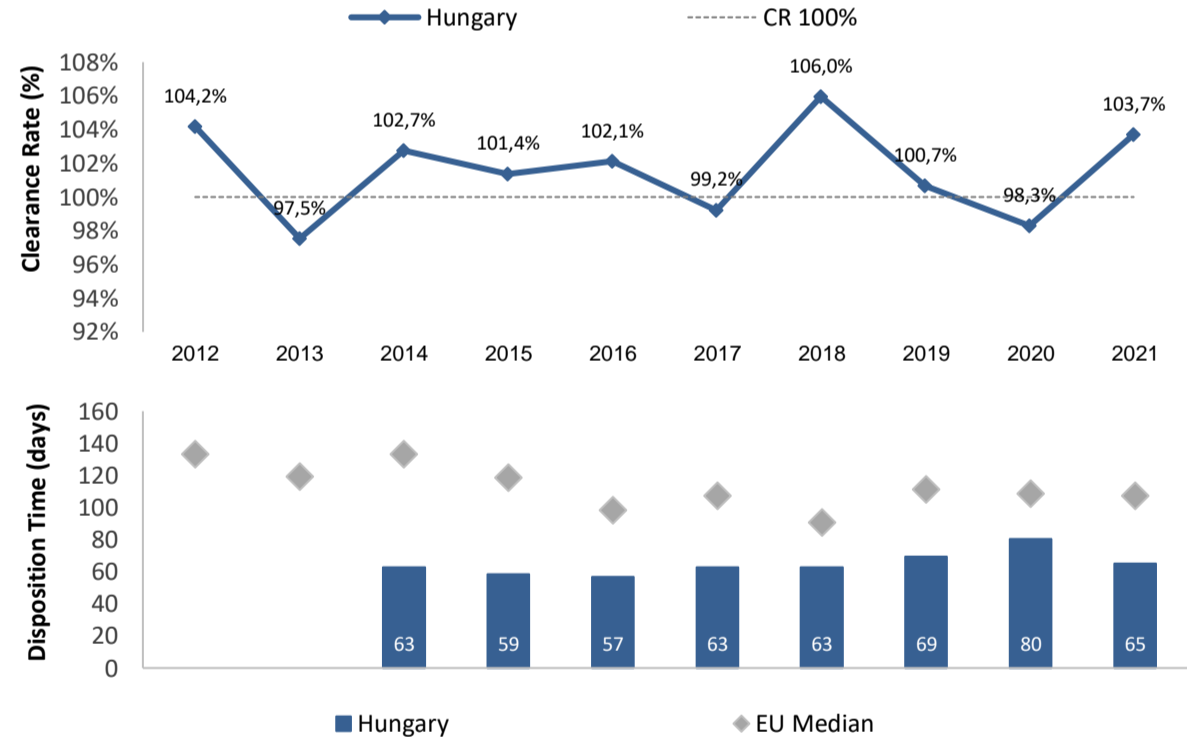
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Hungary (6,62 per 100 inhabitants) is very close to EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Hungary (1,18 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
2012	104,2%	100,5%	NA	133
2013	97,5%	100,7%	NA	119
2014	102,7%	101,9%	63	133
2015	101,4%	101,0%	59	119
2016	102,1%	101,5%	57	98
2017	99,2%	100,6%	63	107
2018	106,0%	100,6%	63	91
2019	100,7%	99,8%	69	111
2020	98,3%	98,7%	80	109
2021	103,7%	101,2%	65	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104% in 2021 Hungary seems to deal well with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5 points.

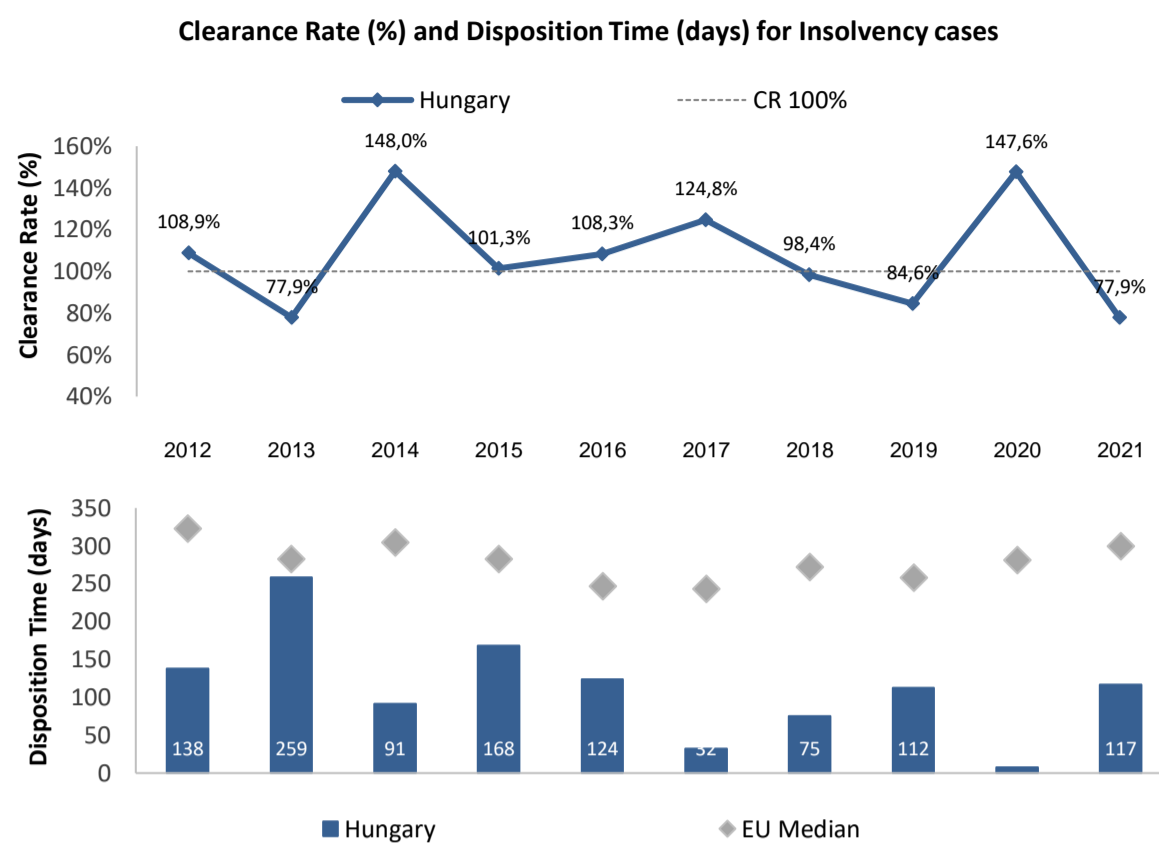
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 65 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 19% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
2012	108,9%	95,0%	138	323
2013	77,9%	89,6%	259	282
2014	148,0%	96,9%	91	304
2015	101,3%	104,5%	168	282
2016	108,3%	102,0%	124	246
2017	124,8%	103,6%	32	243
2018	98,4%	101,5%	75	271
2019	84,6%	101,2%	112	258
2020	147,6%	109,7%	8	281
2021	77,9%	103,3%	117	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 78% in 2021 Hungary seems to face challenges in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 70 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 117 days, which is significantly below EU median of 299 days.

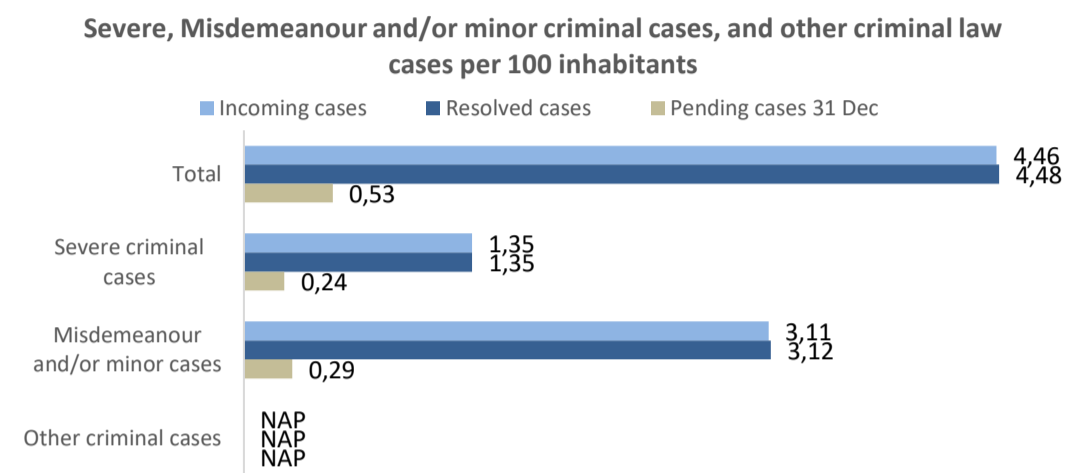
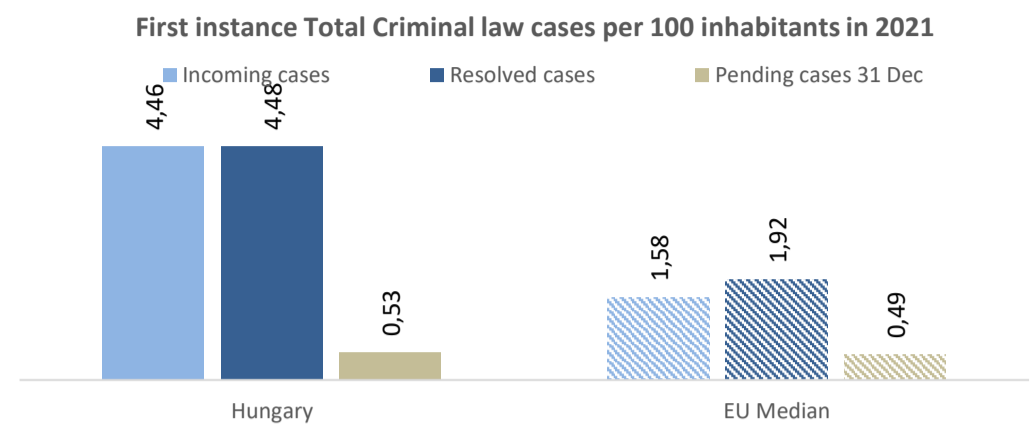
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 1 392% increase of the Disposition Time. The percentual increase appears large due to a very low number of these cases (for example, the number of pending cases increased from 2 to 17 between the end of 2020 and 2021).

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	52 390	432 163	433 621	50 932
Severe criminal cases	23 407	130 909	131 050	23 266
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	28 983	301 254	302 571	27 666
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,54	4,46	4,48	0,53
Severe criminal cases	0,24	1,35	1,35	0,24
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,30	3,11	3,12	0,29
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Hungary (4,46 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

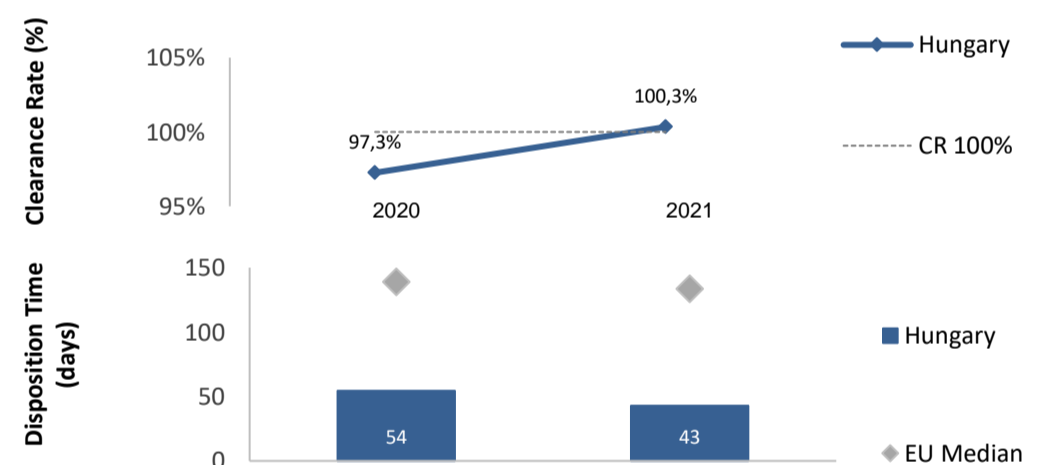
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Hungary (4,48 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Hungary (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Hungary	EU Median	Hungary	EU Median
2020	97,3%	95,2%	54	139
2021	100,3%	100,0%	43	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100% in 2021 Hungary seems to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 43 days, which is significantly below EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 21% decrease of the Disposition Time.

New types of misdemeanours were introduced into the legal system in accordance with the measures taken against the COVID-19 pandemic. As the number of incoming cases increased the number of resolved cases increased as well.

Criminal offences are severe or minor crimes. Severe crimes (büntett) are committed intentionally and are punishable with at least two years of imprisonment. All other criminal offences are minor crimes (vétség). Crimes that are not committed intentionally are always considered as minor crimes, despite the possible punishment.

Misdemeanours (szabálysértés) are not considered as criminal offences, but are unlawful acts that are endangering the society. The authorities intervening in their respect are the police, the district office, or the National Tax and Customs Office. Their decisions can be reviewed by the relevant section of the respective district court upon request of the accused person. Generally, the court rules without oral hearings, based upon the available documents. However, it can set a hearing if it finds it necessary or if the person charged by a misdemeanor requests it. The judgment is a final and enforceable decision.

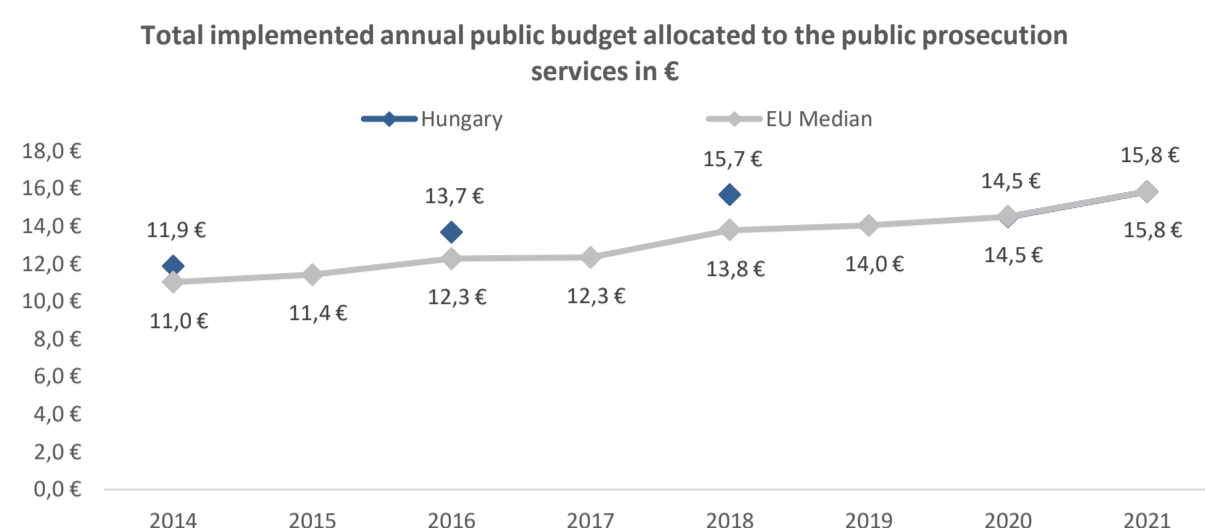
It is noteworthy that the Hungarian law also identifies the category of civil offences encompassing offences mainly against public administration. However, some criminal offenses, such as property crimes involving objects of small value (under 50000 HUF), are classified in this category as well. Civil offences fall under the jurisdiction of various administrative agencies, local governments or traffic police, but not the courts.

Concerning the methodology of presentation of data, as according to the Hungarian Criminal Code not only severe crimes (büntett), but also almost every minor crime (vétség) are punishable with imprisonment, both categories were included into the category "severe criminal cases". Thus misdemeanours (szabálysértés) were included into the category "minor criminal cases".

5. Public prosecution services in Hungary (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Hungary	Hungary	EU Median
2014	117 130 667 €	11,9 €	11,0 €
2015	NA	NA	11,4 €
2016	133 882 353 €	13,7 €	12,3 €
2017	NA	NA	12,3 €
2018	150 355 723 €	15,7 €	13,8 €
2019	NA	NA	14,0 €
2020	143 320 003 €	14,5 €	14,5 €
2021	153 468 293 €	15,8 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Hungary	Hungary	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €
2020	276 020 €	0,028 €	0,011 €
2021	274 328 €	0,028 €	0,022 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Hungary	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Hungary	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	74 876	-0,5%	0,77	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	146 490	6,2%	1,51	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	20 489	13,9%	0,21	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	88	-37,1%	0,00	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	9 493	7,0%	0,10	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	10 890	21,7%	0,11	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	18	-47,1%	0,00	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	4 653	-6,7%	0,05	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	2 135	-24,1%	0,02	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	119 213	6,3%	1,23	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The data source was, similarly to the previous data provision, the Statistical Subsystem of Completed Criminal Proceedings of the Uniform Investigative Authority and Prosecution Service Statistics (ENYÜBS-BBS). In the ENYÜBS-BBS, data are recorded when the investigating authorities or the prosecution service have taken a procedural decision (e.g. dismissal of a criminal complaint, discontinuation, suspension, indictment) in relation to a criminal act which has led to the statistical reporting of the data. The ENYÜBS-BBS subsystem is therefore a so-called follow-up system in terms of the time of the data-recording, and therefore does not show the number of offences occurred in the year under review, but the number of acts/conducts in respect of which a legal decision has been taken and, in relation thereof, statistical reporting (of registrative nature) has been done. From the above it follows that it is not excluded that there are ongoing criminal proceedings that are not yet included in the ENYÜBS database.

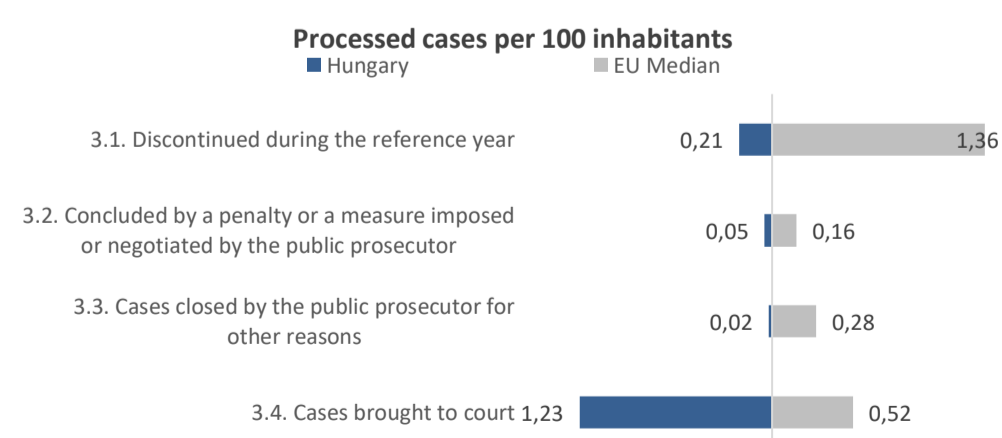
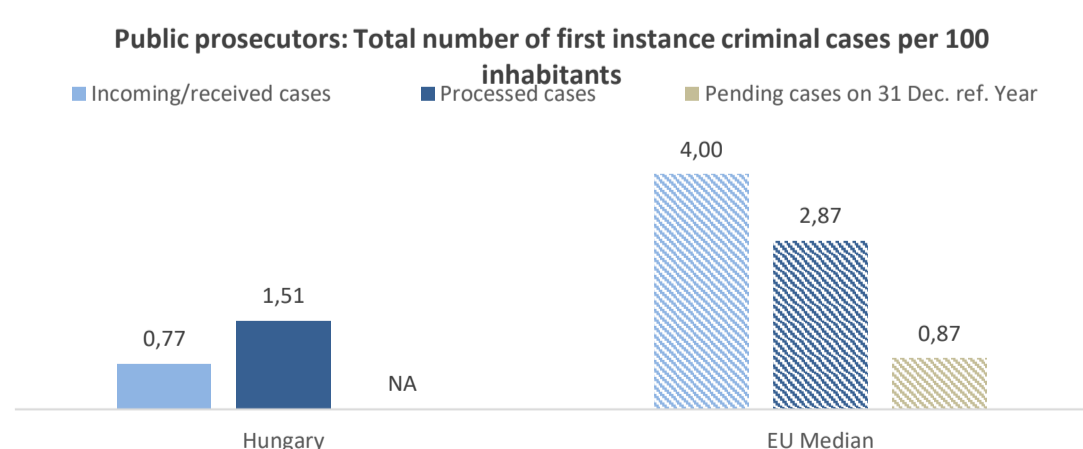
As regards the methodology of presentation of data, please note the following:

'Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year' and 'Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year' - the number of pending cases at a given day is not recorded in the database operated by the prosecution service;

'Processed cases' (3.) - the database of the prosecution service records the number of cases where one or more procedural acts were performed by the prosecution service; besides that, it records the number of procedural acts regarding each type of act;

'3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons' - if the Special Part of the Penal Code regulates the conduct of the accused after the commencement of the proceedings as a ground for termination of criminal liability;

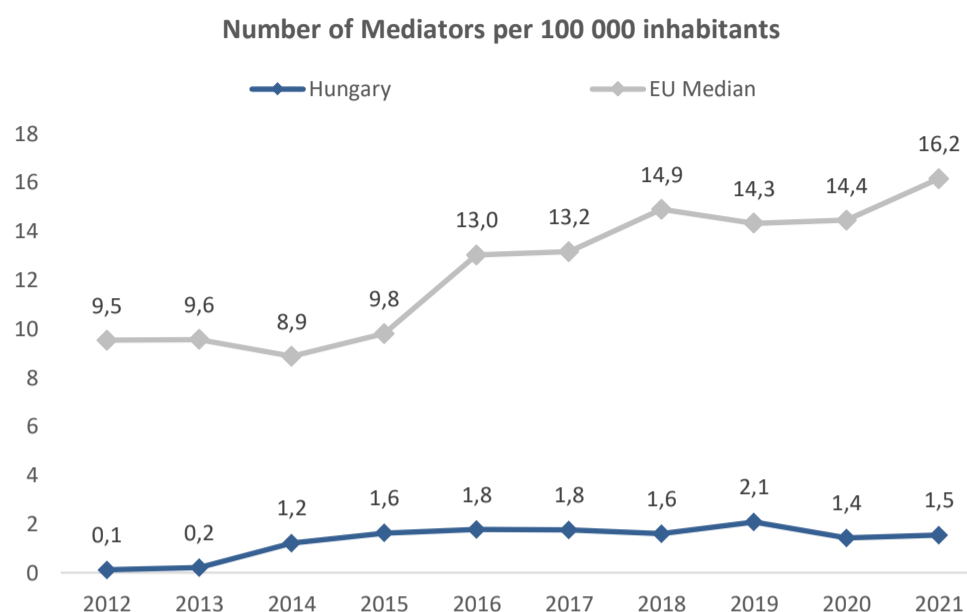
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons' - At the stage of preparation of the prosecution, Section 221 / A (7) of the Criminal Procedure Act provides that if the mediation proceedings are successful and the application of Section 29 (1) of the Criminal Code is appropriate, the prosecutor shall terminate the proceedings.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Hungary (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Hungary	Hungary	EU Median
2012	12	0,1	9,5
2013	20	0,2	9,6
2014	120	1,2	8,9
2015	160	1,6	9,8
2016	174	1,8	13,0
2017	174	1,8	13,2
2018	153	1,6	14,9
2019	203	2,1	14,3
2020	141	1,4	14,4
2021	150	1,5	16,2



In 2021, there are 150 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 1,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 6%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	929	991	249
Civil and commercial	138	147	22
Family cases	770	819	221
Administrative	1	2	0
Employment dismissal	20	23	6
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

It should be noted that Consumer cases are included in category "Civil and commercial cases".

7. ICT tools of courts in Hungary (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools

Writing assistance tools
Simple dictation tools
Multiple speakers recording tools
Voice recognition feature

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Yes	100%	100%	100%
Yes	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
	Yes	Yes	Yes

Financial management tools

Budgetary and financial management of courts
Justice expenses management
Other

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
	100%	Yes	Yes
	100%	Yes	Yes
	100%	Yes	Yes

Measurement tools to assess the workload

Judges
Prosecutors
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Yes	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
	0% (NAP)	-	-	-

Comments on financial management tools

NEXON HR - budgetary aspects of human resource management;
KIRA - management of wages.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

A methodology to conduct workload assessment was developed at the General Prosecutor's Office; however, it has not yet been finalised. The methodology can be summarized as follows:

I. ACTIVITY INDICATORS ("TM")

- In the system of criminal prosecution indicator, a weight is assigned to each outcome available in the criminal prosecution case management system, between 0 and 5. For instance, 1 is assigned when a decision rejecting a report of crime is ordered to be amended, 3,5 is assigned in case of raising charges.

- The system also allocates a weight to each criminal offense (the most significant offense within a case, and regardless of aggravated circumstances), between 1 and 9. For instance, driving under the influence of alcohol is given 2,8 points, while money laundering is given 8,5. - The system weighs the number of the defendants involved in a case, depending on whether the outcome related to the whole case or a to a person involved. In cases involving not more than 20 defendants, 1 point is given to one defendant, and 0,1 point is given to each additional defendant. The activity indicator is calculated as follows: the system records the weight assigned to the outcome, multiplies it with the weight assigned to the offense, and that result is multiplied again with the weight assigned to the number of defendants. If the outcome is related to a whole case, the weight numbers aligned with the number of defendants are applied. If the outcome concerns one particular person, the calculation is repeated according to the number of defendants, without using the weight numbers aligned with the number of defendants.

The organizational activity indicator is an aggregate of all the activity indicators calculated by the above method.

II. STAFF NUMBER ("L")

Staff numbers are calculated on the basis of the weighed staff number of each organizational unit on the last calendar day of a given month, by taking into account actually filled positions, except for chief prosecutors, deputy chief prosecutors and heads of department. Staff numbers are weighed according to the weekly worktime and the field of activity.

III. WORKLOAD INDICATOR ("MT")

Activity indicators are aggregated on a monthly basis at each organizational unit. After that, the aggregate number is divided by the staff number of the month in question. So, the workload indicator of an organizational unit is the result of the division of the aggregated activity indicator by the staff number: $MT = TM / L$

By adding up the monthly workload indicators, quarterly and yearly figures can be calculated in respect of each unit. Nevertheless, adding up the workload indicators of several organizational units will unduly distort, i.e. multiply the result. So, it is impossible to determine the workload of a high prosecution service by adding up the already calculated workload indicators of the district prosecution services within the area of jurisdiction of the high prosecution service, as well as the workload indicator of the high prosecution service itself. To get the correct result, one must add up the activity indicators (TM), respectively the staff numbers, and then one must carry out the division.

The above system is capable of (1) showing the changing trends of workload in respect of a particular organizational unit, as well as of comparing the workload of several organizational units in respect of the same field of activity.

The system, however, is incapable of measuring a prosecutor's individual workload. The distribution of workload within a unit can be measured still by the detailed examination of case files. Furthermore, the system is not really capable of comparing workloads concerning different fields of activity.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Hungary (2021 data)

In Hungary, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Regional courts and regional courts of appeal prepare a note on the decision and the trial procedure of the first instance court, based on professional criteria in every case. In this note, the court of appeal has to examine: the application of substantive, procedural and administrative regulations; the preparation of the hearings; the quality of the judges' trial leading practice; if the coercive measures were well founded; if the hearings were set timely; if the ruling was transcribed in time; if the decision was edited correctly. The conclusions are summarized and judges of first instance courts are informed about them at least once a year.

Furthermore, at the Kúria working groups are examining judicial practice and they are responsible for examining the case-law of the courts. Examination targets shall be defined on an annual basis by the President of the Kúria, following consultation with the professional departments of the Kúria.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✔
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✔

Among others:

- individual judge's statistics, - statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials,
- number of trial days in cases, - number of tried cases per day,
- pending cases of an individual judge / court,
- the time frame of pending cases
- number of appealed cases,
- the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases,
- the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases,
- cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month
- cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month.

In Hungary, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The statistics of the court system are composed in every quarter, half and whole year. It is published on the central internet website of the courts in every half year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✔
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✔

Among others: individual judge's statistics; statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials; number of trial days in cases; number of cases heard per day; pending cases of an individual judge / court; the time frame of pending cases; number of appealed cases; the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases; the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases; cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month; cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The statistical output of a court (mainly the number of incoming and pending cases) is taken into consideration during the distribution of human resources.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✘	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✘	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✘	Clearance rate	✘
Number of pending cases	✘	Disposition time	✘
Backlogs	✘	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✘
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✘	Other	✔
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✘		

The BTM system (Criminal Justice Activity Indicator System) is available for the Prosecution Service of Hungary. This system regularly monitors prosecution activities (performance and quality), however, it does not contain any information about the number of incoming cases, length of proceedings, number of resolved cases, backlogs etc.

In Hungary, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✘	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✘	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Clearance rate	✘
Number of pending cases	✘	Disposition time	✘
Backlogs	✘	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✘
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✘	Other	✔
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✘		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

The prosecution services have recently introduced a system of performance evaluation. The system was launched in 2020, and 2021 was the first year in respect of which a full set of data was generated. The methodology described in "Measurement tools on workload" is capable of showing the changing trends of workload in respect of a particular prosecution service.

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	9 877 365	9 591 495	9 769 000	9 890 640	9 689 010	-2,2%	-2,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 800	9 900	10 500	10 900	11 200	11 800	12 500	13 180	13 940	15 401	57,2%	10,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	293	297	315	316	309	309	322	330	361	369	26,0%	2,2%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							True	True	True	True		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	False		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									-	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	False		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	False		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	False		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	False		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	False		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	False		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	139	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	139	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	131	131	111	111	111	112	113	113	113	113	-13,7%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	-	NAP	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NA	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113	113	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	157	157	157	157	157	158	159	159	139	139	-11,5%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	162 126	150 305	148 425	138 168	174 020	131 158	126 602	137 467	-	8,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	142 113	78 381	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	57 987	57 741	-59,4%	-0,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 503	26 626	31 335	25 806	58 332	43 355	48 405	58 749	-	21,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51 785	27 684	27 373	25 154	30 442	25 130	20 389	17 886	17 714	19 101	-63,1%	7,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	37 436	25 208	30 336	39 299	-	29,5%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	35 986	23 606	28 523	37 456	-	31,3%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	962	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	1 813	1 843	-	1,7%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	168	396	391	492	507	261	355	349	-	-1,7%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	6 483	6 019	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	4 768	7 889	21,7%	65,5%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	56 882	57 094	46 196	42 655	35 190	27 436	24 791	18 775	15 442	13 088	-77,0%	-15,2%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 129 126	1 164 682	848 998	902 411	870 257	847 148	719 282	663 594	634 257	618 991	-45,2%	-2,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	432 443	180 813	180 382	176 407	184 824	178 330	132 557	133 406	127 410	121 597	-71,9%	-4,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	613 158	678 103	637 091	623 259	550 507	497 329	458 787	461 604	-	0,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	246 856	201 578	180 459	212 034	191 575	201 591	203 997	178 014	165 017	164 808	-33,2%	-0,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	430 096	463 007	441 767	418 418	344 358	317 207	291 916	294 857	-	1,0%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	385 241	726 545	427 114	459 210	437 387	414 067	339 852	311 808	286 917	289 609	-24,8%	0,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 982	3 797	4 380	4 351	4 506	5 399	4 999	5 248	-	5,0%
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 603	3 062	3 749	3 250	2 152	2 108	1 854	1 939	-	4,6%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 595	16 189	18 008	18 149	19 590	16 908	17 120	16 432	29 254	20 582	63,4%	-29,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 991	39 557	37 450	29 752	28 752	28 651	19 098	16 427	18 806	15 208	-70,7%	-19,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 176 429	1 135 973	872 260	914 672	888 592	840 592	762 142	668 015	623 392	641 876	-45,4%	3,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	454 369	177 087	188 199	174 573	181 849	171 999	154 139	139 267	127 656	128 335	-71,8%	0,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	626 526	681 609	650 977	620 029	565 484	492 145	448 443	475 427	-	6,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	262 314	200 004	182 894	206 746	196 915	206 332	206 500	178 186	163 630	169 687	-35,3%	3,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	441 257	471 796	450 414	410 463	356 586	311 945	282 953	303 727	-	7,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	394 348	691 613	438 389	467 816	445 845	406 858	352 232	306 757	277 984	298 499	-24,3%	7,4%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	2 868	3 980	4 569	3 605	4 354	5 188	4 969	5 228	-	5,2%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	2 375	3 067	3 648	3 235	2 398	2 014	1 860	2 013	-	8,2%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	13 599	16 888	16 594	19 107	19 539	17 268	17 407	16 844	26 133	22 194	63,2%	-15,1%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 799	50 381	40 941	39 383	36 227	31 296	25 112	19 759	21 160	15 920	-69,3%	-24,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	150 089	146 650	138 177	144 724	131 158	126 736	137 467	114 582	-	-16,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	120 187	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	85 430	63 848	57 987	57 741	51 003	-57,6%	-11,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	26 410	31 726	25 806	29 036	43 355	48 539	58 749	44 926	-	-23,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36 327	29 258	24 938	30 442	25 102	20 389	17 886	17 714	19 101	14 222	-60,9%	-25,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1 076	893	704	8 659	25 208	30 470	39 299	30 429	-	-22,6%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 606	28 657	37 456	28 566	-	-23,7%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	1 076	893	704	1 450	1 602	1 813	1 843	1 863	-	1,1%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	396	391	492	507	261	355	349	275	-	-21,2%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	5 479	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	5 467	5 180	4 768	7 889	6 277	14,6%	-20,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	57 074	46 270	42 655	33 024	27 445	24 791	18 775	15 442	13 088	12 376	-78,3%	-5,4%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,2%	97,5%	102,7%	101,4%	102,1%	99,2%	106,0%	100,7%	98,3%	103,7%	(0,49)	5,41
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	105,1%	97,9%	104,3%	99,0%	98,4%	96,4%	116,3%	104,4%	100,2%	105,5%	0,47	5,35
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	100,5%	102,2%	99,5%	102,7%	99,0%	97,7%	103,0%	-	5,25
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,3%	99,2%	101,3%	97,5%	102,8%	102,4%	101,2%	100,1%	99,2%	103,0%	(3,30)	3,80

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	102,6%	101,9%	102,0%	98,1%	103,6%	98,3%	96,9%	103,0%	-	6,08
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	102,4%	95,2%	102,6%	101,9%	101,9%	98,3%	103,6%	98,4%	96,9%	103,1%	0,71	6,18
CR Other registry cases	-	-	96,2%	104,8%	104,3%	82,9%	96,6%	96,1%	99,4%	99,6%	-	0,22
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	91,2%	100,2%	97,3%	99,5%	111,4%	95,5%	100,3%	103,8%	-	3,49
CR Administrative law cases	108,0%	104,3%	92,1%	105,3%	99,7%	102,1%	101,7%	102,5%	89,3%	107,8%	(0,14)	18,50
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,6%	127,4%	109,3%	132,4%	126,0%	109,2%	131,5%	120,3%	112,5%	104,7%	5,05	(7,84)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	63	59	57	63	63	69	80	65	-	-19,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97	169	144	159	159	181	151	152	165	145	50,2%	-12,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	15	17	14	17	28	36	48	34	-	-27,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	51	53	50	54	47	36	32	36	43	31	-39,5%	-28,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	1	1	1	8	26	36	51	37	-	-27,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	34	49	35	-	-29,0%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	137	82	56	147	134	128	135	130	-	-3,9%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	61	47	49	57	40	64	68	50	-	-27,2%
DT Administrative law cases	147	115	148	110	109	116	109	103	110	103	-29,8%	-6,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	402	335	380	306	277	289	273	285	226	284	-29,4%	25,7%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	16 416	13 134	12 878	NA	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	10 579	10 495	-36,1%	-0,8%
---	--------	--------	--------	----	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	-------

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	3 389	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 306	909	842	950	-72,0%	12,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	62	51	85	37	54	39	12	13	32	2	-96,8%	-93,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	363	429	-	18,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	142	-	35,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	27 394	28 392	28 512	27 446	27 677	28 326	24 452	26 735	25 579	24 354	-11,1%	-4,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	5 119	4 170	3 872	3 231	2 452	2 258	1 552	1 630	2 896	1 460	-71,5%	-49,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	124	154	100	77	120	109	64	123	63	68	-45,2%	7,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	498	484	-	-2,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166	134	-	-19,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	30 676	28 648	28 641	16 764	26 988	26 574	26 150	27 581	25 663	26 843	-12,5%	4,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	5 364	4 822	4 166	3 667	2 882	2 265	1 949	1 697	2 793	1 613	-69,9%	-42,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	135	120	148	78	130	136	63	104	93	53	-60,7%	-43,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	432	520	-	20,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	151	-	17,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	13 134	12 878	12 749	10 682	11 371	13 123	11 425	10 579	10 495	8 006	-39,0%	-23,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	1 325	909	842	949	797	-74,7%	-16,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	51	85	37	36	44	12	13	32	2	17	-66,7%	750,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	429	393	-	-8,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142	125	-	-12,0%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	112,0%	100,9%	100,5%	61,1%	97,5%	93,8%	106,9%	103,2%	100,3%	110,2%	(1,76)	9,89
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,8%	115,6%	107,6%	113,5%	117,5%	100,3%	125,6%	104,1%	96,4%	110,5%	5,69	14,04
CR Insolvency cases	108,9%	77,9%	148,0%	101,3%	108,3%	124,8%	98,4%	84,6%	147,6%	77,9%	(30,93)	(69,68)
DT Litigious divorce cases	156	164	162	233	154	180	159	140	149	109	-30,3%	-27,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	189	193	175	169	214	170	181	124	180	-15,7%	45,4%
DT Insolvency cases	138	259	91	168	124	32	75	112	8	117	-15,1%	1391,5%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 768	12 415	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	8 643	6 823	-	-21,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 898	5 947	5 607	5 575	5 721	4 883	3 741	3 099	-	-17,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			4 628	4 334	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	3 925	3 271	-	-16,7%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4 510	3 803	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3 782	3 176	-	-16,0%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			84	435	317	304	216	190	110	69	-	-37,3%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			38	163	217	239	197	174	94	51	-	-45,7%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			46	272	100	65	19	16	16	18	-	12,5%
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			34	96	129	58	64	58	33	26	-	-21,2%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			421	447	406	472	497	561	418	14	-	-96,7%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			1 821	1 687	1 508	1 756	1 953	849	559	439	-	-21,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			52 315	47 429	51 351	49 176	47 084	40 152	33 297	33 710	-	1,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			17 137	16 439	16 729	15 890	15 009	11 857	9 084	10 187	-	12,1%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28 788	24 769	27 741	25 732	26 048	23 619	21 130	21 720	-	2,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26 806	22 072	25 565	24 206	24 698	22 469	20 164	20 898	-	3,6%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 257	2 067	1 619	992	921	809	643	572	-	-11,0%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			171	783	929	824	802	693	551	477	-	-13,4%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			1 086	1 284	690	168	119	116	92	95	-	3,3%
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			725	630	557	534	429	341	323	250	-	-22,6%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 761	1 654	2 151	2 017	2 302	2 246	887	29	-	-96,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 629	4 567	4 730	5 537	3 725	2 430	2 196	1 774	-	-19,2%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			53 693	48 434	51 037	48 392	48 854	42 247	35 117	34 181	-	-2,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			19 082	16 759	16 761	15 744	15 847	12 999	9 726	10 079	-	3,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28 113	25 214	27 709	25 316	25 940	24 139	21 784	22 193	-	1,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26 429	22 432	25 449	23 708	24 558	22 884	20 770	21 389	-	3,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 021	2 185	1 632	1 080	947	889	684	560	-	-18,1%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			161	729	907	866	825	773	594	462	-	-22,2%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			860	1 456	725	214	122	116	90	98	-	8,9%
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			663	597	628	528	435	366	330	244	-	-26,1%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 735	1 695	2 085	1 992	2 238	2 389	1 291	38	-	-97,1%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			4 763	4 766	4 482	5 340	4 829	2 720	2 316	1 871	-	-19,2%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 390	11 410	11 724	12 508	10 738	8 643	6 823	6 352	-	-6,9%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 953	5 633	5 575	5 721	4 883	3 741	3 099	3 207	-	3,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			5 303	3 889	3 921	4 337	4 445	3 925	3 271	2 798	-	-14,5%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4 887	3 443	3 559	4 057	4 197	3 782	3 176	2 685	-	-15,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			320	317	304	216	190	110	69	81	-	17,4%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			48	217	239	197	174	94	51	66	-	29,4%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			272	100	65	19	16	16	18	15	-	-16,7%
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			96	129	58	64	58	33	26	32	-	23,1%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			447	406	472	497	561	418	14	5	-	-64,3%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 687	1 482	1 756	1 953	849	559	439	342	-	-22,1%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			102,6%	102,1%	99,4%	98,4%	103,8%	105,2%	105,5%	101,4%	-	(4,07)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			111,3%	101,9%	100,2%	99,1%	105,6%	109,6%	107,1%	98,9%	-	(8,13)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,7%	101,8%	99,9%	98,4%	99,6%	102,2%	103,1%	102,2%	-	(0,92)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			98,6%	101,6%	99,5%	97,9%	99,4%	101,8%	103,0%	102,3%	-	(0,66)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			81,2%	105,7%	100,8%	108,9%	102,8%	109,9%	106,4%	97,9%	-	(8,47)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			94,2%	93,1%	97,6%	105,1%	102,9%	111,5%	107,8%	96,9%	-	(10,95)
CR Other registry cases			79,2%	113,4%	105,1%	127,4%	102,5%	100,0%	97,8%	103,2%	-	5,33
CR Other non-litigious cases			91,4%	94,8%	112,7%	98,9%	101,4%	107,3%	102,2%	97,6%	-	(4,57)
CR Administrative law cases			98,5%	102,5%	96,9%	98,8%	97,2%	106,4%	145,5%	131,0%	-	(14,51)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			102,9%	104,4%	94,8%	96,4%	129,6%	111,9%	105,5%	105,5%	-	0,00
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			91	86	84	94	80	75	71	68	-	-4,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			114	123	121	133	112	105	116	116	-	-0,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			69	56	52	63	63	59	55	46	-	-16,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			67	56	51	62	62	60	56	46	-	-17,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			114	53	68	73	73	45	37	53	-	43,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			109	109	96	83	77	44	31	52	-	66,4%
DT Other registry cases			115	25	33	32	48	50	73	56	-	-23,5%
DT Other non-litigious cases			53	79	34	44	49	33	29	48	-	66,5%
DT Administrative law cases			94	87	83	91	91	64	4	48	-	1113,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			129	113	143	133	64	75	69	67	-	-3,6%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 604	2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	2 620	1 642	-	-37,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 073	1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	1 508	961	-	-36,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			43	83	47	104	120	139	87	55	-	-36,8%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			32	73	38	68	104	104	63	44	-	-30,2%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			9	10	8	34	8	32	19	10	-	-47,4%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			4	9	7	28	8	30	18	10	-	-44,4%
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			3	1	1	6	-	2	1	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			-	-	1	2	8	3	5	1	-	-80,0%
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			980	817	903	924	1 000	1 218	824	551	-	-33,1%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			508	378	357	579	550	347	201	75	-	-62,7%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 883	5 799	7 069	6 748	5 928	5 161	5 553	7 397	-	33,2%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 338	2 354	3 301	3 376	2 531	2 139	1 718	2 042	-	18,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			608	557	707	640	608	426	413	721	-	74,6%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			549	508	626	594	548	374	372	674	-	81,2%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			45	26	47	12	35	31	27	18	-	-33,3%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			28	21	39	12	33	29	24	14	-	-41,7%
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			3	5	8	-	2	2	3	4	-	33,3%
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			14	23	34	34	25	21	14	29	-	107,1%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			2 143	2 038	2 030	1 889	2 167	2 188	3 177	4 414	-	38,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			794	850	1 031	843	622	408	245	235	-	-4,1%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 179	5 679	6 311	6 271	6 143	5 989	6 533	7 335	-	12,3%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 381	2 263	2 843	2 962	2 780	2 375	2 265	2 126	-	-6,1%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			568	593	650	624	589	478	446	680	-	52,5%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			508	543	596	558	548	415	391	631	-	61,4%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			44	28	21	38	11	44	36	19	-	-47,2%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			23	23	18	32	11	41	32	18	-	-43,8%
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			5	5	3	6	-	3	4	1	-	-75,0%
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			16	22	33	28	30	19	19	30	-	57,9%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			2 306	1 952	2 009	1 813	1 949	2 582	3 450	4 311	-	25,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			924	871	809	872	825	554	371	234	-	-36,9%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 308	2 428	3 186	3 663	3 448	2 620	1 640	1 703	-	3,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 030	1 121	1 579	1 993	1 744	1 508	961	877	-	-8,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			83	47	104	120	139	87	54	96	-	77,8%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			73	38	68	104	104	63	44	87	-	97,7%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			10	8	34	8	32	19	10	9	-	-10,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			9	7	28	8	30	18	10	6	-	-40,0%
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			1	1	6	-	2	1	-	3	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			-	1	2	8	3	5	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			817	903	924	1 000	1 218	824	551	654	-	18,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			378	357	579	550	347	201	75	76	-	1,3%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			105,0%	97,9%	89,3%	92,9%	103,6%	116,0%	117,6%	99,2%	-	(18,49)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,8%	96,1%	86,1%	87,7%	109,8%	111,0%	131,8%	104,1%	-	(27,73)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			93,4%	106,5%	91,9%	97,5%	96,9%	112,2%	108,0%	94,3%	-	(13,68)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			92,5%	106,9%	95,2%	93,9%	100,0%	111,0%	105,1%	93,6%	-	(11,49)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			97,8%	107,7%	44,7%	316,7%	31,4%	141,9%	133,3%	105,6%	-	(27,78)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			82,1%	109,5%	46,2%	266,7%	33,3%	141,4%	133,3%	128,6%	-	(4,76)
CR Other registry cases			166,7%	100,0%	37,5%	-	-	150,0%	133,3%	25,0%	-	(108,33)
CR Other non-litigious cases			114,3%	95,7%	97,1%	82,4%	120,0%	90,5%	135,7%	103,4%	-	(32,27)
CR Administrative law cases			107,6%	95,8%	99,0%	96,0%	89,9%	118,0%	108,6%	97,7%	-	(10,93)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			116,4%	102,5%	78,5%	103,4%	132,6%	135,8%	151,4%	99,6%	-	(51,85)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			136	156	184	213	205	160	92	85	-	-7,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			158	181	203	246	229	232	155	151	-	-2,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			53	29	58	70	86	66	44	52	-	16,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			52	26	42	68	69	55	41	50	-	22,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			83	104	591	77	1062	158	101	173	-	70,5%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			143	111	568	91	995	160	114	122	-	6,7%
DT Other registry cases			73	73	730	-	-	122	-	1095	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			-	17	22	104	37	96	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			129	169	168	201	228	116	58	55	-	-5,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			149	150	261	230	154	132	74	119	-	60,7%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									42 484	52 390	-	23,3%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									20 753	23 407	-	12,8%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									21 731	28 983	-	33,4%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									360 839	432 163	-	19,8%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									125 130	130 909	-	4,6%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									235 709	301 254	-	27,8%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									350 933	433 621	-	23,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									122 476	131 050	-	7,0%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									228 457	302 571	-	32,4%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									52 390	50 932	-	-2,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									23 407	23 266	-	-0,6%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									28 983	27 666	-	-4,5%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									97,3%	100,3%	-	3,1
CR of Severe cases									97,9%	100,1%	-	2,2
CR of Misdemeanour cases									96,9%	100,4%	-	3,5
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									54	43	-	-21,3%
DT of Severe cases									70	65	-	-7,1%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									46	33	-	-27,9%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									5 360	4 549	-	-15,1%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									5 342	4 527	-	-15,3%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									18	22	-	22,2%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									33 696	36 997	-	9,8%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33 348	36 477	-	9,4%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									348	520	-	49,4%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									34 507	36 993	-	7,2%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									34 163	36 472	-	6,8%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									344	521	-	51,5%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									4 549	4 553	-	0,1%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									4 527	4 532	-	0,1%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									22	21	-	-4,5%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									102,4%	100,0%	-	(2,36)
CR o2 Severe cases									102,4%	100,0%	-	(2,40)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									98,9%	100,2%	-	1,36

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									48	45	-	-6,6%
DT of Severe cases									48	45	-	-6,2%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									23	15	-	-37,0%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									325	265	-	-18,5%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									325	265	-	-18,5%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 414	1 527	-	8,0%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 414	1 527	-	8,0%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 474	1 378	-	-6,5%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 474	1 378	-	-6,5%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									265	414	-	56,2%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									265	414	-	56,2%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									104,2%	90,2%	-	(14,00)
CR of Severe cases									104,2%	90,2%	-	(14,00)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									66	110	-	67,1%
DT of Severe cases									66	110	-	67,1%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									75 231	74 876	-	-0,5%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									137 936	146 490	-	6,2%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									17 994	20 489	-	13,9%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									140	88	-	-37,1%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									8 871	9 493	-	7,0%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									8 949	10 890	-	21,7%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									34	18	-	-47,1%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									4 989	4 653	-	-6,7%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									2 812	2 135	-	-24,1%
3.4. Cases brought to court									112 141	119 213	-	6,3%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,83	1,95	-	6,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									9 675	10 978	-	13,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									8 455	9 924	-	17,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									1 220	1 054	-	-13,6%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	125 851 993	128 848 473	119 744 000	126 336 480	128 900 776	139 697 479	134 304 383	131 117 610	137 313 106	154 484 011	22,8%	12,50%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	117 130 667	NA	133 882 353	NA	150 355 723	NA	143 320 003	153 468 293	-	7,08%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	442 657	416 250	-	-5,97%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	276 020	274 328	-	-0,61%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	False

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									NAP	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									NAP	False		
020.1.1 Total									5 748	8 746	-	0,52
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									2 006	2 925	-	0,46
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									3 742	5 821	-	0,56
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	5	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NAP	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							50-99%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 767	2 807	2 813	2 813	2 811	2 828	2 892	2 878	2 789	2 710	-2,1%	-2,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 672	1 687	1 684	1 662	1 678	1 669	1 682	1 670	1 420	1 391	-16,8%	-2,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 021	1 036	1 047	1 066	1 051	1 075	1 126	1 127	1 283	1 226	20,1%	-4,4%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	74	84	82	85	82	84	84	81	86	93	25,7%	8,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	856	894	873	868	871	879	902	887	868	844	-1,4%	-2,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	496	502	500	484	472	476	475	464	399	388	-21,8%	-2,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	326	350	332	341	358	365	389	387	434	420	28,8%	-3,2%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	34	42	41	43	41	38	38	36	35	36	5,9%	2,9%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 911	1 913	1 940	1 945	1 940	1 949	1 990	1 991	1 921	1 866	-2,4%	-2,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 176	1 185	1 184	1 178	1 206	1 193	1 207	1 206	1 021	1 003	-14,7%	-1,8%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	695	686	715	725	693	710	737	740	849	806	16,0%	-5,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	40	42	41	42	41	46	46	45	51	57	42,5%	11,8%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	8 379	8 528	8 538	8 576	8 638	6,1%	0,7%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	767	777	778	808	820	852	888	909	936	990	29,1%	5,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 406	2 254	907	899	897	930	935	947	961	881	-63,4%	-8,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	4 969	4 969	6 337	6 272	6 286	6 597	6 705	6 682	6 679	6 767	36,2%	1,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	NA	1 312	1 248	1 256	1 267	1 316	1 343	1 372	1 379	-	0,5%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	162	176	184	188	188	200	-	6,4%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	120	100	106	108	119	113	-	-5,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	974	991	1 026	1 047	1 065	1 066	-	0,1%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	6 710	6 731	6 747	7 112	7 212	7 195	7 204	7 259	-	0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	658	676	704	721	748	790	-	5,6%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	777	830	829	839	842	768	-	-8,8%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 312	5 606	5 679	5 635	5 614	5 701	-	1,5%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									8 576	8 638	-	0,7%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 237	4 293	-	1,3%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									4 104	4 091	-	-0,3%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									235	254	-	8,1%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 372	1 379	-	0,5%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									476	475	-	-0,2%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									830	838	-	1,0%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									66	66	-	0,0%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									7 204	7 259	-	0,8%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 761	3 818	-	1,5%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									3 274	3 253	-	-0,6%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									169	188	-	11,2%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 876	1 873	-	-0,2%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 207	1 730	-	43,3%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									558	29	-	-94,8%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									111	112	-	0,9%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									742	741	-	-0,1%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									433	665	-	53,6%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									249	16	-	-93,6%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									60	59	-	-1,7%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 134	1 132	-	-0,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									774	1 065	-	37,6%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									309	13	-	-95,8%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									51	53	-	3,9%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 425	2 411	-	-0,6%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									470	479	-	1,9%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 955	1 932	-	-1,2%
004 Annual average salary in the country									12 901 £	14 906 £	-	15,5%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									21 856 £	23 942 £	-	9,5%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									57 542 £	63 886 £	-	11,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									21 856 £	24 156 £	-	10,5%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									45 961 £	50 796 £	-	10,5%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									15 534 £	15 922 £	-	2,5%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									38 266 £	42 484 £	-	11,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									14 534 £	16 063 £	-	10,5%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									30 564 £	33 779 £	-	10,5%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									21	13	-	-38,1%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	2	-	0,0%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									13	9	-	-30,8%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									5	1	-	-80,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									1	1	-	0,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									9	11	-	22,2%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									4	2	-	-50,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	9	-	350,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									13	19	-	46,2%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	9	-	80,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									3	6	-	100,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									4	4	-	0,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									4	18	-	350,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	6	-	200,0%

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	10	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									2	2	-	0,0%
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	11 191	11 191	12 715	12 719	11 436	11 617	-10,6%	1,6%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							7 035	7 038	6 442	6 501	-	0,9%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							5 680	5 681	4 994	5 116	-	2,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Hungary

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	12	20	120	160	174	174	153	203	141	150	1150,0%	6,4%
167.1.1 Total number started					919	975	1 299	746	899	929	-	3,3%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	257	75	141	138	-	-2,1%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	977	644	725	770	-	6,2%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	9	NA	4	1	-	-75,0%
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	56	27	29	20	-	-31,0%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Ireland

(2021 data)

General data

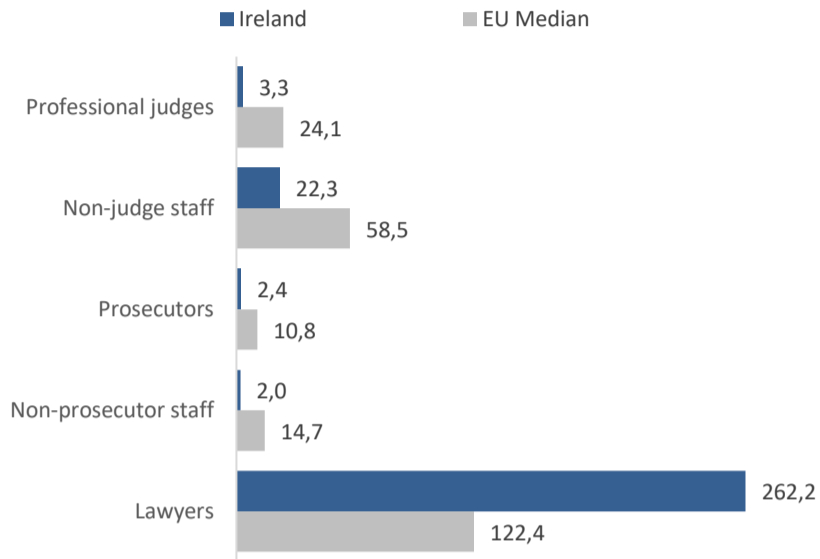
Population: 5 123 536

GDP per capita: 85 061 €

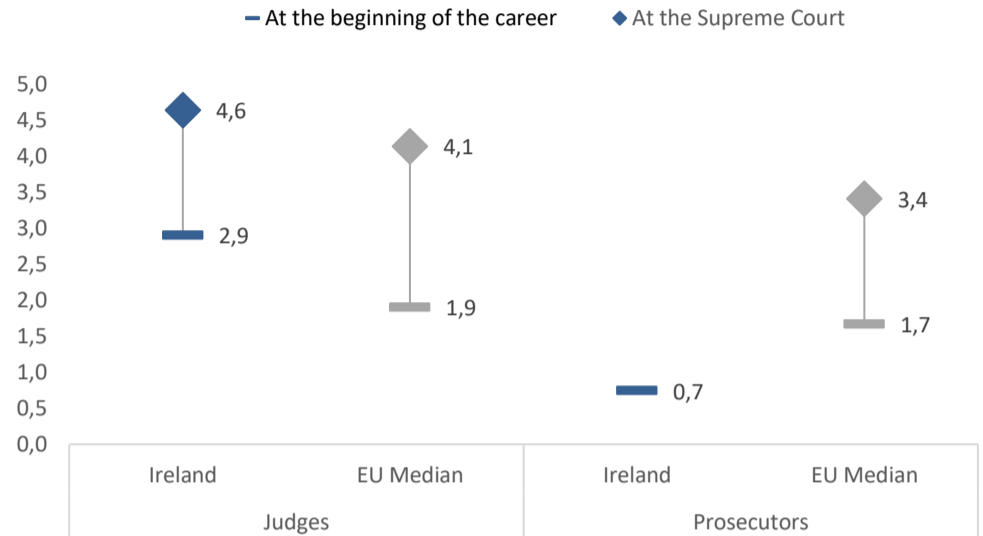
Average annual salary: 44 912 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

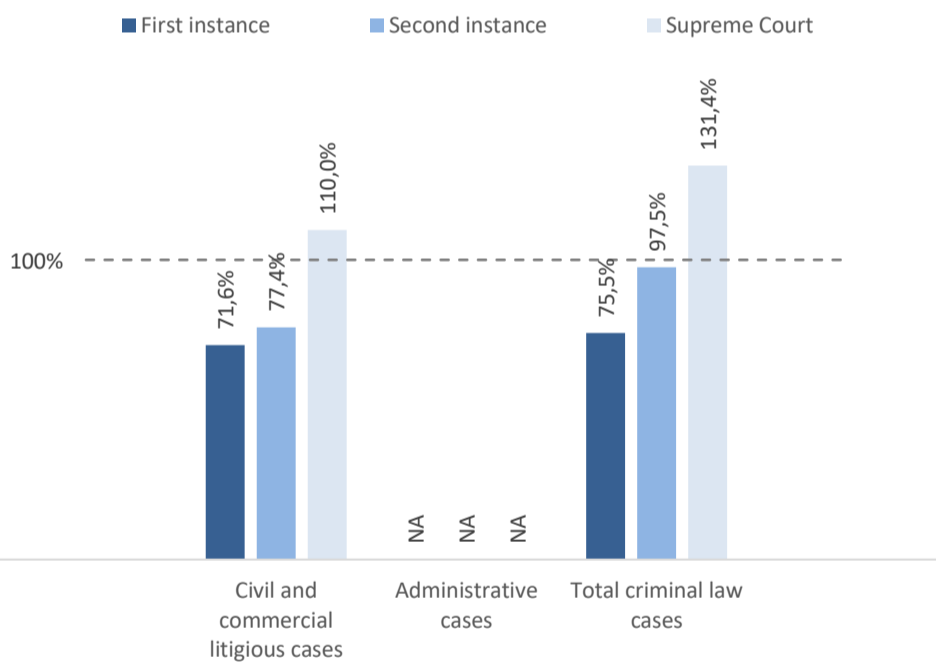


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

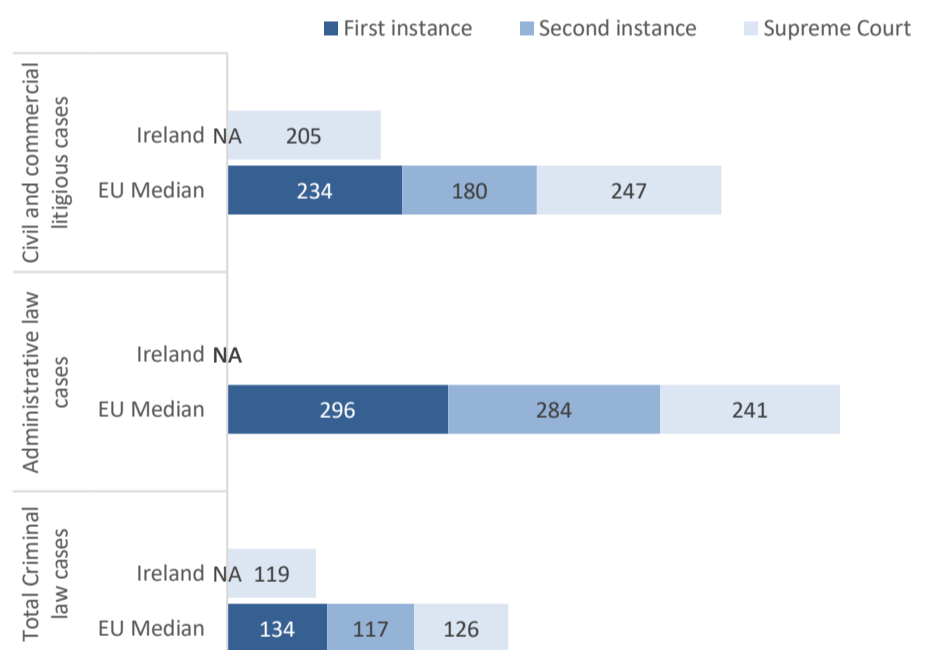


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

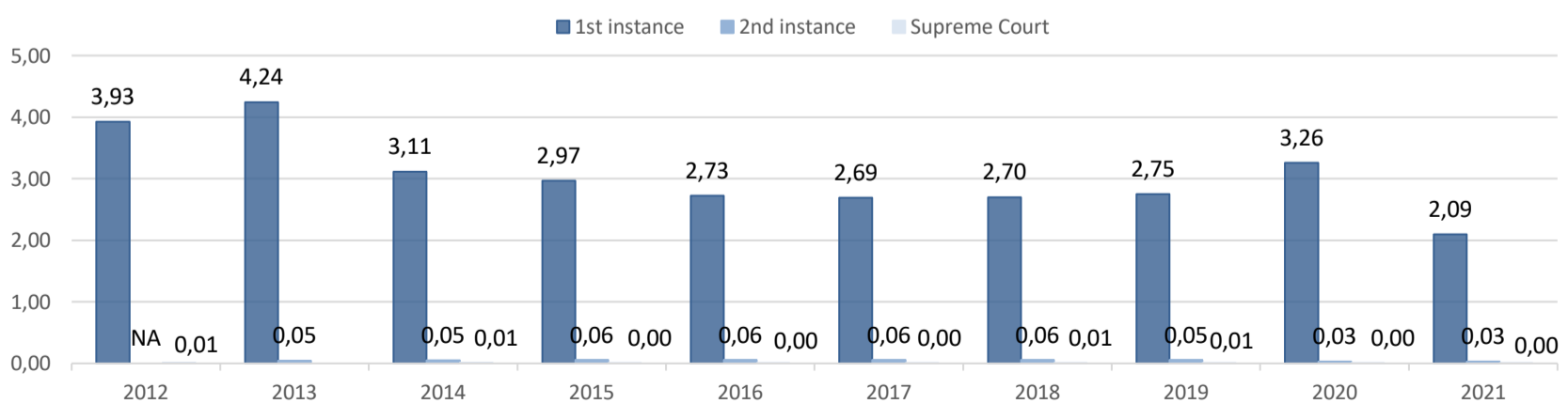


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Ireland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	4 977 400	5 123 536		11,6%	2,9%
GDP per capita	37 675	38 055	41 011	55 187	58 961	61 369	66 716	72 346	74 912	85 061		125,8%	13,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	33 358		35 768		36 919		38 871	40 283	40 283	44 912		34,6%	11,5%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,4	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,4	3,3	3,3		5,8%	1,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	20,6	20,1	20,0	20,2	20,9	21,3	21,6	21,9	21,9	22,3		8,6%	2,1%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									2,6	2,4			-6,6%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									1,8	2,0			11,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	240,8	243,7	250,5	255,3	261,8	262,7	270,6	301,0	282,4	262,2		8,9%	-7,1%
Mediators	0,8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,927	4,244	3,113	2,970	2,726	2,688	2,700	2,747	3,256	2,095		-46,7%	-35,7%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA		NAP	NA
Total criminal law cases									7,244	7,329			1,2%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	56%	63%	59%	73%	63%	63%	60%	72%		NA	11,32
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA		NAP	NA
CR total criminal law cases									62%	76%			13,40

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA		NAP	NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA		NAP	NA
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			75%	84%	82%	66%	75%	93%	105%	77%			-27,23
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA			NA
CR total criminal law cases									109%	97%			-11,33

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA			NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			152%	481%	190%	123%	90%	106%	114%	110%			-3,76
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA			NA
CR total criminal law cases									103%	131%			28,40

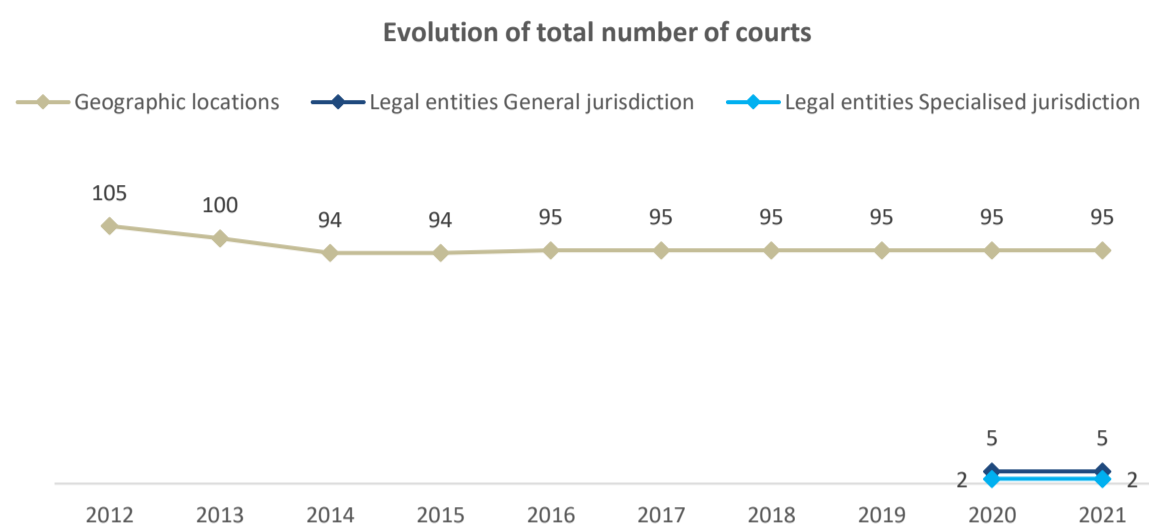
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	219	226	256	171	NA	205			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA			NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									118	119			0,8%

1. Judicial organisation in Ireland (2021 data)

In Ireland, there are only three first instance courts (as legal entities) exercising general jurisdiction for the entire State (the High Court, the Circuit Court and the District Court). Each of those three courts has a single court president only, who exercises a nationwide remit for his/her court. The number of geographic locations reflects the physical location serving as seats or venues for the three jurisdictions.

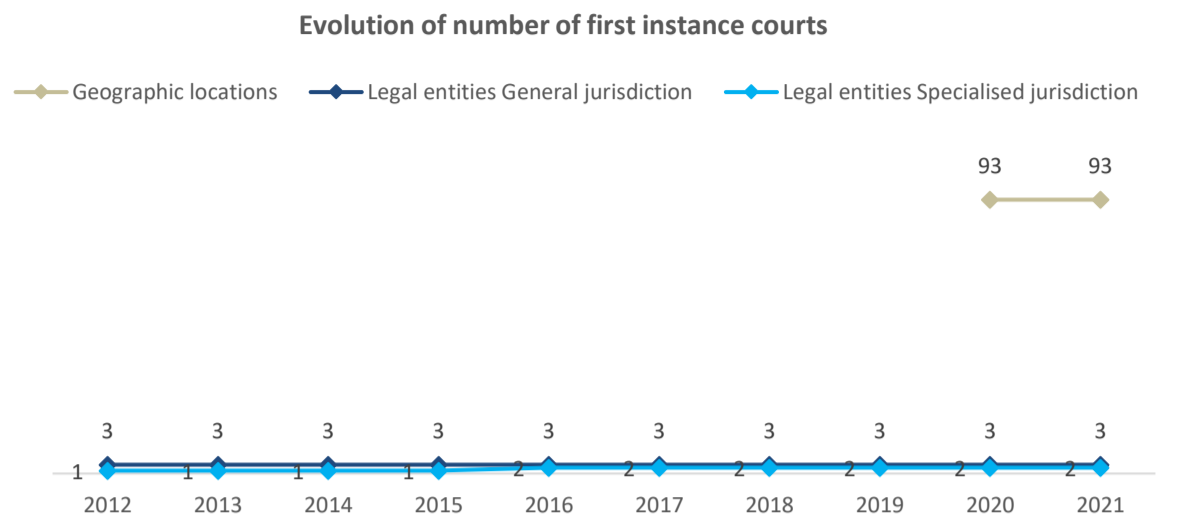
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	105		
2013	100		
2014	94		
2015	94		
2016	95		
2017	95		
2018	95		
2019	95		
2020	95	5	2
2021	95	5	2



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		3	1
2013		3	1
2014		3	1
2015		3	1
2016		3	2
2017		3	2
2018		3	2
2019		3	2
2020	93	3	2
2021	93	3	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 60% - 40% which is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	2	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

The two specialised first instance courts listed above are Special Criminal Court No. 1 and Special Criminal Court No. 2. The latter was established in October 2015 and came into operation, sitting for the first time, in 2016. In previous cycles the category "other" (1) was referring to Special Criminal Court No. 1.

Other than distinctions between jurisdictional levels there is no specialisation - all judges within a court jurisdiction may be allocated to any category of case falling within the jurisdictional remit of the court concerned. Starting in 2013 a new cadre of specialist judges was created in the Circuit Court with specific jurisdiction in relation to certain types of personal insolvency remedy and certain pre-trial order making powers.

Ireland has a specialist regime for the trial of commercial proceedings in the form of the Commercial List of the High Court (known as the 'Commercial Court') but, as it is not a separate legal entity, being a list within and formally a part of the High Court, it is not included as a specialist court as such.

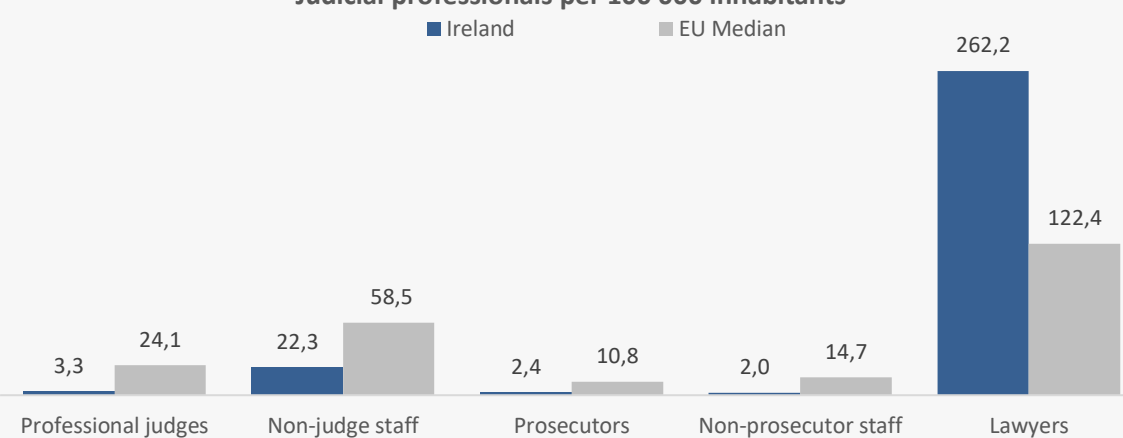
2. Professionals of justice in Ireland (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

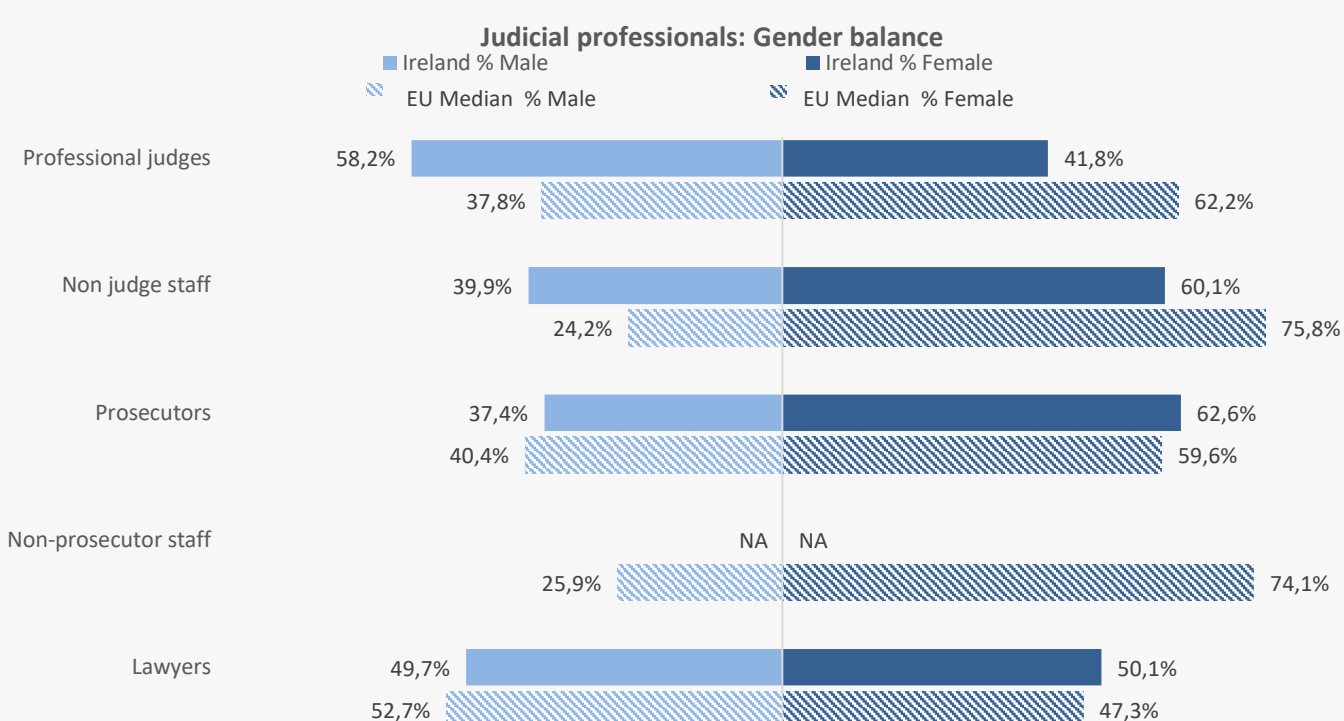
	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	170	3,3	24,1
Non-judge staff	1 145	22,3	58,5
Prosecutors	123	2,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	103	2,0	14,7
Lawyers	13 434	262,2	122,4

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

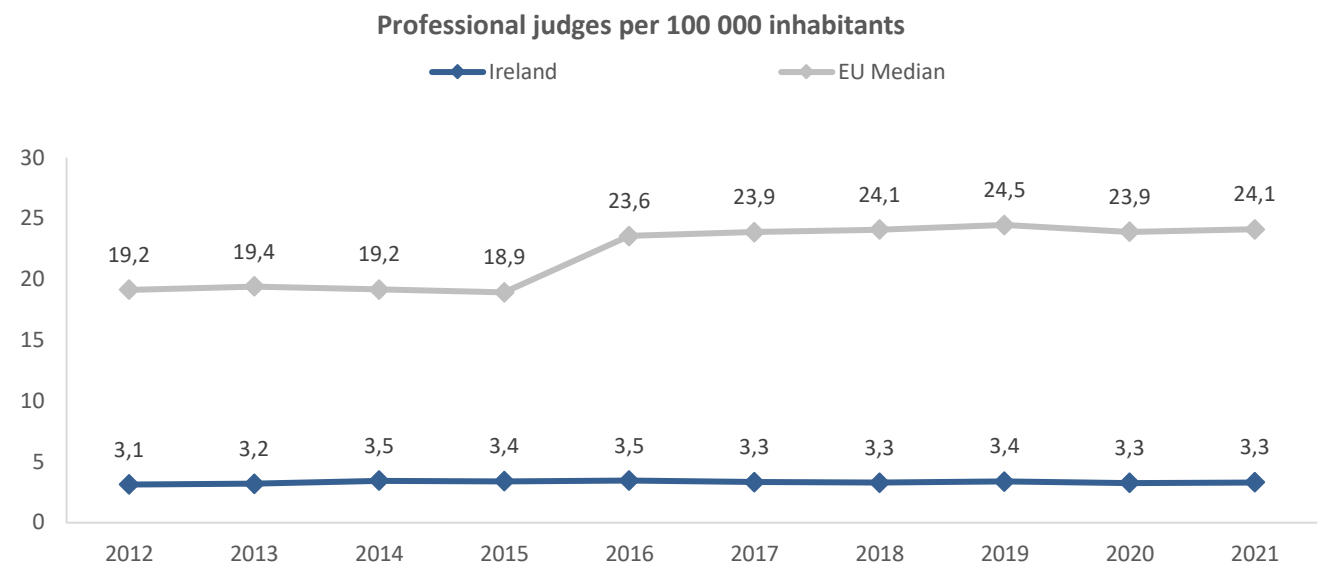
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	58,2%	41,8%
Non judge staff	39,9%	60,1%
Prosecutors	37,4%	62,6%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	49,7%	50,1%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Ireland	Ireland	EU Median
2012	144	3,1	19,2
2013	148	3,2	19,4
2014	160	3,5	19,2
2015	159	3,4	18,9
2016	162	3,5	23,6
2017	160	3,3	23,9
2018	160	3,3	24,1
2019	167	3,4	24,5
2020	163	3,3	23,9
2021	170	3,3	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Ireland is 170, which is 4% more than in previous cycle.

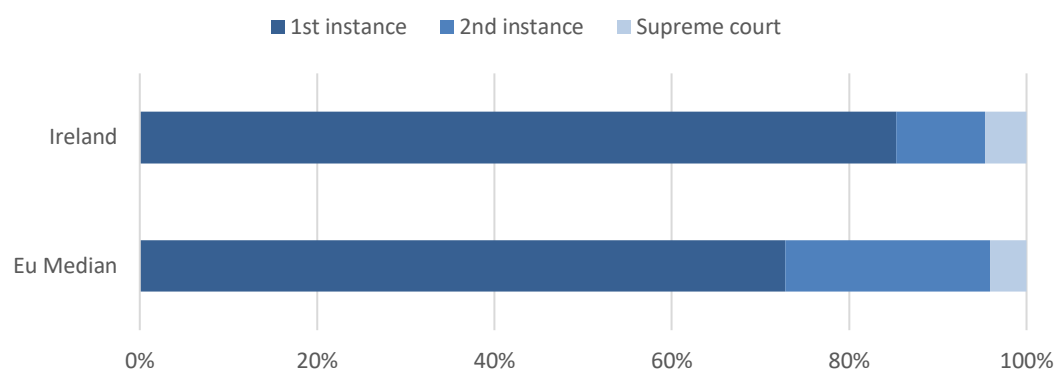
More precisely, in Ireland, there are 3 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 7 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at the same level of 7 non-judge staff per judge.

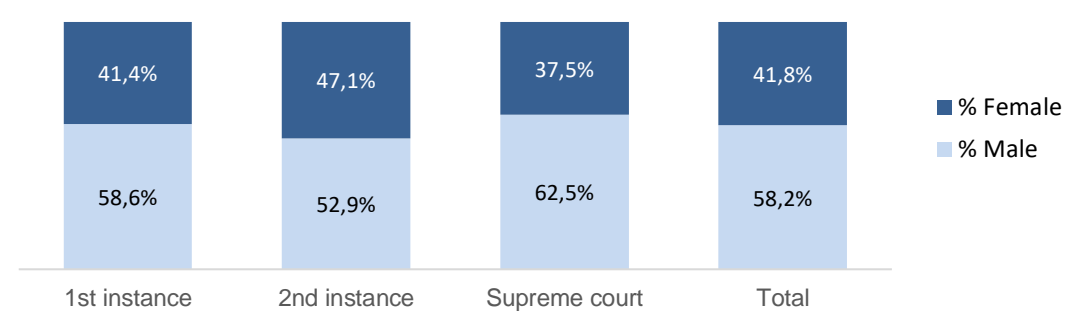
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	145	85,3%	85	60	58,6%	41,4%
2nd instance	17	10,0%	9	8	52,9%	47,1%
Supreme court	8	4,7%	5	3	62,5%	37,5%
Total	170		99	71	58,2%	41,8%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Ireland



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 71, which represents 42% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 145 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 60 are Female); 17 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 8 are Female) and 8 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 3 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Ireland shows a larger percentage of judges in the first instance courts (85,3% compared with 72,7%), and significantly lower number of second instance judges (10% compared to 23,1%). The percentage of judges at the Supreme court level is slightly higher than EU median (4,7% compared to 4,1%).

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges represent minority in all three instances with the lowest percent in the highest instance (37,5%).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	145	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	17	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	8	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	170	NA	NA	NAP	NAP

In Ireland, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

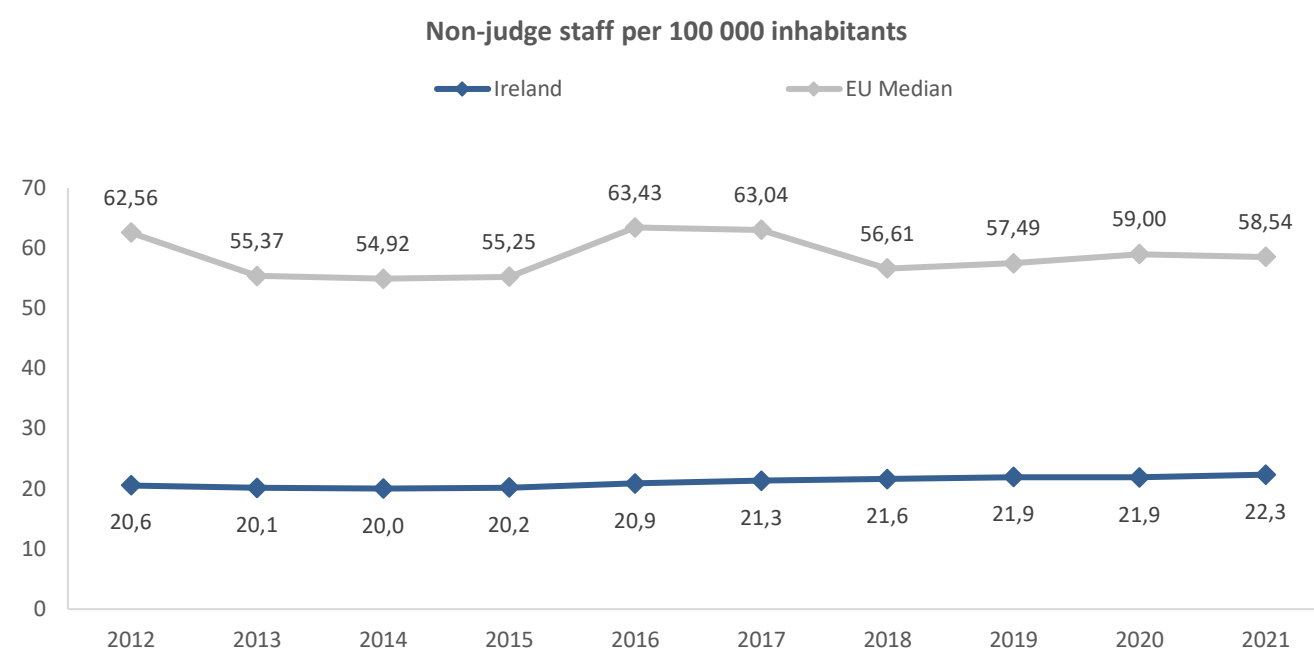
Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	NA	NA	NAP	NAP

It should be noted that judges can be assigned to both criminal and civil cases. Although in some jurisdictions, mainly the High Court and Circuit Court, Judges might specialise for a period (sometimes for a period of years) in criminal and civil matters. All Judges can administer all types of cases within their jurisdiction. Administrative cases are not a separate category in Ireland.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Ireland	Ireland	EU Median
2012	945	20,6	62,6
2013	927	20,1	55,4
2014	927	20,0	54,9
2015	942	20,2	55,2
2016	975	20,9	63,4
2017	1 023	21,3	63,0
2018	1 049	21,6	56,6
2019	1 080	21,9	57,5
2020	1 089	21,9	59,0
2021	1 145	22,3	58,5



In 2021, Ireland has 1 145 non-judge staff (of which 688 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 5%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has slightly increased (from 21,9 in 2020 to 22,3 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants remained at the same level of 3,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 145	
Rechtspfleger	23	2,0%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	892	77,9%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	196	17,1%
Technical staff	0	0,0%
Other	34	3,0%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

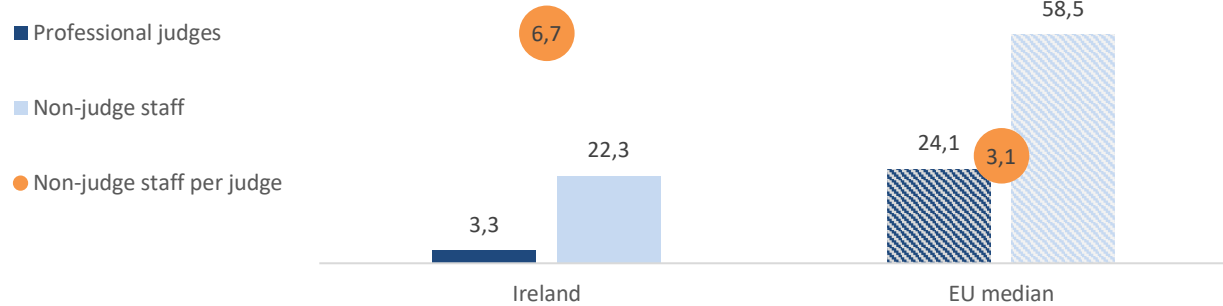
- 23 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 9 are Female);
- 892 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 594 are Female);
- 196 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 79 are Female);
- 0 technical staff;
- 34 other (of which 6 are Female);

The discrepancies with previous data are explained by staffing fluctuations. Furthermore, it should also be specified that staff numbers in the Irish Courts Service are computed on the basis of "Full-time equivalent" resources, requiring that staff numbers include decimal points, reflecting part-time, work-sharing and other reduced time working arrangements. As decimal points are not imputable, it has been necessary to round up or round down figures.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Ireland	EU median
Professional judges	3,3	24,1
Non-judge staff	22,3	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	6,7	3,1

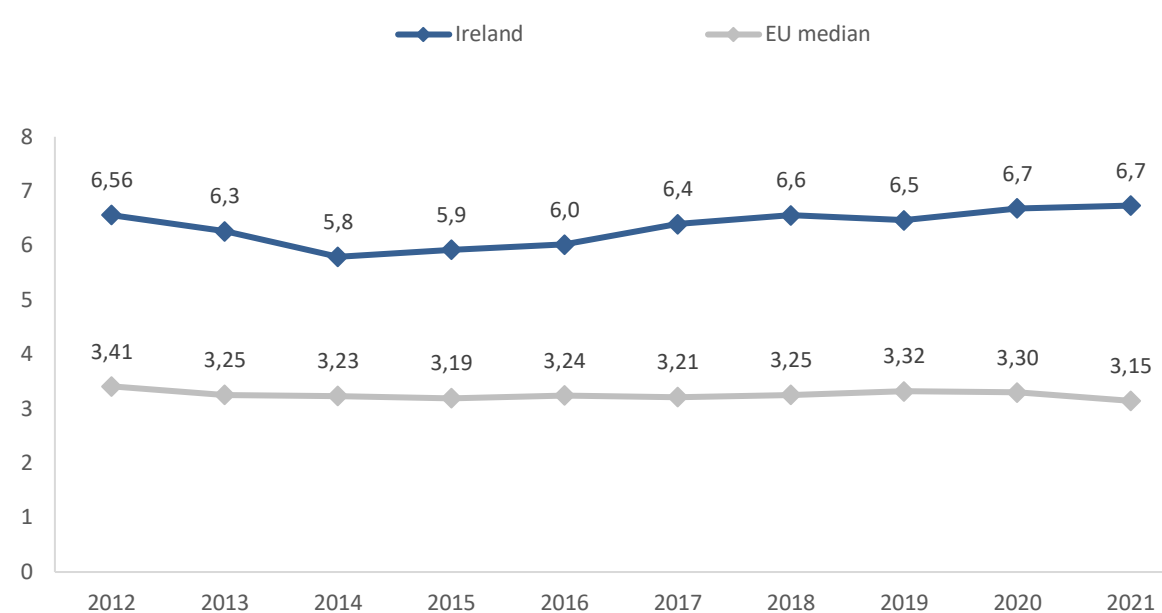
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Ireland	Ireland	Ireland	EU median
2012	3,1	20,6	6,56	3,4
2013	3,2	20,1	6,3	3,3
2014	3,5	20,0	5,8	3,2
2015	3,4	20,2	5,9	3,2
2016	3,5	20,9	6,0	3,2
2017	3,3	21,3	6,4	3,2
2018	3,3	21,6	6,6	3,3
2019	3,4	21,9	6,5	3,3
2020	3,3	21,9	6,7	3,3
2021	3,3	22,3	6,7	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	123		46	77	37,4%	62,6%

In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 77, which represents 63% of the total number of prosecutors.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Ireland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Allocation of prosecutors' work is not in all instances divided as per CEPEJ categories as the categories of first, second and third instance do not apply in the Irish system.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that females represent majority in the total number of public prosecutors with 62,6%.

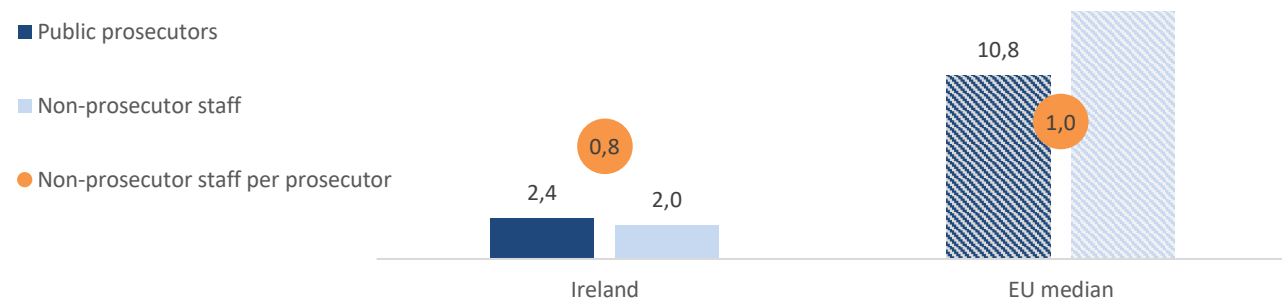
Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	103	NA	NA

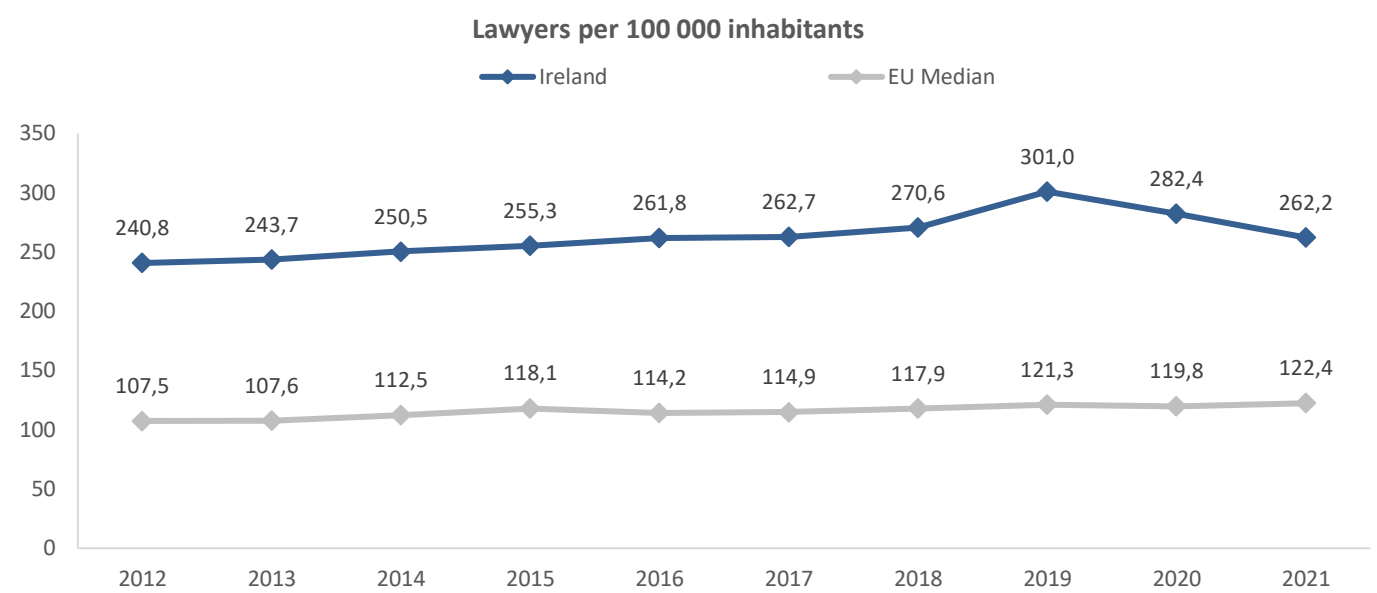
Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Ireland	EU median
Public prosecutors	2,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2,0	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,8	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Ireland	Ireland	EU Median
2012	11 055	240,8	107,5
2013	11 215	243,7	107,6
2014	11 588	250,5	112,5
2015	11 907	255,3	118,1
2016	12 237	261,8	114,2
2017	12 588	262,7	114,9
2018	13 142	270,6	117,9
2019	14 816	301,0	121,3
2020	14 054	282,4	119,8
2021	13 434	262,2	122,4



In 2021, there are 13 434 lawyers, which is - 4% less than in 2020. There are 6 735 female lawyers which is 50% of the total.

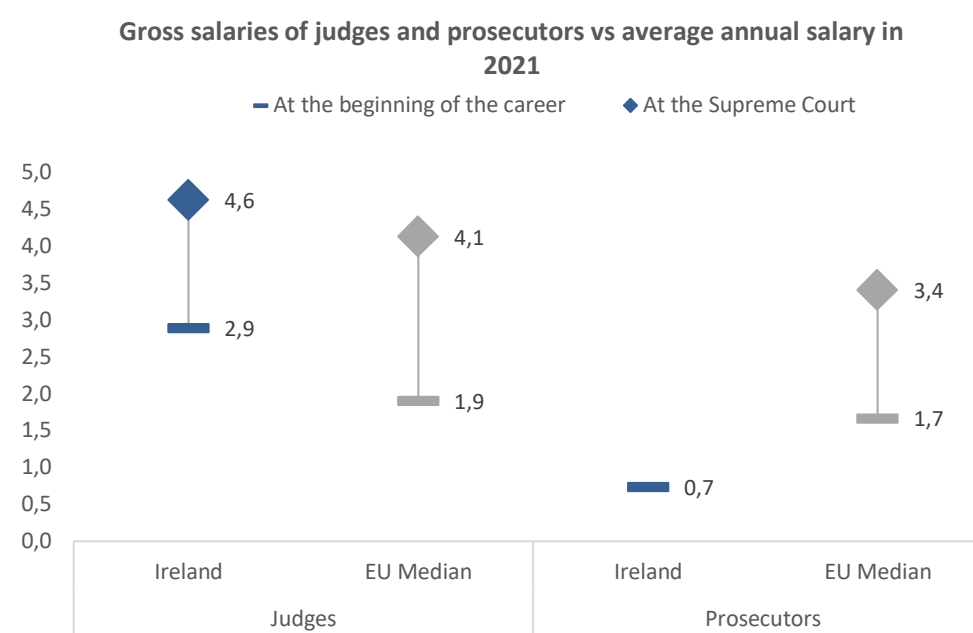
Ireland has 262 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Regarding indicated total number of lawyers, it should be specified that as of 31 December 2021, there were 11,316 practicing solicitors in Ireland (5,319 male, 5,971 female and 26 undefined). For the undefined classification, this is due to the Society not being provided with information on the solicitor's gender. These statistics include solicitors with a practicing certificate in the Republic of Ireland, including practicing solicitors employed by the State.

Furthermore, the information from the Law Library specifies that there is 2118 barristers (males 1354; female 764). Please note that these numbers are as of June 2021 and per the Annual Report. These figures only relate to barristers who are members of the Bar of Ireland, and do not include barristers operating outside of the Bar of Ireland.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance







Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Ireland	Ireland	Ireland	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	130 197€	NA	2,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	208 145€	NA	4,6	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	33 370€	NA	0,7	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of 130 197€ reported for Ireland is the highest in EU for a judge at the beginning of his/her career and much higher than the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,9 which is significantly higher compared with EU median of 1,9.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Ireland (2021 data)

In Ireland, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases 
 - Other than criminal cases 
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) 
- > Other costs than above (Q19) 

Civil legal aid does not generally include fees in respect of enforcement by an enforcement agent (this is distinct from enforcement of proceedings in a court which may be covered).

Regarding other costs, in criminal cases legal aid can cover the cost of expert witnesses (medical and technical), interpreters, translation service providers, travel costs, disbursements i.e. photocopying costs, prison visits.

In civil cases, fees of other professionals may be covered where it is necessary having regard to the circumstances of the case.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

The number of cases for which legal aid has been granted is not available for 2021.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: 140

4. Performance of courts in Ireland (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

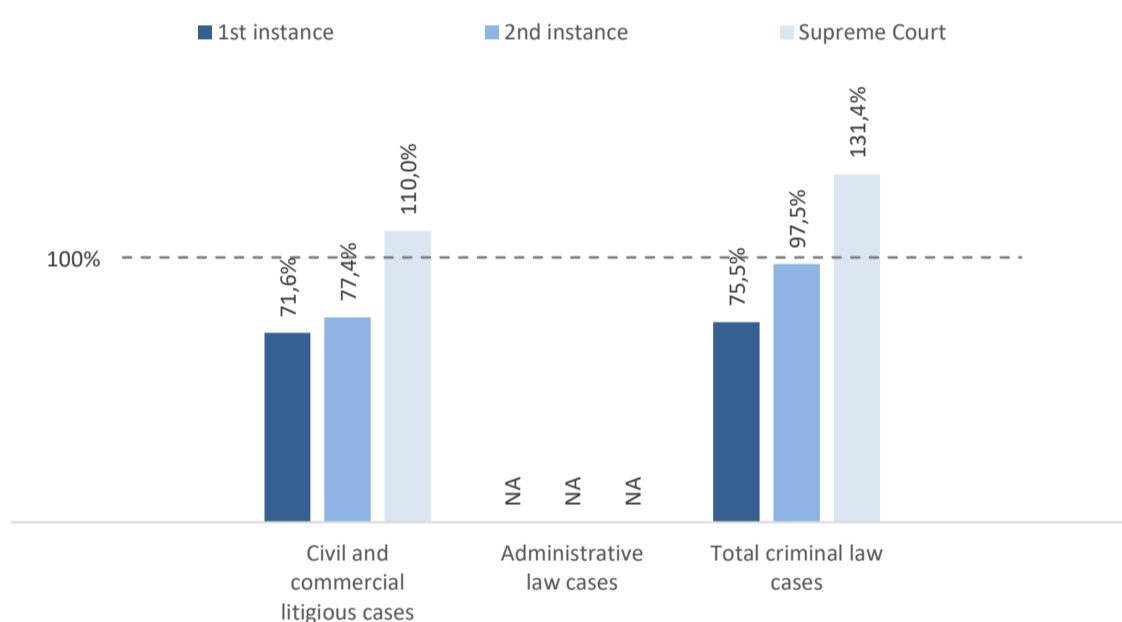
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

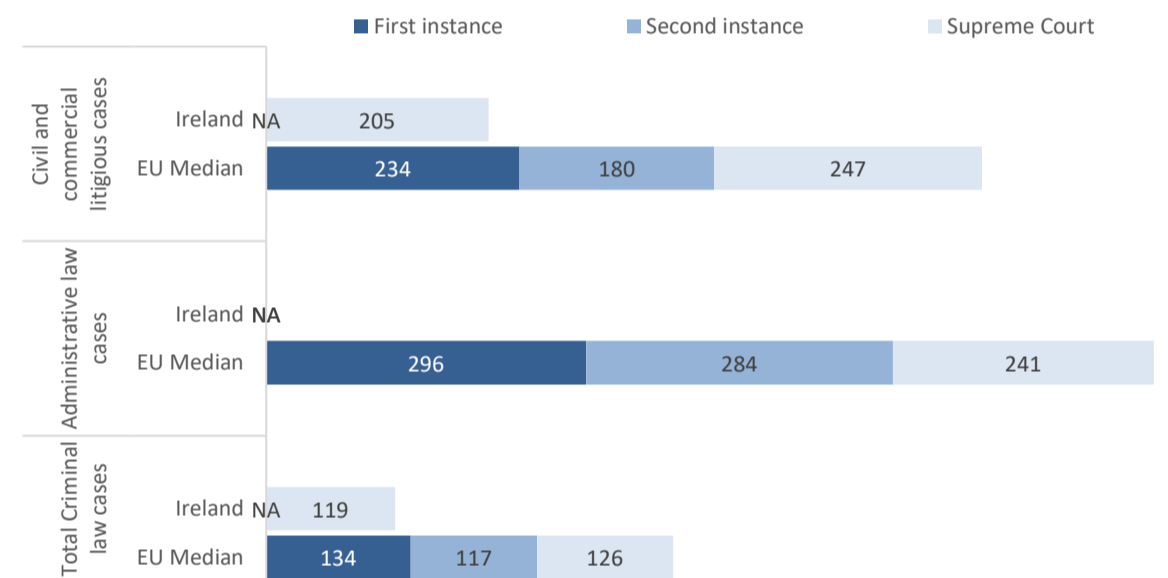
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	71,6%	102,5%	NA	101,7%	75,5%	100,0%
	2nd instance	77,4%	100,4%	NA	96,8%	97,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	110,0%	99,9%	NA	100,4%	131,4%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	234	NA	296	NA	134
	2nd instance	NA	180	NA	284	NA	117
	Supreme Court	205	247	NA	241	119	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Regarding data for Ireland, historically the number of pending civil cases has not been recorded in caseload data, as many cases initiated before the Irish courts either settle out of court or are not proceeded with by the plaintiff/applicant without there being any procedural requirement that the parties inform the court of either a settlement or an intention not to proceed with the case. Consequently, number of resolved cases appears lower and number of pending cases is not available (NA). For this reason, CR shows lower values and DT cannot be calculated which imposes limitations on the efficiency analysis. The mentioned characteristics of the system have to be taken into account whenever analysing available data for Ireland (see sections below).

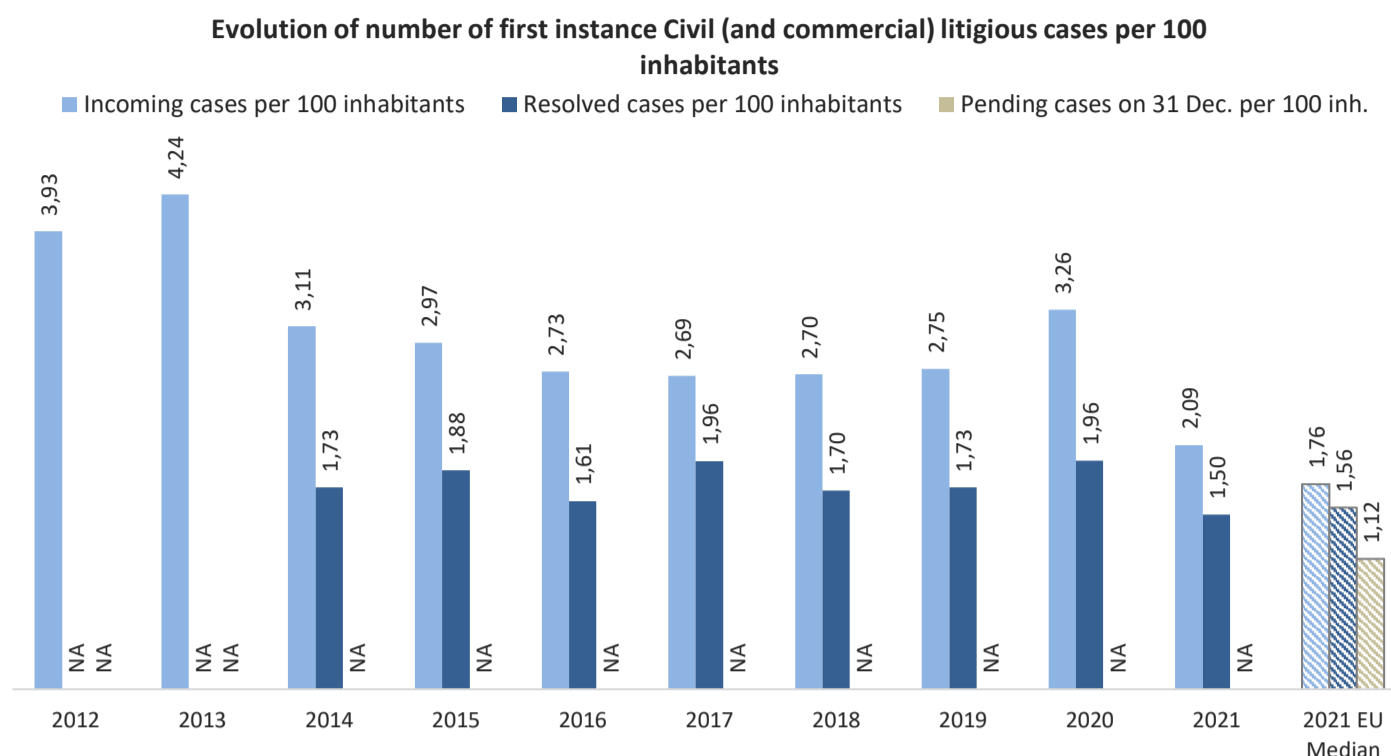
Due to the above-explained reasons, no comprehensive analysis of overall efficiency could be provided.

The data on pending cases are available only for the third instance cases which allows analysis of efficiency indicators for the Supreme Court level. However, it should be noted that administrative law cases are included in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases so no separate analysis could be provided for administrative law matters. Looking at the clearance rate in the third instance, it could be concluded that this indicator was much above 100% threshold and EU medians for both civil and commercial cases and criminal law cases where Ireland recorded very high clearance rate of 131,4%. In both case types, Ireland has disposition times below EU median values, 205 days compared to 247 days in civil and commercial cases and 119 compared to 126 days for criminal cases. These two indicators imply good efficiency in dealing with cases at the highest instance.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,93	NA	NA
2013	4,24	NA	NA
2014	3,11	1,73	NA
2015	2,97	1,88	NA
2016	2,73	1,61	NA
2017	2,69	1,96	NA
2018	2,70	1,70	NA
2019	2,75	1,73	NA
2020	3,26	1,96	NA
2021	2,09	1,50	NA
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



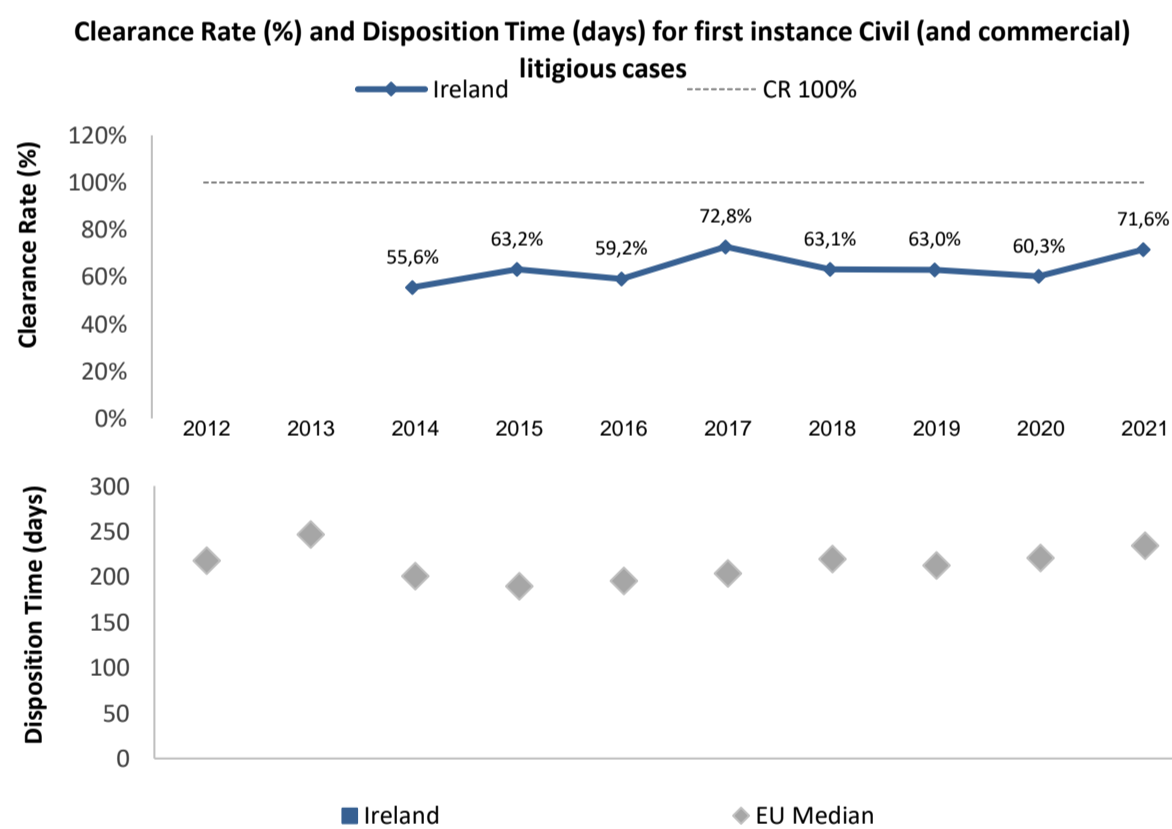
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Ireland (2,09 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Ireland (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The data for pending cases for Ireland is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median
2012	NA	100,4%	NA	218
2013	NA	101,2%	NA	247
2014	55,6%	101,8%	NA	201
2015	63,2%	102,3%	NA	190
2016	59,2%	102,0%	NA	196
2017	72,8%	101,3%	NA	204
2018	63,1%	101,2%	NA	220
2019	63,0%	99,9%	NA	213
2020	60,3%	98,5%	NA	221
2021	71,6%	102,5%	NA	234



Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 11 points.

The Disposition Time of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases cannot be calculated.

It should be noted that Administrative law cases are included in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Furthermore, it should be specified that in 2021 there was a decrease in over 2,500 in personal injuries cases, recovery of debt cases overall decreased by about 1,500 cases and small claims decreased by 40 percent to 2,134, licensing was down 18 percent to 10,764. It is very likely that ongoing covid restrictions contributed to this trend with licensing cases.

First instance Administrative law cases

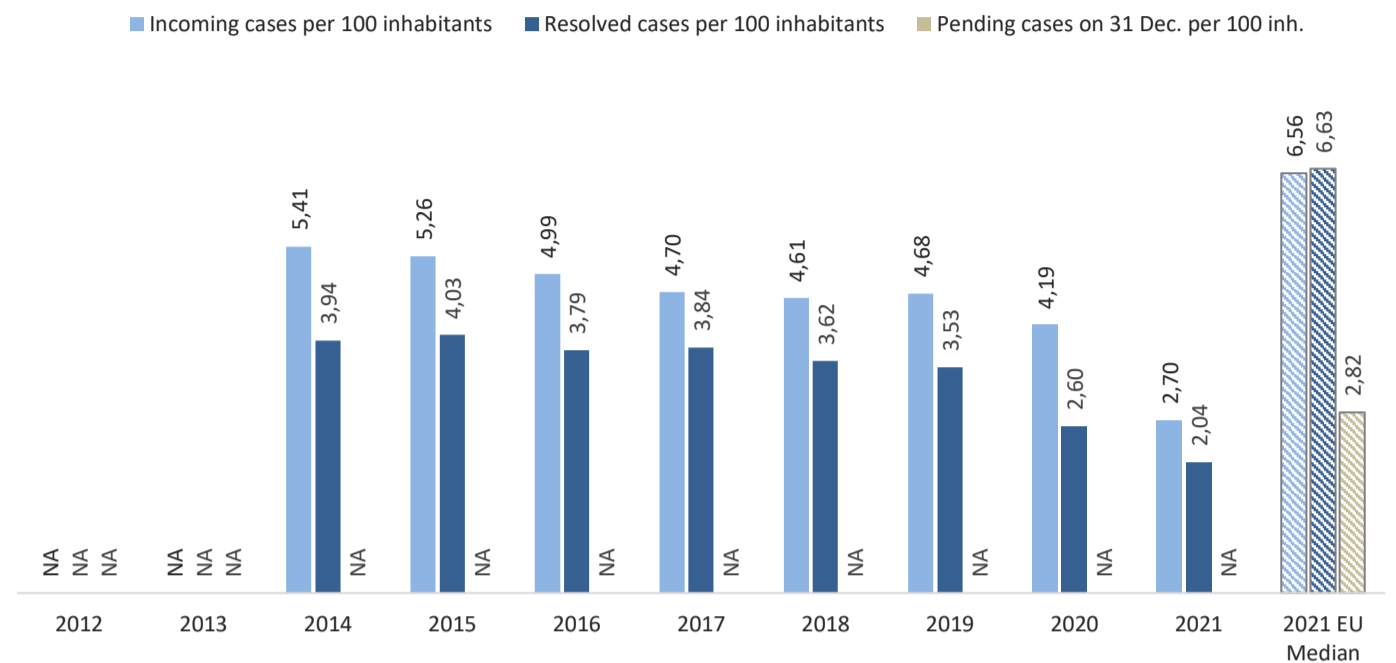
The data for the Administrative law cases are not available as these cases are included in the number of Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	5,41	3,94	NA
2015	5,26	4,03	NA
2016	4,99	3,79	NA
2017	4,70	3,84	NA
2018	4,61	3,62	NA
2019	4,68	3,53	NA
2020	4,19	2,60	NA
2021	2,70	2,04	NA
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Ireland (2,70 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

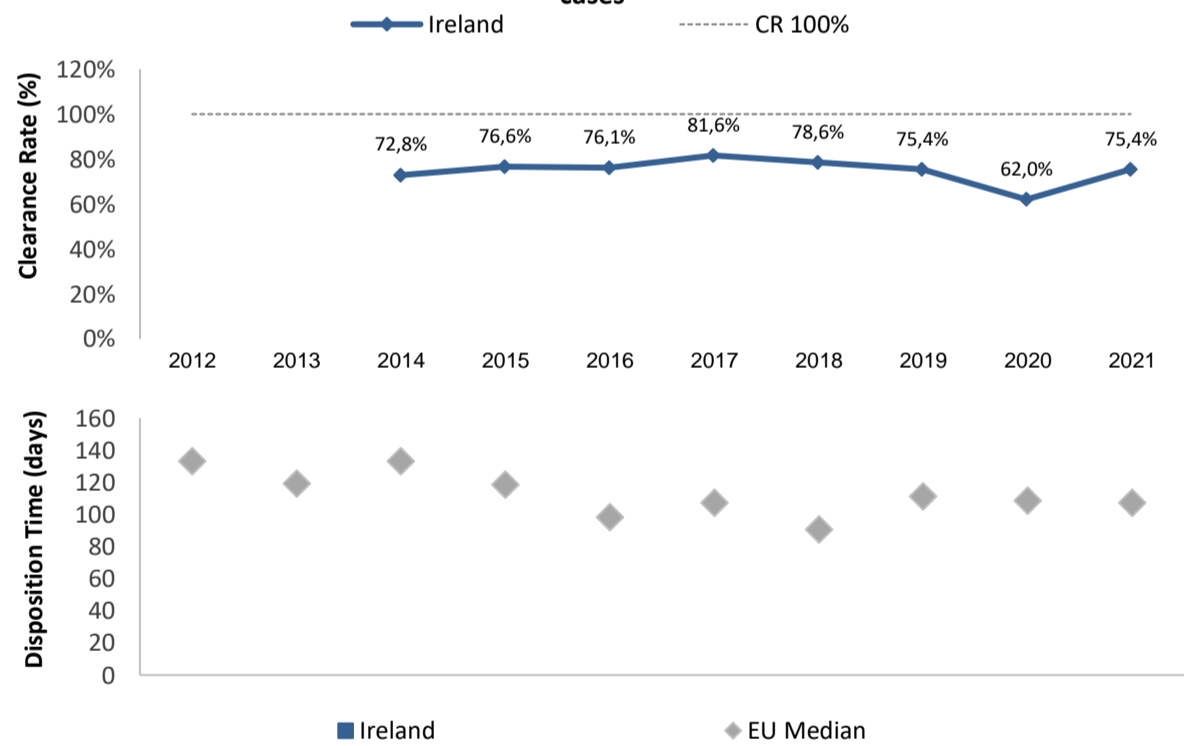
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Ireland (2,04 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The data for pending cases for Ireland is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median
2012	NA	100,5%	NA	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	72,8%	101,9%	NA	133
2015	76,6%	101,0%	NA	119
2016	76,1%	101,5%	NA	98
2017	81,6%	100,6%	NA	107
2018	78,6%	100,6%	NA	91
2019	75,4%	99,8%	NA	111
2020	62,0%	98,7%	NA	109
2021	75,4%	101,2%	NA	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 13 points.

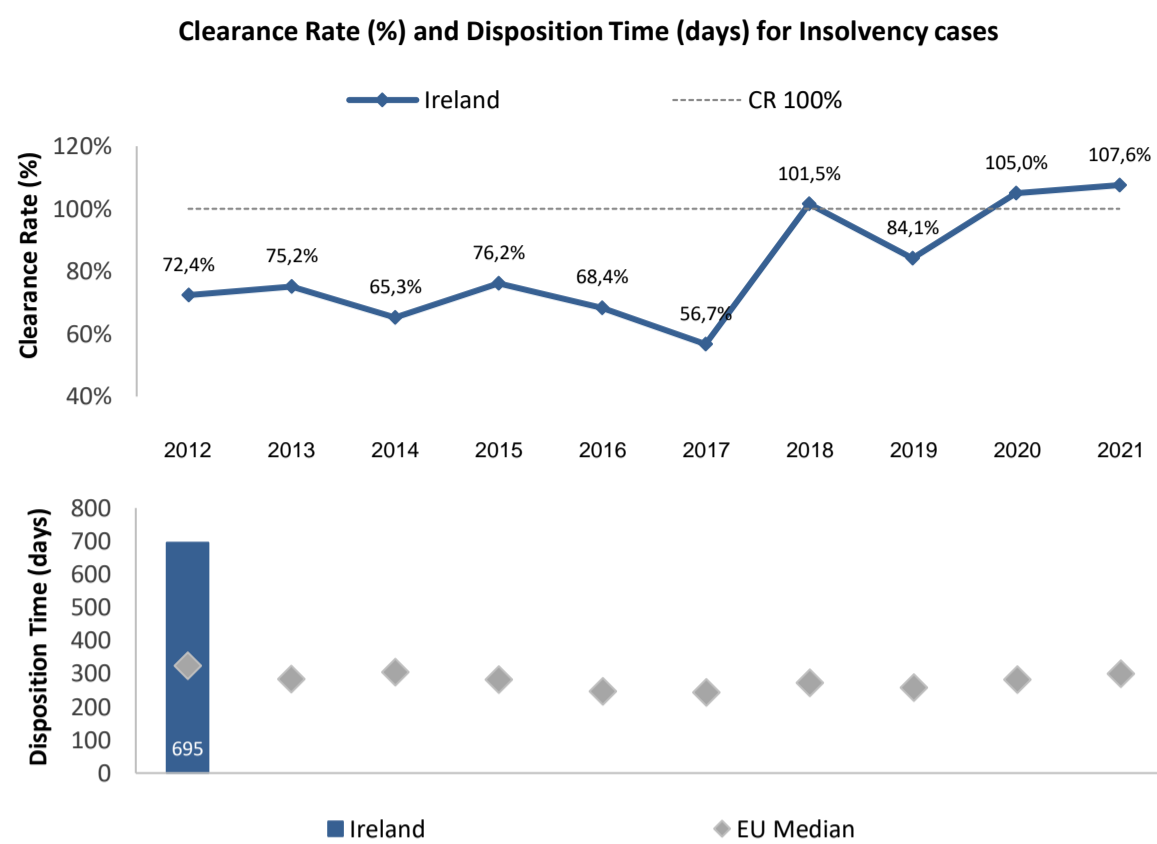
The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

In relation to the total number of other than criminal cases, it should be noted that civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases include proceedings not resolved inter partes, such as undefended pecuniary claims, deed poll applications, probate (grants of representation), wardship proceedings, registrations of enduring powers of attorney, appointment of care representatives, unopposed personal and corporate insolvency proceedings, liquor licencing applications and marriage notice exemption applications.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median
2012	72,4%	95,0%	695	323
2013	75,2%	89,6%	NA	282
2014	65,3%	96,9%	NA	304
2015	76,2%	104,5%	NA	282
2016	68,4%	102,0%	NA	246
2017	56,7%	103,6%	NA	243
2018	101,5%	101,5%	NA	271
2019	84,1%	101,2%	NA	258
2020	105,0%	109,7%	NA	281
2021	107,6%	103,3%	NA	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 108% in 2021 Ireland seems to deal well with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3 points.

The Disposition Time of insolvency cases cannot be calculated as the number of pending cases is not available.

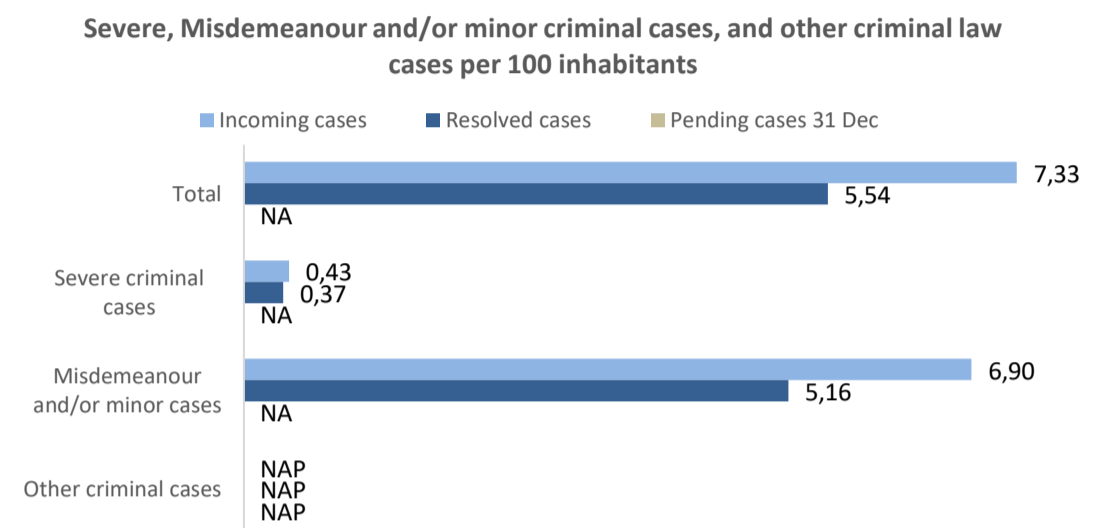
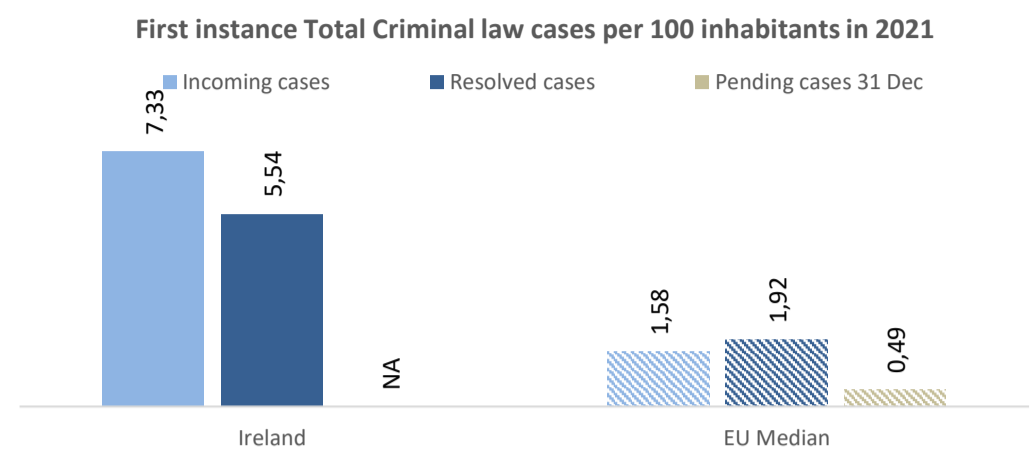
Provided figures on insolvency cases reflect both corporate and personal insolvency cases, and include both litigious and non-litigious cases.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	375 517	283 666	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	22 022	19 185	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	353 495	264 481	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	7,33	5,54	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,43	0,37	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	6,90	5,16	NA
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Ireland (7,33 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

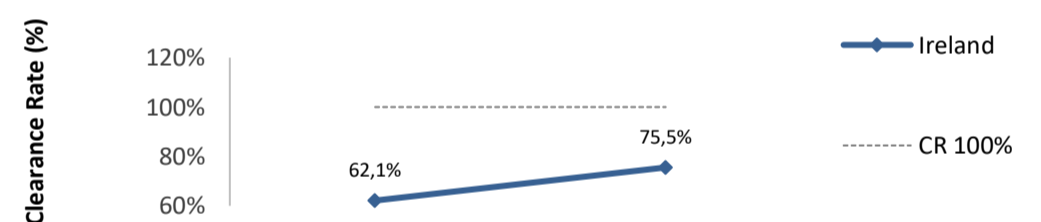
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Ireland (5,54 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Ireland is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Ireland	EU Median	Ireland	EU Median
2020	62,1%	95,2%	NA	139
2021	75,5%	100,0%	NA	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 13 points.

The Disposition Time of first instance total criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

Except for the Supreme Court, criminal cases are generally counted by offence rather than case due to the various ICT systems used. This can explain very high number of cases per 100 inhabitants presented above. Furthermore, the number of pending criminal law cases cannot be provided, because it is not recorded in caseload data.

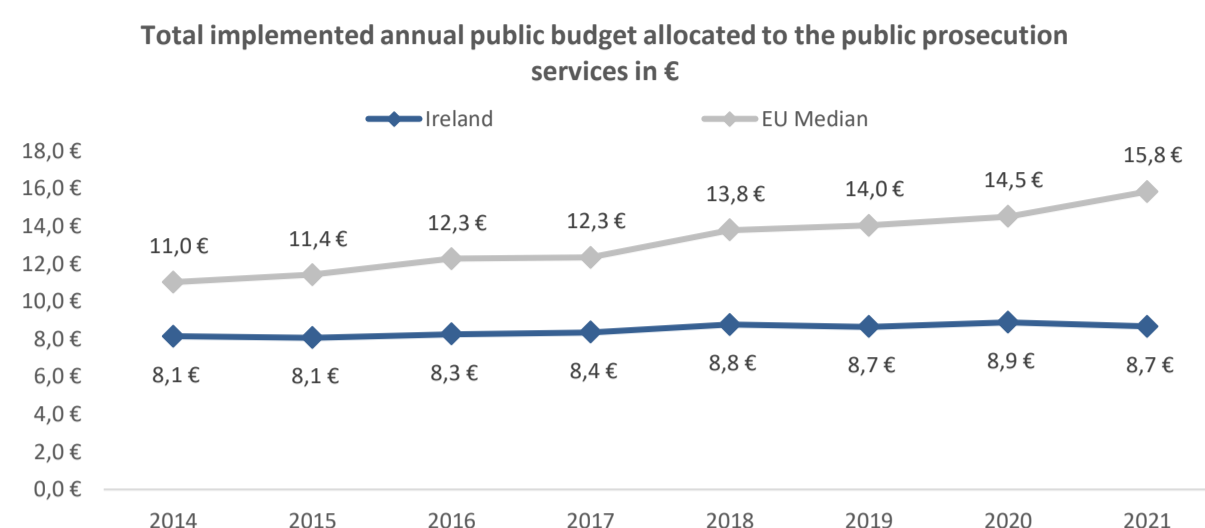
Severe criminal cases are taken to mean indictable offences that are dealt with in the Circuit and High Court. Misdemeanour is taken to mean minor offences and indictable offences dealt with summarily in the District Court (e.g. common assault, public order offences, burglary or theft in other that aggravated circumstances).

The number of incoming cases will never equal the number of resolved cases. It is worth noting that the number of resolved cases in 2021 was a significant increase in the resolved cases from 2020. It is also worth noting that not all offences are proceeded with by the prosecutor, particularly minor offences.

5. Public prosecution services in Ireland (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Ireland		Ireland	EU Median
2014	37 675 000 €		8,1 €	11,0 €
2015	37 622 987 €		8,1 €	11,4 €
2016	38 626 000 €		8,3 €	12,3 €
2017	40 094 000 €		8,4 €	12,3 €
2018	42 582 000 €		8,8 €	13,8 €
2019	42 582 000 €		8,7 €	14,0 €
2020	44 248 000 €		8,9 €	14,5 €
2021	44 472 000 €		8,7 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Ireland		Ireland	EU Median
2018	314 000 €		0,1 €	0,018 €
2019	314 000 €		0,064 €	0,029 €
2020	201 194 €		0,040 €	0,011 €
2021	205 396 €		0,040 €	0,022 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Ireland	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Ireland	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	18 256	▲ 44,9%	0,36	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA	NA	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	5 508	▲ 31,8%	0,11	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	292	▼ -92,8%	0,01	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA	NA	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	5 153	NA	0,10	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

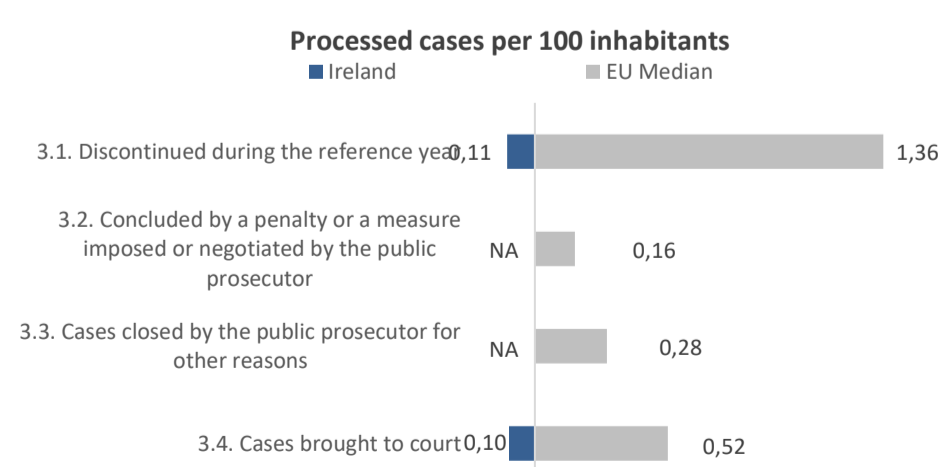
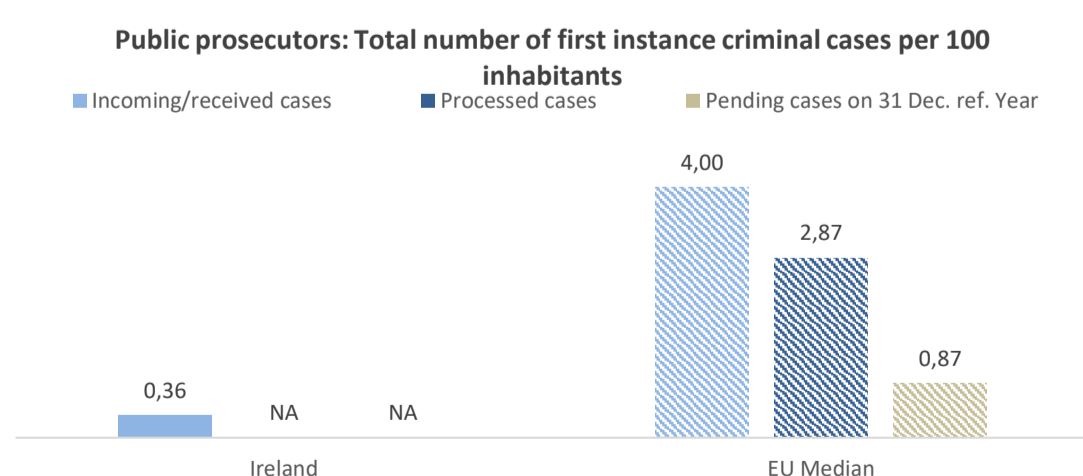
* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

There has been a significant increase in files received by the office in the last number of years - this is partially due to the increase in complexity of offences and investigations. These figures were compiled by the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions and will be included in the Annual Report 2021 which is published annually on the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions website. Caution should be exercised when comparing these statistics with statistics published by other organisations such as the Courts Service or An Garda Síochána. The statistics published here may in some cases not be in line with the classification systems of other organisations.

As many of the cases are prosecuted by State Solicitors, Ireland couldn't collect any data on the status of a case between the time the direction is issued and the final outcome. This is relevant for matters on indictment. For summary cases outside of Dublin, there is rarely an information on the outcome as these directions are passed on to the police by the State Solicitor and the police execute the direction to prosecute without reference to the State Solicitor. This may change in the future if outcome data is exchange using the Criminal Justice Operational Hub. Summary cases outside of Dublin would make up a significant proportion of the files given in the figures above.

Cases are counted per prosecution file which could include more than one suspect and multiple charges preferred. Therefore, the figure given for 'Discontinued' in line 3.1 is the number of distinct files where a suspect was directed for 'no prosecution'. In some of these files, other suspects on the file may have been prosecuted in the courts.

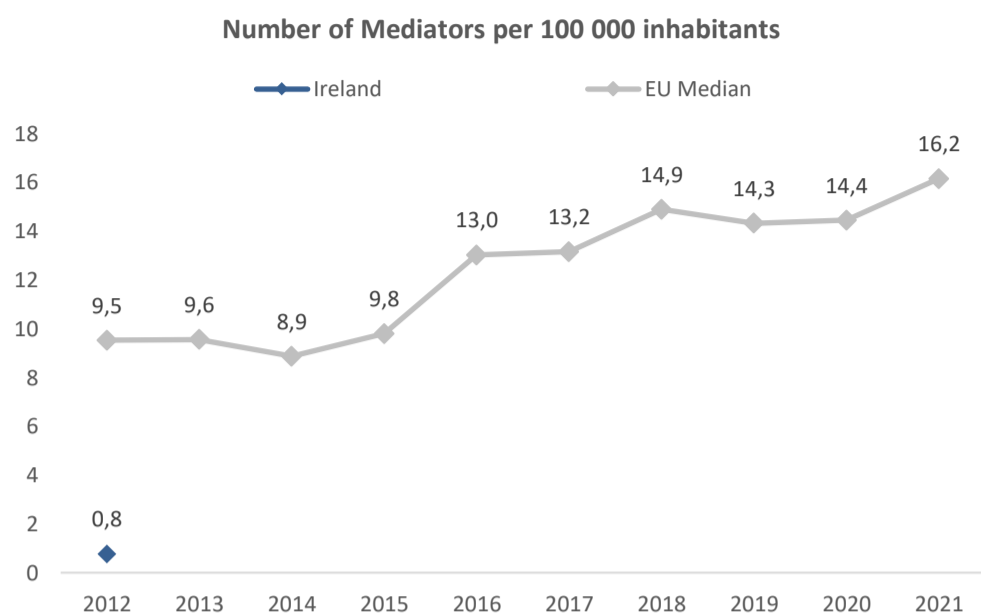
The cases provided in line 3.4 are indictable offences.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Ireland (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Ireland	Ireland	EU Median
2012	35	0,8	9,5
2013	NA	NA	9,6
2014	NA	NA	8,9
2015	NA	NA	9,8
2016	NA	NA	13,0
2017	NA	NA	13,2
2018	NA	NA	14,9
2019	NA	NA	14,3
2020	NA	NA	14,4
2021	NA	NA	16,2



The data on the number of mediators is not provided (NA).

Number of court related mediations

The data on the number of court related mediations has not been provided (NA). It should be noted that in Ireland there is no court ordered mediation. Courts may invite parties to attend mediation (but it is not mandated or ordered). For this reason, and in the absence of the establishment of the mediation council, there is currently no central area for recording data on mediation. When the mediation council is established, it might be possible to provide this data.

7. ICT tools of courts in Ireland (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	No	No	
Justice expenses management	100%	No	No	
Other	NA	No	No	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	No -	-	-	-
Prosecutors	-	-	-	-
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	-	-	-	-

Comments on writing assistance tools

It should be taken into account that tools used for administrative are the same as for civil cases since Ireland does not operate administrative courts.

Comments on voice recording tools

It should be taken into account that tools used for administrative are the same as for civil cases since Ireland does not operate administrative courts.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Ireland (2021 data)

In Ireland, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

However, although the quality standards were not determined and implemented in 2021, it should be noted that with effect from 1 October 2022, a statutory system providing for investigation and adjudication of complaints in relation to judicial conduct has been commenced pursuant to Judicial Council Act 2019. Secretary of Judicial Council and Judicial Conduct Committee of that Committee investigate and adjudicate complaints.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✘	Number of appeals	✘
Number of pending cases	✘	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✔

In Ireland, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✔
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✘
Number of pending cases	✘	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✔	Other	✘

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Ireland, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	4 792 500	4 857 000	4 921 500	4 977 400	5 123 536	11,6%	2,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	37 675	38 055	41 011	55 187	58 961	61 369	66 716	72 346	74 912	85 061	125,8%	13,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False	False		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	-		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	-		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	-		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	-		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	-		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	-		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	-		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	-		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	-		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	-		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	-		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	-		
078-1.1.13 Other									-	-		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	False		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	-		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	-		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	-		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.4 number of pending cases							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.5 backlogs							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									-	-		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									-	-		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									-	-		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False			
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	True			
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	False			
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	True			
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	False			
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	True			
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	False			
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True			
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									True	True			
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False			
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)													
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-50,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	100,0%	0,0%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	0,0%
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93	93	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	105	100	94	94	95	95	95	95	95	95	-9,5%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	250 402	245 462	233 058	225 215	223 906	230 240	208 579	138 451	-	-33,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	180 287	195 299	143 993	138 540	127 395	128 820	131 159	135 208	162 065	107 330	-40,5%	-33,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	46 514	31 121	-	-33,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	105 215	105 623	104 848	95 363	91 655	93 740	46 514	31 121	-	-33,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	182 409	187 987	177 247	183 793	175 913	173 602	129 390	104 396	-	-19,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	80 027	87 505	75 463	93 729	82 744	85 193	97 689	76 841	-	-21,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	31 701	28 095	-	-11,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	120 010	101 188	99 183	100 969	89 032	92 077	87 117	31 701	28 095	-	-11,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	35	1 194	1 299	815	1 032	1 092	1 292	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	72,8%	76,6%	76,1%	81,6%	78,6%	75,4%	62,0%	75,4%	-	13,37
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	55,6%	63,2%	59,2%	72,8%	63,1%	63,0%	60,3%	71,6%	-	11,32
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	68,2%	90,3%	-	22,12
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	93,4%	100,5%	92,9%	68,2%	90,3%	-	22,12

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---	---

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	486	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	3 482	3 609	3 831	4 314	4 179	3 995	3 888	4 073	5 266	5 856	68,2%	11,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	358	69	135	121	48	18	13	5	5	-	0,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	380	314	1 615	2 368	2 909	3 060	1 526	1 496	3 002	5 337	1304,5%	77,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35 354	37 671	-	6,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	53	-	26,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 892	2 949	2 638	3 291	3 277	3 434	3 252	3 573	3 183	4 286	48,2%	34,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	120	89	102	105	73	31	22	9	4	-	-55,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	275	236	1 055	1 805	1 989	1 736	1 549	1 258	3 153	5 741	1987,6%	82,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 572	33 033	-	40,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	27	-	-6,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	524	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	83,1%	81,7%	68,9%	76,3%	78,4%	86,0%	83,6%	87,7%	60,4%	73,2%	(9,87)	12,75
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	33,5%	129,0%	75,6%	86,8%	152,1%	172,2%	169,2%	180,0%	80,0%	-	(100,00)
CR Insolvency cases	72,4%	75,2%	65,3%	76,2%	68,4%	56,7%	101,5%	84,1%	105,0%	107,6%	35,20	2,54
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	695	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	1 403	1 416	-	0,9%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 334	2 637	2 679	2 673	2 827	2 685	1 403	1 416	-	0,9%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	1 468	1 096	-	-25,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 754	2 227	2 208	1 755	2 119	2 498	1 468	1 096	-	-25,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	104,6%	77,4%	-	(27,23)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	65,7%	75,0%	93,0%	104,6%	77,4%	-	(27,23)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	334	187	144	181	NA	115	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	334	187	144	181	NA	115	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			462	109	164	190	268	323	109	160	-	46,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			462	109	164	190	268	323	109	160	-	46,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			702	524	311	233	242	343	124	176	-	41,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			702	524	311	233	242	343	124	176	-	41,9%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	187	144	182	161	NA	99	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	187	144	170	161	NA	99	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	113,8%	110,0%	-	(3,76)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	122,6%	90,3%	106,2%	113,8%	110,0%	-	(3,76)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	219	226	275	171	NA	205	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	219	226	256	171	NA	205	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									360 576	375 517	-	4,1%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									21 322	22 022	-	3,3%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									382 455	353 495	-	-7,6%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									224 048	283 666	-	26,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									17 535	19 185	-	9,4%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									194 796	264 481	-	35,8%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									62,1%	75,5%	-	13,4
CR of Severe cases									82,2%	87,1%	-	4,9
CR of Misdemeanour cases									50,9%	74,8%	-	23,9
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									12 215	15 681	-	28,4%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 405	1 391	-	-1,0%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									10 810	14 290	-	32,2%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									13 293	15 288	-	15,0%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 719	1 405	-	-18,3%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									11 574	13 883	-	19,9%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									108,8%	97,5%	-	(10,41)
CR o2 Severe cases									122,3%	101,0%	-	(17,44)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									107,1%	97,2%	-	(9,26)

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									12	26	-	116,7%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									12	26	-	116,7%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									33	35	-	6,1%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									33	35	-	6,1%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									34	46	-	35,3%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									34	46	-	35,3%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									11	15	-	36,4%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									11	15	-	36,4%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									103,0%	131,4%	-	28,40
CR of Severe cases									103,0%	131,4%	-	28,40
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									118	119	-	0,8%
DT of Severe cases									118	119	-	0,8%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									12 602	18 256	-	44,9%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									4 178	5 508	-	31,8%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									131	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									4 047	292	-	-92,8%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NA	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									NA	5 153	-	-
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	29 259	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	10 583	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	18 676	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	40 528 000 €	38 389 000 €	37 813 000 €	37 834 000 €	38 886 000 €	41 094 000 €	43 502 000 €	43 502 000 €	44 813 000 €	44 704 000 €	10,3%	-0,24%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	37 675 000 €	37 622 987 €	38 626 000 €	40 094 000 €	42 582 000 €	42 582 000 €	44 248 000 €	44 472 000 €	-	0,51%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	314 000 €	314 000 €	213 000 €	207 000 €	-	-2,82%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	314 000 €	314 000 €	201 194 €	205 396 €	-	2,09%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									30 874	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									85 963	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									73 611	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									12 352	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									18 522	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									14	140	-	9,00
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							NA	NA	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges												
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors												
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff												

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	144	148	160	159	162	160	160	167	163	170	18,1%	4,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	136	138	140	140	143	142	142	143	138	145	6,6%	5,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NAP	NAP	10	9	10	10	10	16	16	17	-	6,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	8	10	10	10	9	8	8	9	9	8	0,0%	-11,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	106	106	108	105	105	101	98	104	99	99	-6,6%	0,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	99	99	93	92	92	88	88	90	85	85	-14,1%	0,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	8	7	8	8	5	8	8	9	-	12,5%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	7	7	7	6	5	5	5	6	6	5	-28,6%	-16,7%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	38	42	52	54	57	59	62	63	64	71	86,8%	10,9%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	37	39	47	48	51	54	54	51	53	60	62,2%	13,2%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	2	5	8	8	8	-	0,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	1	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	200,0%	0,0%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	170	-	4,3%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	145	-	5,1%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	17	-	6,3%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	-	-11,1%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	945	927	927	942	975	1 023	1 049	1 080	1 089	1 145	21,2%	5,1%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	31	21	24	25	23	25	25	25	25	23	-25,8%	-8,0%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	787	778	771	775	790	830	849	865	816	892	13,3%	9,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	125	128	131	141	161	167	173	189	247	196	56,8%	-20,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	2	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	34	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	304	361	362	374	409	420	395	438	457	-	4,3%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	11	12	12	12	14	14	13	14	14	-	0,0%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	257	282	272	268	313	318	291	302	298	-	-1,3%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	36	66	77	93	81	88	90	121	117	-	-3,3%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	28	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	623	566	580	601	614	629	685	651	688	-	5,7%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	10	12	13	11	11	11	12	11	9	-	-18,2%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	521	489	503	522	517	531	574	514	594	-	15,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	92	65	64	68	86	85	99	126	79	-	-37,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	6	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 089	1 145	-	5,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									756	1 117	-	47,8%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									31	14	-	-54,8%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									29	14	-	-51,7%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									438	457	-	4,3%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									268	443	-	65,3%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									17	9	-	-47,1%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									17	5	-	-70,6%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									651	688	-	5,7%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									488	674	-	38,1%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									14	5	-	-64,3%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									12	9	-	-25,0%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									128	123	-	-3,9%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									50	46	-	-8,0%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									78	77	-	-1,3%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									90	103	-	14,4%

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									32	NA	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									58	NA	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country									40 283 €	44 912 €	-	11,5%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									129 704 €	130 197 €	-	0,4%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									208 854 €	208 145 €	-	-0,3%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									33 370 €	33 370 €	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	11 055	11 215	11 588	11 907	12 237	12 588	13 142	14 816	14 054	13 434	21,5%	-4,4%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							6 654	7 558	7 119	6 673	-	-6,3%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							6 488	7 258	6 911	6 735	-	-2,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Ireland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Italy

(2021 data)

General data

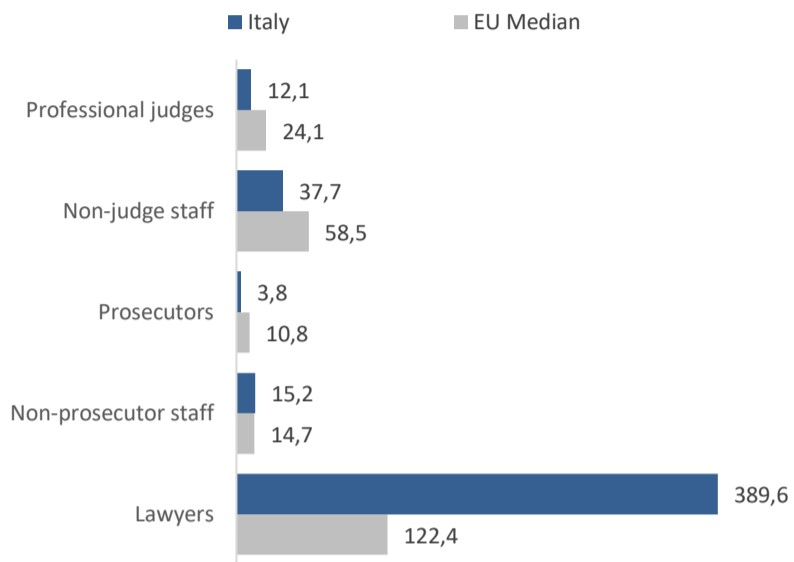
Population: **58 983 122**

GDP per capita: **30 036 €**

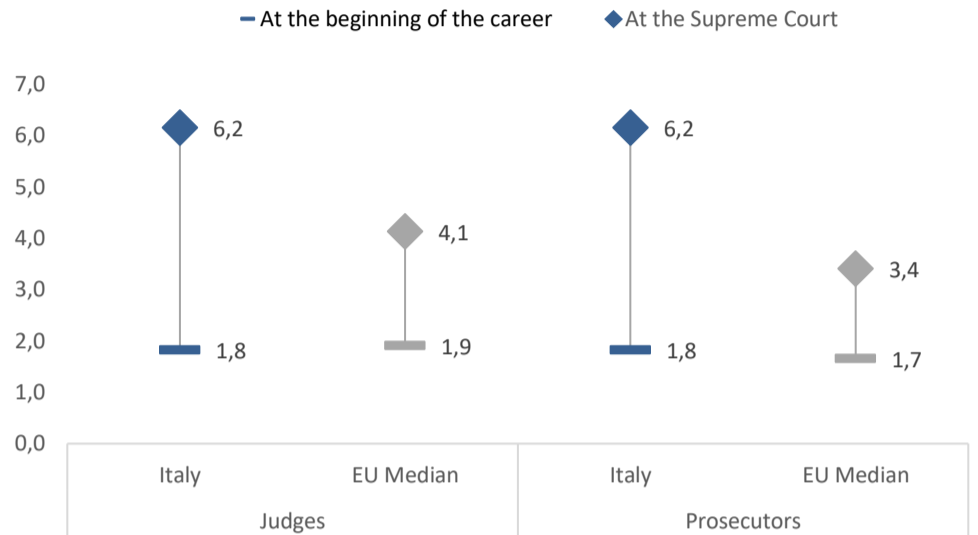
Average annual salary: **31 484 €**

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

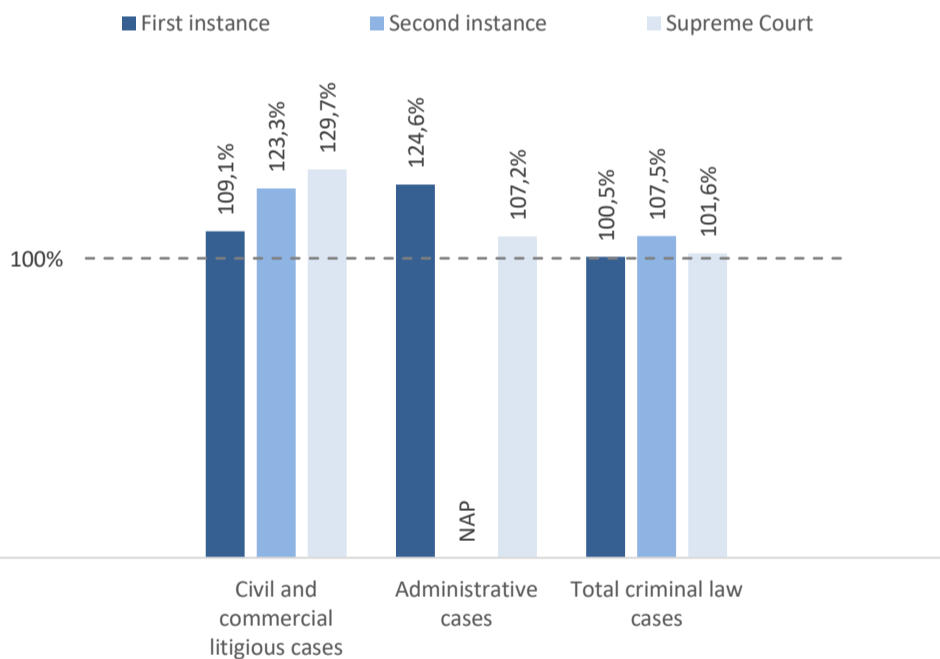


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

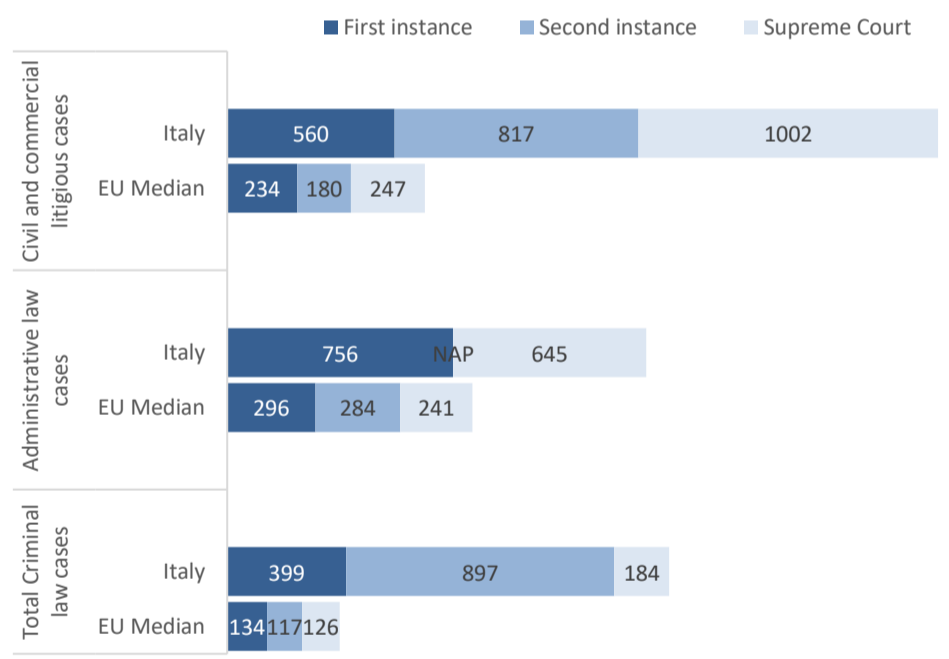


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

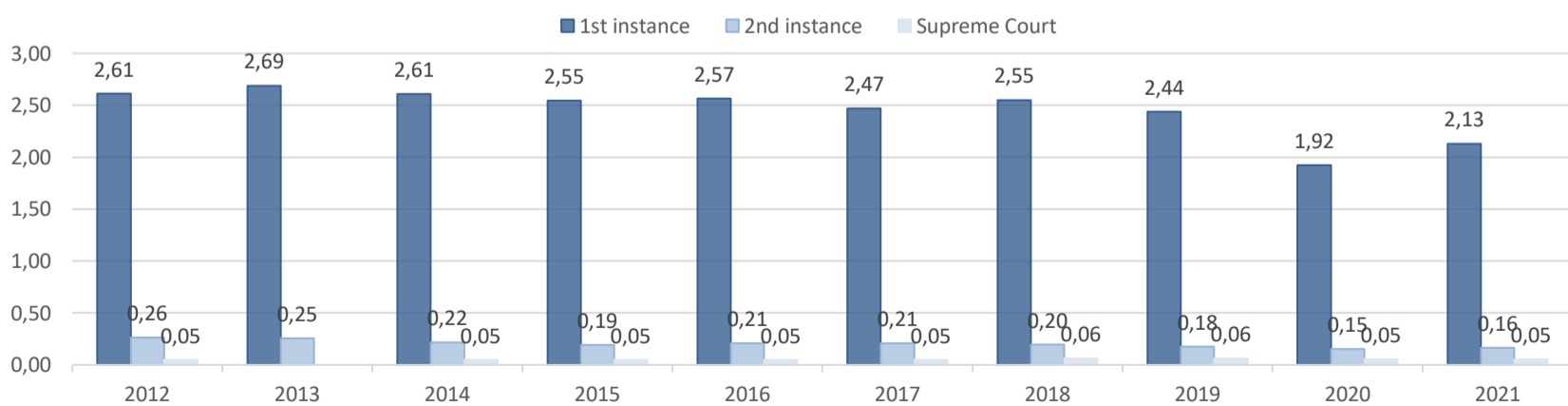


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Italy

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	59 257 566	58 983 122		-1,2%	-0,5%
GDP per capita	25 729	25 553	26 585	26 947	27 587	28 359	29 071	29 609	27 815	30 036		16,7%	8,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	28 619		29 327		29 389		29 343	30 641	31 233	31 484		10,0%	0,8%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,6	11,0	11,4	10,9	10,6	10,8	11,6	11,8	11,9	12,1		14,1%	2,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	39,7	38,5	36,0	35,2	35,0	34,2	37,1	36,2	35,8	37,7		-5,0%	5,3%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									3,8	3,8			-1,2%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									13,3	15,2			14,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	379,0	379,0	368,2	390,9	378,4	382,9	388,3	392,6	398,2	389,6		2,8%	-2,2%
Mediators	NA	NA	31,7	35,5	39,0	39,6	39,8	39,6	40,2	42,3		NA	5,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,613	2,690	2,608	2,547	2,566	2,468	2,550	2,439	1,922	2,130		-18,5%	10,8%
Administrative law cases	0,086	0,1	0,1	0,102	0,090	0,080	0,083	0,084	0,071	0,082		-5,2%	15,0%
Total criminal law cases									1,760	1,909			8,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	131%	118%	119%	120%	113%	106%	103%	104%	104%	109%		-22,17	5,06
CR administrative law cases	280%	190%	156%	142%	153%	156%	136%	131%	136%	125%		-155,18	-11,79
CR total criminal law cases									91%	100%			9,76

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	674	560		-5,1%	-17,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	886	1 043	984	1 008	925	887	889	821	862	756		-14,7%	-12,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									498	399			-19,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,54	5,29	4,54	4,41	4,10	3,94	3,79	3,72	3,69	3,56		-35,7%	-3,5%
Administrative law cases	0,58	0,50	0,44	0,40	0,35	0,30	0,27	0,25	0,23	0,21		-64,0%	-7,9%
Total criminal law cases									2,18	2,09			-3,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			119%	122%	111%	117%	120%	131%	115%	123%			8,68
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									94%	107%			13,70

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			959	1 005	993	893	863	791	1 026	817			-20,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									1 167	897			-23,2%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			93%	87%	92%	100%	88%	85%	89%	130%			40,52
CR administrative law cases			96%	89%	96%	107%	108%	113%	117%	107%			-9,97
CR total criminal law cases									98%	102%			3,91

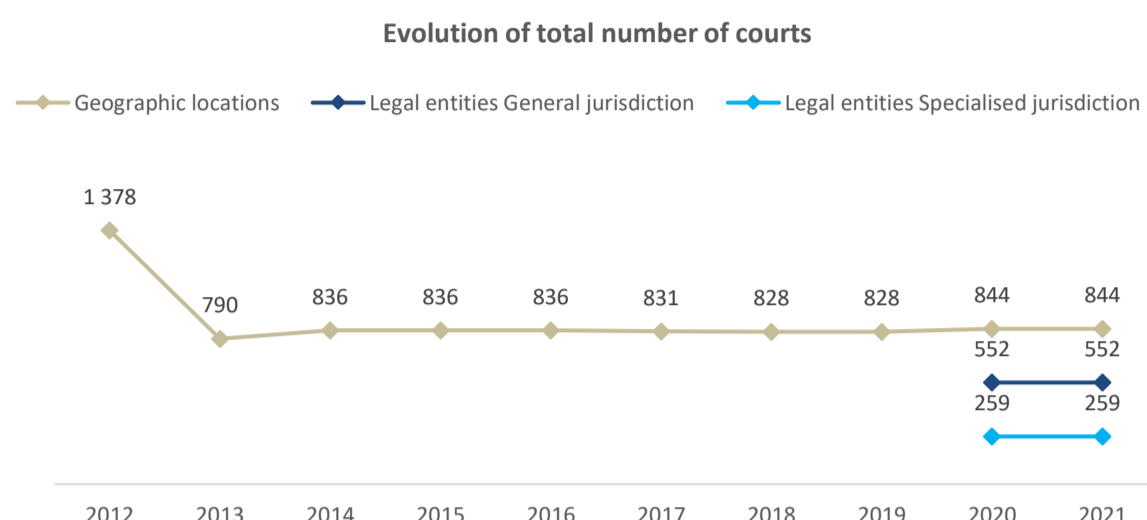
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			1 316	1 469	1 442	1 299	1 266	1 302	1 526	1 002			-34,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			886	1 003	971	950	792	694	667	645			-3,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									237	184			-22,4%

1. Judicial organisation in Italy (2021 data)

In 2021, in Italy there are 525 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 26 second instance courts of general jurisdiction, 1 Supreme Court (highest instance) of general jurisdiction and 259 specialised courts (235 in first instance and 23 in second instance). Geographic locations are 844.

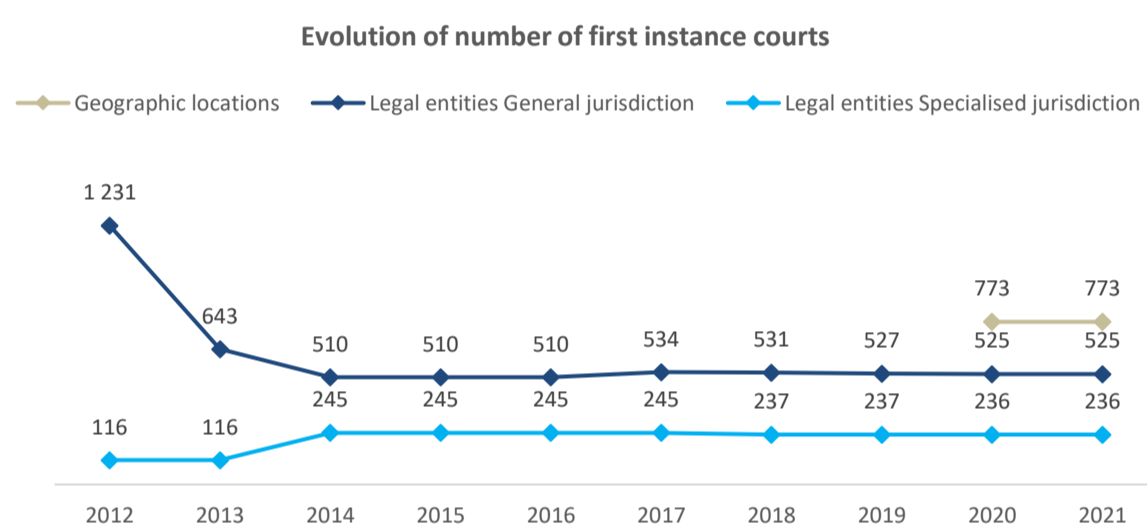
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	1 378		
2013	790		
2014	836		
2015	836		
2016	836		
2017	831		
2018	828		
2019	828		
2020	844	552	259
2021	844	552	259

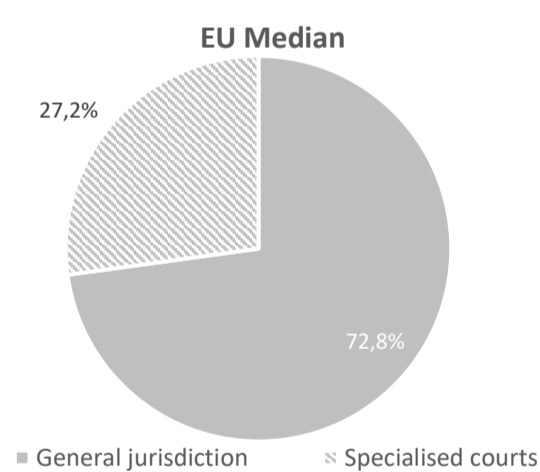
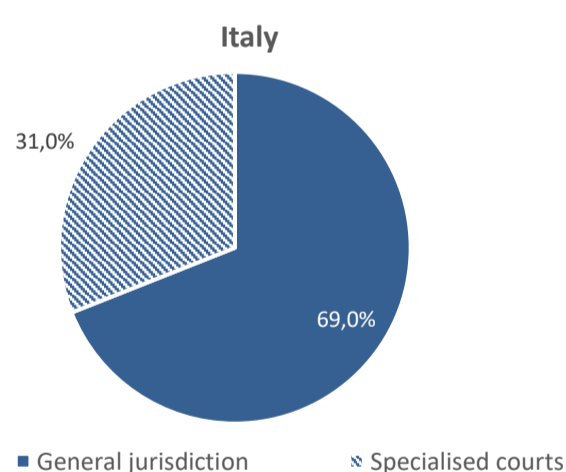


Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		1 231	116
2013		643	116
2014		510	245
2015		510	245
2016		510	245
2017		534	245
2018		531	237
2019		527	237
2020	773	525	236
2021	773	525	236



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 69,0% - 31,0% (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	236	23
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	22	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	20	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	4	1
Juvenile courts	29	NAP
Other specialised courts	103	21

Since 2014, in Italy there are 22 Brand Commercial courts (Tribunali delle imprese) that are legal entities of their own and not just internal court divisions for organizational purpose (such as labour, family etc.).

It is noteworthy that in Italy, some of the specialized first instance courts are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice. This is the case for the regional audit commissions, the local tax commissions and military courts. These courts are not taken into consideration for the replies to questions 6, 46 and 52 for none of the exercises.

In respect of the 20 first instance administrative courts (legal entities) and their supreme court, it should be stressed that they have been encompassed within the total under question 43 for the last four exercises, but only since 2014 this approach is reflected in questions 91 and 99 (number of administrative law cases).

Moreover, in Italy specific matters (such as labour, family etc.) are dealt by specific divisions within the same Court. There are also 26 divisions called DDA (Direzioni Distrettuali Antimafia) which deal specifically with mafia and organized crime.

The appeal of some specialized courts (e.g. commercial courts, juvenile courts) are dealt by the general jurisdiction appeal courts.

Specific subject matters (e.g. labour, insolvency, family, fight against terrorism and organised crime) are dealt by specific divisions within general jurisdiction courts.

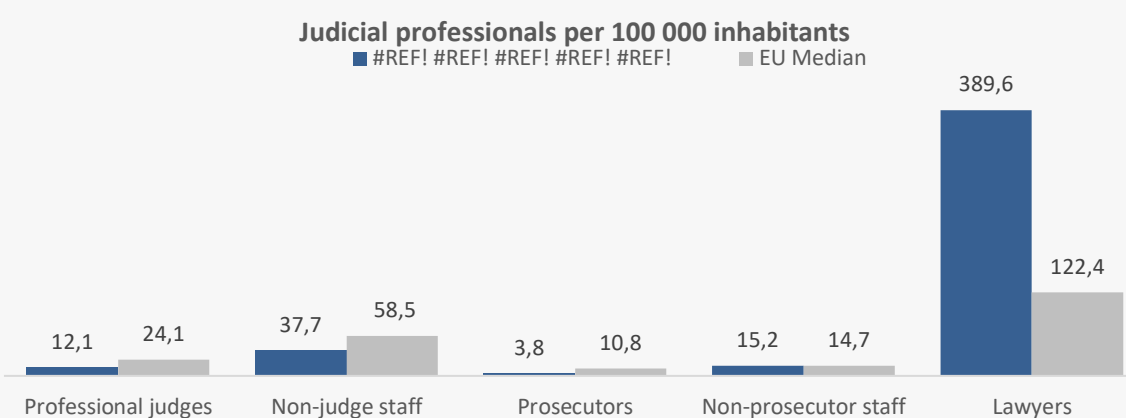
The category "other" includes 103 Tax Courts.

2. Professionals of justice in Italy (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

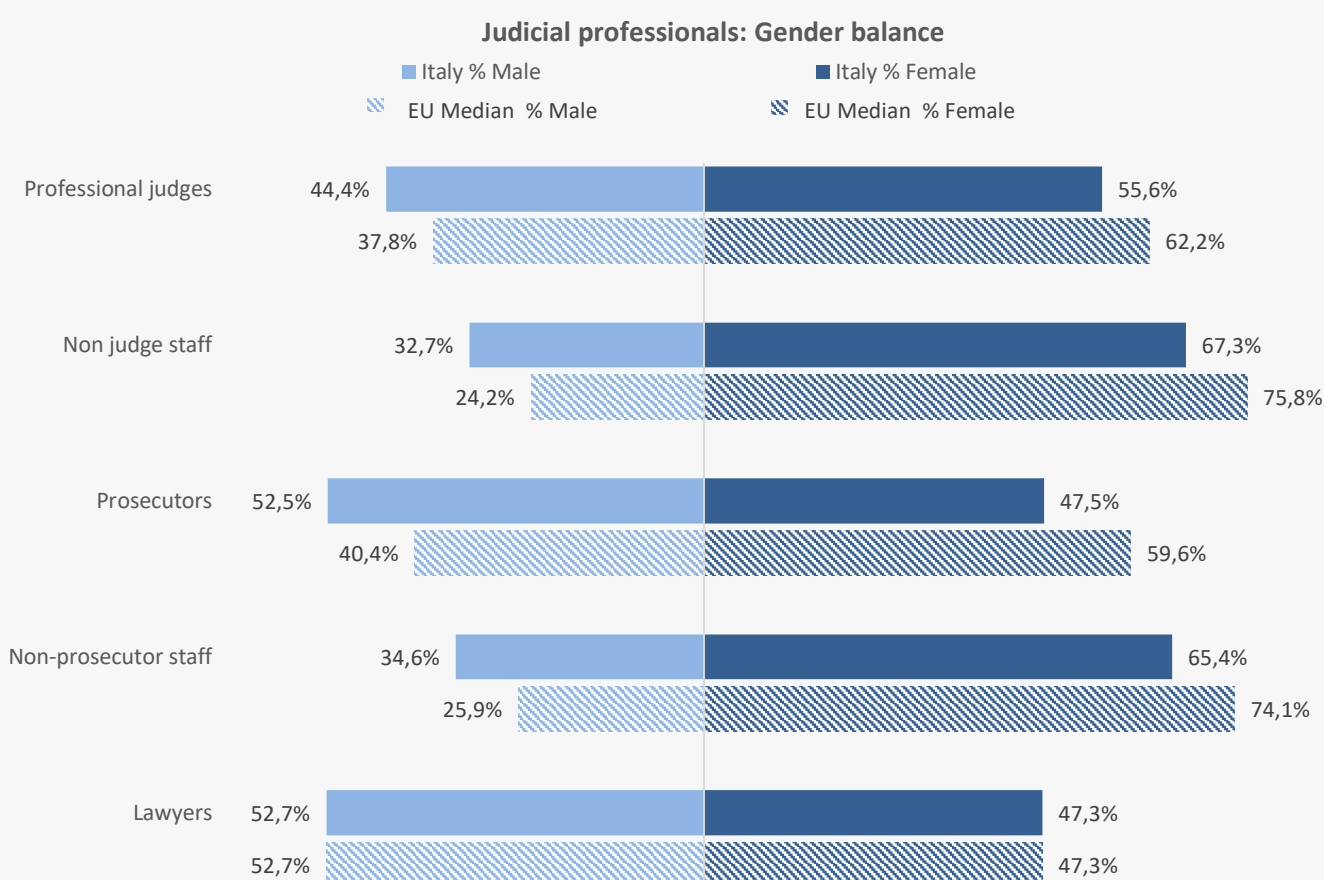
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 154	12,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	22 222	37,7	58,5
Prosecutors	2 231	3,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	8 958	15,2	14,7
Lawyers	229 783	389,6	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

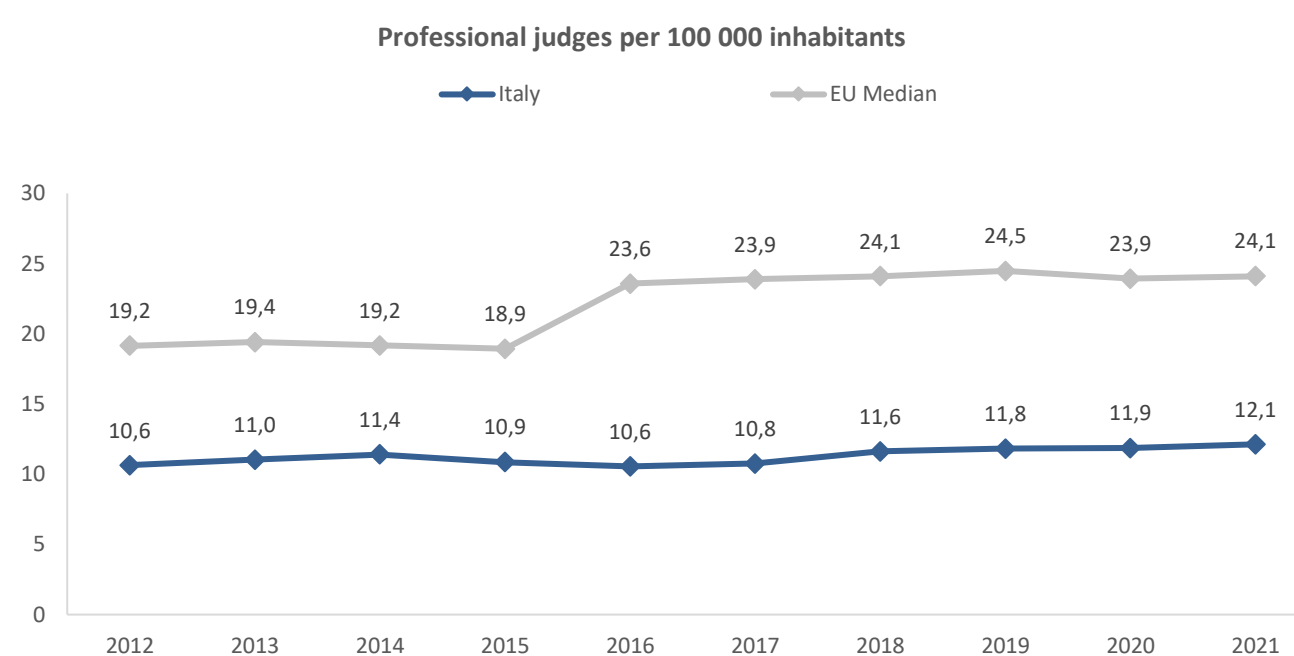
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,4%	55,6%
Non judge staff	32,7%	67,3%
Prosecutors	52,5%	47,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	34,6%	65,4%
Lawyers	52,7%	47,3%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	6 347	19,2	10,6	19,2
2013	6 579	19,4	11,0	19,4
2014	6 939	19,2	11,4	19,2
2015	6 590	18,9	10,9	18,9
2016	6 395	23,6	10,6	23,6
2017	6 508	23,9	10,8	23,9
2018	7 015	24,1	11,6	24,1
2019	7 127	24,5	11,8	24,5
2020	7 027	23,9	11,9	23,9
2021	7 154	24,1	12,1	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Italy is 7 154, which is 1,8% more than in previous cycle.

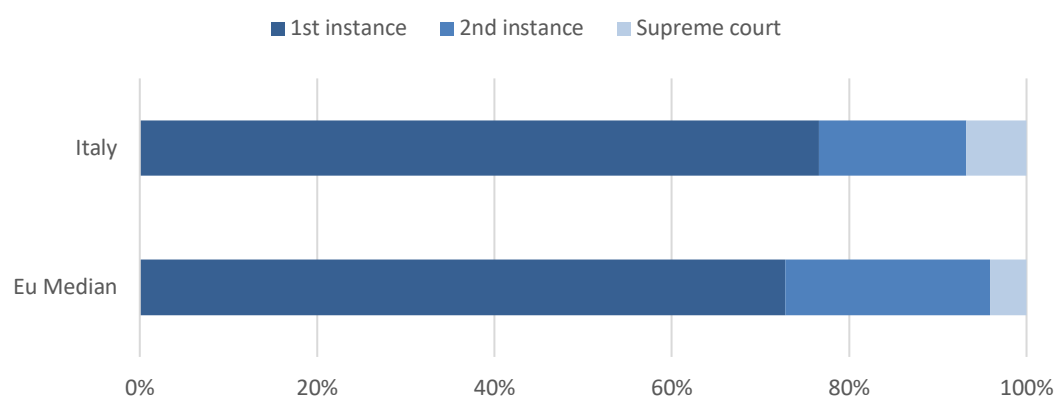
More precisely, in Italy, there are 12,13 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,11 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,02 non-judge staff per judge.

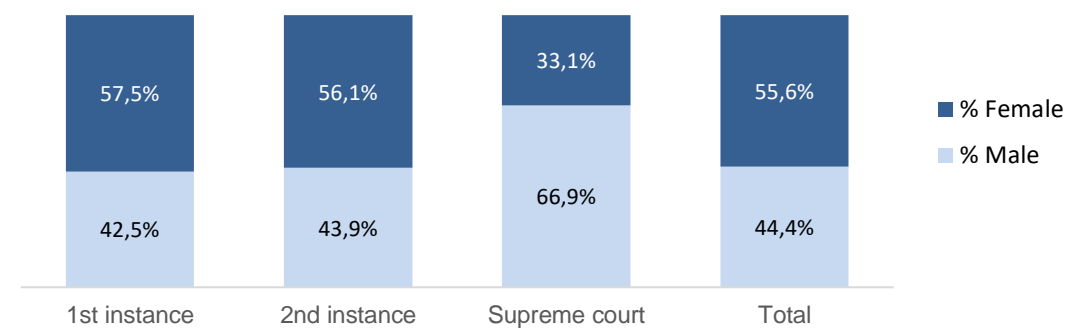
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	5 479	76,6%	2 330	3 149	42,5%	57,5%
2nd instance	1 191	16,6%	523	668	43,9%	56,1%
Supreme court	484	6,8%	324	160	66,9%	33,1%
Total	7 154		3 177	3 977	44,4%	55,6%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Italy



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 3 977, which represents 55,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 479 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 3 149 are Female); 1 191 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 668 are Female) and 484 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 160 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Italy has relatively less judges in the second instance (16,7% vs 23,98%). This is probably also due to the fact that there are no administrative courts and judges of second instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the judges belonging to the specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not counted under this question.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, as already mentioned, in Italy there is not a second instance for administrative cases, therefore, there are no second instance administrative judges.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

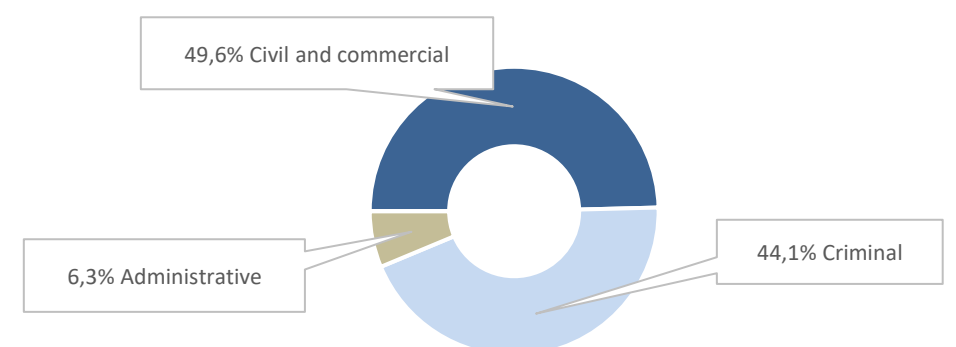
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	5 479	2 709	2 442	328	NAP
2nd instance	1 191	641	550	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	484	198	164	122	NAP
Total	7 154	3 548	3 156	450	NAP

In Italy, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	49,4%	44,6%	6,0%	NAP
2nd instance	53,8%	46,2%	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	40,9%	33,9%	25,2%	NAP
Total	49,6%	44,1%	6,3%	NAP

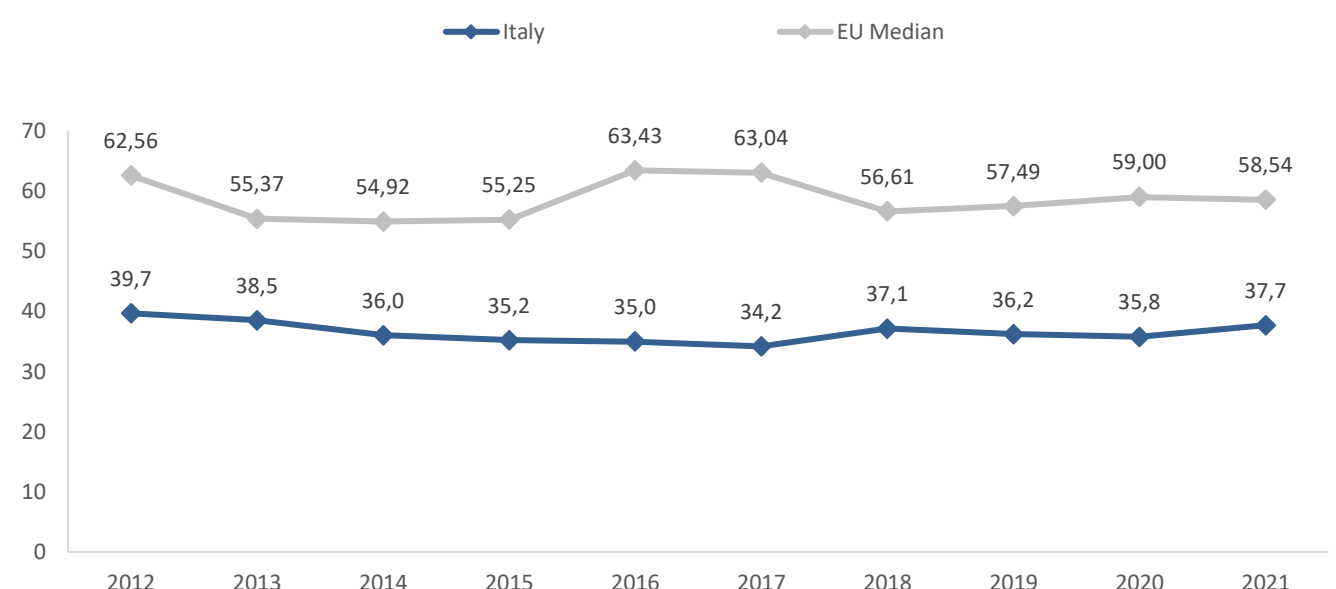
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	23 672	62,6	39,7	62,6
2013	22 991	55,4	38,5	55,4
2014	21 903	54,9	36,0	54,9
2015	21 360	55,2	35,2	55,2
2016	21 182	63,4	35,0	63,4
2017	20 664	63,0	34,2	63,0
2018	22 401	56,6	37,1	56,6
2019	21 808	57,5	36,2	57,5
2020	21 193	59,0	35,8	59,0
2021	22 222	58,5	37,7	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Italy has 22 222 non-judge staff (of which 14 952 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 4,9%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 35,8 in 2020 to 37,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 11,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 12,1 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	22 222	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	14 328	64,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	5 020	22,6%
Technical staff	378	1,7%
Other	2 496	11,2%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 14 328 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 10 273 are Female);
- 5 020 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 3 554 are Female);
- 378 technical staff (of which 151 are Female);
- 2 496 other (of which 974 are Female);

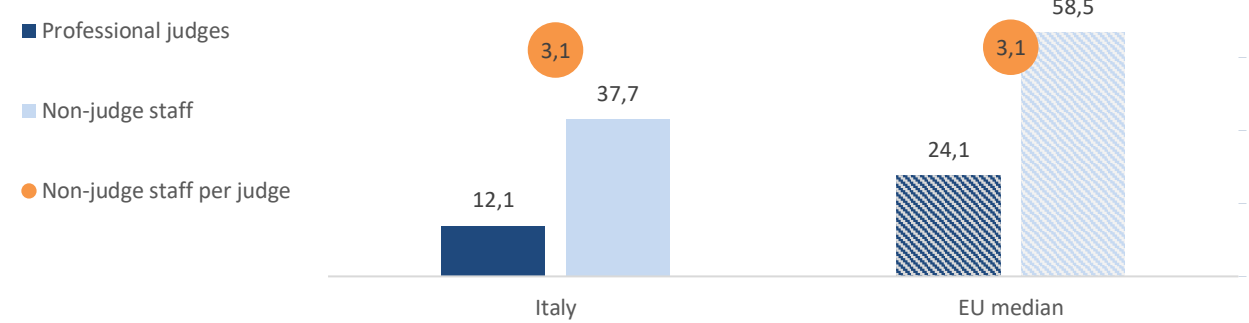
The category "other non-judge staff" encompasses assistants, receptionists, porters and other judicial staff. As a general remark, it should be stressed that the high percentage of "other non-judge staff" in Italy is due to a very strict interpretation of the definition of the main categories. The specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not taken into consideration in this question.

In 2021, the number of staff has increased due to the hiring of new personnel through public competition.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Italy	EU median
Professional judges	12,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	37,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,1	3,1

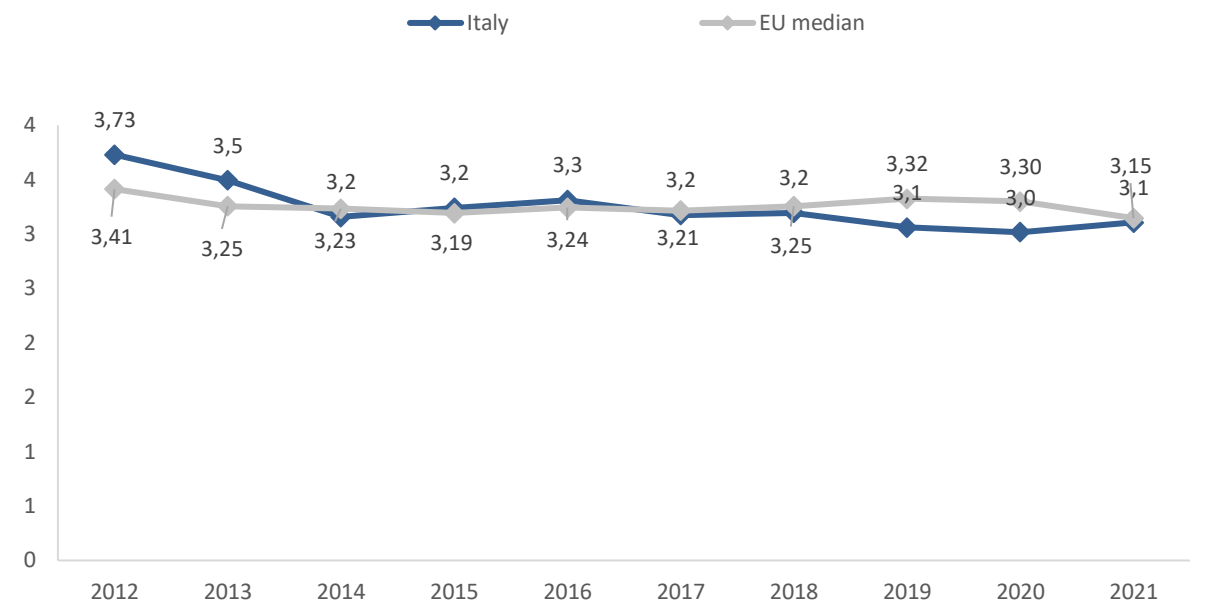
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Italy	Italy	Italy	EU median
2012	10,6	39,7	3,73	3,4
2013	11,0	38,5	3,5	3,3
2014	11,4	36,0	3,2	3,2
2015	10,9	35,2	3,2	3,2
2016	10,6	35,0	3,3	3,2
2017	10,8	34,2	3,2	3,2
2018	11,6	37,1	3,2	3,3
2019	11,8	36,2	3,1	3,3
2020	11,9	35,8	3,0	3,3
2021	12,1	37,7	3,1	3,1

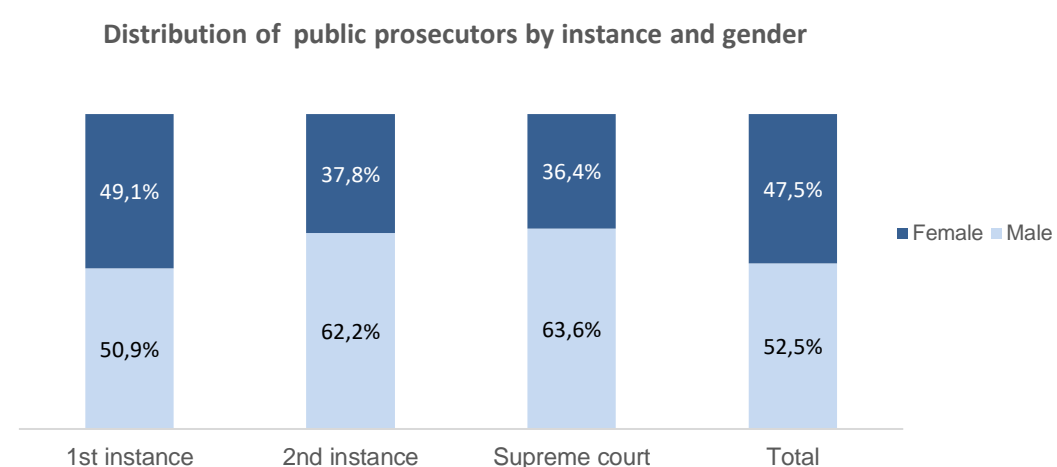
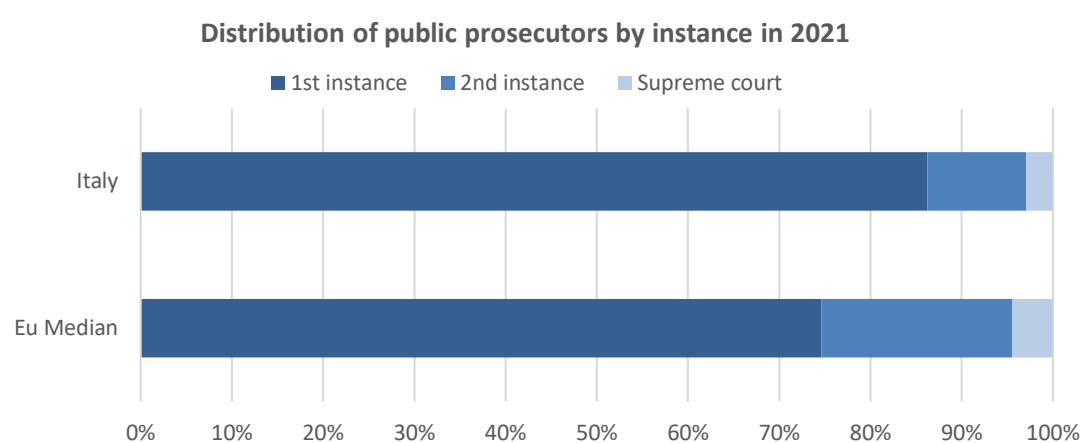
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 924	86,2%	980	944	50,9%	49,1%
2nd instance	241	10,8%	150	91	62,2%	37,8%
Supreme court	66	3,0%	42	24	63,6%	36,4%
Total	2 231		1 172	1 059	52,5%	47,5%



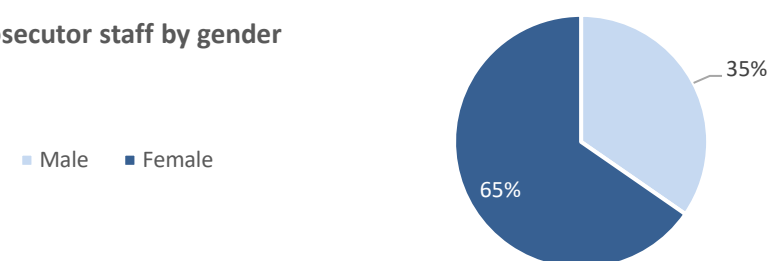
In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 059, which represents 47,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 924 in first instance (of which 944 are Female); 241 are in second instance (of which 91 are Female) and 66 in final instance (of which 24 are Female).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	8 958	3 103	5 855

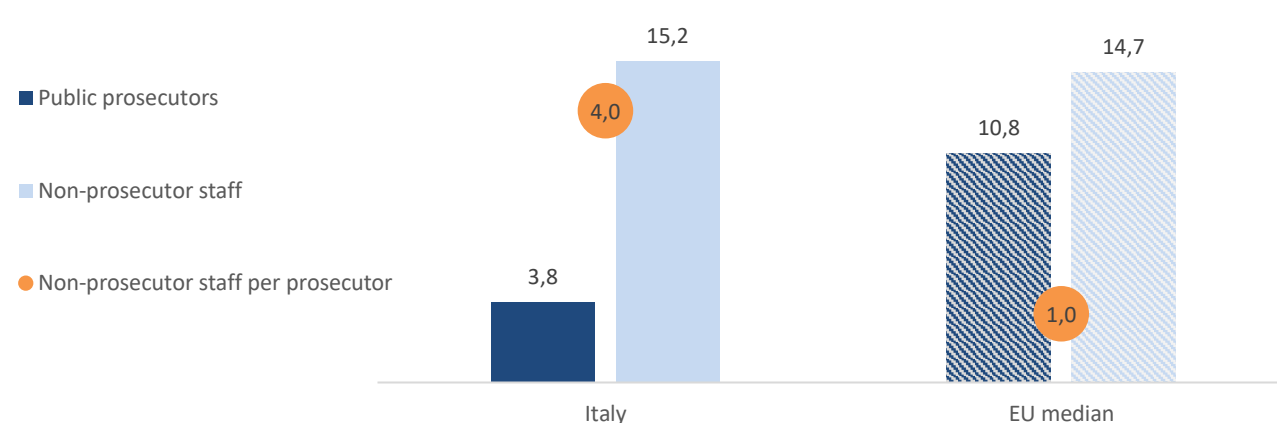
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

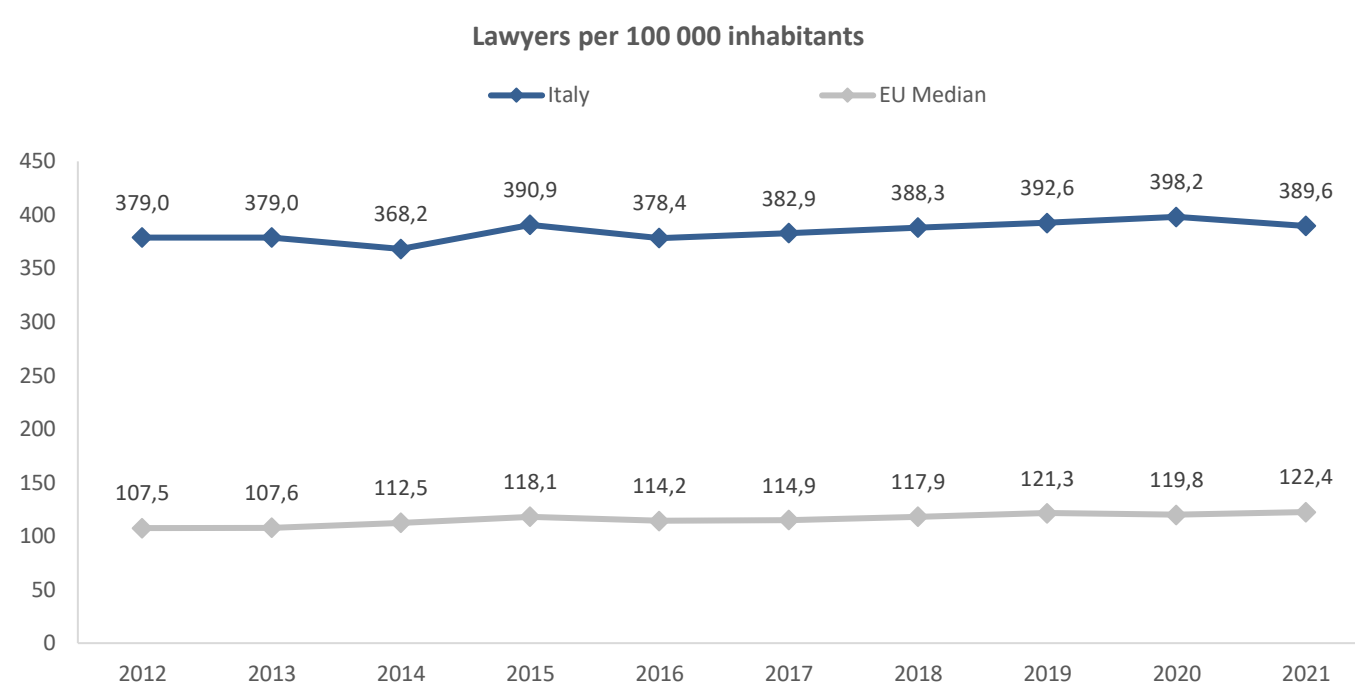
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Italy	EU median
Public prosecutors	3,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	15,2	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	4,0	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	226 202	107,5	379,0	107,5
2013	226 202	107,6	379,0	107,6
2014	223 842	112,5	368,2	112,5
2015	237 132	118,1	390,9	118,1
2016	229 292	114,2	378,4	114,2
2017	231 565	114,9	382,9	114,9
2018	234 386	117,9	388,3	117,9
2019	236 494	121,3	392,6	121,3
2020	235 964	119,8	398,2	119,8
2021	229 783	122,4	389,6	122,4

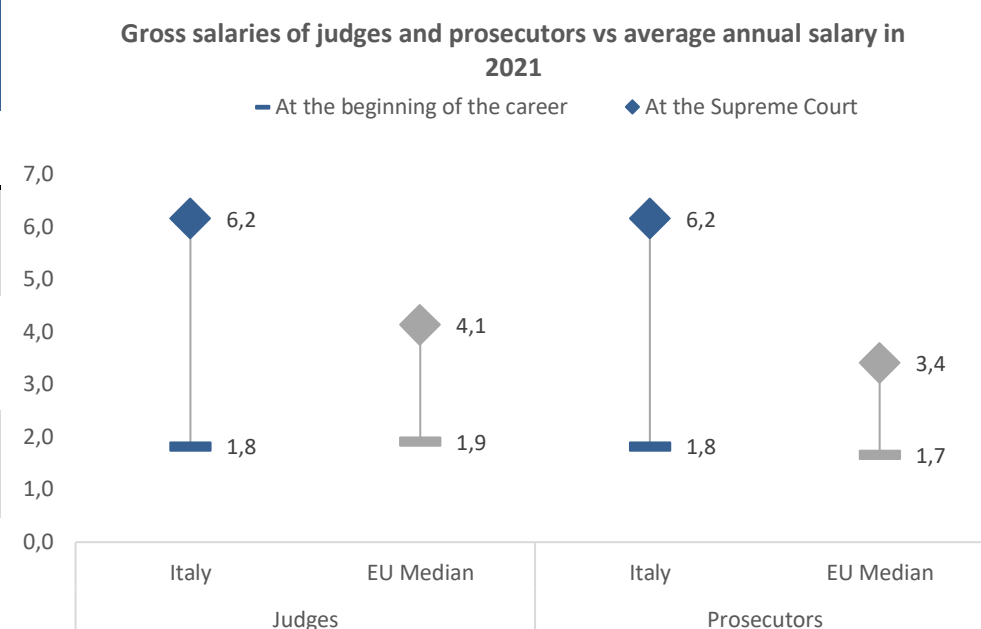


In 2021, there are 229 783 lawyers, which is -2,6% less than in 2020. There are 108 622 female lawyers which is 47% of the total.

Italy has 389,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Italy		Italy	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	57 500€	35 537€	1,8	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	194 005€	105 248€	6,2	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	57 500€	35 537€	1,8	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	194 005€	105 248€	6,2	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Italy of 57 500€ is somewhat above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,83 compared with EU median of: 1,91.

It is noteworthy that the salaries of judges and public prosecutors do not depend on the position held but rather on the experience (i.e. years of service). That means that the salary of a judge working in the lowest courts can be the same as the salary of a judge working in the Highest Appellate Court.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Italy (2021 data)

In Italy, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Legal advice does not exist as such in Italy, but lawyers play a role in ADR procedures.

Legal aid also covers expenses related to the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Legal aid can also be granted for costs related to private detectives, interpreters and expert witnesses.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

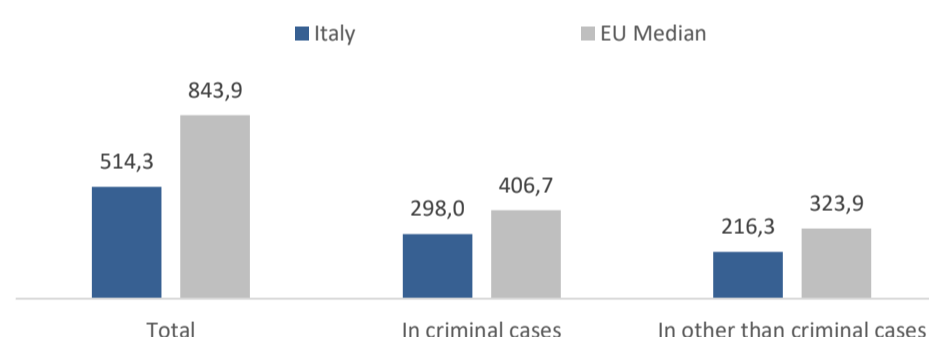
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	303 350	303 350	NA
In criminal cases	175 796	175 796	NA
In other than criminal cases	127 554	127 554	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Italy	EU Median
Total	514,3	843,9
In criminal cases	298,0	406,7
In other than criminal cases	216,3	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



On the occasion of the 2012 evaluation cycle, it has been explained that the higher number of cases for which legal aid had been granted compared to 2010 was due to the fact that the threshold concerning the income and assets evaluation had been slightly increased. Owing to that, since 2012, Italy is experiencing a positive trend in this respect. Additionally, more and more people are living under the threshold under which legal aid can be granted. These numbers must also be seen in the light of the trend of the incoming cases. In recent years the number of incoming cases has decreased, especially in 2019-2020 due to the pandemic.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 10
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Italy (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

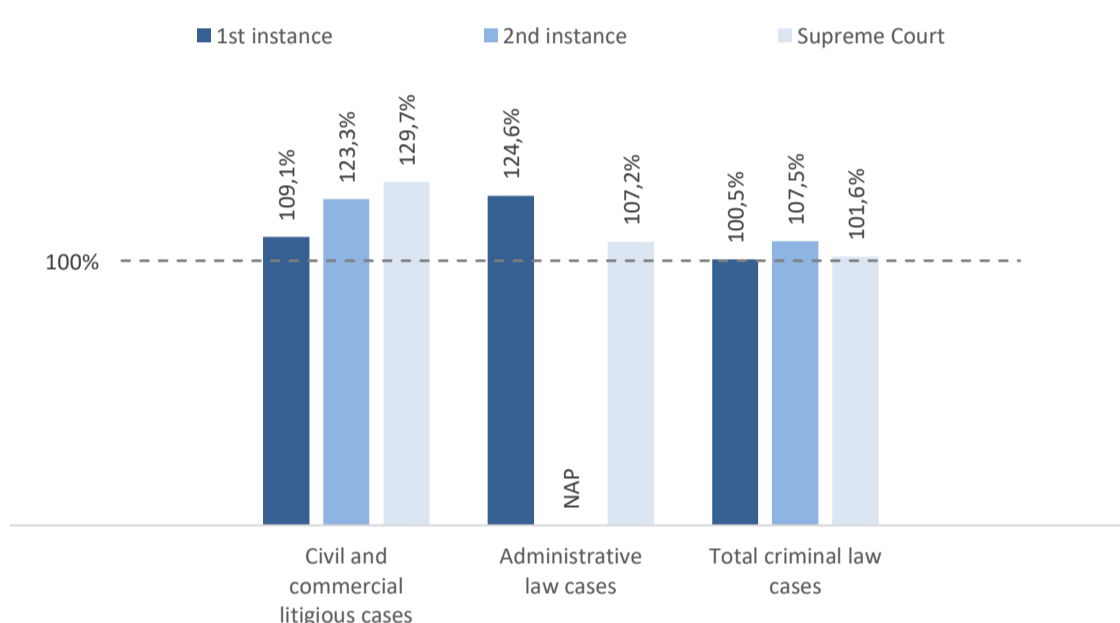
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

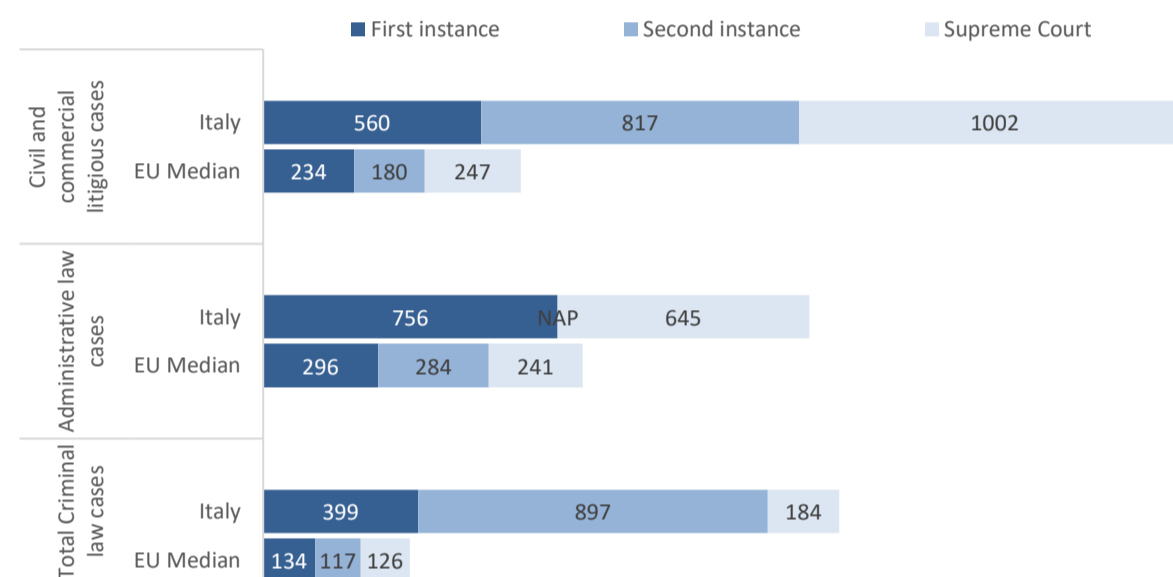
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	109,1%	102,5%	124,6%	101,7%	100,5%	100,0%
	2nd instance	123,3%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	107,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	129,7%	99,9%	107,2%	100,4%	101,6%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	560	234	756	296	399	134
	2nd instance	817	180	NAP	284	897	117
	Supreme Court	1002	247	645	241	184	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



The major issue related to the judicial efficiency in Italy remains the excessive length of proceedings, especially as regards civil and commercial litigious cases, even if, the overall length of proceedings has been constantly decreasing from 2012 to 2018. In 2020, due to the Pandemic situation and the temporary closure of courts, the efficiency of courts mostly weakened over the previous years. In 2021 the Disposition Time decreased in all the categories of cases in the three instances. However, it is still way above the EU Median. Italy has the highest Disposition Time for criminal cases in second instance and for civil / commercial cases in third instance.

Non-litigious enforcement cases in second instance are not in the competence of the Courts of Appeal. With regard to the administrative cases (which number is provided only since 2014), the appeals are dealt with by the Council of State (Consiglio di Stato) which is a legal-administrative consultative body ensuring the legality of public administration in Italy. The Council has jurisdiction on acts of all administrative authorities, except when these authorities lack discretionary power, in which case the dispute is considered to be one of civil law. Figures referring to the activity of the Council of State are inserted in the frame of question 99 and not question 97.

In third instance, "Other cases" represent residual cases, such as those concerning the competence or jurisdiction of the courts, or those concerning the correction of the so-called material errors committed by the Supreme Court.

As regards criminal cases, in Italy there is no formal definition of "minor criminal cases". For the purposes of this exercise are considered as minor criminal cases those proceedings dealt with by the Justice of Peace Offices which have been appealed (to Tribunal).

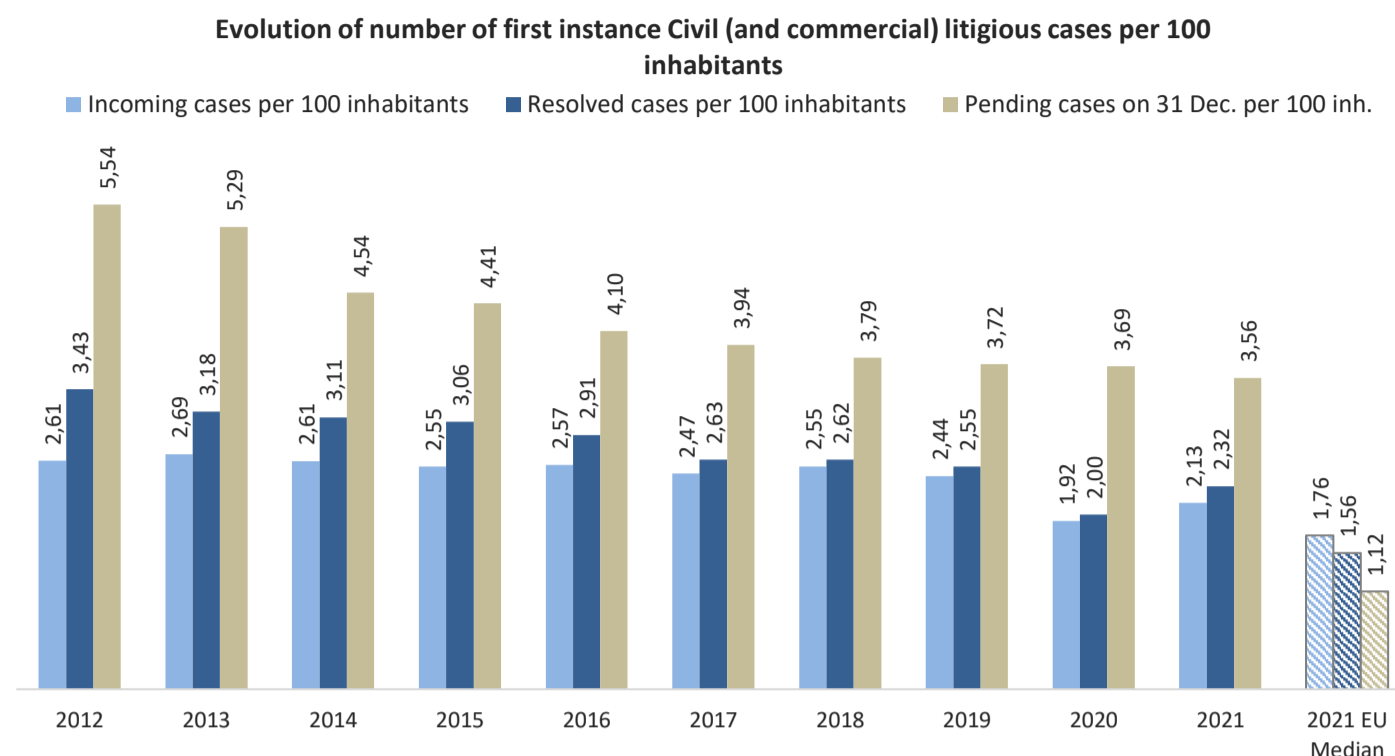
In third instance, "Other cases" represent proceedings regarding jurisdiction or competence conflicts, proceedings pending in other countries (rogatory) or procedures regarding the correction of the so-called material errors committed by the Supreme Court.

Most discrepancies between 2020 and 2021 data are due to the fact that in 2020 the activity of the courts was hugely affected by the pandemic.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,61	3,43	5,54
2013	2,69	3,18	5,29
2014	2,61	3,11	4,54
2015	2,55	3,06	4,41
2016	2,57	2,91	4,10
2017	2,47	2,63	3,94
2018	2,55	2,62	3,79
2019	2,44	2,55	3,72
2020	1,92	2,00	3,69
2021	2,13	2,32	3,56
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



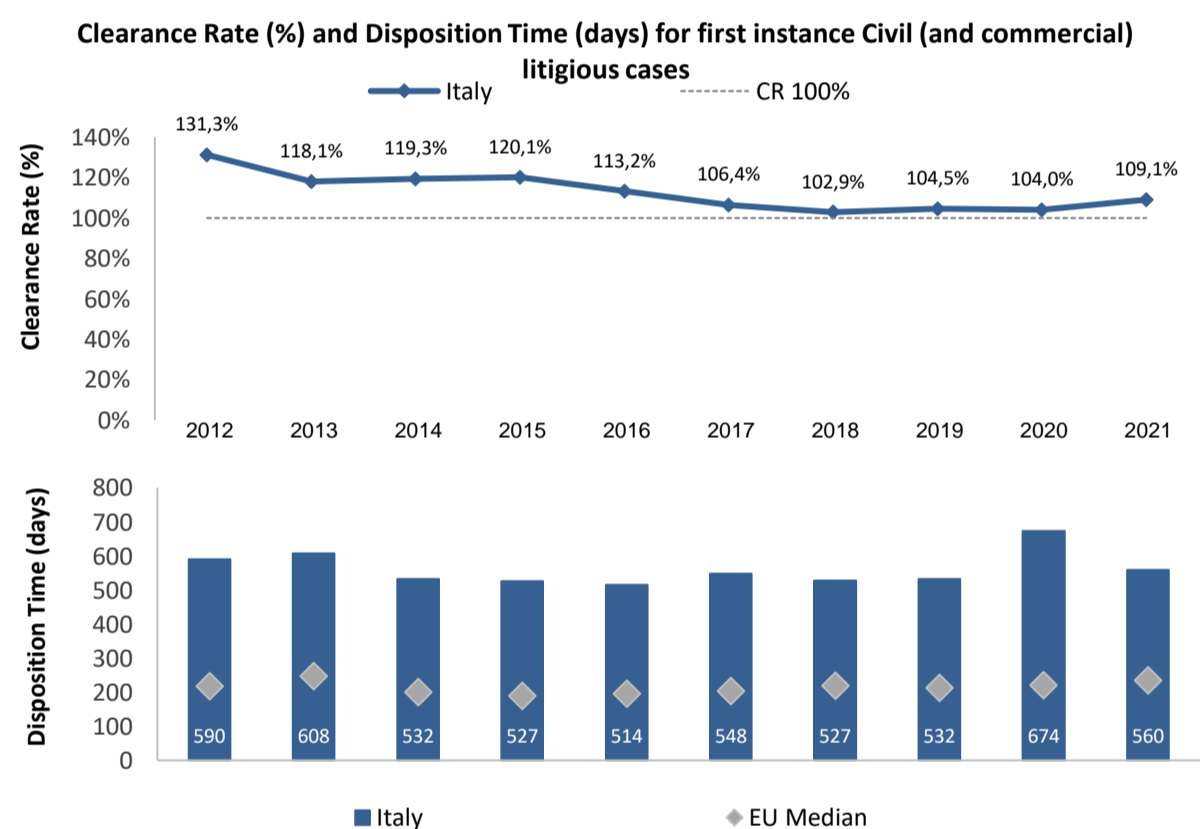
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Italy (2,13 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Italy (2,32 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Italy (3,56 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	131,3%	100,4%	590	218
2013	118,1%	101,2%	608	247
2014	119,3%	101,8%	532	201
2015	120,1%	102,3%	527	190
2016	113,2%	102,0%	514	196
2017	106,4%	101,3%	548	204
2018	102,9%	101,2%	527	220
2019	104,5%	99,9%	532	213
2020	104,0%	98,5%	674	221
2021	109,1%	102,5%	560	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,1% in 2021 Italy seems to be well able to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,1 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 560 days, which is well above EU median of 234 days.

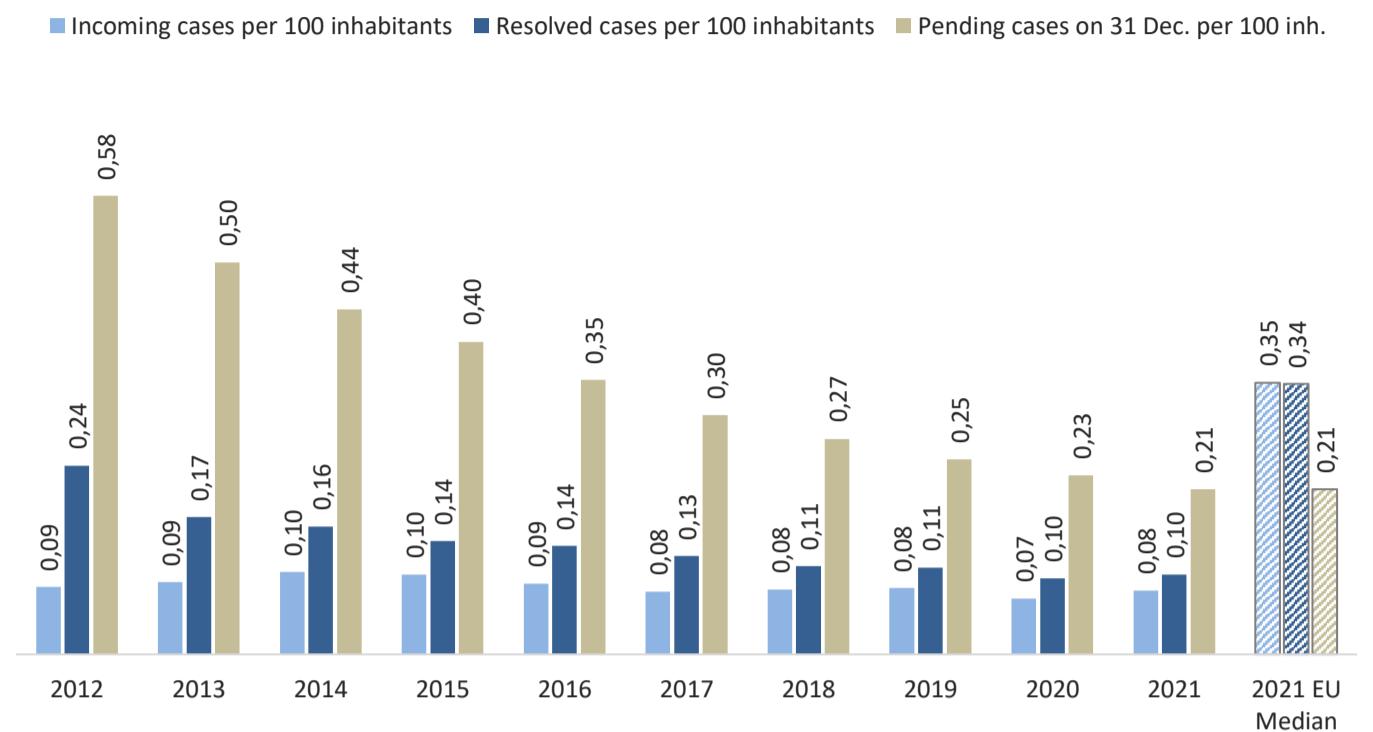
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -17,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,09	0,24	0,58
2013	0,09	0,17	0,50
2014	0,10	0,16	0,44
2015	0,10	0,14	0,40
2016	0,09	0,14	0,35
2017	0,08	0,13	0,30
2018	0,08	0,11	0,27
2019	0,08	0,11	0,25
2020	0,07	0,10	0,23
2021	0,08	0,10	0,21
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Italy (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

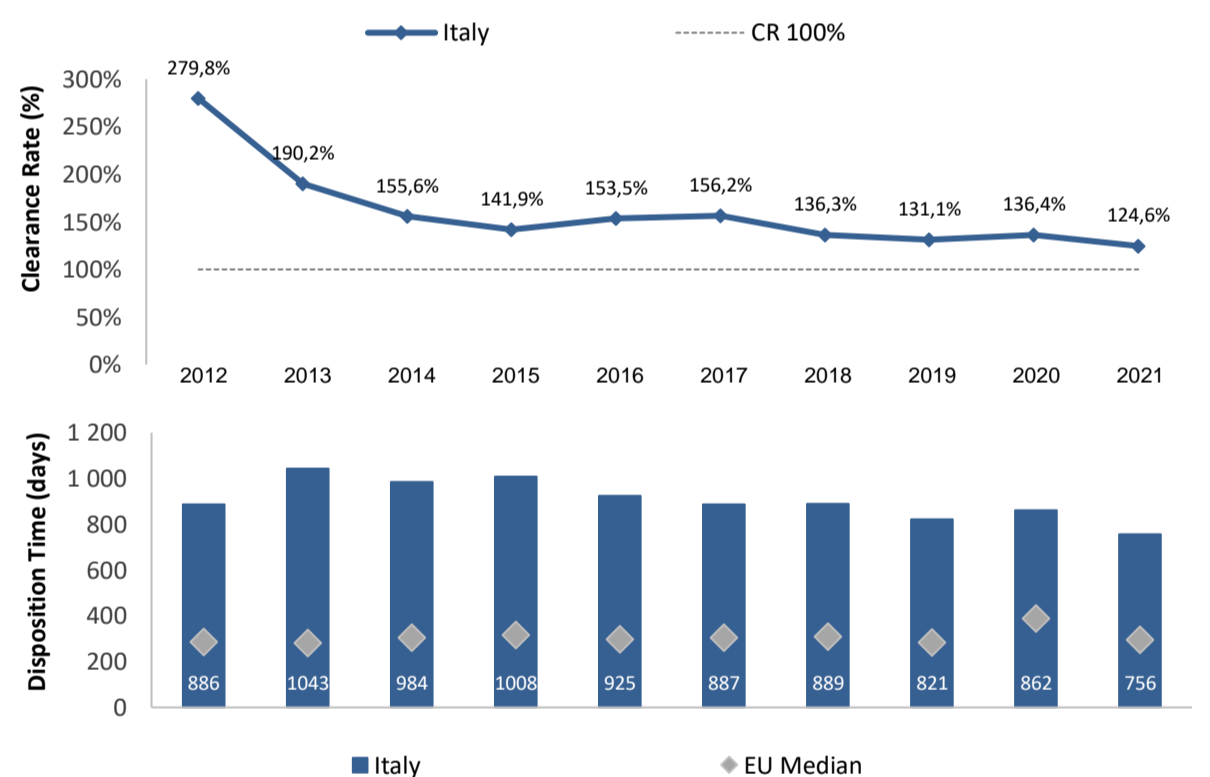
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Italy (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Italy (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is EU median.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	279,8%	101,0%	886	286
2013	190,2%	100,3%	1043	281
2014	155,6%	99,6%	984	305
2015	141,9%	103,7%	1008	315
2016	153,5%	103,0%	925	297
2017	156,2%	102,1%	887	303
2018	136,3%	99,7%	889	308
2019	131,1%	102,1%	821	284
2020	136,4%	100,1%	862	388
2021	124,6%	101,7%	756	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 124,6% in 2021 Italy seems to be well able to deal with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -11,8 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 756 days, which is well above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -12,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

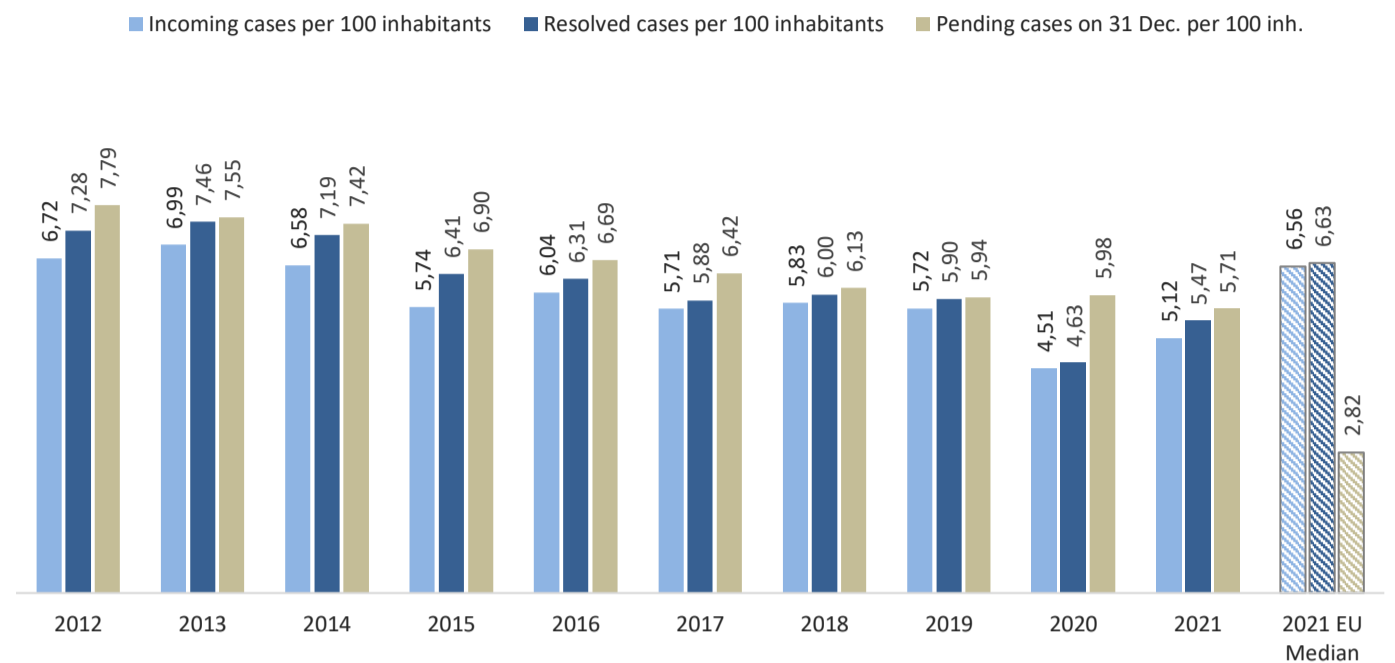
A different methodology of classification of civil cases is used since 2012. The result is an improved classification and a better split between litigious and non-litigious cases. For 2010, 2012 and 2013, the category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases has an identical content, namely: separation and divorce by mutual consent, interdiction and incapacitation, protective measures for underage, guardianship and trusteeship etc. Since 2014, it subsumes uncontested payment orders, uncontested divorces, technical appraisals, judicial interdiction and incapacitation, hereditament, etc.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	6,72	7,28	7,79
2013	6,99	7,46	7,55
2014	6,58	7,19	7,42
2015	5,74	6,41	6,90
2016	6,04	6,31	6,69
2017	5,71	5,88	6,42
2018	5,83	6,00	6,13
2019	5,72	5,90	5,94
2020	4,51	4,63	5,98
2021	5,12	5,47	5,71
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Italy (5,12 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

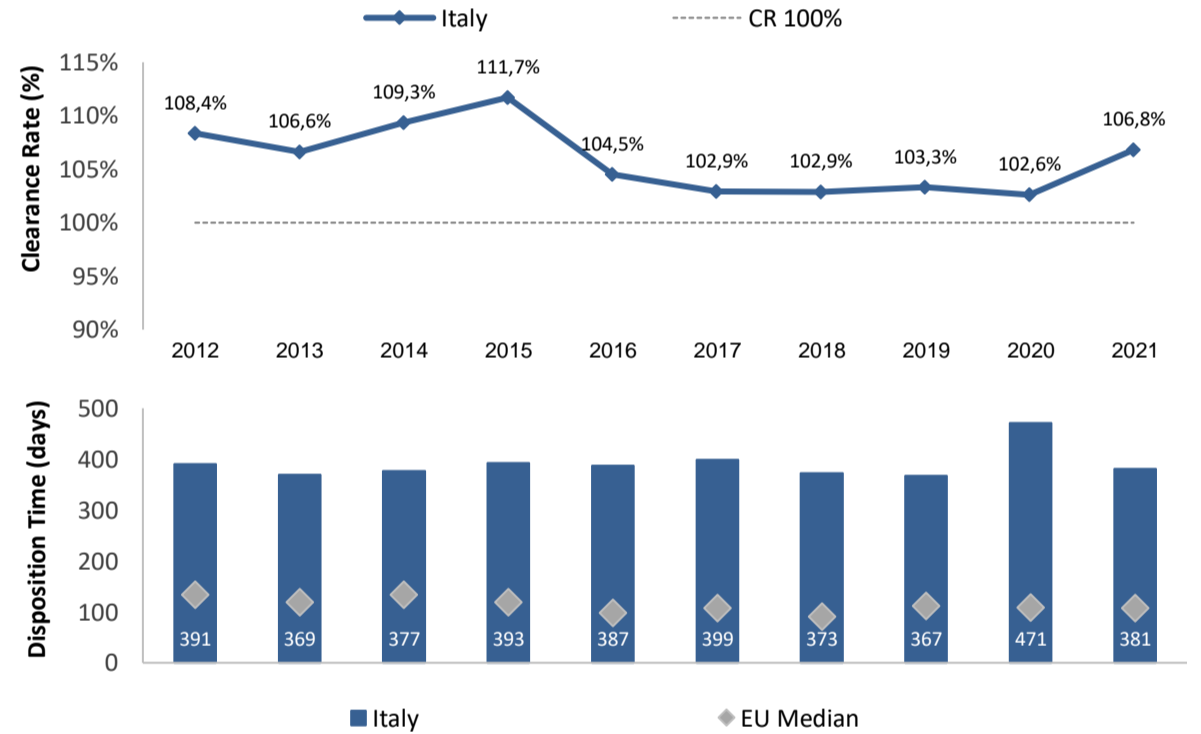
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Italy (5,47 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Italy (5,71 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	108,4%	100,5%	391	133
2013	106,6%	100,7%	369	119
2014	109,3%	101,9%	377	133
2015	111,7%	101,0%	393	119
2016	104,5%	101,5%	387	98
2017	102,9%	100,6%	399	107
2018	102,9%	100,6%	373	91
2019	103,3%	99,8%	367	111
2020	102,6%	98,7%	471	109
2021	106,8%	101,2%	381	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,8% in 2021 Italy seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,2 points.

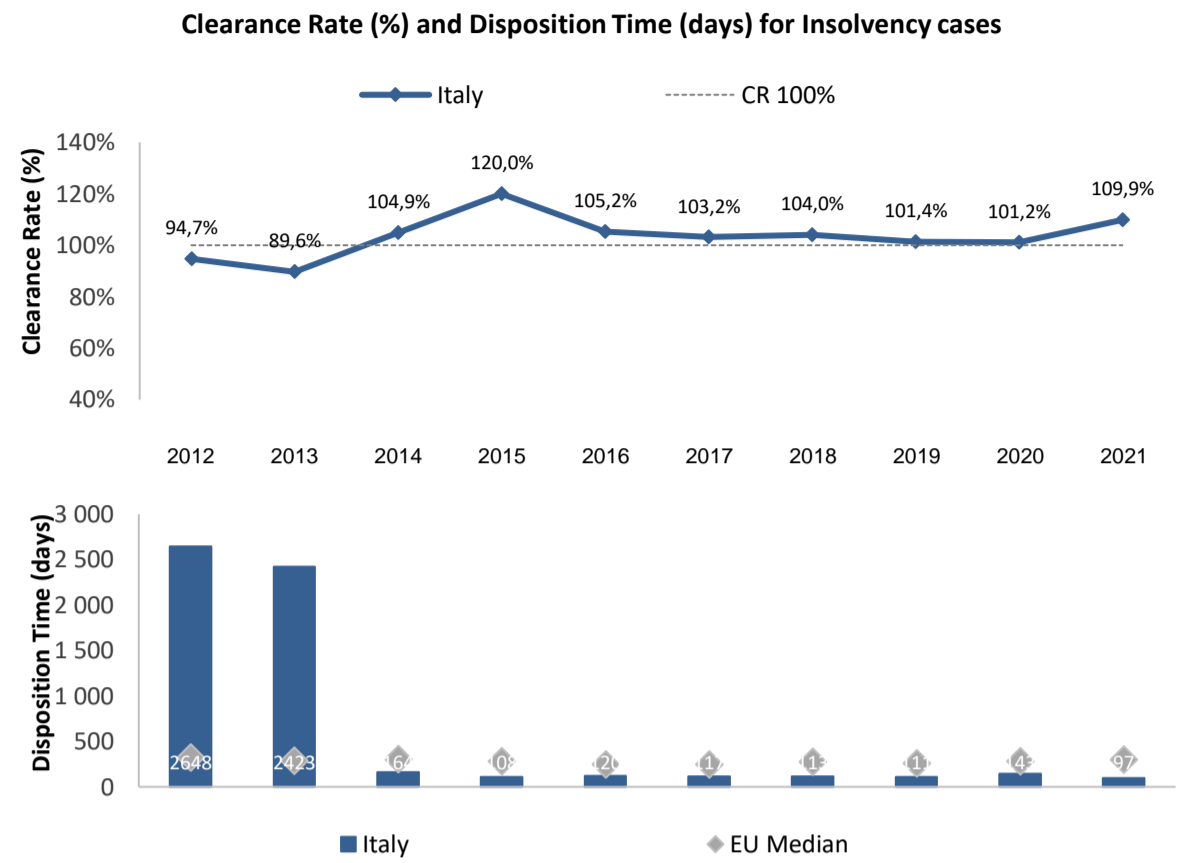
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 381 days, which is well above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -19,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2012	94,7%	95,0%	2648	323
2013	89,6%	89,6%	2423	282
2014	104,9%	96,9%	164	304
2015	120,0%	104,5%	108	282
2016	105,2%	102,0%	120	246
2017	103,2%	103,6%	117	243
2018	104,0%	101,5%	113	271
2019	101,4%	101,2%	111	258
2020	101,2%	109,7%	143	281
2021	109,9%	103,3%	97	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,9% in 2021 Italy seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 8,8 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 97 days, which is significantly below EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -32,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

With regard to the insolvency cases, the peculiarity of the Italian system consists in distinguishing between “insolvency applications” and “insolvency cases”. The former category concerns the litigious part of the proceeding where creditors and debtors have different goals (dispute). The latter category concerns the part of the proceeding where the judge has already established the insolvency / bankruptcy of the debtor and the case is all about the management of the assets and proceeds of the debtor. Figures at questions 101 and 102 refer to “insolvency applications” rather than “insolvency cases”.

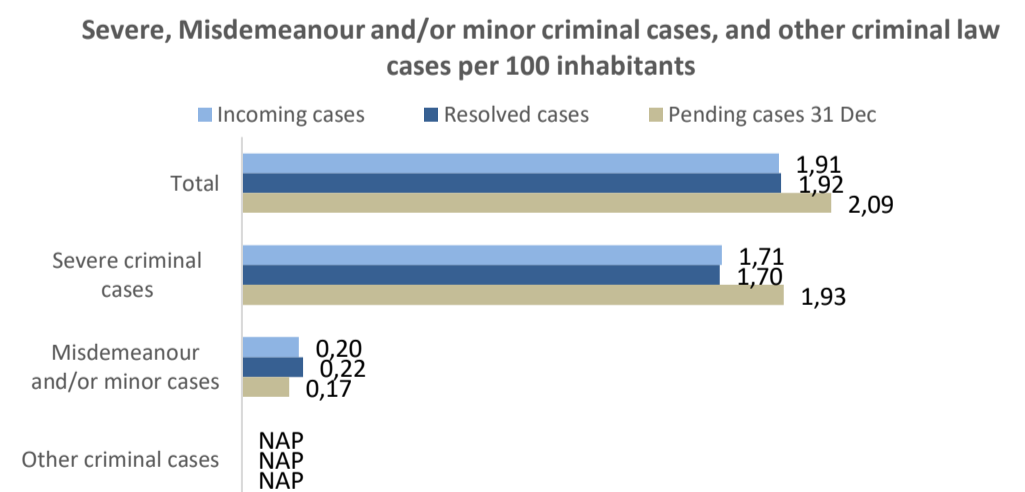
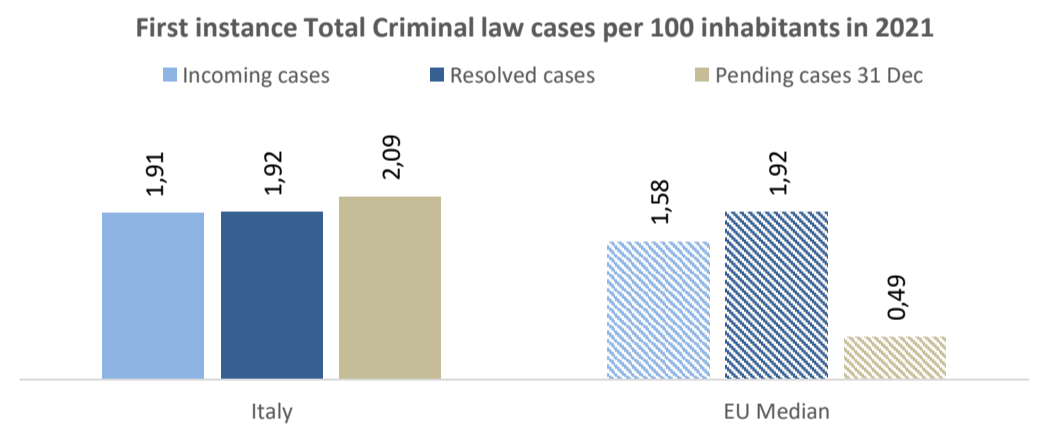
In 2021, the decrease in the number of incoming employment dismissal cases might be partially explained by the extension of the ban on dismissal which was initially intended to address the covid emergency. Therefore, the decrease in the number of pending cases is the result of the decrease of incoming cases.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1 240 684	1 125 952	1 131 159	1 235 477
Severe criminal cases	1 132 280	1 006 112	1 002 329	1 136 063
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	108 404	119 840	128 830	99 414
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	2,10	1,91	1,92	2,09
Severe criminal cases	1,92	1,71	1,70	1,93
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,18	0,20	0,22	0,17
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Italy (1,91 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

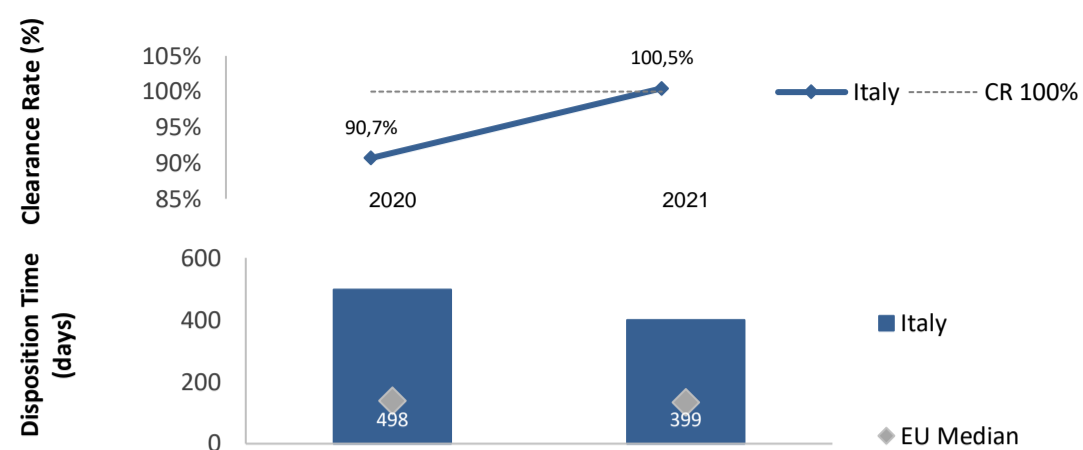
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Italy (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) is the EU median.

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Italy (2,09 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Italy	EU Median	Italy	EU Median
2020	90,7%	95,2%	498	139
2021	100,5%	100,0%	399	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,5% in 2021 Italy seems be able to to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 9,8 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 399 days, which is well above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -19,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

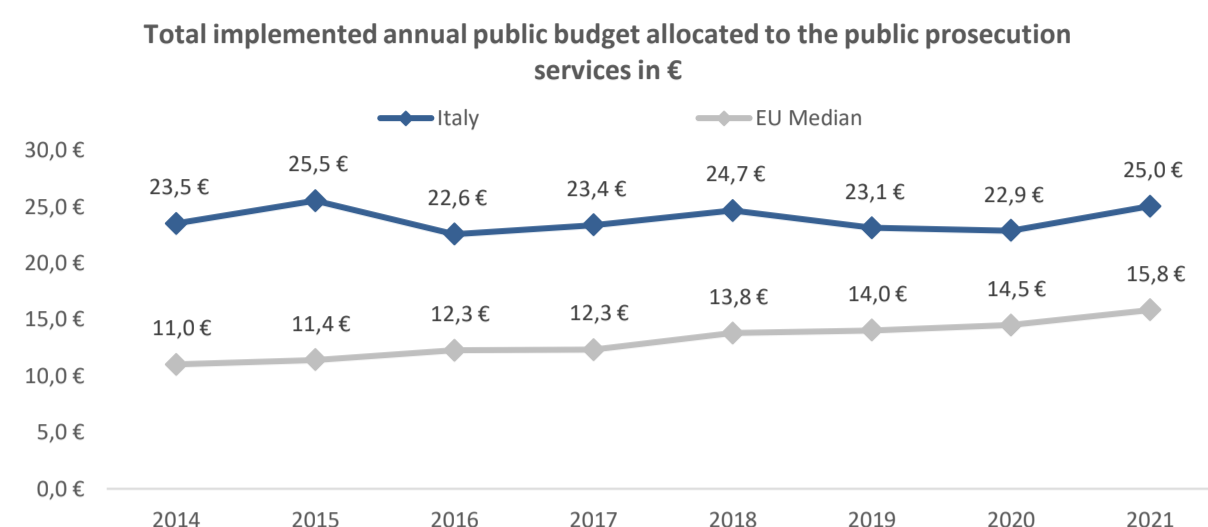
In Italy there is no formal definition of minor criminal cases. For the purposes of this exercise, are considered as minor criminal cases those proceedings dealt with by the Justice of Peace Offices.

5. Public prosecution services in Italy (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Italy	Italy	EU Median
2014	1 428 912 997 €	23,5 €	11,0 €
2015	1 549 305 236 €	25,5 €	11,4 €
2016	1 367 145 490 €	22,6 €	12,3 €
2017	1 413 360 888 €	23,4 €	12,3 €
2018	1 488 952 381 €	24,7 €	13,8 €
2019	1 393 017 479 €	23,1 €	14,0 €
2020	1 355 540 428 €	22,9 €	14,5 €
2021	1 476 653 273 €	25,0 €	15,8 €

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Italy	Italy	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	90 380 €	0,002 €	0,029 €
2020	39 680 €	0,001 €	0,011 €
2021	74 020 €	0,001 €	0,022 €



Due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. However an effort is made in order to provide the most reasonable figure for the budget of the prosecution services. The calculation is carried out taking into account several criteria (e.g. the number of staff allocated to the public prosecution services).

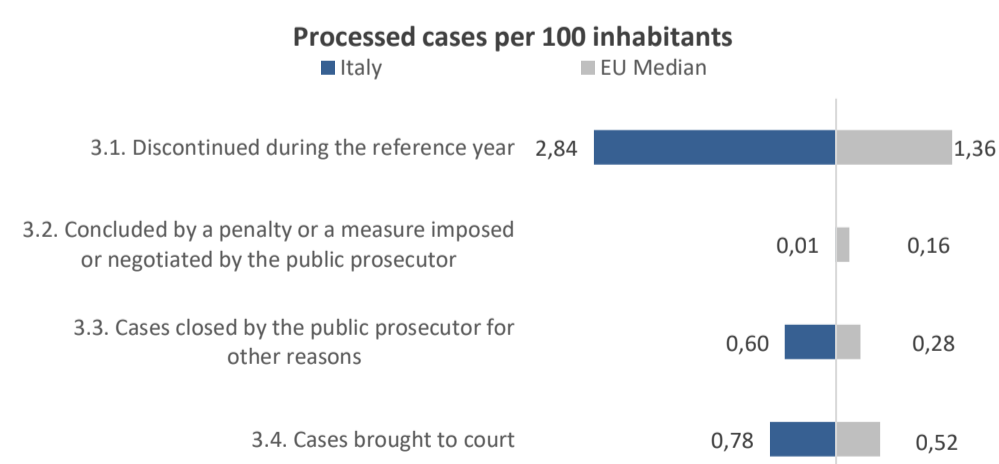
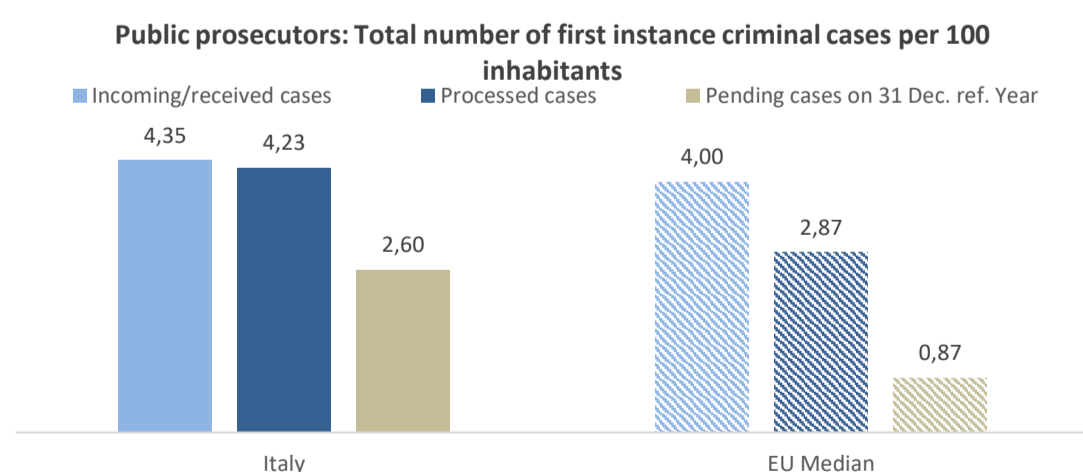
Difference in the implemented budget might be due to spending shifts from one financial year to another.

In general, the budget for training has drastically decreased in 2020 because the majority of the training was provided online rather than in person.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Italy	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Italy	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	1 461 475	▼ -8,0%		2,48	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	2 563 983	▲ 2,4%		4,35	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	2 492 622	▲ 0,2%		4,23	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 674 916	▲ 1,0%		2,84	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	967 930	▼ -0,3%		1,64	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	699 104	▲ 2,8%		1,19	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	7 882	▲ 15,7%		0,01	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	0	-		0,00	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	6 520	▲ 3,8%		0,01	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	353 579	▼ -9,0%		0,60	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	457 607	▲ 5,1%		0,78	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	1 532 836	▼ -4,4%		2,60	0,87

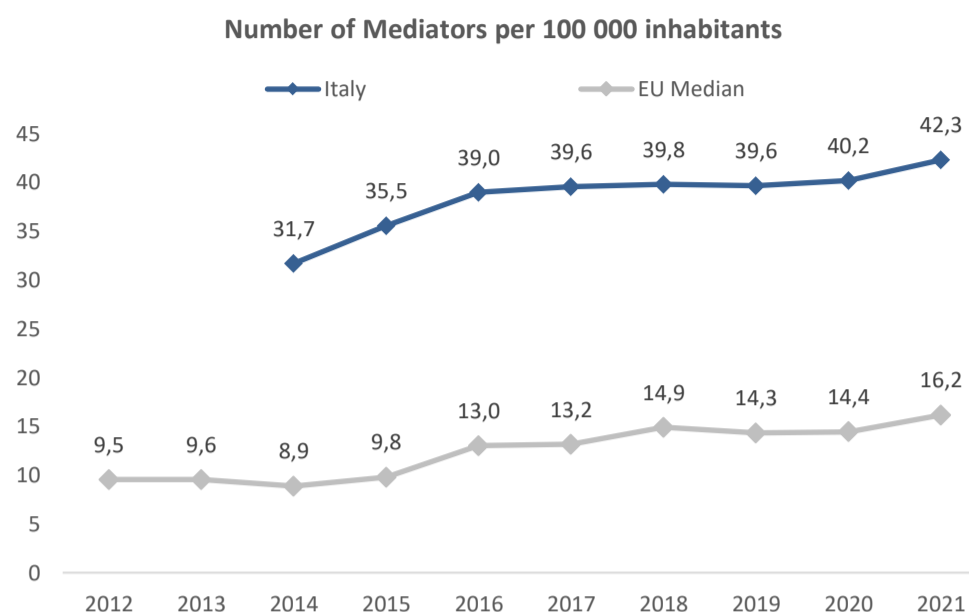
* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Italy (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Italy	Italy	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	9,5
2013	NA	NA	9,6
2014	19266	31,7	8,9
2015	21555	35,5	9,8
2016	23612	39,0	13,0
2017	23932	39,6	13,2
2018	24010	39,8	14,9
2019	23875	39,6	14,3
2020	23804	40,2	14,4
2021	24944	42,3	16,2



In 2021, there are 24 944 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 42,3 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 4,8%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	83 256	76 460	20 873
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

In Italy one party may initiate a mediation procedure and the other party may decide to take part to it or not. To clarify things, please consider that in 2021 in Italy 267 270 mediation proceedings were initiated. Both parties showed up at the first mediation meeting in 83 256 cases. Please also note that these figures refer to private mediation. For some matter subjects the mediation is mandatory and it is managed by private mediation companies. Please note that the above figures refer to mediation procedures monitored by the Ministry of Justice. In Italy, there is a plethora of different forms of ADR procedures and some are not so widespread. Court-related mediations do exist for both family cases and labour cases but such mediation proceedings are not monitored by the Ministry of Justice. In 2020 the procedures subject to mediation were extended to the disputes related to COVID-19.

7. ICT tools of courts in Italy (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	50-99%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in most of the courts	in all courts	not available	
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	No	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes	
Other	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	No	No	Yes

Comments on voice recording tools

As far as civil cases are concerned, multiple speakers recording tools are available in all courts which deal with labour disputes.

Comments on measurement tools on workload

The same tool might potentially be used to assess the workload of both magistrates and their staff. The monitoring of the activity of judges/prosecutors is eventually used to assess their evaluation. The same doesn't apply to court staff.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Italy (2021 data)

In Italy, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

In Italy there is not a strict quality system as such. However, there is a regular monitoring system in place which tracks the performance of court activities.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Italy, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The performance of each court is given by different indicators such as the clearance rate, the variation of backlogs and the age of the proceeding.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The process of reallocation of human resources is not carried out on a regular basis. On those occasion when the staffing plan is revised, the criteria also include the court activity. In the occasion of the last exercise of this kind, it was introduced the concept of "flexible staffing plan" (some sort of "flying judges"). I.e. a group of judges who are not allocated to a specific court but to the court of appeal that has a broader regional scope. Subsequently these judges may be temporarily allocated to specific tribunals within the region to cope with specific needs arising from those tribunals.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Italy, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	60 483 973	60 359 546	60 244 639	59 257 566	58 983 122	-1,2%	-0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	25 729	25 553	26 585	26 947	27 587	28 359	29 071	29 609	27 815	30 036	16,7%	8,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True		

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									False	False		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	False	False		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	811	811	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	552	552	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1 231	643	510	510	510	534	531	527	525	525	-57,4%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	259	259	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	116	116	245	245	245	245	237	237	236	236	103,4%	0,0%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	-	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	29	29	29	29	29	29	21	21	20	20	-31,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	4	4	4	4	4	4	-	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	29	-	0,0%
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	29	29	132	132	132	132	132	132	103	103	255,2%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	21	-	0,0%
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	773	773	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	1 378	790	836	836	836	831	828	828	844	844	-38,8%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 986 193	4 781 009	4 885 347	4 618 528	4 215 937	3 982 989	3 797 952	3 691 867	3 610 366	3 573 715	-28,3%	-1,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 796 202	3 445 954	3 063 946	2 987 907	2 687 388	2 478 381	2 331 797	2 304 755	2 233 438	2 214 956	-41,7%	-0,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	1 226 175	1 222 726	-	-0,3%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 189 991	1 335 055	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	1 292 897	1 282 107	1 221 344	1 226 175	1 222 726	2,8%	-0,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	441 243	347 728	302 693	267 736	241 266	211 711	184 048	165 768	150 753	136 033	-69,2%	-9,8%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 010 588	4 173 702	3 999 586	3 483 179	3 657 690	3 454 018	3 518 409	3 443 248	2 671 545	3 020 529	-24,7%	13,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 559 779	1 605 399	1 585 740	1 545 092	1 554 837	1 492 837	1 539 174	1 469 215	1 139 154	1 256 233	-19,5%	10,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	1 490 342	1 716 184	-	15,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 450 809	2 568 303	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	1 912 626	1 929 267	1 923 159	1 490 342	1 716 184	-30,0%	15,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	51 366	54 902	63 723	61 723	54 565	48 555	49 968	50 874	42 049	48 112	-6,3%	14,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 346 215	4 450 604	4 373 441	3 890 953	3 822 644	3 554 193	3 618 916	3 556 819	2 741 198	3 226 518	-25,8%	17,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 047 289	1 895 576	1 891 595	1 855 663	1 760 695	1 588 435	1 583 707	1 535 123	1 184 941	1 370 343	-33,1%	15,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	1 498 906	1 796 226	-	19,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	2 298 926	2 555 028	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	1 889 902	1 967 089	1 955 012	1 498 906	1 796 226	-21,9%	19,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	143 713	104 409	99 169	87 594	83 736	75 856	68 120	66 684	57 351	59 949	-58,3%	4,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 650 566	4 504 107	4 511 492	4 184 883	4 050 983	3 882 814	3 697 445	3 578 296	3 540 713	3 367 726	-27,6%	-4,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 308 692	3 155 777	2 758 091	2 677 336	2 481 530	2 382 783	2 287 264	2 238 847	2 187 651	2 100 846	-36,5%	-4,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	1 217 611	1 142 684	-	-6,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 341 874	1 348 330	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	1 315 621	1 244 285	1 189 491	1 217 611	1 142 684	-14,8%	-6,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	348 896	298 221	267 247	241 865	212 095	184 410	165 896	149 958	135 451	124 196	-64,4%	-8,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,4%	106,6%	109,3%	111,7%	104,5%	102,9%	102,9%	103,3%	102,6%	106,8%	(1,55)	4,21
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131,3%	118,1%	119,3%	120,1%	113,2%	106,4%	102,9%	104,5%	104,0%	109,1%	(22,17)	5,06
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	100,6%	104,7%	-	4,09
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	93,8%	99,5%	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	98,8%	102,0%	101,7%	100,6%	104,7%	10,86	4,09

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	279,8%	190,2%	155,6%	141,9%	153,5%	156,2%	136,3%	131,1%	136,4%	124,6%	(155,18)	(11,79)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	391	369	377	393	387	399	373	367	471	381	-2,5%	-19,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	590	608	532	527	514	548	527	532	674	560	-5,1%	-17,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	228	227	250	254	231	222	297	232	-	-21,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	213	193	228	227	250	254	231	222	297	232	9,0%	-21,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	886	1043	984	1008	925	887	889	821	862	756	-14,7%	-12,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	34 114	34 738	36 304	37 027	40 593	46 446	47 638	46 872	44 792	44 924	31,7%	0,3%
---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	-------	------

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	29 014	28 981	26 665	23 281	18 661	17 414	15 207	15 618	-	2,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	85 736	86 501	22 427	22 772	14 653	12 461	11 140	9 754	9 401	9 068	-89,4%	-3,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	19 287	20 580	26 639	31 420	39 304	37 702	34 968	32 847	25 607	29 179	51,3%	13,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 216	27 440	25 411	23 416	19 323	16 583	14 380	10 448	-	-27,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	12 577	14 792	42 967	41 036	36 968	34 324	30 772	30 332	22 985	23 203	84,5%	0,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	18 174	18 936	26 037	27 959	33 283	35 369	35 701	34 929	25 212	32 930	81,2%	30,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	22 512	29 933	29 012	25 812	20 716	18 971	14 038	14 629	-	4,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	11 909	13 261	45 092	49 233	38 884	35 407	31 996	30 767	23 256	25 510	114,2%	9,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	35 227	36 382	36 906	40 488	46 614	48 779	46 905	44 790	45 187	41 173	16,9%	-8,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	28 718	26 488	23 064	20 885	17 268	15 026	15 549	11 437	-	-26,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	86 404	88 032	20 302	14 575	12 737	11 378	9 916	9 319	9 130	6 761	-92,2%	-25,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	94,2%	92,0%	97,7%	89,0%	84,7%	93,8%	102,1%	106,3%	98,5%	112,9%	18,63	14,40
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	101,3%	109,1%	114,2%	110,2%	107,2%	114,4%	97,6%	140,0%	-	42,40
CR Insolvency cases	94,7%	89,6%	104,9%	120,0%	105,2%	103,2%	104,0%	101,4%	101,2%	109,9%	15,25	8,76
DT Litigious divorce cases	707	701	517	529	511	503	480	468	654	456	-35,5%	-30,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	466	323	290	295	304	289	404	285	-	-29,4%
DT Insolvency cases	2 648	2 423	164	108	120	117	113	111	143	97	-96,3%	-32,5%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			439 933	424 709	399 051	385 136	363 503	340 257	308 057	294 808	-	-4,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			437 579	419 257	393 213	379 494	358 157	334 910	302 701	289 280	-	-4,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	5 356	5 528	-	3,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 354	5 452	5 838	5 642	5 346	5 347	5 356	5 528	-	3,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			135 270	126 652	135 081	133 838	126 600	115 428	96 914	105 081	-	8,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			131 558	117 158	125 912	125 189	118 052	106 921	89 839	96 668	-	7,6%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	7 075	8 413	-	18,9%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			3 712	9 494	9 169	8 649	8 548	8 507	7 075	8 413	-	18,9%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			160 768	151 988	148 821	155 302	150 011	148 023	109 828	127 813	-	16,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			156 913	142 886	139 482	146 395	141 492	139 548	102 989	119 208	-	15,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	6 839	8 605	-	25,8%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			3 855	9 102	9 339	8 907	8 519	8 475	6 839	8 605	-	25,8%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			414 435	399 373	385 311	363 672	340 092	307 662	295 143	272 076	-	-7,8%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			412 224	393 529	379 643	358 288	334 717	302 283	289 551	266 740	-	-7,9%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	5 592	5 336	-	-4,6%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 211	5 844	5 668	5 384	5 375	5 379	5 592	5 336	-	-4,6%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	185 908	164 856	150 260	134 739	134 526	121 034	-	-10,0%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	185 645	164 683	150 061	134 551	134 251	120 828	-	-10,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			118,8%	120,0%	110,2%	116,0%	118,5%	128,2%	113,3%	121,6%	-	8,31
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			119,3%	122,0%	110,8%	116,9%	119,9%	130,5%	114,6%	123,3%	-	8,68
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	96,7%	102,3%	-	5,62
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	103,0%	99,7%	99,6%	96,7%	102,3%	-	5,62
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			941	959	945	855	827	759	981	777	-	-20,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			959	1005	993	893	863	791	1026	817	-	-20,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			209	234	222	221	230	232	298	226	-	-24,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			209	234	222	221	230	232	298	226	-	-24,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			123 247	125 956	133 356	133 524	135 331	138 641	143 134	144 308	-	0,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			98 285	100 367	104 094	106 426	106 511	110 979	116 635	120 089	-	3,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			24 574	25 162	28 795	26 662	28 418	27 288	26 101	23 835	-	-8,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			388	427	467	436	402	374	398	384	-	-3,5%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			41 064	40 789	41 100	39 637	48 538	50 769	43 829	43 652	-	-0,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 908	29 587	29 270	29 895	36 470	38 330	32 208	31 114	-	-3,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			10 761	10 823	11 407	9 343	11 657	12 044	11 281	12 108	-	7,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			395	379	423	399	411	395	340	430	-	26,5%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			38 507	35 803	38 377	40 226	45 087	46 596	42 329	53 759	-	27,0%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			27 842	25 860	26 938	29 897	32 002	32 685	28 730	40 361	-	40,5%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			10 309	9 604	10 985	9 990	12 646	13 551	13 221	12 983	-	-1,8%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			356	339	454	339	439	360	378	415	-	9,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			125 804	130 942	136 079	132 935	138 782	142 814	144 634	134 201	-	-7,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100 351	104 094	106 426	106 424	110 979	116 624	120 113	110 842	-	-7,7%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			25 026	26 381	29 217	26 015	27 429	25 781	24 161	22 960	-	-5,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			427	467	436	496	374	409	360	399	-	10,8%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	67 085	64 029	70 305	66 355	-	-5,6%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	52 947	54 704	53 490	52 408	57 631	55 458	-	-3,8%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	13 552	11 567	12 610	10 843	-	-14,0%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			93,8%	87,8%	93,4%	101,5%	92,9%	91,8%	96,6%	123,2%	-	26,58
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			93,1%	87,4%	92,0%	100,0%	87,7%	85,3%	89,2%	129,7%	-	40,52
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			95,8%	88,7%	96,3%	106,9%	108,5%	112,5%	117,2%	107,2%	-	(9,97)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			90,1%	89,4%	107,3%	85,0%	106,8%	91,1%	111,2%	96,5%	-	(14,66)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1192	1335	1294	1206	1124	1119	1247	911	-	-26,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1316	1469	1442	1299	1266	1302	1526	1002	-	-34,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			886	1003	971	950	792	694	667	645	-	-3,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			438	503	351	534	311	415	348	351	-	1,0%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 193 323	1 240 684	-	4,0%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									1 094 651	1 132 280	-	3,4%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									98 672	108 404	-	9,9%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									1 042 721	1 125 952	-	8,0%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									922 368	1 006 112	-	9,1%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									120 353	119 840	-	-0,4%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									945 778	1 131 159	-	19,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									834 920	1 002 329	-	20,1%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									110 858	128 830	-	16,2%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 290 266	1 235 477	-	-4,2%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									1 182 099	1 136 063	-	-3,9%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									108 167	99 414	-	-8,1%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									408 895	414 909	-	1,5%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									90,7%	100,5%	-	9,8
CR of Severe cases									90,5%	99,6%	-	9,1
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,1%	107,5%	-	15,4
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									498	399	-	-19,9%
DT of Severe cases									517	414	-	-19,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									356	282	-	-20,9%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									267 997	271 936	-	1,5%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									263 401	268 176	-	1,8%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									4 596	3 760	-	-18,2%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									91 318	100 206	-	9,7%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									88 819	97 209	-	9,4%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									2 499	2 997	-	19,9%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									85 612	107 673	-	25,8%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									82 375	104 344	-	26,7%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 237	3 329	-	2,8%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									273 703	264 469	-	-3,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									269 845	261 041	-	-3,3%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									3 858	3 428	-	-11,1%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									131 118	121 877	-	-7,0%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									130 282	121 078	-	-7,1%
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									836	799	-	-4,4%
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									93,8%	107,5%	-	14,61
CR o2 Severe cases									92,7%	107,3%	-	15,74
CR of Misdemeanour cases									129,5%	111,1%	-	(14,25)

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									1167	897	-	-23,2%
DT of Severe cases									1196	913	-	-23,6%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									435	376	-	-13,6%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									23 583	24 478	-	3,8%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									21 261	21 398	-	0,6%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									510	550	-	7,8%
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									1 812	2 530	-	39,6%
100.2.1 Total -incoming									38 508	46 298	-	20,2%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									31 695	38 544	-	21,6%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									598	687	-	14,9%
100.2.4 Other - incoming									6 215	7 067	-	13,7%
100.3.1 Total - resolved									37 618	47 040	-	25,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									31 558	39 119	-	24,0%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									558	758	-	35,8%
100.3.4 Other - resolved									5 502	7 163	-	30,2%
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									24 473	23 736	-	-3,0%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									21 398	20 823	-	-2,7%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									550	479	-	-12,9%
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									2 525	2 434	-	-3,6%
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									48	99	-	106,3%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									43	91	-	111,6%
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									5	4	-	-20,0%
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	4	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									97,7%	101,6%	-	3,91
CR of Severe cases									99,6%	101,5%	-	1,92
CR of Misdemeanour cases									93,3%	110,3%	-	17,02
CR of Other									88,5%	101,4%	-	12,83
DT of Total									237	184	-	-22,4%
DT of Severe cases									247	194	-	-21,5%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									360	231	-	-35,9%
DT of Other									168	124	-	-26,0%

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									1 587 721	1 461 475	-	-8,0%
2. Incoming/received cases									2 503 277	2 563 983	-	2,4%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									2 487 994	2 492 622	-	0,2%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									1 657 870	1 674 916	-	1,0%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									971 314	967 930	-	-0,3%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									679 742	699 104	-	2,8%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									6 814	7 882	-	15,7%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									-	-	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									6 281	6 520	-	3,8%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									388 574	353 579	-	-9,0%
3.4. Cases brought to court									435 269	457 607	-	5,1%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									1 603 004	1 532 836	-	-4,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,99	1,00	-	0,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,64	0,61	-	-4,4%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	1 435 025 477	1 302 805 287	1 460 367 057	1 582 477 640	1 400 480 991	1 490 299 039	1 556 454 804	1 552 866 070	1 599 418 728	1 675 736 480	16,8%	4,77%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	1 428 912 997	1 549 305 236	1 367 145 490	1 413 360 888	1 488 952 381	1 393 017 479	1 355 540 428	1 476 653 273	-	8,93%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	194 998	149 450	109 460	-	-26,76%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	90 380	39 680	74 020	-	86,54%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									305 268	303 350	-	(0,01)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									154 234	175 796	-	0,14
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									151 034	127 554	-	(0,16)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									305 268	303 350	-	(0,01)
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									154 234	175 796	-	0,14
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									151 034	127 554	-	(0,16)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									10	10	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NAP	26 964	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									15 855	18 167	-	14,6%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									6 914	7 507	-	8,6%
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									1 107	1 282	-	15,8%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									12	8	-	-33,3%
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NAP	25 853	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									12 778	19 257	-	50,7%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									4 966	6 033	-	21,5%
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									408	560	-	37,3%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									8	3	-	-62,5%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NAP	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	not available for this matter	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	6 347	6 579	6 939	6 590	6 395	6 508	7 015	7 127	7 027	7 154	12,7%	1,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 929	5 101	5 404	5 072	4 878	4 897	5 259	5 407	5 356	5 479	11,2%	2,3%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 118	1 164	1 195	1 152	1 155	1 214	1 230	1 208	1 174	1 191	6,5%	1,4%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	300	314	340	366	362	397	526	512	497	484	61,3%	-2,6%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 100	3 129	3 303	3 074	2 918	2 932	3 192	3 185	3 122	3 177	2,5%	1,8%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	2 259	2 284	2 429	2 243	2 108	2 106	2 278	2 297	2 267	2 330	3,1%	2,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	609	606	618	568	558	567	560	537	519	523	-14,1%	0,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	232	239	256	263	252	259	354	351	336	324	39,7%	-3,6%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 247	3 450	3 636	3 516	3 477	3 576	3 823	3 942	3 905	3 977	22,5%	1,8%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 670	2 817	2 975	2 829	2 770	2 791	2 981	3 110	3 089	3 149	17,9%	1,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	509	558	577	584	597	647	670	671	655	668	31,2%	2,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	68	75	84	103	110	138	172	161	161	160	135,3%	-0,6%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 027	7 154	-	1,8%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 356	5 479	-	2,3%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 174	1 191	-	1,4%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	497	484	-	-2,6%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 464	3 548	-	2,4%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 617	2 709	-	3,5%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	641	-	1,7%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	217	198	-	-8,8%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 058	3 156	-	3,2%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 368	2 442	-	3,1%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523	550	-	5,2%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	164	-	-1,8%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	420	450	-	7,1%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	328	-	6,5%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	122	-	8,9%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	20 664	22 401	21 808	21 193	22 222	-6,1%	4,9%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	12 949	14 279	14 032	13 885	14 328	-3,3%	3,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	4 046	4 631	4 471	4 281	5 020	10,5%	17,3%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	497	494	488	474	351	343	376	376	356	378	-23,9%	6,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	3 326	3 115	2 929	2 671	2 496	-34,7%	-6,6%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	7 751	7 367	7 221	7 253	7 068	7 472	7 174	6 987	7 270	-	4,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	3 874	3 708	3 683	3 759	3 717	4 011	3 903	3 943	4 055	-	2,8%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	1 163	1 076	1 064	1 081	1 058	1 297	1 238	1 215	1 466	-	20,7%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	281	276	265	208	203	223	227	210	227	-	8,1%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	2 433	2 307	2 209	2 205	2 090	1 941	1 806	1 619	1 522	-	-6,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	13 596	14 929	14 634	14 206	14 952	-	5,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	9 232	10 268	10 129	9 942	10 273	-	3,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	2 988	3 334	3 233	3 066	3 554	-	15,9%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	213	212	209	143	140	153	149	146	151	-	3,4%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	1 236	1 174	1 123	1 052	974	-	-7,4%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									21 193	22 222	-	4,9%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									17 336	18 180	-	4,9%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									3 012	3 147	-	4,5%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									845	895	-	5,9%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									6 987	7 270	-	4,1%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									5 755	5 989	-	4,1%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									951	1 007	-	5,9%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									281	274	-	-2,5%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									14 206	14 952	-	5,3%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									11 581	12 191	-	5,3%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									2 061	2 140	-	3,8%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									564	621	-	10,1%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 269	2 231	-	-1,7%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 939	1 924	-	-0,8%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									261	241	-	-7,7%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									69	66	-	-4,3%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									1 201	1 172	-	-2,4%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									992	980	-	-1,2%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									165	150	-	-9,1%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									44	42	-	-4,5%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 068	1 059	-	-0,8%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									947	944	-	-0,3%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									96	91	-	-5,2%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									25	24	-	-4,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									7 858	8 958	-	14,0%

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									2 735	3 103	-	13,5%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									5 123	5 855	-	14,3%
004 Annual average salary in the country									31 233 £	31 484 £	-	0,8%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									56 263 £	57 500 £	-	2,2%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									187 296 £	194 005 £	-	3,6%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									56 263 £	57 500 £	-	2,2%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									187 296 £	194 005 £	-	3,6%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									34 758 £	35 537 £	-	2,2%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									101 161 £	105 248 £	-	4,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									34 758 £	35 537 £	-	2,2%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									101 161 £	105 248 £	-	4,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									80	NA	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	NA	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									67	NA	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									4	NA	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									8	NA	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									38	NA	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									26	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									6	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									4	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									53	83	-	56,6%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	13	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	7	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	45	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	3	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	2	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	8	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	4	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	1	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									26	53	-	103,8%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	7	-	-

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	25	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	1	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	7	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	7	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	5	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	1	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	226 202	226 202	223 842	237 132	229 292	231 565	234 386	236 494	235 964	229 783	1,6%	-2,6%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							122 556	123 294	123 117	121 161	-	-1,6%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							111 830	113 200	112 847	108 622	-	-3,7%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Italy

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	19 266	21 555	23 612	23 932	24 010	23 875	23 804	24 944	-	4,8%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					269 988	263 263	76 569	72 664	60 110	83 256	-	38,5%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Latvia

(2021 data)

General data

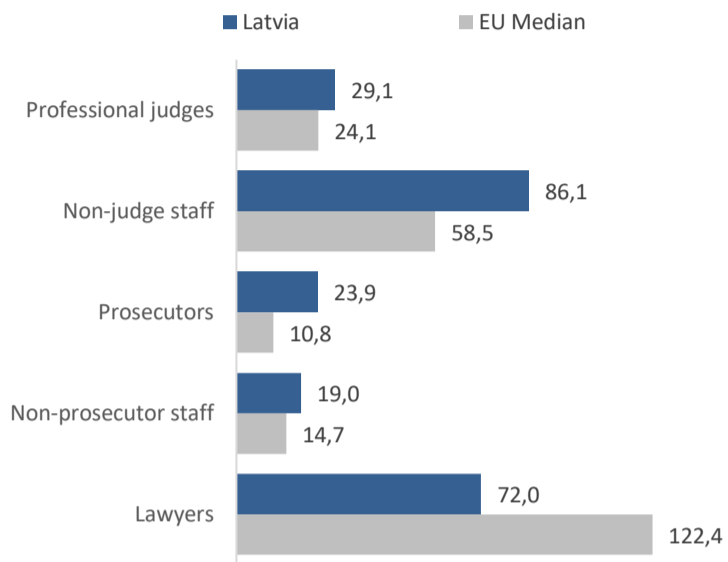
Population: 1 875 757

GDP per capita: 17 454 €

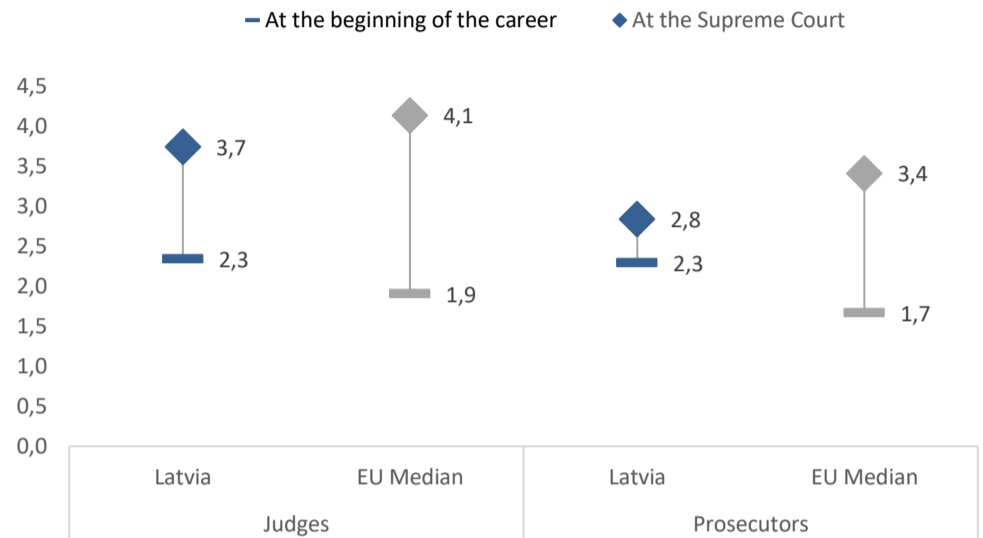
Average annual salary: 15 324 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

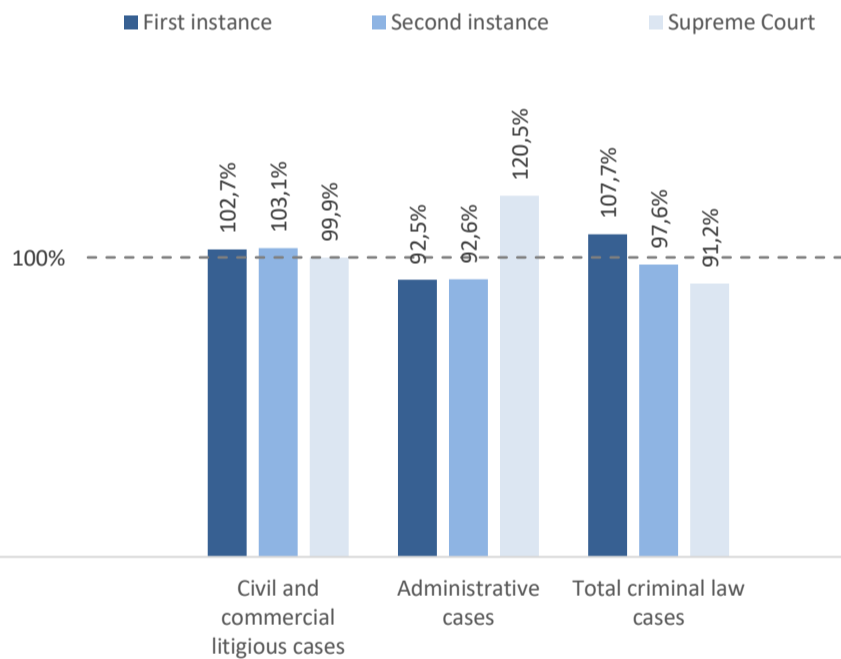


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

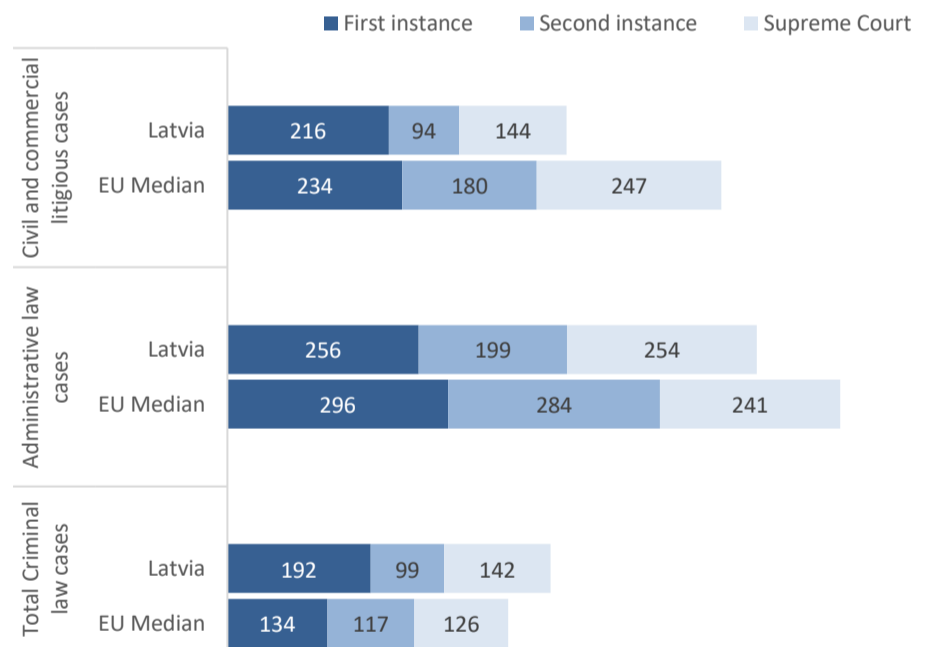


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

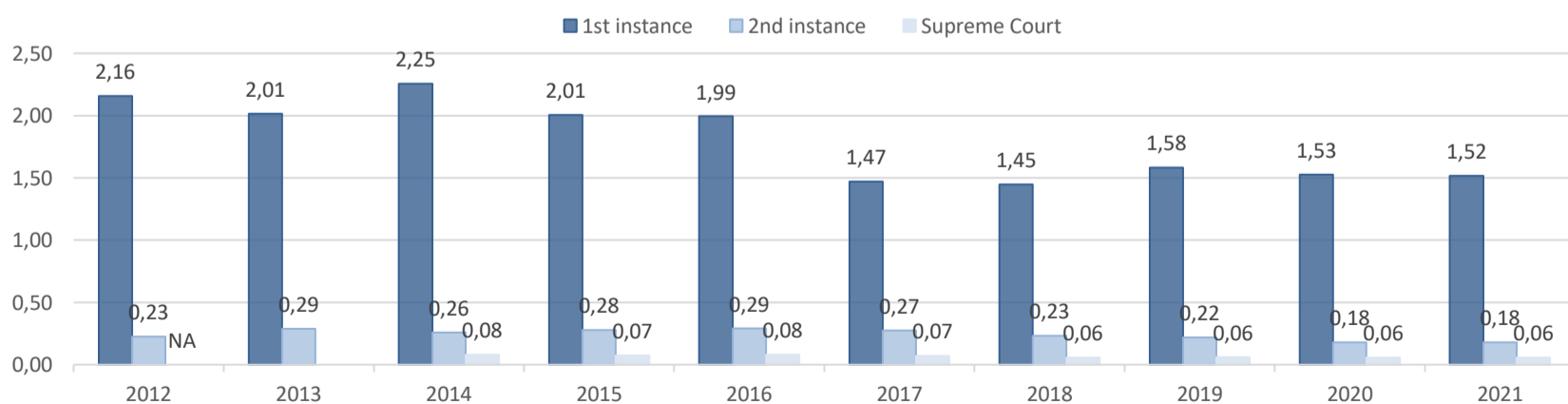


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Latvia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	1 893 223	1 875 757		-8,3%	-0,9%
GDP per capita	10 858	11 575	12 065	12 329	12 762	13 855	15 136	15 928	15 497	17 454		60,7%	12,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	0,70	0,70	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	8 981		9 816		10 308		12 384	12 912	13 716	15 324		70,6%	11,7%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	21,5	23,8	24,4	25,0	25,5	25,1	29,1	27,3	29,1	29,1		35,3%	0,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	78,6	78,8	78,8	77,1	80,3	78,8	89,3	88,0	88,0	86,1		9,5%	-2,2%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									24,4	23,9			-1,7%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									21,0	19,0			-9,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	65,7	66,0	68,1	69,2	62,5	70,3	63,4	71,1	72,4	72,0		9,7%	-0,5%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	1,2	1,9	2,2	2,4	2,7	2,5	2,6	2,7		NAP	0,9%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,157	2,013	2,255	2,006	1,994	1,469	1,447	1,583	1,527	1,517		-29,6%	-0,6%
Administrative law cases	0,195	0,1	0,1	0,113	0,120	0,106	0,096	0,098	0,090	0,102		-47,9%	13,3%
Total criminal law cases									0,793	0,509			-35,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	118%	109%	98%	109%	107%	119%	103%	102%	96%	103%		-15,04	6,64
CR administrative law cases	130%	163%	144%	106%	95%	100%	105%	105%	107%	93%		-37,94	-14,41
CR total criminal law cases									91%	108%			16,48

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	239	216		-10,2%	-9,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	220	256		-14,7%	16,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									192	192			-0,5%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,67	1,49	1,55	1,42	1,27	1,00	0,97	0,94	0,96	0,92		-44,9%	-3,8%
Administrative law cases	0,21	0,13	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,07		-68,5%	14,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,38	0,29			-24,6%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			101%	107%	96%	103%	104%	99%	110%	103%			-6,72
CR administrative law cases			101%	136%	137%	129%	107%	91%	119%	93%			-26,84
CR total criminal law cases									101%	98%			-3,78

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			160	102	124	100	104	119	97	94			-3,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			371	277	210	152	169	215	138	199			44,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									81	99			22,8%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			85%	129%	146%	95%	108%	104%	121%	100%			-20,75
CR administrative law cases			84%	86%	92%	89%	90%	113%	114%	121%			6,74
CR total criminal law cases									95%	91%			-3,51

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			559	329	153	206	204	187	115	144			25,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)			189	231	270	359	459	327	286	254			-11,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									99	142			42,9%

1. Judicial organisation in Latvia (2021 data)

In Latvia in 2021, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 18. Namely, there are 15 courts of general jurisdiction and 3 specialised courts.

It is noteworthy recalling that since the reform of March 2018, the number of first instance courts has been reduced to 10 legal entities at first instance (9 of general jurisdiction and one administrative court). There are also 6 Appellate courts (5 of general jurisdiction and one administrative court of appeal) and the Supreme court. Besides, in 2019, the reform of Land Register Units was completed, which are included in the composition of District (city) courts. Accordingly, the number of geographic locations increased.

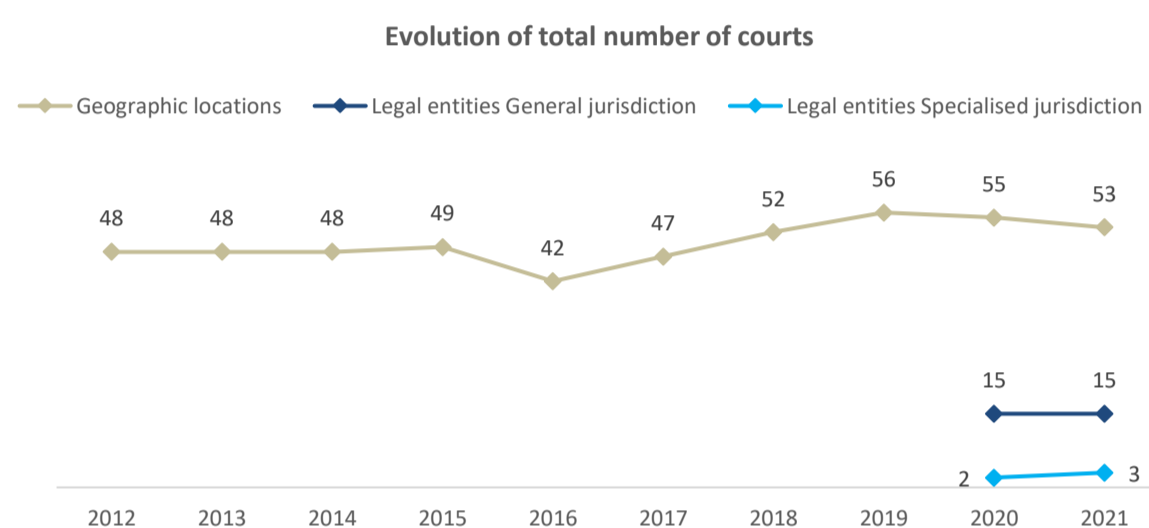
More precisely, among the 15 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 9 District city courts act at first instance, 5 Appellate courts have second instance competence, while the Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction.

The 3 specialised courts are the Administrative court and the Administrative Regional (appeal) court. It is interesting noting that on the 1st of July 2020, amendments to the Law on Judicial Power came into force, providing for the establishment of the Economic Court, which is competent for certain types of civil and criminal cases. Accordingly, the Court is competent for specific commercial disputes and criminal cases, which cause significant damage to the business environment and economic development. The Economic Court became operational since 31st March 2021.

In terms of geographic locations, in 2021 there are 55 courts among which 47 are of first instance.

Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	48		
2013	48		
2014	48		
2015	49		
2016	42		
2017	47		
2018	52		
2019	56		
2020	55	15	2
2021	53	15	3

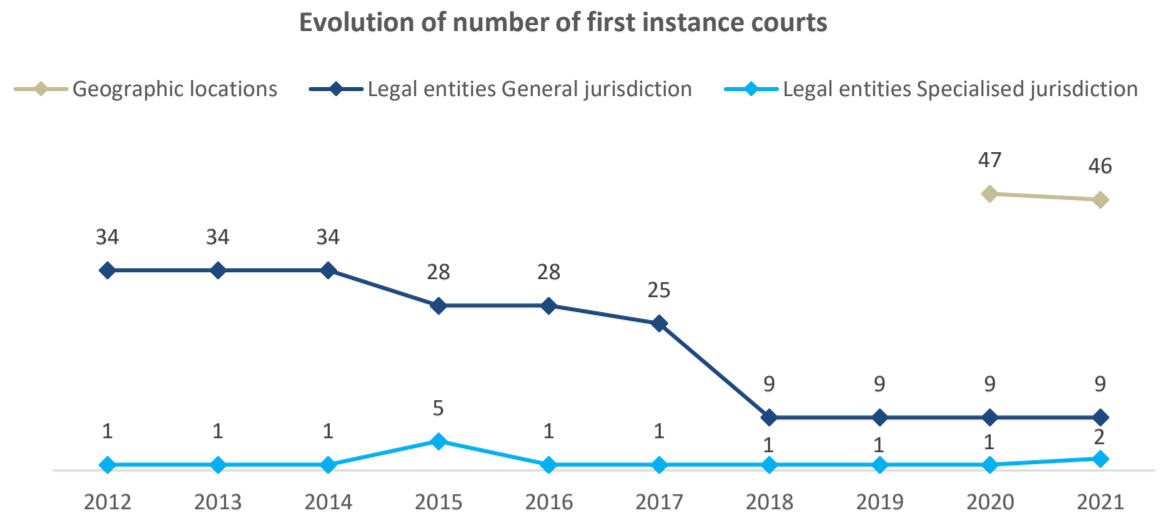


In the total number of specialised courts - legal entities are included 1 Administrative court, 1 Administrative Regional (appeal) Court and 1 Economic Court, which was created and started operating from 31.03.2021. From 01.08.2022. Riga City Court is created and started operating, merging 3 courts in Riga city territory. The number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is indicated as it was in 2021, not including Riga City Court as 1 court in Riga. There is also the Constitutional court - which within the jurisdiction specified in the Constitution of the Republic of Latvia and in the Law, shall adjudicate matters regarding the conformity of laws and other regulatory enactments with the Constitution, as well as other matters regarding which jurisdiction is conferred upon it by the Law. The Constitutional court is not included in the total number of the courts.

As regards geographic locations, Administrative District Court and Administrative Regional Court in Riga are located in one building, therefore, they are counted as 1 geographical location. The same situation is in Vidzeme region where Vidzeme Regional Court Madona Court house and Vidzeme District Court are located in 1 building, and they are counted as 1 geographical location.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		34	1
2013		34	1
2014		34	1
2015		28	5
2016		28	1
2017		25	1
2018		9	1
2019		9	1
2020	47	9	1
2021	46	9	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 81,8% - 18,2% (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

Military courts is established only in state of emergency or during a war.

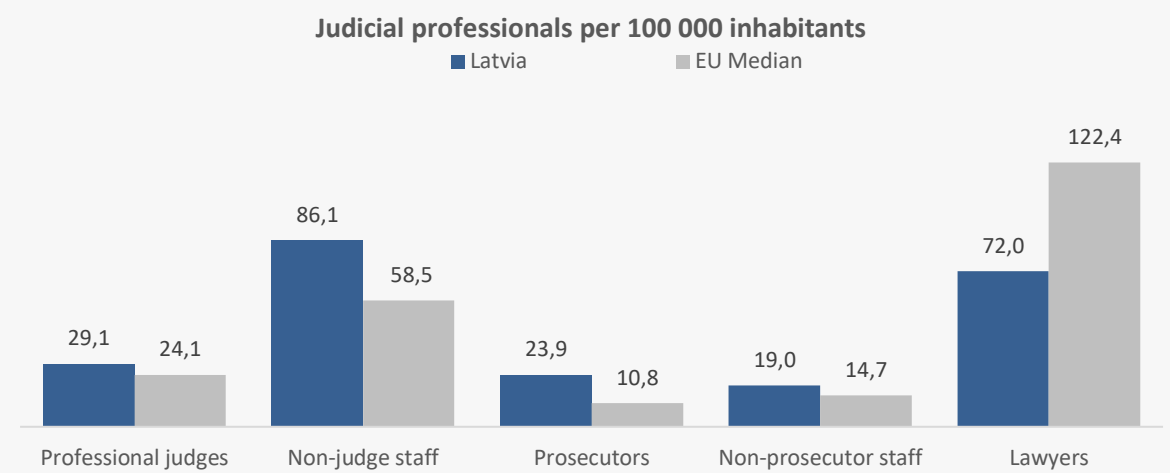
The new Economic Court is indicated as Commercial Court. As for Administrative courts - the first instance court is Administrative District Court, and for higher instance the Administrative Regional (appeal) instance Court is indicated.

2. Professionals of justice in Latvia (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

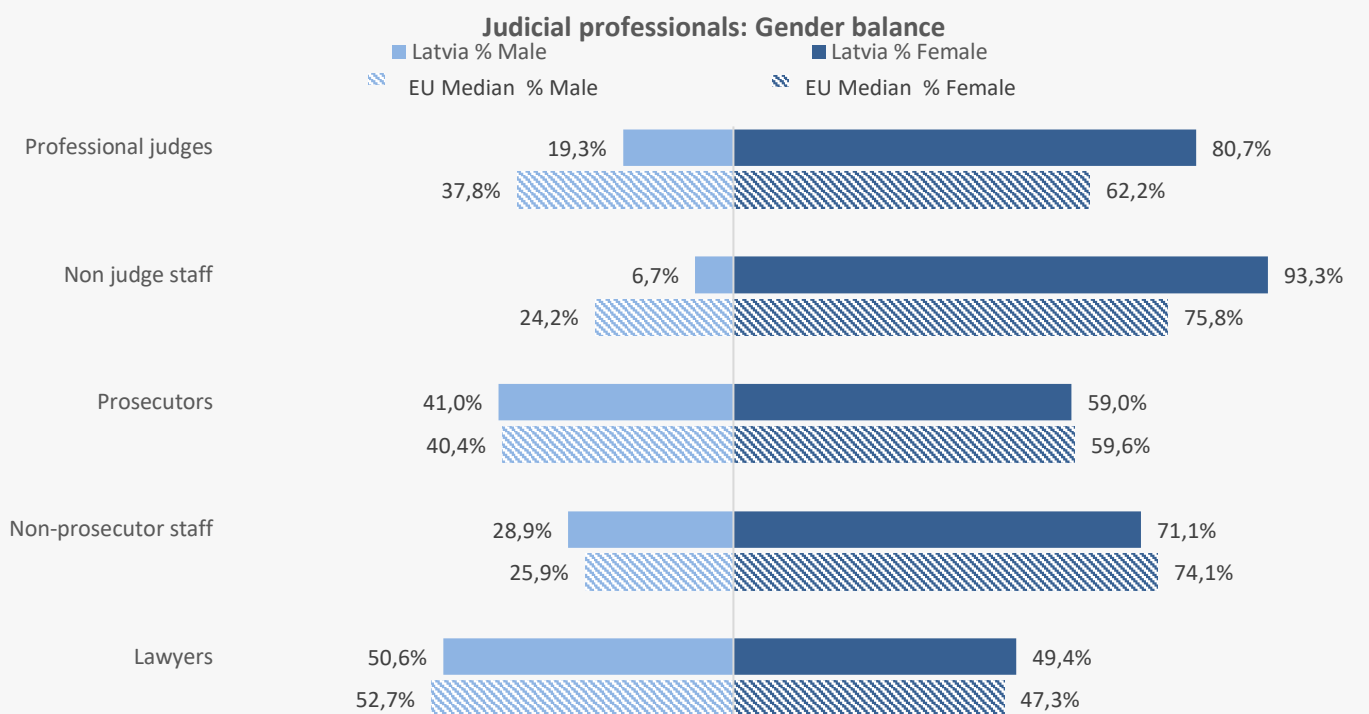
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	545	29,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	1 615	86,1	58,5
Prosecutors	449	23,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	357	19,0	14,7
Lawyers	1 351	72,0	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

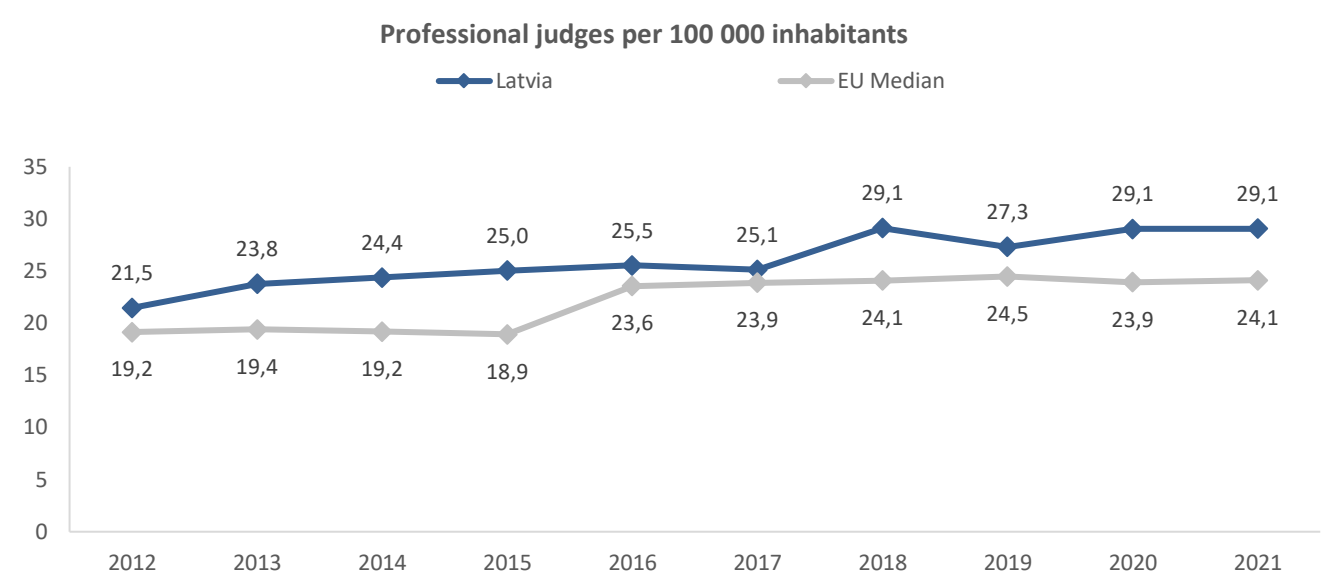
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	19,3%	80,7%
Non judge staff	6,7%	93,3%
Prosecutors	41,0%	59,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	28,9%	71,1%
Lawyers	50,6%	49,4%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2012	439	19,2	21,5	19,2
2013	481	19,4	23,8	19,4
2014	488	19,2	24,4	19,2
2015	493	18,9	25,0	18,9
2016	503	23,6	25,5	23,6
2017	490	23,9	25,1	23,9
2018	559	24,1	29,1	24,1
2019	521	24,5	27,3	24,5
2020	550	23,9	29,1	23,9
2021	545	24,1	29,1	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Latvia is 545, which is -0,9% less than in previous cycle.

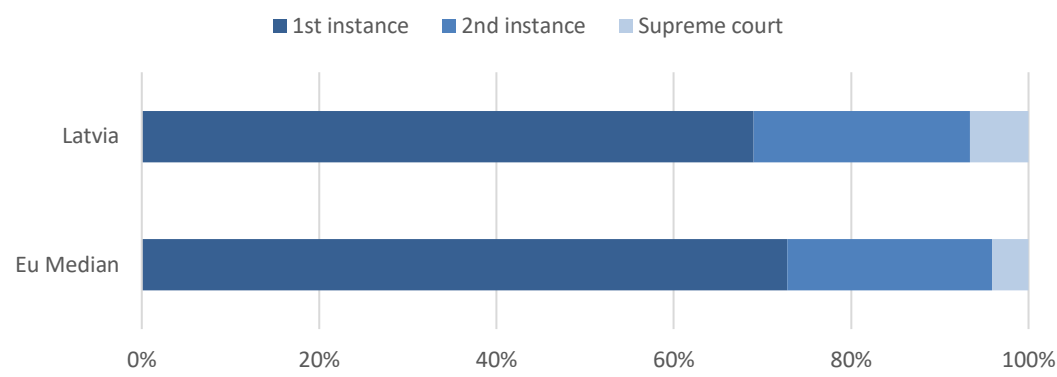
More precisely, in Latvia, there are 29,05 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,96 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,03 non-judge staff per judge.

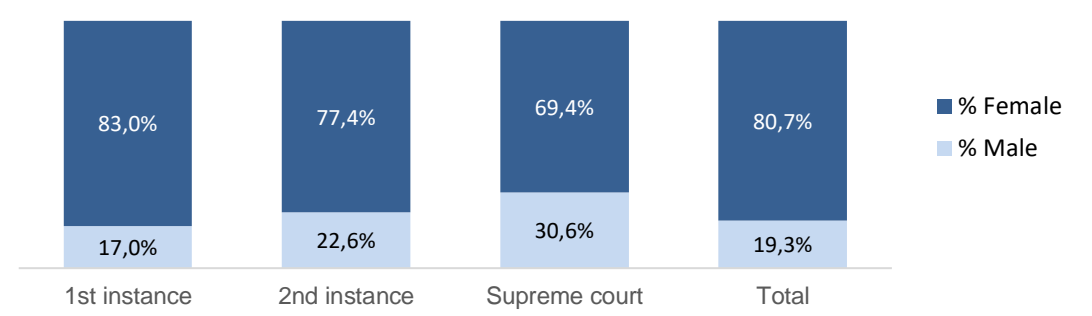
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	376	69,0%	64	312	17,0%	83,0%
2nd instance	133	24,4%	30	103	22,6%	77,4%
Supreme court	36	6,6%	11	25	30,6%	69,4%
Total	545		105	440	19,3%	80,7%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Latvia



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 440, which represents 80,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 376 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 312 are Female); 133 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 103 are Female) and 36 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 25 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Latvia has relatively more judges in 2nd instance and at the Supreme Court.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it should be noticed that the percentage of females is high in the three instances.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	380	NA	NA	39	NAP
2nd instance	129	61	48	20	NAP
Supreme court	36	13	8	14	NAP
Total	545	NA	NA	73	NAP

In Latvia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	10,3%	NAP
2nd instance	47,3%	37,2%	15,5%	NAP
Supreme court	36,1%	22,2%	38,9%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	13,4%	NAP

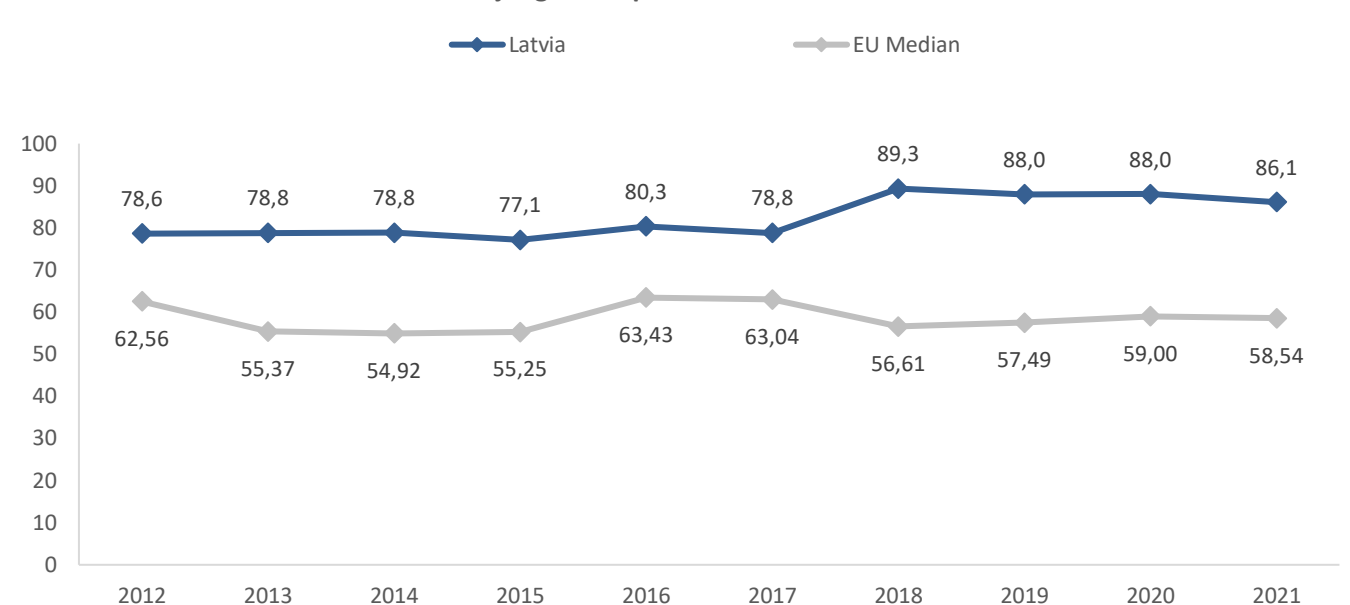
The courts of first instance of general jurisdiction do not explicitly distinguish between the specialisation of judges on the basis of the main types of cases, therefore there is not possible to distinguish the data between civil and or commercial cases and criminal cases.

The President of the Supreme Court is not included within the number of judges.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Latvia	Latvia	EU Median
2012	1 608	78,6	62,6
2013	1 594	78,8	55,4
2014	1 578	78,8	54,9
2015	1 519	77,1	55,2
2016	1 582	80,3	63,4
2017	1 536	78,8	63,0
2018	1 715	89,3	56,6
2019	1 678	88,0	57,5
2020	1 666	88,0	59,0
2021	1 615	86,1	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Latvia has 1 615 non-judge staff (of which 1 507 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -3,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 88,0 in 2020 to 86,1 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants remained at the same level of 29,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 615	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 007	62,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	491	30,4%
Technical staff	102	6,3%
Other	15	0,9%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

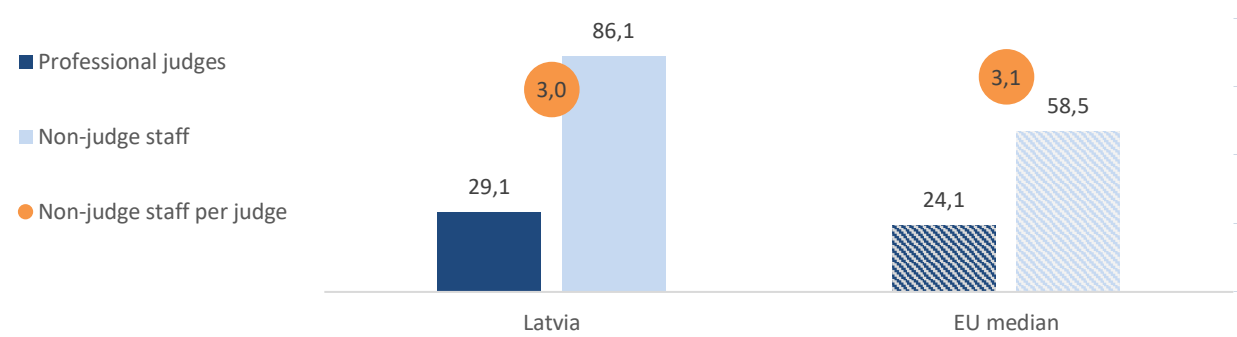
- 1 007 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 962 are Female);
- 491 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 466 are Female);
- 102 technical staff (of which 66 are Female);
- 15 other (of which 13 are Female);

Other non-judge staff are: Supreme Court - Division of case-law and research, Division of provision of regime of secrecy, Staff of secretariat of the Council for the Judiciary. In general, at the end of 2021, there were many vacancies for court staff for the first and second instance courts, therefore also there are differences in the number of court staff. In the previous cycles, the numbers for court staff for the first and second instance courts were calculated a little bit different as the vacancies were also included.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Latvia	EU median
Professional judges	29,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	86,1	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,0	3,1

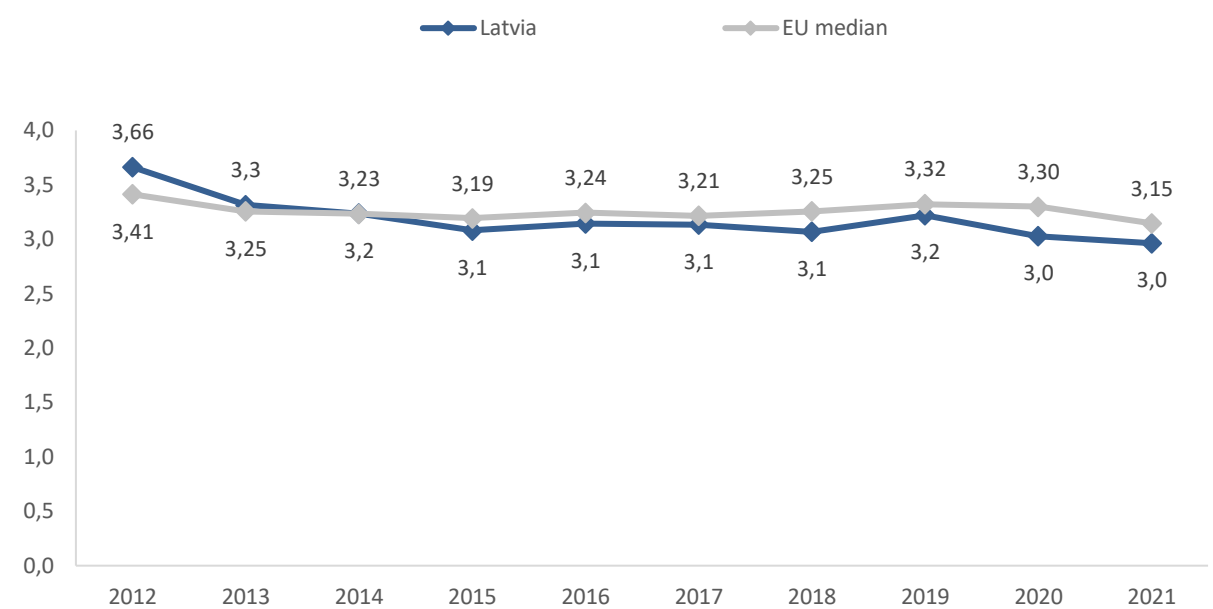
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.		Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Latvia	Latvia	Latvia	Latvia	Latvia	EU median
2012	21,5	78,6	3,66	3,4		
2013	23,8	78,8	3,3	3,3		
2014	24,4	78,8	3,2	3,2		
2015	25,0	77,1	3,1	3,2		
2016	25,5	80,3	3,1	3,2		
2017	25,1	78,8	3,1	3,2		
2018	29,1	89,3	3,1	3,3		
2019	27,3	88,0	3,2	3,3		
2020	29,1	88,0	3,0	3,3		
2021	29,1	86,1	3,0	3,1		

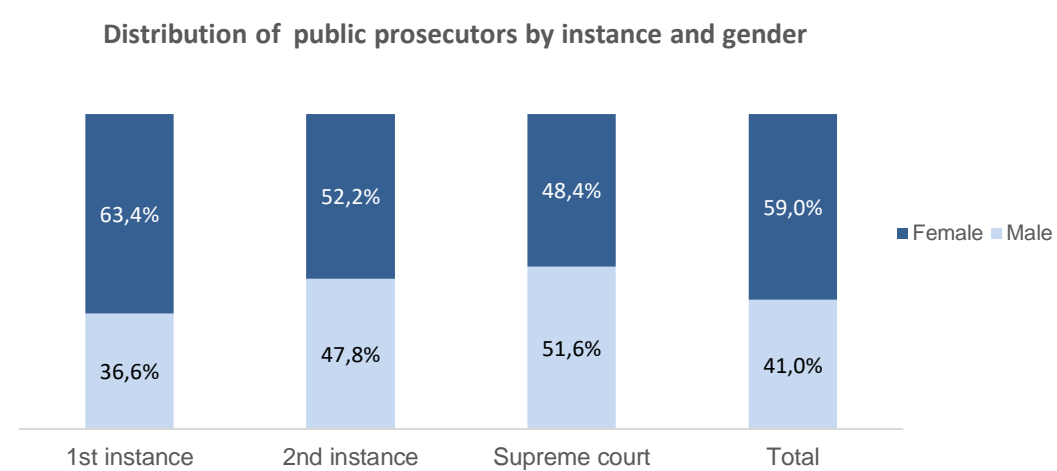
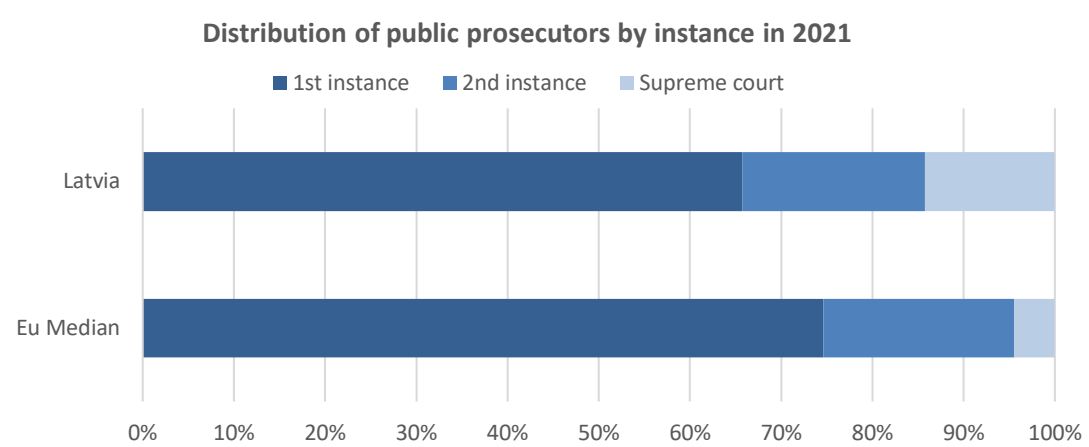
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	295	65,7%	108	187	36,6%	63,4%
2nd instance	90	20,0%	43	47	47,8%	52,2%
Supreme court	64	14,3%	33	31	51,6%	48,4%
Total	449		184	265	41,0%	59,0%



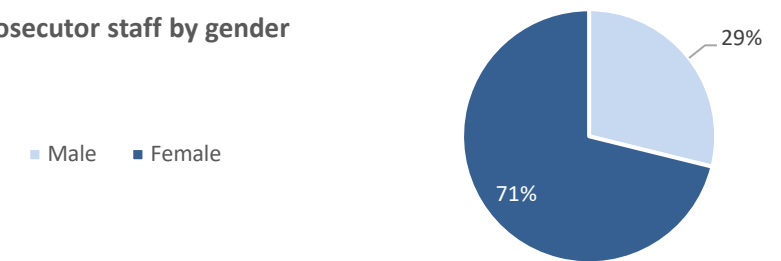
In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 265, which represents 59,0% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 295 in first instance (of which 187 are Female); 90 are in second instance (of which 47 are Female) and 64 in final instance (of which 31 are Female).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	357	103	254

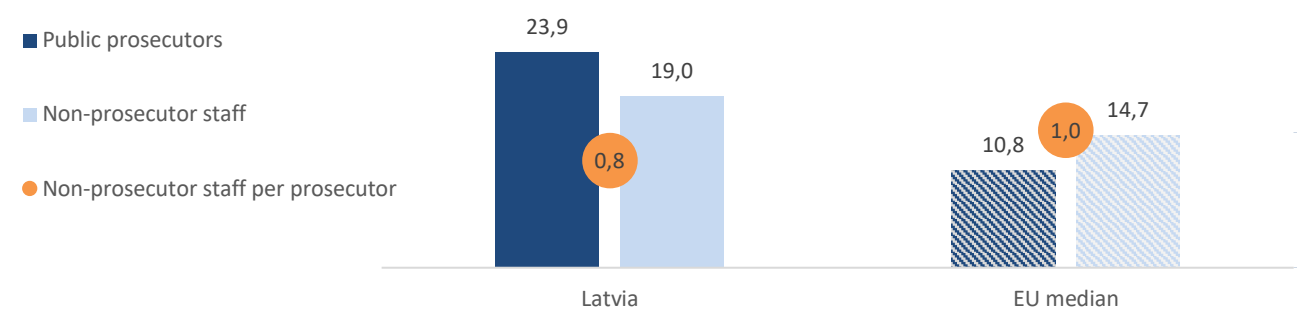
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Latvia	EU median
Public prosecutors	23,9	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	19,0	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,8	1,0

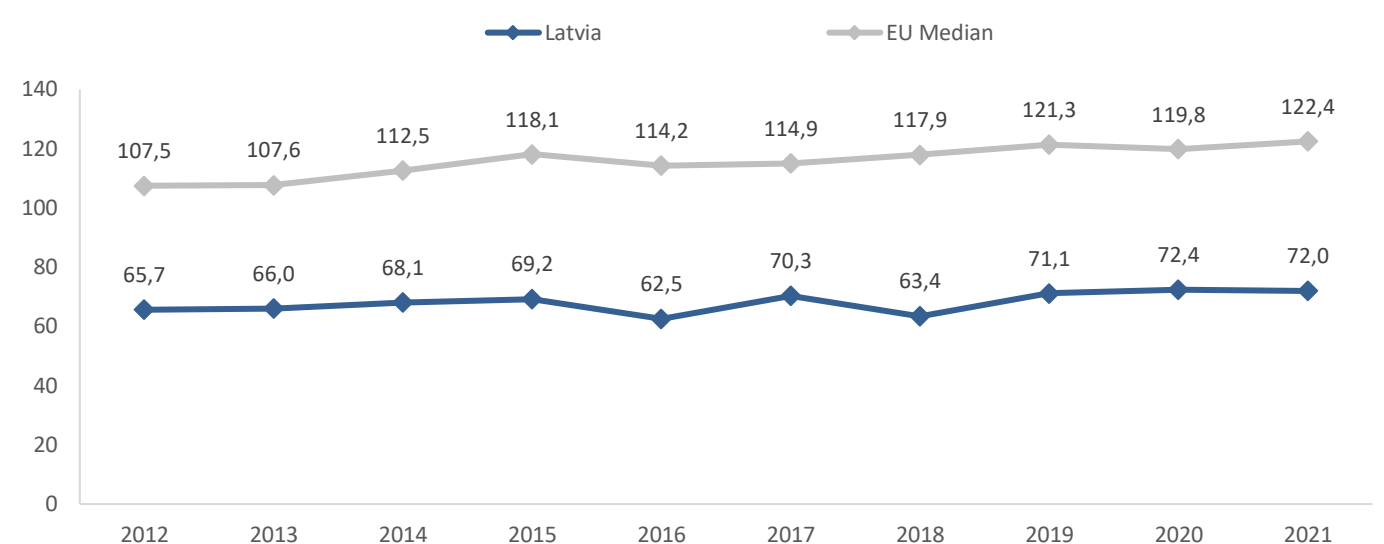
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Latvia	Latvia	EU Median
2012	1 343	65,7	107,5
2013	1 336	66,0	107,6
2014	1 363	68,1	112,5
2015	1 363	69,2	118,1
2016	1 231	62,5	114,2
2017	1 370	70,3	114,9
2018	1 218	63,4	117,9
2019	1 357	71,1	121,3
2020	1 370	72,4	119,8
2021	1 351	72,0	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants

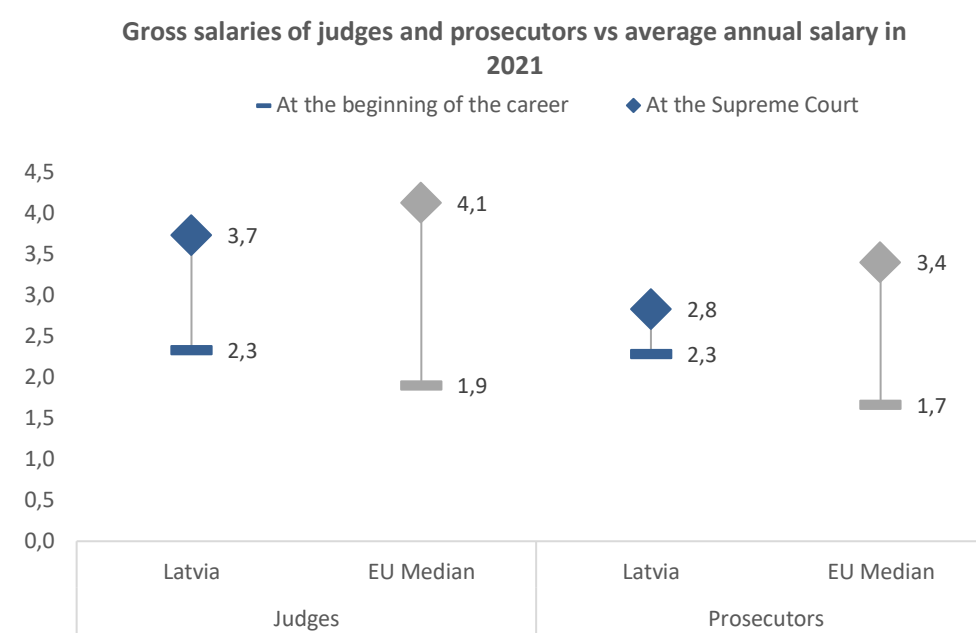


In 2021, there are 1 351 lawyers, which is -1,4% less than in 2020. There are 667 female lawyers which is 49% of the total.

Latvia has 72,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Latvia	Latvia	Latvia	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	35 808€	25 164€	2,3	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	57 302€	39 909€	3,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	35 064€	24 654€	2,3	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	43 479€	30 427€	2,8	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Latvia of 35 808€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 2,34 compared with EU median of: 1,90.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Latvia (2021 data)

In Latvia, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism – a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of enforcement of the judgment expenditures on the basis of the law (Section 567 of the Civil Procedure Law). Moreover, in accordance with Section 11 of the Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No 454 of 26 June 2012 “Regulations on the Remuneration Rates of Sworn Bailiffs”, a sworn bailiff has the right to reduce the remuneration fees.

It is also possible to submit a complaint to the court about the actions of sworn bailiffs, incl. regarding of the fees. Legal aid in such cases is granted. This also applies to previous years' questionnaire periods.

In the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism - a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of court costs granted on the basis of the law by the judge in civil proceedings (Section 43 of the Civil Procedure Law). Besides, the Criminal Procedure Law stipulates which costs, for example, conducting of inspections, shall be assumed by the State. The mentioned regulation is applying to court proceedings and exemptions rules in their respect (for example concerning the expertise costs etc). In addition, according to the State Ensured Legal Aid Law, in cross-borders cases a person has the right to receive the following: 1) services of an interpreter; 2) translation of documents requested by the court or the competent authority and submitted by the recipient of legal aid, which are necessary for adjudication of the matter; 3) payment of expenses related to the attendance at court sittings, if the presence of the person in court is provided for by the law or if the court requests so, deciding that the relevant person cannot be heard in another way (the Legal Aid Administration makes a decision).

In accordance with the Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No 1493 of 22 December 2009 “Regulations Regarding the Amount of State-ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of Payment, Reimbursable Expenses and the Procedures for Payment Thereof”, if legal aid is provided outside the place of practice of the provider of legal aid, his or her travelling (transport) expenses and hotel (accommodation) expenses shall be covered from the State budget. It is relevant for all cases – civil, administrative and criminal. In asylum cases and cases related to foreigners who are obligated to be returned, the responsible institution – the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs or the Legal Aid Administration – shall ensure the communication of the applicant for legal aid with the provider of legal aid, which covers costs of the interpretation services.

The state provides representation in court and legal advice, but in Latvia it is provided and paid also for preparation of procedural documents in all types of cases and in criminal cases for representation in the pre-trial criminal proceedings.

The Legal Aid Administration is the competent authority for providing State ensured legal aid in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases and in a Constitutional Court process. It cannot identify data on legal aid granted specifically to cases referred to court. It is noteworthy that one case can last for several years. Consequently, in a given year the Legal Aid Administration shall provide legal aid both in cases undertaken in the previous years and new cases. In criminal proceedings, the advocate shall provide the State ensured legal aid upon a request from the person directing the criminal proceedings to the elder of the sworn advocates or if urgent in conformity with the schedule of the advocates on duty compiled by the elder of the sworn advocates. In these cases, the Legal Aid Administration shall perform payments to an advocate regarding the legal assistance provided. The Legal Aid Administration cannot identify data on legal aid granted specifically to cases referred to court.

In 2021, the Legal Aid Administration received 1212 applications for request of State ensured legal aid in a Constitutional Court process, in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases, decisions on ensuring legal aid were adopted in 864 cases, legal aid was ensured in 62 asylum and return cases. It must be noted that one case can last for several years, depending on the duration of proceedings, consequently, in a given year the Legal Aid Administration shall provide the legal aid both in cases undertaken in the previous years and new cases. The advocate shall provide the State ensured legal aid in criminal proceedings upon a request from the person directing the criminal proceedings to the senior of the sworn advocates or in urgent in conformity with the schedule of the advocates on duty compiled by the elder of the sworn advocates. In these cases, the Legal Aid Administration shall perform payments to an advocate regarding the legal assistance provided. According to the data available to the Legal Aid Administration legal aid was provided in approximately 6224 criminal proceedings. Legal Aid Administration alone cannot select data on legal aid in cases existing directly in proceedings.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 21
- Actual average duration: NA

Application on legal aid in a Constitutional Court process, in civil matters and certain types of administrative cases shall be reviewed and decision on granting or refusal to grant legal aid shall be adopted by the Administration within 21 days, but in matters affecting children's rights - within 14 days from the date of receipt of an application for legal aid, as well as in partial legal aid cases, the Legal Aid Administration takes a decision within one month.

The advocate shall provide the state ensured legal aid in criminal proceedings upon a request from the person directing the criminal proceedings to the senior of the sworn advocates (process takes maximum 3 days, the estimated term in criminal cases is fixed in the Criminal Procedure Law) or in urgent in conformity with the schedule of the advocates on duty compiled by the elder of the sworn advocates.

4. Performance of courts in Latvia (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

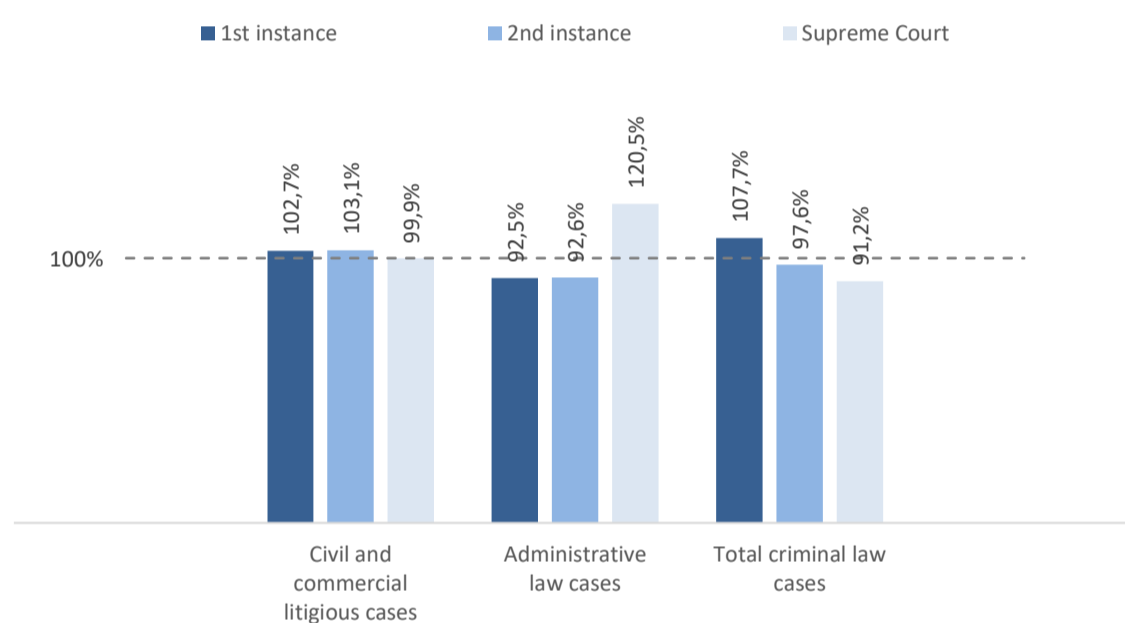
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

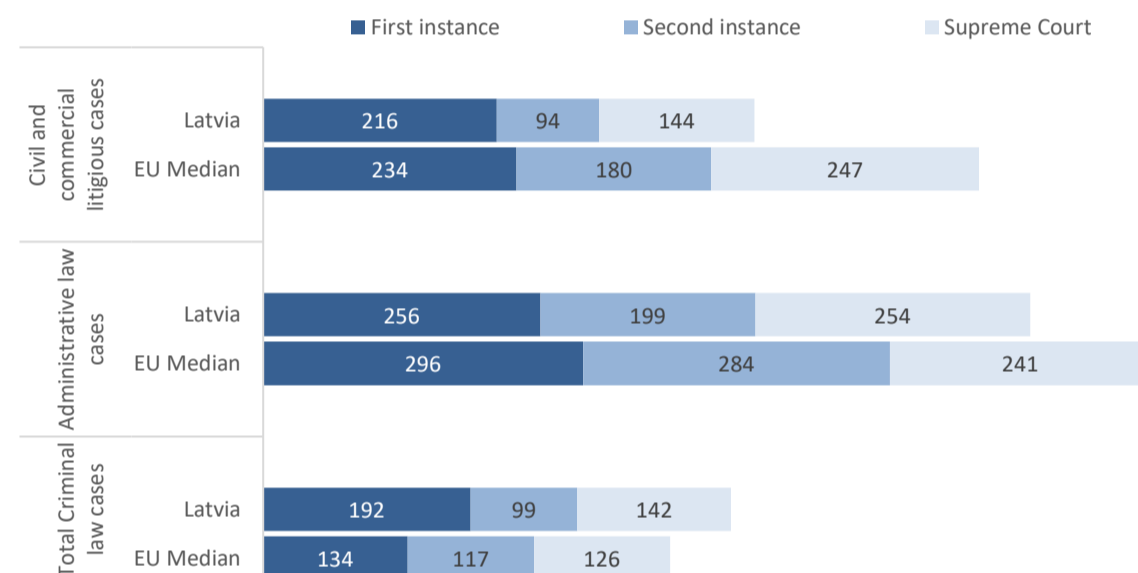
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	102,7%	102,5%	92,5%	101,7%	107,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	103,1%	100,4%	92,6%	96,8%	97,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	99,9%	99,9%	120,5%	100,4%	91,2%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	216	234	256	296	192	134
	2nd instance	94	180	199	284	99	117
	Supreme Court	144	247	254	241	142	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In Latvia, civil and commercial litigious cases and administrative cases are solved faster than the EU median, while the entire length of criminal cases is higher than the EU median. In particular, the fastest cases are civil and commercial litigious cases in second instance, while the slowest are administrative cases in first instances, even if their duration is shorter than the EU median.

The clearance rate for civil and commercial litigious cases is around or above 100%, while for administrative cases (1st and 2nd instance) and criminal cases (2nd and 3rd instance) it is lower. The highest clearance rate is for supreme court administrative cases, while the lowest is for criminal cases at the supreme court.

The improvement in the Disposition Time in second instance for civil/commercial cases is following the reduction of pending cases, especially the number of pending cases older than 2 years. This improvement is related to the increased interest and pressure of the public, the Council of Justice and the Ministry of Justice to reduce the number of long pending cases.

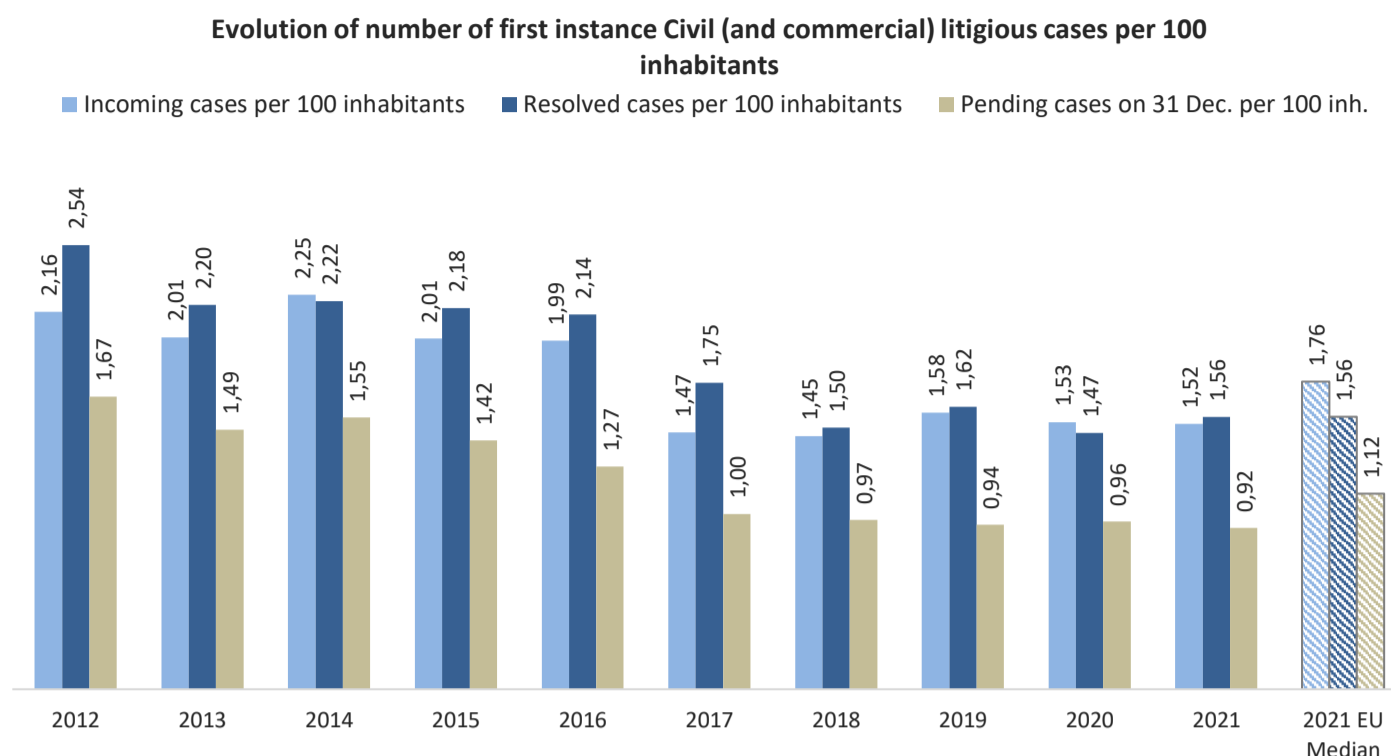
As regards efficiency of other than criminal cases in second instance, the total number of incoming administrative cases and civil cases has decreased significantly; the measures taken to handle backlog of administrative cases has resulted in increased turnover, this has resulted in falling numbers of pending cases. To handle backlog of administrative cases, two additional posts of judges were created for the years 2021 and 2022.

As regards Criminal cases in third instance, the total number of pending cases has significantly increased. Measures to handle this problem have been adopted and are under implementation. There are amendments to the Criminal Procedure Law adopted (<https://likumi.lv/ta/id/336542-grozijumi-kriminalprocesa-likuma>, in force since 3.11.2022.) to transfer competence to review specific agreement process cases to the regional courts. Some internal case management arrangements have been put into action.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,16	2,54	1,67
2013	2,01	2,20	1,49
2014	2,25	2,22	1,55
2015	2,01	2,18	1,42
2016	1,99	2,14	1,27
2017	1,47	1,75	1,00
2018	1,45	1,50	0,97
2019	1,58	1,62	0,94
2020	1,53	1,47	0,96
2021	1,52	1,56	0,92
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



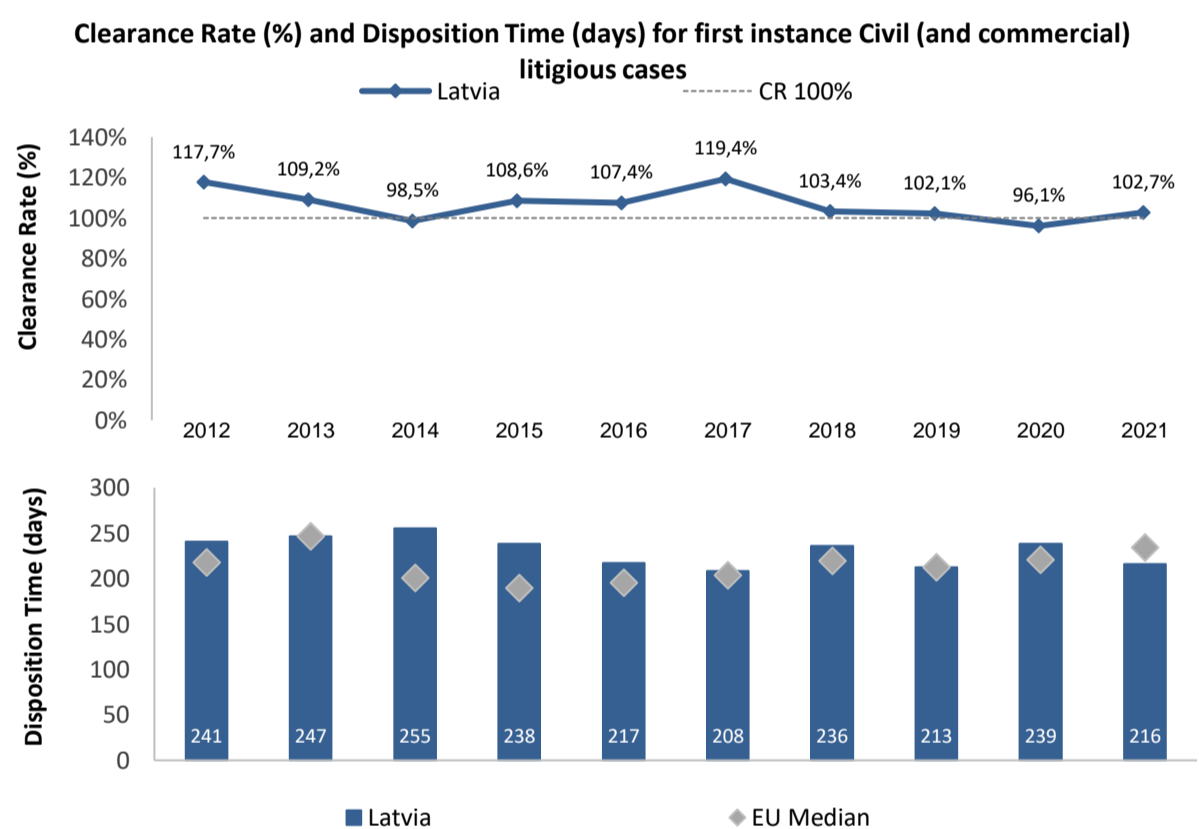
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Latvia (1,52 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Latvia (1,56 per 100 inhabitants) is at the level of the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Latvia (0,92 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2012	117,7%	100,4%	241	218
2013	109,2%	101,2%	247	247
2014	98,5%	101,8%	255	201
2015	108,6%	102,3%	238	190
2016	107,4%	102,0%	217	196
2017	119,4%	101,3%	208	204
2018	103,4%	101,2%	236	220
2019	102,1%	99,9%	213	213
2020	96,1%	98,5%	239	221
2021	102,7%	102,5%	216	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,7% in 2021 Latvia seems to be able to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,6 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 216 days, which is slightly below EU median of 234 days.

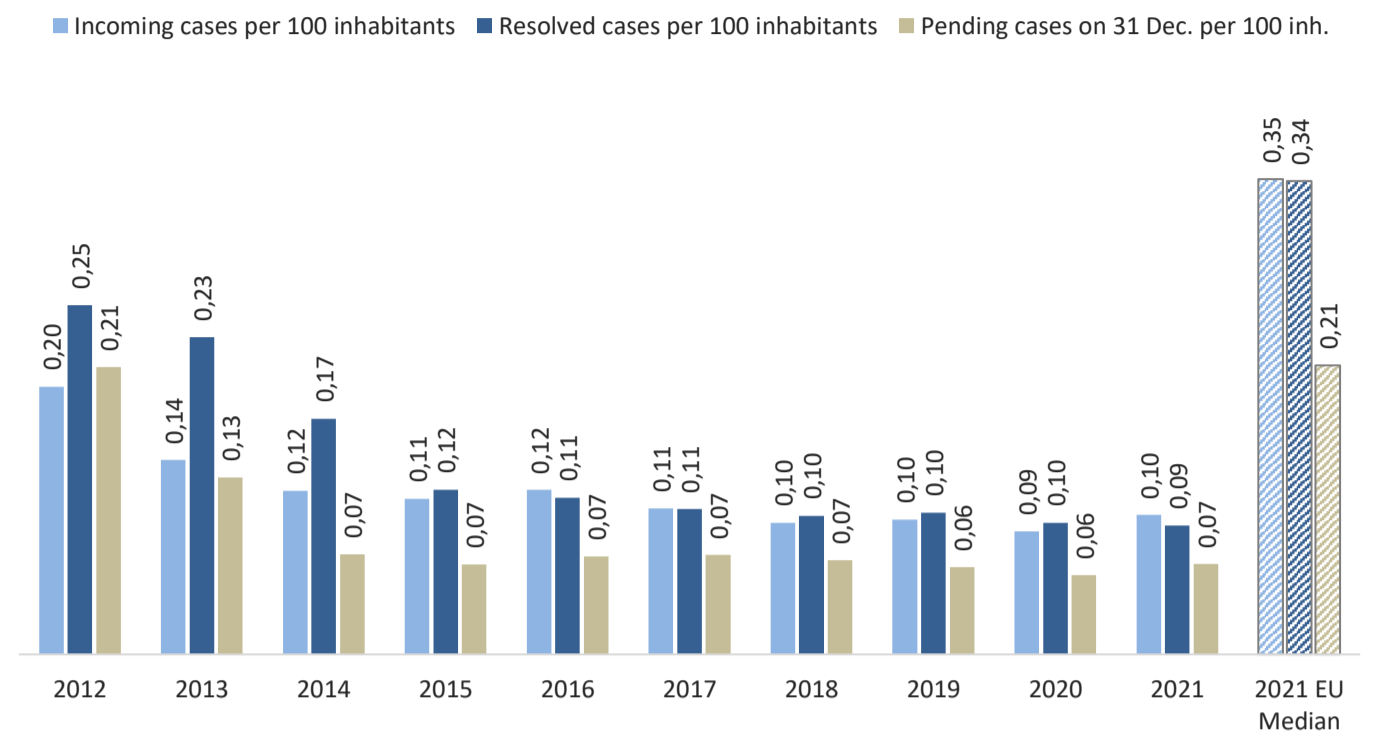
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -9,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,20	0,25	0,21
2013	0,14	0,23	0,13
2014	0,12	0,17	0,07
2015	0,11	0,12	0,07
2016	0,12	0,11	0,07
2017	0,11	0,11	0,07
2018	0,10	0,10	0,07
2019	0,10	0,10	0,06
2020	0,09	0,10	0,06
2021	0,10	0,09	0,07
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Latvia (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

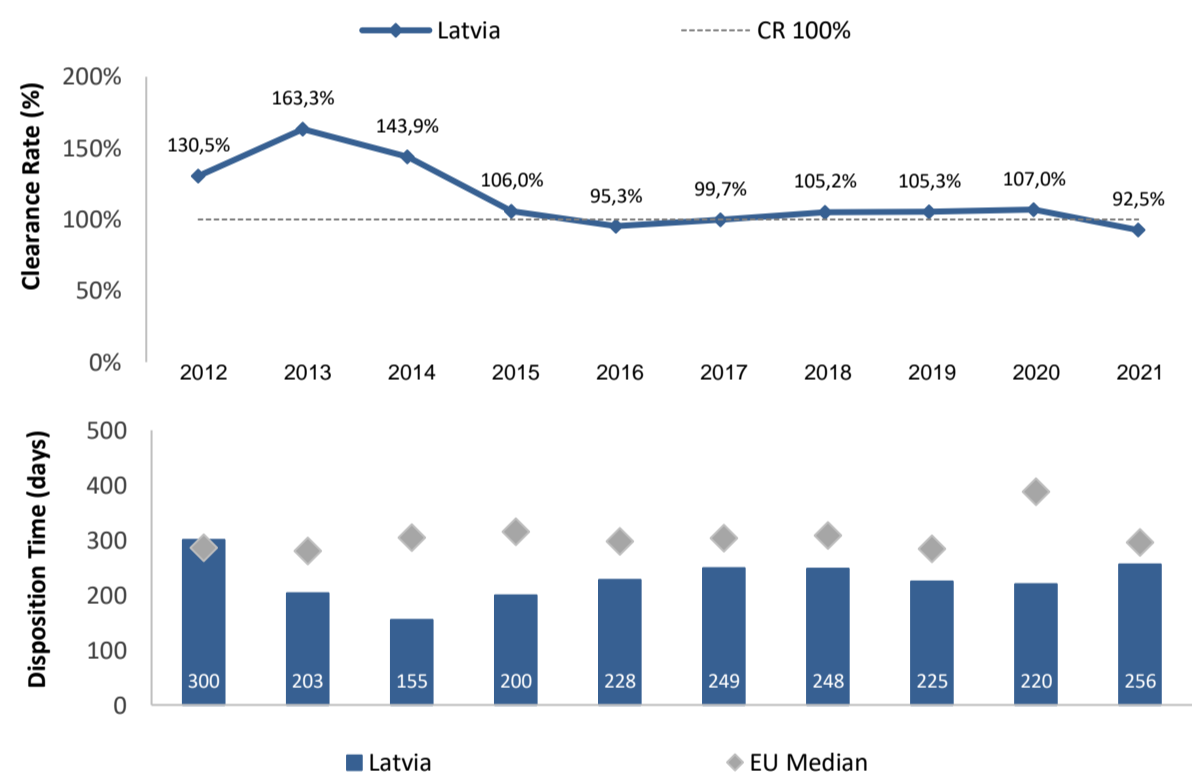
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Latvia (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Latvia (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2012	130,5%	101,0%	300	286
2013	163,3%	100,3%	203	281
2014	143,9%	99,6%	155	305
2015	106,0%	103,7%	200	315
2016	95,3%	103,0%	228	297
2017	99,7%	102,1%	249	303
2018	105,2%	99,7%	248	308
2019	105,3%	102,1%	225	284
2020	107,0%	100,1%	220	388
2021	92,5%	101,7%	256	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,5% in 2021 Latvia seems to have difficulties dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -14,4 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 256 days, which is slightly below EU median of 296 days.

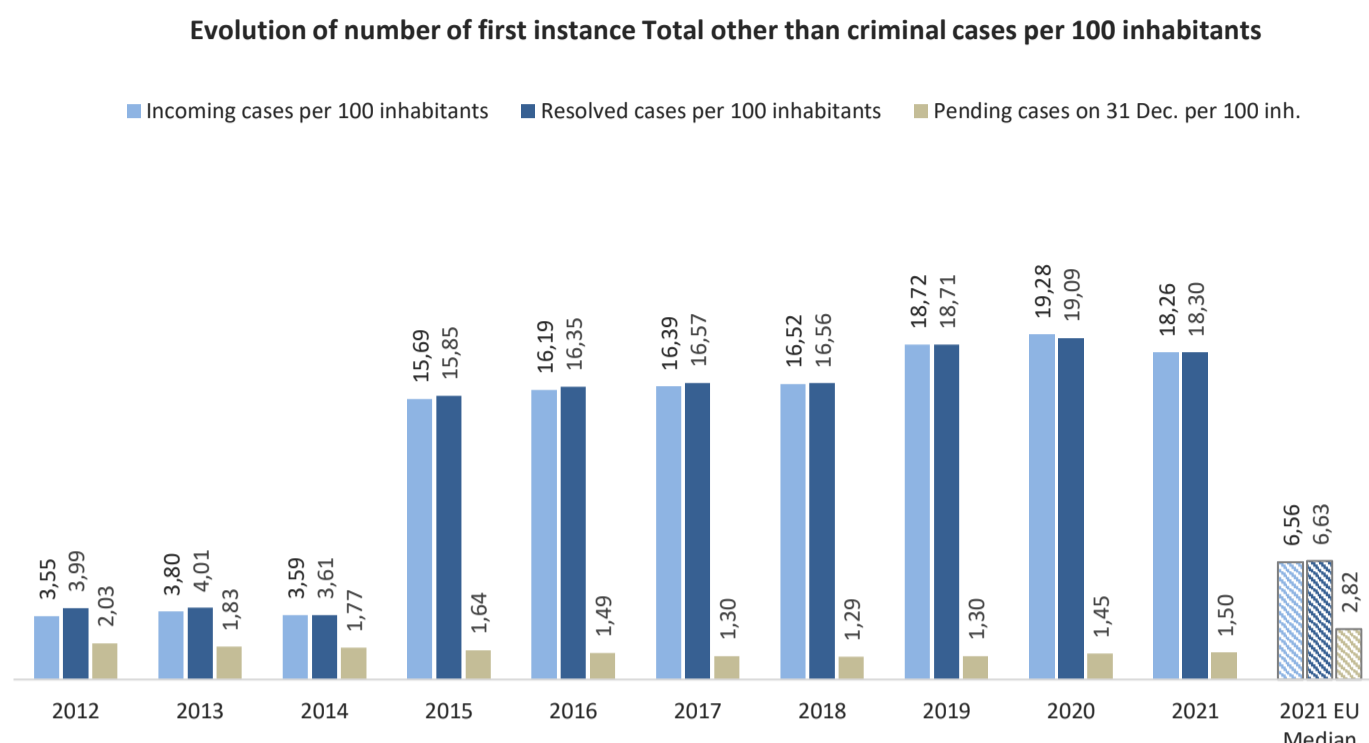
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 16,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

As regards Administrative cases it should be noted that at the end of 2021, the number of cases received, (which were directed against the Covid-19 restrictive measure - mandatory vaccination), increased significantly, and it was not possible to resolve these cases until the end of the year.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,55	3,99	2,03
2013	3,80	4,01	1,83
2014	3,59	3,61	1,77
2015	15,69	15,85	1,64
2016	16,19	16,35	1,49
2017	16,39	16,57	1,30
2018	16,52	16,56	1,29
2019	18,72	18,71	1,30
2020	19,28	19,09	1,45
2021	18,26	18,30	1,50
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Latvia (18,26 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

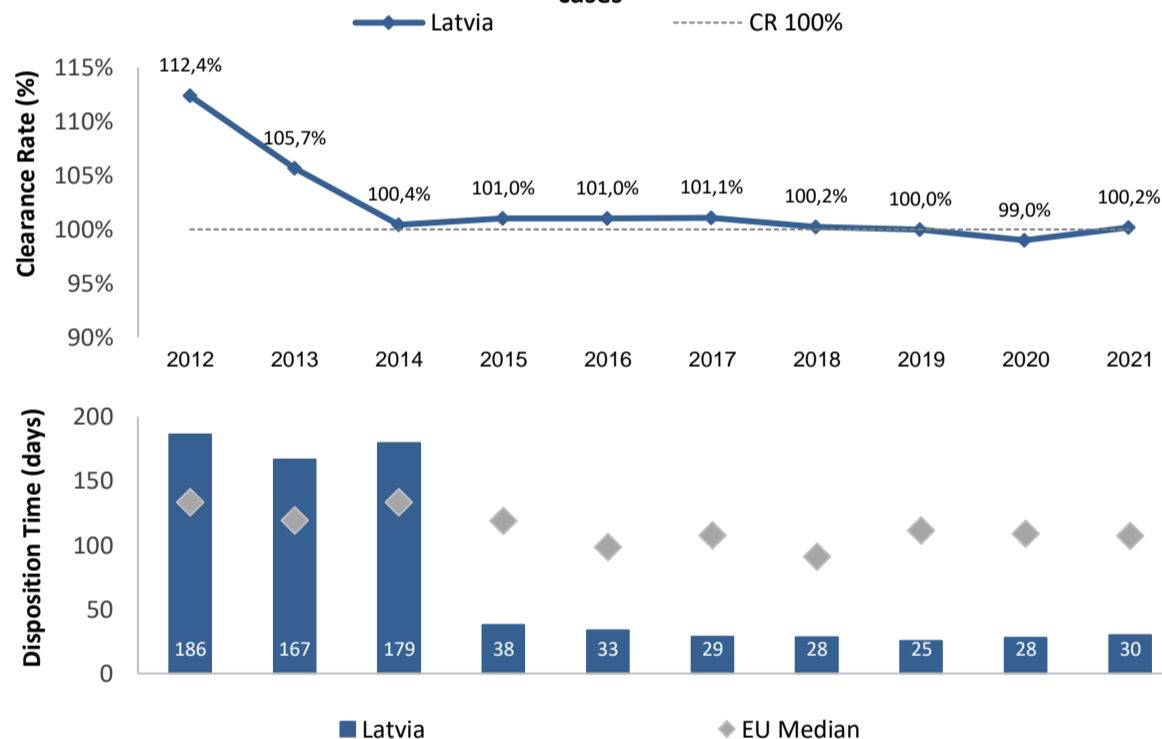
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Latvia (18,30 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Latvia (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2012	112,4%	100,5%	186	133
2013	105,7%	100,7%	167	119
2014	100,4%	101,9%	179	133
2015	101,0%	101,0%	38	119
2016	101,0%	101,5%	33	98
2017	101,1%	100,6%	29	107
2018	100,2%	100,6%	28	91
2019	100,0%	99,8%	25	111
2020	99,0%	98,7%	28	109
2021	100,2%	101,2%	30	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2021 Latvia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,2 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 30 days, which is significantly below EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 7,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

It should be noted that every year since 2019, a significant increase in the number of non-litigious civil cases has been observed. Compared to the previous period, the number of cases increases by 25%. According to the Civil Procedure Law, judge should examine application within seven days. The consideration time determined by the law also affects the amount of resolved cases, and accordingly indicates a direct connection with the amount of incoming cases.

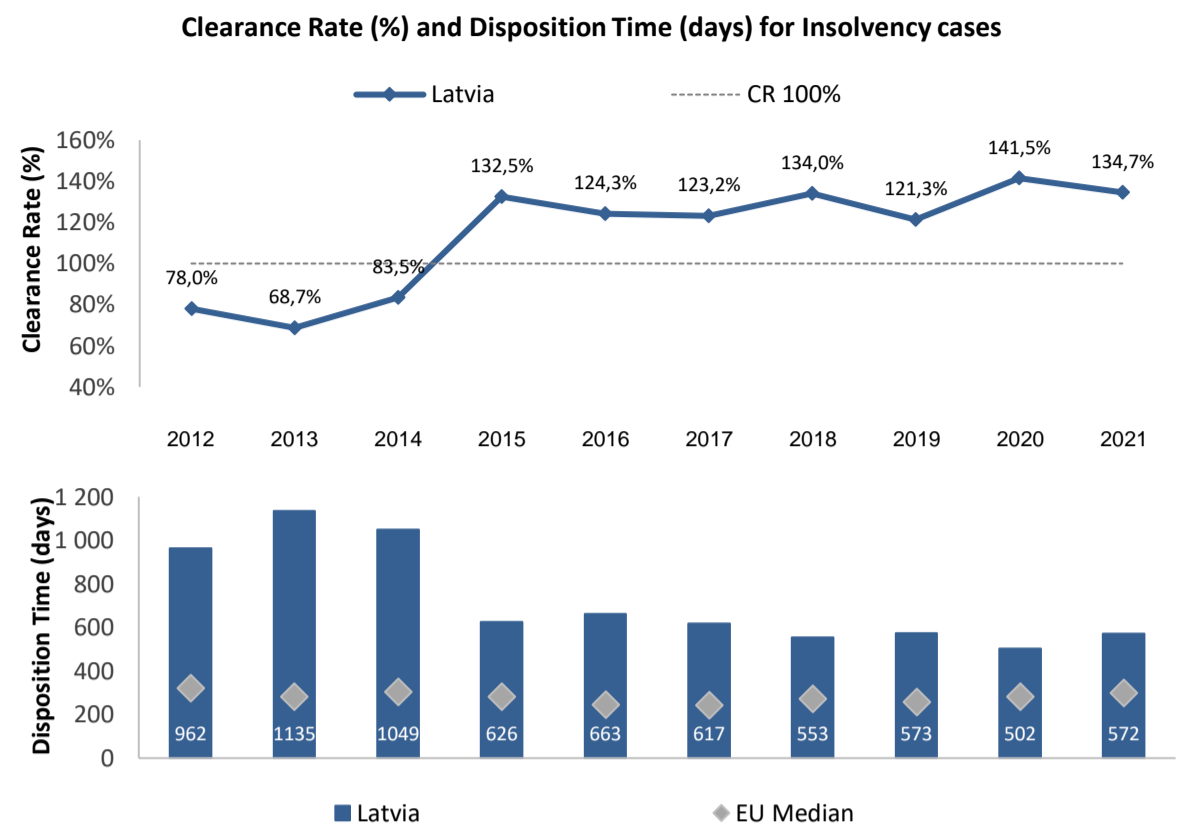
The category "civil and commercial non-litigious cases" encompasses: applications for securing claim prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for securing of evidence prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for execution of obligations through the court; undisputed compulsory execution of obligations; execution of obligations in accordance with warning procedures; voluntary sale of immovable property at auction through the court; submitting the subject-matter of an obligation for safekeeping in the court; applications for Commercial Court adjudication execution procedures; applications for arbitrary court decision compulsory execution; applications for property protection if there is no inheritance case; applications concerning execution of court adjudications. "Non-litigious enforcement cases" and "non-litigious business registry cases" are not defined in the Civil Code and both are not within the competence of courts in the first instance (similar to "non-litigious land registry cases").

The number of pending cases on January 2021 differs from pending cases on December 2020 due the living Court information system database that allows data to be corrected, so changes between previous periods are possible. More specifically, within the Court Information System, submissions received in the previous year but registered the next year are considered as incoming cases for the new year.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2012	78,0%	95,0%	962	323
2013	68,7%	89,6%	1135	282
2014	83,5%	96,9%	1049	304
2015	132,5%	104,5%	626	282
2016	124,3%	102,0%	663	246
2017	123,2%	103,6%	617	243
2018	134,0%	101,5%	553	271
2019	121,3%	101,2%	573	258
2020	141,5%	109,7%	502	281
2021	134,7%	103,3%	572	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 134,7% in 2021 Latvia seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,8 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 572 days, which is significantly above EU median of 299 days.

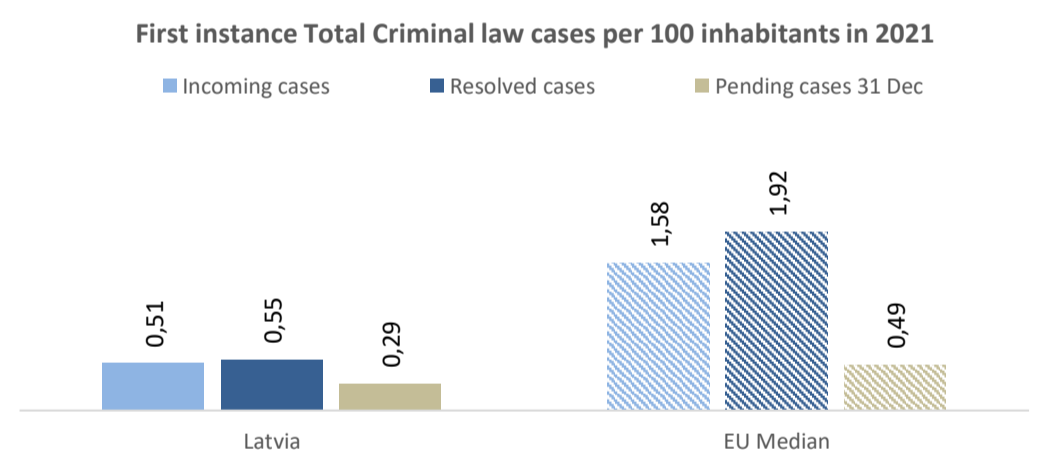
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 13,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

Limiting the spread of COVID-19 and mitigating the economic difficulties that may arise with restrictions, in March 2021 the Saeima adopted the Law on the Suppression of Consequences of the Spread of COVID-19 Infection, Section 22 of which stipulated that Until 1 September 2021, the creditor are prohibited from submitting an application for insolvency proceedings of a legal person if any of the features of insolvency proceedings of a legal person referred to in Section 57, Paragraph one, Clause 1, 2, 3, or 4 of the Insolvency Law exists, which affected the number of cases received in court. In 2021, there was a decrease in resolved insolvency cases, which was related to the restrictive measures in the field of insolvency process due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

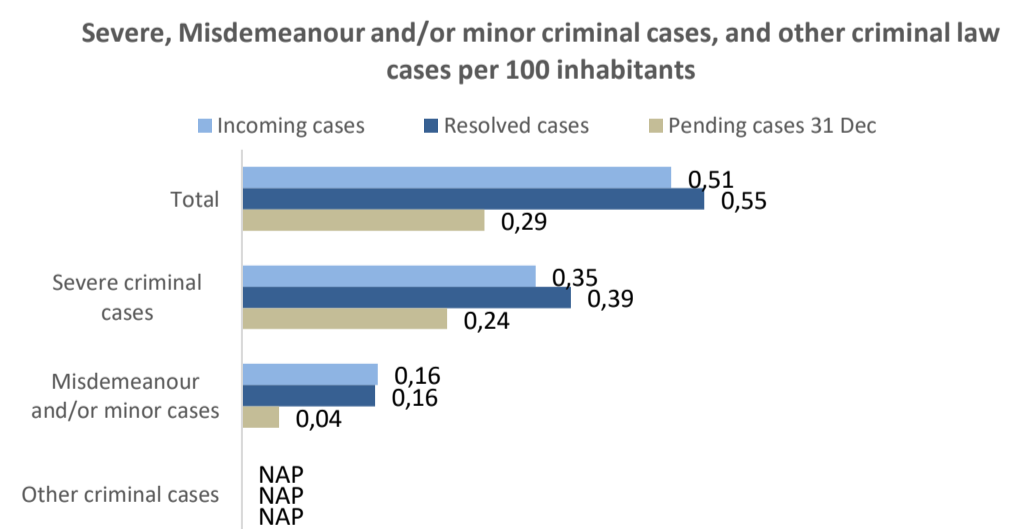
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	6 125	9 548	10 279	5 394
Severe criminal cases	5 350	6 528	7 315	4 563
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	775	3 020	2 964	831
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,33	0,51	0,55	0,29
Severe criminal cases	0,29	0,35	0,39	0,24
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,04	0,16	0,16	0,04
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Latvia (0,51 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

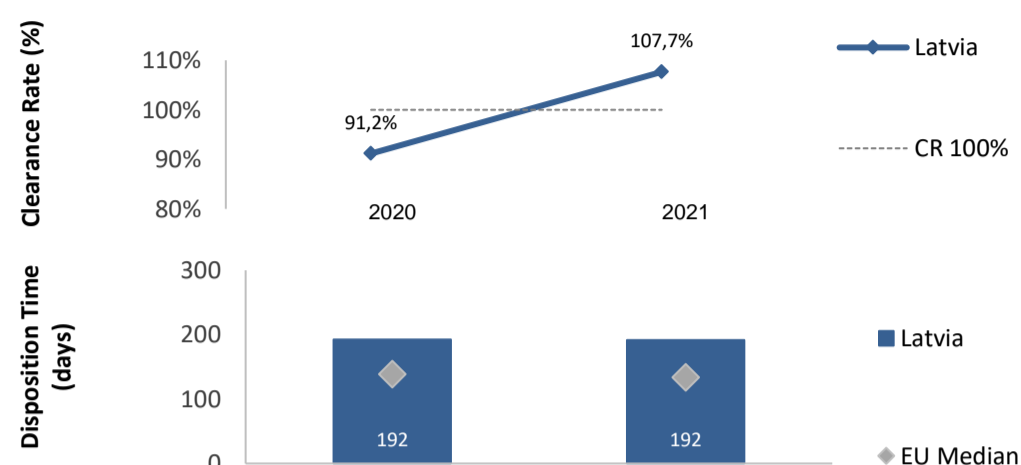
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Latvia (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Latvia (0,29 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ **Clearance Rate and Disposition Time**

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Latvia	EU Median	Latvia	EU Median
2020	91,2%	95,2%	192	139
2021	107,7%	100,0%	192	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,7% in 2021 Latvia seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 16,5 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 192 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -0,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

According to 2014 data and pursuant to the Criminal Law, criminal offences are divided into criminal violations and crimes distinguished by their nature, degree of the harm and the threat to the interests of a person or the society. A criminal violation is an offence for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding fifteen days, but not exceeding three months (temporary deprivation of liberty), or a type of lesser punishment. Crimes are classified in the following way: less serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding three months but not exceeding three years, as well as offences committed by negligence and for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term up to eight years); serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding three years but not exceeding eight years, as well as offences committed by negligence and for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding eight years); especially serious crimes (intentional offences for which the law provides for a deprivation of liberty for a term exceeding eight years or a life imprisonment).

The number of pending cases in January 2021 differs from pending cases in December 2020 registered data due the living Court information system database.

Severe criminal cases include all criminal cases according to the Criminal law - it includes all cases where a harmful offense (act or failure to act) committed deliberately (intentionally) or through negligence, provided for the Criminal Law, and for the commission of which criminal punishment is set out shall be considered a criminal offense.

Misdemeanor and / or minor criminal cases includes all administrative infringement cases according to the Law on Administrative liability about administrative offence of a person for which administrative liability is provided for in a law or binding regulations of local governments.

Criminal cases, which are assessed according to the Latvian Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure Law, are decreasing. The reduction from 2020 was influenced by changes in legislation. However, the tendency of the decrease in the number of criminal cases has been observed for a longer period of time, and it cannot be explained by the activities of the courts, but by assumptions about the general development trends of society.

In the summer of 2020, amendments to the Criminal Procedure Law entered into force, which stipulated that the case for minor violations of the criminal law is not referred for initiation of criminal proceedings (Section 373 An investigator with a consent of a prosecutor or a prosecutor may refuse to initiate criminal proceedings, if a misdemeanor has been committed), which affected the total number of criminal law cases received in court. A decrease in the number of criminal cases received has been observed since 2020.

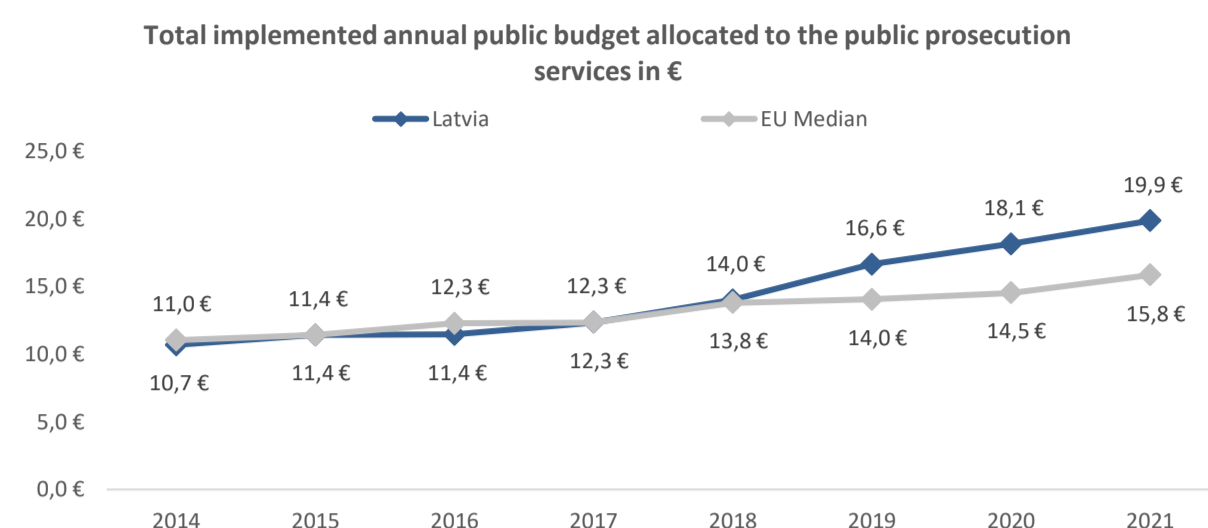
In the middle of 2020, Saeima adopted Law on Administrative Liability that affected amount of incoming cases significantly. According to the law, if the person intends to use his right to appeal a decision, he/she needs to address the complain to the higher official from institution which has made this decision, but if there is no higher official, a decision may be appealed to a district (city) court. This is the main reason for decrease of incoming cases. The number of pending cases (pending for more then 2 years) has significantly decreased. The reduction of pending cases is related to the increased interest and pressure of the public, the Council of Justice and the Ministry of Justice to reduce the number of long pending criminal cases. In 2021, courts of first instance resolved more criminal cases than in previous periods, which is related to the court's ability to adapt to resolve cases in the restrictive conditions of the Covid-19.

Data of 2020 for minor criminal cases are revised for incoming and resolved cases: 5 755 incoming cases and 6 631 resolved cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Latvia (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Latvia	Latvia	EU Median
2014	21 393 412 €	10,7 €	11,0 €
2015	22 478 776 €	11,4 €	11,4 €
2016	22 533 408 €	11,4 €	12,3 €
2017	24 053 679 €	12,3 €	12,3 €
2018	26 860 729 €	14,0 €	13,8 €
2019	31 714 248 €	16,6 €	14,0 €
2020	34 357 696 €	18,1 €	14,5 €
2021	37 234 561 €	19,9 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Latvia	Latvia	EU Median
2018	33 764 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €
2020	59 344 €	0,031 €	0,011 €
2021	47 799 €	0,025 €	0,022 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Latvia	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Latvia	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	362	▼ -26,1%	0,02	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	11 529	▼ -9,5%	0,61	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	11 147	▼ -9,0%	0,59	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	1 424	▼ -7,8%	0,08	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	10	▼ -37,5%	0,00	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	71	▼ -78,5%	0,00	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	655	▲ 170,7%	0,03	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	688	▼ -28,1%	0,04	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	3 210	▲ 37,4%	0,17	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	452	▲ 58,6%	0,02	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	6 061	▼ -25,1%	0,32	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	616	▲ 70,2%	0,03	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

Cases brought to court: 6061 cases with the total number of criminal offenses - 11008.

The number of incoming cases in 2021 was 11 529. This includes cases received: for initiation of criminal prosecution; after the division of cases or during the phase of investigation; in accordance with urgent procedures; from the court for the elimination of violations/deficiencies; taken over for investigation; restored previously terminated or suspended cases.

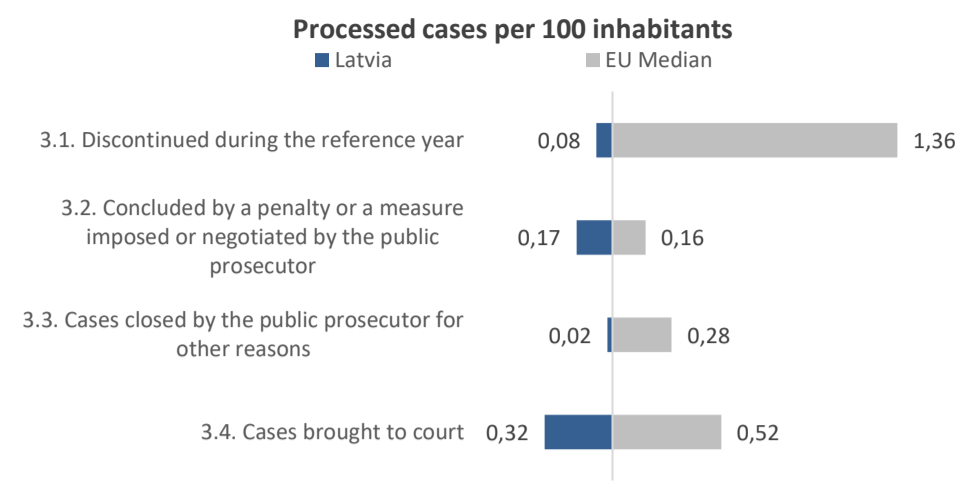
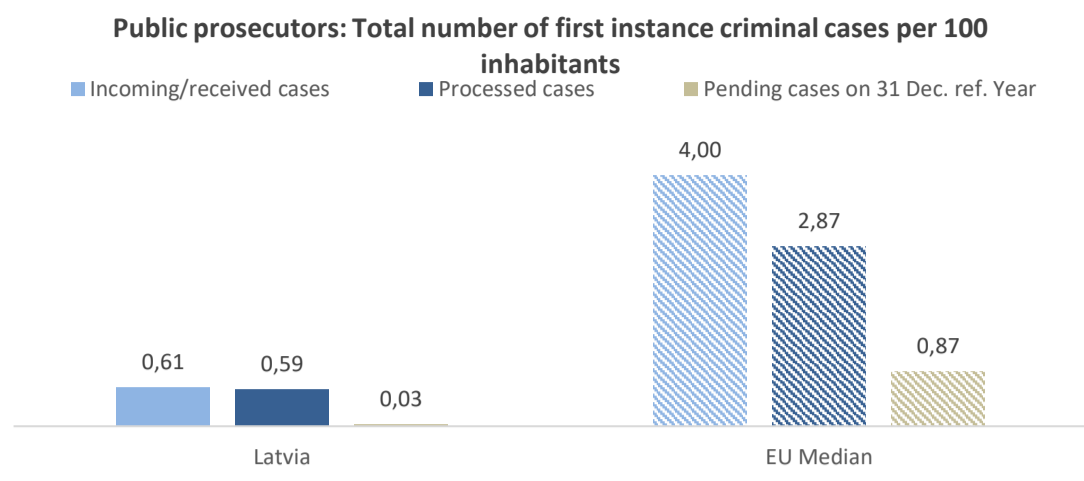
The vertical consistency cannot be ensured because in 2021 there were 370 cases that were added to other cases and 82 cases were returned to the investigative authorities to continue the investigation. These cases are not included in the subcategories of Q107. 3.1.2. "Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation" - according to Article 380 of the Criminal Procedure Law these preconditions (stated in Article 377, Clauses 1, 2 and 10 of the Criminal Procedure Law) are exonerating circumstances. Data for the year 2020 included also other clauses of Article 377 that contains circumstances that do not exonerate persons, which explains the remarkable difference in numbers. Accordingly, 3.1.3. has increased by the number of relevant cases (that also constitute reasons of opportunity).

As regards 3.1.4. Discontinued for other reasons: the cases included in this category are, for example, the cases in which the prosecutor took a decision to terminate criminal proceedings by conditionally releasing from criminal liability a person who has been accused of committing a serious crime and who has substantially assisted in the disclosure of a serious or especially serious crime that is more serious or dangerous than the criminal offence committed by the relevant person himself / herself (Paragraph prim of Section 415 of the Criminal Procedure Law). The information compiled in the information system of the Prosecution Office shows that in 2021, prosecutors took 9 decisions to terminate criminal proceedings based on the aforementioned Paragraph. Besides, for 2021, there are 675 cases in which criminal proceedings were suspended included in this category.

Just like for the year 2020, 365 cases in which the prosecutor took a decision to terminate the criminal proceedings by conditionally releasing a person from criminal liability for the commission of a criminal offence or a less serious crime were included in the category "3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor". This, along with the recommendation included in the Operational Strategy of the Prosecution Office 2022-2027- on the completion of the criminal proceedings in the Prosecution Office where possible, also explains the increase in the latter category. 3.3. "Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons": the cases included in this category are, for example, the cases in which the Prosecutor General has made a decision to terminate criminal proceedings against a person who has substantially assisted in the disclosure of a serious or especially serious crime that is more serious or dangerous than a criminal offence committed by such person himself / herself. In 2021, Prosecutor General has not terminated any criminal proceedings based on Article 410 of the Criminal Procedure Law. For 2021, in this category there are 285 cases included that were sent on the basis of the jurisdiction (including – abroad).

As regards 4 "Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref year": The number has increased mainly due to the COVID-19 pandemic (that affected the timely execution of procedural/investigative actions).

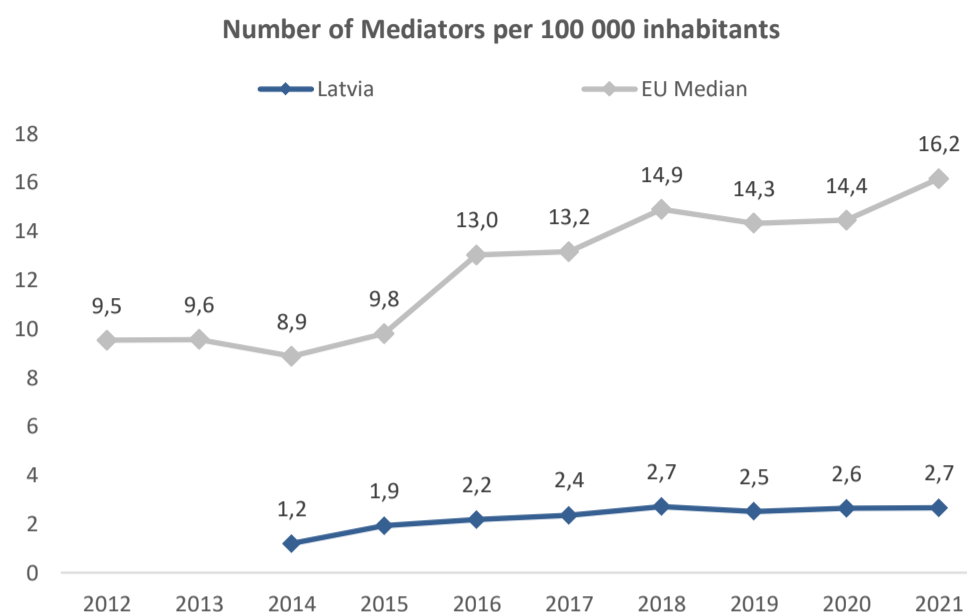
3.4. In 2021 there has been a significant decrease of the number of initiated criminal proceedings (-17%), furthermore the number of criminal proceedings completed in the prosecutor's office has increased (+26%).



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Latvia (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Latvia	Latvia	EU Median
2012	NAP	NAP	9,5
2013	NAP	NAP	9,6
2014	24	1,2	8,9
2015	38	1,9	9,8
2016	43	2,2	13,0
2017	46	2,4	13,2
2018	52	2,7	14,9
2019	48	2,5	14,3
2020	50	2,6	14,4
2021	50	2,7	16,2



In 2021, there are 50 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

There is no change in this number between 2020 and 2021.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Latvia (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes	
Other	0% (NAP)	No	No	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Latvia (2021 data)

In Latvia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

In January 15, 2020 the "Visitors service standards of the district (city) courts and regional courts" were approved. This document summarizes the general principles related to functions such as judicial reception and providing with information. The standards help court staff to raise their professionalism and understand the court visitors servicing values.

According to the Law on Judicial Power Section 27.1. chief judge of a court shall plan and determine the objectives of the court work in relation to average time periods for adjudication of matters in a court (the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters) prior to the beginning of each calendar year in co-operation with court judges. The standard of time periods for adjudication of matters shall be determined, taking into account the court resources and the necessity to ensure the right of a person to adjudication of a matter in a reasonable time period and in conformity with other basic principles for examination of matters. A Chief Judge of a court shall approve the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters in a court and supervise the actual time periods of examining matters in a court. A Chief Judge of a court shall submit information to the Board of Justice regarding the approved standard of time periods for adjudication of matters until 1 February of each year.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

Implemented business intelligence solution allows to very closely monitor all the mentioned court activities. Satisfaction of court staff and users is being evaluated by regular questionnaires in courts.

In Latvia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Evaluation of judicial work is carried out as necessary. Evaluation of courts activities are done mainly in two ways: every month and on a basis of request. The evaluation can happen for a single court or instance at any time for a number of reasons. An Annual evaluation of court staff is also carried out, which is essential for high-quality work of courts.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

However, there is a suggestion from State Audit Office and a subsequent proposition from Ministry of Justice and Court administration to the Judiciary Council to start to take court work statistical indicators into account when planning annual budget. If necessary, based on workload data resources can be allocated later within a court.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Latvia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	1 950 116	1 919 968	1 907 675	1 893 223	1 875 757	-8,3%	-0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 858	11 575	12 065	12 329	12 762	13 855	15 136	15 928	15 497	17 454	60,7%	12,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	1	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	False	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	False	False	False	False		

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	True

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	18	-	5,9%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	34	34	34	28	28	25	9	9	9	9	-73,5%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	50,0%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	2	100,0%	100,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	46	-	-2,1%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	48	48	48	49	42	47	52	56	55	53	10,4%	-3,6%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	48 647	41 425	35 793	37 504	32 312	29 430	25 433	24 757	23 847	28 669	-41,1%	20,2%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	42 051	33 818	30 395	31 407	28 001	25 078	19 522	18 609	17 006	18 059	-57,1%	6,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	5 628	9 515	-	69,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 438	3 185	4 213	4 671	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 836	5 628	9 515	176,8%	69,1%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	5 496	4 422	2 510	1 426	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 312	1 213	1 095	-80,1%	-9,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	72 547	76 869	71 939	308 909	318 677	319 637	317 227	357 072	365 086	342 598	372,2%	-6,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	44 106	40 747	45 127	39 504	39 260	28 652	27 778	30 196	28 907	28 464	-35,5%	-1,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 691	267 173	277 057	288 911	287 606	325 004	334 482	312 229	-	-6,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 068	33 257	28 691	29 066	29 479	43 123	42 345	44 727	59 368	76 178	162,1%	28,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	275 114	236 051	-	-14,2%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	238 107	247 578	245 788	245 261	280 277	275 114	236 051	-	-14,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 989	2 865	2 387	2 232	2 360	2 074	1 843	1 872	1 697	1 905	-52,2%	12,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 520	81 225	72 254	312 004	321 955	323 093	317 970	357 017	361 417	343 170	321,0%	-5,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	51 930	44 500	44 438	42 910	42 183	34 197	28 712	30 836	27 766	29 231	-43,7%	5,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	28 718	266 729	277 524	286 829	287 320	324 210	331 836	312 176	-	-5,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	29 483	32 046	28 718	30 719	29 550	41 571	42 059	43 933	56 722	76 125	158,2%	34,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	275 114	236 051	-	-14,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	236 010	247 974	245 258	245 261	280 277	275 114	236 051	-	-14,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 205	4 679	3 436	2 365	2 248	2 067	1 938	1 971	1 815	1 763	-66,1%	-2,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	41 530	37 069	35 478	32 312	29 430	25 444	24 690	24 812	27 516	28 097	-32,3%	2,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	34 227	30 065	31 084	28 001	25 078	19 533	18 588	17 969	18 147	17 292	-49,5%	-4,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	8 274	9 568	-	15,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 023	4 396	4 186	3 018	2 947	4 499	4 785	5 630	8 274	9 568	216,5%	15,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	4 280	2 608	1 461	1 293	1 405	1 412	1 317	1 213	1 095	1 237	-71,1%	13,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	112,4%	105,7%	100,4%	101,0%	101,0%	101,1%	100,2%	100,0%	99,0%	100,2%	(12,20)	1,17
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	117,7%	109,2%	98,5%	108,6%	107,4%	119,4%	103,4%	102,1%	96,1%	102,7%	(15,04)	6,64
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	100,1%	99,8%	100,2%	99,3%	99,9%	99,8%	99,2%	100,0%	-	0,77

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,4%	96,4%	100,1%	105,7%	100,2%	96,4%	99,3%	98,2%	95,5%	99,9%	(1,50)	4,39
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	99,1%	100,2%	99,8%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	130,5%	163,3%	143,9%	106,0%	95,3%	99,7%	105,2%	105,3%	107,0%	92,5%	(37,94)	(14,41)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	186	167	179	38	33	29	28	25	28	30	-83,9%	7,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	241	247	255	238	217	208	236	213	239	216	-10,2%	-9,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	53	4	4	6	6	6	9	11	-	22,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	37	50	53	36	36	40	42	47	53	46	22,6%	-13,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	300	203	155	200	228	249	248	225	220	256	-14,7%	16,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	1 905	1 649	1 454	1 565	1 426	1 304	1 178	1 099	1 046	973	-48,9%	-7,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	994	779	599	570	397	308	276	203	211	199	-80,0%	-5,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	4 825	5 402	6 328	6 643	5 812	5 247	4 718	4 041	3 643	3 003	-37,8%	-17,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119	136	-	14,3%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	62	-	5,1%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	2 389	2 098	2 035	1 815	1 805	1 616	1 569	1 534	1 254	1 324	-44,6%	5,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	549	575	557	442	462	409	355	330	341	334	-39,2%	-2,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 626	2 961	2 832	2 557	2 323	2 266	1 990	1 908	1 542	1 222	-53,5%	-20,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	127	-	-16,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	61	-	29,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 645	2 293	1 968	1 954	1 927	1 741	1 648	1 589	1 327	1 269	-52,0%	-4,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	764	755	622	615	551	441	427	322	353	327	-57,2%	-7,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	2 049	2 035	2 364	3 388	2 888	2 792	2 666	2 314	2 182	1 646	-19,7%	-24,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	140	-	3,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	55	-	25,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	1 649	1 454	1 521	1 426	1 304	1 179	1 099	1 044	973	1 028	-37,7%	5,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	779	599	534	397	308	276	204	211	199	206	-73,6%	3,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	5 402	6 328	6 796	5 812	5 247	4 721	4 042	3 635	3 003	2 579	-52,3%	-14,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136	123	-	-9,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	68	-	9,7%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)												
CR Litigious divorce cases	110,7%	109,3%	96,7%	107,7%	106,8%	107,7%	105,0%	103,6%	105,8%	95,8%	(14,87)	(9,98)
CR Employment dismissal cases	139,2%	131,3%	111,7%	139,1%	119,3%	107,8%	120,3%	97,6%	103,5%	97,9%	(41,26)	(5,61)
CR Insolvency cases	78,0%	68,7%	83,5%	132,5%	124,3%	123,2%	134,0%	121,3%	141,5%	134,7%	56,67	(6,81)
DT Litigious divorce cases	228	231	282	266	247	247	243	240	268	296	29,9%	10,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	372	290	313	236	204	228	174	239	206	230	-38,2%	11,7%
DT Insolvency cases	962	1 135	1 049	626	663	617	553	573	502	572	-40,6%	13,8%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 449	3 152	3 101	2 684	2 175	1 823	1 945	1 434	-	-26,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 362	1 251	1 652	1 691	1 528	1 323	1 323	992	-	-25,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			14	23	14	16	-	-	28	27	-	-3,6%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	1	14	16	-	-	28	27	-	-3,6%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			13	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 986	1 878	1 435	977	647	500	594	415	-	-30,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			87	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 553	6 897	6 965	6 532	5 619	5 272	4 495	4 500	-	0,1%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 180	5 504	5 719	5 331	4 464	4 170	3 384	3 336	-	-1,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			147	95	6	9	6	-	192	200	-	4,2%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	4	6	9	6	-	192	200	-	4,2%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			136	91	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 909	1 388	1 240	1 192	1 149	1 102	919	964	-	4,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			317	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			7 539	6 939	7 209	7 066	5 895	5 151	5 006	4 537	-	-9,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			5 246	5 910	5 507	5 510	4 661	4 143	3 715	3 438	-	-7,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			148	110	4	24	6	-	193	206	-	6,7%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	11	4	24	6	-	193	206	-	6,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			137	99	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 931	1 889	1 698	1 532	1 228	1 008	1 098	893	-	-18,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			214	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 463	3 101	2 857	2 150	1 899	1 944	1 434	1 397	-	-2,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 296	1 652	1 864	1 512	1 331	1 350	992	890	-	-10,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			13	14	16	1	-	-	27	21	-	-22,2%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	-	16	1	-	-	27	21	-	-22,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			12	14	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 964	1 435	977	637	568	594	415	486	-	17,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			190	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	NA	156	NA	69	34	-	-50,7%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	NA	97	NA	65	33	-	-49,2%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	NA	59	NA	3	1	-	-66,7%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,8%	100,6%	103,5%	108,2%	104,9%	97,7%	111,4%	100,8%	-	(10,55)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101,3%	107,4%	96,3%	103,4%	104,4%	99,4%	109,8%	103,1%	-	(6,72)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			100,7%	115,8%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	100,5%	103,0%	-	2,48
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			100,0%	275,0%	66,7%	266,7%	100,0%	-	100,5%	103,0%	-	2,48
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non litigious land registry cases			100,7%	108,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,2%	136,1%	136,9%	128,5%	106,9%	91,5%	119,5%	92,6%	-	(26,84)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			67,5%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			216	163	145	111	118	138	105	112	-	7,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			160	102	124	100	104	119	97	94	-	-3,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			32	46	1460	15	-	-	51	37	-	-27,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			33	-	1460	15	-	-	51	37	-	-27,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			32	52	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			371	277	210	152	169	215	138	199	-	44,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			324	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 195	2 590	NA	1 698	1 614	1 651	1 500	1 158	-	-22,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 852	2 085	1 644	938	741	653	647	419	-	-35,2%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			25	NA	NA	NA	-	1	2	2	-	0,0%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			11	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			14	NA	NAP	NAP	-	1	1	2	-	100,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			14	NA	NAP	NA	-	1	1	2	-	100,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	-	1	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			318	505	671	760	869	958	851	737	-	-13,4%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	4	39	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 801	2 646	NA	2 379	2 186	2 008	1 953	1 798	-	-7,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 594	1 420	1 568	1 386	1 082	1 142	1 104	1 069	-	-3,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			44	NA	NA	NA	44	22	23	23	-	0,0%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			4	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			40	NA	NAP	NAP	44	19	22	23	-	4,5%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			40	NA	NAP	NA	43	19	22	23	-	4,5%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	3	1	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 163	1 226	1 116	993	850	844	826	706	-	-14,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	210	NA	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 385	2 957	NA	2 463	2 149	2 159	2 295	1 939	-	-15,5%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 361	1 825	2 282	1 321	1 170	1 187	1 332	1 068	-	-19,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			48	72	71	26	43	21	23	20	-	-13,0%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			14	36	64	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			34	26	NAP	NAP	43	19	21	20	-	-4,8%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			34	26	NA	21	42	19	21	20	-	-4,8%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	1	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	10	7	5	NAP	2	2	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			976	1 060	1 027	884	761	951	940	851	-	-9,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	69	232	175	NA	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 609	2 315	NA	1 614	1 651	1 500	1 158	1 017	-	-12,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 085	1 644	957	745	653	608	419	420	-	0,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			19	NA	NA	NA	1	2	2	5	-	150,0%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			18	NA	NAP	NAP	1	1	2	5	-	150,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			18	NA	NAP	NA	1	1	2	5	-	150,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	1	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			505	671	760	869	958	851	737	592	-	-19,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	39	NA	-	-	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	137	172	-	25,5%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	503	NA	NA	NA	13	5	-	-61,5%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	124	167	-	34,7%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			85,1%	111,8%	NA	103,5%	98,3%	107,5%	117,5%	107,8%	-	(9,67)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			85,4%	128,5%	145,5%	95,3%	108,1%	103,9%	120,7%	99,9%	-	(20,75)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			109,1%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	95,5%	100,0%	87,0%	-	(13,04)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			350,0%	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			85,0%	NA	NAP	NAP	97,7%	100,0%	95,5%	87,0%	-	(8,50)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			85,0%	NA	NA	NA	97,7%	100,0%	95,5%	87,0%	-	(8,50)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	66,7%	200,0%	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			83,9%	86,5%	92,0%	89,0%	89,5%	112,7%	113,8%	120,5%	-	6,74
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	83,3%	NA	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			399	286	NA	239	280	254	184	191	-	3,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			559	329	153	206	204	187	115	144	-	25,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			144	NA	NA	NA	8	35	32	91	-	187,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			193	NA	NAP	NAP	8	19	35	91	-	162,5%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non litigious land registry cases			193	NA	NAP	NA	9	19	35	91	-	162,5%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	183	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			189	231	270	359	459	327	286	254	-	-11,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	-	NAP	NA	81	NA	-	-	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									5 895	6 125	-	3,9%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									4 052	5 350	-	32,0%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 843	775	-	-57,9%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									15 022	9 548	-	-36,4%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									8 391	6 528	-	-22,2%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									6 631	3 020	-	-54,5%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									13 696	10 279	-	-24,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									7 941	7 315	-	-7,9%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									5 755	2 964	-	-48,5%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 221	5 394	-	-25,3%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									4 502	4 563	-	1,4%
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 719	831	-	-69,4%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									913	982	-	7,6%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									898	973	-	8,4%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									15	9	-	-40,0%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									91,2%	107,7%	-	16,5
CR of Severe cases									94,6%	112,1%	-	17,4
CR of Misdemeanour cases									86,8%	98,1%	-	11,4
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									192	192	-	-0,5%
DT of Severe cases									207	228	-	10,0%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									172	102	-	-40,7%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									650	612	-	-5,8%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									450	442	-	-1,8%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									200	170	-	-15,0%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									2 736	2 546	-	-6,9%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 344	1 557	-	15,8%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									1 392	989	-	-29,0%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									2 774	2 485	-	-10,4%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 352	1 508	-	11,5%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									1 422	977	-	-31,3%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									612	673	-	10,0%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									442	491	-	11,1%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									170	182	-	7,1%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									20	5	-	-75,0%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									20	5	-	-75,0%
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									101,4%	97,6%	-	(3,73)
CR o2 Severe cases									100,6%	96,9%	-	(3,72)

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,2%	98,8%	-	(3,30)
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									81	99	-	22,8%
DT of Severe cases									119	119	-	-0,4%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									44	68	-	55,8%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									141	177	-	25,5%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									686	662	-	-3,5%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									650	604	-	-7,1%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									177	235	-	32,8%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									94,8%	91,2%	-	(3,51)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									99	142	-	42,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									490	362	-	-26,1%
2. Incoming/received cases									12 734	11 529	-	-9,5%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									12 255	11 147	-	-9,0%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									1 545	1 424	-	-7,8%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									16	10	-	-37,5%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									330	71	-	-78,5%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									242	655	-	170,7%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									957	688	-	-28,1%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									2 337	3 210	-	37,4%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									285	452	-	58,6%
3.4. Cases brought to court									8 088	6 061	-	-25,1%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									362	616	-	70,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,96	0,88	-	-9,0%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,03	0,05	-	70,2%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									1 630	1 586	-	-2,7%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	20 495 958 €	20 498 625 €	21 771 366 €	22 491 558 €	22 557 706 €	24 121 346 €	26 921 451 €	32 256 193 €	35 924 143 €	39 947 984 €	94,9%	11,20%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	21 393 412 €	22 478 776 €	22 533 408 €	24 053 679 €	26 860 729 €	31 714 248 €	34 357 696 €	37 234 561 €	-	8,37%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 764 €	NA	59 344 €	64 817 €	-	9,22%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	33 764 €	NA	59 344 €	47 799 €	-	-19,45%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False		
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									21	21	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									45	39	-	-13,3%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									103 420 €	97 212 €	-	-6,0%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True		
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	439	481	488	493	503	490	559	521	550	545	24,1%	-0,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	263	298	307	310	313	311	381	360	380	376	43,0%	-1,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	126	133	134	136	143	143	143	126	135	133	5,6%	-1,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	50	50	47	47	47	36	35	35	35	36	-28,0%	2,9%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	101	113	111	180	110	105	108	99	105	105	4,0%	0,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	47	59	62	62	60	58	61	59	63	64	36,2%	1,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	31	31	33	35	35	35	28	31	30	-3,2%	-3,2%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	23	23	18	15	15	12	12	12	11	11	-52,2%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	338	368	377	313	393	385	451	422	445	440	30,2%	-1,1%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	216	239	245	248	253	253	320	301	317	312	44,4%	-1,6%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	95	102	103	103	108	108	108	98	104	103	8,4%	-1,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	27	27	29	32	32	24	23	23	24	25	-7,4%	4,2%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	545	-	-0,9%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	380	-	0,0%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	129	-	-4,4%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	36	-	2,9%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	61	-	-6,2%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	13	-	-13,3%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	48	-	0,0%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	-	-11,1%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	73	-	1,4%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	-	0,0%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	20	-	-9,1%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	14	-	27,3%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	1 536	1 715	1 678	1 666	1 615	0,4%	-3,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	932	1 059	1 032	1 040	1 007	-7,6%	-3,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	351	347	354	323	355	483	477	530	498	491	39,9%	-1,4%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	160	147	144	141	142	95	83	99	113	102	-36,3%	-9,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	7	7	9	11	14	26	96	17	15	15	114,3%	0,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	134	136	110	128	181	116	179	130	108	-	-16,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	65	67	65	65	124	50	130	88	45	-	-48,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	36	36	16	34	36	39	19	18	25	-	38,9%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	29	30	18	26	13	16	27	21	36	-	71,4%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	4	3	11	3	8	11	3	3	2	-	-33,3%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	1 355	1 599	1 499	1 536	1 507	-	-1,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	808	1 009	902	952	962	-	1,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	311	318	307	321	447	438	511	480	466	-	-2,9%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	118	114	123	116	82	67	72	92	66	-	-28,3%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	3	6	-	11	18	85	14	12	13	-	8,3%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 666	1 615	-	-3,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 214	1 205	-	-0,7%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									336	292	-	-13,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									116	118	-	1,7%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									130	108	-	-16,9%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									56	66	-	17,9%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									52	23	-	-55,8%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									22	19	-	-13,6%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									1 536	1 507	-	-1,9%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									1 158	1 139	-	-1,6%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									284	269	-	-5,3%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									94	99	-	5,3%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									461	449	-	-2,6%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									302	295	-	-2,3%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									93	90	-	-3,2%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									66	64	-	-3,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									181	184	-	1,7%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									105	108	-	2,9%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									41	43	-	4,9%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									35	33	-	-5,7%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									280	265	-	-5,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									197	187	-	-5,1%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									52	47	-	-9,6%

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									31	31	-	0,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									397	357	-	-10,1%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									111	103	-	-7,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									286	254	-	-11,2%
004 Annual average salary in the country									13 716 €	15 324 €	-	11,7%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									34 104 €	35 808 €	-	5,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									56 093 €	57 302 €	-	2,2%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									33 396 €	35 064 €	-	5,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									41 411 €	43 479 €	-	5,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									23 859 €	25 164 €	-	5,5%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									39 690 €	39 909 €	-	0,6%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									23 376 €	24 654 €	-	5,5%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									28 842 €	30 427 €	-	5,5%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									12	10	-	-16,7%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	1	-	-50,0%
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									8	9	-	12,5%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									2	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									8	6	-	-25,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	3	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	3	-	-50,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									12	7	-	-41,7%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	1	-	-80,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									2	2	-	0,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	4	-	300,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									8	5	-	-37,5%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									2	1	-	-50,0%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	1	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									3	2	-	-33,3%
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 343	1 336	1 363	1 363	1 231	1 370	1 218	1 357	1 370	1 351	0,6%	-1,4%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							NA	714	697	684	-	-1,9%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							NA	643	673	667	-	-0,9%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Latvia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	24	38	43	46	52	48	50	50	-	0,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Lithuania

(2021 data)

General data

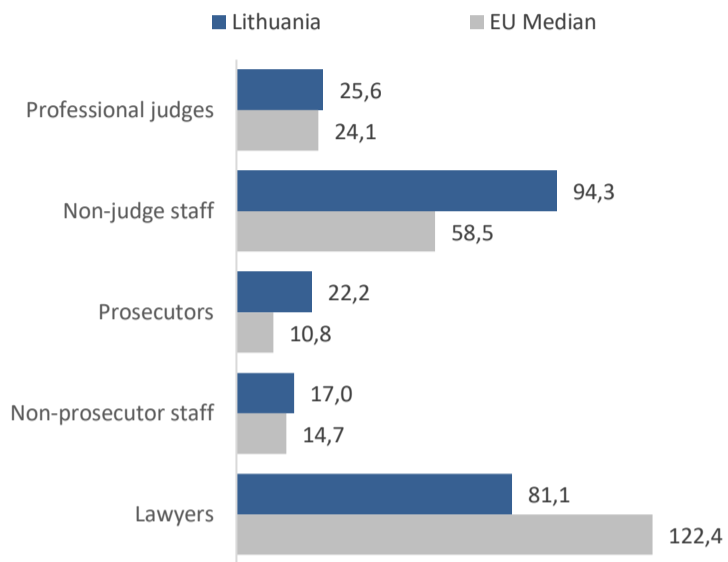
Population: **2 805 998**

GDP per capita: **19 760 €**

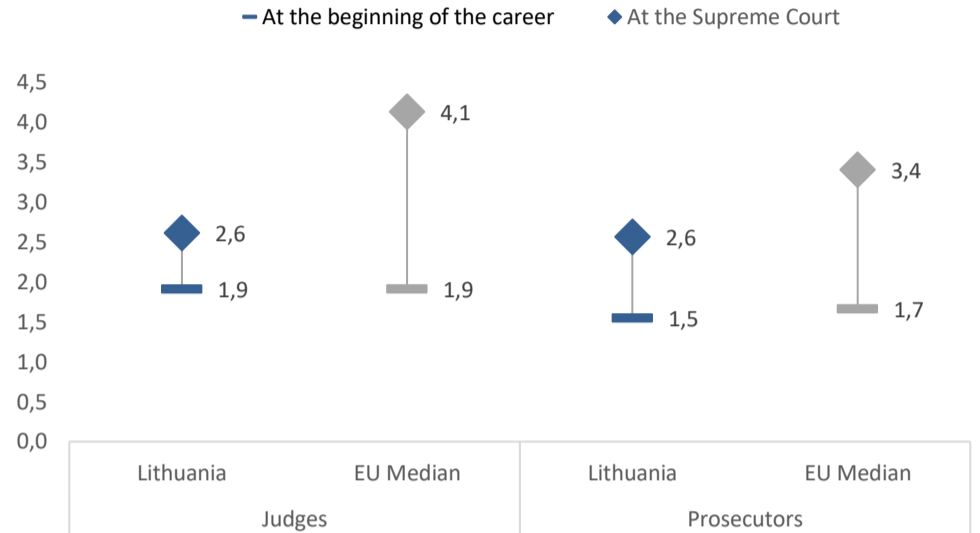
Average annual salary: **19 084 €**

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

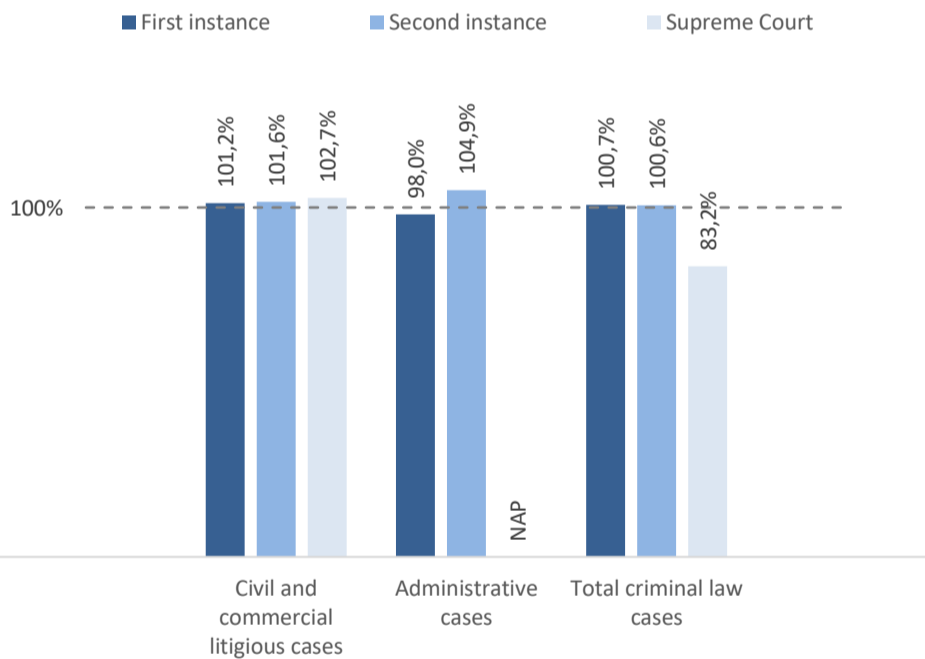


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

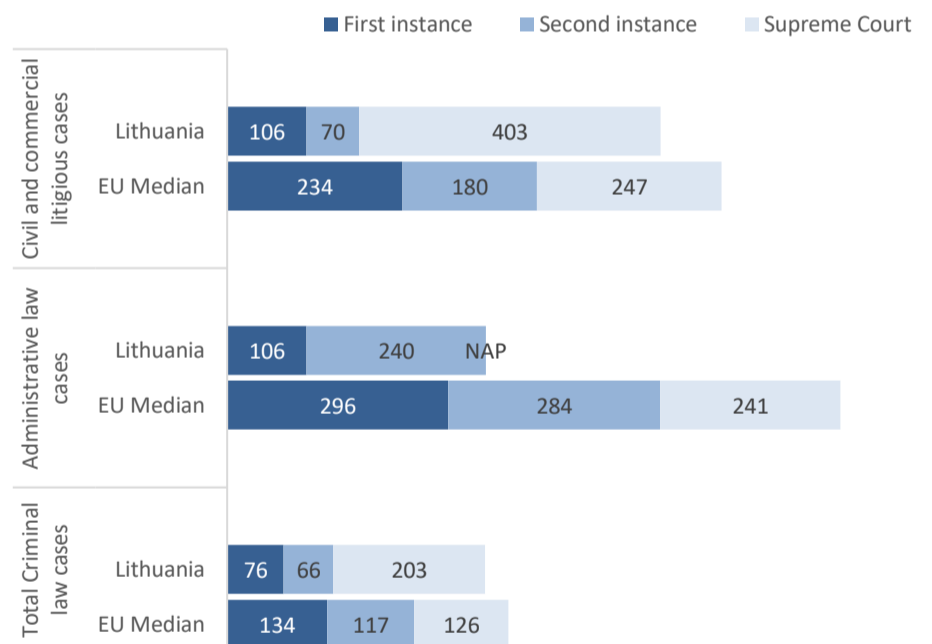


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

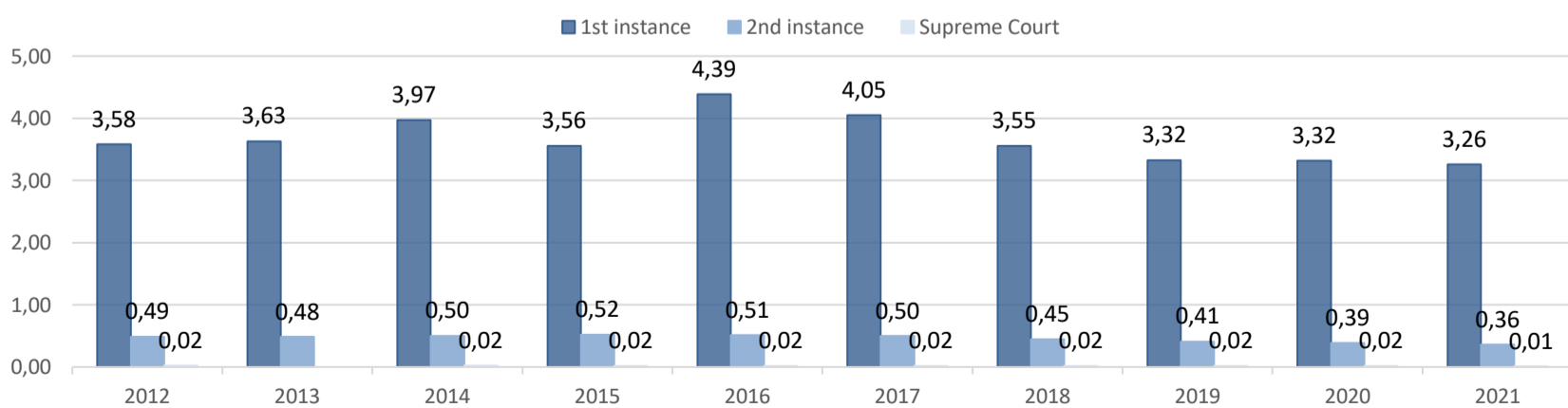


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Lithuania

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680	2 805 998		-6,6%	0,4%
GDP per capita	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510	19 760		79,2%	12,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	3,45	3,45	3,45		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	7 381		8 129		9 408		11 089	15 557	17 143	19 084		158,6%	11,3%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	25,6	26,2	25,8	26,4	27,3	27,3	27,1	26,8	26,5	25,6		0,1%	-3,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	87,2	88,4	89,3	94,5	96,2	96,9	95,3	96,1	96,9	94,3		8,1%	-2,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									23,0	22,2			-3,8%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									20,9	17,0			-18,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	59,8	67,5	68,1	73,3	77,7	78,6	79,2	80,5	80,6	81,1		35,7%	0,6%
Mediators	1,6	1,6	3,7	4,5	9,4	13,0	16,8	14,0	19,7	23,6		1410,0%	19,7%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,581	3,631	3,969	3,559	4,385	4,054	3,554	3,324	3,317	3,258		-9,0%	-1,8%
Administrative law cases	0,269	0,6	0,5	0,586	0,524	0,416	0,533	0,511	0,513	0,577		114,9%	12,4%
Total criminal law cases									0,616	0,553			-10,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	99%	97%	102%	98%	102%	104%	101%	94%	101%		0,74	7,31
CR administrative law cases	98%	65%	89%	100%	144%	113%	88%	105%	97%	98%		-0,07	0,53
CR total criminal law cases									97%	101%			3,30

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	106		20,8%	-9,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	106		-26,3%	-5,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									73	76			3,8%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,87	0,92	1,03	0,96	1,04	0,97	0,84	0,80	1,00	0,96		10,7%	-4,4%
Administrative law cases	0,10	0,32	0,37	0,38	0,15	0,10	0,16	0,14	0,15	0,16		58,2%	7,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,12	0,12			-3,7%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	99%	101%	96%	107%	105%	111%	102%			-9,12
CR administrative law cases			91%	80%	94%	93%	NA	101%	122%	105%			-17,47
CR total criminal law cases									99%	101%			1,66

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			97	104	103	130	107	100	66	70			7,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			204	252	295	352	NA	375	282	240			-14,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									67	66			-0,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			83%	128%	95%	97%	115%	83%	82%	103%			21,03
CR administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									102%	83%			-18,36

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			268	133	184	218	160	284	389	403			3,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									118	203			71,2%

1. Judicial organisation in Lithuania (2021 data)

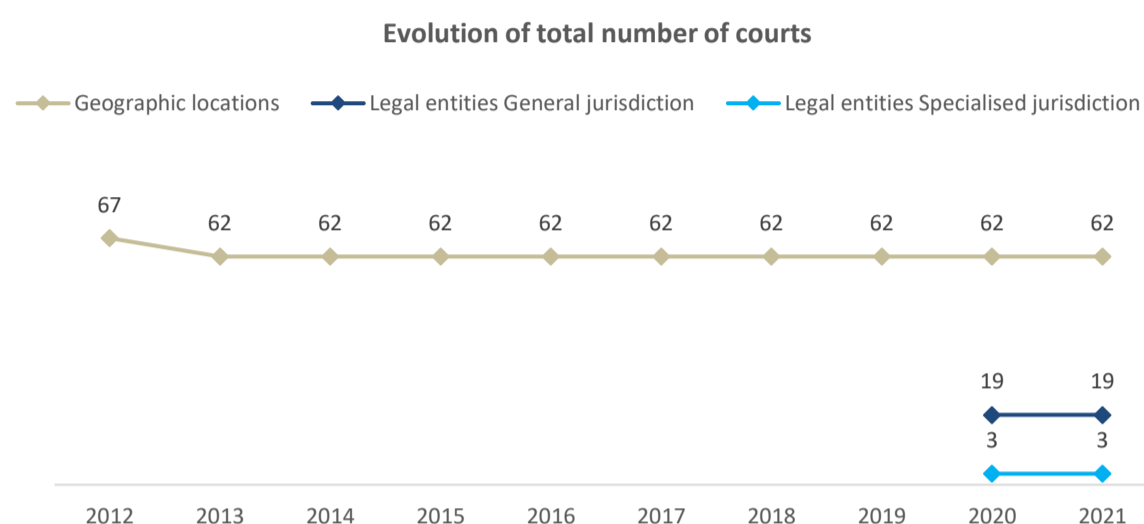
The number of first instance courts (legal entities) in Lithuania decreased from 1st January 2018 according to the Law on Reorganization of Courts of the Republic of Lithuania (Law of 23rd June 2016 No. XII-2474). Instead of 49 district courts (legal entities) there are now 12 district courts (some of them have court houses), and instead of 5 regional administrative courts there are now 2 of them (one has houses). The number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) also encompasses 5 regional courts (of general jurisdiction) which are first instance for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law. In addition, these courts are appeal instance for judgements, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts.

Accordingly, in total there are 17 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities).

Besides, there are 2 courts of appeal, one of them being specialized in the field of administrative law – the Administrative Supreme court, and 1 Court of cassation.

Evolution of total number of courts

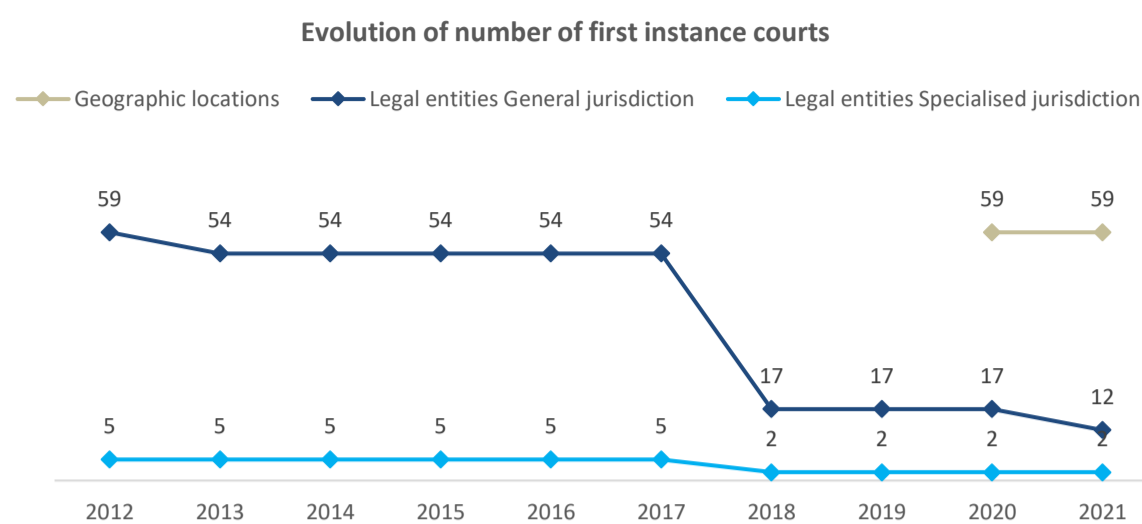
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	67		
2013	62		
2014	62		
2015	62		
2016	62		
2017	62		
2018	62		
2019	62		
2020	62	19	3
2021	62	19	3



The courts locations (62) are distributed as follows: The Supreme Court of Lithuania, the Court of Appeal of Lithuania, the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania and 59 1st instance courts locations.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		59	5
2013		54	5
2014		54	5
2015		54	5
2016		54	5
2017		54	5
2018		17	2
2019		17	2
2020	59	17	2
2021	59	12	2



Regional courts are first instance courts for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law, also, these regional courts are appeal instance for judgments, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts. Taking this into account, regional courts are counted as first instance courts of general jurisdiction and as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, but in the totals regional courts are counted only once as one legal entity.

First instance courts: 12 district courts and 5 regional courts (the latter are adjudicating certain categories of cases as first instance courts); Second instance courts: 5 regional courts and the Court of Appeal of Lithuania; Specialised courts regional administrative courts and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania.

As regards geographic locations, there are 59 first instance courts locations: 12 district courts (49 locations), 5 regional courts (5 locations) of general jurisdiction and 2 regional administrative courts (5 locations).

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts of 85,7% - 14,3% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%).

Specialised Courts

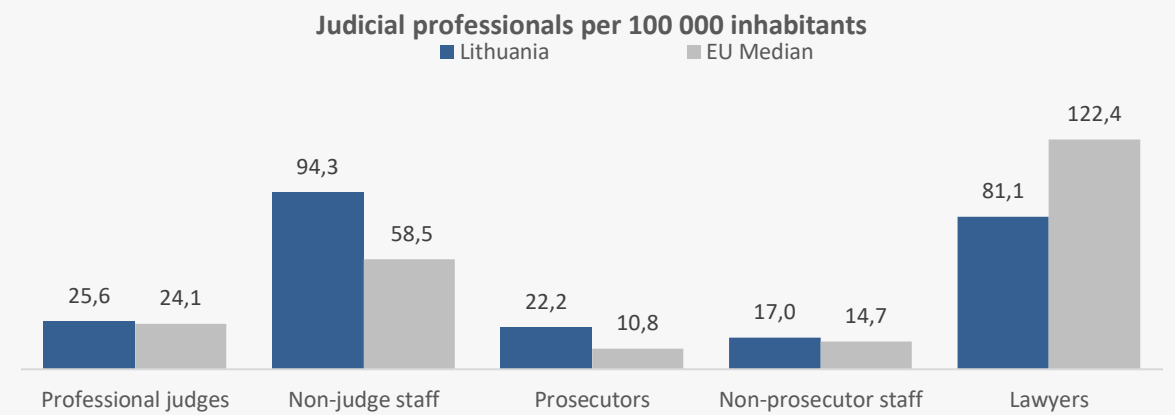
Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

2. Professionals of justice in Lithuania (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

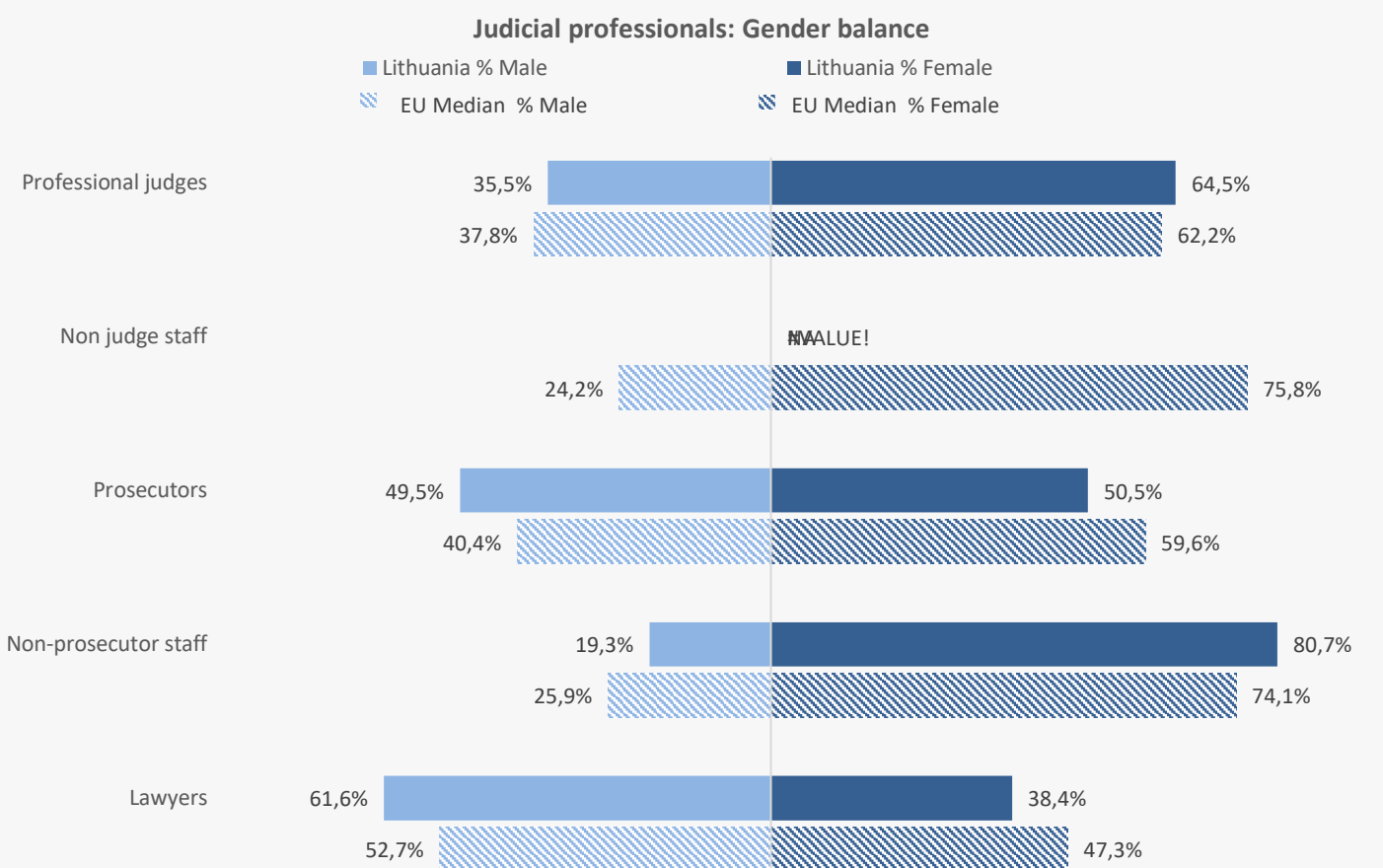
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	718	25,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	2 646	94,3	58,5
Prosecutors	622	22,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	476	17,0	14,7
Lawyers	2 277	81,1	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

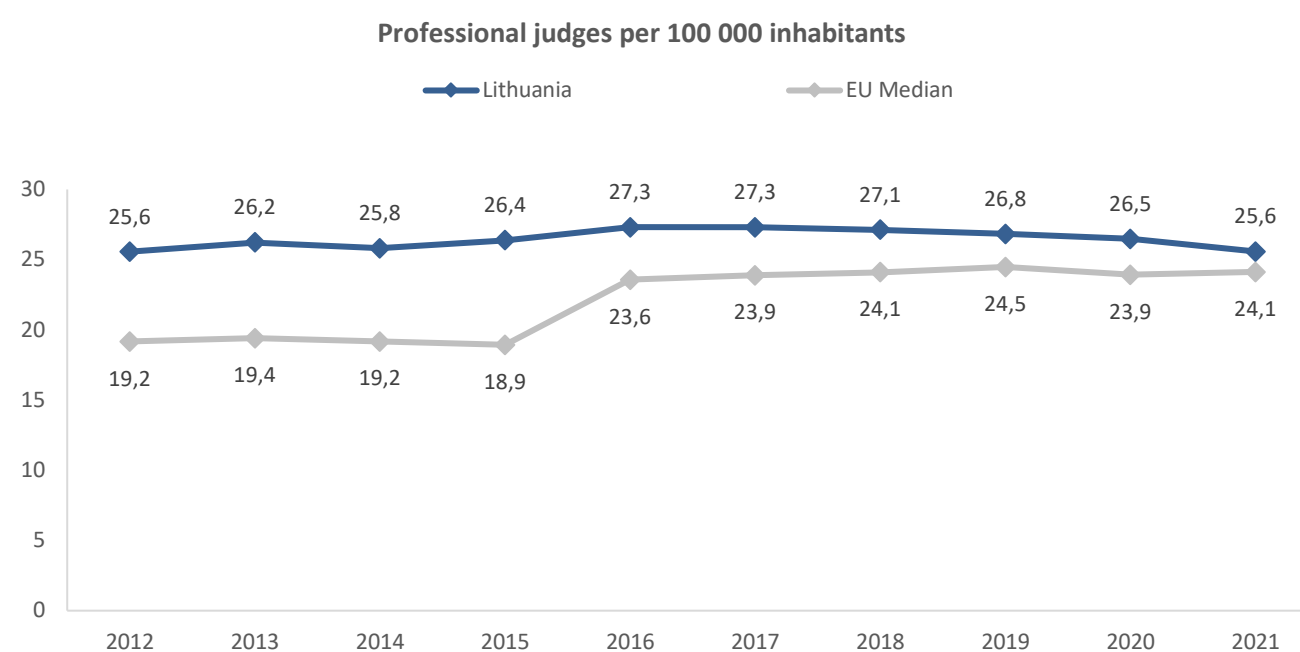
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	35,5%	64,5%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	49,5%	50,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,3%	80,7%
Lawyers	61,6%	38,4%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	768	19,2	25,6	19,2
2013	772	19,4	26,2	19,4
2014	754	19,2	25,8	19,2
2015	762	18,9	26,4	18,9
2016	778	23,6	27,3	23,6
2017	767	23,9	27,3	23,9
2018	758	24,1	27,1	24,1
2019	750	24,5	26,8	24,5
2020	740	23,9	26,5	23,9
2021	718	24,1	25,6	24,1



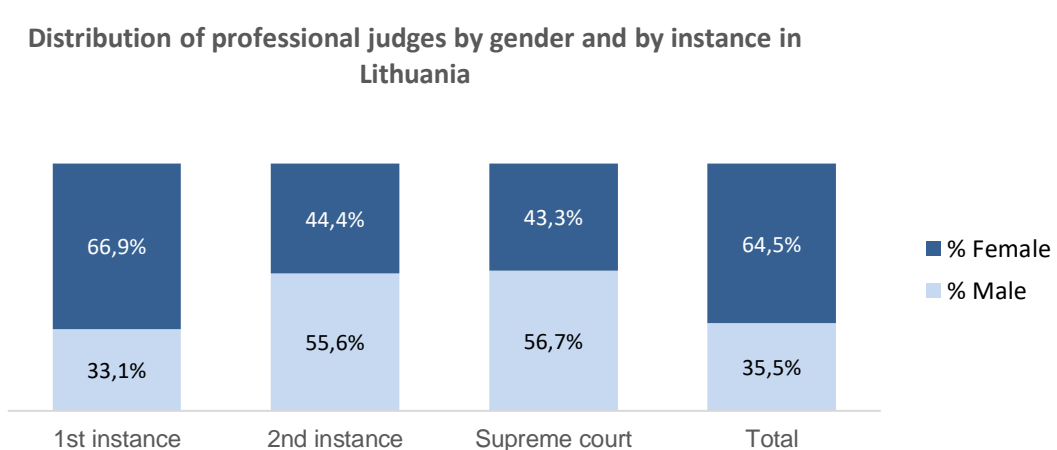
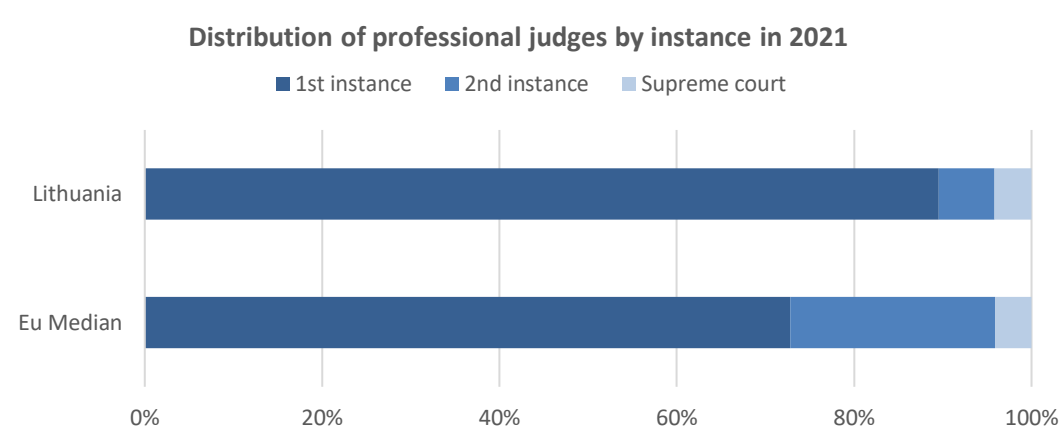
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Lithuania is 718, which is -3,0% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Lithuania, there are 25,59 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,69 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,66 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	643	89,6%	213	430	33,1%	66,9%
2nd instance	45	6,3%	25	20	55,6%	44,4%
Supreme court	30	4,2%	17	13	56,7%	43,3%
Total	718		255	463	35,5%	64,5%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 463, which represents 64,5% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 643 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 430 are Female); 45 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 20 are Female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, in Lithuania there are relatively less judges in second instance and more in first instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that it reflects the peculiarities of the Lithuanian court system. Namely, as the regional courts function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), the number of judges of these courts is included in the 1st section. Accordingly, the latter indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) the number of judges of this court is encompassed in the 2nd section. The latter indicates the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania. The 3rd section indicates the number of judges of the Supreme Court of Lithuania.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	643	NA	NA	43	NAP
2nd instance	45	NA	NA	21	NAP
Supreme court	30	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	718	NA	NA	64	NAP

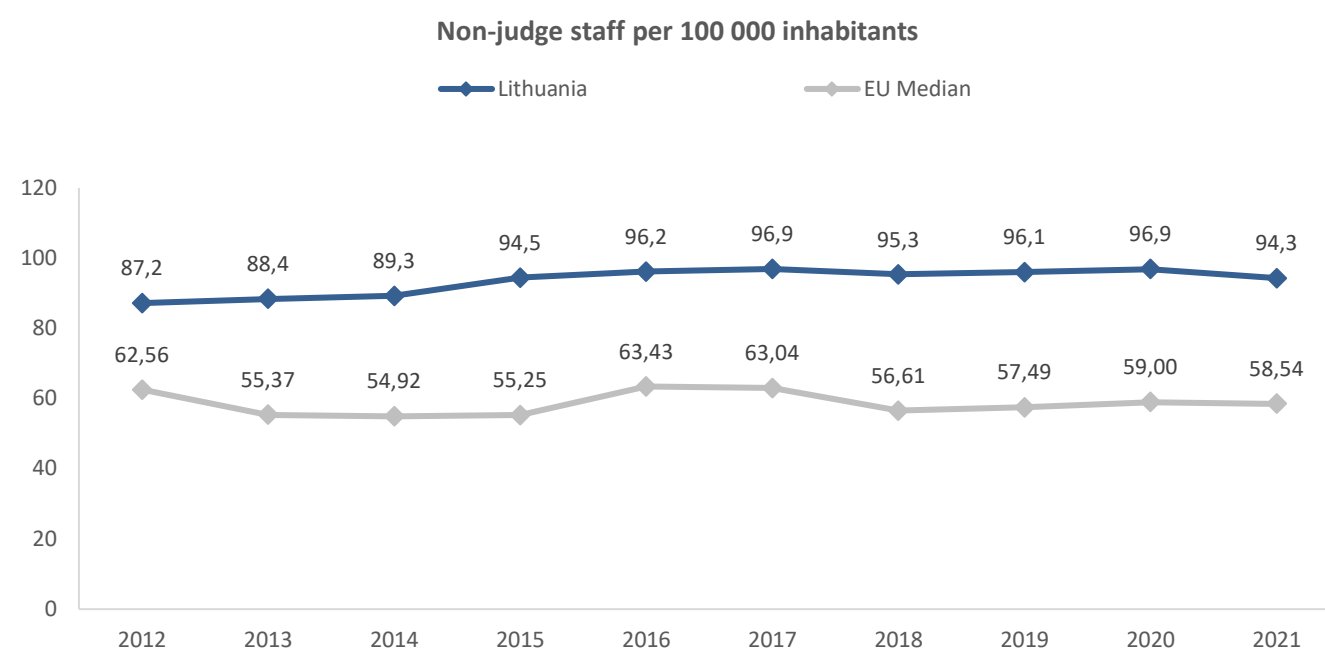
In Lithuania, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	6,7%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	46,7%	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	NA	NA	8,9%	NAP

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	2 619	87,2	62,6
2013	2 602	88,4	55,4
2014	2 608	89,3	54,9
2015	2 729	94,5	55,2
2016	2 740	96,2	63,4
2017	2 722	96,9	63,0
2018	2 664	95,3	56,6
2019	2 684	96,1	57,5
2020	2 709	96,9	59,0
2021	2 646	94,3	58,5



In 2021, Lithuania has 2 646 non-judge staff (of which NA are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -2,3%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 96,9 in 2020 to 94,3 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 26,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 25,6 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	2 646	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 432	54,1%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	868	32,8%
Technical staff	263	9,9%
Other	83	3,1%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

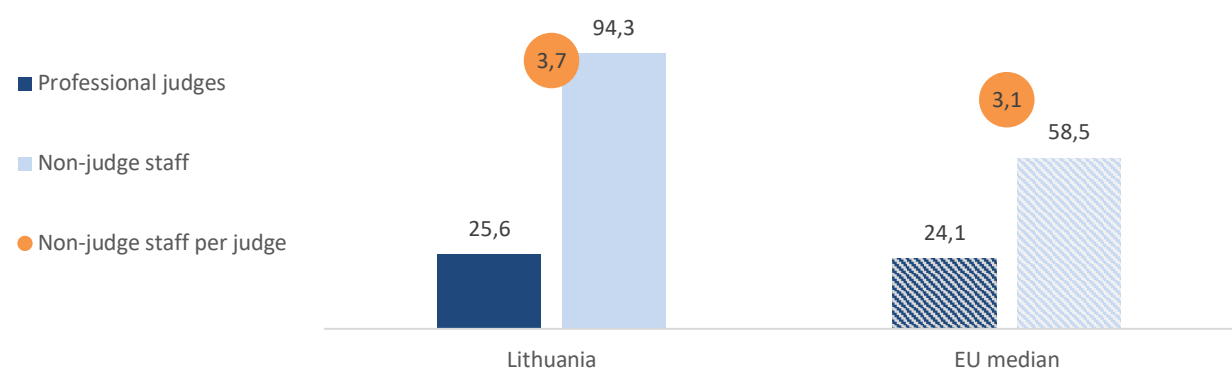
- 1 432 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 868 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 263 technical staff;
- 83 other.

The category "other" includes translators, court psychologists, it encompasses also other helping staff (civil servants and working under the labour agreement).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Professional judges	25,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	94,3	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,7	3,1

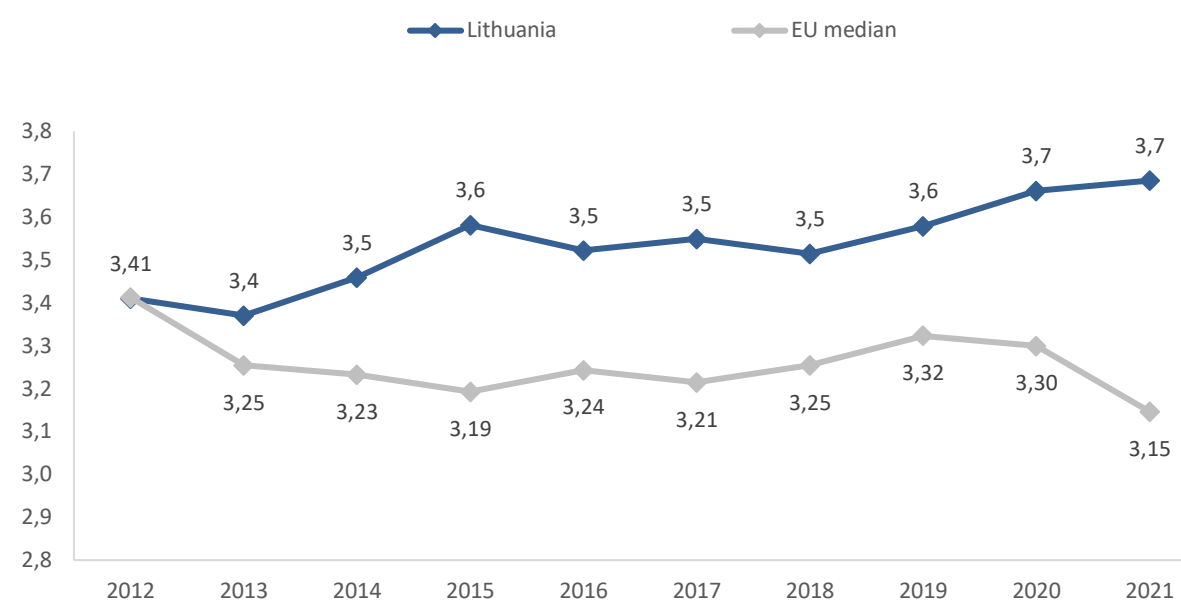
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU median
2012	25,6	87,2	3,41	3,4
2013	26,2	88,4	3,4	3,3
2014	25,8	89,3	3,5	3,2
2015	26,4	94,5	3,6	3,2
2016	27,3	96,2	3,5	3,2
2017	27,3	96,9	3,5	3,2
2018	27,1	95,3	3,5	3,3
2019	26,8	96,1	3,6	3,3
2020	26,5	96,9	3,7	3,3
2021	25,6	94,3	3,7	3,1

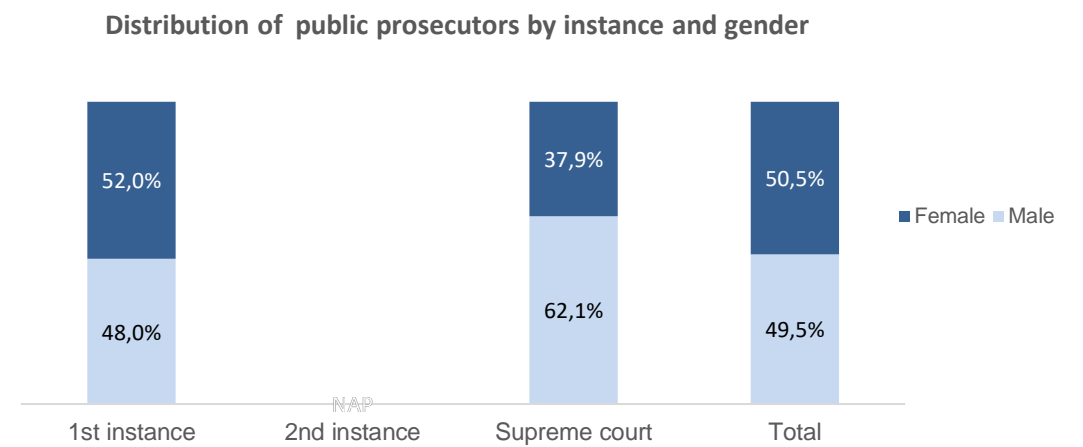
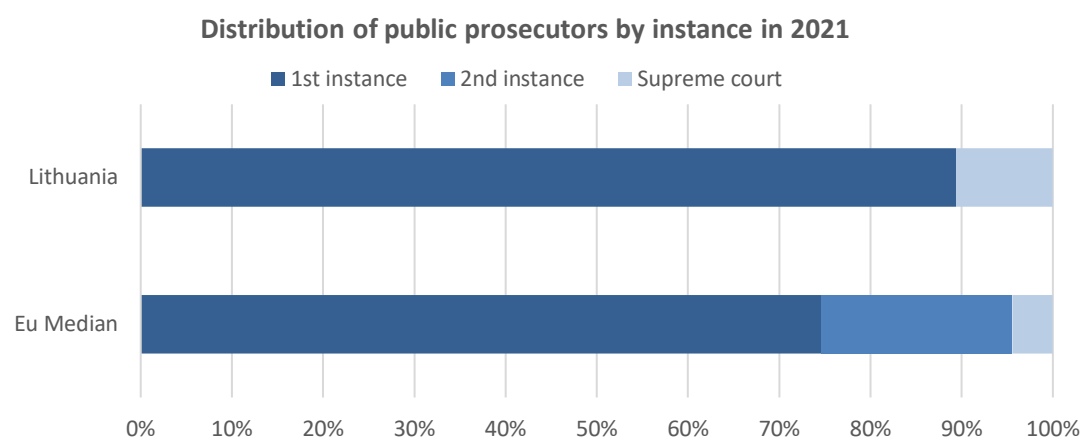
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	556	89,4%	267	289	48,0%	52,0%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	66	10,6%	41	25	62,1%	37,9%
Total	622		308	314	49,5%	50,5%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 314, which represents 50,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

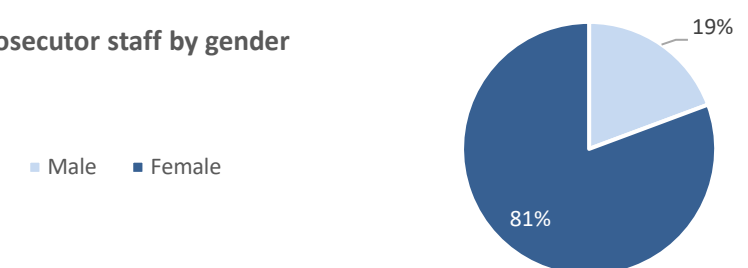
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 556 in first instance (of which 289 are Female); 66 are in final instance (of which 25 are females).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, it should be noticed that, after the reorganization of the prosecution service in 2011, 5 second instance prosecutors' offices were merged with 51 separate first instance prosecutor's office in their area of operation, and thus 5 regional first-second instance prosecutor's offices were established.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	476	92	384

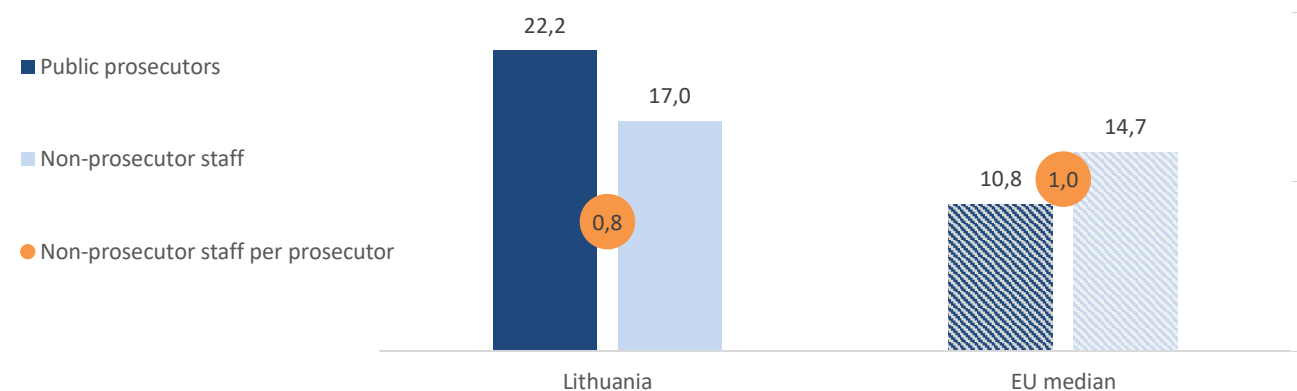
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

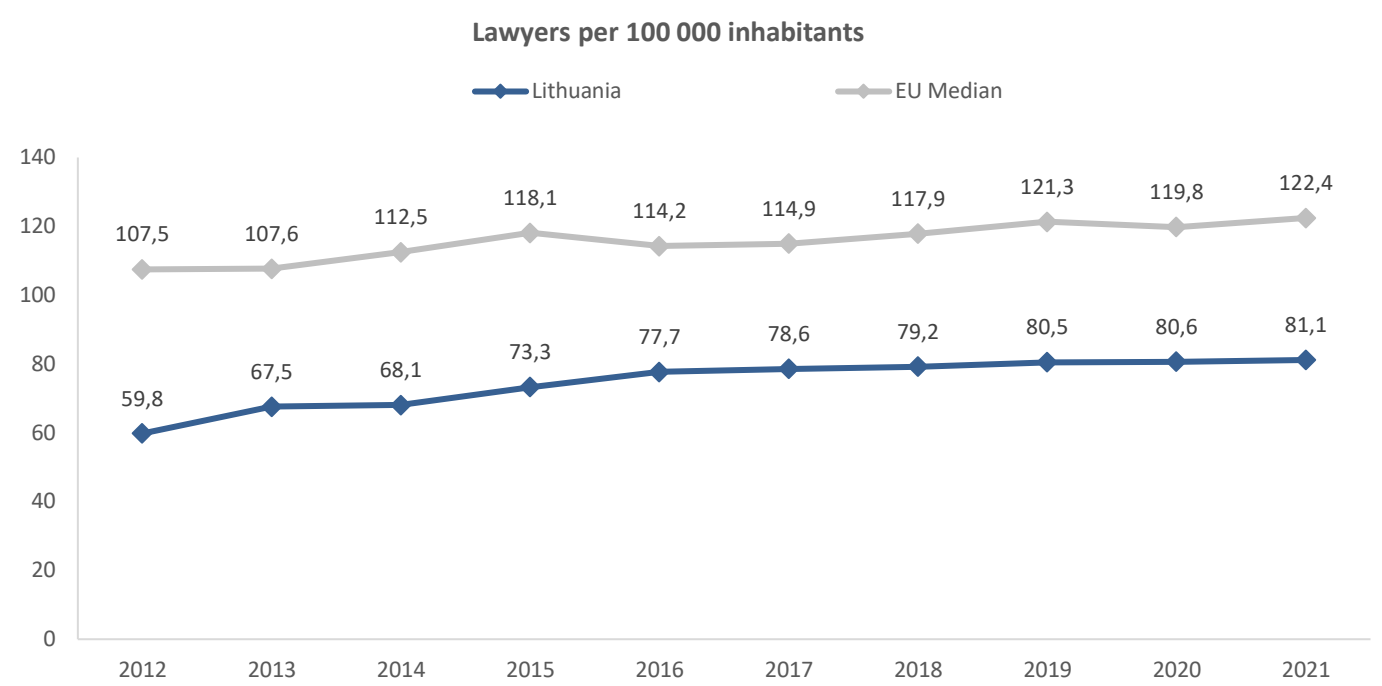
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Public prosecutors	22,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	17,0	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,8	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	1 796	59,8	107,5
2013	1 988	67,5	107,6
2014	1 988	68,1	112,5
2015	2 117	73,3	118,1
2016	2 213	77,7	114,2
2017	2 207	78,6	114,9
2018	2 213	79,2	117,9
2019	2 248	80,5	121,3
2020	2 254	80,6	119,8
2021	2 277	81,1	122,4

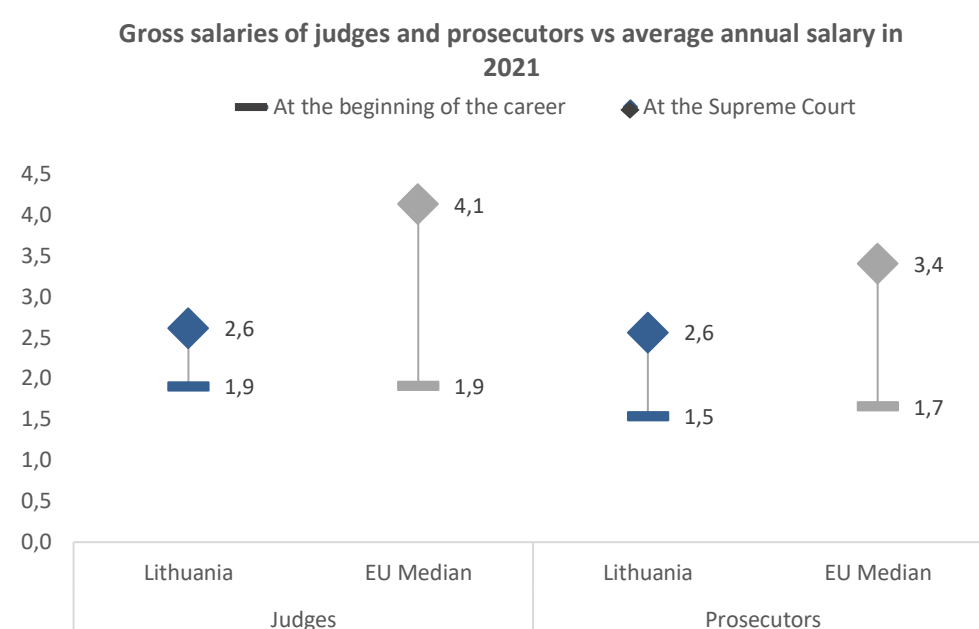


In 2021, there are 2 277 lawyers, which is 1,0% more than in 2020. There are 874 female lawyers which is 38% of the total.

Lithuania has 81,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	36 473€	22 066€	1,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	49 960€	30 225€	2,6	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	29 523€	17 861€	1,5	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	48 996€	29 642€	2,6	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Lithuania of 36 473€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,91 compared with EU median of : 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Lithuania (2021 data)

In Lithuania, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



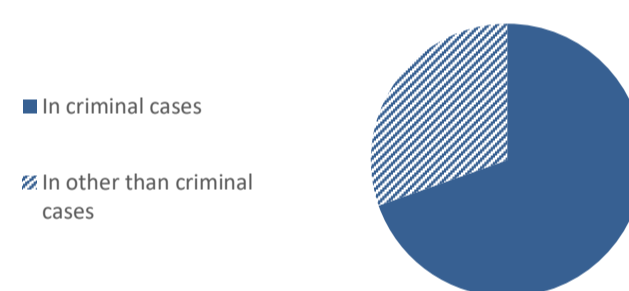
The costs of secondary legal aid cover the costs of the execution process (Article 2(1) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). However, the costs incurred by the debtor in the execution process are not covered.

The costs of secondary legal aid from which the applicant is exempted are: litigation costs incurred in civil proceedings, the costs incurred in administrative proceedings, the costs related to the hearing of a civil action brought in a criminal matter, the costs related to defence and representation in court (including the appeal and cassation proceedings, irrespective of the initiator) as well as the costs of the execution process, the costs related to the drafting of procedural documents and collection of evidence, interpretation, representation in the event of preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (Article 14(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). The costs of state-guaranteed legal aid cover also the costs of interpretation of communication between the lawyer and the applicant where, in the cases provided for in treaties of the Republic of Lithuania, it is impossible to ensure that a person providing state-guaranteed legal aid communicates with the applicant in the language which the latter understands (Article 14(10) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). Where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by an applicant are borne by the State-guaranteed legal aid service (Article 20(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid).

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

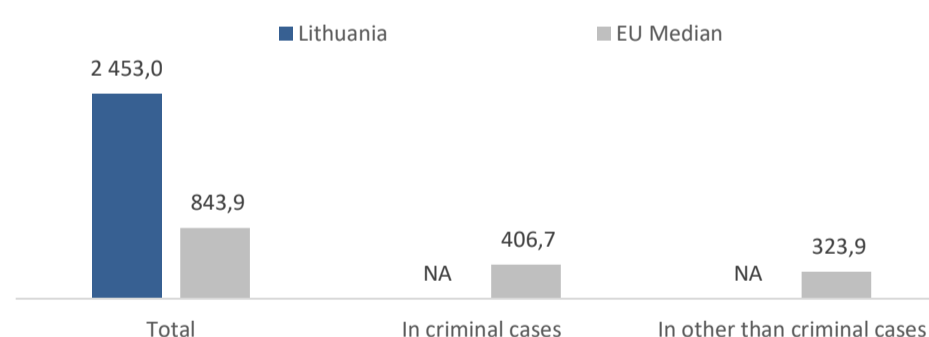
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	68 832	28 184	40 648
In criminal cases	NA	19 616	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	8 568	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Lithuania	EU Median
Total	2 453,0	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The number provided for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court indicates the number of matters when primary legal aid (legal information, legal advice, drafting of the documents to be submitted to State and municipal institutions, with the exception of procedural documents, advice on the out-of-court settlement of a dispute, actions for the amicable settlement of a dispute and drafting of a settlement agreement) was granted.

The number provided for cases not brought to court indicates the number of matters when primary legal aid was granted. The number for cases brought to court indicates the number of matters when secondary legal aid was granted. In total 28184 cases: 19616 criminal cases (18421 cases by decisions of a pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or the court when the presence of a lawyer is mandatory and 1195 cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service where the presence of a lawyer is not mandatory) and 8568 other cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

57

◦ Actual average duration:

NA

According to the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid, primary legal aid must be provided as soon as the person applies to the municipality. If it is not possible to provide primary legal aid immediately, the applicant will be notified of the time available, which must be no later than 5 working days from the date of application. Decisions on the provision of secondary legal aid shall be adopted by the SGLAS not later than within 7 working days from the date of receipt of the required documents and information. In cases when in the interests of the applicant the decision to grant secondary legal aid must be taken urgently, the decision shall be taken immediately, but not later than the date of the procedural step which requires lawyers assistance. There is no timeframe for the decisions of pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or court on state guaranteed legal aid (when presence of lawyer is mandatory in criminal cases).

4. Performance of courts in Lithuania (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

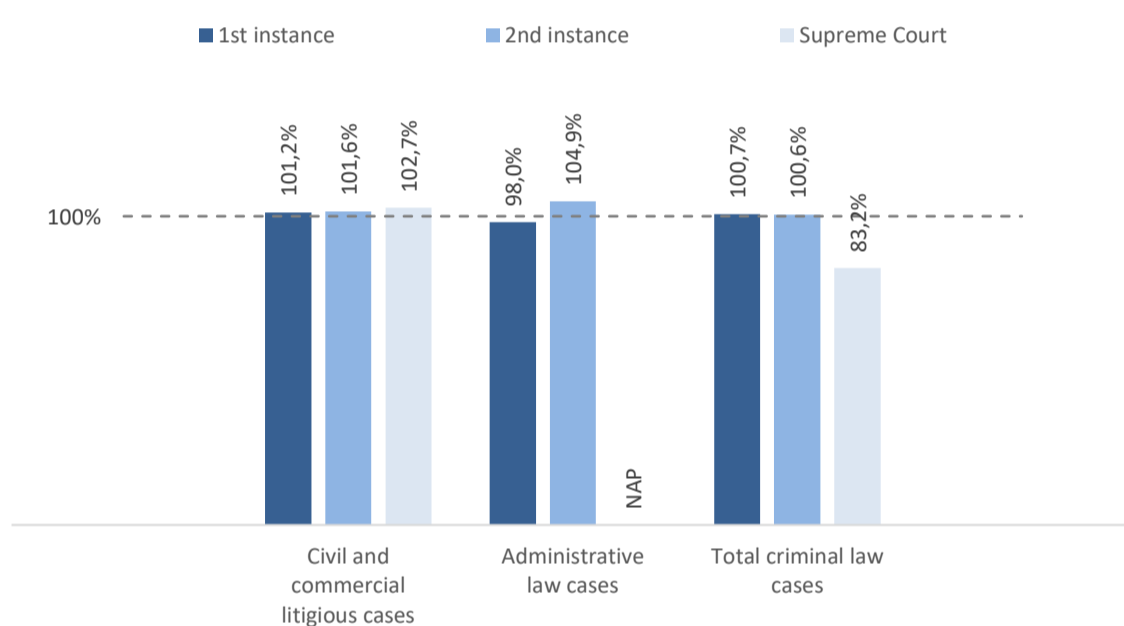
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

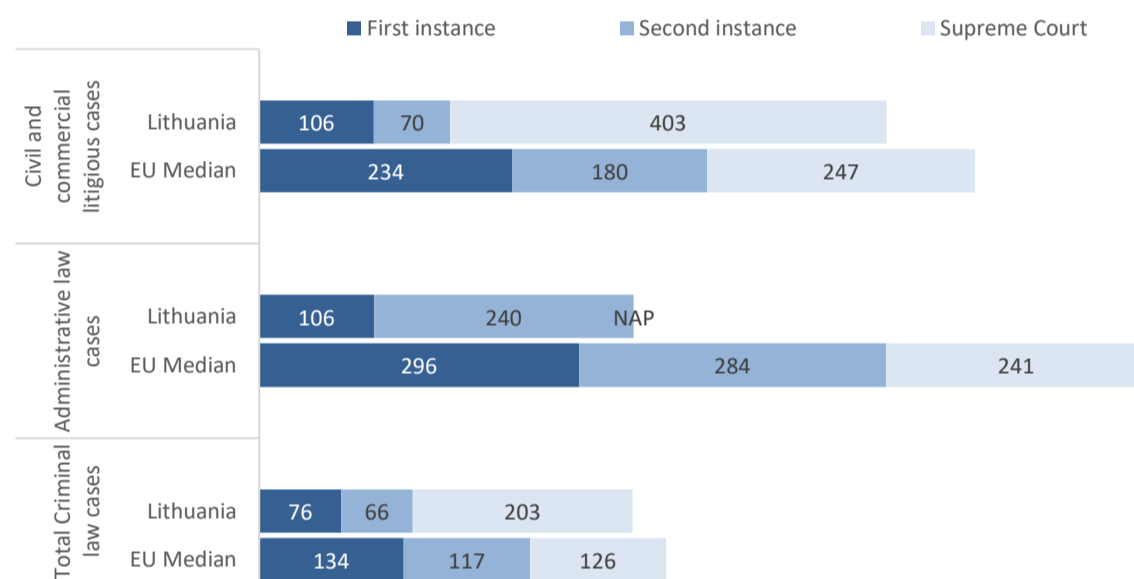
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	101,2%	102,5%	98,0%	101,7%	100,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	101,6%	100,4%	104,9%	96,8%	100,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	102,7%	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	83,2%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	106	234	106	296	76	134
	2nd instance	70	180	240	284	66	117
	Supreme Court	403	247	NAP	241	203	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



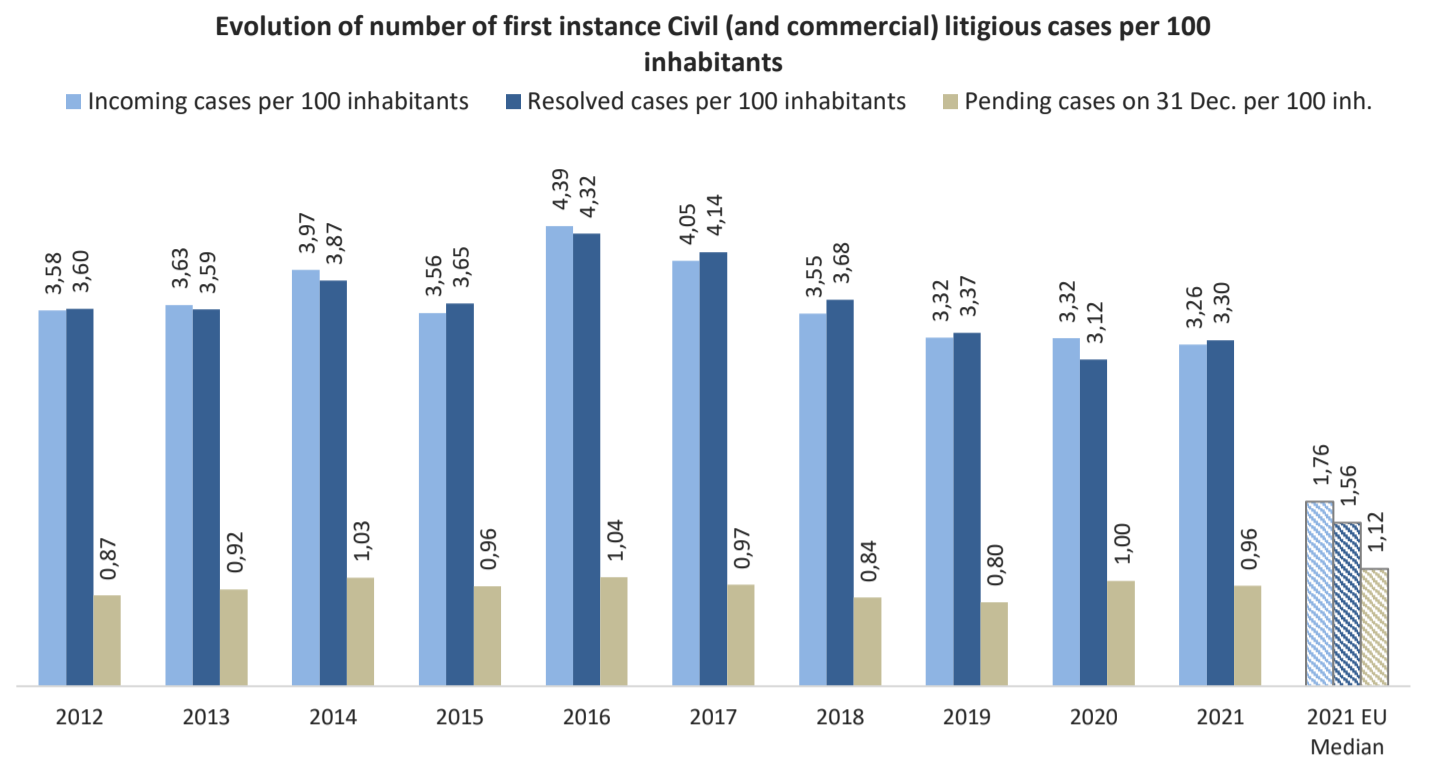
Analysing efficiency indicators for Lithuania, it could be concluded that total disposition times for all instances are at better levels than EU medians for all three categories of cases. Looking at the individual instances, only the third instance recorded less favourable disposition times than EU medians which might imply certain challenges in processing civil (and commercial) and criminal cases in the Supreme Court. Clearance rates are around 100% for all cases except criminal cases in the Supreme Court which might cause accumulation of backlogs and increased disposition times for this case category in the future.

In Lithuania, statistical data on case flow and their classification are made according to the specific regulations and are mainly based on the institutes of Civil, Criminal Codes and the codes of Civil and Criminal procedures, as well as the Code of Administrative Offences and the law on Administrative procedure. Therefore figures for some of the types of cases are unavailable because there is no such classification while making statistical reports. In respect of the variations that can be observed between figures provided for the different evaluation cycles and in the light of the above described peculiarity of the statistic system of Lithuania, it is noteworthy that cases the number of which is not available are included in other categories, i.e. "civil litigious", "civil non-litigious". Accordingly, the indicated totals are relevant. Second instance courts deal with some non-litigious cases, but their number is insignificant.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,58	3,60	0,87
2013	3,63	3,59	0,92
2014	3,97	3,87	1,03
2015	3,56	3,65	0,96
2016	4,39	4,32	1,04
2017	4,05	4,14	0,97
2018	3,55	3,68	0,84
2019	3,32	3,37	0,80
2020	3,32	3,12	1,00
2021	3,26	3,30	0,96
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



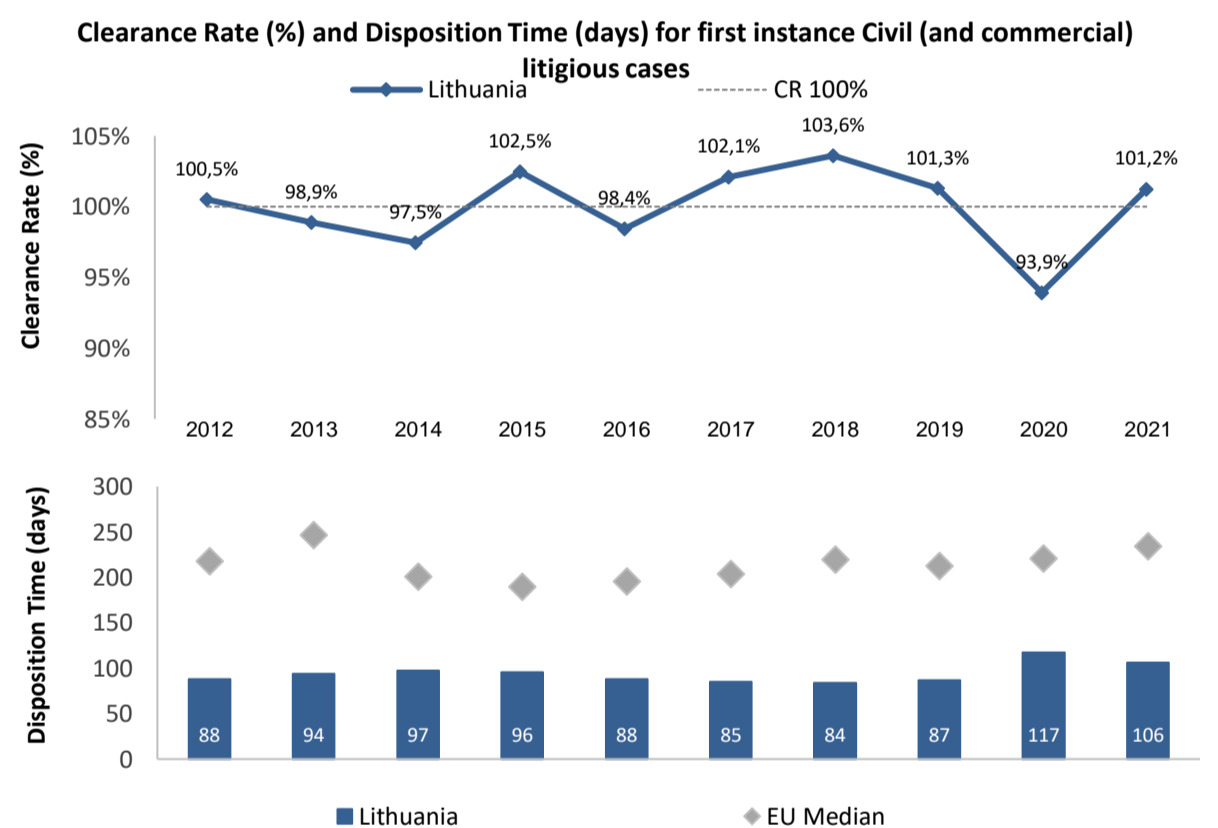
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (3,26 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (3,30 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,96 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	100,5%	100,4%	88	218
2013	98,9%	101,2%	94	247
2014	97,5%	101,8%	97	201
2015	102,5%	102,3%	96	190
2016	98,4%	102,0%	88	196
2017	102,1%	101,3%	85	204
2018	103,6%	101,2%	84	220
2019	101,3%	99,9%	87	213
2020	93,9%	98,5%	117	221
2021	101,2%	102,5%	106	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2021, Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 7,3 points.

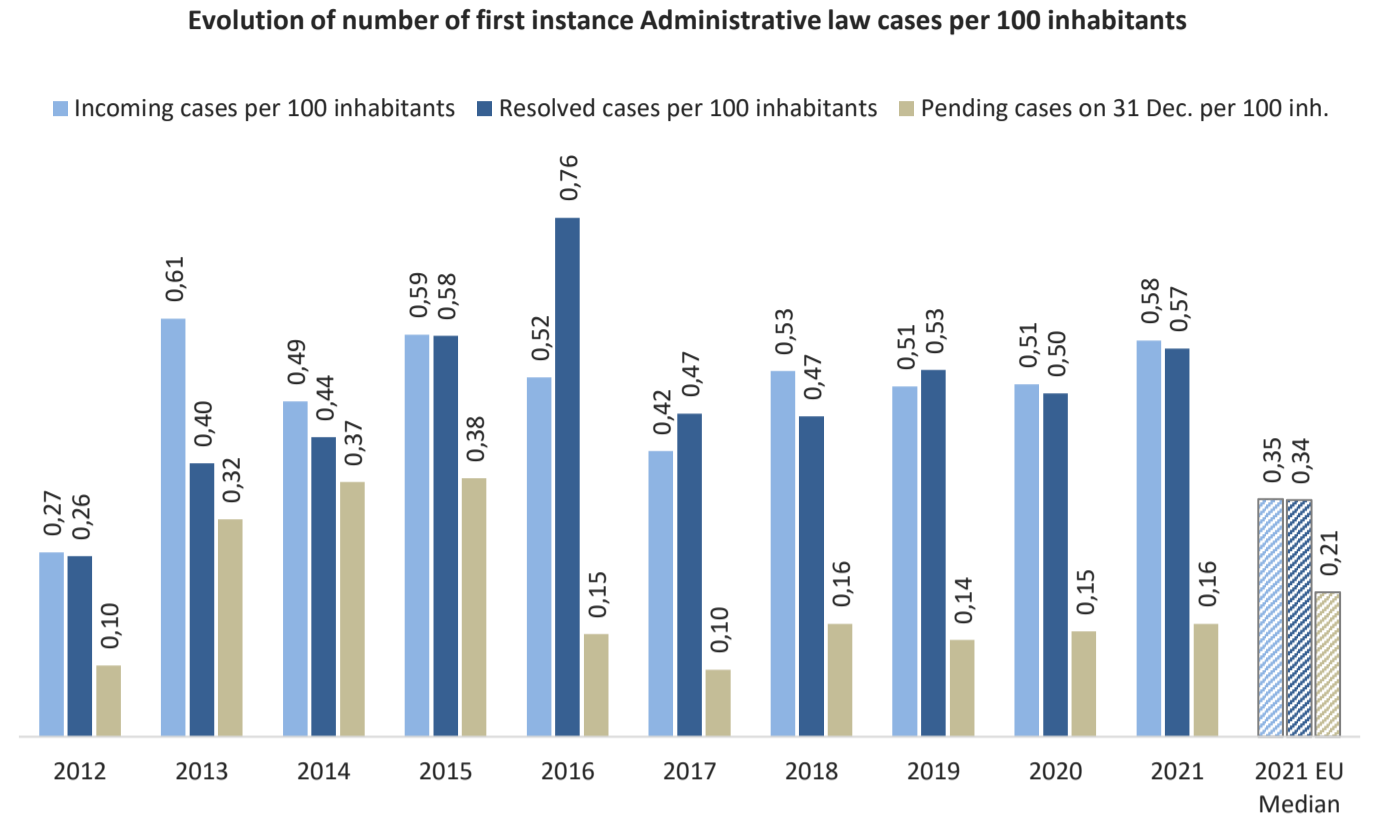
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 106 days, which is significantly below EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -9,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,27	0,26	0,10
2013	0,61	0,40	0,32
2014	0,49	0,44	0,37
2015	0,59	0,58	0,38
2016	0,52	0,76	0,15
2017	0,42	0,47	0,10
2018	0,53	0,47	0,16
2019	0,51	0,53	0,14
2020	0,51	0,50	0,15
2021	0,58	0,57	0,16
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



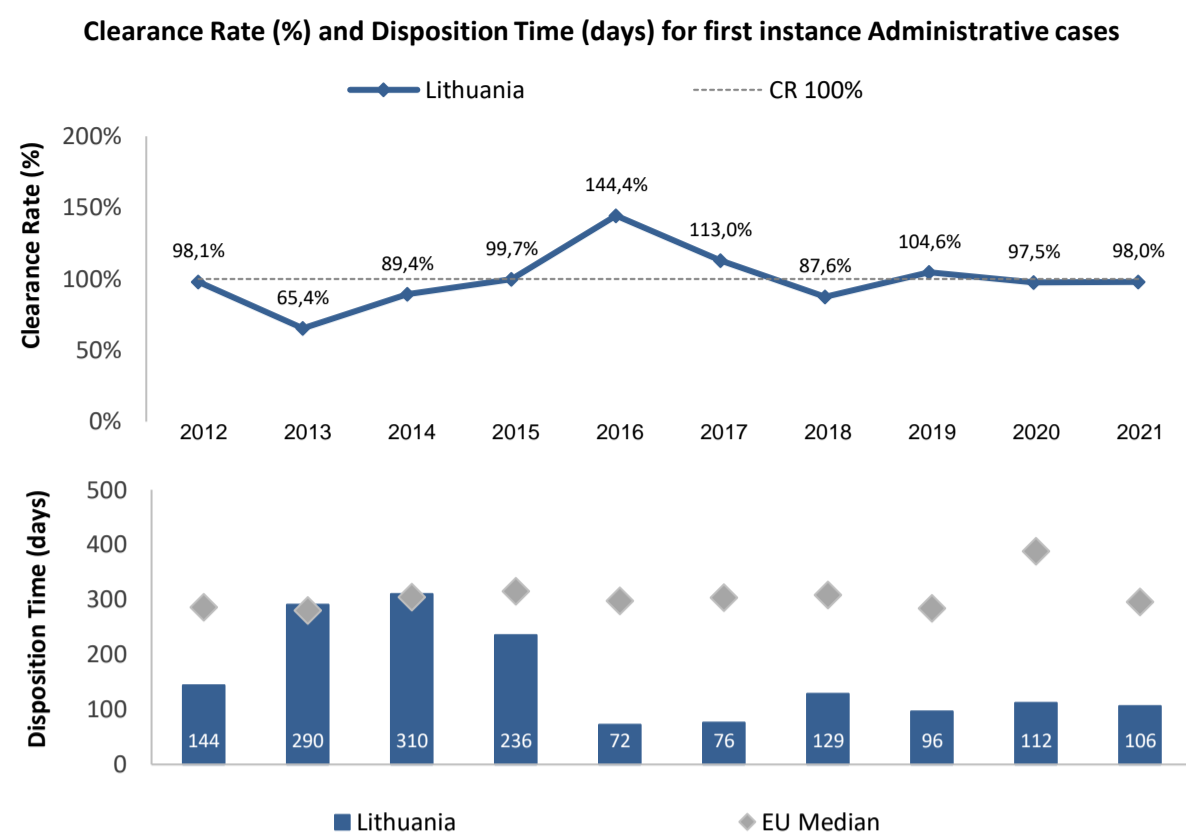
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,58 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	98,1%	101,0%	144	286
2013	65,4%	100,3%	290	281
2014	89,4%	99,6%	310	305
2015	99,7%	103,7%	236	315
2016	144,4%	103,0%	72	297
2017	113,0%	102,1%	76	303
2018	87,6%	99,7%	129	308
2019	104,6%	102,1%	96	284
2020	97,5%	100,1%	112	388
2021	98,0%	101,7%	106	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98% in 2020, Lithuania seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,5 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 106 days, which is significantly below EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -5,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

On July 1 2021 the amendments to the Code of Administrative Misdemeanors entered into force, by which the cases of administrative offenses were transferred to be examined (except for the cases referred to in Article 614, paragraph 1, point 3) from district courts out of court to pre-trial institutions.

In 2021 in the district courts, there was a noticeable decrease in the number of civil cases examined by the first instance due to the bankruptcy of legal entities - 1,212 cases (1,624 in 2020, 2,787 in 2019). Compared to 2019, such cases decreased by more than half. It can be assumed that such a decrease in cases in this category could have been caused by the 2020 initiative adopted by the Council of Judges.

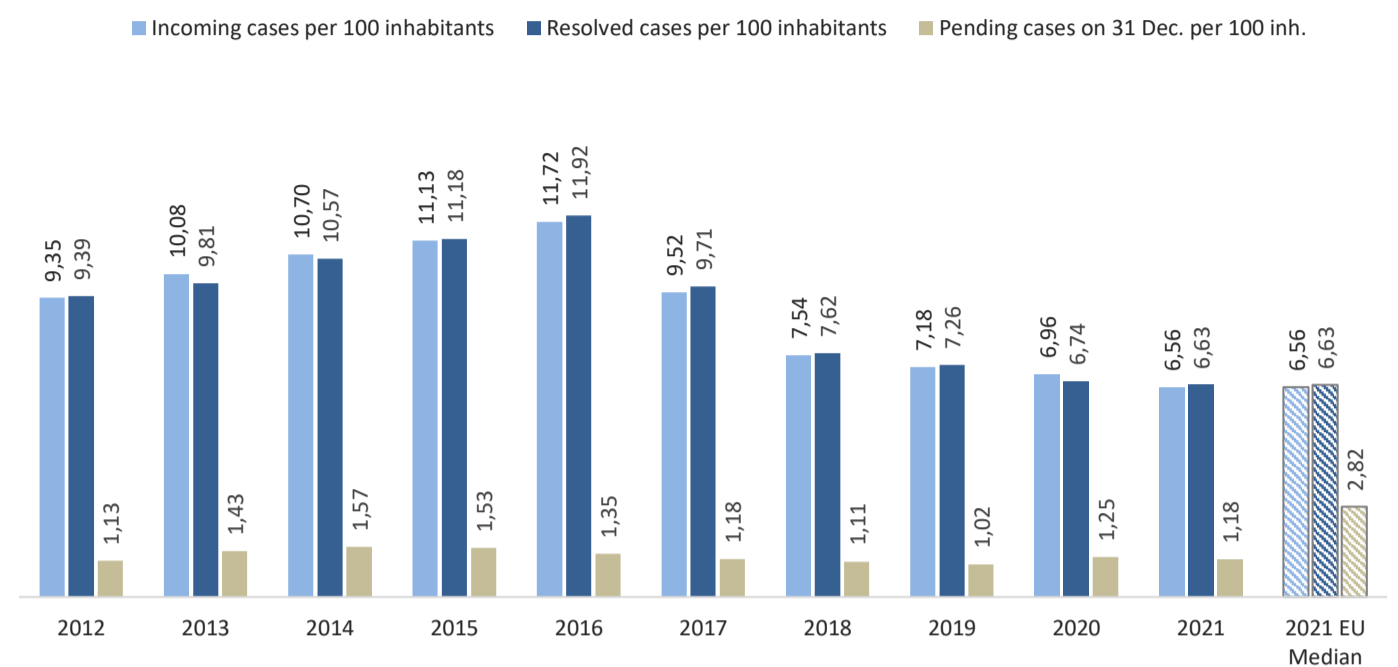
The impact of the consequences of the coronavirus (COVID-19) on Lithuania resulted in entering into force Law no. XIII-2861, which was temporary (until 31 December 2020), and suspension of the initiation of the insolvency process. It is noteworthy that out of 1212 civil cases on bankruptcy of legal entities, which were examined in 2021, the majority - 860 cases - were received by 2020.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	9,35	9,39	1,13
2013	10,08	9,81	1,43
2014	10,70	10,57	1,57
2015	11,13	11,18	1,53
2016	11,72	11,92	1,35
2017	9,52	9,71	1,18
2018	7,54	7,62	1,11
2019	7,18	7,26	1,02
2020	6,96	6,74	1,25
2021	6,56	6,63	1,18
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (6,56 per 100 inhabitants) is at the level of EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

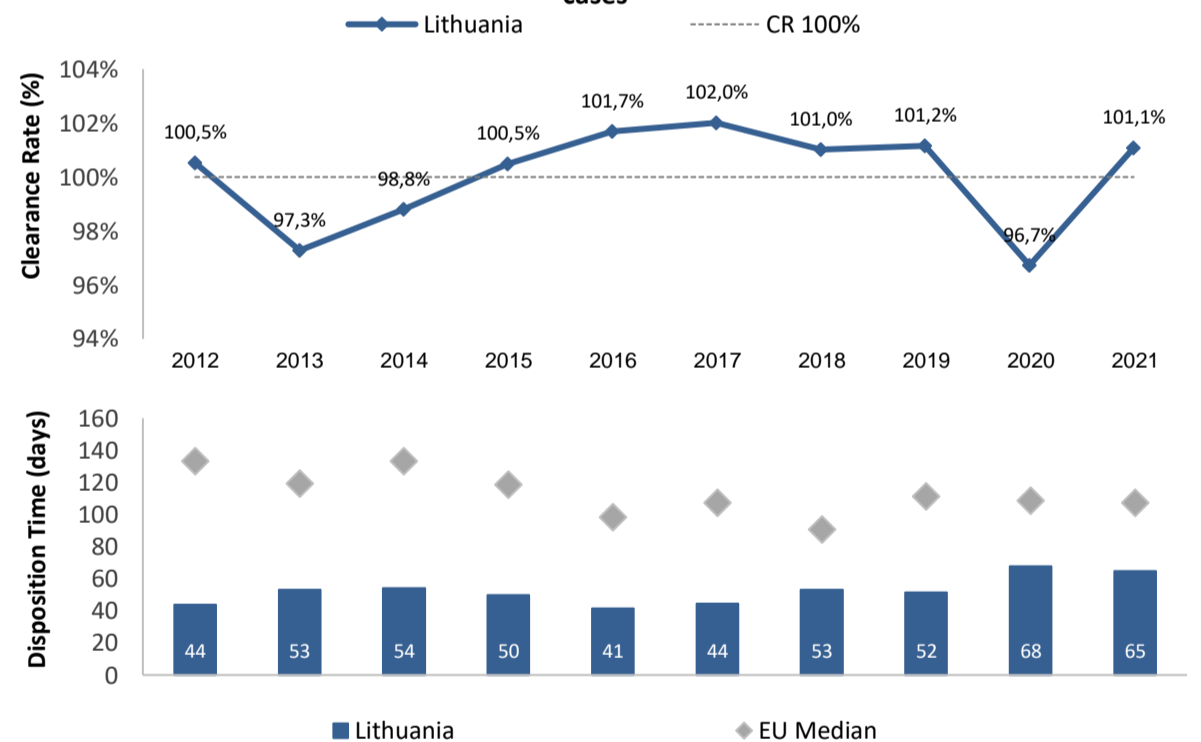
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (6,63 per 100 inhabitants) is at the level of EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (1,18 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	100,5%	100,5%	44	133
2013	97,3%	100,7%	53	119
2014	98,8%	101,9%	54	133
2015	100,5%	101,0%	50	119
2016	101,7%	101,5%	41	98
2017	102,0%	100,6%	44	107
2018	101,0%	100,6%	53	91
2019	101,2%	99,8%	52	111
2020	96,7%	98,7%	68	109
2021	101,1%	101,2%	65	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,1% in 2021 Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,4 points.

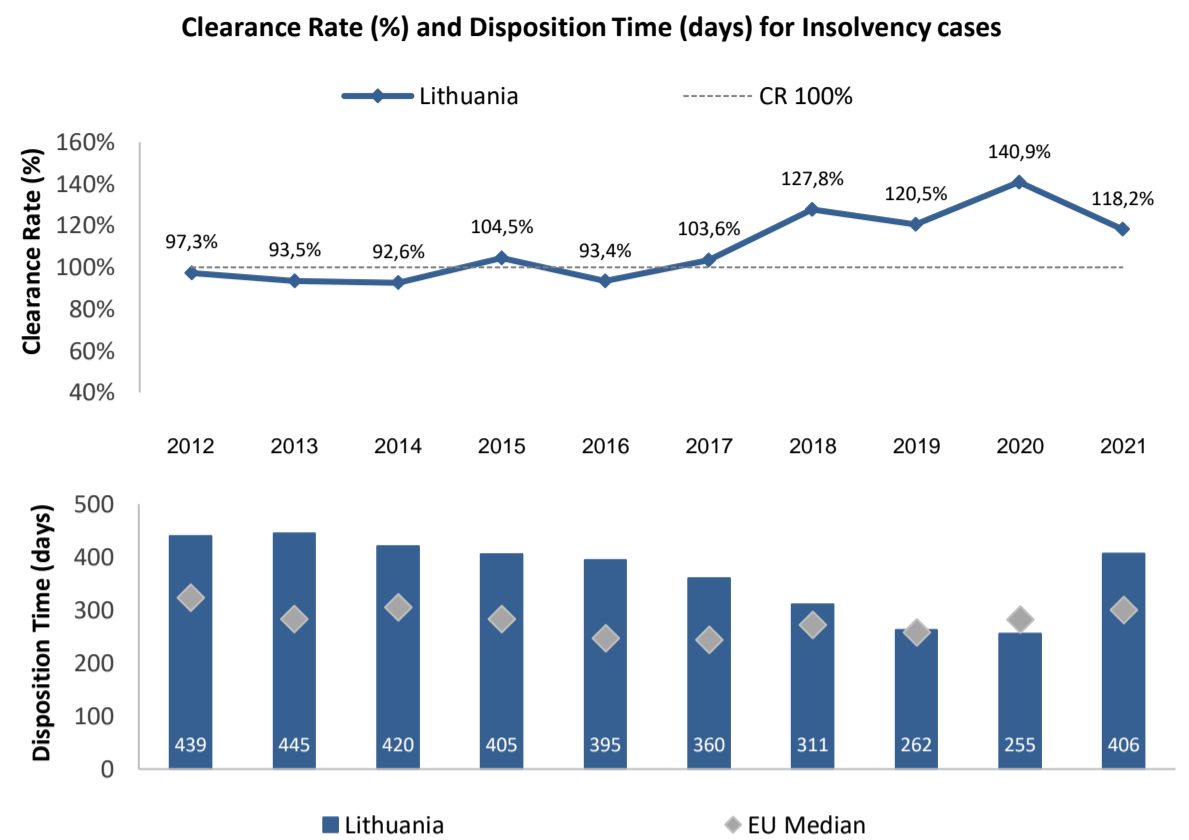
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 65 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	97,3%	95,0%	439	323
2013	93,5%	89,6%	445	282
2014	92,6%	96,9%	420	304
2015	104,5%	104,5%	405	282
2016	93,4%	102,0%	395	246
2017	103,6%	103,6%	360	243
2018	127,8%	101,5%	311	271
2019	120,5%	101,2%	262	258
2020	140,9%	109,7%	255	281
2021	118,2%	103,3%	406	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 118,2% in 2021 Lithuania seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -22,7 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 406 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 59,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

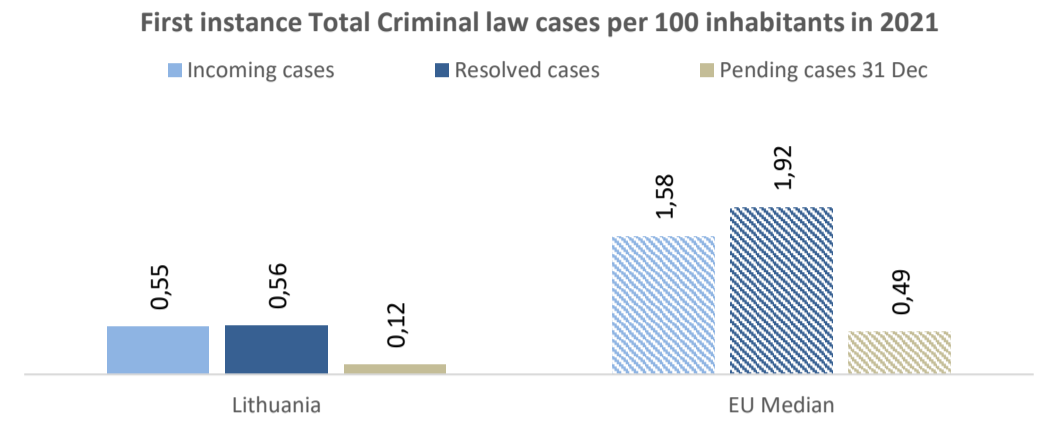
The decrease in insolvency cases category could be due to the initiative of the Council of Judges adopted in 21 April 2020 entered into force in 25 April 2020. The impact of the consequences of the coronavirus (COVID-19) on Lithuania resulted in entering into force Law no. XIII-2861, which was temporary (until 31 December 2020), and suspension of the initiation of the insolvency process. It is noteworthy that out of 1212 civil cases on bankruptcy of legal entities, which had been examined in 2021, the majority - 860 cases - were received by 25 April 2020.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	3 353	15 516	15 627	3 242
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,12	0,55	0,56	0,12
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

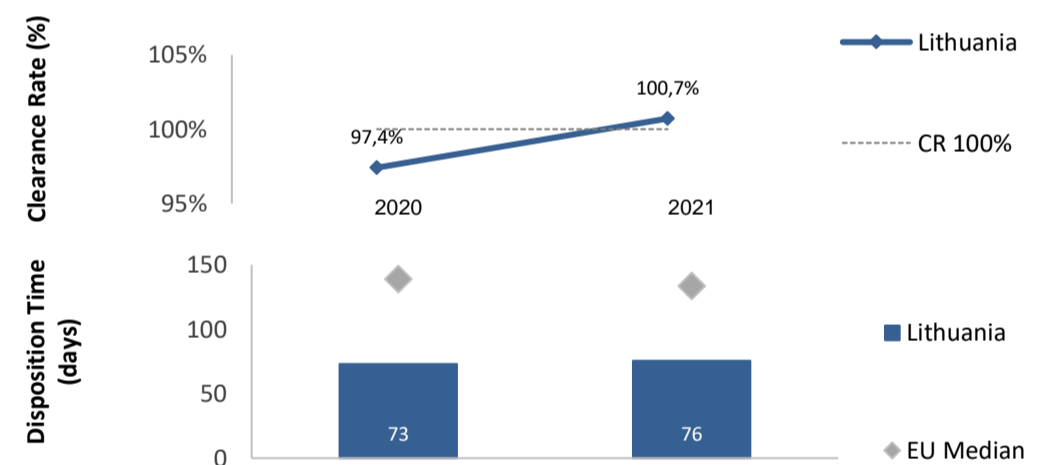
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,56 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2020	97,4%	95,2%	73	139
2021	100,7%	100,0%	76	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,7% in 2021 Lithuania seems to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,3 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 76 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 134 days.

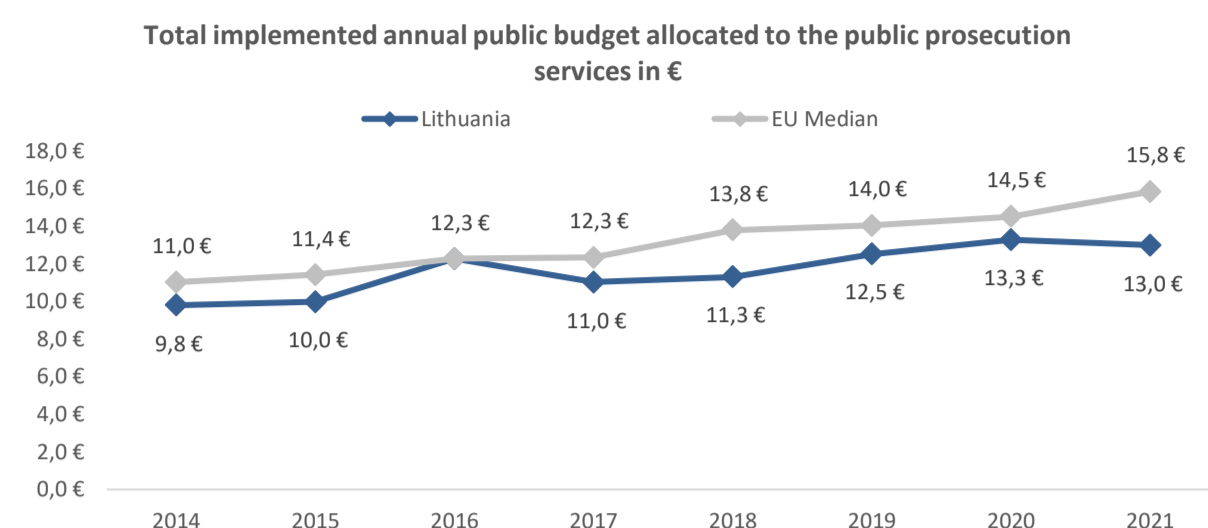
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 3,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

There is no separate statistical data allowing to distinguish between severe/minor/and other criminal cases. Neither the court information system is applied to this, nor the courts have obligation to provide the information on the seriousness of the crime. In the court information system offenses are described through the indication of an article (it does not show the severeness of a crime by itself).

5. Public prosecution services in Lithuania (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2014	28 622 712 €	9,8 €	11,0 €
2015	28 810 734 €	10,0 €	11,4 €
2016	34 948 538 €	12,3 €	12,3 €
2017	30 980 453 €	11,0 €	12,3 €
2018	31 607 079 €	11,3 €	13,8 €
2019	34 994 181 €	12,5 €	14,0 €
2020	37 129 523 €	13,3 €	14,5 €
2021	36 451 943 €	13,0 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2018	69 768 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	80 219 €	0,029 €	0,029 €
2020	24 146 €	0,009 €	0,011 €
2021	30 220 €	0,011 €	0,022 €

The National Audit Office of Lithuania carried out an audit on the investigation and prevention of cybercrime, which aims to contribute to the creation of a safe environment for society in cyberspace. The audit recommendations highlighted the need for the General Prosecutor's Office to pay more attention to the development of competences in the investigation of cybercrime, as the competences of specialised prosecutors are not sufficiently enhanced due to an insufficient and unsystematic education system and the lack of methodologies for the investigation of cybercrime. Due to the high cost of cybercrime training, an additional budget was requested and a small part of it was received.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

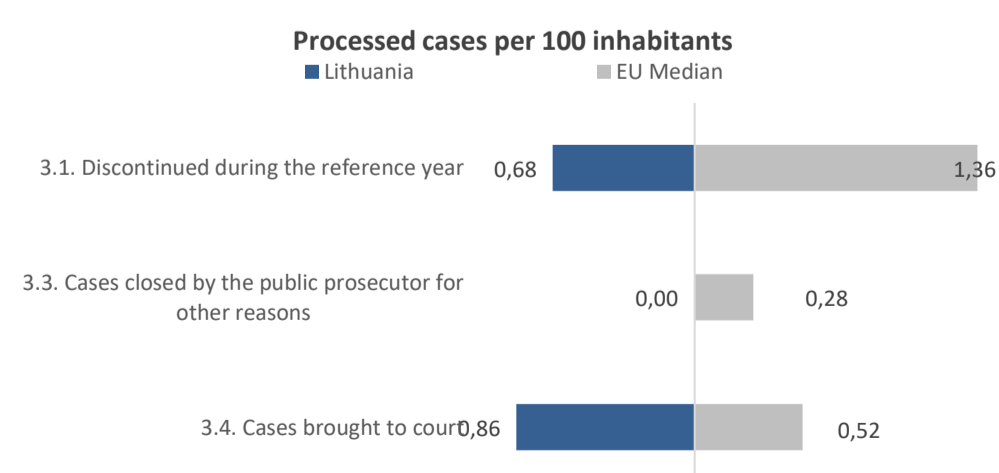
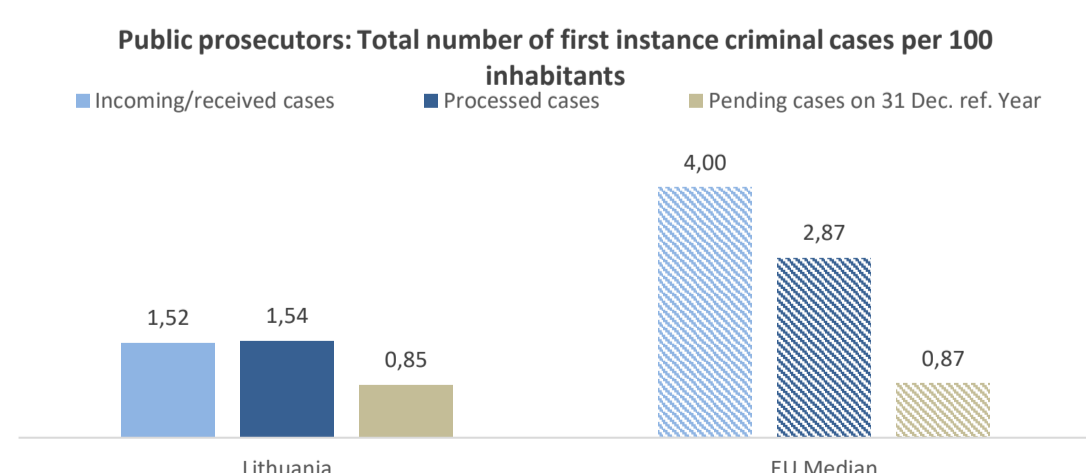
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Lithuania	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Lithuania	EU Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	23 200	▼ -8,4%		0,83	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	42 567	▼ -8,2%		1,52	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	43 234	▼ -15,0%		1,54	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	19 129	▼ -22,3%		0,68	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	1 764	▼ -65,2%		0,06	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	15 545	▼ -9,1%		0,55	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	1 820	▼ -26,4%		0,06	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP		NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP		NAP	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	73	▼ -73,9%		0,00	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	24 032	▼ -7,4%		0,86	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	23 740	▲ 3,1%		0,85	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The number of registered crimes is gradually decreasing since 2017 in Lithuania, and this also affects other numbers.

Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons: cases closed under Paragraph 3 Article 68 of the Criminal Procedure Code - when criminal act has been committed in the territory of the Republic of Lithuania by a citizen of a foreign country or other person who have subsequently left the Republic of Lithuania, the Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania may request foreign country to take over the criminal case. When criminal case is taken over by another country, the one in Lithuania is discontinued. The number of registered crimes is gradually decreasing since 2017 in Lithuania, and this affects number of incoming cases, processed cases, discontinued cases and cases brought to court.

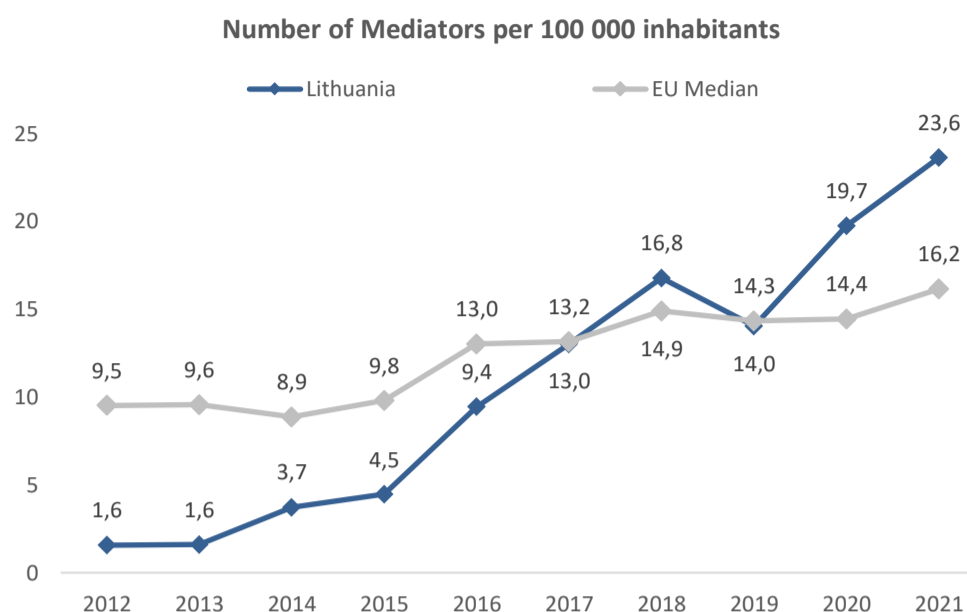
The reason for the non-compliance of the result of the formula used ((pending cases on 1 January 2020 + incoming cases) – processed cases = pending cases on 31 December 2020) is a result of different sources of data and their differing formulas for calculating some statistical indicators. Numbers of „Pending cases“ and „Incoming cases“ is taken from the national register, however number of „Processed cases“ is taken from registers of the Lithuanian Prosecution Service.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Lithuania (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	47	1,6	9,5
2013	47	1,6	9,6
2014	109	3,7	8,9
2015	129	4,5	9,8
2016	269	9,4	13,0
2017	366	13,0	13,2
2018	469	16,8	14,9
2019	392	14,0	14,3
2020	552	19,7	14,4
2021	663	23,6	16,2



In 2021, there are 663 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 23,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 20,1%.

On 29 June 2017, a new regulation for mediation and becoming mediator was adopted which entered into force from 1 January 2019. The amendments that have been made set new requirements to improve the quality of mediation services. Also, the establishment of mediation as a professional activity (with the exception of judicial mediation by judges) is approved, part of such activity is paid by state. These factors as well as the overall promotion of mediation in the country and the development of the application of mediation might have impact on the significant increase of the number of people that gained the status of mediator. Until 1st January 2019, the National Courts Administration have been maintained the list of court mediators which included judges and other persons (not judges). Due to a change in legal regulation (from 1st January, 2019), National Courts Administration maintains only the list of Judges who have been granted the status of mediators (Article 5 (2) of the Law on Mediation of the Republic of Lithuania) and transmits this data to the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service. The latter maintains the common list of mediators and decides on the status of mediator for persons who are not judges. The mentioned list is published on the website of the The State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service (Article 5 (6) of the Law on Mediation). It is to notice that court-related mediation in practice is more often executed by mediators judges however the mediators who are not judges are also allowed to mediate at this stage when they are appointed by the State Guaranteed Legal Aid Service.

From 1 January 2021 all mediators registered in the list of mediators of the Republic of Lithuania have the right to conduct judicial mediation in both civil and administrative cases.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	584	483	224
Civil and commercial	350	273	129
Family cases	210	180	80
Administrative	7	11	8
Employment dismissal	14	17	7
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	2	2	0

Family, labor and consumer cases are civil cases, so the number of cases in these respective categories is subtracted from the total number of civil cases.

7. ICT tools of courts in Lithuania (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	not available	not available	not available	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No	
	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Financial management tools	100%	Yes	Yes	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Justice expenses management	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Other				
	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Judges	Yes 50-99%	No	Yes	No
Prosecutors	0% (NAP)	-	-	-
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff				

Comments on writing assistance tools

Templates are prepared and stored in the Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) together with special tools for filling them with metadata. Also, templates are prepared in administrative offence and pretrial cases and are available in Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) and the Integrated Criminal Process Information System (IBPS).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Lithuania (2021 data)

In Lithuania, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

All of these data are recorded in the Lithuanian Court Information System (LITEKO), as well as other data, related to the case, its process and the parties to the proceedings.

In Lithuania, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Lithuania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Chief prosecutors of the departments of the prosecutor's offices are regularly provided with monthly data based on basic indicators of the performance of public prosecution offices, every 3 months - with the larger scale of performance data.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680	2 805 998	-6,6%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510	19 760	79,2%	12,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	3	3	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	True

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	59	54	54	54	54	54	17	17	17	12	-79,7%	-29,4%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	59	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	67	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	-7,5%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 363	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	34 997	-1,0%	22,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 545	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	28 015	5,5%	25,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 941	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	881	-	-8,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 461	1 079	1 765	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	487	-66,7%	-14,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	176	312	460	995	419	423	398	394	-	-1,0%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 974	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	4 302	44,7%	9,1%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 383	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	1 799	-59,0%	35,3%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	280 708	296 795	312 570	321 474	333 886	267 278	210 779	200 534	194 686	184 008	-34,4%	-5,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107 559	106 890	115 932	102 793	124 885	113 871	99 292	92 883	92 723	91 411	-15,0%	-1,4%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 549	103 334	108 033	110 043	71 599	66 772	64 005	58 482	-	-8,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77 669	84 829	82 707	90 640	81 613	80 626	63 208	59 748	58 023	53 508	-31,1%	-7,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 842	12 694	26 420	29 417	8 391	7 024	5 982	4 974	-	-16,9%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8 068	17 932	14 276	16 923	14 917	11 699	14 899	14 273	14 353	16 194	100,7%	12,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	87 412	87 144	90 813	98 424	86 051	31 665	24 989	26 606	23 605	17 921	-79,5%	-24,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	282 163	288 718	308 820	323 062	339 558	272 652	212 946	202 846	188 311	186 003	-34,1%	-1,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108 099	105 698	112 980	105 347	122 937	116 247	102 877	94 080	87 093	92 543	-14,4%	6,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	92 449	103 505	107 041	110 185	72 175	66 952	64 088	58 566	-	-8,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	78 051	83 967	83 743	90 959	81 156	80 192	63 788	59 903	58 102	53 566	-31,4%	-7,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 706	12 546	25 885	29 993	8 387	7 049	5 986	5 000	-	-16,5%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 914	11 728	12 763	16 875	21 540	13 221	13 048	14 929	13 994	15 874	100,6%	13,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 099	87 325	90 628	97 335	88 040	32 999	24 846	26 885	23 136	19 020	-78,4%	-17,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	34 997	33 002	-2,7%	-5,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	28 015	26 883	3,4%	-4,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	881	797	-	-9,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 079	1 941	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	487	429	-60,2%	-11,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	312	460	995	419	423	398	394	368	-	-6,6%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	4 302	4 622	47,8%	7,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	1 799	700	-81,1%	-61,1%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,5%	97,3%	98,8%	100,5%	101,7%	102,0%	101,0%	101,2%	96,7%	101,1%	0,57	4,36
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,5%	98,9%	97,5%	102,5%	98,4%	102,1%	103,6%	101,3%	93,9%	101,2%	0,74	7,31
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,2%	99,1%	100,1%	100,8%	100,3%	100,1%	100,1%	-	0,01
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	99,0%	101,3%	100,4%	99,4%	99,5%	100,9%	100,3%	100,1%	100,1%	(0,38)	(0,03)

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	98,5%	98,8%	98,0%	102,0%	100,0%	100,4%	100,1%	100,5%	-	0,46
CR Administrative law cases	98,1%	65,4%	89,4%	99,7%	144,4%	113,0%	87,6%	104,6%	97,5%	98,0%	(0,07)	0,53
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,8%	100,2%	99,8%	98,9%	102,3%	104,2%	99,4%	101,0%	98,0%	106,1%	5,35	8,12
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	53	54	50	41	44	53	52	68	65	47,6%	-4,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	106	20,8%	-9,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4	3	6	6	6	5	5	5	-	-1,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	8	3	2	4	6	4	3	3	3	-42,1%	-4,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	13	13	14	5	18	21	24	27	-	11,8%
DT Administrative law cases	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	106	-26,3%	-5,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	15	15	15	18	12	16	24	18	28	13	-12,3%	-52,7%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	946	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	403	-57,4%	-30,8%
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--------	--------

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	146	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	68	-53,4%	33,3%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	4 253	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	2 245	-47,2%	-29,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	108	-	12,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	69	-	15,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 196	8 192	8 034	8 164	7 457	7 711	7 787	7 705	7 378	7 678	-6,3%	4,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	453	429	308	273	264	267	195	145	178	163	-64,0%	-8,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 717	4 051	4 656	4 114	5 058	4 836	3 609	3 674	2 282	1 500	-59,6%	-34,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	257	170	-	-33,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108	96	-	-11,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 275	8 361	8 172	7 940	7 657	7 530	7 843	7 832	7 557	7 599	-8,2%	0,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	477	419	355	274	264	298	178	164	161	164	-65,6%	1,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 618	3 788	4 311	4 299	4 725	5 008	4 614	4 427	3 215	1 773	-51,0%	-44,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245	194	-	-20,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	95	-	-4,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	403	482	-44,4%	19,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	68	67	-45,1%	-1,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	2 245	1 972	-54,7%	-12,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108	84	-	-22,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	70	-	1,4%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	102,1%	101,7%	97,3%	102,7%	97,7%	100,7%	101,6%	102,4%	99,0%	(1,99)	(3,46)
CR Employment dismissal cases	105,3%	97,7%	115,3%	100,4%	100,0%	111,6%	91,3%	113,1%	90,4%	100,6%	(4,68)	10,16
CR Insolvency cases	97,3%	93,5%	92,6%	104,5%	93,4%	103,6%	127,8%	120,5%	140,9%	118,2%	20,86	(22,69)
DT Litigious divorce cases	38	30	25	36	28	37	33	27	19	23	-39,5%	18,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	93	115	87	112	116	65	144	114	154	149	59,7%	-3,3%
DT Insolvency cases	439	445	420	405	395	360	311	262	255	406	-7,5%	59,3%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	5 405	-	-26,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	2 152	-	-34,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	3 888	3 839	3 104	-	-19,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			467	414	450	326	183	185	176	149	-	-15,3%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 545	25 440	23 053	20 648	18 336	17 082	15 742	16 448	-	4,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 687	14 992	14 605	13 943	12 498	11 463	10 788	10 171	-	-5,7%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			3 948	5 635	4 457	4 138	3 877	3 683	3 286	4 207	-	28,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 910	4 813	3 991	2 567	1 961	1 936	1 668	2 070	-	24,1%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 552	24 077	22 994	19 869	18 966	17 752	17 657	16 785	-	-4,9%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 995	14 774	14 688	13 328	13 326	12 075	11 941	10 330	-	-13,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			3 594	4 526	4 191	3 831	NA	3 732	4 021	4 413	-	9,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			4 963	4 777	4 115	2 710	1 959	1 945	1 695	2 042	-	20,5%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	5 405	5 068	-	-6,2%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	2 152	1 993	-	-7,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	NA	3 839	3 104	2 898	-	-6,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			414	450	326	183	185	176	149	177	-	18,8%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	29	28	47	26	37	30	-	-18,9%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	18	19	22	13	15	12	-	-20,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	11	9	25	13	2	18	-	800,0%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			100,0%	94,6%	99,7%	96,2%	103,4%	103,9%	112,2%	102,0%	-	(10,12)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,1%	98,5%	100,6%	95,6%	106,6%	105,3%	110,7%	101,6%	-	(9,12)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			91,0%	80,3%	94,0%	92,6%	NA	101,3%	122,4%	104,9%	-	(17,47)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			101,1%	99,3%	103,1%	105,6%	99,9%	100,5%	101,6%	98,6%	-	(2,97)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			99	118	124	158	154	151	112	110	-	-1,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97	104	103	130	107	100	66	70	-	7,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			204	252	295	352	NA	375	282	240	-	-14,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			30	34	29	25	34	33	32	32	-	-1,4%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			315	439	281	298	321	250	328	408	-	24,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			293	403	252	278	292	226	307	389	-	26,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			22	36	29	20	29	24	21	19		-	-9,5%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			820	690	709	634	572	585	546	454		-	-16,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			659	543	576	502	451	476	447	335		-	-25,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			161	147	133	132	121	109	99	119		-	20,2%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			696	848	692	611	643	507	466	431		-	-7,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			549	694	550	488	517	395	365	344		-	-5,8%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			147	154	142	123	126	112	101	87	-	-13,9%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			439	252	298	321	250	328	408	431	-	5,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			403	252	278	292	226	307	389	380	-	-2,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			36	29	20	29	24	21	19	51	-	168,4%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	2	-	-33,3%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	2	-	-33,3%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	96,4%	112,4%	86,7%	85,3%	94,9%	-	9,59
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	97,2%	114,6%	83,0%	81,7%	102,7%	-	21,03
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			91,3%	104,8%	106,8%	93,2%	104,1%	102,8%	102,0%	73,1%	-	(28,91)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			230	108	157	192	142	236	320	365	-	14,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			268	133	184	218	160	284	389	403	-	3,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			89	69	51	86	70	68	69	214	-	211,6%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 907	3 353	-	15,3%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									17 225	15 516	-	-9,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									16 779	15 627	-	-6,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									3 353	3 242	-	-3,3%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									208	227	-	9,1%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									97,4%	100,7%	-	3,3
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									73	76	-	3,8%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									759	807	-	6,3%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 466	4 276	-	-4,3%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 418	4 301	-	-2,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									807	782	-	-3,1%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									7	16	-	128,6%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									98,9%	100,6%	-	1,68
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									67	66	-	-0,5%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									93	89	-	-4,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									261	303	-	16,1%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									265	252	-	-4,9%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									86	140	-	62,8%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									101,5%	83,2%	-	(18,36)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									118	203	-	71,2%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									25 339	23 200	-	-8,4%
2. Incoming/received cases									46 361	42 567	-	-8,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									50 855	43 234	-	-15,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									24 632	19 129	-	-22,3%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									5 066	1 764	-	-65,2%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									17 092	15 545	-	-9,1%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									2 474	1 820	-	-26,4%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									280	73	-	-73,9%
3.4. Cases brought to court									25 943	24 032	-	-7,4%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									23 035	23 740	-	3,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,10	0,93	-	-15,0%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,50	0,51	-	3,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									16 672	14 365	-	-13,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									16 672	14 365	-	-13,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	31 042 246	31 620 164	35 043 782	37 323 466	36 818 727	41,1%	-1,35%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	28 622 712	28 810 734	34 948 538	30 980 453	31 607 079	34 994 181	37 129 523	36 451 943	-	-1,82%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	69 769	80 221	25 158	30 223	-	20,13%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	69 768	80 219	24 146	30 220	-	25,16%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									76 914	68 832	-	(0,11)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									36 544	28 184	-	(0,23)
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									27 442	19 616	-	(0,29)
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									9 102	8 568	-	(0,06)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									40 370	40 648	-	0,01
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									5	57	-	10,40
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									78	73	-	-6,4%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									22	20	-	-9,1%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									25	14	-	-44,0%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									12	17	-	41,7%
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									19	22	-	15,8%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									35	47	-	34,3%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									6	16	-	166,7%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									2	-	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									15	10	-	-33,3%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									8	11	-	37,5%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									4	10	-	150,0%
037.3.1 Amount - Total									26 705 £	133 818 £	-	401,1%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									6 000 £	13 106 £	-	118,4%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									5 690 £	42 000 £	-	638,1%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									14 050 £	22 499 £	-	60,1%
037.3.6 Amount - Other									966 £	56 213 £	-	5719,2%

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	NAP		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	768	772	754	762	778	767	758	750	740	718	-6,5%	-3,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	684	691	671	679	692	686	676	667	662	643	-6,0%	-2,9%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	51	48	49	48	51	48	49	50	48	45	-11,8%	-6,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	33	34	35	35	33	33	33	30	30	-9,1%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	315	312	297	291	298	291	284	268	259	255	-19,0%	-1,5%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	259	261	246	240	245	242	235	220	216	213	-17,8%	-1,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	27	27	27	29	28	29	29	26	25	-19,4%	-3,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	25	24	24	24	24	21	20	19	17	17	-32,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	453	460	457	471	480	476	474	482	481	463	2,2%	-3,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	425	430	425	439	447	444	441	447	446	430	1,2%	-3,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	20	21	22	21	22	20	20	21	22	20	0,0%	-9,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	13	13	62,5%	0,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	740	718	-	-3,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	662	643	-	-2,9%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	45	-	-6,3%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	64	-	3,2%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	43	-	0,0%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	21	-	10,5%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2 709	2 646	1,0%	-2,3%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	1 505	1 451	1 467	1 485	1 432	6,2%	-3,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	776	733	801	816	855	871	849	861	873	868	11,9%	-0,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	425	428	353	350	272	259	280	270	265	263	-38,1%	-0,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	70	83	85	88	87	87	84	86	86	83	18,6%	-3,5%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	376	343	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	105	102	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	111	43	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	157	195	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	70	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	665	690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	268	233	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									2 709	2 646	-	-2,3%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 916	1 864	-	-2,7%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									701	690	-	-1,6%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									92	92	-	0,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									644	622	-	-3,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									576	556	-	-3,5%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									68	66	-	-2,9%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									315	308	-	-2,2%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									274	267	-	-2,6%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									41	41	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									329	314	-	-4,6%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									302	289	-	-4,3%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	25	-	-7,4%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									585	476	-	-18,6%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									165	92	-	-44,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									420	384	-	-8,6%
004 Annual average salary in the country									17 143 £	19 084 £	-	11,3%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									36 267 £	36 473 £	-	0,6%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									49 698 £	49 960 £	-	0,5%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									29 357 £	29 523 £	-	0,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									47 038 £	48 996 £	-	4,2%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									21 941 £	22 066 £	-	0,6%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									30 067 £	30 225 £	-	0,5%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									17 761 £	17 861 £	-	0,6%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									28 458 £	29 642 £	-	4,2%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									7	7	-	0,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	4	-	100,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	3	-	50,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									25	39	-	56,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									5	4	-	-20,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									17	35	-	105,9%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	1	-	0,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									18	19	-	5,6%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									5	2	-	-60,0%

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									6	13	-	116,7%
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									3	3	-	0,0%
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	2 207	2 213	2 248	2 254	2 277	26,8%	1,0%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							1 377	1 393	1 393	1 403	-	0,7%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							836	855	941	874	-	-7,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Lithuania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	47	47	109	129	269	366	469	392	552	663	1310,6%	20,1%
167.1.1 Total number started					313	540	483	696	523	584	-	11,7%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					139	200	223	314	248	350	-	41,1%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					172	333	258	367	254	210	-	-17,3%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	5	7	7	-	0,0%
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					2	7	2	8	14	14	-	0,0%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Luxembourg

(2021 data)

General data

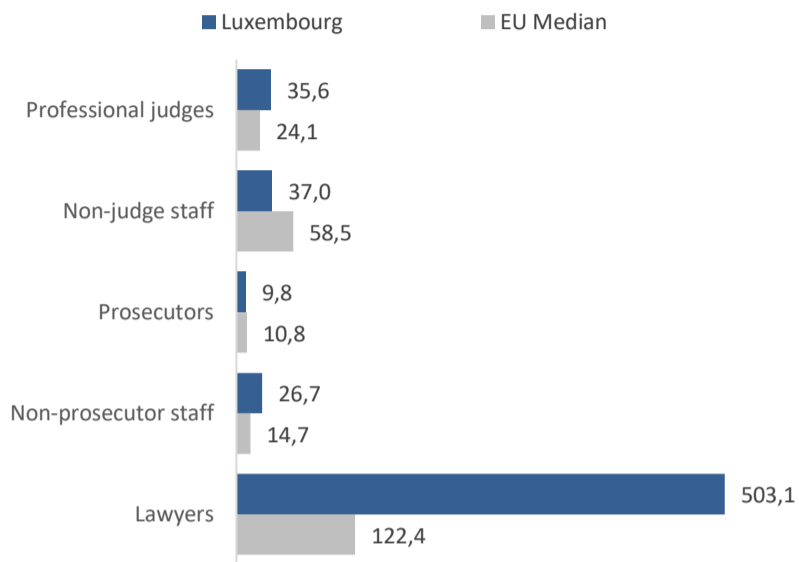
Population: **645 397**

GDP per capita: **114 400 €**

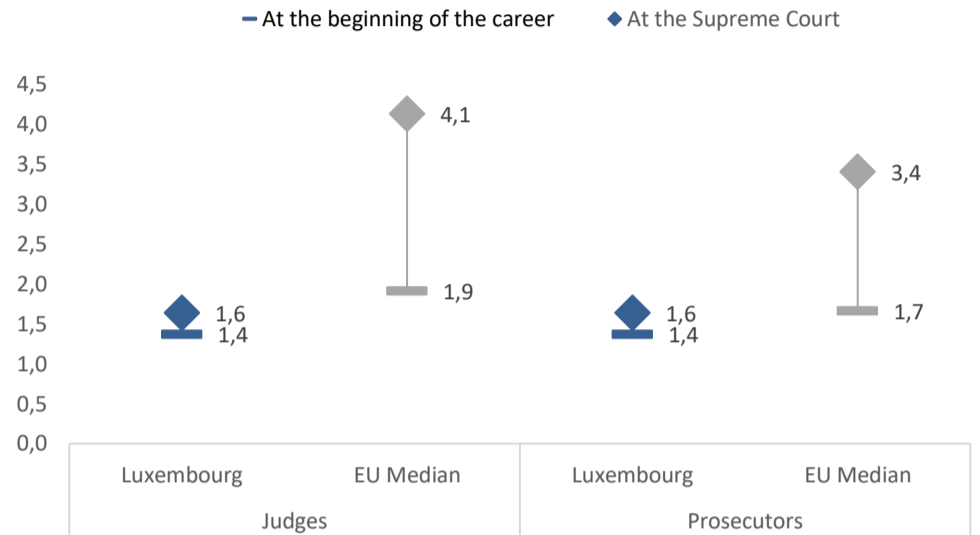
Average annual salary: **67 574 €**

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

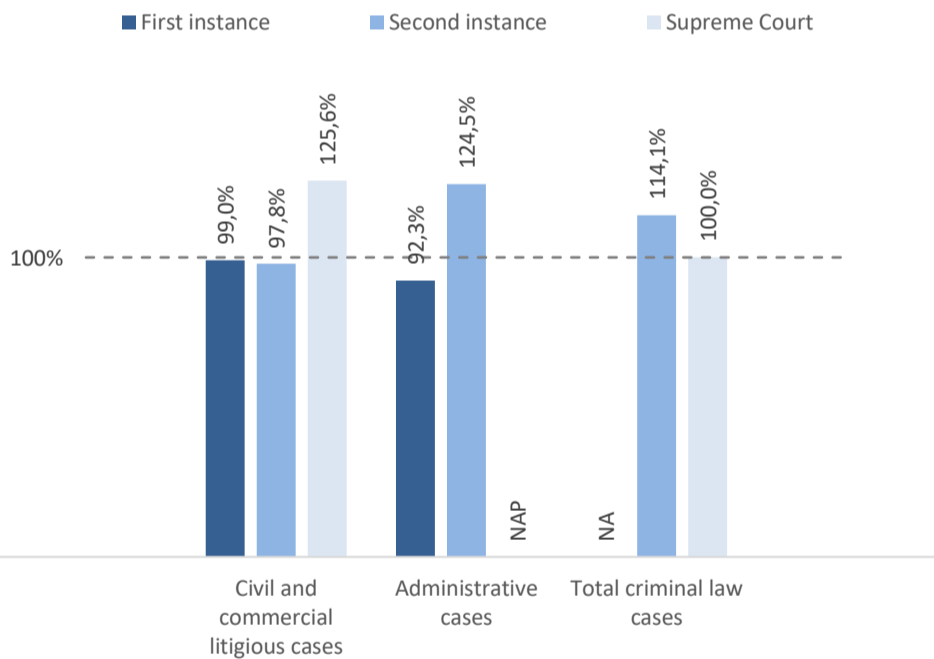


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

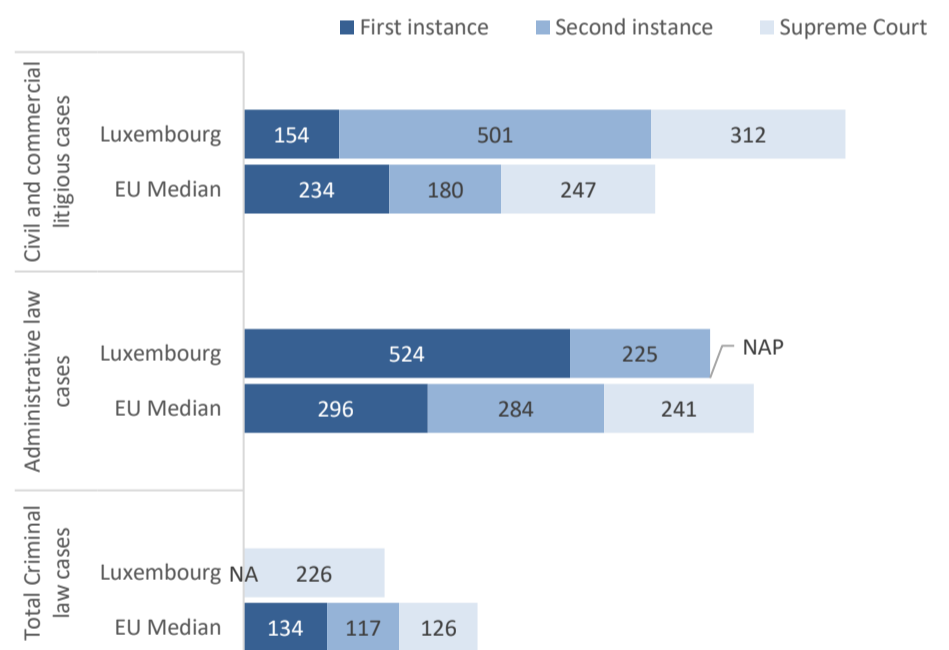


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

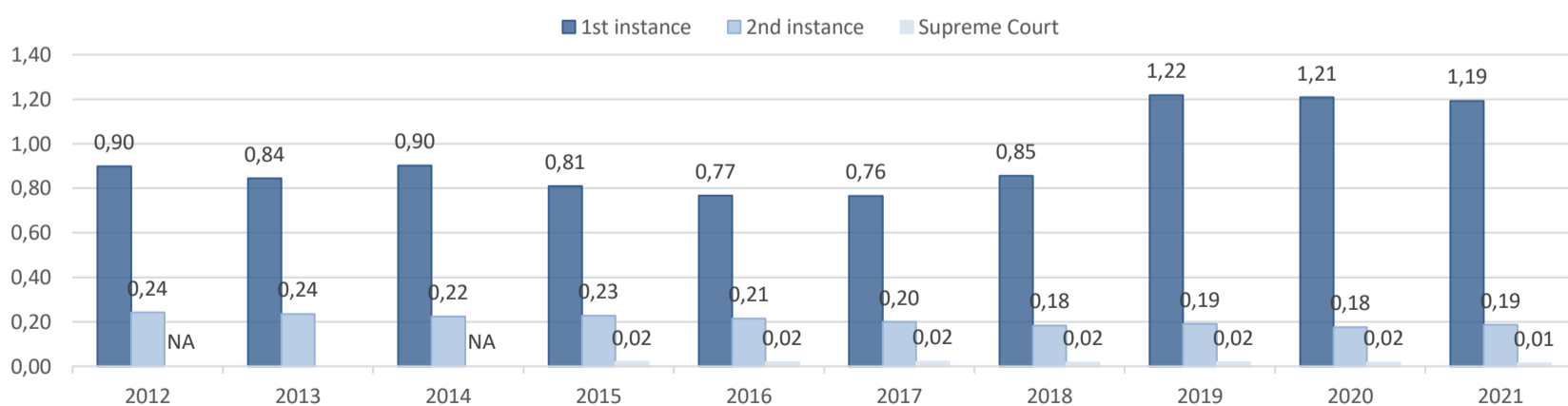


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Luxembourg

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	634 730	645 397		22,9%	1,7%
GDP per capita	83 600	83 400	88 500	88 500	90 700	92 026	95 943	101 446	101 056	114 400		36,8%	13,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	42 500		46 000		66 300		61 720	63 015	66 524	67 574		59,0%	1,6%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	34,1	32,7	32,7	32,5	31,7	32,9	36,2	36,1	36,1	35,6		4,5%	-1,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	36,0	34,8	35,0	33,9	33,2	35,8	35,9	35,1	37,0		NA	5,4%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									9,8	9,8			-0,1%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									23,6	26,7			12,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	384,8	400,5	387,2	412,6	403,1	431,4	487,5	465,4	485,2	503,1		30,8%	3,7%
Mediators	21,0	23,6	24,0	19,5	29,3	23,9	32,3	36,3	37,5	38,0		81,2%	1,2%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,899	0,844	0,901	0,809	0,767	0,765	0,855	1,218	1,208	1,192		32,6%	-1,3%
Administrative law cases	0,308	0,2	0,2	0,225	0,200	0,201	0,203	0,233	0,173	0,167		-45,8%	-3,3%
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	173%	182%	97%	105%	100%	96%	93%	88%	93%	99%		-73,84	6,47
CR administrative law cases	70%	94%	94%	91%	98%	94%	86%	75%	87%	92%		22,51	4,90
CR total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	73	53	103	86	91	108	123	139	161	154		110,2%	-4,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	513	524		NA	2,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,31	0,22	0,25	0,20	0,19	0,22	0,27	0,41	0,49	0,50		59,7%	0,7%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0,21	0,22		NA	4,4%
Total criminal law cases									NA	NA			NA

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			87%	100%	106%	118%	115%	103%	105%	98%			-7,29
CR administrative law cases			101%	104%	102%	97%	103%	96%	73%	124%			51,49
CR total criminal law cases									110%	114%			4,25

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			722	601	553	466	467	488	497	501			0,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			175	202	228	211	222	285	421	225			-46,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NA	NA			NA

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	90%	100%	78%	95%	96%	100%	126%			25,61
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									119%	100%			-19,05

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368	312			-15,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									226	226			0,0%

1. Judicial organisation in Luxembourg (2021 data)

In Luxembourg in 2021, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 13. Namely, there are 7 courts of general jurisdiction and 6 specialised courts.

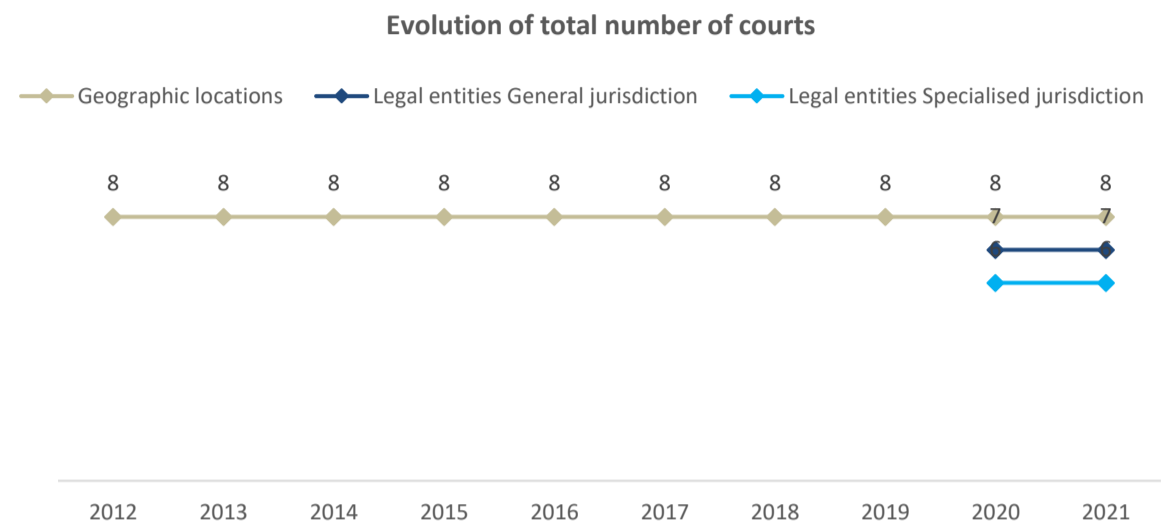
The 7 legal entities of general jurisdiction encompass 5 first instance courts, namely 3 Justices of the peace and 2 District courts, one Appellate court and one Cassation Court. It is noteworthy that the Court of appeal and the Court of cassation are both part of the Supreme Court of Justice.

Among the 6 specialised courts, 3 act at first instance and 3 are higher instance courts (see below for more details).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 8 courts among which 3 are of first instance.

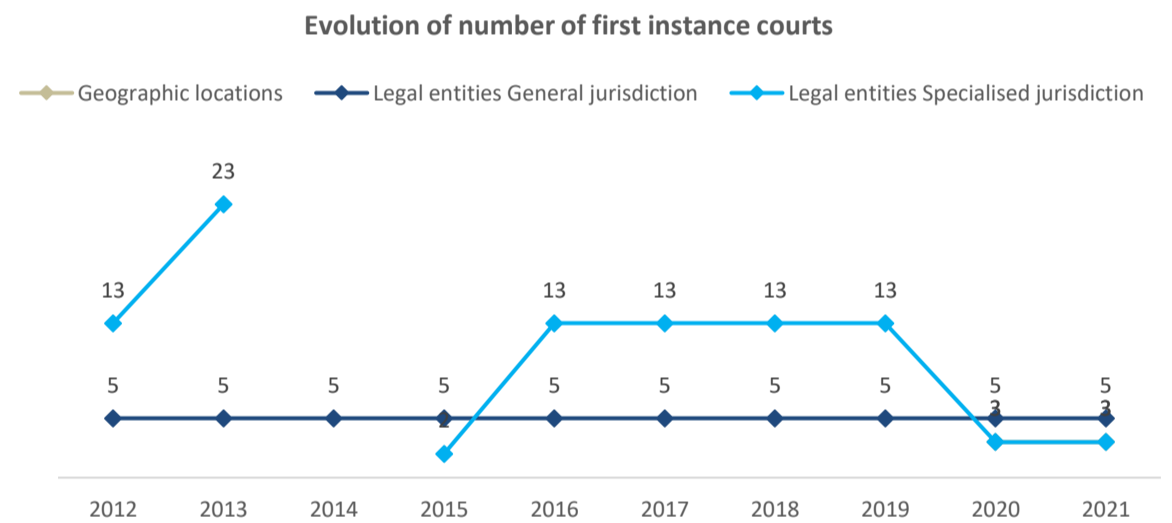
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	8		
2013	8		
2014	8		
2015	8		
2016	8		
2017	8		
2018	8		
2019	8		
2020	8	7	6
2021	8	7	6



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		5	13
2013		5	23
2014		5	
2015		5	2
2016		5	13
2017		5	13
2018		5	13
2019		5	13
2020	3	5	3
2021	3	5	3



It is worth recalling that starting from 2020, data on specialised courts are presented in terms of legal entities.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 62,5% - 37,5% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	3	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1
Military courts	1	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

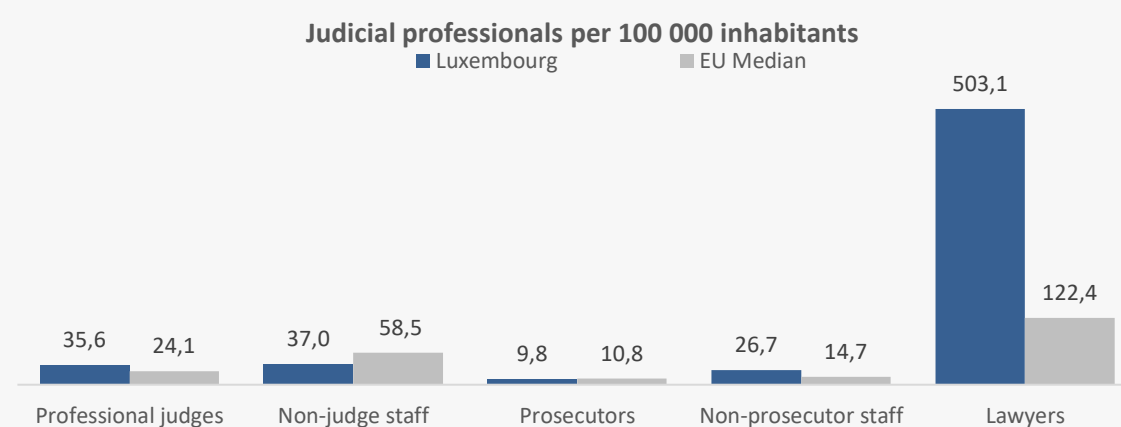
In Luxembourg, courts of general jurisdiction are organized into specialized sections. For example, the commercial courts (which also deal with insolvency cases) are specialized sections of the district court. Only the administrative, military and social security courts of first instance are autonomous. In administrative matters, there is no cassation possibility against the decisions of the administrative court of appeal.

2. Professionals of justice in Luxembourg (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

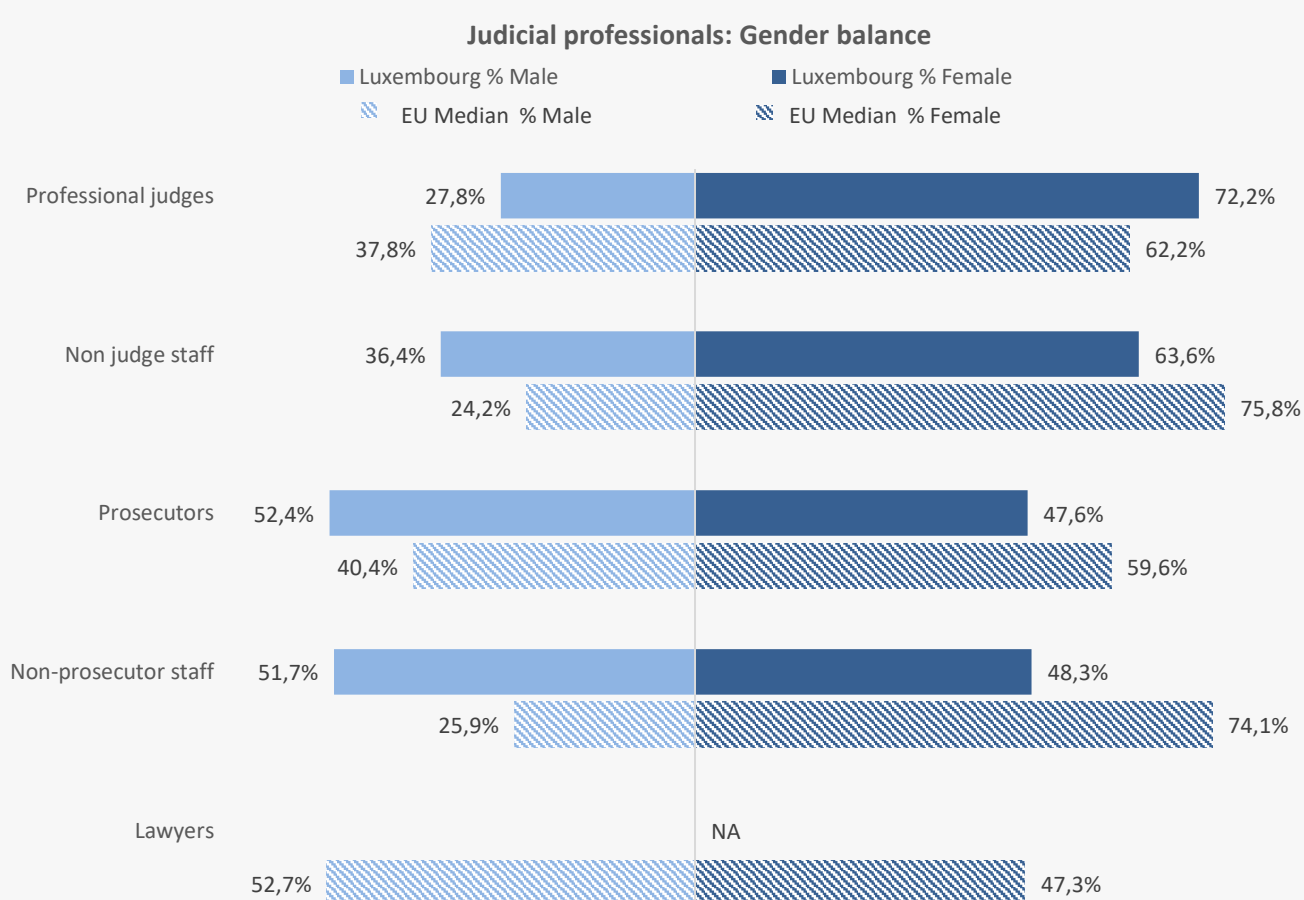
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	230	35,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	239	37,0	58,5
Prosecutors	63	9,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	172	26,7	14,7
Lawyers	3 247	503,1	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

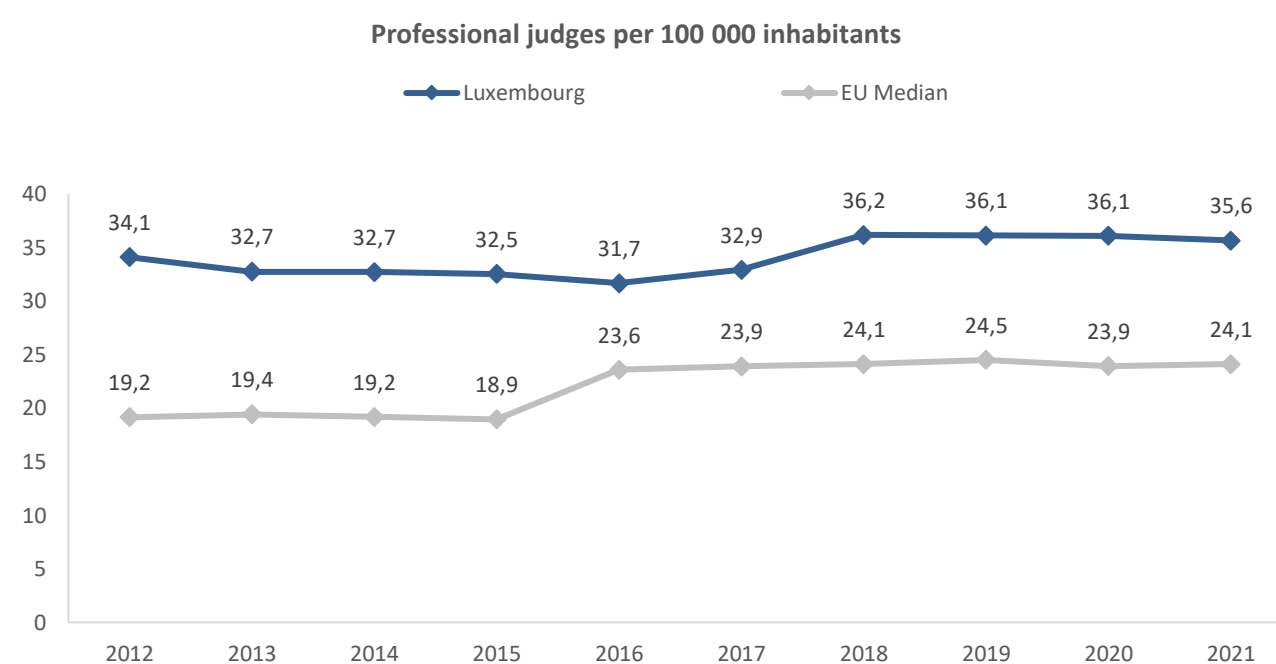
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	27,8%	72,2%
Non judge staff	36,4%	63,6%
Prosecutors	52,4%	47,6%
Non-prosecutor staff	51,7%	48,3%
Lawyers	NA	NA



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	179	19,2	34,1	19,2
2013	180	19,4	32,7	19,4
2014	184	19,2	32,7	19,2
2015	183	18,9	32,5	18,9
2016	187	23,6	31,7	23,6
2017	198	23,9	32,9	23,9
2018	222	24,1	36,2	24,1
2019	226	24,5	36,1	24,5
2020	229	23,9	36,1	23,9
2021	230	24,1	35,6	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Luxembourg is 230, which is 0,4% more than in previous cycle.

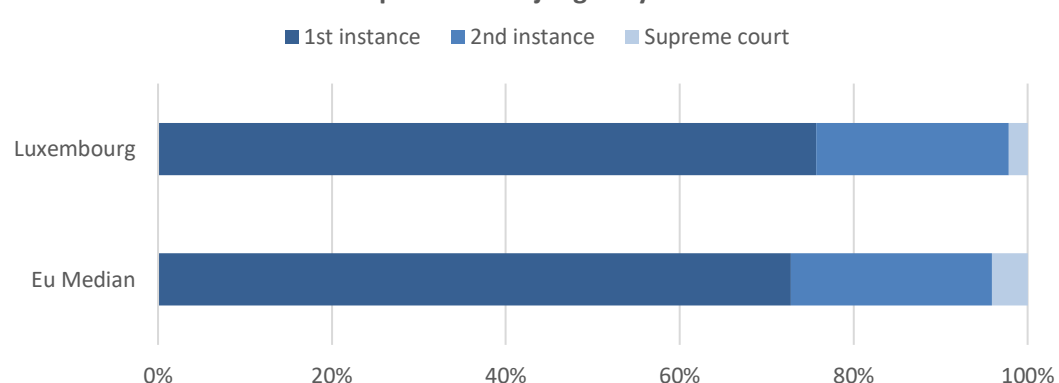
More precisely, in Luxembourg, there are 35,64 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,04 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a significant increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 0,97 non-judge staff per judge.

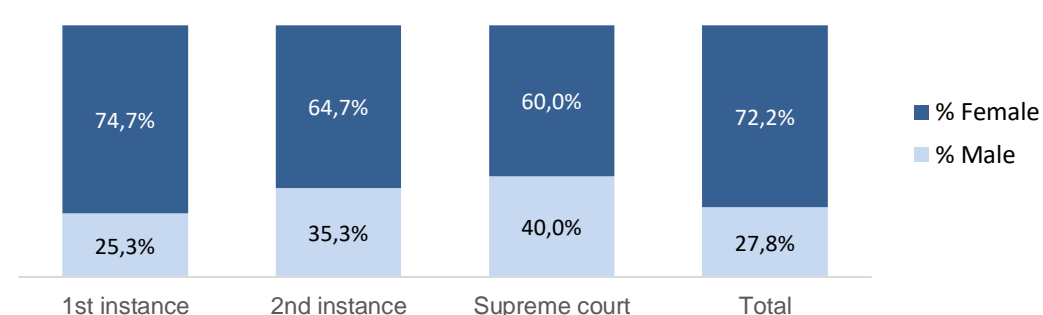
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	174	75,7%	44	130	25,3%	74,7%
2nd instance	51	22,2%	18	33	35,3%	64,7%
Supreme court	5	2,2%	2	3	40,0%	60,0%
Total	230		64	166	27,8%	72,2%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Luxembourg



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 166, which represents 72,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 174 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 130 are Female); 51 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 33 are Female) and 5 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 3 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Luxembourg, with very closed values for first and second instance judges, while third instance judges are less numerous in Luxembourg.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Luxembourg presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Indeed, the number of first instance professional judges includes judges of the district courts, judges of the justices of the peace and judges of the administrative tribunal. The number of second instance professional judges includes judges of the Court of appeal of the Superior court of justice and judges of the Administrative court. The number of professional judges at the Supreme court level includes only judges of the Court of cassation.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be pointed out that female judges have a large majority at all instances.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

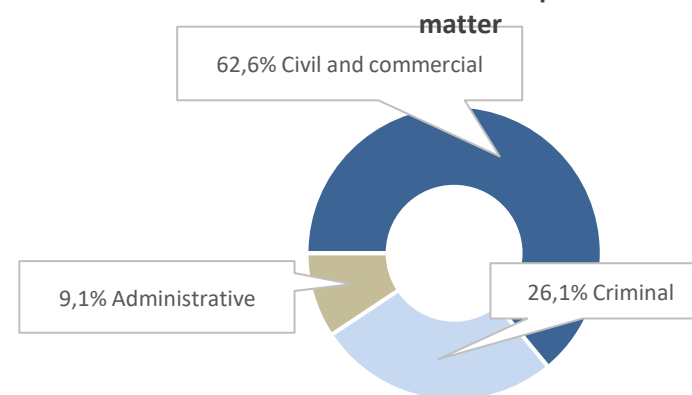
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	174	108	50	16	NAP
2nd instance	51	36	10	5	NAP
Supreme court	5	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	230	144	60	21	NAP

In Luxembourg, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	62,1%	28,7%	9,2%	NAP
2nd instance	70,6%	19,6%	9,8%	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	62,6%	26,1%	9,1%	NAP

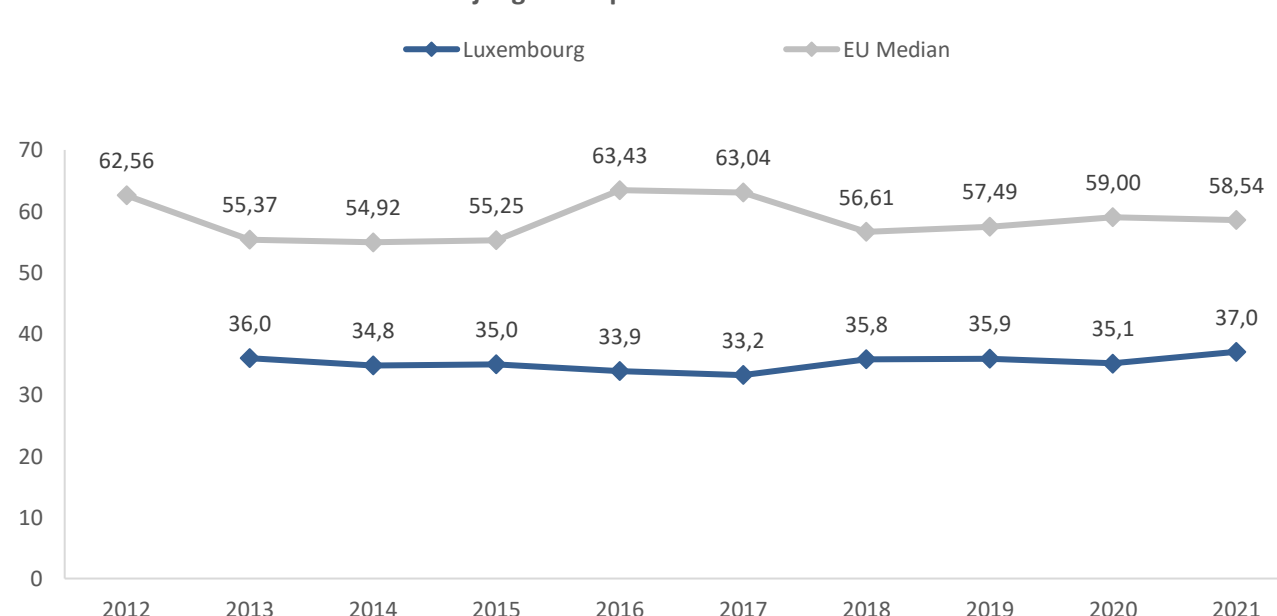
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	NA	62,6
2013	198	36,0	36,0	55,4
2014	196	34,8	34,8	54,9
2015	197	35,0	35,0	55,2
2016	200	33,9	33,9	63,4
2017	200	33,2	33,2	63,0
2018	220	35,8	35,8	56,6
2019	225	35,9	35,9	57,5
2020	223	35,1	35,1	59,0
2021	239	37,0	37,0	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Luxembourg has 239 non-judge staff (of which 152 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 7,2%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 35,1 in 2020 to 37,0 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 36,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 35,6 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	239	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	224	93,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	3	1,3%
Technical staff	3	1,3%
Other	9	3,8%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 224 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 144 are Female);
- 3 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 are Female);
- 3 technical staff (of which 0 are Female);
- 9 other (of which 7 are Female);

It is noteworthy that in Luxembourg, all non-judge staff is in charge of assisting judges (except at the administrative courts). Therefore, starting from 2017, the distinction between staff in charge of administrative tasks and staff assisting judges is no more carried out. Only at the administrative courts there are few persons not assisting judges.

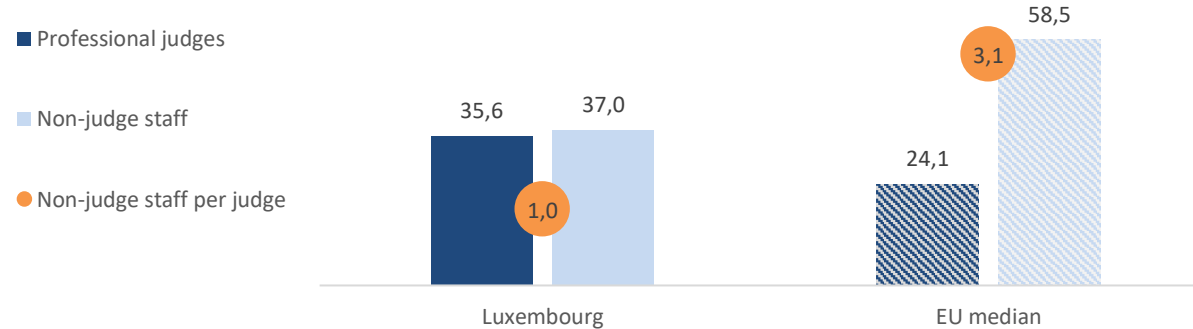
The category "other non-judge staff" refers to the "référéndaires" and the data protection compliance officer of the administrative courts.

The number of "other non-judge staff" has increased with 5 persons, representing 5 posts of "référéndaires". Judicial and administrative courts are making greater use of "référéndaires" to relieve judges of certain tasks.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Luxembourg	EU median
Professional judges	35,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	37,0	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	1,0	3,1

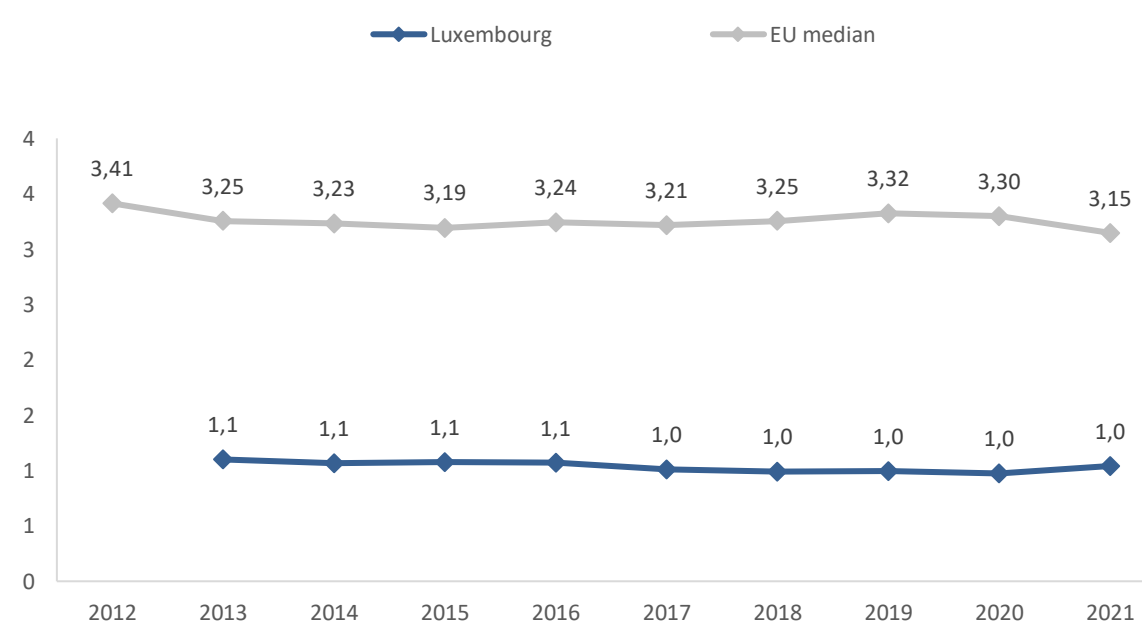
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	EU median
2012	34,1	NA	NA	3,4
2013	32,7	36,0	1,1	3,3
2014	32,7	34,8	1,1	3,2
2015	32,5	35,0	1,1	3,2
2016	31,7	33,9	1,1	3,2
2017	32,9	33,2	1,0	3,2
2018	36,2	35,8	1,0	3,3
2019	36,1	35,9	1,0	3,3
2020	36,1	35,1	1,0	3,3
2021	35,6	37,0	1,0	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

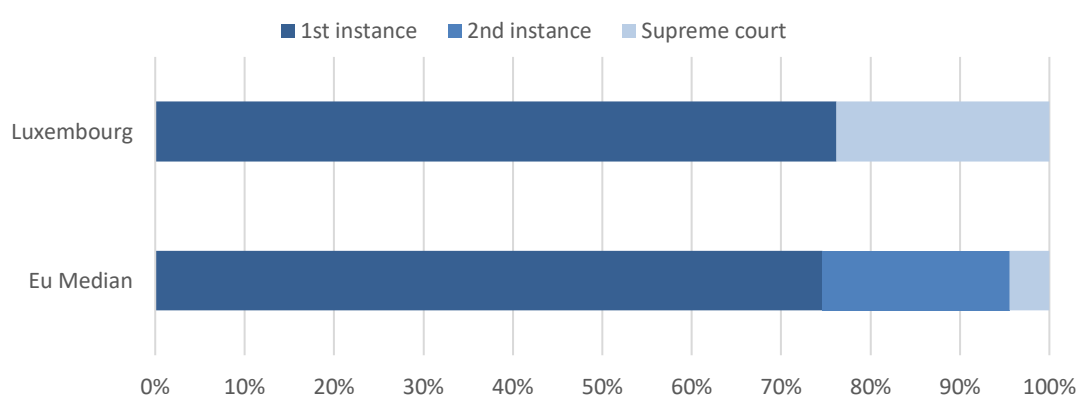


Public prosecutors

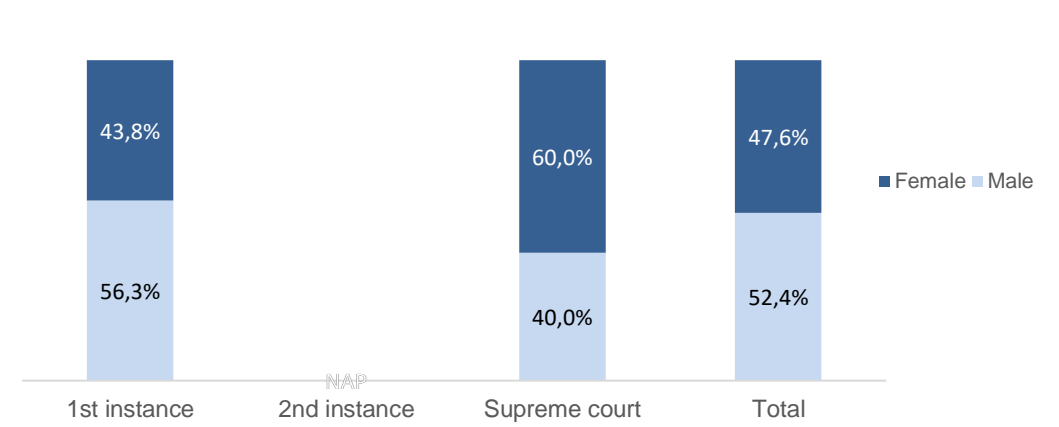
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male		Female	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	48	76,2%	27	21	56,3%	43,8%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	15	23,8%	6	9	40,0%	60,0%
Total	63		33	30	52,4%	47,6%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 30, which represents 47,6% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 48 in first instance (of which 21 are Female) and 15 in final instance (of which 9 are Female).

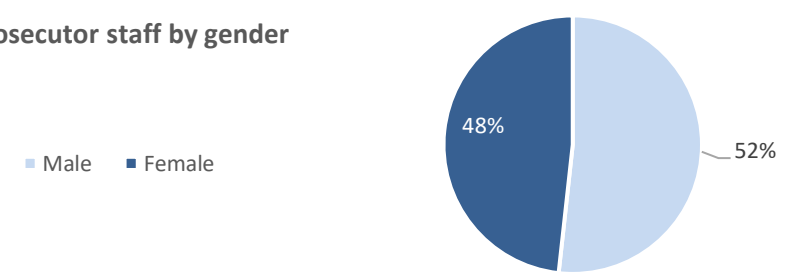
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Luxembourg presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the figure with regard to public prosecutors at the Supreme court level includes both second instance and Supreme Court prosecutors, as they are grouped together in the Superior Court of Justice, which is subdivided into the Court of Appeal and the Court of Cassation.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at high instances which is not the case at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	172	89	83

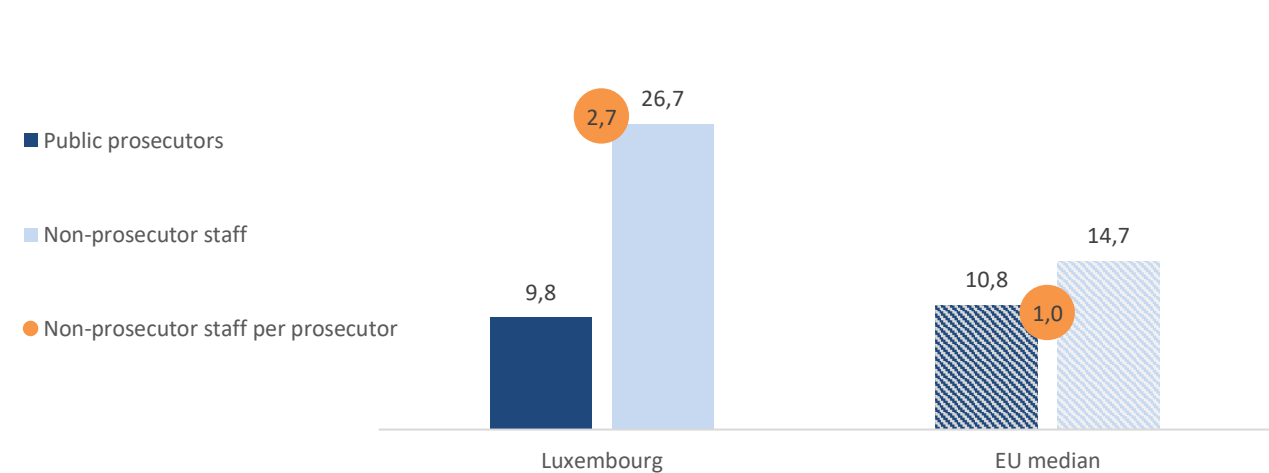
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Luxembourg	EU median
Public prosecutors	9,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	26,7	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	2,7	1,0

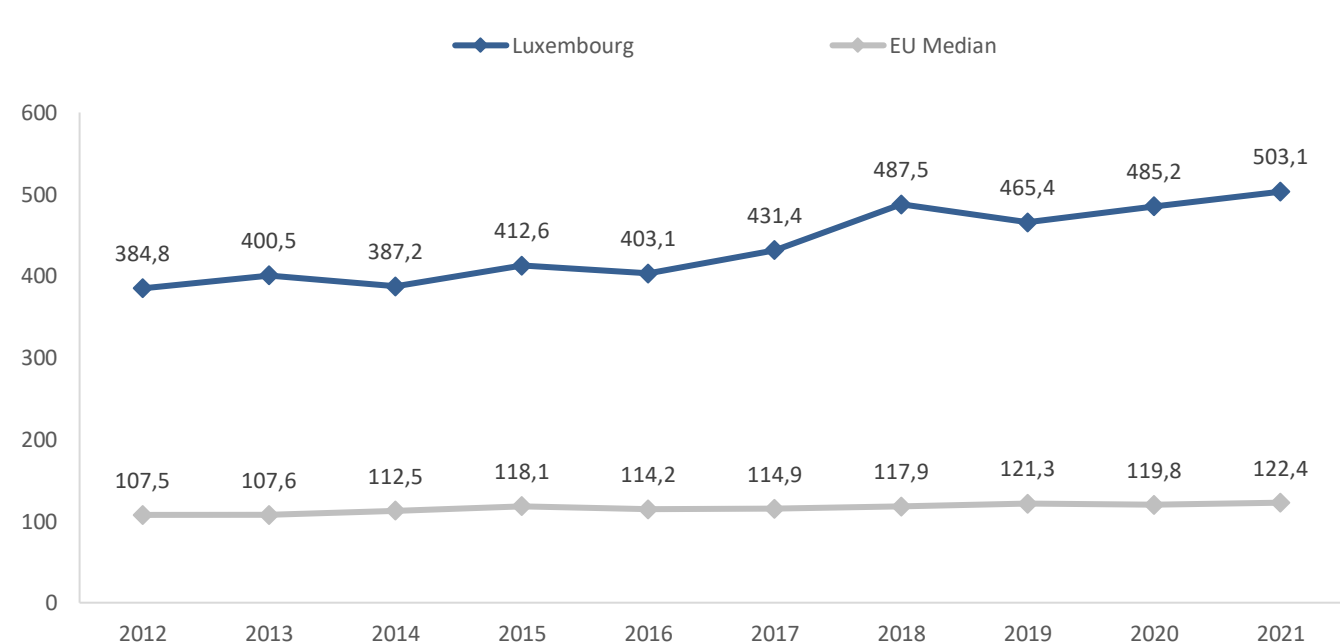
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	2 020	384,8	107,5
2013	2 203	400,5	107,6
2014	2 180	387,2	112,5
2015	2 323	412,6	118,1
2016	2 381	403,1	114,2
2017	2 597	431,4	114,9
2018	2 993	487,5	117,9
2019	2 914	465,4	121,3
2020	3 080	485,2	119,8
2021	3 247	503,1	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



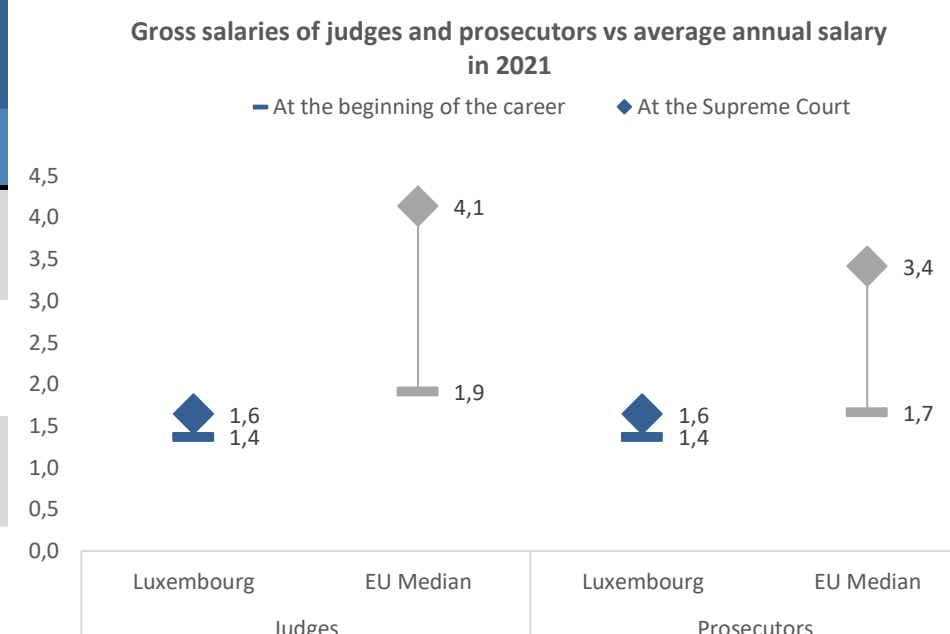
In 2021, there are 3 247 lawyers, which is 5,4% more than in 2020.

The 2021 data cannot be broken down by gender. Indeed, the Diekirch Bar did not provide details on the breakdown of the number of lawyers by gender. Among lawyers registered at the Luxembourg Bar, who represent 98% of the lawyers registered at the two Luxembourg Bars, 52% were male and 48% were female in 2021.

Luxembourg has 503,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Luxembourg		Luxembourg	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	92 591€	NA	1,4	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	110 865€	NA	1,6	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	92 591€	NA	1,4	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	110 865€	NA	1,6	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Luxembourg of 92 591€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,37 which is below the EU median of 1,91.

As a starting salary (professional judge of first instance or prosecutor) the salary of the "attachés de justice" after their first appointment has been communicated. The salary scale judges provides for 380 index points as a basis, a possible professional experience can be added to it but is not taken into account in the calculations.

As a theoretical basic salary of a judge or prosecutor at the Court of Appeal the grade M4, level 4 is taken into consideration, which corresponds to 455 points and to the average seniority of a magistrate appointed to the Court (Court and General Prosecutor's Office). However, it should be taken into account that this salary is strongly influenced by the family situation of the person concerned.

To calculate the annual salary, these points must be multiplied by the value of the index point. Between January and September 2021, the value of the index point for a civil servant was 20.17893; after 1 October, the value of the index point was 20.6831871. Taking into consideration these elements, a 12-month salary corresponds to 92 591€ for a first instance professional judge, respectively a salary of 110 865€ for a judge or prosecutor at the Supreme Court. These figures do not include any bonuses, allowances or benefits that may be added to the basic salary depending on the magistrate concerned. More explanations on the calculation of civil servants' salaries, which also apply to the M career of magistrates, can be found on the civil service website (<https://fonction-publique.public.lu/fr/carriere/parcours-remuneration/fonctionnaire/traitement.html>).

3. Legal aid and court fees in Luxembourg (2021 data)

In Luxembourg, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)

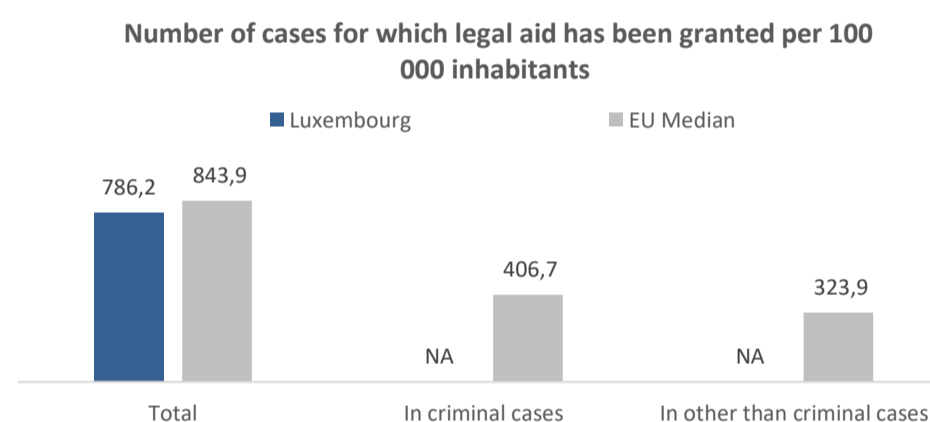


The amended Law of 10 August 1991 on the profession of lawyer (Art. 37 and 37-1) and, more specifically, the amended Regulation of the Grand-Duché of 18 September 1995 on legal aid (Art. 8) include "fees and costs of bailiffs" among the amounts that may be covered by legal aid.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	5 074	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Luxembourg	EU Median
Total	786,2	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9



The Diekirch Bar did not provide details on the legal matter of the cases that were granted with legal aid. Among the cases that received legal aid at the Luxembourg Bar, which corresponds to 85% of the total number of cases granted with legal aid, 27% were criminal cases and 73% were other than criminal cases.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NAP

◦ Actual average duration:

NA

According to the Luxembourg Bar Association the average response time to an application for legal aid (LA) is impossible to determine. Indeed, the majority of the applications for legal aid received are incomplete and will have to be returned before a final decision can be taken. The date of this decision depends on how quickly the applicant responds. The Bar association does not have statistics on this point. The processing time of an application for legal aid by the Legal Aid Department of the Luxembourg Bar is on average +/- 1 month, i.e. after receipt of an application for legal aid until a decision is taken, which can be either an approval or a refusal or a return in case of an incomplete application. However, it should be noted that urgent requests are treated as a priority by the service.

4. Performance of courts in Luxembourg (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

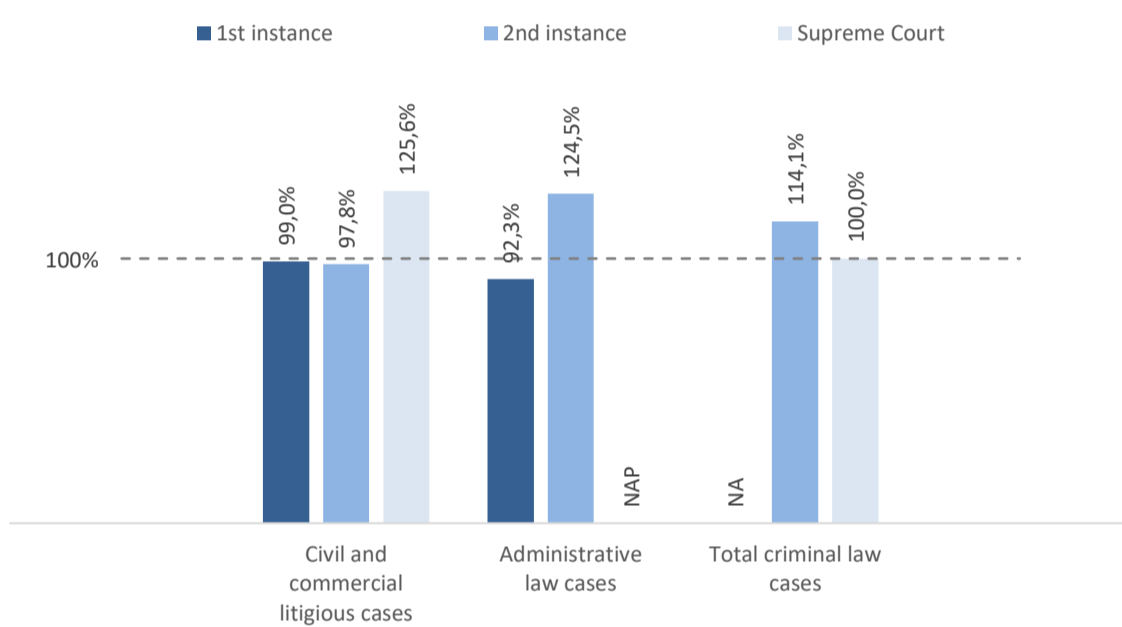
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

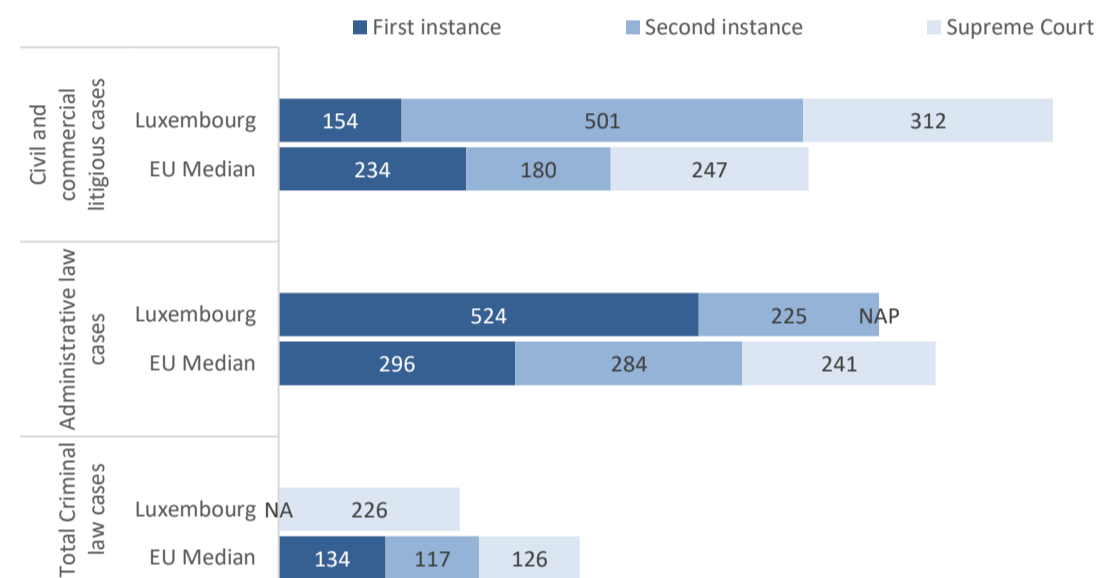
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	99,0%	102,5%	92,3%	101,7%	NA	100,0%
	2nd instance	97,8%	100,4%	124,5%	96,8%	114,1%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	125,6%	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	100,0%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	154	234	524	296	NA	134
	2nd instance	501	180	225	284	NA	117
	Supreme Court	312	247	NAP	241	226	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



DispositionTime by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be recalled that in Luxembourg data on criminal law cases are partial. Namely, the Clearance Rate indicator cannot be calculated at first instance, while the Disposition Time can be calculated only at the level of the Supreme court and its value for 2021 is quite above the EU median.

In 2021, in Luxembourg, civil litigious cases appear longer than administrative cases. However, analyses by instance show that the highest Disposition Time in Luxembourg in 2021 is calculated for first instance administrative cases, despite the slight increase of the Clearance Rate which remained below the 100% threshold.

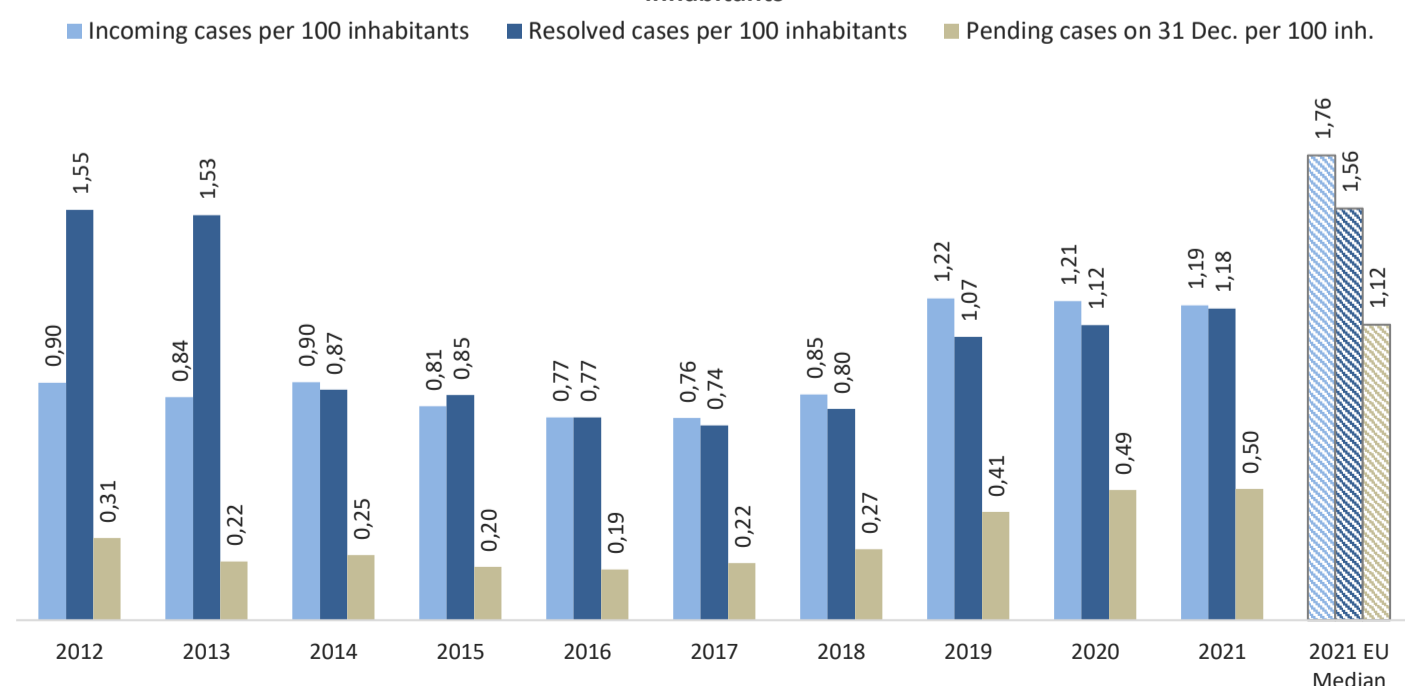
Conversely, in civil matters, first instance courts prove to be the most efficient instance with a Clearance Rate close to the 100% threshold and a Disposition Time below the EU median and constituting the lowest value for Luxembourg among all matters and all instances. As to second instance civil cases, the court of appeal encountered some difficulties in 2021, the Clearance Rate having dropped below the 100% threshold (a decrease of 7 percentage points). If the increase of the Disposition Time was slight, its value is considerably above the EU median. As to third instance civil litigious cases, the Disposition Time indicator is still higher than the EU median, but it should be highlighted that it decreased by 15% between 2020 and 2021, while the Clearance rate of the Supreme court knows a positive upward trend since 2017, having considerably exceeded the 100% threshold in 2021.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Year	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,90	1,55	0,31
2013	0,84	1,53	0,22
2014	0,90	0,87	0,25
2015	0,81	0,85	0,20
2016	0,77	0,77	0,19
2017	0,76	0,74	0,22
2018	0,85	0,80	0,27
2019	1,22	1,07	0,41
2020	1,21	1,12	0,49
2021	1,19	1,18	0,50
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12

Evolution of number of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



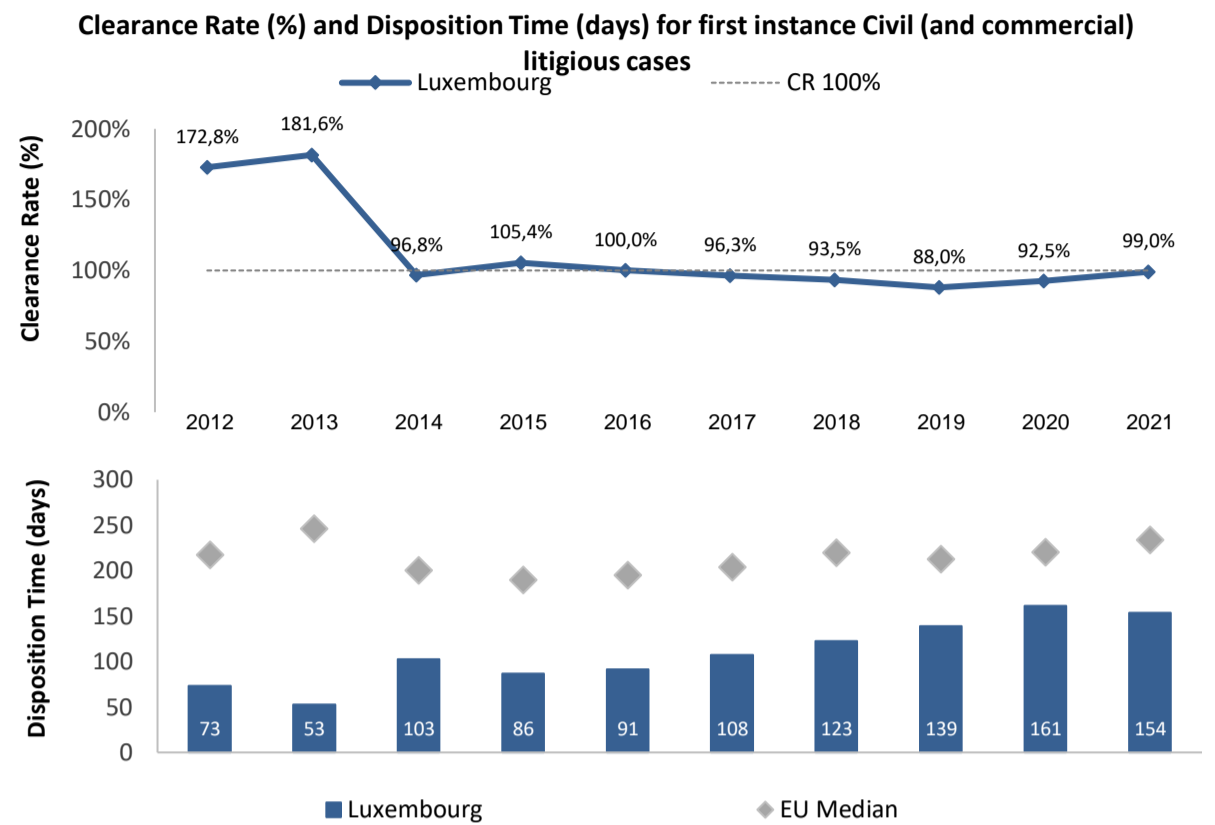
The number of incoming civil and commercial litigious cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (1,19 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil and commercial litigious cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (1,18 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil and commercial litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Luxembourg (0,50 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	172,8%	100,4%	73	218
2013	181,6%	101,2%	53	247
2014	96,8%	101,8%	103	201
2015	105,4%	102,3%	86	190
2016	100,0%	102,0%	91	196
2017	96,3%	101,3%	108	204
2018	93,5%	101,2%	123	220
2019	88,0%	99,9%	139	213
2020	92,5%	98,5%	161	221
2021	99,0%	102,5%	154	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,0% in 2021 Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,5 points.

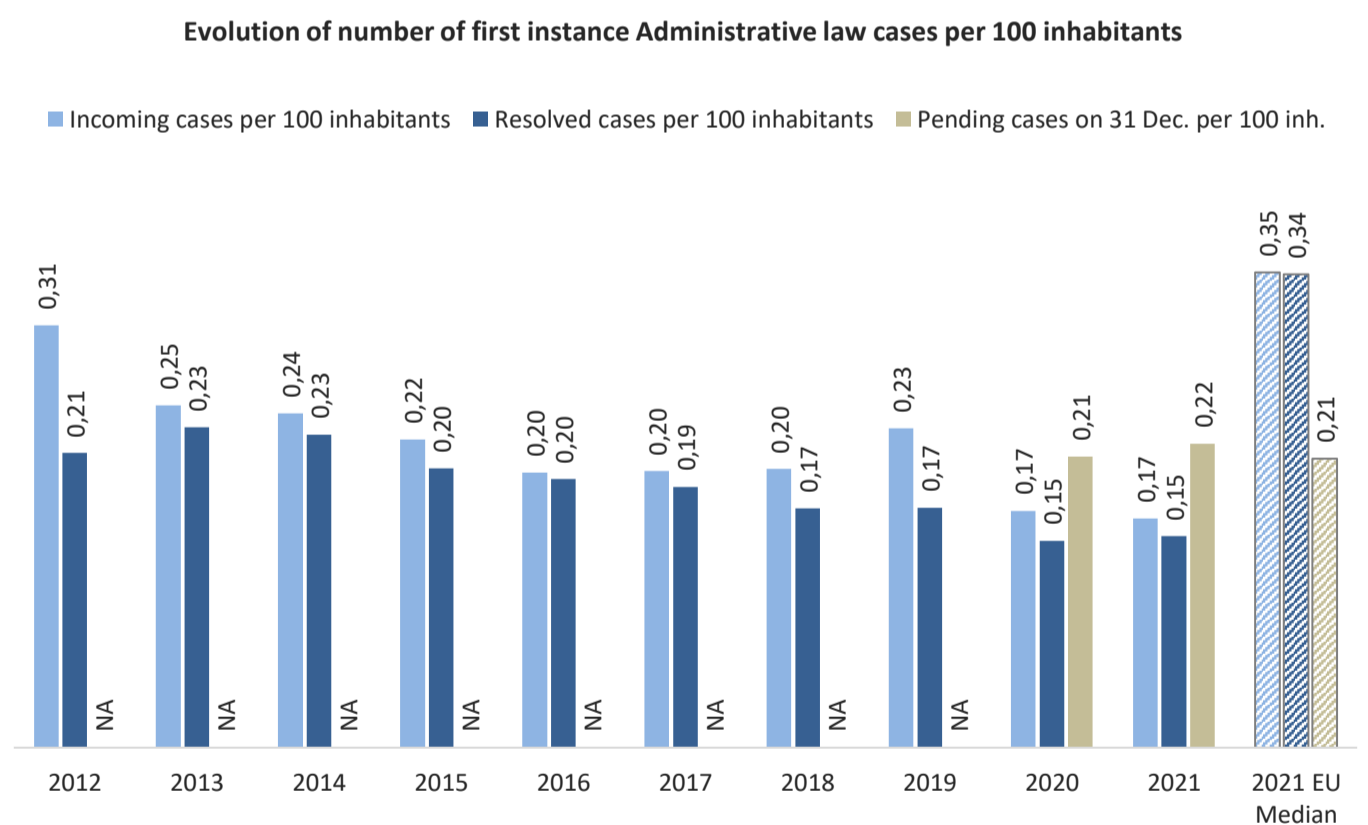
In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 154 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,31	0,21	NA
2013	0,25	0,23	NA
2014	0,24	0,23	NA
2015	0,22	0,20	NA
2016	0,20	0,20	NA
2017	0,20	0,19	NA
2018	0,20	0,17	NA
2019	0,23	0,17	NA
2020	0,17	0,15	0,21
2021	0,17	0,15	0,22
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



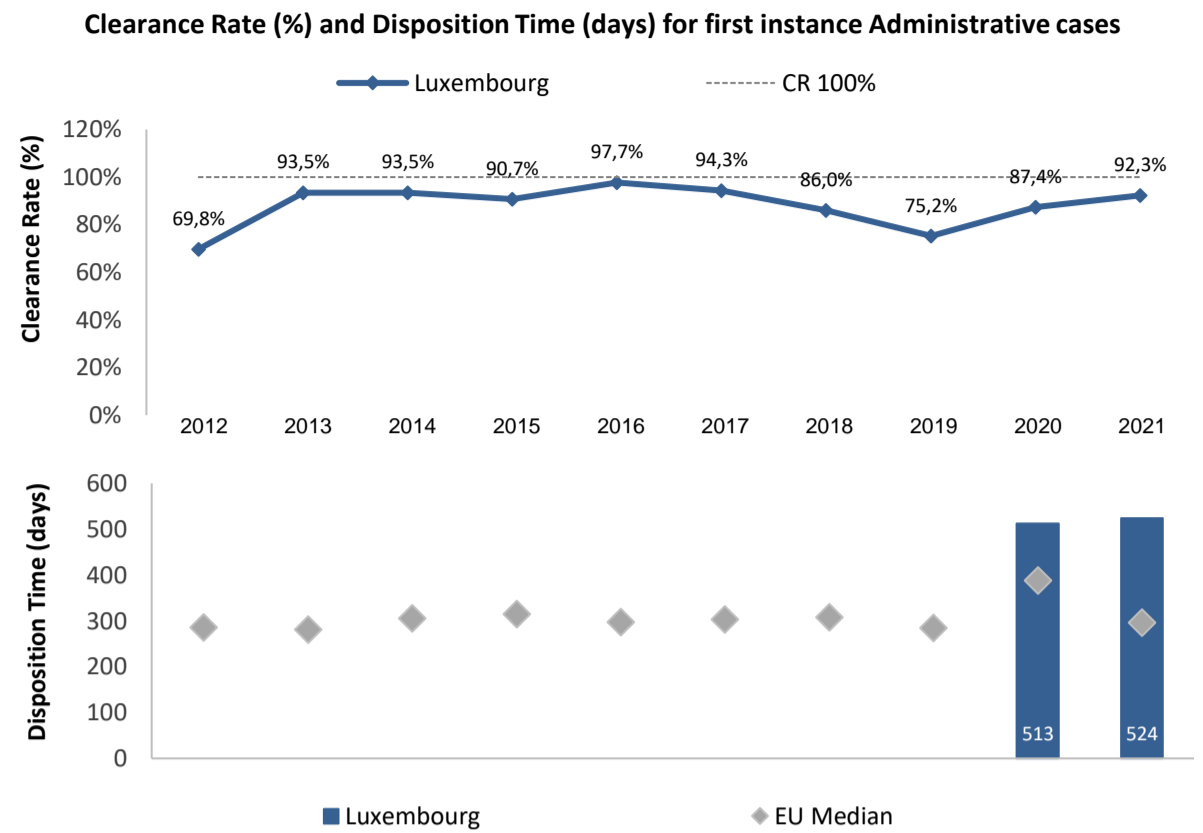
The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (0,17 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Luxembourg (0,22 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	69,8%	101,0%	NA	286
2013	93,5%	100,3%	NA	281
2014	93,5%	99,6%	NA	305
2015	90,7%	103,7%	NA	315
2016	97,7%	103,0%	NA	297
2017	94,3%	102,1%	NA	303
2018	86,0%	99,7%	NA	308
2019	75,2%	102,1%	NA	284
2020	87,4%	100,1%	513	388
2021	92,3%	101,7%	524	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,3% in 2021 Luxembourg seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,9 points.

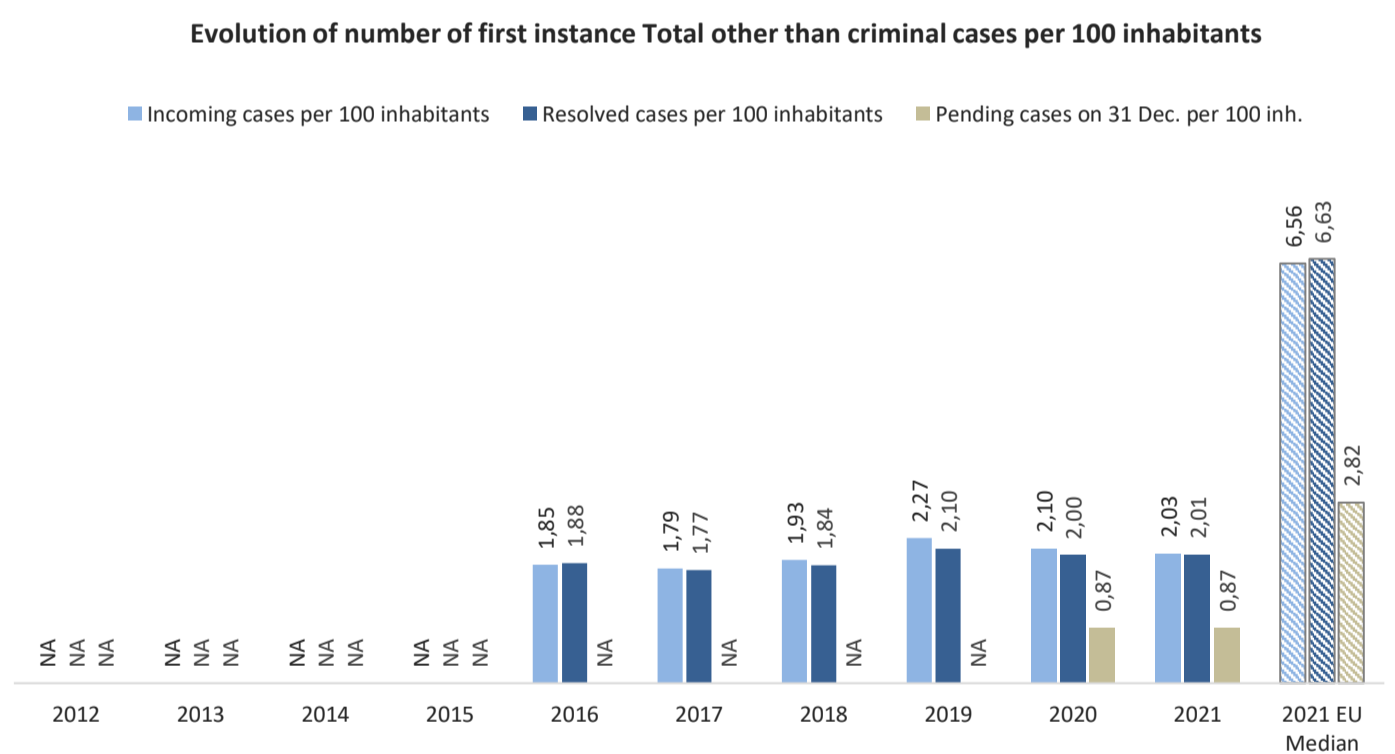
In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 524 days, which is significantly above the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 2,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA	NA
2016	1,85	1,88	NA
2017	1,79	1,77	NA
2018	1,93	1,84	NA
2019	2,27	2,10	NA
2020	2,10	2,00	0,87
2021	2,03	2,01	0,87
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (2,03 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

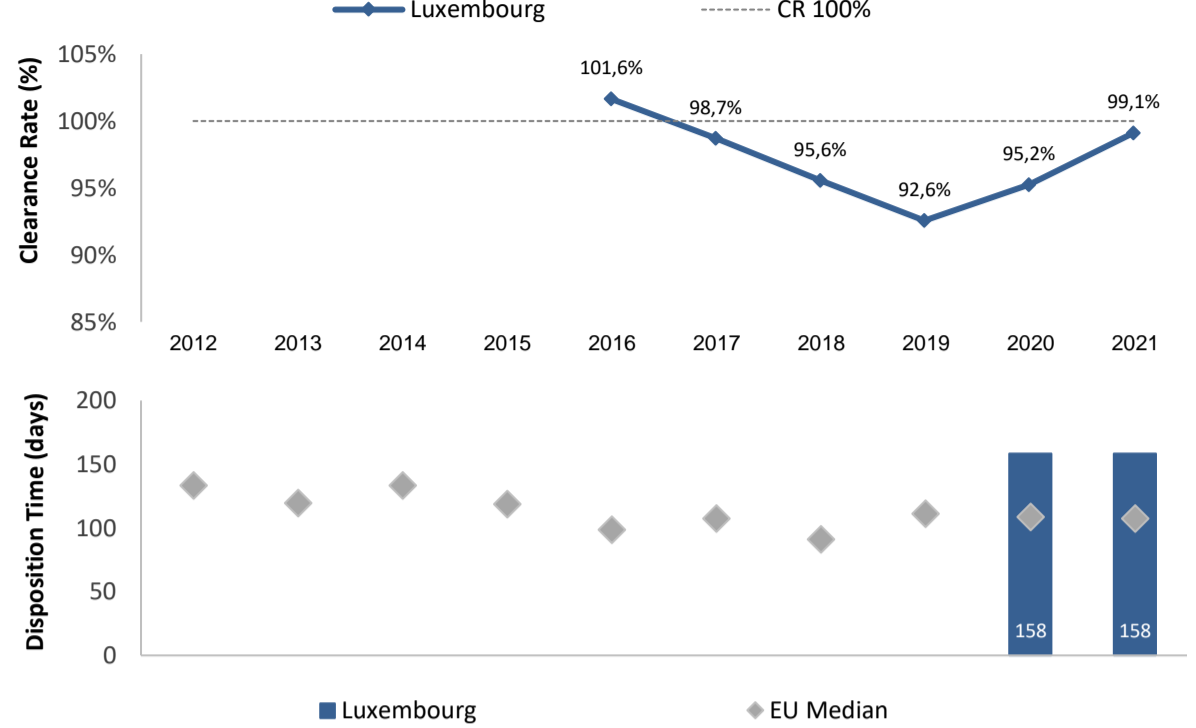
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (2,01 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Luxembourg (0,87 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	NA	100,5%	NA	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	NA	101,9%	NA	133
2015	NA	101,0%	NA	119
2016	101,6%	101,5%	NA	98
2017	98,7%	100,6%	NA	107
2018	95,6%	100,6%	NA	91
2019	92,6%	99,8%	NA	111
2020	95,2%	98,7%	158	109
2021	99,1%	101,2%	158	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,1% in 2021 Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,9 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 158 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 107 days.

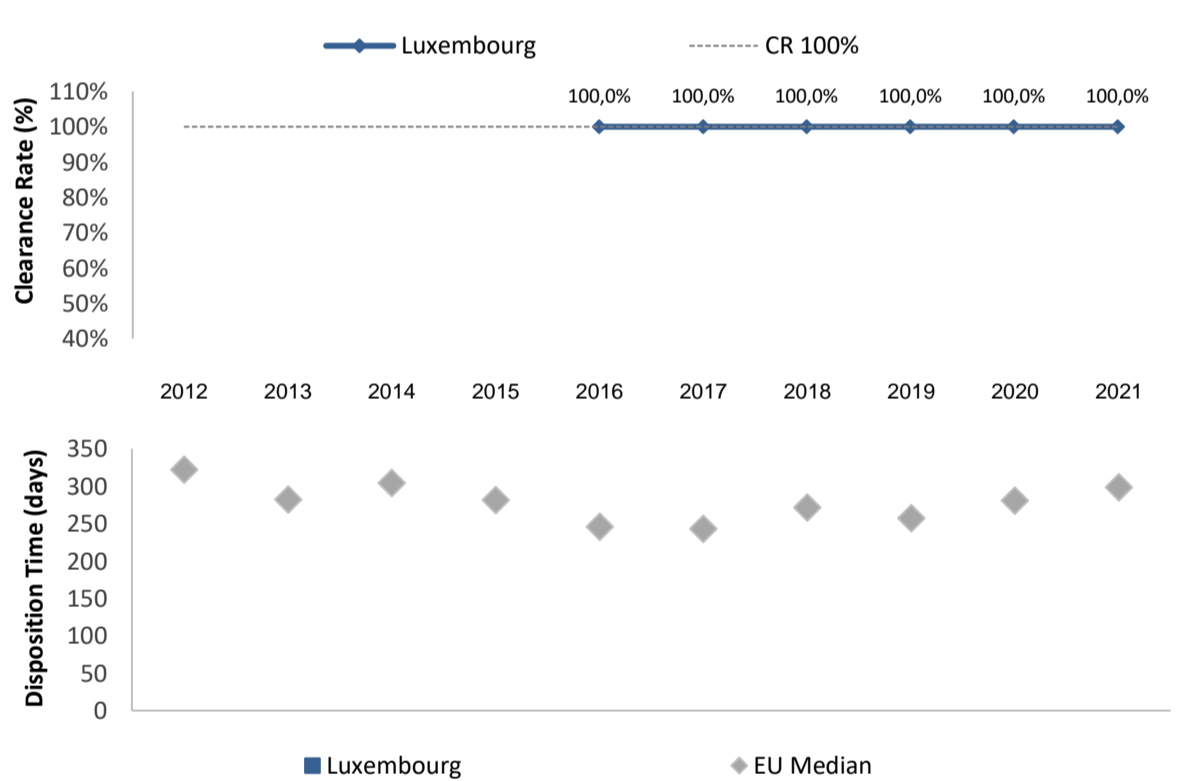
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 0,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282
2014	NAP	96,9%	NAP	304
2015	NAP	104,5%	NAP	282
2016	100,0%	102,0%	NAP	246
2017	100,0%	103,6%	NAP	243
2018	100,0%	101,5%	NAP	271
2019	100,0%	101,2%	NAP	258
2020	100,0%	109,7%	NA	281
2021	100,0%	103,3%	NA	299

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2021 Luxembourg seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate remained stable.

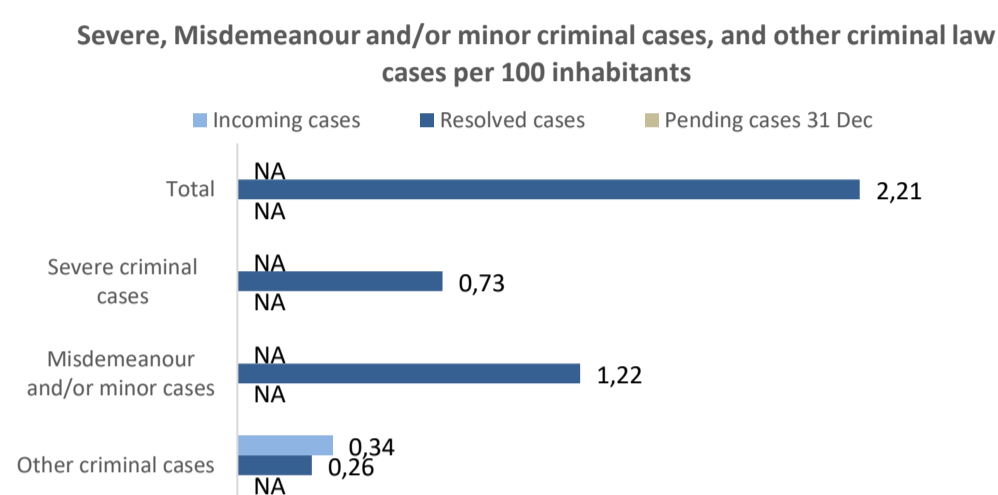
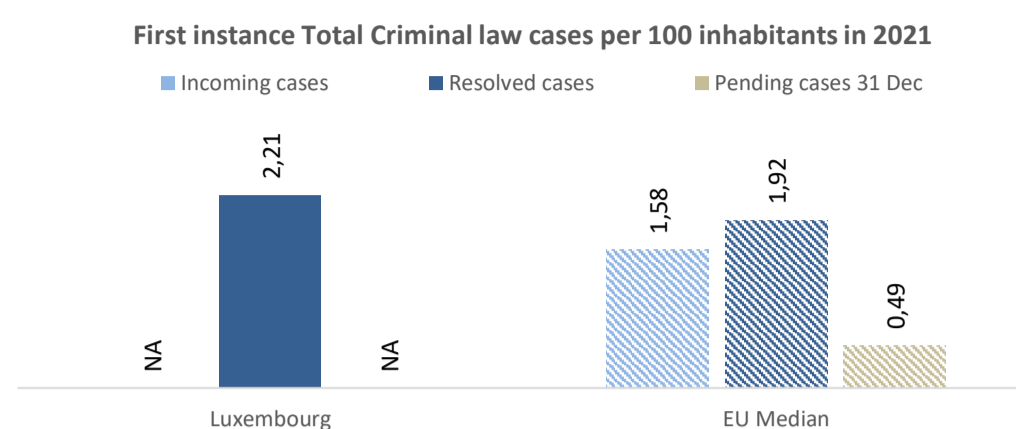
The Disposition Time of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	14 253	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	4 699	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	7 848	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	2 176	1 706	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	NA	2,21	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	0,73	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	1,22	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	0,34	0,26	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Luxembourg is not available.

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Luxembourg (2,21 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Luxembourg is not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Luxembourg	EU Median	Luxembourg	EU Median
2020	NA	95,2%	NA	139
2021	NA	100,0%	NA	134

The Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time indicators of first instance total criminal law cases cannot be calculated.

The unavailability of the number of pending and incoming criminal cases is explained by the specific organisation of the workflow between courts and prosecution offices. Cases are only transferred to the courts shortly before the hearing and, if a case is not heard on the given date, it is physically returned to the prosecution until the new hearing date. Thus, there are - with a few exceptions - no cases pending before the criminal courts over a long period of time, and the number of incoming cases is more or less equal to the number of resolved cases.

Minor criminal cases represent all cases resolved by criminal order in the Police court and the district court. Severe criminal cases represent all cases resolved by a judgment at first instance in the Police, Correctional or Criminal court. "Other criminal cases" are cases that are dealt with by the investigating office.

5. Public prosecution services in Luxembourg (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

The budget of public prosecution services cannot be distinguished from the budget of courts.

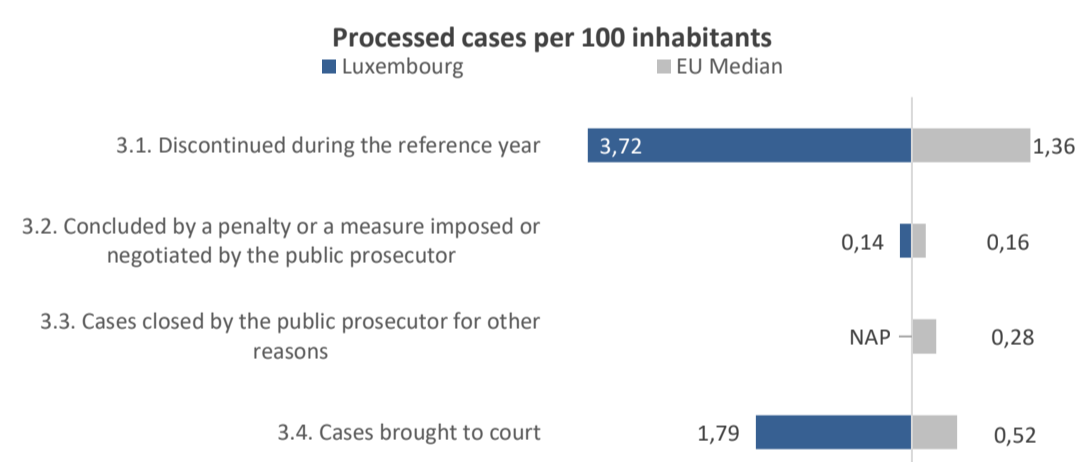
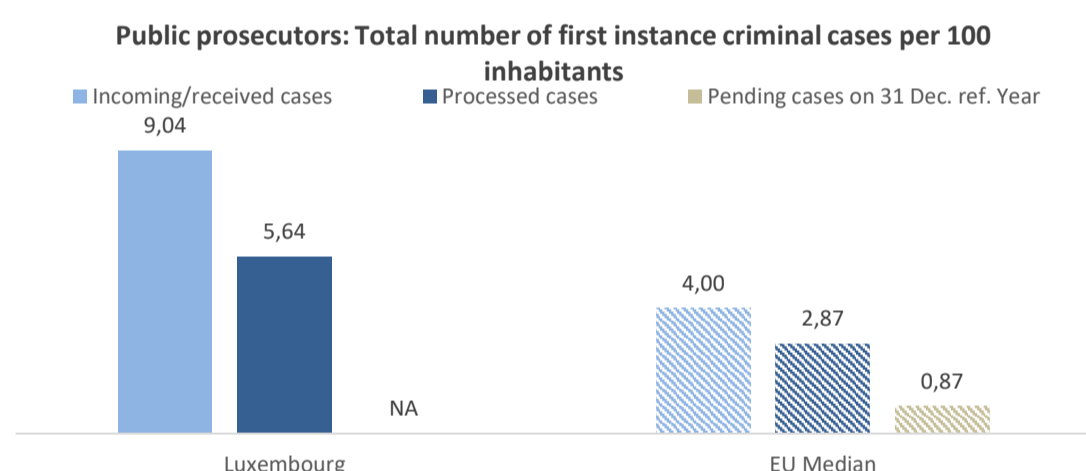
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Luxembourg	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Luxembourg	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	58 313	▼ -6,1%	9,04	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	36 414	▲ 2,4%	5,64	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	23 984	▲ 2,6%	3,72	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	3 210	▼ -10,8%	0,50	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	4 408	▲ 13,8%	0,68	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	16 327	▲ 3,8%	2,53	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	39	▼ -76,5%	0,01	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	877	▲ 30,3%	0,14	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	11 553	▲ 0,3%	1,79	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

In respect of the category "Discontinued for other reasons", it should be mentioned that these are essentially two specific measures: firstly, in the area of traffic, the obligation to follow a driving course and, only for young offenders of full age, participation in a course in the Choice 18+ program for the prevention of drug addiction (<https://www.solina.lu/fr/facilities/impuls/>). Due to the continuing pandemic in 2021, no "Choice 18 +" measures could be initiated, nor processed, during this year. Similarly, driving courses were suspended due to the pandemic and did not resume until October 2021.

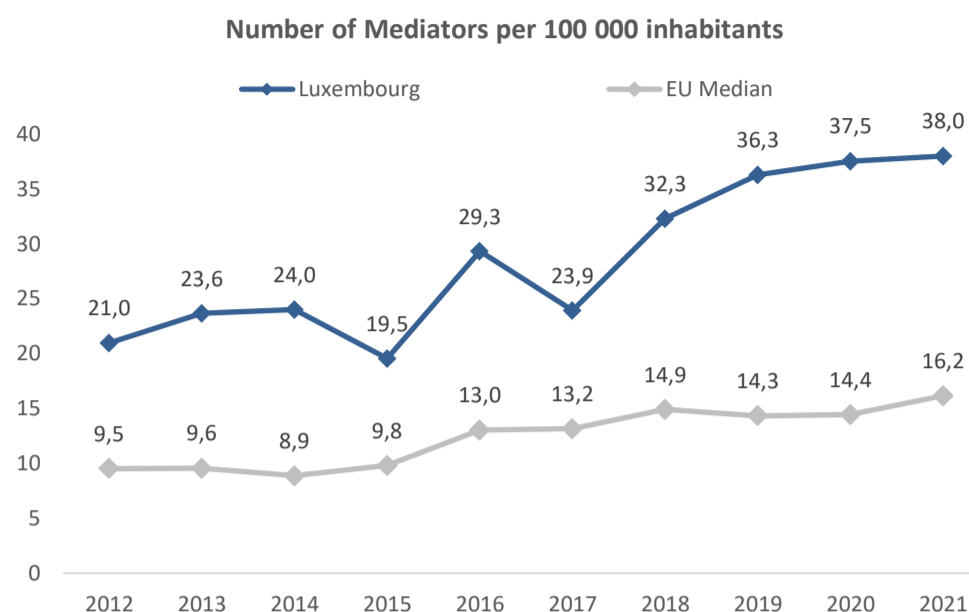
The increase in the number of cases concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor between 2020 and 2021 cannot be explained by a single event. The increase is mainly due to the growing number of warnings issued by the prosecution service, which is on the one hand the result of punctual measures related to the health crisis and on the other hand depends on the subject matter of the cases dealt with, as warnings are usually issued in less serious cases.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Luxembourg (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	EU Median
2012	110	21,0	9,5
2013	130	23,6	9,6
2014	135	24,0	8,9
2015	110	19,5	9,8
2016	173	29,3	13,0
2017	144	23,9	13,2
2018	198	32,3	14,9
2019	227	36,3	14,3
2020	238	37,5	14,4
2021	245	38,0	16,2



In 2021, there are 245 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 38,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 2,9%.

The figures provided represent the total number of accredited mediators as of 31.12. of the reference year (in civil, commercial and criminal matters) without taking into account mediators who have ceased their activity.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	51	49	7
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Luxembourg (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	-	-	-
Multiple speakers recording tools	No -	-	-
Voice recognition feature	-	-	-

All magistrates and clerks have access to these assistants, however not the entire scope of documents is covered, as the possibility to use free text is essential to the work of the judiciary. Administrative courts have been provided with a new application in 2018.

The use of private dictation applications is tolerated, but they are not in general used.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	No	No
Justice expenses management	100%	No	No
Other	NA	NA	NA

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	No -	-	-	-
Prosecutors	-	-	-	-
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	-	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Luxembourg (2021 data)

In Luxembourg, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

No regular system has been implemented up to today. However, a monitoring can be done through the statistical service of the judiciary (SSJ) on an punctual basis and upon request of the competent authorities.

In Luxembourg, there is no system to regularly evaluate the court performance based on defined indicators.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each court.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

The figures presented by the SSJ are used on a regular basis to allocate (and ask for) means to the courts and public prosecution services.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Luxembourg, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	602 005	613 900	626 108	634 730	645 397	22,9%	1,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	83 600	83 400	88 500	88 500	90 700	92 026	95 943	101 446	101 056	114 400	36,8%	13,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	-	-	-	-
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	-	-	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	-	-	-		
078-1.14 Other							False	-	-	-		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False	False		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases										-	-	
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)										-	-	
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases										-	-	
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases										-	-	
078-1.1.5 Backlogs										-	-	
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff										-	-	
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff										-	-	
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)										-	-	
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures										-	-	
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate										-	-	
078-1.1.11 Disposition time										-	-	
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals										-	-	
078-1.1.13 Other										-	-	
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	-	-	-		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	False		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	-		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	-		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	-		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	-		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	-		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	-		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	13	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	13	23	-	2	13	13	13	13	13	3	3	-76,9%	0,0%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	2	2	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	2	5	2	NAP	2	2	2	2	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	3	3	3	NAP	3	3	3	3	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4 871	5 507	-	13,1%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 072	5 007	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 649	2 561	3 133	-38,2%	22,3%	
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	1 103	1 029	-	-6,7%	
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	1 440	1 314	1 319	1 103	1 029	-	-6,7%	
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 207	1 345	-	11,4%	

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 911	10 776	11 820	14 208	13 339	13 081	-	-1,9%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 718	4 643	5 074	4 555	4 533	4 604	5 248	7 626	7 665	7 692	63,0%	0,4%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 195	4 959	5 326	5 126	4 579	4 312	-	-5,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	NAP	NAP	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	865	835	-10,9%	-3,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 084	3 972	4 295	4 079	3 714	3 477	-	-6,4%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 615	1 372	1 372	1 264	1 183	1 213	1 246	1 456	1 095	1 077	-33,3%	-1,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 091	10 637	11 297	13 151	12 703	12 964	-	2,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 155	8 432	4 910	4 800	4 534	4 434	4 905	6 714	7 093	7 616	-6,6%	7,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	5 401	5 059	5 321	5 342	4 653	4 354	-	-6,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	937	948	1 044	1 104	1 111	987	1 031	1 047	865	835	-10,9%	-3,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	4 290	4 072	4 290	4 295	3 788	3 519	-	-7,1%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 127	1 283	1 283	1 146	1 156	1 144	1 071	1 095	957	994	-11,8%	3,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 507	5 624	-	2,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 635	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	1 306	1 649	2 561	3 133	3 209	96,3%	2,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	1 029	987	-	-4,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	1 341	1 319	1 103	1 029	987	-	-4,1%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 345	1 428	-	6,2%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	3 700	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	101,6%	98,7%	95,6%	92,6%	95,2%	99,1%	-	3,87
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	172,8%	181,6%	96,8%	105,4%	100,0%	96,3%	93,5%	88,0%	92,5%	99,0%	(73,84)	6,47
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	104,0%	102,0%	99,9%	104,2%	101,6%	101,0%	-	(0,64)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	105,0%	102,5%	99,9%	105,3%	102,0%	101,2%	-	(0,78)
CR Administrative law cases	69,8%	93,5%	93,5%	90,7%	97,7%	94,3%	86,0%	75,2%	87,4%	92,3%	22,51	4,90
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	158	158	-	0,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	73	53	103	86	91	108	123	139	161	154	110,2%	-4,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	97	97	90	75	81	83	-	2,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	123	120	112	94	99	102	-	3,3%
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	513	524	-	2,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	782	631	663	737	764	715	-	-6,4%
---	----	----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	-------

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	498	617	668	1 070	923	859	-	-6,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 343	NA	1 726	1 670	1 455	1 308	1 434	1 367	1 287	1 511	-35,5%	17,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	912	915	988	1 086	1 227	1 158	1 309	-	13,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	129	-	35,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	24	-	-4,0%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	434	589	794	649	586	594	1 043	972	830	-	-14,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 824	1 606	1 901	1 826	1 735	1 743	1 698	1 625	1 434	1 578	-13,5%	10,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 029	1 058	869	NAP	915	988	1 086	1 227	1 158	1 309	27,2%	13,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	90	-	20,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	23	-	43,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	631	663	737	764	715	744	-	4,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	130,3%	95,0%	88,9%	97,5%	105,3%	96,6%	-	(8,68)
CR Employment dismissal cases	77,8%	NA	110,1%	109,3%	119,2%	133,3%	118,4%	118,9%	111,4%	104,4%	26,59	(6,99)
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	355	413	453	267	268	327	-	21,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 993	2 111	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 683	1 648	1 591	-	-3,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			170	168	157	153	161	154	163	240	-	47,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 259	1 283	1 265	1 202	1 125	1 197	1 112	1 204	-	8,3%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			348	273	241	286	246	218	285	237	-	-16,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 092	1 283	1 343	1 421	1 290	1 232	1 169	1 178	-	0,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			350	284	245	278	253	209	208	295	-	41,8%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 160	2 111	2 033	1 814	1 649	1 648	1 591	1 617	-	1,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			168	157	153	161	154	163	240	182	-	-24,2%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			86,7%	100,0%	106,2%	118,2%	114,7%	102,9%	105,1%	97,8%	-	(7,29)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			100,6%	104,0%	101,7%	97,2%	102,8%	95,9%	73,0%	124,5%	-	51,49
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			722	601	553	466	467	488	497	501	-	0,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			175	202	228	211	222	285	421	225	-	-46,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	70	81	81	109	104	109	109	-	0,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	70	81	81	109	104	109	109	-	0,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	114	107	128	107	116	108	82	-	-24,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	114	107	128	107	116	108	82	-	-24,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			100	103	107	100	102	111	108	103	-	-4,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			100	103	107	100	102	111	108	103	-	-4,6%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	81	81	109	114	109	109	88	-	-19,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	81	81	109	114	109	109	88	-	-19,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	100,0%	125,6%	-	25,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	90,4%	100,0%	78,1%	95,3%	95,7%	100,0%	125,6%	-	25,61
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368	312	-	-15,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	287	276	398	408	358	368	312	-	-15,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									1 995	2 176	-	9,1%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									13 858	14 253	-	2,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									4 272	4 699	-	10,0%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									7 998	7 848	-	-1,9%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									1 588	1 706	-	7,4%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									79,6%	78,4%	-	(1,51)
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									418	384	-	-8,1%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									374	345	-	-7,8%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									44	39	-	-11,4%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									459	438	-	-4,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									398	381	-	-4,3%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									61	57	-	-6,6%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									109,8%	114,1%	-	3,87
CR o2 Severe cases									106,4%	110,4%	-	3,78
CR of Misdemeanour cases									138,6%	146,2%	-	5,42

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									39	31	-	-20,5%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									42	50	-	19,0%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									50	50	-	0,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									31	31	-	0,0%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									119,0%	100,0%	-	(19,05)
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									226	226	-	0,0%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									62 116	58 313	-	-6,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									35 563	36 414	-	2,4%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									23 366	23 984	-	2,6%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									3 600	3 210	-	-10,8%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									3 875	4 408	-	13,8%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									15 725	16 327	-	3,8%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									166	39	-	-76,5%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									673	877	-	30,3%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									11 524	11 553	-	0,3%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,57	0,59	-	2,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									32	64	-	100,0%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									32	64	-	100,0%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									32	64	-	100,0%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									32	64	-	100,0%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									-	-	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									-	-	-	-	
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)													
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									False	False		
020.1.1 Total									4 660	5 074	-	0,09
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									1 182	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									3 478	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									8	9	-	12,5%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									7	7	-	0,0%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									125 599 £	133 961 £	-	6,7%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	False	False
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter										

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter												
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter												
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter												
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter												
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter												
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	NA	NA	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges												
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors												
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff												

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	179	180	184	183	187	198	222	226	229	230	28,5%	0,4%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	139	139	143	142	143	146	168	170	171	174	25,2%	1,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	NA	NA	37	37	40	47	49	51	53	51	-	-3,8%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	40	41	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	-87,5%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	63	65	64	66	70	71	71	70	64	-	-8,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	46	49	48	49	47	50	50	49	44	-	-10,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	14	14	13	19	17	17	18	18	-	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	17	2	2	4	4	4	4	3	2	-	-33,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	117	119	119	121	128	151	155	159	166	-	4,4%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	93	94	94	94	99	118	120	122	130	-	6,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	23	23	27	28	32	34	35	33	-	-5,7%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	24	2	2	-	1	1	1	2	3	-	50,0%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	229	230	-	0,4%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	171	174	-	1,8%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	51	-	-3,8%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144	-	0,0%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	108	-	1,9%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	36	-	9,1%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	60	-	-4,8%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	50	-	4,2%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	10	-	-33,3%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	21	-	-4,5%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	16	-	-5,9%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	NA	198	196	197	200	200	220	225	223	239	-	7,2%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NA	192	132	129	131	191	210	215	213	224	-	5,2%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	5	63	67	66	6	3	3	3	3	-	0,0%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	0,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	4	4	4	9	-	125,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	78	79	78	85	75	84	82	79	87	-	10,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	75	58	56	59	69	77	75	73	80	-	9,6%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	2	20	21	23	3	2	2	2	2	-	0,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	0,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	1	2	-	100,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	120	117	119	115	125	136	143	144	152	-	5,6%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	117	74	73	72	122	133	140	140	144	-	2,9%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	3	43	46	43	3	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	3	7	-	133,3%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									223	239	-	7,2%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									199	209	-	5,0%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									22	28	-	27,3%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									2	2	-	0,0%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									79	87	-	10,1%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									69	77	-	11,6%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									10	9	-	-10,0%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									-	1	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									144	152	-	5,6%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									130	132	-	1,5%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									12	19	-	58,3%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									2	1	-	-50,0%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									62	63	-	1,6%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									47	48	-	2,1%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									15	15	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									31	33	-	6,5%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									24	27	-	12,5%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									7	6	-	-14,3%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									31	30	-	-3,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									23	21	-	-8,7%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	9	-	12,5%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									150	172	-	14,7%

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									79	89	-	12,7%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									71	83	-	16,9%
004 Annual average salary in the country									66 524 £	67 574 £	-	1,6%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									92 016 £	92 591 £	-	0,6%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									110 177 £	110 865 £	-	0,6%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									92 016 £	92 591 £	-	0,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									110 177 £	110 865 £	-	0,6%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	2 020	2 203	2 180	2 323	2 381	2 597	2 993	2 914	3 080	3 247	60,7%	5,4%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							NA	1 553	1 610	NA	-	-
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							NA	1 361	1 470	NA	-	-
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Luxembourg

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	110	130	135	110	173	144	198	227	238	245	122,7%	2,9%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	68	49	41	51	-	24,4%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Malta

(2021 data)

General data

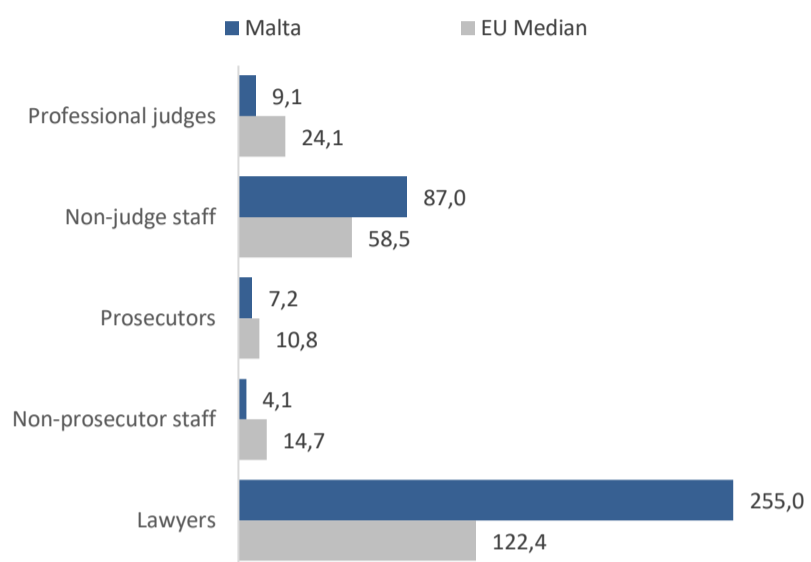
Population: **516 102**

GDP per capita: **28 216 €**

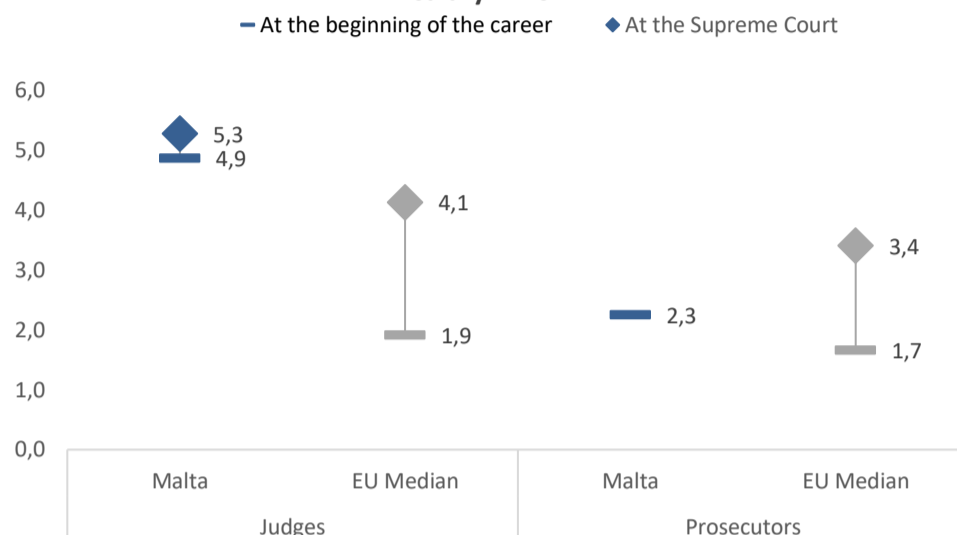
Average annual salary: **19 755 €**

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

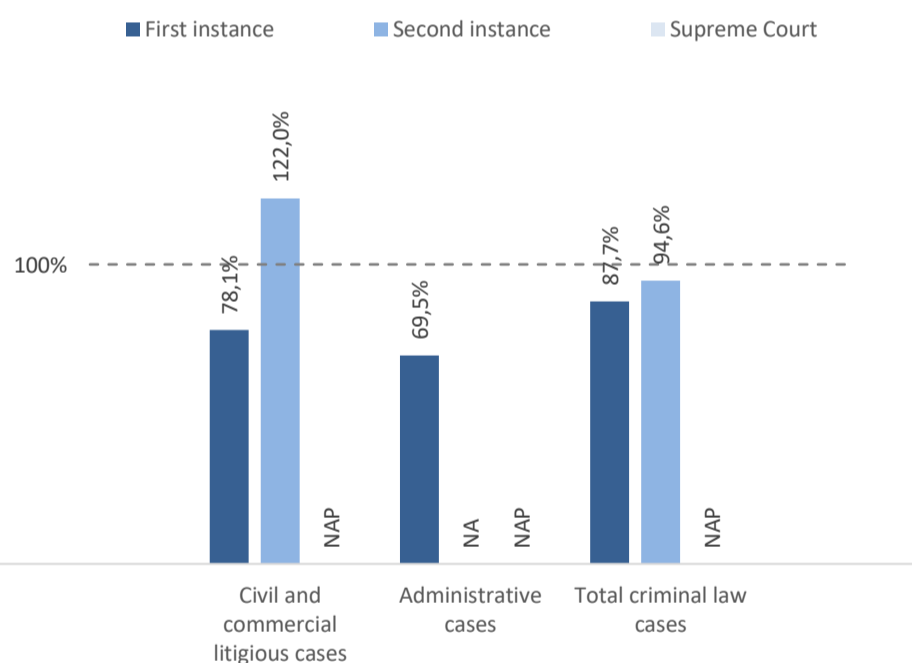


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

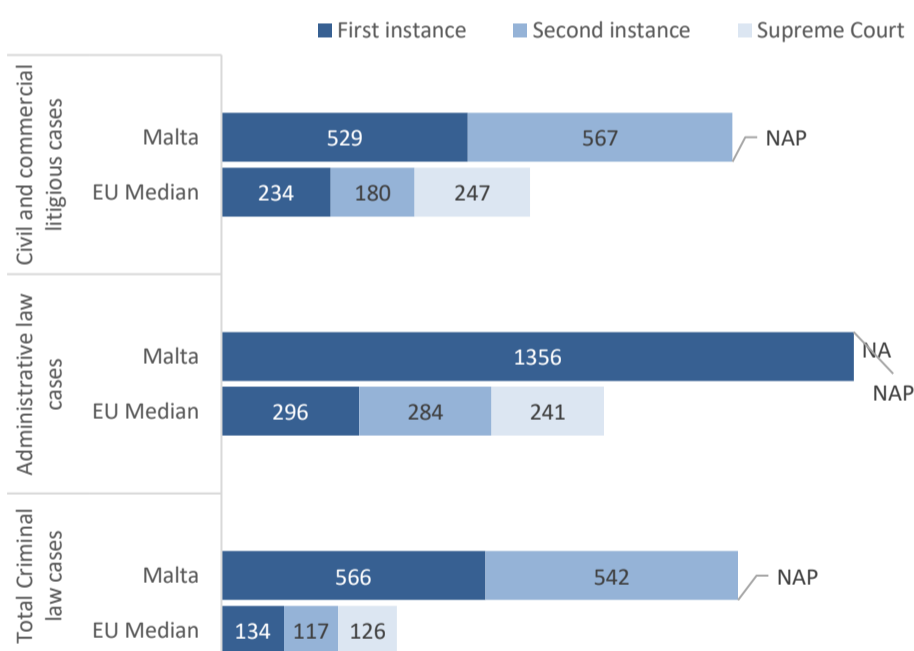


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

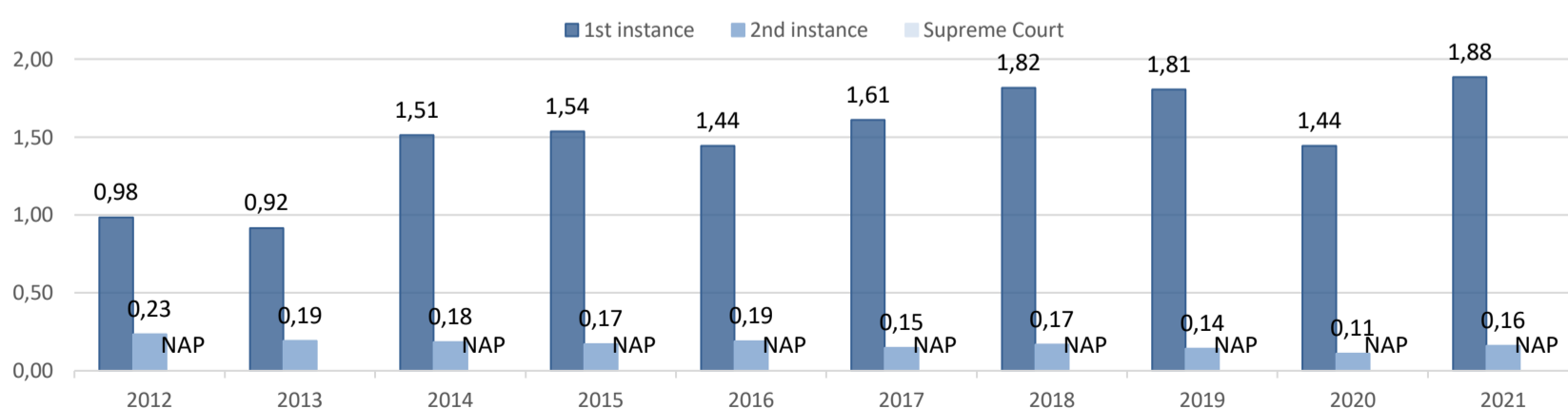


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Malta

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	514 565	516 102		22,2%	0,3%
GDP per capita	16 417	16 831	18 525	21 469	22 664	23 778	25 556	26 490	24 634	28 216		71,9%	14,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 536		16 082		17 261		19 036	19 590	18 923	19 755		27,2%	4,4%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	9,5	9,8	9,3	9,3	9,8	9,0	9,5	8,7	8,2	9,1		-3,8%	11,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	85,2	105,0	88,5	87,3	83,2	82,8	86,8	83,5	77,0	87,0		2,1%	13,0%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									7,4	7,2			-2,9%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									4,1	4,1			-0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	331,4	259,0	337,7	348,3	288,3	309,6	322,7	333,9	342,4	255,0		-23,0%	-25,5%
Mediators	16,3	16,1	13,9	13,5	14,3	14,5	14,1	13,6	12,8	13,8		-15,8%	7,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,985	0,916	1,511	1,535	1,443	1,609	1,816	1,805	1,445	1,883		91,2%	30,4%
Administrative law cases	0,082	0,1	0,0	0,017	0,020	0,017	0,031	0,026	0,025	0,029		-64,3%	16,7%
Total criminal law cases									2,154	2,253			4,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
										2012-2021 (percentage points)		2020-2021 (percentage points)	
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	114%	110%	101%	107%	107%	97%	93%	92%	91%	78%		-35,77	-12,46
CR administrative law cases	40%	40%	149%	411%	114%	147%	91%	121%	106%	70%		29,36	-36,67
CR total criminal law cases									66%	88%			21,64

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	550	529		-22,8%	-4,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 457	2 036	1 408	495	1 464	1 147	1 057	839	924	1 356		-7,0%	46,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									792	566			-28,5%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
										2012-2021		2020-2021	
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,10	2,06	2,25	2,01	1,83	1,86	2,04	2,11	1,97	2,13		1,3%	7,9%
Administrative law cases	0,13	0,18	0,16	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,07	0,07	0,08		-42,5%	12,1%
Total criminal law cases									3,09	3,06			-0,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			87%	96%	106%	118%	80%	112%	130%	122%			-7,75
CR administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR total criminal law cases									149%	95%			-54,31

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			1 010	973	783	796	1 120	875	838	567			-32,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									545	542			-0,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									NAP	NAP			NAP

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									NAP	NAP			NAP

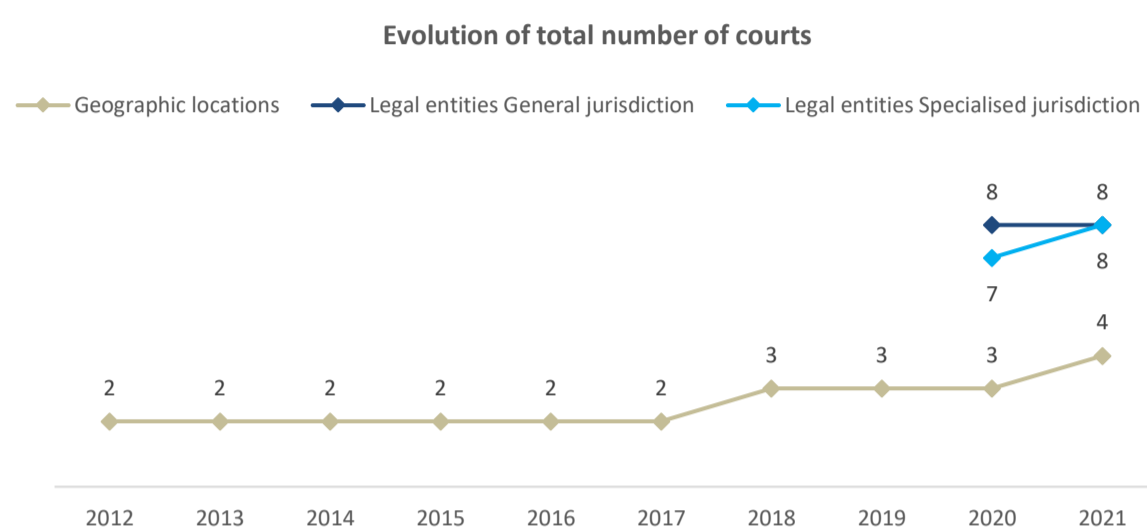
1. Judicial organisation in Malta (2021 data)

According to 2021 data, the first instance courts in Malta include general jurisdiction and specialised courts, tribunals and boards. There are 16 courts in total, of which 4 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 8 specialised courts (as legal entities).

In Malta, there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court is presided over by the three judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction.

Evolution of total number of courts

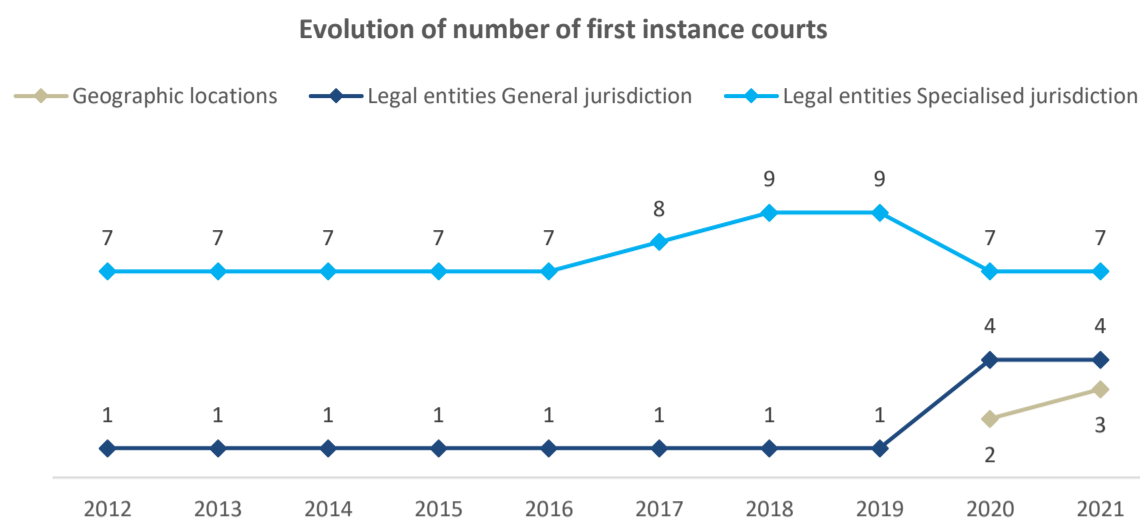
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	2		
2013	2		
2014	2		
2015	2		
2016	2		
2017	2		
2018	3		
2019	3		
2020	3	8	7
2021	4	8	8



The total number of Specialised Courts has increased to 8 because of the addition of the Constitutional Court as a second instance specialised court.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		1	7
2013		1	7
2014		1	7
2015		1	7
2016		1	7
2017		1	8
2018		1	9
2019		1	9
2020	2	4	7
2021	3	4	7



The Juvenile Court is a first instance specialised court that is located outside of the main court building in Valletta. This different geographic location is reflected in the updated figures .

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 36,4% - 63,6%, which is different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	7	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	1	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	1	NAP
Other specialised courts	4	1

The number of specialised courts includes non-criminal, administrative and criminal courts established as legal entities. The 7 first instance specialised courts are the Rent Regulation Board, the Land Arbitration Board, the Rural Leases Control Board, the Small Claims Tribunal, the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction, the Administrative Review Tribunal and the Juvenile Court (specialised criminal court). In addition, the Constitutional Court is added as a second instance specialised court.

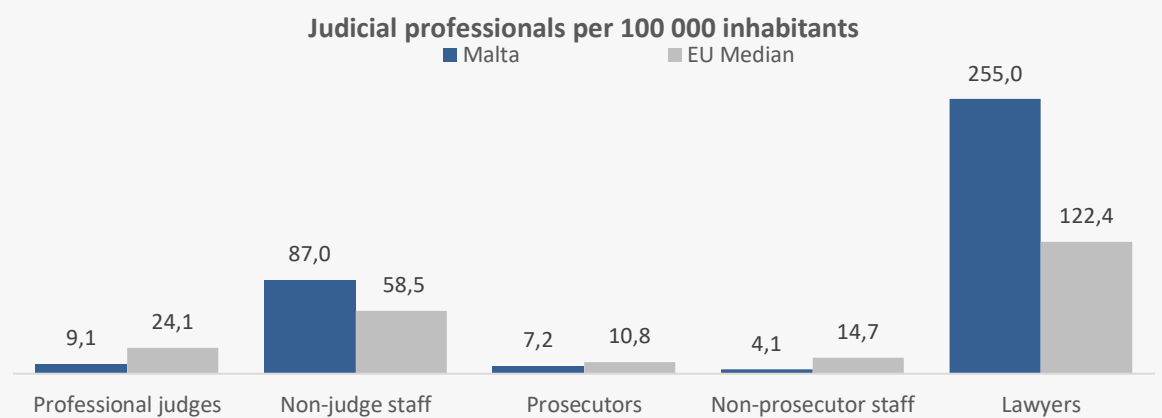
Other courts previously counted as specialised courts, such as the Family Court and the Commercial Court, are divisions of the Civil Court, First Hall, and as such are now being included with the first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

2. Professionals of justice in Malta (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

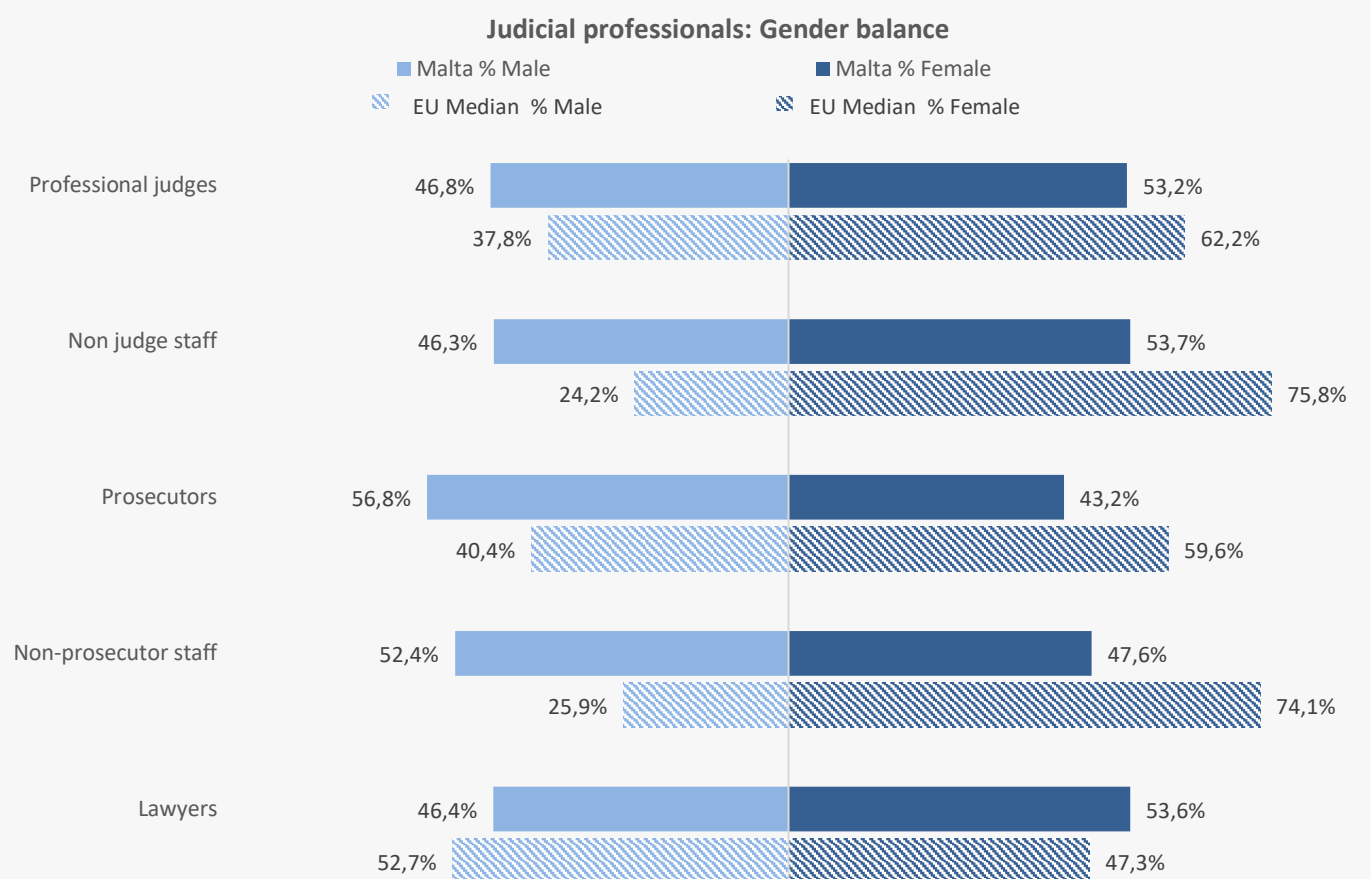
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	47	9,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	449	87,0	58,5
Prosecutors	37	7,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	21	4,1	14,7
Lawyers	1 316	255,0	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

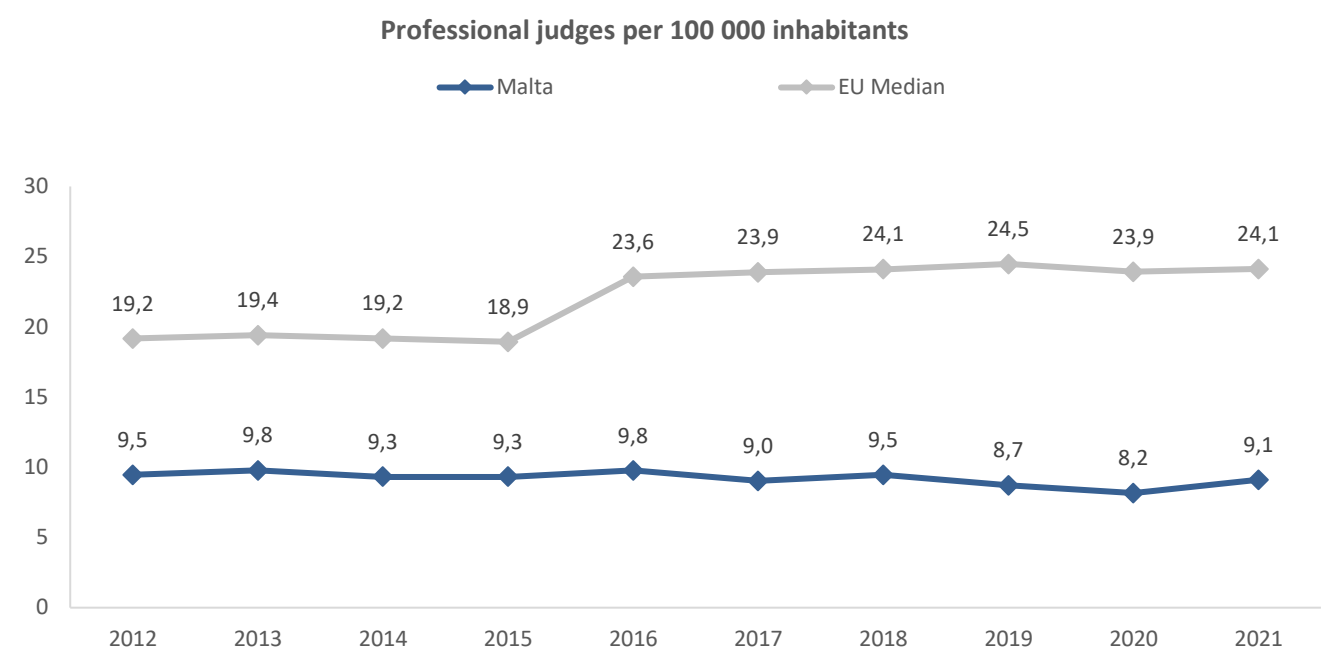
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	46,8%	53,2%
Non judge staff	46,3%	53,7%
Prosecutors	56,8%	43,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	52,4%	47,6%
Lawyers	46,4%	53,6%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median	EU Median
2012	40	9,5	19,2	19,2
2013	42	9,8	19,4	19,4
2014	41	9,3	19,2	19,2
2015	42	9,3	18,9	18,9
2016	45	9,8	23,6	23,6
2017	43	9,0	23,9	23,9
2018	45	9,5	24,1	24,1
2019	43	8,7	24,5	24,5
2020	42	8,2	23,9	23,9
2021	47	9,1	24,1	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Malta is 47, which is 11,9% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Malta, there are 9,11 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is significantly below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 9,55 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 9,43 non-judge staff per judge.

During 2021, 4 new magistrates and 2 new judges were appointed to the bench, thereby increasing the judicial complement by the same number. Two judges were also appointed to the bench, but given that they were previously magistrates, their appointment did not increase the judicial complement.

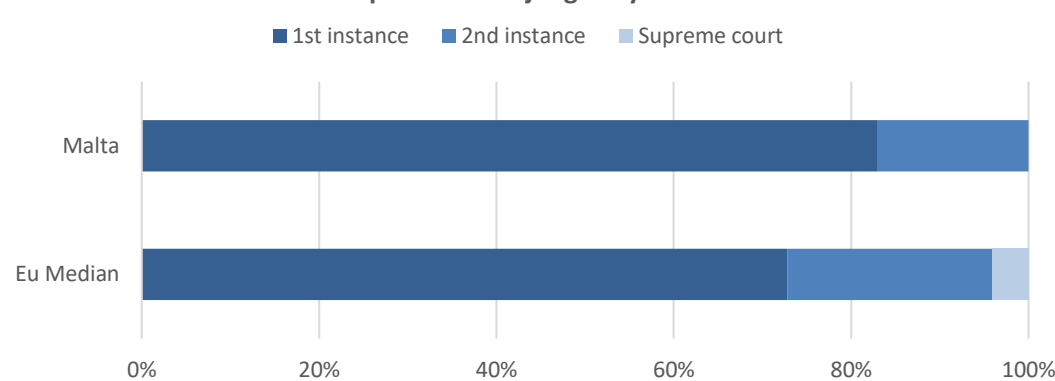
In Malta, there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court, then, is presided over by the 3 judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction. It is interesting to notice that 2 judges presiding over the second instance courts also preside over the Civil Court, First Hall and the Family Court (which are specialised first instance courts).

The number of first instance 'judges' also includes magistrates that preside over first Instance Courts.

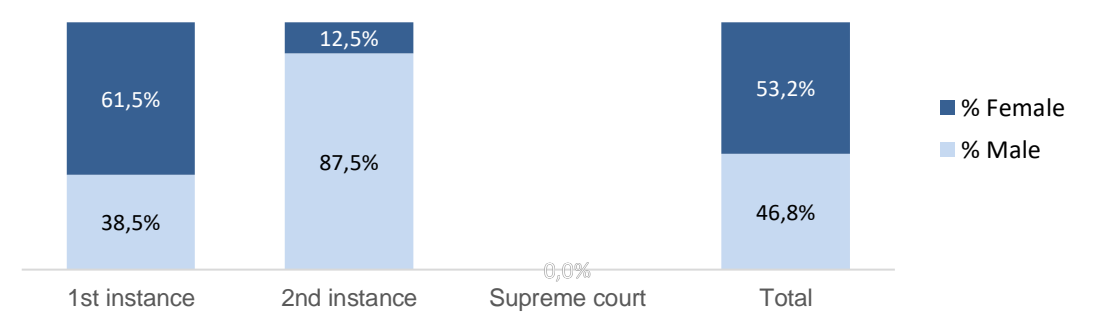
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	39	83,0%	15	24	38,5%	61,5%
2nd instance	8	17,0%	7	1	87,5%	12,5%
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	47		22	25	46,8%	53,2%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Malta



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 25, which represents 53,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 39 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 24 are Female) and 8 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 1 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Malta is similar. The number of first instance judges is predominant, while second instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that although the total number of female judges represents 53,2% and 61,5% in first instance, the percentage of female judges in the second instance courts is significantly lower, namely 12,5%.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

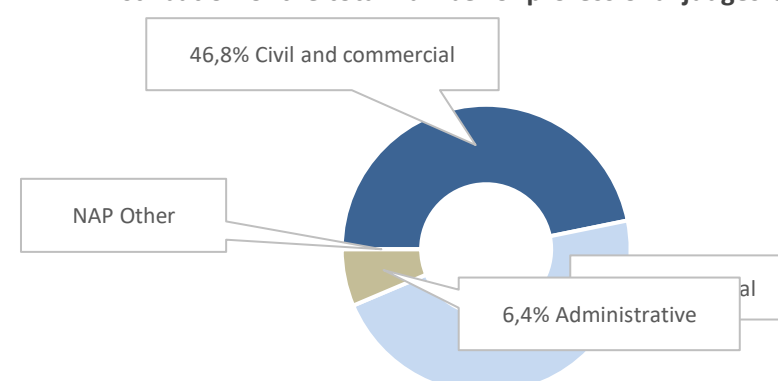
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	39	17	19	3	NAP
2nd instance	8	5	3	NA	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	47	22	22	3	NAP

In Malta, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	43,6%	48,7%	7,7%	NAP
2nd instance	62,5%	37,5%	NA	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	46,8%	46,8%	6,4%	NAP

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter

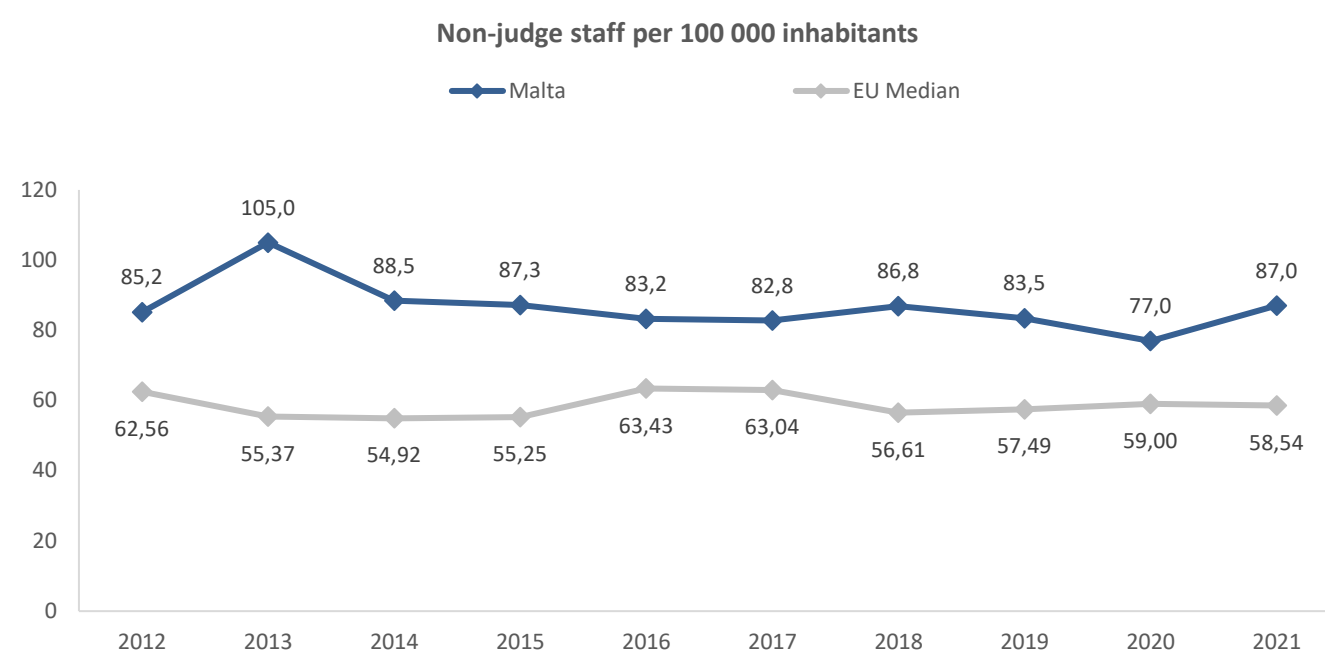


Some judges in the Maltese judicial system preside over both civil and criminal courts. In this instance, such judges have been distributed evenly between the two matters.

Administrative cases at first instance are heard by the Administrative Review Tribunal, presided over by 3 magistrates. If appealed, such cases are heard by the Court of Appeal Inferior Jurisdiction presided over by a judge who hears and decides cases appealed from a number of first instance courts (not only the Administrative Review Tribunal), however these cases constitute only a fraction of the caseload of this judge.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median
2012	360	85,2	62,6
2013	451	105,0	55,4
2014	389	88,5	54,9
2015	393	87,3	55,2
2016	383	83,2	63,4
2017	394	82,8	63,0
2018	413	86,8	56,6
2019	412	83,5	57,5
2020	396	77,0	59,0
2021	449	87,0	58,5



In 2021, Malta has 449 non-judge staff (of which 241 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 13,4%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 77,0 in 2020 to 87,0 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 8,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 9,1 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	449	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	277	61,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	57	12,7%
Technical staff	8	1,8%
Other	107	23,8%

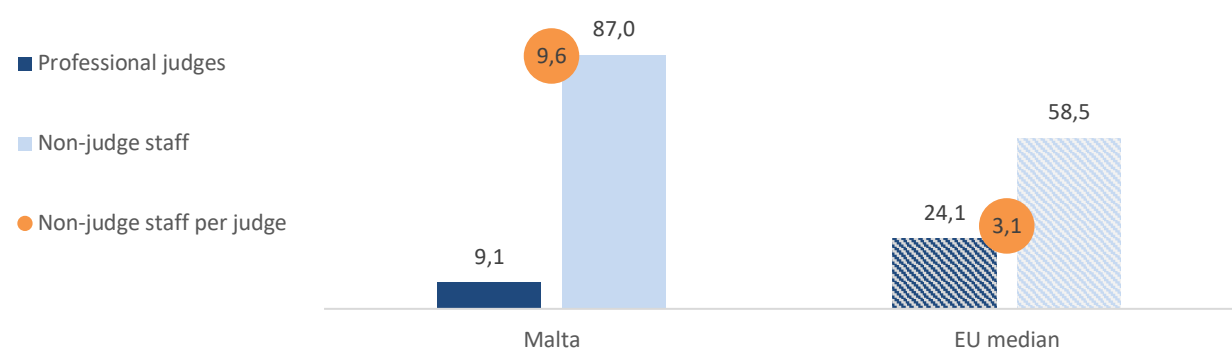
In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 277 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 193 are Female);
- 57 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 25 are Female);
- 8 technical staff (of which 1 are Female);
- 107 other (of which 22 are Female);

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Malta	EU median
Professional judges	9,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	87,0	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	9,6	3,1

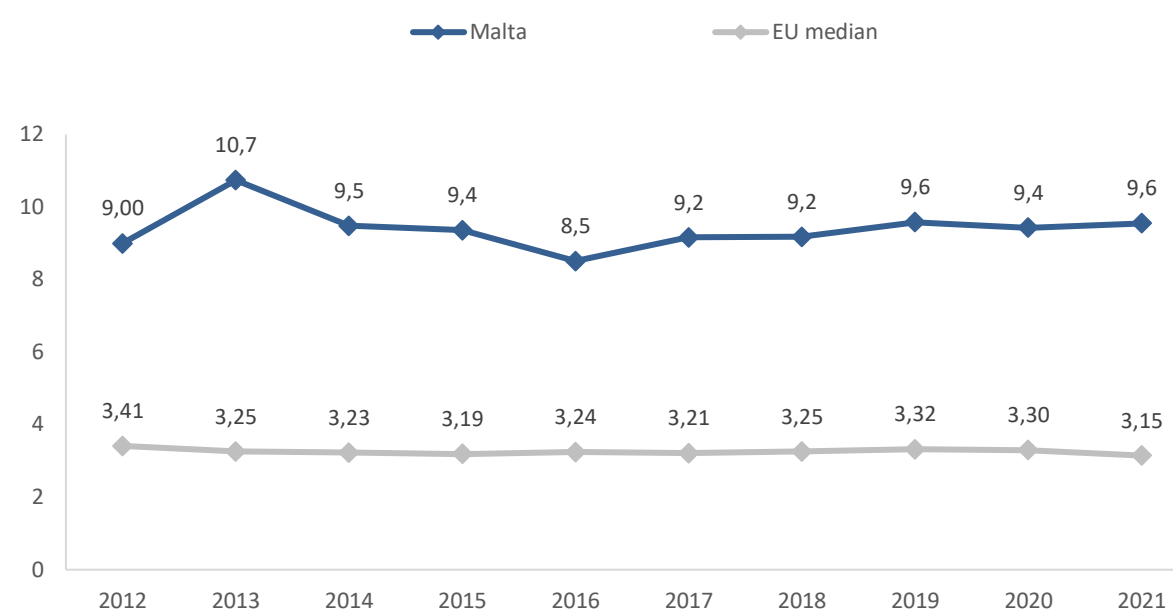
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Malta	Malta	Malta	EU median
2012	9,5	85,2	9,00	3,4
2013	9,8	105,0	10,7	3,3
2014	9,3	88,5	9,5	3,2
2015	9,3	87,3	9,4	3,2
2016	9,8	83,2	8,5	3,2
2017	9,0	82,8	9,2	3,2
2018	9,5	86,8	9,2	3,3
2019	8,7	83,5	9,6	3,3
2020	8,2	77,0	9,4	3,3
2021	9,1	87,0	9,6	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	37		21	16	56,8%	43,2%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



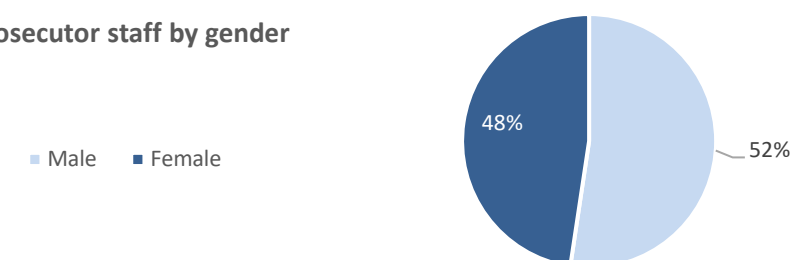
In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 16, which represents 43,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

All the lawyers working in the Office of the Attorney General prosecute cases in the criminal courts, but it is not possible, as yet to distinguish between first and second instance courts. All full-time lawyers have been included in the above figure except the Attorney General.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	21	11	10

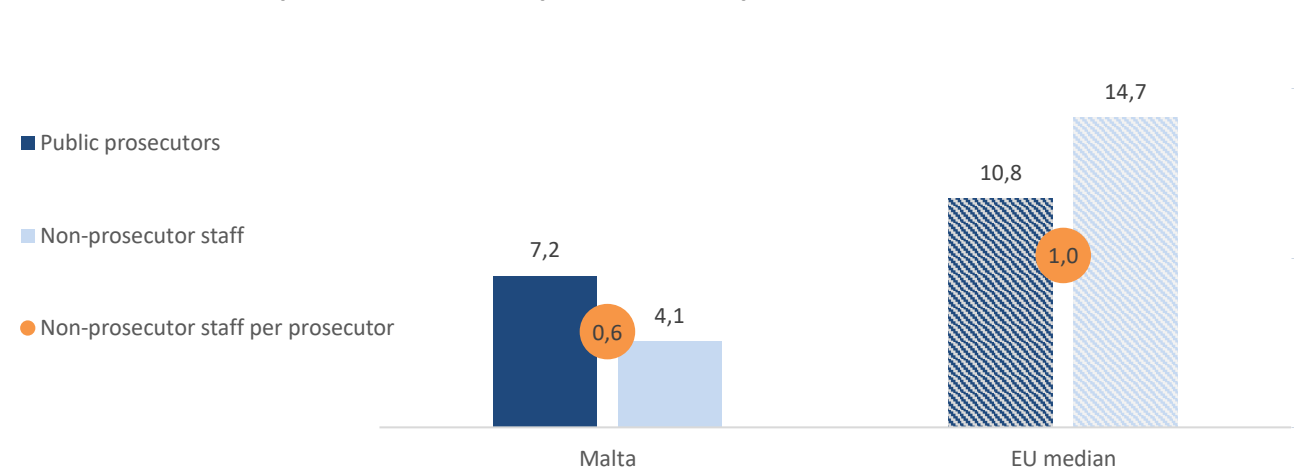
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

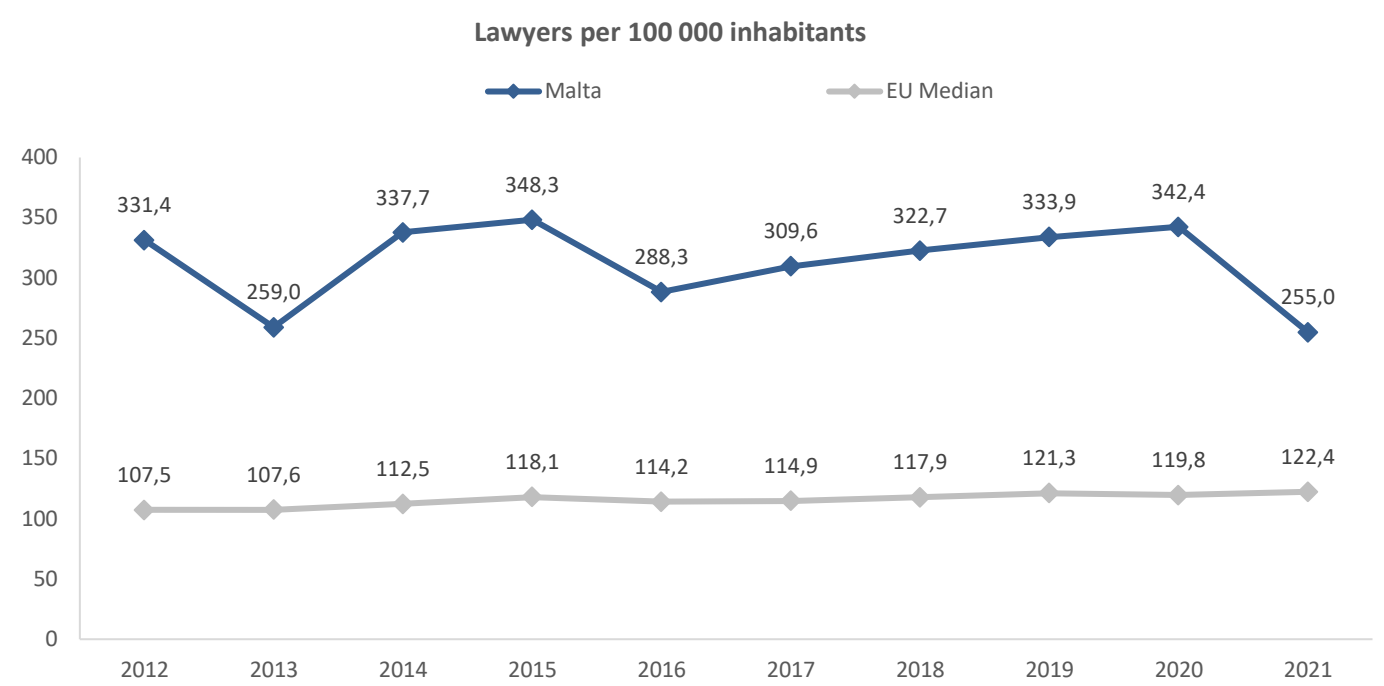
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Malta	EU median
Public prosecutors	7,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	4,1	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,6	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median
2012	1 400	331,4	107,5
2013	1 112	259,0	107,6
2014	1 485	337,7	112,5
2015	1 569	348,3	118,1
2016	1 327	288,3	114,2
2017	1 473	309,6	114,9
2018	1 535	322,7	117,9
2019	1 648	333,9	121,3
2020	1 762	342,4	119,8
2021	1 316	255,0	122,4



In 2021, there are 1 316 lawyers, which is -25,3% less than in 2020.

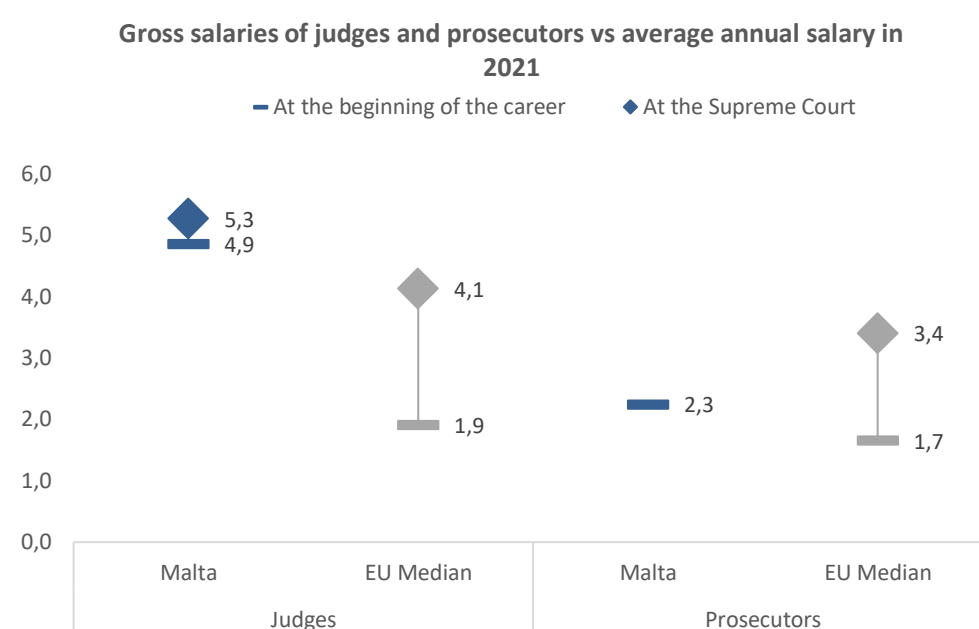
There are 706 female lawyers which is 54% of the total.

Malta has 255,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is well above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

In 2021, the number represents the warranted lawyers who have registered themselves in the Register of Legal Professionals and Law Firms as per Act XIX of 2021, from which they will always be sourced as from this year onwards.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Malta	Malta	Malta	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	96 176€	69 531€	4,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	104 336€	77 306€	5,3	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	44 496€	33 571€	2,3	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NAP	NAP	NA	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Malta of 96 176€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 4,87, which is significantly higher than the EU median of : 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Malta (2021 data)

In Malta, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



Eligible candidates can enforce foreign judgements in Malta through legal aid as long as the procedure is carried out through court representation.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

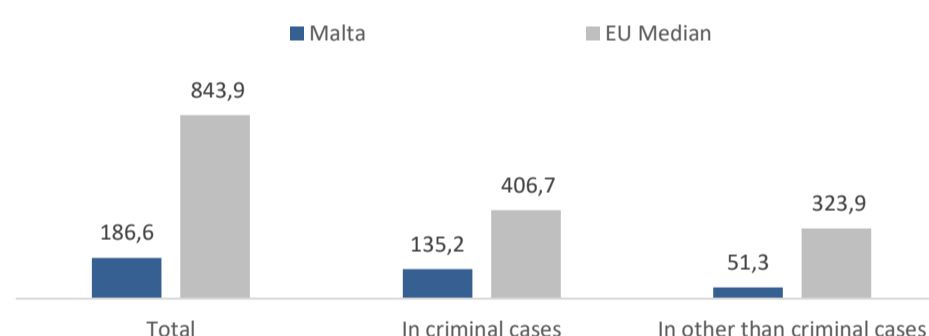
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	963	803	160
In criminal cases	698	538	160
In other than criminal cases	265	265	NAP

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Malta	EU Median
Total	186,6	843,9
In criminal cases	135,2	406,7
In other than criminal cases	51,3	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The figures quoted for civil and criminal cases do not refer to the actual number of cases but to the number of nominations (requests) for legal aid. For example, if a case is brought to court having 5 accused people requiring legal aid, then this would count as 5 requests but just 1 case.

Towards the end of April 2020, Legal Aid Malta started offering legal advice (not representation in courts) to clients experiencing domestic violence. In addition to the 265 cases brought to court, Legal Aid Malta offered legal advice to 160 clients experiencing domestic violence. The nature of the advice given to the victims of domestic violence is both 'criminal' and 'other than criminal' in nature. Each client referred to or requiring assistance from Legal Aid Malta Agency in relation to domestic violence is being assigned a legal aid lawyer for the necessary legal advice required. Such clients do not always want to pursue assistance at Court.

This service has fulfilled the obligation set in the Istanbul Convention and has been incorporated in domestic law under Article 57 of the schedule attached to Chapter 581 of the Laws of Malta. In other than criminal cases, legal aid is granted to any party whose annual income does not exceed the national minimum wage for persons over 18 years of age. For 2021, the national minimum wage stood at €181.08 weekly (€9,416.19 yearly). In 2021, the net asset value should not exceed €6,988 for means test eligibility for legal aid.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NA

◦ Actual average duration:

19

4. Performance of courts in Malta (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

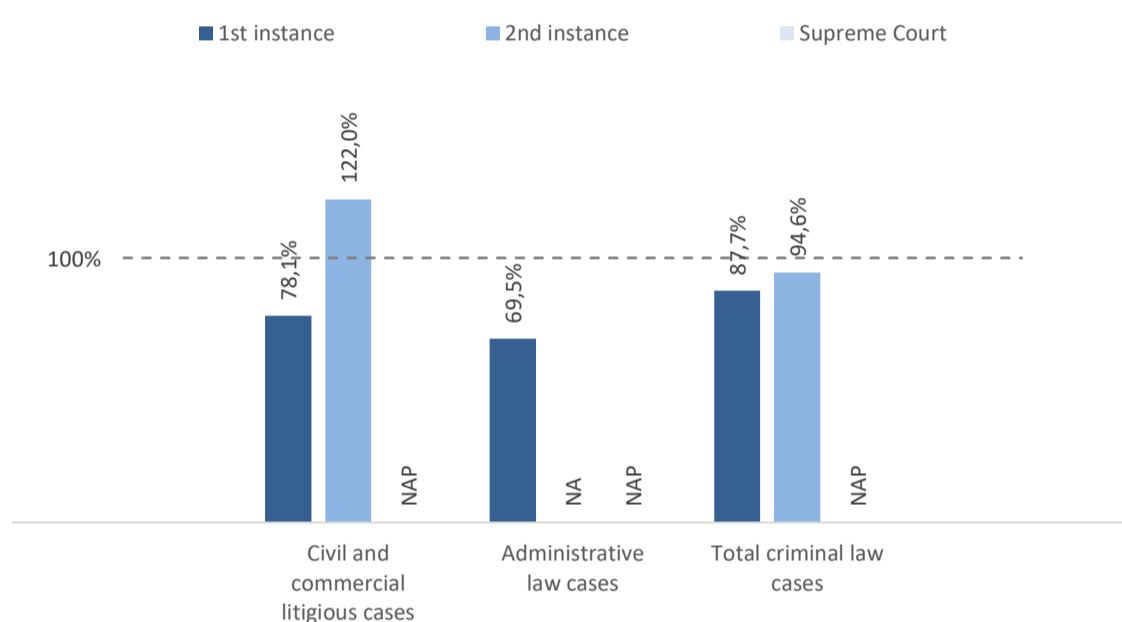
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

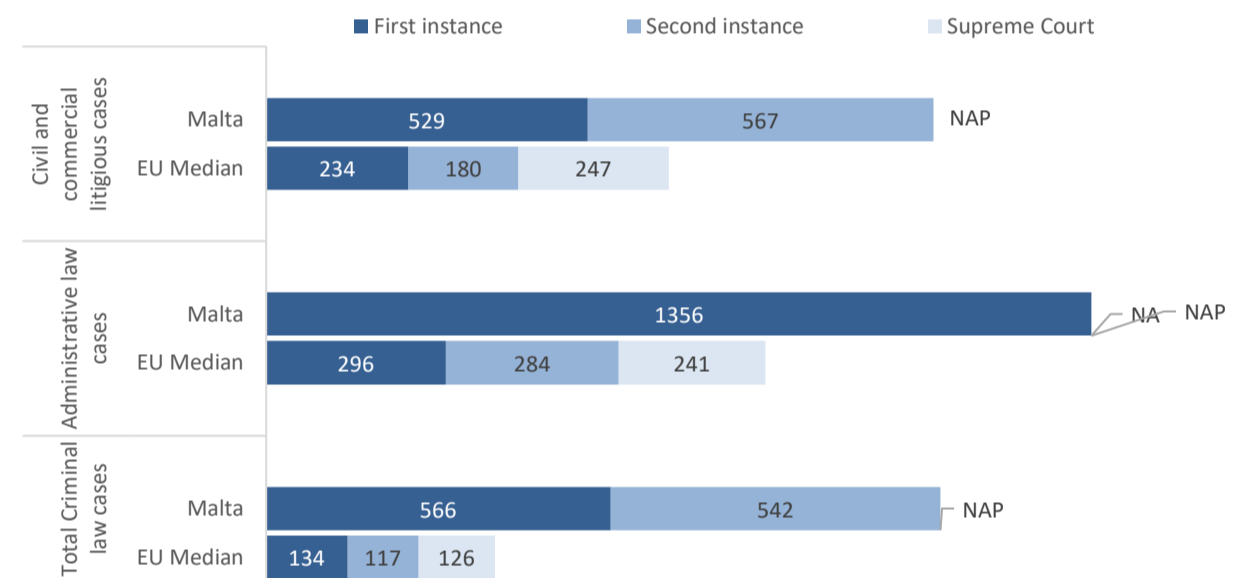
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	78,1%	102,5%	69,5%	101,7%	87,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	122,0%	100,4%	NA	96,8%	94,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	NAP	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	NAP	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	529	234	1356	296	566	134
	2nd instance	567	180	NA	284	542	117
	Supreme Court	NAP	247	NAP	241	NAP	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, first instance civil litigious cases appear to be resolved the fastest in Malta, unlike the European trend for the reference year. At the same time, first instance administrative law cases take the longest in Malta, as it appears also in the EU, but significantly above the EU median. Also, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Malta is above EU median, especially for administrative law cases and criminal law cases.

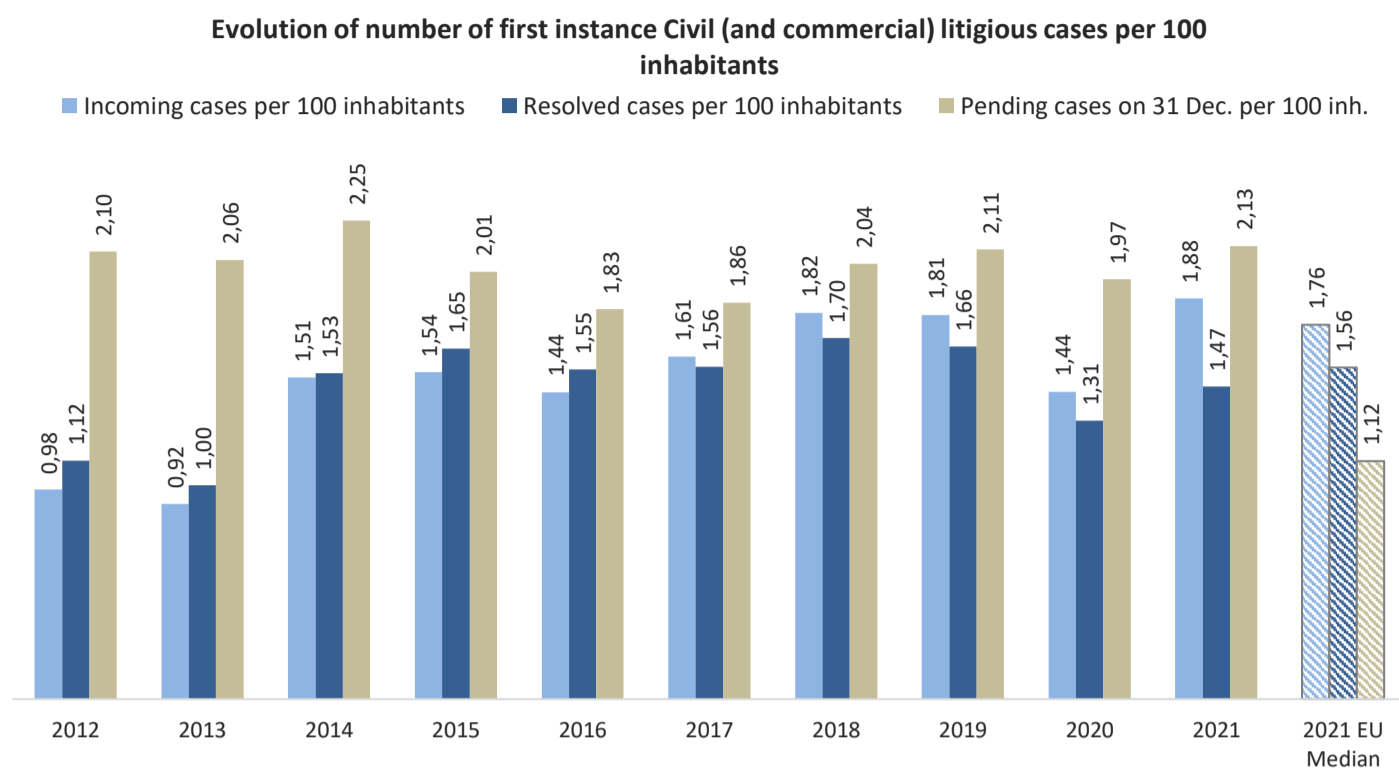
At first instance, for all types of cases, Malta seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with the caseload, as the Clearance rate indicator is well below the 100% threshold. The Disposition time is also above the EU median for all types of cases.

In the second instance, courts seem to be more efficient, especially in civil litigious cases, where the Clearance Rate is above the 100% threshold, while for criminal law cases, the Clearance Rate is slightly below the 100% threshold. The disposition time remains above the EU median.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,98	1,12	2,10
2013	0,92	1,00	2,06
2014	1,51	1,53	2,25
2015	1,54	1,65	2,01
2016	1,44	1,55	1,83
2017	1,61	1,56	1,86
2018	1,82	1,70	2,04
2019	1,81	1,66	2,11
2020	1,44	1,31	1,97
2021	1,88	1,47	2,13
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



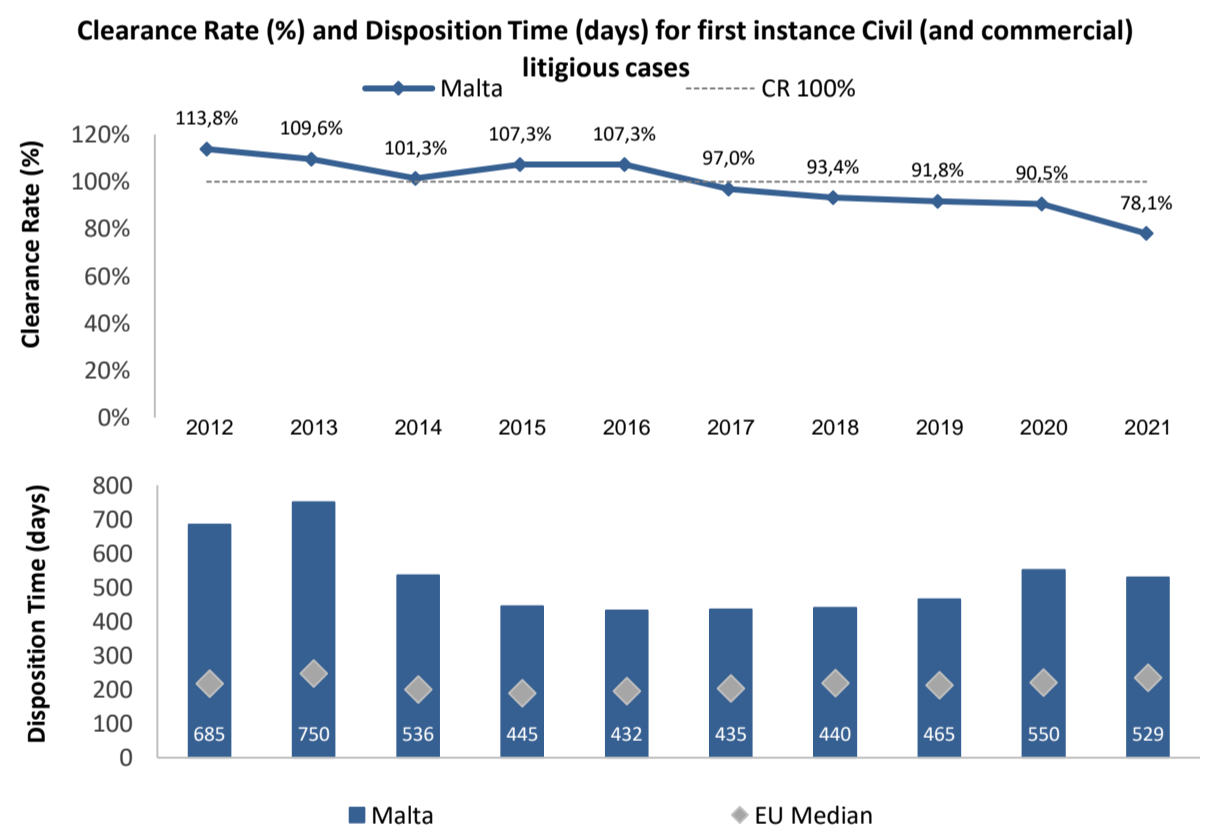
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Malta (1,88 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Malta (1,47 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Malta (2,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
2012	113,8%	100,4%	685	218
2013	109,6%	101,2%	750	247
2014	101,3%	101,8%	536	201
2015	107,3%	102,3%	445	190
2016	107,3%	102,0%	432	196
2017	97,0%	101,3%	435	204
2018	93,4%	101,2%	440	220
2019	91,8%	99,9%	465	213
2020	90,5%	98,5%	550	221
2021	78,1%	102,5%	529	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 78,1% in 2021 Malta seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -12,4 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 529 days, which is significantly above EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

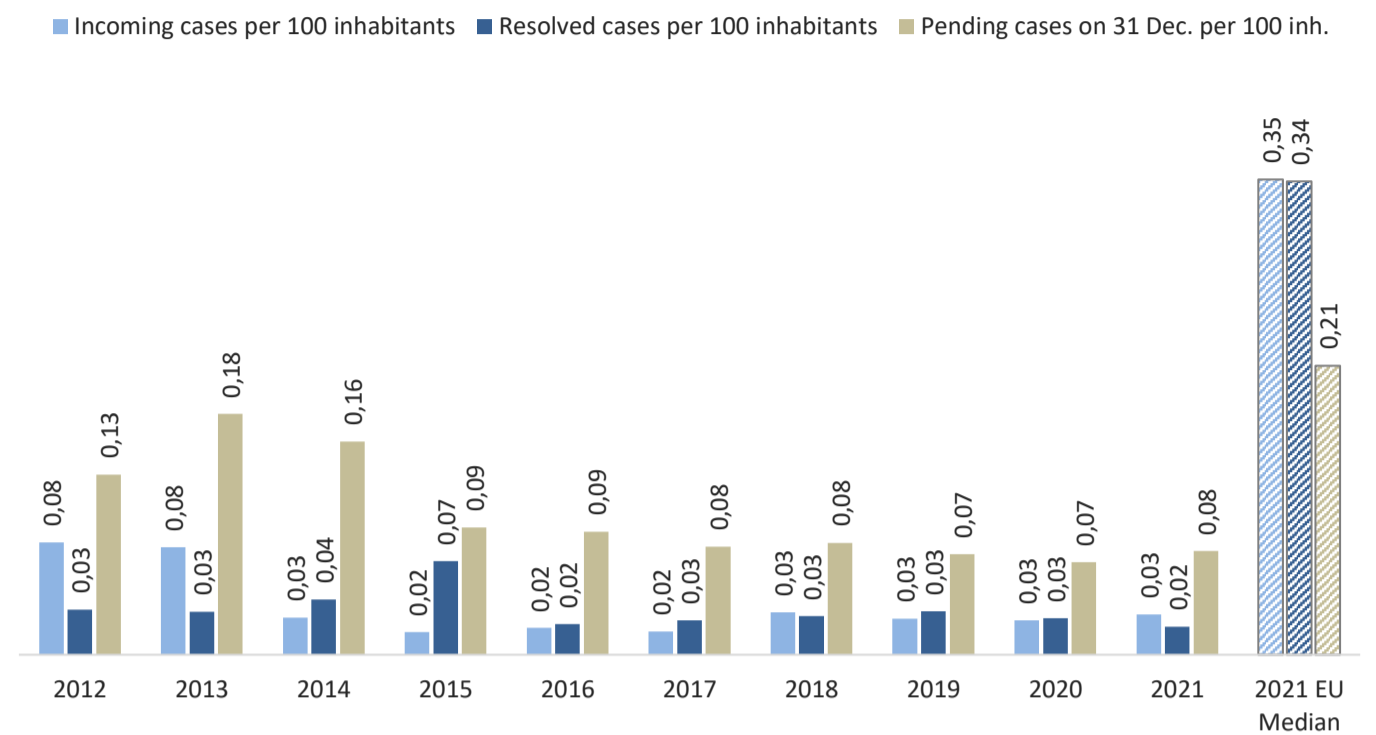
As from 2021, the civil litigious category includes the data of the Civil Court (Asset Recovery Section) that was established in 2021. A spike in the incoming caseload of civil litigious cases has resulted in the courts not managing to resolve enough cases in order to retain the previous levels of efficiency, despite a marginal increase in the number of resolved cases.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,08	0,03	0,13
2013	0,08	0,03	0,18
2014	0,03	0,04	0,16
2015	0,02	0,07	0,09
2016	0,02	0,02	0,09
2017	0,02	0,03	0,08
2018	0,03	0,03	0,08
2019	0,03	0,03	0,07
2020	0,03	0,03	0,07
2021	0,03	0,02	0,08
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Malta (0,03 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

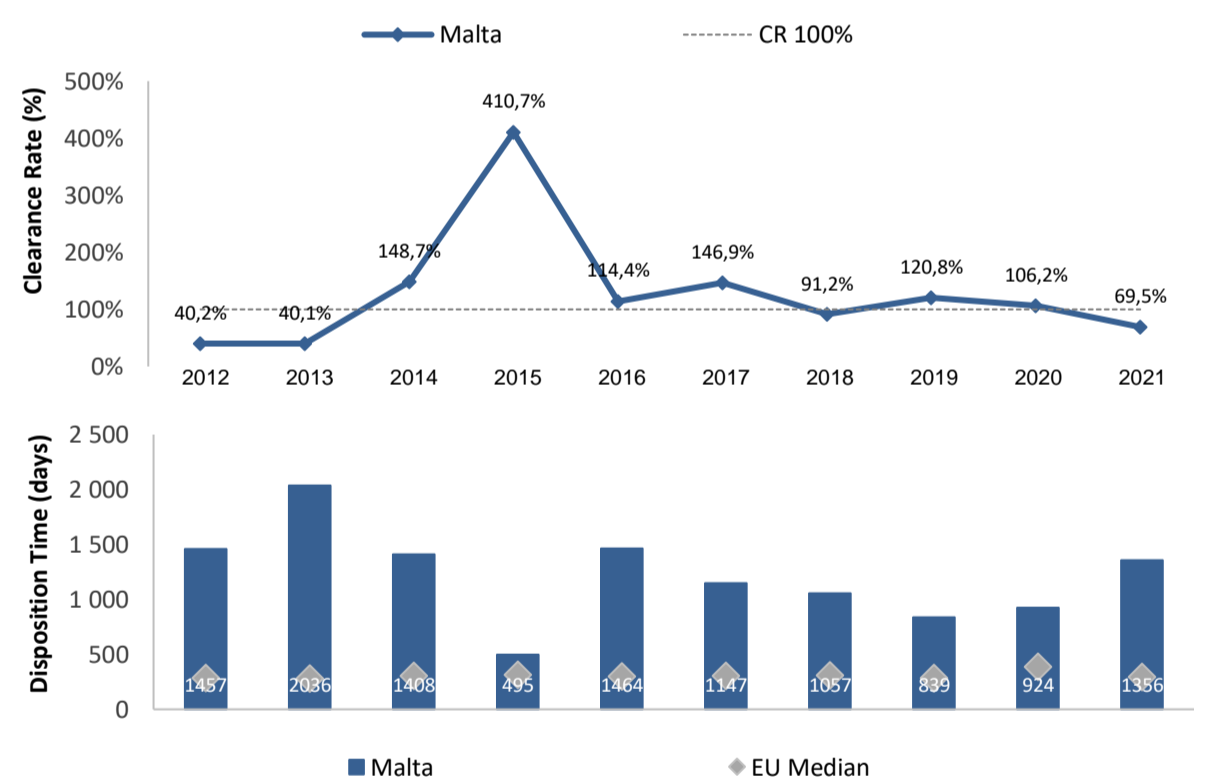
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Malta (0,02 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Malta (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
2012	40,2%	101,0%	1457	286
2013	40,1%	100,3%	2036	281
2014	148,7%	99,6%	1408	305
2015	410,7%	103,7%	495	315
2016	114,4%	103,0%	1464	297
2017	146,9%	102,1%	1147	303
2018	91,2%	99,7%	1057	308
2019	120,8%	102,1%	839	284
2020	106,2%	100,1%	924	388
2021	69,5%	101,7%	1356	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 69,5% in 2021 Malta seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -36,7 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 1 356 days, which is significantly above EU median of 296 days.

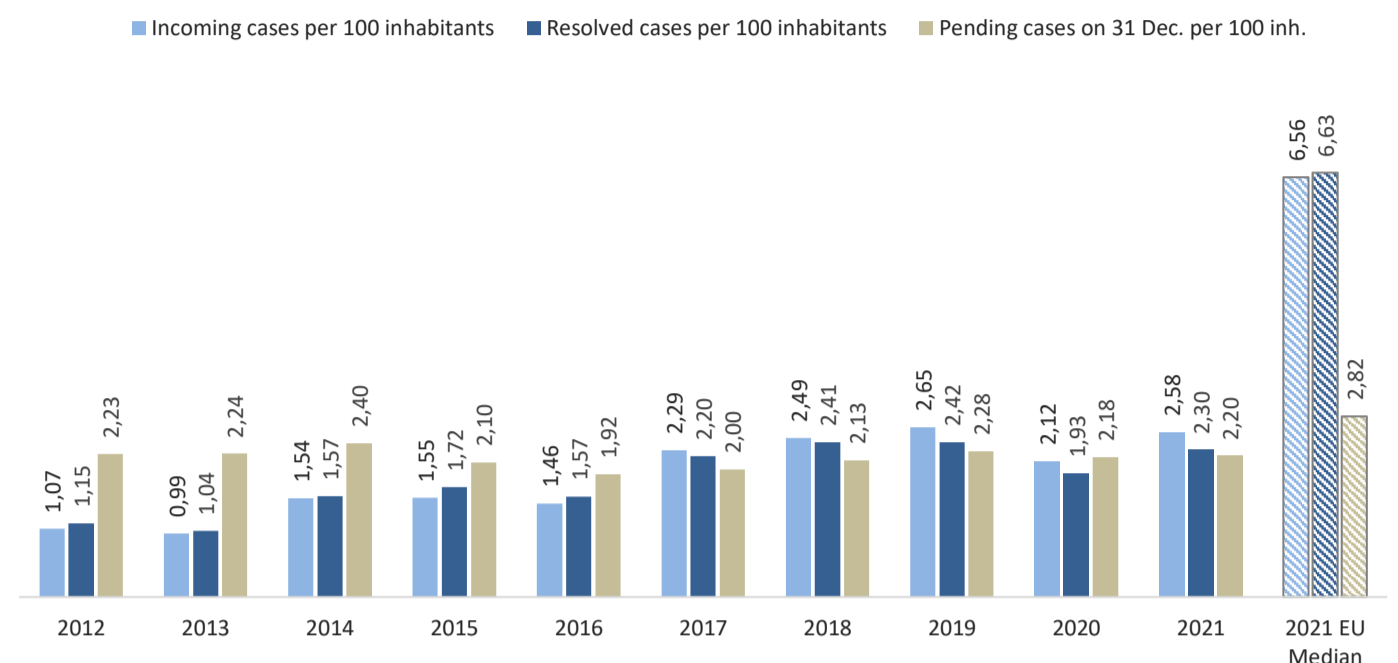
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 46,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,07	1,15	2,23
2013	0,99	1,04	2,24
2014	1,54	1,57	2,40
2015	1,55	1,72	2,10
2016	1,46	1,57	1,92
2017	2,29	2,20	2,00
2018	2,49	2,41	2,13
2019	2,65	2,42	2,28
2020	2,12	1,93	2,18
2021	2,58	2,30	2,20
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Malta (2,58 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

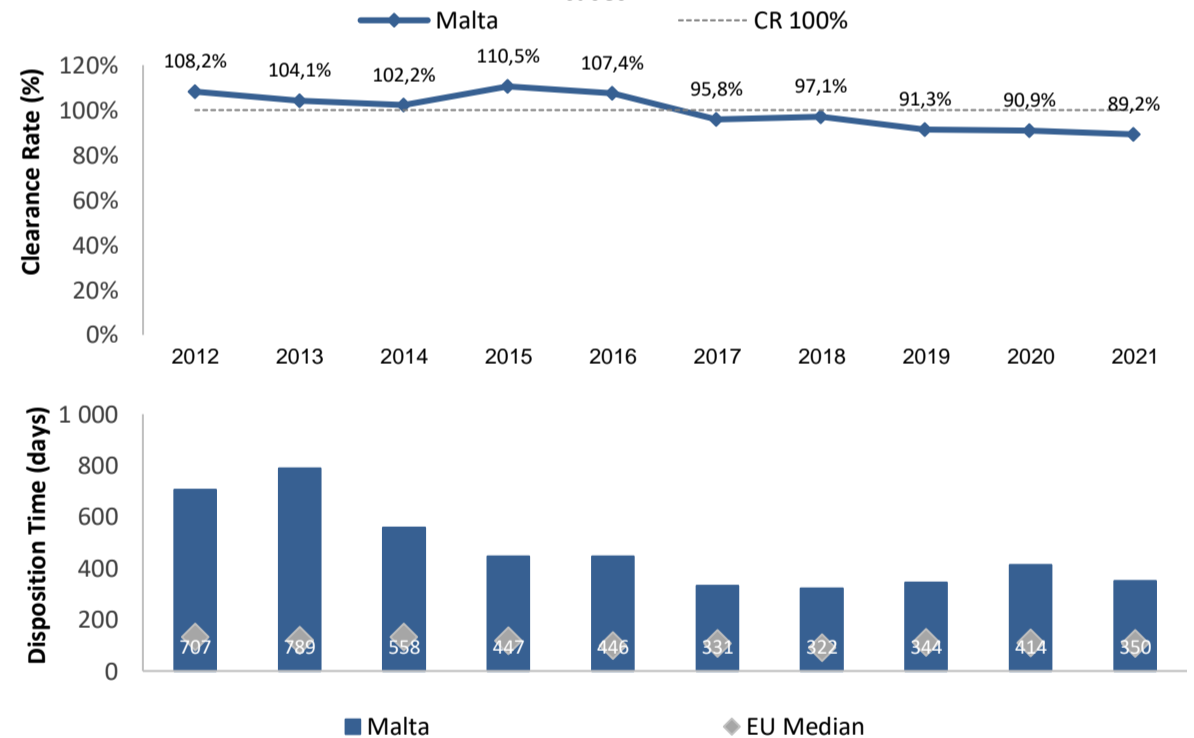
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Malta (2,30 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Malta (2,20 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
2012	108,2%	100,5%	707	133
2013	104,1%	100,7%	789	119
2014	102,2%	101,9%	558	133
2015	110,5%	101,0%	447	119
2016	107,4%	101,5%	446	98
2017	95,8%	100,6%	331	107
2018	97,1%	100,6%	322	91
2019	91,3%	99,8%	344	111
2020	90,9%	98,7%	414	109
2021	89,2%	101,2%	350	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 89,2% in 2021 Malta seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,7 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 350 days, which is well above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -15,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

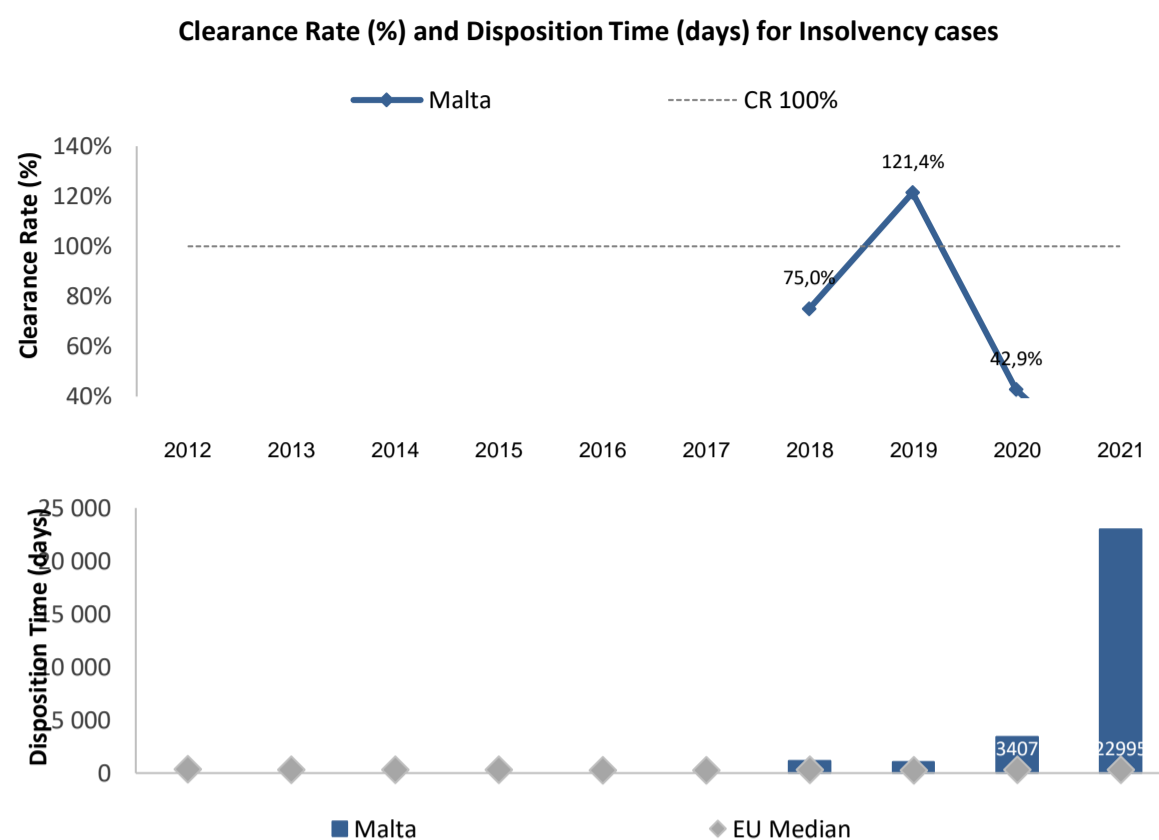
The vast majority of cases heard before the courts of Malta are litigious cases. Nevertheless, there is the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction which deals with adoptions, appointment of tutor, curators and other administrators, interdiction and incapacitation and opening of secret wills.

Horizontal inconsistencies in the efficiency data are mainly derived from discrepancies in data inputting methodology. Data is also collected at a particular point in time and this means that eventual changes are not captured at the time of the submission of this information.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282
2014	NA	96,9%	NA	304
2015	NA	104,5%	NA	282
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	246
2017	NA	103,6%	NA	243
2018	75,0%	101,5%	1144	271
2019	121,4%	101,2%	1031	258
2020	42,9%	109,7%	3407	281
2021	4,8%	103,3%	22995	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 4,8% in 2021 Malta appears as an outlier in respect of insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -38,1 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 22 995 days, which is significantly above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 575,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

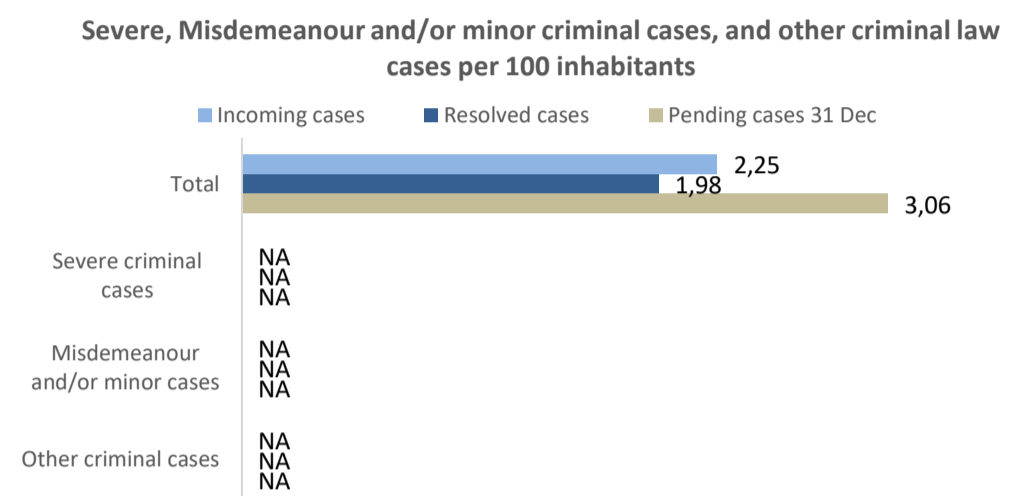
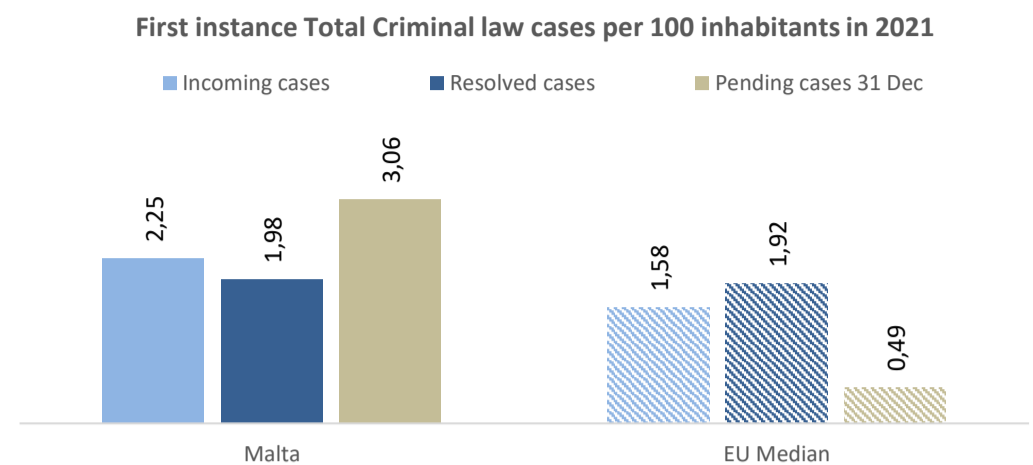
However, this situation has to be put into perspective. On the one hand, the small absolute values result in important variations in percentages, which affect both indicators negatively. On the other hand, there was a registered increase in insolvency cases throughout 2021 that has been confirmed by the Court Services Agency.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	15 883	11 628	10 195	15 806
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	3,08	2,25	1,98	3,06
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Malta (2,25 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

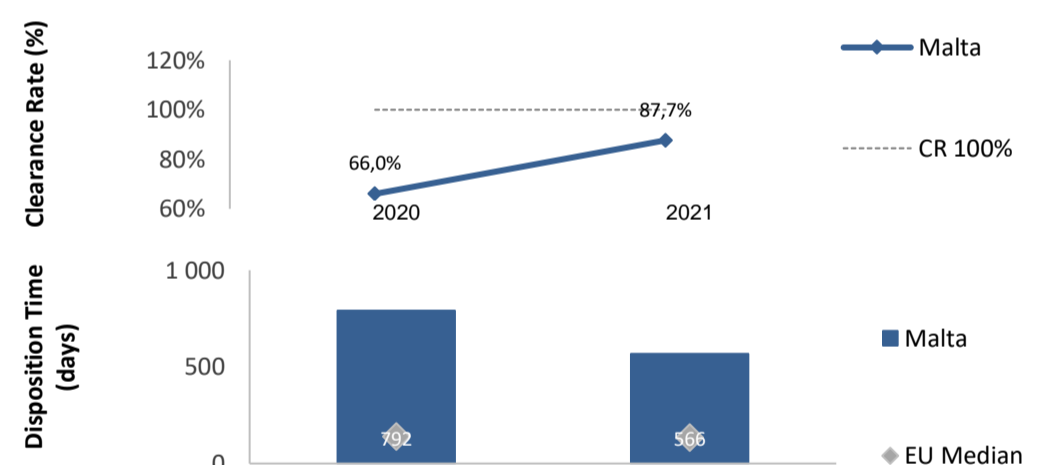
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Malta (1,98 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Malta (3,06 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Malta	EU Median	Malta	EU Median
2020	66,0%	95,2%	792	139
2021	87,7%	100,0%	566	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 87,7% in 2021 Malta seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has however increased by 21,6 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 566 days, which is significantly above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -28,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

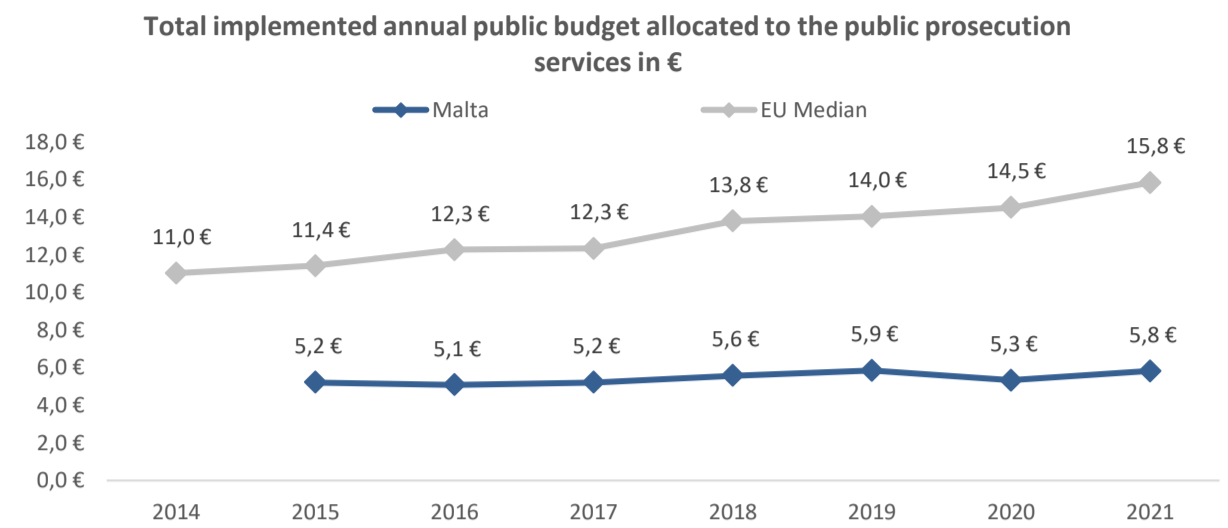
In the Maltese legal system, all proceedings which appear before the Court of Magistrates may be punishable with a fine or imprisonment, bar a few contraventions which still appear before the Court of Magistrates and it is not possible to obtain data relating to these few cases. Nevertheless, all cases which lead to an imprisonment of ten years or more can only be heard by the Criminal Court whilst cases between 2 and 12 years may be heard by the Court of Magistrates only once the procedure before it as a Court of Criminal Inquiry is completed.

Since in Malta, the vast majority of the cases contemplate the possibility of imprisonment, barring a few contraventions, the cases indicated as misdemeanours/minor offences, are those cases which are heard by the Court of Magistrates (excluding those being heard as a Court of Criminal Inquiry) having a maximum punishment of 2 years imprisonment while the cases indicated as 'severe criminal offences' are those having a punishment of over 2 years (Criminal Court & Court of Criminal Inquiry).

5. Public prosecution services in Malta (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median	
2014	NA	NA	11,0 €	
2015	2 350 041 €	5,2 €	11,4 €	
2016	2 340 000 €	5,1 €	12,3 €	
2017	2 484 390 €	5,2 €	12,3 €	
2018	2 656 005 €	5,6 €	13,8 €	
2019	2 888 321 €	5,9 €	14,0 €	
2020	2 746 631 €	5,3 €	14,5 €	
2021	3 001 578 €	5,8 €	15,8 €	



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median	
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €	
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €	
2020	NA	NA	0,011 €	
2021	26 552 €	0,051 €	0,022 €	

The public prosecution services are carried out by the Attorney General's office. The Attorney General not only acts as a public prosecutor but also as the principal legal advisor of all the Government Departments. As a result, the amount budgeted cannot be considered as being funds allocated solely for public prosecution services, but also for other purposes relating to legal work and advise for the Government, both locally and internationally.

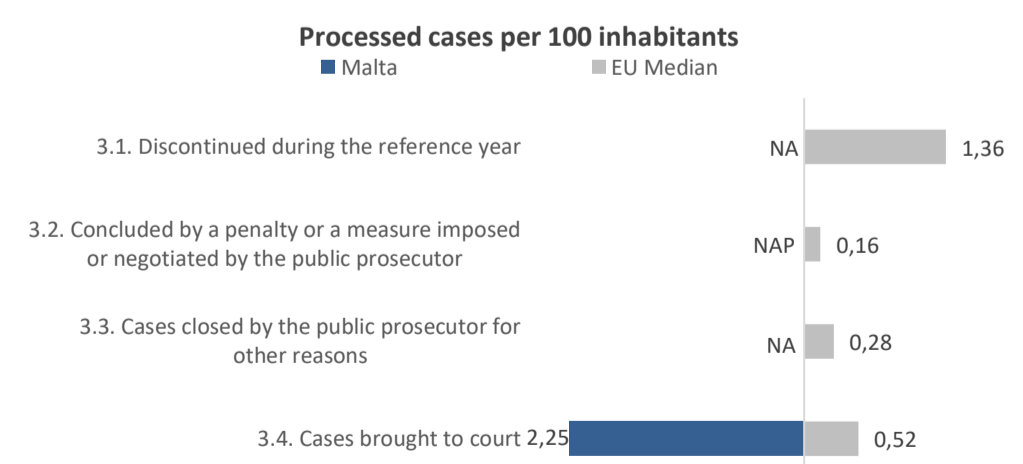
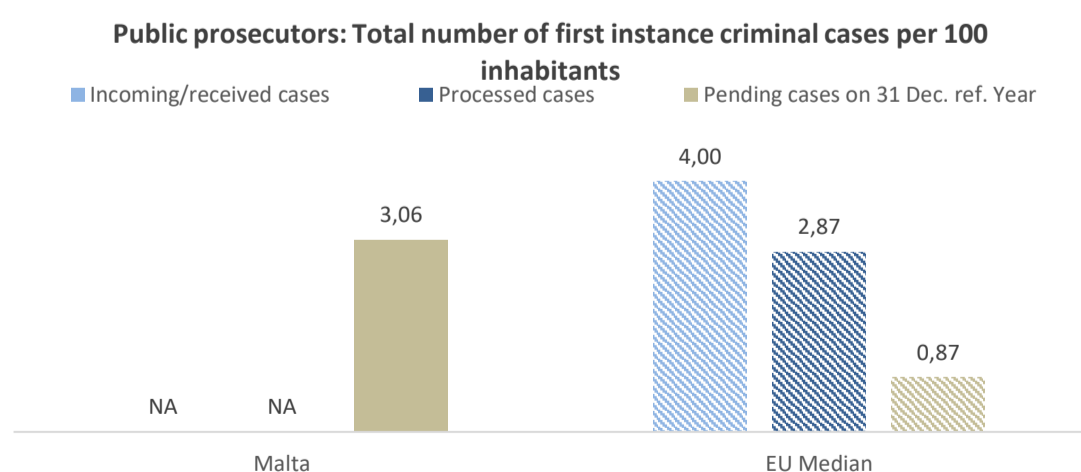
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Malta	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Malta	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	15 883	▲ 33,5%		3,08	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	NA	NA		NA	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA		NA	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA		NA	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP		NAP	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA		NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	11 624	▲ 4,9%		2,25	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	15 806	▼ -0,5%		3,06	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The Office of the Attorney General is in the process of setting up a comprehensive case management system that will keep track of all the cases that are processed by the Office of the Attorney General. Until then, the cases quoted are all cases prosecuted in court at first Instance.

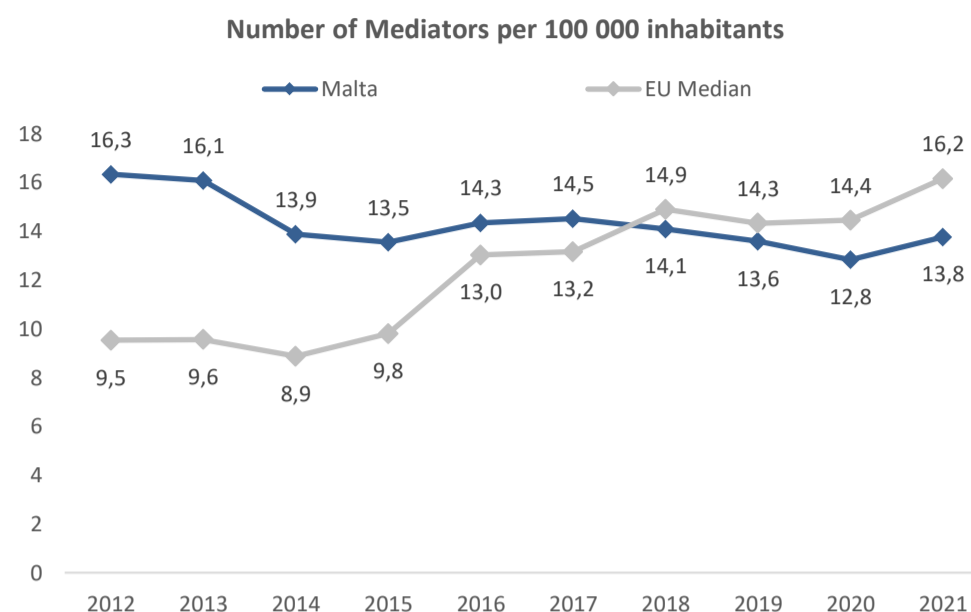
The high pending caseload at the beginning of 2021 is a direct result of the inefficiencies experienced during the Covid-19 pandemic. Throughout 2020, given that most of the year the courts of justice were closed, the number of incoming cases far exceeded the number of resolved cases. This led to a low clearance rate and a concomitant high pending caseload.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Malta (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Malta	Malta	EU Median
2012	69	16,3	9,5
2013	69	16,1	9,6
2014	61	13,9	8,9
2015	61	13,5	9,8
2016	66	14,3	13,0
2017	69	14,5	13,2
2018	67	14,1	14,9
2019	67	13,6	14,3
2020	66	12,8	14,4
2021	71	13,8	16,2



In 2021, there are 71 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 13,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 7,6%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	1 821	1 869	NA
Civil and commercial	7	6	1
Family cases	1 814	1 863	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NAP	NAP	NAP

The answers reflect Court-referred mediation and not voluntary mediation (outside a court context). Throughout 2021, 7 new cases were sent to mediation by the court, 3 of which were unsuccessful, 3 were revoked by the court and 1 was successful.

7. ICT tools of courts in Malta (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature	Pilot testing	No	No

The Courts Services Agency were piloting a new software that recognises voices in Maltese and translates a speech to text. The software is currently being piloted in other courts as well with the intention of implementing it across all courts by 2023.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	NA	NA

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	10-49%	No	No	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	0% (NAP)	-	-	-

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Malta (2021 data)

In Malta, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

There exists a Code of Ethics for the members of the Judiciary which, though not providing for the organisation and quality of the judicial work, does lay upon the members of the Judiciary certain obligations which are important in ensuring the transparency and independence of the judicial process.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

In Malta, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual. Court performance is evaluated on a quarterly basis, or as the need arises.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Malta, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

The Attorney General is collecting data on length of proceedings and using it to monitor efficiency. This exercise will be refined in the coming months within the scope of an ongoing project addressing the re-engineering of processes within the Office of the Attorney General.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The Office of the Attorney General (the prosecution) has started collecting case data including length of proceedings. Over the coming years (starting from next year), they will be introducing a new case management system that will enable the Office to collect more case and performance metrics.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	422 509	429 424	439 691	450 415	460 297	475 701	475 701	493 559	514 565	516 102	22,2%	0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	16 417	16 831	18 525	21 469	22 664	23 778	25 556	26 490	24 634	28 216	71,9%	14,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	False	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							True	True	True	True		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	No	No	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	True	False	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							True	True	True	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									True	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	No	No	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									False	False		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									True	True		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	16	-	6,7%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	300,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	-	14,3%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	7	7	7	7	7	8	9	9	9	7	7	0,0%	0,0%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	NAP	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	5	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	-20,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	50,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	100,0%	33,3%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 805	9 789	10 845	10 568	9 459	NA	9 492	10 138	11 243	11 242	14,7%	0,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 457	9 238	10 092	9 885	9 041	NA	8 856	9 727	10 429	10 147	7,3%	-2,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	453	748	-	65,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	262	23	453	748	-	65,1%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	348	551	753	683	418	413	374	388	361	347	-0,3%	-3,9%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 507	4 272	6 762	6 991	6 730	10 911	11 827	13 066	10 915	13 292	194,9%	21,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 161	3 935	6 643	6 916	6 640	7 656	8 640	8 909	7 433	9 719	133,6%	30,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	3 353	3 420	-	2,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 174	3 040	4 027	3 353	3 420	-	2,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	346	337	119	75	90	81	147	130	129	151	-56,4%	17,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 875	4 447	6 909	7 727	7 231	10 458	11 481	11 932	9 923	11 859	143,3%	19,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 736	4 312	6 732	7 419	7 128	7 427	8 068	8 178	6 728	7 586	60,2%	12,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	3 058	4 168	-	36,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2 912	3 279	3 597	3 058	4 168	-	36,3%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	139	135	177	308	103	119	134	157	137	105	-24,5%	-23,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 437	9 614	10 568	9 459	8 843	9 492	10 138	11 243	11 242	11 378	20,6%	1,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	8 882	8 861	9 885	9 041	8 430	8 856	9 727	10 429	10 147	10 986	23,7%	8,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	748	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	262	23	453	748	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	555	753	683	418	413	374	388	361	347	390	-29,7%	12,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,2%	104,1%	102,2%	110,5%	107,4%	95,8%	97,1%	91,3%	90,9%	89,2%	(18,95)	(1,69)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	113,8%	109,6%	101,3%	107,3%	107,3%	97,0%	93,4%	91,8%	90,5%	78,1%	(35,77)	(12,46)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	91,2%	121,9%	-	30,67
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	91,7%	107,9%	89,3%	91,2%	121,9%	-	30,67

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	40,2%	40,1%	148,7%	410,7%	114,4%	146,9%	91,2%	120,8%	106,2%	69,5%		29,36	(36,67)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	707	789	558	447	446	331	322	344	414	350		-50,4%	-15,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	685	750	536	445	432	435	440	465	550	529		-22,8%	-4,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	89	-		-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	33	3	46	89	-		-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1457	2036	1408	495	1464	1147	1057	839	924	1356		-7,0%	46,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	142	162	130	121	126	151	170	70		-	-58,8%
---	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	--	---	--------

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	48	43	-	-10,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	285	299	358	334	395	372	10	15	-	50,0%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	14	14	21	-	50,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	265	331	367	329	370	353	7	14	-	100,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	15	17	6	1	-	-83,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	162	130	121	126	151	170	173	71	-	-59,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	48	56	63	-	12,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	93,0%	110,7%	102,5%	98,5%	93,7%	94,9%	70,0%	93,3%	-	23,33
CR Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	75,0%	121,4%	42,9%	4,8%	-	(38,10)
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	223	143	120	140	149	176	9 021	1 851	-	-79,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 144	1 031	3 407	22 995	-	575,0%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 841	1 945	NA	1 922	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 760	-	-5,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 841	1 945	2 015	1 922	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 760	-	-5,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			807	772	NA	701	796	694	571	831	-	45,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			807	772	867	701	796	694	571	831	-	45,5%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			703	738	NA	824	636	780	741	1 014	-	36,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			703	738	917	824	636	780	741	1 014	-	36,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 945	1 968	NA	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 701	1 576	-	-7,3%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 945	1 968	1 968	1 797	1 951	1 870	1 701	1 576	-	-7,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	1 657	758	889	973	908	1 277	-	40,6%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1 657	758	889	973	908	1 277	-	40,6%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			87,1%	95,6%	NA	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	129,8%	122,0%	-	(7,75)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			87,1%	95,6%	105,8%	117,5%	79,9%	112,4%	129,8%	122,0%	-	(7,75)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			1010	973	NA	796	1120	875	838	567	-	-32,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1010	973	783	796	1120	875	838	567	-	-32,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									11 899	15 883	-	33,5%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									11 086	11 628	-	4,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									7 321	10 195	-	39,3%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									15 883	15 806	-	-0,5%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									66,0%	87,7%	-	21,6
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									792	566	-	-28,5%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									843	691	-	-18,0%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									311	515	-	65,6%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									463	487	-	5,2%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									691	723	-	4,6%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									148,9%	94,6%	-	(36,48)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									545	542	-	-0,5%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									11 899	15 883	-	33,5%
2. Incoming/received cases									NA	NA	-	-
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									11 086	11 624	-	4,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									15 883	15 806	-	-0,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	1 828 559	1 757 000	1 900 000	2 116 000	2 200 000	2 500 000	2 630 000	2 750 000	2 500 000	2 250 000	23,0%	-10,00%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	2 350 041	2 340 000	2 484 390	2 656 005	2 888 321	2 746 631	3 001 578	-	9,28%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	5 400	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	26 552	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	No	False	False	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									False	False		
020.1.1 Total									946	963	-	0,02
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									626	698	-	0,12
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									320	265	-	(0,17)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									755	803	-	0,06
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									626	538	-	(0,14)
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									129	265	-	1,05
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									191	160	-	(0,16)
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	160	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									191	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									19	19	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NAP	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	NA	NA	NA		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	NA	NA	NA		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	NA	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	NA	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	40	42	41	42	45	43	45	43	42	47	17,5%	11,9%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	34	36	33	34	36	34	34	32	33	39	14,7%	18,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	6	6	8	8	9	9	11	11	9	8	33,3%	-11,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	26	27	25	24	26	23	22	19	18	22	-15,4%	22,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	20	21	18	17	18	15	14	10	11	15	-25,0%	36,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	7	7	16,7%	0,0%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	14	15	16	18	19	20	23	24	24	25	78,6%	4,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	14	15	15	17	18	19	20	22	22	24	71,4%	9,1%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	-	-	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	1	-	-50,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	47	-	11,9%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	39	-	18,2%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	-	-11,1%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22	-	0,0%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	-	0,0%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	22	-	29,4%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	19	-	46,2%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	-	-25,0%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	360	451	389	393	383	394	413	412	396	449	24,7%	13,4%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	213	156	231	239	227	231	247	262	246	277	30,0%	12,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	111	103	59	60	59	56	61	52	53	57	-48,6%	7,5%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	8	8	9	5	7	9	9	6	4	8	0,0%	100,0%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	28	36	90	89	90	98	96	92	93	107	282,1%	15,1%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	451	NA	187	180	177	183	172	166	208	-	25,3%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	156	73	73	69	64	69	69	64	84	-	31,3%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	103	NA	40	36	29	30	24	25	32	-	28,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	8	9	5	7	9	9	6	4	7	-	75,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	36	70	69	68	75	75	73	73	85	-	16,4%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	206	203	217	230	240	230	241	-	4,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	-	158	166	158	167	178	193	182	193	-	6,0%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	-	NA	20	23	27	31	28	28	25	-	-10,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	20	20	22	23	21	19	20	22	-	10,0%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									38	37	-	-2,6%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									20	21	-	5,0%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									18	16	-	-11,1%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									21	21	-	0,0%

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									11	11	-	0,0%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									10	10	-	0,0%
004 Annual average salary in the country									18 923 £	19 755 £	-	4,4%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									95 215 £	96 176 £	-	1,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									103 246 £	104 336 £	-	1,1%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									43 505 £	44 496 £	-	2,3%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									68 770 £	69 531 £	-	1,1%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									74 587 £	77 306 £	-	3,6%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									32 855 £	33 571 £	-	2,2%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NAP	NAP	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 400	1 112	1 485	1 569	1 327	1 473	1 535	1 648	1 762	1 316	-6,0%	-25,3%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							749	793	834	610	-	-26,9%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							786	855	928	706	-	-23,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	58	76	101	135	140	158	161	-	1,9%
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Malta

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	69	69	61	61	66	69	67	67	66	71	2,9%	7,6%
167.1.1 Total number started					1 896	1 911	NA	2 104	1 668	1 821	-	9,2%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	1	5	7	-	40,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					1 896	1 911	2 059	2 103	1 663	1 814	-	9,1%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Netherlands

(2021 data)

General data

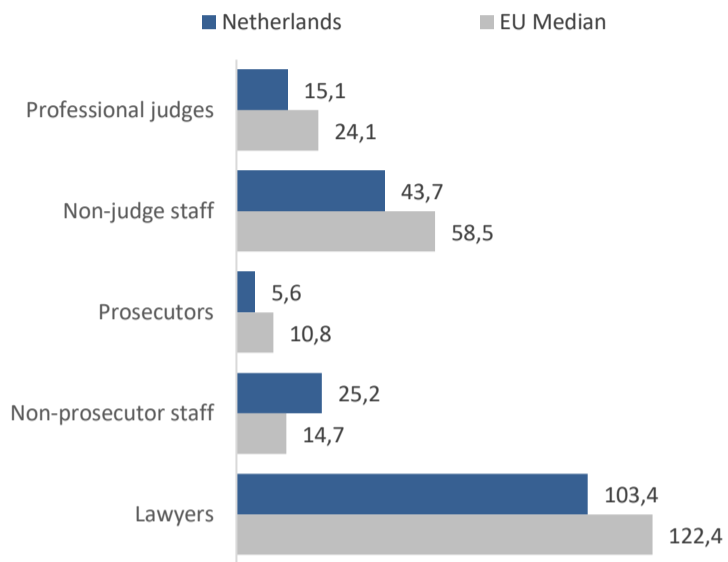
Population: 17 509 672

GDP per capita: 49 100 €

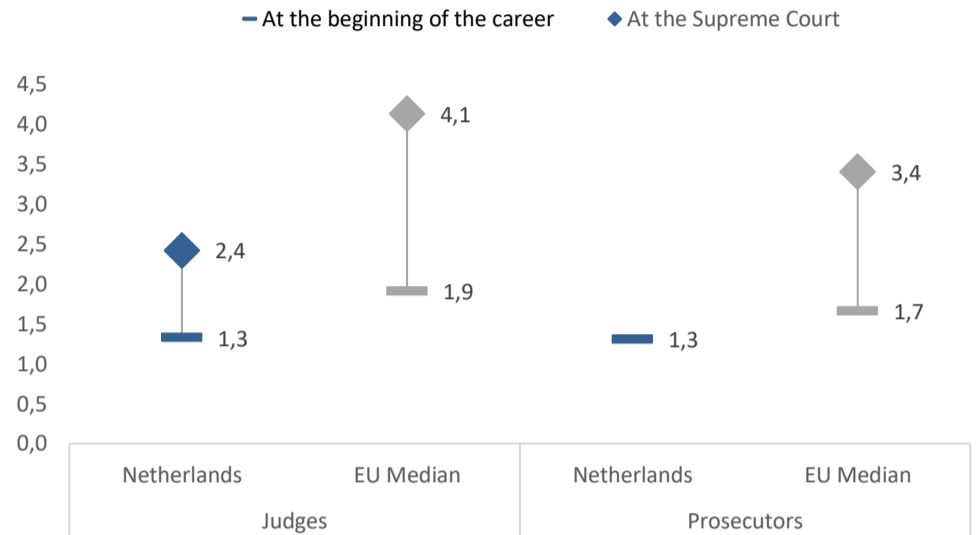
Average annual salary: 64 300 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

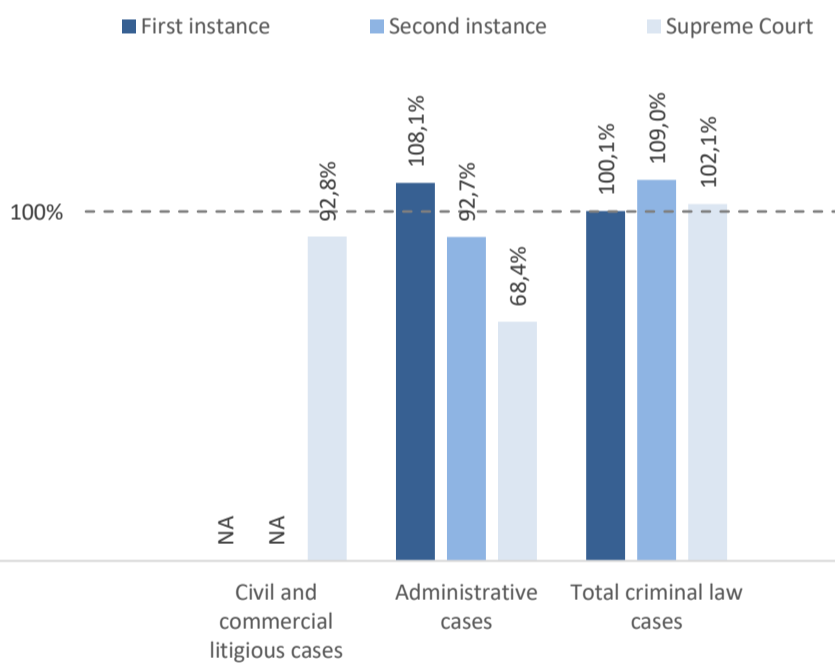


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

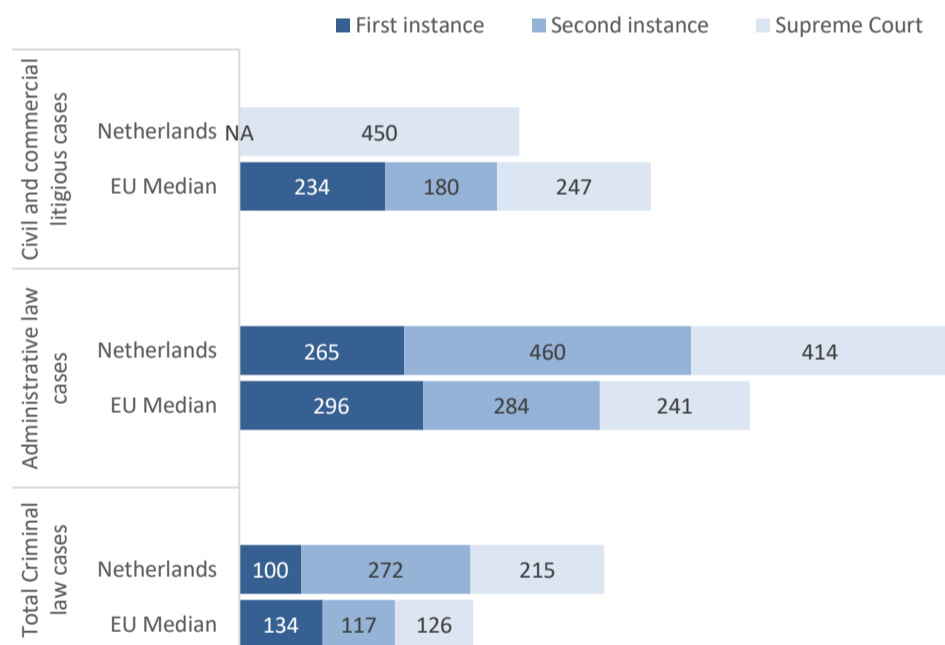


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

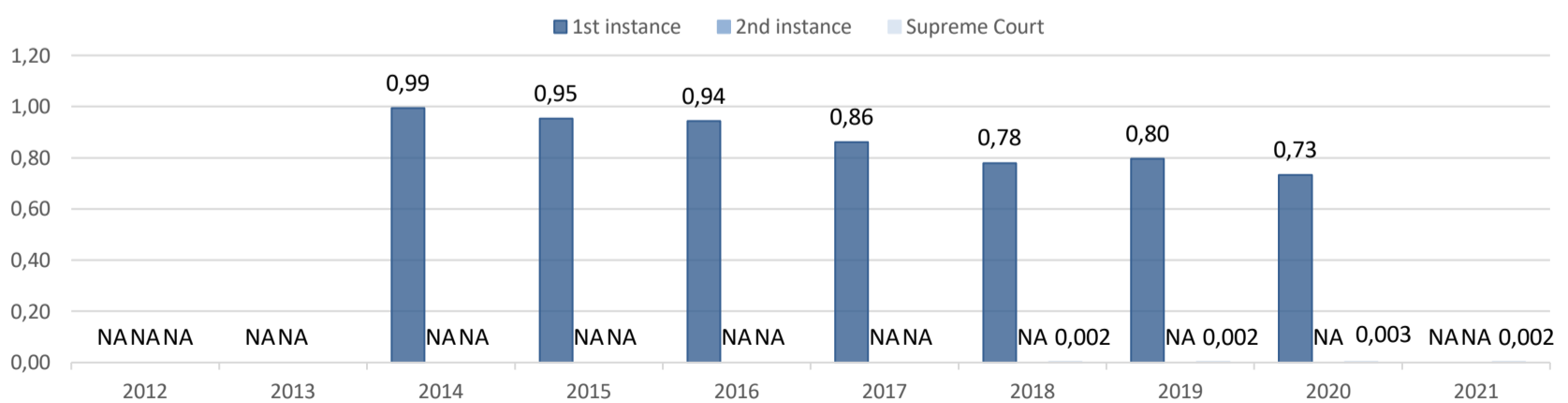


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Netherlands

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	17 475 415	17 509 672		4,4%	0,2%
GDP per capita	38 236	38 255	39 313	39 937	41 258	42 578	45 052	46 883	45 900	49 100		28,4%	7,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	54 700		56 900		57 300		58 800	60 500	62 700	64 300		17,6%	2,6%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,4	14,1	14,0	13,9	13,6	14,8	14,6	14,5	14,9	15,1		5,1%	1,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	37,3	43,3	43,9	42,8	42,8	43,8	43,4	44,2	42,5	43,7		17,3%	2,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									5,4	5,6			3,1%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									22,9	25,2			10,1%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	101,7	102,8	104,8	102,1	102,4	102,9	102,9	102,4	102,8	103,4		1,7%	0,6%
Mediators	4,9	5,5	7,0	8,3	8,6	8,8	5,8	5,4	4,9	4,6		-6,2%	-7,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	0,995	0,954	0,944	0,861	0,779	0,797	0,733	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,685	0,7	0,6	0,591	0,662	0,579	0,576	0,608	0,571	0,497		-27,4%	-12,9%
Total criminal law cases									1,280	1,453			13,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	99%	100%	101%	99%	101%	100%	100%	NA		NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	98%	100%	99%	103%	95%	105%	95%	94%	86%	108%		10,59	21,81
CR total criminal law cases									95%	100%			4,86

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	127	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	304	265		62,9%	-12,8%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									139	100			-28,2%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	0,36	0,30	0,32	0,29	0,24	0,24	0,25	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,30	0,30	0,30	0,28	0,31	0,28	0,30	0,34	0,41	0,39		31,0%	-4,9%
Total criminal law cases									0,46	0,40			-14,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR administrative law cases			101%	93%	103%	99%	108%	100%	119%	93%			-25,86
CR total criminal law cases									94%	109%			14,52

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)			411	427	348	444	437	476	465	460			-1,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									348	272			-21,9%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	100%	84%	90%	93%			3,25
CR administrative law cases			98%	NA	NA	NA	87%	80%	99%	68%			-30,30
CR total criminal law cases									95%	102%			7,04

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	427	450			5,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	344	414			20,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									261	215			-17,4%

1. Judicial organisation in Netherlands (2021 data)

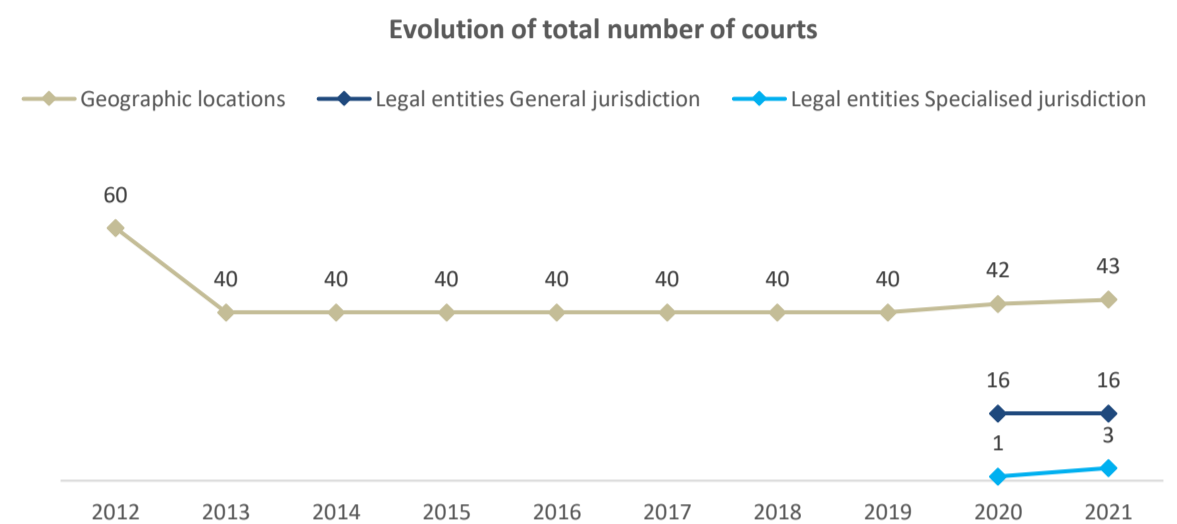
In 2021, in the Netherlands there are 19 courts considered as legal entities, 16 of which are of general jurisdiction, while 3 have specialised competences.

Among the 16 legal entities of general jurisdiction, there are 11 District courts acting at first instance, 4 Courts of appeal that handle civil, criminal and tax cases and 1 Supreme court. The 3 specialised courts intervene in administrative matters (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are in total 43 courts of which 34 are first instance courts.

Evolution of total number of courts

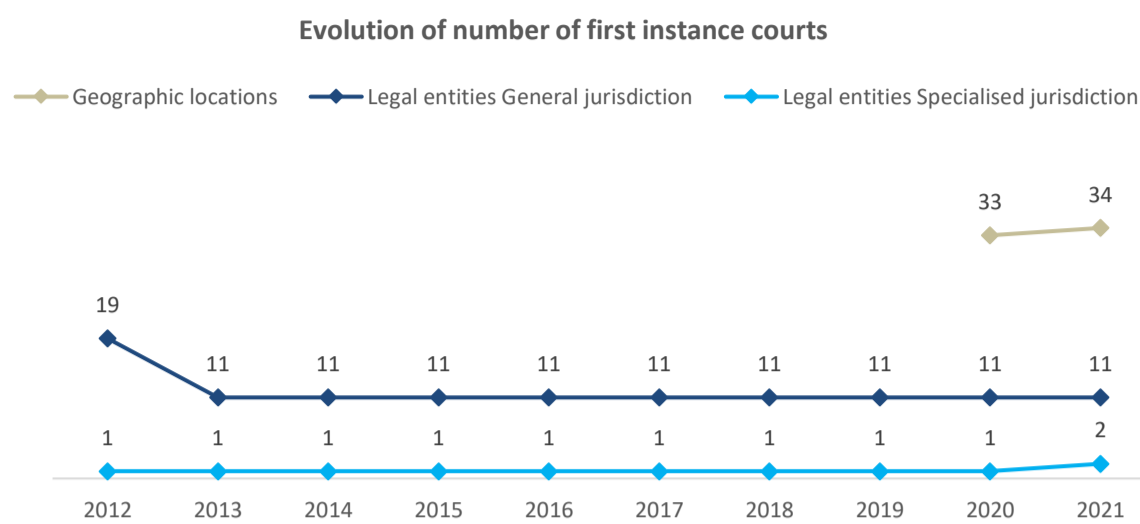
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	60		
2013	40		
2014	40		
2015	40		
2016	40		
2017	40		
2018	40		
2019	40		
2020	42	16	1
2021	43	16	3



It should be recalled that in 2013, following the implementation of the reform related to the reorganization of the judicial map, the number of district courts was reduced from 19 to 11. Moreover, this reform resulted in the closure of sub-district court locations resulting in a decrease in the number of geographic locations.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		19	1
2013		11	1
2014		11	1
2015		11	1
2016		11	1
2017		11	1
2018		11	1
2019		11	1
2020	33	11	1
2021	34	11	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 84,6% - 15,4% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

The specialized courts intervene in administrative matters.

Indeed, some administrative law cases (tax cases) are handled by first and second instance courts of general jurisdiction. Other administrative cases are handled by the Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal, also known as the Administrative High Court for Trade and Industry (College van van Beroep voor het Bedrijfsleven). This is a specialized administrative court, which rules on disputes in the area of social-economic administrative law and appeals for specific laws. The tribunal hears both first and second instance cases but is categorized as a first instance court.

The Central Appeals Tribunal (Centrale Raad van Beroep) is a court mainly active in legal areas pertaining to social security and civil service. In these areas, it is also the highest judicial authority. In some cases, it is the first and sole instance.

The Administrative Jurisdiction Division of the Council of State is counted as administrative court at the highest instance, although it is a division of the Council of the Judiciary and not part of the organisational structure of the judiciary. It hears various types of appeals (e.g. members of the public / associations / commercial companies against governmental bodies, or between public authorities).

For more information, see <https://www.rechtspraak.nl/English/Judicial-system-and-legislation/Pages/Special-Tribunals.aspx>.

The other specialized jurisdictions are not legal entities (Natte kamer, Ondernemingskamer, Militaire kamer) but only chambers within the courts. There is no separate military court, but there is a military chamber in one of the district courts.

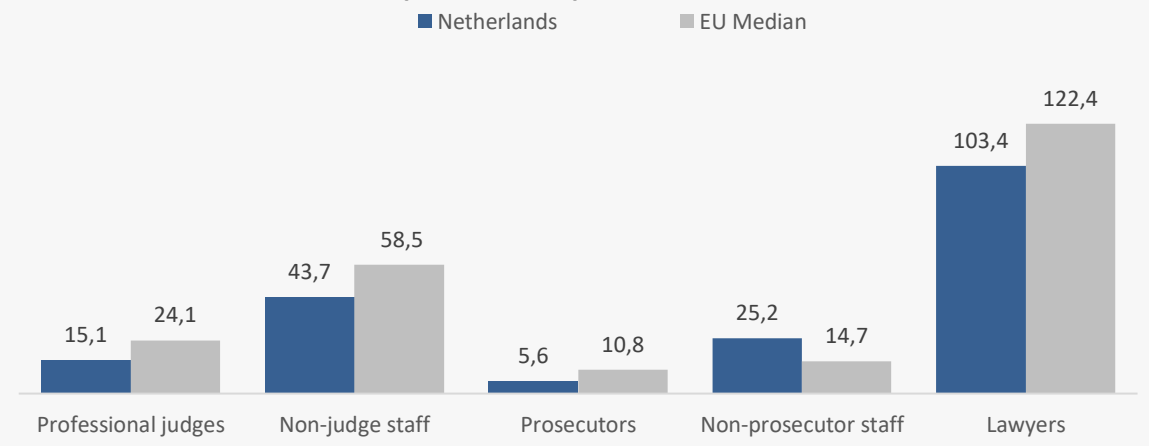
2. Professionals of justice in Netherlands (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 644	15,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	7 653	43,7	58,5
Prosecutors	976	5,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	4 412	25,2	14,7
Lawyers	18 108	103,4	122,4

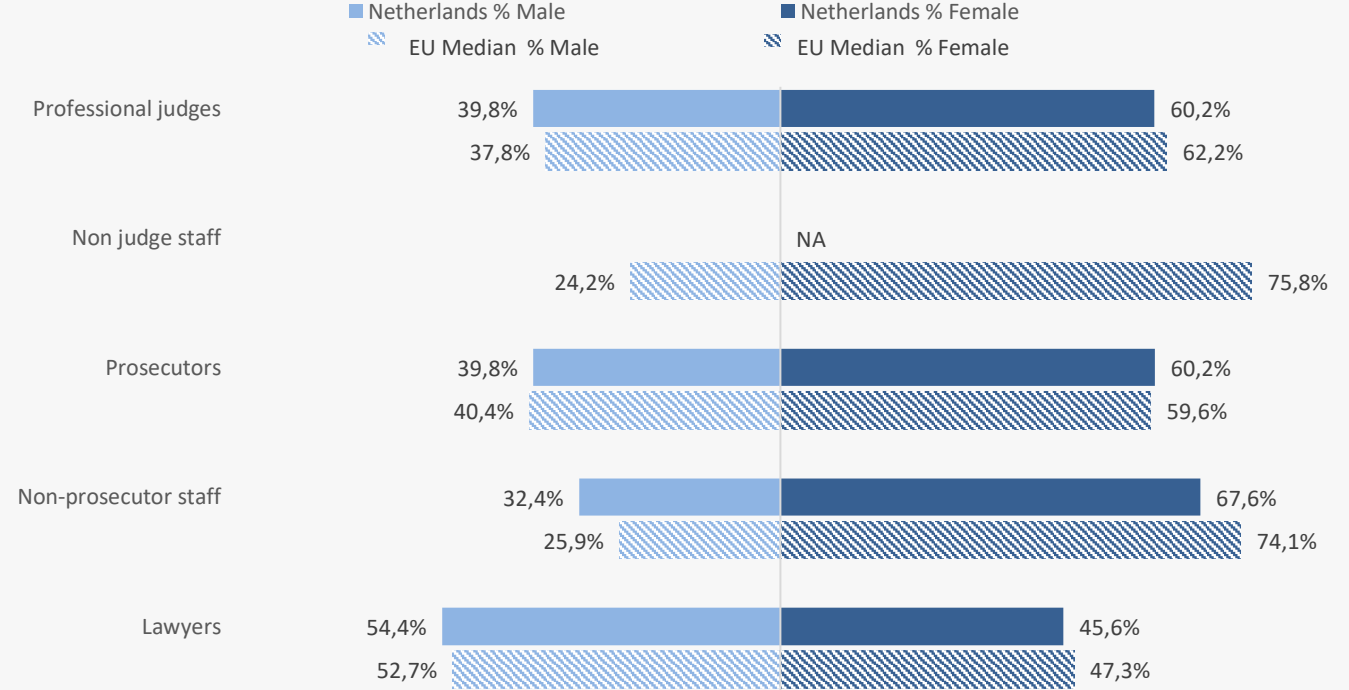
Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	39,8%	60,2%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	39,8%	60,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	32,4%	67,6%
Lawyers	54,4%	45,6%

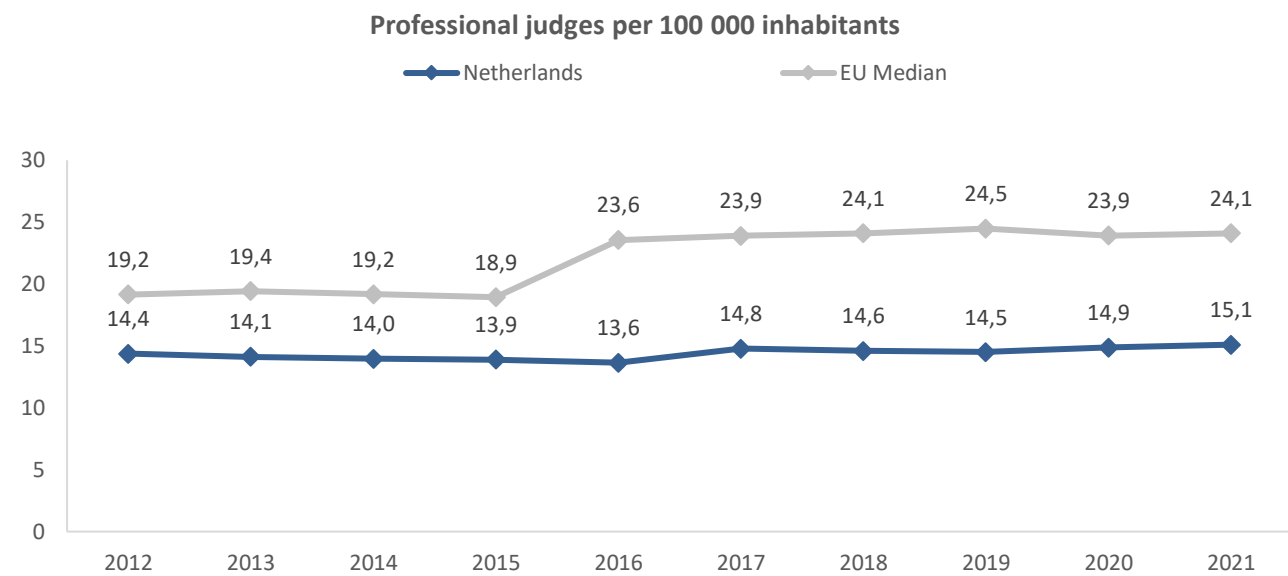
Judicial professionals: Gender balance



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	2 410	14,4
2013	2 378	14,1
2014	2 359	14,0
2015	2 357	13,9
2016	2 331	13,6
2017	2 538	14,8
2018	2 522	14,6
2019	2 523	14,5
2020	2 597	14,9
2021	2 644	15,1



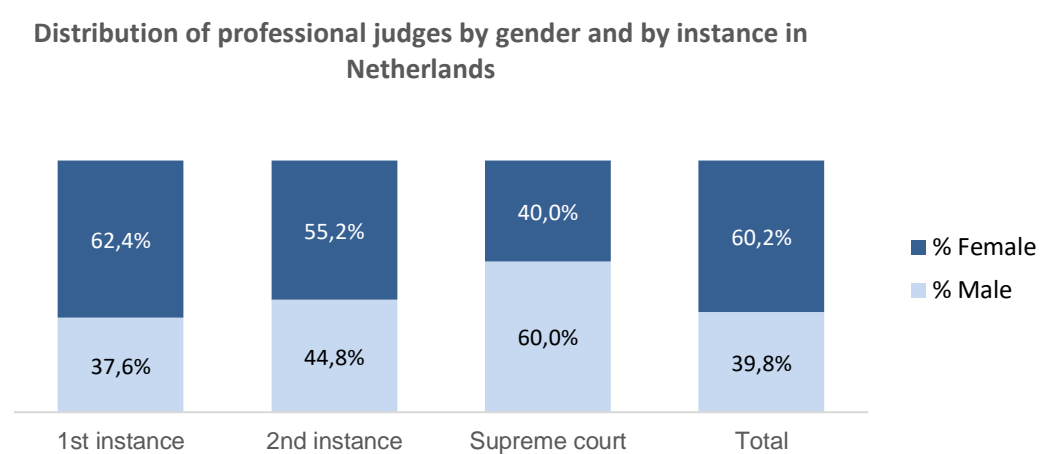
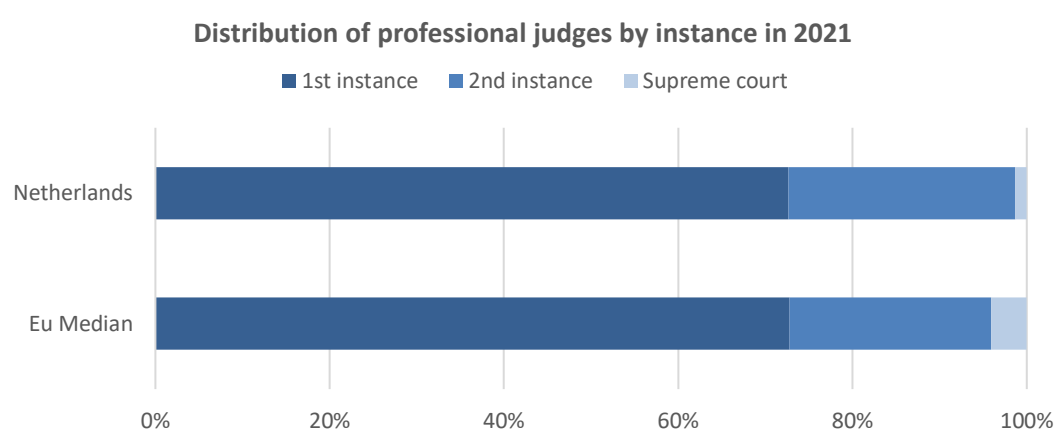
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in the Netherlands is 2 644, which is 1,8% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in the Netherlands, there are 15,10 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,89 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,86 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 921	72,7%	723	1 198	37,6%	62,4%
2nd instance	688	26,0%	308	380	44,8%	55,2%
Supreme court	35	1,3%	21	14	60,0%	40,0%
Total	2 644		1 052	1 592	39,8%	60,2%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 1 592, which represents 60,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 921 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 198 are Female); 688 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 380 are Female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 14 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a very similar trend is observed in 2021 in the Netherlands. At first instance, the value of the Netherlands constitutes the EU median. Second instance judges are more numerous in the Netherlands, while last instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that numbers correspond to posts filled, not FTE. The total number in FTE is 2416. In fact, the total FTE for first and second instance is available for 2021, but information in FTE is not available for the rest of the categories and the detail required could not be provided. For the Supreme court, FTE and posts filled are the same.

For all cycles, court presidents are taken into consideration in the figures.

Concerning the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances it should be highlighted that since 2020, a new methodology of presentation of data is used, allowing distinguishing between first and second instance for the specific group of judges who were previously all counted as first instance judges ('overig RA').

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at the Supreme court level.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 921	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	688	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	35	13	11	11	NAP
Total	2 644	NA	NA	NA	NA

In the Netherlands, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible, except at the level of the Supreme court.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

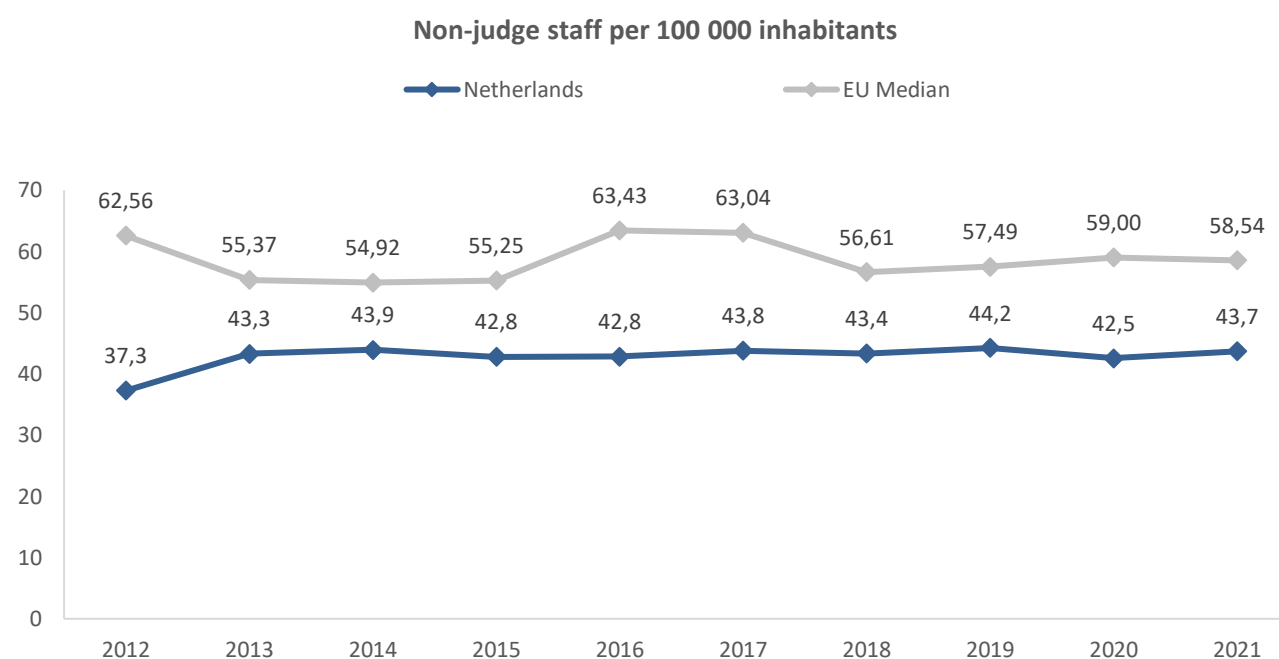
Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	37,1%	31,4%	31,4%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA

Judges often work on more than one case type. There is a large overlap, but in the administrative system, only one sector can be registered. Therefore, making a distinction would not be a fair reflection of the true situation and the information is not easily available. This comment does not generally apply to the Supreme court.

It is worth noticing that the 11 judges under the category 'Administrative' (Supreme Court) refer to the judges in the tax chamber of the Dutch Supreme Court. With regard to administrative law, the Dutch Supreme Court only handles tax cases and some social security cases. There is no third instance court for other administrative cases in the Netherlands.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Netherlands	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	6 252	37,3	62,6
2013	7 287	43,3	55,4
2014	7 422	43,9	54,9
2015	7 265	42,8	55,2
2016	7 317	42,8	63,4
2017	7 523	43,8	63,0
2018	7 492	43,4	56,6
2019	7 699	44,2	57,5
2020	7 435	42,5	59,0
2021	7 653	43,7	58,5



In 2021, the Netherlands has 7 653 non-judge staff (gender break down is not possible). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,9%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 42,5 in 2020 to 43,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 14,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 15,1 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	7 653	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NA	NA
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA

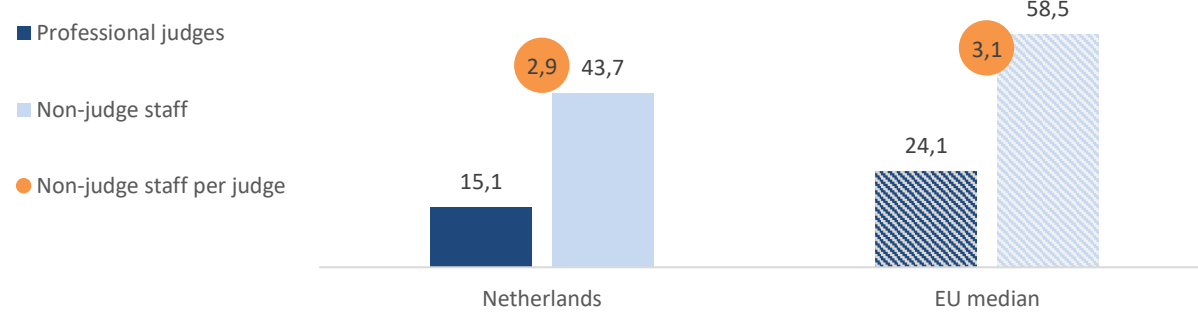
Only the total of non-judge staff working in courts is available.

Indeed, the Council of the Judiciary is not able to make a distinction between different types of non-judge staff working in courts. The Supreme Court can make a distinction for the number of non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges (FTE = 110), and staff in charge of different administrative tasks (FTE = 148). The first and second instance courts cannot (total FTE = 7395).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Netherlands	EU median
Professional judges	15,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	43,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,9	3,1

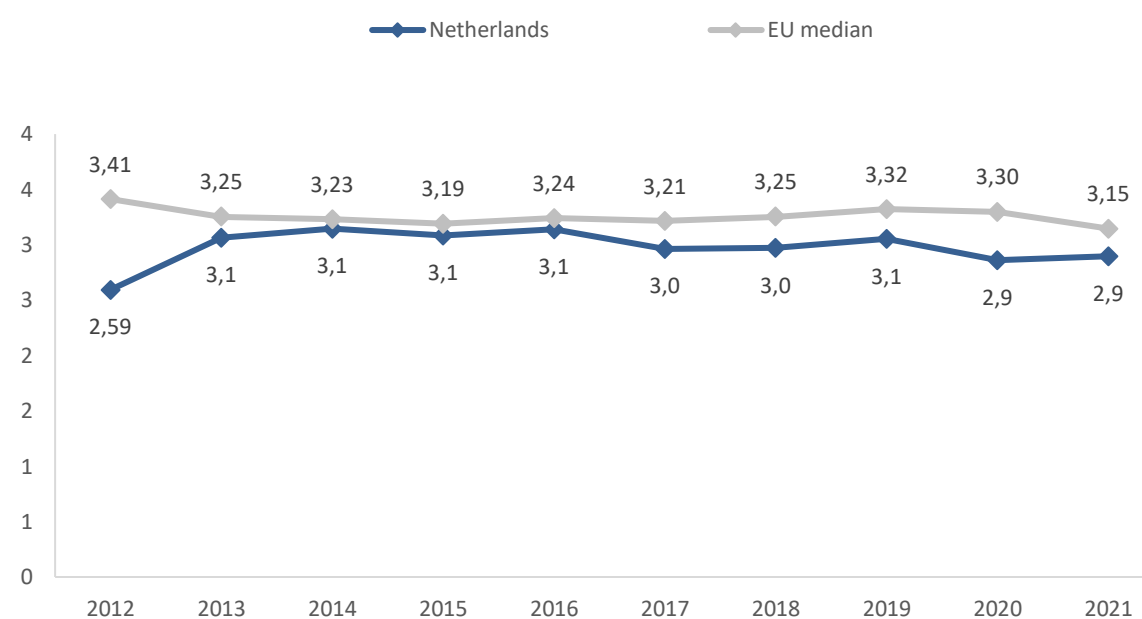
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.		Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	EU median
2012	14,4	37,3	2,59	3,4		
2013	14,1	43,3	3,1	3,3		
2014	14,0	43,9	3,1	3,2		
2015	13,9	42,8	3,1	3,2		
2016	13,6	42,8	3,1	3,2		
2017	14,8	43,8	3,0	3,2		
2018	14,6	43,4	3,0	3,3		
2019	14,5	44,2	3,1	3,3		
2020	14,9	42,5	2,9	3,3		
2021	15,1	43,7	2,9	3,1		

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

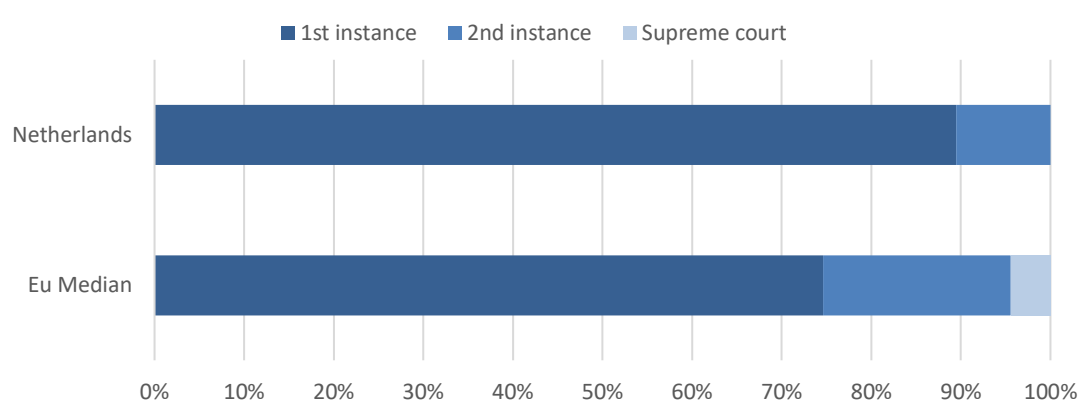


Public prosecutors

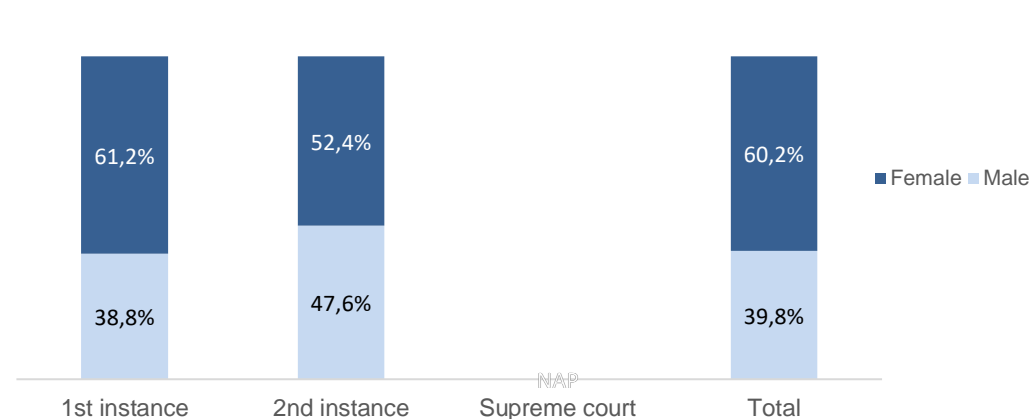
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	873	89,4%	339	534	38,8%	61,2%
2nd instance	103	10,6%	49	54	47,6%	52,4%
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	976		388	588	39,8%	60,2%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 588, which represents 60,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 873 in first instance (of which 534 are Female); and 103 are in second instance (of which 54 are Female).

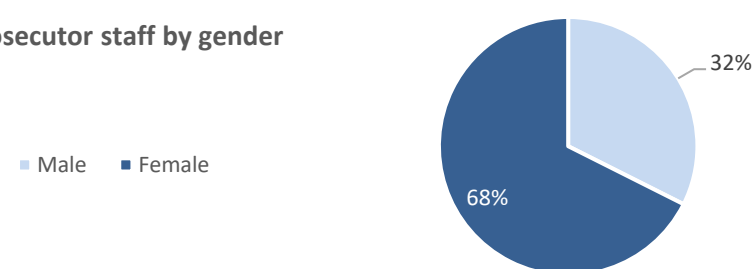
As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Netherlands presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Dutch Supreme Court does not have public prosecutors. The office of the Procurator General and Advocates-General at the Dutch Supreme Court is separate from the Dutch public prosecution and the Ministry of Justice. They have a different function.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at first as well as at the higher instance.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	4 412	1 430	2 982

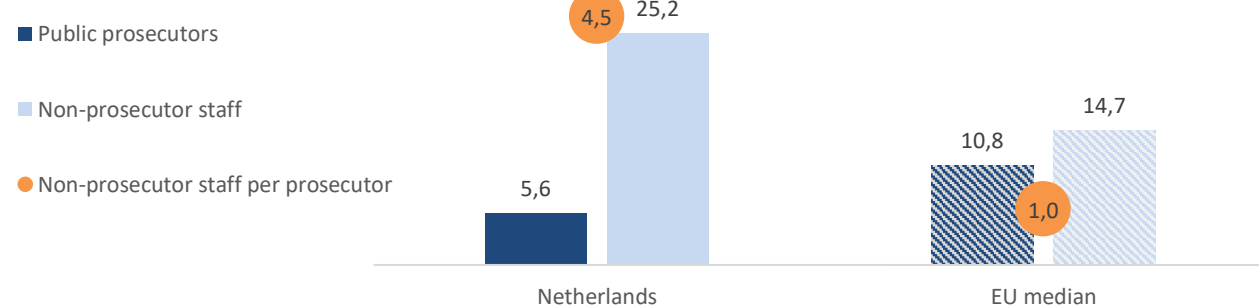
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

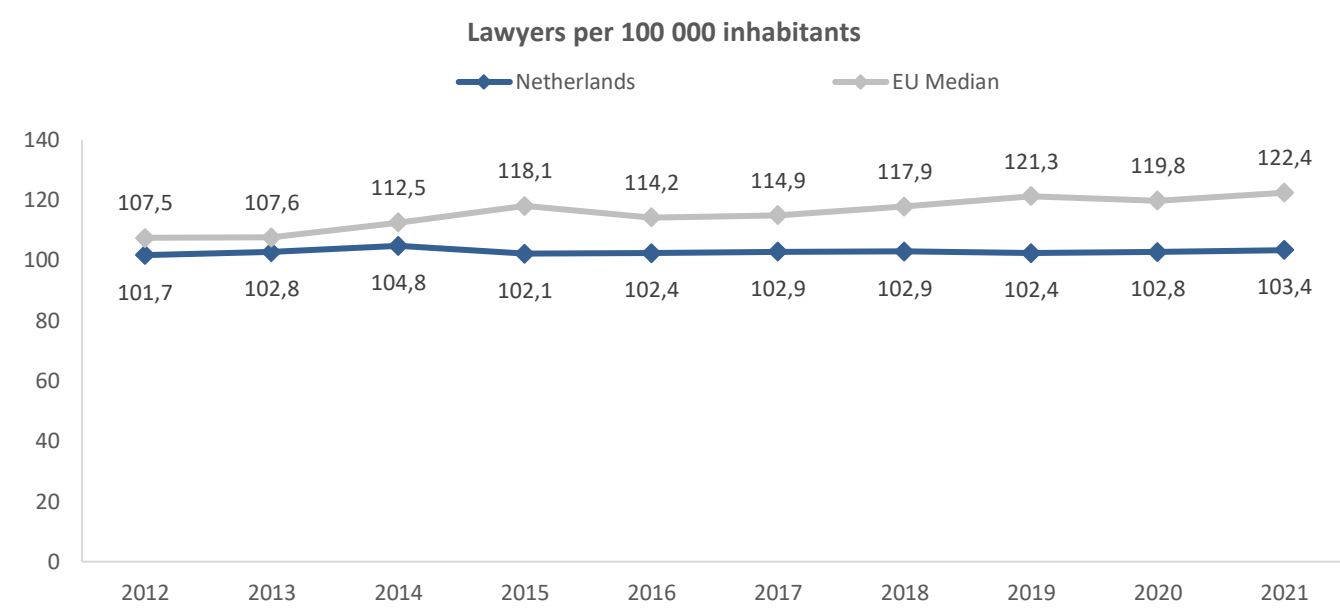
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Netherlands	EU median
Public prosecutors	5,6	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	25,2	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	4,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Netherlands	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	17 068	101,7	107,5
2013	17 298	102,8	107,6
2014	17 713	104,8	112,5
2015	17 343	102,1	118,1
2016	17 498	102,4	114,2
2017	17 672	102,9	114,9
2018	17 784	102,9	117,9
2019	17 829	102,4	121,3
2020	17 964	102,8	119,8
2021	18 108	103,4	122,4

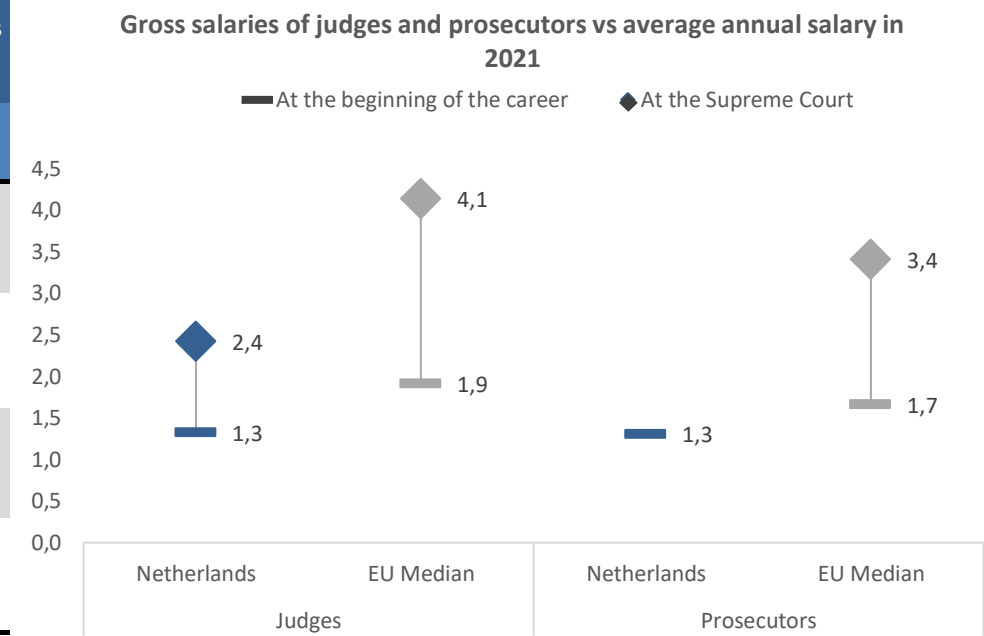


In 2021, there are 18 108 lawyers, which is 0,8% more than in 2020.
There are 8 252 female lawyers which is 46% of the total.

The Netherlands have 103,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Netherlands	Netherlands	Netherlands	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	85 440€	53 827€	1,3	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	155 799€	NA	2,4	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	84 351€	54 686€	1,3	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	NA	NA	NA	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in the Netherlands of 85 440€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,33 which is below the EU median of 1,91.

The salary of a judge / prosecutor 'at the beginning of career' refers to the one for a starting judge / prosecutor, after finalizing a training period of several years. During the training there is a fixed salary, lower than the salary of a fully functional judge / prosecutor.

The indicated salaries include a holiday stipend, as well as a 13th month.

In respect of public prosecutors, the numbers include a vacation stipend and a 13th month. There is no new collective labour agreement as of yet, so these numbers are the same as last year. As soon as a new agreement is reached, the salary may change retroactively.

As to the Supreme Court, the above amount is the average gross salary (11.163,63 euro per month) for a regular Supreme Court judge and includes a holiday allowance (8% of annual salary) and a so-called 13th month (8.3% of annual salary). Please refer to legislation (<https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0008365/2021-07-01>) on this subject as well as the salary scheme (<https://nvvr.org/uploads/documenten/Salaristabellen-RM-juli-2021.pdf>).

3. Legal aid and court fees in Netherlands (2021 data)

In Netherlands, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

It is noteworthy that the court fees are lower in respect of litigants with lower incomes.

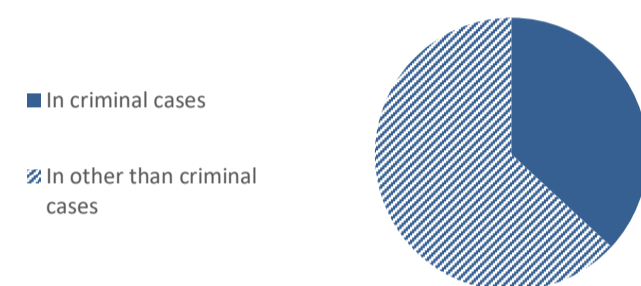
According to Article 12 of the Criminal law on prosecution (Wetboek van Strafvordering), legal aid applies to enforcement proceedings.

Legal aid can also be granted for the following costs: travel costs, interpreter and translation costs, administrative costs, medical expert costs in injury cases for which a special regulation exists.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

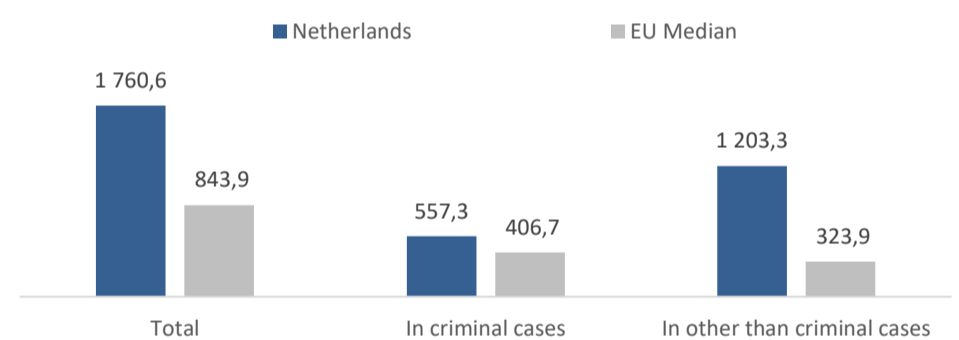
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	308 269	264 525	43 744
In criminal cases	97 580	97 580	NAP
In other than criminal cases	210 689	166 945	43 744

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Netherlands	EU Median
Total	1 760,6	843,9
In criminal cases	557,3	406,7
In other than criminal cases	1 203,3	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



In criminal matters, legal aid cannot be granted for cases not brought to court.

In the Netherlands there is a distinction between primary and secondary legal aid. Primary legal aid aims at solving judicial problems of citizen without necessarily going to court. There are, for example, Legal Service Counters, where people receive free legal advice on simple judicial problems. The provided figures relate to legal aid certificates. It is worth mentioning that besides legal aid certificates, the Legal Aid Board also provides stand-by duty lawyers. A subsidized lawyer visits each criminal suspect, alien or psychiatric patient who has been lawfully deprived of his liberty against his will. The bulk of such cases are criminal cases. These stand-by lawyers are part of the secondary legal aid system (and not of the primary system). However, the legal aid certificates and the assignment of stand-by duty lawyers are two different operating systems, with different payment methods. Cases (not brought to court) for which stand-by duty lawyers have been assigned are excluded, as these are not paid for with a legal aid certificate. Once a criminal case for which a stand-by duty lawyer was assigned is brought before the court, a legal aid certificate is given subsequently. Those certificates are included in Q20. Cases dealt with by Legal Service Counters are not counted.

The number of stand-by duty lawyers assigned was over the years are as follows: 110 000 (2010); 127 000 (2012), 126 000 (2014), 108 500 (2020), and 96 500 (2021).

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 40
- Actual average duration: 9

Many lawyers and mediators regarded the application for a legal aid certificate as burdensome and time-consuming, and the verification process as bureaucratic. Therefore, alternatives were considered to simplify the verification of applications and expense statements. The LAB introduced a High Trust method for dealing with the applications for certificates. It implies that the LAB, and lawyers and mediators work together based on transparency, trust and mutual understanding. High Trust involves greater compliance on the part of the legal profession, both as to administrative proceedings of rules, and working in accordance with the law, fixed procedures and support facilities such as Kenniswijzer (an online tool of the LAB with information about legislation, jurisprudence, and guidelines for the application of certificates). The LAB has developed specific tools for compliance assistance, such as information and instruction meetings, which are free of charge for lawyers and mediators under High Trust. The basic philosophy underlying High Trust is that trust among a larger group of people will more readily lead to positive cooperation and compliance than institutionalised distrust. In 2009, the Board started with its first High Trust pilot. Since 2011, the Board has been implementing High Trust across the country in phases. At the end of 2020, more than three quarters of the certificates are issued to lawyers and mediators who work based on the principles of High Trust. It has become easier for providers of legal aid to apply for certificates without having to send documents along with their applications. The Board grants the certificate shortly after assessing the client's eligibility for legal aid. The applications of the lawyers and mediators that work together with the Board according to High Trust are accepted automatically. This means that the client will very soon receive confirmation on whether or not the application has been granted. Verification takes place after the provider of legal aid has submitted the statement of expenses. There are two ways of verification: either verification based on a random sample, or verification on a one-on-one basis of certificates granted.

The maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation is 40 working days, 8 weeks. The maximum duration is based on a statutory law (Awb: General Administrative Law Act). However, this maximum only applies to approx. 20% of the applications. Around 80% of the applications fall under the High Trust regime, in which the application is granted automatically within 7 days (after the income and assets check with the tax authorities); in 2021 these automatically granted applications took on average 3 days. Around 20% of the applications do not fall under the High Trust regime. In 2021 it took on average 16 days to grant these applications.

4. Performance of courts in Netherlands (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

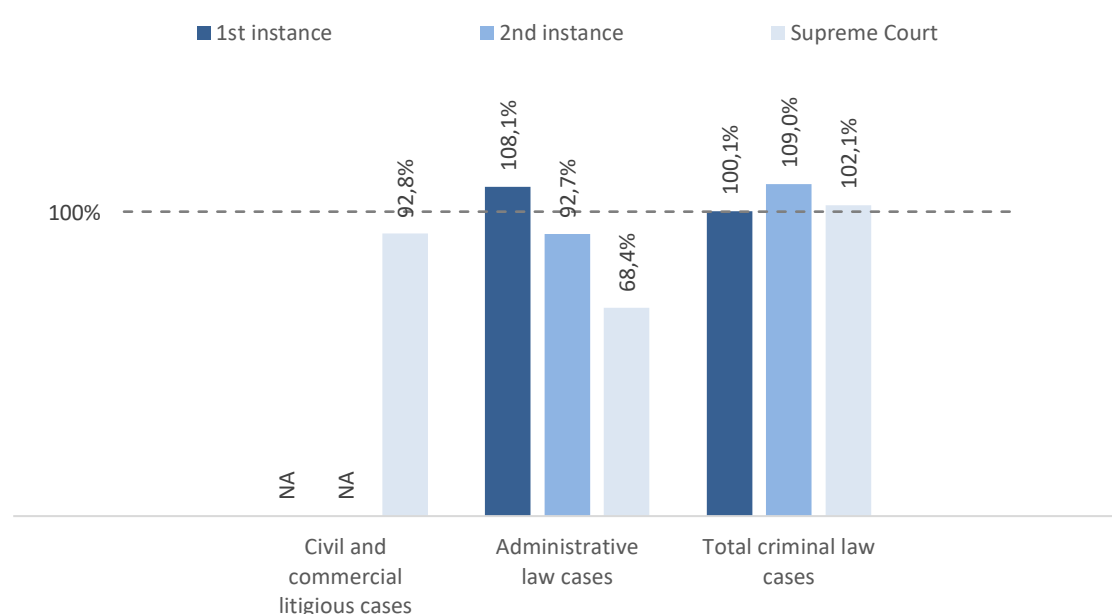
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

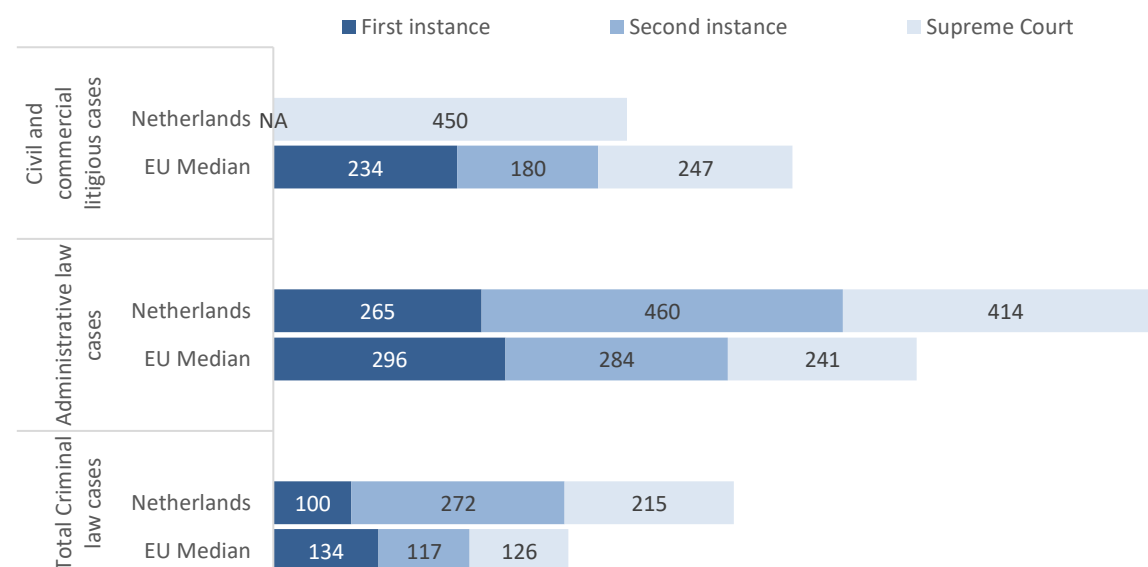
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	NA	102,5%	108,1%	101,7%	100,1%	100,0%
	2nd instance	NA	100,4%	92,7%	96,8%	109,0%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	92,8%	99,9%	68,4%	100,4%	102,1%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	234	265	296	100	134
	2nd instance	NA	180	460	284	272	117
	Supreme Court	450	247	414	241	215	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



At the outset, it should be mentioned that 2021 data on first and second instance civil litigious cases are partial and do not allow calculating the Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time indicators for these cases. On the one hand, data on first instance incoming and pending civil litigious cases became unavailable in 2021, only the number of resolved such cases being available. On the other hand, it is still not possible to differentiate between litigious and non-litigious civil cases at second instance. As to the Supreme court, it seems that it encountered some difficulties in 2021 in civil matters. Namely, the Clearance Rate remained below the 100% threshold, while the Disposition Time which value is considerably above the EU median, increased by 23 days since 2020.

In 2021, the total length of administrative proceedings, all instances considered together, was longer than the one of criminal proceedings, following the trend in the EU.

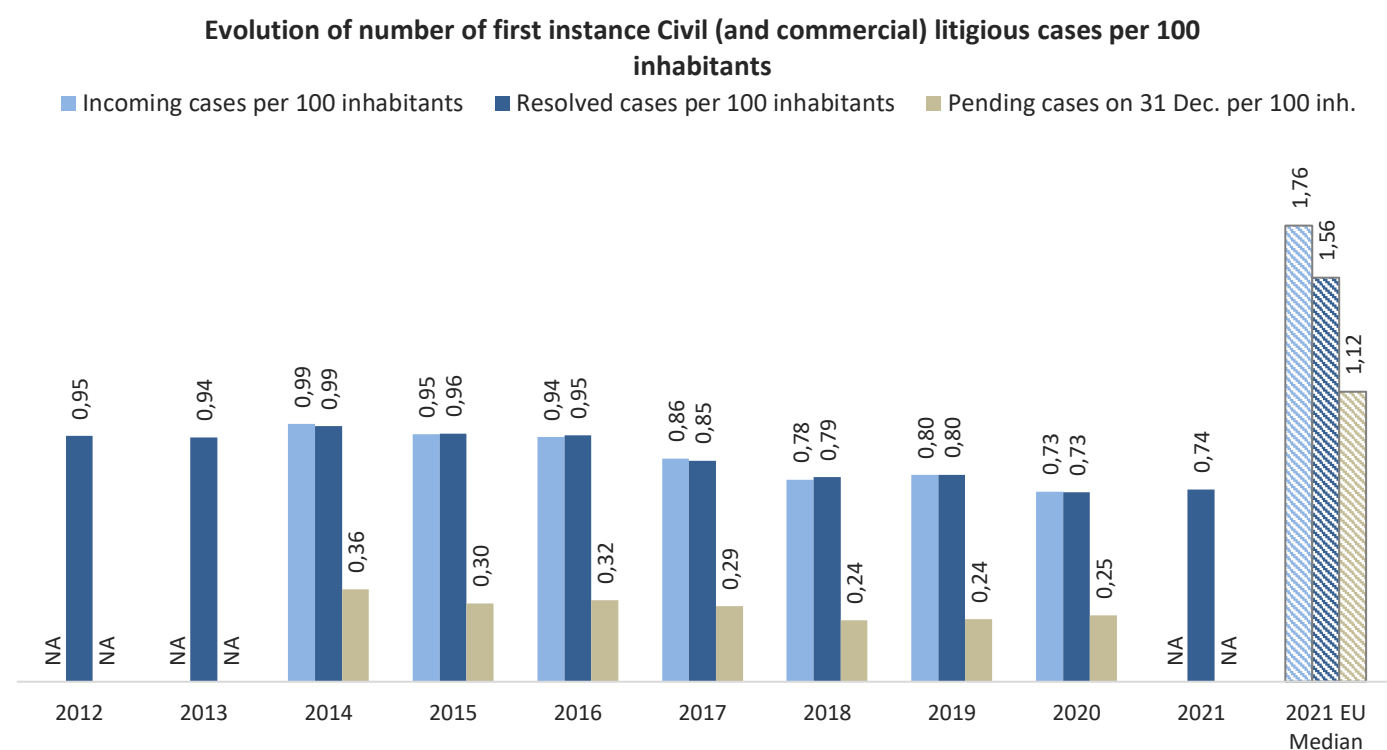
The analyses declined by instance show positive values for both indicators in respect of first instance administrative cases, in contrast with second and third instance administrative cases. It has been specified that the number of incoming second instance administrative law cases increased between 2020 and 2021, most probably due to the pandemic. This increase concerns especially appeals for tax cases. As to the Dutch Supreme Court, it is worth recalling here that it only handles tax cases and some social security cases. There is not third instance court for other administrative cases in the Netherlands.

In criminal matters, the Clearance Rate indicator is above the 100% threshold at all instances. As to the Disposition Time indicator, it is below the respective EU medians at first and third instance. At second instance, it remained above the EU median, but evolved positively between 2020 and 2021, decreasing by 22%.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	0,95	NA
2013	NA	0,94	NA
2014	0,99	0,99	0,36
2015	0,95	0,96	0,30
2016	0,94	0,95	0,32
2017	0,86	0,85	0,29
2018	0,78	0,79	0,24
2019	0,80	0,80	0,24
2020	0,73	0,73	0,25
2021	NA	0,74	NA
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



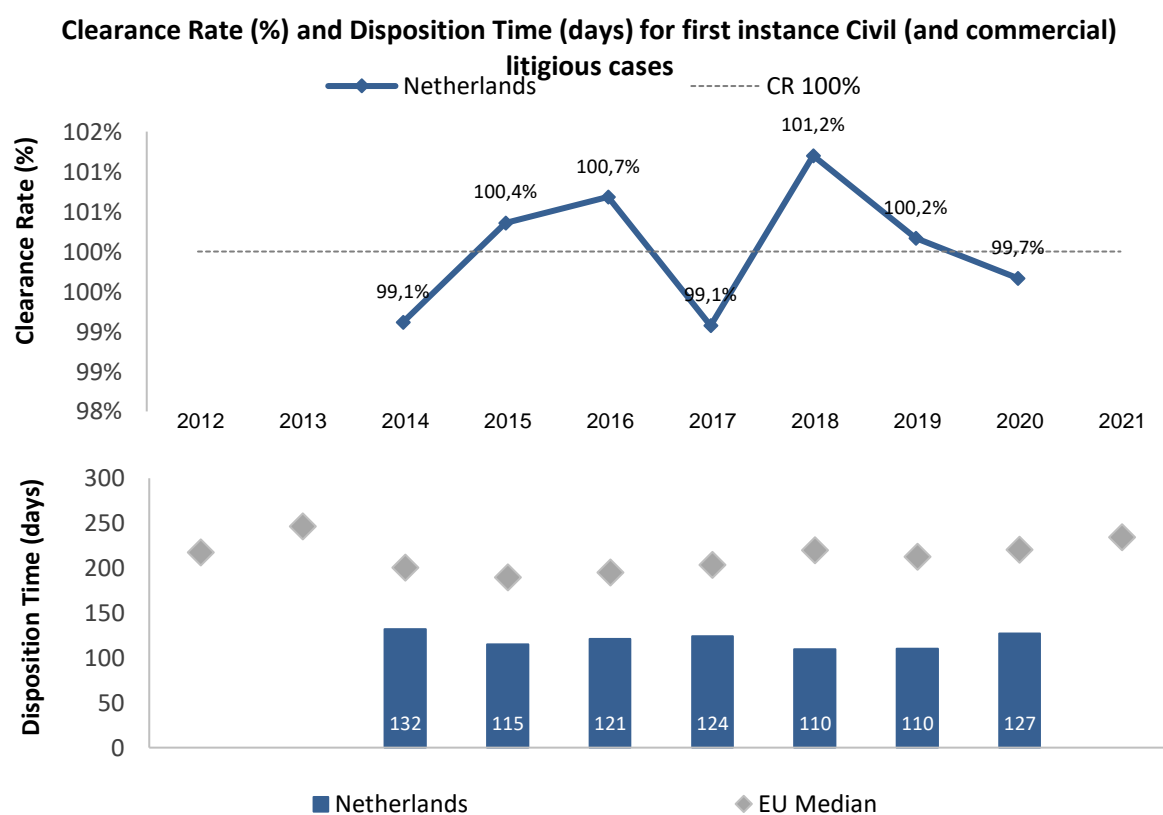
The data on incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases for Netherlands are not available.

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Netherlands (0,74 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The data on pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases for the Netherlands are not available.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	NA	100,4%	NA	218
2013	NA	101,2%	NA	247
2014	99,1%	101,8%	132	201
2015	100,4%	102,3%	115	190
2016	100,7%	102,0%	121	196
2017	99,1%	101,3%	124	204
2018	101,2%	101,2%	110	220
2019	100,2%	99,9%	110	213
2020	99,7%	98,5%	127	221
2021	NA	102,5%	NA	234



The Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time indicators cannot be calculated for 2021 in respect of first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

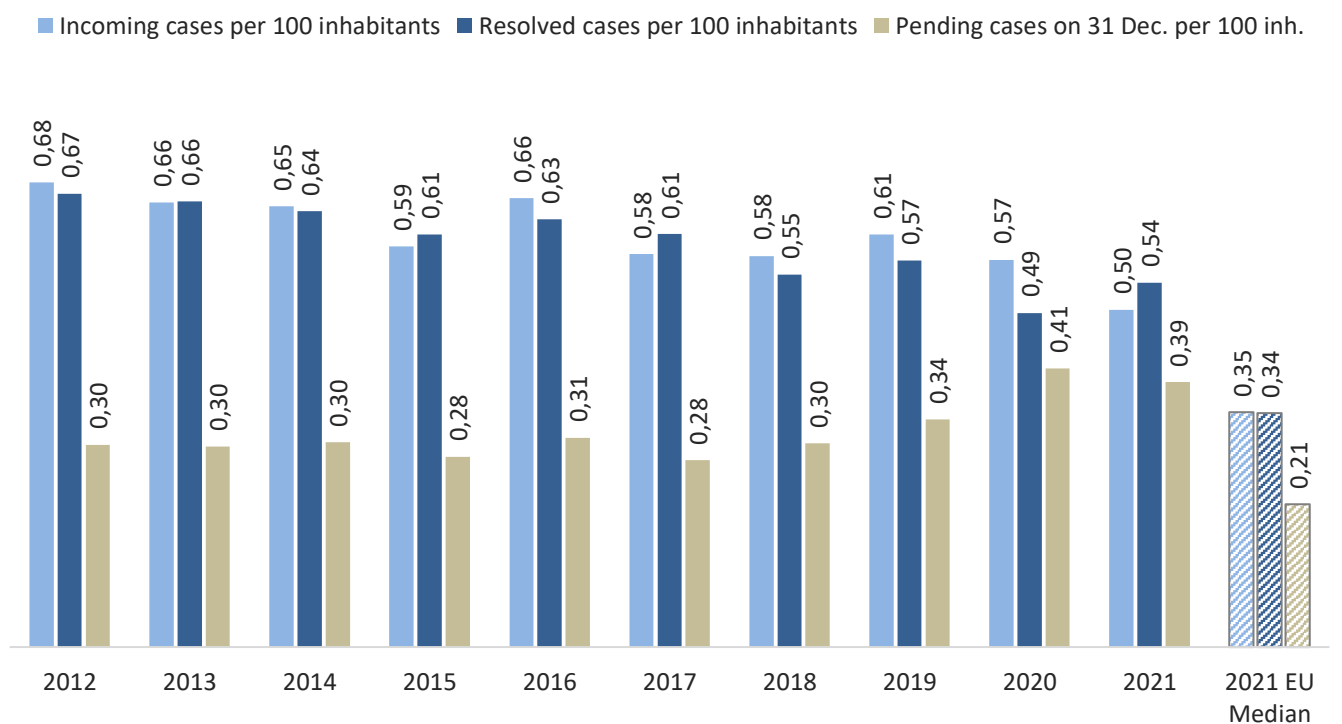
In fact, for previous years, data on number of incoming and pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases were available, but not for 2021. The Judiciary has decided on a different norm for one of the components needed for these numbers, so the latter are no longer available.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,68	0,67	0,30
2013	0,66	0,66	0,30
2014	0,65	0,64	0,30
2015	0,59	0,61	0,28
2016	0,66	0,63	0,31
2017	0,58	0,61	0,28
2018	0,58	0,55	0,30
2019	0,61	0,57	0,34
2020	0,57	0,49	0,41
2021	0,50	0,54	0,39
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (0,50 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

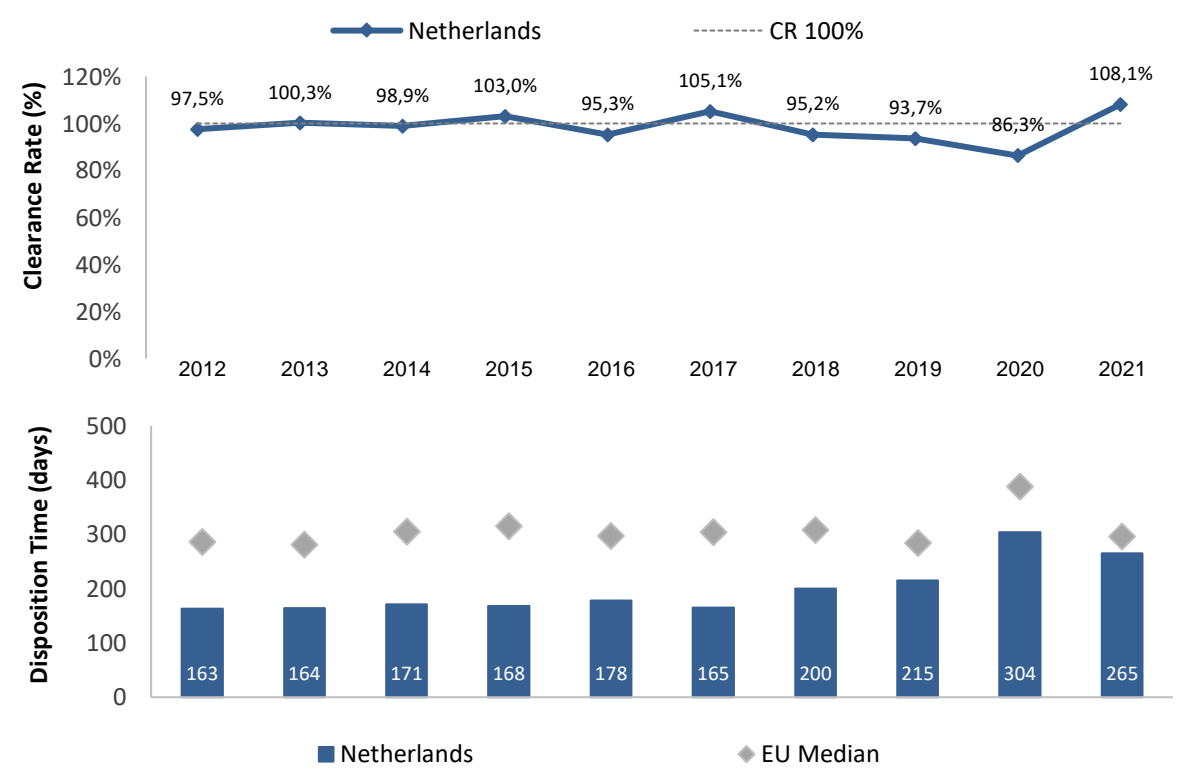
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (0,54 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Netherlands (0,39 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	97,5%	101,0%	163	286
2013	100,3%	100,3%	164	281
2014	98,9%	99,6%	171	305
2015	103,0%	103,7%	168	315
2016	95,3%	103,0%	178	297
2017	105,1%	102,1%	165	303
2018	95,2%	99,7%	200	308
2019	93,7%	102,1%	215	284
2020	86,3%	100,1%	304	388
2021	108,1%	101,7%	265	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 108,1% in 2021 Netherlands seems to be able to deal with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 21,8 points.

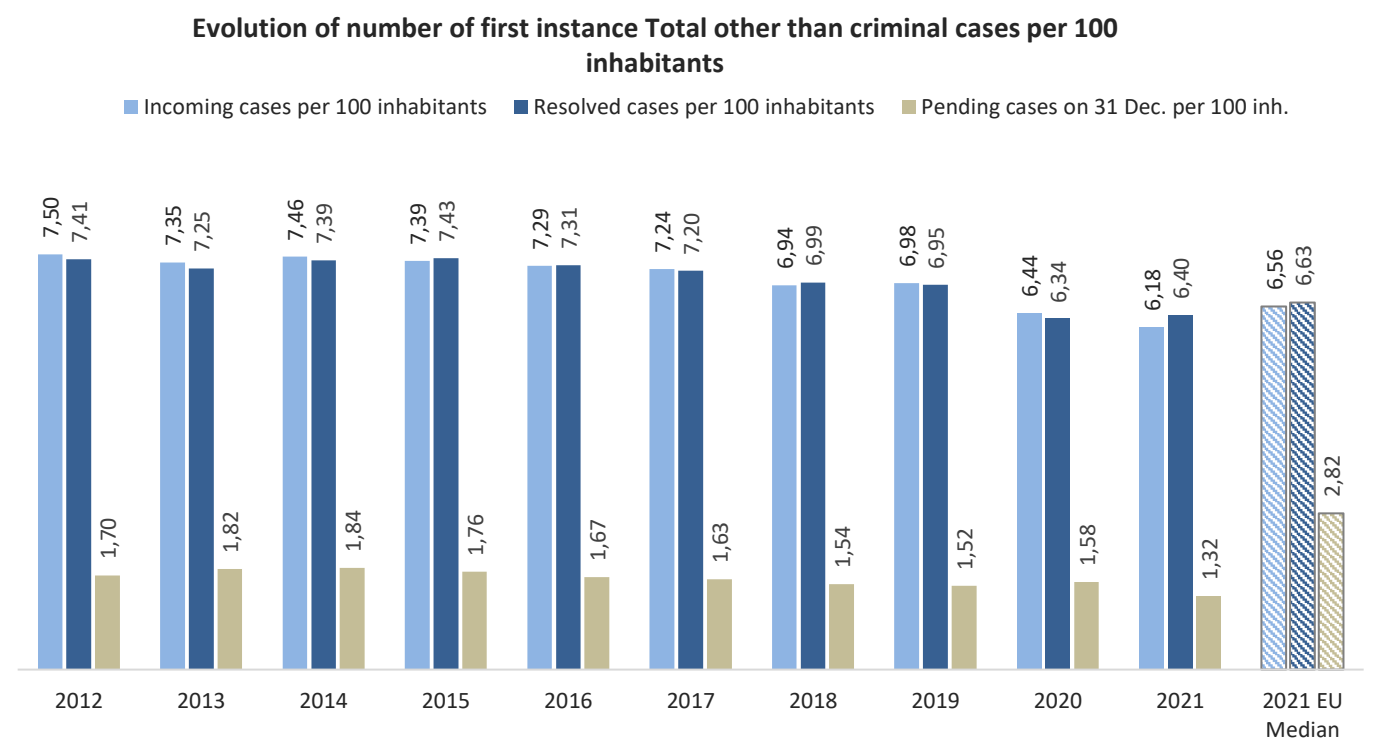
In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 265 days, which is slightly below the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -12,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	7,50	7,41	1,70
2013	7,35	7,25	1,82
2014	7,46	7,39	1,84
2015	7,39	7,43	1,76
2016	7,29	7,31	1,67
2017	7,24	7,20	1,63
2018	6,94	6,99	1,54
2019	6,98	6,95	1,52
2020	6,44	6,34	1,58
2021	6,18	6,40	1,32
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



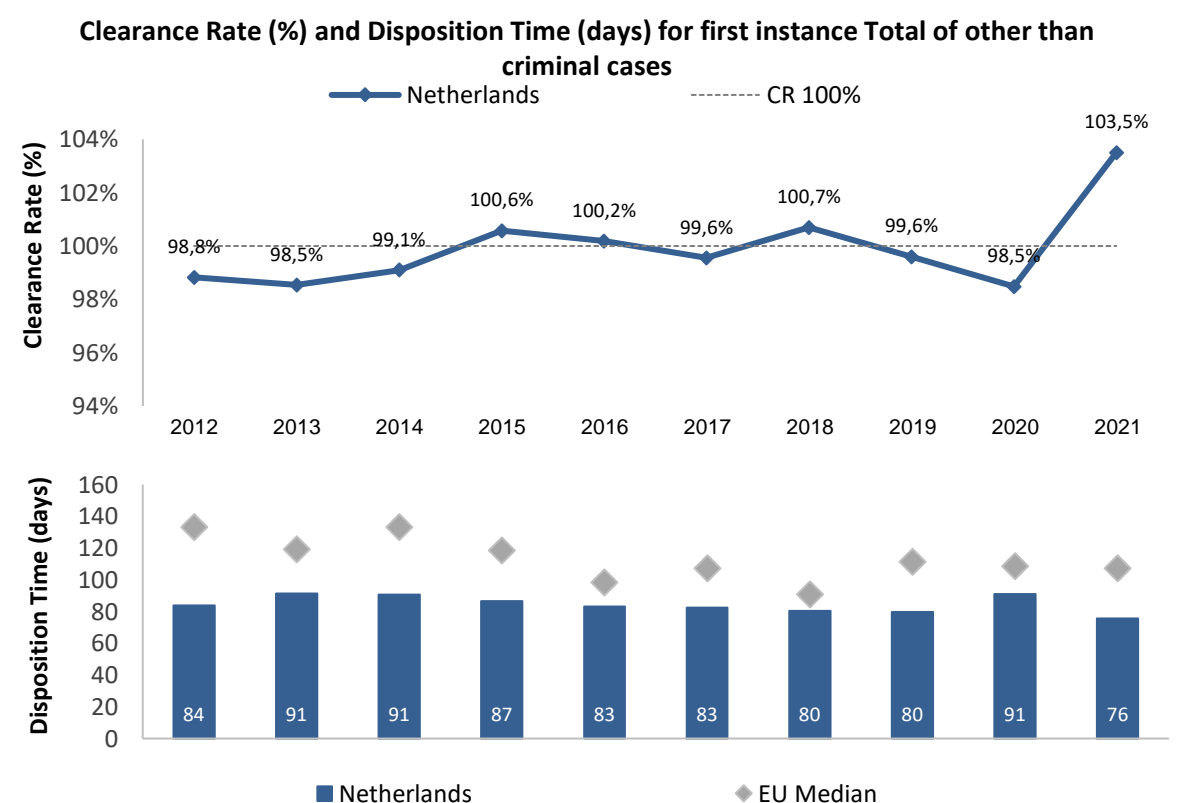
The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (6,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (6,40 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in the Netherlands (1,32 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	98,8%	100,5%	84	133
2013	98,5%	100,7%	91	119
2014	99,1%	101,9%	91	133
2015	100,6%	101,0%	87	119
2016	100,2%	101,5%	83	98
2017	99,6%	100,6%	83	107
2018	100,7%	100,6%	80	91
2019	99,6%	99,8%	80	111
2020	98,5%	98,7%	91	109
2021	103,5%	101,2%	76	107



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,5% in 2021 the Netherlands seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,0 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 76 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -17,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

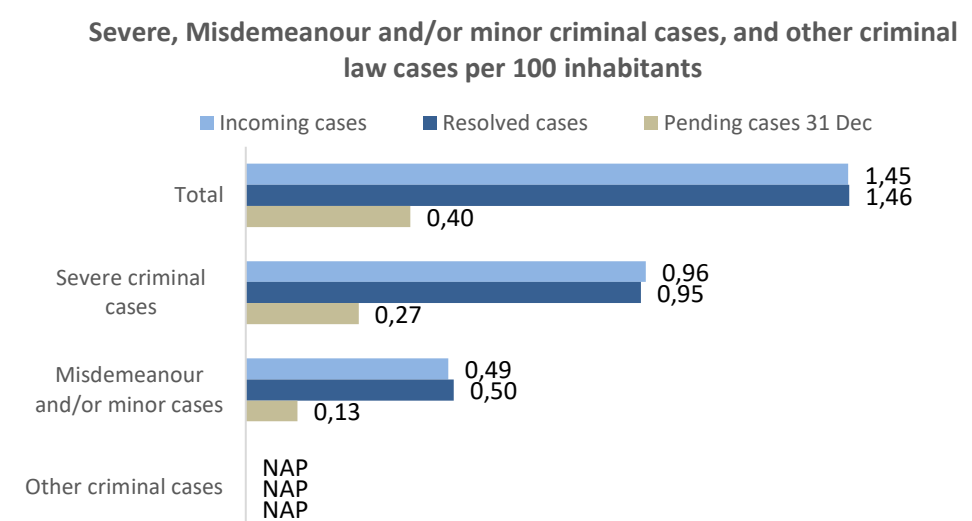
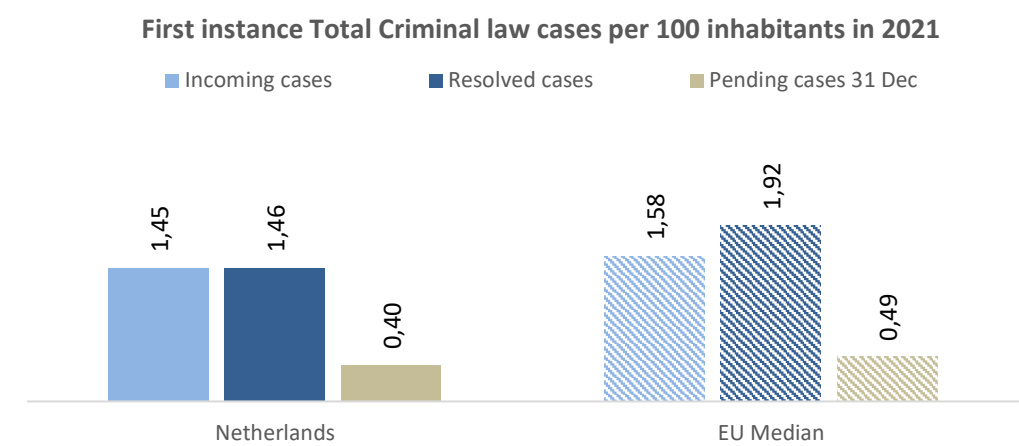
For all cycles, the Netherlands could not provide data on number of insolvency cases.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	254 503	254 775	69 599
Severe criminal cases	NA	168 896	166 875	47 680
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	85 607	87 900	21 919
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,45	1,46	0,40
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,96	0,95	0,27
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	0,49	0,50	0,13
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (1,45 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

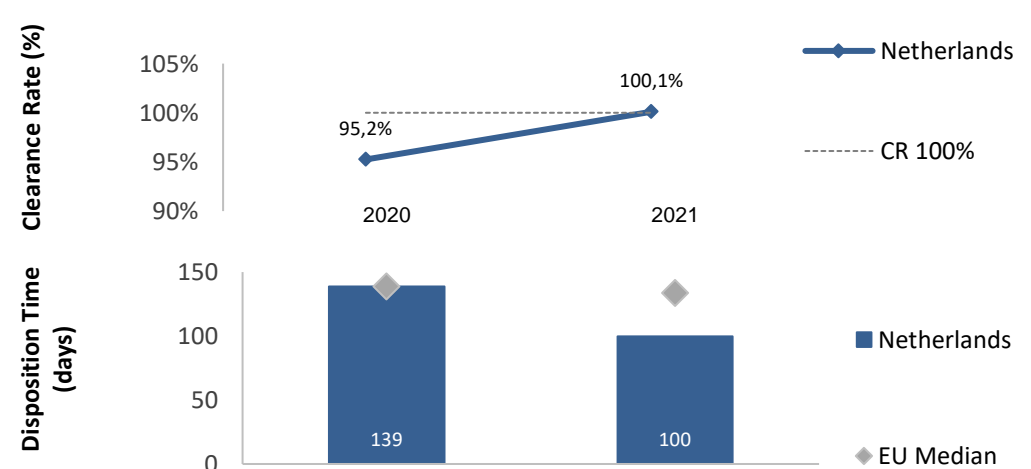
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in the Netherlands (1,46 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in the Netherlands (0,40 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Netherlands	EU Median	Netherlands	EU Median
2020	95,2%	95,2%	139	139
2021	100,1%	100,0%	100	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,1% in 2021 the Netherlands seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,9 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 100 days, which is somewhat below the EU median of 134 days.

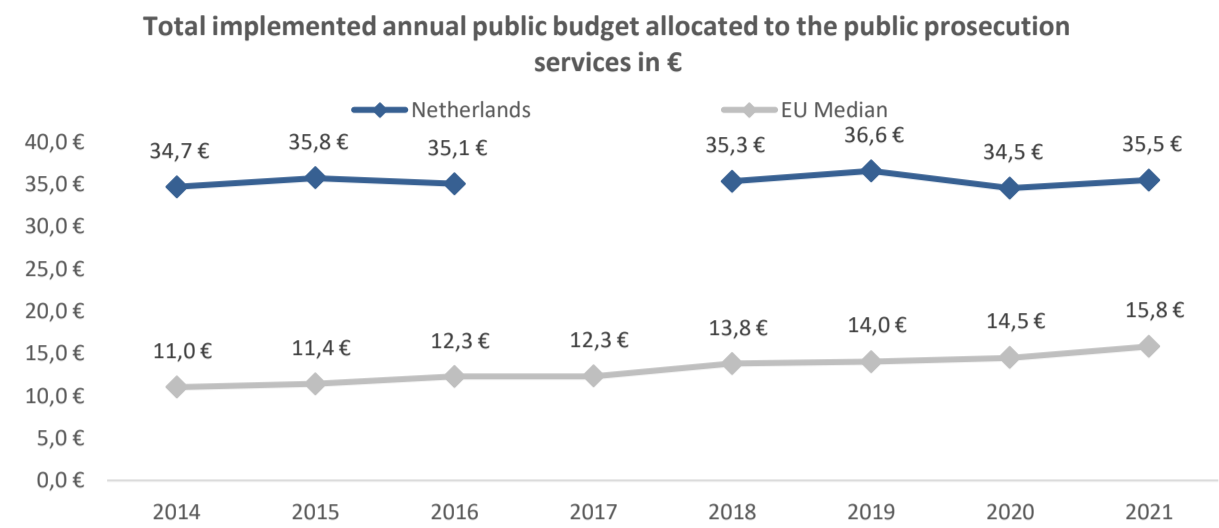
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -28,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Minor offences are mainly traffic offences (speeding tickets, running red lights), petty theft, vagrancy, littering, etc. Severe offences refer for example to driving while drunk, grand theft, violent crimes, vice, drugs/narcotics etc.

5. Public prosecution services in Netherlands (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

	Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Per inhabitant	
		Absolute Number Netherlands	EU Median
2014	586 562 000 €	34,7 €	11,0 €
2015	607 219 000 €	35,8 €	11,4 €
2016	598 708 000 €	35,1 €	12,3 €
2017	NA	NA	12,3 €
2018	610 915 000 €	35,3 €	13,8 €
2019	636 963 000 €	36,6 €	14,0 €
2020	603 770 000 €	34,5 €	14,5 €
2021	621 331 000 €	35,5 €	15,8 €



The source concerning data on implemented budget is the annual financial report on the state expenditure. The budget for public prosecution services includes justice expenses in criminal cases, namely all kinds of cost types (e.g. wiretaps, interpreters, compensations for witnesses). The budget allocated to training of public prosecution services is not registered separately in the budget report. The public prosecution services do have budget reserved for training, but that is for the entire public prosecution services and not just for public prosecutors. Regarding the public prosecutors, the services takes part in the training institute of the Rechtspraak, and pays a yearly fee for that.

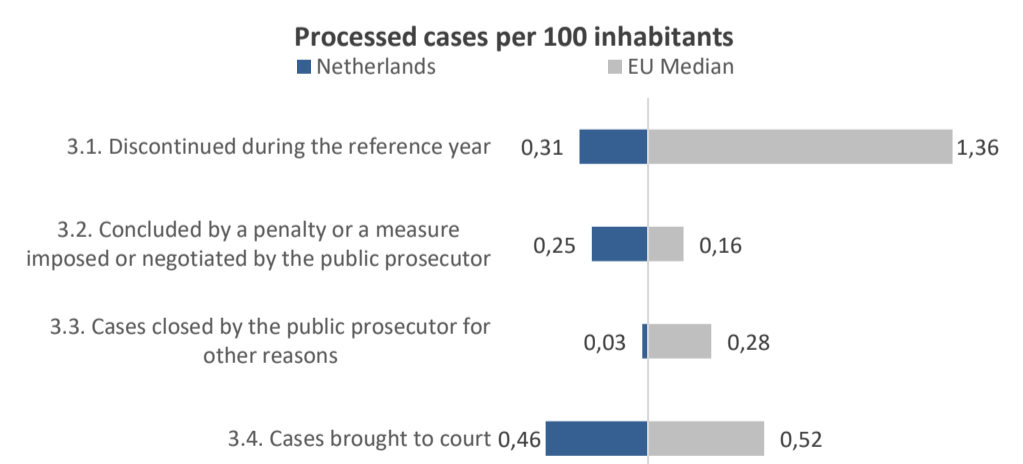
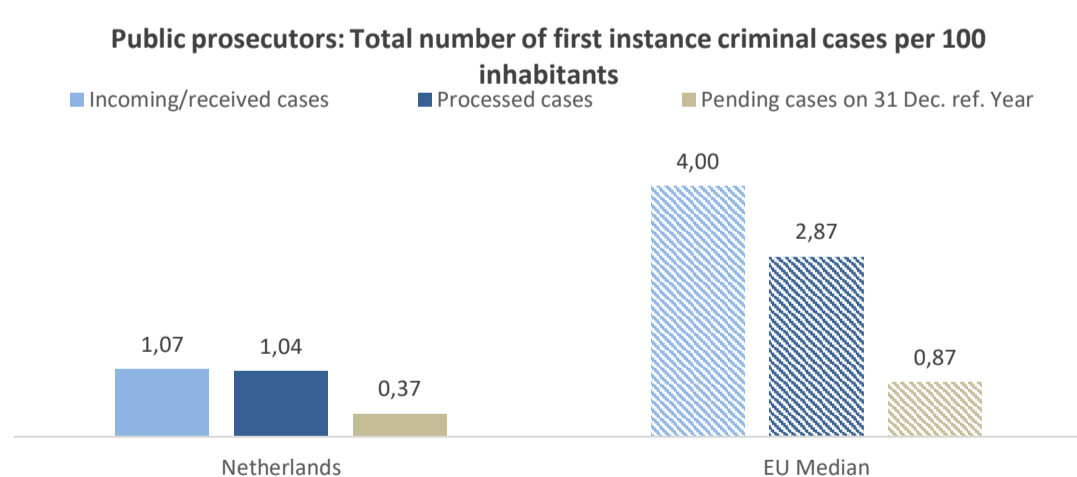
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Netherlands	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Netherlands	EU Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	53 393	▼ -27,7%	0,30	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	187 200	▲ 1,2%	1,07	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	182 100	▲ 1,4%	1,04	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	53 600	▼ -2,7%	0,31	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	40 000	▲ 0,5%	0,23	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	13 600	▼ -11,1%	0,08	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	44 000	▼ -1,6%	0,25	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	4 600	▲ 17,9%	0,03	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	79 900	▲ 5,4%	0,46	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	64 506	▲ 8,8%	0,37	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The number of pending cases at the end of the year cannot equal pending cases at the start of the year + incoming cases – processed cases, because a specific type of case can only be counted in the stock when the file has been judged, not when it is pending. This concerns criminal cases where an order is given, but the case is then returned because the order cannot be executed. This specific case type return to the stock, but cannot be measured in the system the public prosecution uses. Once those cases are assessed again and stream out, they become visible in the numbers in the system.

Pending cases are cases that are yet to be judged and for which a hearing has to be planned. Cases for which the hearing has been planned, are not included in this number. The way in which pending cases are counted changed in August 2020, before that time a large number of cases were included that had already been dealt with administratively. Those cases are now excluded from the number of pending cases, which explains the difference in numbers between pending cases in January 2020 and pending cases in January 2021.



7. ICT tools of courts in Netherlands (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes	NA	NA
Simple dictation tools	Yes	NA	NA
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes	NA	NA
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No

The tool 'Schrijfhulp' ('Writing Assistance') e.g. helps people write a response to a summons. Templates for the courts are approved centrally, so if they are available, they would be available for all courts, but no specific information is available.

In some courtrooms, sound is recorded to an SD-card. This is solely to assist in reporting, it is not a product in itself. The level of automation/comperization differs between courts and types of courts, which makes it difficult to report on how often and how much voice-recording tools are used. Voice recognition is not used.

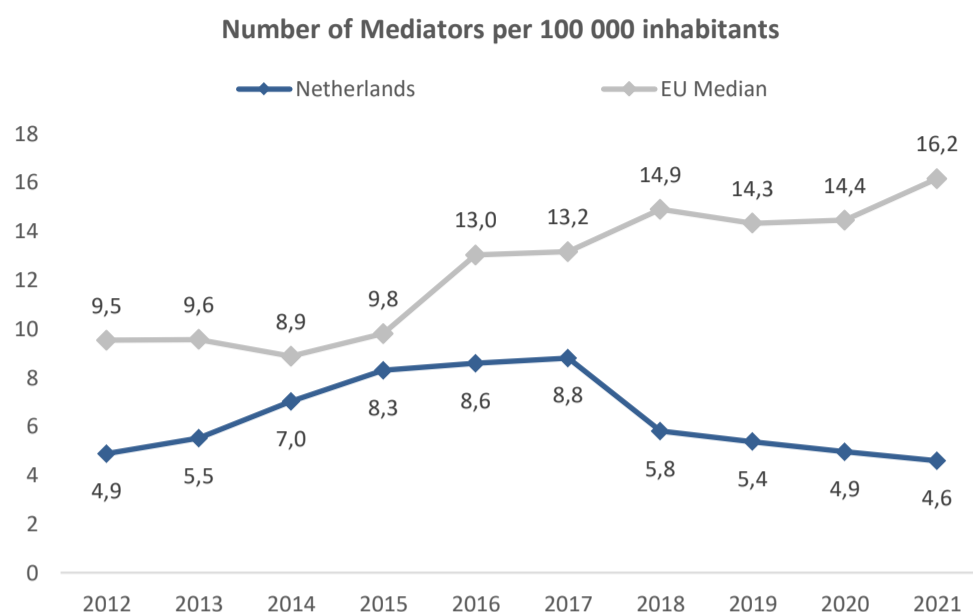
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No
Justice expenses management	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP
Other	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	No	-	-	-
Prosecutors	No	-	-	-
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	No	-	-	-

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Netherlands (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Netherlands	Netherlands	EU Median
2012	820	4,9	9,5
2013	927	5,5	9,6
2014	1187	7,0	8,9
2015	1409	8,3	9,8
2016	1466	8,6	13,0
2017	1511	8,8	13,2
2018	1002	5,8	14,9
2019	935	5,4	14,3
2020	865	4,9	14,4
2021	803	4,6	16,2



In 2021, there are 803 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 4,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -7,2%.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	2 015	1 936	1 266
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	787	749	624
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

A total of 65,4% of finished mediations ended in a settlement (either completely, or partially).

For criminal cases, 83,3% of the finished mediations ended in a settlement (either completely or partially).

<https://jaarverslagrechtspraak.nl/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2022/05/Jaarverslag-Rechtspraak-2021.pdf#page=56>

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Netherlands (2021 data)

In the Netherlands, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

There are quality standards that are measured by annual statistical figures per individual court. Examples are the scores of customer satisfaction surveys, the percentage of cases judged by three instead of one judge, and case processing times (the so called 'Kengetallen gerechten'). The Team Judicial Quality (TJK, Team Juridische Kwaliteit) studies topics in a thematic manner, on a structural basis. A team of public prosecutors participates in TJK and assesses the judicial work of colleagues in a structured and systemic way. There is often a baseline assessment, as well as a follow-up, sometimes a second follow-up. The assessment framework is adjusted if necessary. See also www.tweedekamer.nl/kamerstukken/detail?id=2018D52900&did=2018D52900. There are professional standards too, developed to show what 'good justice' entails. These standards are publically available on the website of the Judiciary. See <https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Organisatie-en-contact/Rechtspraak-in-Nederland/Rechters/Paginas/De-professionele-standaarden-van-de-rechters.aspx>.

With regard to courts there are staff members (policy officers) within the offices that coordinate the quality in that office.

In respect of public prosecution services, at the head office of the public prosecution (Parket-General), there is personnel responsible for producing, implementing, evaluating and auditing quality measures. These are the TJQ, Team Processes and Information (standard processes and procedures) and the Scientific Bureau OM (national guidelines and policy regulations).

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✔
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✔	Other	✘

In Netherlands, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Along with monthly reports and quarterly reports, there are annual reports which are more thorough and elaborate.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✘	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✔
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✘
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✔	Other	✘

It should be mentioned that satisfaction is recorded, but there are no immediate consequences for courts if satisfaction is low.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

However, this is not a 'hard' rule; the outcomes of the evaluation do not directly influence the allocation of resources in the next years.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In the Netherlands, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Along with the monthly and quarterly reports, there are annual reports which are more thorough and elaborate.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	17 181 084	17 282 163	17 407 585	17 475 415	17 509 672	4,4%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	38 236	38 255	39 313	39 937	41 258	42 578	45 052	46 883	45 900	49 100	28,4%	7,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									False	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	True		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									True	True		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True			
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False			
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False			
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False			
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False			
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True			
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False			
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True			
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									True	True			
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False			
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)													
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	19	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-42,1%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	200,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	100,0%	100,0%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	100,0%	100,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	34	-	3,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	60	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	42	43	-28,3%	2,4%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	279 460	287 474	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	51 794	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	204 372	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	48 010	50 084	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 840	NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 258 187	1 237 427	1 260 111	1 253 987	1 245 537	1 243 209	1 199 579	1 214 258	1 124 792	1 082 103	-14,0%	-3,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	168 127	161 950	161 171	147 954	134 710	138 752	128 180	NA	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	982 142	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	896 895	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	991 752	971 332	995 731	965 230	969 669	896 895	NA	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	114 930	110 273	109 842	100 285	113 034	99 524	99 629	105 837	99 717	87 030	-24,3%	-12,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 243 457	1 219 381	1 248 701	1 261 182	1 247 910	1 237 649	1 207 954	1 209 419	1 107 740	1 119 962	-9,9%	1,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	159 165	158 722	166 639	162 533	162 270	146 581	136 326	138 986	127 753	129 831	-18,4%	1,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	973 447	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	893 907	896 026	-	0,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	972 185	950 102	NA	995 325	977 958	986 489	976 807	971 301	893 907	896 026	-7,8%	0,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	112 107	110 557	108 615	103 324	107 682	104 579	94 821	99 132	86 080	94 105	-16,1%	9,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	285 340	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	279 950	266 100	264 130	276 260	231 932	-18,7%	-16,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	60 160	51 211	53 826	49 944	40 981	41 905	44 560	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	198 990	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	159 930	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	200 799	178 174	182 716	173 279	163 855	159 930	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	50 010	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	47 290	51 846	58 370	71 770	68 380	36,7%	-4,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,8%	98,5%	99,1%	100,6%	100,2%	99,6%	100,7%	99,6%	98,5%	103,5%	4,67	5,01
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	100,4%	100,7%	99,1%	101,2%	100,2%	99,7%	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,5%	100,3%	98,9%	103,0%	95,3%	105,1%	95,2%	93,7%	86,3%	108,1%	10,59	21,81	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	84	91	91	87	83	83	80	80	91	76	-9,8%	-17,0%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	132	115	121	124	110	110	127	NA	-	-	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	75	74	66	68	65	62	65	NA	-	-	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	74	66	68	65	62	65	NA	-	-	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	163	164	171	168	178	165	200	215	304	265	62,9%	-12,8%	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---	---

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 118	6 200	5 757	5 827	5 332	5 018	4 539	4 648	4 147	4 588	-25,0%	10,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	4 676	4 689	3 897	3 289	3 752	2 720	2 117	1 801	2 060	1 872	-60,0%	-9,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 910	26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			14 350	14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 463	27 845	29 324	25 706	23 500	23 008	19 363	23 172	-	19,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			12 419	13 853	14 904	12 266	10 701	10 632	8 172	11 261	-	37,8%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			27 979	26 482	29 263	26 236	24 992	23 506	21 232	22 315	-	5,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			12 586	12 925	15 349	12 132	11 593	10 630	9 686	10 435	-	7,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 110	27 510	27 932	27 980	27 940	27 510	24 530	24 855	-	1,3%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			14 180	15 110	14 650	14 770	13 880	13 870	12 340	13 164	-	6,7%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			105,7%	95,1%	99,8%	102,1%	106,3%	102,2%	109,7%	96,3%	-	(13,35)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			101,3%	93,3%	103,0%	98,9%	108,3%	100,0%	118,5%	92,7%	-	(25,86)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			341	379	348	389	408	427	422	407	-	-3,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			411	427	348	444	437	476	465	460	-	-1,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	920	1 037	1 307	1 277	-	-2,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	380	378	445	460	-	3,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	540	659	862	817	-	-5,2%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 512	NA	NA	NA	1 353	1 447	1 316	1 621	-	23,2%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	429	421	439	401	-	-8,7%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			1 021	NA	NA	NA	924	1 026	877	1 220	-	39,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 405	NA	NA	NA	1 236	1 177	1 259	1 207	-	-4,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	431	354	393	372	-	-5,3%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			1 000	NA	NA	NA	805	823	866	835	-	-3,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	NA	NA	NA	1 037	1 307	1 277	1 407	-	10,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	378	445	460	459	-	-0,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	659	862	817	948	-	16,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			92,9%	NA	NA	NA	91,4%	81,3%	95,7%	74,5%	-	(21,21)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	100,5%	84,1%	89,5%	92,8%	-	3,25
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			97,9%	NA	NA	NA	87,1%	80,2%	98,7%	68,4%	-	(30,30)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	306	405	370	425	-	14,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	320	459	427	450	-	5,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	299	382	344	414	-	20,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									223 723	254 503	-	13,8%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									159 476	168 896	-	5,9%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									64 247	85 607	-	33,2%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									213 096	254 775	-	19,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									158 827	166 875	-	5,1%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									54 269	87 900	-	62,0%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									81 040	69 599	-	-14,1%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									56 620	47 680	-	-15,8%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									24 420	21 919	-	-10,2%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									95,2%	100,1%	-	4,9
CR of Severe cases									99,6%	98,8%	-	(0,8)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									84,5%	102,7%	-	18,2
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									139	100	-	-28,2%
DT of Severe cases									130	104	-	-19,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									164	91	-	-44,6%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									26 972	26 513	-	-1,7%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									25 482	28 897	-	13,4%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									24 270	21 500	-	-11,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									94,5%	109,0%	-	15,36
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									348	272	-	-21,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 363	2 318	-	-1,9%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									3 414	3 346	-	-2,0%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 246	3 417	-	5,3%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									2 318	2 015	-	-13,1%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									95,1%	102,1%	-	7,04
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									261	215	-	-17,4%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									73 800	53 393	-	-27,7%
2. Incoming/received cases									184 900	187 200	-	1,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									179 500	182 100	-	1,4%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									55 100	53 600	-	-2,7%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									39 800	40 000	-	0,5%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									15 300	13 600	-	-11,1%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									44 700	44 000	-	-1,6%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									3 900	4 600	-	17,9%
3.4. Cases brought to court									75 800	79 900	-	5,4%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									59 300	64 506	-	8,8%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,97	0,98	-	1,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,32	0,35	-	8,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	636 924 000	627 057 000	568 734 000	525 593 000	549 596 000	NA	566 176 000	576 365 000	535 469 000	557 302 000	-12,5%	4,08%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	586 562 000	607 219 000	598 708 000	NA	610 915 000	636 963 000	603 770 000	621 331 000	-	2,91%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									301 304	308 269	-	0,02
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									88 075	97 580	-	0,11
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									213 229	210 689	-	(0,01)
020.2.1 Total brought to court									253 506	264 525	-	0,04
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									88 075	97 580	-	0,11
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									165 431	166 945	-	0,01
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									47 798	43 744	-	(0,08)
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									47 798	43 744	-	(0,08)
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									40	40	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									12	9	-	(0,25)
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							NA	NA	NA	NA
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA	NA
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA	NA
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	NA	NA

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							NA	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	NA	NA		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges												
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors												
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff												

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	-	-	-		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	-	-	-		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 410	2 378	2 359	2 357	2 331	2 538	2 522	2 523	2 597	2 644	9,7%	1,8%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 855	1 850	1 829	1 811	1 788	1 930	1 907	1 906	1 882	1 921	3,6%	2,1%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	519	528	530	546	543	570	582	582	680	688	32,6%	1,2%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	36	NA	NA	NA	NA	38	33	35	35	35	-2,8%	0,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 122	1 058	1 031	1 026	988	NA	1 006	999	1 031	1 052	-6,2%	2,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	784	757	738	722	693	721	694	693	698	723	-7,8%	3,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	306	301	293	304	295	293	292	286	312	308	0,7%	-1,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	20	21	21	-34,4%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 288	1 320	1 328	1 331	1 343	NA	1 516	1 524	1 566	1 592	23,6%	1,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 071	1 093	1 091	1 089	1 095	1 209	1 213	1 213	1 184	1 198	11,9%	1,2%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	213	227	237	242	248	277	290	296	368	380	78,4%	3,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13	15	14	14	250,0%	0,0%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 597	2 644	-	1,8%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 882	1 921	-	2,1%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	680	688	-	1,2%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	35	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	13	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	11	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	11	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	7 523	7 492	7 699	7 435	7 653	22,4%	2,9%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	7 287	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 595	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5 104	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									7 435	7 653	-	2,9%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									6 263	6 409	-	2,3%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									965	986	-	2,2%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									207	258	-	24,6%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									945	976	-	3,3%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									850	873	-	2,7%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									95	103	-	8,4%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									367	388	-	5,7%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									319	339	-	6,3%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									48	49	-	2,1%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									578	588	-	1,7%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									531	534	-	0,6%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									47	54	-	14,9%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									NAP	NAP	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									3 998	4 412	-	10,4%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									1 336	1 430	-	7,0%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									2 662	2 982	-	12,0%
004 Annual average salary in the country									62 700 £	64 300 £	-	2,6%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									83 765 £	85 440 £	-	2,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	155 799 £	-	-
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									84 351 £	84 351 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									52 772 £	53 827 £	-	2,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									42 900 £	54 686 £	-	27,5%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									2	2	-	0,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									2	2	-	0,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									4	4	-	0,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	3	-	200,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	1	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	2	-	0,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	2	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									4	4	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	2	-	-33,3%

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	2	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	17 068	17 298	17 713	17 343	17 498	17 672	17 784	17 829	17 964	18 108	6,1%	0,8%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							9 899	9 867	9 837	9 856	-	0,2%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							7 885	7 962	8 127	8 252	-	1,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Netherlands

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	820	927	1 187	1 409	1 466	1 511	1 002	935	865	803	-2,1%	-7,2%
167.1.1 Total number started					2 399	2 429	3 686	3 442	1 823	2 015	-	10,5%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	637	787	-	23,5%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Poland

(2021 data)

General data

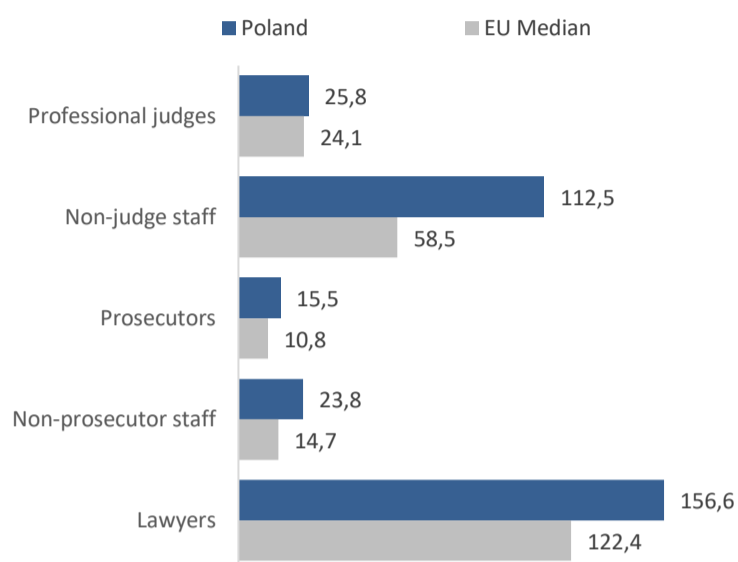
Population: **38 088 000**

GDP per capita: **13 691 €**

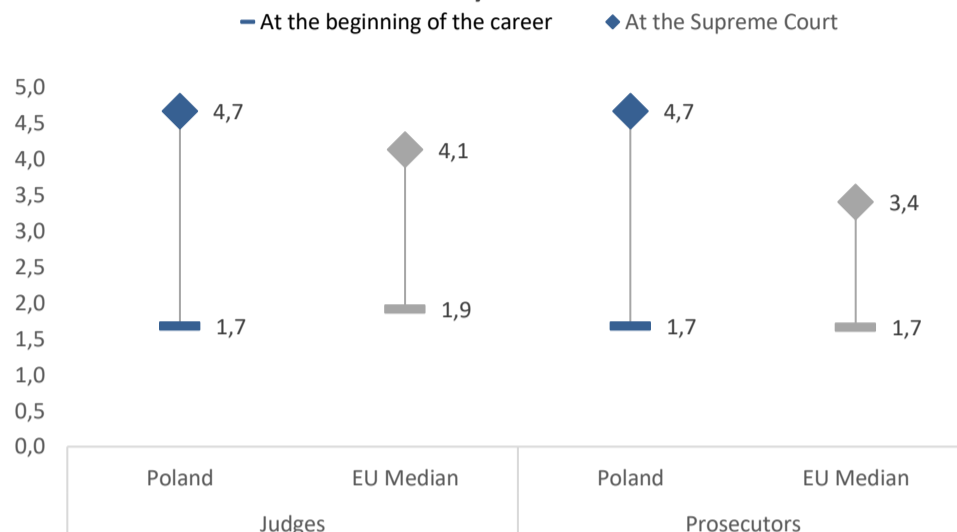
Average annual salary: **15 397 €**

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

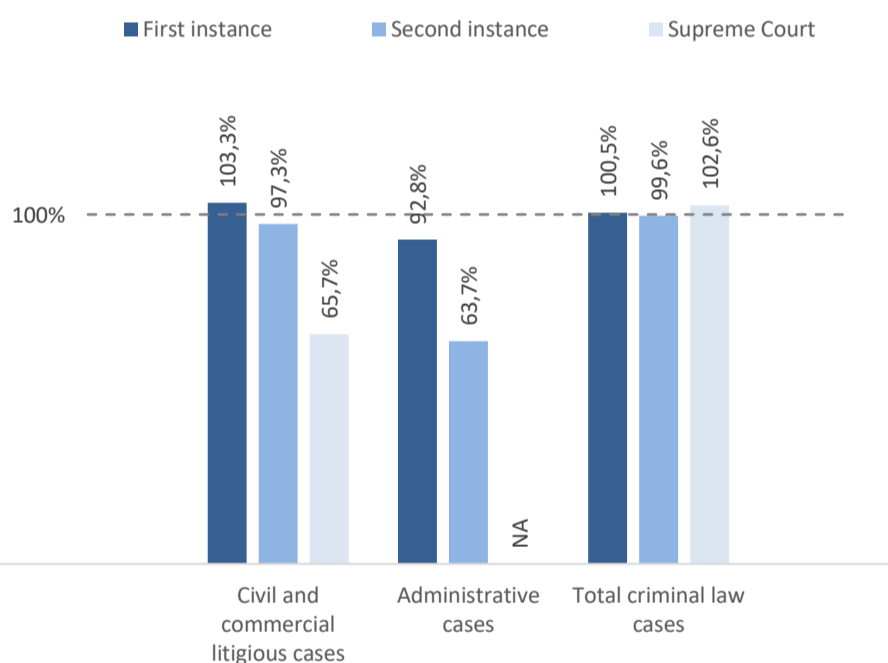


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

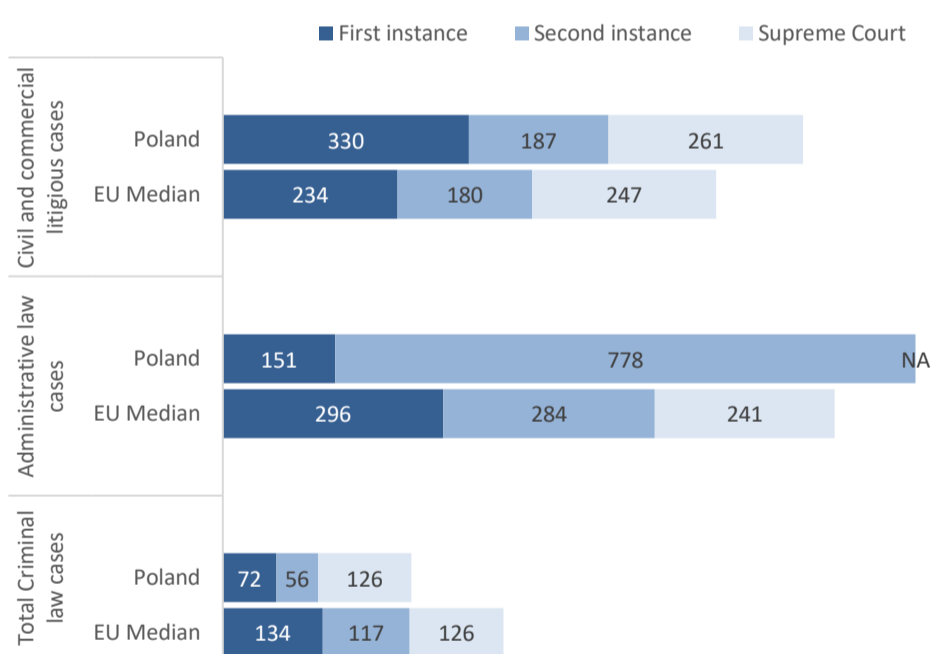


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

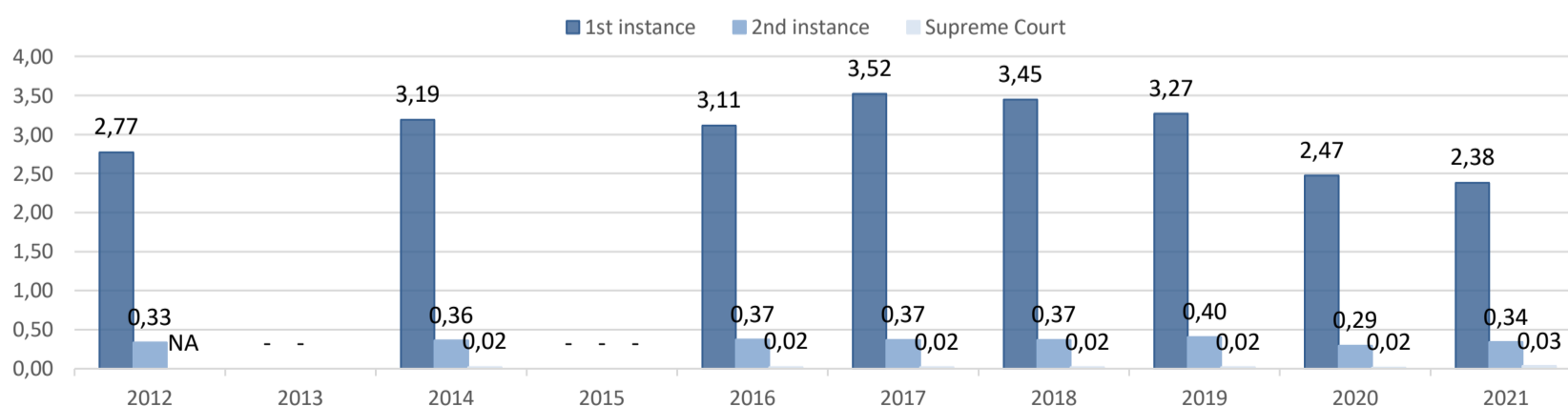


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Poland

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	38 244 000	38 088 000		-1,2%	-0,4%
GDP per capita	10 126	-	10 538	-	11 370	12 365	12 960	13 289	12 953	13 691		35,2%	5,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4,09	-	4,26	-	4,42	4,17	4,30	4,30	4,61	4,59		12,3%	-0,5%
Average annual salary	10 338		10 650		NA		NA	14 736	13 437	15 397		48,9%	14,6%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	26,2	-	26,2	-	26,0	26,1	25,5	25,3	25,2	25,8		-1,8%	2,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	106,0	-	107,9	-	112,3	121,8	105,9	109,2	109,8	112,5		6,1%	2,5%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									15,3	15,5			1,4%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									23,7	23,8			0,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	114,1	-	137,1	-	125,7	133,3	138,2	143,7	150,0	156,6		37,2%	4,4%
Mediators	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	10,7	10,7	10,8		NA	0,5%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,769	-	3,186	-	3,113	3,520	3,449	3,266	2,474	2,380		-14,1%	-3,8%
Administrative law cases	0,187	-	0,2	-	0,200	0,188	0,172	0,183	0,179	0,226		20,9%	26,5%
Total criminal law cases									4,871	5,323			9,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	89%	-	99%	-	99%	94%	92%	99%	105%	103%		14,77	-1,96
CR administrative law cases	100%	-	97%	-	103%	107%	105%	99%	95%	93%		-6,82	-2,23
CR total criminal law cases									98%	101%			2,45

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	317	330		69,1%	3,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	150	151		34,0%	0,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									82	72			-12,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	1,31	-	1,76	-	1,89	2,10	2,38	2,40	2,26	2,22		69,6%	-1,9%
Administrative law cases	0,06	-	0,08	-	0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,07	0,09		50,9%	23,8%
Total criminal law cases									1,07	1,05			-2,1%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			97%	-	96%	97%	96%	90%	105%	97%			-7,89
CR administrative law cases			84%	-	89%	108%	93%	97%	110%	64%			-46,14
CR total criminal law cases									99%	100%			0,61

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			89	-	105	119	137	175	188	187			-0,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			537	-	607	502	537	625	618	778			26,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									61	56			-8,8%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			94%	-	104%	108%	88%	98%	126%	66%			-60,78
CR administrative law cases			NA	-	89%	108%	93%	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR total criminal law cases									111%	103%			-8,03

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			187	-	180	158	250	234	156	261			67,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	-	607	504	535	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT total criminal law cases (days)									151	126			-16,6%

1. Judicial organisation in Poland (2021 data)

The Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Basically, there are District courts which are first instance courts, Regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and Appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court and the Constitutional Tribunal.

In 2021 in Poland, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 402. Namely, there are 376 courts of general jurisdiction and 26 specialised courts.

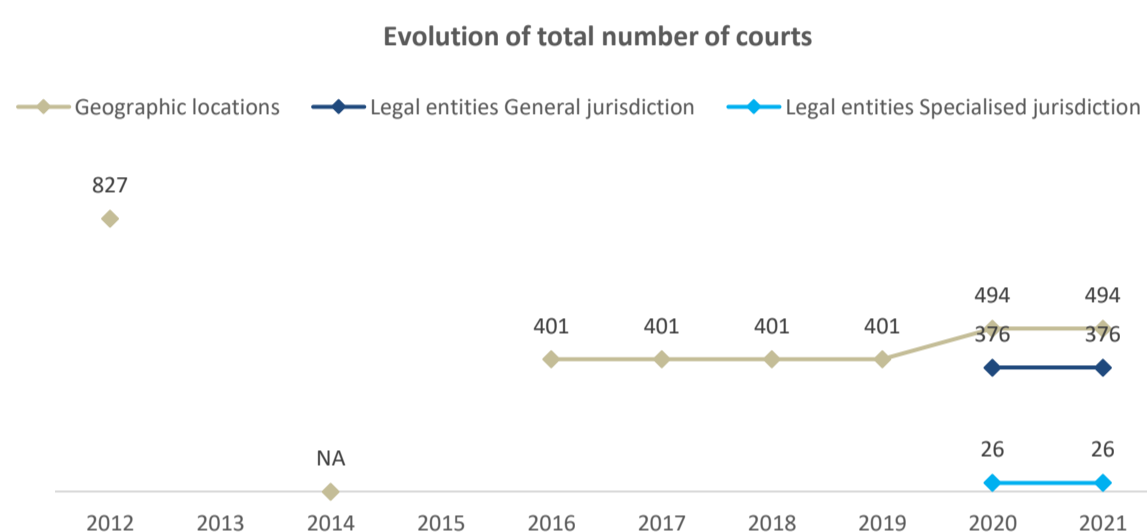
Among the 376 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 364 are competent at first instance, namely the 318 District and the 46 Regional courts. The 11 Appellate courts intervene at second instance, while the Supreme Court is the highest court of general jurisdiction.

Among the 26 specialised courts, 23 are of first instance, while 3 are higher specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 494 courts among which 433 are of first instance. It is noteworthy highlighting that a different method of data presentation has been applied since 2020. Namely, all seats in different locations are taken into consideration. The figure of 494 is the sum of the common, administrative and military courts of first and second instance and the Supreme Court by geographic location (i.e. including the subdivisions). To the number of courts of first instance by geographical location (all common, administrative, military courts of first instance with localised divisions: 433) was added the number of 61 courts: 46 Regional courts; 11 Courts of appeal; 2 military courts; the Supreme Administrative Court; the Supreme Court.

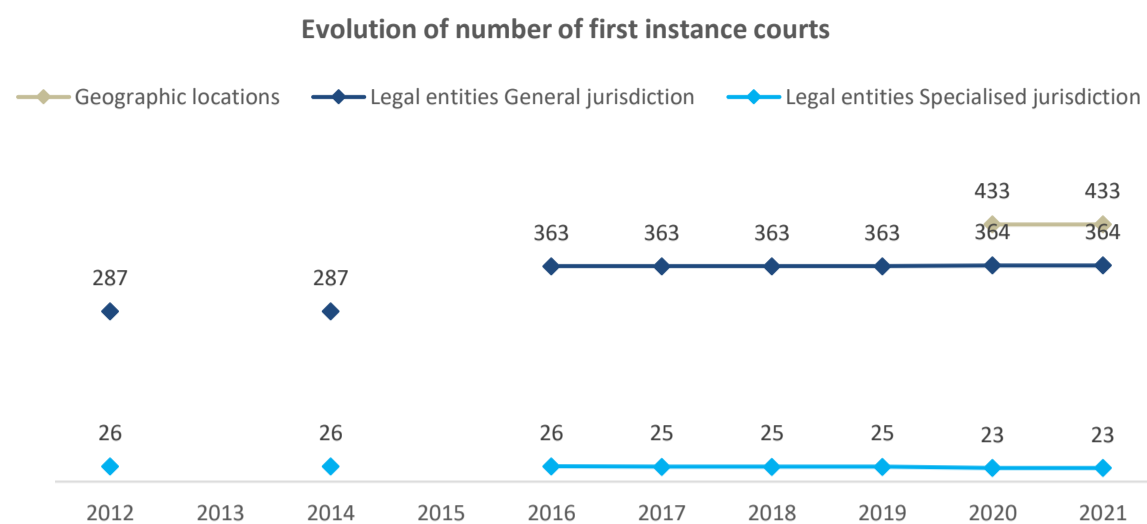
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	827		
2013			
2014	NA		
2015			
2016	401		
2017	401		
2018	401		
2019	401		
2020	494	376	26
2021	494	376	26

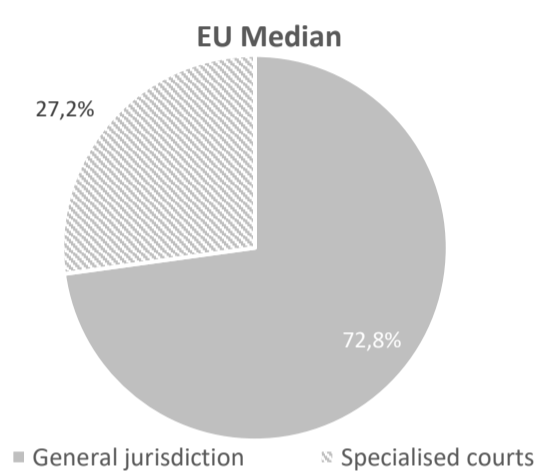
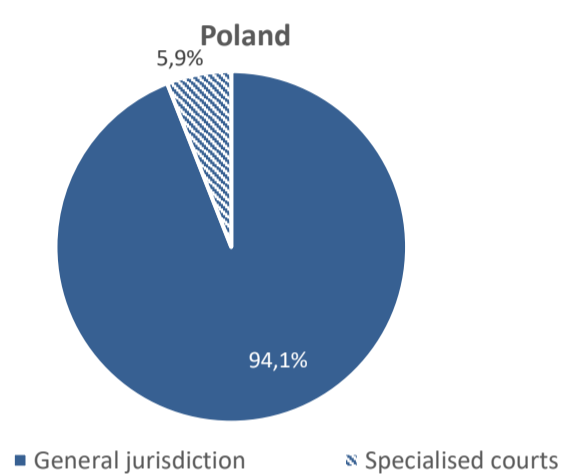


Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		287	26
2013			
2014		287	26
2015			
2016		363	26
2017		363	25
2018		363	25
2019		363	25
2020	433	364	23
2021	433	364	23



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 94,1% - 5,9% which is quite different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	23	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	16	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	7	2
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

The 23 first instance specialised courts encompass 16 administrative courts and 7 military courts. The 3 higher instance specialised courts include 2 military courts and the Supreme Administrative Court. The latter is both second and third instance court in administrative matters.

2. Professionals of justice in Poland (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

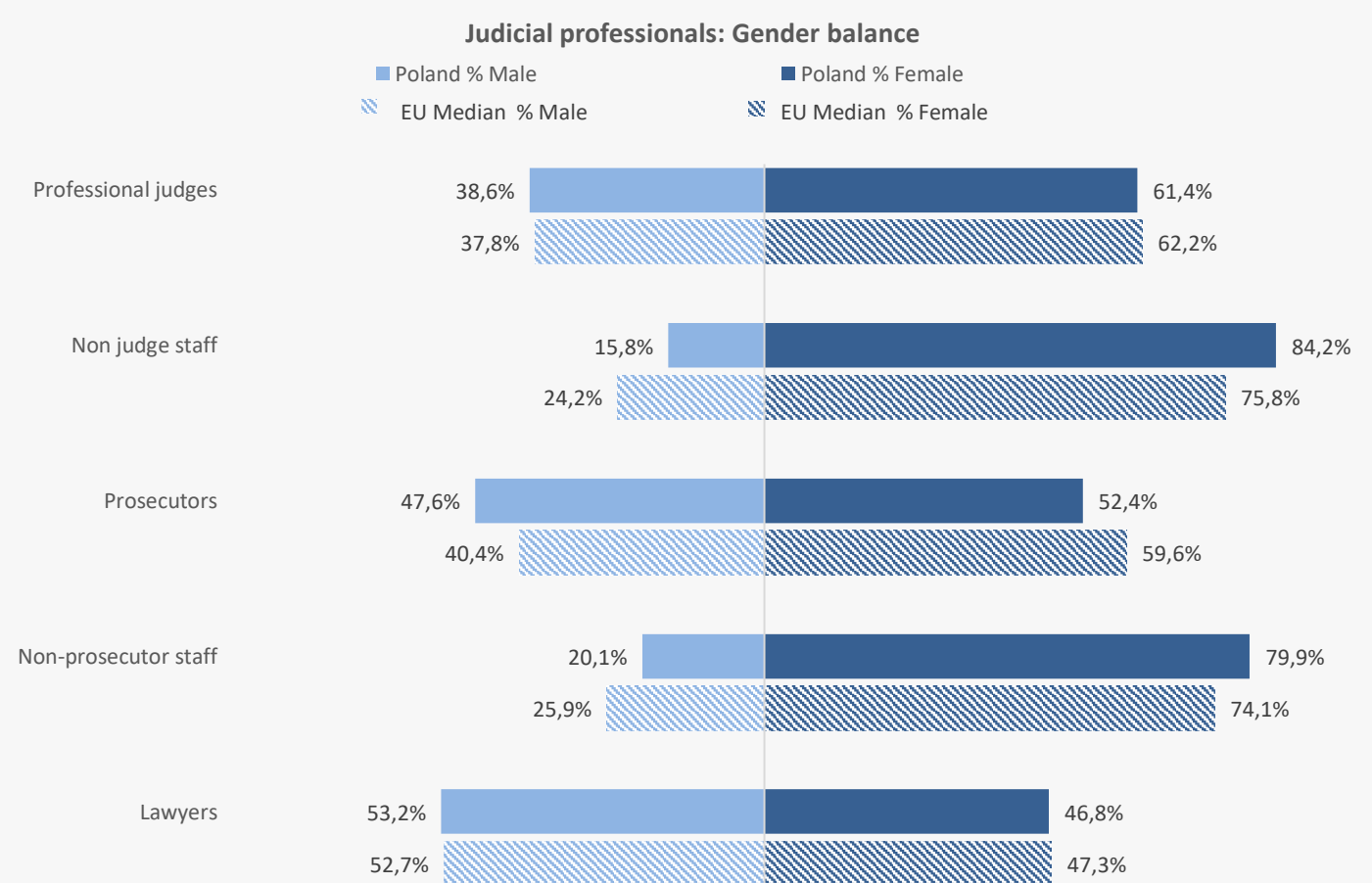
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	9 815	25,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	42 854	112,5	58,5
Prosecutors	5 898	15,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	9 063	23,8	14,7
Lawyers	59 635	156,6	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

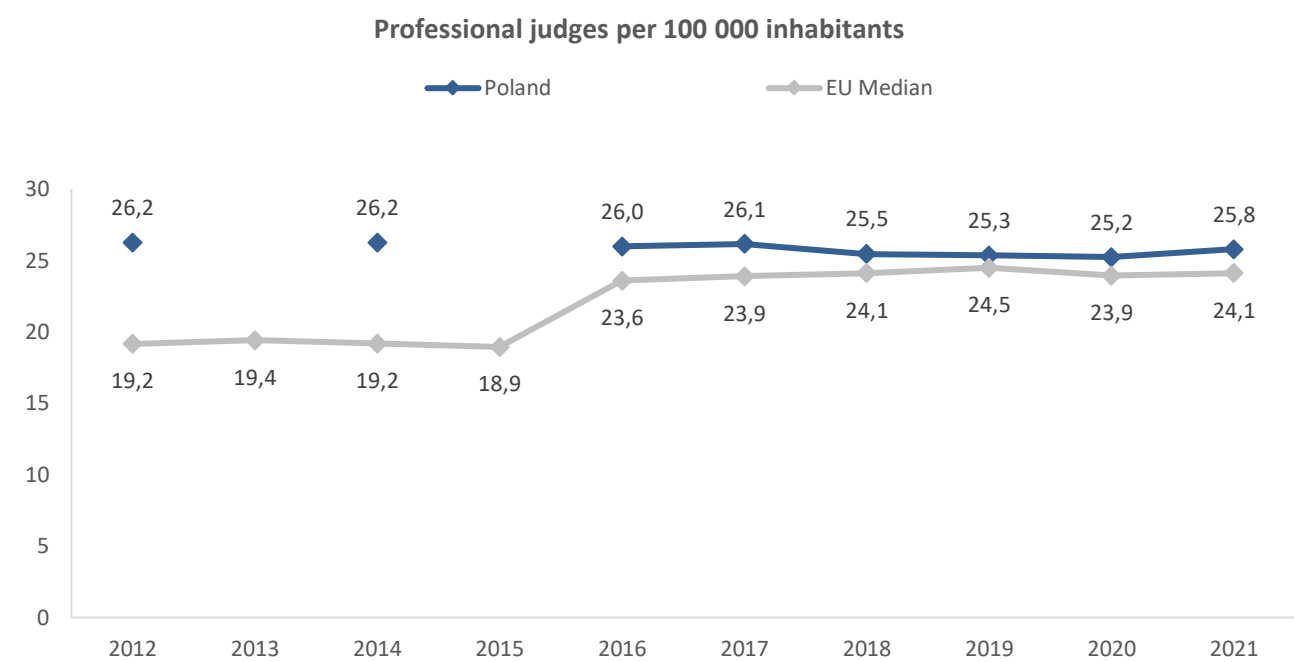
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	38,6%	61,4%
Non judge staff	15,8%	84,2%
Prosecutors	47,6%	52,4%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,1%	79,9%
Lawyers	53,2%	46,8%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants		
	Absolute Number	Poland	EU Median
2012	10 114	26,2	19,2
2013	-	-	19,4
2014	10 096	26,2	19,2
2015	-	-	18,9
2016	9 980	26,0	23,6
2017	10 047	26,1	23,9
2018	9 776	25,5	24,1
2019	9 736	25,3	24,5
2020	9 650	25,2	23,9
2021	9 815	25,8	24,1



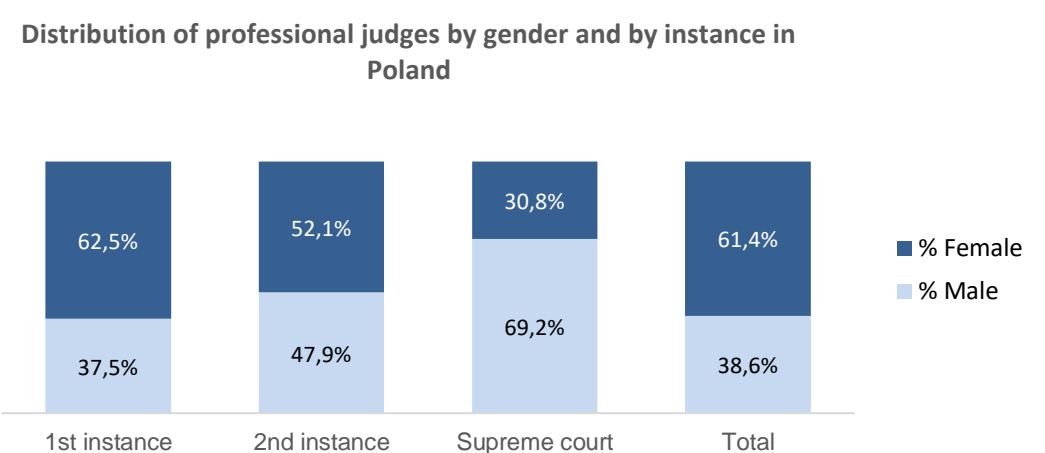
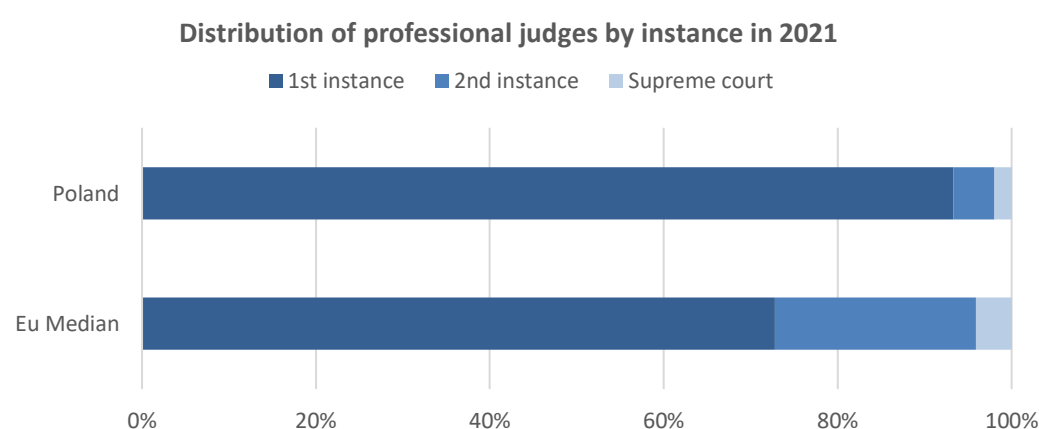
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Poland is 9 815, which is 1,7% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Poland, there are 25,77 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,37 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,35 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	9 161	93,3%	3 434	5 727	37,5%	62,5%
2nd instance	459	4,7%	220	239	47,9%	52,1%
Supreme court	195	2,0%	135	60	69,2%	30,8%
Total	9 815		3 789	6 026	38,6%	61,4%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 6 026, which represents 61,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 9 161 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 5 727 are Female); 459 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 239 are Female) and 195 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 60 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Poland. However, the prevalence of first instance judges is more pronounced, while second and third instance judges are less numerous.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Poland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. As already mentioned, the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Owing to this, some judges sit as first and second instance magistrates. According to the methodology of presentation of data that has been chosen, judges of regional courts are counted as first instance judges together with judges of district courts and judges of first instance administrative courts. Only judges of appellate courts are considered as second instance magistrates. Besides, it is noteworthy recalling that the Supreme Administrative Court is also the court of second instance.

The following details pertaining to the number of professional judges have been communicated: District courts: 6046 (3938 women, 2108 men); Regional courts : 2684 (1550 women, 1134 men); Appeal courts: 459 (239 women, 220 men) - the numbers are higher because the president appointed a lot of court assessors as judges in 2021; in addition, there were more appointments to the regional and appeal courts than retirements of judges from these courts; Supreme Court : 93 (73 men, 20 women); Administrative Supreme Court: 102 (62 men, 40 women); Administrative courts first instance: 431 (192 men, 239 women).

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges have the majority at first and second instance, but not at third instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	431	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	195	26	28	102	39
Total	NA	NA	NA	533	NA

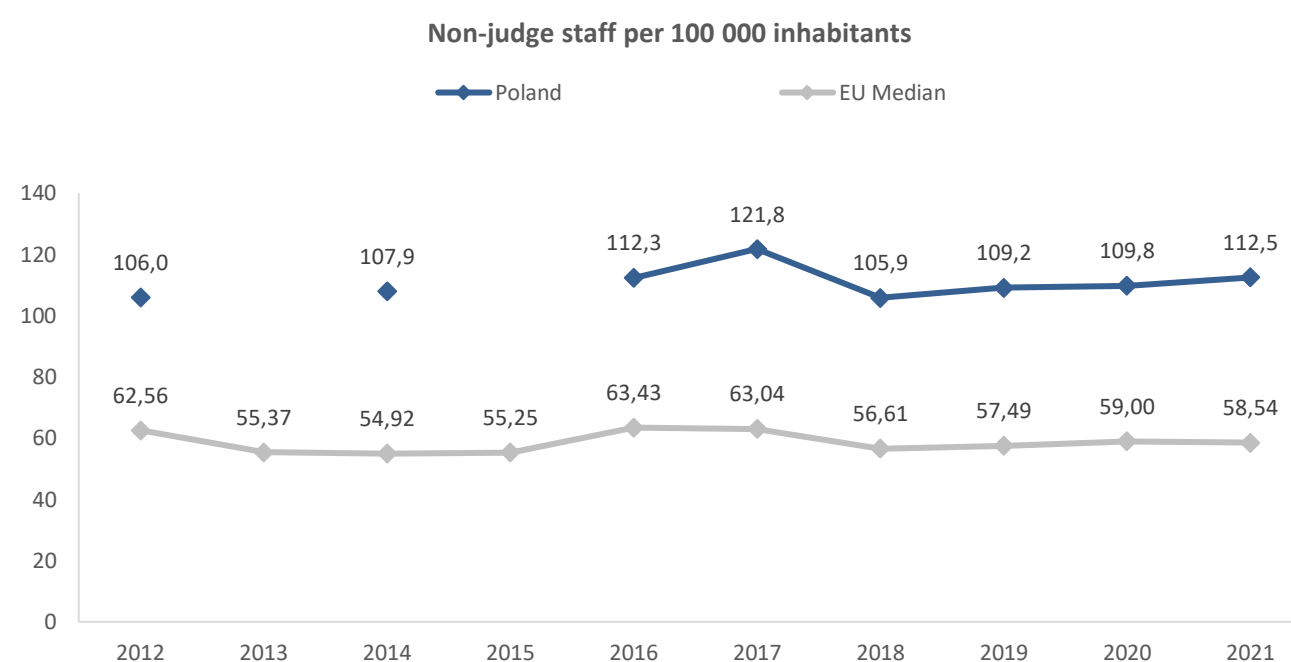
In Poland, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	13,3%	14,4%	52,3%	20,0%
Total	NA	NA	NA	NA

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Poland	Poland	EU Median
2012	40 844	106,0	62,6
2013	-	-	55,4
2014	41 534	107,9	54,9
2015	-	-	55,2
2016	43 176	112,3	63,4
2017	46 807	121,8	63,0
2018	40 662	105,9	56,6
2019	41 927	109,2	57,5
2020	41 973	109,8	59,0
2021	42 854	112,5	58,5



In 2021, Poland has 42 854 non-judge staff (of which 36 088 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 109,8 in 2020 to 112,5 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 25,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 25,8 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	42 854	
Rechtspfleger	2 622	6,1%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	24 306	56,7%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	8 127	19,0%
Technical staff	2 331	5,4%
Other	5 468	12,8%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 622 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 1 874 are Female);
- 24 306 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 22 118 are Female);
- 8 127 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 6 255 are Female);
- 2 331 technical staff (of which 1 558 are Female);
- 5 468 other (of which 4 283 are Female);

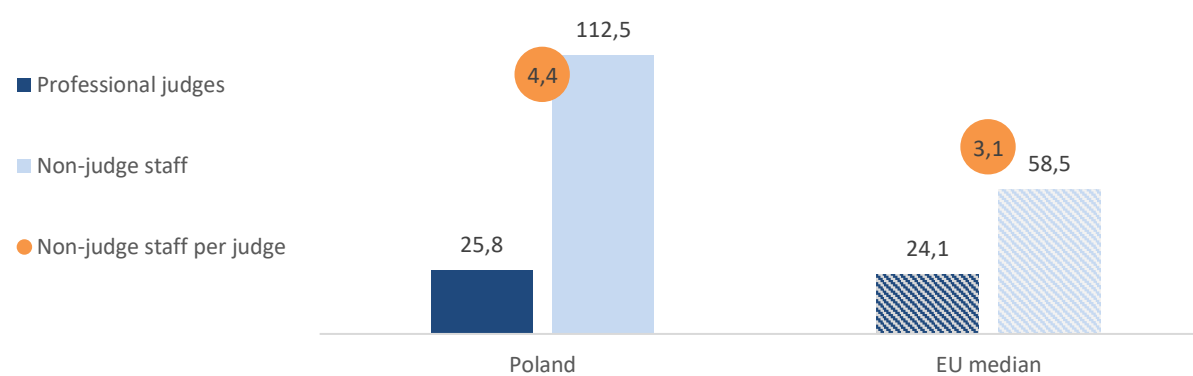
Data also includes staff from The Supreme Administrative court and the Supreme court of justice.

The category "other" refers to the members of the Research and Analyses Office of the Supreme Court (Biuro Studiów i Analiz SN).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Poland	EU median
Professional judges	25,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	112,5	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,4	3,1

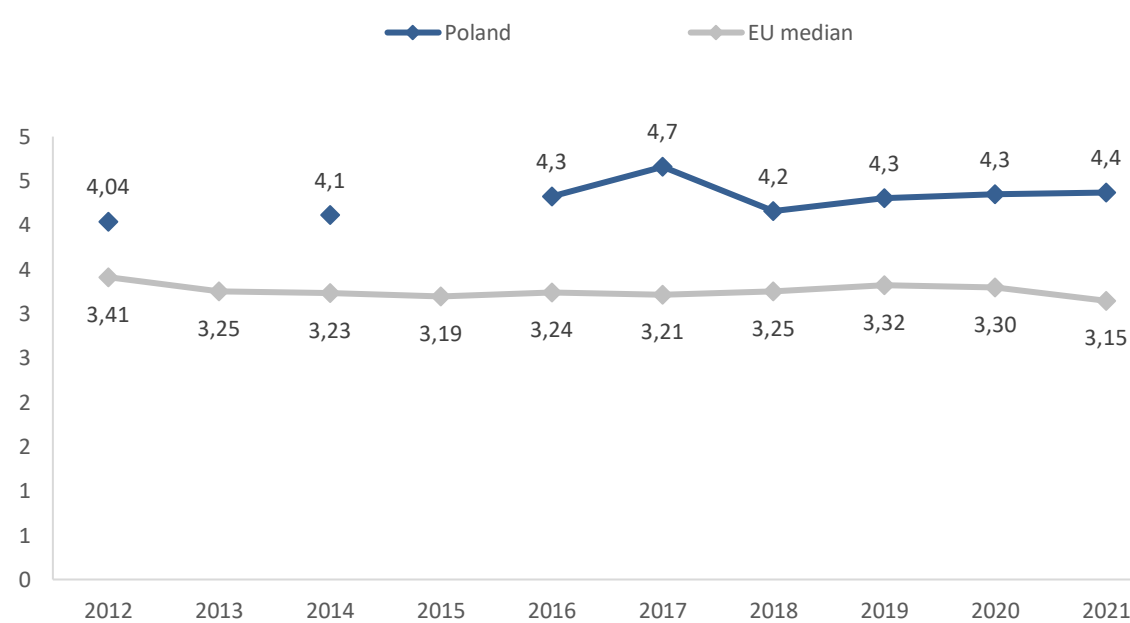
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Poland	Poland	Poland	EU median
2012	26,2	106,0	4,04	3,4
2013	-	-	FALSE	3,3
2014	26,2	107,9	4,1	3,2
2015	-	-	FALSE	3,2
2016	26,0	112,3	4,3	3,2
2017	26,1	121,8	4,7	3,2
2018	25,5	105,9	4,2	3,3
2019	25,3	109,2	4,3	3,3
2020	25,2	109,8	4,3	3,3
2021	25,8	112,5	4,4	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

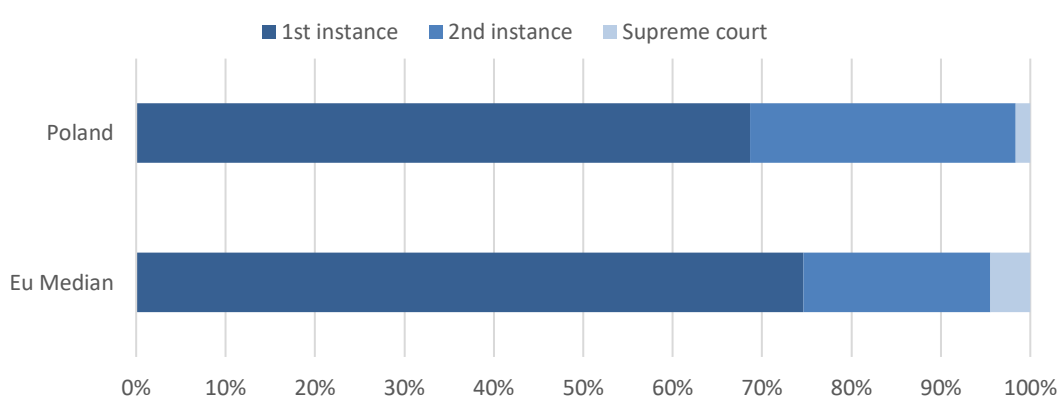


Public prosecutors

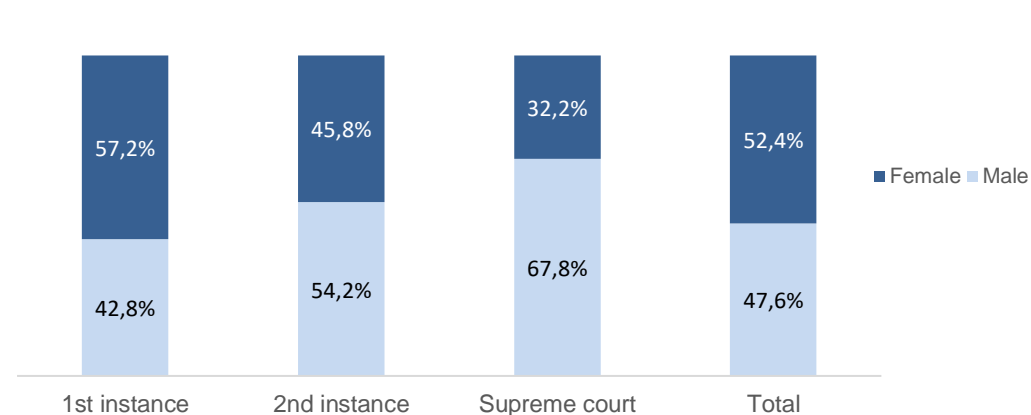
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	3 775	64,0%	1 614	2 161	42,8%	57,2%
2nd instance	1 631	27,7%	884	747	54,2%	45,8%
Supreme court	90	1,5%	61	29	67,8%	32,2%
Total	5 898		2 807	3 091	47,6%	52,4%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 3 091, which represents 52,4% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 775 in first instance (of which 2 161 are Female); 1 631 are in second instance (of which 747 are Female) and 90 in final instance (of which 29 are Female).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Poland presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the prosecutor's office in Poland consists of four levels: district, circuit and regional prosecutor's offices and the National Prosecutor's Office with a rank equivalent to the Supreme Court. Regional prosecutors' offices are a separate ('third') level of prosecution and the number of prosecutors employed in them cannot be 'split into instances'. Accordingly, the following methodology of presentation of data is applied:

The number of first instance prosecutors refer to district prosecutors; the number of second instance prosecutors refers to circuit prosecutors; the number of third instance prosecutors refers to prosecutors in the position of a prosecutor of the National Prosecutor's Office. The total is higher than the sum of the subcategories because it takes into account the number of prosecutors employed in regional prosecutor's offices.

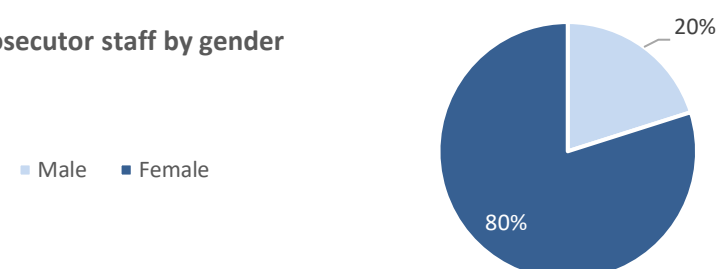
All items (1 - 3) include military prosecutors, of whom 77 are employed at the district prosecutor's office level, including 19 women and 58 men; at the regional prosecutor's office level, 45 military prosecutors, including 9 women and 36 men; and at the National Prosecutor's Office, 17 military prosecutors (4 women and 13 men).

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority only at first instance.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	9 063	1 822	7 241

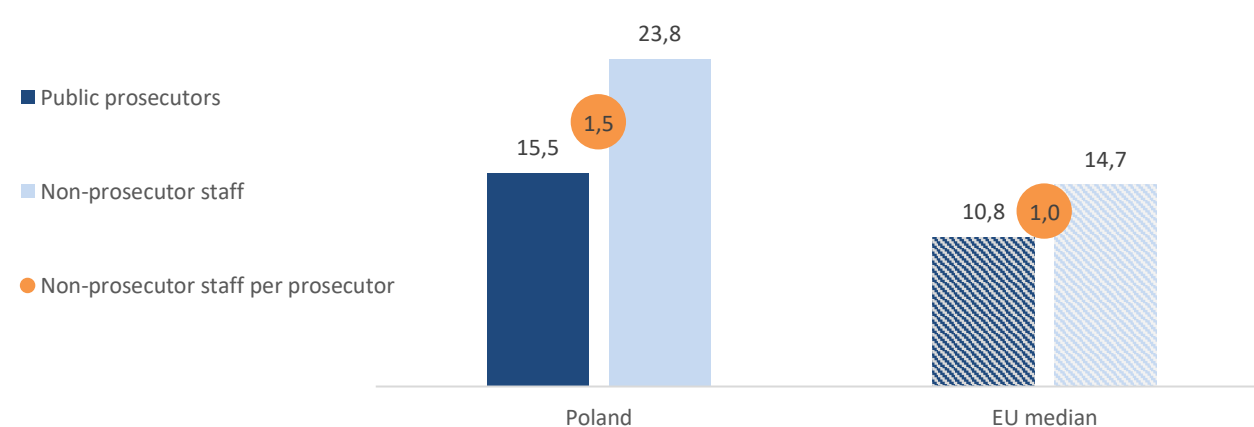
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

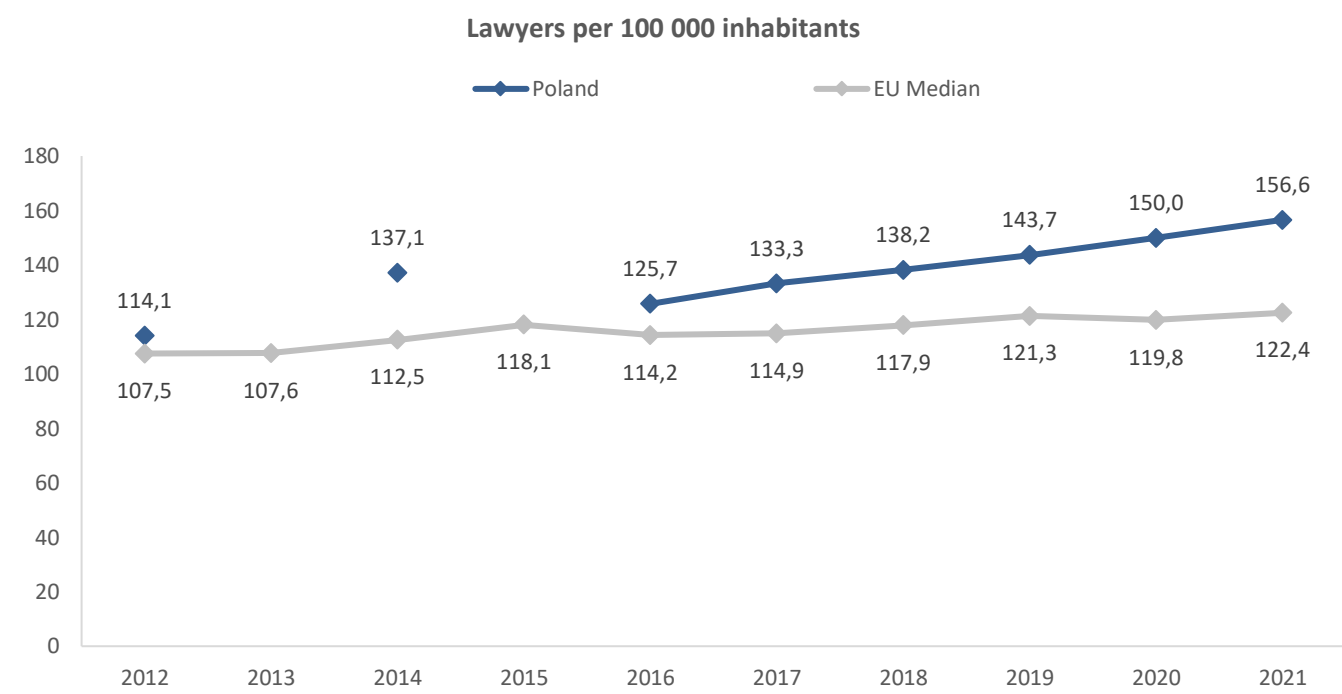
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Poland	EU median
Public prosecutors	15,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	23,8	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Poland	Poland	EU Median
2012	43 974	114,1	107,5
2013	-	-	107,6
2014	52 760	137,1	112,5
2015	-	-	118,1
2016	48 315	125,7	114,2
2017	51 227	133,3	114,9
2018	53 081	138,2	117,9
2019	55 178	143,7	121,3
2020	57 365	150,0	119,8
2021	59 635	156,6	122,4

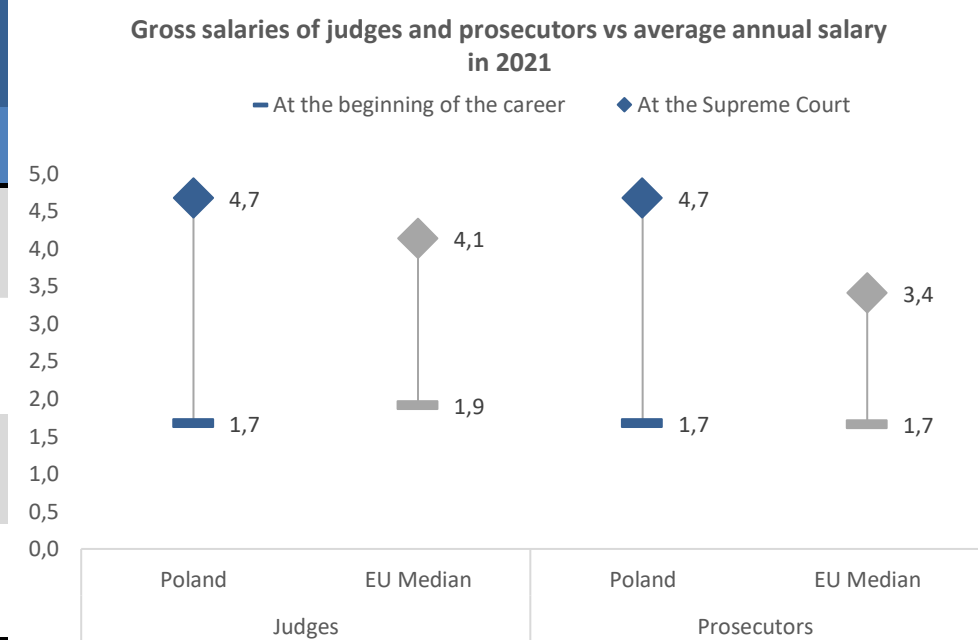


In 2021, there are 59 635 lawyers, which is 4,0% more than in 2020. There are 27 916 female lawyers which is 47% of the total.

Poland has 156,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Poland	Poland	Poland	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	25 796€	21 312€	1,7	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	71 941€	52 540€	4,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	25 796€	21 312€	1,7	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	71 941€	52 540€	4,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Poland of 25 796€ is quite below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,68 which is closer to the EU median of 1,91.

Judges: The basic salary of a judge is determined in rates, the amount of which is determined using multipliers of the basis for determining basic salary. The rates of basic salary in particular judge's positions and multipliers, used for determination of basic salary of judges in particular rates, are specified in the appendix to the Act. A judge is entitled to a function-related allowance in connection with the performance of his duties. Judges' remuneration is also differentiated by a long service bonus, amounting, beginning with the sixth year of service, to 5% of basic salary and increasing after each year by 1% until it reaches 20% of basic salary. No social security contributions are payable on judges' salaries.

Prosecutors: The base salary for public prosecutors shall be determined based on the table of base salary scale for public prosecutors of universal prosecutorial bodies of the public prosecution services. Pursuant to Article 123 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office of 28 January 2016, the basis for determining the base salary of a public prosecutor in a given year is the so-called base amount, i.e. the average salary in the second quarter of the previous year, announced in the Official Journal of the Republic of Poland "Monitor Polski" by the President of the Main Statistical Office "Statistics Poland" [GUS]. At the same time, according to Article 124 § 11 of the quoted Act on Public Prosecutor's Office, a public prosecutor is entitled to an supplement for long-time service amounting to 5% of the base salary currently received by the public prosecutor, beginning from the 6th year of his/her employment, and increasing after each successive year of his/her employment by 1% of this salary, until reaching 20% of the base salary. After 20 years of service the long-service supplement shall be paid, irrespective of the length of service beyond that period, at the rate of 20% of the public prosecutor's current base salary.

Supreme court and Main Public Prosecutor Office: Pursuant to Article 124 § 1 of the above-mentioned Act, the base salary of public prosecutors of the National Public Prosecutor's Office is equal to the base salary of judges of the Supreme Court. Pursuant to Article 48 of the Act on the Supreme Court of 8 December 2017, the remuneration of a judge of the Supreme Court is determined at either the basic rate or the promotion rate. The promotion rate is 115% of the base rate. Upon taking up his/her post, a judge of the Supreme Court receives base pay at the basic rate. After 7 years of service in the Supreme Court, the base salary of a judge of the Supreme Court shall be increased to the promotion rate.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Poland (2021 data)

In Poland, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases ✔
- Other than criminal cases ✔

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✔

> Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

In civil matters, each party may request that a professional attorney be appointed by the court. In order to do so, the person should make a statement before the court that s/he is unable to pay the fees of an advocate or a legal advisor without the loss of the necessary support for his/herself and his/her family. An application for a court-appointed attorney is independent of an application for exemption from court costs and may be filed at any stage of the proceedings (also prior to their commencement), until the case is finally resolved in the court having jurisdiction over the case.

In criminal proceedings, unless the Code of Criminal Procedure stipulates otherwise, all expenses are temporarily lectured by the State Treasury.

In civil matters, exemption from court fees to which a party is entitled by virtue of the law or granted to a party in preliminary proceedings extends to enforcement proceedings. Additionally, it is possible to apply for exemption from court fees only at the stage of enforcement proceedings. In criminal matters, if the convicted person fails to comply with the obligation to pay the monetary performance or reparation to the injured party, the judgment together with the enforcement order is sent to the court executive officer who initiates the proceedings. The procedure for pursuing such claims is governed by the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure (claims based on Article 196 § 2 of the Executive Penal Code). In accordance with the Law on court executive officer fees of 28 February 2018, the exemption from court costs to which a party is entitled by virtue of the law or which has been granted to a party in the court proceedings extends to the bailiff's costs. If a party does not exercise this right, the party may apply to the district court by which the judicial officer acts for exemption in whole or in part from enforcement costs. The applicant must prove that he or she is unable to pay the bailiff's fees without prejudice to the necessary maintenance of themselves, or their family.

In civil proceedings, exemption from court costs may relate to fees and expenses. Expenses include in particular: travel costs of a party related to a personal appearance ordered by a court; reimbursement of travel and accommodation costs as well as lost earnings or witness income; remuneration and reimbursement of costs incurred by experts, translators and probation officers established for a party in a given case; lump-sum costs of taking evidence from the opinion-giving opinion of a team of court specialists; remuneration due to other persons or institutions and reimbursement of costs incurred by them; costs of carrying out other evidence; the costs of transporting animals and goods, keeping them or storing them; advertising costs; costs of detention and custody; lump sums due to probation officers for conducting environmental interviews in cases of: annulment of marriage, for divorce and separation, as well as for participation in parents' contacts with children determined by the court; the cost of issuing a certificate by a forensic doctor; the cost of mediation conducted as a result of referral by the court.

In criminal proceedings, unless the Code of Criminal Procedure stipulates otherwise, all expenses are temporarily lectured by the State Treasury. A witness shall be entitled to reimbursement of travel and accommodation expenses upon the order of the court or the authority conducting the pre-trial proceedings. The witness shall also be entitled to reimbursement of earnings or income lost in connection with appearance. If a party to a notary's activity is not able to incur the remuneration required by a notary public for its own and for the family, it may apply to the district court competent for its place of residence to release in full or in part from this remuneration. This provision shall apply accordingly to a legal person that proves that he has insufficient funds to incur the remuneration demanded by a notary public.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	34 423	NA

Data refers to the number of cases in which an ex officio representative (legal adviser, advocate) was appointed.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Poland (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

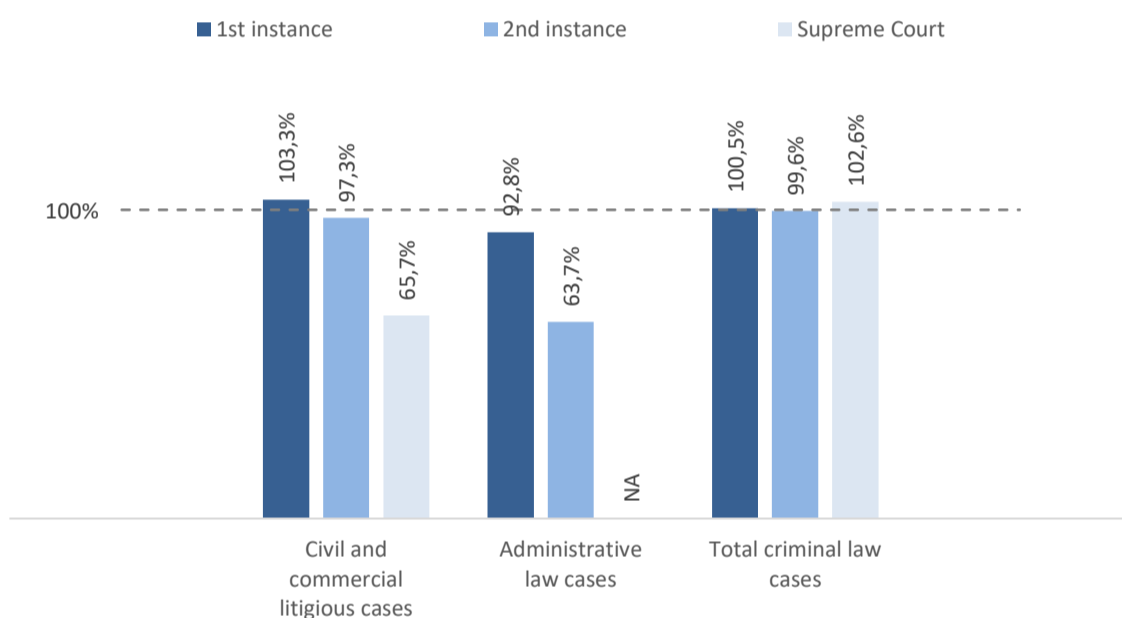
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

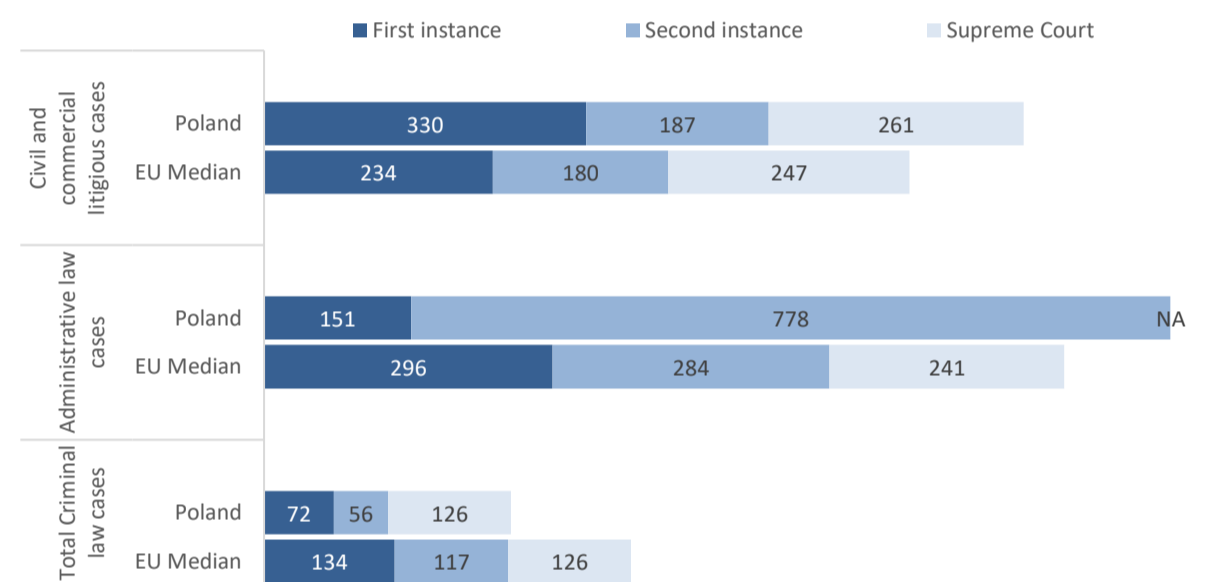
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	103,3%	102,5%	92,8%	101,7%	100,5%	100,0%
	2nd instance	97,3%	100,4%	63,7%	96,8%	99,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	65,7%	99,9%	NA	100,4%	102,6%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	330	234	151	296	72	134
	2nd instance	187	180	778	284	56	117
	Supreme Court	261	247	NA	241	126	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, in Poland, the total length of administrative proceedings is the longest compared to civil and criminal proceedings. More precisely, if at first instance the Disposition Time indicator in administrative matters is below the EU median, at second instance its value is well above the EU median. However, this unusually high value has several reasons. At the outset, it should be recalled that the Supreme Administrative Court (NSA) is also the court of second instance and it is impossible for the Statistics Division to divide its cases all of which are communicated as second instance administrative cases. Moreover, some specific circumstances have affected the data on second instance administrative cases: changes in the organizational structure of the NSA and the related transfer of cases between departments; restrictions on court operations due to the declared epidemic state in Poland; and staff shortages resulting from the retirement of some judges and the fact that more than a quarter of full-time positions were unfilled.

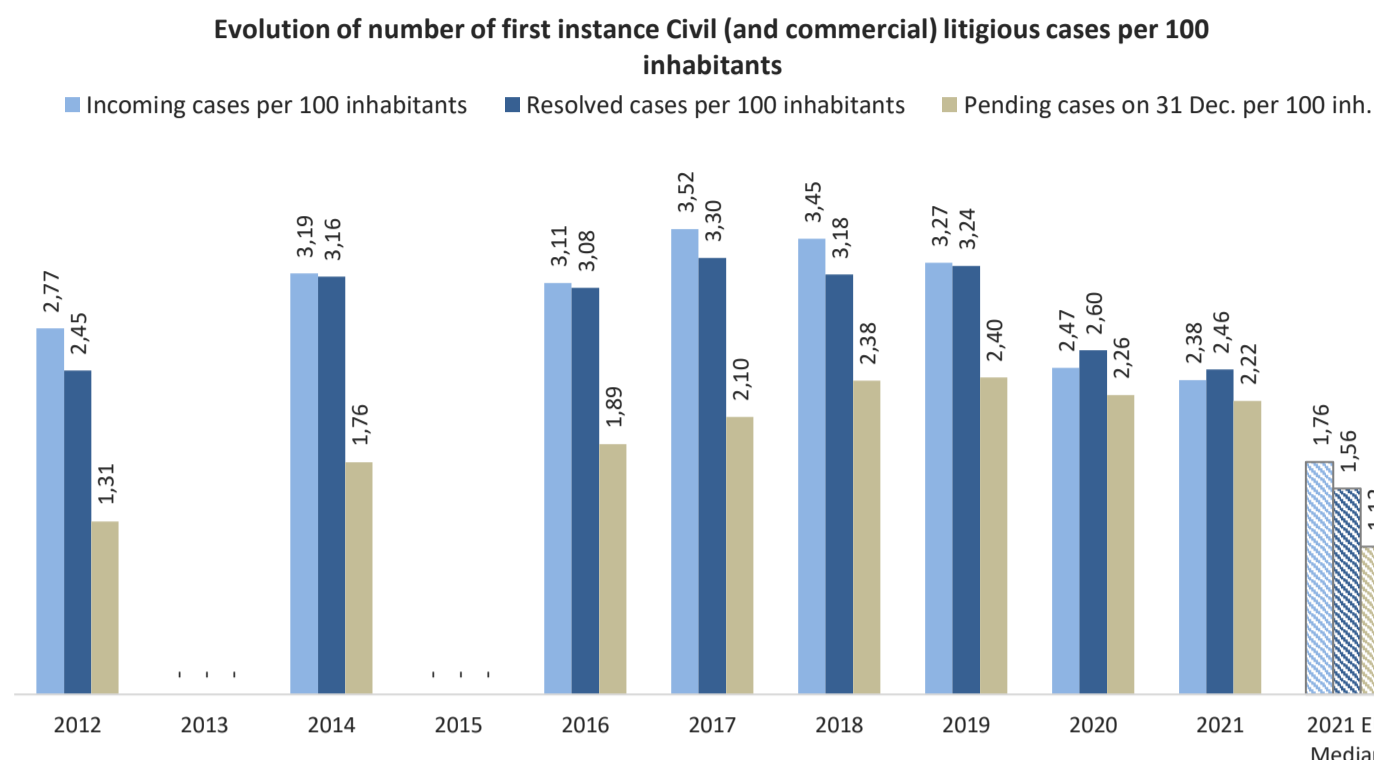
In civil proceedings the Disposition Time indicator is above the EU median values at all instances. In terms of Clearance Rate, this indicator has dropped considerably below the EU median in 2021 with regard to third instance civil cases, the reasons for that being further organizational changes within the Supreme Court, including a change in the system of case numbering, and the impact of the dispute over judicial reform on the efficiency of the work of Supreme Court judges.

The total length of criminal proceedings in 2021 is the shortest in Poland, following the EU trend. More precisely, except for third instance criminal cases for which the Disposition Time constitutes the EU median, for first and second instance criminal cases, the values are well below the respective EU medians. The Clearance Rate indicator appears satisfactory at all instances.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,77	2,45	1,31
2013	-	-	-
2014	3,19	3,16	1,76
2015	-	-	-
2016	3,11	3,08	1,89
2017	3,52	3,30	2,10
2018	3,45	3,18	2,38
2019	3,27	3,24	2,40
2020	2,47	2,60	2,26
2021	2,38	2,46	2,22
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



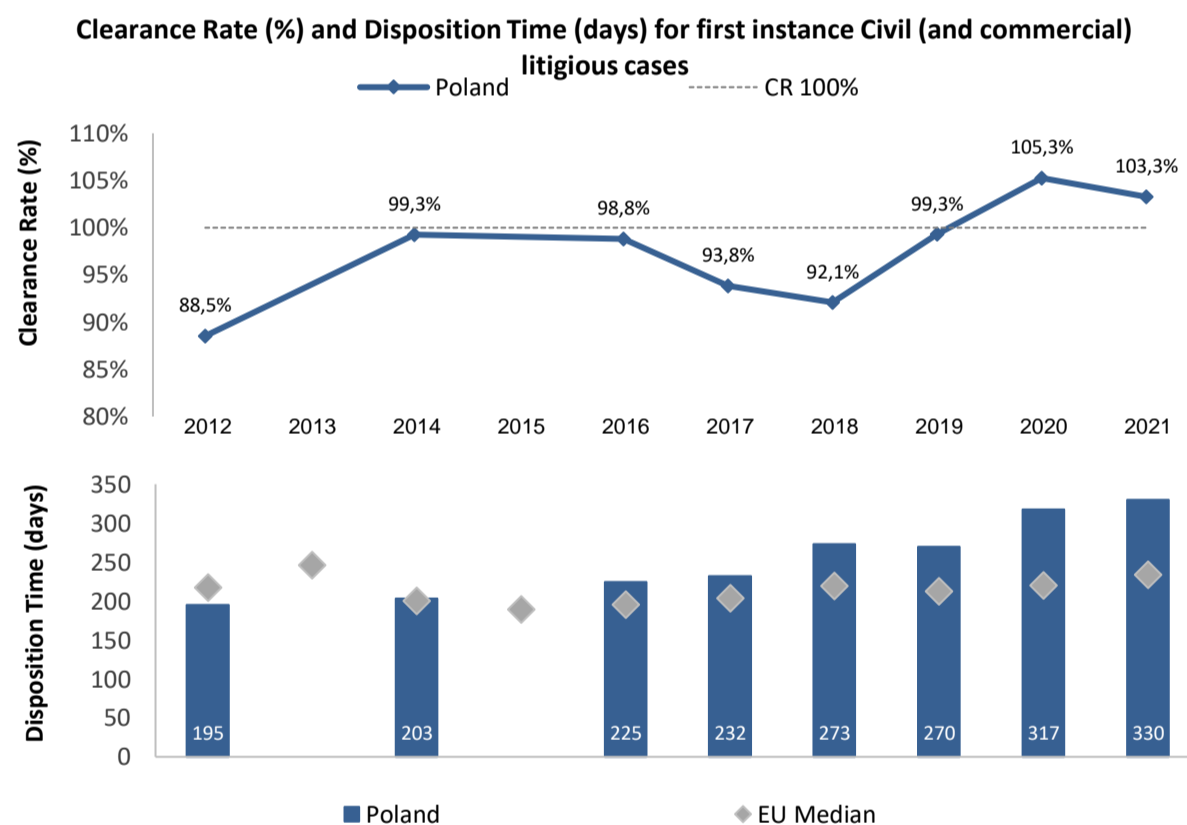
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Poland (2,38 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Poland (2,46 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Poland (2,22 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
2012	88,5%	100,4%	195	218
2013	-	101,2%	-	247
2014	99,3%	101,8%	203	201
2015	-	102,3%	-	190
2016	98,8%	102,0%	225	196
2017	93,8%	101,3%	232	204
2018	92,1%	101,2%	273	220
2019	99,3%	99,9%	270	213
2020	105,3%	98,5%	317	221
2021	103,3%	102,5%	330	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,3% in 2021 Poland seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,0 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 330 days, which is above the EU median of 234 days.

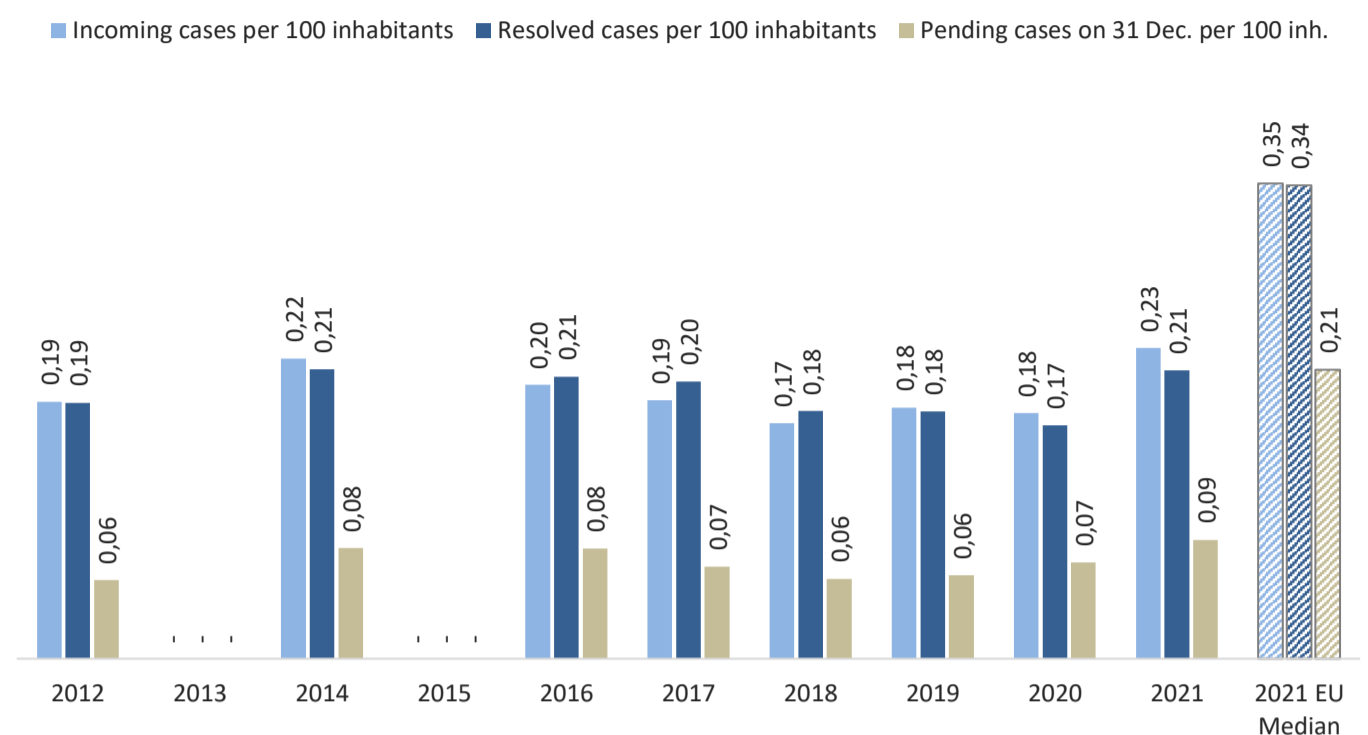
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 3,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,19	0,19	0,06
2013	-	-	-
2014	0,22	0,21	0,08
2015	-	-	-
2016	0,20	0,21	0,08
2017	0,19	0,20	0,07
2018	0,17	0,18	0,06
2019	0,18	0,18	0,06
2020	0,18	0,17	0,07
2021	0,23	0,21	0,09
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Poland (0,23 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

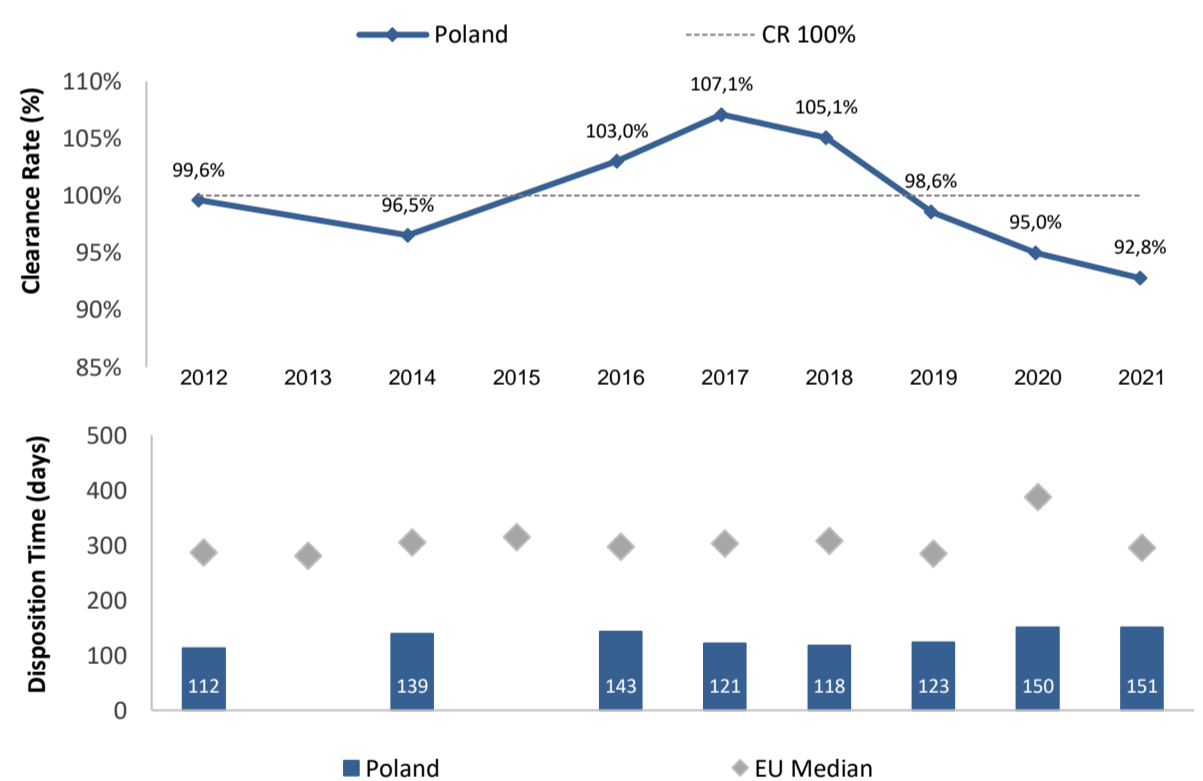
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Poland (0,21 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Poland (0,09 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
2012	99,6%	101,0%	112	286
2013	-	100,3%	-	281
2014	96,5%	99,6%	139	305
2015	-	103,7%	-	315
2016	103,0%	103,0%	143	297
2017	107,1%	102,1%	121	303
2018	105,1%	99,7%	118	308
2019	98,6%	102,1%	123	284
2020	95,0%	100,1%	150	388
2021	92,8%	101,7%	151	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,8% in 2021 Poland seems to encounter some difficulties in dealing with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,2 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 151 days, which is below the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 0,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

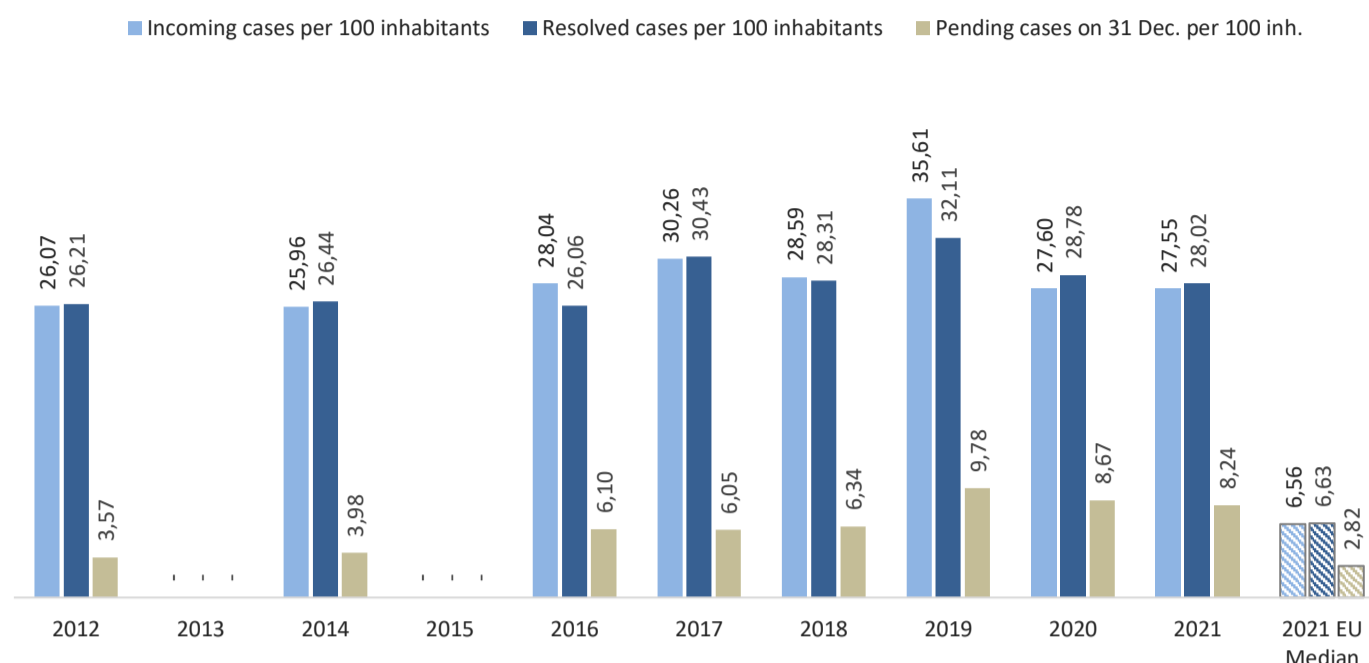
It is difficult to identify, apart from the COVID-19 pandemic, any particular reason for the increase in the number of cases brought before provincial administrative courts. A particularly large increase in the number of cases submitted to administrative courts concerns complaints about the inaction of public administration bodies and the protracted conduct of proceedings by these bodies. The increase in the receipt of such complaints in 2021 was 73.2 % compared to 2020. This may also be indicative of some backlog in public administration due to the numerous pandemic restrictions in 2020.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	26,07	26,21	3,57
2013	-	-	-
2014	25,96	26,44	3,98
2015	-	-	-
2016	28,04	26,06	6,10
2017	30,26	30,43	6,05
2018	28,59	28,31	6,34
2019	35,61	32,11	9,78
2020	27,60	28,78	8,67
2021	27,55	28,02	8,24
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Poland (27,55 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

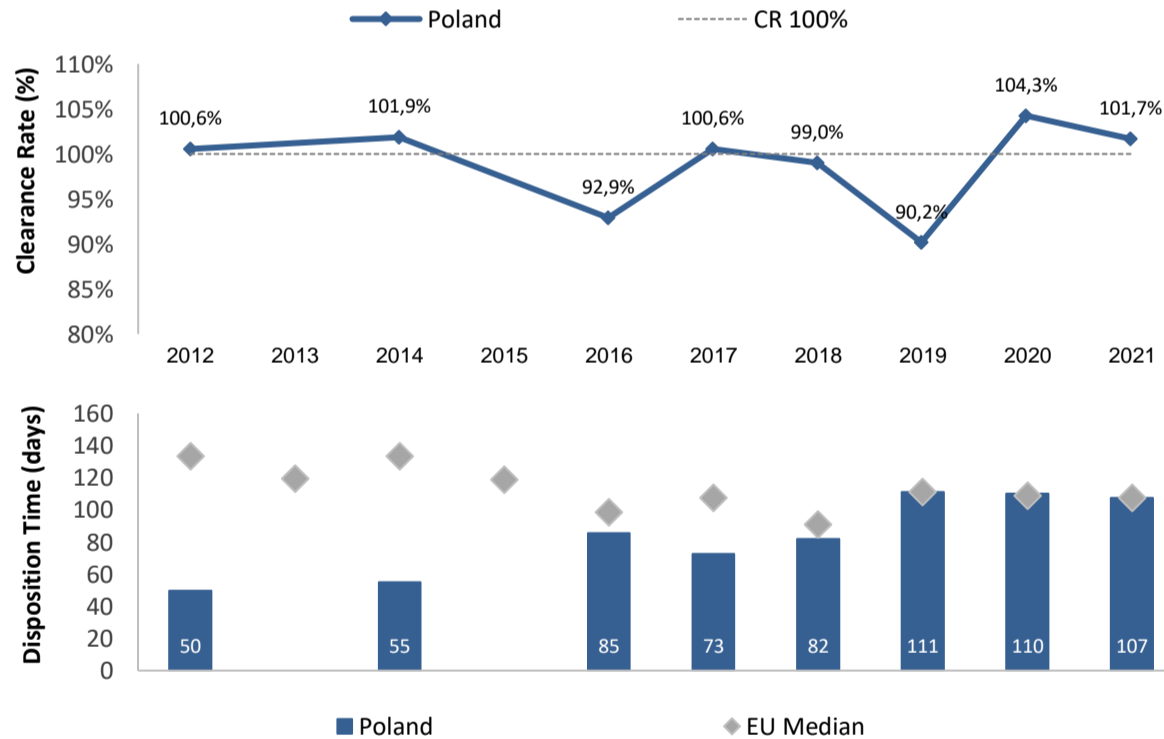
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Poland (28,02 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Poland (8,24 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
2012	100,6%	100,5%	50	133
2013	-	100,7%	-	119
2014	101,9%	101,9%	55	133
2015	-	101,0%	-	119
2016	92,9%	101,5%	85	98
2017	100,6%	100,6%	73	107
2018	99,0%	100,6%	82	91
2019	90,2%	99,8%	111	111
2020	104,3%	98,7%	110	109
2021	101,7%	101,2%	107	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,7% in 2021 Poland seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,5 points.

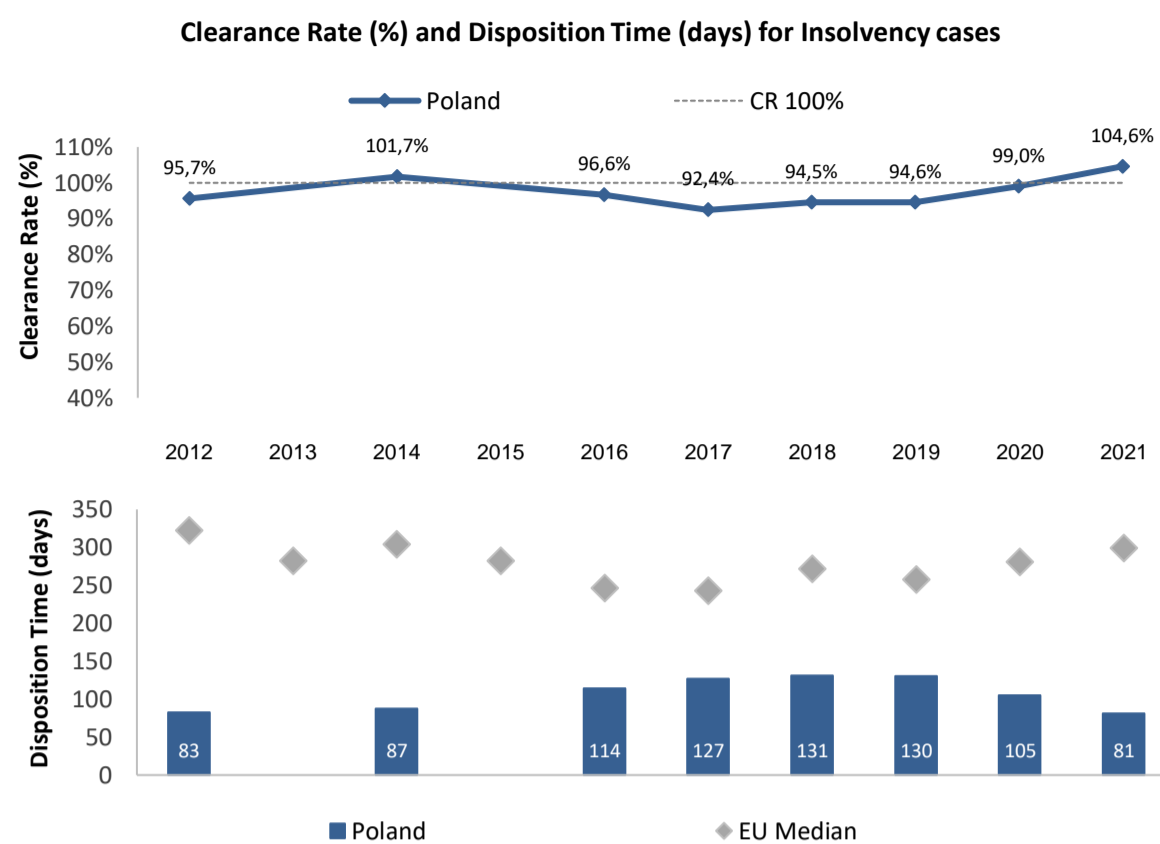
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 107 days, which is equal to the EU median.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -2,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
2012	95,7%	95,0%	83	323
2013	-	89,6%	-	282
2014	101,7%	96,9%	87	304
2015	-	104,5%	-	282
2016	96,6%	102,0%	114	246
2017	92,4%	103,6%	127	243
2018	94,5%	101,5%	131	271
2019	94,6%	101,2%	130	258
2020	99,0%	109,7%	105	281
2021	104,6%	103,3%	81	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,6% in 2021 Poland seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,6 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 81 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 299 days.

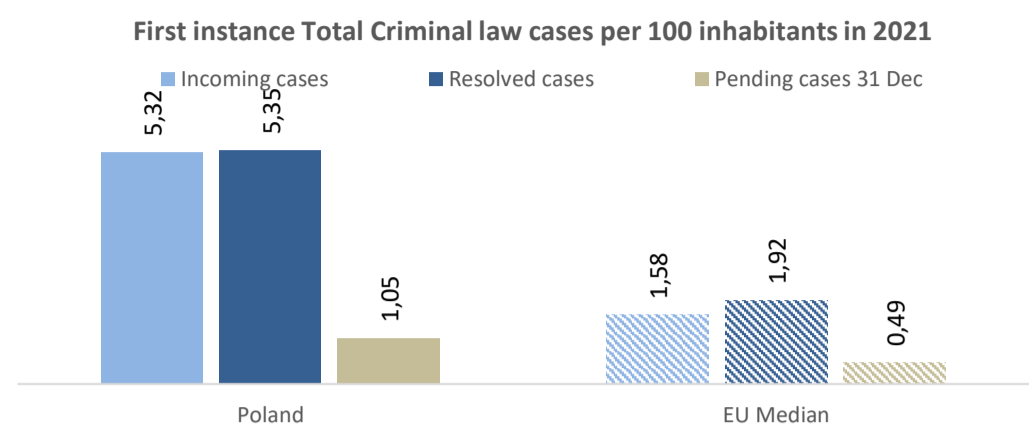
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -23,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

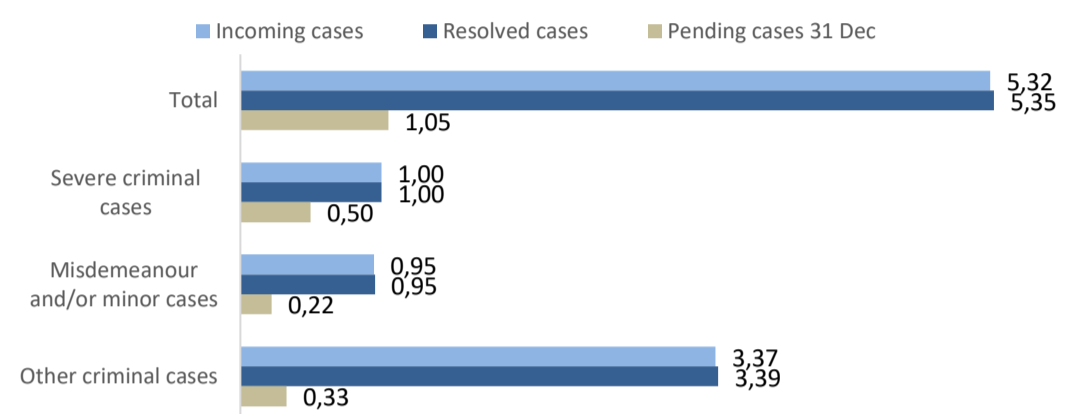
◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	410 425	2 027 328	2 037 487	400 266
Severe criminal cases	191 257	381 028	382 211	190 074
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	86 960	361 735	363 569	85 126
Other criminal cases	132 208	1 284 565	1 291 707	125 066

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1,08	5,32	5,35	1,05
Severe criminal cases	0,50	1,00	1,00	0,50
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,23	0,95	0,95	0,22
Other criminal cases	0,35	3,37	3,39	0,33



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Poland (5,32 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

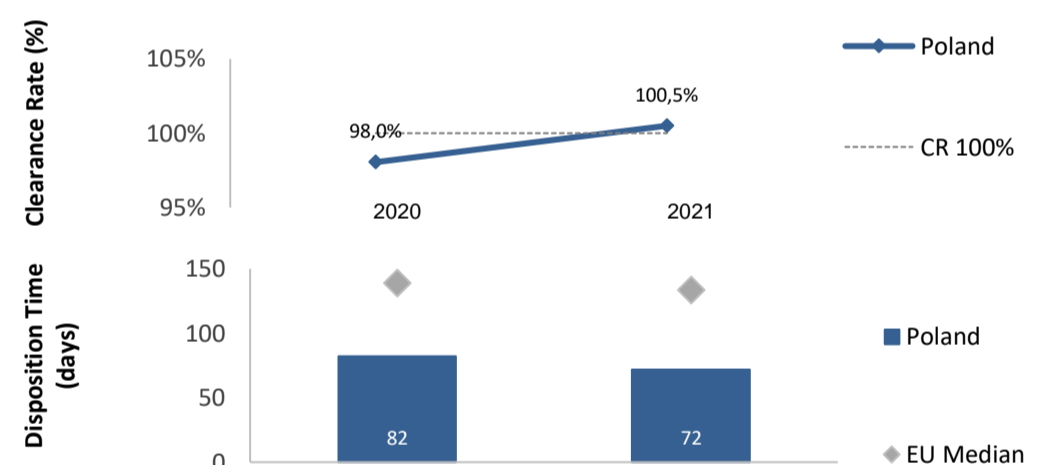
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Poland (5,35 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Poland (1,05 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Poland	EU Median	Poland	EU Median
2020	98,0%	95,2%	82	139
2021	100,5%	100,0%	72	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,5% in 2021 Poland seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 2,5 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 72 days, which is below the EU median of 134 days.

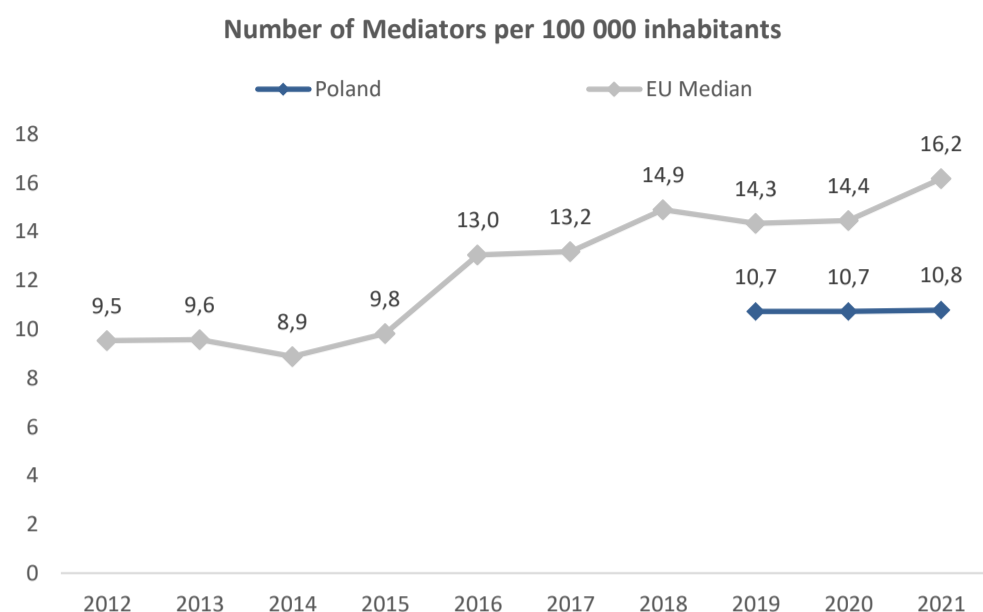
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -12,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Severe criminal cases include all offences under the Penal Code, Penal Fiscal Code and offences specified in other Acts. Misdemeanours are cases conducted under the Petty Offence Code. The category "Other cases" covers the rest of cases conducted in criminal courts which are not connected directly with the severe criminal cases or misdemeanours (mainly cases conducted under the Code of Criminal Procedure and Petty Offences Procedure Code).

6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Poland (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Poland	Poland	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	9,5
2013	-	-	9,6
2014	NA	NA	8,9
2015	-	-	9,8
2016	NA	NA	13,0
2017	NA	NA	13,2
2018	NA	NA	14,9
2019	4120	10,7	14,3
2020	4100	10,7	14,4
2021	4102	10,8	16,2



In 2021, there are 4 102 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 10,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 0,0%.

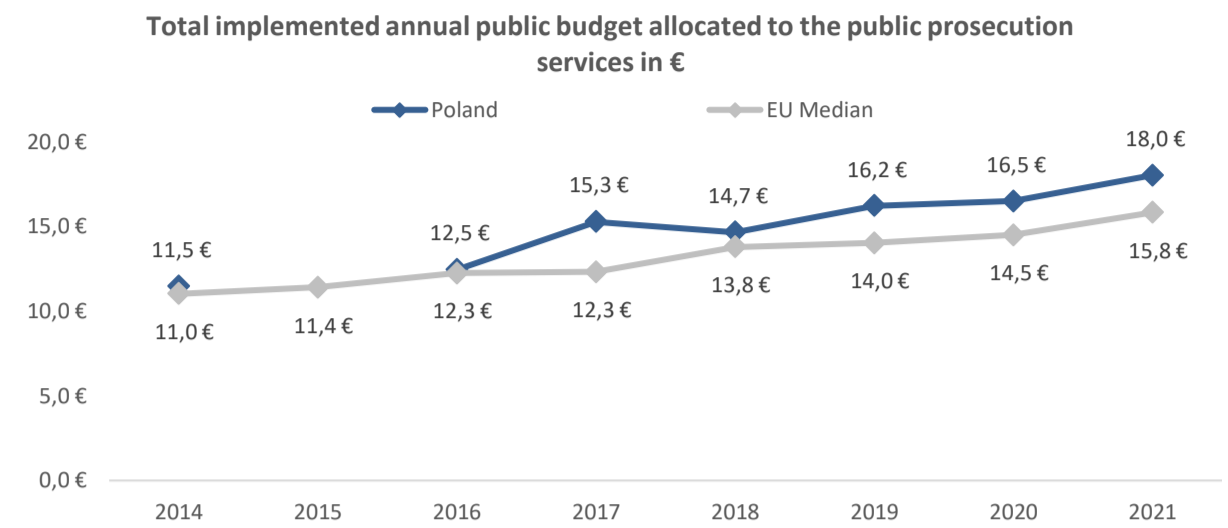
Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	32 580	27 857	10 056
Civil and commercial	15 785	13 825	2 739
Family cases	9 017	7 043	3 694
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	3 717	3 098	1 177
Criminal cases	4 061	3 891	2 446
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

5. Public prosecution services in Poland (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Poland	Poland	EU Median
2014	441 872 463 €	11,5 €	11,0 €
2015	-	-	11,4 €
2016	478 772 000 €	12,5 €	12,3 €
2017	587 923 359 €	15,3 €	12,3 €
2018	563 400 019 €	14,7 €	13,8 €
2019	623 440 944 €	16,2 €	14,0 €
2020	631 595 690 €	16,5 €	14,5 €
2021	687 121 234 €	18,0 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Poland	Poland	EU Median
2018	683 618 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	694 687 €	0,018 €	0,029 €
2020	248 165 €	0,006 €	0,011 €
2021	387 541 €	0,010 €	0,022 €

In 2020, the epidemiological situation related to the COVID-19 outbreak and the risk of virus infection resulted in a significant reduction in training and workshops in the form of traditional meetings. Training offerings changed and on line training was available. In view of the lack of mobility and the limitation of interpersonal contacts, the prosecution units organised in-house training. The training budget for 2020 represented 35.27% of the 2019 implementation and 36.3% of the 2018 implementation.

The budget allocated for training in 2021 increased by 56.16% compared to 2020. The execution of training expenditure did not reach the level of 2018 and 2019. This was mainly influenced by the training offer. The majority of training is offered and delivered on line which results in lower training costs.

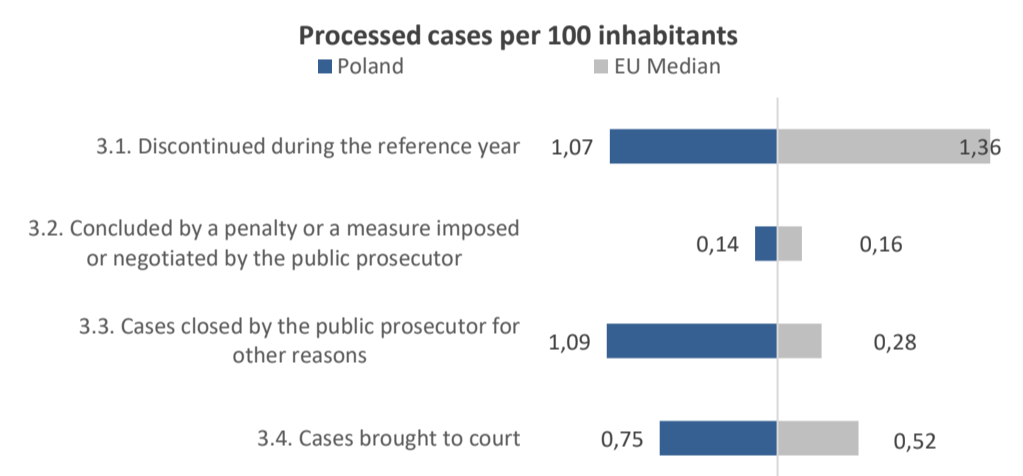
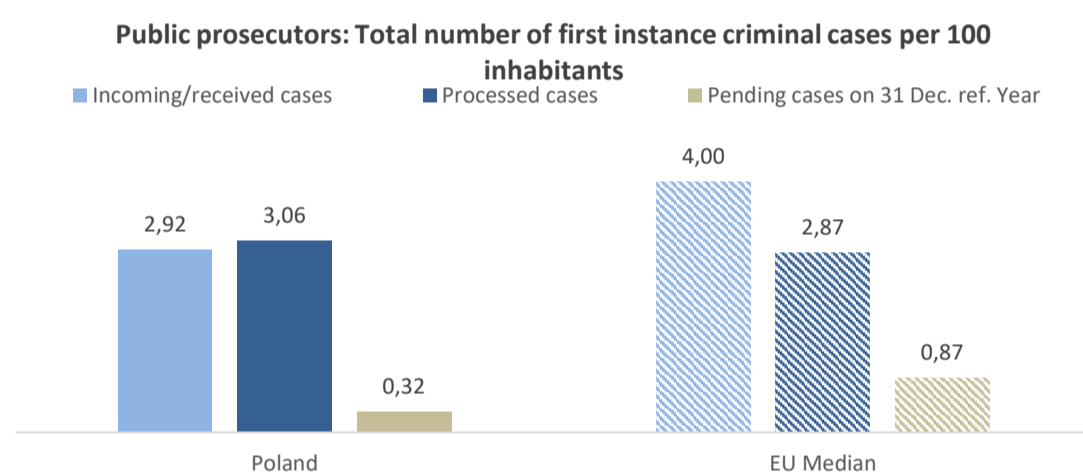
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Poland	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Poland	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	123 331	▼ -1,2%	0,32	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	1 111 383	▲ 5,1%	2,92	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	1 165 894	▲ 7,5%	3,06	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	409 160	▲ 5,6%	1,07	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	160 372	▲ 24,8%	0,42	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	68 234	▼ -8,9%	0,18	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	138 476	▼ -2,4%	0,36	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	42 078	▼ -0,4%	0,11	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	54 389	▲ 112,2%	0,14	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	415 692	▲ 4,4%	1,09	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	286 653	▲ 4,8%	0,75	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	123 209	▼ -0,1%	0,32	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The number of cases discontinued for any other reason consists of cases discontinued on the basis of: 1) Art. 17 par. 1 point 3 to 11 of the Code of Criminal Procedure: the social harm of the act is negligible; the law provides that the perpetrator is not subject to punishment; the defendant has died; the criminal statute of limitations has run; criminal proceedings for the same act of the same person have been validly terminated or previously instituted proceedings are pending; the perpetrator is not subject to the jurisdiction of the Polish criminal courts; lack of complaint from an authorized prosecutor; absence of the required authorization for prosecution or request for prosecution from an authorized person, unless otherwise provided by law; there is another circumstance excluding prosecution. 2) Act on Counteracting Drug Addiction (Article 62a and 62b); 3) Other discontinuances - in addition to those described in report PK-P1K on activity of common organizational units of the Public Prosecutor's Office in criminal cases.

The number of cases closed by the prosecutor for other reasons consists of: cases in which criminal prosecution was transferred (Article 591 para. 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure), refusal to start an investigation, suspended cases, cases finished with the transfer of the commander, cases settled in another way (there is no data about the way of completion in the report).



7. ICT tools of courts in Poland (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 50-99%	50-99%	NA	
Simple dictation tools	in all courts	in all courts	not available	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	some courts / pilot phas	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	No	
	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Financial management tools				
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes	
Other	NA	NA	NA	
	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	No
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	No	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	10-49%	Yes	Yes	No

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Poland (2021 data)

In Poland, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Ministry of Justice collects statistical data sent by common courts concerning their current activity, and also evaluates annual information on the activity of courts, prepared by presidents of courts of appeal about the activity of courts within the area of appeals, within the scope of tasks entrusted to them. In addition, the Minister of Justice convenes a meeting with presidents of courts of appeal at least once a year to discuss issues related to exercising supervision. Within the framework of that evaluation, a multifaceted analysis of collected statistical data is conducted, inter alia, an indicator of stability of jurisprudence, an indicator of control over the inflow of court cases or time of adjudication in incoming cases. However, no legal provision defines specific quality standards for individual indicators, concerning organisational quality and/or justice quality policy, to be formulated for the justice system as a whole.

Inspection departments operate in the appellate and regional courts. The task of the judges working in these departments is to perform on behalf of the president of the court activities in the scope of supervision over the administrative activity of the courts in the area of the operation of a given appellate or district court. Supervision consists in taking actions to improve the office of the courts or increase the efficiency and level of work organization culture in the courts. For this purpose, visits of departments in courts or surveys of recognized cases of a given category are carried out, the secretariats of departments in the courts are controlled. Activities in the scope of administrative supervision can not enter the field in which judges and assessors are independent.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

In Poland, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

At the level of the Minister of Justice, evaluation of efficiency is carried out at least once a year (evaluation of annual information submitted by the presidents of courts of appeal) and, if necessary, twice a year, while by internal supervisory bodies - on the basis of monthly statements, quarterly - Management Control

Annual information of the presidents of courts of appeal on the activity of courts operating within the area of appellate courts, containing statistical data from particular appellate courts and information on actions taken to ensure the best possible activity of courts within the area of appellate courts, is analyzed every year. The Minister of Justice evaluates annual information and either accepts it or refuses to accept it

The analysis of work of courts within the jurisdiction of particular appellate courts is also carried out on the basis of statistical data for the first half of each year. On the basis of statistical data collected, the Department of Administrative Supervision performs, according to the needs, an analysis of data concerning judicial units, in particular in the context of efficiency of proceedings and the need to undertake appropriate actions by presidents of courts in order to ensure the most efficient work of units subordinate to them.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✔

The category "other" refers to workload of judges and registrars.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In 2021, following the implementation of the new central ICT system PROK-SYS, which provides for a modern reporting system, the possibility of obtaining data on a wide range of activities of all organisational units of the prosecution offices was created. The system provides a solution for generating types of reports on the costs of proceedings. This allows for daily supervision of the activities of the prosecution offices from every level, including the central level. Prior to 2021, data on the costs of proceedings were only collected locally.

In Poland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Pursuant to Article 30 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office, the National Public Prosecutor, but also regional and circuit public prosecutors within the area of their activities, may order a visit to an organisational unit of the public prosecution services in order to control the performance of statutory tasks by this unit within a specified scope. Pursuant to § 77 item 1 of the Ordinance of the Minister of Justice - Rules of Procedure of the universal prosecutorial bodies of the public prosecution services, visitation and inspection shall be carried out as appropriate, in particular when there are signals of significant irregularities in the activities of a given body. Visitations should be carried out at least every 5 years.

2. An inspection may be carried out to check the correctness of practices in selected sections of the operation or when there is a need to investigate the causes of shortcomings in the operation or irregularities in the operation of the given body.

3 Visitation and inspection includes: 1) the control of the performance of the statutory tasks by the bodies, and in particular the examination of the correctness of the activities undertaken and the level of work;

2) assessing the performance of professional duties by prosecutors and administration staff and their professional qualifications and work culture; 3) an assessment of the way in which the body is managed, the organisation of work and the division of tasks; 4) In the course of visitations and inspections, instructions shall be given as necessary to improve the operation of the audited bodies and to help solve current problems. Conclusions from the visitations and inspections of public prosecutor's offices are considered by the regional prosecutor's office board [kolegium prokuratury regionalnej] (Article 49 of the Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office).

In 2021, following the implementation of the new central ICT system PROK-SYS, managers of organisational units at all levels gained access to daily updated reports (Microsoft POWER BI technology), which enable the ongoing monitoring of the work of the units, in particular concerning such data as the receipt of cases or the number of cases handled. There is no need for a subordinate unit to prepare data, as this data is visible by the higher level unit. Prosecutors in charge of a higher-level prosecution unit supervise proceedings in lower-level prosecution offices, so it is necessary to have detailed information on ongoing proceedings.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	38 433 558	38 412 000	38 411 000	38 244 000	38 088 000	-1,2%	-0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 126	-	10 538	-	11 370	12 365	12 960	13 289	12 953	13 691	35,2%	5,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4	-	4	-	4	4	4	4	5	5	12,3%	-0,5%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	-	No	-	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	True		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	True		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									True	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	True		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402	402	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	376	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	287	-	287	-	363	363	363	363	364	364	26,8%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	26	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	26	-	26	-	26	25	25	25	23	23	-11,5%	0,0%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	17	-	17	-	17	16	16	16	16	16	-5,9%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	9	-	9	-	9	9	9	9	7	7	-22,2%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	433	433	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	827	-	NA	-	401	401	401	401	494	494	-40,3%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 431 356	-	1 721 758	-	1 579 497	2 390 468	2 324 337	2 414 543	3 763 652	3 315 952	131,7%	-11,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	382 664	-	667 984	-	713 029	724 720	807 970	912 519	915 899	876 489	129,0%	-4,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	910 148	-	725 695	1 534 191	1 404 323	1 367 290	2 682 304	2 160 397	-	-19,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	718 309	-	667 530	-	371 152	1 030 834	780 007	657 899	684 051	564 282	-21,4%	-17,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	242 618	-	354 543	503 357	624 316	709 391	1 998 253	1 709 100	-	-14,5%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	204 376	-	203 662	-	298 505	388 192	470 502	589 726	1 884 456	1 602 361	684,0%	-15,0%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	20 595	-	38 956	-	56 038	115 165	153 814	119 665	113 797	106 739	418,3%	-6,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	21 837	-	20 070	-	33 167	30 867	25 726	22 374	23 363	26 785	22,7%	14,6%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	83 575	-	115 556	-	107 606	100 690	86 318	112 360	142 086	139 296	66,7%	-2,0%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 045 154	-	9 991 816	-	10 778 246	11 628 150	10 983 338	13 677 355	10 556 712	10 494 438	4,5%	-0,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 066 935	-	1 226 470	-	1 196 509	1 352 948	1 324 787	1 254 576	946 036	906 409	-15,0%	-4,2%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 395 454	-	9 256 718	9 952 141	9 272 680	12 062 299	9 291 234	9 063 077	-	-2,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 800 084	-	4 408 257	-	4 815 988	5 066 262	4 621 436	4 583 880	3 526 218	3 429 768	-28,5%	-2,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 197	-	4 440 730	4 885 879	4 651 244	7 478 419	5 765 016	5 806 611	-	0,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 194 947	-	3 245 962	-	3 578 837	3 678 725	3 691 685	6 644 391	4 991 059	4 970 090	55,6%	-0,4%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	610 397	-	741 235	-	861 893	1 207 154	959 559	834 028	773 957	836 521	37,0%	8,1%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	72 160	-	84 161	-	76 692	72 426	65 963	70 227	68 475	86 264	19,5%	26,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	300 631	-	285 731	-	248 327	250 635	319 908	290 253	250 967	265 386	-11,7%	5,7%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 100 564	-	10 177 708	-	10 015 117	11 693 624	10 873 270	12 333 858	11 005 552	10 673 352	5,7%	-3,0%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	944 559	-	1 217 579	-	1 182 200	1 269 714	1 220 249	1 245 830	995 781	936 347	-0,9%	-6,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 598 250	-	8 491 429	10 081 986	9 305 584	10 747 291	9 692 030	9 205 456	-	-5,0%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 944 396	-	4 620 175	-	4 156 304	5 317 072	4 743 532	4 557 728	3 639 200	3 465 180	-29,9%	-4,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	3 987 075	-	4 335 125	4 764 914	4 562 052	6 189 563	6 052 830	5 910 868	-	-2,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 240 327	-	3 248 343	-	3 489 148	3 596 416	3 572 462	5 349 662	5 271 833	5 091 804	57,1%	-3,4%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	603 887	-	729 732	-	845 977	1 168 498	989 590	839 901	780 997	819 064	35,6%	4,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	71 865	-	81 240	-	78 992	77 567	69 315	69 238	65 053	80 032	11,4%	23,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	295 530	-	280 639	-	262 496	264 357	278 122	271 499	252 688	280 925	-4,9%	11,2%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 375 396	-	1 533 930	-	2 342 626	2 324 994	2 434 405	3 758 040	3 314 812	3 137 038	128,1%	-5,4%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	505 040	-	676 875	-	727 338	807 954	912 508	921 265	866 154	846 551	67,6%	-2,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	707 352	-	1 490 984	1 404 346	1 371 419	2 682 298	2 281 508	2 018 018	-	-11,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	573 450	-	455 612	-	1 030 836	780 024	657 911	684 051	571 069	528 870	-7,8%	-7,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	251 740	-	460 148	624 322	713 508	1 998 247	1 710 439	1 604 843	-	-6,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	158 992	-	201 281	-	388 194	470 501	589 725	1 884 455	1 603 682	1 480 647	831,3%	-7,7%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	27 106	-	50 459	-	71 954	153 821	123 783	113 792	106 757	124 196	358,2%	16,3%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	22 132	-	30 991	-	30 867	25 726	22 374	23 363	26 785	33 017	49,2%	23,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 676	-	118 712	-	93 437	86 968	128 104	131 114	140 365	123 757	39,6%	-11,8%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,6%	-	101,9%	-	92,9%	100,6%	99,0%	90,2%	104,3%	101,7%	1,15	(2,55)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88,5%	-	99,3%	-	98,8%	93,8%	92,1%	99,3%	105,3%	103,3%	14,77	(1,96)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,4%	-	91,7%	101,3%	100,4%	89,1%	104,3%	101,6%	-	(2,74)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	103,0%	-	104,8%	-	86,3%	105,0%	102,6%	99,4%	103,2%	101,0%	(1,97)	(2,17)

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	100,0%	-	97,6%	97,5%	98,1%	82,8%	105,0%	101,8%	-	(3,20)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	101,4%	-	100,1%	-	97,5%	97,8%	96,8%	80,5%	105,6%	102,4%	1,03	(3,18)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	98,9%	-	98,4%	-	98,2%	96,8%	103,1%	100,7%	100,9%	97,9%	(1,02)	(3,00)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	99,6%	-	96,5%	-	103,0%	107,1%	105,1%	98,6%	95,0%	92,8%	(6,82)	(2,23)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	98,3%	-	98,2%	-	105,7%	105,5%	86,9%	93,5%	100,7%	105,9%	7,55	5,17
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	50	-	55	-	85	73	82	111	110	107	115,8%	-2,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	195	-	203	-	225	232	273	270	317	330	69,1%	3,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	30	-	64	51	54	91	86	80	-	-6,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	42	-	36	-	91	54	51	55	57	56	31,6%	-2,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	-	39	48	57	118	103	99	-	-3,9%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	18	-	23	-	41	48	60	129	111	106	492,6%	-4,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	16	-	25	-	31	48	46	49	50	55	237,8%	10,9%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	112	-	139	-	143	121	118	123	150	151	34,0%	0,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	110	-	154	-	130	120	168	176	203	161	46,8%	-20,7%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	42 786	-	47 162	-	46 315	47 334	49 485	53 202	53 276	58 172	36,0%	9,2%
---	--------	---	--------	---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	-------	------

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	11 102	-	7 201	-	5 607	5 087	4 124	4 090	4 177	5 622	-49,4%	34,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	794	-	1 166	-	3 167	3 563	4 660	5 549	6 610	6 858	763,7%	3,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	90 933	-	89 791	-	89 135	88 361	89 156	85 975	76 369	80 659	-11,3%	5,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	22 070	-	9 727	-	8 266	6 082	5 479	5 595	6 968	4 863	-78,0%	-30,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	4 589	-	4 469	-	11 797	14 468	16 309	19 596	24 105	24 723	438,7%	2,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	89 217	-	88 752	-	88 303	86 405	85 568	86 108	71 595	82 708	-7,3%	15,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	20 924	-	11 024	-	8 786	7 045	5 513	5 508	5 523	5 775	-72,4%	4,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 390	-	4 546	-	11 401	13 371	15 420	18 535	23 857	25 856	489,0%	8,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	44 750	-	48 539	-	47 334	49 290	53 202	53 275	58 173	56 326	25,9%	-3,2%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	12 249	-	5 904	-	5 087	4 124	4 090	4 177	5 622	4 710	-61,5%	-16,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	993	-	1 089	-	3 563	4 660	5 549	6 610	6 858	5 725	476,5%	-16,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	98,1%	-	98,8%	-	99,1%	97,8%	96,0%	100,2%	93,7%	102,5%	4,43	8,79
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,8%	-	113,3%	-	106,3%	115,8%	100,6%	98,4%	79,3%	118,8%	23,95	39,49
CR Insolvency cases	95,7%	-	101,7%	-	96,6%	92,4%	94,5%	94,6%	99,0%	104,6%	8,92	5,61
DT Litigious divorce cases	183	-	200	-	196	208	227	226	297	249	35,8%	-16,2%
DT Employment dismissal cases	214	-	195	-	211	214	271	277	372	298	39,3%	-19,9%
DT Insolvency cases	83	-	87	-	114	127	131	130	105	81	-2,1%	-23,0%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			75 994	-	86 082	94 082	97 689	103 913	131 029	123 044	-	-6,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 063	-	34 276	39 761	44 823	51 551	66 719	60 884	-	-8,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			5 834	-	6 675	8 065	8 034	5 537	11 660	5 518	-	-52,7%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			5 725	-	6 502	7 845	7 884	5 369	11 453	5 302	-	-53,7%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			109	-	173	220	150	168	207	216	-	4,3%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			109	-	173	220	150	168	207	216	-	4,3%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			19 271	-	25 867	27 824	26 406	27 649	28 125	26 714	-	-5,0%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			21 826	-	19 264	18 432	18 426	19 176	24 564	29 928	-	21,8%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			226 525	-	234 349	231 855	227 220	240 192	180 990	208 708	-	15,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			139 285	-	144 116	142 391	141 045	155 341	112 330	129 127	-	15,0%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			22 231	-	24 234	26 234	24 637	23 774	18 360	16 210	-	-11,7%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			21 773	-	23 610	25 708	24 213	23 378	18 031	15 875	-	-12,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			458	-	624	526	424	396	329	335	-	1,8%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			458	-	624	526	424	396	329	335	-	1,8%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			17 787	-	18 945	17 746	20 296	16 844	14 375	26 873	-	86,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			47 222	-	47 054	45 484	41 242	44 233	36 019	36 498	-	1,3%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			222 883	-	226 459	228 056	218 219	217 234	183 669	197 690	-	7,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			135 027	-	138 444	137 410	135 132	139 755	118 181	125 668	-	6,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			21 713	-	23 300	25 964	23 698	22 220	19 187	16 679	-	-13,1%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			21 258	-	22 723	25 368	23 292	21 863	18 867	16 288	-	-13,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			455	-	577	596	406	357	320	391	-	22,2%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			455	-	577	596	406	357	320	391	-	22,2%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			14 994	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	16 407	15 786	17 111	-	8,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			51 149	-	47 886	45 490	40 492	38 852	30 584	38 232	-	25,0%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			79 151	-	93 972	97 881	106 690	126 871	128 350	134 062	-	4,5%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			32 865	-	39 948	44 742	50 736	67 137	60 868	64 343	-	5,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			6 323	-	7 609	8 335	8 973	7 091	10 833	5 049	-	-53,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			6 211	-	7 389	8 185	8 805	6 884	10 617	4 889	-	-54,0%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			112	-	220	150	168	207	216	160	-	-25,9%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			112	-	220	150	168	207	216	160	-	-25,9%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			22 064	-	27 983	26 378	27 805	28 086	26 714	36 476	-	36,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			17 899	-	18 432	18 426	19 176	24 557	29 999	28 194	-	-6,0%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	6 843	12 020	-	75,7%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			98,4%	-	96,6%	98,4%	96,0%	90,4%	101,5%	94,7%	-	(6,76)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			96,9%	-	96,1%	96,5%	95,8%	90,0%	105,2%	97,3%	-	(7,89)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			97,7%	-	96,1%	99,0%	96,2%	93,5%	104,5%	102,9%	-	(1,61)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			97,6%	-	96,2%	98,7%	96,2%	93,5%	104,6%	102,6%	-	(2,03)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	97,3%	116,7%	-	19,45
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			99,3%	-	92,5%	113,3%	95,8%	90,2%	97,3%	116,7%	-	19,45
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			84,3%	-	88,8%	108,1%	93,1%	97,4%	109,8%	63,7%	-	(46,14)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			108,3%	-	101,8%	100,0%	98,2%	87,8%	84,9%	104,8%	-	19,84
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			130	-	151	157	178	213	255	248	-	-3,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			89	-	105	119	137	175	188	187	-	-0,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106	-	119	117	138	116	206	110	-	-46,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			107	-	119	118	138	115	205	110	-	-46,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			90	-	139	92	151	212	246	149	-	-39,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			90	-	139	92	151	212	246	149	-	-39,4%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			537	-	607	502	537	625	618	778	-	26,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			128	-	140	148	173	231	358	269	-	-24,8%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	30 527	32 161	30 034	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 565	-	4 660	4 294	3 655	4 596	4 757	1 613	-	-66,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	-	25 867	27 867	26 379	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	332	254	83	-	-67,3%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	27 302	25 585	27 869	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			8 410	-	8 357	7 780	7 640	7 585	5 895	12 687	-	115,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	-	18 945	17 805	20 229	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 163	7 008	1 312	-	-81,3%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	25 552	27 611	25 596	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 926	-	8 723	8 419	6 699	7 424	7 456	8 335	-	11,8%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	-	16 829	19 192	18 897	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	1 236	7 105	806	-	-88,7%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			NA	-	32 277	30 135	32 307	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 052	-	4 294	3 655	4 596	4 757	3 196	5 965	-	86,6%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	-	27 983	26 480	27 711	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	259	157	589	-	275,2%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	-	93,6%	107,9%	91,8%	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			94,2%	-	104,4%	108,2%	87,7%	97,9%	126,5%	65,7%	-	(60,78)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	-	88,8%	107,8%	93,4%	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	106,3%	101,4%	61,4%	-	(39,95)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			NA	-	461	398	461	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			187	-	180	158	250	234	156	261	-	67,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	-	607	504	535	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	76	8	267	-	3207,1%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									374 052	410 425	-	9,7%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									173 746	191 257	-	10,1%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									78 511	86 960	-	10,8%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									121 795	132 208	-	8,5%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									1 862 695	2 027 328	-	8,8%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									351 326	381 028	-	8,5%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									330 848	361 735	-	9,3%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									1 180 521	1 284 565	-	8,8%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									1 826 322	2 037 487	-	11,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									333 815	382 211	-	14,5%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									322 399	363 569	-	12,8%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									1 170 108	1 291 707	-	10,4%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									410 425	400 266	-	-2,5%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									191 257	190 074	-	-0,6%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									86 960	85 126	-	-2,1%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									132 208	125 066	-	-5,4%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									98,0%	100,5%	-	2,5
CR of Severe cases									95,0%	100,3%	-	5,3
CR of Misdemeanour cases									97,4%	100,5%	-	3,1
CR of Other									99,1%	100,6%	-	1,45
DT of Total									82	72	-	-12,6%
DT of Severe cases									209	182	-	-13,2%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									98	85	-	-13,2%
DT of Other									41	35	-	-14,3%
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									26 664	28 434	-	6,6%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									13 996	14 428	-	3,1%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 141	1 178	-	3,2%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									11 527	12 828	-	11,3%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									172 048	192 783	-	12,1%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									40 360	49 845	-	23,5%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									4 354	5 657	-	29,9%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									127 334	137 281	-	7,8%
098.3.1 Total - resolved									170 278	191 970	-	12,7%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									39 928	49 051	-	22,8%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									4 317	5 581	-	29,3%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									126 033	137 338	-	9,0%
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									28 434	29 247	-	2,9%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									14 428	15 222	-	5,5%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									1 178	1 254	-	6,5%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									12 828	12 771	-	-0,4%
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,0%	99,6%	-	0,61
CR o2 Severe cases									98,9%	98,4%	-	(0,53)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									99,2%	98,7%	-	(0,50)

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									99,0%	100,0%	-	1,07
DT of Total									61	56	-	-8,8%
DT of Severe cases									132	113	-	-14,1%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									100	82	-	-17,7%
DT of Other									37	34	-	-8,6%
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 819	1 487	-	-18,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									3 226	3 915	-	21,4%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									3 570	4 018	-	12,5%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 475	1 384	-	-6,2%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									110,7%	102,6%	-	(8,03)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									151	126	-	-16,6%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									124 866	123 331	-	-1,2%
2. Incoming/received cases									1 057 665	1 111 383	-	5,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									1 084 834	1 165 894	-	7,5%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									387 521	409 160	-	5,6%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									128 486	160 372	-	24,8%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									74 940	68 234	-	-8,9%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									141 856	138 476	-	-2,4%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									42 239	42 078	-	-0,4%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									25 635	54 389	-	112,2%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									398 037	415 692	-	4,4%
3.4. Cases brought to court									273 641	286 653	-	4,8%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									123 332	123 209	-	-0,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,03	1,10	-	7,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,12	0,12	-	-0,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									57 735	54 389	-	-5,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									53 072	51 198	-	-3,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	424 128 567	-	437 424 395	-	480 141 000	588 482 409	566 825 248	623 467 890	631 630 571	687 218 210	62,0%	8,80%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	441 872 463	-	478 772 000	587 923 359	563 400 019	623 440 944	631 595 690	687 121 234	-	8,79%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	684 790	694 696	248 179	387 571	-	56,17%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	683 618	694 687	248 165	387 541	-	56,16%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	-	No	-	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									31 661	34 423	-	0,09
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									15 852	15 290	-	-3,5%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									1 706	2 038	-	19,5%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									229	272	-	18,8%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									19	12	-	-36,8%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									1 007 710 £	1 290 111 £	-	28,0%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									3 217 799 £	3 770 285 £	-	17,2%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									629 105 £	2 927 715 £	-	365,4%
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							False	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter								10-49%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter								NA	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter								NA	NA	NA
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in most of the courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	Yes	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	NA	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	100%	100%	100%	100%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA	NA	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	NA	NA	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	False	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	NA	NA	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	10-49%	10-49%	

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							NA	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	False	True	True		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	10 114	-	10 096	-	9 980	10 047	9 776	9 736	9 650	9 815	-3,0%	1,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	9 441	-	9 516	-	9 422	9 508	9 240	9 194	9 034	9 161	-3,0%	1,4%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	497	-	494	-	475	458	426	443	417	459	-7,6%	10,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	86	-	86	-	83	81	110	99	199	195	126,7%	-2,0%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	3 701	-	NA	-	NA	3 677	NA	3 673	3 702	3 789	2,4%	2,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	3 371	-	3 451	-	3 400	3 466	3 411	3 386	3 390	3 434	1,9%	1,3%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	221	-	229	-	221	211	196	209	197	220	-0,5%	11,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	78	137	135	-	-1,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	6 413	-	NA	-	NA	6 289	NA	6 063	5 948	6 026	-6,0%	1,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	6 070	-	6 065	-	6 022	6 042	5 829	5 808	5 644	5 727	-5,7%	1,5%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	276	-	265	-	254	247	230	234	220	239	-13,4%	8,6%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	21	62	60	-	-3,2%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199	195	-	-2,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	26	-	4,0%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	28	-	0,0%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556	533	-	-4,1%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454	431	-	-5,1%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102	102	-	0,0%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	39	-	-11,4%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	46 807	40 662	41 927	41 973	42 854	4,9%	2,1%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	1 941	2 201	2 618	2 669	2 622	44,9%	-1,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	27 607	22 398	22 972	23 711	24 306	5,2%	2,5%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8 226	7 663	8 077	7 801	8 127	12,3%	4,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	3 243	2 739	2 654	2 346	2 331	-33,2%	-0,6%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	5 790	5 661	5 606	5 446	5 468	5,2%	0,4%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	6 424	6 611	6 545	6 766	-	3,4%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	-	537	-	NA	561	651	737	765	748	-	-2,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 866	1 886	2 048	2 188	-	6,8%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	1 825	1 929	1 803	1 872	-	3,8%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	1 008	891	881	777	773	-	-0,5%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	1 200	1 191	1 178	1 152	1 185	-	2,9%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	34 238	35 316	35 428	36 088	-	1,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	-	1 310	-	NA	1 380	1 550	1 881	1 904	1 874	-	-1,6%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	20 532	21 086	21 663	22 118	-	2,1%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	5 838	6 148	5 998	6 255	-	4,3%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	2 235	1 848	1 773	1 569	1 558	-	-0,7%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	NA	-	NA	4 590	4 470	4 428	4 294	4 283	-	-0,3%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									41 973	42 854	-	2,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									663	692	-	4,4%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									6 545	6 766	-	3,4%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									219	225	-	2,7%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									35 428	36 088	-	1,9%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									444	467	-	5,2%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									5 843	5 898	-	0,9%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									3 759	3 775	-	0,4%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									1 605	1 631	-	1,6%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									88	90	-	2,3%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									2 787	2 807	-	0,7%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									1 608	1 614	-	0,4%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									878	884	-	0,7%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									61	61	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									3 056	3 091	-	1,1%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									2 151	2 161	-	0,5%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									727	747	-	2,8%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	29	-	7,4%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									9 073	9 063	-	-0,1%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									1 826	1 822	-	-0,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									7 247	7 241	-	-0,1%
004 Annual average salary in the country									13 437 £	15 397 £	-	14,6%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									25 796 £	25 796 £	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									71 941 £	71 941 £	-	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									25 796 £	25 796 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									71 941 £	71 941 £	-	0,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									21 312 £	21 312 £	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									52 540 £	52 540 £	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									21 312 £	21 312 £	-	0,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									52 540 £	52 540 £	-	0,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									27	25	-	-7,4%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									11	15	-	36,4%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									14	6	-	-57,1%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									2	3	-	50,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	1	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									NA	59	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NA	NA	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									5	2	-	-60,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	NA	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									3	2	-	-33,3%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									14	9	-	-35,7%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									NA	55	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									2	14	-	600,0%

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									18	27	-	50,0%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									11	14	-	27,3%
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	43 974	-	52 760	-	48 315	51 227	53 081	55 178	57 365	59 635	35,6%	4,0%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							26 635	27 593	28 259	31 719	-	12,2%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							26 446	27 585	28 510	27 916	-	-2,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	-	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Poland

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	4 120	4 100	4 102	-	0,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					20 856	24 115	26 272	27 463	NA	32 580	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					12 986	13 403	13 297	12 518	NA	15 785	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					5 151	7 720	6 933	7 869	NA	9 017	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					8	1	6	1	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					1 536	1 869	2 178	2 746	NA	3 717	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					1 175	1 122	3 858	4 329	NA	4 061	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Portugal

(2021 data)

General data

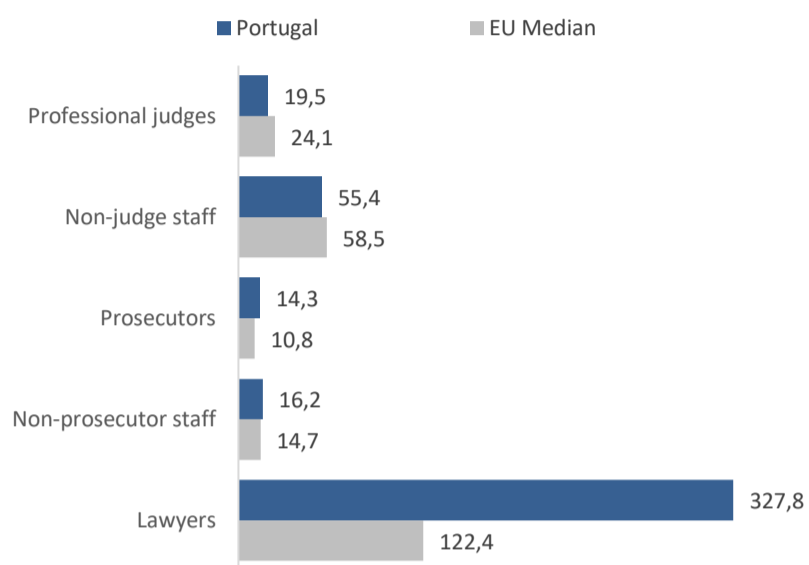
Population: 10 352 042

GDP per capita: 20 528 €

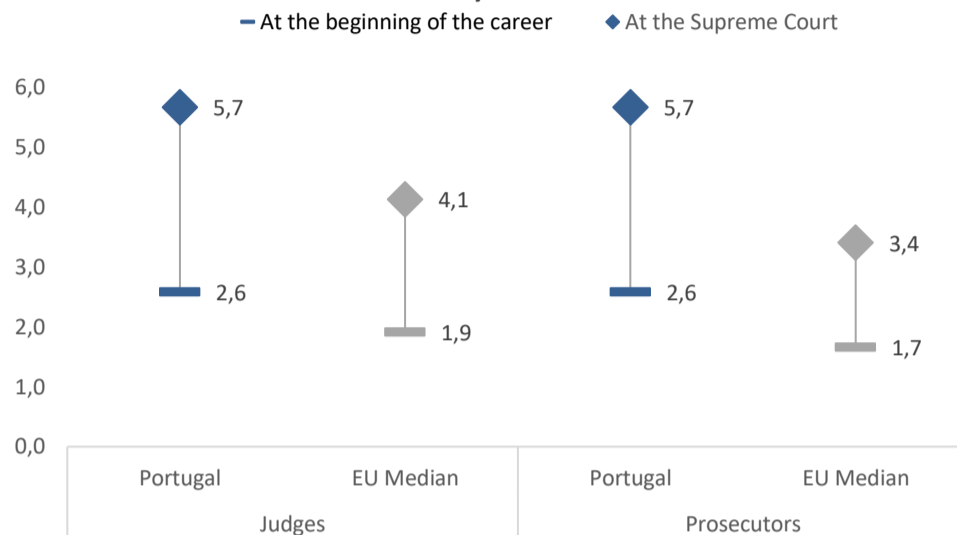
Average annual salary: 18 729 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

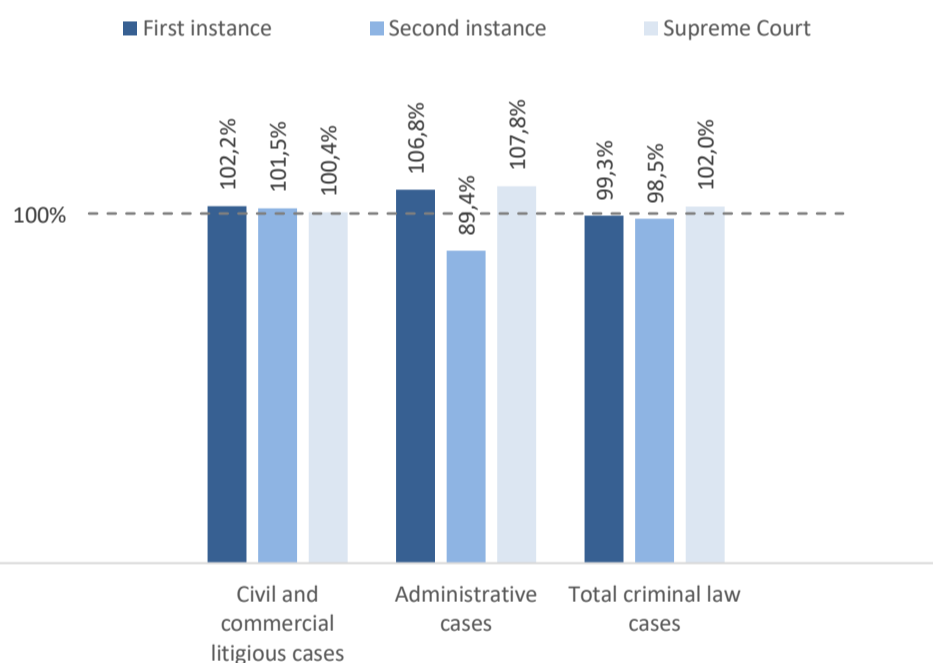


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

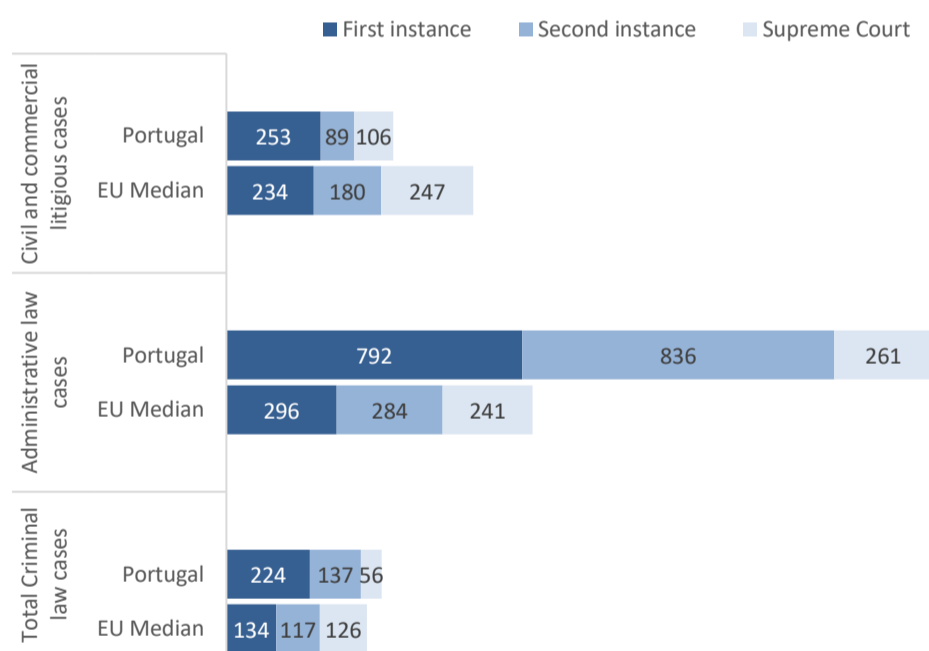


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

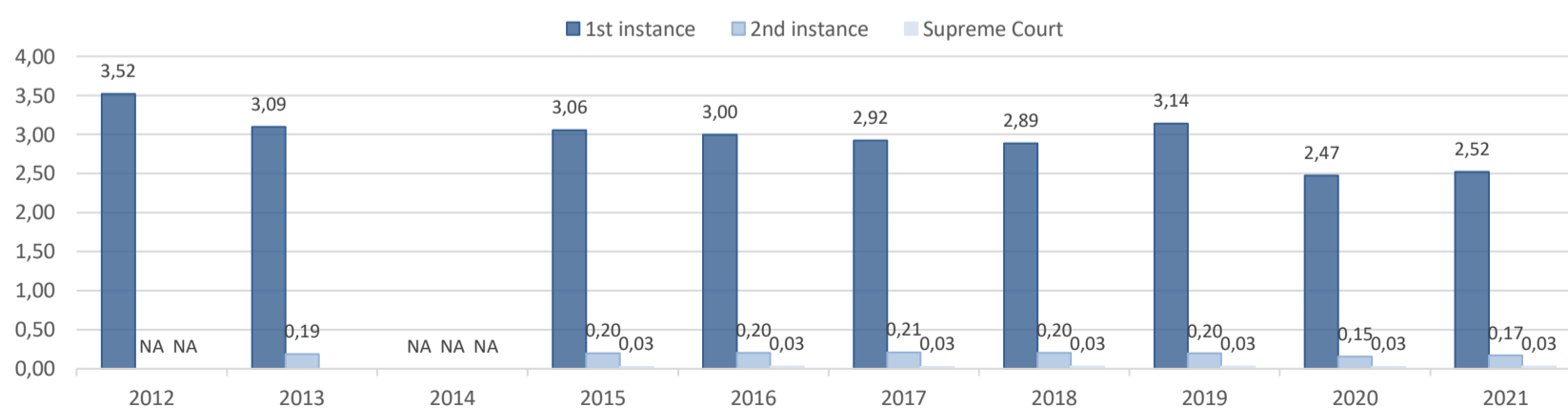


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court cases for 2013 were not collected.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for: Portugal

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	10 295 909	10 352 042		-1,3%	0,5%
GDP per capita	15 607	15 890	16 637	17 317	17 905	18 744	19 614	20 660	19 638	20 528		31,5%	4,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	15 383		15 588		16 079		16 766	17 226	18 044	18 729		21,8%	3,8%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	19,2	19,4	19,2	19,2	19,3	20,0	19,3	19,4	19,4	19,5		1,9%	0,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	58,3	57,6	54,9	56,1	54,8	56,3	56,6	56,6	56,1	55,4		-5,0%	-1,4%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									13,8	14,3			4,0%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									16,1	16,2			0,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	270,2	275,9	282,8	263,8	295,6	304,4	315,0	322,5	321,6	327,8		21,3%	1,9%
Mediators	2,4	2,4	1,9	2,1	5,0	6,0	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,520	3,095	NA	3,056	2,996	2,923	2,888	3,139	2,473	2,519		-28,4%	1,9%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,337	0,253	0,244	0,237	0,265	0,201	0,245		NA	21,9%
Total criminal law cases									0,616	0,716			16,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	98%	103%	NA	116%	112%	113%	109%	105%	98%	102%		4,46	4,35
CR administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	80%	112%	105%	111%	106%	126%	107%		NA	-19,30
CR total criminal law cases									93%	99%			5,83

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	280	253		-31,5%	-9,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	847	792		NA	-6,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									280	224			-20,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,47	3,37	NA	3,07	2,66	2,26	1,98	1,81	1,85	1,78		-48,7%	-4,0%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,73	0,70	0,69	0,67	0,65	0,59	0,57		NA	-3,5%
Total criminal law cases									0,44	0,44			-1,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	95%	97%	99%	102%	102%	108%	102%			-6,08
CR administrative law cases			NA	107%	88%	76%	74%	90%	92%	89%			-3,03
CR total criminal law cases									101%	99%			-2,82

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	106	114	111	107	104	99	89			-10,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	573	714	842	1 016	849	877	836			-4,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									142	137			-3,8%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	100%	99%	104%	98%	95%	89%	100%			11,18
CR administrative law cases			NA	89%	96%	104%	100%	88%	120%	108%			-12,69
CR total criminal law cases									98%	102%			3,80

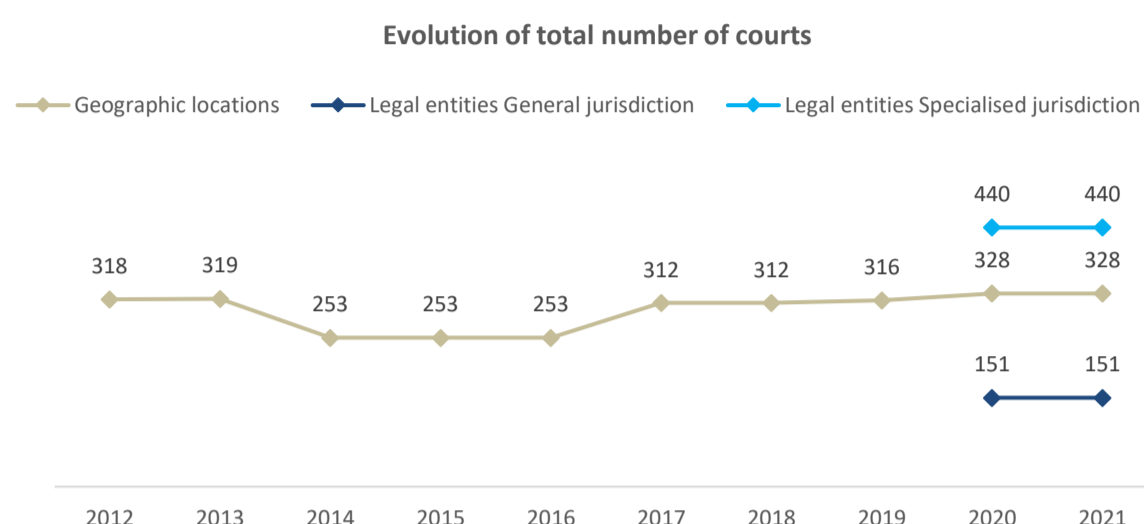
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	58	58	44	49	70	126	106			-16,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	299	322	272	364	431	291	261			-10,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									67	56			-17,2%

1. Judicial organisation in Portugal (2021 data)

Under the Portuguese Constitution, there are two set of courts: judicial courts, which have general jurisdiction in civil/commercial and criminal matters and encompass specialised courts, and administrative and tax courts, whose role is to settle disputes arising out of administrative and tax relations. These latter are specialised in this domain only. The ordinary justice administration in Portugal is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 145 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 5 courts of appeal and the Supreme Court of Justice. The administrative justice which is autonomous, i.e. independent from the civil justice, is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 17 Administrative and Tax courts (first instance), and 3 higher instance courts of administrative jurisdiction.

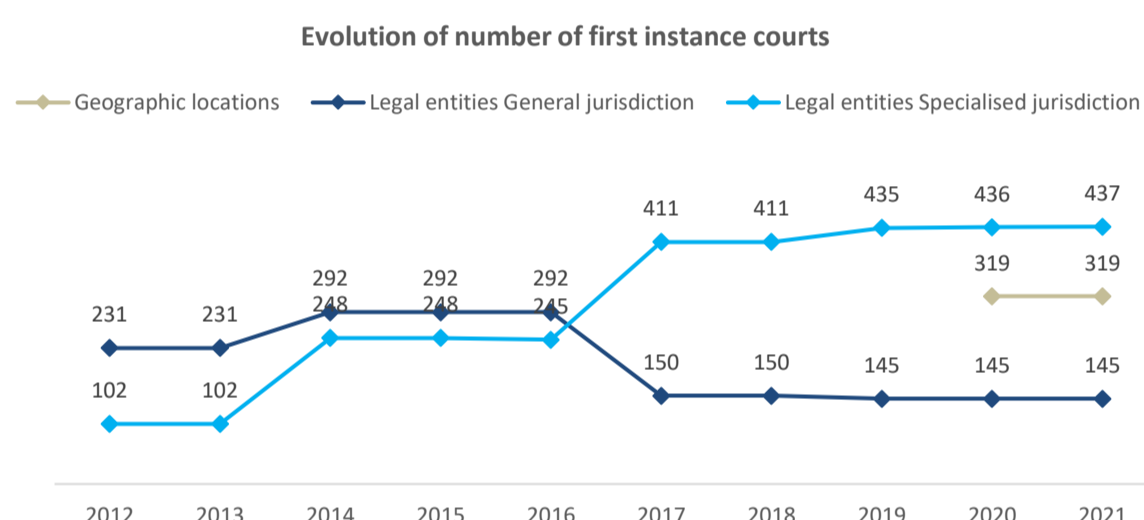
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	318		
2013	319		
2014	253		
2015	253		
2016	253		
2017	312		
2018	312		
2019	316		
2020	328	151	440
2021	328	151	440



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		231	102
2013		231	102
2014		292	248
2015		292	248
2016		292	245
2017		150	411
2018		150	411
2019		145	435
2020	319	145	436
2021	319	145	437



In 2021, data on first instance courts as legal entities and geographic locations remained stable compared to 2020. Only the number of first instance specialised courts slightly increased.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 25% - 75%, which differs from the distribution tendency in EU (73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	437	3
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	23	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	45	NAP
Family courts	53	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	5	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	1	NAP
Administrative courts	17	3
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	293	NAP

As regards specialised courts, the data provided for 2021 include 17 first instance courts and 3 higher instance courts of administrative jurisdiction. Administrative courts are part of another jurisdiction and under law cannot be considered specialized courts.

«Commercial courts»: deal with, inter alia, winding up of the company, insolvency and suspension and revocation of company resolutions. "Internet related disputes»: only for Internet domain system (DNS) issues, which are under the jurisdiction of the Intellectual Property Court; for all other Internet related issues, general jurisdiction courts are competent.

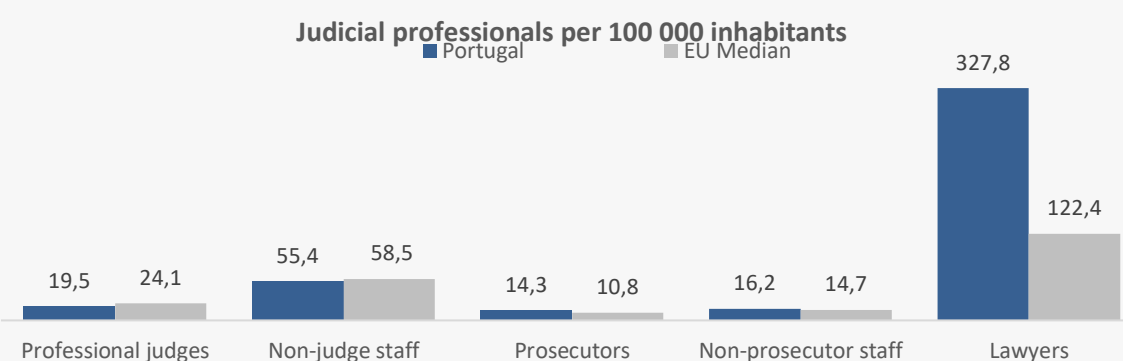
"Other specialised courts": include all other courts that are not listed in the categories above. This category includes Civil Central Judicial Divisions, Criminal Central Judicial Divisions, Civil Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Local Proximity Judicial Divisions, Petty Criminality Local, Proximity Judicial Divisions, Criminal Examination Judicial Divisions, Enforcement Judicial Divisions, Central Criminal Examination Court, Competition Court and Maritime Court.

2. Professionals of justice in Portugal (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

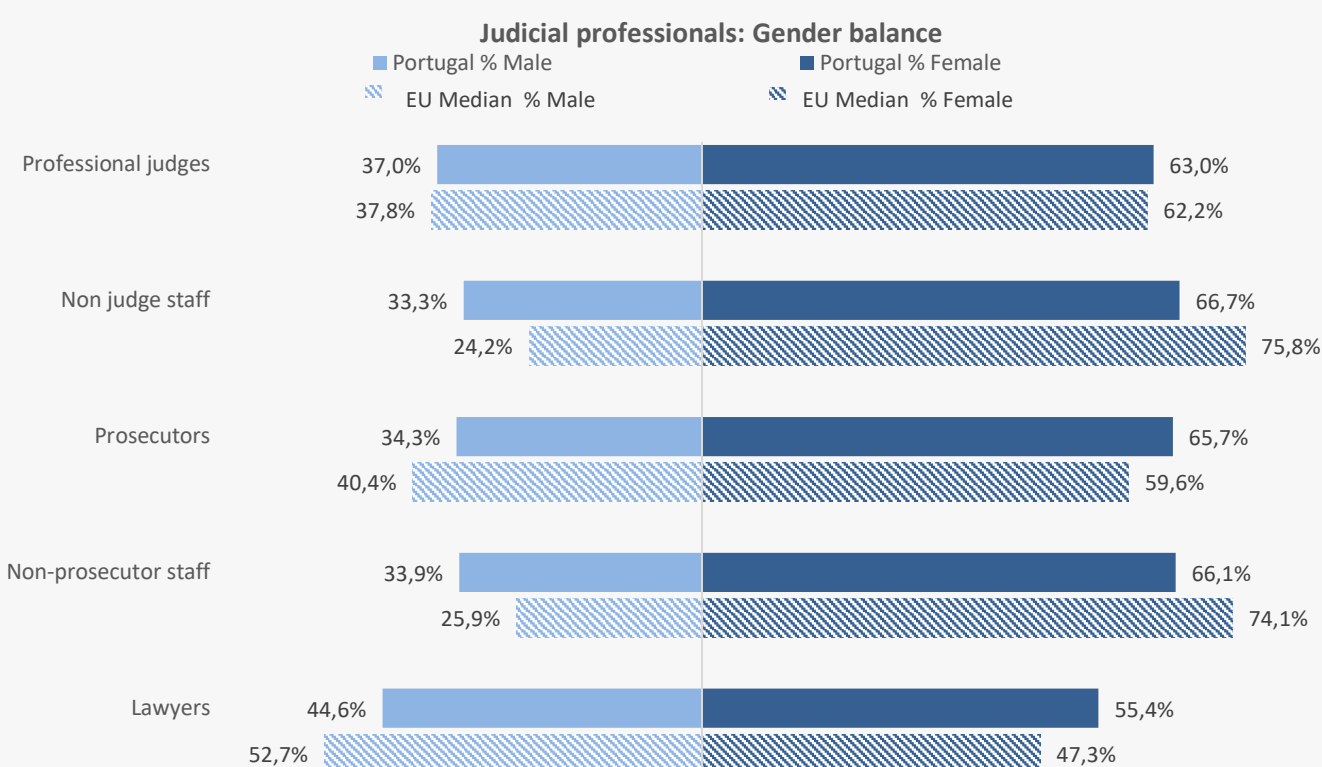
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 021	19,5	24,1
Non-judge staff	5 732	55,4	58,5
Prosecutors	1 480	14,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	1 674	16,2	14,7
Lawyers	33 937	327,8	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

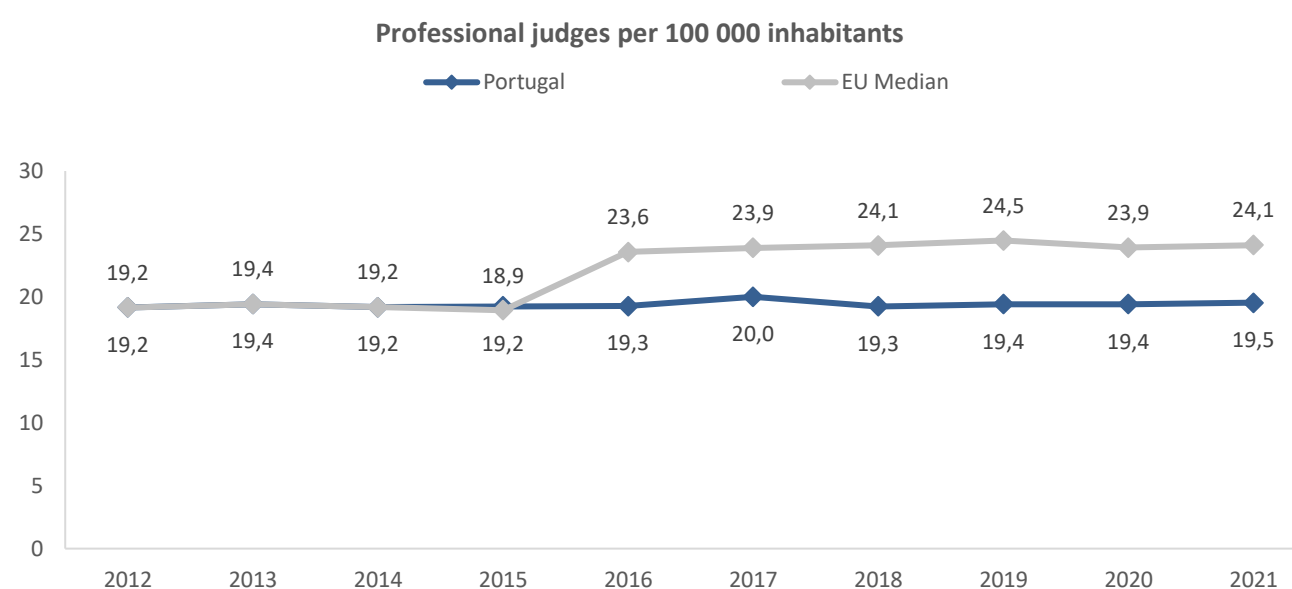
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	37,0%	63,0%
Non judge staff	33,3%	66,7%
Prosecutors	34,3%	65,7%
Non-prosecutor staff	33,9%	66,1%
Lawyers	44,6%	55,4%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

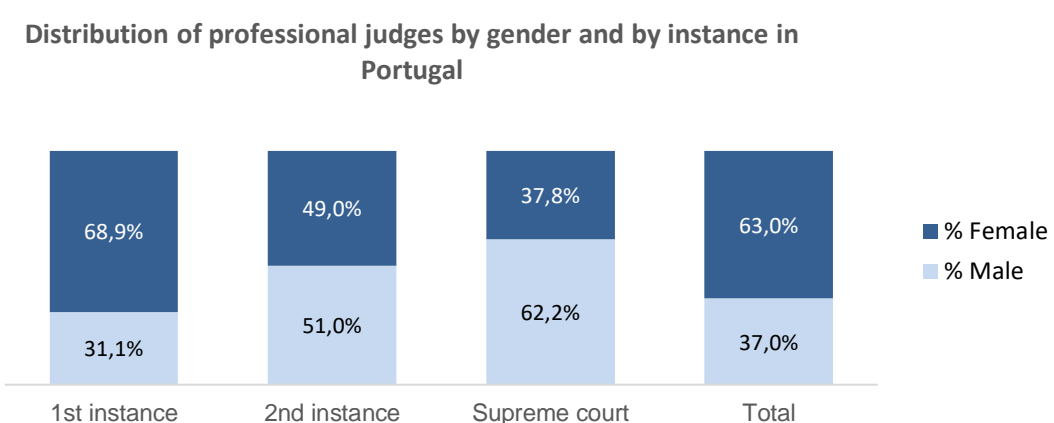
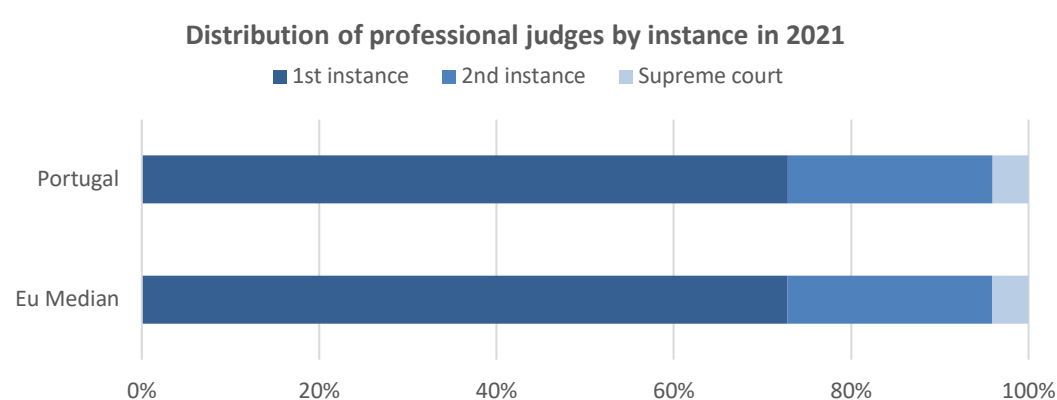
Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2012	2 009	19,2	19,2	19,2
2013	2 025	19,4	19,4	19,4
2014	1 990	19,2	19,2	19,2
2015	1 990	19,2	18,9	18,9
2016	1 986	19,3	23,6	23,6
2017	2 059	20,0	23,9	23,9
2018	1 979	19,3	24,1	24,1
2019	1 999	19,4	24,5	24,5
2020	1 999	19,4	23,9	23,9
2021	2 021	19,5	24,1	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Portugal is 2 021, which is 0,1% more than in previous cycle. More precisely, in Portugal, there are 19,5 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 24,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 472	72,8%	458	1 014	31,1%	68,9%
2nd instance	467	23,1%	238	229	51,0%	49,0%
Supreme court	82	4,1%	51	31	62,2%	37,8%
Total	2 021		747	1 274	37,0%	63,0%



In this cycle, the total number of women professional judges (all instances) is 1 274, which represents 63% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 472 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 014 are women); 467 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 229 are women) and 82 are sitting in the Supreme Court (of which 31 are women).

Concerning the distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend observed in Portugal is identical to the one established at the EU level.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that female judges have majority only at first instance.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

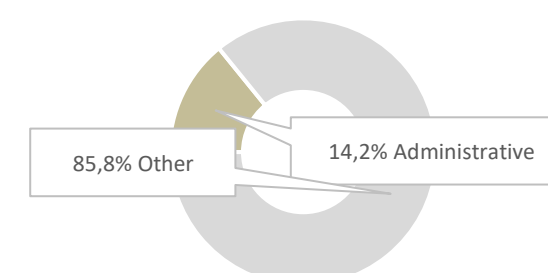
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 472	NAP	NAP	203	1 269
2nd instance	467	NAP	NAP	58	409
Supreme court	82	NAP	NAP	25	57
Total	2 021	NAP	NAP	286	1 735

In Portugal, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below for administrative and other cases.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NAP	NAP	13,8%	86,2%
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	12,4%	87,6%
Supreme court	NAP	NAP	30,5%	69,5%
Total	NAP	NAP	14,2%	85,8%

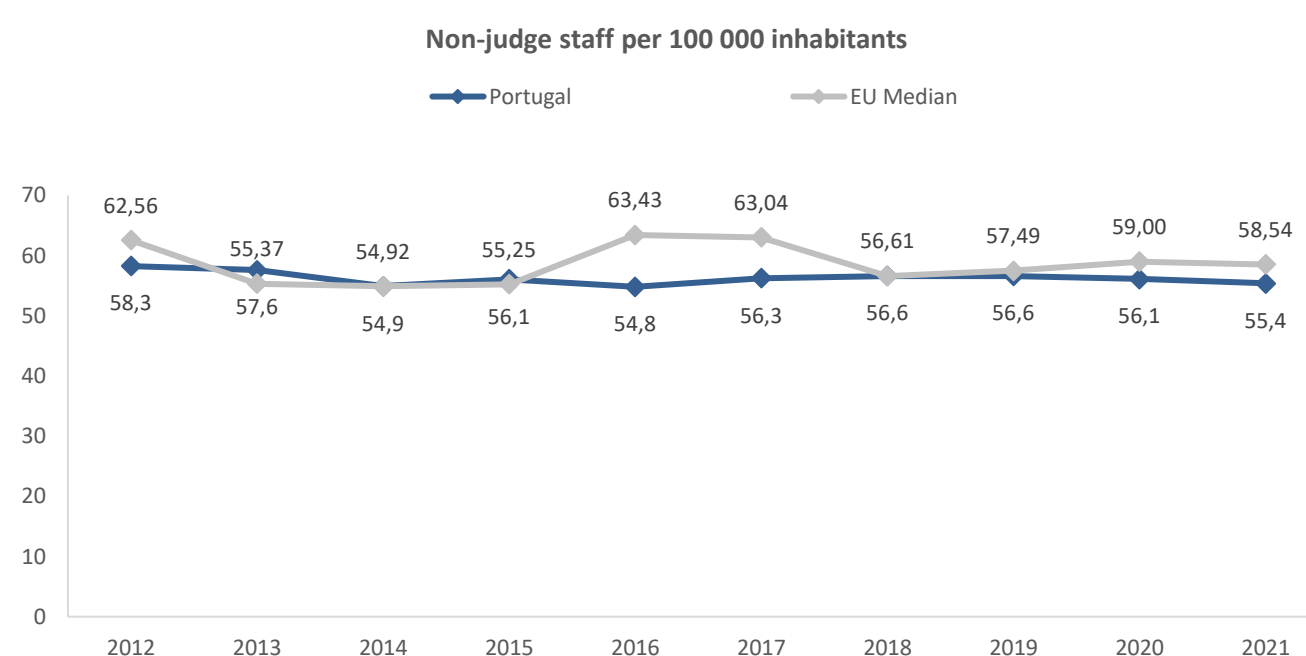
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



As there are judges who have civil and criminal competences at the same time, it is not possible to distinguish judges by civil and commercial matters. Therefore, the judges of the judicial courts were all included in the column "other".

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Portugal	Portugal	Portugal	EU Median
2012	6 110	58,3	62,6	62,6
2013	6 005	57,6	55,4	55,4
2014	5 698	54,9	54,9	54,9
2015	5 799	56,1	55,2	55,2
2016	5 652	54,8	63,4	63,4
2017	5 789	56,3	63,0	63,0
2018	5 818	56,6	56,6	56,6
2019	5 829	56,6	57,5	57,5
2020	5 779	56,1	59,0	59,0
2021	5 732	55,4	58,5	58,5



In 2021, Portugal has 5 732 non-judge staff (of which 3 823 are women).

The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a slight decrease. It went down from 56,1 in 2020 to 55,4 in 2021 per 100 000 inhabitants.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	5 732	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	5 307	92,6%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	109	1,9%
Technical staff	307	5,4%
Other	9	0,2%

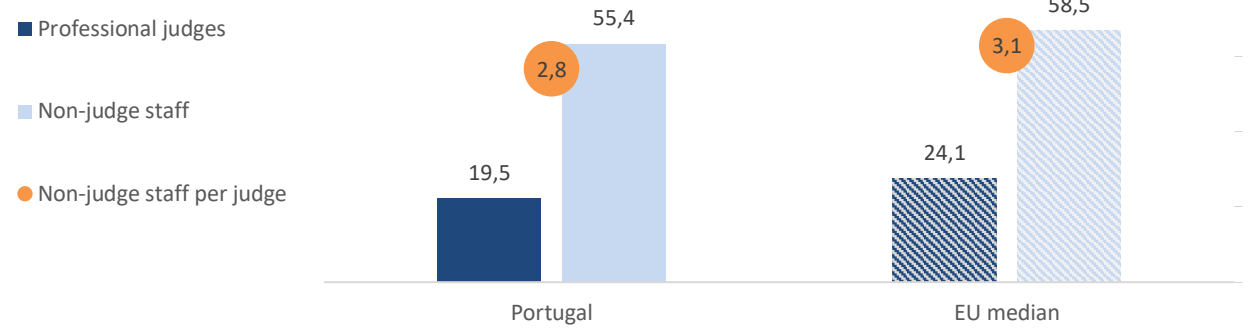
In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 5 307 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges, such as registrars (of which 3 548 are women);
- 109 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 46 are women);
- 307 technical staff (of which 226 are women);
- 9 other (of which 3 are women).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Portugal	EU median
Professional judges	19,5	24,1
Non-judge staff	55,4	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,8	3,1

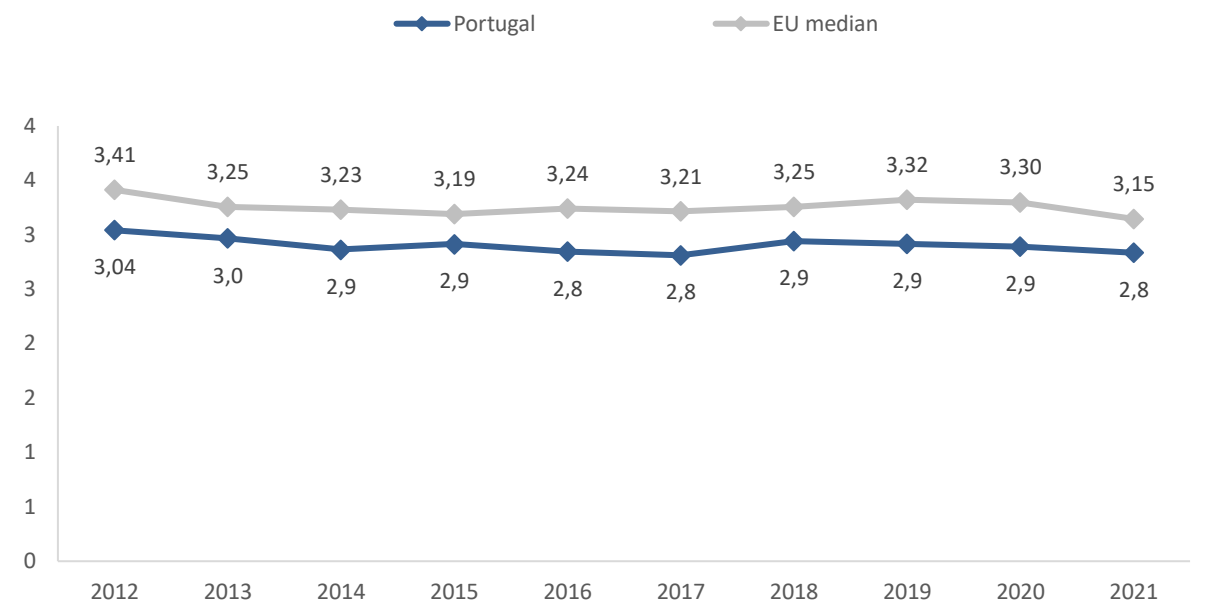
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Portugal	Portugal	Portugal	EU median
2012	19,2	58,3	3,04	3,4
2013	19,4	57,6	3,0	3,3
2014	19,2	54,9	2,9	3,2
2015	19,2	56,1	2,9	3,2
2016	19,3	54,8	2,8	3,2
2017	20,0	56,3	2,8	3,2
2018	19,3	56,6	2,9	3,3
2019	19,4	56,6	2,9	3,3
2020	19,4	56,1	2,9	3,3
2021	19,5	55,4	2,8	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



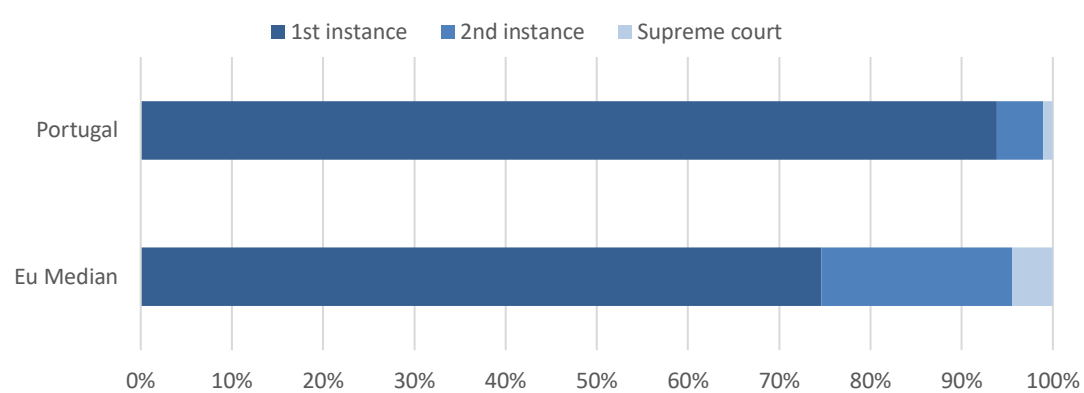
In 2021, there were 2.8 non-judge staff per judge. There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2.9 non-judge staff per judge.

Public prosecutors

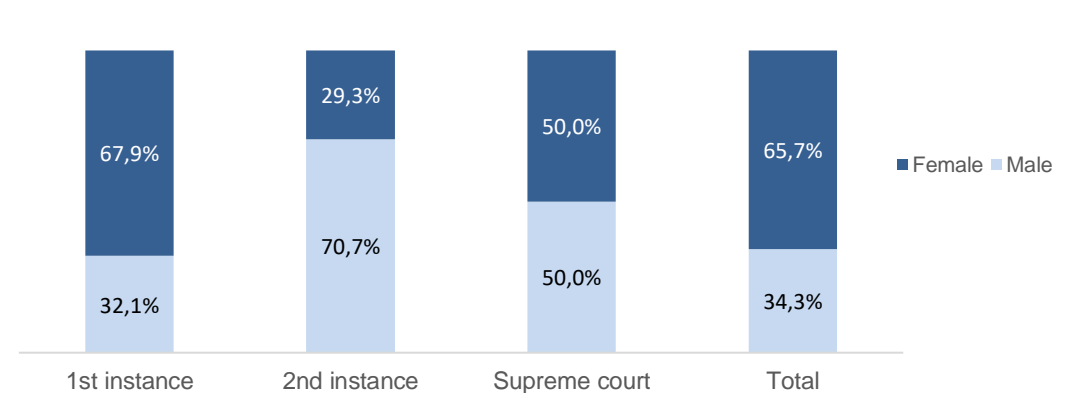
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 389	93,9%	446	943	32,1%	67,9%
2nd instance	75	5,1%	53	22	70,7%	29,3%
Supreme court	16	1,1%	8	8	50,0%	50,0%
Total	1 480		507	973	34,3%	65,7%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of women prosecutors (all instances) is 973, which represents 66% of the total number of prosecutors.

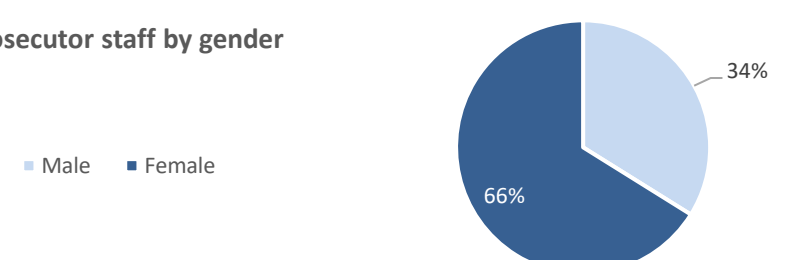
The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 389 in first instance (of which 943 are women); 75 are in second instance (of which 22 are women). At Supreme Court level, there are 16 prosecutors, of which 50% are women.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noted that the data encompass the number of magistrates of the Public Prosecution Service in courts of first instance, second instance and high superior courts, except the Constitutional Court.

Non-prosecutor staff

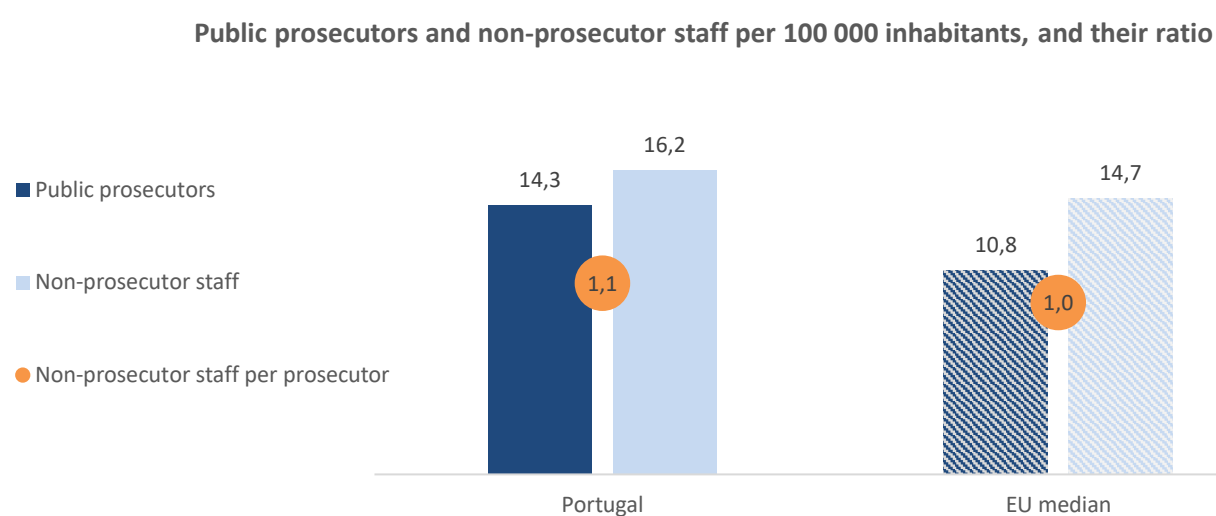
Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	1 674	567	1 107

Non-prosecutor staff by gender



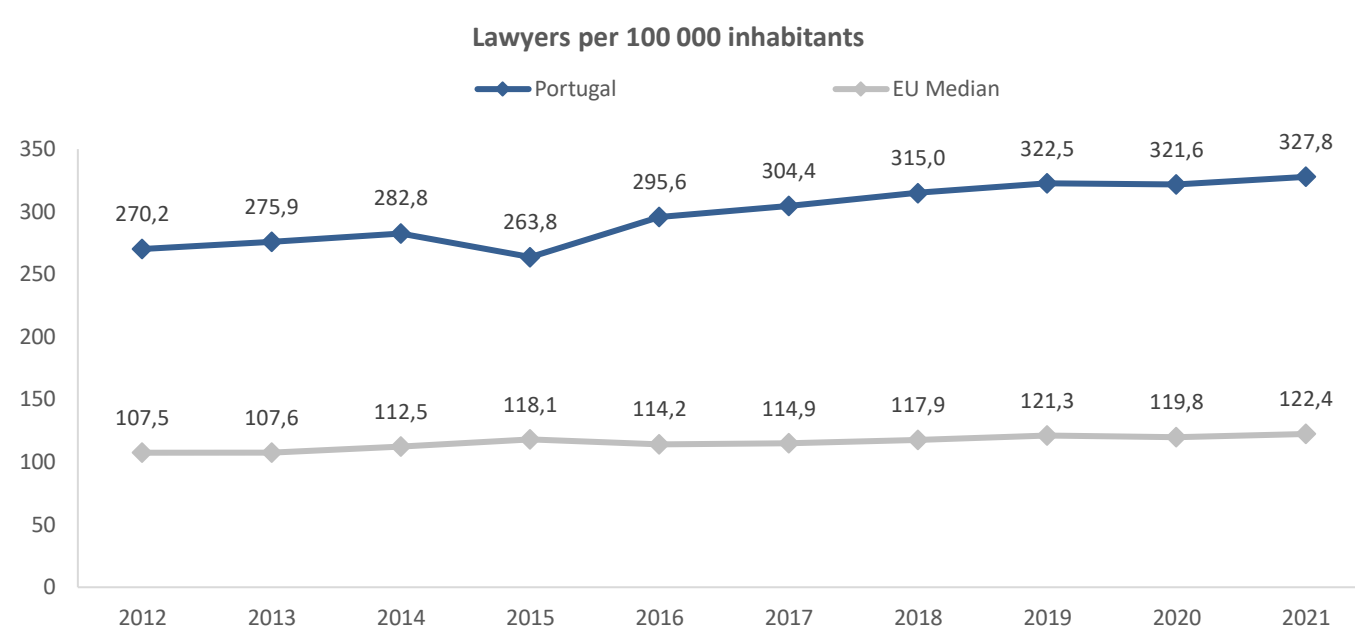
Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Portugal	EU median
Public prosecutors	14,3	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	16,2	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,1	1,0



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Portugal	Portugal	EU Median
2012	28 341	270,2	107,5
2013	28 765	275,9	107,6
2014	29 337	282,8	112,5
2015	27 277	263,8	118,1
2016	30 475	295,6	114,2
2017	31 326	304,4	114,9
2018	32 368	315,0	117,9
2019	33 204	322,5	121,3
2020	33 115	321,6	119,8
2021	33 937	327,8	122,4



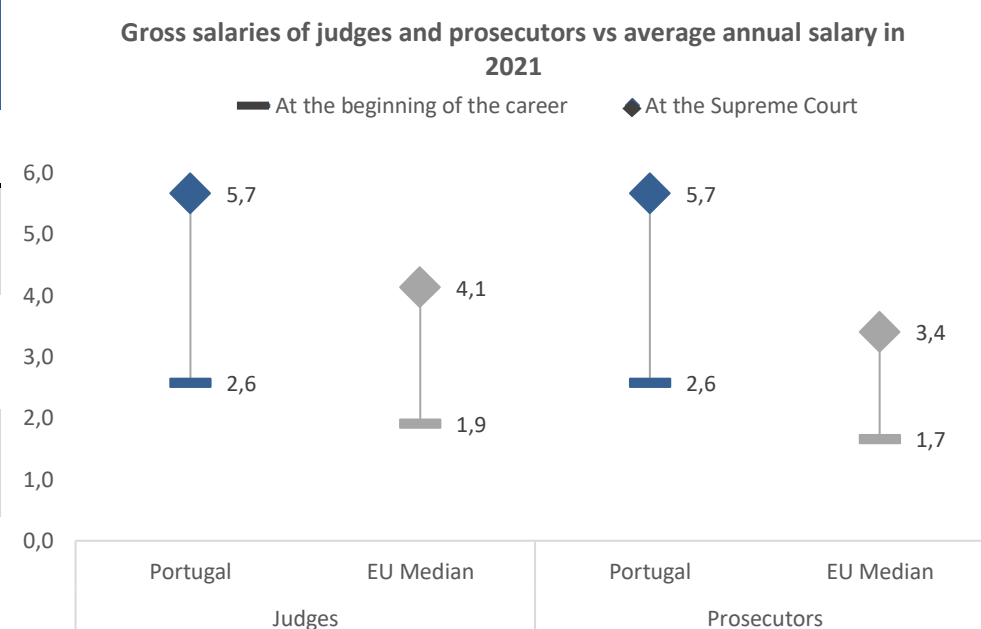
In 2021, there are 33 937 lawyers, which is 0,2% more than in 2020.

There are 18 802 female lawyers which is 55% of the total.

Portugal has 328 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Portugal	NA	Portugal	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	48 378€	NA	2,6	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	106 183€	NA	5,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	48 378€	NA	2,6	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	106 183€	NA	5,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the gross salary of a judge/prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career in Portugal is 48 378€, which is lower than the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge/prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career is 2.6 which is considerably above the EU median of 1.9.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Portugal (2021 data)

In Portugal, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



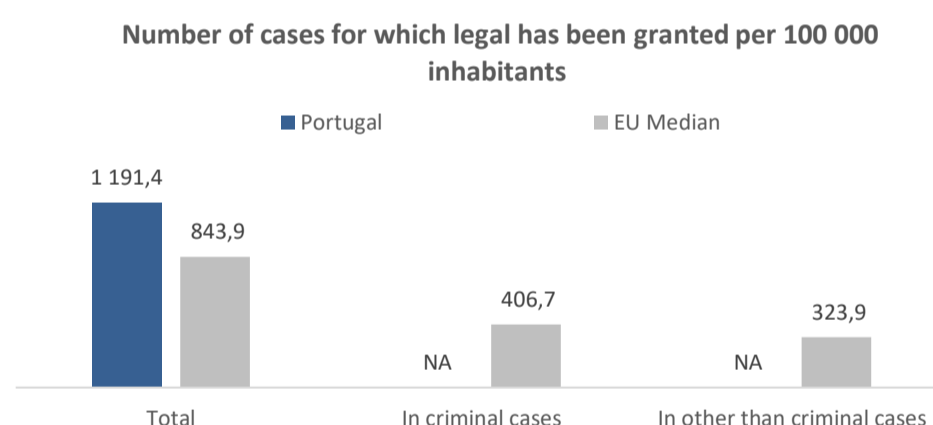
The Portuguese law foresees the total or partial exemption from court fees and other expenses related to the case, such as fees for the enforcement of judicial decisions.

Legal aid may also include fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries) and travel costs. In addition, all applications, certificates and any other documents requested for legal protection purposes are exempted from taxes, fees and charges.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	123 332	122 085	1 247
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Portugal	EU Median
Total	1 191,4	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30
- Actual average duration: 100

The maximum duration of the procedure for granting legal aid is 30 days (article 25 (1) of Law No. 34/2009 of 29 of July). Regarding the actual average duration, it should be noted that in the context of the COVID pandemic, procedural deadlines were suspended, which has influenced the duration of the procedural timeframes.

4. Performance of courts in Portugal (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

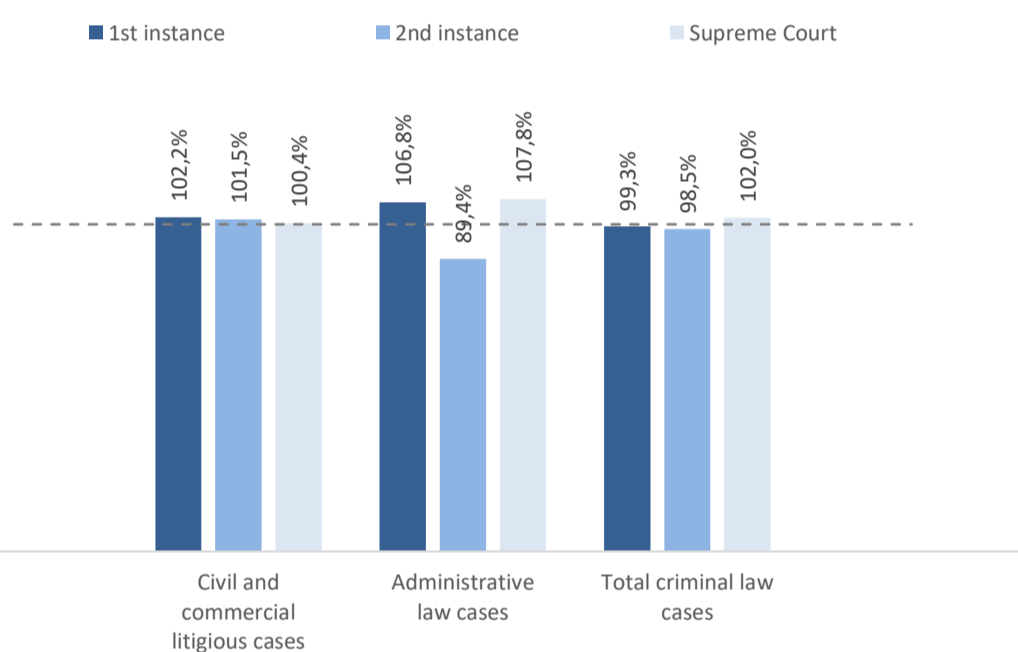
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

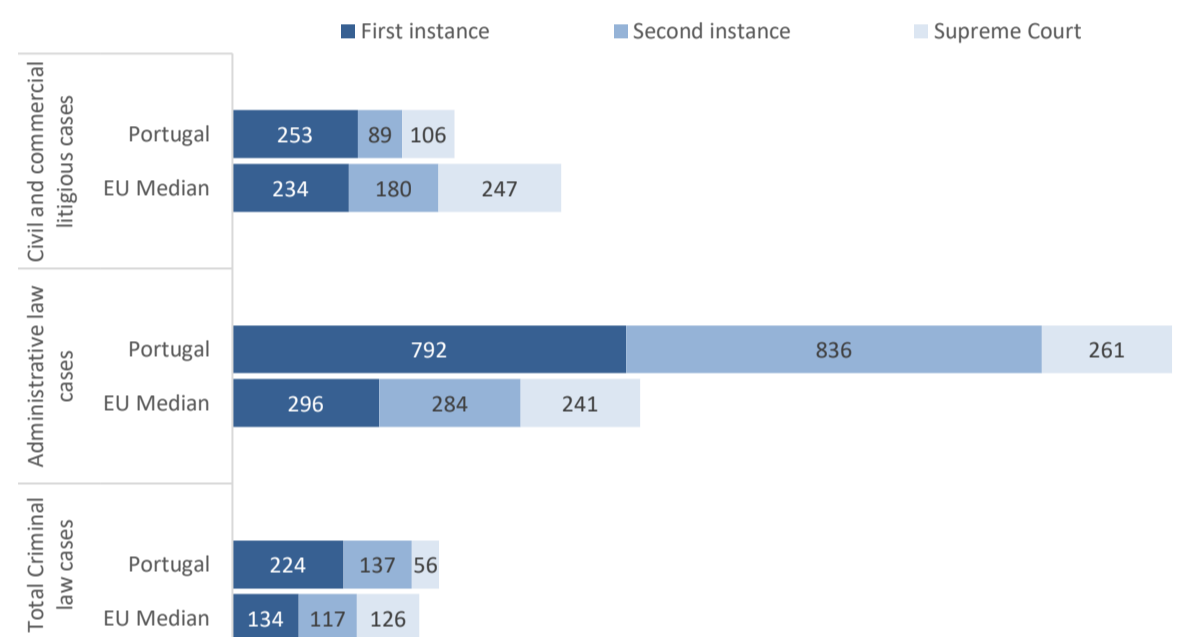
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	102,2%	102,5%	106,8%	101,7%	99,3%	100,0%
	2nd instance	101,5%	100,4%	89,4%	96,8%	98,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	100,4%	98,9%	107,8%	100,4%	102,0%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	253	234	792	296	224	134
	2nd instance	89	180	836	284	137	117
	Supreme Court	106	232	261	241	56	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



The Clearance Rate is above 100% only in civil and commercial litigious cases in all instances. Among courts, only the Supreme Court maintained a Clearance Rate above 100% in all types of cases. The lowest Clearance Rate was in administrative law cases in 2nd instance courts (89,4%).

The Disposition Time in civil cases (253 days) is above the EU Median (234 days) in first instance courts only. The Disposition Time in administrative law cases in first instance courts (792 days) and second instance courts (836 days) is considerably above the EU Medians (296 and 284 days, respectively). In Criminal law cases, the Disposition time in Portugal (56 days) is considerably below the EU median (126 days) only at the Supreme Court level.

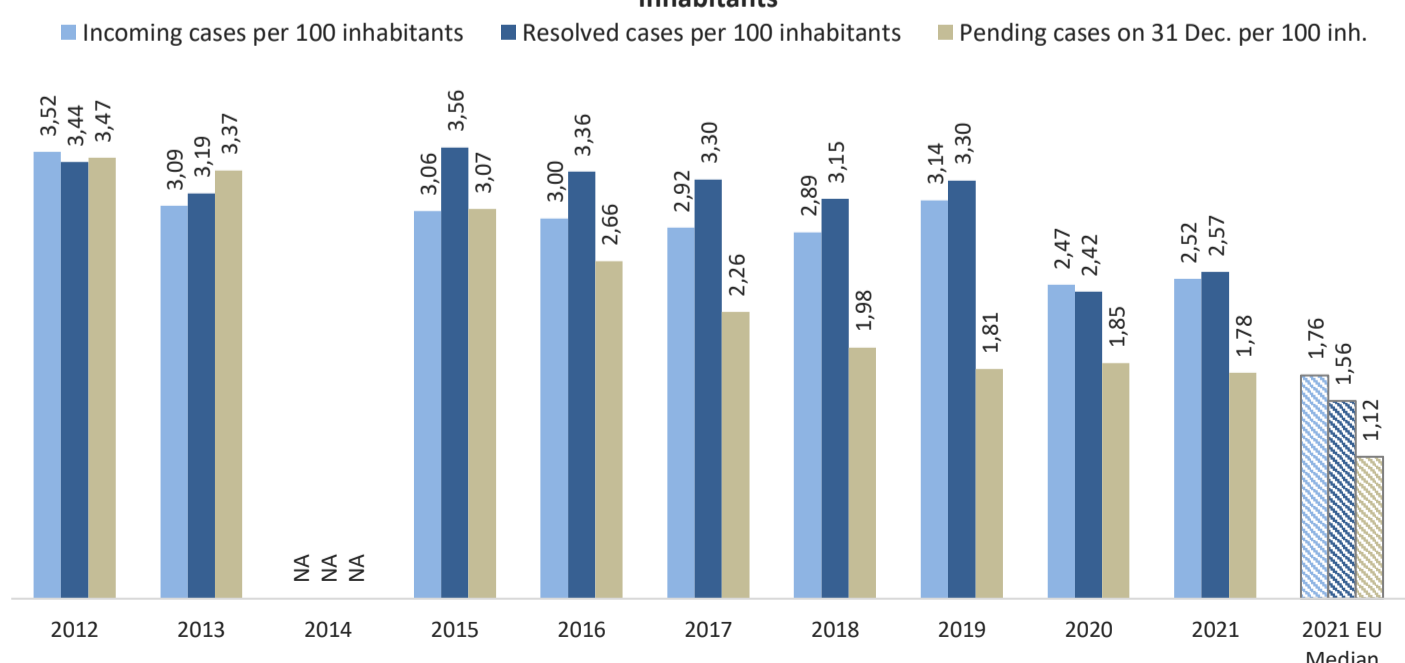
In 2021, in Portugal, the total length of proceedings, all instances together, was the longest in administrative matters, which is also the EU trend. However, the Disposition Time indicator in Portugal remained above the respective EU medians at all instances. Indeed, the values for first and second instance administrative cases remained unusually high, despite the decreases registered since 2020. As at the EU level, the total length of criminal proceedings appears as the shortest one in Portugal, slightly exceeding the EU value. It is worth highlighting that in Portugal, civil proceedings appear almost as fast as criminal proceedings, their total length being quite below the EU median. The Disposition Time indicator in civil matters is above the EU median only at first instance, while at second and third instances the values are remarkably low.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

Year	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,52	3,44	3,47
2013	3,09	3,19	3,37
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	3,06	3,56	3,07
2016	3,00	3,36	2,66
2017	2,92	3,30	2,26
2018	2,89	3,15	1,98
2019	3,14	3,30	1,81
2020	2,47	2,42	1,85
2021	2,52	2,57	1,78
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12

Evolution of number of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



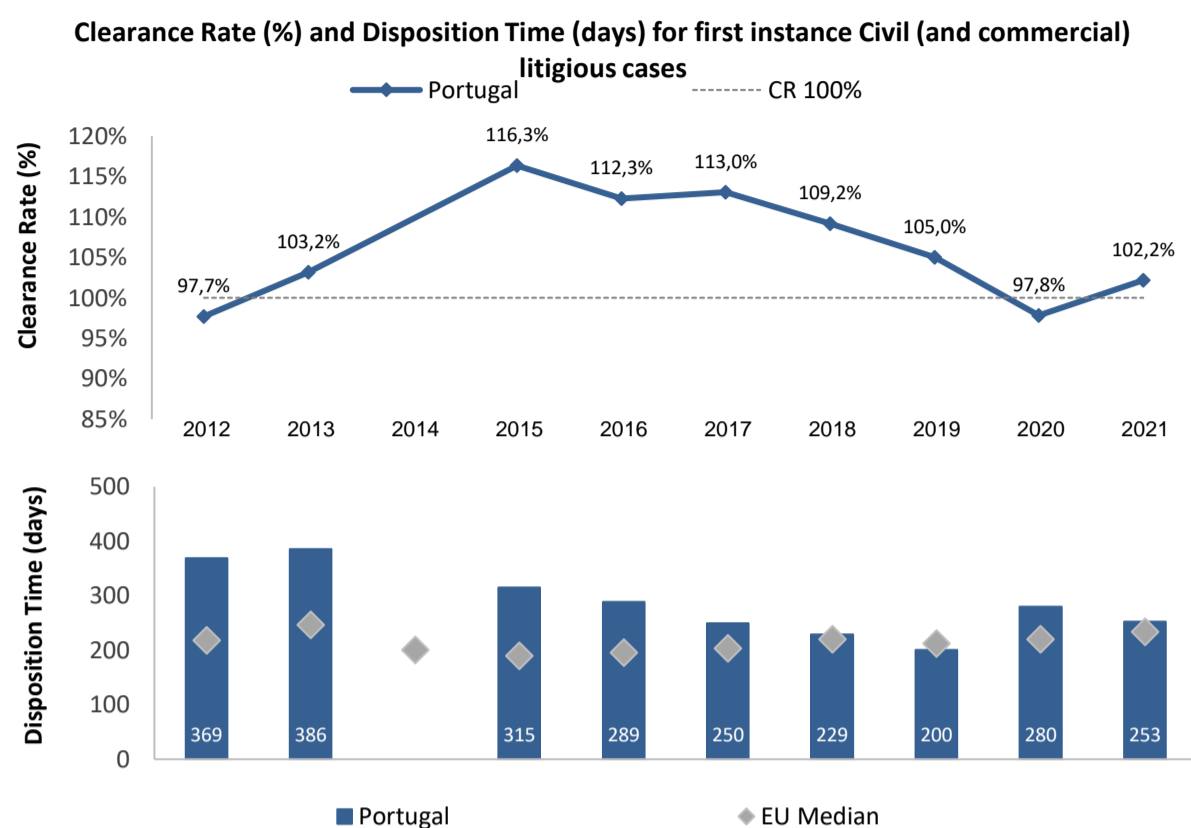
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Portugal (2,52 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Portugal (2,57 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Portugal (1,78 per 100 inhabitants) is above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2012	97,7%	100,4%	369	218
2013	103,2%	101,2%	386	247
2014	NA	101,8%	NA	201
2015	116,3%	102,3%	315	190
2016	112,3%	102,0%	289	196
2017	113,0%	101,3%	250	204
2018	109,2%	101,2%	229	220
2019	105,0%	99,9%	200	213
2020	97,8%	98,5%	280	221
2021	102,2%	102,5%	253	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102% in 2021, courts in Portugal seem to be able to deal efficiently with first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by +4 points.

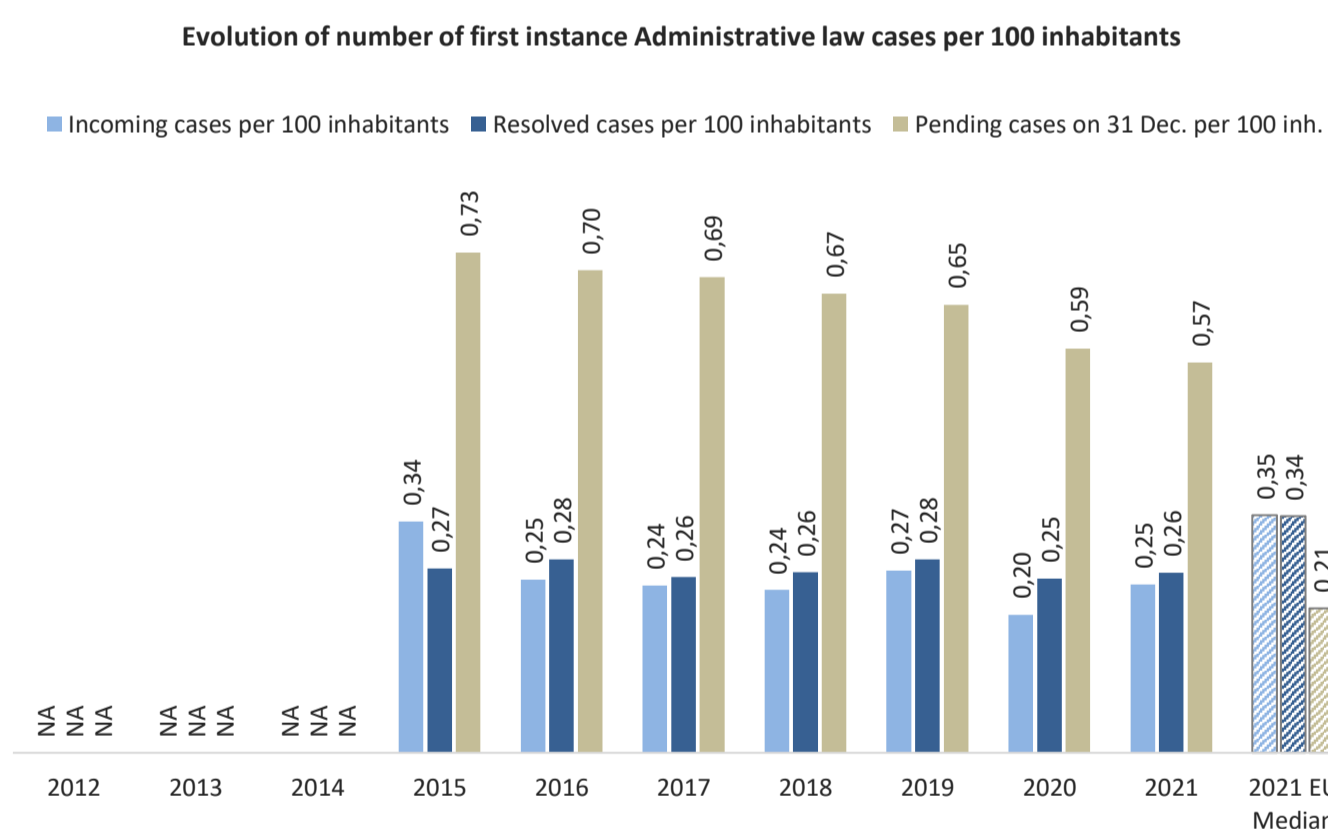
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 253 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -10% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	0,34	0,27	0,73
2016	0,25	0,28	0,70
2017	0,24	0,26	0,69
2018	0,24	0,26	0,67
2019	0,27	0,28	0,65
2020	0,20	0,25	0,59
2021	0,25	0,26	0,57
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



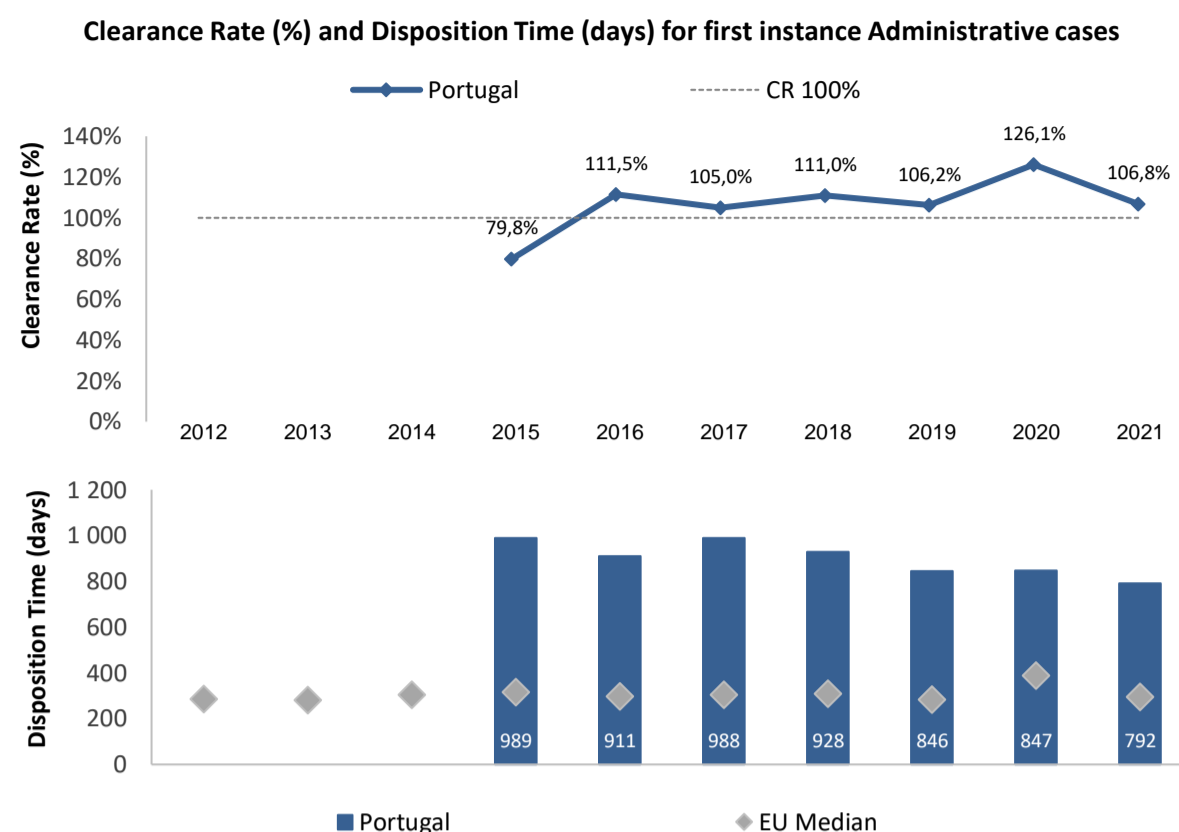
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Portugal (0,25 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Portugal (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Portugal (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2012	NA	101,0%	NA	286
2013	NA	100,3%	NA	281
2014	NA	99,6%	NA	305
2015	79,8%	103,7%	989	315
2016	111,5%	103,0%	911	297
2017	105,0%	102,1%	988	303
2018	111,0%	99,7%	928	308
2019	106,2%	102,1%	846	284
2020	126,1%	100,1%	847	388
2021	106,8%	101,7%	792	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,8% in 2021, the courts in Portugal seem to be able to deal efficiently with first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -19 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 792 days, which is considerably above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Administrative law cases, include administrative and tax cases. The number of pending cases on 1 Jan. that corresponds only to tax cases is 40 171. The number of incoming cases that corresponds only to tax cases is 13 335. The number of resolved cases that corresponds only to tax cases is 14 951. The number of pending cases on 31 Dec. that corresponds only to tax cases is 38 555 which is more than 60% of the total pending administrative cases.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	6,85	6,57	15,49
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA	NA
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	NA	NA	NA
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Data for the total of other than criminal cases are not available in Portugal. Consequently, none of the CEPEJ efficiency indicators can be calculated.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

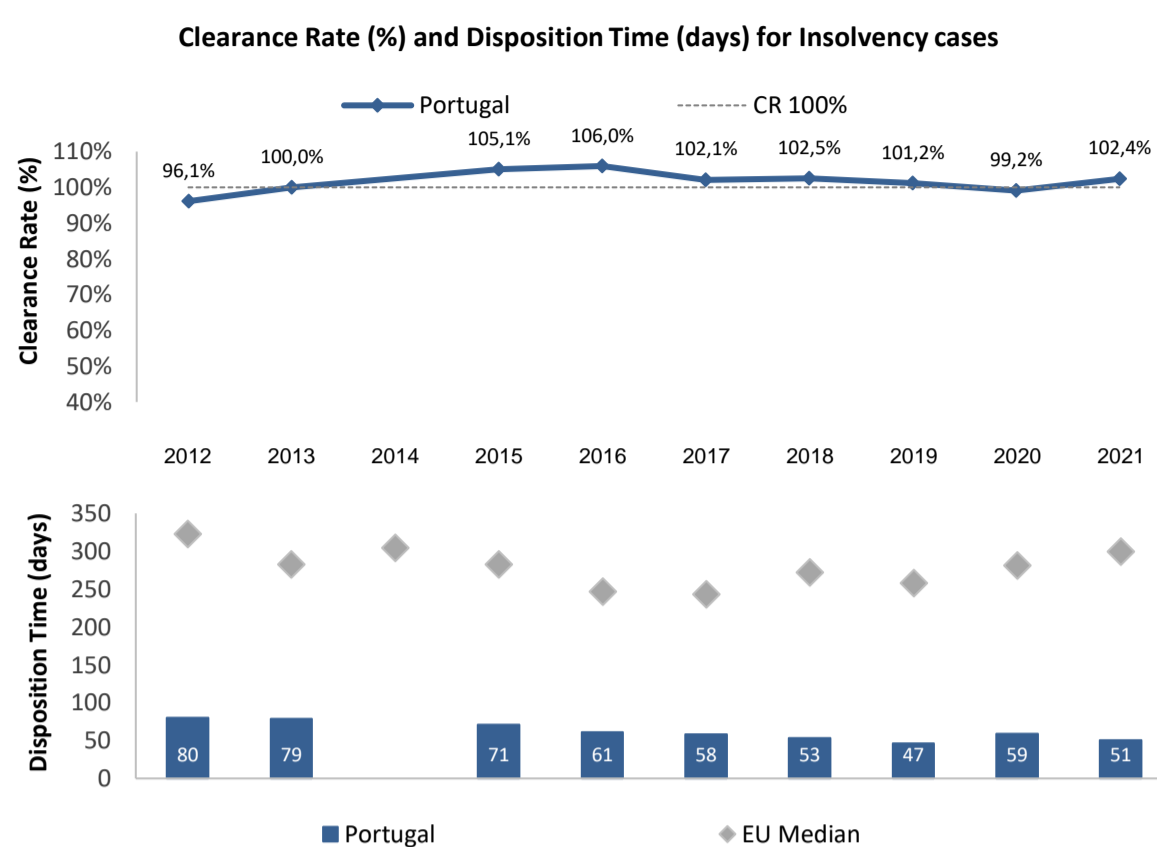
First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2012	96,0%	100,5%	860	133
2013	NA	100,7%	NA	119
2014	NA	101,9%	NA	133
2015	NA	101,0%	NA	119
2016	NA	101,5%	NA	98
2017	NA	100,6%	NA	107
2018	NA	100,6%	NA	91
2019	NA	99,8%	NA	111
2020	NA	98,7%	NA	109
2021	NA	101,2%	NA	107

The total number of 'other than criminal cases' continues to be not available as the implementation of the Code of Civil Procedure of 1 September 2013 has not yet been carried out to enable the collection of respective data, and the calculation of the Clearance Rates and Disposition Times, respectively.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2012	96,1%	95,0%	80	323
2013	100,0%	89,6%	79	282
2014	NA	96,9%	NA	304
2015	105,1%	104,5%	71	282
2016	106,0%	102,0%	61	246
2017	102,1%	103,6%	58	243
2018	102,5%	101,5%	53	271
2019	101,2%	101,2%	47	258
2020	99,2%	109,7%	59	281
2021	102,4%	103,3%	51	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102%, the courts in Portugal seem to deal more efficiently with insolvency cases in 2021 compared to 2020.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by +3,2 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 51 days in Portugal, which is significantly below EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -14% decrease of the Disposition Time in this category of cases.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	44 668	74 166	73 668	45 166
Severe criminal cases	41 188	59 276	59 239	41 225
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	2 075	6 365	6 052	2 388
Other criminal cases	1 405	8 525	8 377	1 553

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,43	0,72	0,71	0,44
Severe criminal cases	0,40	0,57	0,57	0,40
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,02	0,06	0,06	0,02
Other criminal cases	0,01	0,08	0,08	0,02

The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Portugal (0,72 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Portugal (0,71 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Portugal (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Portugal	EU Median	Portugal	EU Median
2020	93,5%	95,2%	280	139
2021	99,3%	100,0%	224	134

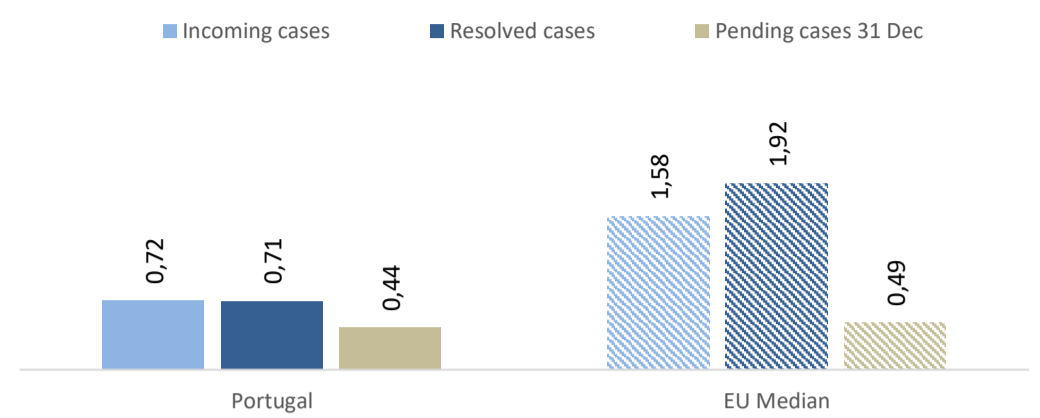
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99% in 2021, the courts in Portugal improved their efficiency in dealing with first instance total criminal law cases compared to 2020

Indeed, between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by +5,8 points.

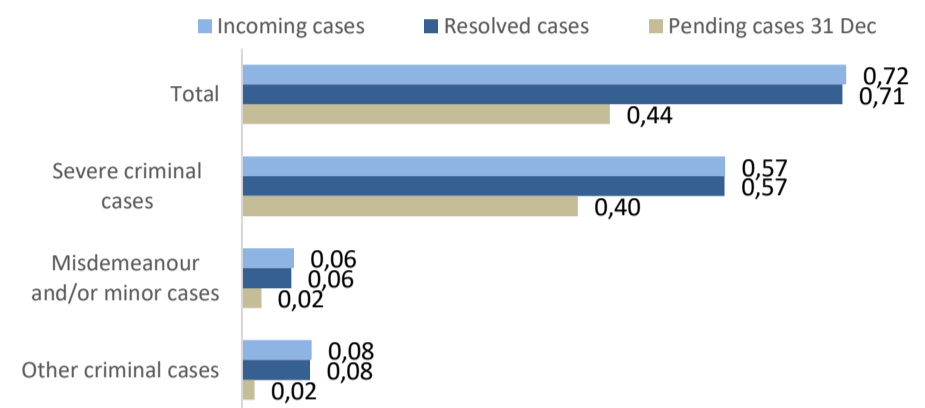
In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 224 days, which is significantly above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -20% decrease of the Disposition Time.

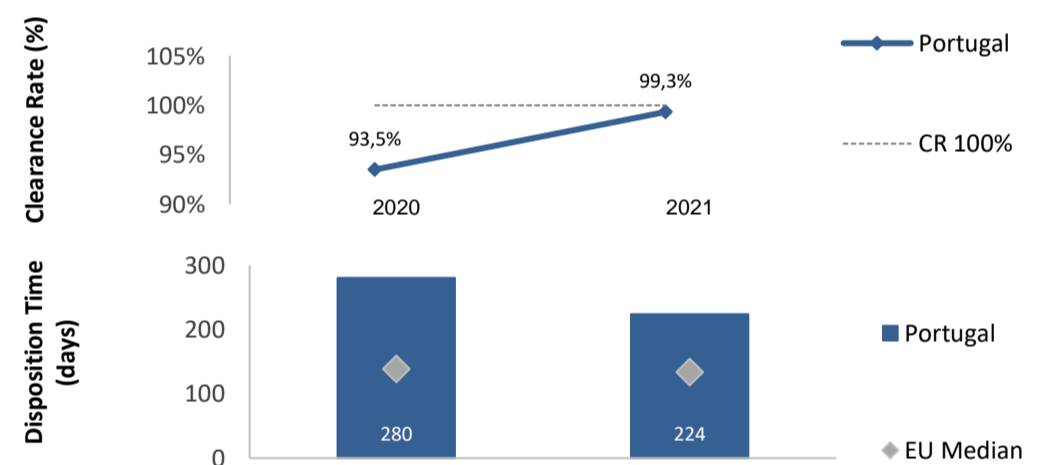
First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2021



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



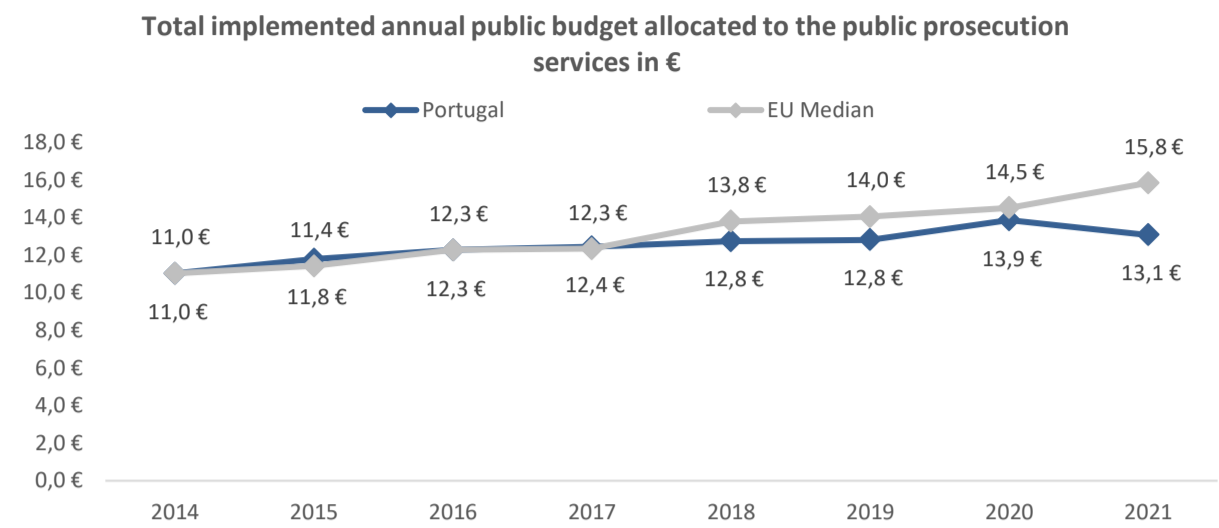
Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



5. Public prosecution services in Portugal (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Portugal	Portugal	EU Median
2014	114 412 314 €	11,0 €	11,0 €
2015	121 925 994 €	11,8 €	11,4 €
2016	126 441 757 €	12,3 €	12,3 €
2017	127 911 008 €	12,4 €	12,3 €
2018	131 069 729 €	12,8 €	13,8 €
2019	131 916 484 €	12,8 €	14,0 €
2020	142 691 962 €	13,9 €	14,5 €
2021	135 334 444 €	13,1 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Portugal	Portugal	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €
2020	NA	NA	0,011 €
2021	NA	NA	0,022 €

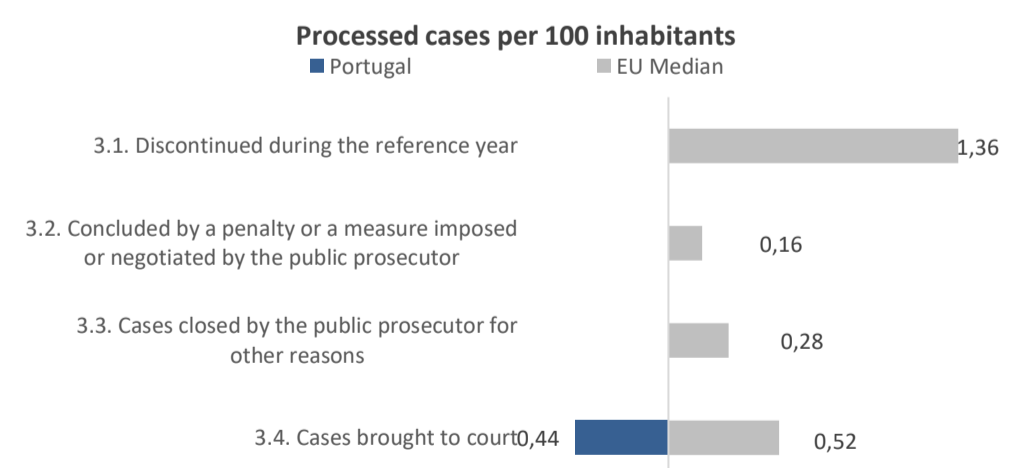
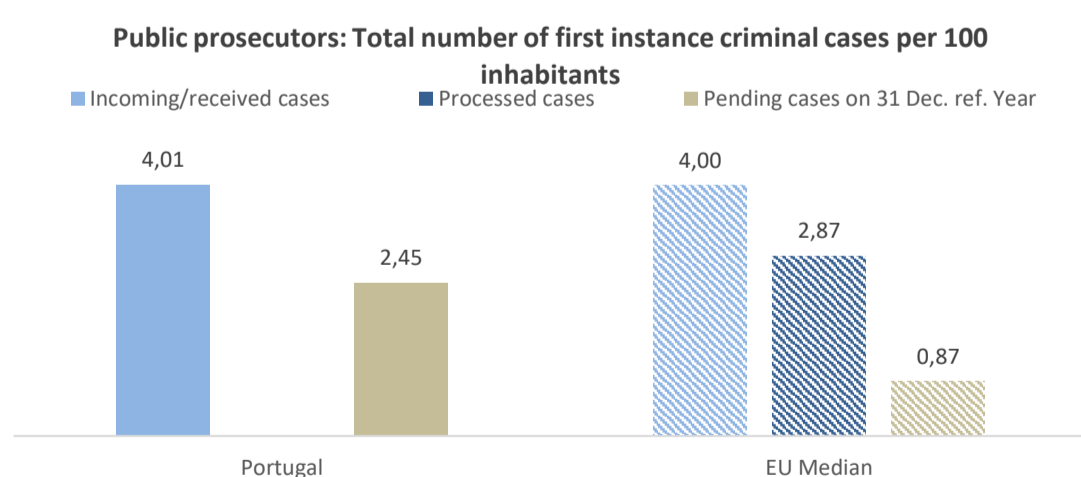
In Portugal, there is only one training institution that provides training for both public prosecutors and judges. Therefore, it is not possible to single out the sole budget dedicated to the training of prosecutors.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Portugal	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Portugal	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	246 519	▲ 13,4%	2,38	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	415 544	▼ -4,4%	4,01	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA	NA	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA	NA	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA	NA	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	45 154	▲ 12,0%	0,44	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	253 665	▲ 1,5%	2,45	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

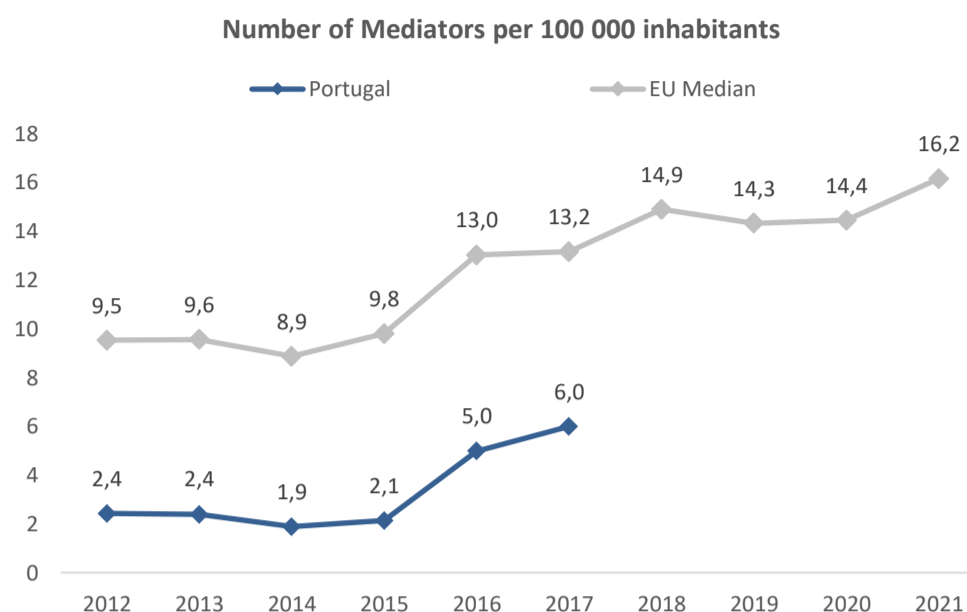
The data indicated for "number of processed cases" correspond to "the total number of criminal cases at the investigation stage that have been closed". The Public Prosecutor's Office closes the inquiry as soon as it has gathered sufficient evidence that no crime has been committed, that the defendant has not committed it or that the procedure is legally inadmissible. The Public Prosecutor's Office also closes the inquiry if it has not been possible to obtain sufficient evidence that a crime has been committed or who the perpetrators were.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Portugal (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Portugal	Portugal	EU Median
2012	255	2,4	9,5
2013	250	2,4	9,6
2014	196	1,9	8,9
2015	221	2,1	9,8
2016	514	5,0	13,0
2017	617	6,0	13,2
2018	NA	NA	14,9
2019	NA	NA	14,3
2020	NA	NA	14,4
2021	NA	NA	16,2



In 2021, the data for accredited or registered mediators who practice court related mediation is not available. The variation between 2020 and 2021 cannot be calculated.

In Portugal, there is a national registry of private mediators and also a national registry of public mediators, and it is not possible to determine which of them practice court-related mediation. Since the registration is not mandatory, there are also some mediators that are not registered and may practice court-related mediation.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	1 083	1 083	672
Family cases	246	229	68
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Portugal (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No

The same tools as available in the 2020 cycle are reported as available at the same rates.

The work on the Automatic Speech Recognition tool is ongoing.

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	No
Other	0% (NAP)	No	No

The same tools as available in the 2020 cycle are reported as available at the same rates.

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	0% (NAP)	Yes	Yes	Yes

There is no specific general management tool to access the workload of non-judge staff/non prosecutor staff. The information is collected directly from the case management system and then it is organized by the General Directorate of Administration of Justice/Ministry of Justice.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Portugal (2021 data)

In Portugal, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Law on the organisation of the judicial system (Law 62/2013 of 26 August) sets out that the High Council for the Judiciary and the Prosecutor-General, in liaison with the member of Government responsible for justice, establish, within their respective competences, the strategic objectives for first instance courts for a three year period. These entities are also responsible for setting, every year, the strategic objectives of first instance courts for the following judicial year.

Taking into account the results obtained in the previous year and the strategic objectives formulated for the subsequently year, the president of the court and the public prosecutor coordinator, after hearing the judiciary administrator, articulate proposals for the procedural objectives for each court. This system is recent, and its implementation is subject to improvements. It only covers civil and commercial cases. For instance, the Prosecutor General's Directives and Instructions define good practices of functional performance at national level and their compliance may be viewed an indicator of the quality of the work developed (example, Directive 5/2019 on acting in cases of domestic violence (<https://dre.pt/home/-/dre/126870404/details/maximized> - text in Portuguese).

In addition to Directives and Instructions, the performance assessment system for prosecutors is based on quality criteria/performance parameters, as a rule, uniformly applied at national level.

As regards the personnel entrusted with the implementation of these national level standards, the High Council of the Public Prosecution Service has "inspectors" ("inspectores") who assess the quality of the work carried out by the prosecutors, applying national quality criteria or standards.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Portugal, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

In addition to the annual report, there are also trimestral and semestral statistics to evaluate judge's performance. In the case of the Administrative and Tax Courts, the reports are semestral.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts. The Administrative High Council has been using this evaluation of the activity of the courts of the administrative jurisdiction in view of the predictable number of magistrates needed in this Jurisdiction, to propose annually to the Minister of Justice the number of vacancies that should be accommodated in the training courses for magistrates of the administrative and tax jurisdiction; and to authorize the exercise of functions, in an accumulation regime, by magistrates in more than one administrative and fiscal court or tribunal.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Portugal, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services, as well as for reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency.

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	10 291 027	10 276 617	10 295 909	10 295 909	10 352 042	-1,3%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	15 607	15 890	16 637	17 317	17 905	18 744	19 614	20 660	19 638	20 528	31,5%	4,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services												
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)												
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	True	True	True	True	True	False	False	
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False	
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False	
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False	
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False	False	
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True	True	
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True	True	
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True	True	
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True	True	
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True	True	
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True	True	
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True	True	
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False	False	
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False	False	
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False	False	
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True	True	
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False	False	
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True	True	
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False	False	
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	False	False	False	False	False	
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True	True	
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True	True	
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	False	False	False	False	
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False	False	
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True	True	

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-4.1.1 Annual									True	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True		
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True		
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	True	True	True		
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									True	True		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	591	591	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151	151	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	231	231	292	292	292	150	150	145	145	145	-37,2%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	440	440	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	102	102	248	248	245	411	411	435	436	437	328,4%	0,2%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	4	4	20	20	20	20	20	23	23	23	475,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	47	47	44	44	44	44	44	44	45	45	-4,3%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	19	19	45	45	45	49	49	51	52	53	178,9%	1,9%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NA	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	-	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	-	0,0%
43.1.10 Administrative courts	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	12	7	114	114	114	276	276	293	293	293	2341,7%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	319	319	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	318	319	253	253	253	312	312	316	328	328	3,1%	0,0%
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings												
First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)												
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 595 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	355 821	362 099	NA	369 190	312 255	271 902	230 602	202 485	185 390	189 999	-46,6%	2,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	68 332	75 515	72 589	71 446	68 923	66 089	60 580	-	-8,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	718 369	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369 178	322 689	NA	316 060	308 880	300 833	296 748	323 236	254 568	260 787	-29,4%	2,4%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	34 850	26 049	25 091	24 382	27 335	20 731	25 401	-	22,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	689 351	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	360 694	332 948	NA	367 725	346 863	340 071	323 967	339 370	248 992	266 423	-26,1%	7,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	27 810	29 048	26 343	27 055	29 018	26 144	27 130	-	3,8%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 624 277	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	364 305	351 840	NA	317 525	274 272	232 664	203 383	186 351	190 966	184 363	-49,4%	-3,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	75 372	72 516	71 337	68 773	67 240	60 676	58 851	-	-3,0%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)												
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)												
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,7%	103,2%	NA	116,3%	112,3%	113,0%	109,2%	105,0%	97,8%	102,2%	4,46	4,35

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	79,8%	111,5%	105,0%	111,0%	106,2%	126,1%	106,8%	-	(19,30)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	860	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	369	386	NA	315	289	250	229	200	280	253	-31,5%	-9,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	989	911	988	928	846	847	792	-	-6,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	7 627	7 195	NA	7 801	5 294	4 408	3 871	3 560	3 427	3 568	-53,2%	4,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	6 448	5 721	NA	3 533	2 493	1 733	1 462	1 327	1 286	1 800	-72,1%	40,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	3 568	4 316	NA	4 527	3 482	2 562	2 175	1 726	1 537	1 580	-55,7%	2,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	9 638	9 281	NA	9 167	9 131	9 351	8 256	9 014	7 081	7 403	-23,2%	4,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	7 897	5 951	NA	4 498	3 663	3 469	3 312	3 179	3 710	3 298	-58,2%	-11,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	20 776	20 068	NA	17 325	14 746	13 986	12 437	12 236	10 163	9 544	-54,1%	-6,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	9 975	9 590	NA	11 387	9 966	9 855	8 560	9 128	6 931	7 430	-25,5%	7,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	8 659	7 662	NA	5 529	4 598	3 853	3 559	3 239	3 203	3 451	-60,1%	7,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	19 969	20 065	NA	18 206	15 625	14 282	12 748	12 381	10 077	9 769	-51,1%	-3,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	7 290	6 886	NA	5 581	4 459	3 904	3 567	3 446	3 577	3 541	-51,4%	-1,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	5 686	4 010	NA	2 502	1 558	1 349	1 215	1 267	1 793	1 647	-71,0%	-8,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	4 375	4 319	NA	3 556	2 603	2 266	1 864	1 581	1 623	1 355	-69,0%	-16,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	103,5%	103,3%	NA	124,2%	109,1%	105,4%	103,7%	101,3%	97,9%	100,4%	(3,13)	2,48
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,6%	128,8%	NA	122,9%	125,5%	111,1%	107,5%	101,9%	86,3%	104,6%	(5,01)	18,30

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Insolvency cases	96,1%	100,0%	NA	105,1%	106,0%	102,1%	102,5%	101,2%	99,2%	102,4%	6,24	3,20
DT Litigious divorce cases	267	262	NA	179	163	145	152	138	188	174	-34,8%	-7,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	240	191	NA	165	124	128	125	143	204	174	-27,3%	-14,7%
DT Insolvency cases	80	79	NA	71	61	58	53	47	59	51	-36,7%	-13,9%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			5 031	11 039	11 776	12 864	14 087	14 803	14 881	13 997	-	-5,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	4 731	5 733	6 346	6 547	6 175	5 811	4 605	-	-20,8%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	6 308	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	9 070	9 392	-	3,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			18 220	24 269	24 755	25 963	24 849	24 466	20 067	22 414	-	11,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	20 684	20 946	21 671	20 661	20 123	15 838	17 575	-	11,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	3 585	3 809	4 292	4 188	4 343	4 229	4 839	-	14,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			18 520	25 532	23 666	24 738	24 130	24 387	20 952	22 169	-	5,8%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	19 682	20 332	21 468	21 030	20 486	17 045	17 845	-	4,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	3 850	3 334	3 270	3 100	3 901	3 907	4 324	-	10,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 731	11 776	12 865	14 089	14 806	14 882	13 996	14 242	-	1,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	5 733	6 347	6 549	6 178	5 812	4 604	4 335	-	-5,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	6 043	6 518	7 540	8 628	9 070	9 392	9 907	-	5,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,6%	105,2%	95,6%	95,3%	97,1%	99,7%	104,4%	98,9%	-	(5,50)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	95,2%	97,1%	99,1%	101,8%	101,8%	107,6%	101,5%	-	(6,08)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	107,4%	87,5%	76,2%	74,0%	89,8%	92,4%	89,4%	-	(3,03)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			93	168	198	208	224	223	244	234	-	-3,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	106	114	111	107	104	99	89	-	-10,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	573	714	842	1016	849	877	836	-	-4,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)

99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			447	1 320	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 442	1 739	1 814	-	4,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	414	416	436	332	378	532	819	-	53,9%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NA	906	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	1 207	995	-	-17,6%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 253	4 094	4 069	3 995	3 919	4 107	3 698	3 952	-	6,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 610	2 748	2 631	2 850	2 943	2 662	2 781	-	4,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	1 484	1 321	1 364	1 069	1 164	1 036	1 171	-	13,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 285	3 922	4 002	4 160	3 870	3 810	3 623	4 054	-	11,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	2 608	2 728	2 735	2 803	2 789	2 375	2 792	-	17,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	1 314	1 274	1 425	1 067	1 021	1 248	1 262	-	1,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			415	1 492	1 559	1 394	1 443	1 739	1 814	1 712	-	-5,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	416	436	332	379	532	819	808	-	-1,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	1 076	1 123	1 062	1 064	1 207	995	904	-	-9,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			101,4%	95,8%	98,4%	104,1%	98,7%	92,8%	98,0%	102,6%	-	4,61
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	99,9%	99,3%	104,0%	98,4%	94,8%	89,2%	100,4%	-	11,18
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	88,5%	96,4%	104,5%	99,8%	87,7%	120,5%	107,8%	-	(12,69)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			66	139	142	122	136	167	183	154	-	-15,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	58	58	44	49	70	126	106	-	-16,1%

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	299	322	272	364	431	291	261	-	-10,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									41 395	44 668	-	7,9%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									38 178	41 188	-	7,9%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									1 654	2 075	-	25,5%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									1 563	1 405	-	-10,1%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									63 435	74 166	-	16,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									51 701	59 276	-	14,7%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									4 416	6 365	-	44,1%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									7 318	8 525	-	16,5%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									59 309	73 668	-	24,2%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									48 078	59 239	-	23,2%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									3 952	6 052	-	53,1%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									7 279	8 377	-	15,1%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									45 521	45 166	-	-0,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									41 801	41 225	-	-1,4%
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 118	2 388	-	12,7%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									1 602	1 553	-	-3,1%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									15 941	16 077	-	0,9%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									15 413	15 471	-	0,4%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									86	181	-	110,5%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									442	425	-	-3,8%
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									93,5%	99,3%	-	5,8
CR of Severe cases									93,0%	99,9%	-	6,9
CR of Misdemeanour cases									89,5%	95,1%	-	5,6
CR of Other									99,5%	98,3%	-	(1,21)
DT of Total									280	224	-	-20,1%
DT of Severe cases									317	254	-	-20,0%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									196	144	-	-26,4%
DT of Other									80	68	-	-15,8%
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 577	3 453	-	-3,5%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									8 778	9 764	-	11,2%

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									8 894	9 618	-	8,1%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									3 461	3 599	-	4,0%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									101,3%	98,5%	-	(2,78)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									142	137	-	-3,8%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									156	173	-	10,9%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									156	173	-	10,9%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									959	986	-	2,8%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									959	986	-	2,8%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									942	1 006	-	6,8%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									942	1 006	-	6,8%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									173	153	-	-11,6%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									173	153	-	-11,6%
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									98,2%	102,0%	-	3,80
CR of Severe cases									98,2%	102,0%	-	3,80
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									67	56	-	-17,2%
DT of Severe cases									67	56	-	-17,2%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									217 314	246 519	-	13,4%
2. Incoming/received cases									434 878	415 544	-	-4,4%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									402 243	NA	-	-
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NA	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									40 328	45 154	-	12,0%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									249 949	253 665	-	1,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,92	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,57	0,58	-	1,5%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	97 551 326	96 640 967	88 786 150	96 054 391	110 412 452	106 000 000	109 000 000	111 132 465	113 728 078	114 613 180	17,5%	0,78%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	114 412 314	121 925 994	126 441 757	127 911 008	131 069 729	131 916 484	142 691 962	135 334 444	-	-5,16%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True		
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									115 349	123 332	-	0,07
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									113 642	122 085	-	0,07
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									1 707	1 247	-	(0,27)
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									30	30	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									100	139	-	0,39

System for compensating users

(Q37)

037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True		
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	------	------	------	------	--	--

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True		
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 009	2 025	1 990	1 990	1 986	2 059	1 979	1 999	1 999	2 021	0,6%	1,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 480	1 525	1 478	1 495	1 479	1 486	1 456	1 443	1 447	1 472	-0,5%	1,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	445	425	430	411	425	493	452	479	472	467	4,9%	-1,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	75	82	84	82	80	71	77	80	82	-2,4%	2,5%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	864	849	828	815	809	792	767	761	759	747	-13,5%	-1,6%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	507	518	494	498	493	479	463	455	459	458	-9,7%	-0,2%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	282	263	267	249	250	253	253	254	246	238	-15,6%	-3,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	75	68	67	68	66	60	51	52	54	51	-32,0%	-5,6%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	1 145	1 176	1 162	1 175	1 177	1 213	1 212	1 238	1 240	1 274	11,3%	2,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	973	1 007	984	997	986	1 007	993	988	988	1 014	4,2%	2,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	163	162	163	162	175	186	199	225	226	229	40,5%	1,3%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	7	15	16	16	20	20	25	26	31	244,4%	19,2%

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 999	2 021	-	1,1%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 447	1 472	-	1,7%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	472	467	-	-1,1%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	82	-	2,5%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268	286	-	6,7%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179	203	-	13,4%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	58	-	-10,8%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	25	-	4,2%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 731	1 735	-	0,2%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 268	1 269	-	0,1%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407	409	-	0,5%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	57	-	1,8%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	5 789	5 818	5 829	5 779	5 732	-6,2%	-0,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	5 465	5 486	5 465	5 357	5 307	-5,2%	-0,9%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	256	217	101	88	92	78	94	103	104	109	-57,4%	4,8%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	251	230	227	225	210	246	238	261	317	307	22,3%	-3,2%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	2	-	77	64	8	-	-	-	1	9	350,0%	800,0%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	2 200	2 149	2 024	1 994	1 916	1 959	1 959	1 938	1 927	1 909	-13,2%	-0,9%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	1 966	1 951	1 860	1 844	1 805	1 846	1 836	1 807	1 780	1 759	-10,5%	-1,2%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	160	134	62	57	57	48	63	63	60	63	-60,6%	5,0%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	72	64	58	57	53	65	60	68	86	81	12,5%	-5,8%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	-	44	36	1	-	-	-	1	6	-	500,0%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	3 830	3 859	3 891	3 852	3 823	-2,2%	-0,8%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	3 619	3 650	3 658	3 577	3 548	-2,4%	-0,8%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	96	83	39	31	35	30	31	40	44	46	-52,1%	4,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	179	166	169	168	157	181	178	193	231	226	26,3%	-2,2%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	33	28	7	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									5 745	5 688	-	-1,0%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									5 451	5 381	-	-1,3%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									192	206	-	7,3%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									102	101	-	-1,0%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 908	1 885	-	-1,2%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									1 801	1 776	-	-1,4%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									80	85	-	6,3%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									27	24	-	-11,1%

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 837	3 803	-	-0,9%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 650	3 605	-	-1,2%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									112	121	-	8,0%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									75	77	-	2,7%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 416	1 480	-	4,5%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 325	1 389	-	4,8%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									75	75	-	0,0%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									16	16	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									497	507	-	2,0%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									440	446	-	1,4%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									52	53	-	1,9%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									5	8	-	60,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									919	973	-	5,9%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									885	943	-	6,6%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									23	22	-	-4,3%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									11	8	-	-27,3%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									1 657	1 674	-	1,0%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									574	567	-	-1,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									1 083	1 107	-	2,2%
004 Annual average salary in the country									18 044 £	18 729 £	-	3,8%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									48 055 £	48 378 £	-	0,7%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									105 345 £	106 183 £	-	0,8%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									48 055 £	48 378 £	-	0,7%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									105 345 £	106 183 £	-	0,8%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									26	27	-	3,8%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									9	11	-	22,2%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	10	-	400,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	1	-	-83,3%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									1	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									14	28	-	100,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									3	8	-	166,7%

Portugal

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									2	9	-	350,0%
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									7	6	-	-14,3%
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	3	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	2	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									8	4	-	-50,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	1	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	1	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	28 341	28 765	29 337	27 277	30 475	31 326	32 368	33 204	33 115	33 937	19,7%	2,5%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							14 617	14 912	14 891	15 135	-	1,6%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							17 751	18 292	18 224	18 802	-	3,2%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	255	250	196	221	514	617	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					1 241	1 133	2 455	2 653	1 677	1 083	-	-35,4%
167.1.2 Family cases - started					434	300	221	300	214	246	-	15,0%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					4	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Romania

(2021 data)

General data

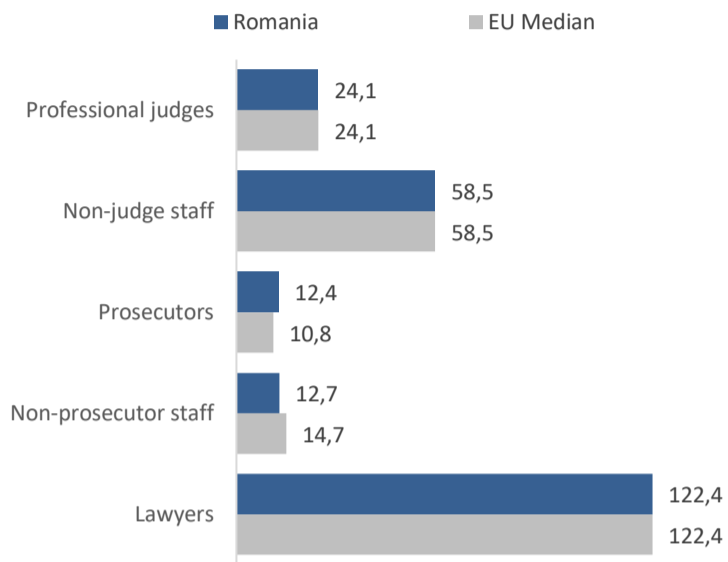
Population: 19 038 098

GDP per capita: 12 510 €

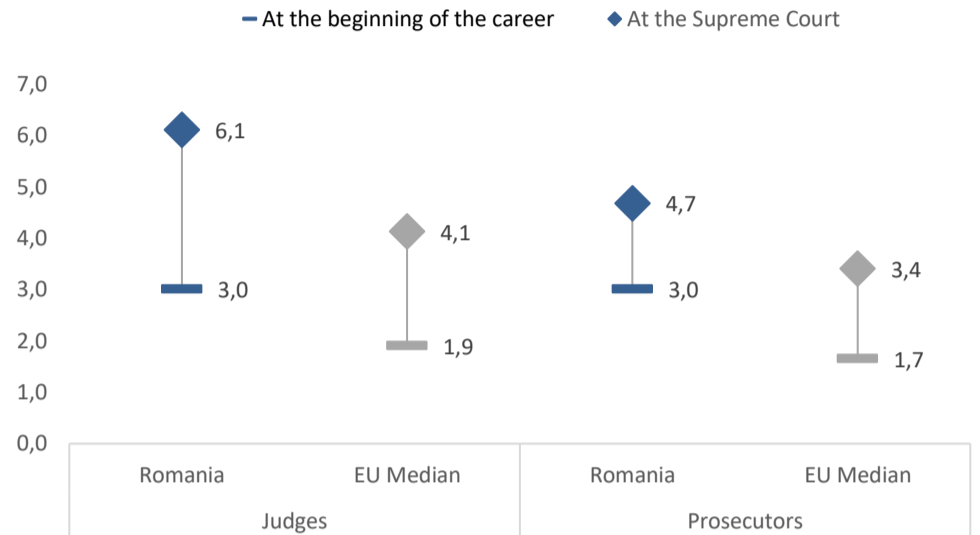
Average annual salary: 14 093 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

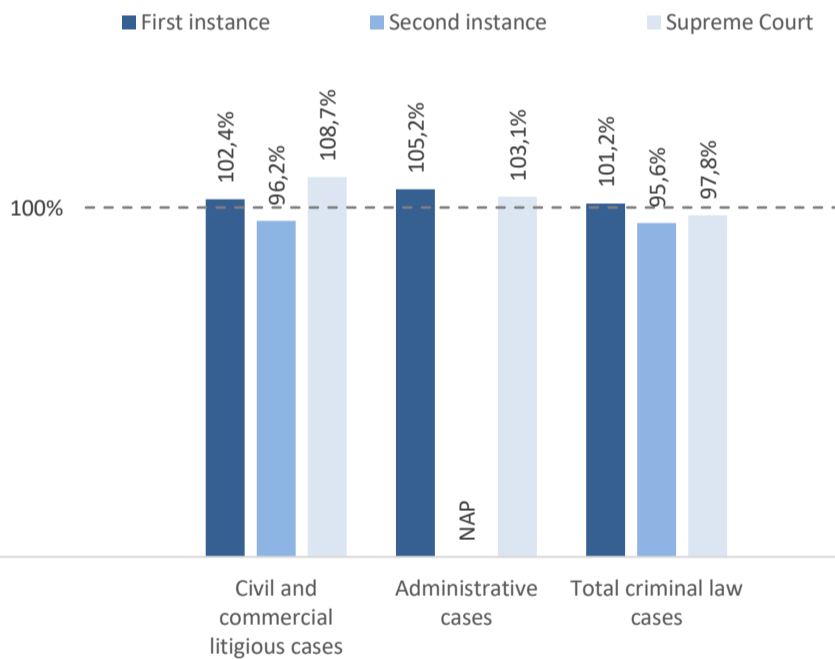


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

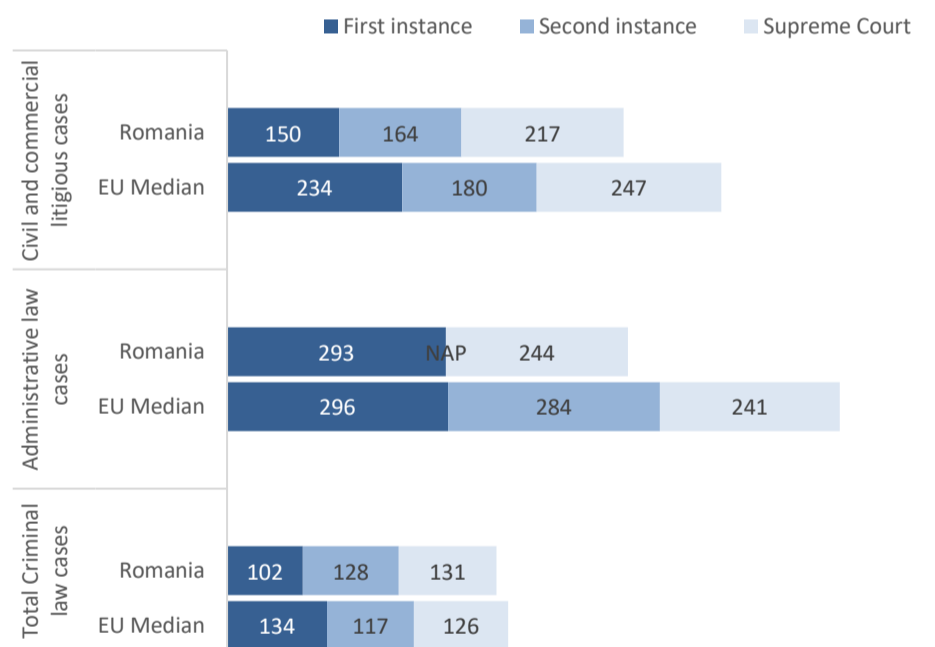


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

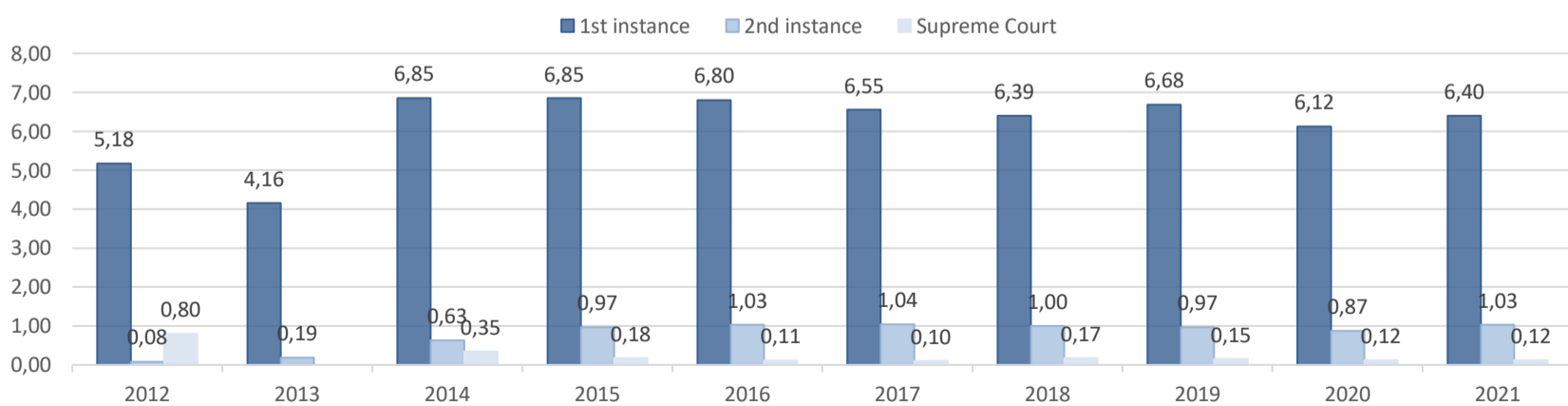


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Romania

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	19 186 201	19 038 098		-10,6%	-0,8%
GDP per capita	6 660	7 217	7 533	8 100	8 600	9 600	10 400	11 500	11 290	12 510		87,8%	10,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4,42	4,48	4,48	4,52	4,54	4,66	4,66	4,78	4,87	4,95		12,0%	1,6%
Average annual salary	5 556		6 152		7 085		11 574	12 829	13 385	14 093		153,7%	5,3%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	20,2	22,6	20,5	23,3	23,6	23,9	24,1	24,5	24,0	24,1		19,2%	0,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	43,6	48,3	45,5	51,9	52,4	54,5	54,9	55,1	54,8	58,5		34,3%	6,8%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									12,7	12,4			-2,4%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									12,6	12,7			1,0%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	98,2	117,0	104,3	119,6	118,2	117,9	117,9	121,3	122,1	122,4		24,7%	0,3%
Mediators	19,4	54,4	30,7	59,2	25,9	24,3	23,6	57,9	58,7	16,2		-16,8%	-72,5%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	5,176	4,158	6,852	6,848	6,800	6,554	6,393	6,678	6,123	6,396		23,6%	4,5%
Administrative law cases	1,078	1,0	0,4	0,331	0,598	0,748	0,432	0,426	0,412	0,424		-60,7%	2,9%
Total criminal law cases									1,782	1,896			6,4%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	112%	109%	105%	102%	99%	103%	100%	100%	102%		3,43	2,31
CR administrative law cases	78%	130%	161%	133%	92%	102%	118%	100%	48%	105%		27,10	56,79
CR total criminal law cases									100%	101%			0,94

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	168	150		-22,3%	-10,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	690	293		7,7%	-57,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									113	102			-9,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,71	2,39	2,97	3,02	2,91	2,98	2,83	2,80	2,83	2,70		-0,6%	-4,7%
Administrative law cases	0,63	0,37	0,28	0,20	0,26	0,24	0,16	0,16	0,38	0,36		-42,9%	-5,1%
Total criminal law cases									0,55	0,53			-3,2%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			67%	93%	106%	97%	105%	100%	97%	96%			-0,68
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									99%	96%			-3,58

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			299	185	131	152	128	139	174	164			-6,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									122	128			5,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			166%	190%	126%	109%	80%	101%	105%	109%			4,03
CR administrative law cases			124%	126%	105%	83%	123%	100%	106%	103%			-2,68
CR total criminal law cases									103%	98%			-5,32

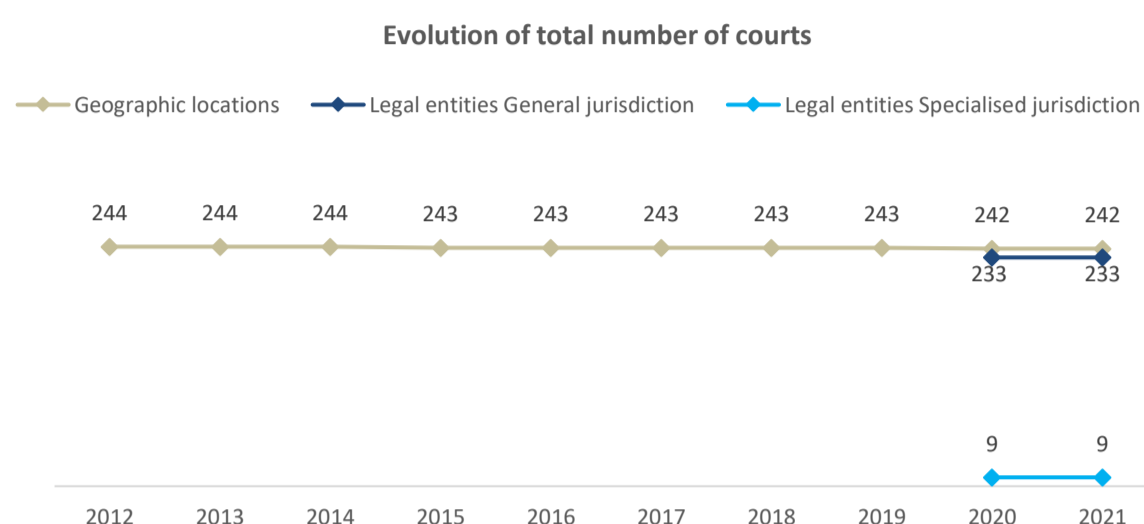
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			143	102	170	193	246	215	242	217			-10,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			117	142	185	184	149	264	276	244			-11,7%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									134	131			-2,6%

1. Judicial organisation in Romania (2021 data)

In Romania there are 4-court levels: first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ). First instance courts (judecatorii) have a general jurisdiction and most of the cases start at this level. The appeals against the decisions of the first instance courts in civil matters are decided at the tribunals. The appeals in criminal matters against the decisions of the first instance courts are decided at the courts of appeal. More important cases may start at tribunals or at the courts of appeal and the appeals against the decisions of these courts are decided by higher courts. It is noteworthy that, according to the law, in Romania there are two types of appeal: first appeal which is an appeal on the merits and second appeal which is an appeal on the law /"recurs").

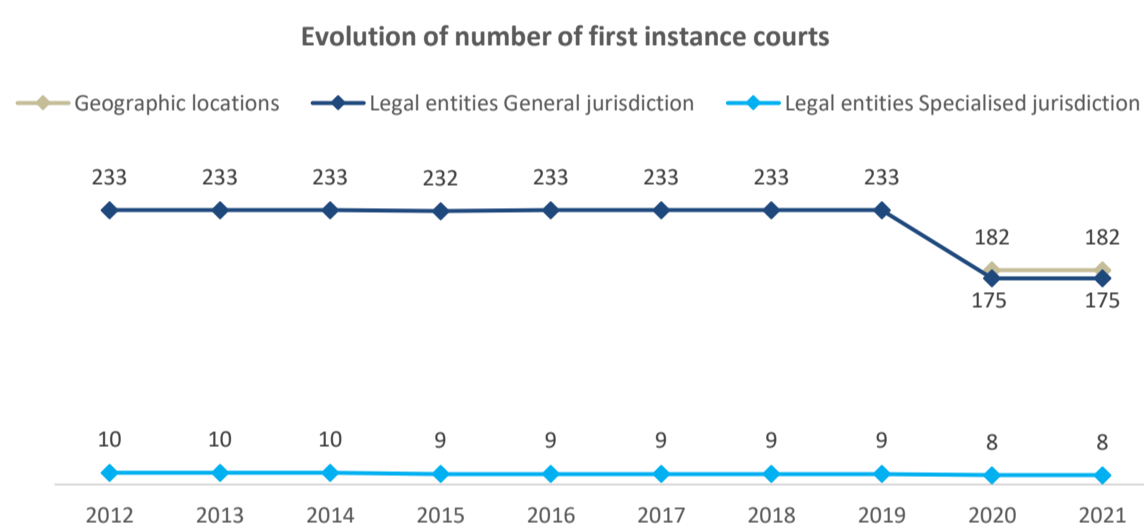
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	244		
2013	244		
2014	244		
2015	243		
2016	243		
2017	243		
2018	243		
2019	243		
2020	242	233	9
2021	242	233	9



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		233	10
2013		233	10
2014		233	10
2015		232	9
2016		233	9
2017		233	9
2018		233	9
2019		233	9
2020	182	175	8
2021	182	175	8



In Romania there are 175 judecatorii, first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

The number of „judecatorii” has decreased by one between 2019-2020 because the activity of Judecătoria Insuratei was suspended so it no longer appears in the statistics. The number 175 represents the first instance courts with general jurisdiction, even if tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court may also judge first instance cases.

Starting from 2020, the methodology of presentation of data changed and only „judecatorii” are counted as first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

It should also be mentioned that some of the first instance specialised courts share the location with "judecatorii".

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 95,6% - 4,4%, which is quite different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

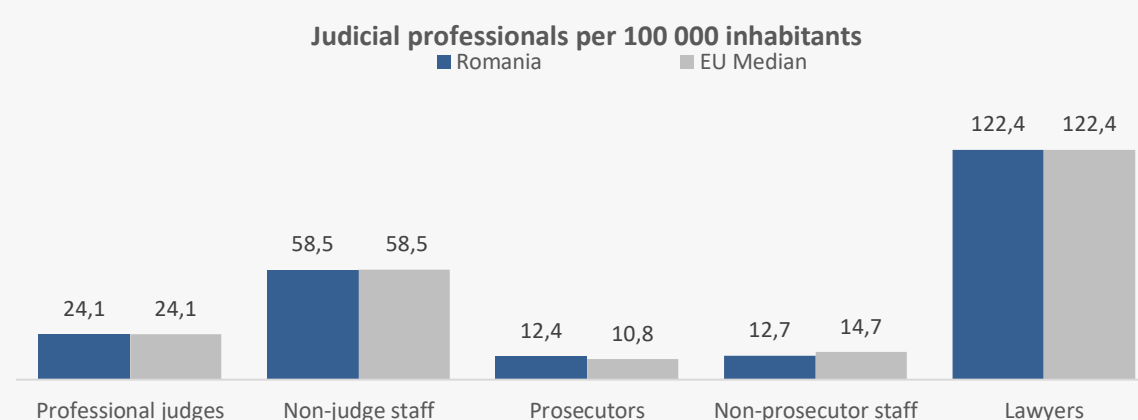
Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	8	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	3	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	1	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	4	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

2. Professionals of justice in Romania (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

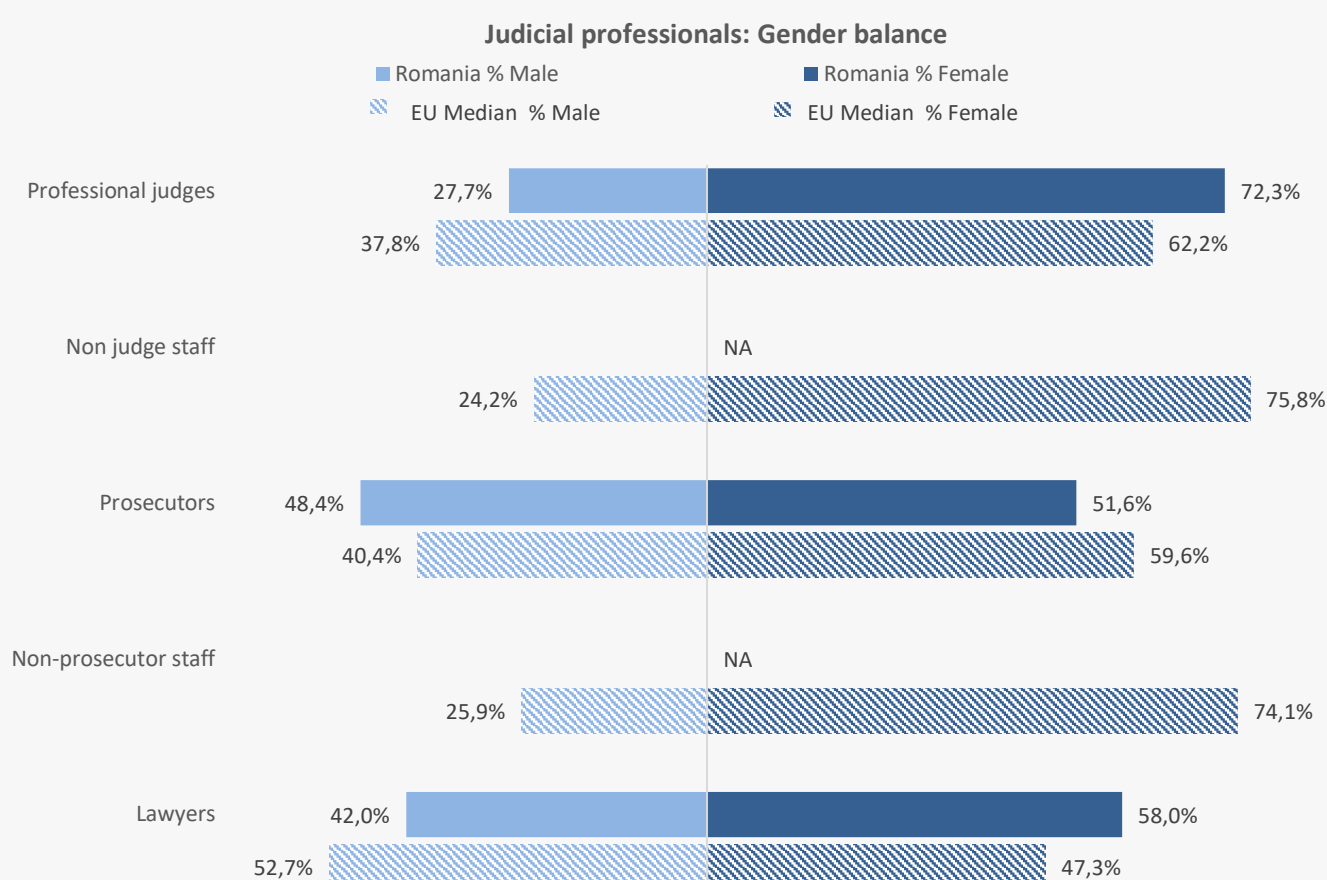
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	4 590	24,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	11 144	58,5	58,5
Prosecutors	2 370	12,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2 413	12,7	14,7
Lawyers	23 308	122,4	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

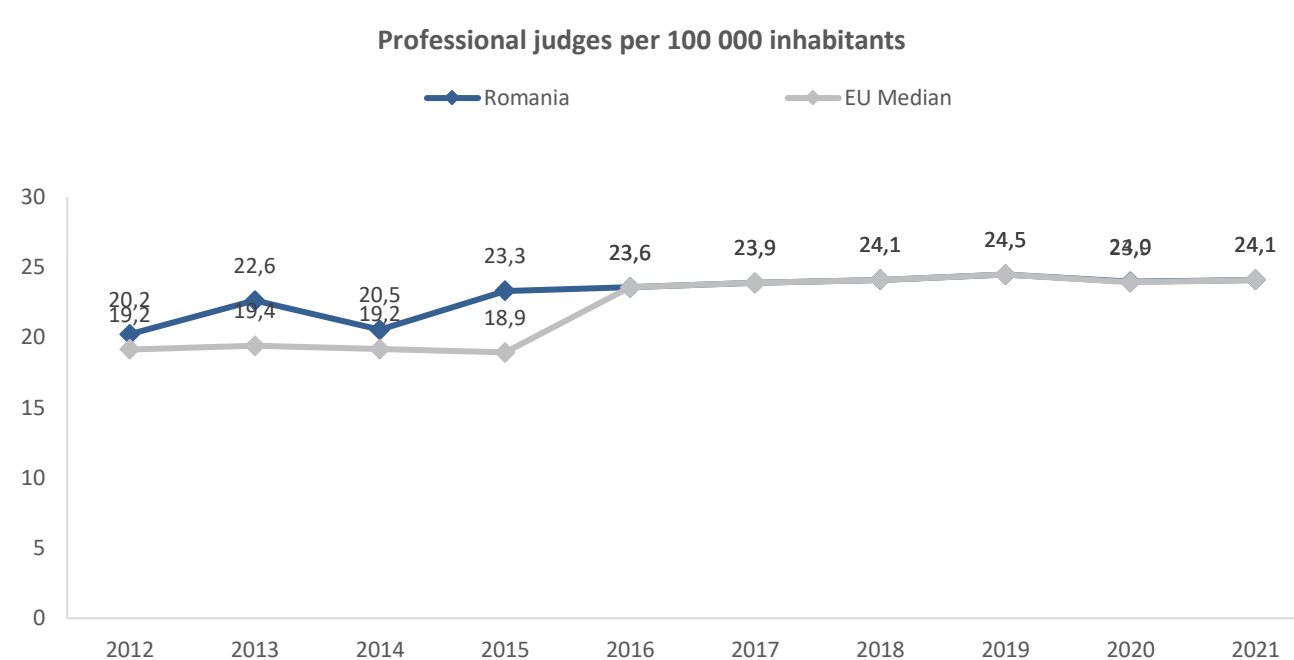
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	27,7%	72,3%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,4%	51,6%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	42,0%	58,0%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Romania	EU Median
2012	4 310	20,2
2013	4 511	22,6
2014	4 577	20,5
2015	4 608	23,3
2016	4 628	23,6
2017	4 664	23,9
2018	4 677	24,1
2019	4 753	24,5
2020	4 600	24,0
2021	4 590	24,1



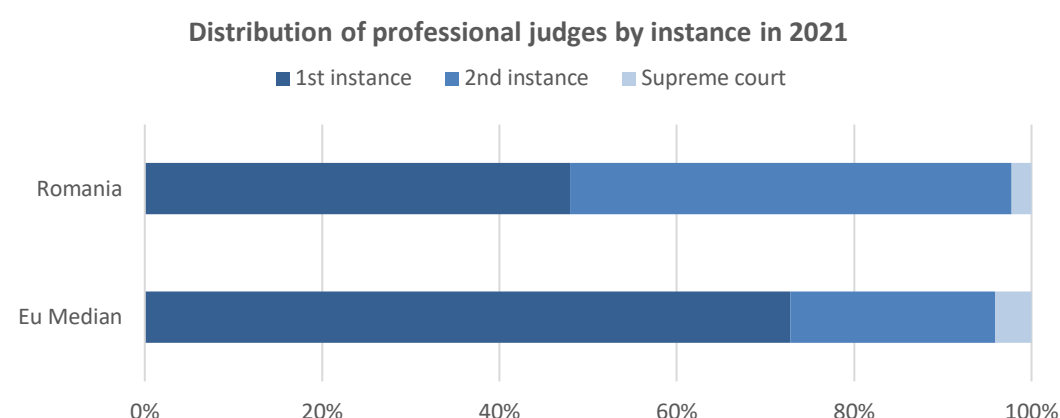
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Romania is 4 590, which is -0,2% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Romania, there are 24,11 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is the same than the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,43 non-judge staff per judge.

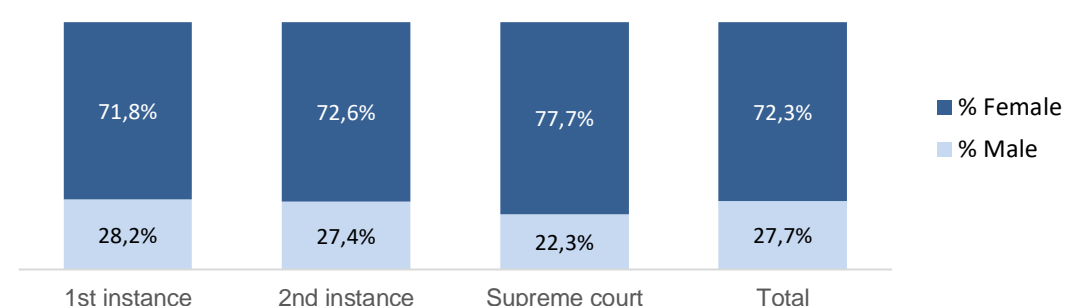
There has been a significant increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,29 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	2 202	48,0%	622	1 580	28,2%	71,8%
2nd instance	2 285	49,8%	626	1 659	27,4%	72,6%
Supreme court	103	2,2%	23	80	22,3%	77,7%
Total	4 590		1 271	3 319	27,7%	72,3%



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Romania



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 3 319, which represents 72,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 202 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 1 580 are Female); 2 285 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 1 659 are Female) and 103 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 80 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, Romania has different distribution of judges among instances. While the percentage of first instance judges is well below the EU median, the percentage of second instance judges is more than twice the EU Median. Moreover, the percentage of Supreme court judges is below the EU median.

In Romania, there are four levels of courts (first instance courts, tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice). Only judges of the first instance court „judecatorii” are counted as first instance judges. Judges from tribunals and courts of appeal are included in the category "second instance professional judges", even if according to the procedural provisions in terms of competences tribunals may judge both as first and second instance court and for certain procedural circumstances (material and personal) even the courts of appeal may judge in first instance. Moreover, even the High Court can judge in first instance for example in criminal cases according to the personal competence rules of procedure.

As regards the distribution of male/female judges, it should be noticed that in Romania there is a very high percentage of female judges in all instances (71,8 % in first instance courts, 72,6% in second instance courts and 77,7% in Supreme courts).

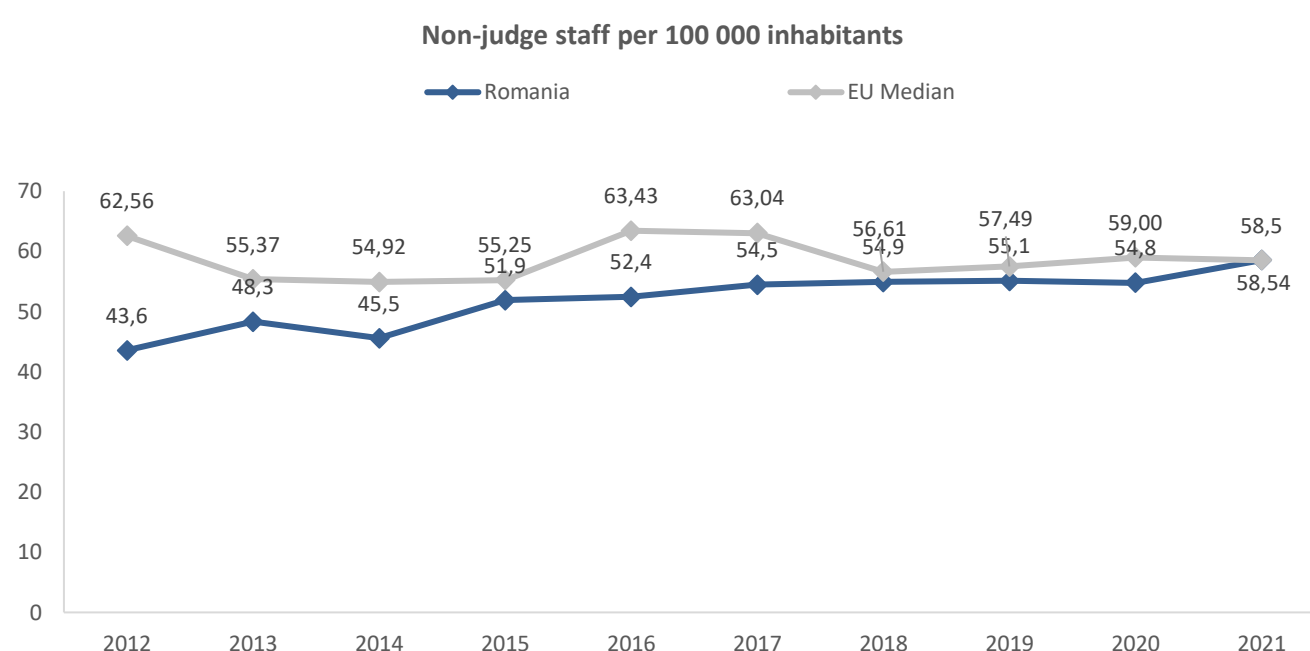
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	2 202	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	2 285	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	103	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	4 590	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

In Romania, the distribution of judges per categories of cases is not possible since its statistical system does not collect information regarding a breakdown in the number of judges based on the different legal matters.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Romania	Romania	EU Median
2012	9 283	43,6	62,6
2013	9 639	48,3	55,4
2014	10 147	45,5	54,9
2015	10 251	51,9	55,2
2016	10 297	52,4	63,4
2017	10 638	54,5	63,0
2018	10 662	54,9	56,6
2019	10 700	55,1	57,5
2020	10 512	54,8	59,0
2021	11 144	58,5	58,5



In 2021, Romania has 11 144 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 6,0%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 54,8 in 2020 to 58,5 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 24,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 24,1 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	11 144	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	6 665	59,8%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 701	15,3%
Technical staff	1 723	15,5%
Other	1 055	9,5%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 6 665 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 1 701 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 1 723 technical staff;
- 1 055 other;

The number indicated for the category “non-judge staff assisting judges” encompasses clerks with judicial tasks. The number indicated for “staff in charge of administrative tasks” concerns registering clerks, documentary clerks, statistician clerks, archivist clerks and public servants. The number indicated for “technical staff” includes IT staff, contractual personnel and other personnel (drivers, ushers, procedural agents etc.). The category “other” subsumes assistance magistrates, judicial assistants and probation counsellors.

Assistance magistrates work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice. They participate in the trial sessions, have a consultative vote in deliberations and write the minutes of the sessions, as well as the decisions.

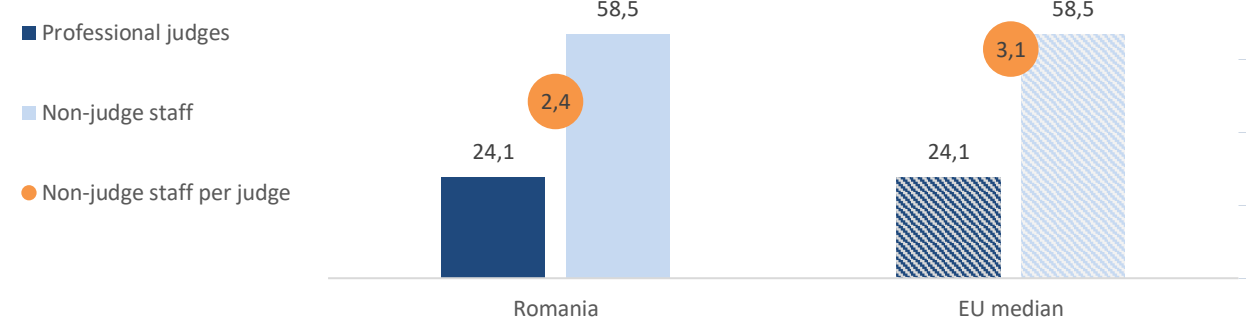
Judicial assistants work only within tribunals and are part, together with the judges, of the panels which judge, in first instance, cases regarding labour and social insurances litigations (the panel is composed of 1 judge and 2 judicial assistants. The latter participate in the deliberations with a consultative vote and sign the decisions.

The probation counsellors have, in principle, the following attributions: support the activity of judges by elaborating certain evaluation documents in criminal cases with juvenile offenders; support the activity of the judge delegated with enforcing decisions in criminal matters; cooperate with public institutions in order to execute the measure to force a minor to carry out an unpaid activity in an institution of public interest; initiate and carry on special programs of social reinsertion for persons convicted to prison and for minors who committed offences provided by the criminal law; carry out, at request, activities of individual counselling of offenders, with regard to the social, group and individual behaviour; initiate and carry out special programmes of protection, social and judicial assistance of minors and youngsters who committed offences.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Romania	EU median
Professional judges	24,1	24,1
Non-judge staff	58,5	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	2,4	3,1

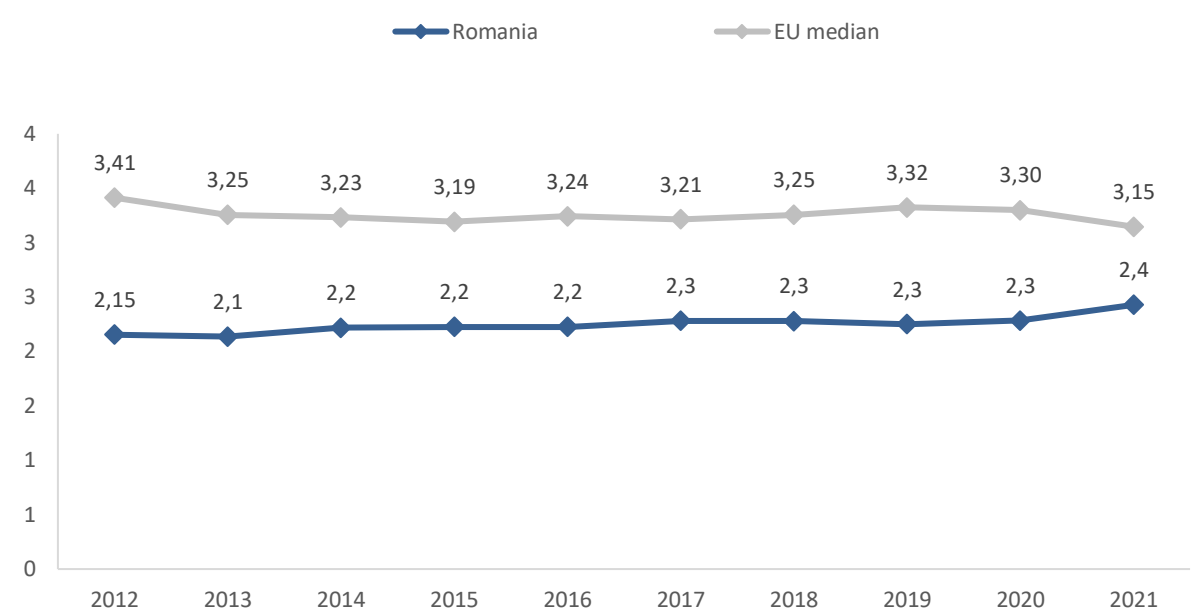
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Romania	Romania	Romania	EU median
2012	20,2	43,6	2,15	3,4
2013	22,6	48,3	2,1	3,3
2014	20,5	45,5	2,2	3,2
2015	23,3	51,9	2,2	3,2
2016	23,6	52,4	2,2	3,2
2017	23,9	54,5	2,3	3,2
2018	24,1	54,9	2,3	3,3
2019	24,5	55,1	2,3	3,3
2020	24,0	54,8	2,3	3,3
2021	24,1	58,5	2,4	3,1

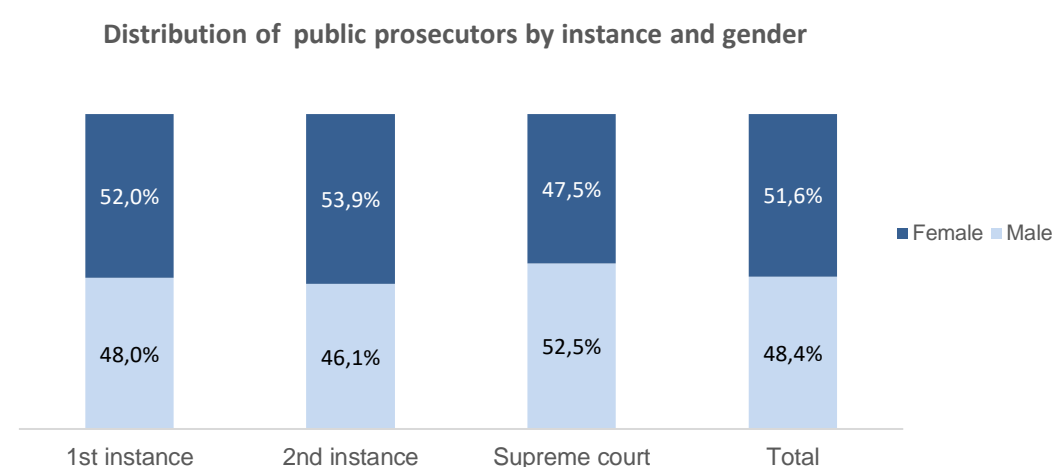
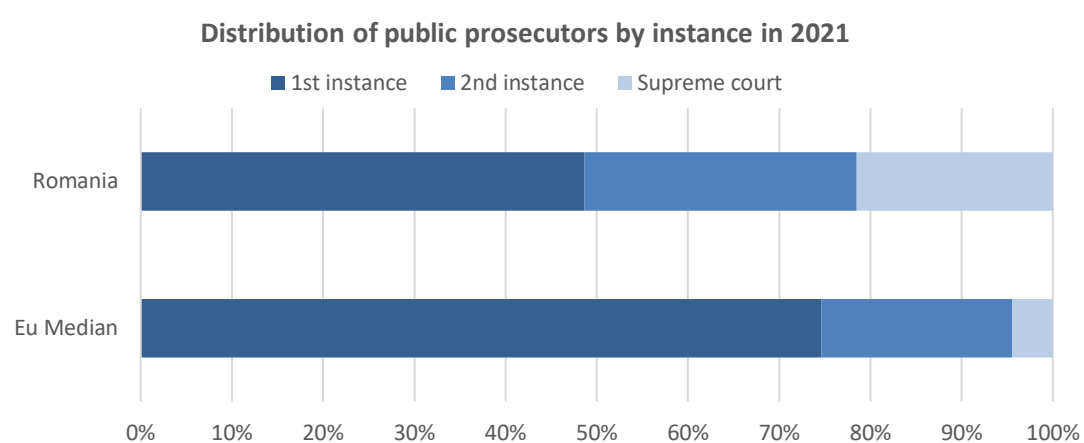
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 153	48,6%	553	600	48,0%	52,0%
2nd instance	707	29,8%	326	381	46,1%	53,9%
Supreme court	510	21,5%	268	242	52,5%	47,5%
Total	2 370		1 147	1 223	48,4%	51,6%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 223, which represents 51,6% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 153 in first instance (of which 600 are Female); 707 are in second instance (of which 381 are Female) and 510 in final instance (of which 242 are Female).

Since there are four-level courts system in Romania, the prosecution office services reflect this organisation (first instance courts, tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice). Prosecutors from prosecution offices of the tribunals and of the courts of appeal are included in the category "second instance professional prosecutors".

As a result, the distribution of the number of public prosecutors among the different judicial instances diverges from the EU median. Indeed, the first instance public prosecutors are well below the EU median and the percentage of second instance public prosecutors might be considered close to the EU median, although slightly lower. Finally, the number of Supreme court prosecutors is significantly higher than the EU median.

As regards the distribution Male/Female, it has to be specified that female public prosecutors prevail in the first and second instances only by a slim majority (52,0% and 53,9%, respectively) and represent 47,5% of public prosecutors in Supreme court.

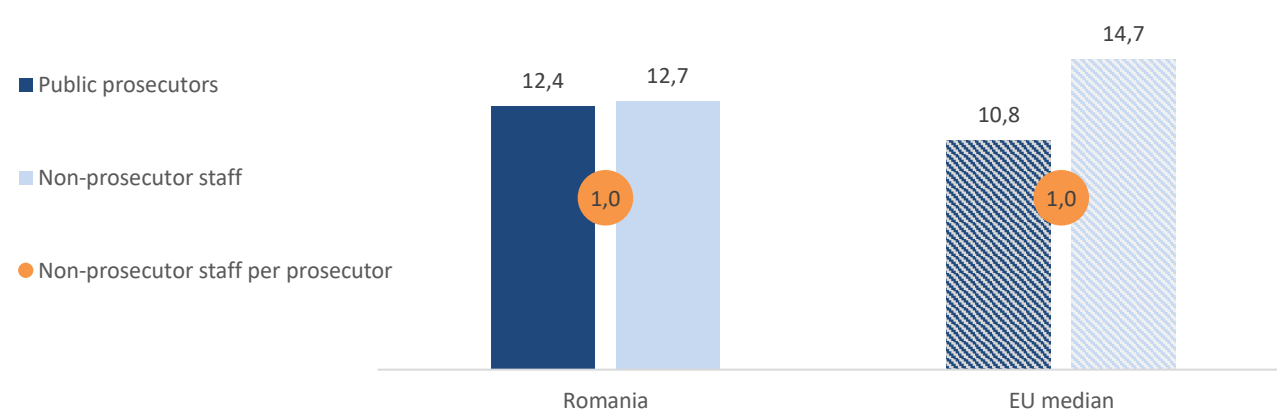
Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	2 413	NA	NA

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

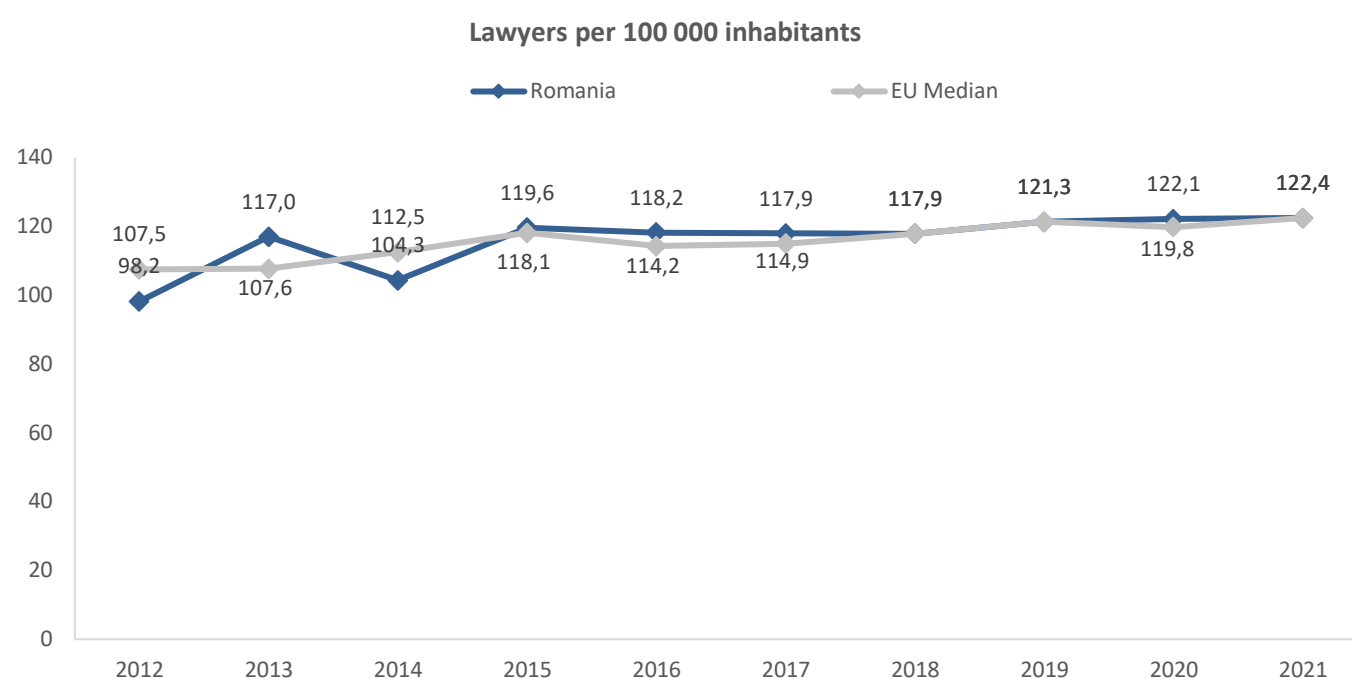
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Romania	EU median
Public prosecutors	12,4	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	12,7	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,0	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Romania	Romania	EU Median
2012	20 919	98,2	107,5
2013	23 332	117,0	107,6
2014	23 244	104,3	112,5
2015	23 635	119,6	118,1
2016	23 205	118,2	114,2
2017	23 020	117,9	114,9
2018	22 873	117,9	117,9
2019	23 554	121,3	121,3
2020	23 424	122,1	119,8
2021	23 308	122,4	122,4



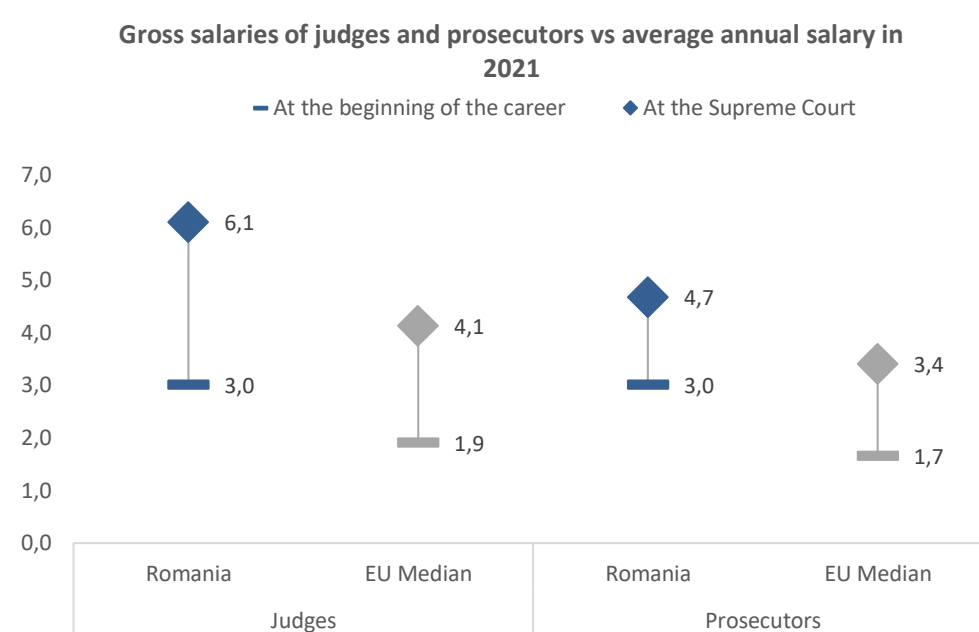
In 2021, there are 23 308 lawyers, which is -0,5% less than in 2020.

There are 13 512 female lawyers which is 58% of the total.

Romania has 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which constitutes the EU median.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Romania	Romania	Romania	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	42 550€	24 892€	3,0	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	86 160€	50 403€	6,1	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	42 550€	24 892€	3,0	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	66 007€	38 613€	4,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Romania of 42 550€ is below the EU median of 52 534€. However, as a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 3,02, which is considerably above the EU median of 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Romania (2021 data)

In Romania, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



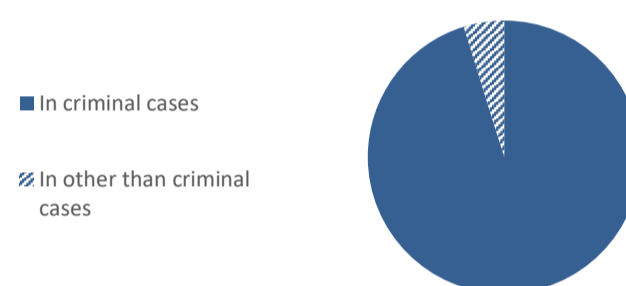
For the enforcement phase, legal aid may be granted as facilities at the payment of judicial duties. Moreover, according to Article 6 letter c) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, it can also be the payment of the bailiff's fee.

Legal aid may also cover costs of the expert, translator or interpreter services during the trial, with the consent of the court or of the jurisdictional authority, if this payment is the obligation of the one requiring judicial public aid, according to law.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

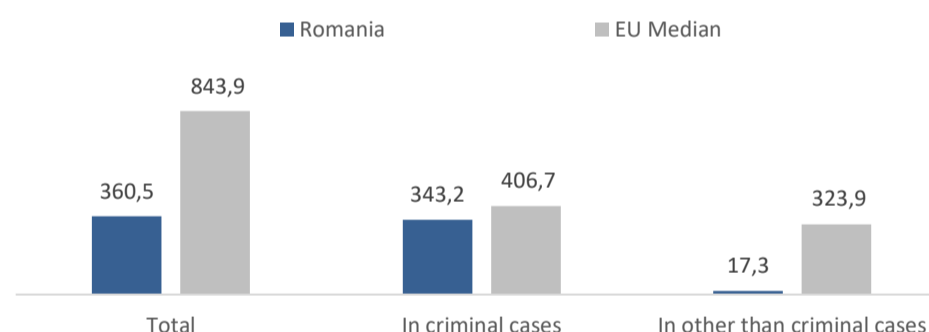
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	68 636	68 636	NAP
In criminal cases	65 342	65 342	NAP
In other than criminal cases	3 294	3 294	NAP

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Romania	EU Median
Total	360,5	843,9
In criminal cases	343,2	406,7
In other than criminal cases	17,3	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



In criminal cases data also include ex officio lawyers.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: NA

There is no timeframe set for the procedure of granting legal aid by the court. The procedure is urgent as a general rule, being decided in chambers.

4. Performance of courts in Romania (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

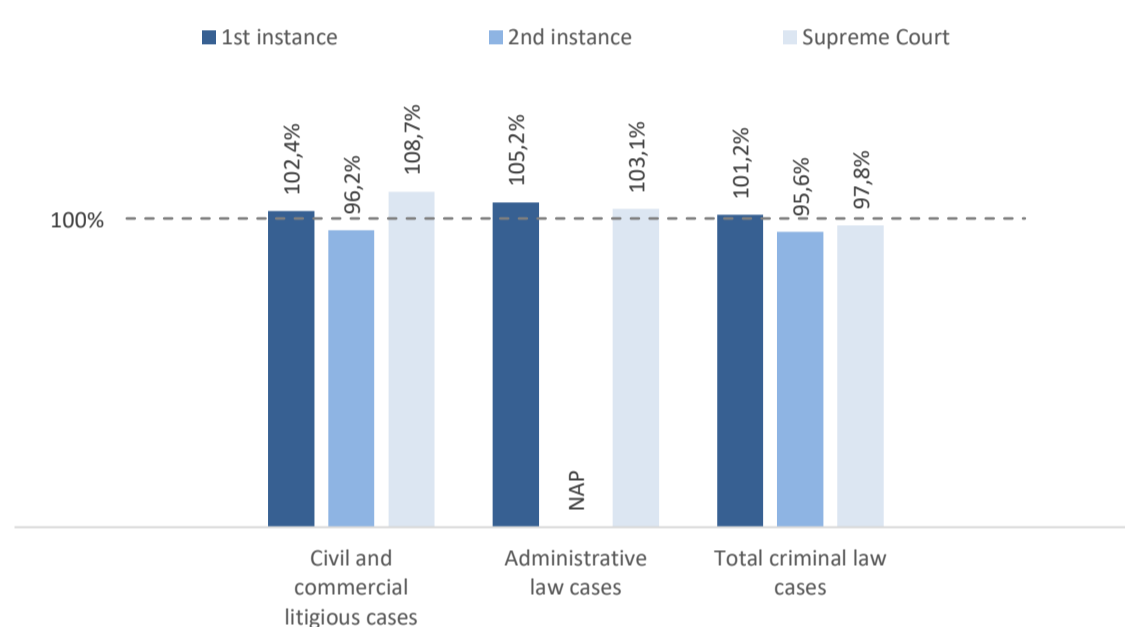
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

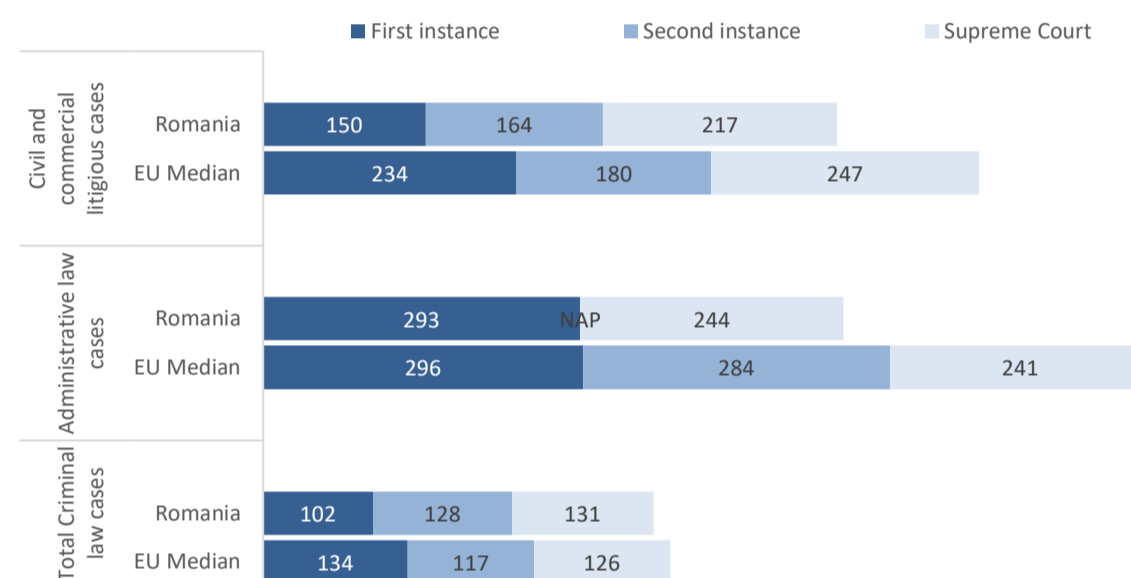
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	102,4%	102,5%	105,2%	101,7%	101,2%	100,0%
	2nd instance	96,2%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	95,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	108,7%	99,9%	103,1%	100,4%	97,8%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	150	234	293	296	102	134
	2nd instance	164	180	NAP	284	128	117
	Supreme Court	217	247	244	241	131	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, criminal law cases appear to be the fastest in Romania, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, first instance administrative law cases are the longest in Romania, as it appears also in the EU, but slightly below the EU median. It is worth mentioning that, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Romania is below EU median, especially for civil cases but also administrative cases.

At first instance, the Clearance rate indicator is satisfactory for all matters, with a Clearance Rate above the 100% threshold for civil litigious, administrative law and criminal law cases. The Disposition Time is also below the EU median for all types of cases.

In the second instance, courts seem to be less efficient in civil litigious and criminal matters with a Clearance Rate somewhat below the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time remains below the EU median for civil litigious cases, while being slightly above for criminal law cases.

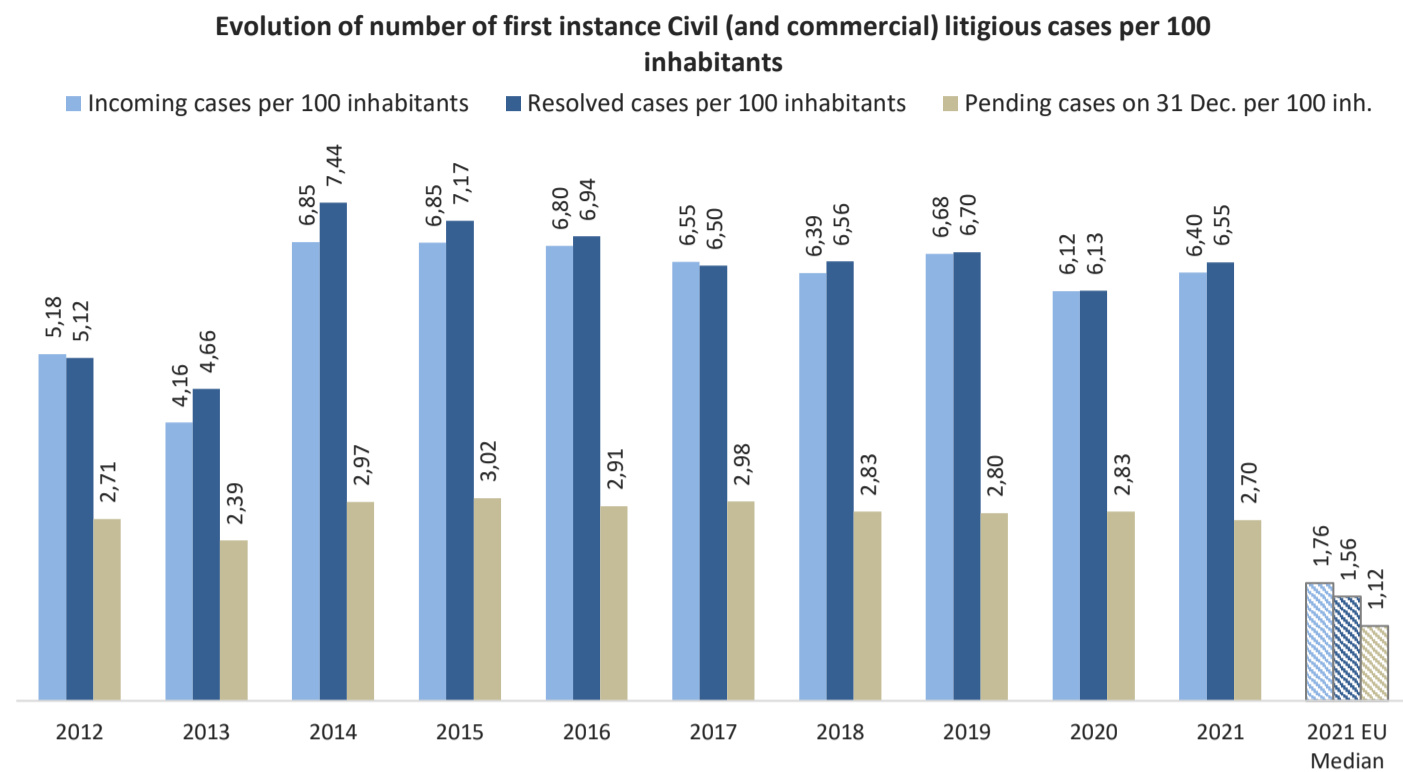
At third instance, courts seem to be able to efficiently deal with cases, especially for civil litigious cases, but also administrative law cases, while for criminal law cases the Clearance Rate is somewhat below the 100% threshold. The Disposition Time remains below the EU median for civil litigious cases, while being slightly above for administrative law and criminal law cases.

Generally speaking, the measures taken during the pandemic period led to an increase in the stock of cases, that explains the number of pending cases on Jan 1st and also some of the values of the pending cases in courts for 2 years. At the same time, as shown in some of the data on resolved cases, although the stock at the beginning of 2021 was considerable, by the enhanced activity, the number of resolved cases increased.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	5,18	5,12	2,71
2013	4,16	4,66	2,39
2014	6,85	7,44	2,97
2015	6,85	7,17	3,02
2016	6,80	6,94	2,91
2017	6,55	6,50	2,98
2018	6,39	6,56	2,83
2019	6,68	6,70	2,80
2020	6,12	6,13	2,83
2021	6,40	6,55	2,70
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



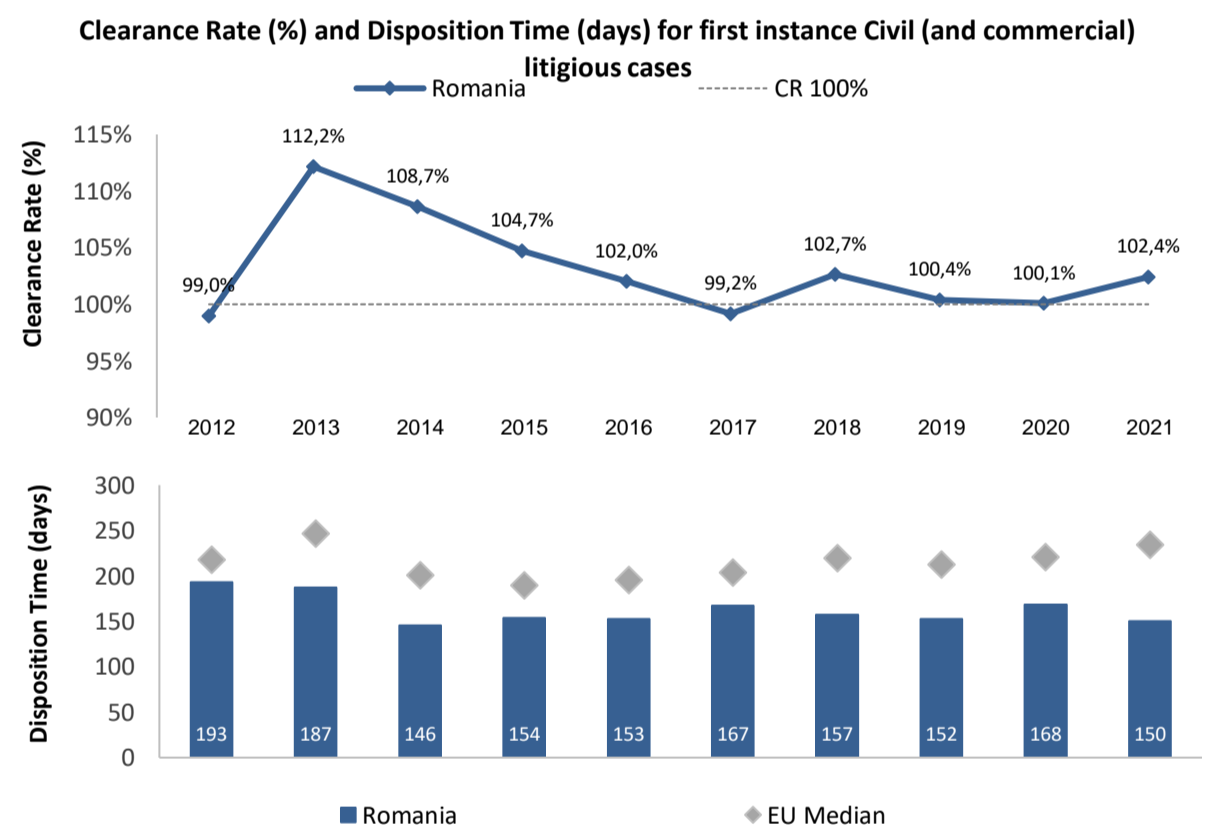
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Romania (6,40 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Romania (6,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Romania (2,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
2012	99,0%	100,4%	193	218
2013	112,2%	101,2%	187	247
2014	108,7%	101,8%	146	201
2015	104,7%	102,3%	154	190
2016	102,0%	102,0%	153	196
2017	99,2%	101,3%	167	204
2018	102,7%	101,2%	157	220
2019	100,4%	99,9%	152	213
2020	100,1%	98,5%	168	221
2021	102,4%	102,5%	150	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,4% in 2021 Romania seems to be able to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 2,3 points.

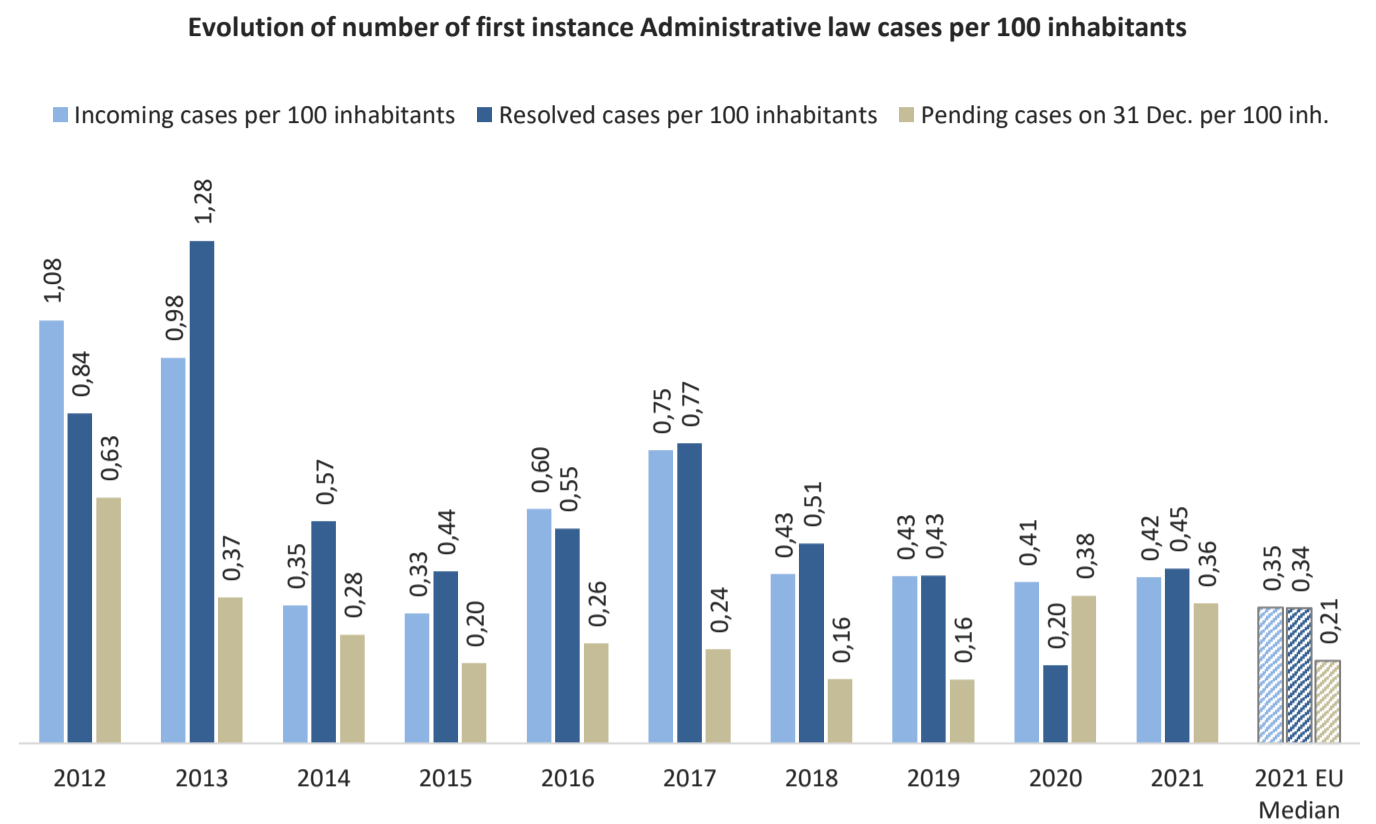
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 150 days, which is well below EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -10,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,08	0,84	0,63
2013	0,98	1,28	0,37
2014	0,35	0,57	0,28
2015	0,33	0,44	0,20
2016	0,60	0,55	0,26
2017	0,75	0,77	0,24
2018	0,43	0,51	0,16
2019	0,43	0,43	0,16
2020	0,41	0,20	0,38
2021	0,42	0,45	0,36
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



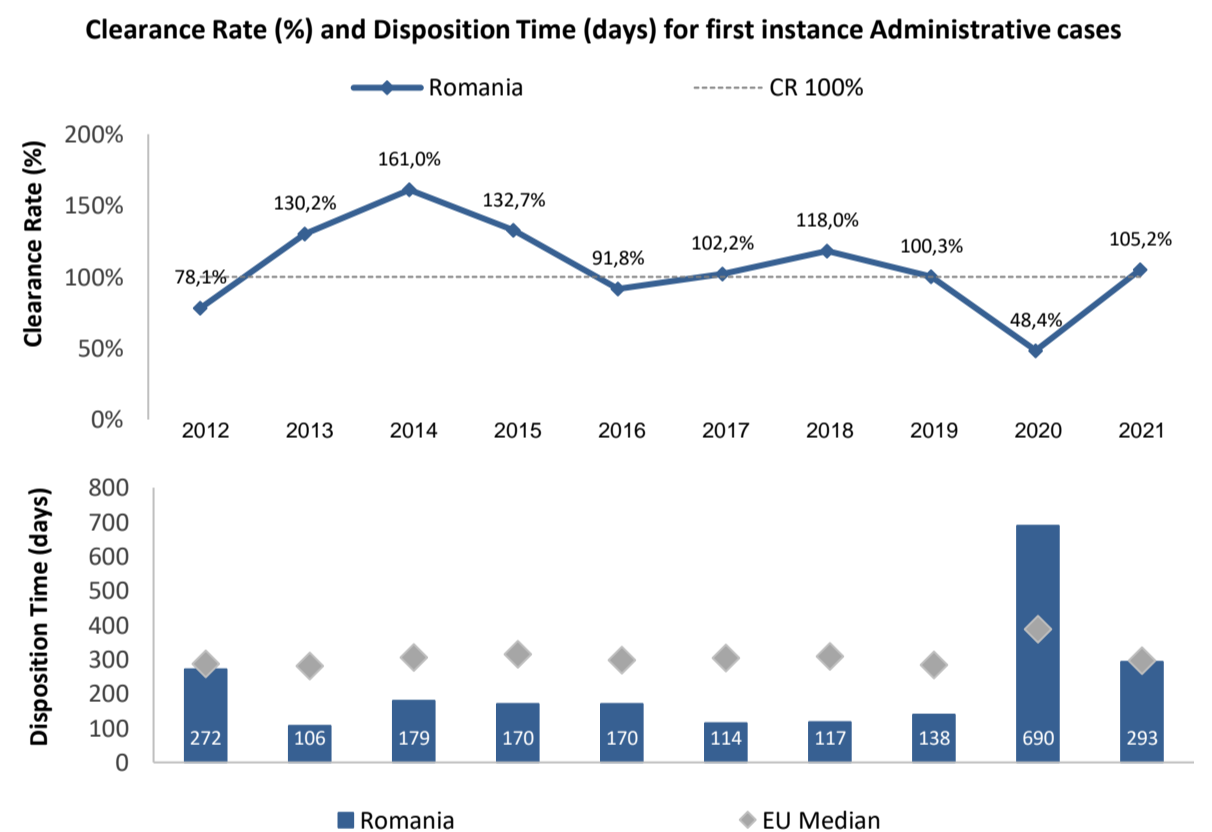
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Romania (0,42 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Romania (0,45 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Romania (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
2012	78,1%	101,0%	272	286
2013	130,2%	100,3%	106	281
2014	161,0%	99,6%	179	305
2015	132,7%	103,7%	170	315
2016	91,8%	103,0%	170	297
2017	102,2%	102,1%	114	303
2018	118,0%	99,7%	117	308
2019	100,3%	102,1%	138	284
2020	48,4%	100,1%	690	388
2021	105,2%	101,7%	293	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,2% in 2021 Romania seems to be able to deal with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 56,8 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 293 days, which is very close to EU median of 296 days.

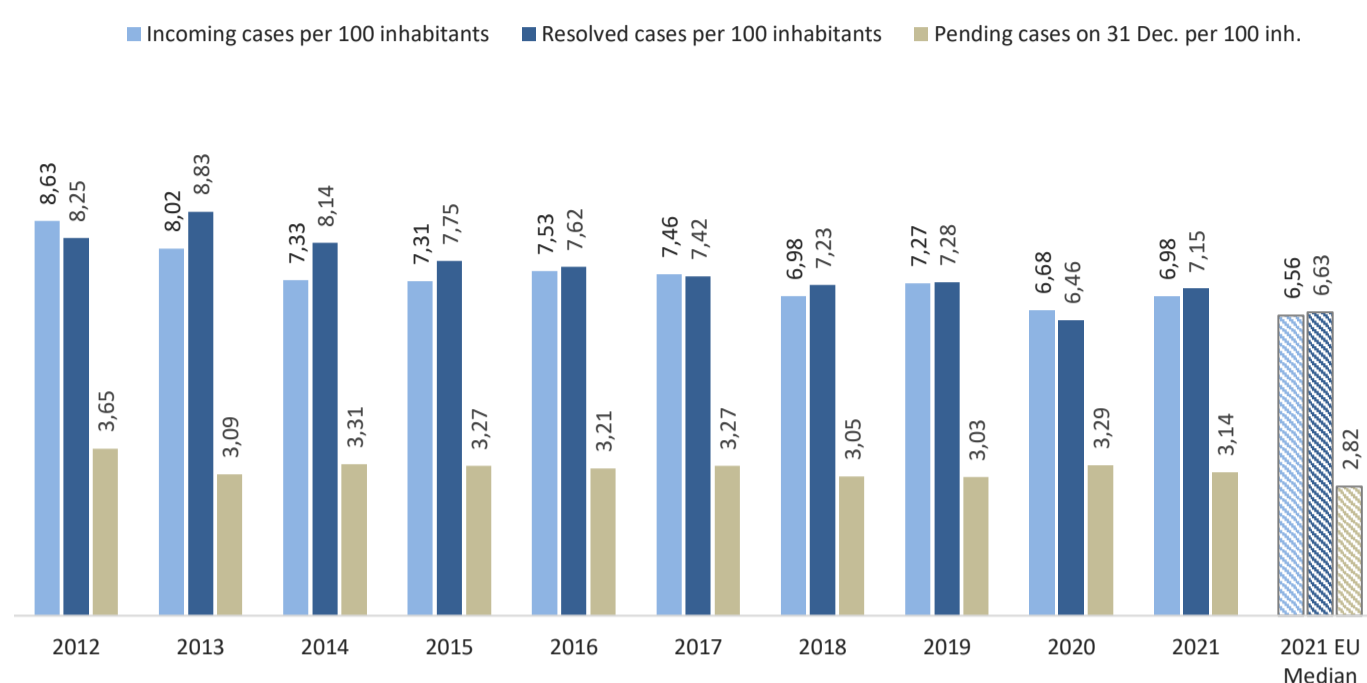
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -57,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	8,63	8,25	3,65
2013	8,02	8,83	3,09
2014	7,33	8,14	3,31
2015	7,31	7,75	3,27
2016	7,53	7,62	3,21
2017	7,46	7,42	3,27
2018	6,98	7,23	3,05
2019	7,27	7,28	3,03
2020	6,68	6,46	3,29
2021	6,98	7,15	3,14
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Romania (6,98 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

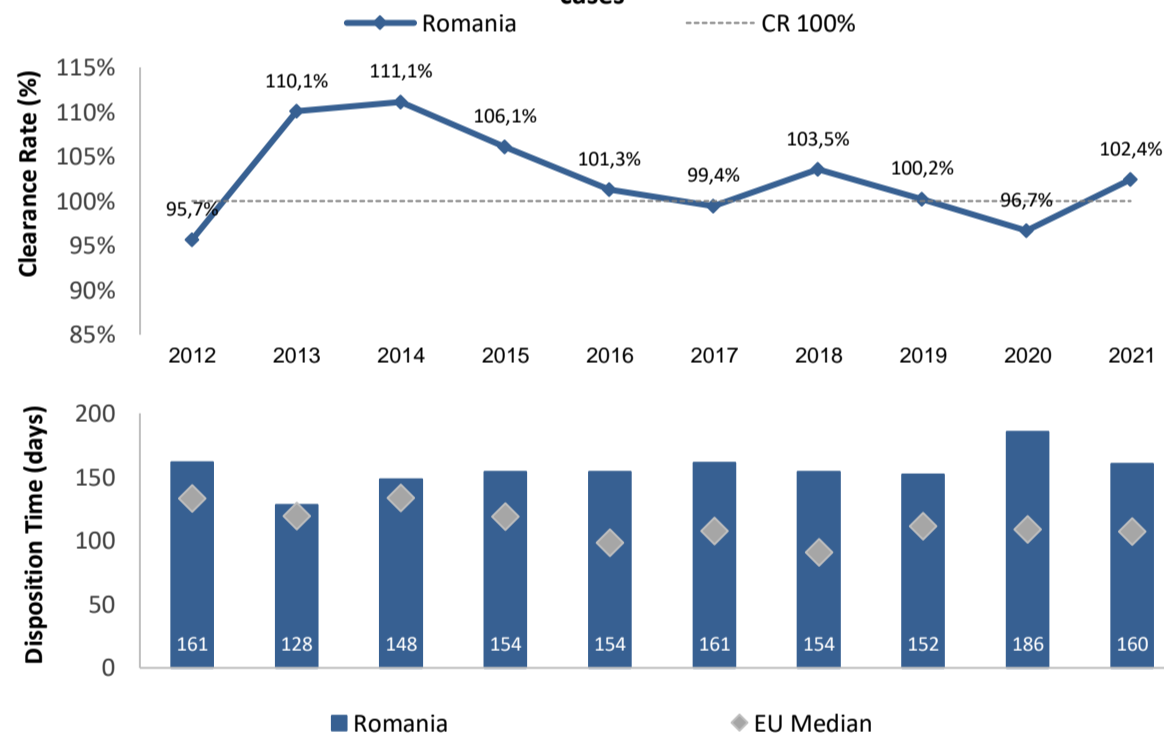
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Romania (7,15 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Romania (3,14 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
2012	95,7%	100,5%	161	133
2013	110,1%	100,7%	128	119
2014	111,1%	101,9%	148	133
2015	106,1%	101,0%	154	119
2016	101,3%	101,5%	154	98
2017	99,4%	100,6%	161	107
2018	103,5%	100,6%	154	91
2019	100,2%	99,8%	152	111
2020	96,7%	98,7%	186	109
2021	102,4%	101,2%	160	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,4% in 2021 Romania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 5,7 points.

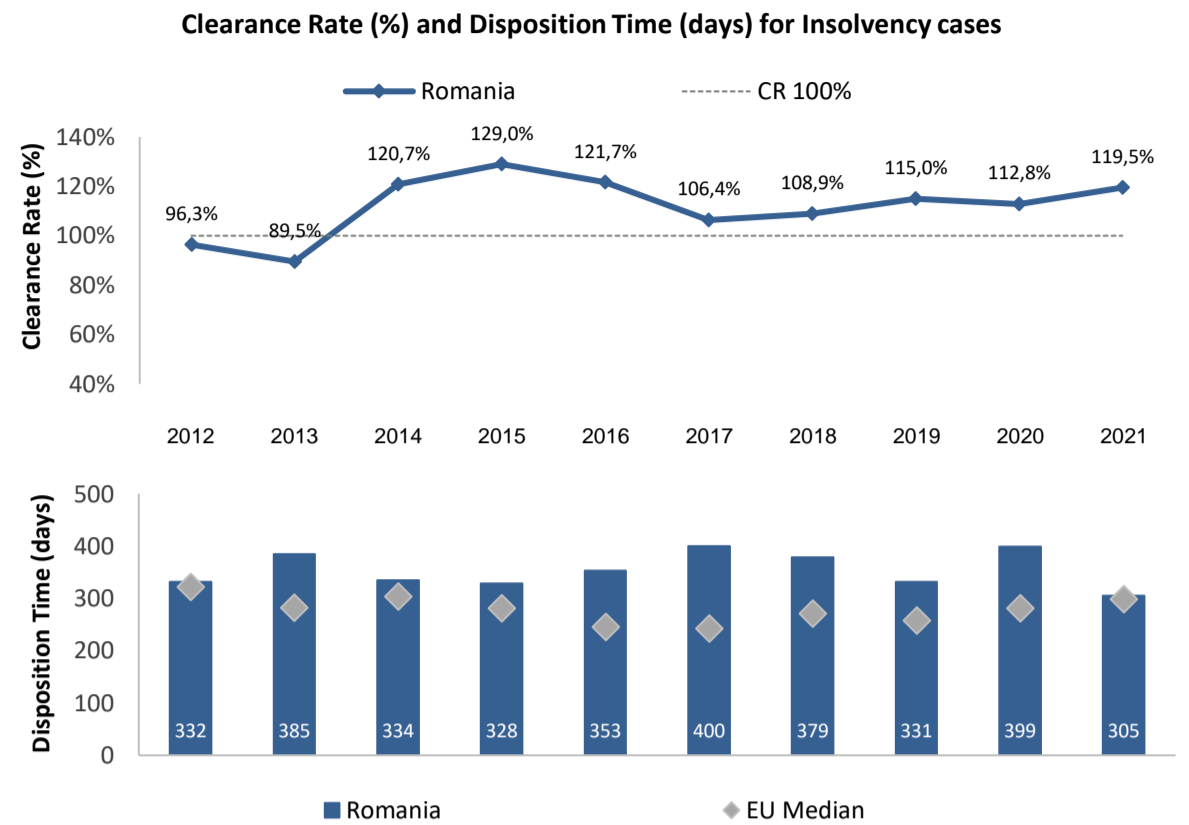
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 160 days, which is above EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -13,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
2012	96,3%	95,0%	332	323
2013	89,5%	89,6%	385	282
2014	120,7%	96,9%	334	304
2015	129,0%	104,5%	328	282
2016	121,7%	102,0%	353	246
2017	106,4%	103,6%	400	243
2018	108,9%	101,5%	379	271
2019	115,0%	101,2%	331	258
2020	112,8%	109,7%	399	281
2021	119,5%	103,3%	305	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 119,5% in 2021 Romania seems to be able to efficiently deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,7 points.

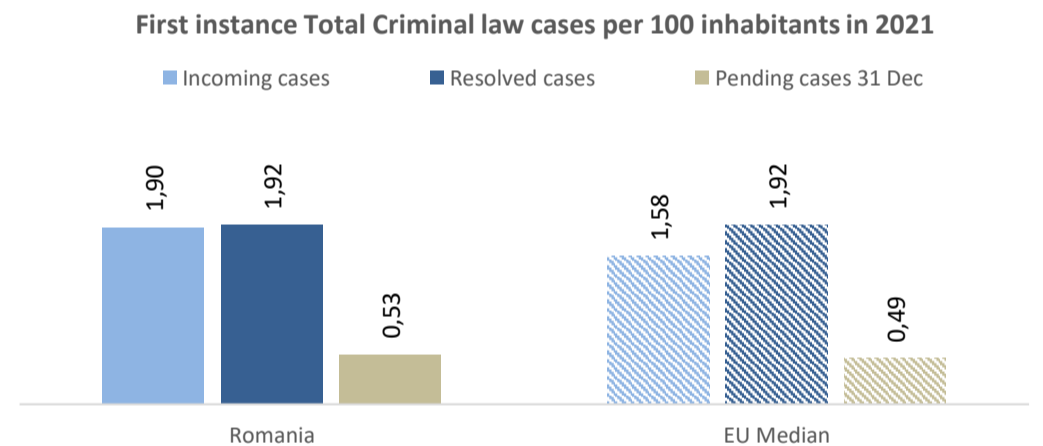
In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 305 days, which is slightly above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -23,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

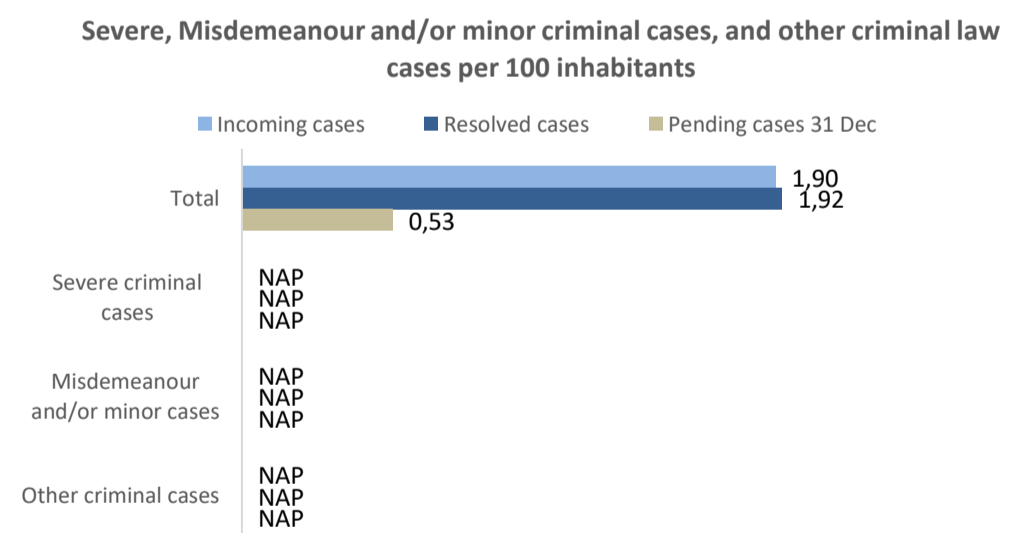
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	105 887	361 037	365 216	101 708
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,56	1,90	1,92	0,53
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Romania (1,90 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Romania (1,92 per 100 inhabitants) is the EU median.

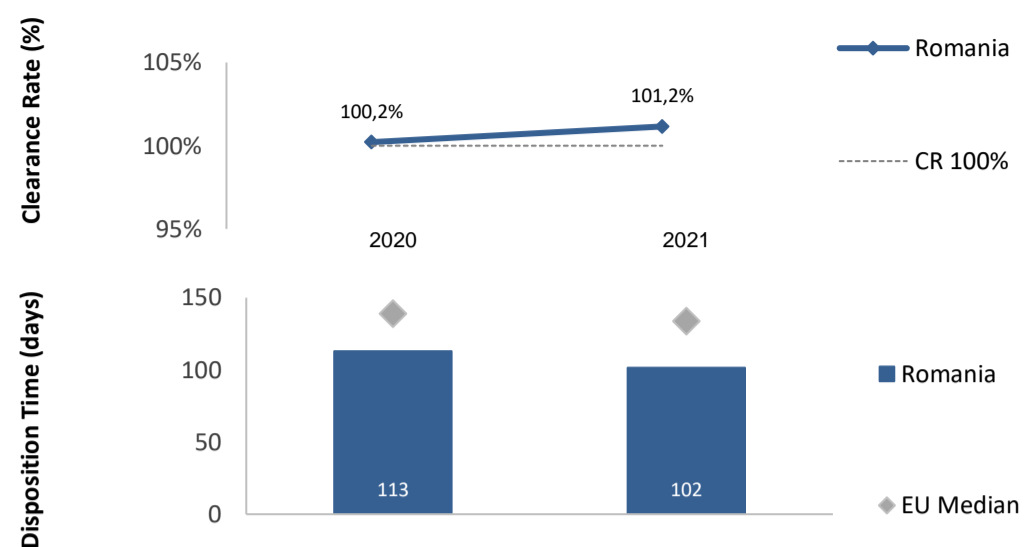
The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Romania (0,53 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

There is no classification of severe and less severe offences in the Romanian statistics.

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Romania	EU Median	Romania	EU Median
2020	100,2%	95,2%	113	139
2021	101,2%	100,0%	102	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2021 Romania seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1 point.

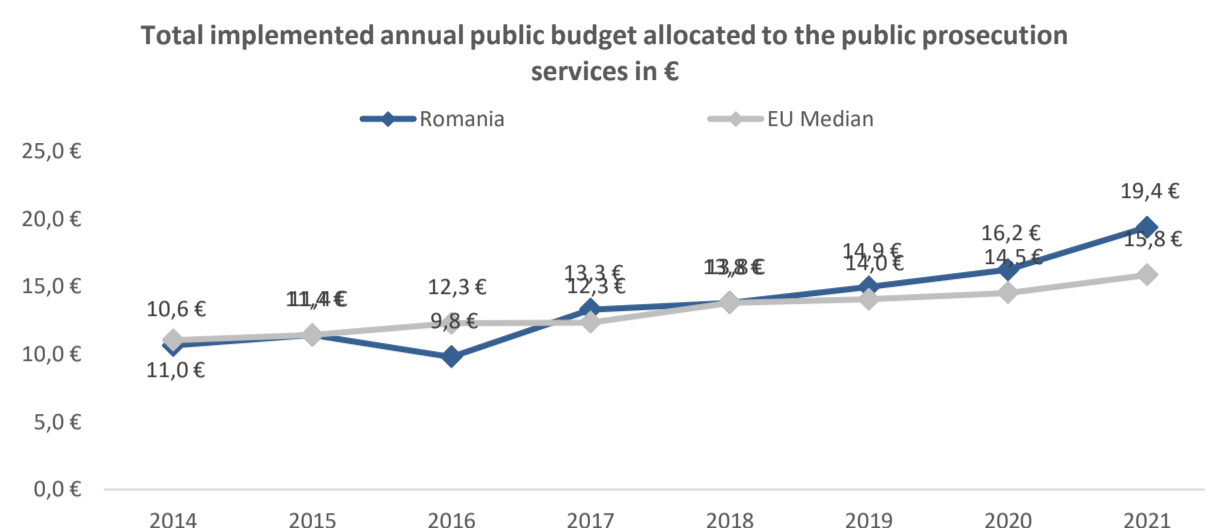
In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 102 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -9,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

5. Public prosecution services in Romania (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Romania	Romania	EU Median
2014	236 693 083 €	10,6 €	11,0 €
2015	225 564 926 €	11,4 €	11,4 €
2016	192 213 562 €	9,8 €	12,3 €
2017	259 590 883 €	13,3 €	12,3 €
2018	267 694 743 €	13,8 €	13,8 €
2019	290 155 076 €	14,9 €	14,0 €
2020	311 524 523 €	16,2 €	14,5 €
2021	368 873 677 €	19,4 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Romania	Romania	EU Median
2018	68 144 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	27 666 €	0,001 €	0,029 €
2020	5 221 €	0,000 €	0,011 €
2021	8 280 €	0,000 €	0,022 €

The training of judges and prosecutors is provided by the National Institute of Magistracy (Superior Council of Magistracy). For 2020, the amounts included the amounts from the state budget provided for the training of civil servants and other categories of non-judge / non-prosecutor staff. In 2018, according to the data provided by the economic department, at these amounts were included, the training within some European training programs (programs within European funds) of a number of judges (and prosecutors) - a separate budget from the budget regarding the training through the National Institute of Magistracy (Superior Council of Magistracy).

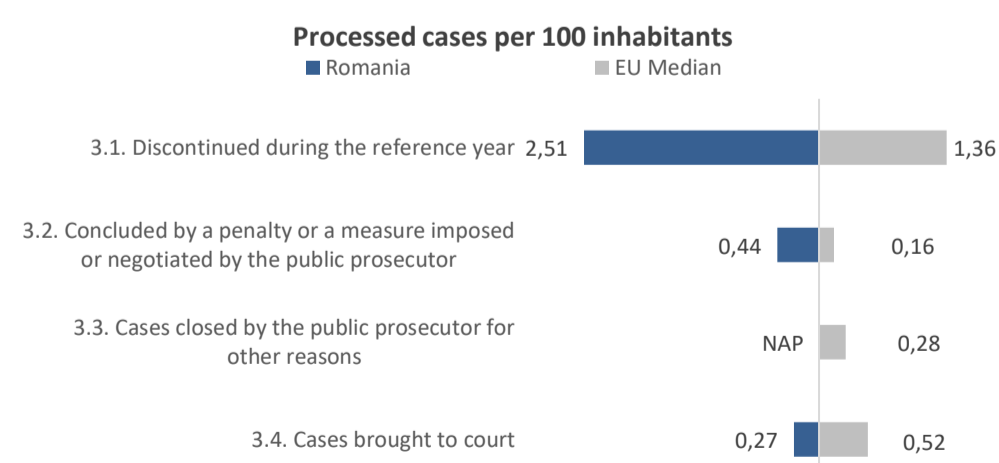
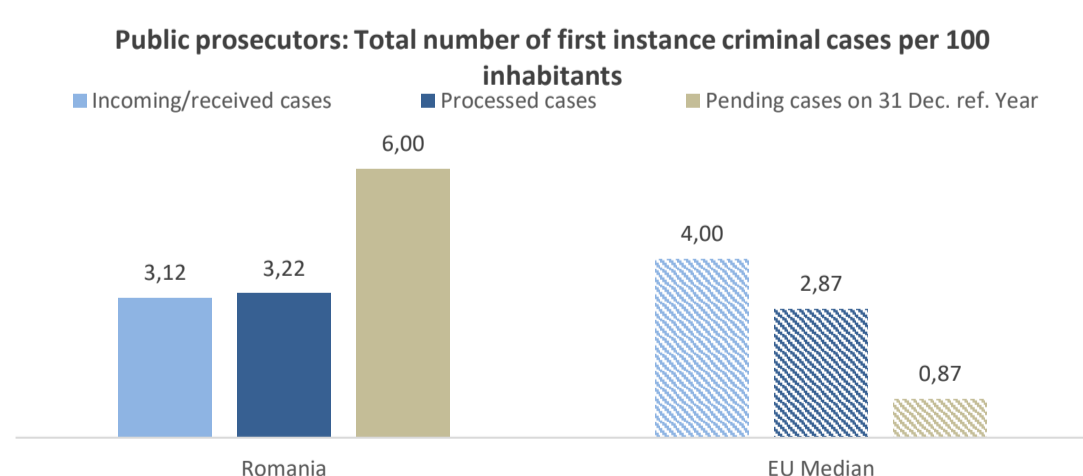
In 2021 (post-pandemic), both the frequency of trainings and the number of participants at trainings grew.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Romania	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Romania	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	1 161 346	▲ 1,5%	6,10	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	594 371	▲ 4,0%	3,12	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	612 743	▲ 8,6%	3,22	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	476 945	▲ 7,7%	2,51	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	84 664	▲ 11,9%	0,44	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	51 134	▲ 11,9%	0,27	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	1 142 974	▼ -1,6%	6,00	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

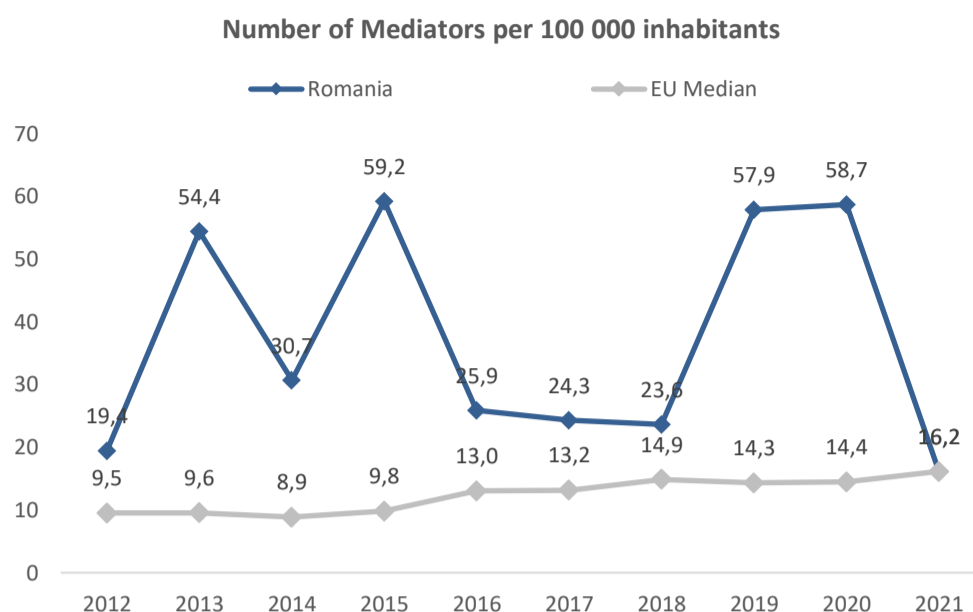
There are no available data on grounds on which a decision to discontinue a case is taken by the public prosecutor.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Romania (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Romania	Romania	EU Median
2012	4136	19,4	9,5
2013	10847	54,4	9,6
2014	6833	30,7	8,9
2015	11701	59,2	9,8
2016	5080	25,9	13,0
2017	4739	24,3	13,2
2018	4585	23,6	14,9
2019	11234	57,9	14,3
2020	11259	58,7	14,4
2021	3075	16,2	16,2



In 2021, there are 3 075 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 16,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -72,7%.

The data reflect the pace of the authorization process as a mediator by the Mediation Council (which may register fluctuations from year to year), of persons who meet the conditions provided by law. The decrease in the number of mediators is caused by withdrawals or suspensions of mediators' authorizations (possibly because of the low number of requests for mediation).

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Although a total of the cases of court-related mediation, divided into the categories above cannot be given, according to the statistical system in the field (which is ongoing at this moment), a number of 476 mediation agreements authorized by the court (2021) on December 31 could be extracted, of which 188 in stock/pending cases (on December 31, 2020) and 288 received/incoming cases during 2021.

7. ICT tools of courts in Romania (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	
	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Financial management tools				
Budgetary and financial management of courts	1-9%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management	1-9%	Yes	Yes	
Other	NA	No	No	
	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	No
Prosecutors	0% (NAP)	No	No	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	0% (NAP)	No	No	No

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Romania (2021 data)

In Romania, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

However, informal standards are being used (such as training, quality of the reasoning, assessment of the activity of the judges, assessment of the good reputation of the judges etc.).

More precisely, the activity of courts is evaluated and monitored periodically, on the basis of certain statistical data/performance indicators, such as those presented at question 70. The evaluation is achieved by verifications carried out by inspectors of the Judicial Inspection of the Superior Council of Magistracy (SCM), by elaborating periodical reports. The schedule and thematic of those verifications are approved every year by the SCM.

At organizational level, there are no quality standards established for courts. It may be considered that such standards exist at individual level, for each judge, by the indicators for the evaluation of professional activity.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✓

Since 2012, the category "other" subsumes the length of administrative procedures, the number of final convictions, legal aid, suspended cases etc.

The regular monitoring of court activities is ensured through two applications: ECRIS - case management, and STATIS - statistics monitoring application including for court's efficiency assessment.

In Romania, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is twice a year.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Romania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	19 523 621	19 405 156	19 414 458	19 186 201	19 038 098	-10,6%	-0,8%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	6 660	7 217	7 533	8 100	8 600	9 600	10 400	11 500	11 290	12 510	87,8%	10,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	12,0%	1,6%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							True	True	True	True		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									True	True		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									False	False		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	True

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	True		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242	242	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233	233	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	233	233	233	232	233	233	233	233	175	175	-24,9%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	57	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	-20,0%	0,0%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	-33,3%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	182	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	244	244	244	243	243	243	243	243	242	242	-0,8%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	698 506	777 991	918 286	733 382	649 920	630 979	639 082	591 192	587 819	630 313	-9,8%	7,2%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	566 796	578 043	793 683	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	543 619	542 528	-4,3%	-0,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	14 940	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	12 698	15 506	-	22,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44 812	62 572	6 418	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	2 453	3 988	-91,1%	62,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 522	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	10 245	11 518	-	12,4%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	1 454	1 366	5 601	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	5 108	6 065	317,1%	18,7%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 281	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	5 137	5 453	139,1%	6,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	83 163	133 484	109 663	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	31 502	72 279	-13,1%	129,4%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 837 799	1 599 815	1 632 597	1 443 850	1 477 959	1 455 782	1 354 351	1 410 632	1 282 448	1 328 056	-27,7%	3,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 102 677	829 193	1 526 483	1 353 189	1 335 498	1 279 631	1 240 508	1 296 445	1 174 754	1 217 738	10,4%	3,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	27 733	26 313	25 099	30 051	30 103	31 416	28 673	29 614	-	3,3%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	502 594	571 575	19 973	19 224	18 421	23 094	23 618	24 567	22 356	23 090	-95,4%	3,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 760	7 089	6 678	6 957	6 485	6 849	6 317	6 524	-	3,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 099	1 999	6 821	6 001	5 904	5 393	5 631	5 856	5 329	5 508	162,4%	3,4%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	810	869	939	1 088	774	1 564	854	993	988	1 016	25,4%	2,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	229 619	196 179	78 381	65 436	117 362	146 100	83 740	82 771	79 021	80 704	-64,9%	2,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 758 314	1 760 885	1 814 070	1 531 225	1 496 900	1 447 679	1 402 241	1 414 005	1 239 954	1 360 484	-22,6%	9,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 091 430	929 973	1 658 547	1 417 087	1 362 471	1 268 915	1 273 442	1 301 356	1 175 845	1 247 055	14,3%	6,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	29 317	27 919	26 737	29 393	29 986	29 605	25 865	28 539	-	10,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	484 834	572 830	22 016	20 550	19 714	23 496	23 426	23 660	20 821	22 709	-95,3%	9,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	7 301	7 369	7 023	5 897	6 560	5 945	5 044	5 830	-	15,6%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 187	2 199	6 872	6 763	6 499	5 264	5 324	5 377	4 372	5 170	136,4%	18,3%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	565	474	429	606	524	633	1 236	568	672	660	16,8%	-1,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	179 298	255 409	126 206	86 825	107 692	149 371	98 813	83 044	38 244	84 890	-52,7%	122,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	777 991	616 921	736 813	646 007	630 979	639 082	591 192	587 819	630 313	597 885	-23,2%	-5,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	578 043	477 263	661 619	597 721	570 748	581 464	548 530	543 619	542 528	513 211	-11,2%	-5,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	13 356	11 750	10 112	10 770	10 887	12 698	15 506	16 581	-	6,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	62 572	61 317	4 375	3 049	1 756	1 354	1 546	2 453	3 988	4 369	-93,0%	9,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 981	8 701	8 356	9 416	9 341	10 245	11 518	12 212	-	6,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	1 366	1 166	5 550	4 788	4 193	4 322	4 629	5 108	6 065	6 403	368,7%	5,6%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	5 094	4 712	5 137	5 453	5 809	130,0%	6,5%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	133 484	74 254	61 838	40 449	50 119	46 848	31 775	31 502	72 279	68 093	-49,0%	-5,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,7%	110,1%	111,1%	106,1%	101,3%	99,4%	103,5%	100,2%	96,7%	102,4%	6,77	5,76
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,0%	112,2%	108,7%	104,7%	102,0%	99,2%	102,7%	100,4%	100,1%	102,4%	3,43	2,31
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	105,7%	106,1%	106,5%	97,8%	99,6%	94,2%	90,2%	96,4%	-	6,16
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,5%	100,2%	110,2%	106,9%	107,0%	101,7%	99,2%	96,3%	93,1%	98,3%	1,88	5,22

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	94,1%	103,9%	105,2%	84,8%	101,2%	86,8%	79,8%	89,4%	-	9,51
CR Non litigious land registry cases	104,2%	110,0%	100,7%	112,7%	110,1%	97,6%	94,5%	91,8%	82,0%	93,9%	(10,33)	11,82
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	69,8%	54,5%	45,7%	55,7%	67,7%	40,5%	144,7%	57,2%	68,0%	65,0%	(4,79)	(3,06)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	78,1%	130,2%	161,0%	132,7%	91,8%	102,2%	118,0%	100,3%	48,4%	105,2%	27,10	56,79
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	161	128	148	154	154	161	154	152	186	160	-0,7%	-13,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	193	187	146	154	153	167	157	152	168	150	-22,3%	-10,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	166	154	138	134	133	157	219	212	-	-3,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	47	39	73	54	33	21	24	38	70	70	49,1%	0,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	449	431	434	583	520	629	833	765	-	-8,3%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	228	194	295	258	235	300	317	347	506	452	98,3%	-10,7%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	1632	2249	2919	2357	2900	2937	1391	3301	2962	3213	96,9%	8,5%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	272	106	179	170	170	114	117	138	690	293	7,7%	-57,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	20 926	19 247	16 334	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	15 599	16 628	-20,5%	6,6%
---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	------

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	3 041	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 257	1 802	1 498	1 399	1 339	1 775	-41,6%	32,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	48 643	50 774	60 239	50 739	41 701	35 215	33 373	30 928	27 048	24 498	-49,6%	-9,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	983	893	-	-9,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	657	649	-	-1,2%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	42 582	35 422	34 125	36 435	36 041	35 709	34 609	32 562	27 892	28 426	-33,2%	1,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	3 274	3 789	3 075	2 413	2 030	1 732	1 661	1 621	2 074	1 791	-45,3%	-13,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	57 956	60 536	45 896	34 981	29 883	28 623	27 374	25 921	19 859	20 525	-64,6%	3,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 445	1 167	-	-19,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 206	730	-	-39,5%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	44 261	37 508	33 645	37 337	36 200	34 816	34 439	33 779	26 863	31 385	-29,1%	16,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	3 581	3 246	3 140	3 372	2 485	2 036	1 760	1 681	1 638	1 959	-45,3%	19,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	55 825	54 184	55 396	45 121	36 369	30 465	29 819	29 801	22 409	24 520	-56,1%	9,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 535	1 269	-	-17,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 214	760	-	-37,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	19 247	17 161	16 814	15 912	15 753	16 646	16 816	15 599	16 628	13 669	-29,0%	-17,8%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 253	1 802	1 498	1 399	1 339	1 775	1 607	-41,2%	-9,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	50 774	57 126	50 739	40 599	35 215	33 373	30 928	27 048	24 498	20 503	-59,6%	-16,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	893	791	-	-11,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	649	619	-	-4,6%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	103,9%	105,9%	98,6%	102,5%	100,4%	97,5%	99,5%	103,7%	96,3%	110,4%	6,47	14,10
CR Employment dismissal cases	109,4%	85,7%	102,1%	139,7%	122,4%	117,6%	106,0%	103,7%	79,0%	109,4%	0,00	30,40
CR Insolvency cases	96,3%	89,5%	120,7%	129,0%	121,7%	106,4%	108,9%	115,0%	112,8%	119,5%	23,14	6,62
DT Litigious divorce cases	159	167	182	156	159	175	178	169	226	159	0,2%	-29,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	279	368	373	244	265	269	290	291	396	299	7,4%	-24,3%
DT Insolvency cases	332	385	334	328	353	400	379	331	399	305	-8,1%	-23,5%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			30 794	77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	72 979	78 204	-	7,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			29 428	76 099	89 983	77 180	82 344	71 851	71 874	77 067	-	7,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 366	1 300	1 377	1 246	1 397	1 168	1 105	1 137	-	2,9%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			294	295	310	297	383	339	364	424	-	16,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	741	713	-	-3,8%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			1 072	1 005	1 067	949	1 014	829	741	713	-	-3,8%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			141 636	194 760	204 986	205 729	197 330	191 115	169 147	198 661	-	17,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			139 457	192 335	202 441	202 444	194 375	188 249	166 596	195 682	-	17,5%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 179	2 425	2 545	3 285	2 955	2 866	2 551	2 979	-	16,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			631	785	824	1 468	1 312	1 272	1 132	1 176	-	3,9%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	1 419	1 803	-	27,1%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 548	1 640	1 721	1 817	1 643	1 594	1 419	1 803	-	27,1%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			95 031	180 799	217 920	200 414	208 052	191 155	163 922	191 190	-	16,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			92 786	178 259	215 244	197 280	204 868	188 226	161 403	188 260	-	16,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 245	2 540	2 676	3 134	3 184	2 929	2 519	2 930	-	16,3%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			630	795	837	1 382	1 356	1 247	1 072	1 245	-	16,1%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	1 447	1 685	-	16,4%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 615	1 745	1 839	1 752	1 828	1 682	1 447	1 685	-	16,4%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			77 399	91 360	78 426	83 741	73 019	72 979	78 204	85 675	-	9,6%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			76 099	90 175	77 180	82 344	71 851	71 874	77 067	84 489	-	9,6%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 300	1 185	1 246	1 397	1 168	1 105	1 137	1 186	-	4,3%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			295	285	297	383	339	364	424	355	-	-16,3%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	713	831	-	16,5%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			1 005	900	949	1 014	829	741	713	831	-	16,5%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	467	662	679	672	1 765	2 178	-	23,4%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	460	650	671	665	1 740	2 170	-	24,7%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			67,1%	92,8%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	96,9%	96,2%	-	(0,67)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			66,5%	92,7%	106,3%	97,4%	105,4%	100,0%	96,9%	96,2%	-	(0,68)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			103,0%	104,7%	105,1%	95,4%	107,7%	102,2%	98,7%	98,4%	-	(0,39)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			99,8%	101,3%	101,6%	94,1%	103,4%	98,0%	94,7%	105,9%	-	11,17
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	102,0%	93,5%	-	(8,52)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	96,4%	111,3%	105,5%	102,0%	93,5%	-	(8,52)

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			297	184	131	153	128	139	174	164	-	-6,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			299	185	131	152	128	139	174	164	-	-6,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			211	170	170	163	134	138	165	148	-	-10,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			171	131	130	101	91	107	144	104	-	-27,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			227	188	188	211	166	161	180	180	-	0,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			227	188	188	211	166	161	180	180	-	0,1%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			153 873	83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	39 454	36 870	-	-6,5%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			101 691	50 537	18 743	12 986	11 172	17 884	17 586	16 476	-	-6,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			695	424	215	130	114	116	111	98	-	-11,7%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			137	65	34	13	5	-	1	1	-	0,0%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			558	359	181	117	109	116	110	97	-	-11,8%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			558	359	181	117	109	116	110	97	-	-11,8%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			51 487	32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	21 757	20 296	-	-6,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			159 055	78 841	58 015	95 123	76 786	59 978	49 338	50 974	-	3,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			77 548	35 265	22 103	19 364	33 252	29 625	23 746	22 512	-	-5,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			938	438	221	333	351	253	208	232	-	11,5%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			89	70	37	120	53	41	34	39	-	14,7%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			849	368	184	213	298	212	174	193	-	10,9%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			849	368	184	213	298	212	174	193	-	10,9%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			80 569	43 138	35 691	75 426	43 183	30 100	25 384	28 230	-	11,2%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			229 830	121 916	65 812	84 405	80 035	60 219	51 922	53 810	-	3,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			128 702	67 100	27 860	21 178	26 540	29 923	24 856	24 471	-	-1,5%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 209	606	306	349	349	258	221	241	-	9,0%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			161	106	58	128	58	40	34	38	-	11,8%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			1 048	500	248	221	291	218	187	203	-	8,6%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			1 048	500	248	221	291	218	187	203	-	8,6%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			99 919	54 210	37 646	62 878	53 146	30 038	26 845	29 098	-	8,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			83 098	40 023	32 226	42 944	39 695	39 454	36 870	34 034	-	-7,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			50 537	18 702	12 986	11 172	17 884	17 586	16 476	14 517	-	-11,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			424	256	130	114	116	111	98	89	-	-9,2%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			65	29	13	5	-	1	1	2	-	100,0%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			359	227	117	109	116	110	97	87	-	-10,3%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			359	227	117	109	116	110	97	87	-	-10,3%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			32 137	21 065	19 110	31 658	21 695	21 757	20 296	19 428	-	-4,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	1 514	1 450	954	944	882	2 078	-	135,6%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	1 135	1 079	452	448	421	397	-	-5,7%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	373	360	499	494	460	1 680	-	265,2%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			144,5%	154,6%	113,4%	88,7%	104,2%	100,4%	105,2%	105,6%	-	0,33
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			166,0%	190,3%	126,0%	109,4%	79,8%	101,0%	104,7%	108,7%	-	4,03
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			128,9%	138,4%	138,5%	104,8%	99,4%	102,0%	106,3%	103,9%	-	(2,37)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			180,9%	151,4%	156,8%	106,7%	109,4%	97,6%	100,0%	97,4%	-	(2,56)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	107,5%	105,2%	-	(2,29)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	103,8%	97,7%	102,8%	107,5%	105,2%	-	(2,29)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			124,0%	125,7%	105,5%	83,4%	123,1%	99,8%	105,8%	103,1%	-	(2,68)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			132	120	179	186	181	239	259	231	-	-10,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			143	102	170	193	246	215	242	217	-	-10,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			128	154	155	119	121	157	162	135	-	-16,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			147	100	82	14	-	9	11	19	-	78,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			125	166	172	180	145	184	189	156	-	-17,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			125	166	172	180	145	184	189	156	-	-17,4%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			117	142	185	184	149	264	276	244	-	-11,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									106 622	105 887	-	-0,7%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									341 899	361 037	-	5,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									342 634	365 216	-	6,6%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									105 887	101 708	-	-3,9%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4 316	4 231	-	-2,0%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									100,2%	101,2%	-	0,9
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									113	102	-	-9,9%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									7 166	7 348	-	2,5%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									22 243	25 164	-	13,1%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									22 061	24 058	-	9,1%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 348	8 454	-	15,1%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									107	120	-	12,1%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,2%	95,6%	-	(3,61)
CR o2 Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									122	128	-	5,5%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									145	134	-	-7,6%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									353	408	-	15,6%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									364	399	-	9,6%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									134	143	-	6,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4	2	-	-50,0%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									103,1%	97,8%	-	(5,32)
CR of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									134	131	-	-2,6%
DT of Severe cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									1 144 581	1 161 346	-	1,5%
2. Incoming/received cases									571 501	594 371	-	4,0%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									564 155	612 743	-	8,6%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									442 820	476 945	-	7,7%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									75 636	84 664	-	11,9%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									45 699	51 134	-	11,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									1 161 346	1 142 974	-	-1,6%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,99	1,07	-	8,6%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									2,03	2,00	-	-1,6%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									2 175	2 171	-	-0,2%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									2 175	2 171	-	-0,2%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	148 321 292	169 122 126	238 801 232	228 155 155	194 760 300	263 489 280	269 902 871	293 276 421	322 119 974	385 786 430	160,1%	19,76%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	236 693 083	225 564 926	192 213 562	259 590 883	267 694 743	290 155 076	311 524 523	368 873 677	-	18,41%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	72 435	29 931	8 634	12 297	-	42,43%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	68 144	27 666	5 221	8 280	-	58,59%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									66 522	68 636	-	0,03
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									63 492	65 342	-	0,03
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									3 030	3 294	-	0,09
020.2.1 Total brought to court									66 522	68 636	-	0,03
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									63 492	65 342	-	0,03
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									3 030	3 294	-	0,09
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing	Pilot testing		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							-	NA	NA	NA	NA	
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							-	False	NA	False	False	
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							-	True	True	True	True	
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							-	False	NA	False	False	
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload								True	True	True	True	
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges								100%	100%	100%	100%	
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff								0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	4 310	4 511	4 577	4 608	4 628	4 664	4 677	4 753	4 600	4 590	6,5%	-0,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 998	3 571	2 101	2 097	2 055	2 008	2 029	2 180	2 103	2 202	10,2%	4,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	2 217	825	2 360	2 404	2 463	2 540	2 540	2 465	2 387	2 285	3,1%	-4,3%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	95	115	116	107	110	116	108	108	110	103	8,4%	-6,4%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	1 187	1 213	1 195	1 204	1 220	1 223	1 272	1 262	1 223	1 271	7,1%	3,9%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	619	985	569	573	568	552	586	594	563	622	0,5%	10,5%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	554	210	608	613	633	649	663	645	634	626	13,0%	-1,3%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	14	18	18	18	19	22	23	23	26	23	64,3%	-11,5%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	3 123	3 298	3 382	3 404	3 408	3 441	3 405	3 491	3 377	3 319	6,3%	-1,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	1 379	2 586	1 532	1 524	1 487	1 456	1 443	1 586	1 540	1 580	14,6%	2,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	1 663	615	1 752	1 791	1 830	1 891	1 877	1 820	1 753	1 659	-0,2%	-5,4%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	81	97	98	89	91	94	85	85	84	80	-1,2%	-4,8%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 600	4 590	-	-0,2%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 103	2 202	-	4,7%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 387	2 285	-	-4,3%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	103	-	-6,4%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	10 638	10 662	10 700	10 512	11 144	20,0%	6,0%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	6 358	6 402	6 437	6 374	6 665	21,4%	4,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	1 697	1 645	1 646	1 621	1 701	14,5%	4,9%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	1 731	1 772	1 750	1 682	1 723	-2,2%	2,4%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	546	549	636	643	663	852	843	867	835	1 055	93,2%	26,3%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	9 639	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	5 743	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	1 563	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	1 784	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	549	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									10 512	11 144	-	6,0%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 686	4 815	-	2,8%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									5 487	5 891	-	7,4%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									339	438	-	29,2%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 446	2 370	-	-3,1%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 144	1 153	-	0,8%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									788	707	-	-10,3%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									514	510	-	-0,8%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									1 174	1 147	-	-2,3%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									545	553	-	1,5%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									364	326	-	-10,4%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									265	268	-	1,1%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 272	1 223	-	-3,9%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									599	600	-	0,2%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									424	381	-	-10,1%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									249	242	-	-2,8%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 408	2 413	-	0,2%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	NA	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	NA	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country									13 385 £	14 093 £	-	5,3%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									43 223 £	42 550 £	-	-1,6%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									87 522 £	86 160 £	-	-1,6%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									43 223 £	42 550 £	-	-1,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									67 051 £	66 007 £	-	-1,6%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									25 285 £	24 892 £	-	-1,6%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									51 200 £	50 403 £	-	-1,6%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									25 285 £	24 892 £	-	-1,6%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									39 225 £	38 613 £	-	-1,6%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									9	22	-	144,4%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	6	-	100,0%

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									12	21	-	75,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									9	12	-	33,3%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									6	9	-	50,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									13	7	-	-46,2%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									NAP	NAP	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									11	29	-	163,6%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	3	-	200,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									3	6	-	100,0%
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									4	13	-	225,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	5	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									3	2	-	-33,3%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									2	2	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	1	-	-

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	1	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									2	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	20 919	23 332	23 244	23 635	23 205	23 020	22 873	23 554	23 424	23 308	11,4%	-0,5%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							13 085	NA	9 855	9 796	-	-0,6%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							9 788	NA	13 569	13 512	-	-0,4%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Romania

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	4 136	10 847	6 833	11 701	5 080	4 739	4 585	11 234	11 259	3 075	-25,7%	-72,7%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Slovak Republic

(2021 data)

General data

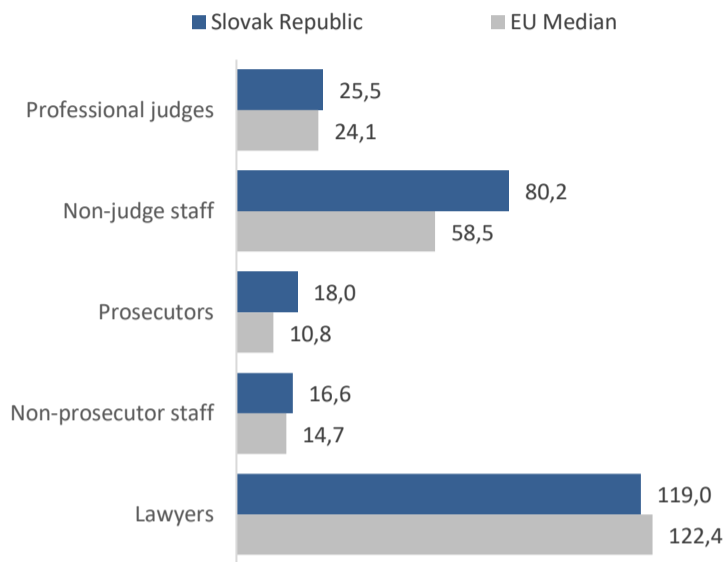
Population: 5 434 712

GDP per capita: 15 660 €

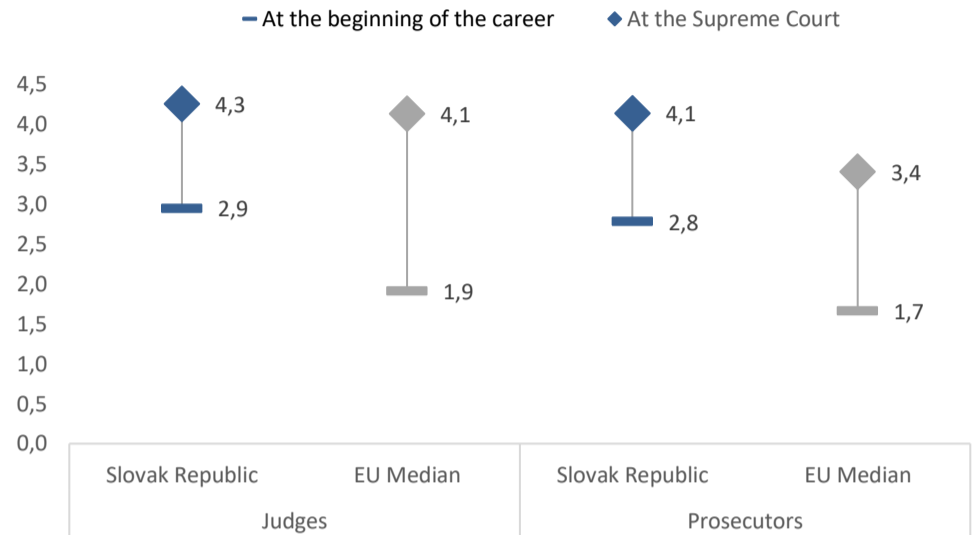
Average annual salary: 14 532 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

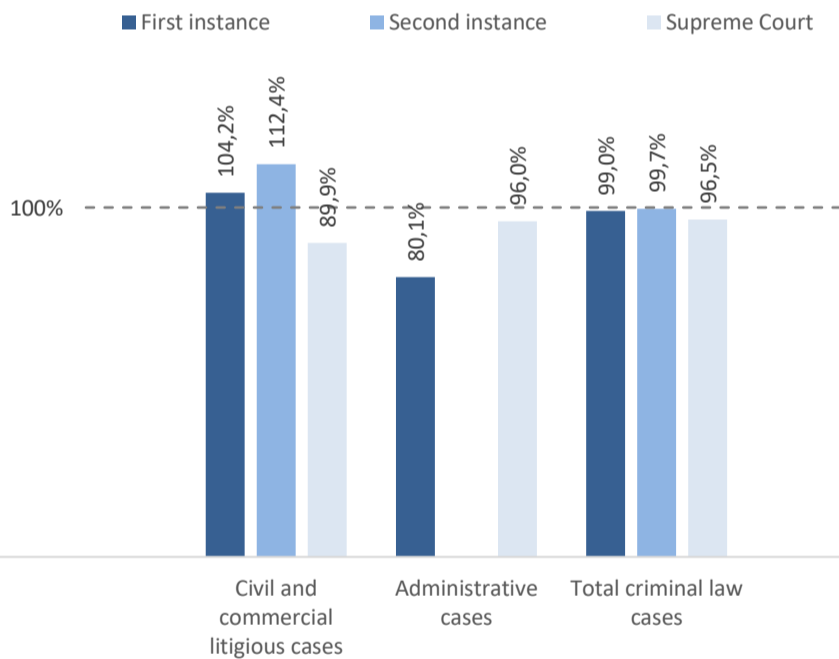


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

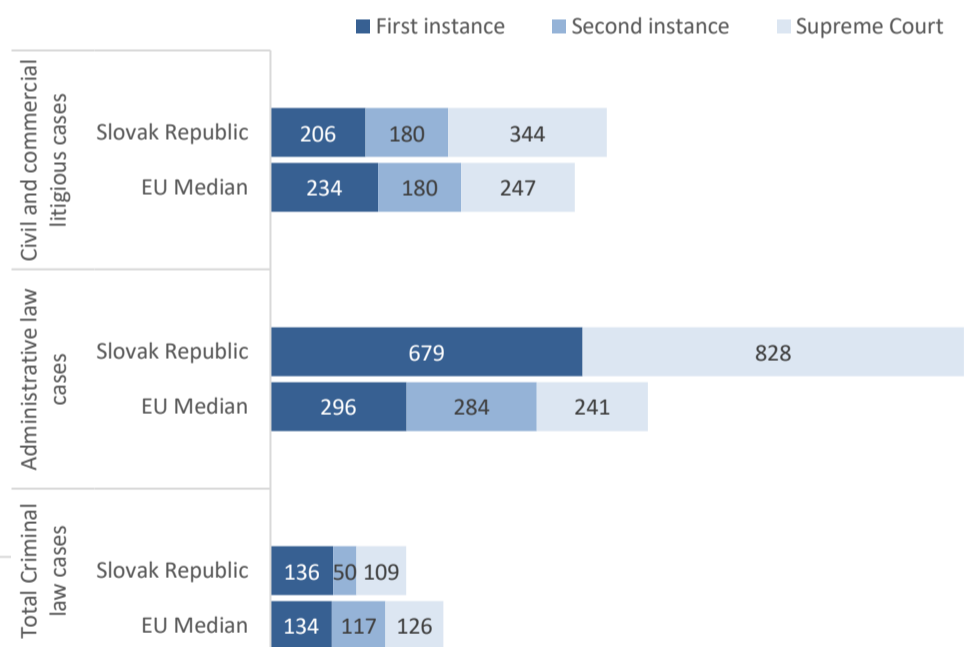


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

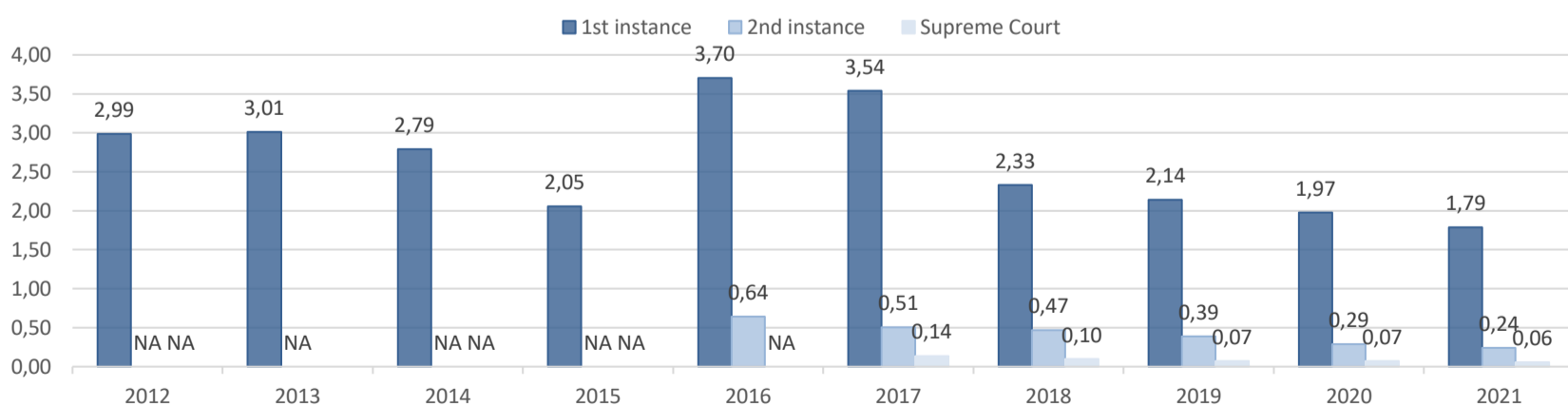


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Slovak Republic

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	5 459 781	5 434 712		0,4%	-0,5%
GDP per capita	13 207	13 319	13 880	14 400	14 910	15 620	16 550	17 254	16 770	15 660		18,6%	-6,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	9 660		10 296		10 944		12 156	13 198	15 275	14 532		50,4%	-4,9%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,2	24,8	24,4	23,8	24,1	25,3	25,3	25,1	23,9	25,5		5,6%	6,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,8	83,0	82,4	80,9	82,5	84,8	86,4	86,7	90,0	80,2		-3,1%	-10,8%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									16,9	18,0			6,3%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									17,9	16,6			-7,5%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	96,3	102,3	107,5	110,4	113,0	110,9	112,1	113,3	114,8	119,0		23,6%	3,7%
Mediators	11,7	15,6	19,7	23,0	26,7	30,6	16,8	14,6	16,1	16,7		43,0%	4,1%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,987	3,013	2,791	2,055	3,705	3,540	2,330	2,138	1,975	1,788		-40,2%	-9,5%
Administrative law cases	0,347	0,2	0,2	0,198	0,163	0,093	0,093	0,101	0,093	0,101		-71,0%	8,4%
Total criminal law cases									1,206	1,152			-4,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	82%	81%	92%	133%	132%	129%	131%	110%	100%	104%		22,61	4,47
CR administrative law cases	47%	85%	125%	124%	112%	118%	96%	81%	87%	80%		32,89	-6,71
CR total criminal law cases									100%	99%			-0,94

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	204	206		-52,8%	1,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	585	679		-7,5%	16,0%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									125	136			9,2%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,92	3,36	3,67	3,00	1,74	2,14	1,31	1,10	1,10	1,05		-63,9%	-4,4%
Administrative law cases	0,33	0,36	0,29	0,25	0,10	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,13	0,15		-54,5%	16,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,41	0,43			3,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	125%	116%	105%	111%	116%	112%			-3,22
CR administrative law cases			111%	90%	92%	500%	250%	-	-	-			
CR total criminal law cases									100%	100%			-0,05

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	121	168	186	175	177	180			1,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)			110	154	299	292	73	-	0	-			
DT total criminal law cases (days)									45	50			12,3%

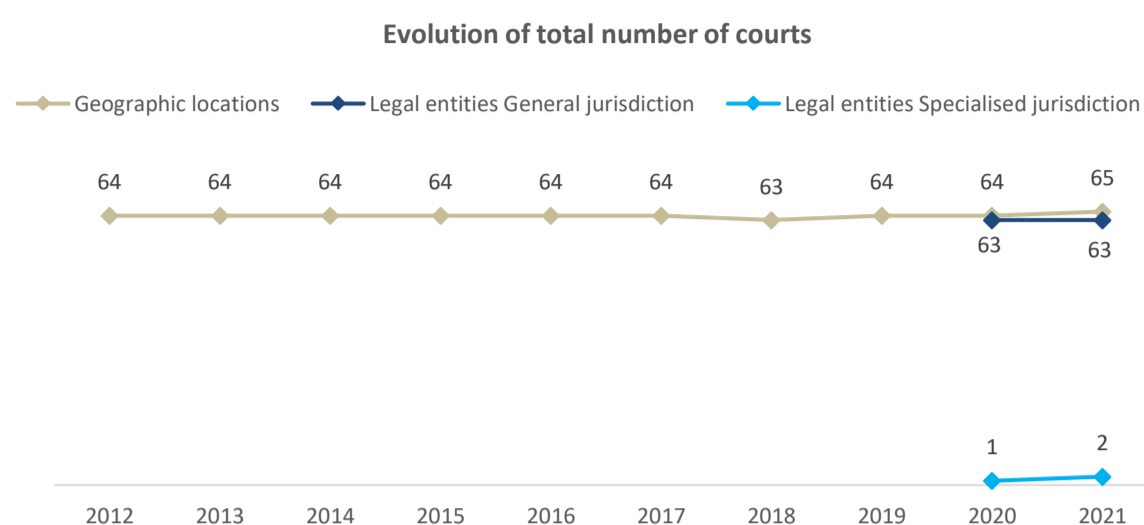
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	122%	117%	106%	90%	90%			0,20
CR administrative law cases			79%	84%	108%	162%	120%	111%	99%	96%			-3,18
CR total criminal law cases									99%	97%			-2,47

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	249	344			38,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)			311	371	354	275	297	314	388	828			113,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									101	109			7,8%

1. Judicial organisation in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	64		
2013	64		
2014	64		
2015	64		
2016	64		
2017	64		
2018	63		
2019	64		
2020	64	63	1
2021	65	63	2

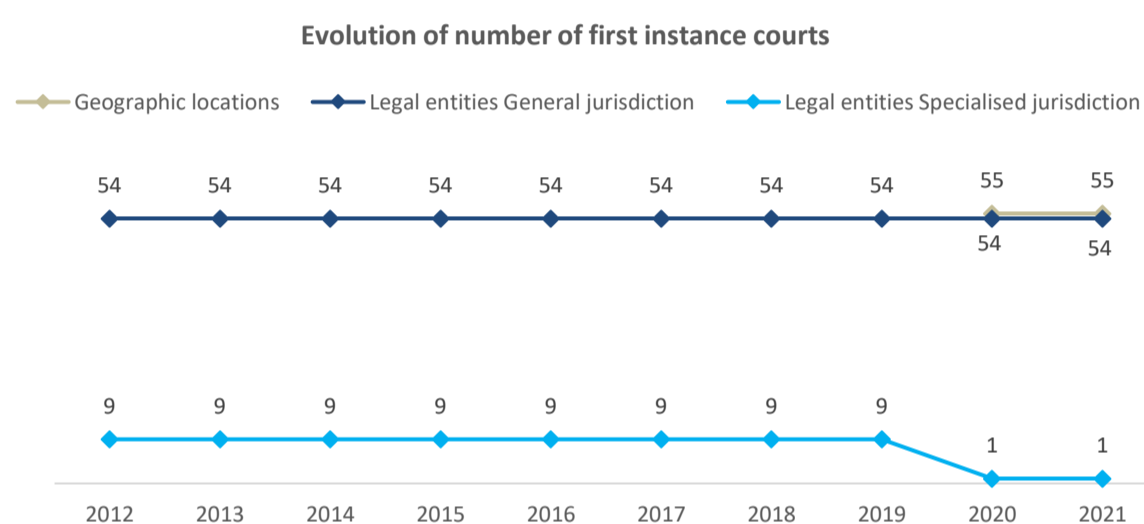


A new Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic, was established from January 1, 2021 by Constitutional Act No. 422/2020. It is counted among the specialised jurisdiction legal entities.

According to the methodology explained in the Explanatory Note, the Constitutional Court is not counted. In Slovak Republic the Constitutional Court can deal with some rare individual cases.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		54	9
2013		54	9
2014		54	9
2015		54	9
2016		54	9
2017		54	9
2018		54	9
2019		54	9
2020	55	54	1
2021	55	54	1



In 2020 the provided number of specialised courts changed from 9 to 1 because of a better understanding of the question. In Slovak Republic there are 8 administrative courts in fact, but they cannot be considered as legal entities as they are part of the regional courts, and they are already counted in the number of general jurisdiction courts.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 98,2% - 1,8% (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%). Slovak Republic is the country with the lowest percentage of specialised courts.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

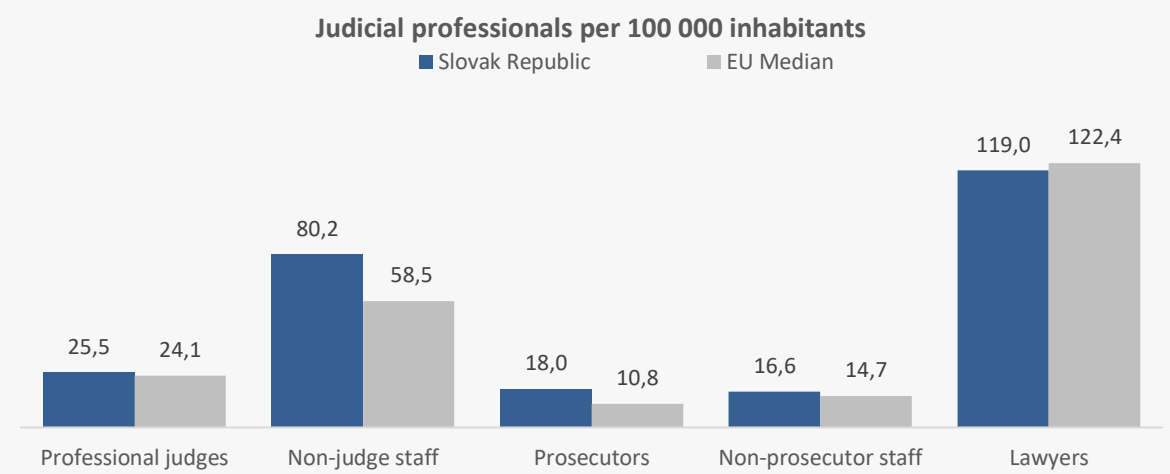
In the Slovak court system there are 8 Regional courts which are the courts with dual competence. The Regional courts are the courts of appeal with the general jurisdiction in the civil, commercial and the criminal cases. In the appellate procedure they decide the appeals lodged against the decisions of all 54 District courts within their local jurisdiction. At the same time the Regional courts have the jurisdiction as the courts of first instance in administrative matters. They act as the administrative courts. The Specialized Criminal court is competent to judge the grave criminal matters enumerated in the § 14 of the Criminal procedure Code (e. g. premeditated murder, corruption, terrorism, organised crime, severe economic crimes, damaging the financial interests of the EU etc.). Highest instance courts are the Supreme Court and the new Supreme Administrative Court.

2. Professionals of justice in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

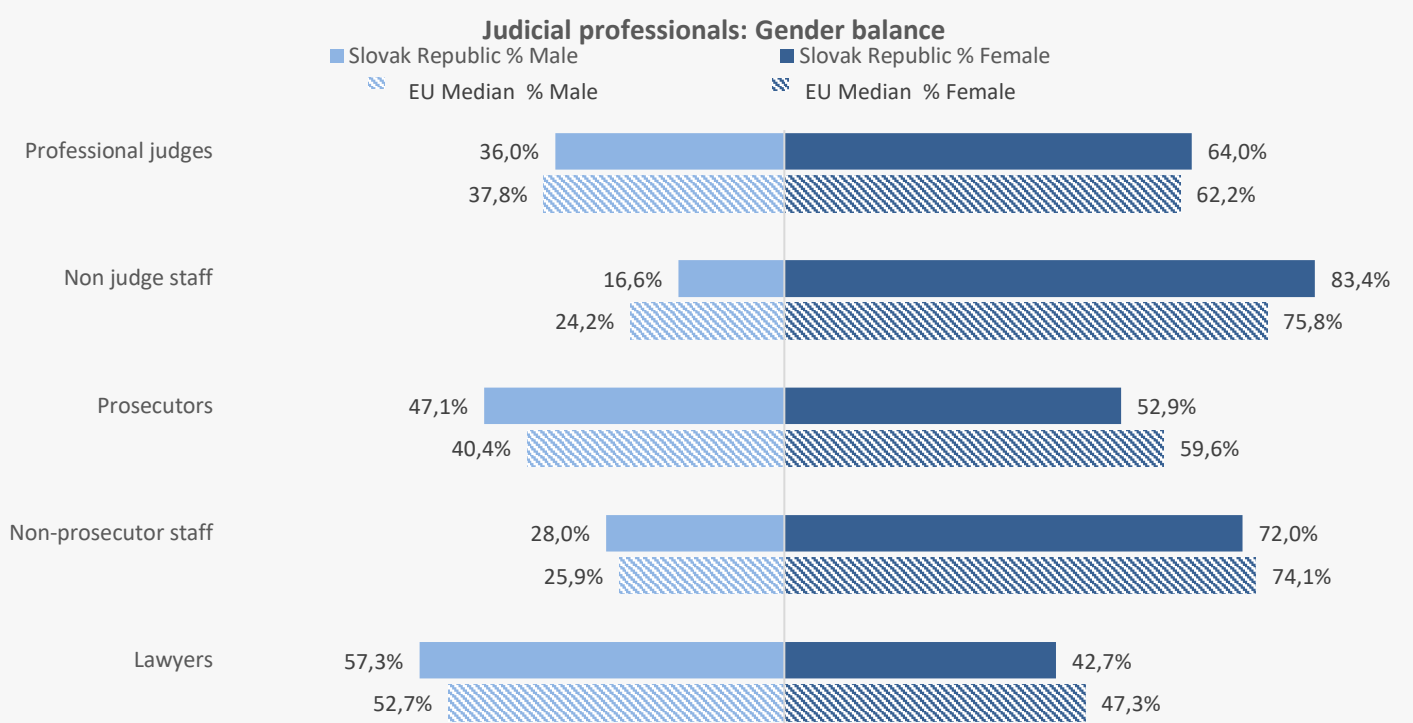
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 386	25,5	24,1
Non-judge staff	4 361	80,2	58,5
Prosecutors	976	18,0	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	900	16,6	14,7
Lawyers	6 469	119,0	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

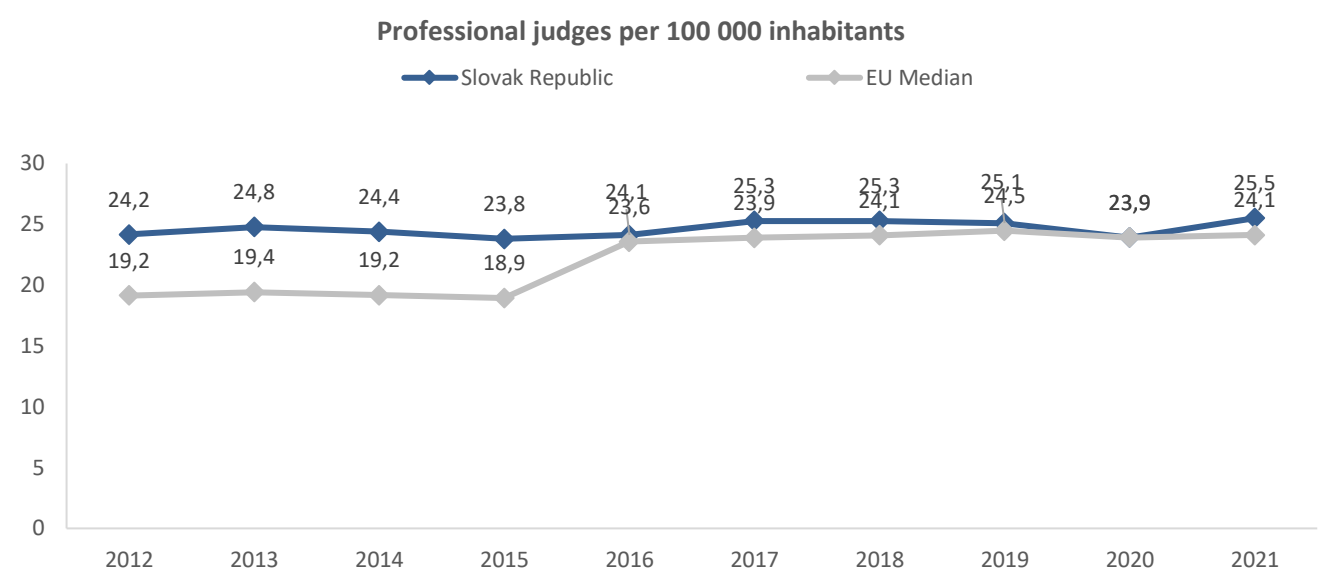
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	36,0%	64,0%
Non judge staff	16,6%	83,4%
Prosecutors	47,1%	52,9%
Non-prosecutor staff	28,0%	72,0%
Lawyers	57,3%	42,7%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	1 307	19,2	24,2	19,2
2013	1 342	19,4	24,8	19,4
2014	1 322	19,2	24,4	19,2
2015	1 292	18,9	23,8	18,9
2016	1 311	23,6	24,1	23,6
2017	1 376	23,9	25,3	23,9
2018	1 378	24,1	25,3	24,1
2019	1 370	24,5	25,1	24,5
2020	1 306	23,9	23,9	23,9
2021	1 386	24,1	25,5	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovak Republic is 1 386, which is 6,1% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovak Republic, there are 25,50 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,15 non-judge staff per judge.

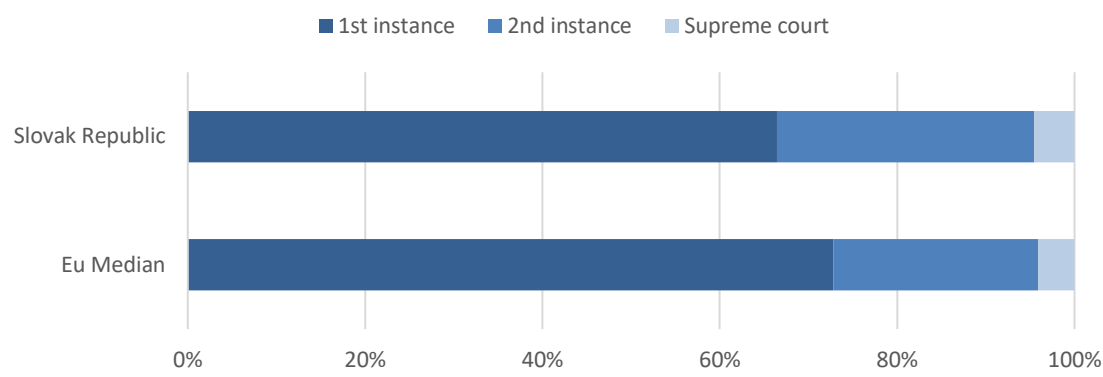
There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,76 non-judge staff per judge.

Number of Supreme Administrative Court professional judges are included in Q 46 as supreme court judges (8 males, 13 females; total 21).

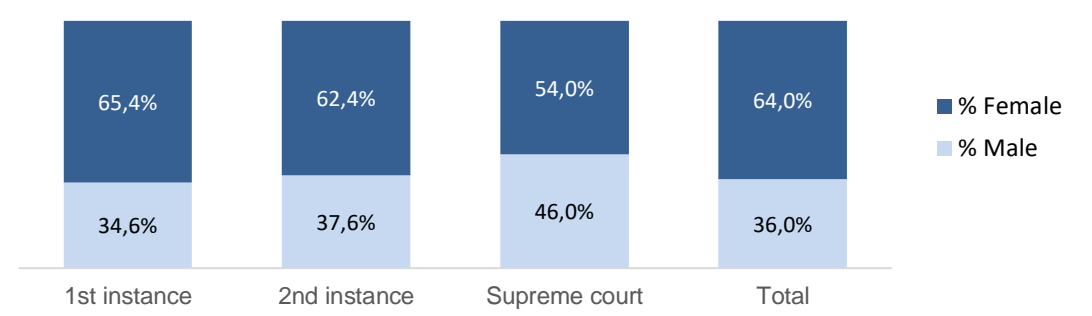
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	921	66,5%	319	602	34,6%	65,4%
2nd instance	402	29,0%	151	251	37,6%	62,4%
Supreme court	63	4,5%	29	34	46,0%	54,0%
Total	1 386		499	887	36,0%	64,0%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Slovak Republic



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 887, which represents 64,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 921 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 602 are Female); 402 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 251 are Female) and 63 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 34 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance presents a relatively higher percentage of judges in second instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the judges of the Supreme Administrative Court are counted as second instance judges as this courts acts as an appeal court for administrative cases.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

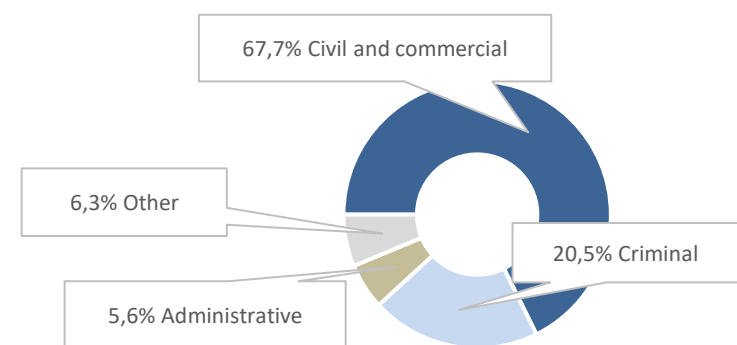
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	921	669	196	0	56
2nd instance	402	223	71	77	31
Supreme court	63	46	17	NAP	NAP
Total	1 386	938	284	77	87

In Slovak Republic, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	72,6%	21,3%	0,0%	6,1%
2nd instance	55,5%	17,7%	19,2%	7,7%
Supreme court	73,0%	27,0%	NAP	NAP
Total	67,7%	20,5%	5,6%	6,3%

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter

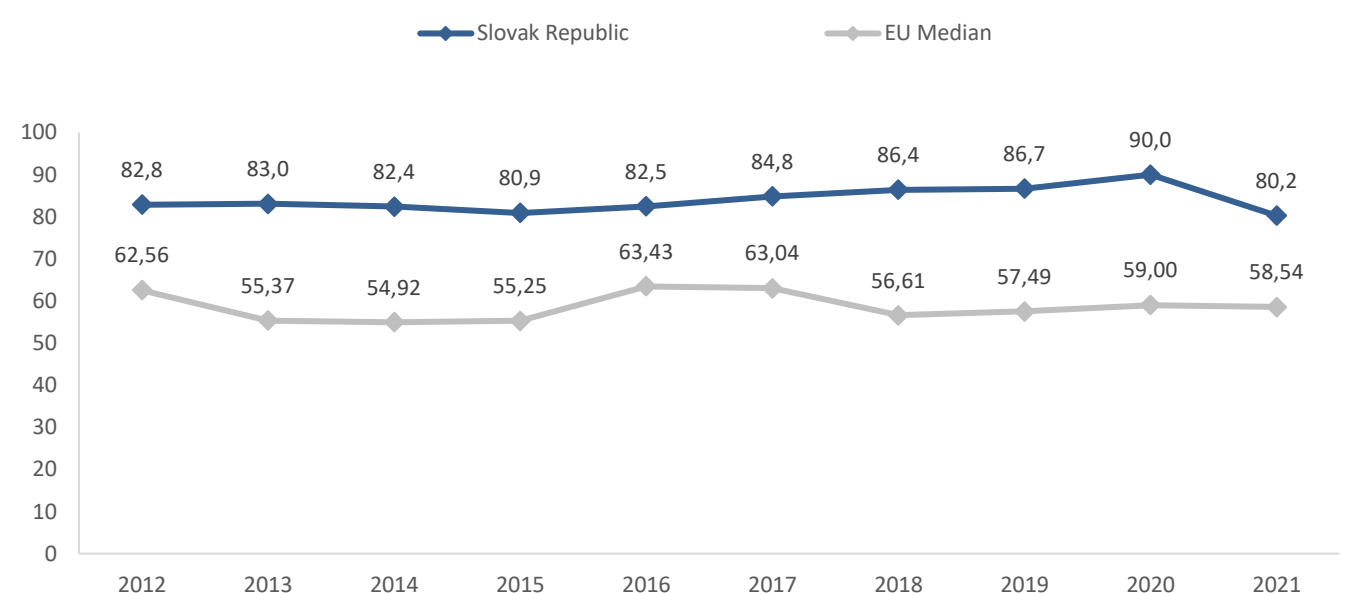


The Supreme Administrative Court has 21 administrative judges in 2021, included in Second instance.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	4 482	82,8	62,6
2013	4 497	83,0	55,4
2014	4 468	82,4	54,9
2015	4 390	80,9	55,2
2016	4 482	82,5	63,4
2017	4 616	84,8	63,0
2018	4 710	86,4	56,6
2019	4 731	86,7	57,5
2020	4 912	90,0	59,0
2021	4 361	80,2	58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Slovak Republic has 4 361 non-judge staff (of which 3 636 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -11,2%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 90,0 in 2020 to 80,2 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 23,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 25,5 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 361	
Rechtspfleger	1 104	25,3%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	2 029	46,5%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 228	28,2%
Technical staff	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA

The number of technical staff is included in the category "staff in charge of administrative tasks".
The position of "non-judge staff assisting the judge" is not attractive for males.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

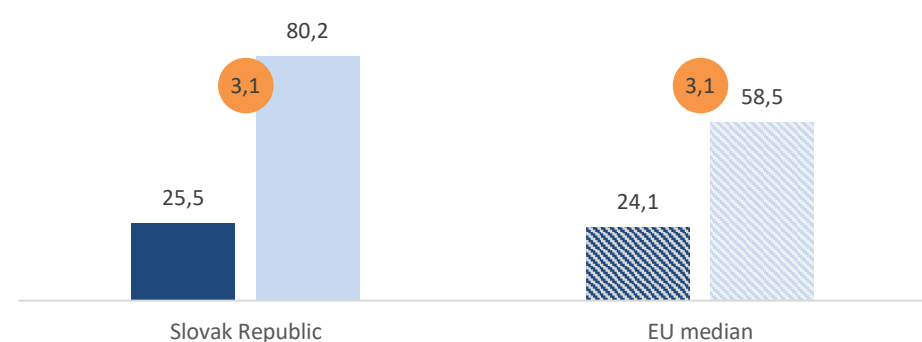
- 1 104 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 771 are Female);
- 2 029 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 2 001 are Female);
- 1 228 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 864 are Female);

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovak Republic	EU median
Professional judges	25,5	24,1
Non-judge staff	80,2	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,1	3,1

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

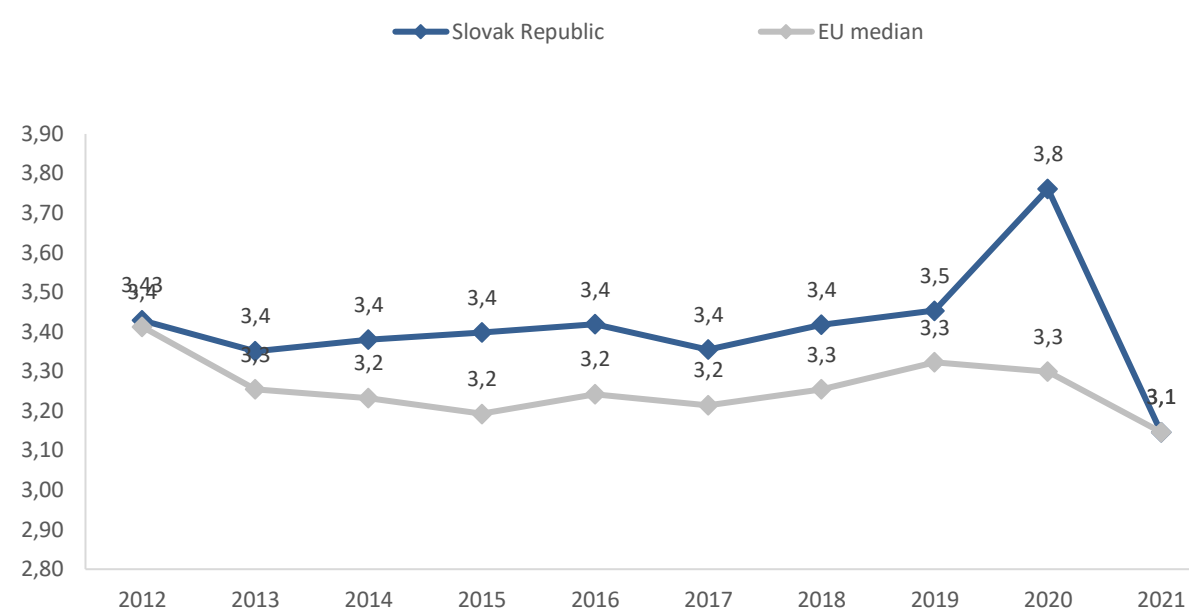
■ Professional judges
■ Non-judge staff
● Non-judge staff per judge



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU median
2012	24,2	82,8	3,43	3,4
2013	24,8	83,0	3,4	3,3
2014	24,4	82,4	3,4	3,2
2015	23,8	80,9	3,4	3,2
2016	24,1	82,5	3,4	3,2
2017	25,3	84,8	3,4	3,2
2018	25,3	86,4	3,4	3,3
2019	25,1	86,7	3,5	3,3
2020	23,9	90,0	3,8	3,3
2021	25,5	80,2	3,1	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

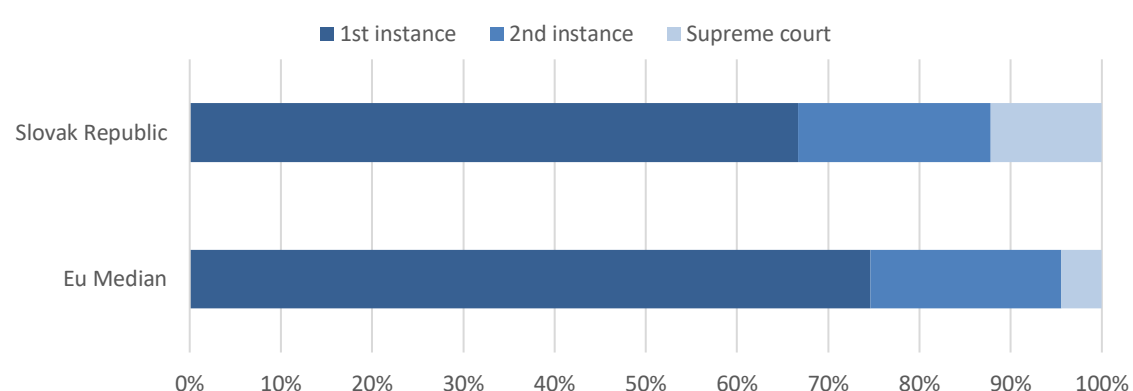


Public prosecutors

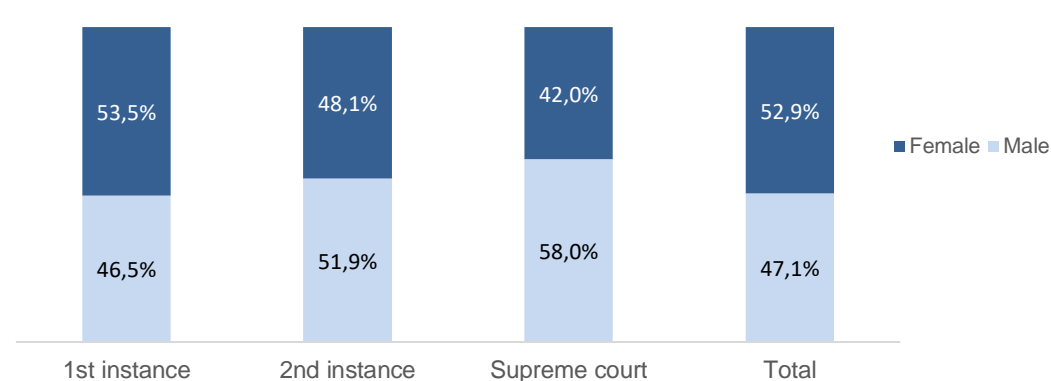
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	651	66,7%	303	348	46,5%	53,5%
2nd instance	206	21,1%	107	99	51,9%	48,1%
Supreme court	119	12,2%	69	50	58,0%	42,0%
Total	976		460	516	47,1%	52,9%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 516, which represents 52,9% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 651 in first instance (of which 348 are Female); 206 are in second instance (of which 99 are Female) and 119 in final instance (of which 50 are Female).

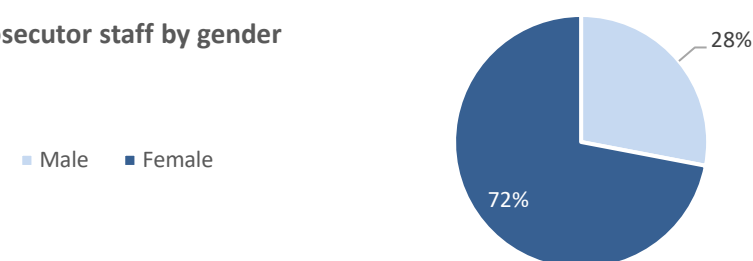
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that the number of prosecutors at the Supreme Court level also includes prosecutors of the Special Prosecution Bureau. The latter deals with crimes of corruption and the most severe offences including organized crime. It intervenes in first instance, but acts as an organizational part of the General Prosecutor's Office

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Slovak Republic has a relatively lower percentage of prosecutors in first instance and a relatively higher percentage of prosecutors at the Supreme Court.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	900	252	648

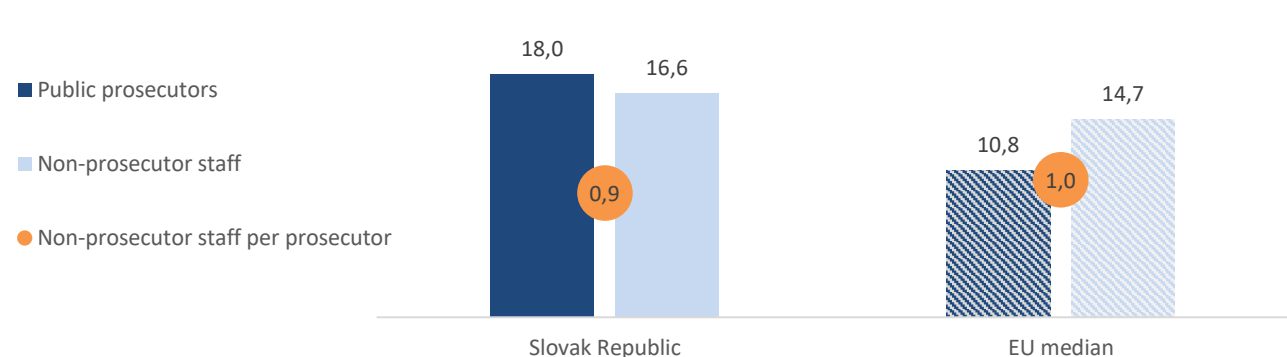
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovak Republic	EU median
Public prosecutors	18,0	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	16,6	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,9	1,0

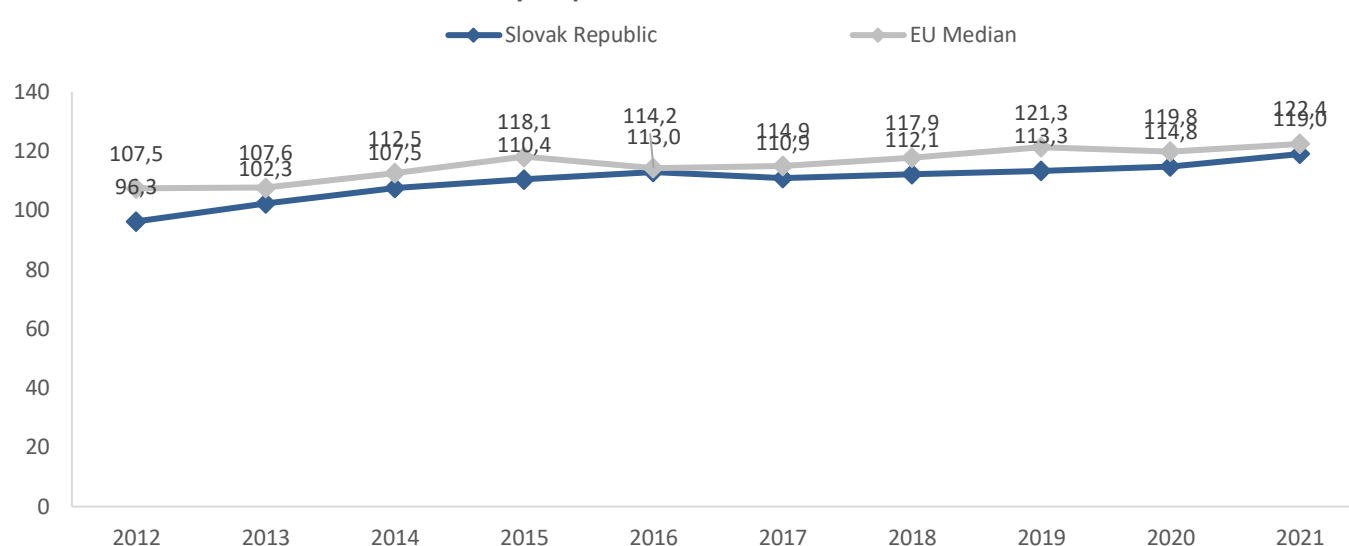
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	5 210	96,3	107,5
2013	5 541	102,3	107,6
2014	5 827	107,5	112,5
2015	5 993	110,4	118,1
2016	6 142	113,0	114,2
2017	6 037	110,9	114,9
2018	6 112	112,1	117,9
2019	6 186	113,3	121,3
2020	6 266	114,8	119,8
2021	6 469	119,0	122,4

Lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants



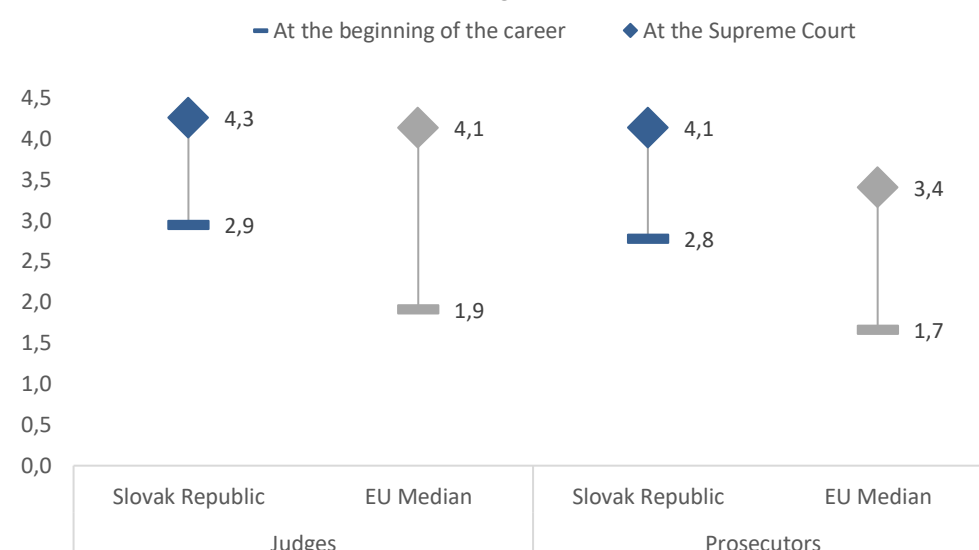
In 2021, there are 6 469 lawyers, which is 3,2% more than in 2020. There are 2 762 female lawyers which is 43% of the total.

Slovak Republic has 119,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is around the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	42 828€	NA	2,9	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	61 862€	NA	4,3	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	40 448€	29 178€	2,8	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	60 162€	45 290€	4,1	3,4

Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Slovak Republic of 42 828 € is around the EU median when compared to the EU median of 52 534 €. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 2,95 compared with EU median of : 1,91.

The stated sums represent the basic gross salary of judges/prosecutors without bonuses and supplements. According to the Act on Judges (No. 385/2000 Coll.) the average monthly salary of the judge equals the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament. The monthly salary of the judge at the beginning of the career is 90% of this salary. The monthly salary of the judge of the Supreme Court is 130 % of the monthly salary of the Member of Parliament. The judge is entitled to have 2 additional monthly salaries (in May and in November) unless he/she do not meet the conditions stipulated in law. The sum of annual average salary stated in this questionnaire counts 14 months salaries.

All bonuses and supplements are stipulated by law. Specific supplement belongs to the judges of the Specialized Criminal court and to the judges of the Supreme court deciding on the remedies against the decisions of that court. The value of the net salary depends on several individual criteria, e. g. the number of children, the voluntary pension security scheme etc. Similar rules govern the salaries of prosecutors (Act on Prosecutors and Trainee Prosecutors No.154/2001 Coll.). The average salary of the prosecutor equals the average salary of the judge. The salary of the beginning prosecutor is 85% of this salary, the salary of the prosecutor at the General Prosecutors office is equal to the salary of the Supreme Court judge. Prosecutors are also entitled to 2 additional monthly salaries. Supplements for the heads of the prosecutor offices are similar to supplements of the court presidents at the same level. The prosecutors of the Special Prosecutor's Office are entitled to same supplement as the judges of the Specialized Criminal Court.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

In Slovak Republic, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



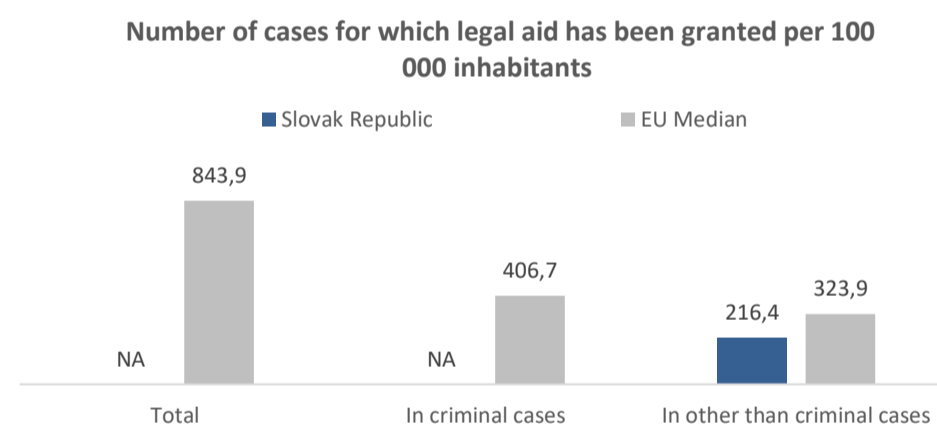
Other costs provided by Centre for Legal Aid are costs for lawyers who represent the client at courts and these lawyers has been provided by Centre for Legal Aid. All costs paid by Centre are established in law no. 655/2004 Z. z.

Under the section 5c of the Act on Providing Legal Aid to persons in material need No. 327/2005: Legal aid shall also include: appointment of an interpreter; translation of documents necessary for decision on merits.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	NA	NA	NA
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	11 761	NA	NA

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Slovak Republic	EU Median
Total	NA	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	216,4	323,9



Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30

◦ Actual average duration: 30

If the application for legal aid contains all the documents needed to issue a decision for granting legal aid then a decision is issued within 30 days. The applicant must meet the requirements for granting legal aid established by Act no. 327/2005 Z. z.. If the application is not complete then the proceeding is suspended for min. 8 days max. 30 days till the application is not complete. When the application is complete according to Act no. 327/2005 Z. z. the proceeding continues and decision is issued if the legal aid will or will not be granted.

4. Performance of courts in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

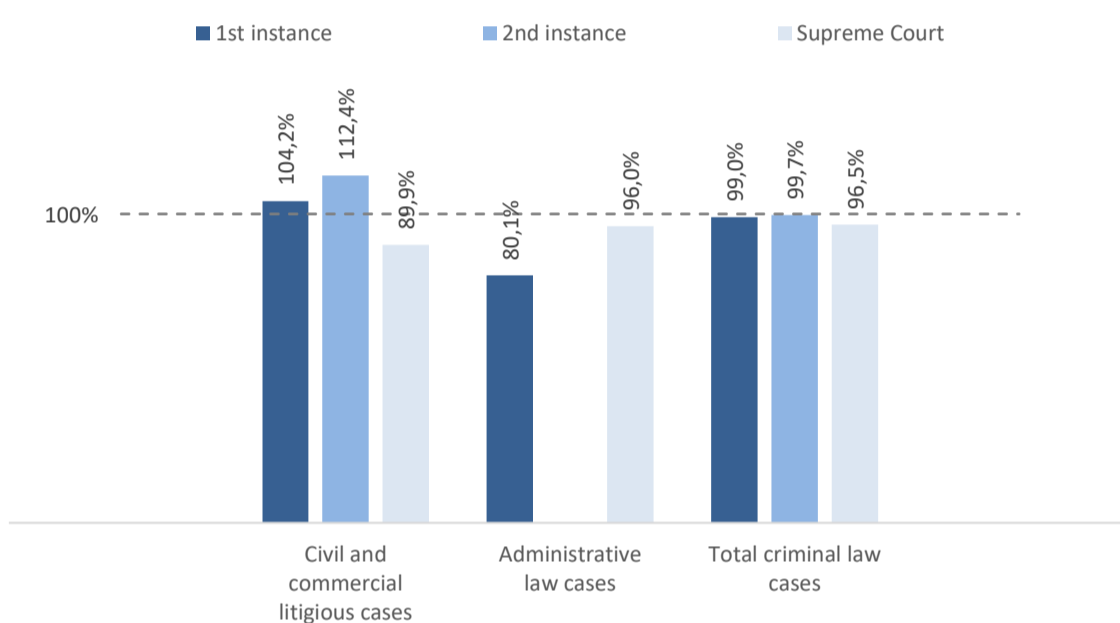
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

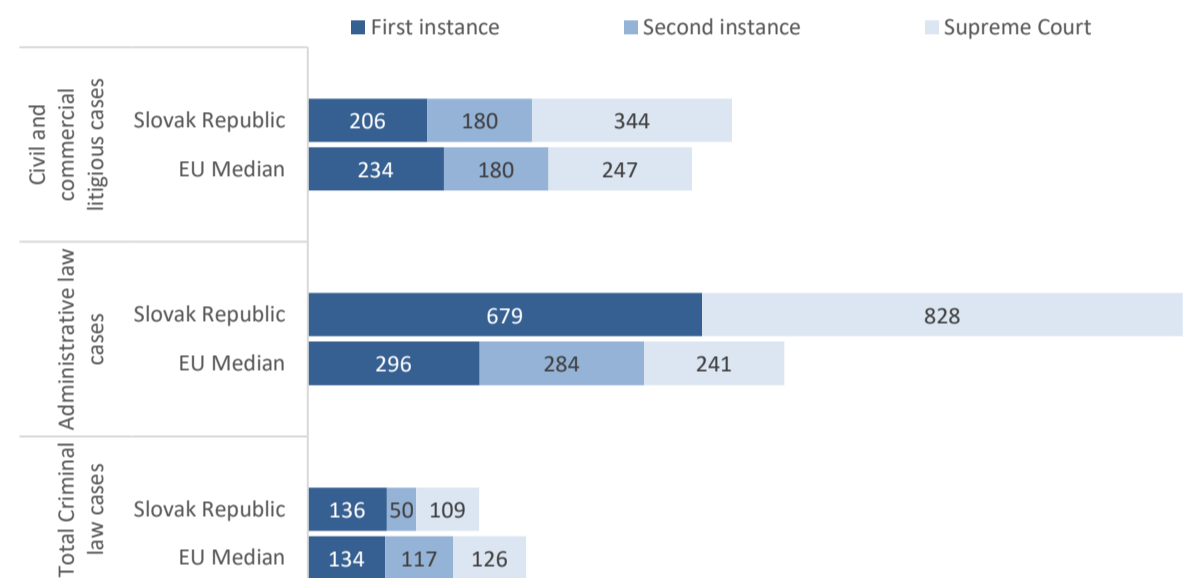
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	104,2%	102,5%	80,1%	101,7%	99,0%	100,0%
	2nd instance	112,4%	100,4%		96,8%	99,7%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	89,9%	99,9%	96,0%	100,4%	96,5%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	206	234	679	296	136	134
	2nd instance	180	180		284	50	117
	Supreme Court	344	247	828	241	109	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In Slovak Republic, in first instance, civil and commercial litigious cases are resolved faster than the EU median while the DT in second instance coincides with the median. As regards administrative cases, the disposition time is significantly higher than the median in first and third instance. Criminal law cases are resolved faster than the EU median. In 2021, Slovak judges resolved less cases than received (Clearance rate is below 100%) except for civil and commercial litigious cases in first and second instance.

As regards other than criminal cases in third instance, the collected statistical data for the Supreme Court do not distinguish the litigious and non-litigious cases. In the civil and commercial matters the Supreme court decides primarily on the applications for appellate review on legal questions. In the commercial cases it decides also in the appellate procedure against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. The administrative cases at the Supreme Court level includes the remedy procedures against the decisions of the Regional courts as the courts of first instance. Depending on the type of the administrative procedure it might be appeal procedure or the cassation review procedure.

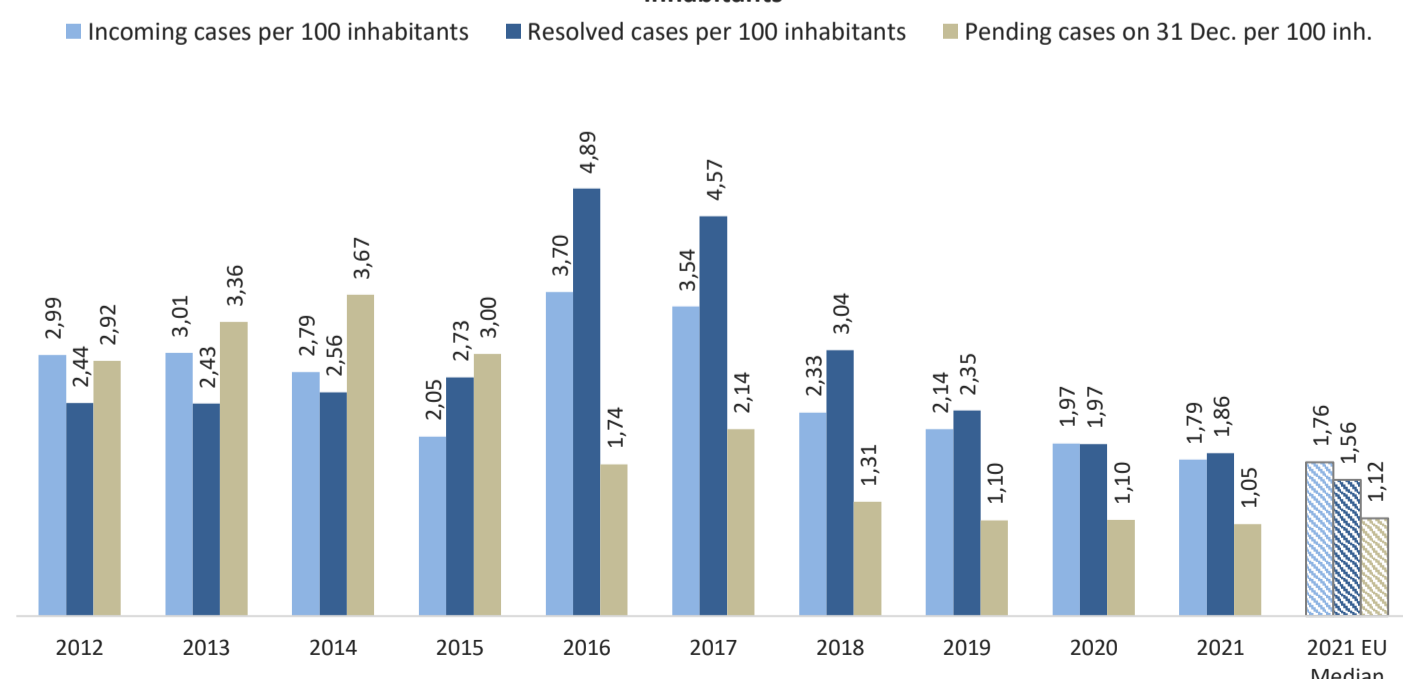
As to the number of administrative law cases, in August 2021, the Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic was established as a separate institution and it took over all the administrative law cases of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic. Therefore, the above-mentioned figures of the administrative law cases cover only the period from January to July 2021.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,99	2,44	2,92
2013	3,01	2,43	3,36
2014	2,79	2,56	3,67
2015	2,05	2,73	3,00
2016	3,70	4,89	1,74
2017	3,54	4,57	2,14
2018	2,33	3,04	1,31
2019	2,14	2,35	1,10
2020	1,97	1,97	1,10
2021	1,79	1,86	1,05
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12

Evolution of number of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



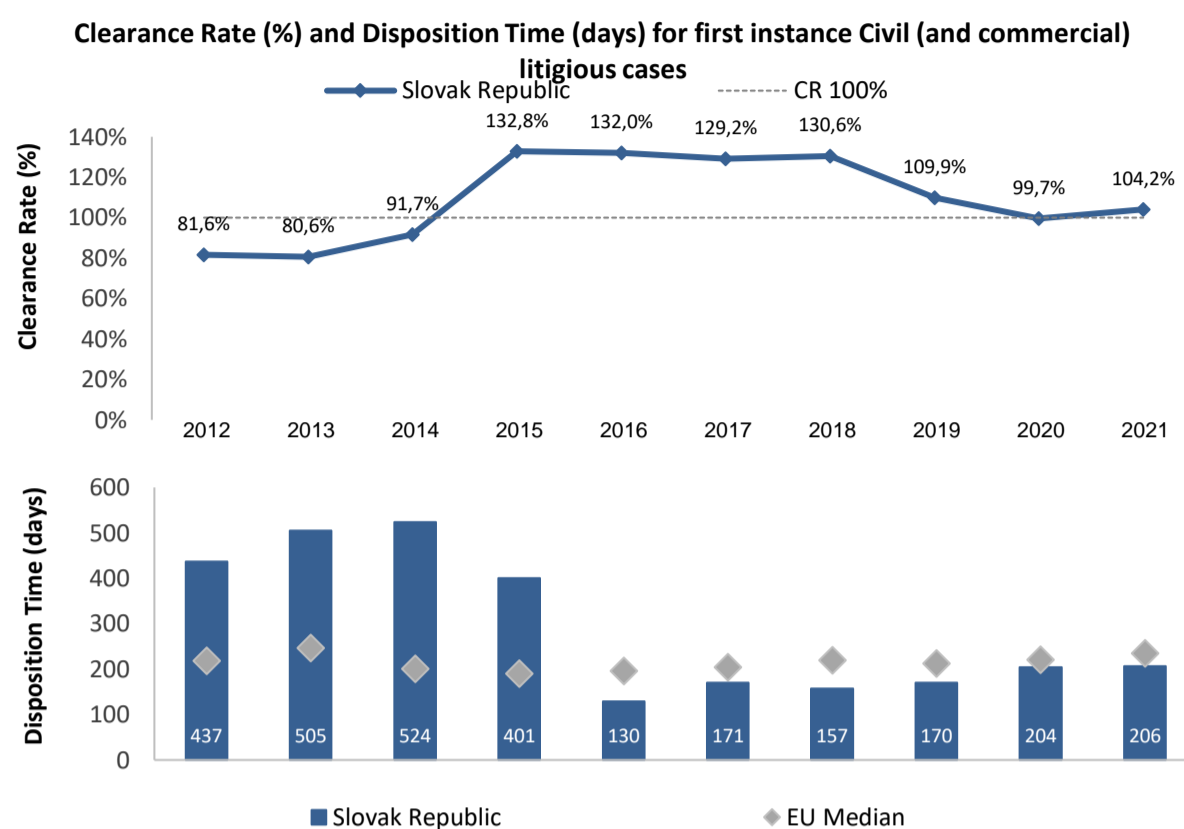
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (1,79 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (1,86 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovak Republic (1,05 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	81,6%	100,4%	437	218
2013	80,6%	101,2%	505	247
2014	91,7%	101,8%	524	201
2015	132,8%	102,3%	401	190
2016	132,0%	102,0%	130	196
2017	129,2%	101,3%	171	204
2018	130,6%	101,2%	157	220
2019	109,9%	99,9%	170	213
2020	99,7%	98,5%	204	221
2021	104,2%	102,5%	206	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,2% in 2021 Slovak Republic seems to be able to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,5 points.

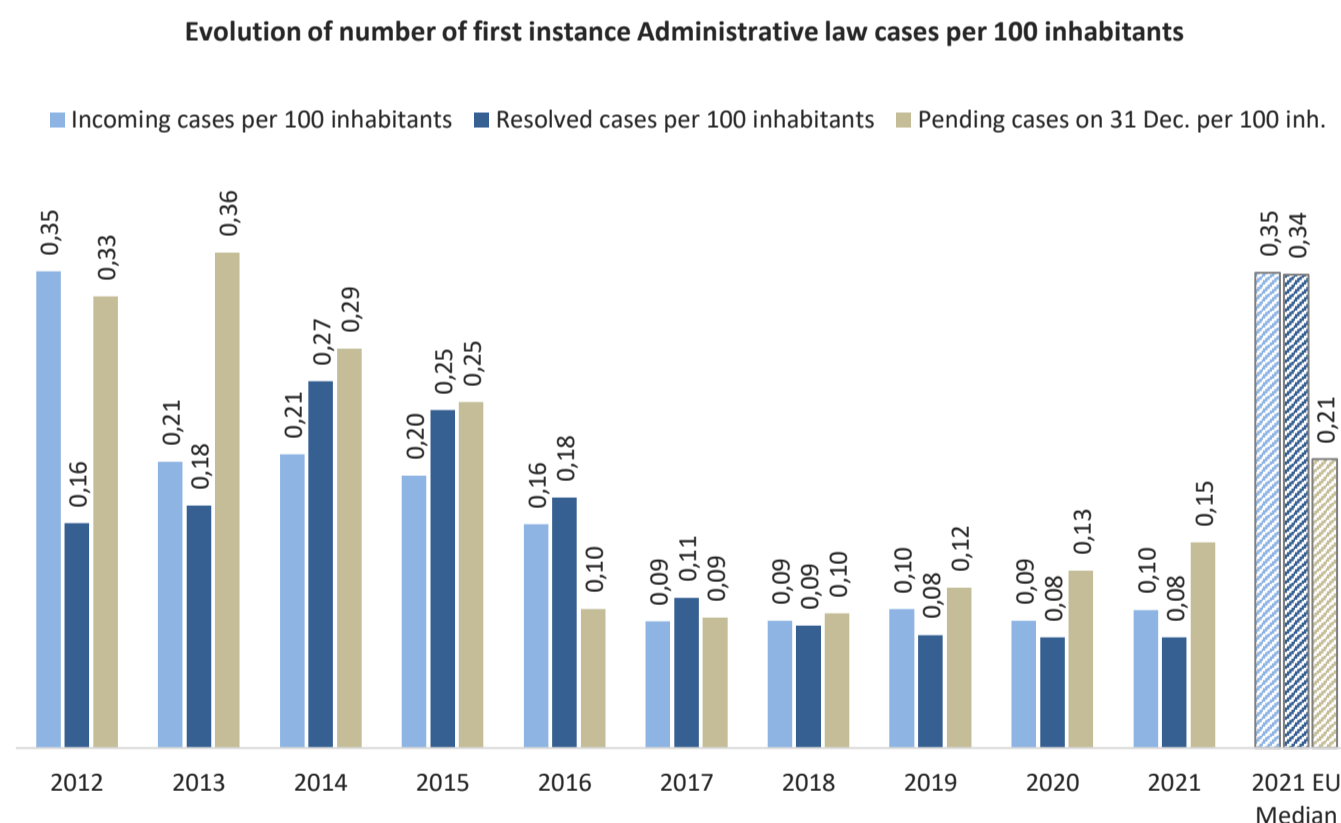
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 206 days, which is slightly below EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 1,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,35	0,16	0,33
2013	0,21	0,18	0,36
2014	0,21	0,27	0,29
2015	0,20	0,25	0,25
2016	0,16	0,18	0,10
2017	0,09	0,11	0,09
2018	0,09	0,09	0,10
2019	0,10	0,08	0,12
2020	0,09	0,08	0,13
2021	0,10	0,08	0,15
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



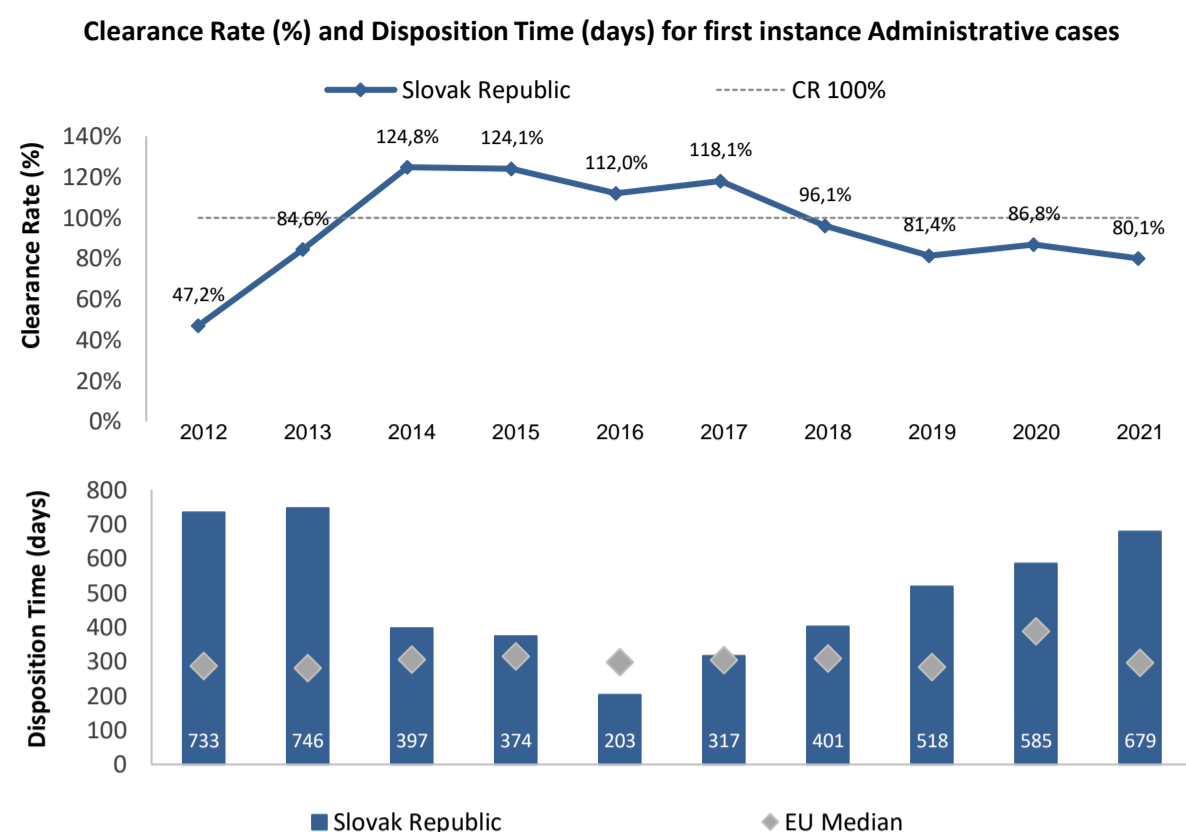
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (0,10 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (0,08 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovak Republic (0,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	47,2%	101,0%	733	286
2013	84,6%	100,3%	746	281
2014	124,8%	99,6%	397	305
2015	124,1%	103,7%	374	315
2016	112,0%	103,0%	203	297
2017	118,1%	102,1%	317	303
2018	96,1%	99,7%	401	308
2019	81,4%	102,1%	518	284
2020	86,8%	100,1%	585	388
2021	80,1%	101,7%	679	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 80,1% in 2021 Slovak Republic seems to struggle in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases. Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,7 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 679 days, which is well above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 16,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

Since 2016, a new methodology was implemented based on the working group's conclusions and CEPEJ mission's recommendation (06/2016). Former reporting structure was not consistent with the methodology of CEPEJ, which could lead to inappropriate comparison of Slovak Republic (SR) with other countries. Also, the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) realized that evaluation of courts' performance by disposed and unresolved (decided and undecided) cases is discriminating SR in comparison with other countries in European Union (EU) as this methodology is not counting a decision of first instance court as disposed until the case becomes valid. This results into reporting such case as unresolved despite respective court has already made a decision and it is no longer in its disposition how - and more importantly when - the case will be resolved (disposed) by the second instance court. This is the nature of reporting of many "unresolved" cases on courts despite court already decided, in fact.

The new way of reporting extracts the numbers of decided cases in respective court instances from "unresolved" and allocates these numbers to those court instances that made an actual decision in respective time. This means that decision validity state is not being awaited for as it could potentially contain an appeal and thus also a time that a case spends on second instance court. Upon decision's validity the case would become „disposed/resolved“ at the first instance court but most probably it would not be disposed in the same period when it was decided by the (first instance) court.

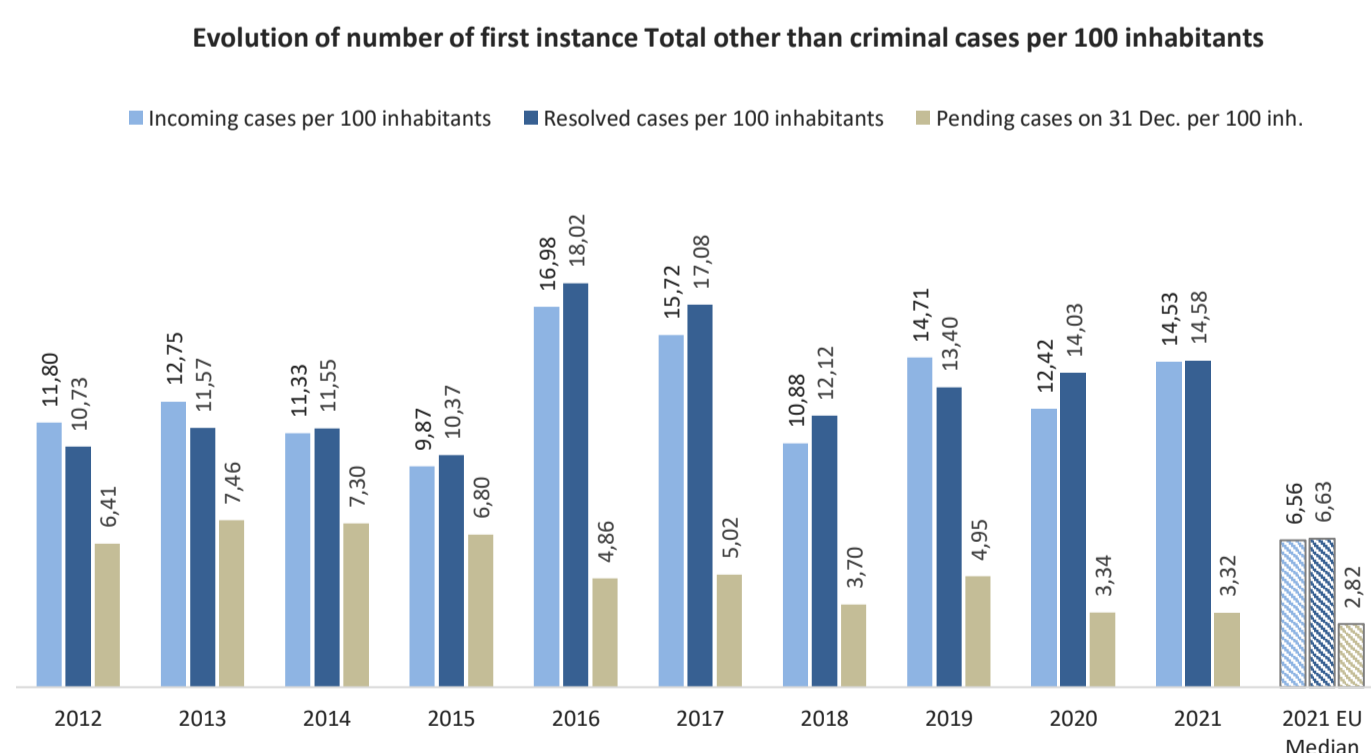
As regards "non-litigious business registry cases", the increase in cases coming to the courts in 2019 due to the new legislation gradually stabilized over the course of the year 2020, 2021.

The category "other" encompasses bankruptcy and debt restructuring cases, including the debt elimination procedure (bankruptcy of the natural persons), inheritance proceedings and other. In covid years especially, the number of cases inheritance proceedings rose. As regards administrative law cases, a new reform of Administrative courts was expected and the clearance rate of the regional courts dropped by 80 %.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	11,80	10,73	6,41
2013	12,75	11,57	7,46
2014	11,33	11,55	7,30
2015	9,87	10,37	6,80
2016	16,98	18,02	4,86
2017	15,72	17,08	5,02
2018	10,88	12,12	3,70
2019	14,71	13,40	4,95
2020	12,42	14,03	3,34
2021	14,53	14,58	3,32
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (14,53 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

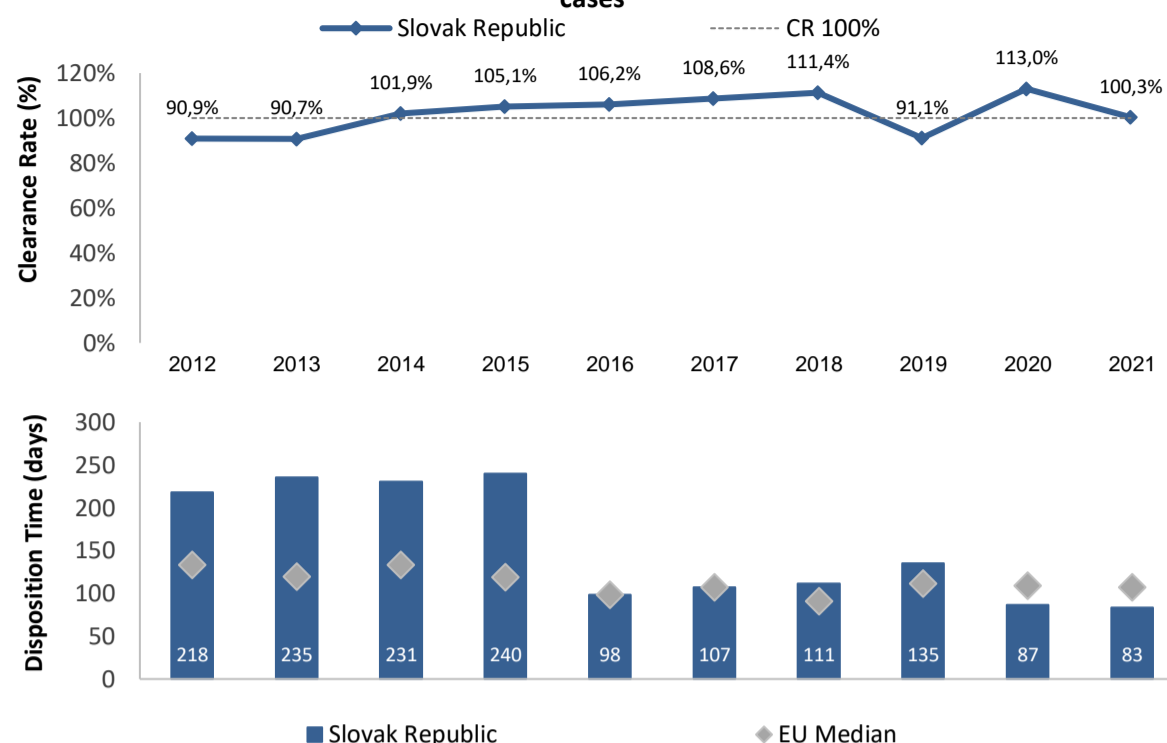
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (14,58 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovak Republic (3,32 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	90,9%	100,5%	218	133
2013	90,7%	100,7%	235	119
2014	101,9%	101,9%	231	133
2015	105,1%	101,0%	240	119
2016	106,2%	101,5%	98	98
2017	108,6%	100,6%	107	107
2018	111,4%	100,6%	111	91
2019	91,1%	99,8%	135	111
2020	113,0%	98,7%	87	109
2021	100,3%	101,2%	83	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2021 Slovak Republic seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -12,7 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 83 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 107 days.

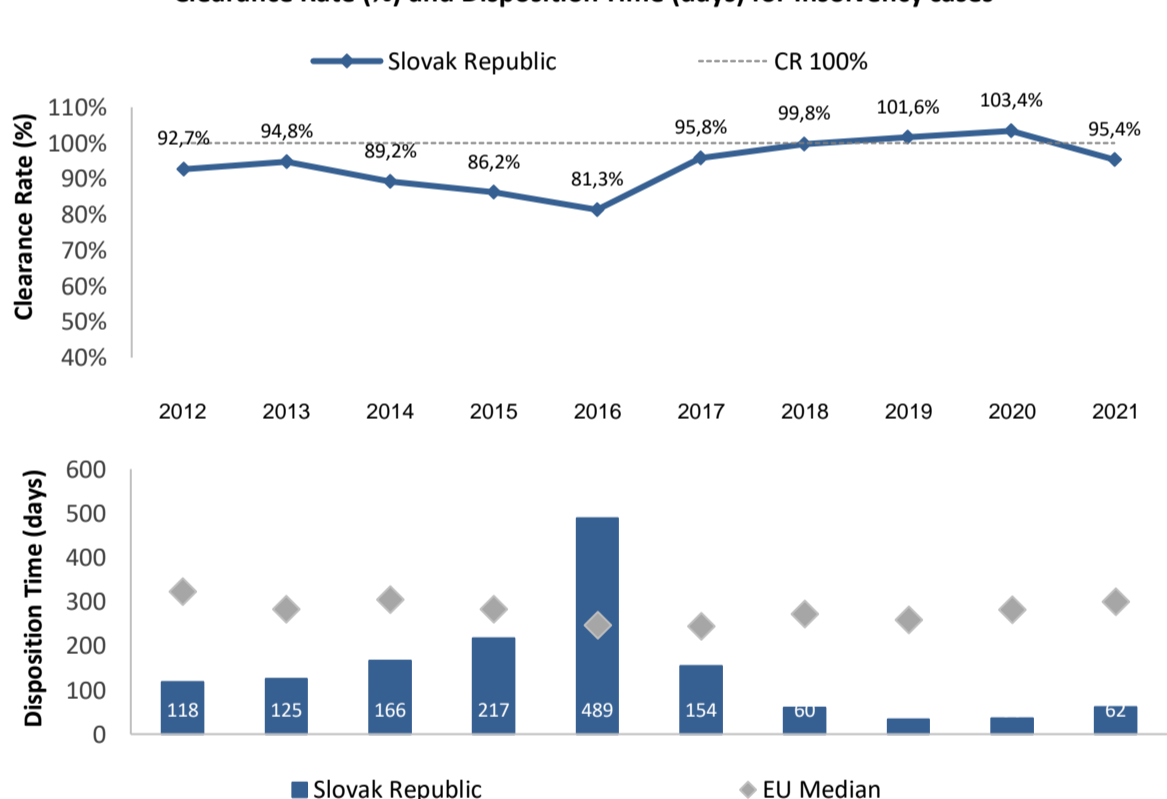
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	92,7%	95,0%	118	323
2013	94,8%	89,6%	125	282
2014	89,2%	96,9%	166	304
2015	86,2%	104,5%	217	282
2016	81,3%	102,0%	489	246
2017	95,8%	103,6%	154	243
2018	99,8%	101,5%	60	271
2019	101,6%	101,2%	33	258
2020	103,4%	109,7%	36	281
2021	95,4%	103,3%	62	299

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,4% in 2021 Slovak Republic seems to have difficulties dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -8,0 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 62 days, which is significantly below EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 71,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

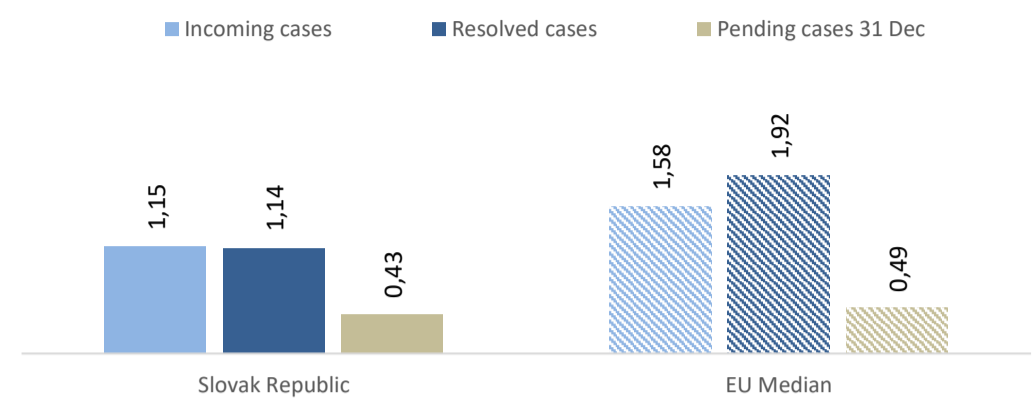
The data listed in the category "Robbery case" and "Intentional homicide" represent the number of convicted persons in legally closed cases. These are data obtained from the database of legally closed cases, which are marked as completed in statistical reporting, and therefore the data is only available for the category "Resolved cases". Since 2018, the number of convicted persons is not reported according to the most severe criminal offense, but convictions for all criminal offenses are taken into account (i.e. in the event that a person was convicted of committing several criminal offenses, the person in question is reported as convicted for each criminal offense separately).

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

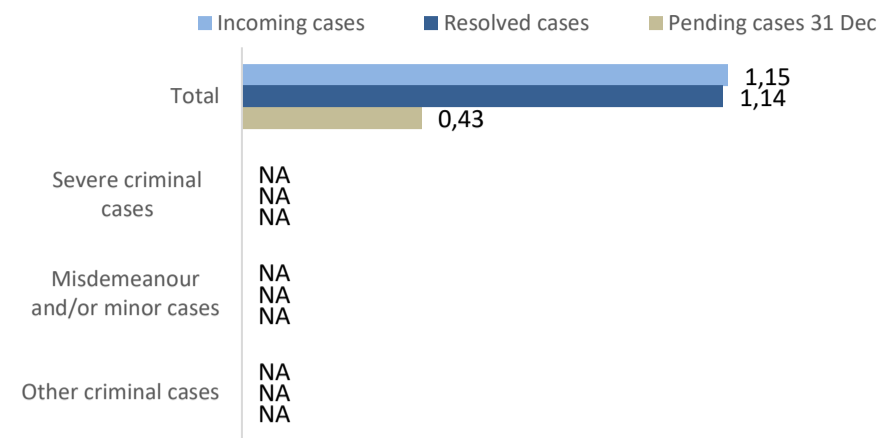
First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	22 504	62 601	61 961	23 144
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2021



First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,41	1,15	1,14	0,43
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (1,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

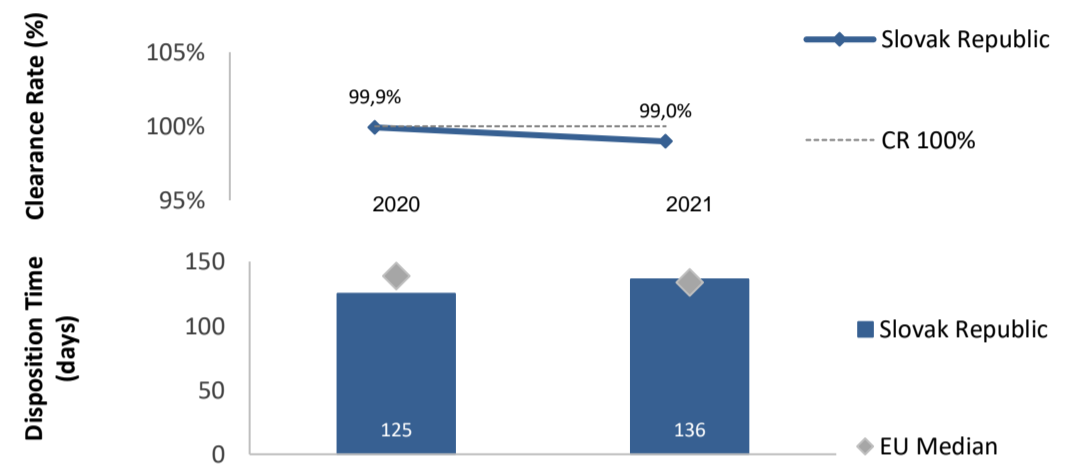
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Slovak Republic (1,14 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Slovak Republic (0,43 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovak Republic	EU Median	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2020	99,9%	95,2%	125	139
2021	99,0%	100,0%	136	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,0% in 2021 Slovak Republic seems to be quite able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,9 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 136 days, which is slightly above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 9,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

The statistical data collected by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic does not allow the categorization of the criminal matters according to the types of criminal offences as defined in explanatory note.

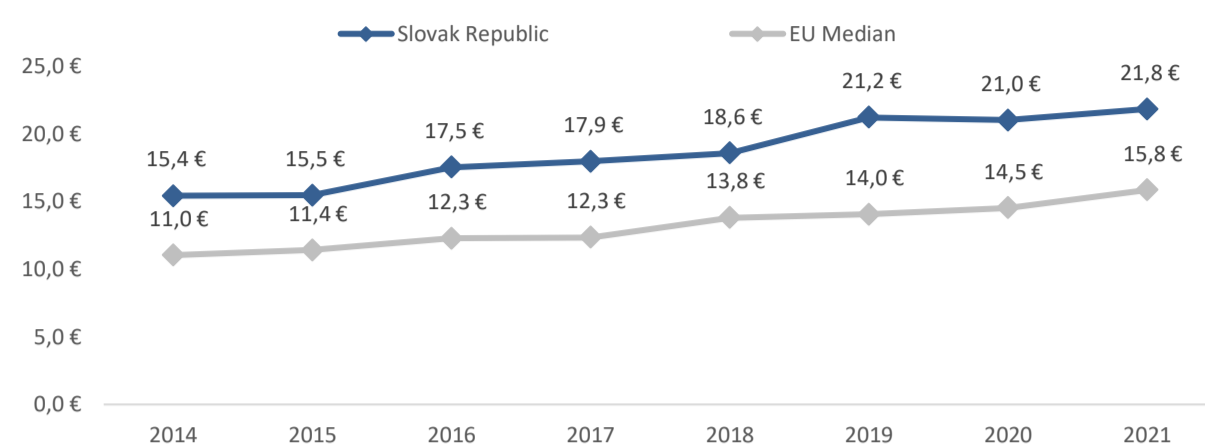
5. Public prosecution services in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2014	83 601 297 €	15,4 €	11,0 €
2015	83 902 472 €	15,5 €	11,4 €
2016	95 238 564 €	17,5 €	12,3 €
2017	97 666 837 €	17,9 €	12,3 €
2018	101 256 967 €	18,6 €	13,8 €
2019	115 723 212 €	21,2 €	14,0 €
2020	114 694 261 €	21,0 €	14,5 €
2021	118 620 409 €	21,8 €	15,8 €

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2018	32 513 €	0,0 €	0,018 €
2019	24 814 €	0,005 €	0,029 €
2020	12 910 €	0,002 €	0,011 €
2021	21 110 €	0,004 €	0,022 €

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €



The difference between the approved budget and the actual budget is 3 197 554 €

The increased funds were allocated to:

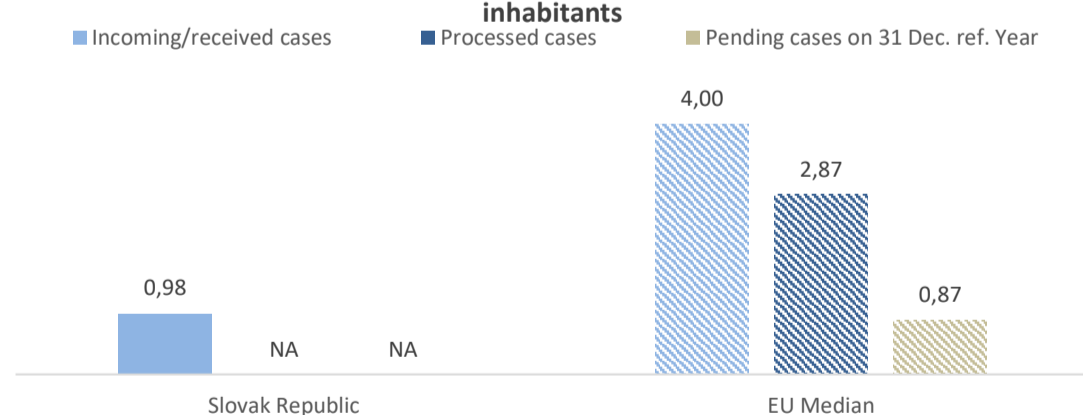
- valorisation of prosecutors' salaries;
- modernization of the ECRIS software to version 1.6 for the Criminal Register;
- connection of IS Patricia to IS of the European Prosecutor;
- necessary renovation of buildings of the General Prosecutor's Office of the Slovak Republic;
- budget allocated to training of public prosecution services has changed due to the possibility to make face-to-face trainings.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

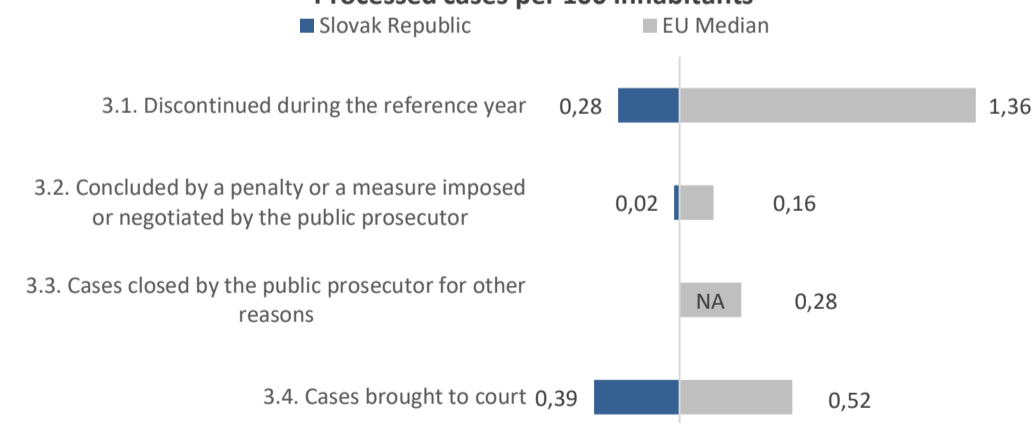
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Slovak Republic	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Slovak Republic	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	53 113	▼ -7,2%	0,98	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NA	NA	NA	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	15 366	▲ 50,1%	0,28	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 355	▼ -12,9%	0,02	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	21 391	▼ -6,9%	0,39	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

Public prosecutors: Total number of first instance criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



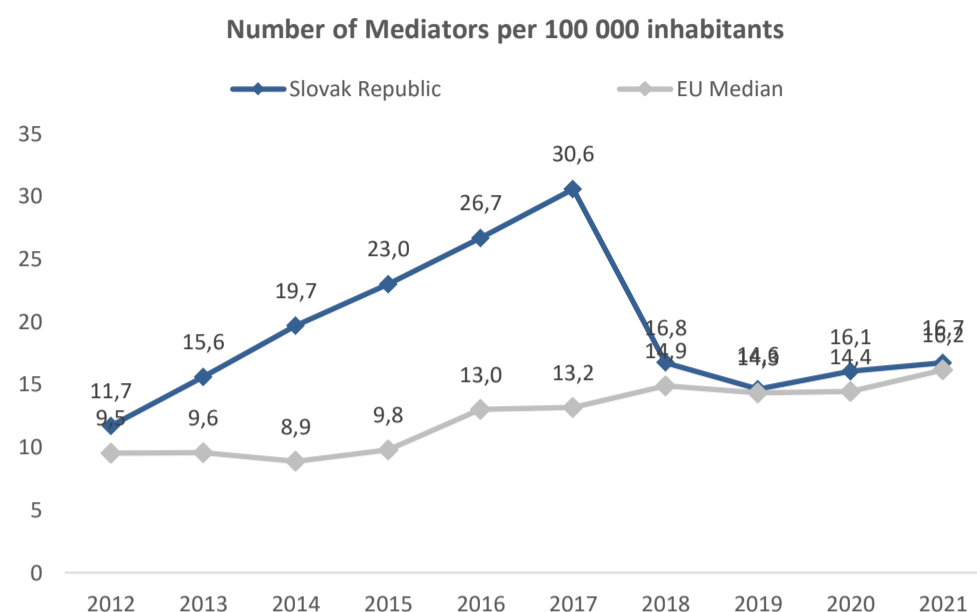
Processed cases per 100 inhabitants



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovak Republic	Slovak Republic	EU Median
2012	633	11,7	9,5
2013	846	15,6	9,6
2014	1068	19,7	8,9
2015	1248	23,0	9,8
2016	1450	26,7	13,0
2017	1664	30,6	13,2
2018	913	16,8	14,9
2019	798	14,6	14,3
2020	877	16,1	14,4
2021	909	16,7	16,2



In 2021, there are 909 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 16,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 3,6%.

In criminal matters, mediation is provided by the 84 Probation officers located on District Courts.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	892	892	727
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	
Simple dictation tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature	No	No	No	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes	
Other	0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	NA	No	No	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	10-49%	No	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Slovak Republic (2021 data)

In Slovak Republic, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

In Slovak Republic, there is a system of internal review of courts. Internal review of the court is a type of control of the court and judges, which aims to verify the current state of the judiciary, to identify the causes of shortcomings in the performance of the judiciary and to propose measures to eliminate them. The internal review is carried out by designated departments, which are made up of judges.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

In Slovak Republic, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Slovak Republic, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service.

Performance and quality indicators are not defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

None of the following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✗	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is not used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	5 443 120	5 450 421	5 457 873	5 459 781	5 434 712	0,4%	-0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	13 207	13 319	13 880	14 400	14 910	15 620	16 550	17 254	16 770	15 660	18,6%	-6,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services												
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)												
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True		
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True		
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False		
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	False	False	False		
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	True		

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									False	False		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									-	-		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									-	-		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									-	-		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									-	-		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									-	-		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									-	-		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									-	-		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									-	-		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									-	-		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									-	-		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									-	-		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									-	-		
078-1.1.13 Other									-	-		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							False	-	-	-		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	-	-	-		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									False	False		
073-4.1.1 Annual									-	-		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									-	-		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									-	-		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									False	False		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									-	-		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									-	-		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									-	-		
073-6.1.4 Other									-	-		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	False		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False		

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False			
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False			
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP			
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP			
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False			
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	-			
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	-			
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	-			
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)													
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	65	-	1,6%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	63	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	100,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	1	1	-88,9%	0,0%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	NAP	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	55	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	64	64	64	64	64	64	63	64	64	65	1,6%	1,6%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	289 064	339 930	407 586	396 248	320 952	264 068	269 114	198 434	270 433	183 324	-36,6%	-32,2%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128 073	150 579	186 707	199 203	158 706	94 328	110 221	71 384	59 870	61 305	-52,1%	2,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	74 501	71 696	71 485	81 504	89 392	84 730	175 807	95 672	-	-45,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 073	71 944	66 370	65 066	24 605	28 850	31 105	32 557	32 340	29 024	-58,0%	-10,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	100 710	17 090	-	-83,0%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 224	6 510	8 131	6 630	6 946	8 442	9 390	7 719	100 462	16 874	171,1%	-83,2%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	248	216	-	-12,9%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	39 934	44 212	48 897	44 454	42 757	49 558	-	15,9%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	7 883	17 815	18 656	16 271	6 575	5 509	5 155	5 352	6 381	7 052	-10,5%	10,5%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	77 811	93 082	127 722	109 078	84 186	82 727	64 346	36 968	28 375	19 295	-75,2%	-32,0%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	638 571	690 648	614 273	535 414	922 805	855 880	592 842	802 886	677 851	789 795	23,7%	16,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	161 645	163 200	151 315	111 489	201 368	192 663	126 997	116 709	107 829	97 161	-39,9%	-9,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	225 116	222 348	256 154	278 475	278 255	464 061	375 489	371 806	-	-1,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	139 784	124 144	119 088	115 467	61 557	67 178	93 784	121 067	129 278	125 537	-10,2%	-2,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 402	269 255	170 357	154 399	-	-9,4%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	96 186	111 931	106 028	106 881	114 075	132 197	110 323	269 255	157 881	141 649	47,3%	-10,3%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	12 476	12 750	-	2,2%
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	80 522	79 100	74 069	73 739	75 854	91 870	-	21,1%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	18 797	11 296	11 612	10 764	8 861	5 036	5 063	5 525	5 071	5 470	-70,9%	7,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	222 159	280 077	226 230	190 813	456 422	379 706	182 527	216 591	189 462	315 358	42,0%	66,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	580 653	626 660	626 110	562 478	979 689	929 579	660 330	731 135	766 088	792 515	36,5%	3,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	131 856	131 609	138 819	148 107	265 746	248 958	165 833	128 223	107 522	101 227	-23,2%	-5,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	227 921	221 995	246 135	274 229	280 349	373 232	455 624	370 114	-	-18,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	137 139	128 210	120 392	116 136	57 312	65 911	91 943	121 284	132 594	128 361	-6,4%	-3,2%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	112 073	176 512	253 977	162 844	-	-35,9%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	95 900	110 331	107 529	105 859	112 579	131 932	111 994	176 512	241 469	150 094	56,5%	-37,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	79	NAP	12 508	12 750	-	1,9%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	76 244	76 386	76 333	75 436	69 053	78 909	-	14,3%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	8 865	9 560	14 496	13 361	9 927	5 950	4 866	4 496	4 400	4 379	-50,6%	-0,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	206 893	246 950	244 874	179 015	457 881	400 442	209 282	225 184	198 542	316 795	53,1%	59,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	346 982	403 918	395 749	369 184	264 068	273 420	201 626	270 185	182 196	180 604	-48,0%	-0,9%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	157 862	182 170	199 203	162 585	94 328	116 418	71 385	59 870	60 177	57 239	-63,7%	-4,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	71 696	72 049	81 504	89 567	87 298	175 559	95 672	97 364	-	1,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	71 718	67 878	65 066	64 397	28 850	31 780	32 946	32 340	29 024	26 200	-63,5%	-9,7%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	17 090	8 645	-	-49,4%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 510	8 110	6 630	7 652	8 442	9 391	7 719	100 462	16 874	8 429	29,5%	-50,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	216	216	-	0,0%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	44 212	48 396	46 633	42 757	49 558	62 519	-	26,2%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	17 815	19 551	15 772	13 674	5 509	5 166	5 352	6 381	7 052	8 143	-54,3%	15,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93 077	126 209	109 078	120 876	82 727	62 269	37 591	28 375	19 295	17 858	-80,8%	-7,4%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	90,9%	90,7%	101,9%	105,1%	106,2%	108,6%	111,4%	91,1%	113,0%	100,3%	9,41	(12,67)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	81,6%	80,6%	91,7%	132,8%	132,0%	129,2%	130,6%	109,9%	99,7%	104,2%	22,61	4,47
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,2%	99,8%	96,1%	98,5%	100,8%	80,4%	121,3%	99,5%	-	(21,80)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,1%	103,3%	101,1%	100,6%	93,1%	98,1%	98,0%	100,2%	102,6%	102,2%	4,14	(0,32)

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	149,1%	105,5%	-	(43,62)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	99,7%	98,6%	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	99,8%	101,5%	65,6%	152,9%	106,0%	6,26	(46,98)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NAP	100,3%	100,0%	-	(0,26)
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	94,7%	96,6%	103,1%	102,3%	91,0%	85,9%	-	(5,14)
CR Administrative law cases	47,2%	84,6%	124,8%	124,1%	112,0%	118,1%	96,1%	81,4%	86,8%	80,1%	32,89	(6,71)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93,1%	88,2%	108,2%	93,8%	100,3%	105,5%	114,7%	104,0%	104,8%	100,5%	7,33	(4,34)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	218	235	231	240	98	107	111	135	87	83	-61,9%	-4,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	437	505	524	401	130	171	157	170	204	206	-52,8%	1,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	115	118	121	119	114	172	77	96	-	25,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	191	193	197	202	184	176	131	97	80	75	-61,0%	-6,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	23	26	27	26	25	208	25	19	-	-21,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	25	27	23	26	27	26	25	208	26	20	-17,3%	-19,6%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	6	6	-	-1,9%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	212	231	223	207	262	289	-	10,4%
DT Administrative law cases	733	746	397	374	203	317	401	518	585	679	-7,5%	16,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	164	187	163	246	66	57	66	46	35	21	-87,5%	-42,0%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	7 181	7 283	7 403	7 338	3 063	5 598	5 188	4 922	4 515	4 256	-40,7%	-5,7%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	-------

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 331	1 965	1 770	1 645	1 310	1 184	1 435	-	21,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	341	456	544	740	1 926	2 324	2 529	1 898	1 621	1 215	256,3%	-25,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	13 749	14 096	13 529	12 562	12 335	11 440	11 819	11 622	10 395	10 034	-27,0%	-3,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 616	1 684	1 600	1 725	1 632	1 539	1 282	1 094	1 404	1 020	-36,9%	-27,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	1 505	1 668	1 819	1 977	2 134	6 880	15 599	17 682	11 944	10 586	603,4%	-11,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	13 647	13 977	13 594	12 583	9 800	11 707	12 085	12 029	10 654	10 314	-24,4%	-3,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 317	1 127	1 254	1 415	1 827	1 797	1 617	1 220	1 153	970	-26,3%	-15,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 395	1 581	1 623	1 705	1 736	6 593	15 561	17 959	12 350	10 098	623,9%	-18,2%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	299	263	-	-12,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	54	-	35,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	7 283	7 402	7 338	7 317	5 598	5 331	4 922	4 515	4 256	3 976	-45,4%	-6,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	2 641	1 770	1 732	1 310	1 184	1 435	1 485	-	3,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	451	543	740	1 012	2 324	2 783	2 567	1 621	1 215	1 703	277,6%	40,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	99,3%	99,2%	100,5%	100,2%	79,4%	102,3%	102,3%	103,5%	102,5%	102,8%	3,53	0,30
CR Employment dismissal cases	81,5%	66,9%	78,4%	82,0%	111,9%	116,8%	126,1%	111,5%	82,1%	95,1%	13,60	12,98
CR Insolvency cases	92,7%	94,8%	89,2%	86,2%	81,3%	95,8%	99,8%	101,6%	103,4%	95,4%	2,70	(8,01)
DT Litigious divorce cases	195	193	197	212	208	166	149	137	146	141	-27,8%	-3,5%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	681	354	352	296	354	454	559	-	23,0%
DT Insolvency cases	118	125	166	217	489	154	60	33	36	62	-47,8%	71,4%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			26 041	36 764	31 216	21 695	19 217	17 427	13 616	11 550	-	-15,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	23 367	14 498	14 703	13 533	11 248	8 798	-	-21,8%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	7 188	4 510	3 893	2 367	2 752	-	16,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	7 841	7 188	4 510	3 893	2 367	2 752	-	16,3%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8	6	8	9	4	1	1	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			87 676	87 688	68 142	46 920	42 583	34 411	27 048	23 480	-	-13,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	34 974	27 564	25 407	21 167	15 658	12 963	-	-17,2%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	19 355	17 174	13 244	11 390	10 517	-	-7,7%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	33 156	19 355	17 174	13 244	11 390	10 517	-	-7,7%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			18	21	12	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			76 953	86 002	77 663	56 800	44 373	38 222	29 114	25 333	-	-13,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	43 843	31 935	26 577	23 452	18 108	14 574	-	-19,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	24 860	17 791	14 770	11 005	10 759	-	-2,2%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	33 809	24 860	17 791	14 770	11 005	10 759	-	-2,2%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			20	19	11	5	5	-	1	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			36 764	38 450	21 695	19 219	17 427	13 616	11 550	9 697	-	-16,0%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	14 498	14 667	13 533	11 248	8 798	7 187	-	-18,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	4 548	3 893	2 367	2 752	2 510	-	-8,8%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	7 188	4 548	3 893	2 367	2 752	2 510	-	-8,8%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6	8	9	4	1	1	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	600	705	-	17,5%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	588	685	-	16,5%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			87,8%	98,1%	114,0%	121,1%	104,2%	111,1%	107,6%	107,9%	-	0,25
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	125,4%	115,9%	104,6%	110,8%	115,6%	112,4%	-	(3,22)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	96,6%	102,3%	-	5,68
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	102,0%	128,4%	103,6%	111,5%	96,6%	102,3%	-	5,68
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			111,1%	90,5%	91,7%	500,0%	250,0%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			174	163	102	124	143	130	145	140	-	-3,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	121	168	186	175	177	180	-	1,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	67	80	58	91	85	-	-6,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	78	67	80	58	91	85	-	-6,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			110	154	299	292	73	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			9 240	11 948	12 799	7 992	5 575	4 257	3 804	4 209	-	10,6%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	4 185	3 050	2 157	1 927	2 317	-	20,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			2 280	3 333	4 086	3 807	2 525	2 100	1 877	1 891	-	0,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			17 941	20 477	13 460	9 515	7 442	5 816	5 583	3 985	-	-28,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	7 445	5 287	3 857	3 789	3 101	-	-18,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			4 966	4 800	3 641	2 070	2 155	1 959	1 794	884	-	-50,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			15 233	19 301	18 267	12 410	8 760	6 269	5 179	3 638	-	-29,8%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	9 058	6 180	4 087	3 399	2 788	-	-18,0%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			3 913	4 031	3 920	3 352	2 580	2 182	1 780	849	-	-52,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 948	13 124	7 992	5 097	4 257	3 804	4 208	4 556	-	8,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	2 572	2 157	1 927	2 317	2 630	-	13,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			3 333	4 102	3 807	2 525	2 100	1 877	1 891	1 926	-	1,9%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	221	469	-	112,2%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	83	123	-	48,2%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	138	346	-	150,7%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	94,3%	135,7%	130,4%	117,7%	107,8%	92,8%	91,3%	-	(1,47)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	121,7%	116,9%	106,0%	89,7%	89,9%	-	0,20
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			78,8%	84,0%	107,7%	161,9%	119,7%	111,4%	99,2%	96,0%	-	(3,18)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			286	248	160	150	177	221	297	457	-	54,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	104	127	172	249	344	-	38,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			311	371	354	275	297	314	388	828	-	113,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									22 452	22 504	-	0,2%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									65 860	62 601	-	-4,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									65 808	61 961	-	-5,8%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									22 504	23 144	-	2,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2 511	2 912	-	16,0%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									99,9%	99,0%	-	(0,9)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									125	136	-	9,2%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 085	1 111	-	2,4%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									1 085	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									9 080	8 295	-	-8,6%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									9 080	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									9 054	8 267	-	-8,7%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									9 054	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 111	1 139	-	2,5%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									1 111	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									7	15	-	114,3%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									7	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									99,7%	99,7%	-	(0,05)
CR o2 Severe cases									99,7%	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									45	50	-	12,3%
DT of Severe cases									45	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									268	278	-	3,7%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									268	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 016	1 099	-	8,2%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									1 016	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 006	1 061	-	5,5%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									1 006	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									278	316	-	13,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									278	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	7	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									99,0%	96,5%	-	(2,47)
CR of Severe cases									99,0%	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									101	109	-	7,8%
DT of Severe cases									101	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									20 692	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									57 244	53 113	-	-7,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									10 236	15 366	-	50,1%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									1 556	1 355	-	-12,9%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									22 978	21 391	-	-6,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									20 390	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,36	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									1 356	1 422	-	4,9%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	60 309 536	65 324 149	70 099 751	76 888 494	83 121 003	95 273 918	98 894 576	106 705 475	113 790 569	115 422 855	91,4%	1,43%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	83 601 297	83 902 472	95 238 564	97 666 837	101 256 967	115 723 212	114 694 261	118 620 409	-	3,42%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 025	14 328	28 233	19 294	-	-31,66%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	32 513	24 814	12 910	21 110	-	63,52%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					False	False	False	False	False	False	False

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									False	False		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									11 432	11 761	-	0,03
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									30	30	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									30	30	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	Yes	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							50-99%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	NAP	NAP	NAP		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							50-99%	50-99%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%		

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							NA	NA	NA	NA		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							True	True	True	True		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 307	1 342	1 322	1 292	1 311	1 376	1 378	1 370	1 306	1 386	6,0%	6,1%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	871	888	877	846	859	905	907	895	862	921	5,7%	6,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	352	370	369	369	374	392	393	398	367	402	14,2%	9,5%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	84	84	76	77	78	79	78	77	77	63	-25,0%	-18,2%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	489	503	496	493	501	506	513	552	492	499	2,0%	1,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	310	319	318	313	322	326	336	347	319	319	2,9%	0,0%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	140	145	146	151	147	148	147	175	143	151	7,9%	5,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	39	39	32	29	32	32	31	30	30	29	-25,6%	-3,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	818	839	826	799	810	870	865	818	814	887	8,4%	9,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	561	569	559	533	537	579	571	548	543	602	7,3%	10,9%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	212	225	223	218	227	244	246	223	224	251	18,4%	12,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	45	45	44	48	46	47	47	47	47	34	-24,4%	-27,7%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 295	1 386	-	7,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	852	921	-	8,1%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	366	402	-	9,8%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77	63	-	-18,2%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	918	938	-	2,2%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	654	669	-	2,3%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228	223	-	-2,2%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	46	-	27,8%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275	284	-	3,3%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176	196	-	11,4%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	71	-	-15,5%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	17	-	13,3%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	77	-	-3,8%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	77	-	42,6%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	87	-	295,5%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	56	-	154,5%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	4 616	4 710	4 731	4 912	4 361	-2,7%	-11,2%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	1 015	1 067	1 171	1 210	1 104	5,5%	-8,8%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2 169	2 185	2 108	2 237	2 029	-2,4%	-9,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 452	1 465	1 228	-9,5%	-16,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	1 432	1 458	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	696	693	714	699	762	868	955	919	725	-	-21,1%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	332	316	292	272	308	353	389	402	333	-	-17,2%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	11	42	30	50	65	115	131	112	28	-	-75,0%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	435	405	364	-	-10,1%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	353	335	392	377	389	400	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	3 854	3 842	3 776	3 993	3 636	-	-8,9%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	751	714	709	665	707	714	782	808	771	-	-4,6%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	2 104	2 070	1 977	2 125	2 001	-	-5,8%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 017	1 060	864	-	-18,5%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	1 043	1 058	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 912	4 361	-	-11,2%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 690	3 433	-	-7,0%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									1 022	716	-	-29,9%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									200	212	-	6,0%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									919	725	-	-21,1%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									630	462	-	-26,7%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									234	199	-	-15,0%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									55	64	-	16,4%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 993	3 636	-	-8,9%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									3 060	2 971	-	-2,9%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									788	517	-	-34,4%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									145	148	-	2,1%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									922	976	-	5,9%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									607	651	-	7,2%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									200	206	-	3,0%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									115	119	-	3,5%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									459	460	-	0,2%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									282	303	-	7,4%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									108	107	-	-0,9%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									69	69	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									463	516	-	11,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									325	348	-	7,1%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									92	99	-	7,6%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									46	50	-	8,7%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									977	900	-	-7,9%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									286	252	-	-11,9%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									691	648	-	-6,2%
004 Annual average salary in the country									15 275 £	14 532 £	-	-4,9%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									41 278 £	42 828 £	-	3,8%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									59 623 £	61 862 £	-	3,8%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									38 984 £	40 448 £	-	3,8%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									59 623 £	60 162 £	-	0,9%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									27 654 £	29 178 £	-	5,5%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									44 479 £	45 290 £	-	1,8%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									True	True		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									40	15	-	-62,5%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									7	4	-	-42,9%

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									16	4	-	-75,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									15	0	-	-100,0%
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									2	7	-	250,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									5	7	-	40,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	2	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									5	5	-	0,0%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									40	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									3	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									18	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									18	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	2	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	1	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	1	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 210	5 541	5 827	5 993	6 142	6 037	6 112	6 186	6 266	6 469	24,2%	3,2%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							3 537	3 561	3 594	3 707	-	3,1%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							2 575	2 625	2 672	2 762	-	3,4%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Slovak Republic

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	633	846	1 068	1 248	1 450	1 664	913	798	877	909	43,6%	3,6%
167.1.1 Total number started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NA	NA	NA	1 118	924	892	-	-3,5%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Slovenia

(2021 data)

General data

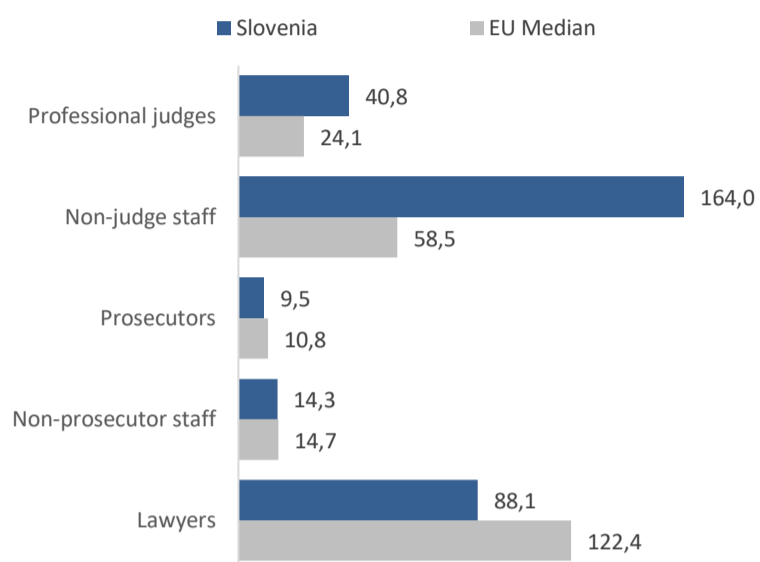
Population: 2 107 180

GDP per capita: 24 678 €

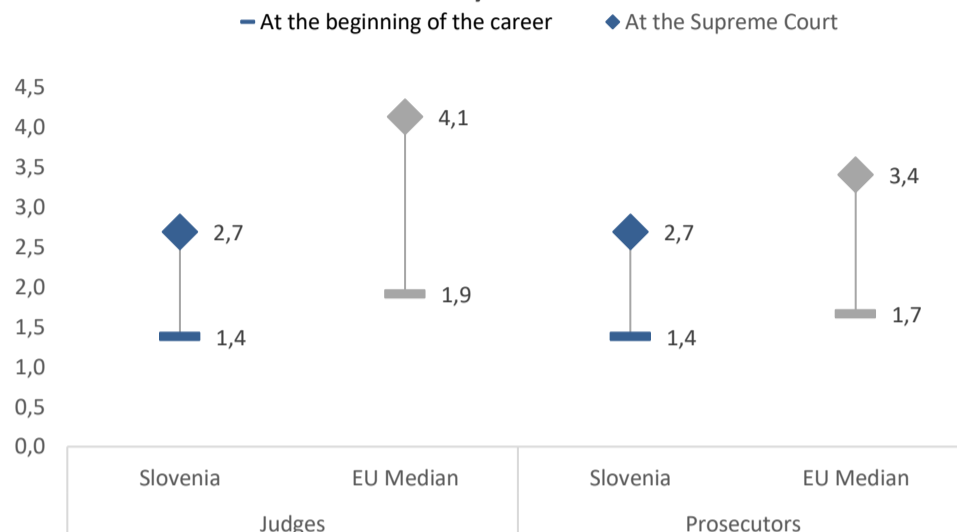
Average annual salary: 23 635 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

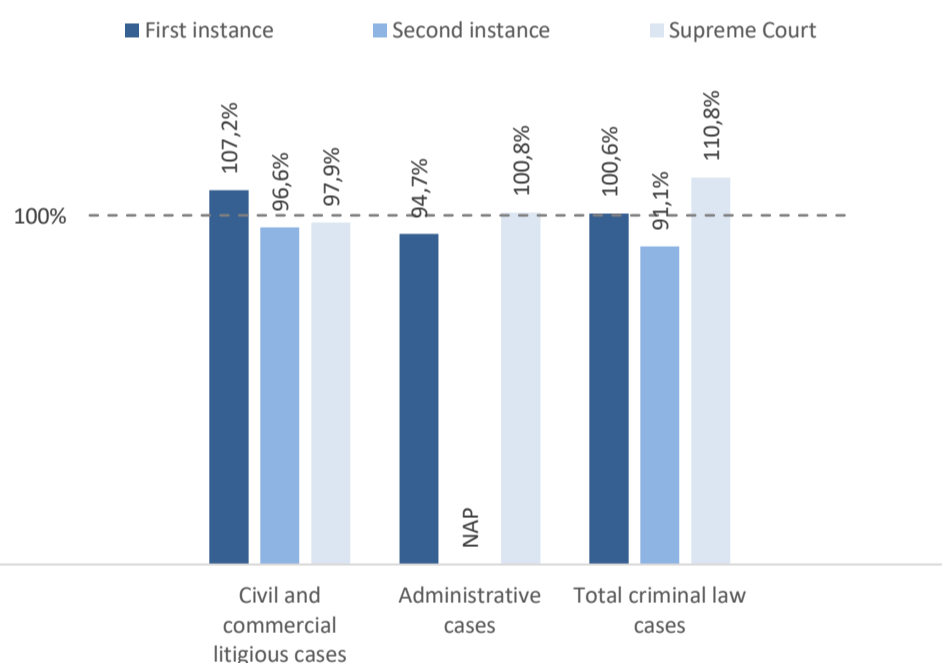


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

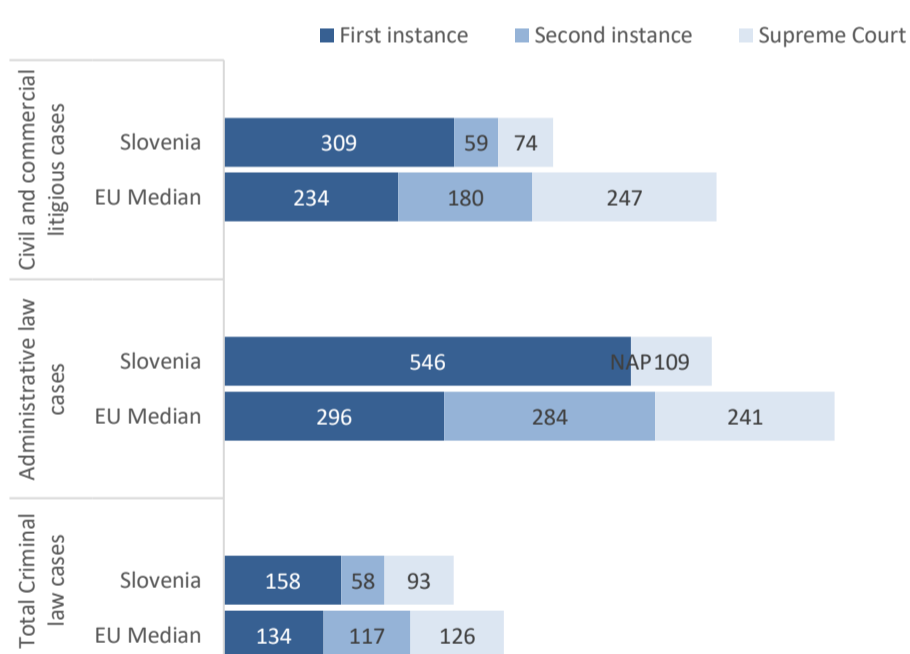


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

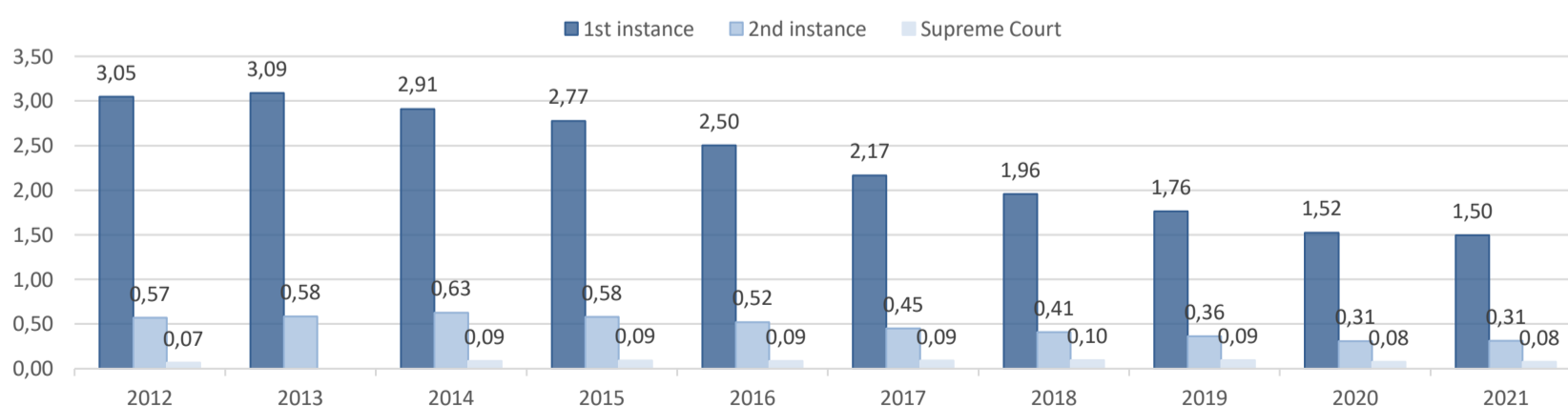


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Slovenia

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	2 108 977	2 107 180		2,3%	-0,1%
GDP per capita	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	20 951	22 182	22 983	22 014	24 678		43,7%	12,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	18 300		18 483		19 020		20 179	21 043	22 300	23 635		29,2%	6,0%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	47,1	46,1	44,8	43,5	42,6	41,6	41,7	41,7	41,5	40,8		-13,4%	-1,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	161,7	157,2	162,8	159,9	161,2	161,0	163,0	163,5	162,5	164,0		1,4%	0,9%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									9,8	9,5			-2,3%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									15,2	14,3			-5,8%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	68,8	74,2	79,0	80,9	82,8	84,0	85,0	86,5	87,0	88,1		28,0%	1,3%
Mediators	16,9	16,5	15,1	14,1	13,6	13,2	13,3	12,7	12,2	11,6		-31,0%	-5,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,048	3,088	2,911	2,775	2,501	2,166	1,956	1,764	1,522	1,497		-50,9%	-1,7%
Administrative law cases	0,239	0,3	0,3	0,233	0,144	0,192	0,170	0,150	0,137	0,131		-45,5%	-4,8%
Total criminal law cases									3,479	3,427			-1,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	102%	109%	105%	106%	108%	110%	109%	101%	107%		5,76	6,72
CR administrative law cases	110%	102%	103%	101%	87%	67%	91%	89%	107%	95%		-15,36	-12,08
CR total criminal law cases									96%	101%			4,57

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	350	309		-2,8%	-11,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	443	546		319,4%	23,2%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									165	158			-4,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,70	2,61	2,35	2,21	2,04	1,87	1,66	1,49	1,47	1,36		-49,6%	-7,4%
Administrative law cases	0,09	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,10	0,16	0,17	0,19	0,18	0,18		96,7%	4,0%
Total criminal law cases									1,51	1,49			-1,3%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			106%	102%	100%	105%	105%	105%	112%	97%			-15,77
CR administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									106%	91%			-14,50

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			84	86	97	89	82	73	40	59			48,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)									26	58			118,8%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			111%	106%	102%	97%	106%	111%	111%	98%			-12,98
CR administrative law cases			79%	98%	101%	115%	139%	126%	100%	101%			0,48
CR total criminal law cases									104%	111%			7,01

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			167	146	150	164	119	78	59	74			24,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			220	220	188	159	152	103	122	109			-10,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									147	93			-37,1%

1. Judicial organisation in Slovenia (2021 data)

In 2021 in Slovenia, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 66. Namely, there are 60 courts of general jurisdiction and 6 specialised courts.

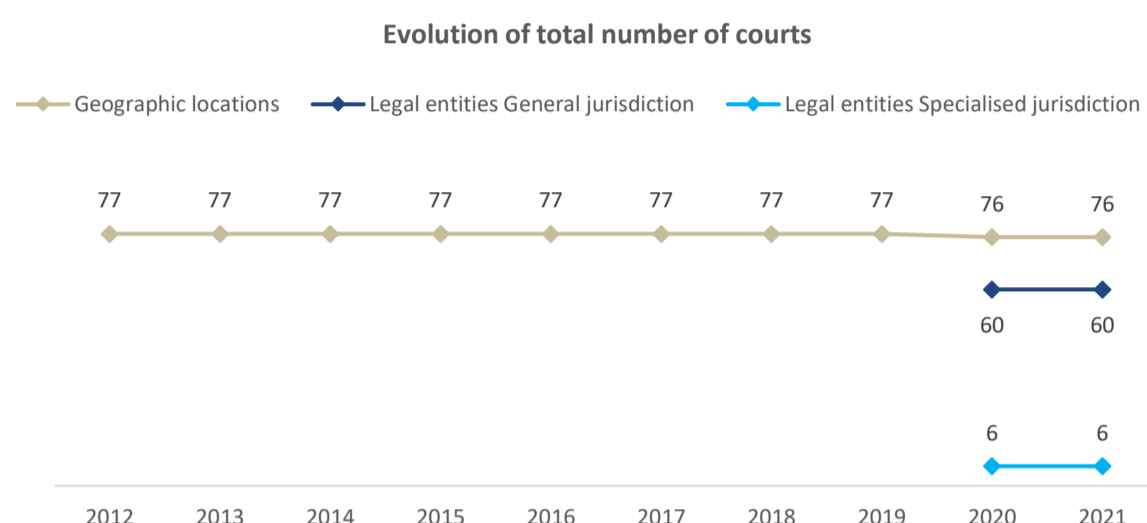
Among the 60 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 44 Local courts and 11 District courts act at first instance, while 4 Higher courts constitute the second instance courts of general jurisdiction. The Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction, as well as in respect of specialised courts.

Among the 6 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 5 are of first instance while the Higher Labour and Social Court constitutes the sole higher specialised court.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 70 courts of first instance encompassing the 55 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (44 Local courts and 11 District courts) and the first instance specialised courts (4 labour courts and social court + 7 branch offices of labour and social courts + 1 administrative court + 3 branch offices of the Administrative court). The number of all courts as geographic locations is 76, including the 70 first instance courts, the 4 Higher courts of general jurisdiction, the Higher Labour and Social Court, and the Supreme Court.

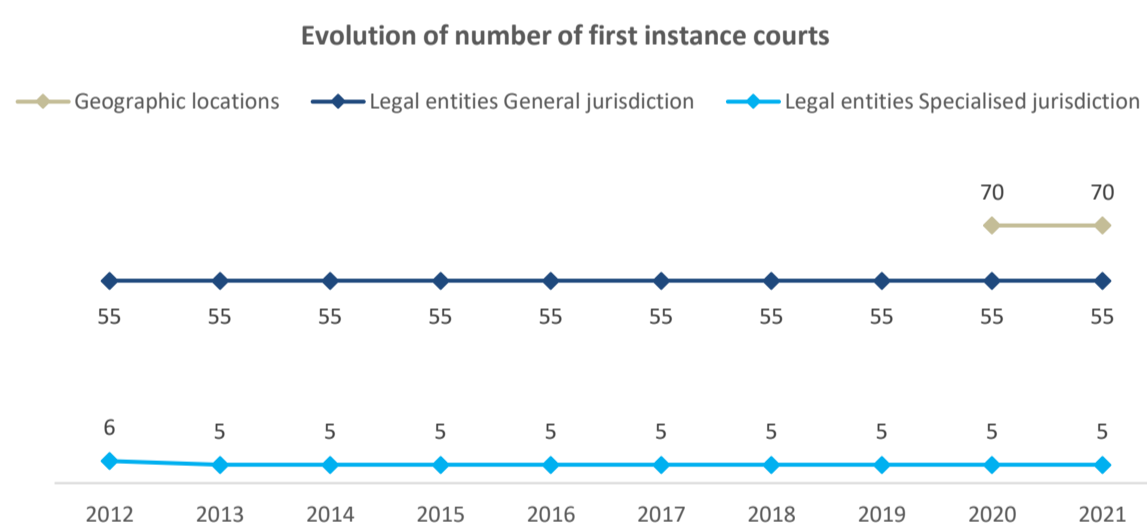
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	77		
2013	77		
2014	77		
2015	77		
2016	77		
2017	77		
2018	77		
2019	77		
2020	76	60	6
2021	76	60	6

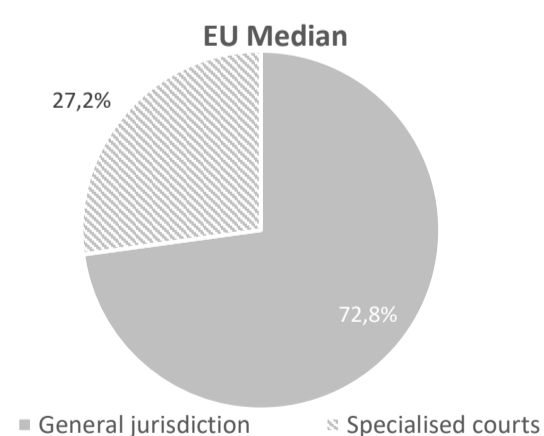
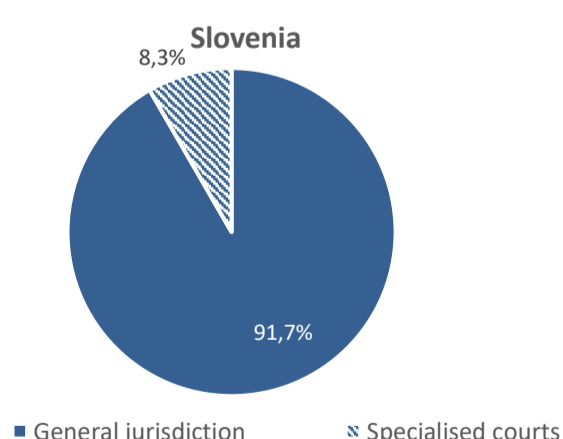


Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		55	6
2013		55	5
2014		55	5
2015		55	5
2016		55	5
2017		55	5
2018		55	5
2019		55	5
2020	70	55	5
2021	70	55	5



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 91,7% - 8,3% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	5	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	4	1
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

The 6 specialised courts refer to 3 labour courts (1st instance), the labour and social court (1st instance), the Administrative court (1st instance) and the Higher Labour and Social Court (2nd instance)

Although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 4 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' at first instance is 1, the total number of these courts is 4, as one of the labour courts and the social court form a single legal entity – the Labour and social court in Ljubljana.

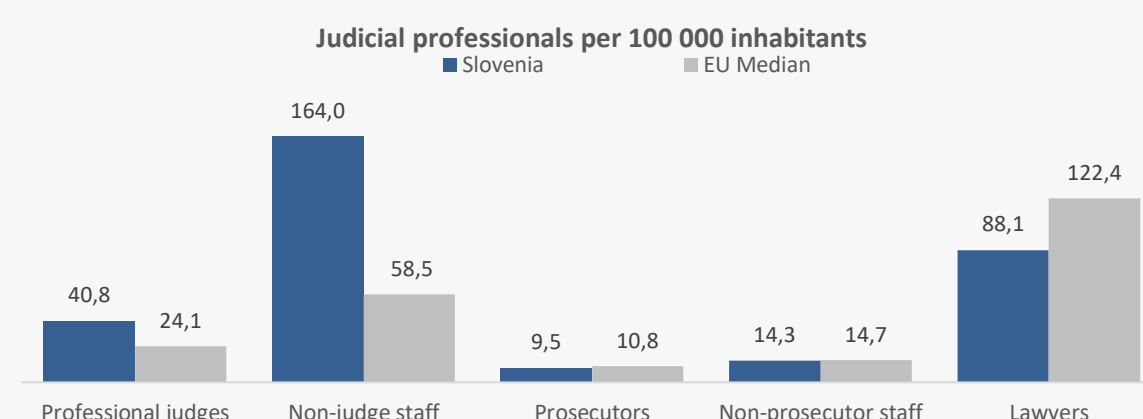
Concerning specialised courts – higher instances, although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 1 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' is 1, the total number of these courts is 1, as they form a single legal entity – the Higher Labour and Social Court.

2. Professionals of justice in Slovenia (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

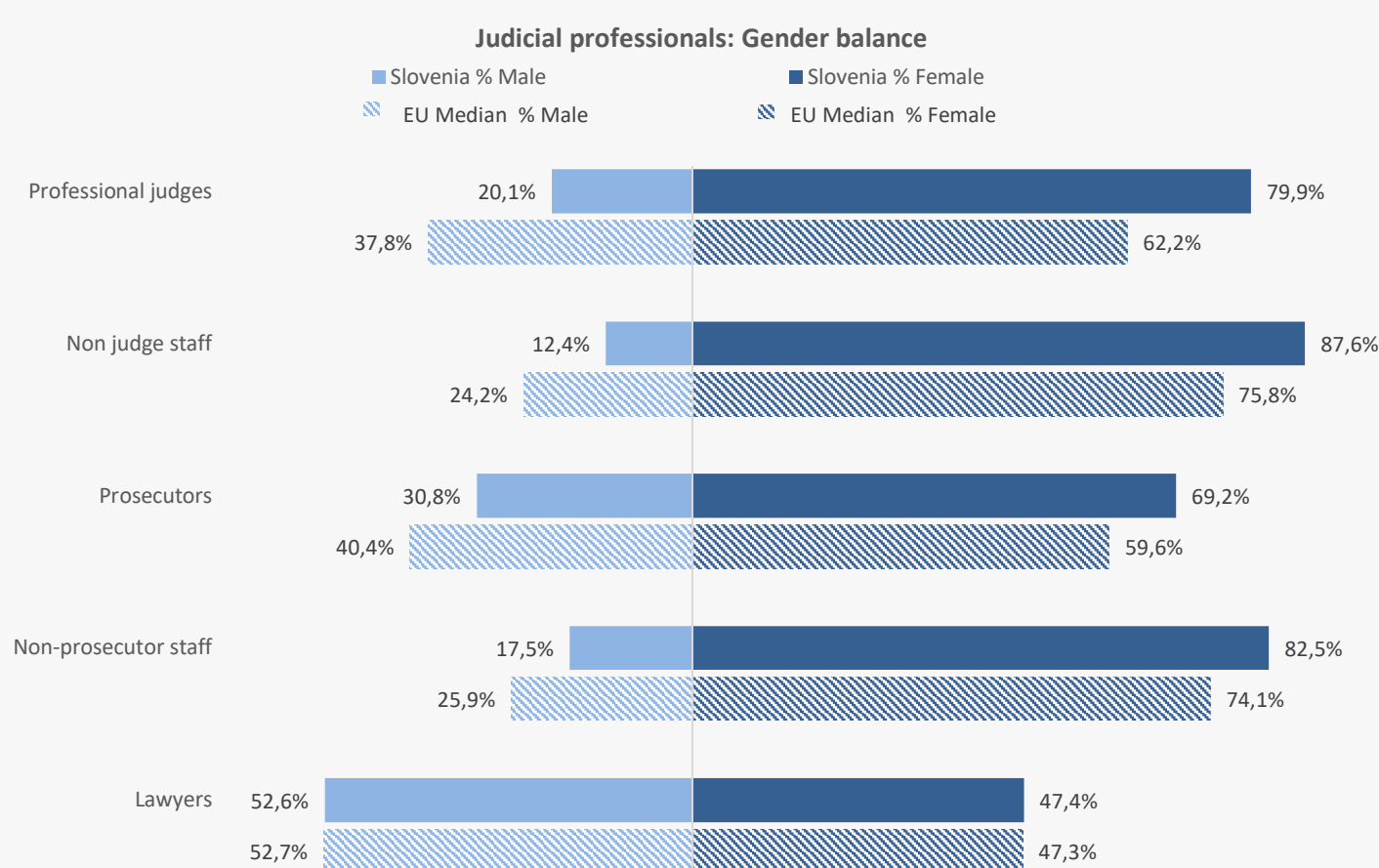
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	860	40,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	3 455	164,0	58,5
Prosecutors	201	9,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	302	14,3	14,7
Lawyers	1 856	88,1	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

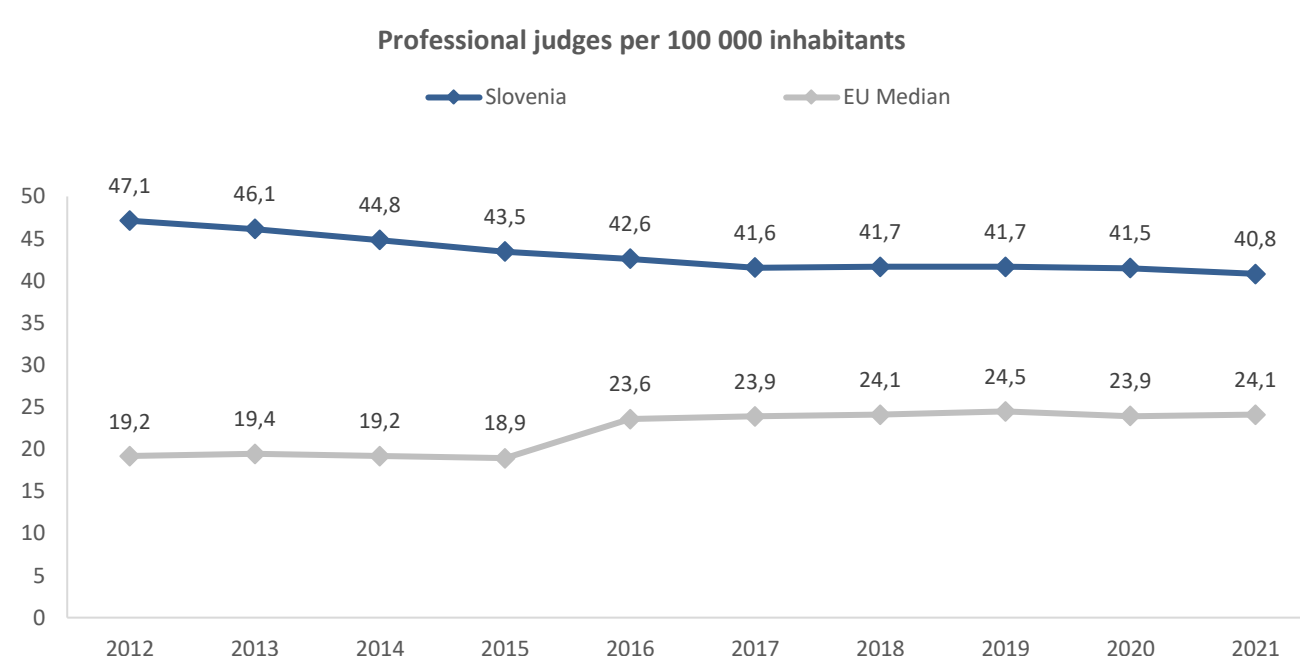
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	20,1%	79,9%
Non judge staff	12,4%	87,6%
Prosecutors	30,8%	69,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	17,5%	82,5%
Lawyers	52,6%	47,4%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	970	19,2	47,1	19,2
2013	951	19,4	46,1	19,4
2014	924	19,2	44,8	19,2
2015	897	18,9	43,5	18,9
2016	880	23,6	42,6	23,6
2017	859	23,9	41,6	23,9
2018	867	24,1	41,7	24,1
2019	873	24,5	41,7	24,5
2020	875	23,9	41,5	23,9
2021	860	24,1	40,8	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovenia is 860, which is -1,7% less than in previous cycle.

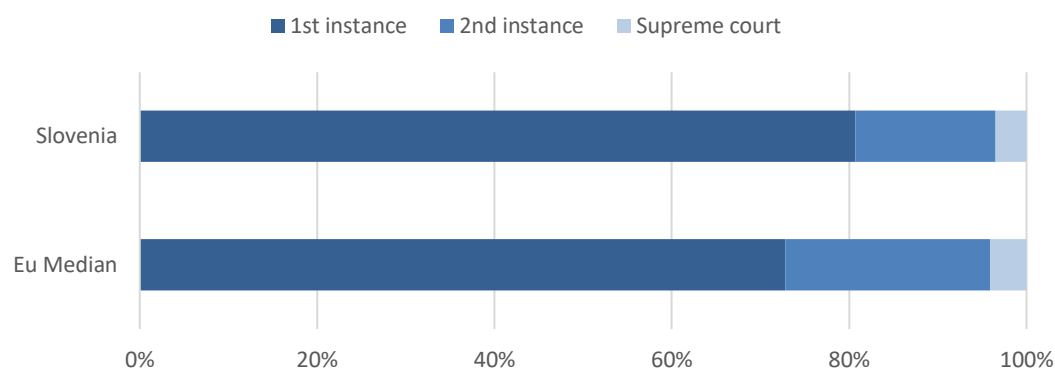
More precisely, in Slovenia, there are 40,81 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,02 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,92 non-judge staff per judge.

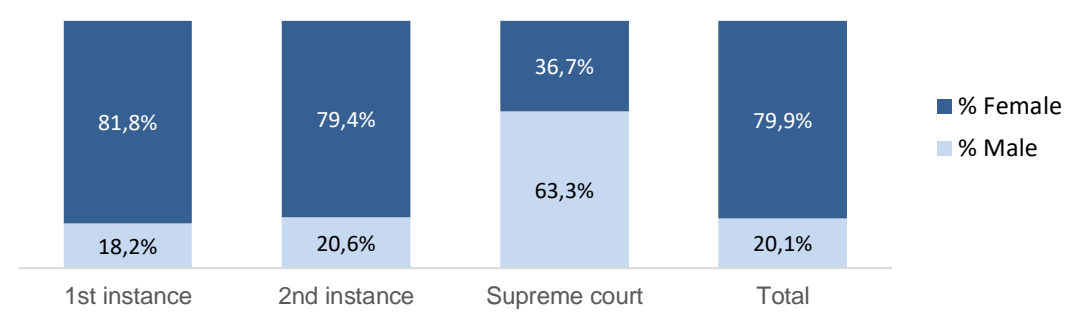
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	694	80,7%	126	568	18,2%	81,8%
2nd instance	136	15,8%	28	108	20,6%	79,4%
Supreme court	30	3,5%	19	11	63,3%	36,7%
Total	860		173	687	20,1%	79,9%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Slovenia



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 687, which represents 79,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 694 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 568 are Female); 136 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 108 are Female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 11 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Slovenia is similar. However, we can notice that the predomination of first instance judges is more pronounced, second instance judges are less numerous, and third instance judges are slightly fewer.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the provided total number of judges corresponds to the number of de facto occupied judicial posts performing their functions. Some judges are assigned to other duties (e.g. to the Judicial Council, Ministry of Justice, Supreme court) and are not included in the reported numbers. The information on actual presence (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave) is also available.

At the end of 2021, 880 judicial posts were formally occupied (FTE), although some posts were de facto vacant (e.g. judge absent due to maternity leave). Nevertheless, we report that 860 professional judges sit in courts (perform judicial function), since the rest of the judges (20 judges - difference to the total of 880 judges) were assigned to other duties (e.g. the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council) and do not sit in courts. The number of judges in the Slovenian judicial system in 2021 was 802,84 according to actual presence calculations.

It is worth highlighting that until 2021, approximately 30 judges at the administrative court (first instance court) and approximately 50 higher judges at local and district courts (first instance courts) were reported as second-instance judges (according to their rank: higher judge); from 2021 they are reported according to their court (first-instance judges).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at the level of the Supreme Court.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

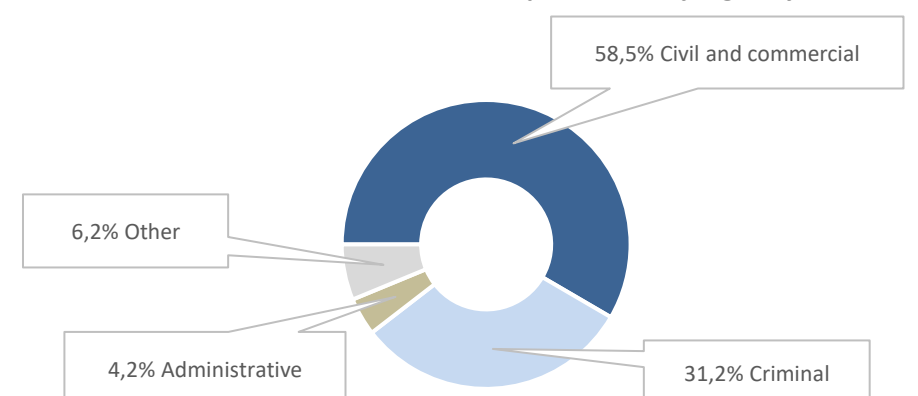
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	644	370	208	27	39
2nd instance	129	84	36	NAP	9
Supreme court	29	15	6	7	2
Total	802	469	250	34	50

In Slovenia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	57,5%	32,3%	4,2%	6,1%
2nd instance	65,1%	27,9%	NAP	7,0%
Supreme court	51,7%	20,7%	24,1%	6,9%
Total	58,5%	31,2%	4,2%	6,2%

Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



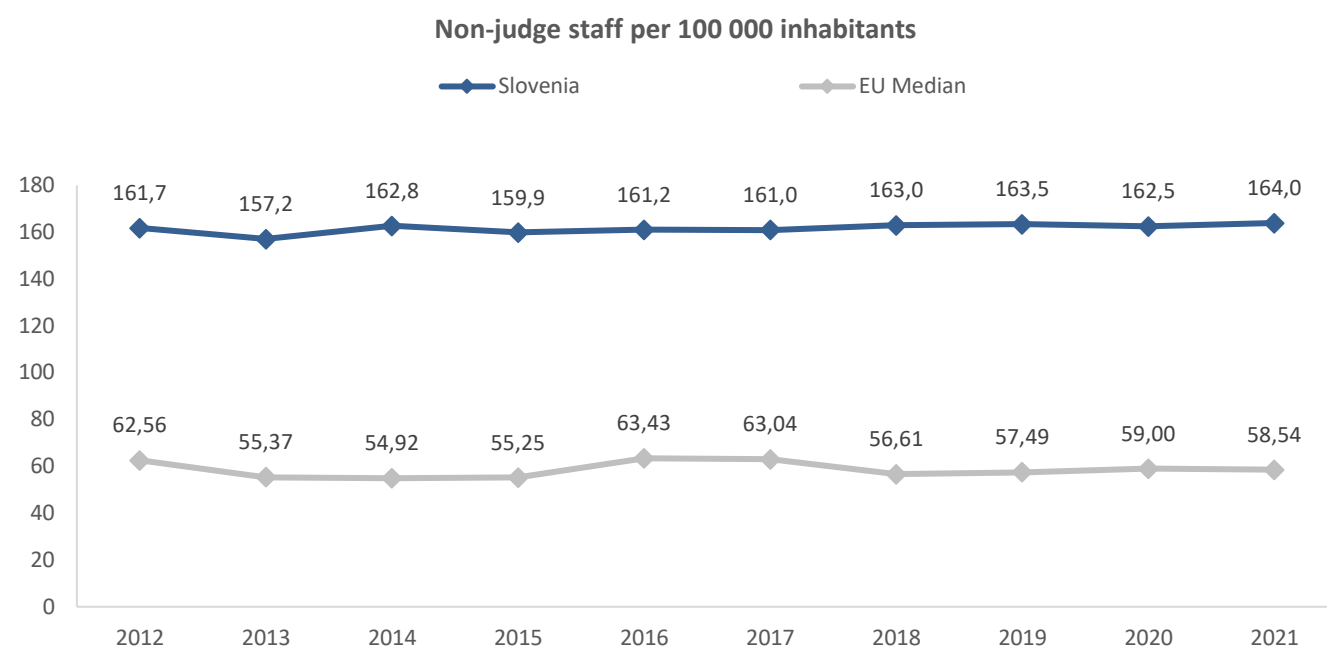
In 2021, the data on judges classified by legal fields was collected for the first time (by approximating the time an individual judge is working on a certain type of case). Since the methodology of reporting is yet to be revised and elaborated, we can only report approximate numbers. The distinction to Civil and/or Commercial/Criminal/Administrative/Other judges is roughly the same as for the number of cases.

The category "Other" includes judges involved in the court management. Judges involved in court management are partially or entirely relieved from adjudicating cases.

As already mentioned, data are reported as actual presence (not FTE).

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	3 330	161,7	62,6
2013	3 239	157,2	55,4
2014	3 355	162,8	54,9
2015	3 300	159,9	55,2
2016	3 330	161,2	63,4
2017	3 328	161,0	63,0
2018	3 391	163,0	56,6
2019	3 427	163,5	57,5
2020	3 427	162,5	59,0
2021	3 455	164,0	58,5



In 2021, Slovenia has 3 455 non-judge staff (of which 3 027 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,8%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 162,5 in 2020 to 164,0 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 41,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 40,8 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	3 455	
Rechtspfleger	469	13,6%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 119	32,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 680	48,6%
Technical staff	187	5,4%
Other	NAP	NAP

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 469 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 430 are Female);
- 1 119 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 966 are Female);
- 1 680 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 544 are Female);
- 187 technical staff (of which 87 are Female);

The definitions of categories are as follows:

1. "Rechtspfleger" category includes only the staff (judicial assistants and judicial advisers) with autonomous competence to adopt final decisions (decisions on the merits of the case), set explicitly in procedural laws - currently the Claim Enforcement and Security Act, the Financial Operations, Insolvency Proceedings and Compulsory Windingup Act, the Court Register of Legal Entities Act and the Land Register Act.

2. "Non-judge staff" category includes staff, whose tasks are generally set by the Courts Act. These are judicial assistants (filing applications and statements by parties for the record and, by order of a judge, perform less demanding tasks related to preparation for trial proceedings or other procedural acts, making calculations of costs, preparing drafts of decisions and performing other tasks in judicial proceedings under the orders of a judge), judicial advisers (performing work connected with the examination of parties, witnesses and experts (outside the main hearings), performing more complex preparatory work for hearings, reporting at panel meetings, drafting decisions, conducting hearings under the guidance of a judge and performing other work by order of a judge) and judicial trainees (typically do not perform significant amount of work as their role is to learn; however they can participate in hearings and drafting of court decisions in some cases).

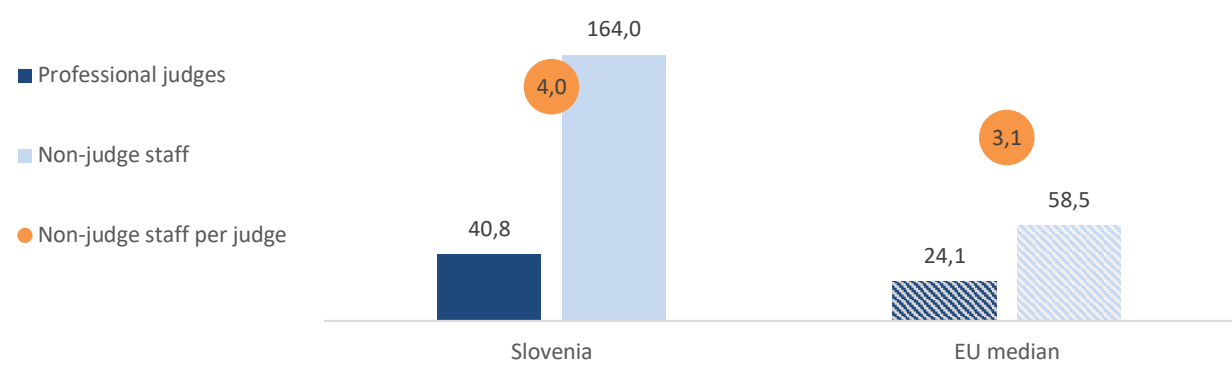
3. All the other staff, not mentioned above and not corresponding to 4. "Technical staff" is included in 3. "Administrative staff". The latter includes, along with the court management staff, the office support staff, whose tasks are not specifically set by the law and include case registering, administrative case preparation, court fees, typing and/or recording of court sessions etc.

Approximately 3% of all court staff (115 persons) are judicial trainees (reported under "2. Non-judge (judicial staff)").

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Professional judges	40,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	164,0	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,0	3,1

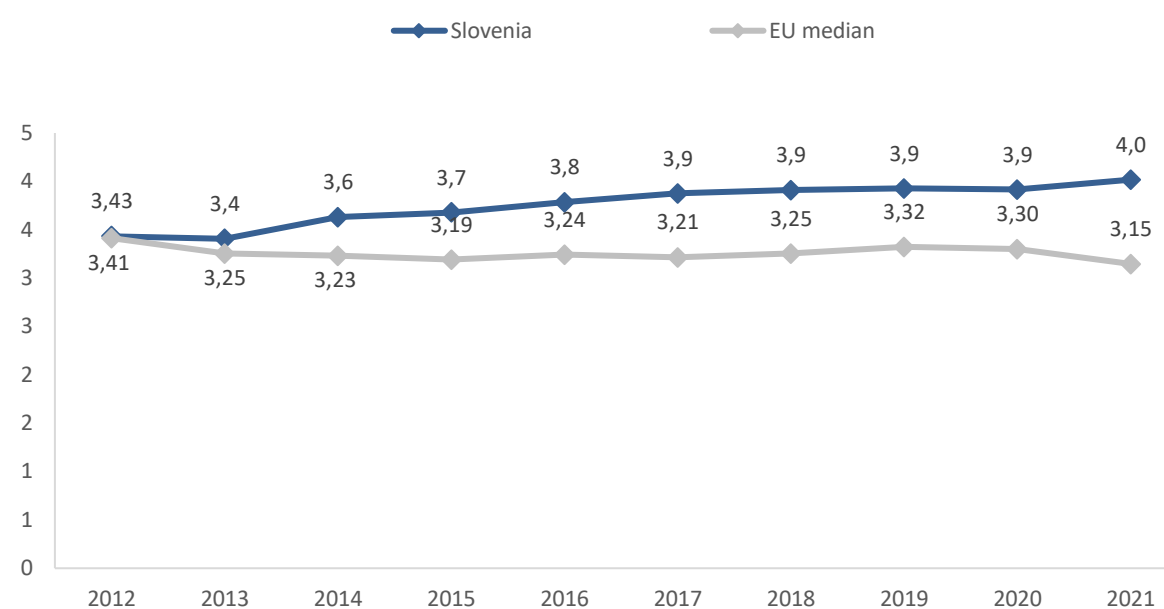
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU median
2012	47,1	161,7	3,43	3,4
2013	46,1	157,2	3,4	3,3
2014	44,8	162,8	3,6	3,2
2015	43,5	159,9	3,7	3,2
2016	42,6	161,2	3,8	3,2
2017	41,6	161,0	3,9	3,2
2018	41,7	163,0	3,9	3,3
2019	41,7	163,5	3,9	3,3
2020	41,5	162,5	3,9	3,3
2021	40,8	164,0	4,0	3,1

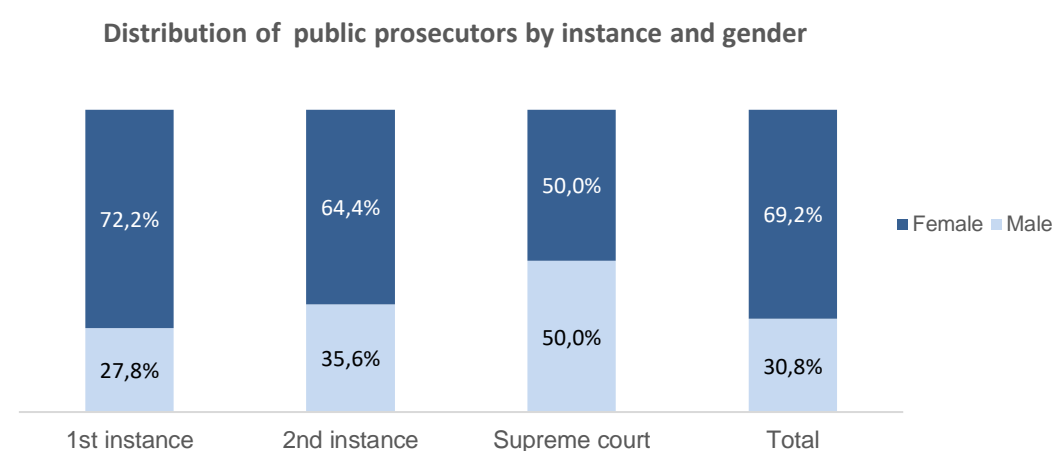
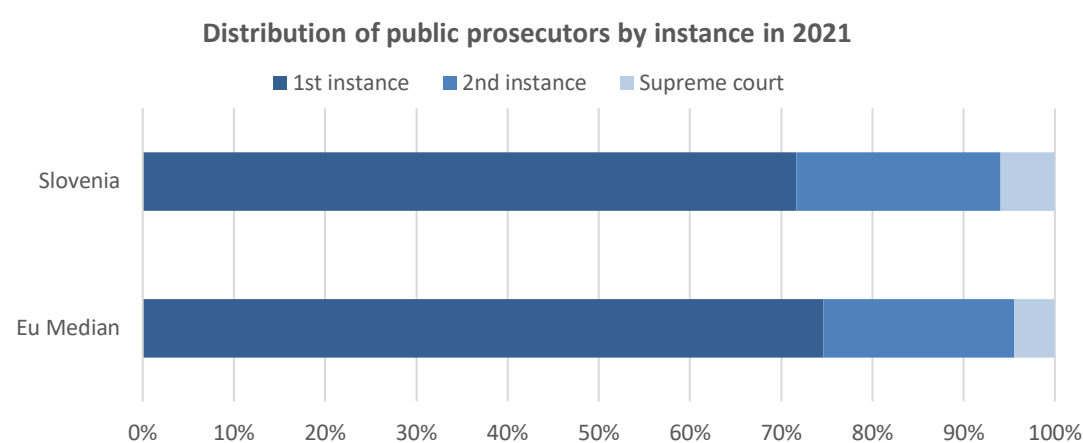
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	144	71,6%	40	104	27,8%	72,2%
2nd instance	45	22,4%	16	29	35,6%	64,4%
Supreme court	12	6,0%	6	6	50,0%	50,0%
Total	201		62	139	30,8%	69,2%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 139, which represents 69,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 144 in first instance (of which 104 are Female); 45 are in second instance (of which 29 are Female) and 12 in final instance (of which 6 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the information is in form of gross data. For 2021 data, the FTE format is observed. The above data do not include six State prosecutors who perform other duties (assigned to The Council of State Prosecutors, appointed to Eurojust, the European Public Prosecutor and the European Delegate Prosecutor).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Slovenia presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Slovenian state prosecutors perform their function in 13 organizational units – prosecution offices. There are 11 District State Prosecutor's Offices and one Specialized State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia, where local, district and senior state prosecutors are positioned. At the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Slovenia supreme state prosecutors and the State Prosecutor General perform their functions. Some state prosecutors of lower ranks are assigned to the office perform demanding professional tasks.

There are no higher state prosecutor's offices as the proceedings at the courts of appeal are governed by the district prosecutor's offices. According to the State Prosecution Service Act prosecutors with the rank of at least local state prosecutor may represent a case at local courts, prosecutors with the rank of at least district state prosecutor may represent a case at district courts, prosecutors with the rank of at least senior state prosecutor may represent a case before higher courts and only supreme state prosecutors may represent a case at the Supreme Court. Local state prosecutors may also appear at district courts, if authorized by the head of state prosecutor's office for certain categories of matters, for a particular matter, for certain categories of procedural acts or for a particular procedural act. Local and district prosecutors may in their cases appear along with a senior prosecutor at courts of appeal, if authorized by the head of an appellate division of the state prosecutor's office for a particular case. Senior and supreme state prosecutors are competent to represent a case at before first instance courts.

Local and district prosecutors are reported as prosecutors at first instance level, senior prosecutors as prosecutors at second instance level and supreme prosecutors as prosecutors at Supreme Court level, without regard to the court instance where they perform their function, or that they are assigned to another institution for a limited period of time (e.g for the administration of State Prosecutorial Council).

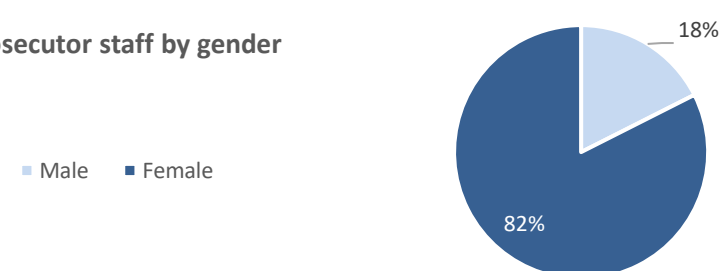
The number of posts of state prosecutors is set by the Government's Regulation. However the actual number of state prosecutors is lower than the number set by regulation due to different factors.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at first and second instance level and are equal in number to those of male prosecutors at Supreme Court level.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	302	53	249

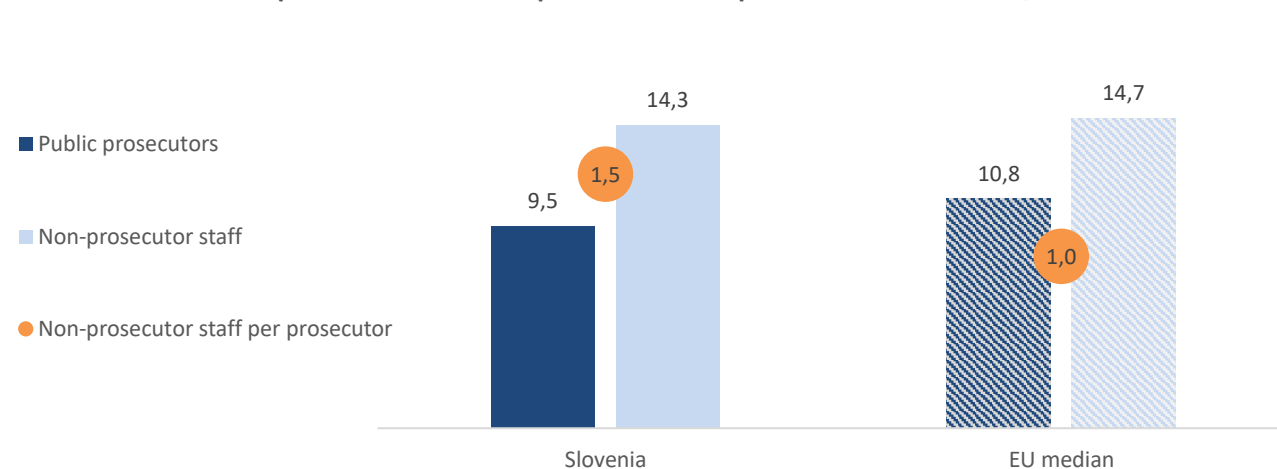
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

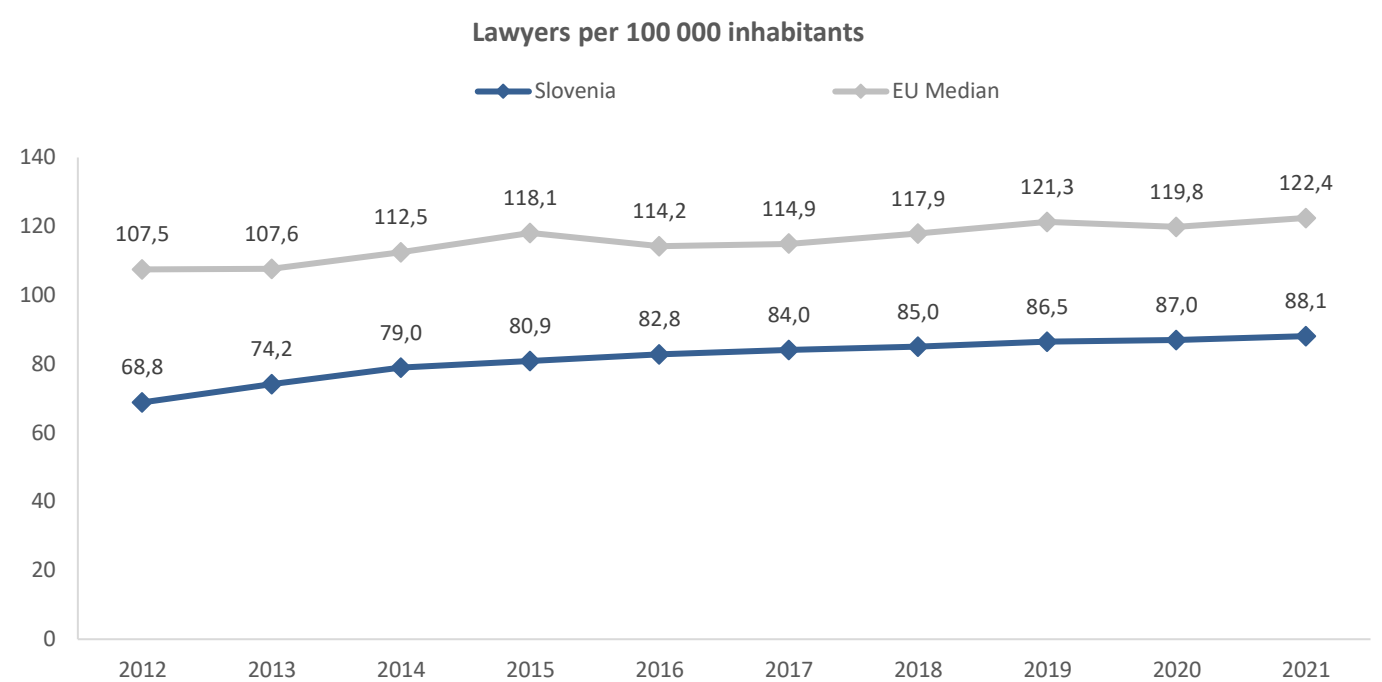
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Public prosecutors	9,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	14,3	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	1 417	68,8	107,5
2013	1 529	74,2	107,6
2014	1 628	79,0	112,5
2015	1 669	80,9	118,1
2016	1 711	82,8	114,2
2017	1 737	84,0	114,9
2018	1 768	85,0	117,9
2019	1 813	86,5	121,3
2020	1 834	87,0	119,8
2021	1 856	88,1	122,4



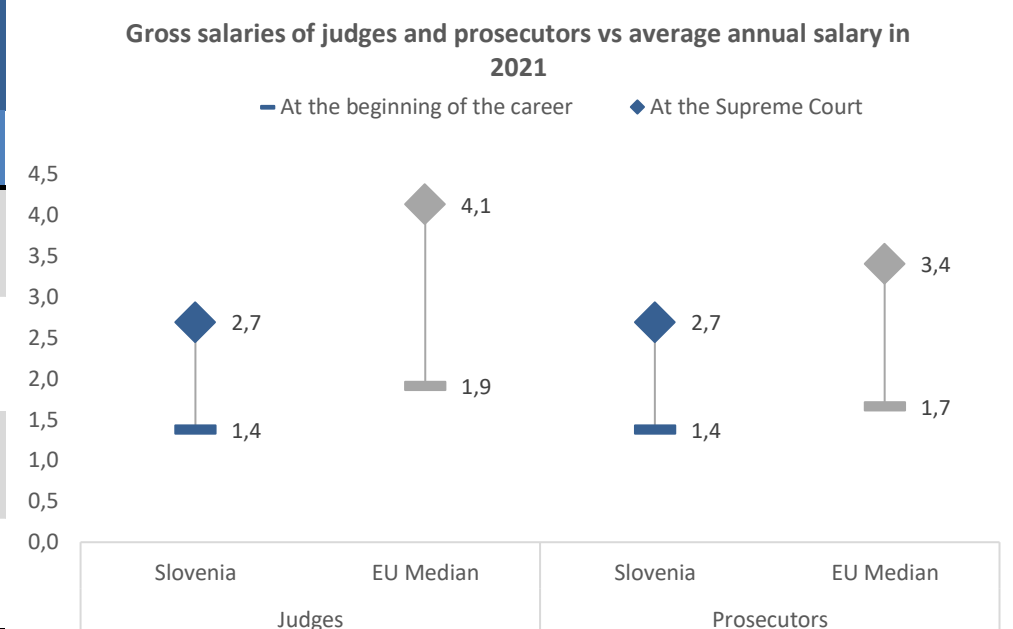
In 2021, there are 1 856 lawyers, which is 1,2% more than in 2020.

Slovenia has 88,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

There are 880 female lawyers which is 47% of the total.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	32 628€	20 568€	1,4	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	63 660€	36 984€	2,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	32 628€	20 568€	1,4	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	63 660€	36 984€	2,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Slovenia of 32 628€ is below the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,38 which is also below the EU median of 1,91.

The basic salary for judges and prosecutors is regulated by law, as well as promotion. The salary of the prosecutor is determined on the same basis, with the same supplements and in the same way as the salary of the judge. All employees in the country (including judges and public prosecutors) are also entitled to the supplement for the period of employment. As the calculation of the average pay would be too complicated, we report figures calculated from above criteria. All figures reported include the supplement for the period of employment.

Judge/prosecutor at the beginning of the career: starting salary for local court judge and for local state prosecutor (without promotion), including the supplement for the period of employment (5 years) - approximately 1-2% of the reported amount.

Judge/Prosecutor at the highest instance: starting salary of a supreme court judge and supreme state prosecutor – counselor (not president of the Supreme Court or State Prosecutor General) including the supplement for the period of employment (44 years) - approximately 15% of the reported amount.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Slovenia (2021 data)

In Slovenia, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

- Criminal cases
- Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



The Free Legal Aid Act (FLAA) prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding. Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding.

The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid: for legal advice; for the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; for legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; for legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; for legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; for legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; for legal advice and representation before international courts; for legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding.

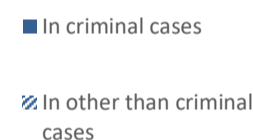
Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of: costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs; security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments); costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court; other costs of the proceeding. The legal aid system does not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person representing the opposing party.

In the proceeding of enforcement of judicial decisions the exemption from court fees (according to the Court Fees Act) and legal aid in the form of legal advice, legal representation and the exemption from payment of the procedural costs (the Free Legal Aid Act) is possible.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

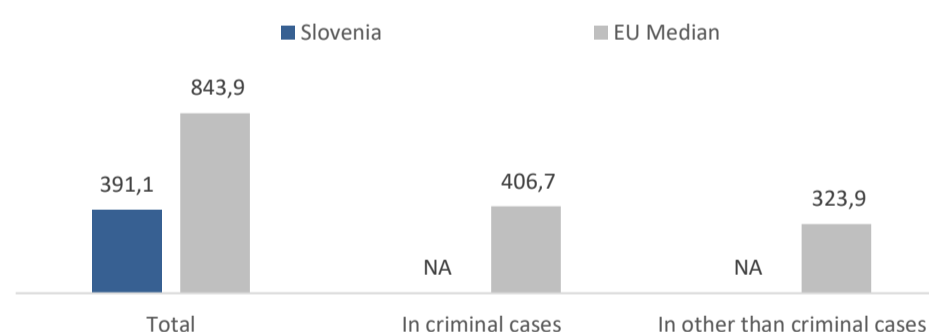
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	8 241	7 507	734
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Slovenia	EU Median
Total	391,1	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9

Number of cases for which legal has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



The reported values use the categorisation by forms of legal aid granted. In a single legal aid case, the request can be granted for multiple forms of legal aid, therefore the reported numbers can be higher than the number of resolved legal aid cases. Data on the number of resolved legal cases are not reported, since one or more forms of legal aid can be granted in a single resolved case, making impossible the distinction to “cases brought to court” or “cases not brought to court”.

Cases brought to court include: 1) legal advice and representation before courts at first and second instance and 2) involving extraordinary appeals.

Cases not brought to court include: 1) legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; 2) formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements.

The following forms of legal aid are not included in the figures: 1) legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; 2) legal advice and representation at international courts; 3) legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality and 4) exemption from payment of costs of judicial or extrajudicial proceedings.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: NAP
- Actual average duration: 30

If the applicant would miss the deadline or would lose a right in the time it takes to process the application for free legal aid, the court can approve an "urgent" free legal aid, without taking in regard the material criteria for eligibility (however, the lack of merits is still checked). The material criteria are subsequently checked at a later time.

4. Performance of courts in Slovenia (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

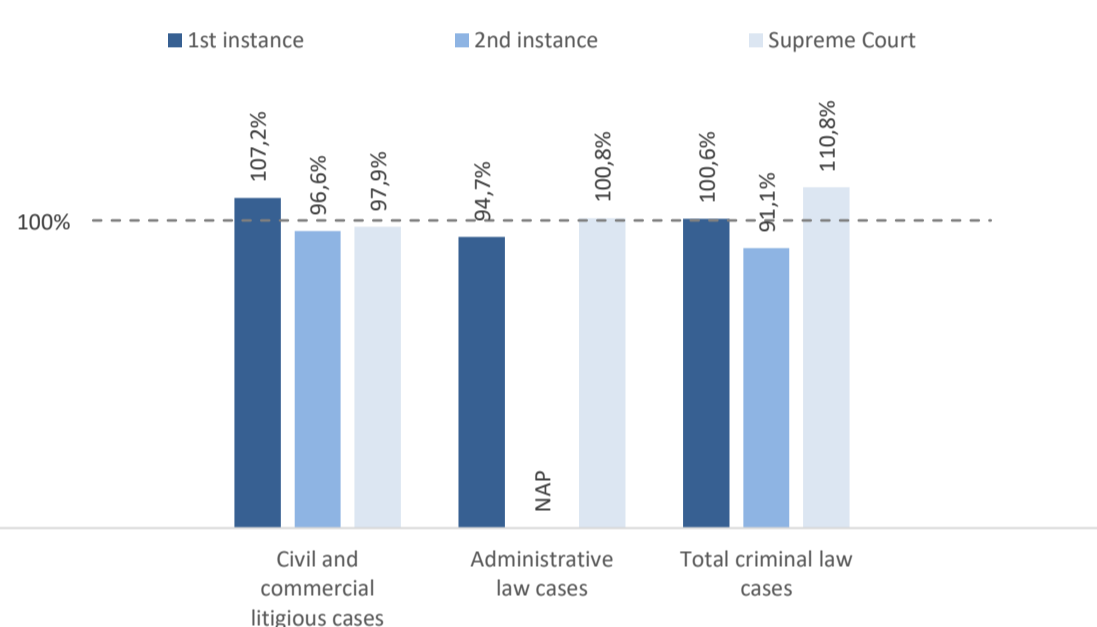
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

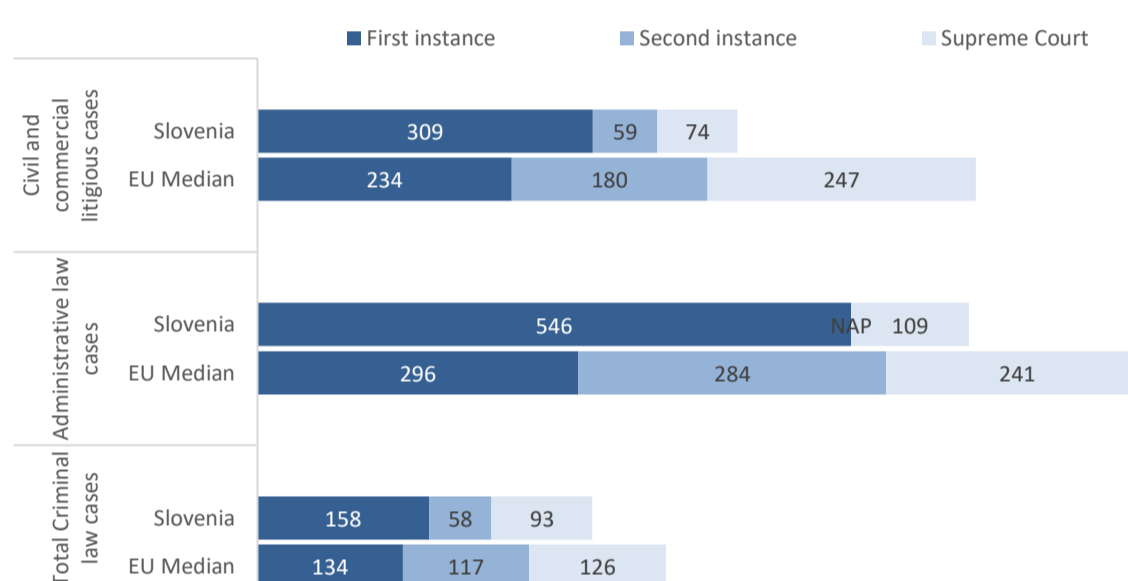
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	107,2%	102,5%	94,7%	101,7%	100,6%	100,0%
	2nd instance	96,6%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	91,1%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	97,9%	98,9%	100,8%	100,4%	110,8%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	309	234	546	296	158	134
	2nd instance	59	180	NAP	284	58	117
	Supreme Court	74	232	109	241	93	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



In 2021, criminal law cases appear to be the fastest in Slovenia, more specifically in the second instance, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, first instance administrative law cases are the longest in Slovenia, as it appears also in the EU, but well above the EU median. However, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Slovenia is below EU median, especially for civil cases but also administrative cases.

A breakdown of the analysis by instances reveals that, in all matters, the length of proceedings is a concern in Slovenia only at first instance. Moreover, in civil and criminal matters, the Disposition Time evolved positively between 2020 and 2021. Conversely, it increased for first instance administrative cases due a decrease in the number of resolved cases.

At first instance, the Clearance rate indicator is satisfactory for civil litigious and criminal law cases, while for administrative law cases, courts seem to be less efficient, with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold. In the second instance, courts also seem to be less efficient in civil and criminal matters with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold. At third instance, courts seem to be able to deal with cases, especially for administrative and criminal law cases, and the Disposition Time is considerably below the EU median values.

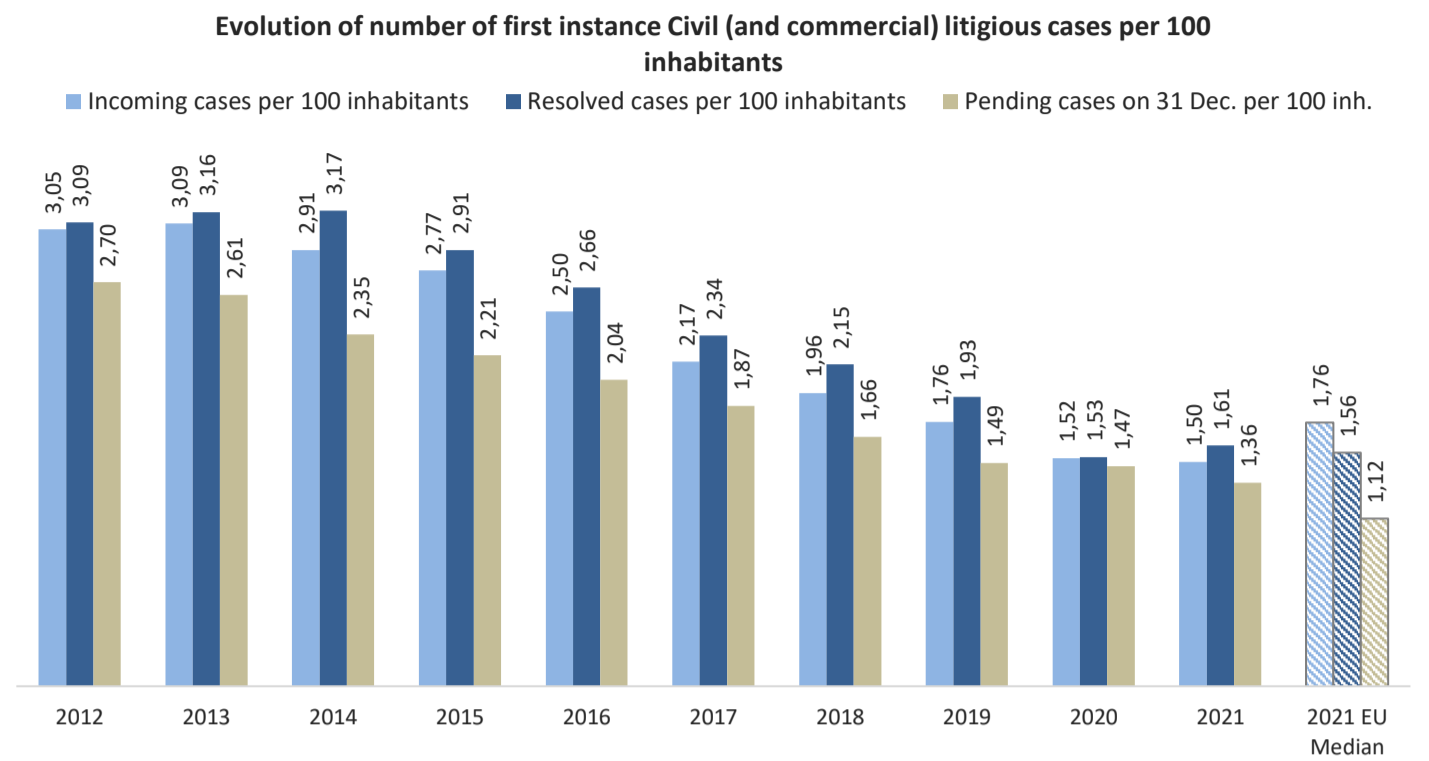
In 2020, the functioning of first instance courts was limited due to Covid-19 restrictions (and the number of resolved cases at first instance courts decreased). As second instance courts deal with the majority of cases without hearing of parties, their functioning was not affected that much. The number of appeals coming from first instance decreased, which resulted in the decrease of pending cases at second instance courts at the beginning of 2021.

The decrease in the number of second instance resolved cases is due to two factors: impact of Covid-19 pandemic, namely the higher number of judges and court staff on sick leave or quarantined (compared to 2020), and more general human resources issues (retirement of judges, prolonged sick leaves etc.).

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,05	3,09	2,70
2013	3,09	3,16	2,61
2014	2,91	3,17	2,35
2015	2,77	2,91	2,21
2016	2,50	2,66	2,04
2017	2,17	2,34	1,87
2018	1,96	2,15	1,66
2019	1,76	1,93	1,49
2020	1,52	1,53	1,47
2021	1,50	1,61	1,36
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



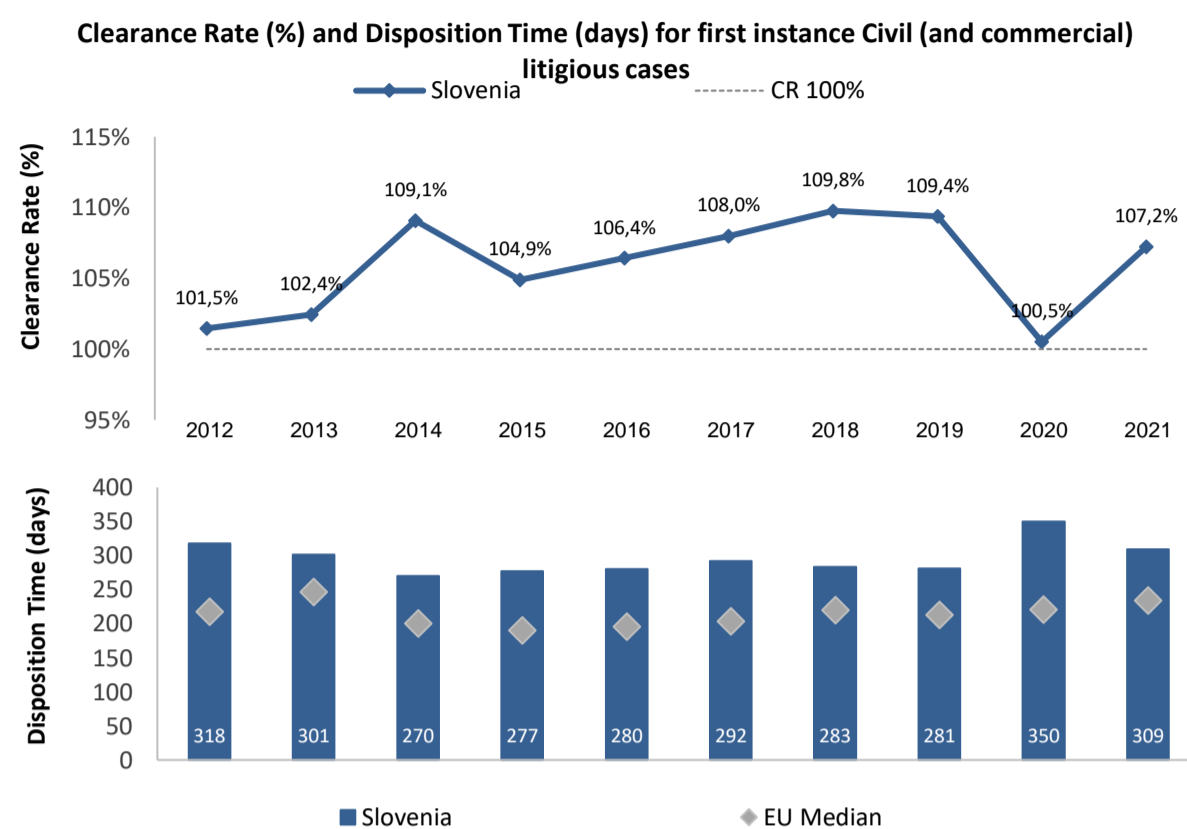
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (1,61 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (1,36 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	101,5%	100,4%	318	218
2013	102,4%	101,2%	301	247
2014	109,1%	101,8%	270	201
2015	104,9%	102,3%	277	190
2016	106,4%	102,0%	280	196
2017	108,0%	101,3%	292	204
2018	109,8%	101,2%	283	220
2019	109,4%	99,9%	281	213
2020	100,5%	98,5%	350	221
2021	107,2%	102,5%	309	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,2% in 2021, Slovenia seems to be able to efficiently deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,7 points.

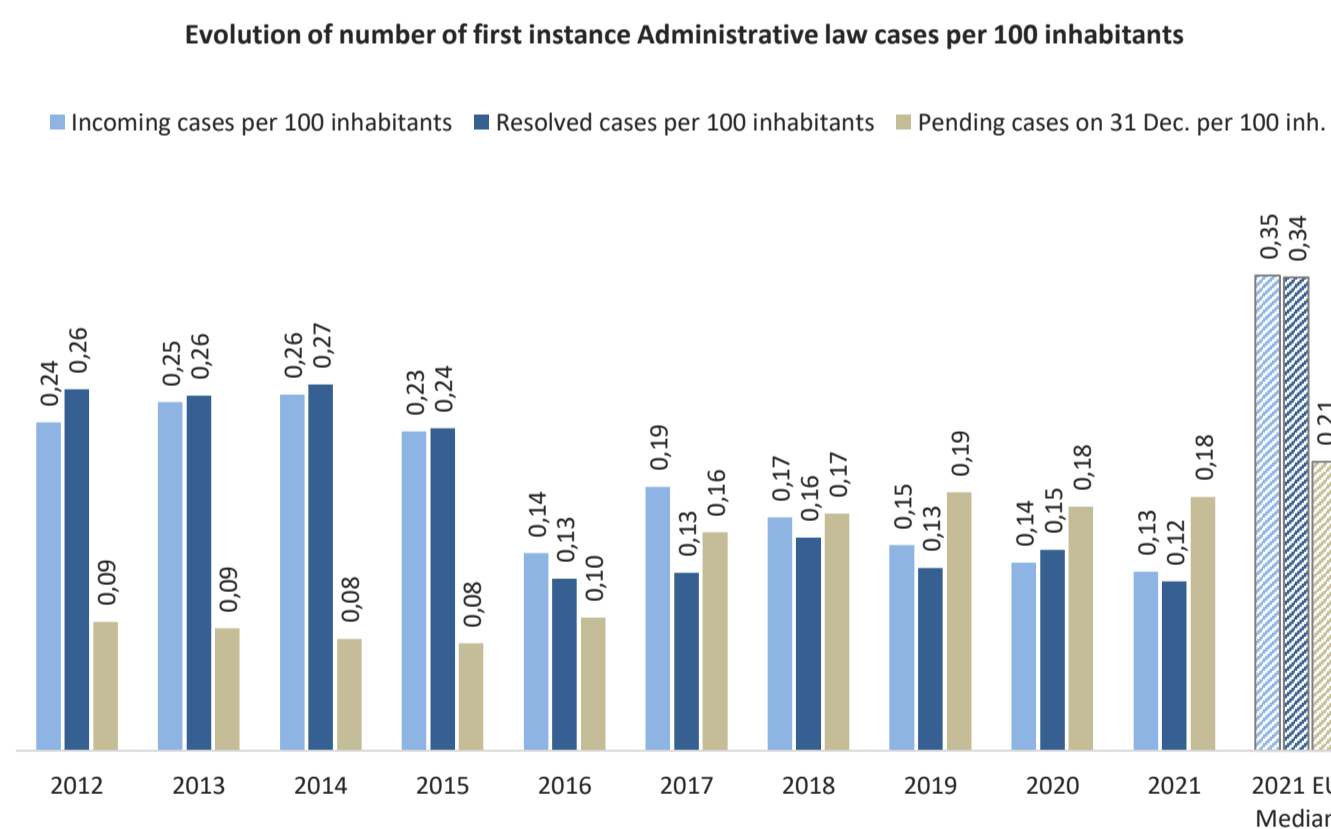
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 309 days, which is still considerably above the EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -11,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,24	0,26	0,09
2013	0,25	0,26	0,09
2014	0,26	0,27	0,08
2015	0,23	0,24	0,08
2016	0,14	0,13	0,10
2017	0,19	0,13	0,16
2018	0,17	0,16	0,17
2019	0,15	0,13	0,19
2020	0,14	0,15	0,18
2021	0,13	0,12	0,18
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



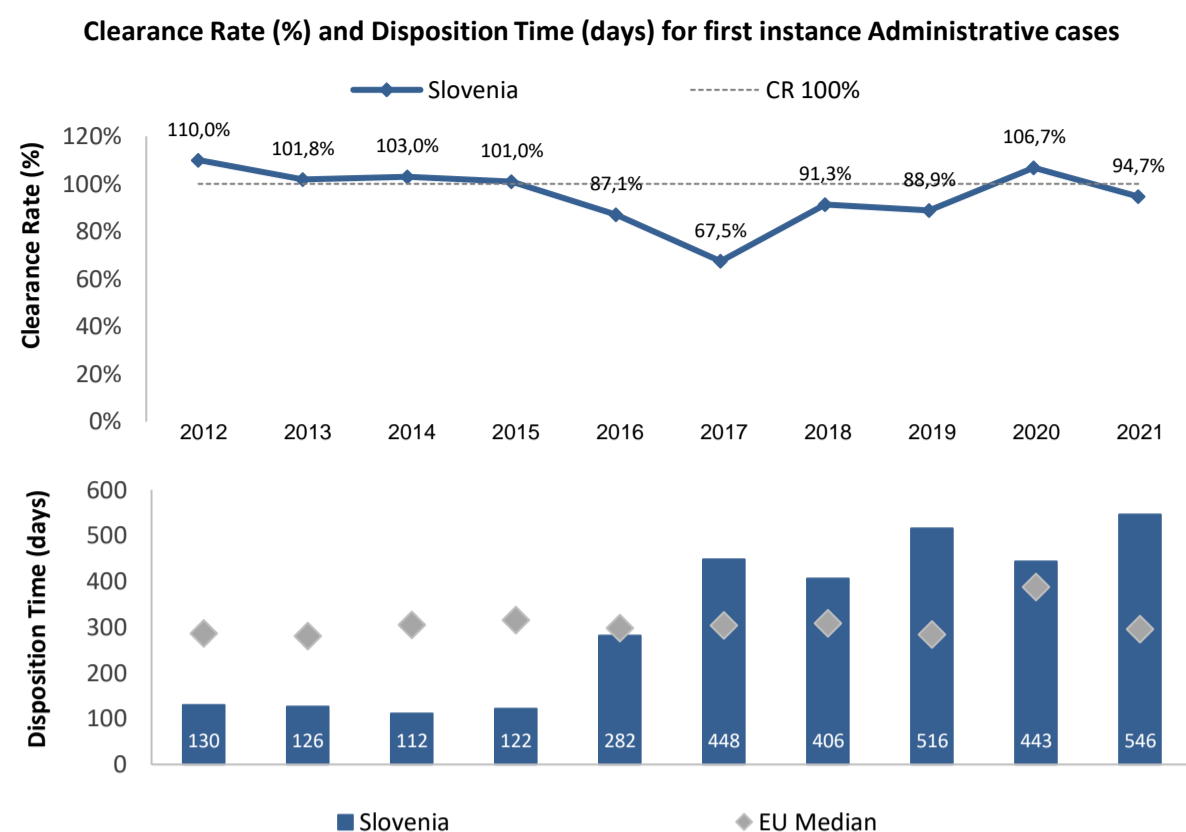
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	110,0%	101,0%	130	286
2013	101,8%	100,3%	126	281
2014	103,0%	99,6%	112	305
2015	101,0%	103,7%	122	315
2016	87,1%	103,0%	282	297
2017	67,5%	102,1%	448	303
2018	91,3%	99,7%	406	308
2019	88,9%	102,1%	516	284
2020	106,7%	100,1%	443	388
2021	94,7%	101,7%	546	296



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,7% in 2021, Slovenia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -12 points.

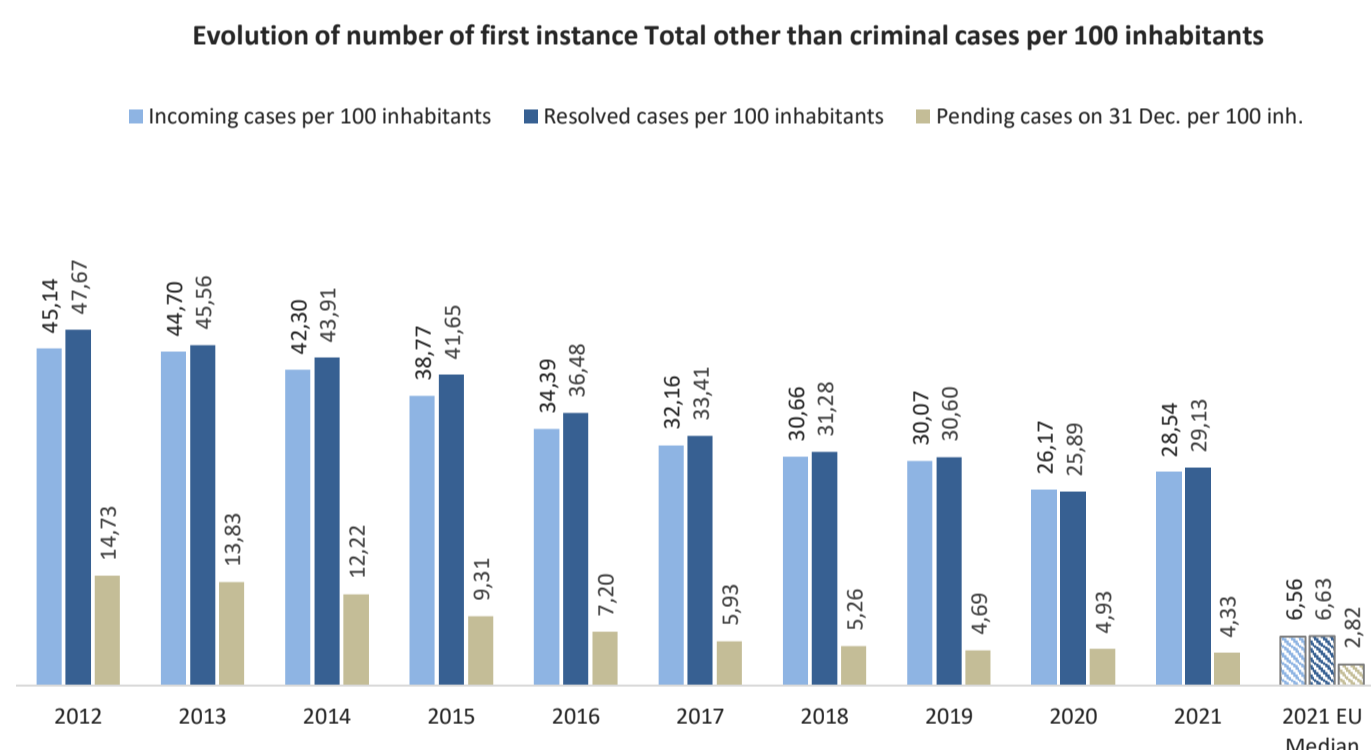
In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 546 days, which is significantly above EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 23,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	45,14	47,67	14,73
2013	44,70	45,56	13,83
2014	42,30	43,91	12,22
2015	38,77	41,65	9,31
2016	34,39	36,48	7,20
2017	32,16	33,41	5,93
2018	30,66	31,28	5,26
2019	30,07	30,60	4,69
2020	26,17	25,89	4,93
2021	28,54	29,13	4,33
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (28,54 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

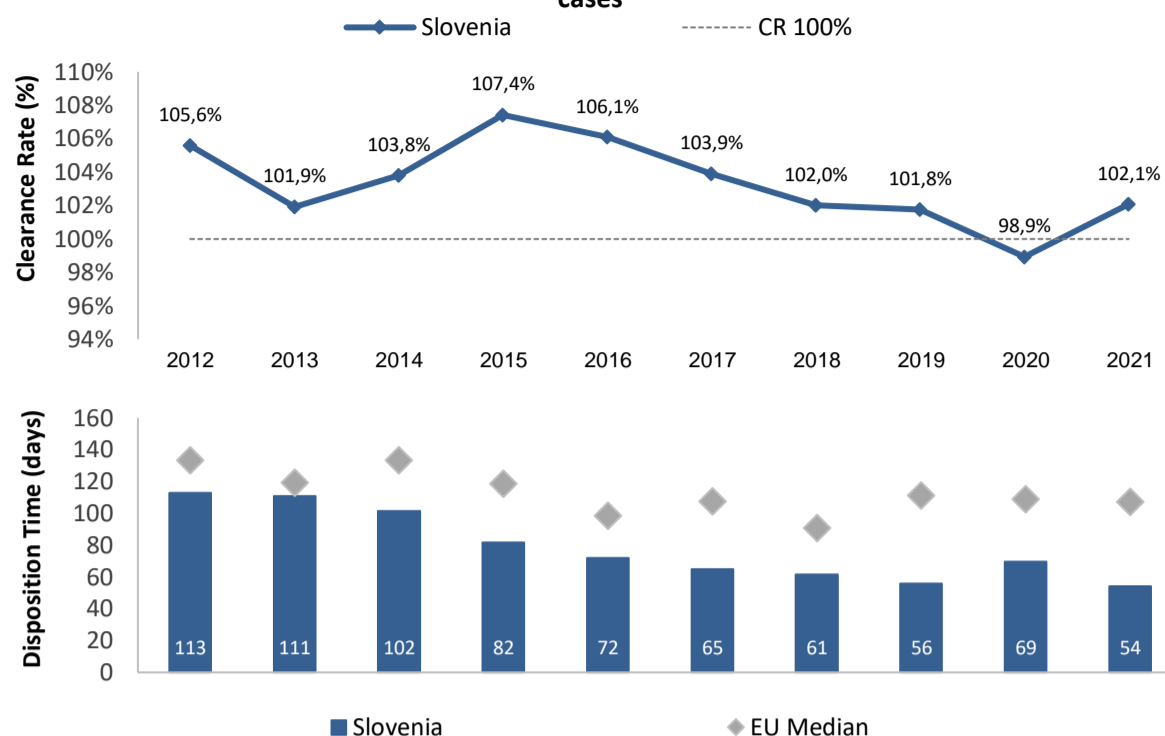
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (29,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (4,33 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	105,6%	100,5%	113	133
2013	101,9%	100,7%	111	119
2014	103,8%	101,9%	102	133
2015	107,4%	101,0%	82	119
2016	106,1%	101,5%	72	98
2017	103,9%	100,6%	65	107
2018	102,0%	100,6%	61	91
2019	101,8%	99,8%	56	111
2020	98,9%	98,7%	69	109
2021	102,1%	101,2%	54	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,1% in 2021 Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,2 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 54 days, which is well below EU median of 107 days.

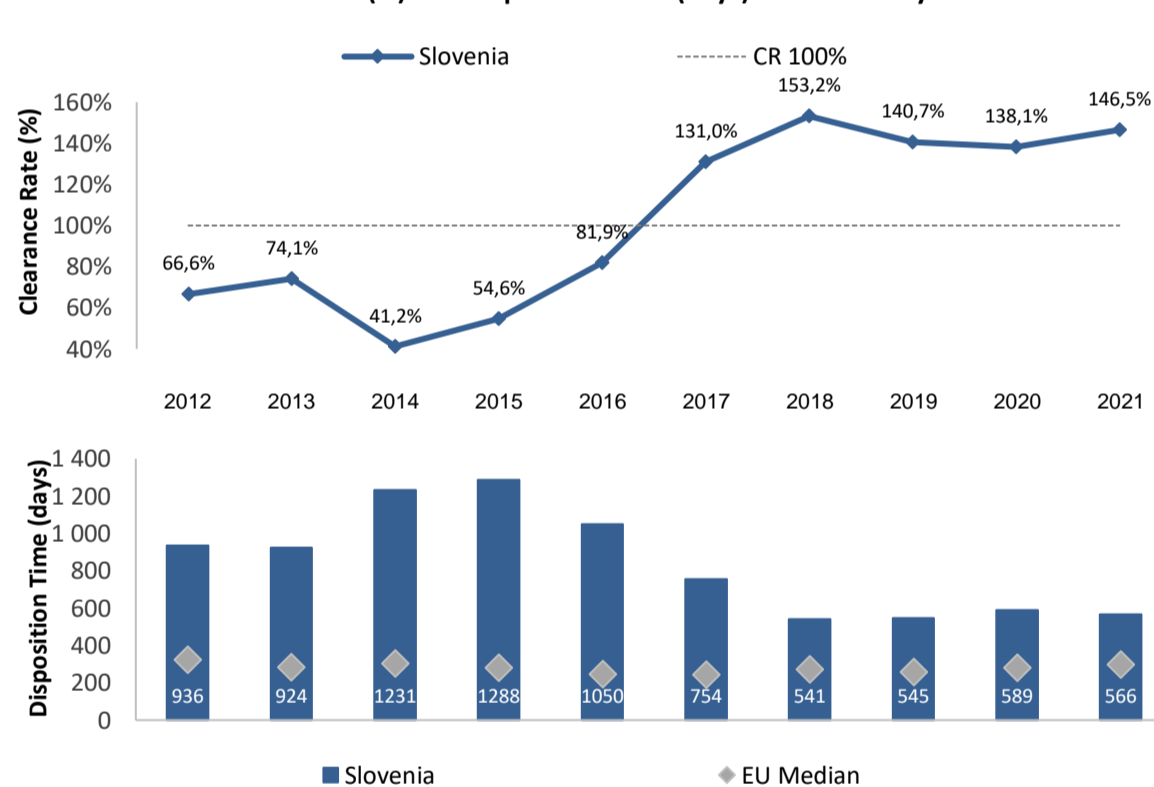
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -21,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	66,6%	95,0%	936	323
2013	74,1%	89,6%	924	282
2014	41,2%	96,9%	1231	304
2015	54,6%	104,5%	1288	282
2016	81,9%	102,0%	1050	246
2017	131,0%	103,6%	754	243
2018	153,2%	101,5%	541	271
2019	140,7%	101,2%	545	258
2020	138,1%	109,7%	589	281
2021	146,5%	103,3%	566	299

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 146,5% in 2021 Slovenia seems to be able to efficiently deal with its insolvency cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 8,4 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 566 days, which is significantly above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -3,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

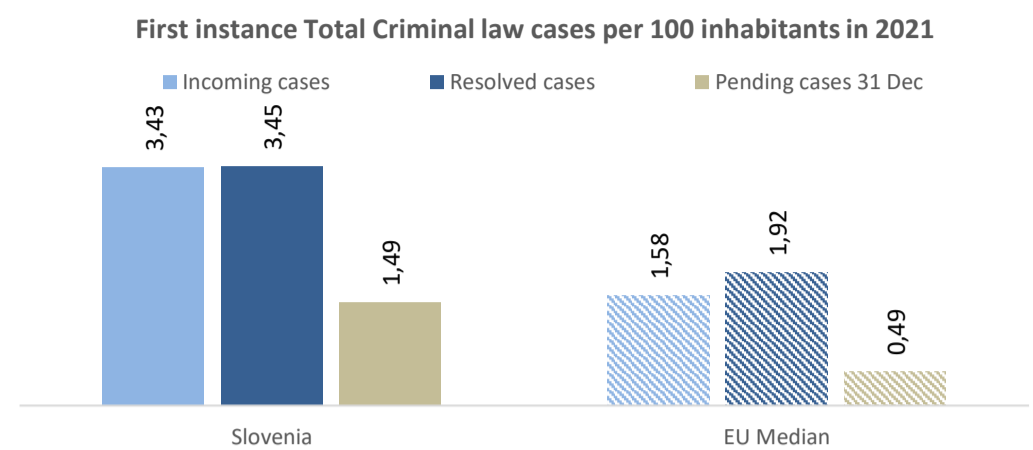
The biggest decrease is in the number of personal bankruptcies, which represent 71% of all pending cases, older than 2 years. Furthermore, the personal insolvency cases are considered resolved only when the assets have been liquidated and the trial period for the discharge of debts (that can be set to last from 6 months to 5 years) has ended.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

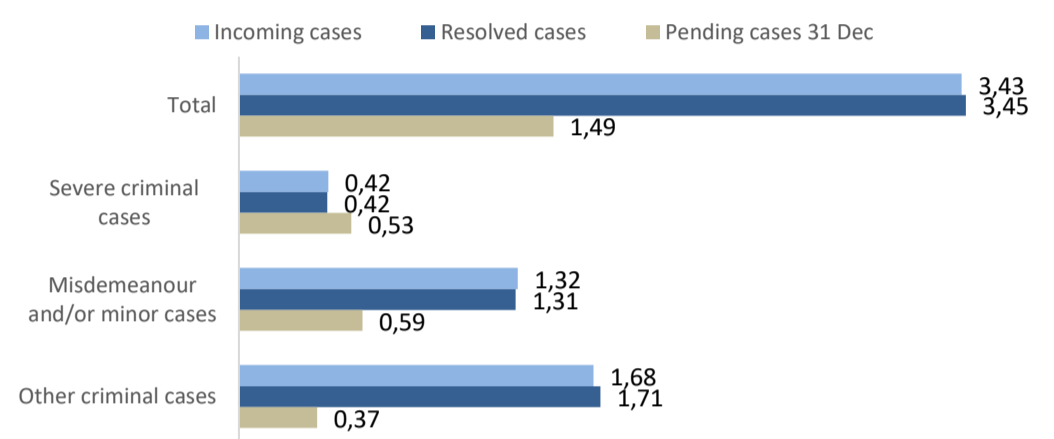
◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	31 802	72 212	72 616	31 398
Severe criminal cases	11 182	8 914	8 845	11 251
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	12 125	27 876	27 664	12 337
Other criminal cases	8 495	35 422	36 107	7 810

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1,51	3,43	3,45	1,49
Severe criminal cases	0,53	0,42	0,42	0,53
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,58	1,32	1,31	0,59
Other criminal cases	0,40	1,68	1,71	0,37



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Slovenia (3,43 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

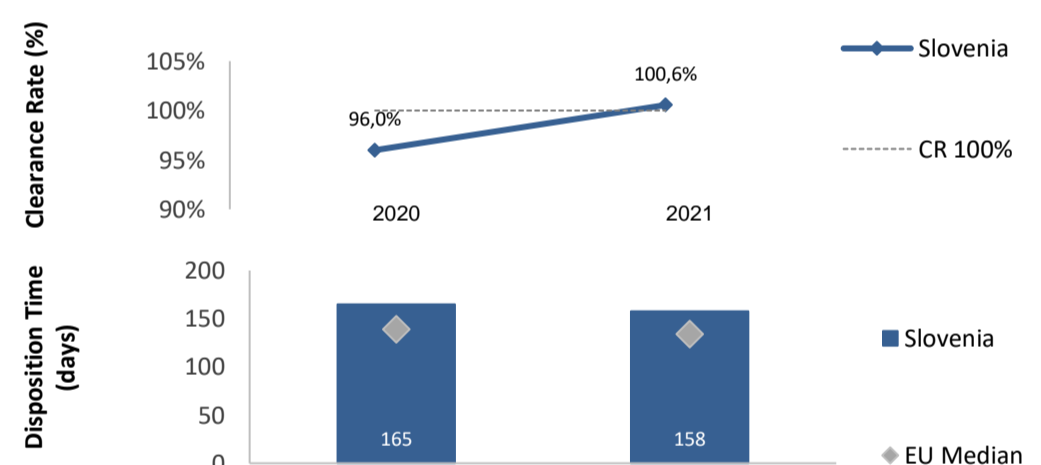
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Slovenia (3,45 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (1,49 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2020	96,0%	95,2%	165	139
2021	100,6%	100,0%	158	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,6% in 2021, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,6 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 158 days, which is slightly above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The figures in the table include the following cases:

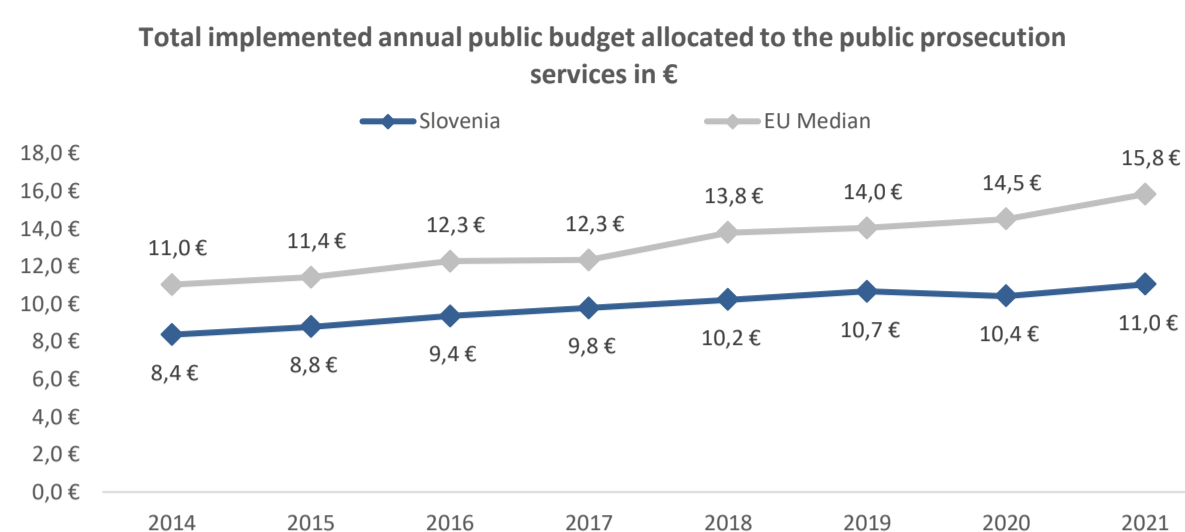
- Severe criminal cases: criminal cases at local and district courts, criminal cases against juveniles at district courts.
- Misdemeanour cases: minor offences in regular court procedure – request for judicial protection, minor offences in regular court procedure – accusation proposals, cancellation of validity of the driver's licence according to the legal limit of punitive points
- Other cases: criminal investigations at district courts, criminal cases against juveniles in preparatory proceedings, execution of the sanction of prison, execution of criminal sanctions of foreign courts, criminal investigation actions at local and district courts, various criminal matters at local and district courts, cases of the out-of-hearing senate, clemency procedures at local and district courts, legal aid in criminal matters, international legal aid in criminal matters, cases of decisions to permit interventions within human rights and freedoms, legal aid in minor offences, international legal aid in minor offences, search of premises, setting a task for the good of the community or the local community, various cases in minor offences, compliance detention.

Regarding criminal investigations at district courts: Slovenia has a system where the state public prosecutor can request a (first instance) court to perform a criminal investigation (or individual investigatory acts). When this procedure at court is finished, the case is returned to the state prosecutor, who can decide whether to dismiss a case or file an accusatory act at the (same) court. When the accusatory act is filed, a criminal trial (i.e. deliberating on the responsibility and sanctioning of the offender) begins.

5. Public prosecution services in Slovenia (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2014	17 244 379 €	8,4 €	11,0 €
2015	18 134 349 €	8,8 €	11,4 €
2016	19 351 893 €	9,4 €	12,3 €
2017	20 242 054 €	9,8 €	12,3 €
2018	21 283 779 €	10,2 €	13,8 €
2019	22 345 112 €	10,7 €	14,0 €
2020	21 981 158 €	10,4 €	14,5 €
2021	23 263 042 €	11,0 €	15,8 €



The indicated amount of implemented budget concerns the overall functioning of State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia. It does not include budget for functioning of the State Prosecution Council.

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	76 395 €	0,036 €	0,029 €
2020	26 591 €	0,013 €	0,011 €
2021	27 523 €	0,013 €	0,022 €

Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there were no educational events with physical participation, but rather virtual ones. For the aforementioned type of events there were no registration fees, or they were lower, compared to participation fees for events with physical participation. Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, the public prosecution's own educational event - Educational Prosecutor's Days, which represents the largest cost of the state prosecutor's office in the field of education, was held virtually.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Slovenia	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Slovenia	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	281 211	▲ 2,0%	13,35	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	51 857	▼ -16,1%	2,46	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	54 217	▲ 90,4%	2,57	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	43 400	▲ 12,0%	2,06	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	41 237	▲ 14,6%	1,96	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	2 163	▼ -21,6%	0,10	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 597	▲ 23,0%	0,08	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	8 408	▼ -7,9%	0,40	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	289 273	▲ 2,8%	13,73	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

Methodology used - statistical data are kept on the accused, accused or convicted persons, and the data is related to the main crime per defendant (methodology as used in the Joint Annual Report on the Work of State Prosecutor's Offices). Data also include unfinished criminal complaints against unknown perpetrators (on average, between 27,000 and 60,000 complaints a year against unknown perpetrators). These are included in statistical data as unresolved cases until they are completed (for example, statute of limitations and no legal signs of a crime).

In 2021, the reporting changed to include cases of discontinued criminal complaints against unknown offenders due to the expiration of statute of limitations in the category (3) Processed cases (previously excluded).

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year include transferred criminal complaints: against known perpetrators (11.951) and against unknown perpetrators (269.260).

Incoming cases include criminal denunciations: against known offenders (24.658) and against unknown offenders (27.199). Between 2020 and 2021, incoming cases decreased by 16%, for the following reasons: a) Covid-19 pandemics, especially limit of movement of population and related police control, b) changes in the registration of the number of criminal offences in police registers and c) increase in merging of different cases in one case at the Police and state prosecution level, compared to the previous year.

Processed cases include processed cases against known offenders (24.658) and discontinued criminal complaints against unknown offenders due to the expiration of statute of limitations (29.140).

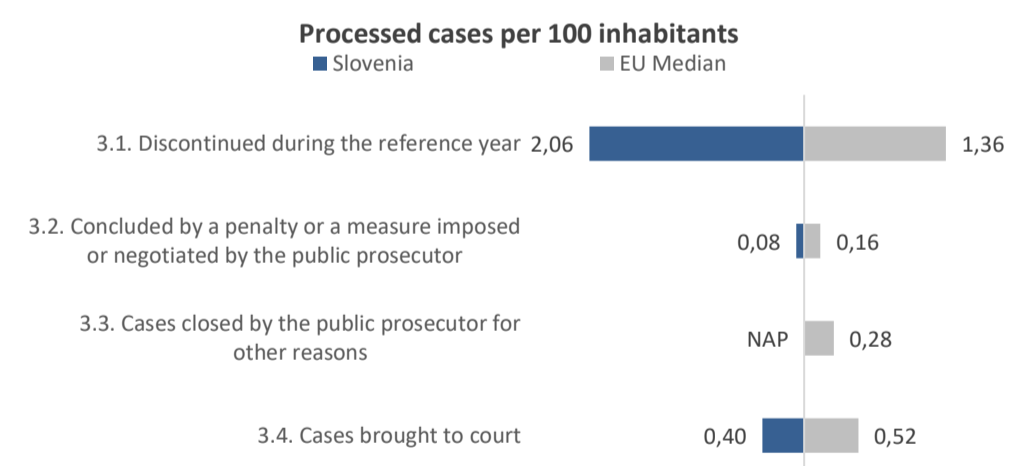
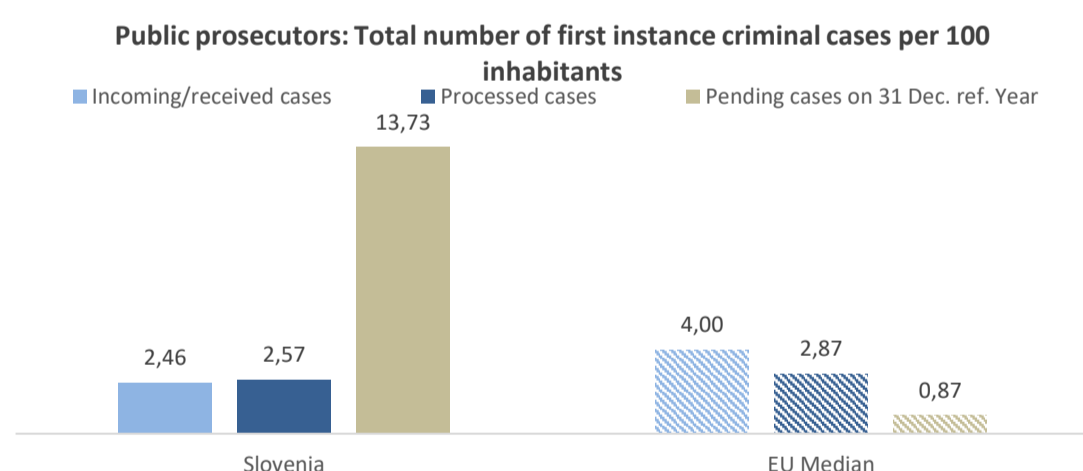
Cases discontinued during the reference year include dismissed criminal complaints: against known perpetrators (14.260) and against unknown perpetrators (29.140).

Cases discontinued due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation include: a) discontinued criminal complaints against known perpetrators due to the lack of procedural or material preconditions (10.022), b) cases discontinued (rejected) due to withdrawal of the motion of the injured party (2.000) and c) cases discontinued due to expiration of the statute of limitation: 75 (total 12.097 cases) and discontinued criminal complaints against unknown perpetrators due to the expiration of statute of limitations (29.140). Between 2020 and 2021, this type of cases increased by 17%, mainly due to a higher number of cases against unknown offenders, due to the expiration of statute of limitations, which is beyond the control of state prosecution. The number of discontinued cases against known offenders did not change significantly.

Between 2020 and 2021, cases discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity decreased by 22%. The number of cases remains comparable (despite the decrease in last year) and cannot be considered unusual, due to the structure of processed cases with the majority of offences against property and within it low value cases.

In 2021, cases concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor increased by 23% due to partial relief of preventive measures, related to Covid-19 pandemics.

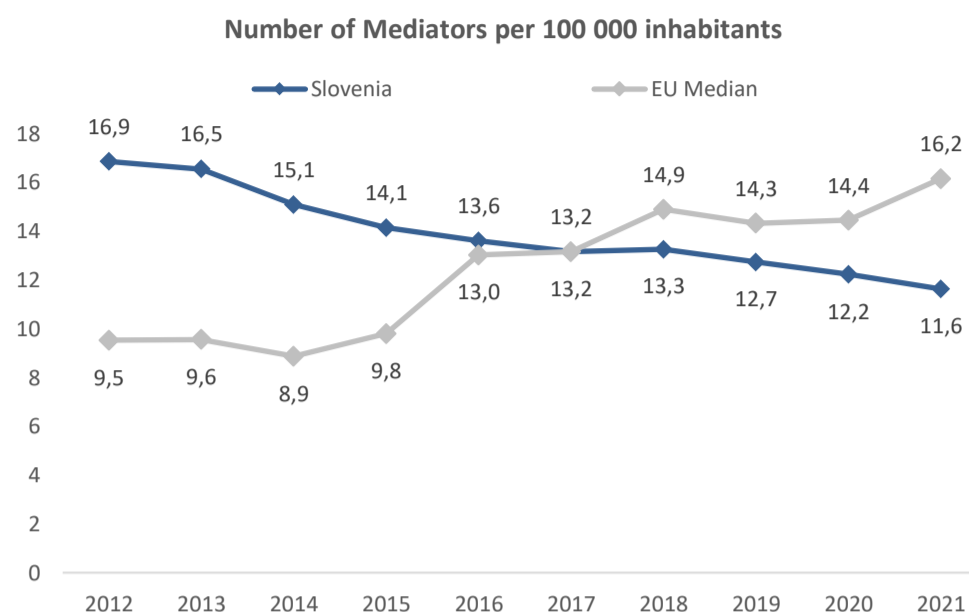
Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year include unresolved criminal complaints: against known offenders (11.709) and against known offenders (277.564).



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Slovenia (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	347	16,9	9,5
2013	341	16,5	9,6
2014	311	15,1	8,9
2015	292	14,1	9,8
2016	281	13,6	13,0
2017	272	13,2	13,2
2018	276	13,3	14,9
2019	267	12,7	14,3
2020	258	12,2	14,4
2021	245	11,6	16,2



In 2021, there are 245 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 11,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -5,0%.

The procedures for listing (and un-listing) individual mediators are led by individual courts.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	2 418	2 675	1 223
Civil and commercial	2 055	2 288	1 032
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	363	387	191
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Under category "Civil and commercial cases", all mediation cases at local and district courts are reported (including family cases and consumer cases).

The number of finished mediations and settlement decreased from 2019 to 2020 (by 22% and 26% respectively; due to the impact of Covid-19 pandemics) and increased in 2021 (by 23% and 33% respectively). The number of mediations and settlements in 2021, compared to 2019, stayed roughly the same.

7. ICT tools of courts in Slovenia (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	Yes	in all courts	in all courts
Multiple speakers recording tools		in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature		No	No

The writing assistance tools are included in the case management systems, provided by the Project management Service at the Supreme Court. The templates (including pre-written texts) are verified by the judges.

All courts are equipped by voice recording tools, maintained by courts.

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	Yes
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	Yes
Other	NA	No	No

Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes	100%	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors		100%	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff		100%	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Slovenia (2021 data)

In Slovenia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Office for Court Management Development at the Supreme Court promotes the improvement in leadership and management of courts and the increase in effectiveness and efficiency. It is responsible for the preparation of different reports and analysis regarding work of courts and the promotion of best practices.

The Department for the Organization and Development of Management of the Supreme State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Prosecution Policy and the Criteria for the Success of Prosecution of State Prosecutor's Offices.

The Supreme Court's Data warehouse, containing all court cases, as well as financial data and human resources data was implemented in 2011. The data are collected based on CEPEJ Guidelines on Judicial statistics (GOJUST). A special office at the Supreme Court with specialised knowledge was introduced in order to monitor the quality and define quality policies on the level of entire judiciary and individual courts. Quality standards based on SATURN guidelines are taken into account in several predefined BI system reports.

The important role in the determination of quality standards is played by the Supreme Court's „Opening of the judicial year“ document, in which a set of priorities is determined. The priorities are subsequently monitored throughout the judicial year by automated BI tools and customised analysis at the Supreme Court.

The 2013 amendment to the Courts Act provides that the Supreme Court shall adopt the Criteria for quality of work for courts for the next (judicial) year, based on its Yearly report on efficiency and effectiveness of courts. Since 2015, the Supreme Court has been adopting the timeframes for different types of procedures as well as for different procedural phases for next year (as a part of the Criteria for quality of work).

As for public prosecution, the criteria for quality of work are defined in the Prosecution Policy (adopted by the Prosecutor General), while the quantitative aspects of work are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

In Slovenia, there is a regular monitoring system in a form of collecting data on court statistics. Court statistics are collected and published four times a year by the Ministry of Justice. They include the data on the number of judges and court staff, number of incoming, resolved and pending cases, age of unresolved cases, length of proceedings, average time to resolve a case, type of decision, court backlogs, legal remedies and time to issue a court decision.

Besides that, the data on court activities are automatically on national level, thus statistical analysis are made possible. All courts have access to a wide range of special reports, generated in the Court management information system. Reports include detailed information on court activities (for example length of specific phases of a court proceeding, top 20 oldest cases in certain area of law, etc.), human resources, court performance indicators (the critical indicators are marked red for unsatisfactory performance and green when meeting the standards) that provide guidance to presidents and directors of courts. The business intelligence system that creates priority reports derives the data from the Data warehouse of the Supreme Court. The same source is used for Court statistics publications by the Ministry of Justice. Each court is able to access the above mentioned reports at any moment, while some data are quarterly collected and published on national level (as prescribed by the Court rules).

The satisfaction surveys are performed and results published bi-annually.

In Slovenia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✗

The Annual work programme consists of the assessment of the expected number of incoming cases, timeframes for typical procedural acts and solving cases and the plan of operating results. The latter includes the expected number of resolved cases and criteria of efficiency (resolved cases to staff ratio), effectiveness (expected time to resolution) and economy (budgetary funds to solved cases ratio) (the Courts Act, art. 71.b).

The number of complaints is monitored as a performance indicator, however it is not directly considered as a measure of quality of work.

The data on satisfaction of court staff and users is collected bi-annually by the Supreme court and is taken into account by the Judicial Council when deciding on the nomination of court presidents. Consequently, the results of the aforementioned surveys have been included in the opinion of the President of the Supreme Court on the candidacy of court presidents, as well as on the data on work of courts for the purpose of assessment of judicial service for court presidents.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

In 2021, the Judicial Council started taking into account the results of the satisfaction surveys of court staff and court users (performed bi-annually by the Supreme court) when deciding on the nomination of court presidents. Consequently, the results of the aforementioned surveys have been included in the opinion of the President of the Supreme Court on the candidacy of court presidents, as well as on the data on work of courts for the purpose of assessment of judicial service for court presidents. We consider that the aforementioned decision of the Judicial Council is the legal ground to include the satisfaction surveys amongst defined indicators.

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The BI tools that use data gathered in information system of the State Prosecutor's Office provide the heads of prosecution offices with up-to-date overview of the performance of state prosecutors and the functioning of the office. Heads can customize the level and content of information presented to them for the purpose of making quantitative data supported decisions on allocation of work among prosecutors, control of the case-flow.

"Other": percentage of different types of decisions, value of proceeds of crime under freezing order, pronounced criminal sanctions etc.

In Slovenia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The quantitative indicators are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council. General guidelines for the work of state prosecutors and priority fields of prosecution are defined in a Prosecution Policy by prosecutor general. Heads of offices implement both criteria in their Annual Work Program. Twice a year the prosecutor general, the State Prosecutorial Council and the Minister discuss the performance of state prosecutor's offices at joint meetings held with the heads of state prosecutor's offices and adopt and/or coordinate the measures required for implementation of annual work programmes. An evaluation of attained goals set in the adopted Annual Work Programme, Criteria and Prosecution Policy are an integral part of Annual Report of each prosecution office. The prosecutor general compiles Joint Annual Report on the work of the whole state prosecutor offices. The Minister and State Prosecutorial Council may submit their opinion to this report.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The State Prosecutorial Council adopts the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices on the proposal of the State Prosecutor General. The criteria define indicators and their target values for the appraisal of the work efficiency and realization of prosecution policy.

The criteria for the success of the prosecution of public prosecutors determine the following indicators: the number of unresolved cases at the end of the period, clearance rate, expected solution time, time criteria for typical process actions, (from the initiative of the police to the submission of a proposal to carry out urgent investigative actions, from the receipt to the rejection of the criminal complaint, from the receipt of the criminal complaint to the submission of a request for investigation or a proposal for individual investigative actions, from the receipt of the criminal complaint (without investigation) to the filing of the indictment, from the end of the investigation or individual investigative actions until the filing of the indictment, from the receipt of the complaint to the decision of the public prosecutor on the postponed prosecution and settlement, efficiency indicator, cost-effectiveness indicator, proportions of prosecution decisions, shares of rejected complaints according to individual reasons, shares of decisions alternative to criminal prosecution, share of penal orders, share of convictions, shares of imposed criminal sanctions.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	2 108 977	2 107 180	2,3%	-0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	20 951	22 182	22 983	22 014	24 678	43,7%	12,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	True	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	True	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	True

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									True	True		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	66	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	60	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	0,0%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	70	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	76	76	-1,3%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	356 071	303 220	285 279	251 889	192 231	148 701	122 514	109 533	98 134	103 842	-70,8%	5,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	42 220	38 624	34 645	31 115	30 914	-45,4%	-0,6%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	82 719	61 003	49 196	44 288	42 189	-	-4,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	77 127	56 402	44 203	39 854	40 088	-80,0%	0,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	5 592	4 601	4 993	4 434	2 101	-	-52,6%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	5 179	4 119	4 610	4 061	1 778	-96,0%	-56,2%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	839	477	957	633	402	413	482	383	373	323	-61,5%	-13,4%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	2 000	3 292	3 600	3 946	3 751	54,4%	-4,9%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	21 762	19 595	22 092	18 785	26 988	-47,1%	43,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	664 648	638 075	630 234	551 822	601 311	-35,3%	9,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	44 772	40 700	36 979	32 097	31 540	-49,7%	-1,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	457 958	437 669	438 320	382 730	446 889	-	16,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	169 702	163 899	164 614	135 459	141 947	-43,3%	4,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	288 256	273 770	273 706	247 271	304 942	-	23,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	234 035	222 701	224 102	204 992	260 603	-15,1%	27,1%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	54 221	51 069	49 604	42 279	44 339	-11,6%	4,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	3 976	3 540	3 139	2 893	2 751	-44,2%	-4,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	157 942	156 166	151 796	134 102	120 131	-52,8%	-10,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	690 542	650 931	641 379	545 936	613 749	-37,5%	12,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	48 354	44 677	40 444	32 262	33 822	-46,9%	4,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	479 405	449 352	443 040	384 687	446 873	-	16,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	190 165	175 982	168 777	135 087	144 318	-44,8%	6,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	289 240	273 370	274 263	249 600	302 555	-	21,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	235 094	222 205	224 654	207 271	258 271	-23,4%	24,6%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	54 146	51 165	49 609	42 329	44 284	-12,3%	4,6%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	2 682	3 233	2 792	3 088	2 604	-52,0%	-15,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	160 101	153 669	155 103	125 899	130 450	-50,5%	3,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	122 613	109 512	98 206	103 876	91 286	-69,9%	-12,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	38 638	34 647	31 180	30 950	28 631	-48,4%	-7,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	61 078	49 175	44 298	42 187	42 088	-	-0,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	56 472	44 175	39 862	40 086	37 602	-80,1%	-6,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	4 606	5 000	4 436	2 101	4 486	-	113,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	4 118	4 614	4 058	1 778	4 108	-72,1%	131,0%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	477	1 011	634	402	419	488	386	378	323	378	-20,8%	17,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	3 294	3 599	3 947	3 751	3 898	101,3%	3,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	19 603	22 091	18 781	26 988	16 668	-60,4%	-38,2%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,6%	101,9%	103,8%	107,4%	106,1%	103,9%	102,0%	101,8%	98,9%	102,1%	(3,54)	3,14
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,5%	102,4%	109,1%	104,9%	106,4%	108,0%	109,8%	109,4%	100,5%	107,2%	5,76	6,72
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,7%	109,7%	107,4%	104,7%	102,7%	101,1%	100,5%	100,0%	-	(0,51)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,5%	104,2%	105,5%	124,7%	119,8%	112,1%	107,4%	102,5%	99,7%	101,7%	(2,79)	1,94

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,4%	99,7%	100,3%	99,9%	100,2%	100,9%	99,2%	-	(1,72)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	109,8%	102,1%	101,1%	100,4%	99,7%	100,5%	99,8%	100,2%	101,1%	99,1%	(10,74)	(2,01)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,7%	99,5%	100,5%	100,4%	100,0%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	100,1%	99,9%	(0,85)	(0,24)
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	110,0%	101,8%	103,0%	101,0%	87,1%	67,5%	91,3%	88,9%	106,7%	94,7%	(15,36)	(12,08)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,5%	99,9%	105,2%	102,3%	102,7%	101,4%	98,4%	102,2%	93,9%	108,6%	5,08	14,71
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	113	111	102	82	72	65	61	56	69	54	-51,9%	-21,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	350	309	-2,8%	-11,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103	74	58	47	40	36	40	34	-	-14,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	263	248	249	162	127	108	92	86	108	95	-63,9%	-12,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6	5	7	6	7	6	3	5	-	76,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	16	11	7	6	8	6	8	7	3	6	-63,5%	85,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	3	6	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	-9,6%	11,9%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	443	546	319,4%	23,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	58	60	49	46	45	45	52	44	78	47	-20,1%	-40,4%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	1 068	1 022	1 048	1 033	896	815	727	721	638	805	-24,6%	26,2%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--------	-------

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	622	657	743	598	551	570	412	370	361	583	-6,3%	61,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	3 667	4 558	5 288	9 169	11 999	12 995	11 661	9 449	7 916	6 758	84,3%	-14,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	136	-	11,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	17	-	13,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	1 954	1 917	1 839	1 709	1 748	1 644	1 607	1 326	1 143	1 123	-42,5%	-1,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 038	1 085	932	905	887	722	642	650	837	592	-43,0%	-29,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 669	2 819	6 596	6 224	5 517	4 306	4 158	3 766	3 033	2 471	-7,4%	-18,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	88	-	23,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	13	-	-7,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 891	1 851	1 842	1 829	1 732	1 614	1 409	975	1 211	-39,5%	24,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 003	999	1 075	952	868	881	683	658	615	778	-22,4%	26,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 778	2 089	2 717	3 398	4 519	5 642	6 370	5 298	4 190	3 619	103,5%	-13,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	62	-	10,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	11	-	-15,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	1 022	1 048	1 036	900	815	727	720	638	806	717	-29,8%	-11,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	657	743	600	551	570	411	371	362	583	397	-39,6%	-31,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	4 558	5 288	9 167	11 995	12 997	11 659	9 449	7 917	6 759	5 610	23,1%	-17,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	162	-	18,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	19	-	18,8%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	102,4%	98,6%	100,7%	107,8%	104,6%	105,4%	100,4%	106,3%	85,3%	107,8%	5,48	22,53
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,6%	92,1%	115,3%	105,2%	97,9%	122,0%	106,4%	101,2%	73,5%	131,4%	34,79	57,94
CR Insolvency cases	66,6%	74,1%	41,2%	54,6%	81,9%	131,0%	153,2%	140,7%	138,1%	146,5%	79,84	8,31
DT Litigious divorce cases	187	202	204	178	163	153	163	165	302	216	15,9%	-28,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	239	271	204	211	240	170	198	201	346	186	-22,1%	-46,2%
DT Insolvency cases	936	924	1 231	1 288	1 050	754	541	545	589	566	-39,5%	-3,9%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 158	4 818	4 215	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	1 182	-	-51,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 924	3 141	2 887	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	805	-	-50,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 234	1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	377	-	-53,5%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 129	1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	361	-	-54,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			105	87	79	68	73	40	21	16	-	-23,8%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			83	74	54	60	68	33	15	12	-	-20,0%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			22	13	25	8	5	7	6	4	-	-33,3%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			22 257	20 565	18 684	16 544	14 786	13 333	11 186	11 190	-	0,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			12 913	11 943	10 798	9 348	8 541	7 648	6 545	6 571	-	0,4%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 344	8 622	7 886	7 196	6 245	5 685	4 641	4 619	-	-0,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			8 730	8 096	7 442	6 718	5 775	5 265	4 250	4 262	-	0,3%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			614	526	444	478	470	420	391	357	-	-8,7%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			526	411	345	403	367	360	324	296	-	-8,6%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			88	115	99	75	103	60	67	61	-	-9,0%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 597	21 170	18 756	17 304	15 370	13 708	12 428	10 918	-	-12,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			13 696	12 199	10 817	9 828	8 933	8 030	7 354	6 347	-	-13,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 901	8 971	7 939	7 476	6 437	5 678	5 074	4 571	-	-9,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			9 269	8 437	7 484	7 003	5 934	5 239	4 678	4 224	-	-9,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			632	534	455	473	503	439	396	347	-	-12,4%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			535	431	339	395	402	378	327	285	-	-12,8%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			97	103	116	78	101	61	69	62	-	-10,1%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 818	4 216	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	1 181	1 454	-	23,1%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 141	2 888	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	805	1 029	-	27,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	376	425	-	13,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	361	399	-	10,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			87	79	68	73	40	21	15	26	-	73,3%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			74	54	60	68	33	15	11	23	-	109,1%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			13	25	8	5	7	6	4	3	-	-25,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	6	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	6	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			106,0%	102,9%	100,4%	104,6%	103,9%	102,8%	111,1%	97,6%	-	(13,53)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,1%	102,1%	100,2%	105,1%	104,6%	105,0%	112,4%	96,6%	-	(15,77)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			106,0%	104,0%	100,7%	103,9%	103,1%	99,9%	109,3%	99,0%	-	(10,37)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			106,2%	104,2%	100,6%	104,2%	102,8%	99,5%	110,1%	99,1%	-	(10,96)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			102,9%	101,5%	102,5%	99,0%	107,0%	104,5%	101,3%	97,2%	-	(4,08)
CR Non litigious land registry cases			101,7%	104,9%	98,3%	98,0%	109,5%	105,0%	100,9%	96,3%	-	(4,64)

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			110,2%	89,6%	117,2%	104,0%	98,1%	101,7%	103,0%	101,6%	-	(1,35)
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			75	73	81	71	66	65	35	49	-	40,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			84	86	97	89	82	73	40	59	-	48,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			62	54	59	49	46	52	27	34	-	25,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			63	54	59	48	47	55	28	34	-	22,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			50	54	55	56	29	17	14	27	-	97,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			50	46	65	63	30	14	12	29	-	139,9%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			49	89	25	23	25	36	21	18	-	-16,5%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 375	1 377	1 282	1 230	1 182	912	606	435	-	-28,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 091	903	798	759	806	690	467	291	-	-37,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28	20	13	9	21	9	16	22	-	37,5%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			25	15	11	8	18	9	14	17	-	21,4%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	150,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	150,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			256	454	471	462	355	213	123	122	-	-0,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 770	2 715	2 719	2 583	2 398	2 370	2 062	2 161	-	4,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 782	1 885	1 808	1 846	2 008	1 970	1 621	1 651	-	1,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			37	30	22	29	22	53	76	114	-	50,0%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26	27	21	25	20	45	66	101	-	53,0%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	13	-	30,0%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	13	-	30,0%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			951	800	889	708	368	347	365	396	-	8,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 768	2 810	2 770	2 631	2 668	2 676	2 233	2 133	-	-4,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 970	1 991	1 847	1 799	2 124	2 193	1 797	1 616	-	-10,1%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			45	36	26	17	34	46	70	118	-	68,6%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			36	30	24	15	29	40	63	103	-	63,5%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	15	-	114,3%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	15	-	114,3%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			753	783	897	815	510	437	366	399	-	9,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 377	1 282	1 231	1 182	912	606	435	463	-	6,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			903	797	759	806	690	467	291	326	-	12,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			20	14	9	21	9	16	22	18	-	-18,2%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			15	12	8	18	9	14	17	15	-	-11,8%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	3	-	-40,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	3	-	-40,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			454	471	463	355	213	123	122	119	-	-2,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	9	46	8	30	32	22	-	-31,3%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	6	5	-	3	3	11	-	266,7%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	3	40	8	27	29	11	-	-62,1%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,9%	103,5%	101,9%	101,9%	111,3%	112,9%	108,3%	98,7%	-	(9,59)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			110,5%	105,6%	102,2%	97,5%	105,8%	111,3%	110,9%	97,9%	-	(12,98)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			121,6%	120,0%	118,2%	58,6%	154,5%	86,8%	92,1%	103,5%	-	11,40
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			138,5%	111,1%	114,3%	60,0%	145,0%	88,9%	95,5%	102,0%	-	6,53
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	115,4%	-	45,38
CR Non litigious land registry cases			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	115,4%	-	45,38
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			79,2%	97,9%	100,9%	115,1%	138,6%	125,9%	100,3%	100,8%	-	0,48
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			182	167	162	164	125	83	71	79	-	11,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			167	146	150	164	119	78	59	74	-	24,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			162	142	126	451	97	127	115	56	-	-51,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			152	146	122	438	113	128	98	53	-	-46,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	73	-	-72,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	73	-	-72,0%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			220	220	188	159	152	103	122	109	-	-10,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									28 879	31 802	-	10,1%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									9 170	11 182	-	21,9%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									12 393	12 125	-	-2,2%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									7 316	8 495	-	16,1%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									73 368	72 212	-	-1,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									9 550	8 914	-	-6,7%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									27 970	27 876	-	-0,3%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									35 848	35 422	-	-1,2%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									70 425	72 616	-	3,1%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									7 546	8 845	-	17,2%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									28 237	27 664	-	-2,0%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									34 642	36 107	-	4,2%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									31 823	31 398	-	-1,3%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									11 174	11 251	-	0,7%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 126	12 337	-	1,7%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									8 523	7 810	-	-8,4%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4 272	4 546	-	6,4%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									3 222	3 656	-	13,5%
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									521	345	-	-33,8%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									529	545	-	3,0%

Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)

CR of Total									96,0%	100,6%	-	4,6
CR of Severe cases									79,0%	99,2%	-	20,2
CR of Misdemeanour cases									101,0%	99,2%	-	(1,7)
CR of Other									96,6%	101,9%	-	5,48
DT of Total									165	158	-	-4,3%
DT of Severe cases									540	464	-	-14,1%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									157	163	-	3,8%
DT of Other									90	79	-	-12,1%

Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)

098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									606	351	-	-42,1%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									494	312	-	-36,8%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									104	32	-	-69,2%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									8	7	-	-12,5%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 597	6 426	-	39,8%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									3 297	3 590	-	8,9%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									979	2 453	-	150,6%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									321	383	-	19,3%
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 852	5 851	-	20,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									3 479	3 478	-	0,0%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									1 051	1 991	-	89,4%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									322	382	-	18,6%
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									351	926	-	163,8%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									312	424	-	35,9%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									32	494	-	1443,8%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									7	8	-	14,3%
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	2	-	0,0%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									2	2	-	0,0%
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									105,5%	91,1%	-	(13,73)
CR o2 Severe cases									105,5%	96,9%	-	(8,19)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									107,4%	81,2%	-	(24,39)

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									100,3%	99,7%	-	(0,57)
DT of Total									26	58	-	118,8%
DT of Severe cases									33	44	-	35,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									11	91	-	714,9%
DT of Other									8	8	-	-3,7%
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									303	278	-	-8,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									294	266	-	-9,5%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									9	12	-	33,3%
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									663	714	-	7,7%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									622	671	-	7,9%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									42	43	-	2,4%
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									688	791	-	15,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									650	754	-	16,0%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									38	37	-	-2,6%
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									278	201	-	-27,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									266	183	-	-31,2%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12	18	-	50,0%
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	5	-	150,0%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									2	5	-	150,0%
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									103,8%	110,8%	-	7,01
CR of Severe cases									104,5%	112,4%	-	7,87
CR of Misdemeanour cases									90,5%	86,0%	-	(4,43)
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									147	93	-	-37,1%
DT of Severe cases									149	89	-	-40,7%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									115	178	-	54,1%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									275 591	281 211	-	2,0%
2. Incoming/received cases									61 789	51 857	-	-16,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									28 472	54 217	-	90,4%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									38 743	43 400	-	12,0%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									35 984	41 237	-	14,6%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									2 759	2 163	-	-21,6%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									1 298	1 597	-	23,0%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									9 130	8 408	-	-7,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									281 332	289 273	-	2,8%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,46	0,88	-	90,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									4,55	4,68	-	2,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									255	342	-	34,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	342	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	20 309 563	21 348 447	22 418 592	22 442 890	23 933 518	35,6%	6,64%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	17 244 379	18 134 349	19 351 893	20 242 054	21 283 779	22 345 112	21 981 158	23 263 042	-	5,83%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	87 101	74 171	67 320	-	-9,24%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	76 395	26 591	27 523	-	3,50%

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									9 876	8 241	-	(0,17)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									9 138	7 507	-	(0,18)
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									738	734	-	(0,01)
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									30	30	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									32	18	-	-43,8%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									15	4	-	-73,3%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									15	11	-	-26,7%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									2	3	-	50,0%
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									11	21	-	90,9%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									3	7	-	133,3%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									4	10	-	150,0%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									4	4	-	0,0%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									389 871 £	994 446 £	-	155,1%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									61 615 £	107 129 £	-	73,9%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									242 108 £	836 738 £	-	245,6%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									86 147 £	50 579 £	-	-41,3%
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							NA	0% (NAP)	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	NAP	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	NAP	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	970	951	924	897	880	859	867	873	875	860	-11,3%	-1,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	753	738	724	665	641	628	636	634	638	694	-7,8%	8,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	183	116	171	202	208	199	199	209	208	136	-25,7%	-34,6%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	34	33	29	30	31	32	32	30	29	30	-11,8%	3,4%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	217	212	202	201	185	187	186	181	176	173	-20,3%	-1,7%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	148	122	139	126	115	120	119	111	110	126	-14,9%	14,5%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	48	16	45	57	52	50	48	52	48	28	-41,7%	-41,7%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	21	20	18	18	18	17	19	18	18	19	-9,5%	5,6%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	753	739	722	696	695	672	681	692	699	687	-8,8%	-1,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	605	589	585	539	526	508	517	523	528	568	-6,1%	7,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	135	73	126	145	156	149	151	157	160	108	-20,0%	-32,5%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	11	12	13	15	13	12	11	11	-15,4%	0,0%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	802	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	644	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	129	-	-
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	29	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	469	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	370	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	84	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	15	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	250	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	208	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	36	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	6	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	34	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	27	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	7	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	50	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	39	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	9	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	2	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	3 427	3 455	3,8%	0,8%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	346	425	505	481	516	511	506	494	497	469	35,5%	-5,6%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	481	838	1 080	659	826	802	970	1 068	1 005	1 119	132,6%	11,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	1 822	1 716	1 679	1 734	1 680	-	-3,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	414	131	162	192	193	199	186	191	187	-	-2,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	NA	420	405	406	411	402	407	435	428	-	-1,6%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	NA	NA	49	49	43	41	38	44	39	-	-11,4%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	109	124	132	131	144	131	153	-	16,8%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	172	136	132	120	126	159	136	-	-14,5%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	75	97	104	110	99	101	100	-	-1,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	2 917	2 989	3 020	2 992	3 027	-	1,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	429	467	468	465	456	453	430	-	-5,1%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	550	702	670	839	924	874	966	-	10,5%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	1 690	1 596	1 553	1 575	1 544	-	-2,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	87	95	89	89	87	90	87	-	-3,3%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									3 427	3 455	-	0,8%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 035	3 041	-	0,2%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									269	280	-	4,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									123	134	-	8,9%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									435	428	-	-1,6%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									349	339	-	-2,9%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									52	55	-	5,8%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									34	34	-	0,0%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									2 992	3 027	-	1,2%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 686	2 702	-	0,6%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									217	225	-	3,7%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									89	100	-	12,4%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									206	201	-	-2,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									151	144	-	-4,6%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									43	45	-	4,7%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	12	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									65	62	-	-4,6%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									43	40	-	-7,0%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									15	16	-	6,7%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									7	6	-	-14,3%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									141	139	-	-1,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									108	104	-	-3,7%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									28	29	-	3,6%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									5	6	-	20,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									321	302	-	-5,9%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									64	53	-	-17,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									257	249	-	-3,1%
004 Annual average salary in the country									22 300 €	23 635 €	-	6,0%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									32 628 €	32 628 €	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									63 660 €	63 660 €	-	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									32 628 €	32 628 €	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									63 660 €	63 660 €	-	0,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									20 568 €	20 568 €	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									36 984 €	36 984 €	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									20 568 €	20 568 €	-	0,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									36 984 €	36 984 €	-	0,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	2	-	-33,3%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	2	-	-33,3%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									1	2	-	100,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	2	-	100,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	1	-	0,0%

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	1 737	1 768	1 813	1 834	1 856	31,0%	1,2%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							954	970	976	976	-	0,0%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							814	843	858	880	-	2,6%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Slovenia

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	347	341	311	292	281	272	276	267	258	245	-29,4%	-5,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					2 844	3 093	2 818	2 787	2 437	2 418	-	-0,8%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					2 320	2 625	2 451	2 414	2 076	2 055	-	-1,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					524	NA	367	373	361	363	-	0,6%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Spain

(2021 data)

General data

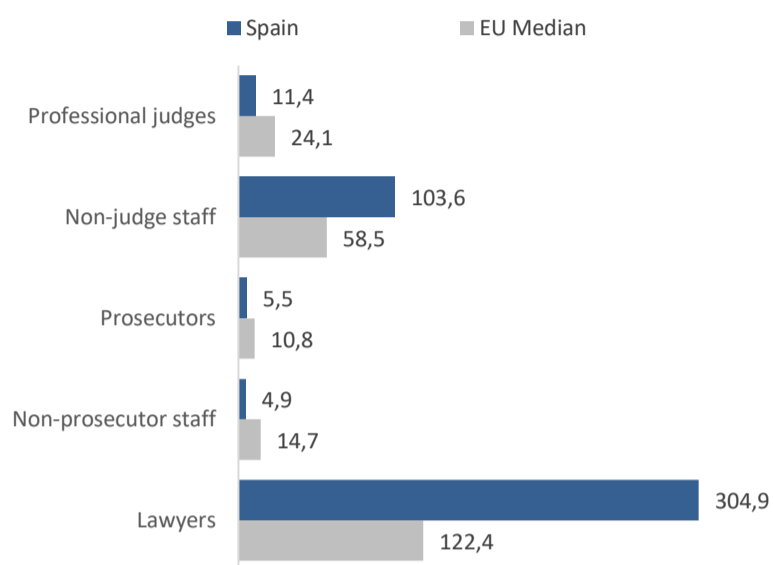
Population: 47 435 597

GDP per capita: 25 404 €

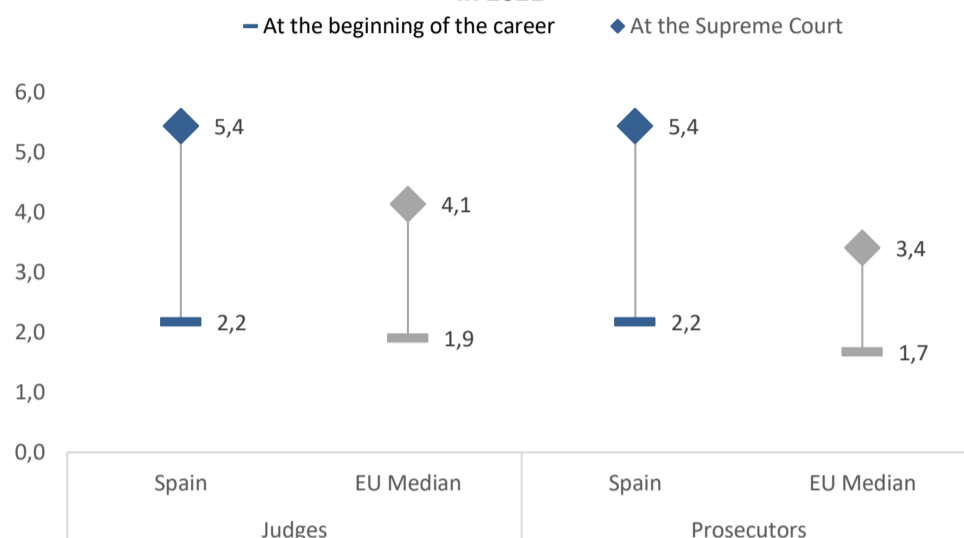
Average annual salary: 24 271 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

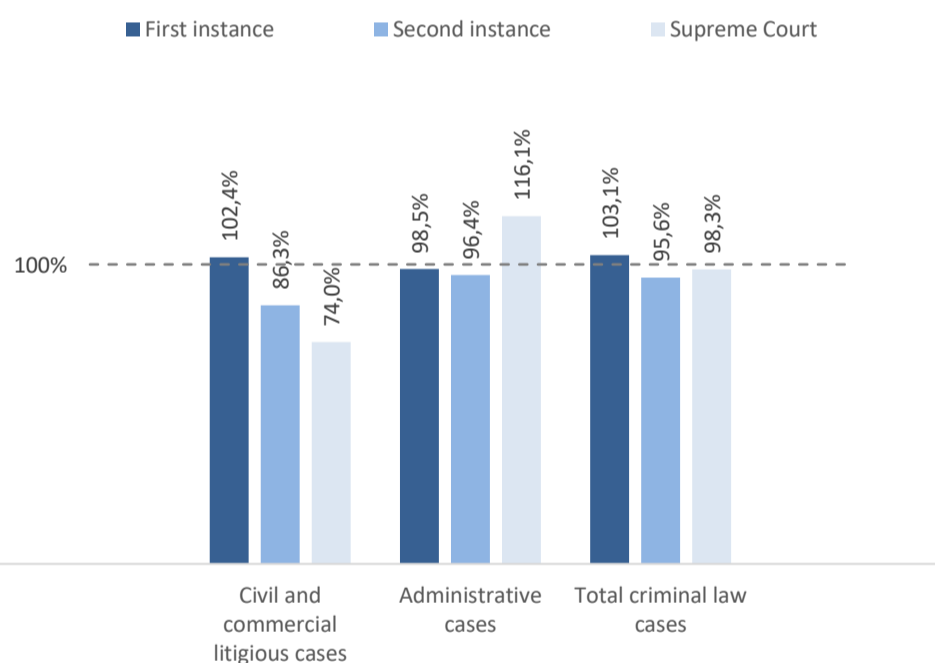


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

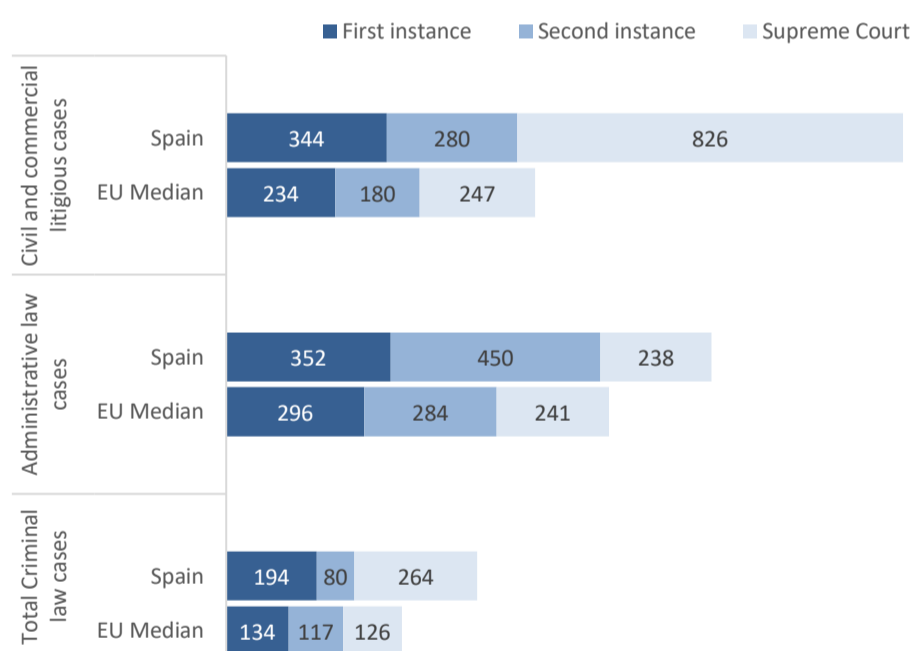


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

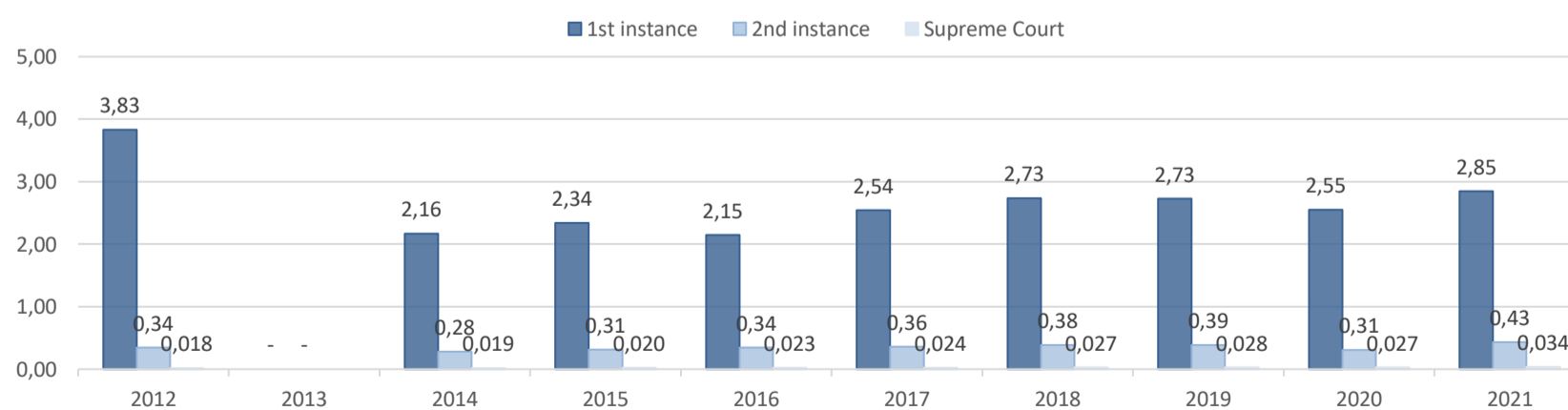


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Spain

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	47 344 649	47 435 597		3,1%	0,2%
GDP per capita	22 300	-	22 800	23 300	23 985	24 919	25 703	26 255	23 692	25 404		13,9%	7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	22 726		22 803		22 770		23 033	23 462	22 849	24 271		6,8%	6,2%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,2	-	11,5	11,6	11,5	11,5	11,5	11,3	11,2	11,4		1,7%	1,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	97,3	-	104,6	107,1	105,7	100,4	101,4	100,8	102,7	103,6		6,5%	0,9%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									5,4	5,5			3,2%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									4,8	4,9			1,2%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	285,5	-	290,7	322,6	305,3	308,8	304,6	302,3	303,6	304,9		6,8%	0,5%
Mediators	NA	-	2,5	7,1	NA	11,4	14,8	16,3	18,8	20,9		NA	11,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,828	-	2,164	2,337	2,148	2,541	2,732	2,726	2,549	2,846		-25,6%	11,7%
Administrative law cases	0,428	-	0,4	0,368	0,354	0,354	0,367	0,421	0,327	0,389		-9,1%	18,8%
Total criminal law cases									1,318	1,521			15,4%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	100%	-	98%	95%	103%	88%	87%	94%	86%	102%		2,72	16,11
CR administrative law cases	124%	-	113%	117%	112%	104%	100%	92%	99%	99%		-25,19	-0,97
CR total criminal law cases									95%	103%			7,99

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	468	344		30,2%	-26,4%
DT administrative law cases (days)	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	406	352		-17,5%	-13,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									247	194			-21,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,76	-	1,85	1,97	1,71	2,02	2,35	2,48	2,82	2,75		-0,5%	-2,5%
Administrative law cases	0,62	-	0,44	0,37	0,34	0,33	0,33	0,36	0,36	0,37		-40,3%	2,1%
Total criminal law cases									0,85	0,83			-1,6%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			105%	96%	98%	92%	87%	93%	117%	86%			-30,62
CR administrative law cases			110%	100%	100%	98%	92%	72%	94%	96%			2,31
CR total criminal law cases									103%	96%			-7,35

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			178	194	181	216	271	279	227	280			23,3%
DT administrative law cases (days)			332	321	319	329	355	418	452	450			-0,6%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									59	80			36,7%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			77%	78%	84%	79%	82%	80%	75%	74%			-0,72
CR administrative law cases			93%	67%	60%	103%	142%	126%	89%	116%			27,29
CR total criminal law cases									74%	98%			23,96

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			496	541	513	604	608	681	888	826			-7,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)			458	614	854	515	233	196	350	238			-31,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									412	264			-36,1%

1. Judicial organisation in Spain (2021 data)

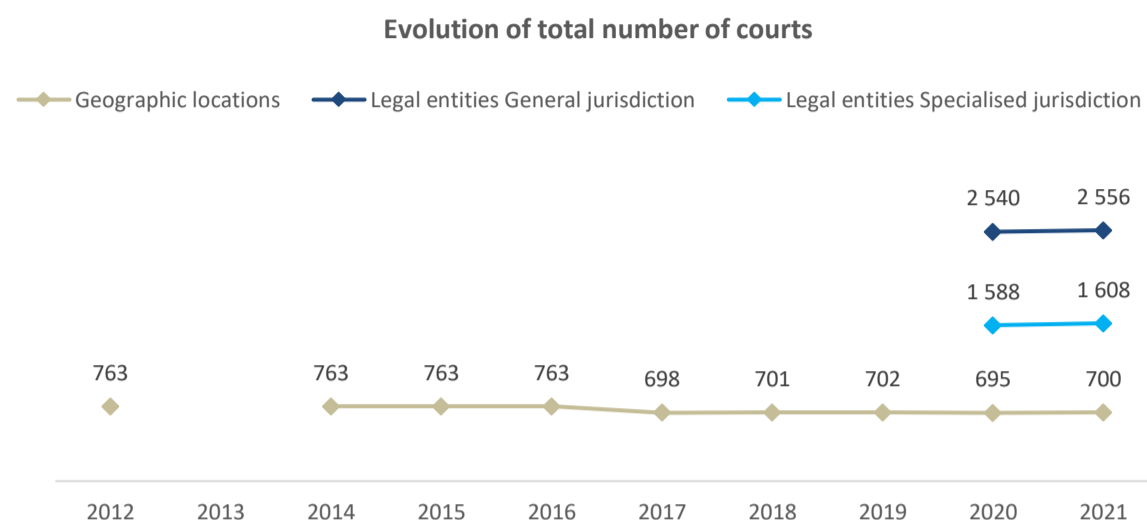
In Spain, there are 2556 courts of general jurisdiction and 1608 courts of specialised jurisdiction.

Courts counted as first Instance are Courts of first instance (civil), Courts of First Instance and Instruction (civil and criminal), Family Courts (Civil) and Courts of Mortgage Enforcement.

Courts counted as second instance general jurisdiction are Sections of the Provincial Courts (except special sections) and Civil and Criminal Chambers of the Superior Courts of Justice of the Autonomous Regions.

Evolution of total number of courts

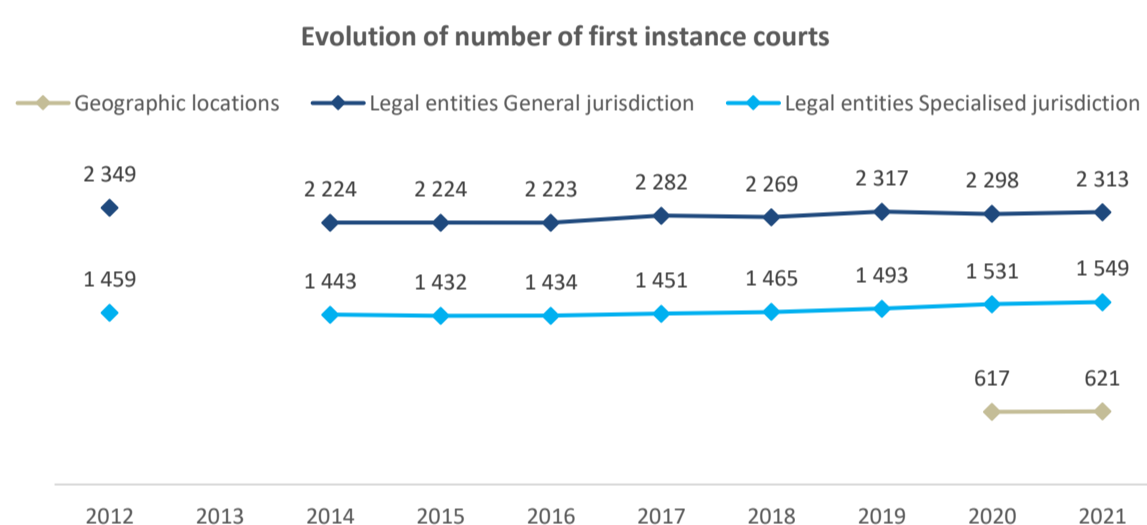
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	763		
2013			
2014	763		
2015	763		
2016	763		
2017	698		
2018	701		
2019	702		
2020	695	2 540	1 588
2021	700	2 556	1 608



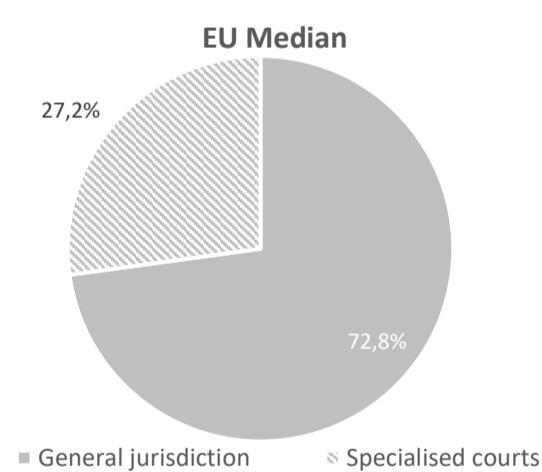
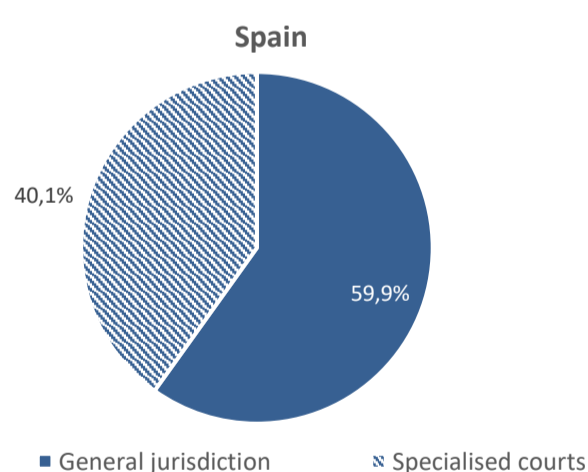
Regarding the number of geographic locations, it should be noted that one building usually houses different courts.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		2 349	1 459
2013			
2014		2 224	1 443
2015		2 224	1 432
2016		2 223	1 434
2017		2 282	1 451
2018		2 269	1 465
2019		2 317	1 493
2020	617	2 298	1 531
2021	621	2 313	1 549



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 60% - 40% which is somewhat different compared to the median tendency (distribution tendency in EU: 73% - 27%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	1549	59
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	96	4
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	382	23
Family courts	133	6
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	7	2
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	242	23
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	1
Juvenile courts	82	NAP
Other specialised courts	590	NAP

The Arbitration Court was created by decision of the General Council of the Judiciary of 25 November 2010. The latter assigns exclusive jurisdiction over arbitration matters to the Court of First Instance No. 101 of Madrid. This measure seeks to foster the development of uniform criteria in court proceedings for the assistance and control of arbitration in Madrid.

Other specialised courts include: Penal courts; Penal courts specialized in violence against women (courts for criminal trial, that have been assigned only to cases of gender violence); violence against women courts (courts of criminal investigation and civil proceedings related to gender violence cases); Prison courts; foreclosure proceedings courts; Civil Capacity courts and Civil registry.

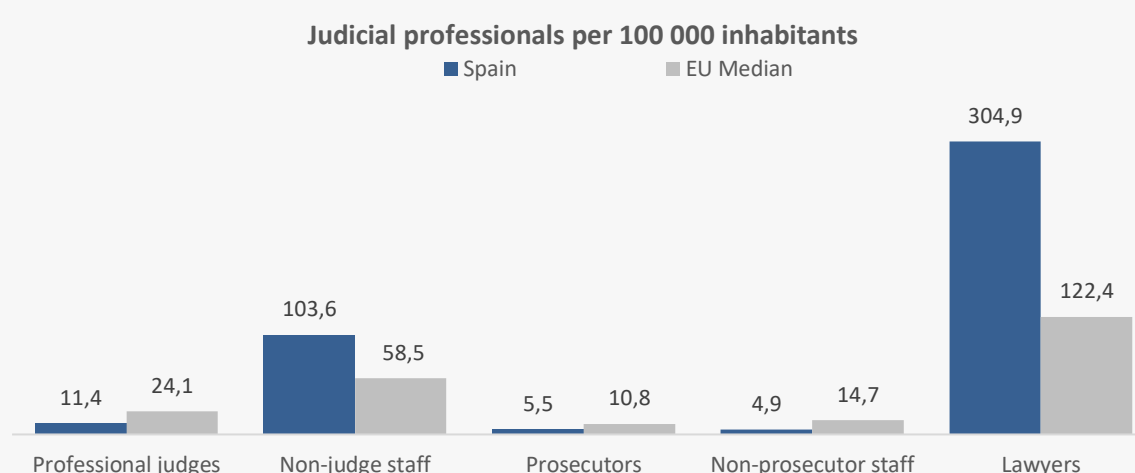
"Juzgados de lo Mercantil" are in Spain in charge of both insolvencies and commercial cases and therefore, commercial and insolvency cannot be separated.

2. Professionals of justice in Spain (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

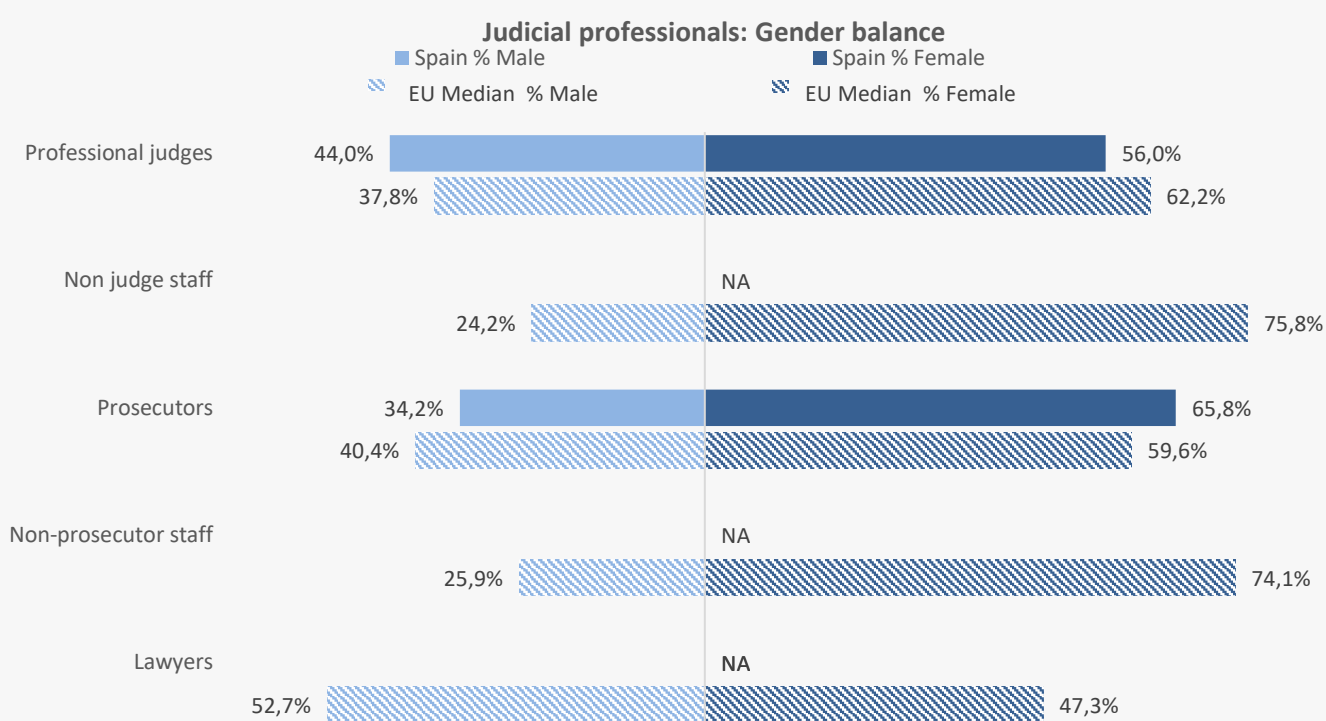
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	5 408	11,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	49 137	103,6	58,5
Prosecutors	2 631	5,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	2 312	4,9	14,7
Lawyers	144 642	304,9	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

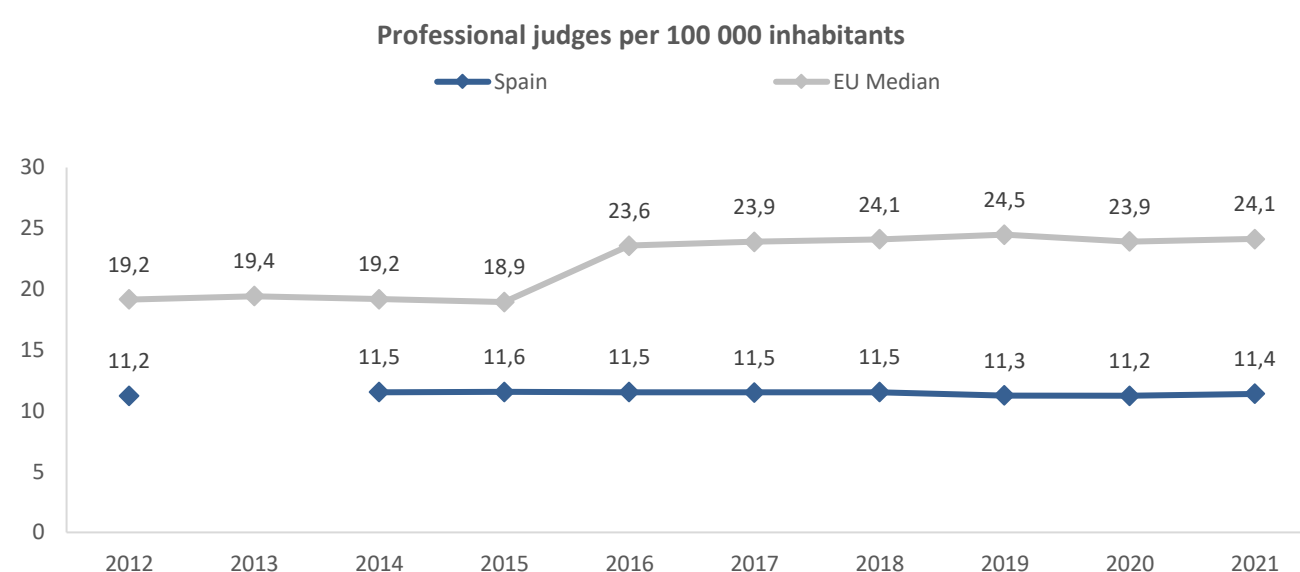
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,0%	56,0%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	34,2%	65,8%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	NA	NA



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	5 155	19,2	11,2	19,2
2013	-	19,4	-	19,4
2014	5 353	19,2	11,5	19,2
2015	5 367	18,9	11,6	18,9
2016	5 367	23,6	11,5	23,6
2017	5 377	23,9	11,5	23,9
2018	5 419	24,1	11,5	24,1
2019	5 341	24,5	11,3	24,5
2020	5 320	23,9	11,2	23,9
2021	5 408	24,1	11,4	24,1



According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Spain is 5 408, which is 2% more than in previous cycle.

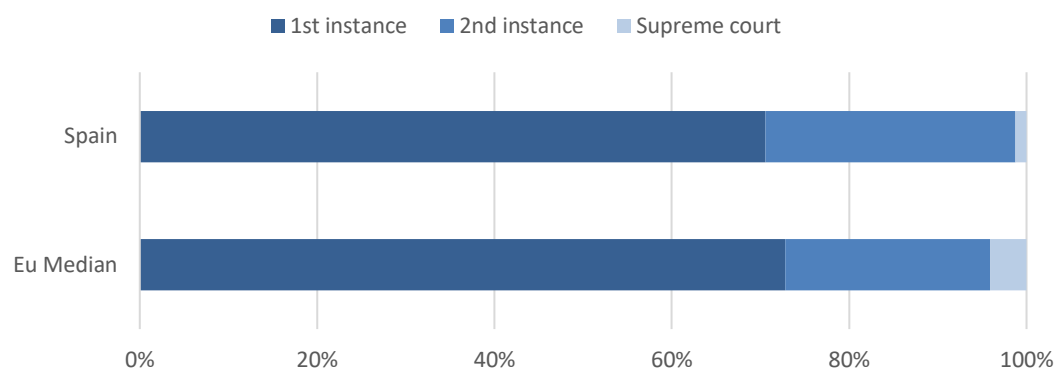
More precisely, in Spain, there are 11 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 9 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was also about 9 non-judge staff per judge.

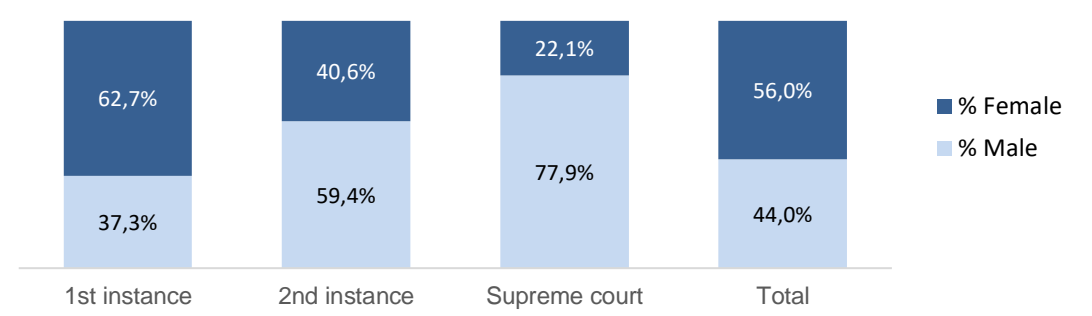
Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	3 817	70,6%	1 422	2 395	37,3%	62,7%
2nd instance	1 523	28,2%	904	619	59,4%	40,6%
Supreme court	68	1,3%	53	15	77,9%	22,1%
Total	5 408		2 379	3 029	44,0%	56,0%

Distribution of professional judges by instance in 2021



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Spain



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 3 029, which represents 56% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 817 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 2 395 are Female); 1 523 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 619 are Female) and 68 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 15 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance it should be noticed that Spain has fewer judges in the first and third instances but more judges in the 2nd instance courts.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that females are majority only in the first instance courts (71% of female judges), whereas they are disproportionately less represented in the higher instances, especially in the Supreme courts where females take only 22% of judgeship positions.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

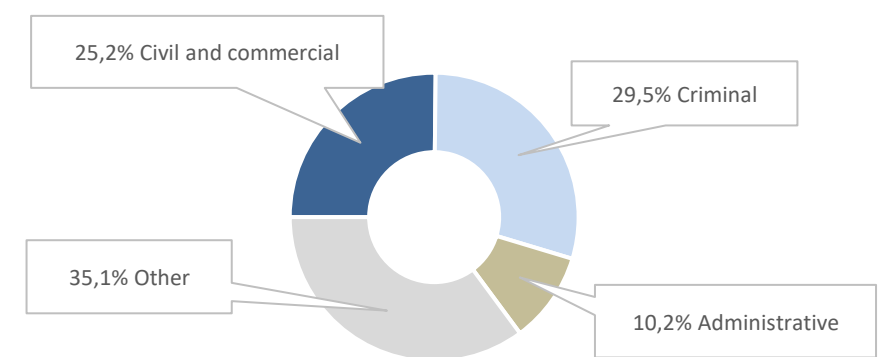
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	3 817	946	1 107	236	1 528
2nd instance	1 523	406	472	289	356
Supreme court	68	9	16	27	16
Total	5 408	1 361	1 595	552	1 900

In Spain, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	24,8%	29,0%	6,2%	40,0%
2nd instance	26,7%	31,0%	19,0%	23,4%
Supreme court	13,2%	23,5%	39,7%	23,5%
Total	25,2%	29,5%	10,2%	35,1%

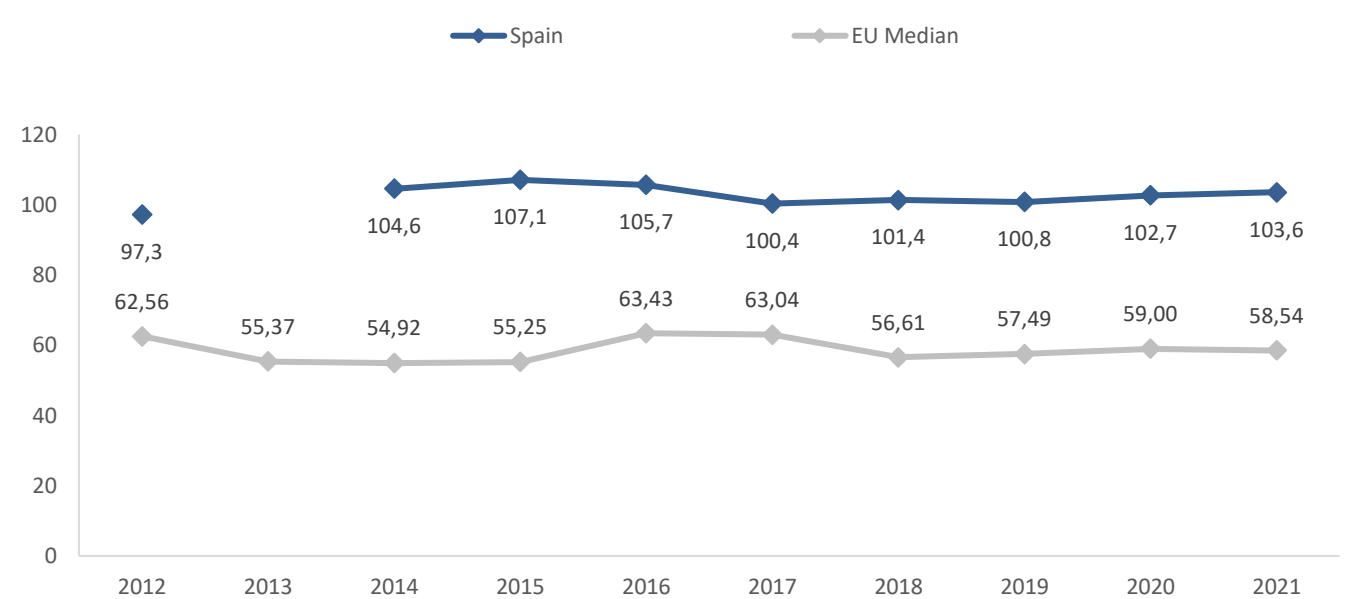
Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Absolute Number Spain	Spain EU Median
2012	44 748	97,3 / 62,6
2013	-	- / 55,4
2014	48 563	104,6 / 54,9
2015	49 746	107,1 / 55,2
2016	49 186	105,7 / 63,4
2017	46 871	100,4 / 63,0
2018	47 645	101,4 / 56,6
2019	47 816	100,8 / 57,5
2020	48 620	102,7 / 59,0
2021	49 137	103,6 / 58,5

Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants



In 2021, Spain has 49 137 non-judge staff (number of male and female is not available). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 102,7 in 2020 to 103,6 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 11,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 11,4 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	49 137	
Rechtspfleger	4 486	9,1%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	NAP	NAP
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	NAP
Technical staff	NAP	NAP
Other	44 651	90,9%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 486 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 3 136 are Female);
- 44 651 other (of which number of Females is not available);

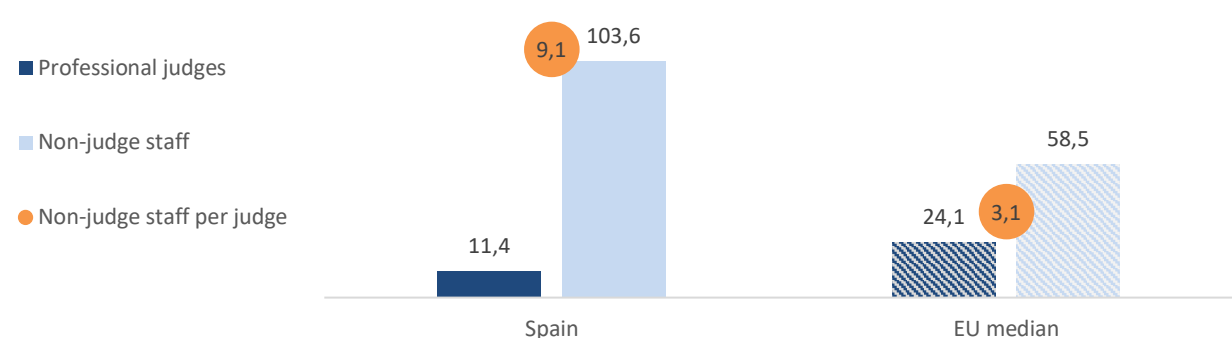
The Spanish judicial system distinguishes between three categories of non-judicial staff: Gestión Procesal, Tramitación Procesal and Auxilio Judicial. These bodies have their competences regulated in article 475 and other of the Organic Law of the Judiciary, and it is very difficult to distribute them in the categories in the table because the three groups have functions to assist Judges, make administrative tasks and have technical tasks. The sum of this staff designated to courts is provided in the category 'Other non-judge staff'.

In addition to this staff, there are 1147 Forensic Doctors.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Spain	EU median
Professional judges	11,4	24,1
Non-judge staff	103,6	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	9,1	3,1

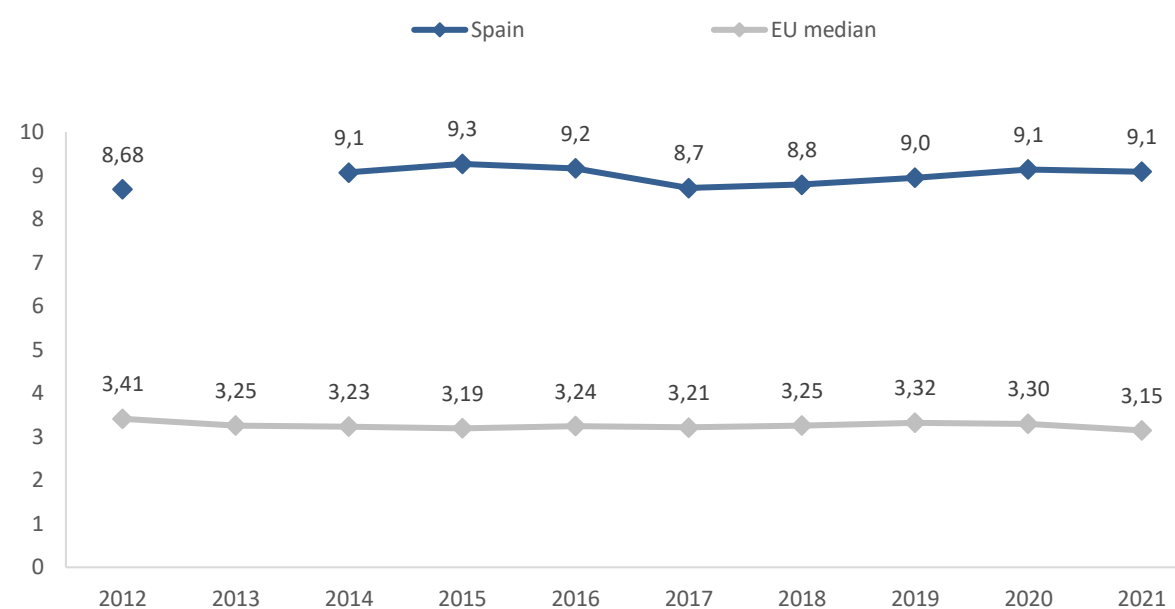
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Spain	Spain	Spain	EU median
2012	11,2	97,3	8,68	3,4
2013	-	-	FALSE	3,3
2014	11,5	104,6	9,1	3,2
2015	11,6	107,1	9,3	3,2
2016	11,5	105,7	9,2	3,2
2017	11,5	100,4	8,7	3,2
2018	11,5	101,4	8,8	3,3
2019	11,3	100,8	9,0	3,3
2020	11,2	102,7	9,1	3,3
2021	11,4	103,6	9,1	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

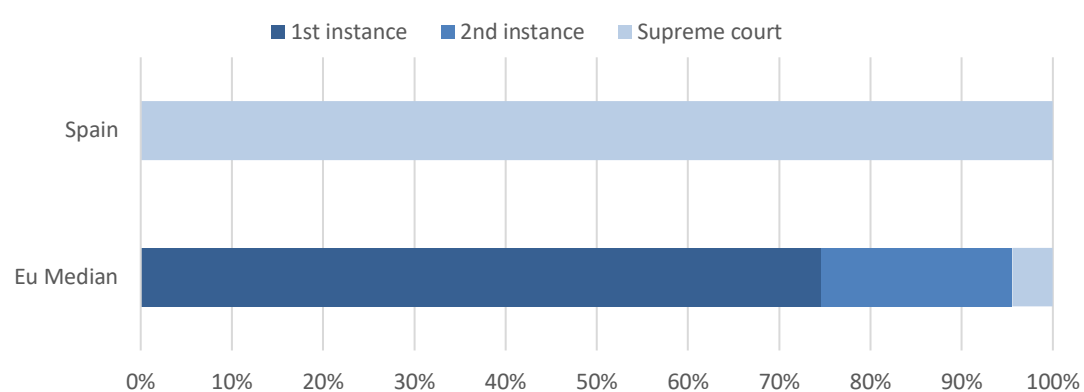


Public prosecutors

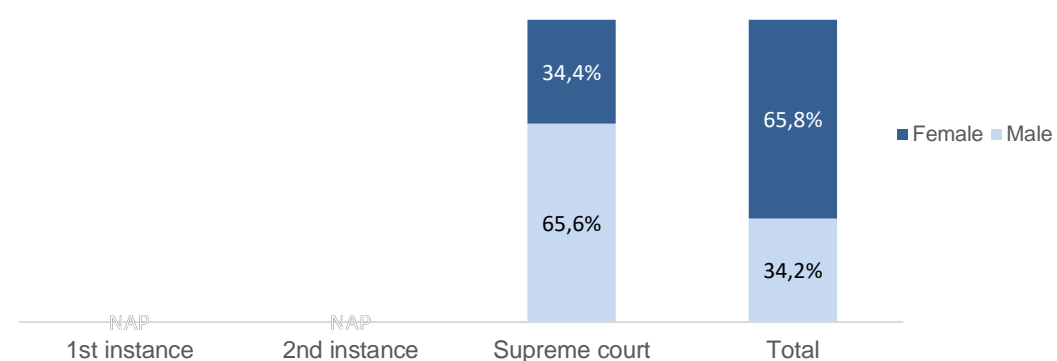
Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme court	32	1,2%	21	11	65,6%	34,4%
Total	2 631		900	1 731	34,2%	65,8%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021



Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 731, which represents 66% of the total number of prosecutors.

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Spain presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. The structure of the Prosecution services does not distinguish prosecutors by 'instance level'. However, it distinguishes three categories in Article 34 of Law 50/1981, (Organic Statute of the Public Prosecutor's Office) : 1st Chamber Prosecutors of the Supreme Court, equal to Magistrates of the High Court. The Deputy Prosecutor of the Supreme Court will be considered the President of the Chamber. 2nd Prosecutors, equated to Magistrates. 3. Lawyers-Prosecutors, equated to Judges.

As regards the distribution male/Female, it has to be specified that females represent majority in the total number of prosecutors (65,8% female prosecutors compared to 34,2% of male prosecutors). However, it is noteworthy that in the final instance there are only 34,4% of females (11 out 32 prosecutors).

Non-prosecutor staff

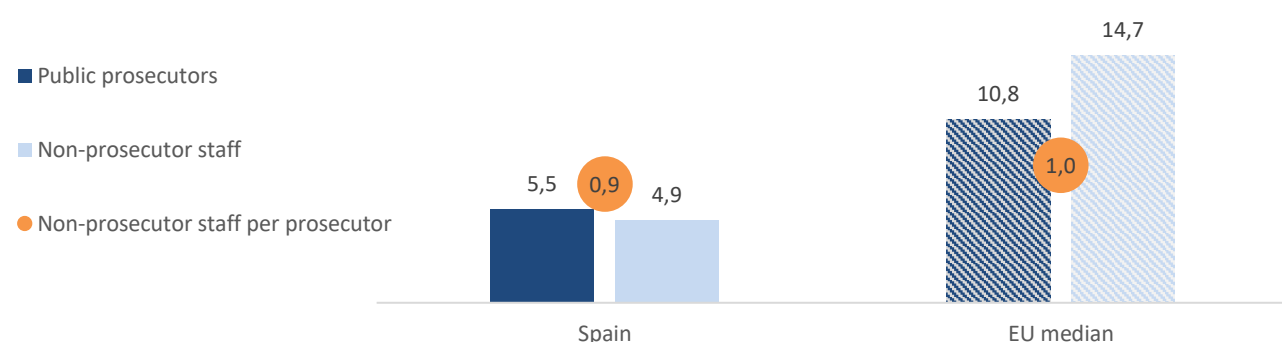
Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	2 312	NA	NA

The number of male and female non-prosecutor staff is not provided.

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

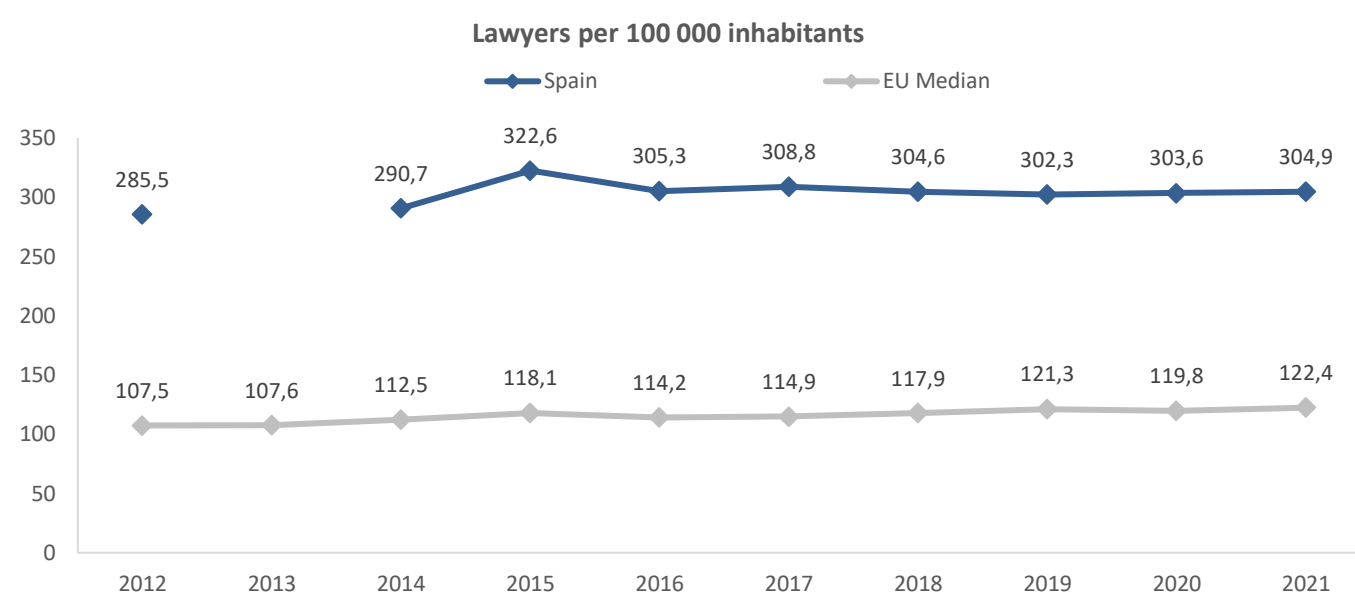
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Spain	EU median
Public prosecutors	5,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	4,9	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,9	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	131 337	-	285,5	107,5
2013	-	-	-	107,6
2014	135 016	-	290,7	112,5
2015	149 818	-	322,6	118,1
2016	142 061	-	305,3	114,2
2017	144 212	-	308,8	114,9
2018	143 205	-	304,6	117,9
2019	143 398	-	302,3	121,3
2020	143 717	-	303,6	119,8
2021	144 642	-	304,9	122,4



In 2021, there are 144 642 lawyers, which is 1% more than in 2020.

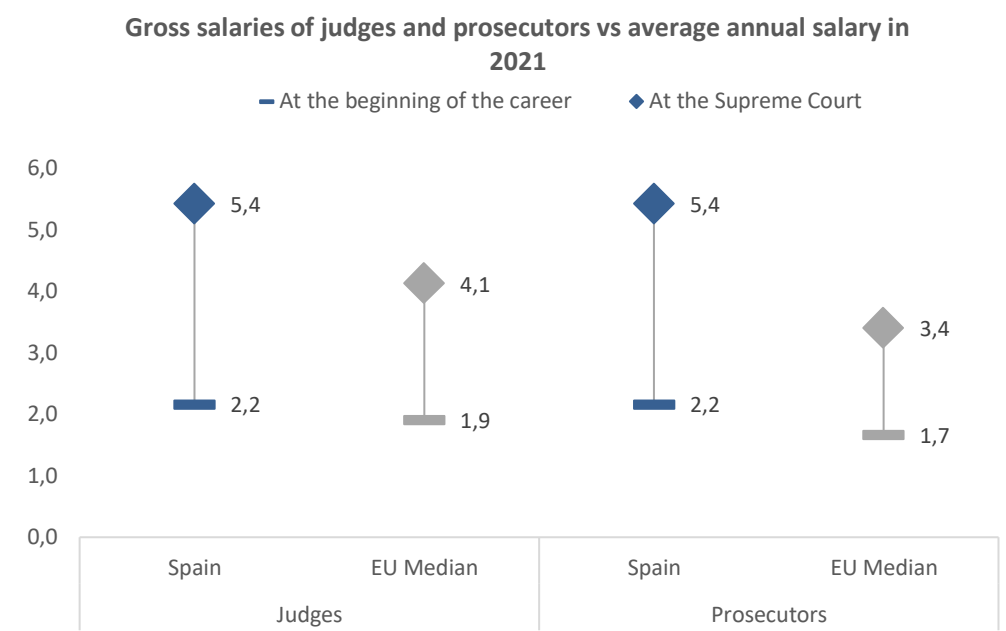
The number of male and female lawyers is not provided.

Spain has 305 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 122 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The data are obtained through the General Bar Association Annual Report 2021 on practicing and resident lawyers.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Spain	Spain	Spain	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	52 534€	38 350€	2,2	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	131 830€	84 371€	5,4	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	52 534€	38 350€	2,2	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	131 830€	84 371€	5,4	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Spain of 52 534€ is at the level of the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,2 compared with EU median of 1,9.

In addition to salary, other concepts must be taken into account: Remuneration for objectives and professional substitutions.

Remuneration according to objectives can be considerable in both cases (judges and prosecutors). Substitution refers to cases in which, according to the law, one judge substitutes another, thereby accruing an increase in remuneration, depending on the circumstances and duration of that substitution (Remuneration for objectives: Prosecution 3.391.688,99 euros, Judges 6.719.737,10 euros; - Professional substitutions: Prosecution 596.210,59 euros, Judges 7.666.770,44 euros).

3. Legal aid and court fees in Spain (2021 data)

In Spain, legal aid is available for :

- > Representation in court:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:
 - Criminal cases ✔
 - Other than criminal cases ✔
- > Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18) ✘
- > Other costs than above (Q19) ✔

The legal aid supposes the exemption of the taxes for the judicial procedure. The proceeding for the enforcement of judicial decisions is not subject to taxes or judicial fees. In any case, the concepts and costs covered by legal aid in the enforcement would be the same as in the trial. It is also worth noting that in relation to enforcement agents, this role is performed by public officials in Spain.

As regards the other costs, according to Legal Aid Act the following is included: Legal assistance to the arrested, prisoner or accused who had not appointed a lawyer, for any police action, Free insertion of announcements, during the process, in official newspapers, Free expert assistance, Free collection (or reduction of 80% of fees depending on cases) of copies, testimonies, instruments and notarial acts, Reduction of 80% of fees for notes, certifications, annotations, in the Property and Commercial Registries.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

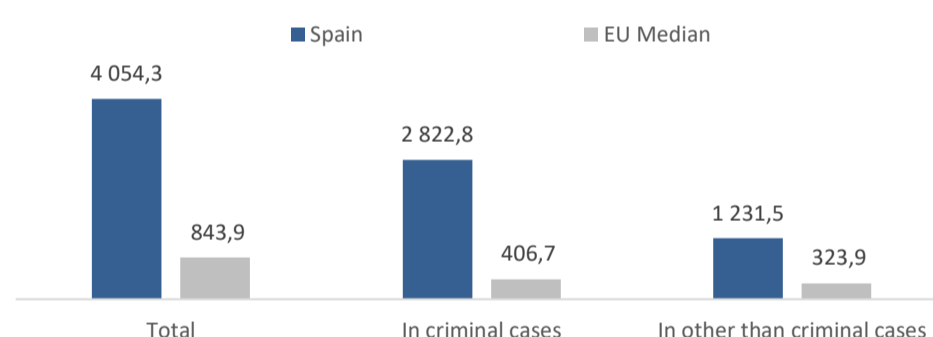
Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	1 923 183	NA	NA
In criminal cases	1 338 993	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	584 190	NA	NA

Ratio of number of cases brought to court for which legal aid has been granted

- In criminal cases
- ▨ In other than criminal cases

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Spain	EU Median
Total	4 054,3	843,9
In criminal cases	2 822,8	406,7
In other than criminal cases	1 231,5	323,9

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants



Source of 2021 data is "XVI Informe del Observatorio de la Justicia Gratuita". According to the report cited, after the paralysis caused by the pandemic, the gradual normalization of both daily life and judicial activity led to an increase in cases, especially in ex officio cases and in labour cases.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

- Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 30
- Actual average duration: NA

4. Performance of courts in Spain (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

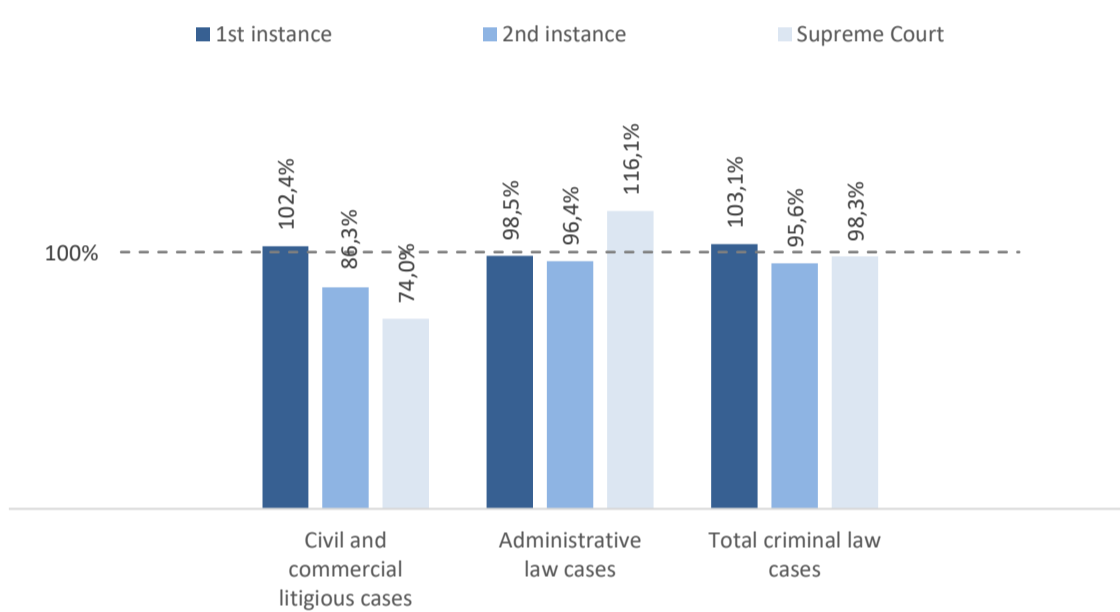
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

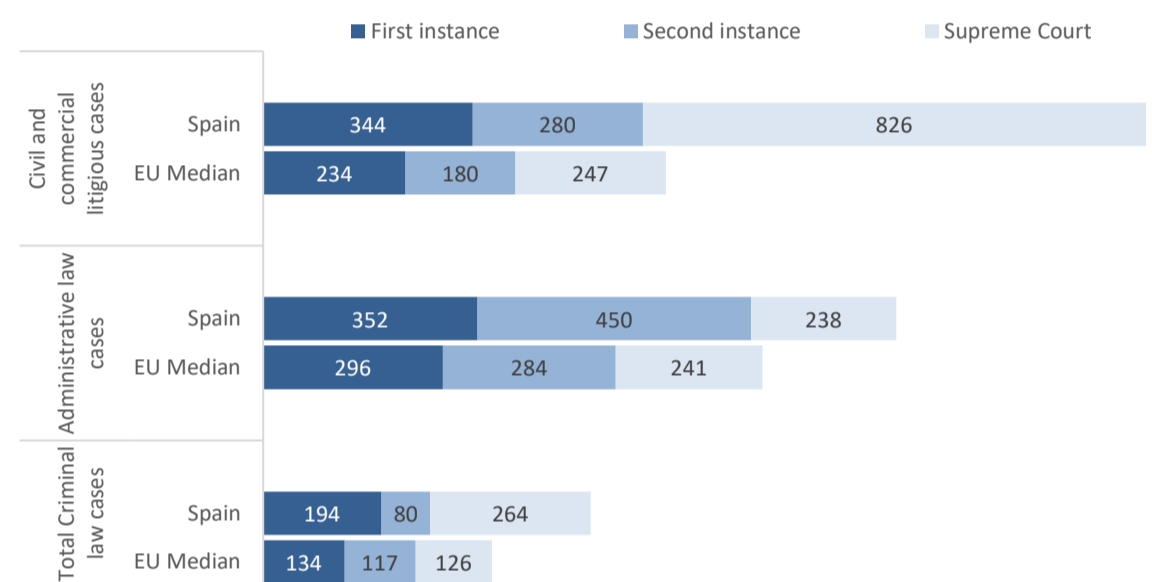
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	102,4%	102,5%	98,5%	101,7%	103,1%	100,0%
	2nd instance	86,3%	100,4%	96,4%	96,8%	95,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	74,0%	99,9%	116,1%	100,4%	98,3%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	344	234	352	296	194	134
	2nd instance	280	180	450	284	80	117
	Supreme Court	826	247	238	241	264	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



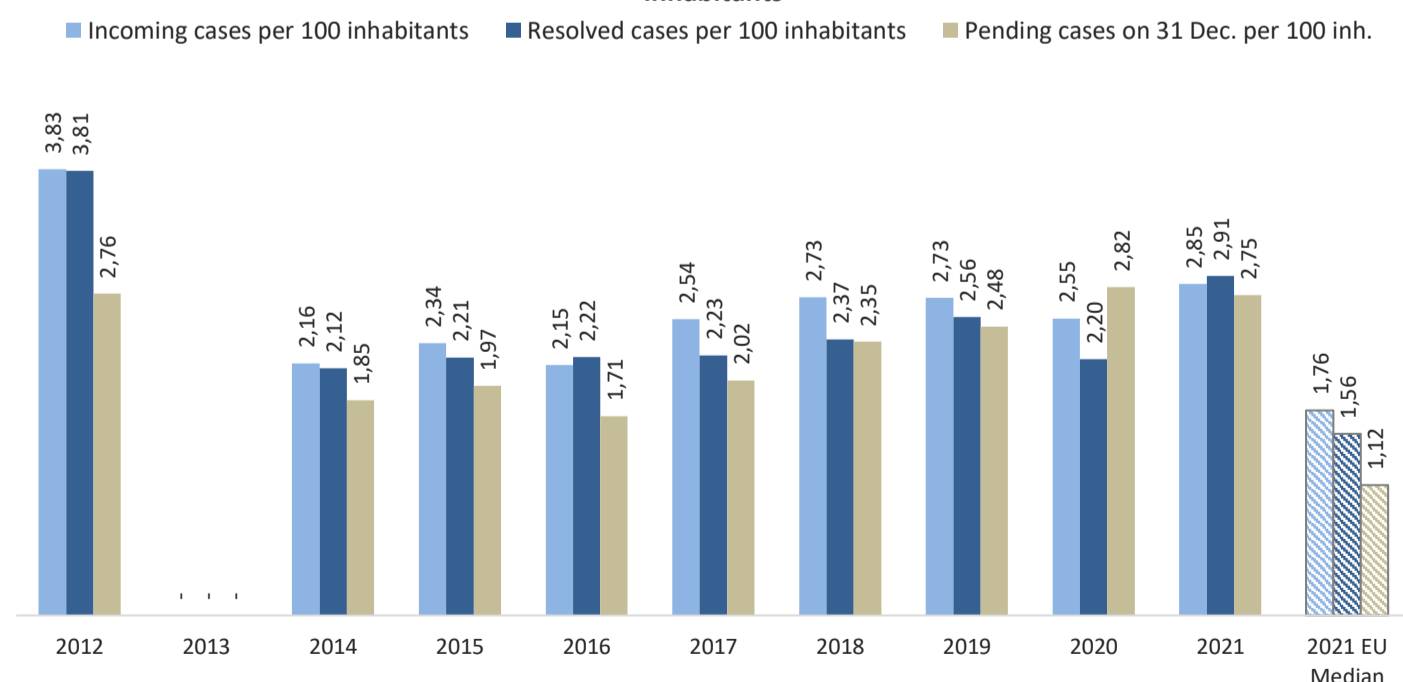
Analysis of the total disposition times for all three instances demonstrate that Spain has levels that are higher than EU medians for all three case categories: civil and commercial, administrative and criminal. The shortest total disposition time is recorded for criminal cases. Looking at the first two instances, Spanish courts had more favourable disposition times in civil and commercial cases compared to administrative cases. However, in the third instance, the highest disposition time was recorded for civil and commercial cases (826 days or 3,5 times higher than EU median). In addition to that, clearance rate was the lowest for this type of cases, only 74%, which indicates that efficiency challenges for civil and commercial cases at the highest level might be augmented in following years. Looking at the overall CR levels, it could be noted that second instance was below 100% in all three matters, which can further aggravate the situation with high disposition times for the civil and commercial cases, as well as administrative law cases.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

- Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,83	3,81	2,76
2013	-	-	-
2014	2,16	2,12	1,85
2015	2,34	2,21	1,97
2016	2,15	2,22	1,71
2017	2,54	2,23	2,02
2018	2,73	2,37	2,35
2019	2,73	2,56	2,48
2020	2,55	2,20	2,82
2021	2,85	2,91	2,75
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12

Evolution of number of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Spain (2,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

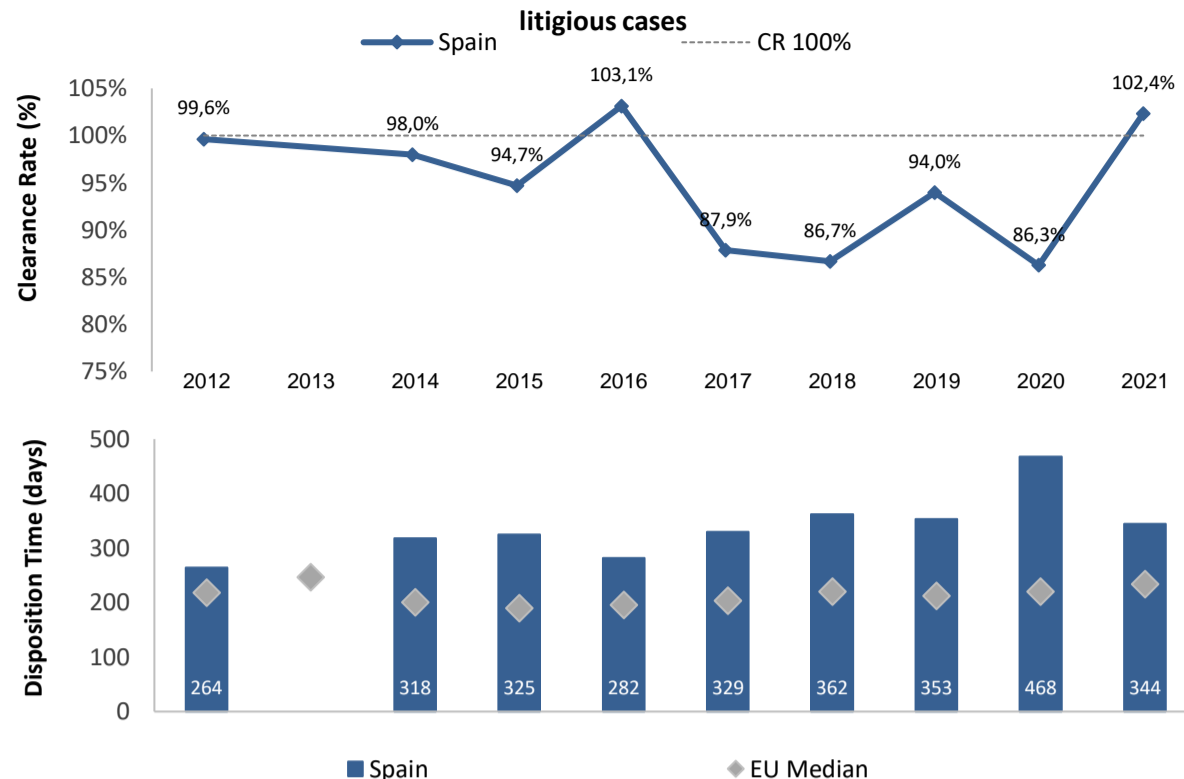
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Spain (2,91 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Spain (2,75 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	99,6%	100,4%	264	218
2013	-	101,2%	-	247
2014	98,0%	101,8%	318	201
2015	94,7%	102,3%	325	190
2016	103,1%	102,0%	282	196
2017	87,9%	101,3%	329	204
2018	86,7%	101,2%	362	220
2019	94,0%	99,9%	353	213
2020	86,3%	98,5%	468	221
2021	102,4%	102,5%	344	234

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102% in 2021 Spain seems to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 16 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 344 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 234 days.

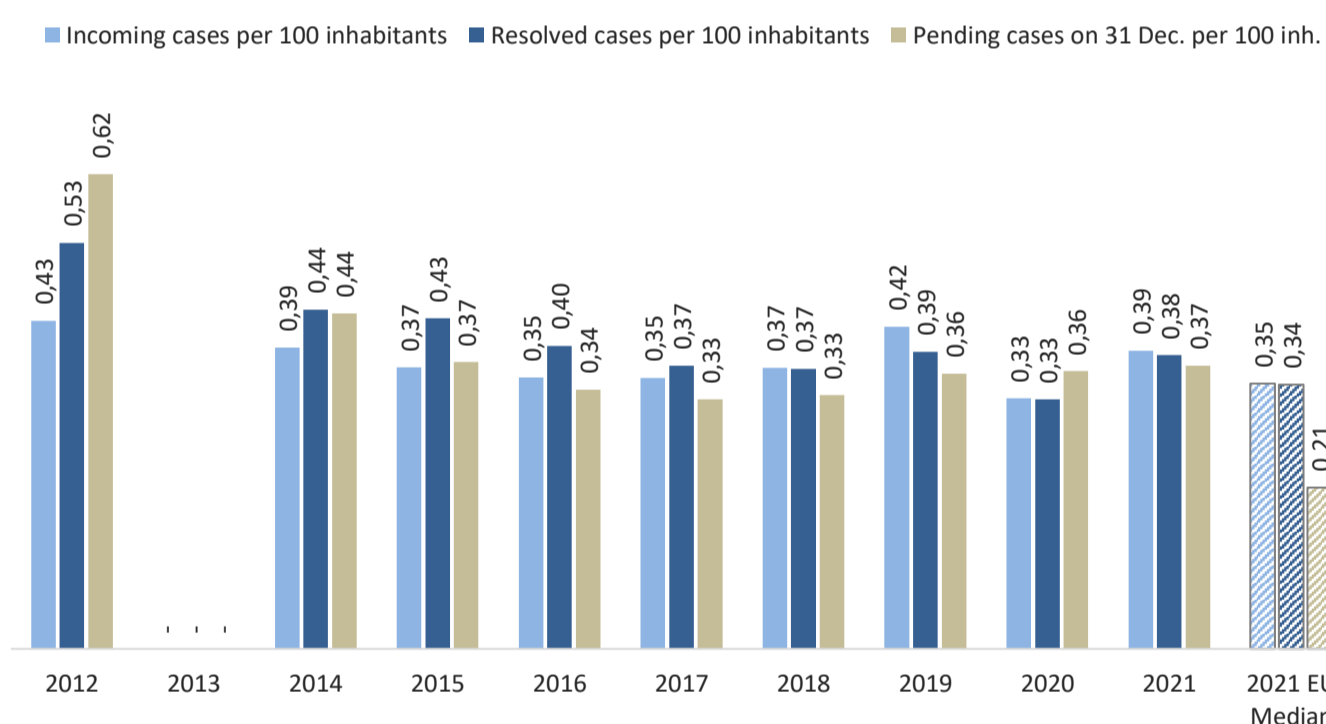
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 26% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,43	0,53	0,62
2013	-	-	-
2014	0,39	0,44	0,44
2015	0,37	0,43	0,37
2016	0,35	0,40	0,34
2017	0,35	0,37	0,33
2018	0,37	0,37	0,33
2019	0,42	0,39	0,36
2020	0,33	0,33	0,36
2021	0,39	0,38	0,37
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



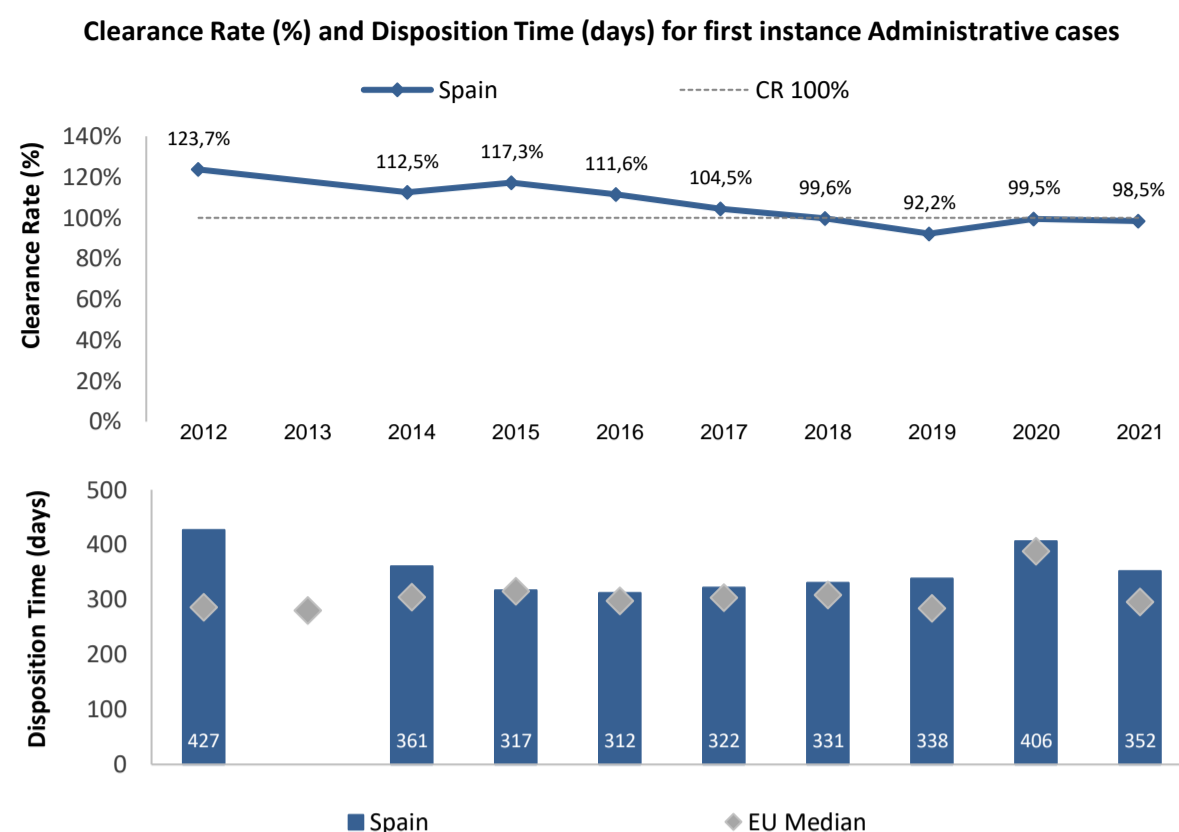
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Spain (0,39 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Spain (0,38 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Spain (0,37 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	123,7%	101,0%	427	286
2013	-	100,3%	-	281
2014	112,5%	99,6%	361	305
2015	117,3%	103,7%	317	315
2016	111,6%	103,0%	312	297
2017	104,5%	102,1%	322	303
2018	99,6%	99,7%	331	308
2019	92,2%	102,1%	338	284
2020	99,5%	100,1%	406	388
2021	98,5%	101,7%	352	296

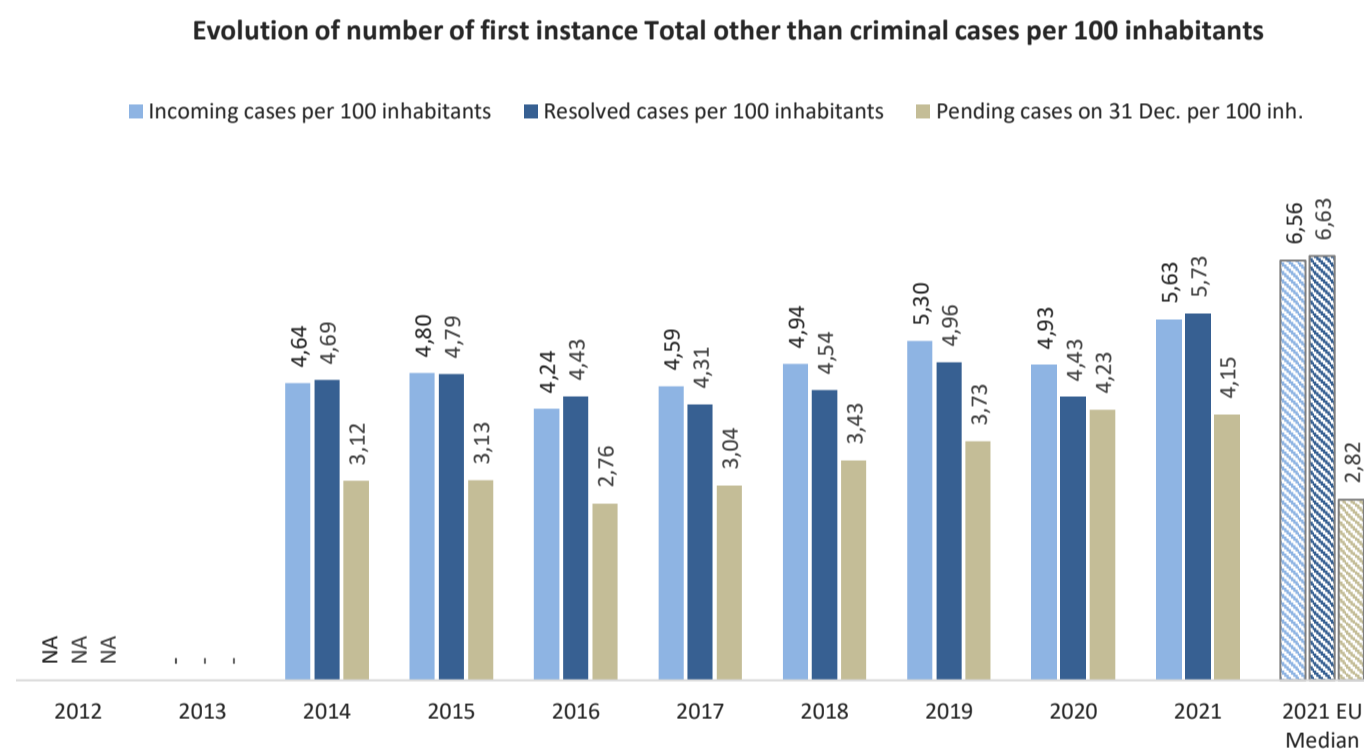


With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99% in 2021 Spain seems to face some minor challenges in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases. Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by - 1 points. In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 352 days, which is slightly above EU median of 296 days. The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 13% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	-	-	-
2014	4,64	4,69	3,12
2015	4,80	4,79	3,13
2016	4,24	4,43	2,76
2017	4,59	4,31	3,04
2018	4,94	4,54	3,43
2019	5,30	4,96	3,73
2020	4,93	4,43	4,23
2021	5,63	5,73	4,15
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

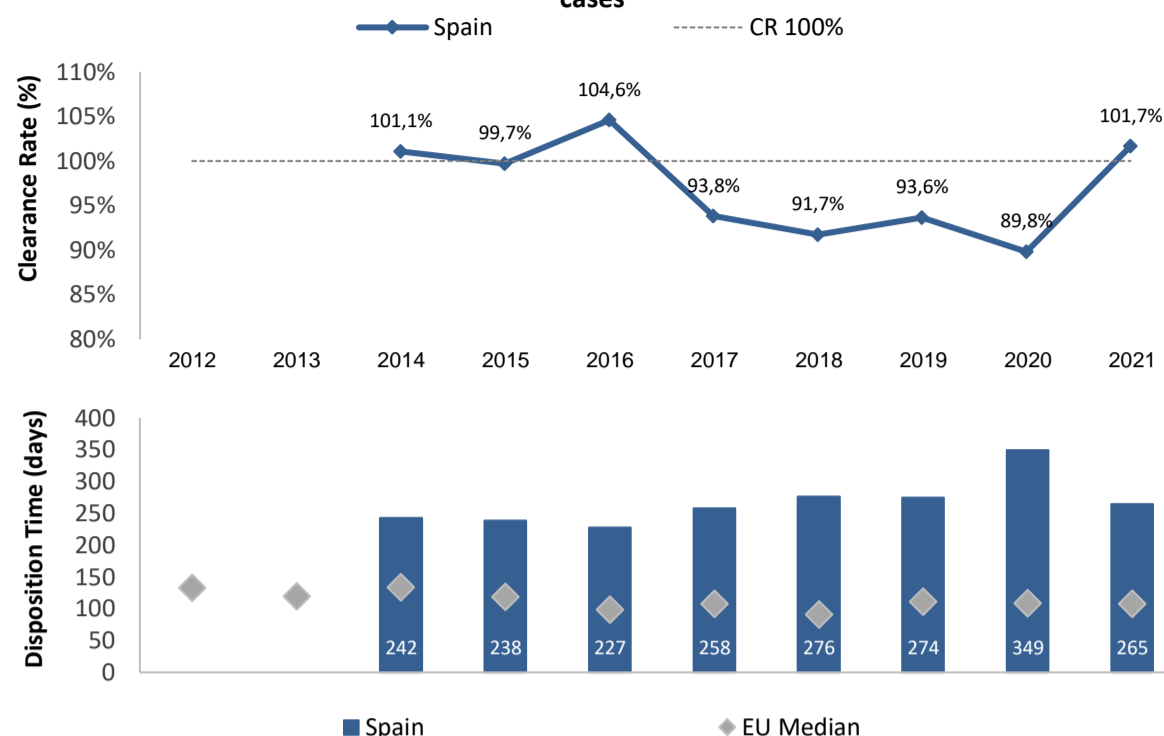


The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Spain (5,63 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants). The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Spain (5,73 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants). The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Spain (4,15 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	NA	100,5%	NA	133
2013	-	100,7%	-	119
2014	101,1%	101,9%	242	133
2015	99,7%	101,0%	238	119
2016	104,6%	101,5%	227	98
2017	93,8%	100,6%	258	107
2018	91,7%	100,6%	276	91
2019	93,6%	99,8%	274	111
2020	89,8%	98,7%	349	109
2021	101,7%	101,2%	265	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102% in 2021 Spain seems to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 12 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 265 days, which is well above EU median of 107 days.

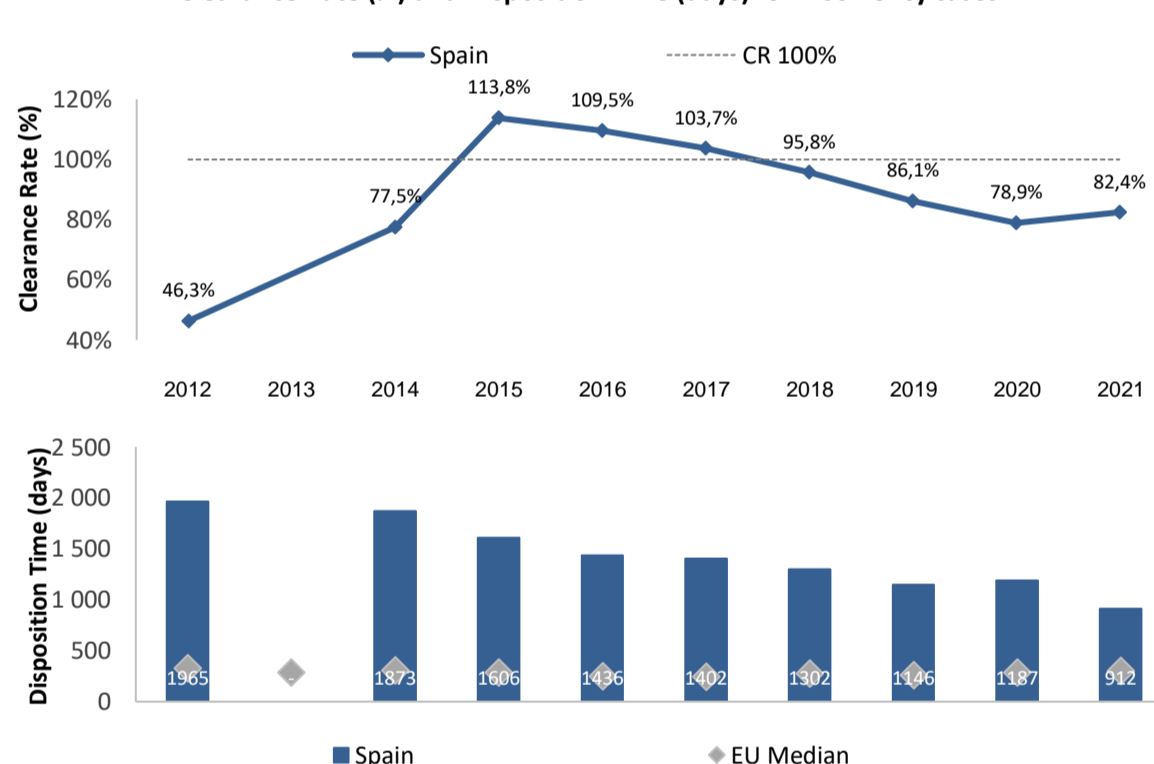
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 24% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2012	46,3%	95,0%	1965	323
2013	-	89,6%	-	282
2014	77,5%	96,9%	1873	304
2015	113,8%	104,5%	1606	282
2016	109,5%	102,0%	1436	246
2017	103,7%	103,6%	1402	243
2018	95,8%	101,5%	1302	271
2019	86,1%	101,2%	1146	258
2020	78,9%	109,7%	1187	281
2021	82,4%	103,3%	912	299

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 82% in 2021 Spain seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 912 days, which is well above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 23% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It should be noted that both incoming and resolved insolvency cases increased during 2021. The increased number of incoming cases might be explained by the complex economic context, derived in part from the pandemic, while the increased number of resolved cases might be attributed to the recovery of greater activity after the restrictions of the pandemic.

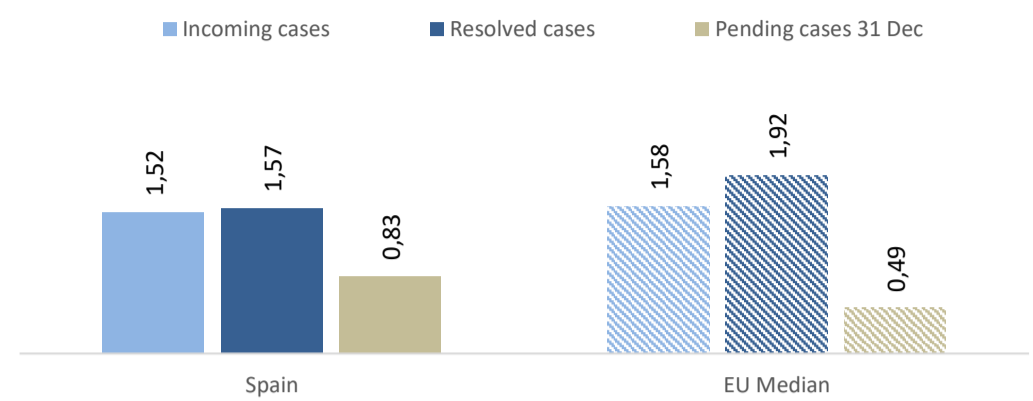
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

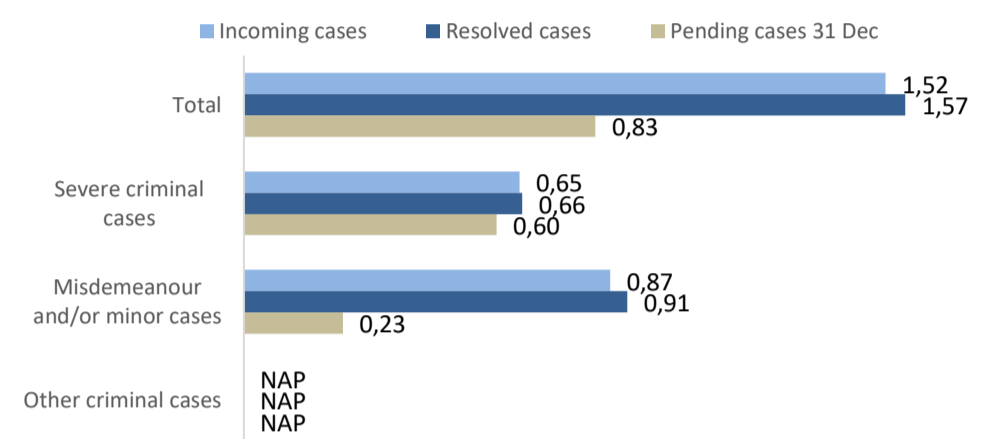
First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	400 907	721 475	743 805	395 326
Severe criminal cases	276 086	309 737	312 980	284 198
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	124 821	411 738	430 825	111 128
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,85	1,52	1,57	0,83
Severe criminal cases	0,58	0,65	0,66	0,60
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,26	0,87	0,91	0,23
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2021



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Spain (1,52 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

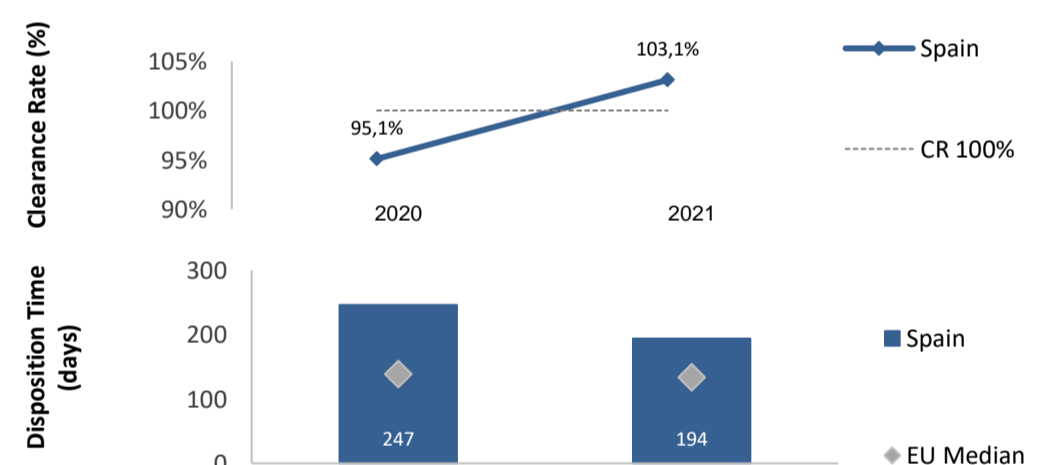
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Spain (1,57 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Spain (0,83 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Spain	EU Median	Spain	EU Median
2020	95,1%	95,2%	247	139
2021	103,1%	100,0%	194	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103% in 2021 Spain seems to deal well with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 8 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 194 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 134 days.

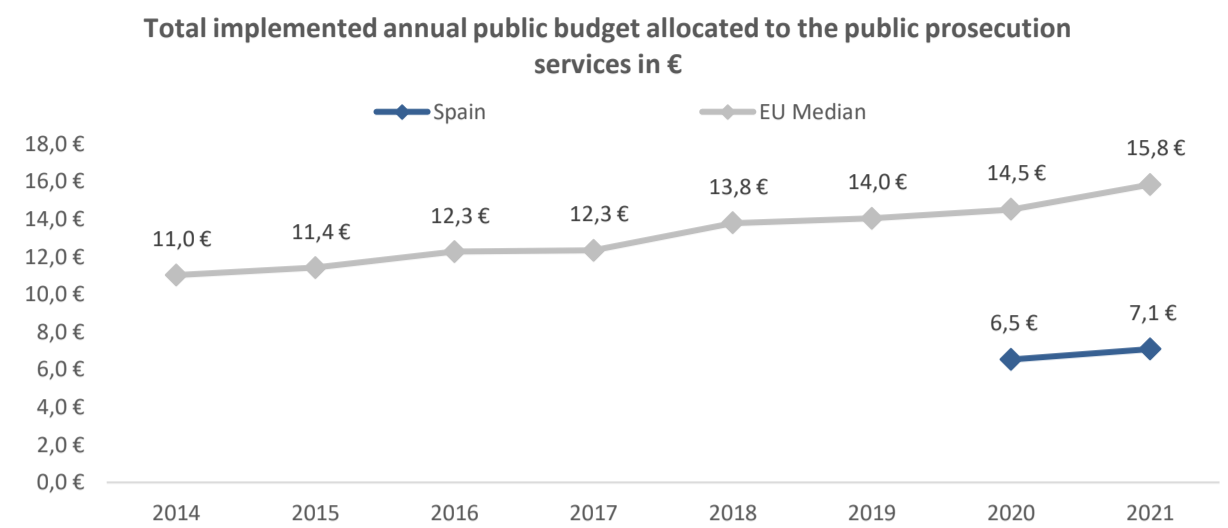
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a - 21% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It should be noted that the recovery of activity, after the most severe restrictions of the pandemic, may have contributed to the improvement in efficiency and increased number of resolved criminal law cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Spain (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Spain	Spain	EU Median	
2014	NA	NA	11,0 €	
2015	NA	NA	11,4 €	
2016	NA	NA	12,3 €	
2017	NA	NA	12,3 €	
2018	NA	NA	13,8 €	
2019	NA	NA	14,0 €	
2020	309 499 786 €	6,5 €	14,5 €	
2021	336 445 888 €	7,1 €	15,8 €	



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number		Per inhabitant	
	Spain	Spain	EU Median	
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €	
2019	NA	NA	0,029 €	
2020	710 544 €	0,015 €	0,011 €	
2021	NA	NA	0,022 €	

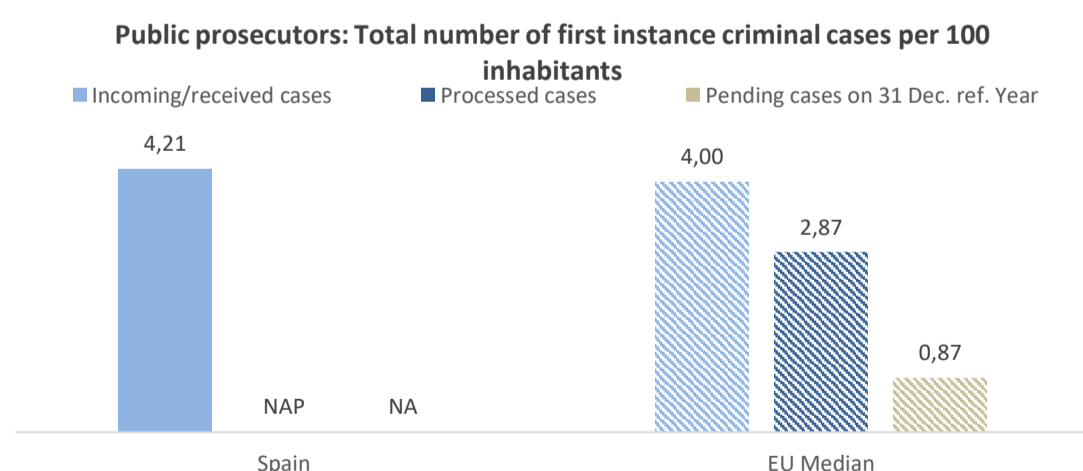
In Spain, it is very difficult to carry out a perfect separation between the budget of Courts and the Budget of Prosecution services, because some concepts are common (civil servants, material resources, buildings, etc). These items cannot be separated from the budget allocated to the functioning of courts. Therefore, the figure provided in respect of the "Total" represents salaries and training. It is noteworthy that data on the implemented budget is an estimation of the Statistic Department of the General Council of the Judiciary.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Spain	% Variation 2020 - 2021	Spain	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	1 994 943	▲ 8,4%	4,21	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	NAP	NAP	NAP	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	NA	NA	NA	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NA	NA	NA	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	NA	NA	NA	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

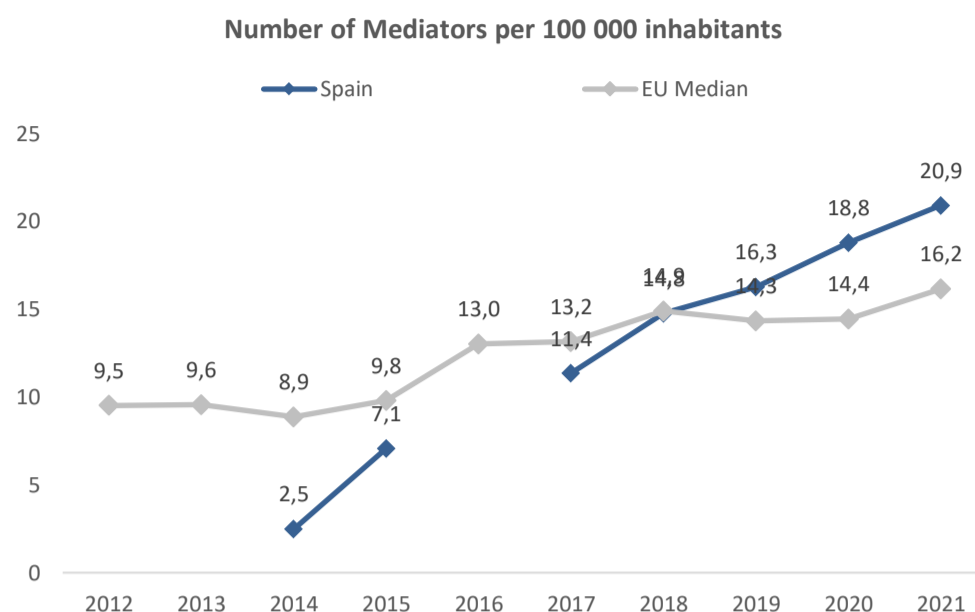
In Spain the general rule is that the Prosecutor is party in the criminal cases, but the Prosecutor does not process (with exclusive competence) the criminal cases. The investigation Judge (Juez de Instrucción) does that. Data provided in the table tries to adapt the information in the Annual Report of the State Attorney General's Office to the criteria of CEPEJ, by offering the data of cases received by the Prosecution Service, according to the classification of procedures of the Spanish procedural legislation (diligencias previas, diligencias urgentes, procedimiento por delitos leves, sumarios y procedimientos del jurado). In addition to that, there are other two kinds of actions for which the Prosecution have exclusive competence: Investigation of criminal responsibility of minors, and preliminary diligences of Article 773.2 of the Criminal Procedural Act.



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Spain (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Spain	Spain	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	9,5
2013	-	-	9,6
2014	1151	2,5	8,9
2015	3289	7,1	9,8
2016	NA	NA	13,0
2017	5302	11,4	13,2
2018	6939	14,8	14,9
2019	7710	16,3	14,3
2020	8896	18,8	14,4
2021	9921	20,9	16,2



In 2021, there are 9 921 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 21 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 12%.

The figure provided is the total of number of mediators (natural persons), Institutions of mediation, Mediators in insolvency cases and Mediators in insolvency cases (legal persons). They are all registered in the Registry of Mediators. This Registry is not compulsory for civil cases, so the number of persons that act as mediators may be higher.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	9 640	8 238	2 635
Civil and commercial	912	618	110
Family cases	3 287	2 051	342
Administrative	NA	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	2 600	3 652	1 174
Criminal cases	2 841	1 917	1 007
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

7. ICT tools of courts in Spain (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Assistance tools				
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools	some courts / pilot phas	some courts / pilot phas	some courts / pilot phases	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes some courts / pilot phas	some courts / pilot phas	some courts / pilot phases	
Voice recognition feature	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries	
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	No	Yes	
Justice expenses management	100%	No	Yes	
Other	100%	Yes	Yes	
Measurement tools to assess the workload	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes 100%	Yes	Yes	No
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

Comments on financial management tools

There is the electronic system to manage the bank account of the Court. The system includes an application for the management of judicial auctions.

Public Administrations are subject to an electronic invoice system. Legal persons are obliged to use it. It imposes a structured format, and they must be signed with an advanced electronic signature.

The General Subdirectorate for Programming and Economic Management of the Public Justice Service (and similar bodies of the Autonomous Regions) manage other applications for salaries and other payments.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Spain (2021 data)

In Spain, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✔

The category "other" encompasses: number of enforcement procedures, number of decisions appealed, number of rogatory letters issued, received and resolved, aid between courts, pending writings, form of termination of trials, etc.

In Spain, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✔
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✔
Backlogs	✘	Clearance rate	✔
Productivity of judges and court staff	✔	Disposition time	✔
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

The statistic report that the Court sends every three months to the Inspection Service, and the reports and studies that the General Council for the Judiciary carry out with the information provided, serve to measure and control the burden of work of the Judges, Letrados de la Administración de Justicia, and Courts in general.

On the other hand, the "Citizens' bill of rights before the law" is the document approved by the Parliament at 2002 that includes the list of rights of the citizen in their relation with the administration of justice, and the principles and good practices that must guide the service of the Justice to the citizens. It sets the principles of transparency, appropriate attention and information, gives special care and attention to the citizens who are most vulnerable (victims of crime, gender violence, minors, and other). The document is compulsory for all the professionals involved in Justice. According to this Bill of rights, the Parliament, through the Committee for Justice, will carry out a follow-up monitoring and continuous evaluation of the evolution of, and compliance with this Bill. The annual report submitted by the Council for the Judiciary to the Parliament will include a specific and sufficiently detailed reference to the claims, complaints, and suggestions made by citizens about the running of the Administration of Justice.

In addition to that, during the beginning of the implementation of the judicial offices (2010), a map of procedures and a quality management system with own indicators for this kind of offices were implemented. The model has been under review and is expected to be reviewed on the basis of electronic processing.

Finally, the hierarchical structure of the Letrados de la Administración de Justicia allow the Ministry of Justice control and ensure the compliance of standards and parameters of quality fixed, and achieve the new objectives fixed for the implementation of new measures (such the digitalization of Justice or the implementation of electronic tools right now).

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In Spain, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	46 698 569	47 007 367	47 431 256	47 344 649	47 435 597	3,1%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	22 300	-	22 800	23 300	23 985	24 919	25 703	26 255	23 692	25 404	13,9%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	-	Yes	No	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	-	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	-	Yes	No	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	True	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True	True

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									True	True		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									False	False		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									False	False		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									-	-		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									-	-		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									-	-		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 128	4 164	-	0,9%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 540	2 556	-	0,6%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	2 349	-	2 224	2 224	2 223	2 282	2 269	2 317	2 298	2 313	-1,5%	0,7%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	239	240	-	0,4%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 588	1 608	-	1,3%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	1 451	1 465	1 493	1 531	1 549	6,2%	1,2%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	65	-	64	64	64	68	70	74	91	96	47,7%	5,5%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	345	-	345	345	345	354	354	365	376	382	10,7%	1,6%
43.1.5 Family courts	103	-	105	109	104	104	127	126	132	133	29,1%	0,8%
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17	-	16	17	18	18	17	17	17	17	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NA	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	-	0,0%
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	241	-	241	241	241	241	241	241	241	242	0,4%	0,4%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	82	-	0,0%
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	688	-	665	649	655	659	656	663	585	590	-14,2%	0,9%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	59	-	3,5%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	33,3%
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23	-	0,0%
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	20,0%
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	0,0%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	1	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	617	621	-	0,6%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	763	-	763	763	763	698	701	702	695	700	-8,3%	0,7%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 470 400	1 445 180	1 382 963	1 281 288	1 426 264	1 615 361	1 769 954	2 012 093	-	13,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 299 099	-	836 967	857 047	840 840	795 775	942 844	1 105 539	1 175 930	1 343 436	3,4%	14,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	423 548	497 186	-	17,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	59 995	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	328 098	331 391	354 118	423 548	497 186	728,7%	17,4%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	335 512	-	226 273	203 406	176 418	157 415	152 029	155 704	170 476	171 471	-48,9%	0,6%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 154 560	2 230 166	1 972 326	2 144 395	2 324 441	2 514 806	2 332 870	2 672 976	-	14,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 761 051	-	1 004 976	1 085 451	999 383	1 186 759	1 284 086	1 292 934	1 206 721	1 350 155	-23,3%	11,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	971 172	1 138 259	-	17,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	183 225	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	792 497	868 023	1 022 349	971 172	1 138 259	521,2%	17,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	196 995	-	182 681	170 800	164 826	165 139	172 332	199 523	154 977	184 562	-6,3%	19,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	2 178 205	2 222 912	2 062 884	2 011 650	2 132 393	2 354 827	2 095 258	2 717 332	-	29,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 754 816	-	984 896	1 028 225	1 030 805	1 042 698	1 113 252	1 215 252	1 040 838	1 382 050	-21,2%	32,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	900 234	1 153 446	-	28,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	184 107	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	796 432	847 428	955 535	900 234	1 153 446	526,5%	28,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	243 718	-	205 548	200 375	183 981	172 520	171 713	184 040	154 186	181 836	-25,4%	17,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	-	1 446 755	1 452 434	1 284 483	1 421 091	1 613 295	1 769 599	2 002 069	1 969 897	-	-1,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 270 383	-	857 047	914 273	795 722	941 138	1 103 465	1 175 900	1 333 257	1 303 069	2,6%	-2,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	497 263	491 417	-	-1,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 993	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	327 930	354 118	423 223	497 263	491 417	747,4%	-1,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	285 005	-	203 406	173 831	157 476	152 023	155 712	170 476	171 549	175 411	-38,5%	2,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	101,1%	99,7%	104,6%	93,8%	91,7%	93,6%	89,8%	101,7%	-	11,84
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,6%	-	98,0%	94,7%	103,1%	87,9%	86,7%	94,0%	86,3%	102,4%	2,72	16,11
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	92,7%	101,3%	-	8,64
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	100,5%	97,6%	93,5%	92,7%	101,3%	0,85	8,64

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions		
											2012-2021	2020-2021	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	123,7%	-	112,5%	117,3%	111,6%	104,5%	99,6%	92,2%	99,5%	98,5%		(25,19)	(0,97)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	-	242	238	227	258	276	274	349	265		-	-24,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	264	-	318	325	282	329	362	353	468	344		30,2%	-26,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	202	156		-	-22,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115	-	142	134	143	150	153	162	202	156		35,3%	-22,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	427	-	361	317	312	322	331	338	406	352		-17,5%	-13,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	37 586	-	36 349	39 093	37 354	37 148	36 185	35 116	34 092	35 728		-4,9%	4,8%
---	--------	---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--	-------	------

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	38 417	-	78 832	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 797	54 258	62 273	82 732	115,4%	32,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	20 306	-	30 530	32 356	30 928	30 335	30 239	31 123	32 530	35 275	73,7%	8,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	49 330	-	50 604	49 941	46 830	45 019	44 433	42 826	36 090	36 337	-26,3%	0,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	147 404	-	118 213	104 457	94 877	104 824	107 294	120 049	129 287	117 293	-20,4%	-9,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	10 290	-	8 132	6 288	7 040	7 594	9 115	12 031	13 741	18 892	83,6%	37,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	47 572	-	47 860	48 799	45 469	45 188	43 893	42 281	33 185	39 695	-16,6%	19,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	108 570	-	118 225	110 098	101 480	97 673	101 243	108 715	106 654	135 369	24,7%	26,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	4 763	-	6 306	7 155	7 709	7 874	8 728	10 364	10 843	15 575	227,0%	43,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	37 472	-	39 093	40 235	37 148	36 189	35 116	34 092	35 731	30 886	-17,6%	-13,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	64 705	-	78 820	55 514	48 738	51 798	54 274	62 273	82 573	62 254	-3,8%	-24,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	25 647	-	32 356	31 489	30 335	30 241	31 123	32 530	35 275	38 904	51,7%	10,3%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	96,4%	-	94,6%	97,7%	97,1%	100,4%	98,8%	98,7%	92,0%	109,2%	12,81	17,29
CR Employment dismissal cases	73,7%	-	100,0%	105,4%	107,0%	93,2%	94,4%	90,6%	82,5%	115,4%	41,76	32,92
CR Insolvency cases	46,3%	-	77,5%	113,8%	109,5%	103,7%	95,8%	86,1%	78,9%	82,4%	36,15	3,53
DT Litigious divorce cases	288	-	298	301	298	292	292	294	393	284	-1,2%	-27,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	218	-	243	184	175	194	196	209	283	168	-22,8%	-40,6%
DT Insolvency cases	1 965	-	1 873	1 606	1 436	1 402	1 302	1 146	1 187	912	-53,6%	-23,2%

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			97 468	88 370	95 062	98 745	112 064	139 348	164 383	142 351	-	-13,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			74 481	67 444	73 802	77 538	90 748	116 091	129 949	106 068	-	-18,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			22 987	20 926	21 260	21 207	21 316	23 257	34 434	36 283	-	5,4%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			152 002	169 070	184 339	190 486	206 672	224 499	177 404	235 331	-	32,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			131 025	145 418	160 153	166 301	180 721	182 864	146 275	203 675	-	39,2%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			20 977	23 652	24 186	24 185	25 951	41 635	31 129	31 656	-	1,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			161 100	162 788	180 825	177 026	180 327	200 117	200 281	206 239	-	3,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			138 062	139 070	156 564	153 395	156 399	170 065	170 993	175 725	-	2,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			23 038	23 718	24 261	23 631	23 928	30 052	29 288	30 514	-	4,2%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			88 370	94 652	98 712	112 064	139 340	164 341	142 509	172 221	-	20,8%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			67 444	73 792	77 538	90 748	116 096	129 907	106 207	134 629	-	26,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			20 926	20 860	21 174	21 316	23 244	34 434	36 302	37 592	-	3,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			106,0%	96,3%	98,1%	92,9%	87,3%	89,1%	112,9%	87,6%	-	(25,26)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			105,4%	95,6%	97,8%	92,2%	86,5%	93,0%	116,9%	86,3%	-	(30,62)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			109,8%	100,3%	100,3%	97,7%	92,2%	72,2%	94,1%	96,4%	-	2,31
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			200	212	199	231	282	300	260	305	-	17,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			178	194	181	216	271	279	227	280	-	23,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			332	321	319	329	355	418	452	450	-	-0,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 671	16 127	21 022	25 609	27 712	26 113	26 346	30 903	-	17,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			7 125	9 140	10 732	12 484	14 809	17 084	19 700	22 880	-	16,1%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			6 546	6 987	10 290	13 125	12 903	9 029	6 646	8 023	-	20,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			14 749	18 092	19 956	20 176	22 487	22 997	22 013	26 457	-	20,2%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			8 742	9 289	10 649	11 271	12 532	13 171	12 585	16 113	-	28,0%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			6 007	8 803	9 307	8 905	9 955	9 826	9 428	10 344	-	9,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			12 293	13 121	14 502	18 086	24 417	22 910	17 777	23 934	-	34,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			6 727	7 234	8 893	8 946	10 257	10 555	9 405	11 926	-	26,8%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			5 566	5 887	5 609	9 140	14 160	12 355	8 372	12 008	-	43,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			16 127	20 635	25 613	27 712	26 113	26 346	30 903	34 828	-	12,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			9 140	10 732	12 488	14 809	17 084	19 700	22 880	26 996	-	18,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			6 987	9 903	13 125	12 903	9 029	6 646	8 023	7 832	-	-2,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			83,3%	72,5%	72,7%	89,6%	108,6%	99,6%	80,8%	90,5%	-	9,71
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			77,0%	77,9%	83,5%	79,4%	81,8%	80,1%	74,7%	74,0%	-	(0,72)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			92,7%	66,9%	60,3%	102,6%	142,2%	125,7%	88,8%	116,1%	-	27,29
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			479	574	645	559	390	420	635	531	-	-16,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			496	541	513	604	608	681	888	826	-	-7,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			458	614	854	515	233	196	350	238	-	-31,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									358 146	400 907	-	11,9%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									253 301	276 086	-	9,0%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									104 845	124 821	-	19,1%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									623 828	721 475	-	15,7%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									248 714	309 737	-	24,5%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									375 114	411 738	-	9,8%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									593 304	743 805	-	25,4%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									234 348	312 980	-	33,6%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									358 956	430 825	-	20,0%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									400 834	395 326	-	-1,4%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									276 013	284 198	-	3,0%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									124 821	111 128	-	-11,0%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									95,1%	103,1%	-	8,0
CR of Severe cases									94,2%	101,0%	-	6,8
CR of Misdemeanour cases									95,7%	104,6%	-	8,9
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									247	194	-	-21,3%
DT of Severe cases									430	331	-	-22,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									127	94	-	-25,8%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									8 778	7 335	-	-16,4%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									6 281	5 203	-	-17,2%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									2 497	2 132	-	-14,6%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									44 098	56 625	-	28,4%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									30 772	37 904	-	23,2%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									13 326	18 721	-	40,5%
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									45 415	54 157	-	19,2%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									31 733	36 386	-	14,7%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									13 682	17 771	-	29,9%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									7 327	11 944	-	63,0%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									5 196	8 850	-	70,3%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									2 131	3 094	-	45,2%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									103,0%	95,6%	-	(7,13)
CR o2 Severe cases									103,1%	96,0%	-	(6,91)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									102,7%	94,9%	-	(7,54)

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									59	80	-	36,7%
DT of Severe cases									60	89	-	48,5%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									57	64	-	11,8%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									4 373	6 302	-	44,1%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									7 506	8 990	-	19,8%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									5 577	8 834	-	58,4%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									6 302	6 379	-	1,2%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									74,3%	98,3%	-	23,96
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									412	264	-	-36,1%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases									1 840 128	1 994 943	-	8,4%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									NAP	NAP	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NA	NA	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NA	NA	-	-
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									152 254	204 177	-	34,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									149 904	201 286	-	34,3%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									2 350	2 891	-	23,0%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	211 352 960 €	-	270 480 209 €	266 685 555 €	272 791 497 €	288 087 745 €	#####	#####	#####	#####	67,3%	15,85%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	#####	#####	-	8,71%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	2 447 400 €	2 447 400 €	4 189 170 €	-	71,17%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	710 544 €	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	NAP	NAP	

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									1 599 883	1 923 183	-	0,20
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									1 103 860	1 338 993	-	0,21
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									496 023	584 190	-	0,18
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									30	30	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									605	656	-	8,4%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									29	113	-	289,7%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									1	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									28	NA	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									569 858 €	2 289 703 €	-	301,8%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							False	False	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in most of the courts		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter									in some courts / some pilot phases	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							FALSE	FALSE	Yes	Yes		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	True	True		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	5 155	-	5 353	5 367	5 367	5 377	5 419	5 341	5 320	5 408	4,9%	1,7%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	3 647	-	3 855	3 781	3 786	3 719	3 824	3 764	3 752	3 817	4,7%	1,7%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 431	-	1 416	1 505	1 496	1 576	1 515	1 502	1 495	1 523	6,4%	1,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	77	-	82	81	85	82	80	75	73	68	-11,7%	-6,8%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 565	-	2 572	2 555	2 540	2 519	2 496	2 439	2 402	2 379	-7,3%	-1,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 533	-	1 574	1 520	1 525	1 452	1 498	1 454	1 434	1 422	-7,2%	-0,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	964	-	927	965	940	996	933	924	911	904	-6,2%	-0,8%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	68	-	71	70	75	71	65	61	57	53	-22,1%	-7,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	2 590	-	2 781	2 812	2 827	2 858	2 923	2 902	2 918	3 029	16,9%	3,8%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	2 114	-	2 281	2 261	2 261	2 267	2 326	2 310	2 318	2 395	13,3%	3,3%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	467	-	489	540	556	580	582	578	584	619	32,5%	6,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	9	-	11	11	10	11	15	14	16	15	66,7%	-6,3%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 320	5 408	-	1,7%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 752	3 817	-	1,7%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 495	1 523	-	1,9%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	68	-	-6,8%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 379	1 361	-	-1,3%
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	963	946	-	-1,8%
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	406	406	-	0,0%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	9	-	-10,0%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 613	1 595	-	-1,1%
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 141	1 107	-	-3,0%
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	457	472	-	3,3%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	16	-	6,7%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	572	552	-	-3,5%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	241	236	-	-2,1%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298	289	-	-3,0%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	27	-	-18,2%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 756	1 900	-	8,2%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 407	1 528	-	8,6%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	334	356	-	6,6%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	16	-	6,7%
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	46 871	47 645	47 816	48 620	49 137	9,8%	1,1%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	4 283	4 289	4 260	4 331	4 486	26,0%	3,6%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	42 588	43 356	43 556	44 289	44 651	-	0,8%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	1 236	-	1 221	1 224	NA	1 412	1 375	1 355	1 336	1 350	9,2%	1,0%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	2 871	2 914	2 905	2 995	3 136	35,0%	4,7%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									48 620	49 137	-	1,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									43 776	44 244	-	1,1%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									4 380	4 413	-	0,8%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									464	480	-	3,4%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 544	2 631	-	3,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									33	32	-	-3,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									884	900	-	1,8%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									26	21	-	-19,2%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 660	1 731	-	4,3%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									7	11	-	57,1%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									2 280	2 312	-	1,4%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									NA	NA	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									NA	NA	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country									22 849 €	24 271 €	-	6,2%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									51 946 €	52 534 €	-	1,1%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									130 654 €	131 830 €	-	0,9%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									51 946 €	52 534 €	-	1,1%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									130 654 €	131 830 €	-	0,9%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									36 881 €	38 350 €	-	4,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									81 006 €	84 371 €	-	4,2%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									36 881 €	38 350 €	-	4,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									81 006 €	84 371 €	-	4,2%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									28	23	-	-17,9%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	0	-	-100,0%

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									22	23	-	4,5%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	3	-	0,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	3	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									3	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									23	22	-	-4,3%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	3	-	-
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									11	9	-	-18,2%
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									5	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									7	9	-	28,6%
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	1	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	3	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									NA	NA	-	-

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									NA	NA	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									NA	NA	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	131 337	-	135 016	149 818	142 061	144 212	143 205	143 398	143 717	144 642	10,1%	0,6%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Spain

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	-	1 151	3 289	NA	5 302	6 939	7 710	8 896	9 921	-	11,5%
167.1.1 Total number started					15 437	NA	NA	NA	NA	9 640	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					951	1 449	1 289	1 073	764	912	-	19,4%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					7 336	5 563	4 937	4 769	2 737	3 287	-	20,1%
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					4 571	2 575	2 406	3 967	2 134	2 600	-	21,8%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					2 579	3 121	2 935	2 865	2 485	2 841	-	14,3%
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

Judiciary at a glance in Sweden

(2021 data)

General data

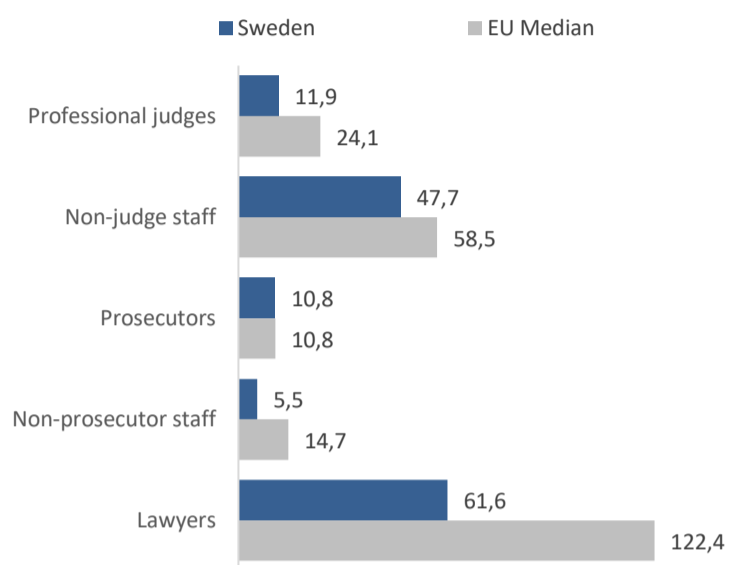
Population: 10 452 326

GDP per capita: 50 876 €

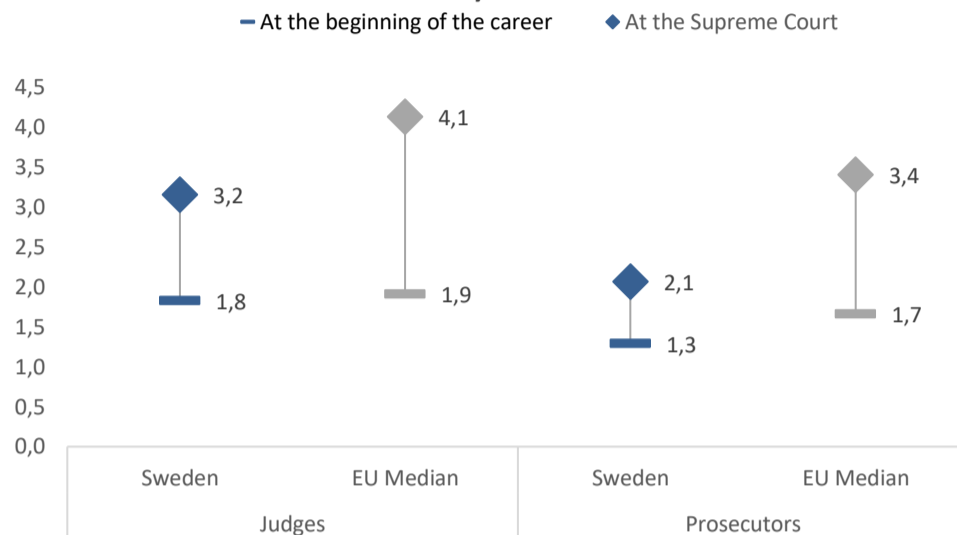
Average annual salary: 43 384 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

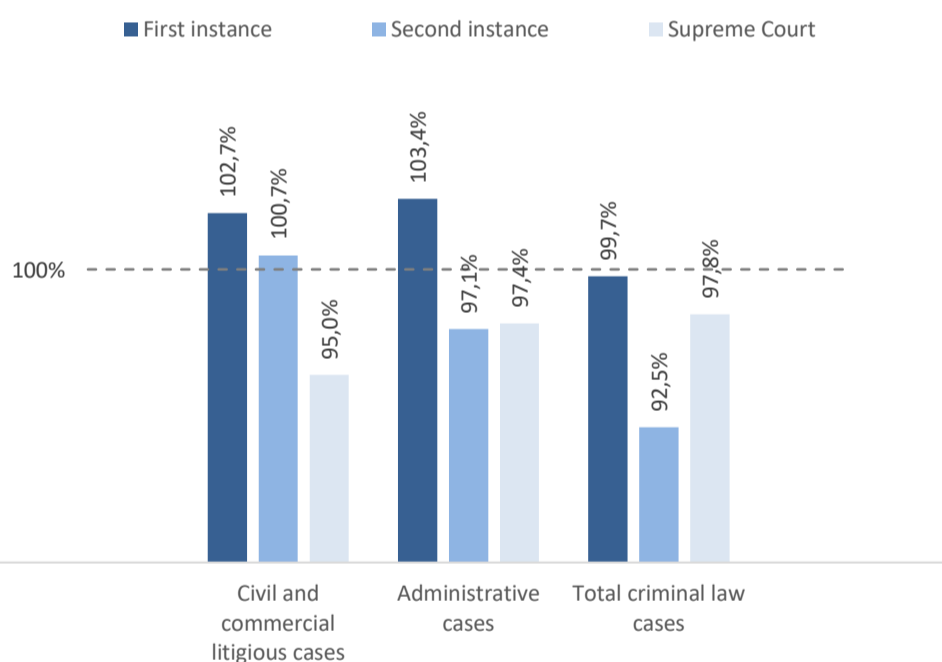


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2021

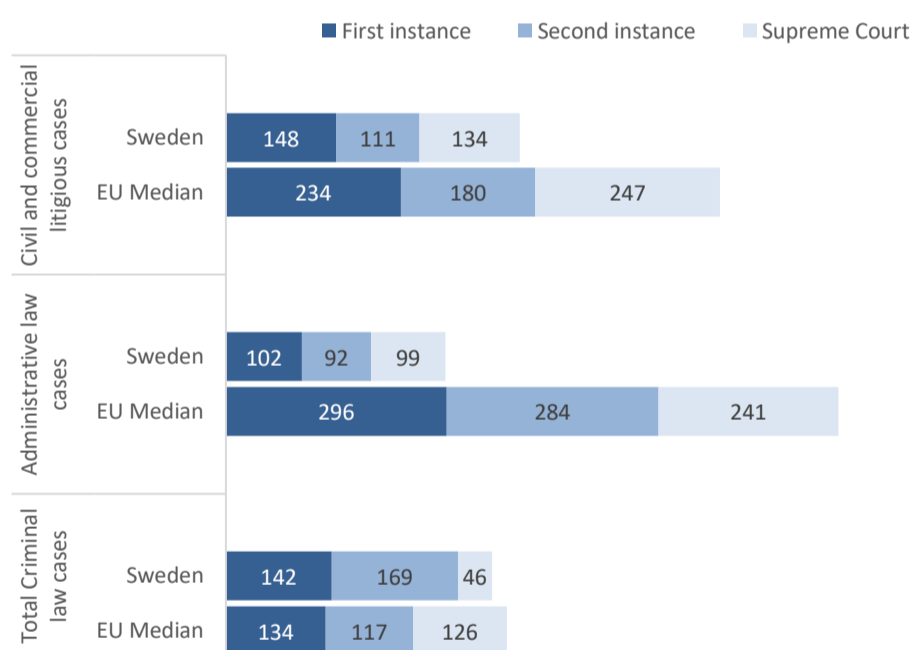


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

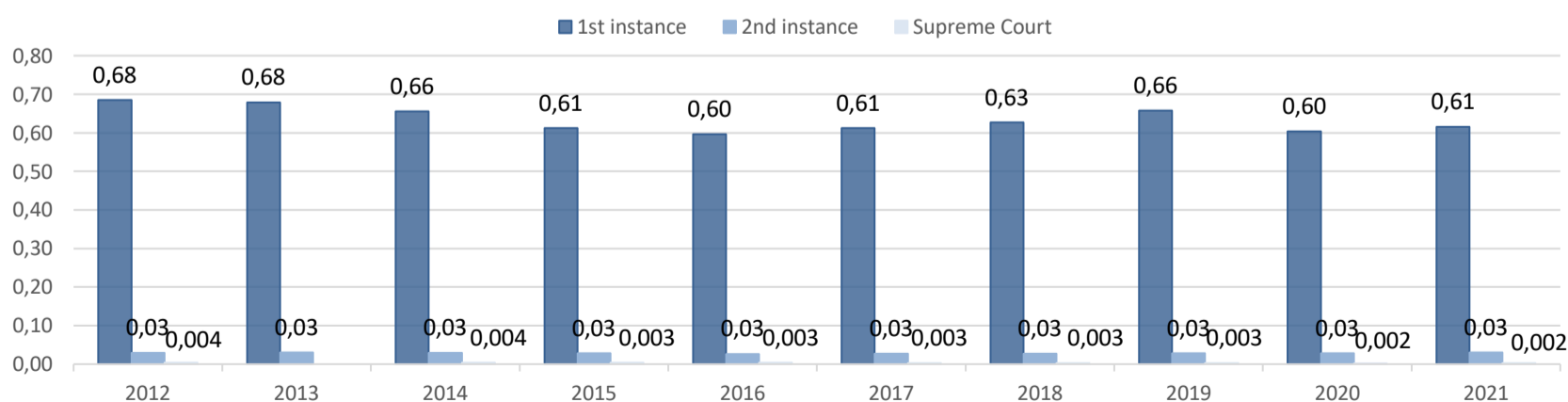


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Sweden

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend 2012-2021	Variations	
												2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295	10 452 326		9,4%	0,7%
GDP per capita	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455	50 876		16,0%	7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	8,57	8,86	9,43	9,20	9,56	9,80	10,20	11,16	10,05	10,26		19,8%	2,1%
Average annual salary	41 733		39 948		41 168		40 706	37 955	43 092	43 384		4,0%	0,7%

Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,8	11,7	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,9	11,5	11,6	11,9		0,9%	2,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,1	48,9	49,2	48,7	48,6	50,3	50,9	47,6	48,1	47,7		-11,8%	-0,8%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									10,1	10,8			7,8%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									5,0	5,5			10,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	54,9	56,2	57,2	58,9	57,7	58,4	58,6	58,1	60,3	61,6		12,2%	2,1%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,685	0,679	0,656	0,612	0,596	0,612	0,627	0,657	0,604	0,615		-10,2%	1,8%
Administrative law cases	1,086	1,1	1,1	1,034	1,440	1,616	1,635	1,715	1,848	1,703		56,9%	-7,9%
Total criminal law cases									1,156	1,171			1,4%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	101%	104%	104%	99%	100%	97%	97%	103%	103%		3,86	-0,16
CR administrative law cases	105%	101%	103%	104%	94%	90%	97%	102%	102%	103%		-1,42	1,09
CR total criminal law cases									96%	100%			3,66

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	148		-17,3%	-8,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	102		-19,4%	-4,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									149	142			-4,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,33	0,32	0,29	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,28	0,29	0,27	0,26		-22,8%	-6,7%
Administrative law cases	0,39	0,38	0,35	0,31	0,43	0,59	0,63	0,60	0,55	0,49		24,7%	-10,9%
Total criminal law cases									0,45	0,45			0,1%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			106%	102%	103%	98%	102%	95%	96%	101%			4,32
CR administrative law cases			90%	97%	97%	114%	93%	97%	110%	97%			-12,75
CR total criminal law cases									93%	92%			-0,06

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			106	107	100	109	96	117	128	111			-12,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			178	188	148	63	96	106	68	92			35,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									156	169			8,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentage points)	2020-2021 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			99%	105%	106%	110%	96%	108%	101%	95%			-5,96
CR administrative law cases			112%	101%	99%	95%	110%	101%	97%	97%			0,56
CR total criminal law cases									96%	98%			1,43

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			159	139	112	98	117	96	127	134			5,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			92	94	105	122	82	83	94	99			5,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									45	46			0,9%

1. Judicial organisation in Sweden (2021 data)

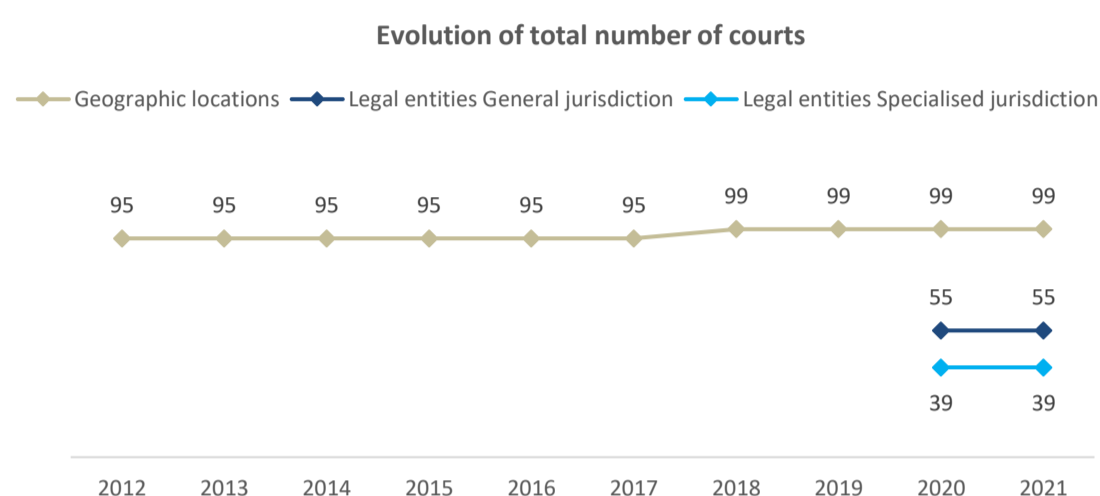
In 2021 in Sweden, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 94. Namely, there are 55 courts of general jurisdiction and 39 specialised courts. Among the 55 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 48 District courts act at first instance and deal with criminal and civil cases and various kinds of other matters such as adoption, administrators, bankruptcy and special representatives. The 6 Courts of appeal act as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, while the Supreme court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction.

Among the 39 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 31 are of first instance, while 8 are higher instance specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 99 courts among which 84 are of first instance. In fact, the number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is 48, but five of these also operate in another location in addition to the main location. Thus, the total of first instance courts as geographic locations is equal to $48+5+31$ (first instance specialised courts) = 84.

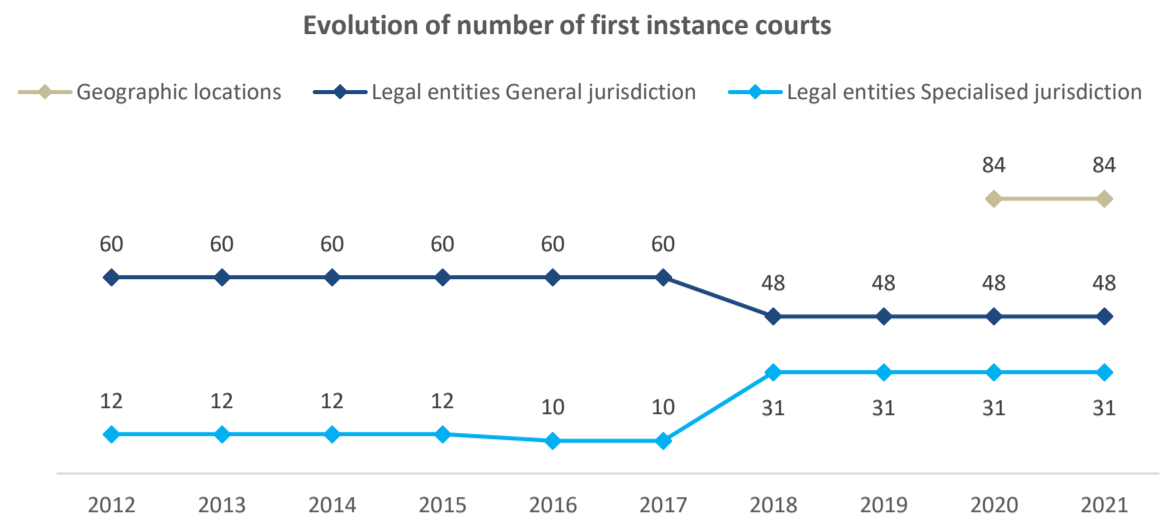
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	95		
2013	95		
2014	95		
2015	95		
2016	95		
2017	95		
2018	99		
2019	99		
2020	99	55	39
2021	99	55	39



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		60	12
2013		60	12
2014		60	12
2015		60	12
2016		60	10
2017		60	10
2018		48	31
2019		48	31
2020	84	48	31
2021	84	48	31



It should be recalled that the variations observed in 2018 stem from a change in the methodology of presentation of data and are not due to any reform or judicial reorganisation. More precisely, for the 2018-2020 evaluation cycle, the replies have been adjusted to comply with the CEPEJ definitions.

Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 60,8% - 39,2% (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%). Thus, the part of the specialised courts in Sweden is above the EU median.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	31	8
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	12	5
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	18	3

The 12 administrative courts are the courts of first instance that deal with cases involving disputes between individuals/companies and authorities. These courts settle more than 500 different types of cases. Common types of cases are tax cases, social insurance cases, cases under the Social Services Act and cases concerning compulsory care.

The Patent and Market Court deals with issues relating to market law and intellectual property. There is one first-instance Patent and Market Court. Its decisions can be appealed to the Patent and Market Court of Appeal.

Land and Environment courts process cases such as permits for water operations and environmentally hazardous operations, issues of health protection, nature conservation, refuse collection, polluted areas and hazardous waste, environmentally-related damages, and compensation issues, issues of building, demolition and land permits under the Planning and Building Act, site leaseholds, appeals in planning matters, land parcelling, utility easements and expropriation. There are five Land and Environment Courts, which are specialized courts at the District Courts in Nacka, Vänersborg, Växjö, Umeå and Östersund. The Land and Environment Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Land and Environment Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

Migration courts review decisions made by the Swedish Migration Board on matters concerning aliens and citizenship. There are four Migration Courts, they are specialized courts which are part of the Administrative Courts in Malmö, Göteborg, Stockholm and Luleå. The Migration Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Migration Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

Maritime courts deal with cases under the Swedish Maritime Code (1994:1009). There are seven maritime courts, which are part of the District Courts in Luleå, Sundsvall, Stockholm, Kalmar, Malmö, Gothenburg and Karlstad.

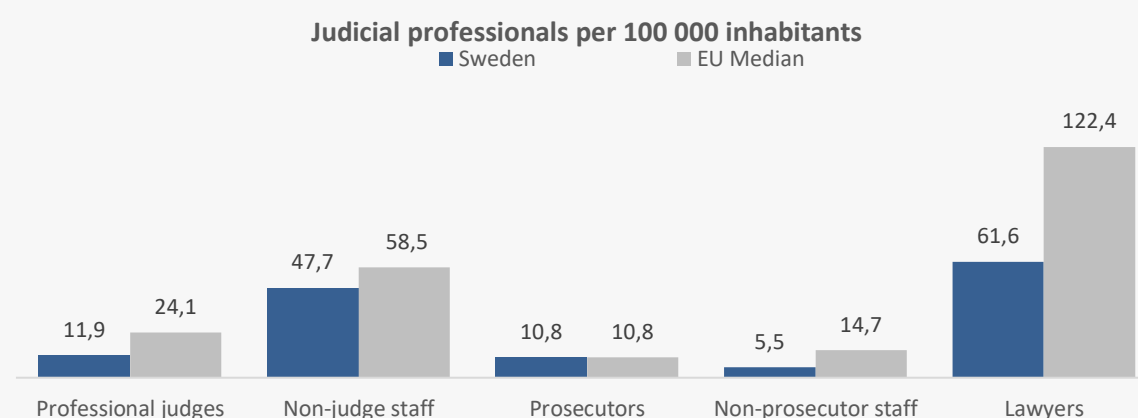
Sweden also has 2 special courts, which are completely separated from the general and administrative courts and their organization, meaning that they have a more far-reaching separation from the general and administrative courts. Those are the Labour Court and the Swedish Foreign Intelligence Court. The Labour Court deals with labour disputes, i.e., disputes in the frame of employers and employees' relationships; the Labour Court is normally the first and only instance competent in labour disputes. Nevertheless, some labour disputes are heard first in a district court, after which an appeal may be lodged with the Labour Court as the court of second and final instance. Rent and Tenancy Tribunals are not included because they are not courts, but administrative agencies. These are quasi-judicial bodies which hold similar powers to the courts and make decision on disputes involving rents, tenant-ownerships and leaseholds.

2. Professionals of justice in Sweden (2021 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

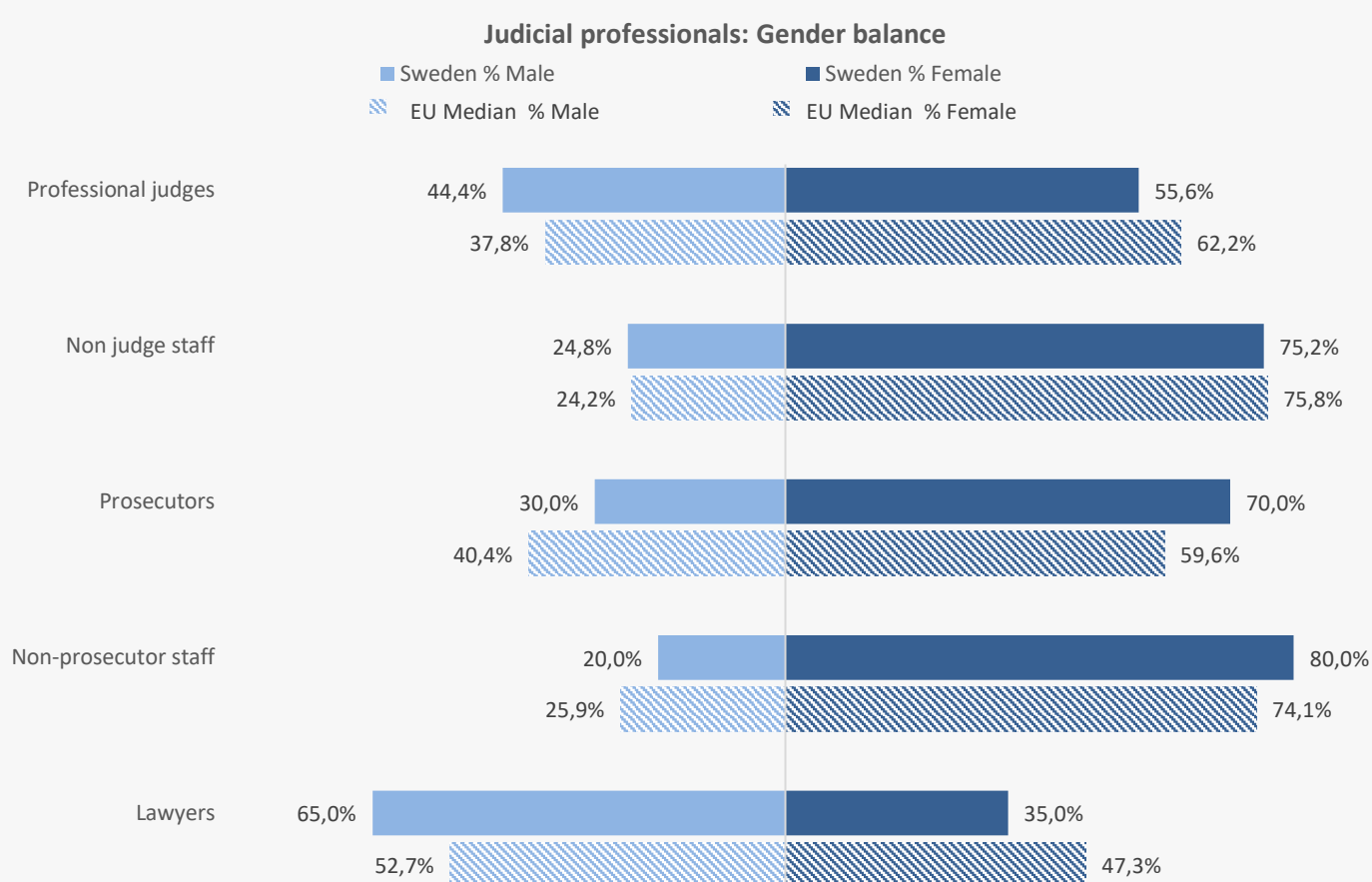
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 240	11,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	4 989	47,7	58,5
Prosecutors	1 133	10,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	580	5,5	14,7
Lawyers	6 436	61,6	122,4



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

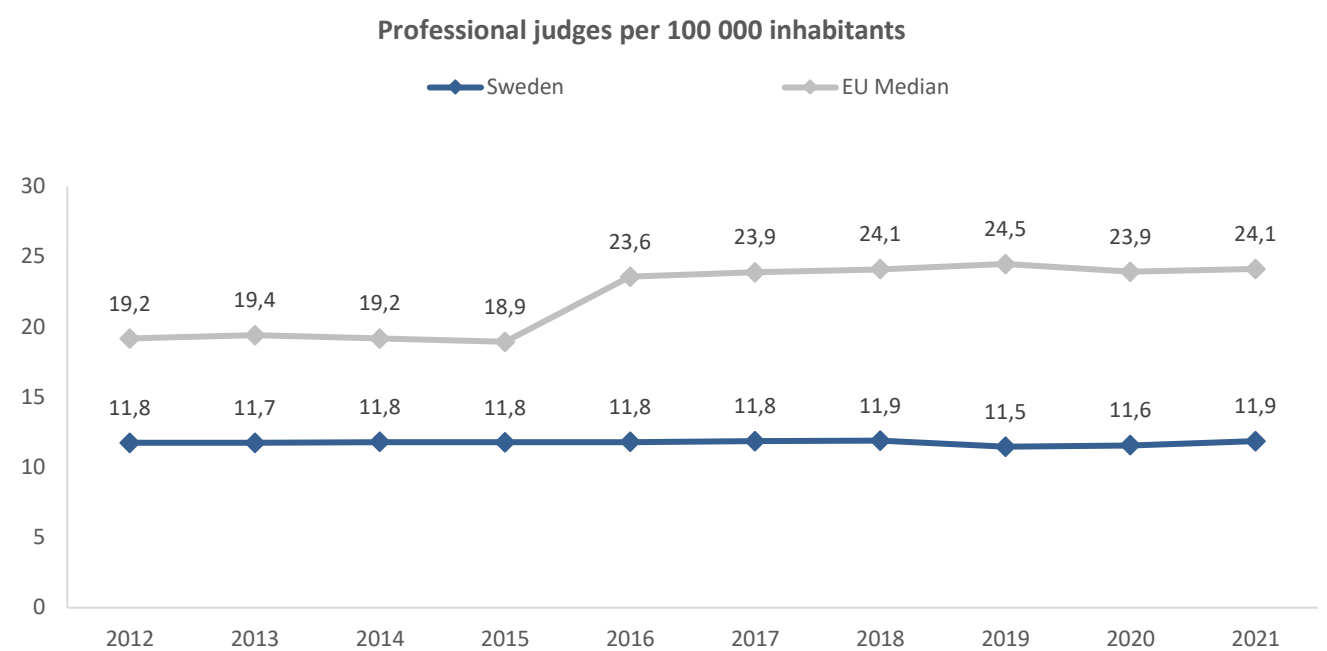
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,4%	55,6%
Non judge staff	24,8%	75,2%
Prosecutors	30,0%	70,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,0%	80,0%
Lawyers	65,0%	35,0%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Per 100 000 inhabitants		
	Absolute Number	Sweden	EU Median
2012	1 123	11,8	19,2
2013	1 132	11,7	19,4
2014	1 150	11,8	19,2
2015	1 159	11,8	18,9
2016	1 179	11,8	23,6
2017	1 199	11,8	23,9
2018	1 217	11,9	24,1
2019	1 184	11,5	24,5
2020	1 200	11,6	23,9
2021	1 240	11,9	24,1



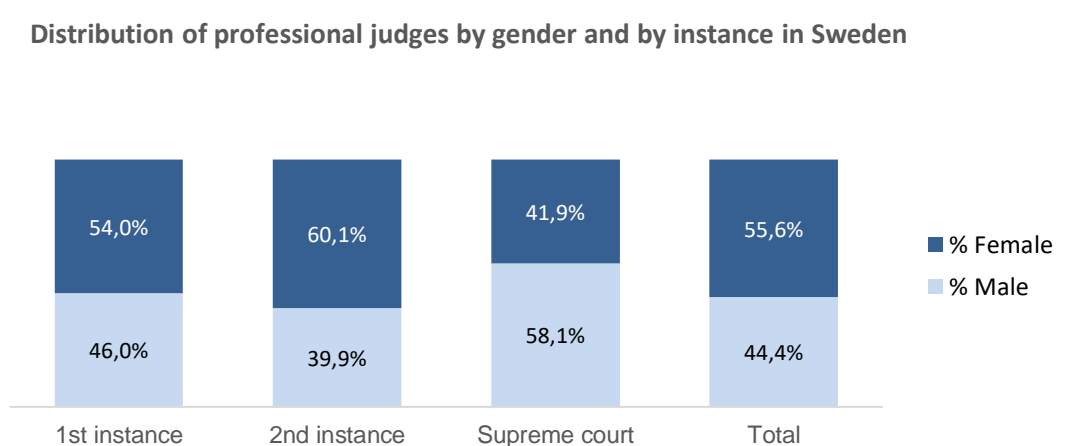
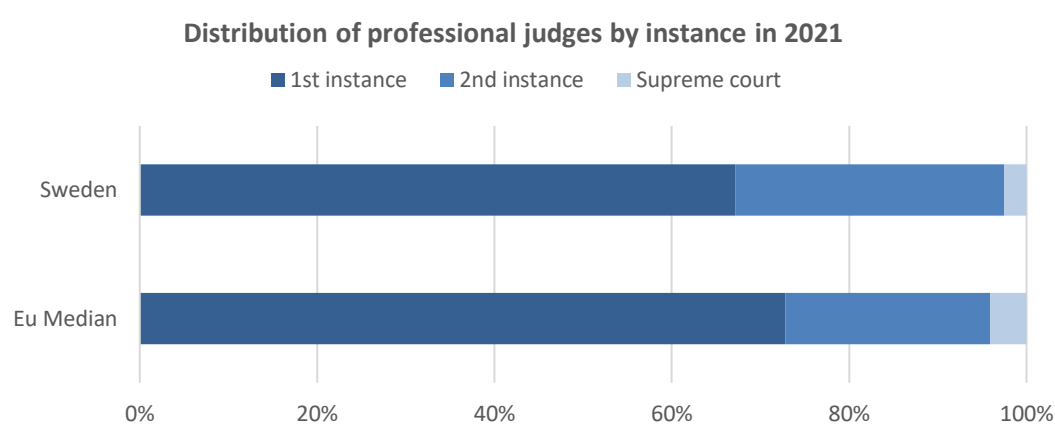
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Sweden is 1 240, which is 3,3% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Sweden, there are 11,86 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,02 non-judge staff per judge.

There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,16 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	833	67,2%	383	450	46,0%	54,0%
2nd instance	376	30,3%	150	226	39,9%	60,1%
Supreme court	31	2,5%	18	13	58,1%	41,9%
Total	1 240		551	689	44,4%	55,6%



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 689, which represents 55,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 833 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 450 are Female); 376 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 226 are Female) and 31 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Sweden is similar. However, we can notice that the predomination of first instance judges is less pronounced, second instance judges are more numerous, while third instance judges are fewer.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	833	NA	NA	218	NAP
2nd instance	376	NA	NA	121	NAP
Supreme court	31	NA	NA	15	NAP
Total	1 240	NA	NA	354	NAP

In Sweden, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

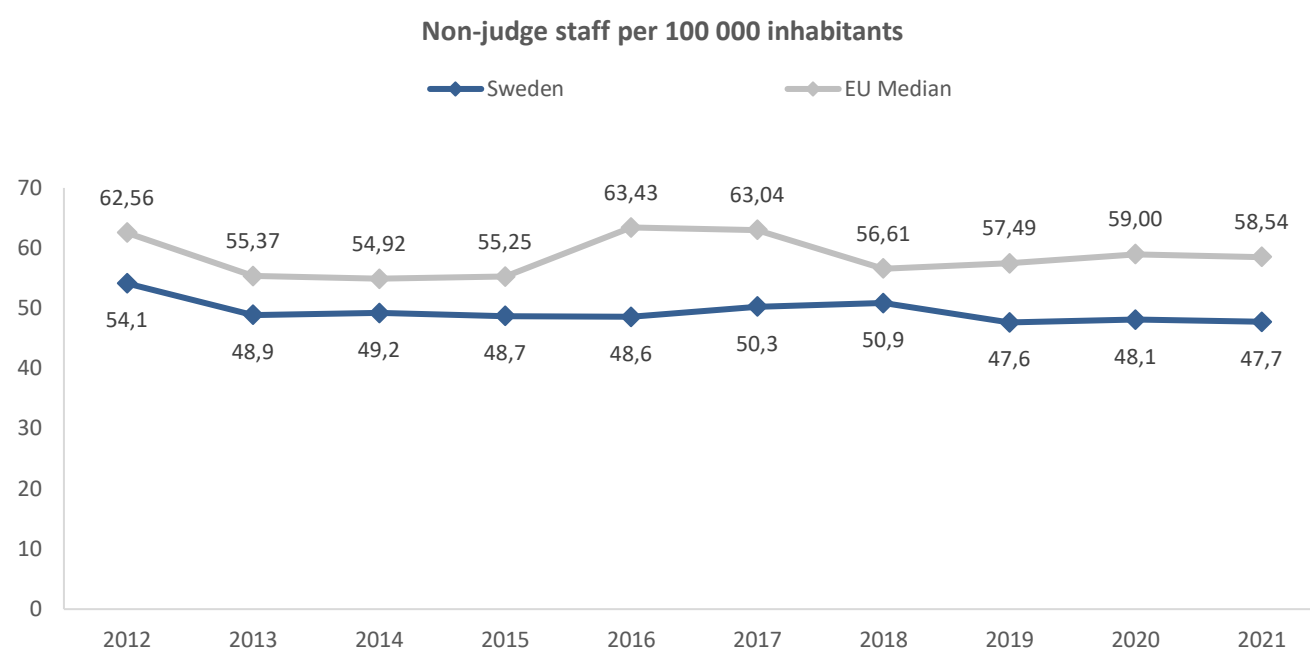
Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	26,2%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	32,2%	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	48,4%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	28,5%	NAP

Only the number of administrative judges can be identified given that in courts of general jurisdiction, judges working with civil and/or commercial cases also work with criminal cases and vice versa.

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2012	5 173	54,1	62,6
2013	4 716	48,9	55,4
2014	4 797	49,2	54,9
2015	4 800	48,7	55,2
2016	4 859	48,6	63,4
2017	5 088	50,3	63,0
2018	5 208	50,9	56,6
2019	4 921	47,6	57,5
2020	4 996	48,1	59,0
2021	4 989	47,7	58,5



In 2021, Sweden has 4 989 non-judge staff (of which 3 754 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 48,1 in 2020 to 47,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 11,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 11,9 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 989	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	3 364	67,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	694	13,9%
Technical staff	174	3,5%
Other	757	15,2%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 3 364 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 2 723 are Female);
- 694 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 456 are Female);
- 174 technical staff (of which 49 are Female);
- 757 other (of which 526 are Female);

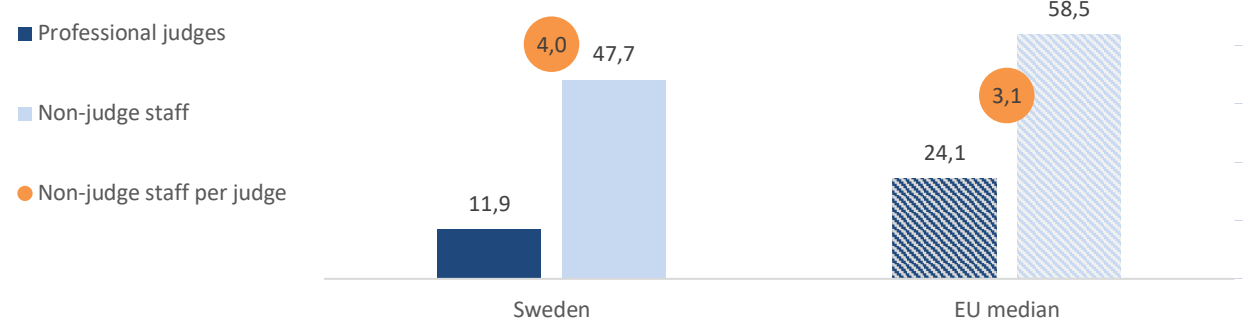
The category "Other non-judge staff" includes junior judges and associate judges in the judicial training program. A junior judge deals with the court's (court of first instance) business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload and with some exceptions as to types of cases handled. An acting associate judge (in a court of appeal) deals with the court's business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload. However, an associate judge is never a presiding judge.

The numbers do not include staff on leave or Swedish National Courts Administration (SNCA) employees. The SNCA is a government agency responsible for the service organisation of courts, namely the overall coordination and joint issues. It has no authority over the courts' judicial business or their verdicts. It also provides support to the courts, rental and tenancy tribunals and the National Legal Aid Authority and the Legal Aid Board. It deals with issues related to staff development, training and information, development of regulations, instructions and guidance. It ensures that operations are conducted in an effective and accessible way for citizens.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Professional judges	11,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	47,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,0	3,1

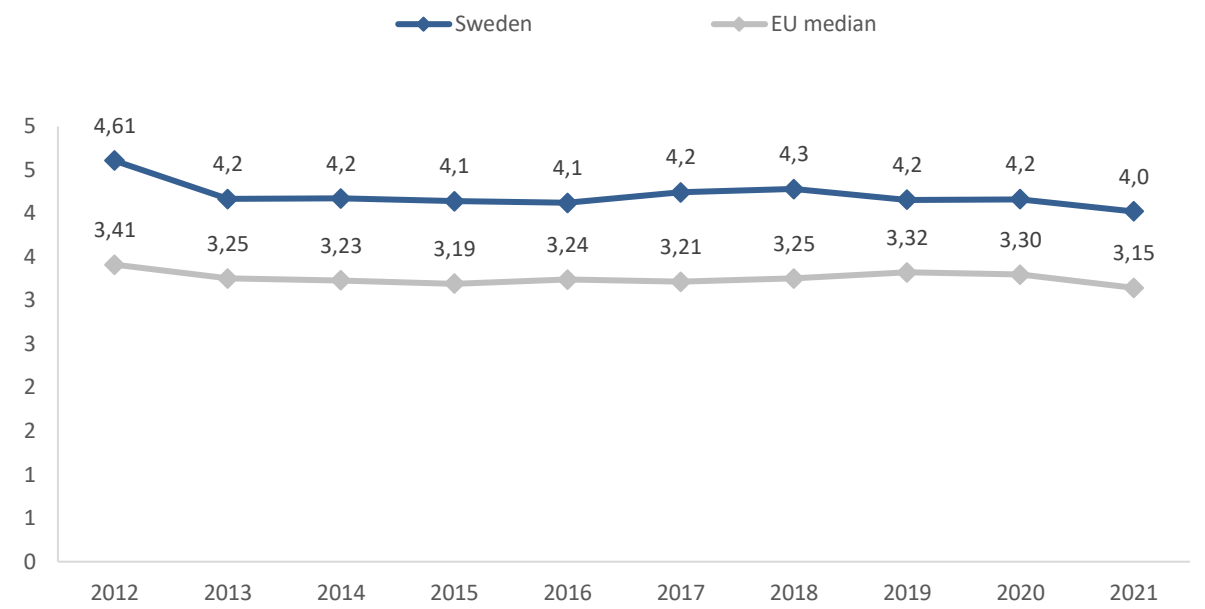
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Sweden	Sweden	Sweden	EU median
2012	11,8	54,1	4,61	3,4
2013	11,7	48,9	4,2	3,3
2014	11,8	49,2	4,2	3,2
2015	11,8	48,7	4,1	3,2
2016	11,8	48,6	4,1	3,2
2017	11,8	50,3	4,2	3,2
2018	11,9	50,9	4,3	3,3
2019	11,5	47,6	4,2	3,3
2020	11,6	48,1	4,2	3,3
2021	11,9	47,7	4,0	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

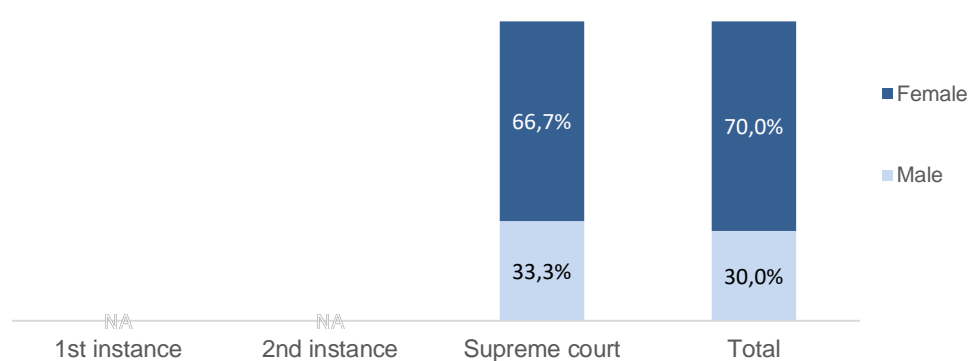


Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	12	1,1%	4	8	33,3%	66,7%
Total	1 133		340	793	30,0%	70,0%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Sweden presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, cases at first and second instance level are handled by the same prosecutors. Indeed, all Swedish prosecutors have the mandate to act at first instance as well as second instance level. The total number of prosecutors at first and second instance level is 1121, 336 males and 785 females). However, only the Prosecutor General and specifically appointed prosecutors working in the Office of the Prosecutor General have the mandate to act in the Supreme Court.

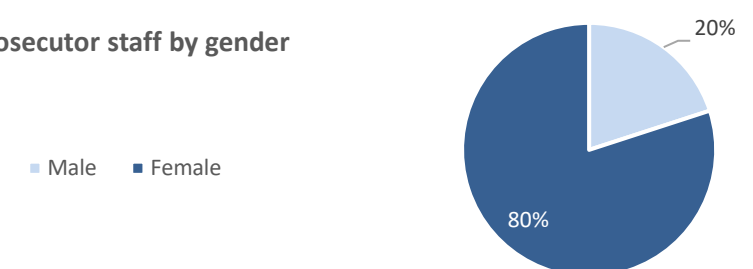
In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 793, which represents 70,0% of the total number of prosecutors.

Within the total number of prosecutors 12 intervene at third instance (of which 8 are female).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	580	116	464

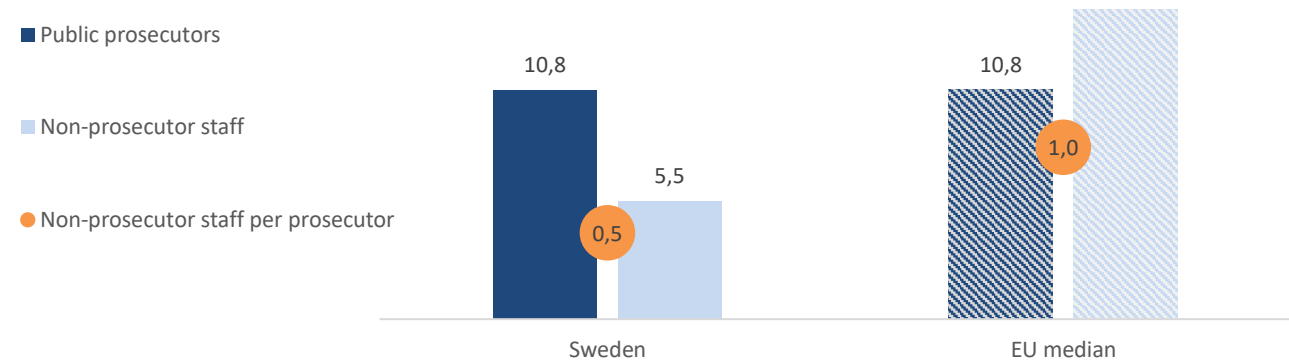
Non-prosecutor staff by gender



Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

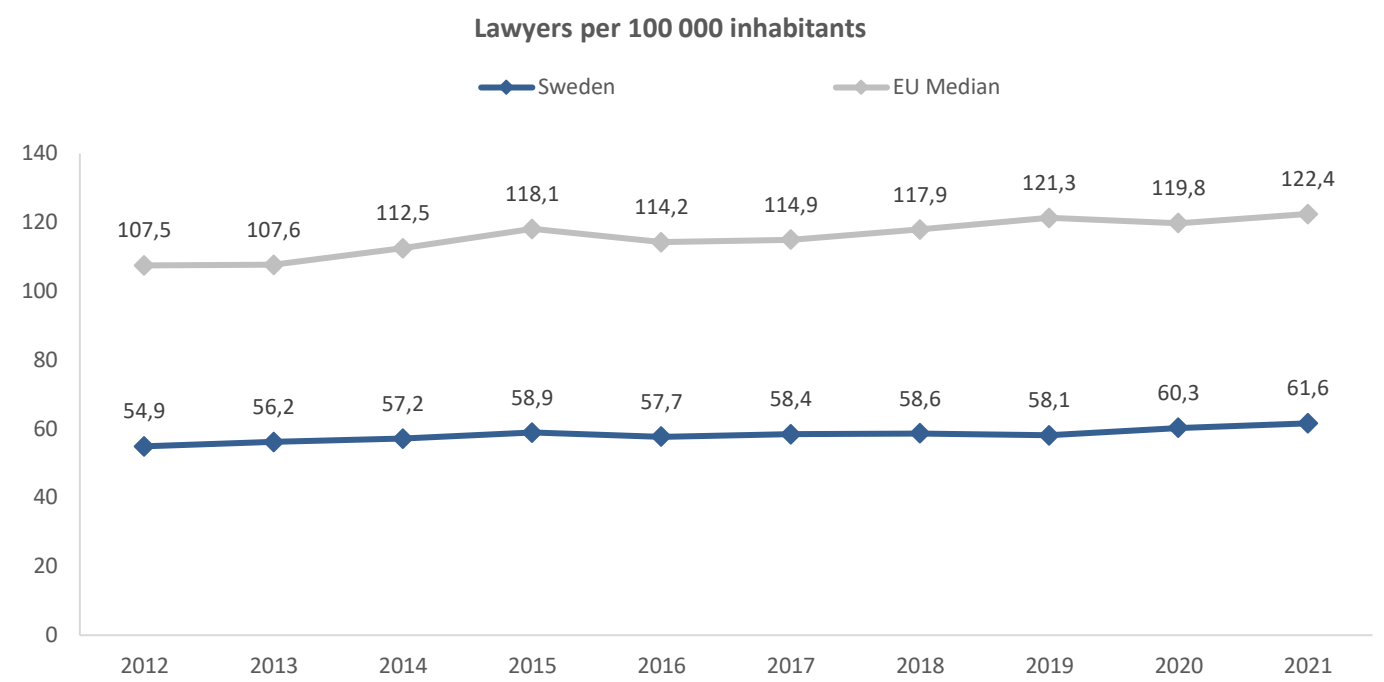
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Public prosecutors	10,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	5,5	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2012	5 246	54,9	107,5
2013	5 422	56,2	107,6
2014	5 575	57,2	112,5
2015	5 800	58,9	118,1
2016	5 767	57,7	114,2
2017	5 911	58,4	114,9
2018	6 000	58,6	117,9
2019	6 000	58,1	121,3
2020	6 257	60,3	119,8
2021	6 436	61,6	122,4

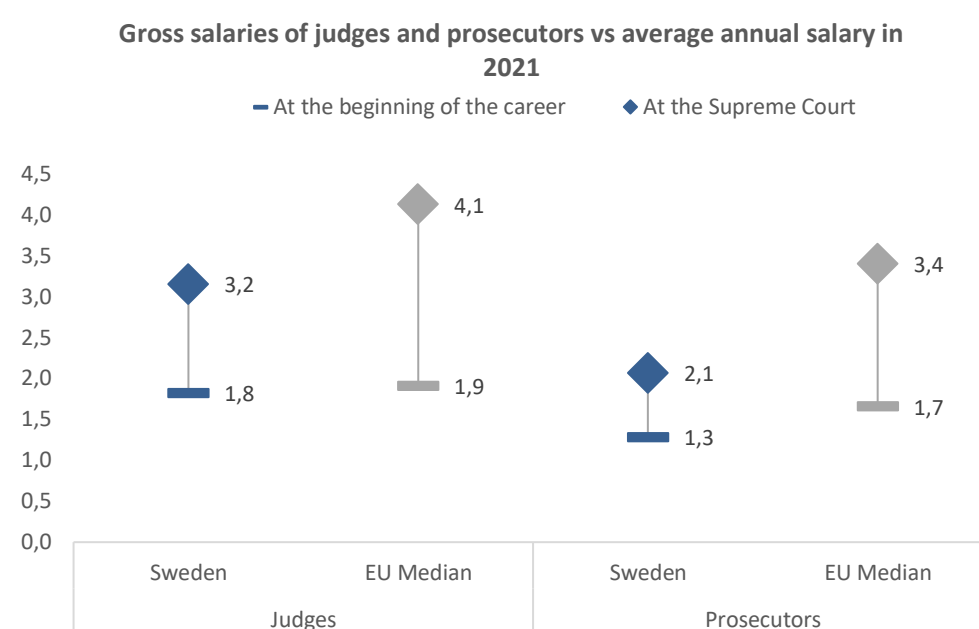


In 2021, there are 6 436 lawyers, which is 2,9% more than in 2020. There are 2254 female lawyers which is 35% of the total.

Sweden has 61,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Sweden		Sweden	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	79 387€	50 808€	1,8	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	136 945€	75 320€	3,2	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	56 000€	NA	1,3	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	89 800€	NA	2,1	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Sweden of 79 387€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,83 compared with EU median of : 1,90.

The Swedish Prosecution Authority cannot provide net annual salary, since it is not possible to calculate it accurately. More precisely, the net annual salary is not stated as the level of income tax varies depending on the income and domicile.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Sweden (2021 data)

In Sweden, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

◦ Criminal cases



◦ Other than criminal cases



> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)



> Other costs than above (Q19)



According to section 19 of the Legal Aid Act, an individual who is granted legal aid does not have to pay fees to the Swedish Enforcement Authority. Put differently, legal aid covers fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions, regardless of the type of case.

In criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for travel expenses and subsistence in respect of the accused person. The later can also be granted legal aid for expenses for witnesses who are not called by the prosecutor. In other than criminal cases, an individual granted with legal aid can have expenses covered for travelling and subsistence, evidence in court, investigation costs to a certain amount (10 000 SEK, approximately 1 000 EUR) and costs for a mediator appointed by the court, or advisor.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Complete data on number of cases granted with legal aid cannot be provided. The National Legal Aid Authority (NLAA) has granted legal aid in 483 cases in 2021. However, the total number of cases for which legal aid has been granted cannot be properly estimated. This is due to the fact that decisions on granting of legal aid can also be issued by the Swedish courts and the NLAA cannot ensure that the courts have provided accurate data on the numbers of cases for which they have granted legal aid. However, according to the NLAA statistics regarding 2021, a total of 6 321 cases have been closed/settled by the NLAA. 5 814 of these cases have started in the courts, whereas 507 have been initiated directly at the NLAA.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

◦ Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NAP

◦ Actual average duration:

NA

According to the National Legal Aid Authority, when the application was being processed by the NLAA, the median from application to decision was 8 days in 2021.

4. Performance of courts in Sweden (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

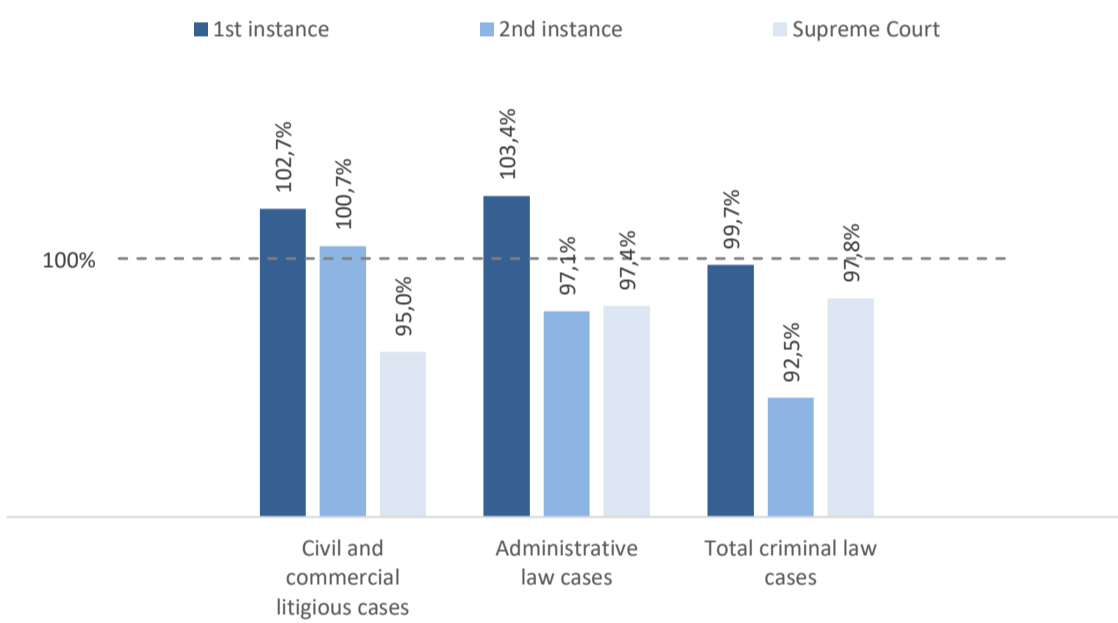
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

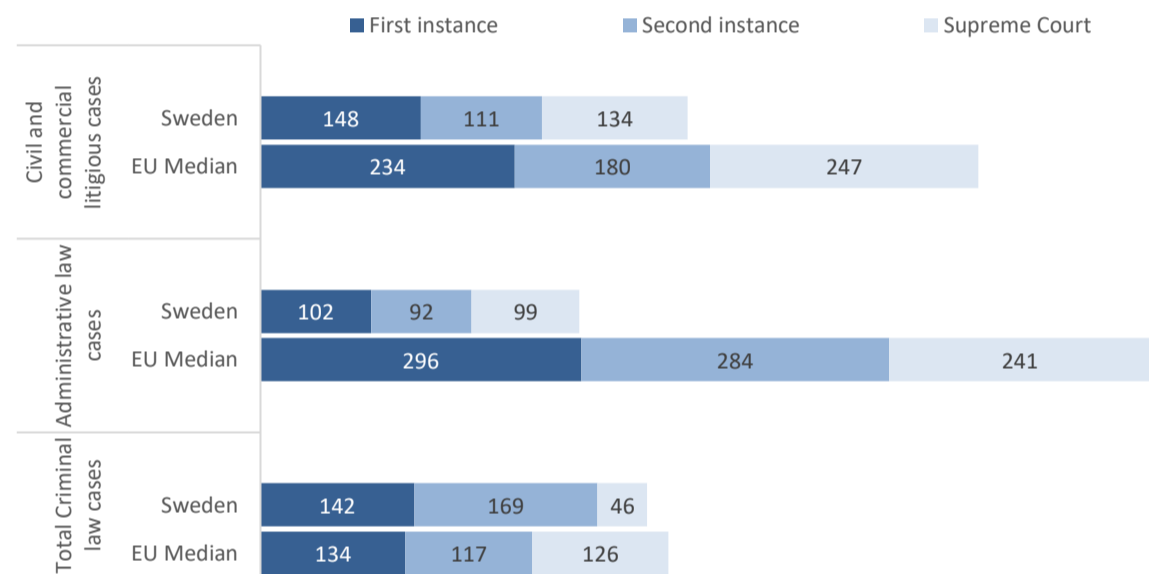
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	102,7%	102,5%	103,4%	101,7%	99,7%	100,0%
	2nd instance	100,7%	100,4%	97,1%	96,8%	92,5%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	95,0%	98,9%	97,4%	100,4%	97,8%	98,3%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	148	234	102	296	142	134
	2nd instance	111	180	92	284	169	117
	Supreme Court	134	232	99	241	46	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



Generally speaking, when analysing all instances combined, in 2021, administrative proceedings appear to be the fastest in Sweden. This is in contrast with the trend observed in the EU for the reference year; namely, administrative proceedings appear as the longest, while criminal proceedings seem to be the shortest in the EU. Indeed, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Sweden is below the respective EU median, especially in administrative, but also civil litigations.

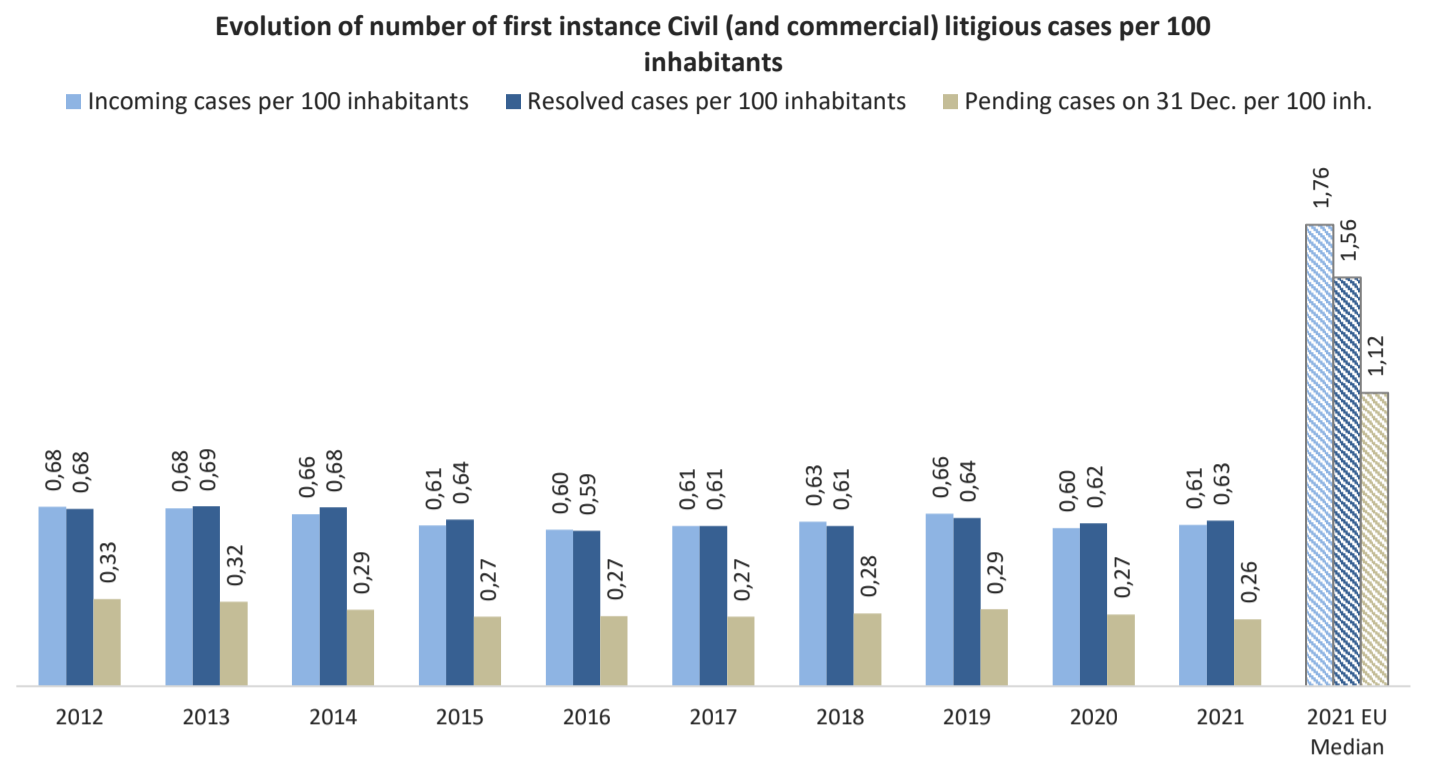
At first instance, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory in all matters, while the Disposition Time indicator is slightly above the EU median only in respect of criminal cases. At second instance, courts also seem to be the less efficient in criminal matters with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold and a Disposition Time above the EU median. At third instance, for all matters the Clearance Rate indicator remains below the 100%, but the Disposition Time is considerably below the EU median values.

In 2021, it seems that courts experienced difficulties in terms of efficiency only in respect of second instance criminal cases. Indeed, the number of incoming criminal cases has increased at second instance, as well as the number of pending cases at the end of 2021, due to the fact that the number of criminal cases has increased in first instance during the last few years.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,68	0,68	0,33
2013	0,68	0,69	0,32
2014	0,66	0,68	0,29
2015	0,61	0,64	0,27
2016	0,60	0,59	0,27
2017	0,61	0,61	0,27
2018	0,63	0,61	0,28
2019	0,66	0,64	0,29
2020	0,60	0,62	0,27
2021	0,61	0,63	0,26
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



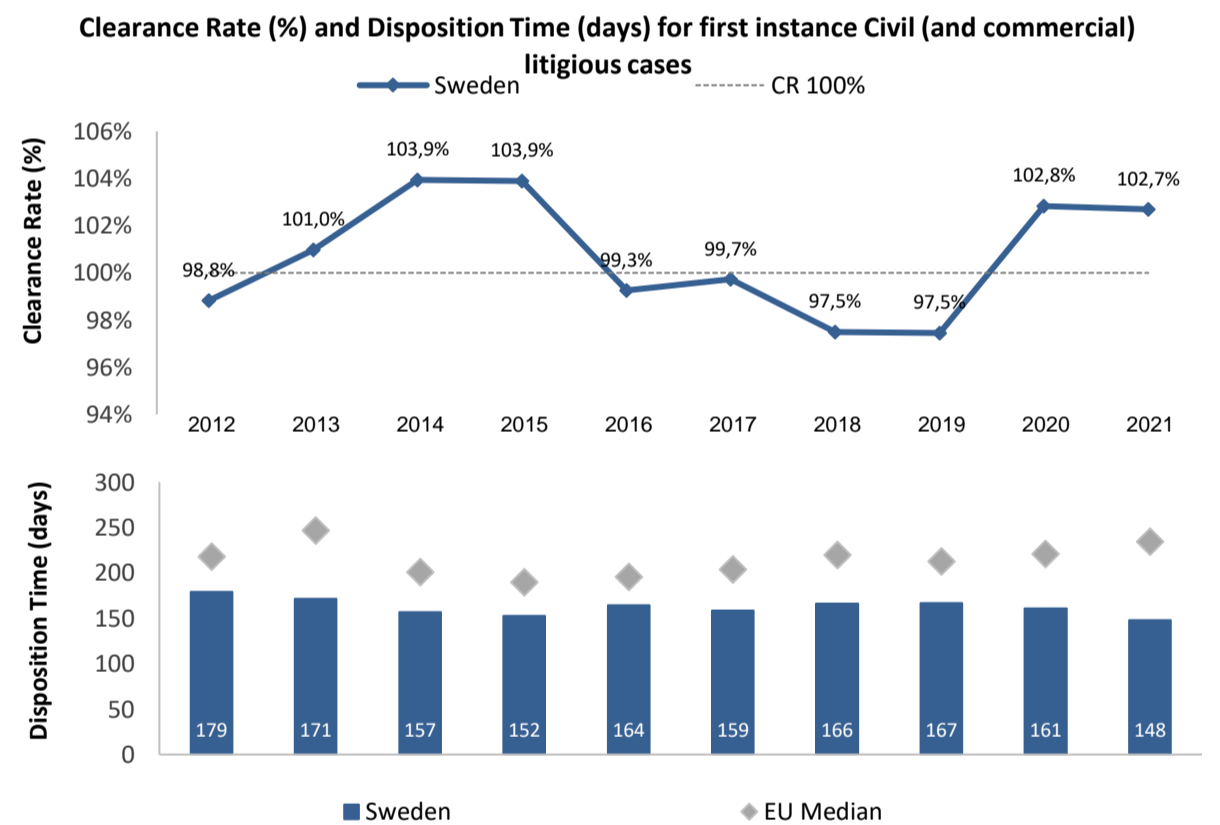
The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Sweden (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Sweden (0,63 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
2012	98,8%	100,4%	179	218
2013	101,0%	101,2%	171	247
2014	103,9%	101,8%	157	201
2015	103,9%	102,3%	152	190
2016	99,3%	102,0%	164	196
2017	99,7%	101,3%	159	204
2018	97,5%	101,2%	166	220
2019	97,5%	99,9%	167	213
2020	102,8%	98,5%	161	221
2021	102,7%	102,5%	148	234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,7% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,2 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 148 days, which is considerably below the EU median of 234 days.

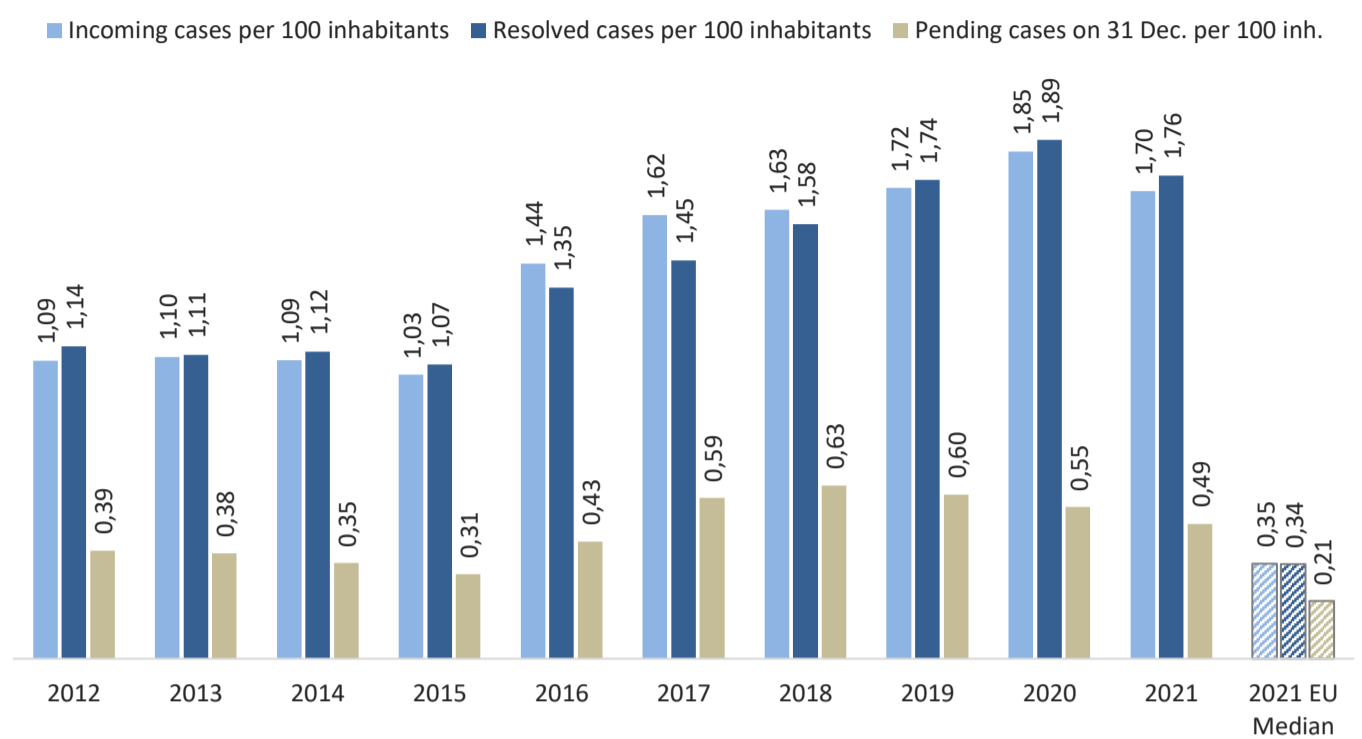
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -8,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,09	1,14	0,39
2013	1,10	1,11	0,38
2014	1,09	1,12	0,35
2015	1,03	1,07	0,31
2016	1,44	1,35	0,43
2017	1,62	1,45	0,59
2018	1,63	1,58	0,63
2019	1,72	1,74	0,60
2020	1,85	1,89	0,55
2021	1,70	1,76	0,49
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

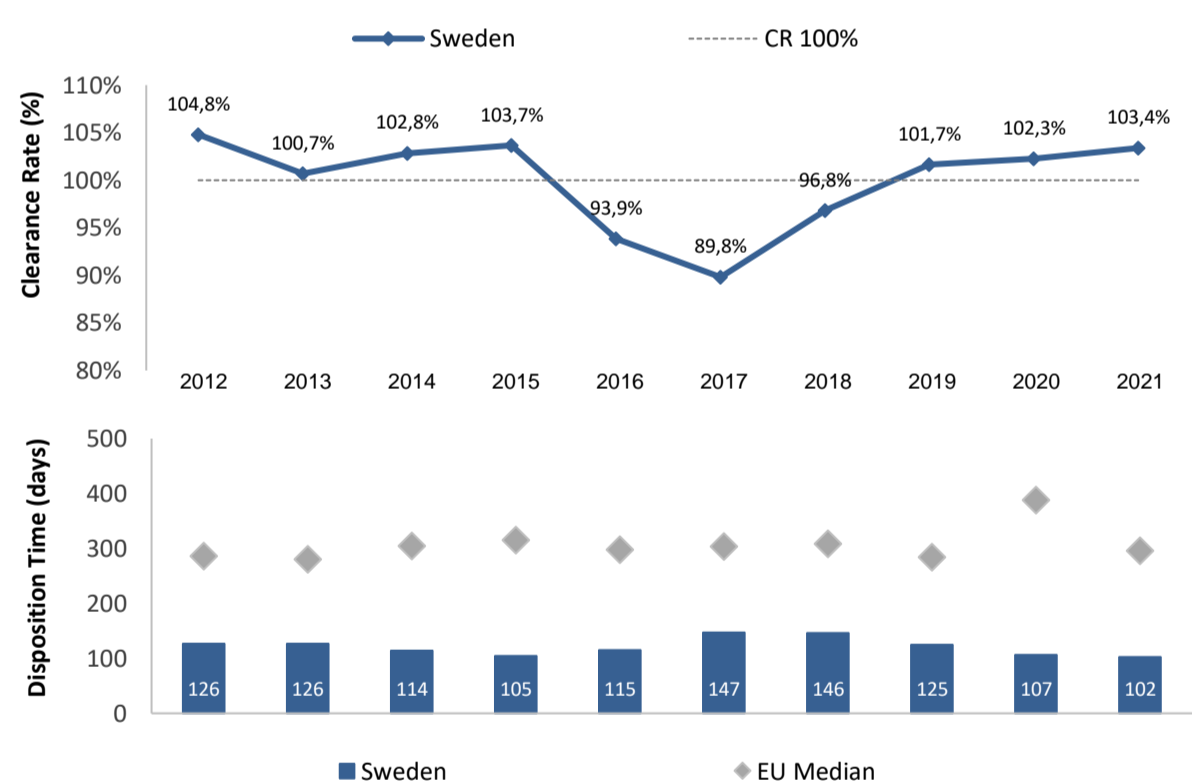
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,76 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
2012	104,8%	101,0%	126	286
2013	100,7%	100,3%	126	281
2014	102,8%	99,6%	114	305
2015	103,7%	103,7%	105	315
2016	93,9%	103,0%	115	297
2017	89,8%	102,1%	147	303
2018	96,8%	99,7%	146	308
2019	101,7%	102,1%	125	284
2020	102,3%	100,1%	107	388
2021	103,4%	101,7%	102	296

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,4% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,1 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 102 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It is worth mentioning that in Sweden, migration cases are part of the administrative law cases.

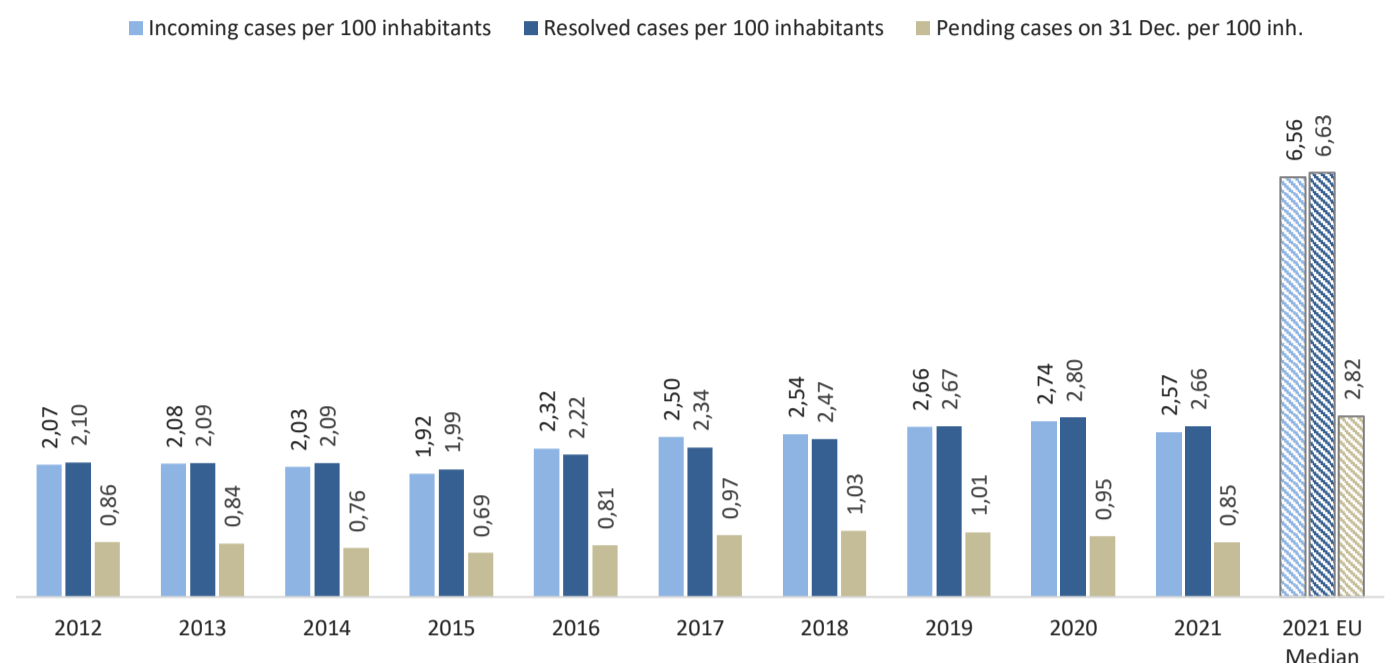
The administrative courts (including migration cases) had the highest number ever of cases filed in 2020. During 2021 the number of cases filed was still high but with a seven percent decrease compared to last year. A large number of cases was resolved also in 2021 but slightly lower than in 2020. As in the district courts resolved cases in administrative courts exceeded the number of filed cases and pending cases decreased for the second year in a row. Cases pending older than two years decreased a lot compared to previous year. For the migration cases there was a decline of cases filed from previous year with 14 percent less cases filed, of which asylum cases decreased with 39 %. Resolved migration cases also decreased with 11 % but were higher than the number of cases filed which resulted in a lower number of pending migration cases than last year, a decrease of 20 % of which asylum cases decreased with 34 % (from high numbers).

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,07	2,10	0,86
2013	2,08	2,09	0,84
2014	2,03	2,09	0,76
2015	1,92	1,99	0,69
2016	2,32	2,22	0,81
2017	2,50	2,34	0,97
2018	2,54	2,47	1,03
2019	2,66	2,67	1,01
2020	2,74	2,80	0,95
2021	2,57	2,66	0,85
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (2,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

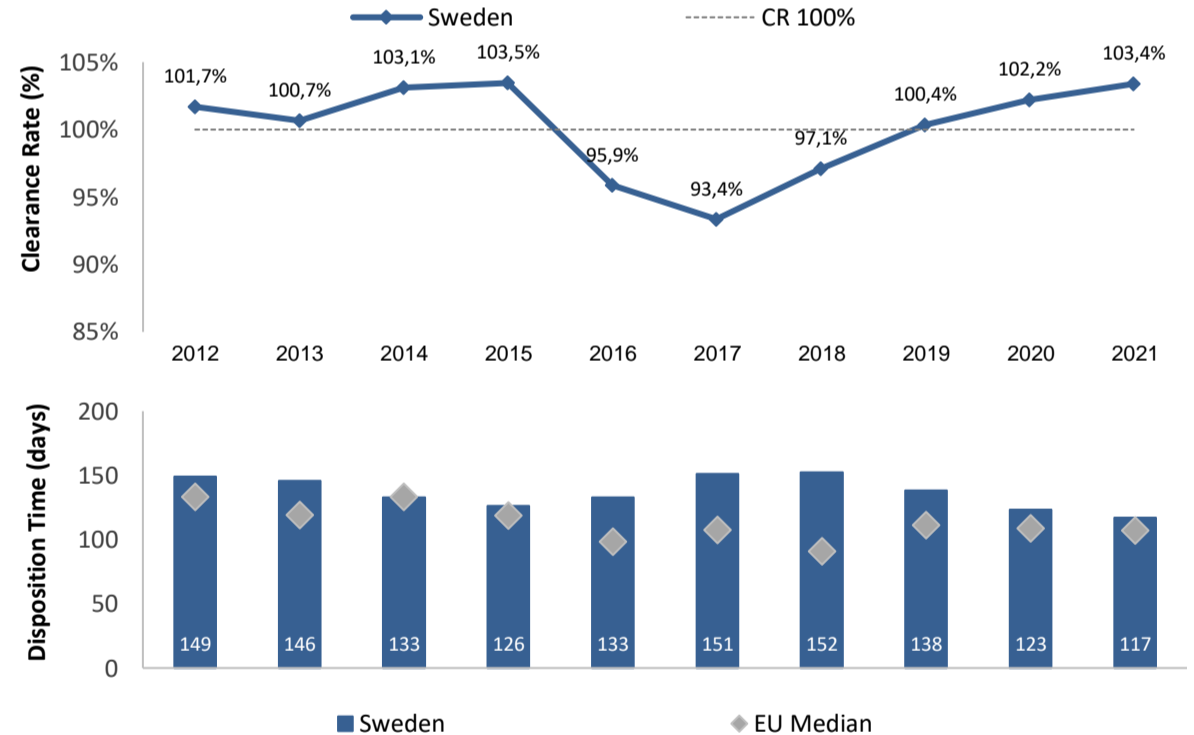
The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (2,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
2012	101,7%	100,5%	149	133
2013	100,7%	100,7%	146	119
2014	103,1%	101,9%	133	133
2015	103,5%	101,0%	126	119
2016	95,9%	101,5%	133	98
2017	93,4%	100,6%	151	107
2018	97,1%	100,6%	152	91
2019	100,4%	99,8%	138	111
2020	102,2%	98,7%	123	109
2021	103,4%	101,2%	117	107

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,4% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,2 points.

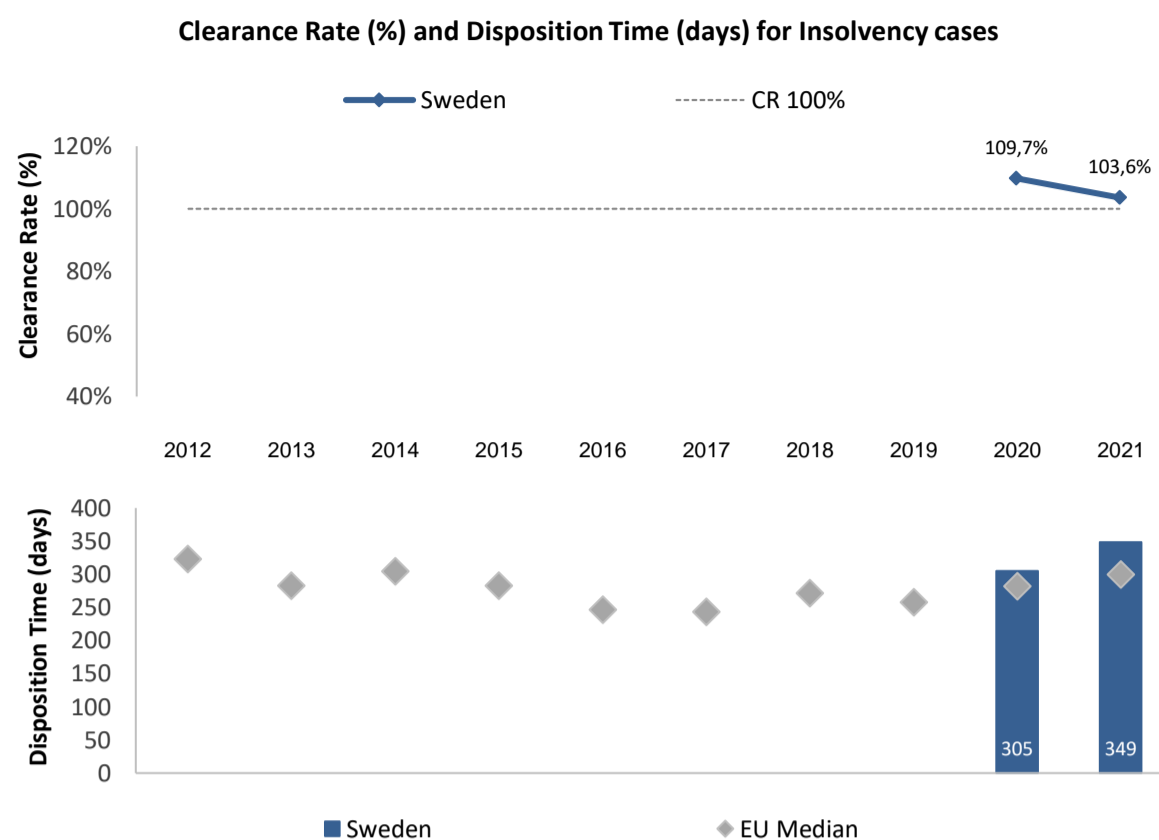
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 117 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -5,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Insolvency cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282
2014	NA	96,9%	NA	304
2015	NA	104,5%	NA	282
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	246
2017	NA	103,6%	NA	243
2018	NA	101,5%	NA	271
2019	NA	101,2%	NA	258
2020	109,7%	109,7%	305	281
2021	103,6%	103,3%	349	299



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,6% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,2 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 349 days, which is above the EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 14,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

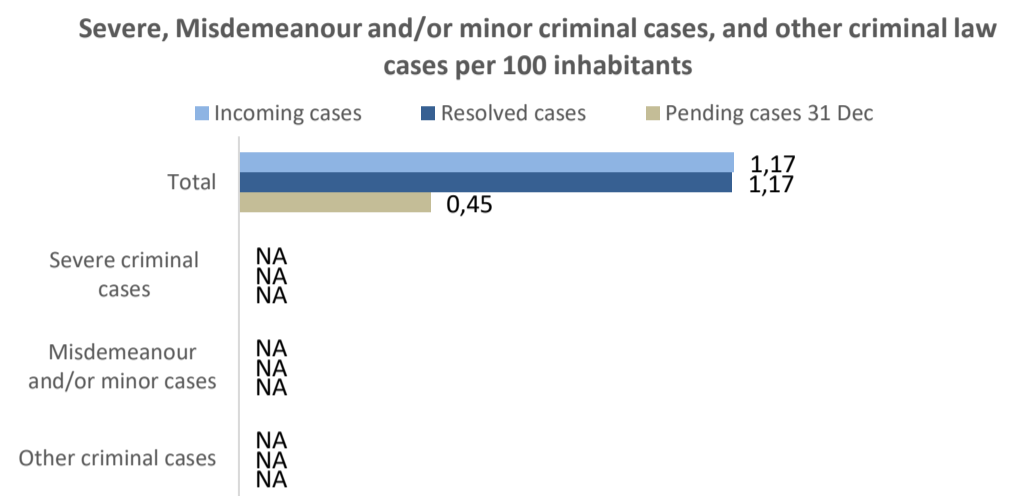
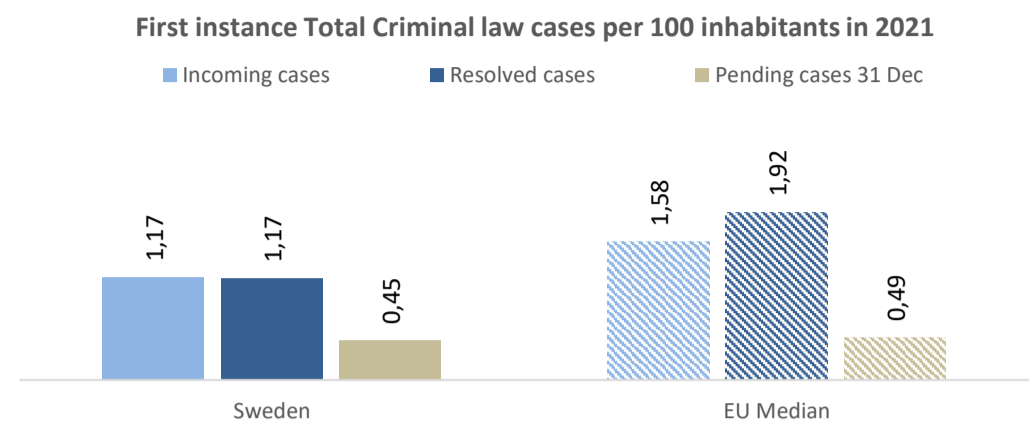
It is noteworthy that the category "insolvency cases" includes bankruptcy cases and company reconstruction cases. Insolvency cases mainly consist of bankruptcy cases in Sweden. Incoming, resolved and pending insolvency cases decreased during 2021. Insolvency cases older than two years were at the same level as in 2020 but slightly higher than in 2019.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	46 939	122 417	122 015	47 341
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,45	1,17	1,17	0,45
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

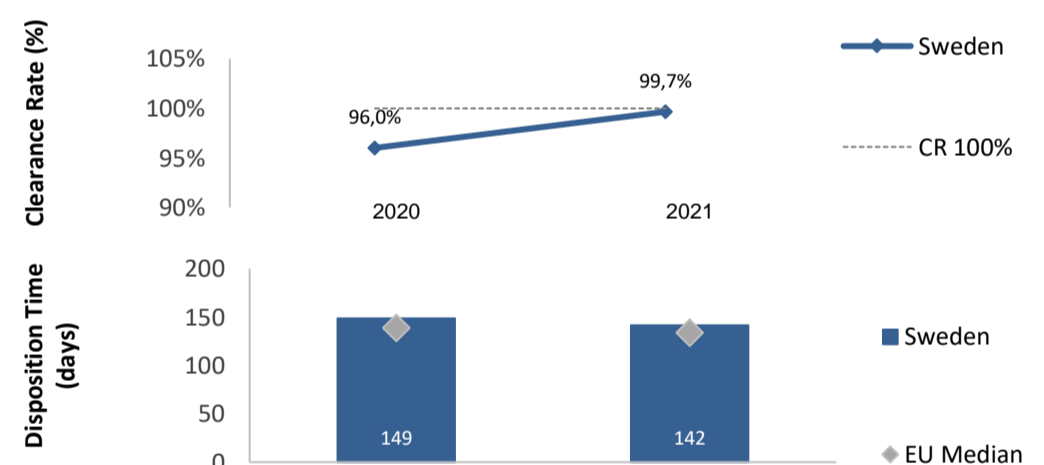
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,45 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median
2020	96,0%	95,2%	149	139
2021	99,7%	100,0%	142	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,7 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 142 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

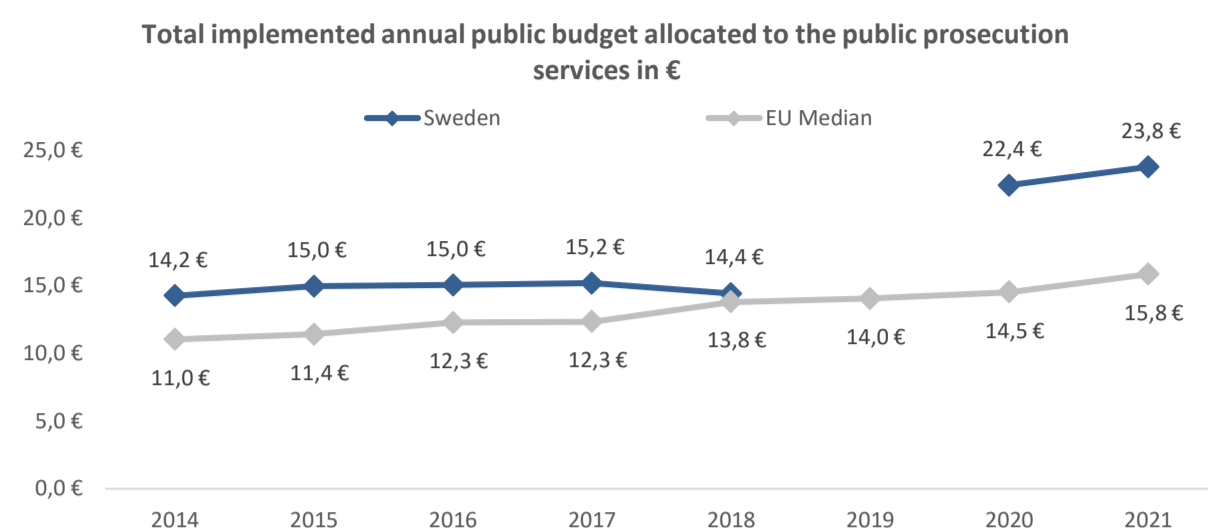
It should be recalled that in the Swedish case management system, there are no subcategories of criminal cases such as severe, minor and other criminal cases. Some misdemeanour criminal cases, resulting in breach-of-regulations fine and summary imposition of fine, are not handled by the courts (but by the Swedish Police Authority/Prosecution Authority). The Swedish National Courts Administration's commission (as regards statistics) from the Government is about describing the operation of the courts and "details" about criminal cases are not needed to fulfill this task. Another authority, the Swedish National Council for Crime Prevention, describes the criminal statistics in Sweden, but only as regards reported cases and cases taken legal proceedings against, not the flow of cases to and from the courts. It is noteworthy that there are two different types of cases in the procedural framework (the Swedish Code of Judicial Procedure), civil cases and criminal cases.

The number of incoming criminal cases increased by two percent at the district court level. This could be related to an increased inflow of cases concerning appointment of a public defender. Another contributing aspect can be the fact that some criminal cases can be processed in a more swift and rapid manner as a result of the implementation of so-called "fast track" procedure for certain types of criminal cases. With the "fast track" project being extended to include more district courts at the beginning of this year, the number of incoming criminal cases might have increased as a consequence of the extended application of the fast track method for the prosecution and processing of criminal cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Sweden (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2014	138 875 248 €	14,2 €	11,0 €
2015	147 410 202 €	15,0 €	11,4 €
2016	150 418 994 €	15,0 €	12,3 €
2017	153 528 265 €	15,2 €	12,3 €
2018	147 464 139 €	14,4 €	13,8 €
2019	NA	NA	14,0 €
2020	232 692 480 €	22,4 €	14,5 €
2021	248 433 000 €	23,8 €	15,8 €



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018 €
2019	32 700 000 €	3,166 €	0,029 €
2020	NA	NA	0,011 €
2021	NA	NA	0,022 €

Starting from 2020, the budget of the public prosecution services includes also the budget of the Swedish Economic Crime Authority. The Swedish Economic Crime Authority is a specialised authority within the public prosecution service, responsible for investigating and prosecuting certain economic crimes in Sweden.

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

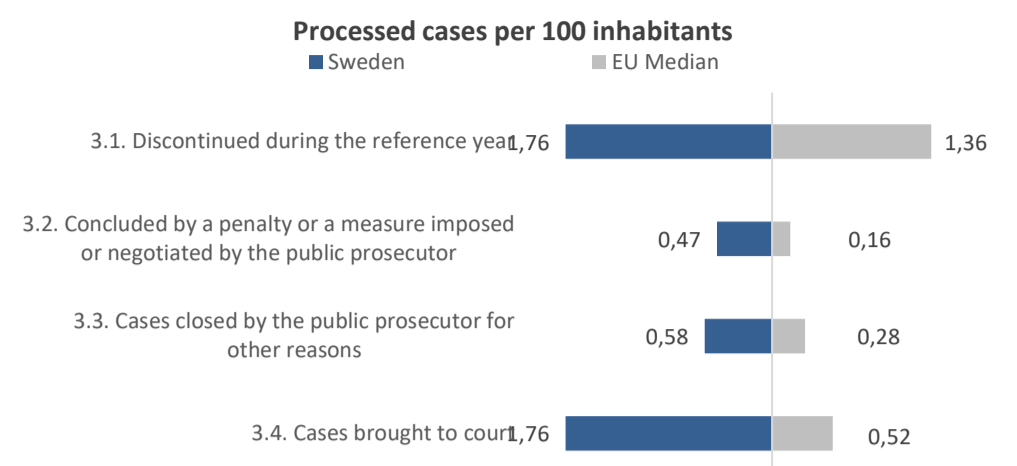
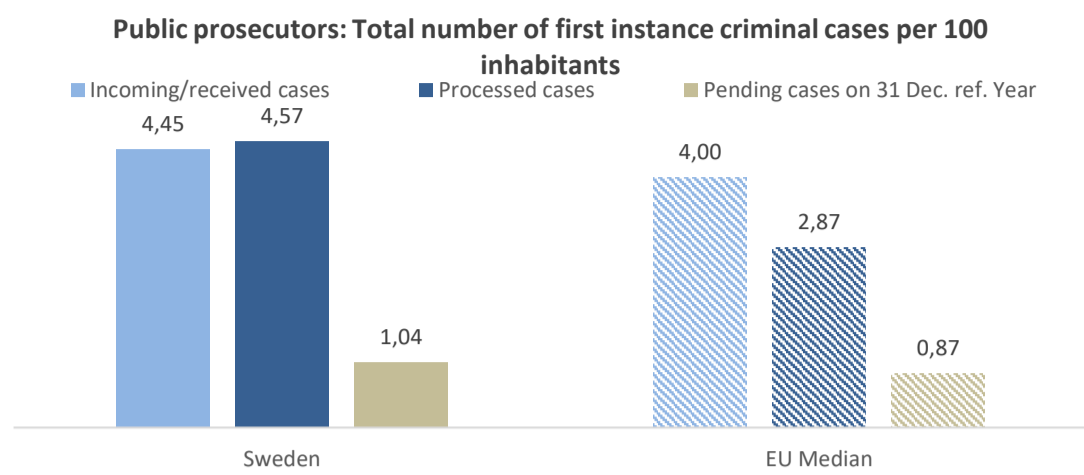
Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
	Sweden	% Variation 2020 - 2021		Sweden	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	112 271	▼ -5,5%		1,07	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	464 707	▼ -6,6%		4,45	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	477 877	▼ -7,2%		4,57	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	184 139	▼ -5,0%		1,76	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA	NA		NA	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	32 178	▲ 0,7%		0,31	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	36 356	▼ -8,0%		0,35	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	115 605	▼ -5,5%		1,11	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	49 310	▼ -11,8%		0,47	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	60 239	▼ -7,6%		0,58	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	184 189	▼ -7,9%		1,76	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	108 581	▼ -3,3%		1,04	0,87

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

It is worth mentioning that vertical consistency in the table cannot be ensured. In fact, each case (suspicion of crime) usually gets registered only once. A suspicion of crime can, however, be "resolved" more than once. When it is reopened it does not receive a new registration date, as the old one is still valid. So it is not "incoming" again. But the next decision that closes the case generates a new date when the case is considered to be resolved. If these decisions are taken during different years the case is counted as "resolved" twice, but only "incoming" once. As a result, there are usually more resolved cases than incoming, even if the number of pending cases are the same. The most usual examples are: 1) when a summary imposition of a fine is issued, which means that the case is resolved. If the fine is not paid, the case will be reopened followed by a decision to prosecute, resolving the case a second time; 2) when the prosecutor decides that the police shall take over responsibility for the preliminary investigation. If the investigation later on returns from the police to the prosecution agency the case will be reopened and later resolved once again. But as it is the same case it will not receive a new registration date.

In respect of the category "3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified", it should be noticed that, on the one hand, the numbers are very small and do not affect the totals considerably and, on the other hand, these types of cases, when they occur, are included in other subcategories".

112 271 includes 21 081 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
464 707 includes 36 036 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
477 877 includes 38 223 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
184 139 includes 31 601 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
32 178 includes 8 078 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
36 356 includes 13 601 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
115 605 includes 9 922 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
49 310 includes 1 444 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
60 239 includes 948 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
184 189 includes 4 230 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority
108 581 includes 18 751 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Sweden (2021 data)

Number of mediators

In Sweden, there is no formal accreditation/registration of mediators. Accordingly, this CEPEJ category of justice professional does not exist as such within the Swedish judicial system.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

The Swedish National Courts Administration does not register whether (court-related) mediation was applied or not, nor whether the mediation was successful or not.

7. ICT tools of courts in Sweden (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Assistance tools			
Writing assistance tools	Yes 100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools	not available	not available	not available
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature	No	No	Yes

	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communicating with other ministries
Financial management tools			
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	No
Other	0% (NAP)	No	No

In respect of financial management tools, it should be mentioned that since 2021, courts have access to statistical reports regarding expenses for legal assistance.

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Measurement tools to assess the workload				
Judges	Yes 100%	No	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff	100%	No	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Sweden (2021 data)

In Sweden, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✗	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✓

The Swedish courts all use the same case management system but with different set-ups. The system is used for all categories of cases. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. In criminal cases the system communicates with the National Police Board and the prosecutors office. The system also provides the statistics system with data on a daily basis.

The statistics are found in ready-made reports and some people who are employed by a court can obtain the information quickly and easily. All courts have access to all available information. The statistics system contains operational statistics, as well as historical data and data which is updated continuously. The statistics database and reports are updated every night.

The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups for all courts and the National Courts Administration, annual reports to the government, official statistics (annual publication), inquiries from media, authorities and public as well as for allocation of budgetary resources between different courts.

“Other”: Statistics concerning review permits in a superior court (this is often required when you appeal to a superior court); number of incoming cases where there is a demand for a review permit; number of cases that receives a review permit; time to examine if a review permit will be given; Statistics concerning hearings - number and duration of hearings in a case; number of cancelled hearings in a case; Statistics concerning parties - number and type of parties in a case (defendants, witnesses, parties injured, plaintiffs); number of cases with detained persons (in custody) in a criminal case; number of cases including minor offenders (< 18 years old); Statistics concerning various types of decisions - number of times a judicial decision is changed in a superior court.

In Sweden, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The evaluation is carried out on an annual basis and occasionally when needed.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✗
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✗
Satisfaction of court staff	✗	Other	✗

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✓
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✓		

In Sweden, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, there is a regular evaluation of the Prosecution Authority, both by internal audit and external through, e.g. meetings between the Prosecutor-General and the Ministry of Justice once a year, and with the Swedish National Audit Office.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	✗	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✗	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✗	Clearance rate	✗
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✗
Backlogs	✗	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✗	Other	✓
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

"Other": number of individuals and cases prosecuted (including decisions on summary imposition of a fine and waiver of prosecution); case handling time (including investigation time) and decision making time (time from a completed preliminary investigation to decision by a prosecutor); number of cases where prosecutors request confiscation of proceeds of crime. There are of course many more performance indicators, but these are the main ones as specified in SPA:s annual report.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295	10 452 326	9,4%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455	50 876	16,0%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	10	10	19,8%	2,1%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	False
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False	False

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
078-1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078-1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									False	False		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False	False
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False	False

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Frequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Frequency - Less frequent									False	False		
120-1.1.3 Frequency - More frequent									True	True		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	94	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	55	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	60	60	60	60	60	60	48	48	48	48	-20,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	12	12	12	12	10	10	31	31	31	31	158,3%	0,0%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	12	12	12	12	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	3	3	3	3	1	1	18	18	18	18	500,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	84	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	95	95	95	95	95	95	99	99	99	99	4,2%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	71 388	81 014	97 859	105 443	104 472	98 324	15,4%	-5,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	26 667	26 858	28 499	30 234	28 470	-7,9%	-5,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	9 032	-	-0,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	9 032	6,2%	-0,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	33 796	42 627	59 299	64 646	61 698	57 410	34,6%	-6,9%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	3 335	3 010	3 597	3 462	3 412	8,2%	-1,4%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	231 823	253 319	260 016	274 598	284 482	269 022	36,3%	-5,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	61 931	64 117	67 885	62 676	64 267	-1,8%	2,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	19 907	-	-12,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	19 907	-12,7%	-12,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	143 970	163 550	167 245	177 144	191 832	178 003	71,6%	-7,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	6 109	7 164	7 238	7 292	6 845	25,0%	-6,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	222 225	236 486	252 458	275 581	290 710	278 184	38,6%	-4,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	61 758	62 507	66 155	64 457	65 992	2,1%	2,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	21 322	-	-6,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	21 322	-2,8%	-6,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	135 150	146 888	161 929	180 107	196 212	184 010	69,2%	-6,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	6 435	6 577	7 374	7 341	6 860	25,6%	-6,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	80 986	97 847	105 417	104 460	98 244	89 162	8,9%	-9,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	26 840	28 468	30 229	28 453	26 745	-15,6%	-6,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	7 617	-	-15,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	7 617	-18,7%	-15,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	42 616	59 289	64 615	61 683	57 318	51 403	36,4%	-10,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	3 009	3 597	3 461	3 413	3 397	7,2%	-0,5%

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearance Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,7%	100,7%	103,1%	103,5%	95,9%	93,4%	97,1%	100,4%	102,2%	103,4%	1,72	1,22
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	101,0%	103,9%	103,9%	99,3%	99,7%	97,5%	97,5%	102,8%	102,7%	3,86	(0,16)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	107,1%	-	7,03
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,2%	100,9%	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	107,1%	10,89	7,03

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,8%	100,7%	102,8%	103,7%	93,9%	89,8%	96,8%	101,7%	102,3%	103,4%	(1,42)	1,09
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,7%	96,1%	104,9%	102,2%	95,2%	105,3%	91,8%	101,9%	100,7%	100,2%	0,51	(0,45)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	149	146	133	126	133	151	152	138	123	117	-21,4%	-5,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	148	-17,3%	-8,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	130	-	-10,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	156	142	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	130	-16,3%	-10,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	102	-19,4%	-4,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	212	220	194	185	185	171	200	171	170	181	-14,6%	6,5%

First instance courts, number of cases for specific case categories (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Litigious divorce case	5 535	5 677	5 738	5 411	5 292	5 435	5 536	5 692	5 490	5 205	-6,0%	-5,2%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 559	9 546	-	-9,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 972	9 503	9 254	8 939	9 174	9 402	9 457	9 545	9 163	8 564	-4,5%	-6,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 414	9 316	-	-10,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 824	9 444	9 601	9 070	9 056	9 304	9 329	9 745	9 458	9 132	3,5%	-3,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 429	9 649	-	-15,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Litigious divorce case	5 683	5 736	5 391	5 280	5 410	5 533	5 664	5 492	5 195	4 637	-18,4%	-10,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9 544	9 213	-	-3,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. _Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Litigious divorce cases	98,4%	99,4%	103,7%	101,5%	98,7%	99,0%	98,6%	102,1%	103,2%	106,6%	8,28	3,41
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	109,7%	103,6%	-	(6,17)
DT Litigious divorce cases	235	222	205	212	218	217	222	206	200	185	-21,2%	-7,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	305	349	-	14,3%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)												
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 076	13 457	15 184	15 895	10 716	13 755	15 996	12 028	-	-24,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 046	874	825	748	804	750	882	990	-	12,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8 237	10 842	12 432	13 424	7 765	11 108	12 500	8 437	-	-32,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			1 793	1 741	1 927	1 723	2 147	1 897	2 614	2 601	-	-0,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			42 217	40 137	50 566	56 832	63 668	64 516	62 228	60 998	-	-2,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 824	2 771	2 646	2 740	2 801	2 888	2 931	3 153	-	7,6%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			24 837	23 362	34 099	39 085	45 614	44 555	41 044	38 779	-	-5,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			14 556	14 004	13 821	15 007	15 253	17 073	18 253	19 066	-	4,5%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			39 836	39 204	49 859	62 010	60 626	62 280	66 197	59 816	-	-9,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 996	2 820	2 723	2 684	2 856	2 756	2 824	3 174	-	12,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			22 233	22 567	33 110	44 743	42 271	43 166	45 106	37 672	-	-16,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			14 607	13 817	14 026	14 583	15 499	16 358	18 267	18 970	-	3,8%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 457	14 390	15 891	10 717	13 758	15 991	12 027	13 210	-	9,8%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			874	825	748	804	749	882	989	969	-	-2,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			10 847	11 637	13 421	7 766	11 108	12 497	8 438	9 544	-	13,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 742	1 928	1 722	2 147	1 901	2 612	2 600	2 697	-	3,7%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2 247	105	110	474	112	82	-	-26,8%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	4	5	5	8	19	28	-	47,4%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	2 230	89	96	456	83	39	-	-53,0%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases			94,4%	97,7%	98,6%	109,1%	95,2%	96,5%	106,4%	98,1%	-	(8,32)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,1%	101,8%	102,9%	98,0%	102,0%	95,4%	96,3%	100,7%	-	4,32
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			89,5%	96,6%	97,1%	114,5%	92,7%	96,9%	109,9%	97,1%	-	(12,75)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			100,4%	98,7%	101,5%	97,2%	101,6%	95,8%	100,1%	99,5%	-	(0,58)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			123	134	116	63	83	94	66	81	-	21,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106	107	100	109	96	117	128	111	-	-12,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			178	188	148	63	96	106	68	92	-	35,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			44	51	45	54	45	58	52	52	-	-0,1%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)												
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 235	3 237	2 831	2 649	3 014	2 211	2 273	2 626	-	15,5%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			149	153	135	113	84	99	78	77	-	-1,3%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			2 856	1 996	1 905	1 987	2 402	1 711	1 621	1 854	-	14,4%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 230	1 088	791	549	528	401	574	695	-	21,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 585	11 886	11 289	11 768	11 376	11 837	12 185	13 195	-	8,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			358	336	347	283	320	277	217	258	-	18,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			7 036	7 380	6 989	7 581	6 960	7 096	7 439	7 731	-	3,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 191	4 170	3 953	3 904	4 096	4 464	4 529	5 206	-	14,9%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			12 583	12 280	11 471	11 403	12 172	11 763	11 832	12 747	-	7,7%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			353	354	369	312	306	298	219	245	-	11,9%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			7 896	7 460	6 907	7 166	7 643	7 174	7 206	7 532	-	4,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 334	4 466	4 195	3 925	4 223	4 291	4 407	4 970	-	12,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 237	2 843	2 649	3 014	2 218	2 285	2 626	3 074	-	17,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			154	135	113	84	98	78	76	90	-	18,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 996	1 916	1 987	2 402	1 719	1 633	1 854	2 053	-	10,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 087	792	549	528	401	574	696	931	-	33,8%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	19	5	7	2	18	4	-	-77,8%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	2	3	1	-	1	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	14	3	4	1	17	3	-	-82,4%
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)												
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	96,9%	107,0%	99,4%	97,1%	96,6%	-	(0,50)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	110,2%	95,6%	107,6%	100,9%	95,0%	-	(5,96)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			112,2%	101,1%	98,8%	94,5%	109,8%	101,1%	96,9%	97,4%	-	0,56
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			103,4%	107,1%	106,1%	100,5%	103,1%	96,1%	97,3%	95,5%	-	(1,84)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			94	85	84	96	67	71	81	88	-	8,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			159	139	112	98	117	96	127	134	-	5,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			92	94	105	122	82	83	94	99	-	5,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			92	65	48	49	35	49	58	68	-	18,6%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									42 178	46 939	-	11,3%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									119 936	122 417	-	2,1%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									115 152	122 015	-	6,0%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									46 962	47 341	-	0,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1 859	2 081	-	11,9%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)												
CR of Total									96,0%	99,7%	-	3,7
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									149	142	-	-4,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 444	4 249	-	23,4%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.1 Total -incoming									10 765	12 052	-	12,0%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									9 960	11 144	-	11,9%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									4 249	5 157	-	21,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									38	50	-	31,6%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									38	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)												
CR of Total									92,5%	92,5%	-	(0,06)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									156	169	-	8,5%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									188	268	-	42,6%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 236	2 649	-	18,5%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									2 156	2 592	-	20,2%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									268	325	-	21,3%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									96,4%	97,8%	-	1,43
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									45	46	-	0,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
Indicator 4: Public prosecution services												
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)												
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									118 858	112 271	-	-5,5%
2. Incoming/received cases									497 291	464 707	-	-6,6%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									514 851	477 877	-	-7,2%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									193 763	184 139	-	-5,0%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									31 944	32 178	-	0,7%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									39 505	36 356	-	-8,0%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									122 314	115 605	-	-5,5%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									55 915	49 310	-	-11,8%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									65 159	60 239	-	-7,6%
3.4. Cases brought to court									200 014	184 189	-	-7,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									112 271	108 581	-	-3,3%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,04	0,96	-	-7,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,23	0,22	-	-3,3%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)												
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	154 793 265	149 975 424	NA	232 518 046	250 676 000	73,5%	7,81%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	138 875 248	147 410 202	150 418 994	153 528 265	147 464 139	NA	232 692 480	248 433 000	-	6,76%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	34 300 000	NA	NA	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	32 700 000	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice

Legal aid

(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True	True

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not brought to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other than criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
System for compensating users												
(Q37)												
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									2 125	2 085	-	-1,9%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									3	5	-	66,7%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									2 122	2 080	-	-2,0%
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									1 880	1 812	-	-3,6%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									1	1	-	0,0%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									1 879	1 811	-	-3,6%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									7 170 985 £	7 036 964 £	-	-1,9%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									985 £	964 £	-	-2,1%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									7 170 000 £	7 036 000 £	-	-1,9%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-7, Q62-7-1, Q62-8, Q62-8-1, Q63-6, Q63-7, Q63-7-1)

62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							False	False	False	False		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	1 199	1 217	1 184	1 200	1 240	10,4%	3,3%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	766	764	771	780	785	800	816	803	809	833	8,7%	3,0%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	324	334	343	343	361	365	370	349	359	376	16,0%	4,7%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	34	36	36	33	34	31	32	32	31	-6,1%	-3,1%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	600	584	584	572	570	577	569	540	535	551	-8,2%	3,0%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	428	414	412	410	397	400	391	377	374	383	-10,5%	2,4%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	152	149	150	140	151	156	159	144	142	150	-1,3%	5,6%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	20	21	22	22	22	21	19	19	19	18	-10,0%	-5,3%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	523	548	566	587	609	622	648	644	665	689	31,7%	3,6%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	338	350	359	370	388	400	425	426	435	450	33,1%	3,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	172	185	193	203	210	209	211	205	217	226	31,4%	4,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	14	14	11	13	12	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 200	1 240	-	3,3%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	809	833	-	3,0%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	359	376	-	4,7%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	31	-	-3,1%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	351	354	-	0,9%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	218	-	1,4%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	121	-	0,8%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	15	-	-6,3%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	4 996	4 989	-3,6%	-0,1%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	3 490	3 577	3 342	3 375	3 364	-3,9%	-0,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 054	688	707	708	706	724	733	710	700	694	-34,2%	-0,9%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	119	91	106	104	104	119	144	148	163	174	46,2%	6,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	500	677	694	719	706	755	754	721	758	757	51,4%	-0,1%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	1 047	1 060	1 098	1 105	1 198	1 216	1 156	1 226	1 235	-	0,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	559	565	595	597	658	659	613	660	641	-	-2,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	245	238	235	234	248	251	235	232	238	-	2,6%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	42	54	56	63	73	97	97	113	125	-	10,6%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	201	203	212	211	219	209	211	221	231	-	4,5%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	3 890	3 992	3 765	3 770	3 754	-	-0,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	2 832	2 918	2 729	2 715	2 723	-	0,3%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	443	469	473	472	476	482	475	468	456	-	-2,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	49	52	48	41	46	47	51	50	49	-	-2,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	476	491	507	495	536	545	510	537	526	-	-2,0%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 996	4 989	-	-0,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 973	3 940	-	-0,8%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									886	909	-	2,6%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									137	140	-	2,2%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 226	1 235	-	0,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									995	984	-	-1,1%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									203	220	-	8,4%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									28	31	-	10,7%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 770	3 754	-	-0,4%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 978	2 956	-	-0,7%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									683	689	-	0,9%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									109	109	-	0,0%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 044	1 133	-	8,5%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	12	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									396	340	-	-14,1%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									4	4	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									648	793	-	22,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	8	-	0,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									522	580	-	11,1%

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									99	116	-	17,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									423	464	-	9,7%
004 Annual average salary in the country									43 092 £	43 384 £	-	0,7%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									79 951 £	79 387 £	-	-0,7%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									138 395 £	136 945 £	-	-1,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									56 000 £	56 000 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									88 000 £	89 800 £	-	2,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									51 169 £	50 808 £	-	-0,7%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									76 117 £	75 320 £	-	-1,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									6	3	-	-50,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	3	-	-50,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	-
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	-

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	0	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	0	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	0	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
Lawyers												
(Q146, Q147, Q148)												
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 767	5 911	6 000	6 000	6 257	6 436	22,7%	2,9%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							4 065	4 065	4 117	4 182	-	1,6%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							1 935	1 935	2 140	2 254	-	5,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												

Sweden

(2012-2021) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
											2012-2021	2020-2021
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%