



RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE FACILITY

Synergies between the RRF and other EU actions and programmes



State of play

BE CY DE DK EL ES FR IT LU LT LV PT SI CZ HR AT IE SK MT RO FI EE PL HU SE BG NL

26 plans submitted to the Commission														
22 plans approved by the Commission														
19 CID adopted by the Council														
17 pre-financing disbursed (EUR 52.3 bn)									*					

^{*} No pre-financing requested

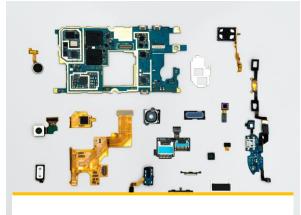




RRF synergies with EU policies



- ✓ Biodiversity Strategy
- ✓ Energy Efficiency
- ✓ Renewable Energy Directive
- ✓ Alternative Fuels Infrastructure



Digital

- ✓ Digital Decade
- ✓ European Data Strategy
- ✓ European Industrial Strategy
- ✓ High Performance Computing



Social

- ✓ European Skills Agenda
- ✓ European Pillar of Social Rights Action Plan
- ✓ European Health Union
- ✓ Gender Equality Strategy





Overlapping scopes of RRF & other programmes

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Policy areas/goals	RRF	ERDF, Cohesion Fund	ESF+	Just Transition Fund	TSI	Agriculture and fisheries	CEF	Digital Europe	InvestE U	
Smart growth										
Green transition and growth										
Digital transition and connectivity										
Social cohesion, health and social resilience										
Energy connectivity										
Transport connectivity										
Agriculture and fisheries										
Security, border management										
Institutional resilience										





Complementarity & synergies

Territorial dimension

- RRF National Plans
- MFF Regional & Xborder

Costing

- RRF Investments only
- MFF some recurrent costs



Timeline

- RRF 2023/2026
- MFF/CPR funds -2027 & N+3

Reforms

- RRF Reforms
- TSI Technical support to implement

Transparency & dialogue

- Social partners & stakeholders
- Regions, cities,...



Synergies between RRF and TSI



Transfer of funds under Art. 7(2) of RRF Regulation

Support for preparation of RRPs

So far requested by:

- Croatia
- Greece
- Romania

SRSP (Predecessor of TSI) projects:

- EL: Building and strengthening administrative capacity to coordinate internal preparation and consultation process for finalisation of RRP
- HR: Capacity building to support horizontal aspects of RRP preparation (DNSH assessment, green tagging)
- SK: Setting up national coordination RRP body and capacity building (i.a. mapping complementarities with EU structural funds)

Support for amendment, implementation or revision of RRPs

MS can submit requests for technical support:

- 2nd call under TSI 2021 (completed) was dedicated to implementation of RRPs
- TSI 2022 (ongoing call until 31/10): MS may request support for improving capacity to amend, implement and revise their RRPs (i.a. policy advice, formulation of strategies and reform roadmaps)
- Future calls may also be used in the context of RRF as enshrined in Art. 4 of TSI Regulation





Complementarity between RRF and other EU funds



Vocational education and training in ES

EUR 1,2 bn RRF funding dedicated to infrastructure projects, including creation of simulators, digital twins and technological hubs

ESIF funding for wider range of projects (trainings for people with disabilities, "fresh start initatives", and green skills trainings)



Rail Baltica - high speed rail

RRF funding foreseen in participating countries for specific investments (terminals, multimodal hubs, rail safety devices)

EUR 1,4 bn from the Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) for construction or upgrade of rail infrastructure



One-Stop-Guidance Center network in FI

The expansion of the network will be funded with the RFF EUR 13 mn

Initially funded under ESF funding under the current MFF period



The reconstruction of appartments in EE

EUR 44 mn from RRF for targeted projects improving the energy efficiency of small residential buildings

EUR 315,9 mn funding from ERDF for a broad range of energy efficiency renovations





Avoidance of double-funding between RRF and other funds



Step 1: additionality and complementary funding: key principle of the RRF Regulation (art. 9)

Step 2: arrangements put in place by Member States to avoid double funding: checked as part of the assessment of the plan (criterion 10 on audit and control)

Step 3: avoidance of double funding checked on an ongoing basis during the implementation (article 28) – foster synergies, optimise mechanisms of coordination, ensure cooperation with national and regional levels

Step 4: control and audit (Article 22):

- Member States primarily responsible: management declaration
- Commission risk-based approach: data-mining tool and ex-post audits

Step 5: reduction and recovery of the financial contribution in case of serious irregularities (Financing Agreement)

