

Gender Balance on Corporate Boards

Driving up gender equality and breaking the glass ceiling



November 2022

There are too few women in top jobs. Less than a third of board members of EU's largest companies are women, even though 60% of university graduates are female.

The EU is introducing new rules to accelerate progress, improve gender balance on corporate boards and ultimately break the glass ceiling.

Gender Balance on corporate boards directive: new targets and criteria

- ▶ A new target for large listed EU companies of at least 40% of the under-represented sex among non-executive board members or 33% among all directors by 30 June 2026.
- ► Transparent, gender-neutral and merit-based appointment criteria for companies that do not meet the targets.
- ▶ **Priority to the under-represented sex**, where two candidates are equally qualified. Companies must disclose their qualification criteria should the unsuccessful candidate request it.
- Individual commitments for companies to reach gender balance among executive directors.
- ► Companies that fail to meet the objectives must report the reasons and the measures to address this shortcoming.
- ▶ Penalties for companies that fail to comply with selection and reporting obligations. Penalties could include fines or annulment of the contested director's appointment.
- Information on companies' reaching targets will be made public, as a peer-pressure tool to complement enforcement.

The directive is meant to be temporary and in principle is set to expire on 31 December 2038.

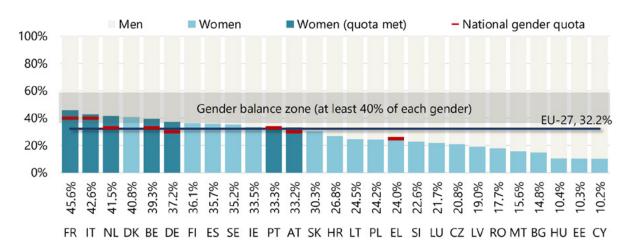


Why is action necessary?

- Top positions remain largely occupied by men
- Women account for less than one in ten board chair and CEO positions
- Less than a third of board members in large listed companies are women

The proportion of women on the boards of the largest listed companies in EU Member States reached an alltime high of 32.2% in October 2022 – but is still below the gender balance threshold of 40%.

Share of women and men on the boards of the largest listed companies in the EU, October 2022

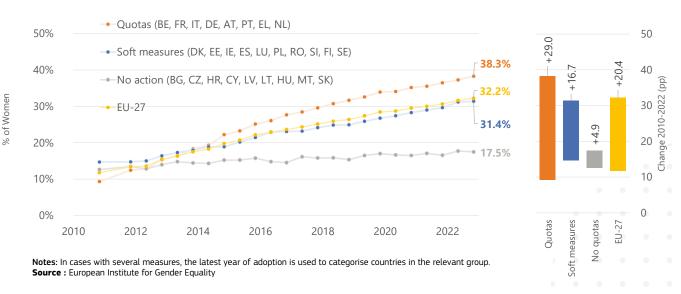


National gender quota targets: FR, IT (40%), BE, NL, PT (33%), DE, AT (30%), EL (25%). Source: European Institute for Gender Equality

Quotas and soft measures drive progress

- Currently, eight Member States have national gender quotas applicable to the boards of listed companies.
- The impact of binding gender quotas is clear. On average, in October 2022, women accounted for 38.3% of the board members of the largest listed companies in Member States with national binding quotas, compared to 31.4% in those with soft measures, and just 17.5% in those that have taken no action at all.

Proportion of women on the boards of the largest listed companies in EU Member States with and without national gender quotas, 2010-2022



© European Union, 2022