



RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE FACILITY

REPowerEU and the **RRF**

17 May 2022

The REPowerEU plan - objectives



1st Pillar: Diversify gas supplies away from Russia



2nd pillar: Reduce further the Union's dependence on fossil fuels Phase-out the EU's dependence on fossil fuels from Russia well before 2030 and increase resilience of the EU-wide energy system based on 2 pillars:

1) Gas supply measures:

- Higher LNG imports and pipeline imports from non-Russian suppliers;
- Increase levels of sustainable biomethane and renewable or fossil-free hydrogen;

2) Measures to reduce fossil fuel dependence at the level of households, industry, and power systems:

- Boosting energy efficiency gains;
- Increasing the share of renewable energy sources;
- Addressing infrastructure bottlenecks;





Why the RRF as a delivery tool?



- The RRF is fit for purpose: agile instrument to address challenges in a wide range of policy areas over short/medium-term horizon;
- **Reforms**: RRF combines investments and reforms to maximise the impact;



- Performance-based nature: an established system of milestones and targets creates a strong ownership;
- Quick disbursements with scrutiny: payments delivered fast while maintaining a high level of scrutiny under the monitoring framework;



- Significant amount of **loans are** still available;
- Dialogue with Member States: well-established channels of communication with RRP coordination teams in Member States;



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How will the RRF help deliver on REPower EU objectives?

2



Commission proposal on **REPowerEU chapters** in RRPs



Guidance on RRPs in the context of REPowerEU

- Introduces the obligation to provide a <u>REPowerEU chapter</u> when submitting a RRP;
- Plan <u>modifications</u>: existing RRP as a starting point + the REPowerEU chapter as an addendum

Explanation of the legal grounds for modification of adopted RRPs;

- Instruction on the <u>preparation</u> and the <u>contents</u> of the<u>REPowerEU chapter;</u>
- Specification of the <u>information to be submitted</u> on the reasons, objectives and the nature of the changes to RRPs;



Content of the REPowerEU Chapter

All measures addressing the REPowerEU objectives, namely:



 improving energy infrastructure and facilities to meet immediate security of supply needs for oil and gas, notably to enable diversification of supply in the interest of the Union as a whole;



 boosting energy efficiency in buildings, decarbonising industry, increasing production and uptake of sustainable biomethane and renewable or fossil-free hydrogen and increasing the share of renewable energy,



 addressing internal and cross-border energy transmission bottlenecks and supporting zero emission transport and its infrastructure, including railways,



supporting the objectives in points (a), (b) and (c) through an accelerated requalification of the workforce towards green skills, as well as support of the value chains in key materials and technologies linked to the green transition.

Special assessment of the REPowerEU chapter

- All modified plans subject to a new assessment, according to the criteria set out by the RRF Regulation. Addressing the EU challenges as a whole is key for the assessment.
- Special assessment regime for the REPowerEU chapter, justified by the urgency of the energy-related challenges:

Derogation from the **DNSH requirement** for the measures contributing to the security of energy supply

Derogation from the **digital target** requirement

Additional (12th) assessment criterion – contribution to the REPowerEU objectives

Europear

A rating required !

2022 energy-related CSRs to be addressed



Monitoring of the measures in the REPowerEU chapter



Measures financed under the RRF – the **RRF** monitoring framework;

Measures financed <u>outside of the RRF</u> – monitoring under the **European Semester**;





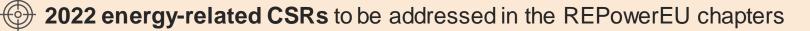
REPowerEU: RRF and 2022 European Semester

Country Reports

- Identify outstanding challenges that are not addressed by the RRPs and linked to REPowerEU;
- Analyse reform and investment needs to reduce energy dependence and accelerate decarbonisation;
- Impact of Russian invasion of Ukraine on Union's economies will be factored in;

Country-Specific Recommendations

- Focusing only on new and outstanding challenges, not adequately covered by the RRPs;
- Basis for designing reforms and investments tailored to the specific needs of each Member State and will take into account challenges aggravated by the Russian invasion of Ukraine;





23 May 2022