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Part 2

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

Study on the functioning of judicial systems in the EU Member States

Facts and figures from the CEPEJ questionnaires 2010-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016

Study prepared under the authority of the Working Group on the evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL)
for the attention of the European Commission (Directorate General Justice)

Part 2 - Country fiches for each EU Member States (2016)

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Austria (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	3,4%	3,0%	1,8%	0,5%
GDP per capita	34 120 €	36 430 €	36 930 €	38 540 €	39 390 €	40 420 €	18,5%	8,1%	6,7%	2,2%	2,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

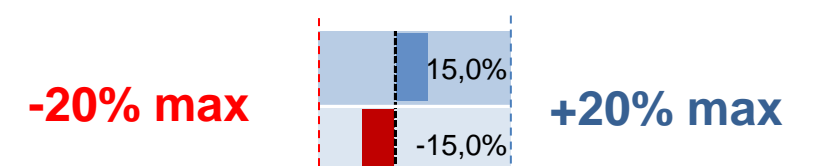
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	84,6	91,2	98,6	95,9	95,3	107,3	26,7%	4,5%	8,8%	11,9%	12,5%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	17,8	18,3	18,4	18,9	18,6	27,4	54,2%	1,8%	48,7%	45,3%	47,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	55,3	54,8	55,4	54,8	54,4	63,4	14,6%	-0,7%	14,6%	15,7%	16,6%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				9,8	9,5	9,8				-3,2%	2,6%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,3	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,0	1,0	-27,9%	-15,2%	-12,2%	-5,8%	-7,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	22,3	21,0	21,0	20,3	19,8	19,1	-14,4%	-5,8%	-5,6%	-2,5%	-3,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	8,1	8,2	7,6	7,6	7,9	7,8	-3,9%	-3,5%	3,8%	4,2%	-0,6%
Non-litigious business registry cases	3,2	4,0	3,6	3,3	3,2	3,3	3,7%	-19,3%	-11,7%	-3,8%	2,4%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	0,647	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	101%	101%	103%	102%	102%	0,02	0,01	0,01	-0,01	0,00
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	101%	100%	101%	101%	100%	0,00	0,00	0,01	0,00	-0,01
CR non-litigious land registry cases	100%	96%	103%	97%	99%	101%	0,02	0,03	-0,04	0,02	0,02
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	91%					

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	129	135	135	130	131	133	3,6%	-3,5%	-3,5%	0,2%	2,1%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	80	79	78	78	75	76	-4,1%	-5,1%	-4,2%	-3,5%	2,0%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	10	23	13	13	15	10	1,6%	-32,7%	18,9%	20,7%	-35,8%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	-	5	6	5				20,7%	-13,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	380					

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	-23,9%	-21,6%	-19,2%	-11,7%	-5,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,9	4,6	4,5	4,3	4,1	4,0	-18,1%	-10,4%	-9,0%	-5,6%	-2,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,2	0,5	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	-0,7%	-33,3%	19,0%	28,8%	-34,6%
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	NA	NA		16,1%	-11,4%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	0,6	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In 2016 as in previous 2 years in Austria there are 129 District courts and 20 Regional courts acting as first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

District courts have competence to decide civil law cases which value does not exceed certain legal threshold, as well as to rule on certain types of cases (irrespective of the amount in dispute, mainly family and rent law cases). The gradual decrease of their number since 2012 is a result of a national policy consisting in merging tribunals with a final aim of 115 District courts.

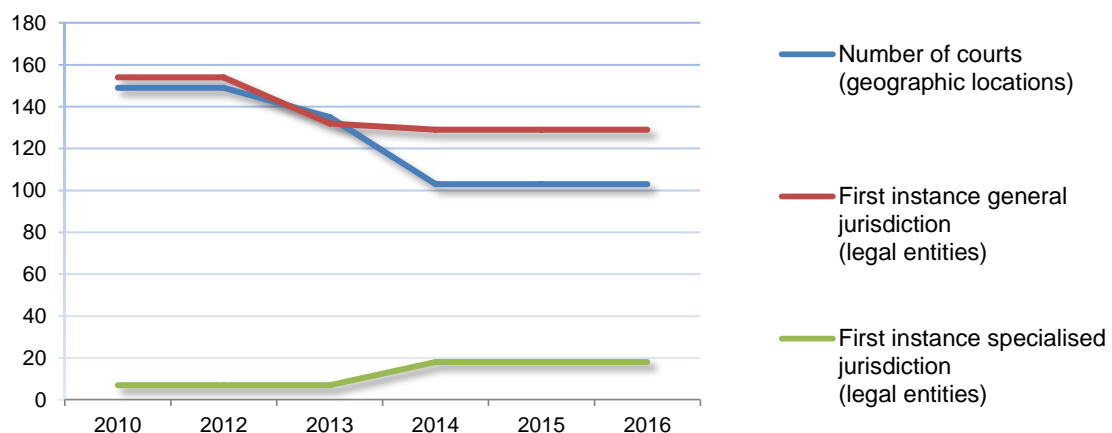
Small district courts merged in 2013 and 2014 in three Austrian states in order to create a more efficient court structure and improve the quality of judicial services. Plans for mergers of district courts in the remaining states exist but they did not get the necessary approval of state governments so far.

Regional courts are responsible for first-instance rulings on all legal matters not reserved to District courts.

Courts which have competence in second instance are the 20 Regional courts (appeals against District courts decisions) and 4 Higher Regional Courts (all civil and criminal law cases).

The Supreme Court is the highest instance in civil and criminal law cases.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	149	154	7
2012	149	154	7
2013	135	132	7
2014	103	129	18
2015	103	129	18
2016	103	129	18



In principle every court in Austria has to deal with all judicial issues. Nevertheless in the biggest Austrian cities certain courts are specialised. The other specialized first instance courts are 2 criminal courts and 2 civil law courts (in Vienna and Graz). The sum of the numbers in the categories exceeds the total number of specialised courts because the labour and social court in Vienna is one court that is competent for labour and (some) social welfare cases. From January 1st, 2014 there are 11 newly found courts for administrative law in Austria, namely 9 regional administrative courts, 1 Federal administrative court and 1 Federal Tax Court.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts

In Austria the budget for courts cannot be separated from the budget of the prosecution services and legal aid and for that reason only the budget of judicial system as per CEPEJ definition is available.

• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 937 499 939 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 107,3 €

The budget per capita (107,3 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Austria belongs to the group of European States with highest degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 12,5%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 1 462 689 939 €

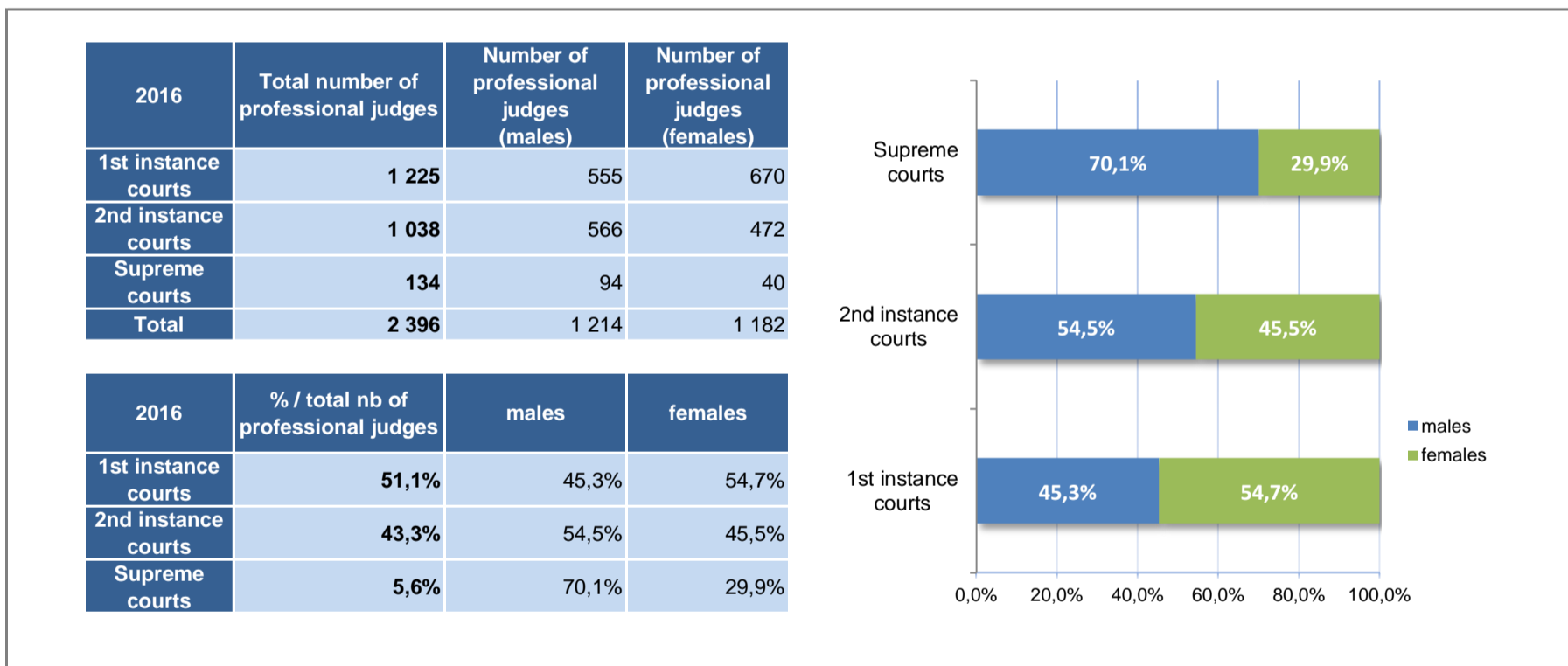
The higher figure of the implemented budget compared to the approved budget is mainly a result of an increase in costs for health care and hospitalization in the prison system, interpretation, drug rehabilitation, medical or therapeutic follow-up care for former prisoners on probation.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Enforcement services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Austria is 2 396 which is 47,8% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Austria, in 2016, there are 27,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,3 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,9 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 182 which represents 49,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 225 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 670 are female) ; 1 038 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 472 are female) and 134 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 40 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that Austria is able to provide the number of judges in full time equivalent as requested.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that it seems to be well balanced between gender with the lead of female in first instance and male in second and especially at Supreme Court.

It is specific that the first instance judges sit in District and partly regional courts. The second instance judges sit in partly regional courts and Courts of appeal.

This cycle administrative courts were taken into account for the first time.

The administrative courts were established January 1st 2014. After their establishment the data of the administrative courts is introduced this cycle for the first time.

In Austria, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

In particular, candidates for judges and prosecutors get the same initial training which is compulsory. After four years of practice at Court and the Public Prosecutions Office and initial training, the candidates are allowed to go through the Judge Office Examination (in writing and orally) held by examination commissions established at each Court of appeal.

The continuous training is based on a balanced decentralized and centralized judicial training system. Judges and prosecutors are free to take part in continuing education offered by the presidents of the four courts of appeal, the Public Prosecution Offices, the Judges Association and the Federal Ministry of Justice/Training Unit for Judges and Prosecutors. An annual Training Programme for judges and prosecutors is published as a booklet and distributed to every judge and prosecutor and it also can be found on the homepage of the Federal Ministry of Justice. The general in-service training offered by the judicial authorities mentioned above is taken up by more than 70% of the judges and prosecutor every year.

The Austrian Federal Ministry of Justice is trying to find a good combination of legal training in all fields of jurisdiction on one hand and workshops to enhance human skills on the other. Recently, priorities were set in management functions; increase of economic competence of magistrates; improvement of job satisfaction especially for older people.

Additional training

In Austria the field of fundamental and human rights is trained in special seminars to raise the awareness of the judiciary for tolerance and the combat racism.

Since 2008 future judges and public prosecutors have to pass a special curriculum within their initial training. This "Curriculum of Fundamental Rights" developed by the Association of Judges in cooperation with the Ludwig Boltzmann Institute of Human Rights/Vienna, the European Training- and Research Centre for Human Rights and Democracy Graz (ETC) and the Austrian Institute for Human Rights Salzburg (ÖIM). It is organised as a three day seminar; in addition to that apprentice judges and public prosecutors have the possibility to participate in a study visit to the ECHR. To ensure the support of victims future judges and prosecutors are obliged to pass a two weeks intership at a victim protection facility.

Austrian judges and prosecutors have the possibility to visit a range of seminars on this topic.

On European level the European Judicial Training Network (EJTN) is providing a wide range of seminars on the topic of fundamental rights for the target group judges and prosecutors.

Additional training system:

The Austrian Federal Ministry of Justice is trying to find a good combination of legal training in all fields of jurisdiction (civil/criminal) on the one hand and workshops to enhance human skills on the other. During the last years priorities were set on the following issues:

- efficiency in proceedings
- soft skills of judges and prosecutors
- management functions/administration of justice
- increase of economic competence of judges and prosecutors
- improvement of job satisfaction especially for older people (aged over 45)]

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	4 642	757	26	NA	43	0
2012	4 631	760	20	437	33	3 381
2013	4 698	771	20	434	28	3 445
2014	4 705	785	19	439	23	3 439
2015	4 735	798	19	440	22	3 456
2016	5 544	837	494	686	52	3 475

In Austria, in 2016, there are 5 544 non-judge staff (among which 3 921 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 17,1%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 837 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 494 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 396 are women);
- 686 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 445 are women);
- 52 technical staff (among which 24 are women);
- 3 475 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 2 554 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 55,2 in 2015 to 63,7 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 18,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 27,4 in 2016.

The category “other non-judge staff” includes Kanzlei responsible for handling of case files.

This cycle administrative courts were taken into account for the first time.

The administrative courts were established January 1st 2014. After their establishment the data of the administrative courts is introduced this cycle for the first time.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 19 500 000 € (2,2 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid per categories is not available.

A lump sum of € 19.500.000 represents the approved public budget for payment to the bar for “pro bono” representation of parties. The implemented public budget for payment to the bar for “pro bono” representation of parties is € 19.700.000. The difference between these two figures is mainly due to advance payments to the bar for “pro bono” representation in overlong cases.

These figures do, however, not include court fees for expertise or interpretation, which are also covered by legal aid, but not isolated within the budget. Therefore, no figures can be provided as regards the whole regime of legal aid.

In Austria legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. If legal aid is granted in the main proceeding, the same also applies to the enforcement proceeding. According to the Austrian Civil Procedure Order, the requirements for granting legal aid have only to be re-examined, if the enforcement proceeding will be opened one year after the main proceeding has been closed.

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs

Individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The duty to pay court fees arises from the starting of the civil procedure at the court, but the proceedings itself are not dependent on the payment of this fee. The most important (at least preliminary) exemption from court fees is the attribution of legal aid to the claimant according to the respective provisions of the civil procedure code and the Court fee Act. Detailed information can be derived from the legal aid factsheet on the website of the European Network for Civil and Commercial Matters (http://ec.europa.eu/civiljustice/legal_aid/legal_aid_aus_en.htm). Other exemptions are laid down in various other provisions.

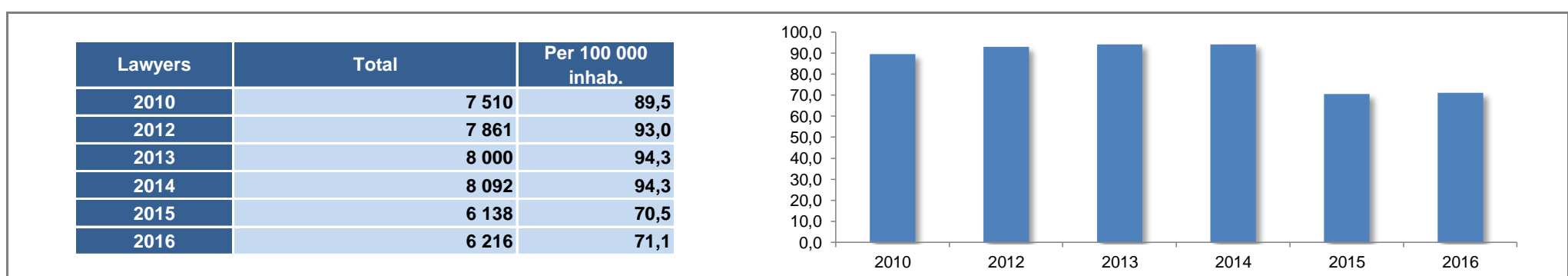
According to the Civil Procedure Code, court fees related to civil and commercial litigation depend mostly on the value under dispute between the parties of the proceedings. The amount is laid down in a list of tariff contented in the Court Fee Act. The latter also specifies the correct way of calculating these costs (in particular the calculation of the assessment basis for the value under dispute).

As a rule, court fees for civil lawsuits are lump sums which cover all costs of the given instance in the case irrespective of its complexity and the concrete amount of expenditure. They are calculated on the average costs and expenditures necessary to maintain the court and its personnel, taking also into account the risk of State liability in such cases under the given value of the dispute and social considerations (to allow effective access to justice also for small claims). In Austria, courts have to be maintained by court fees and not by means of general taxation.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 163 EUR

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Austria, in 2016, there are 6 216 lawyers, which is 1,3% more than in 2015.

This data represents 71,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Statistic from the Austrian Bar (Österreichischer Rechtsanwaltskammertag) of 31st December 2016 (available at www.rechtsanwaelte.at).

The data only includes lawyers registered in the list of Austrian lawyers (6.132), lawyers registered in the list of established European lawyers (84) registered by 31st of December 2016. It does not include solicitors nor legal advisors as such professions/types of service providers do not exist in Austria.

• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

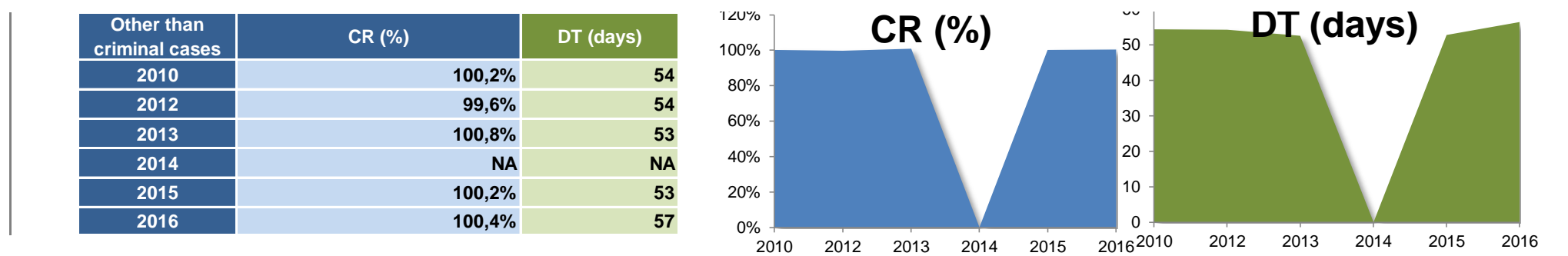
The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

It is important to mention that there is no overall distinction between litigious and non-litigious proceedings in the statistics for Austria. Accordingly, the numbers are sums of certain kinds of proceedings mentioned in the corresponding comments. As litigious are counted all proceedings in the categories related to civil matters, labour and social security cases at first instance courts, which are marked as being litigious in the court register (i.e. from the second court hearing on).

◦ Total other than criminal cases





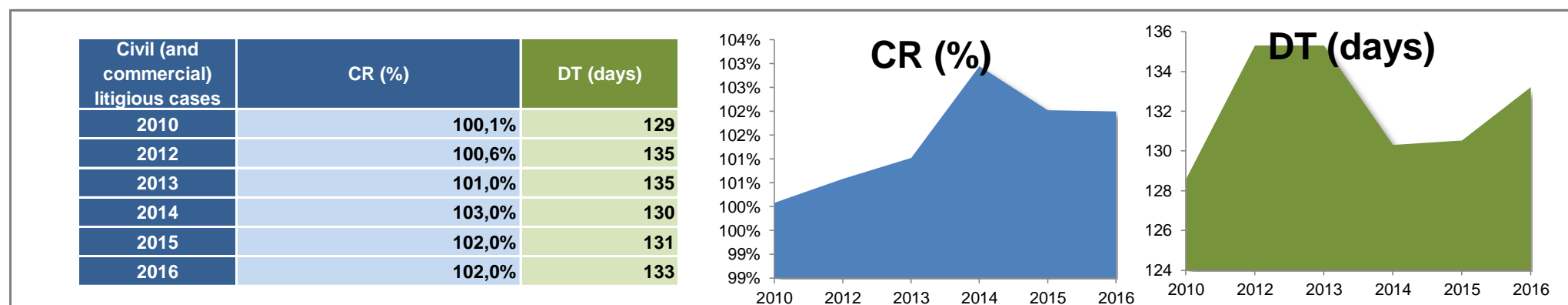
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,4% in 2016, Austria seems able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,2 points.

In Austria, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 57 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 7,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,0% in 2016, Austria seems able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

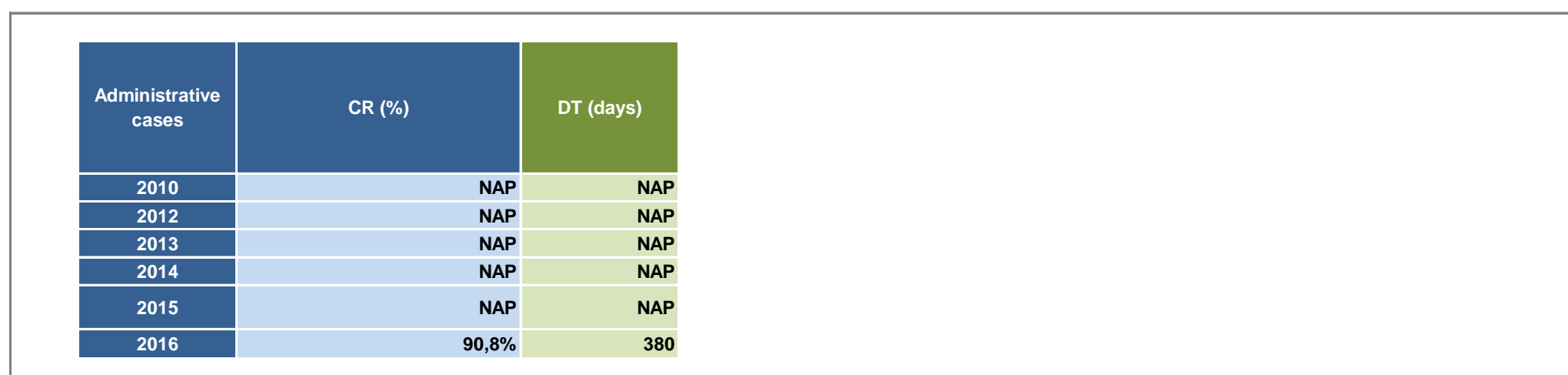
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate remained the same.

In Austria, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 133 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 2,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available. According their methodology Austria is able to provide number of

◦ *Administrative cases*



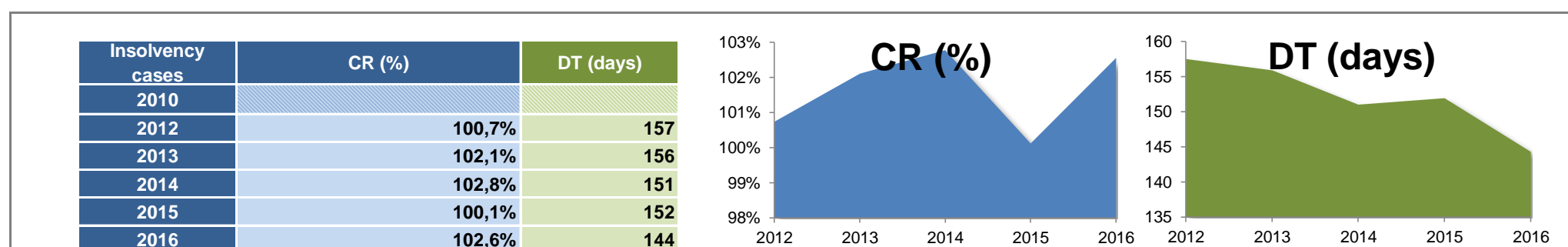
Administrative courts in Austria were introduced in 2014 and this is the first cycle they are presented

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 90,8% in 2016, Austria seems to have some difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

In Austria, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 380 days.

There are 12 917 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 24.2% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 102,6% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Austria seems able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 2,4 points.

In Austria, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 144 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -5,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Austria, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category other encompasses for example certain kinds of decisions.

In Austria, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

An operational information system (BIS) carries out a regular evaluation of the activity of each court by means of periodic checklists (on October 1st of every year).

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

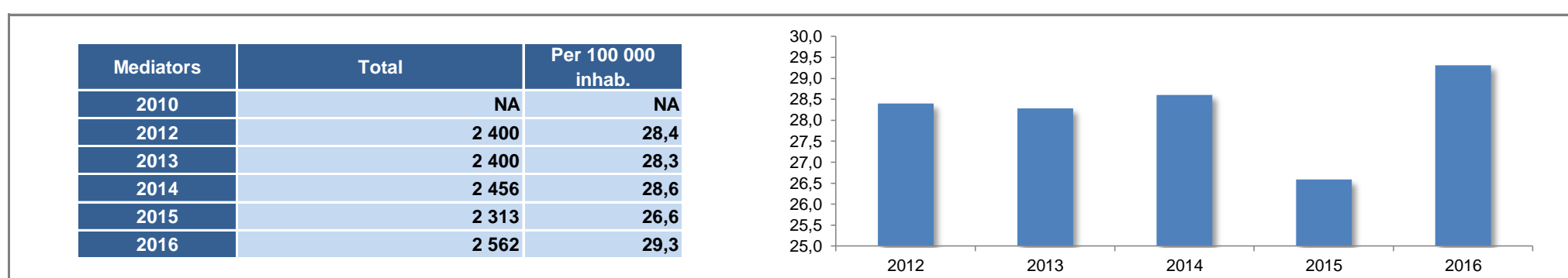
The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Austria provides judicial mediation.

In the field of family law, especially in proceedings regarding custody or the right of personal contact to children, the Court has the possibility to organize a first conversation about mediation or about an arbitration procedure.



In Austria, in 2016, there are 2 562 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 29,3 accredited or registered

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 10,8%.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

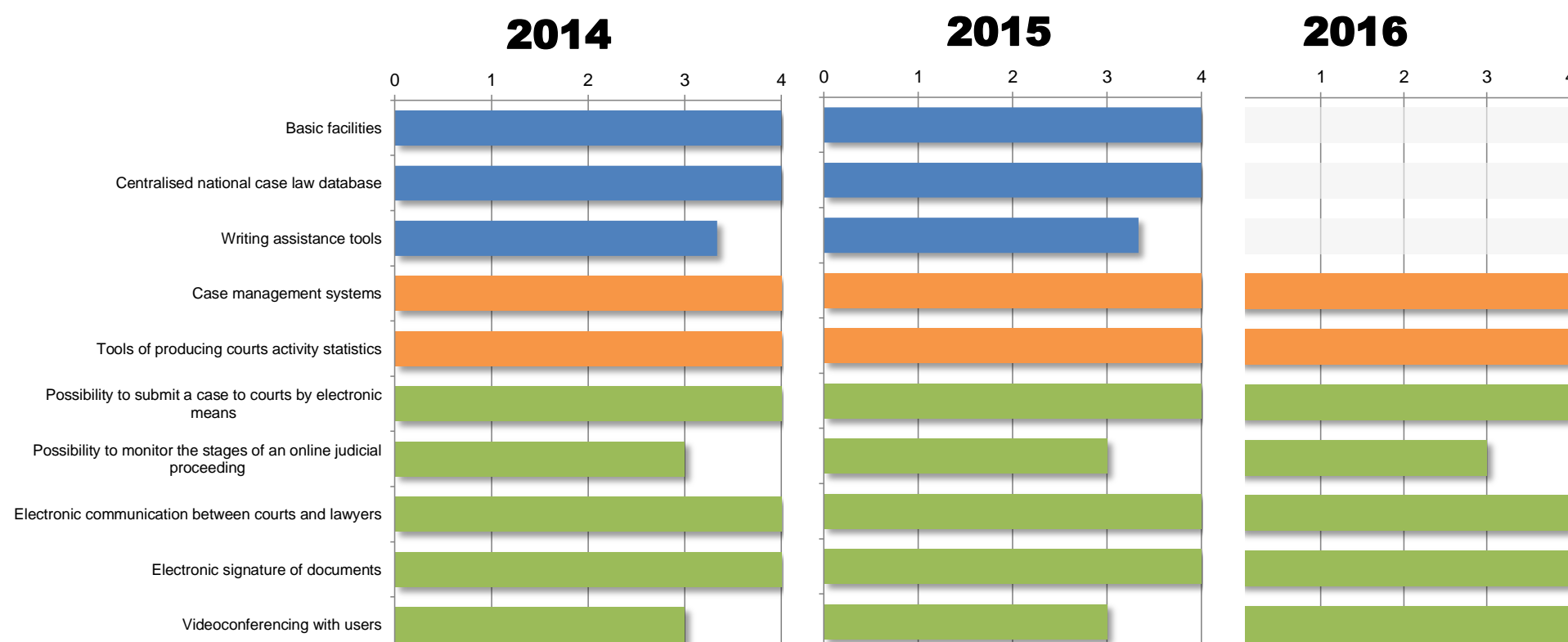
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Austria has been evaluated at 9,8 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Austria, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary is the Federal Computing Centre of Austria (Bundesrechenzentrum GmbH) acting on behalf of the Federal Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Austria.

This institution publishes statistics of each court only on an intranet website.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Ongoing implementation of centralized service units (“Servicecenter”), providing information and speeding up customer service;

Consequently speeding up justice;

Raising the effectiveness of electronic communication between courts and experts/translators and in regard of civil enforcement;

Establishment of a system of quality-management according to “customer-expectations” with measurable indicators;

Digitalization of records of court-hearings (planned)

ICT support within the field of economic criminal proceedings (investigation of data which are available on confiscated electronic storage media by intelligent software – planned)

2. Budget

No budgetary reforms planned.

3. Courts and public prosecution services

Small district courts have been merged in 2013, 2014 and 2017 in five Austrian states to create a more efficient court structure and improve quality of judicial services. There are plans to merge several small district courts in two Austrian states in 2018 and 2019.

3.1. Access to justice and legal aid

Small district courts have been merged in 2013, 2014 and 2017 in five Austrian states to create a more efficient court structure and improve quality of judicial services. There are plans to merge several small district courts in two Austrian states in 2018 and 2019

Currently a reform of the legal aid system in criminal cases is not intended. A reform of the legal aid system in other than criminal cases is currently not intended either.

4. High Judicial Council

Currently there are no plans to form a Judicial Council.

5. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents, etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.

Currently there are no plans to reform the organisation or the education of judges or public prosecutors.

As regards the profession of lawyers, amendments on the provisions on the temporary substitute of a lawyer are currently in preparation. Furthermore, the Directive (EU) 2015/849 requires amendments of the Lawyers’ Act and the Notarial Code by enlarging the risk assessment and risk management as well as by introducing more detailed provisions on the duties of care in the framework of combating money laundering and financing of terrorism. Also some Articles of the Directive (EU) 2013/55 have to be transposed into the Austrian professional regulations governing lawyers.

6. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and cooperation activities

In the field of copyright law, the Act on Collecting Management Organizations, which transposes the Directive 2014/26/EU entered into force on 1st June 2016. It stipulates i.a. detailed requirements for the membership in a collecting management organisation, the duties towards rightholders and users, transparency and reporting obligations as well as provisions for complaint procedures, dispute resolution and supervision.

As concerns cartel and competition law, preparations for the transposition of Directive 2014/104/EU were undertaken. On this occasion, a follow-up of the reform of cartel law in 2012 was arranged to further strengthen the transparency of rulings in this field and competition in general.

The European Regulation (EU) 650/2012 on jurisdiction, applicable law, recognition and enforcement of decisions and acceptance and enforcement of authentic instruments in matters of succession and on the creation of a European Certificate of Succession, which entered into force on 17.8.2015 required some adaptations of provisions on jurisdiction of courts in succession matters, on the choice of law- rules and of provisions on the procedure in succession matters. These provisions – part of the law on the revision of succession law 2015 (law gazette I 87/2015) are in force since 17.8.2015.

The ratification of the 1965 Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters and of the Budapest Convention on the Contract for the Carriage of Goods by Inland Waterway (CMNI) is envisaged.

Concerning civil procedure there are ongoing attempts to discuss the possibilities of enlarging the use of video-technology. Besides there are discussions to shift the competent jurisdiction in specific matters from judges to so called “Rechtspfleger” (judicial officers).

As regards the professional law of lawyers (Lawyers´ Act) and civil law notaries (Notarial Code), several amendments have recently been implemented with the law “Berufsrechts-Änderungsgesetz 2016”, which mainly entered into force at the beginning of 2017. A significant part of this law relates to obligations due to the implementation of the Fourth Anti-Money Laundering Directive (EU) 2015/849. The provisions provide for various due diligence measures for lawyers and civil law notaries. They aim at preventing and further reducing criminal activities in the field of money laundering and terrorist financing. In addition the provisions concerning the representation of a lawyer in case his entitlement to practise as a lawyer lapses or he is absent for a longer period of time were updated. Further amendments to the Lawyers´ Act and the Notarial Code as part of the above-mentioned approved law improve reconciliation of professional and family life for these professionals. Since 2010 child legal advocates (“Kinderbeistand”) are intended to assist the child as contact and confidential persons and to be the “voice of the child”, inasmuch as the child can or will not articulate itself.

2013 a new body was established to assist the Court. The Family Court Assistance („Familiengerichtshilfe“) helps the judges in taking evidence, providing information to the parties and encouraging amicable solutions. In Contact Cases they may also act as a Visitation Mediator („Besuchsmittler“). In addition orders for mandatory participation of the parent(s) in Family, Parents or Care Counselling, first information meetings about Mediation or Conciliation or Anger Management Courses are possible.

On 1.11.2014 a project, based on the Maorian “family group conferencing” started all over Austria. There are two different types among many of these so called “Sozialnetzkonferenzen - conferences of the social net of benefits”, that have been evaluated. One could be started by a judge to evaluate, if a suspect could be released from (pre trial) detention. Therefore the social net of benefits (family members, teacher, youth welfare etc) tries to work out a (kind of) contract to “reboot” the life of the juvenile. All results can be taken under consideration at the trial and for the judgement. The second type deals with the eligibility for parole. It also includes the social net of benefits to find out, if a prisoner could be released on parole. These conferences have regularised within a major reform of the juvenile justice code which came into force on 1 Jan. 2016 (Jugendgerichtsgesetzänderungsgesetz 2015, BGBl I 154/2015).

The regulation (EU) 2015/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on insolvency proceedings (recast) entered into force on 26 June 2017. With the "Insolvenzrechtsänderungsgesetz 2017 - IRÄG 2017", law gazette I 122/2017, this regulation was implemented into national law. Rules for the case management in child Abduction cases have been amended and placed in the Non-Contestual-procedure-Act instead of a self-standing implementation Act. It is hoped that the return procedures can be dealt now in a more efficient way.

7. Enforcement of court decisions

In discussion is the revision of the law of enforcement ("Exekutionsordnung"), including the improvement of seizing claims of the debtor. According to the discussed reform plans applicants should file for salary and chattel executions in a first step (execution package 1), while bailiffs are responsible for the implementation ex officio. In a second step they should file for other executions (execution package 2), while so called administrators collect debts ex officio. The administrator should find assets by studying the documents of the debtor and should have access to the assets immediately, instead of gathering this information (too late) of the inventory of property delivered by the debtor.

8. Mediation and other ADR

Concerning the criminal procedure there are no plans for further reforms.

9. Fight against crime

No reforms foreseen

9.1. Prison system

a.)

In addition to the Family Court Assistance („Familiengerichtshilfe“), the Juvenile Court Assistance („Jugendgerichtshilfe“) was established to assist the court. Since 1 December 2015 the support is now available nationwide all over Austria. The Juvenile Court Assistance can be utilized as a source of information. They can also take measures to eliminate harm and danger for the upbringing or health of the child or give recommendations to the court or the youth welfare office. This measure was part of a couple of actions taken with the aim to avoid imprisonment of juveniles as far as possible and as the following statistics shows, the last few years the number of juvenile offenders in prisons has been gradually decreasing from 259 in 2004 to 116 in 2016.

b.)

Following the recommendations of the group of experts for the evaluation of the forensic detention as a first step a pilot project aimed on the installation of a special department system for severely mentally disturbed offenders was initiated in 2016. After a operation period of one year the results of this pilot project have been evaluated and found as positive. Therefore these special departments will be established in the course of 2017 as the new structure dealing with mentally disturbed offenders. As a further step it is intended to develop a new category of institutions within in the prison system, the so called forensic therapeutic centres. These institutions should be aligned by their personal and organisational structures especially on the treatment of mentally disturbed offenders.

c.)

The terrorist attacks in Europe from 2015 to 2016 brought the topic "Violent Extremism and Radicalisation" back to the agenda. All European States were called to reinforce their actions to prevent all types of extremism that leads to violence. In the relevant debates prisons are often described as "breeding grounds" for radicalization and violent extremism. This is not surprising as prisons are "places of vulnerability", which offer nearly optimum conditions for the prospering of radical often religiously orientated ideologies.

Hence the Austrian Prison administration established a series of training programs and tools for all prison staff, in order to respond appropriately to potential vulnerable individuals at risk of radicalisation. To be prepared for the challenges linked with the new situation a "Task Force De-Radicalisation in Prisons" was formed in Austria. Its tasks are development and efficient implementation of necessary prevention and deradicalisation as well as training measures and to ensure good cooperation and information between the stakeholders involved.

The following concrete steps have been taken by Austrian prisons administration:

- Development of practical instructions on how to proceed with recognizable radical tendencies (e.g. reporting to the prison management, internal relocation, restriction of opportunities to contact other inmates, involvement of specialized services and of the pastoral care).
- The staff has been instructed to observe particularly closely prisoners, who are detained for terrorist offences or are suspected to be radicalized. Such prisoners are – regardless of any obligation to complicity separation – not housed together.
- Single accommodation will be – not in every case (e.g. suicide risk) and not in the long run – possible and also necessary. If there are no recognizable radical tendencies, a complete separation from other prisoners cannot be justified in the long run. There would otherwise be the danger that radical tendencies are even favoured or solidified.
- For specific perpetrators running a law enforcement plan and therefore the implementation of a risk and needs assessment has been mandatory. This does not apply to prisoners on remand.

9.2 Child friendly justice

The Family Court Assistance („Familiengerichtshilfe“) was established as a new body to assist the Court. It shall help the judges in taking evidence, providing information to the parties and encouraging amicable solutions. In Contact Cases they may also act as a Visitation Mediator („Besuchsmittler“).

Child legal advocates (“Kinderbeistände”) are intended to assist the child as contact and confidential persons and to be the "voice of the child", inasmuch as the child can or will not articulate itself.

9.3. Violence against partners

No reforms foreseen

10. New information and communication technologies

Strategic Justice 3.0 initiative

The initiative aims to find the best possible IT support for all the different user groups up to all-electronic handling of cases in the light of current technical trends and possibilities. The overall report concluding phase 1 of Justice 3.0 was published and communicated in June 2014. Based on that report and the implementation plan contained therein, phase 2 of Justiz 3.0 was started, with several parallel projects running to establish and optimise the bases of digital file management. Among other things, the prerequisites for a viable Austria-wide scanning process and text recognition, a file document management and workflow system are being created.

By the end of 2016 a pilot project for completely digital file management was started in four Regional Courts, which will provide the basis for more upgrading and enhancement steps.

An information video highlighting the strategic approach as well as soft- and hardware developments is available at www.justiz.gv.at (E-Government » Justiz 3.0).

11. Other

None

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 120	36 430	36 930	38 540	39 390	40 420	18,5%	8,1%	6,7%	2,2%	2,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	21 070 101	20 800 000	19 700 000	-	-	-	-1,3%	-5,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	84,6	91,2	98,6	95,9	95,3	107,3	26,7%	4,5%	-3,3%	-0,6%	12,5%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	107,7	118,3	-	-	-	-	9,8%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	84,6	91,2	98,6	95,9	95,3	107,3	26,7%	4,5%	-3,3%	-0,6%	12,5%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	107,7	118,3	-	-	-	-	9,8%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	709 980 000	751 790 000	817 500 000	823 053 000	829 507 000	NA	-	10,3%	1,5%	0,8%	-
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	369 730 000	416 840 000	442 500 000	452 232 000	458 686 000	NA	-	10,0%	3,7%	1,4%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	47 970 000	35 800 000	32 200 000	24 968 000	24 968 000	NA	-	-30,3%	-22,5%	0,0%	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	103 630 000	103 750 000	106 200 000	91 050 000	91 047 000	NA	-	-12,2%	-14,3%	0,0%	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	77 750 000	59 700 000	61 900 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	0	0	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	1 100 000	2 200 000	2 200 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	109 800 000	133 500 000	172 500 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	85 €	91 €	99 €	96 €	95 €	107 €	26,7%	4,5%	-3,3%	-0,6%	12,5%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 174 830 000	1 276 420 000	1 289 150 000	1 298 519 000	1 309 132 000	1 462 689 939	24,5%	2,6%	1,6%	0,8%	11,7%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	709 980 000	751 790 000	817 500 000	823 053 000	829 507 000	NA	-	10,3%	1,5%	0,8%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	47 970 000	35 800 000	32 200 000	24 968 000	24 968 000	NA	-	-30,3%	-22,5%	0,0%	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	779 840 000	834 870 000	-	915 619 924	1 036 336 100	1 099 812 161	41,0%	24,1%	-	13,2%	6,1%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	- ; (Tarifposten –	- ; (Tarifposten –	ems (Tarifposten –	is (Tarifposten – T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	154	154	132	129	129	129	-16,2%	-16,2%	-2,3%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	7	7	7	18	18	18	157,1%	157,1%	157,1%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	149	149	135	103	103	103	-30,9%	-30,9%	-23,7%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	7	7	7	19	19	19	171,4%	171,4%	171,4%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	11	11	11	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	1	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	544 991	504 481	517 264	NA	482 779	524 240	-3,8%	-4,3%	-6,7%	-	8,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 860	39 530	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	-16,7%	-11,3%	-9,9%	-7,4%	-5,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	397 794	388 908	-	-	-	-	-2,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	420 452	397 948	386 305	381 808	372 342	356 361	-15,2%	-6,4%	-3,6%	-2,5%	-4,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	25 452	32 547	-	-	-	-	27,9%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	16 235	17 205	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	75,5%	26,9%	-47,4%	-6,5%	30,5%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	0	3 223	3 625	4 056	-	-	-	12,5%	11,9%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	48 297	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	48 835	49 798	50 557	48 324	49 917	53 813	10,2%	0,2%	-1,3%	3,3%	7,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 600 472	3 489 286	3 386 071	NA	3 287 147	3 284 414	-8,8%	-5,8%	-2,9%	-	-0,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112 772	104 365	101 157	95 412	91 057	84 708	-24,9%	-12,8%	-10,0%	-4,6%	-7,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	2 684 699	2 641 124	-	-	-	-	-1,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 873 908	1 775 035	1 777 887	1 741 644	1 721 024	1 670 674	-10,8%	-3,0%	-3,2%	-1,2%	-2,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	963 675	970 450	-	-	-	-	0,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	682 554	689 005	643 064	648 601	684 737	683 624	0,2%	-0,6%	6,5%	5,6%	-0,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	265 326	335 857	307 976	285 996	278 938	286 826	8,1%	-16,9%	-9,4%	-2,5%	2,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	56 583	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	605 186	585 024	555 987	513 877	511 391	501 999	-17,1%	-12,6%	-8,0%	-0,5%	-1,8%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 607 341	3 476 472	3 411 960	NA	3 293 774	3 298 090	-8,6%	-5,3%	-3,5%	-	0,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112 870	104 977	102 190	98 229	92 903	86 398	-23,5%	-11,5%	-9,1%	-5,4%	-7,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	2 693 376	2 656 631	-	-	-	-	-1,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 883 227	1 786 647	1 782 384	1 751 110	1 737 005	1 676 141	-11,0%	-2,8%	-2,5%	-0,8%	-3,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	956 371	980 490	-	-	-	-	2,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	680 712	664 726	661 192	626 850	678 073	693 404	1,9%	2,0%	2,6%	8,2%	2,3%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	335 857	307 976	285 594	278 298	287 086	-	-17,1%	-9,6%	-2,6%	3,2%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	51 395	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	604 261	584 265	558 218	512 284	507 495	503 666	-16,6%	-13,1%	-9,1%	-0,9%	-0,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	538 122	517 295	491 375	NA	476 152	510 564	-5,1%	-8,0%	-3,1%	-	7,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 762	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	-20,7%	-14,6%	-12,3%	-5,3%	-5,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	389 117	373 401	-	-	-	-	-4,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	411 133	386 336	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	-14,7%	-7,8%	-6,7%	-4,3%	-1,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	32 756	22 507	-	-	-	-	-31,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	18 077	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	3,5%	-31,3%	22,0%	30,5%	-34,3%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	0	3 625	4 265	3 796	-	-	-	17,7%	-11,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	53 485	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 760	50 557	48 326	49 917	53 813	52 146	4,8%	6,4%	11,4%	7,8%	-3,1%

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,2%	99,6%	100,8%	NA	100,2%	100,4%	0,2%	0,6%	-0,6%	-	0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,1%	100,6%	101,0%	103,0%	102,0%	102,0%	1,9%	1,4%	1,0%	-0,9%	0,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	100,3%	100,6%	-	-	-	-	0,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	100,7%	100,3%	100,5%	100,9%	100,3%	-0,2%	0,3%	0,7%	0,4%	-0,6%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	99,2%	101,0%	-	-	-	-	1,8%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	99,7%	96,5%	102,8%	96,6%	99,0%	101,4%	1,7%	2,6%	-3,7%	2,5%	2,4%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	99,8%	100,1%	-	-0,2%	-0,2%	-0,1%	0,3%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	90,8%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,8%	99,9%	100,4%	99,7%	99,2%	100,3%	0,5%	-0,6%	-1,2%	-0,5%	1,1%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	54	54	53	NA	53	57	3,8%	-2,8%	0,4%	-	7,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	129	135	135	130	131	133	3,6%	-3,5%	-3,5%	0,2%	2,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	53	51	-	-	-	-	-2,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	80	79	78	78	75	76	-4,1%	-5,1%	-4,2%	-3,5%	2,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	13	8	-	-	-	-	-33,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	10	23	13	13	15	10	1,6%	-32,7%	18,9%	20,7%	-35,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	0	5	6	5	-	-	-	20,7%	-13,7%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	380	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	30	32	32	36	39	38	25,7%	22,5%	22,5%	8,8%	-2,4%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	3 054	2 920	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	-9,5%	-1,6%	1,5%	-4,4%	-3,7%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	11 557	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	-	-11,9%	-10,4%	-6,1%	-0,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 852	6 354	6 237	6 214	5 992	5 782	-15,6%	-5,7%	-3,9%	-3,6%	-3,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	26 152	24 861	23 944	24 365	23 556	-	-6,8%	-2,0%	1,8%	-3,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 917	6 444	6 063	6 346	6 099	5 930	-14,3%	-5,4%	0,6%	-3,9%	-2,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	26 344	25 385	24 606	24 394	24 158	-	-7,4%	-3,9%	-0,9%	-1,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	2 989	2 830	3 004	2 872	2 765	2 617	-12,4%	-2,3%	-8,0%	-3,7%	-5,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	11 365	10 841	10 179	10 150	9 548	-	-10,7%	-6,4%	-0,3%	-5,9%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	100,9%	101,4%	97,2%	102,1%	101,8%	102,6%	1,6%	0,4%	4,7%	-0,3%	0,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	100,7%	102,1%	102,8%	100,1%	102,6%	-	-0,6%	-1,9%	-2,6%	2,4%
DT Litigious divorce cases	158	160	181	165	165	161	2,1%	3,2%	-8,5%	0,2%	-2,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	157	156	151	152	144	-	-3,6%	-2,6%	0,6%	-5,0%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 362	6 284	5 614	5 312	5 180	5 248	-17,5%	-17,6%	-7,7%	-2,5%	1,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 111	29 919	29 144	28 328	27 818	27 320	-17,5%	-7,0%	-4,5%	-1,8%	-1,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	32 884	30 589	29 446	28 460	27 750	27 567	-16,2%	-9,3%	-5,8%	-2,5%	-0,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 589	5 614	5 312	5 180	5 248	5 001	-24,1%	-6,5%	-1,2%	1,3%	-4,7%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,3%	102,2%	101,0%	100,5%	99,8%	100,9%	1,6%	-2,4%	-1,3%	-0,7%	1,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	73	67	66	66	69	66	-9,5%	3,0%	4,8%	3,9%	-4,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	770	693	-	730	889	2 935	281,2%	28,3%	-	21,8%	230,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	2 148	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 489	2 483	-	2 396	2 516	6 703	169,3%	1,3%	-	5,0%	166,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	4 250	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 470	2 249	-	2 237	2 618	7 152	189,6%	16,4%	-	17,0%	173,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	4 642	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	789	882	-	889	787	2 486	215,1%	-10,8%	-	-11,5%	215,9%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	1 756	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,2%	90,6%	-	93,4%	104,1%	106,7%	7,5%	14,9%	-	11,4%	2,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	109,2%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	117	143	-	145	110	127	8,8%	-23,3%	-	-24,4%	15,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	138	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	544 991	504 481	517 264	NA	482 779	524 240	-3,8%	-4,3%	-6,7%	-	8,6%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 860	39 530	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	-16,7%	-11,3%	-9,9%	-7,4%	-5,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	397 794	388 908	-	-	-	-	-2,2%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	420 452	397 948	386 305	381 808	372 342	356 361	-15,2%	-6,4%	-3,6%	-2,5%	-4,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	25 452	32 547	-	-	-	-	27,9%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	16 235	17 205	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	75,5%	26,9%	-47,4%	-6,5%	30,5%

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	0	3 223	3 625	4 056	-	-	-	12,5%	11,9%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	48 297	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	48 835	49 798	50 557	48 324	49 917	53 813	10,2%	0,2%	-1,3%	3,3%	7,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 600 472	3 489 286	3 386 071	NA	3 287 147	3 284 414	-8,8%	-5,8%	-2,9%	-	-0,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112 772	104 365	101 157	95 412	91 057	84 708	-24,9%	-12,8%	-10,0%	-4,6%	-7,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	2 684 699	2 641 124	-	-	-	-	-1,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 873 908	1 775 035	1 777 887	1 741 644	1 721 024	1 670 674	-10,8%	-3,0%	-3,2%	-1,2%	-2,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	963 675	970 450	-	-	-	-	0,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	682 554	689 005	643 064	648 601	684 737	683 624	0,2%	-0,6%	6,5%	5,6%	-0,2%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	265 326	335 857	307 976	285 996	278 938	286 826	8,1%	-16,9%	-9,4%	-2,5%	2,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	56 583	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	605 186	585 024	555 987	513 877	511 391	501 999	-17,1%	-12,6%	-8,0%	-0,5%	-1,8%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 607 341	3 476 472	3 411 960	NA	3 293 774	3 298 090	-8,6%	-5,3%	-3,5%	-	0,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	112 870	104 977	102 190	98 229	92 903	86 398	-23,5%	-11,5%	-9,1%	-5,4%	-7,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	2 693 376	2 656 631	-	-	-	-	-1,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 883 227	1 786 647	1 782 384	1 751 110	1 737 005	1 676 141	-11,0%	-2,8%	-2,5%	-0,8%	-3,5%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	956 371	980 490	-	-	-	-	2,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	680 712	664 726	661 192	626 850	678 073	693 404	1,9%	2,0%	2,6%	8,2%	2,3%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	335 857	307 976	285 594	278 298	287 086	-	-17,1%	-9,6%	-2,6%	3,2%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	51 395	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	604 261	584 265	558 218	512 284	507 495	503 666	-16,6%	-13,1%	-9,1%	-0,9%	-0,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	538 122	517 295	491 375	NA	476 152	510 564	-5,1%	-8,0%	-3,1%	-	7,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	39 762	38 918	37 885	35 068	33 222	31 532	-20,7%	-14,6%	-12,3%	-5,3%	-5,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	389 117	373 401	-	-	-	-	-4,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	411 133	386 336	381 808	372 342	356 361	350 894	-14,7%	-7,8%	-6,7%	-4,3%	-1,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	32 756	22 507	-	-	-	-	-31,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	18 077	41 484	23 356	21 827	28 491	18 711	3,5%	-31,3%	22,0%	30,5%	-34,3%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	0	3 625	4 265	3 796	-	-	-	17,7%	-11,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	53 485	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 760	50 557	48 326	49 917	53 813	52 146	4,8%	6,4%	11,4%	7,8%	-3,1%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	21 070 101	20 800 000	19 700 000	-	-	-	-1,3%	-5,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	18 400 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 000 000	19 500 000	6,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	2,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	na	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	www.ris.bka.gv.at/ionssystem, JUDOK anzdokumentation)			-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	ation Justiz (VJ) atomation Justiz (VJ) omation Justiz (VJ)			-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	NR	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ischer Rechtsverkehr	OpenDocument	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	nische Akteneinsicht	nische Akteneinsicht	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	2 400	2 400	2 456	2 313	2 562	-	-3,6%	-3,6%	-5,8%	10,8%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 491	1 547	1 565	1 620	1 621	2 396	60,7%	4,8%	3,6%	0,1%	47,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 263	1 325	1 341	1 224	1 223	1 225	-3,0%	-7,7%	-8,8%	-0,1%	0,2%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	173	157	160	330	331	1 038	500,0%	110,7%	107,0%	0,3%	213,6%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	55	65	63	66	67	134	143,6%	3,2%	5,6%	1,5%	100,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	773	791	784	790	791	1 214	57,1%	-0,1%	1,0%	0,1%	53,5%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	624	653	647	556	559	555	-11,1%	-14,4%	-13,6%	0,5%	-0,7%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	108	94	94	191	188	566	424,1%	101,1%	100,7%	-1,6%	201,1%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	41	45	43	43	44	94	129,3%	-2,3%	2,8%	2,3%	113,6%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	718	755	781	830	830	1 182	64,6%	9,9%	6,3%	0,0%	42,4%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	639	672	694	668	664	670	4,9%	-1,2%	-4,3%	-0,6%	0,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	65	64	66	139	143	472	626,2%	124,8%	115,8%	2,9%	230,1%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	14	20	21	23	23	40	185,7%	15,8%	11,3%	0,0%	73,9%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 642	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	19,4%	2,2%	0,8%	0,6%	17,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	757	760	771	785	798	837	10,6%	5,0%	3,5%	1,7%	4,9%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	26	20	20	19	19	494	1800,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	437	434	439	440	686	-	0,7%	1,4%	0,2%	55,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	43	33	28	23	22	52	20,9%	-33,3%	-21,4%	-4,3%	136,4%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	-	2,2%	0,3%	0,5%	0,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	320	332	335	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	98	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	160	156	241	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	10	10	28	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	897	909	921	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	-	2,2%	0,4%	0,3%	17,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	441	447	465	466	502	-	5,7%	4,3%	0,2%	7,7%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	19	19	18	18	396	-	-5,3%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	277	276	279	284	445	-	2,5%	2,9%	1,8%	56,7%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	24	19	13	12	24	-	-50,0%	-36,8%	-7,7%	100,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	-	2,1%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,3%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 491	1 547	1 565	1 620	1 621	2 396	60,7%	4,8%	3,6%	0,1%	47,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 263	1 325	1 341	1 224	1 223	1 225	-3,0%	-7,7%	-8,8%	-0,1%	0,2%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	173	157	160	330	331	1 038	500,0%	110,7%	107,0%	0,3%	213,6%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	55	65	63	66	67	134	143,6%	3,2%	5,6%	1,5%	100,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	773	791	784	790	791	1 214	57,1%	-0,1%	1,0%	0,1%	53,5%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	624	653	647	556	559	555	-11,1%	-14,4%	-13,6%	0,5%	-0,7%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	108	94	94	191	188	566	424,1%	101,1%	100,7%	-1,6%	201,1%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	41	45	43	43	44	94	129,3%	-2,3%	2,8%	2,3%	113,6%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	718	755	781	830	830	1 182	64,6%	9,9%	6,3%	0,0%	42,4%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	639	672	694	668	664	670	4,9%	-1,2%	-4,3%	-0,6%	0,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	65	64	66	139	143	472	626,2%	124,8%	115,8%	2,9%	230,1%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	14	20	21	23	23	40	185,7%	15,8%	11,3%	0,0%	73,9%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 642	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	19,4%	2,2%	0,8%	0,6%	17,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	757	760	771	785	798	837	10,6%	5,0%	3,5%	1,7%	4,9%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	26	20	20	19	19	494	1800,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	437	434	439	440	686	-	0,7%	1,4%	0,2%	55,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	43	33	28	23	22	52	20,9%	-33,3%	-21,4%	-4,3%	136,4%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	-	2,2%	0,3%	0,5%	0,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	320	332	335	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	98	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	160	156	241	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	10	10	28	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	897	909	921	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	-	2,2%	0,4%	0,3%	17,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	441	447	465	466	502	-	5,7%	4,3%	0,2%	7,7%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	19	19	18	18	396	-	-5,3%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	277	276	279	284	445	-	2,5%	2,9%	1,8%	56,7%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	24	19	13	12	24	-	-50,0%	-36,8%	-7,7%	100,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	-	2,1%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,3%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Austria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	7 510	7 861	8 000	8 092	6 138	6 216	-17,2%	-21,9%	-23,3%	-24,1%	1,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	8 387 742	8 451 860	8 485 300	8 584 926	8 700 471	8 739 806	4,2%	2,9%	2,5%	1,3%	0,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	7 510	7 861	8 000	8 092	6 138	6 216	-17,2%	-21,9%	-23,3%	-24,1%	1,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 642	4 631	4 698	4 705	4 735	5 544	19,4%	2,2%	0,8%	0,6%	17,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	757	760	771	785	798	837	10,6%	5,0%	3,5%	1,7%	4,9%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	26	20	20	19	19	494	1800,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	2500,0%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	437	434	439	440	686	-	0,7%	1,4%	0,2%	55,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	43	33	28	23	22	52	20,9%	-33,3%	-21,4%	-4,3%	136,4%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	3 381	3 445	3 439	3 456	3 475	-	2,2%	0,3%	0,5%	0,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 388	1 408	1 623	-	-	-	1,4%	15,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	320	332	335	-	-	-	3,8%	0,9%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	98	-	-	-	0,0%	9700,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	160	156	241	-	-	-	-2,5%	54,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	10	10	28	-	-	-	0,0%	180,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	897	909	921	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 256	3 313	3 317	3 327	3 921	-	2,2%	0,4%	0,3%	17,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	441	447	465	466	502	-	5,7%	4,3%	0,2%	7,7%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	19	19	18	18	396	-	-5,3%	-5,3%	0,0%	2100,0%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	277	276	279	284	445	-	2,5%	2,9%	1,8%	56,7%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	24	19	13	12	24	-	-50,0%	-36,8%	-7,7%	100,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	2 495	2 551	2 542	2 547	2 554	-	2,1%	-0,2%	0,2%	0,3%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	No, only on intranet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Belgium (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,4%	1,5%	1,0%	0,5%
GDP per capita	32 400 €	34 000 €	34 500 €	36 000 €	36 500 €	37 407 €	15,5%	7,4%	5,8%	1,4%	2,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

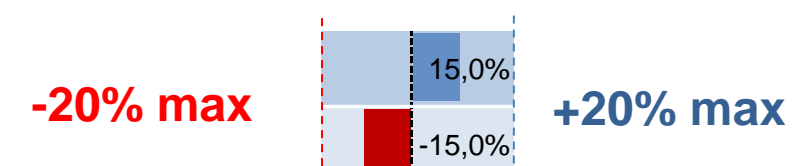
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	86,2	89,4	86,8	85,5	85,5	79,3	-8,0%	-4,3%	-8,6%	-7,2%	-7,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	14,8	14,3	14,4	14,3	14,3	14,1	-4,7%	0,0%	-1,8%	-1,1%	-1,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	52,0	48,9	47,6	47,2	46,2	44,6	-14,1%	-5,6%	-6,2%	-5,4%	-3,3%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				4,4	4,2	3,7				-6,3%	-11,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,3	6,8	6,7	6,7	6,8	6,4	1,3%	-0,2%	1,9%	1,5%	-5,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	2,1	2,2	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	1,0%
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,224	0,200	0,172	NA	NA	NA	-10,5%	-14,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	98%	99%	102%				0,01	0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	100%	100%					0,00
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	88%	117%	121%				0,32	0,03

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	87	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	625	444	429				-28,9%	-3,4%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	0,3	0,3	0,2	NA	NA	NA	-15,8%	-14,3%



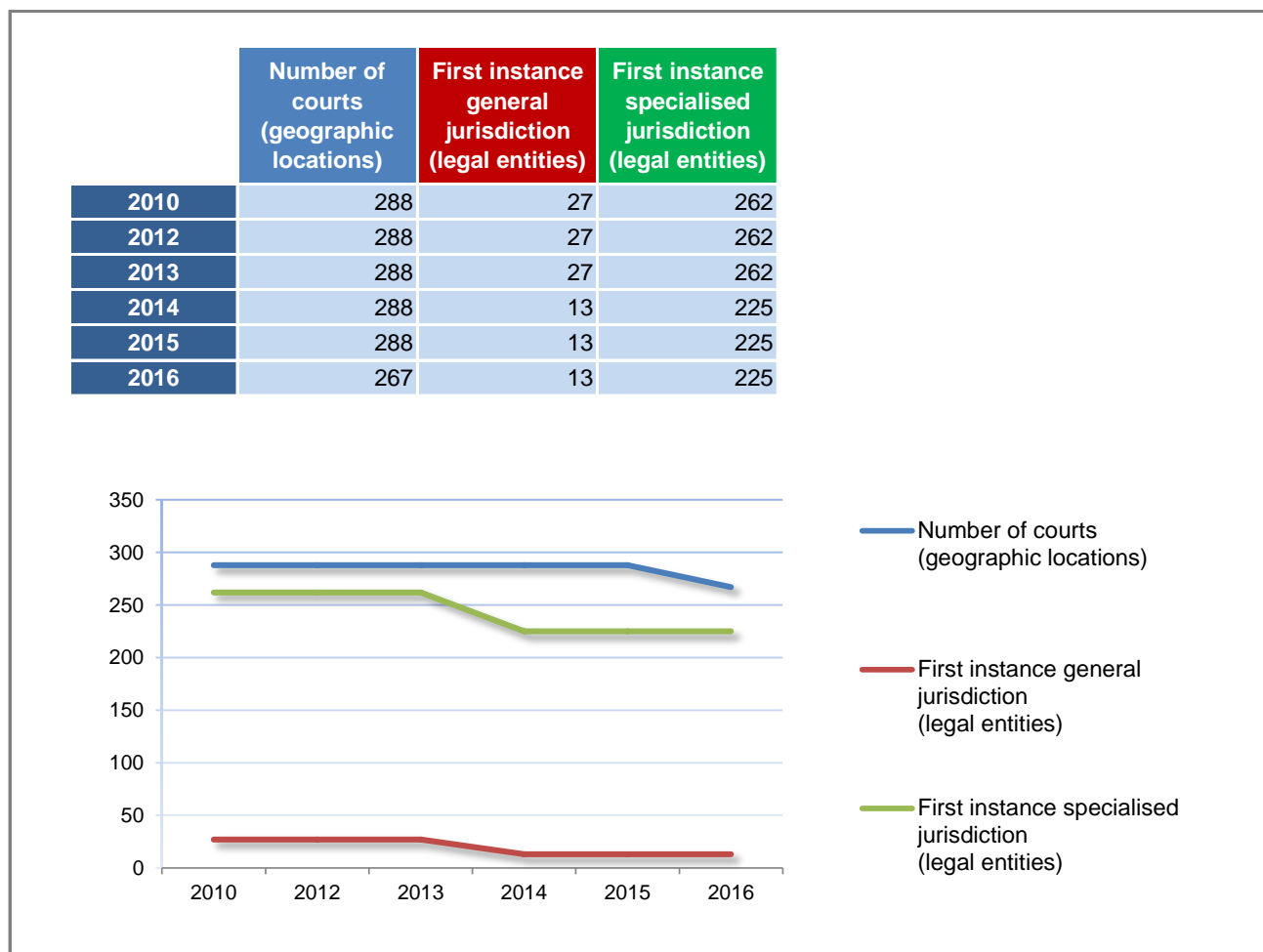
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According latest data, Belgium has 13 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 225 specialised first instance courts, including 9 Commercial courts, 9 Labour courts, 5 Administrative courts and 202 other specialised courts, namely 15 Police tribunals and 187 Justices of the Peace. According to the law, military courts could be established in the event of war.

The administrative justice constitutes an autonomous branch which is not encompassed within the ambit of the Federal Public Service of Justice.

It should be recalled that the law of 1st December 2013 introduced the reform related to judiciary districts consisting in reducing their number from 27 to 13 and revising the Code on the Judiciary. Aimed at the improvement of the mobility of the judicial staff, together with the law of 19 July 2012 reforming the judiciary district of Brussels, this reform resulted in an essential modification of the number of courts starting from 1 April 2014. Accordingly, the following decreases are observed between 2013 and 2014: 13 first instance courts of general jurisdiction instead of 27; 9 Labour tribunals instead of 27; 9 Commercial courts instead of 27; 15 Police tribunals instead of 27. It is also noteworthy to recall that the ongoing reform in respect of Justices of Peace is resulting in the reduction of the number of hearing venues.

In second instance, the courts of appeal have competence to deal with civil, criminal and commercial matters. The “Cours de Travail” are specific appeal courts for social law cases coming from the lower Labour tribunals.



The Administrative courts are: State Council, Alien Law Litigation Council, de Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege en de Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen.

Five first instance courts have specialised divisions for enforcement of sentences. The expression of Enforcement Courts is used, but actually these are specialised divisions. Besides, since 2012, all first instance courts (13) have a specialized section "Family and Youth". Even if the expression of Family Court is used, it is a specialized section.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts

The total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts is not available. Moreover, detailed data on the different components of the approved public budget allocated to all courts is not available.

The budget allocated to courts cannot be isolated from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or legal aid. Therefore, the indicated figures encompass both budget allocated to courts and budget allocated to public prosecution services. To date, it is not possible to distinguish one from the other. The difference between 2016 data and 2015 data (namely, as concerns the item "justice expenses") is due to an ad hoc correction of the arrears that were paid in 2015.

The annual public budget allocated to both Courts and Prosecution Services for 2016 is 819109000 Euros (approved budget) and 875844830 Euros (implemented budget).

• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 897 935 000 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 79,3 €

The budget per capita (79,3 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Belgium belongs to the group of European States with higher degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has decreased by -7,3%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 1 740 631 000 €

The communicated data corresponds to the total of budgetary credits foreseen and adjusted for 2016.

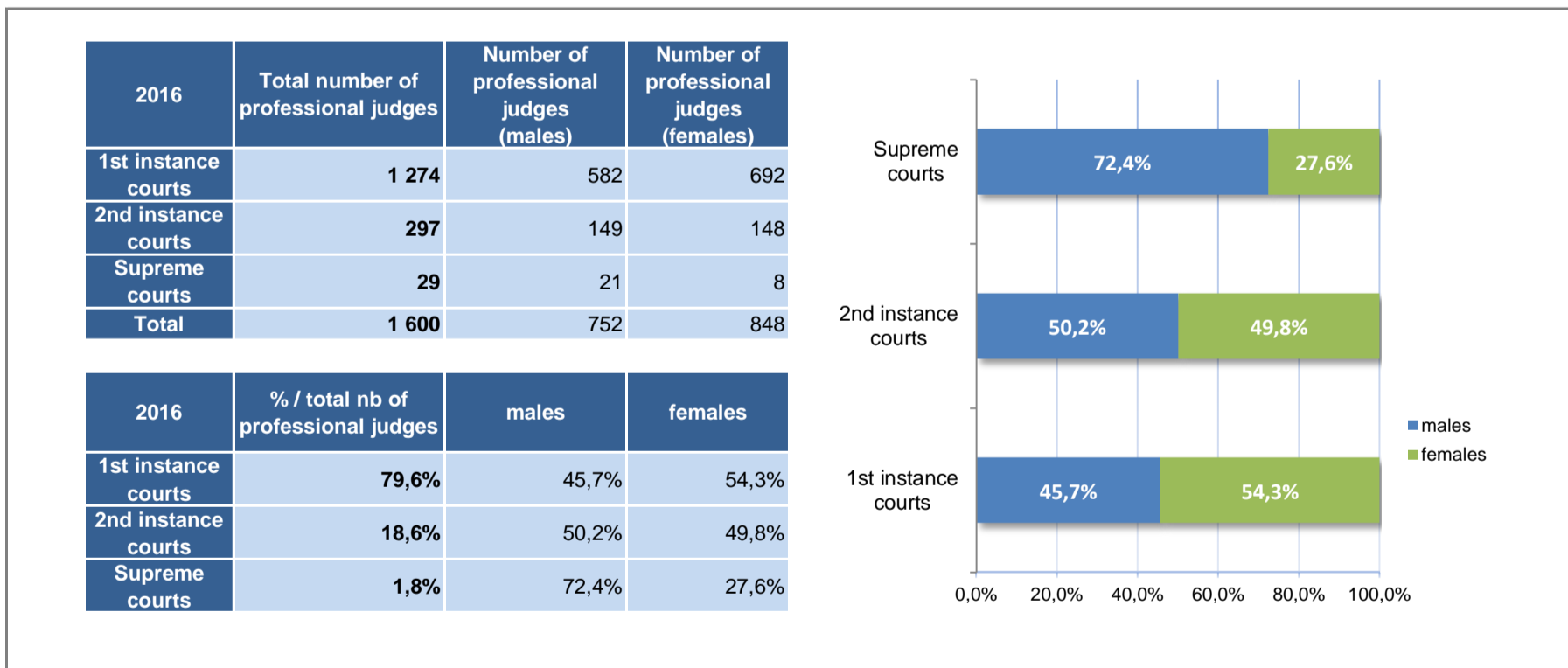
Expenditures foreseen for investments and/or rent of buildings are part of the budget of the Building Authority (Régie des bâtiments) entrusted with the responsibility of the real estate portfolio at federal level.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Judicial management body
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Belgium is 1 600 which is -0,9% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Belgium, in 2016, there are 14,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 848 which represents 53,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 274 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 692 are female) ; 297 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 148 are female) and 29 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 8 are female).

In Belgium, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: CompulsoryOptional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

More specifically, in-service training for specialized judicial functions: the exercise of certain functions or exercising the judicial activity in certain specialized chambers (e.g. youth judge, amicable settlement chamber, enforcement judge) implies to undergo a compulsory specialized training. For other assignments, no mandatory specialized training is required.

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfeleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	5 632	NAP	1 768	2 921	943	NAP
2012	5 458	NAP	1 708	2 766	984	NAP
2013	5 307	NAP	1 752	2 700	855	NAP
2014	5 290	NAP	1 928	2 474	889	NAP
2015	5 204	NAP	1 881	2 408	915	NAP
2016	5 054	NAP	1 946	2 335	773	NAP

In Belgium, in 2016, there are 5 054 non-judge staff (among which 3 641 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -2,9%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 946 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 1 389 are women);
- 2 335 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 715 are women);
- 773 technical staff (among which 537 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 46,4 in 2015 to 44,9 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 14,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 14,1 in 2016.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 78 826 000 € (7,0 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

In Belgium legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Namely, legal aid covers:

- All acts pertaining to applications submitted or pending before a judge in civil, criminal or administrative matters, or before arbitrators;
- Acts related to enforcement of court decisions;
- Proceedings instituted upon application;
- Procedural acts that are within the competence of a civil or criminal judge or imply the intervention of a public or ministerial official;
- Mediation procedures (judicial or voluntary) carried out by a mediator certified by the Federal Mediation Commission (article 1727);
- All extra-judicial proceedings foreseen by law or the judge;
- Enforcement of authentic acts in another Member State of the European Union in the frame of article 11 of the Directive 2003/8/CE of the Council of 27 January 2003 intended to improve access to justice in cross-border disputes through the establishment of minimum common rules pertaining to legal aid granted in such matters, in compliance with the conditions defined by the mentioned directive;
- The assistance of a technical advisor within the frame of judicial expertise.

Articles 691 to 692bis of the Judicial Code refer to a series of costs advanced by the State (transport and accommodation costs of magistrates and public and ministerial officials, costs related to witnesses, interpreters, bailiffs, notaries etc.) at the discharge of the beneficiary of legal aid.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

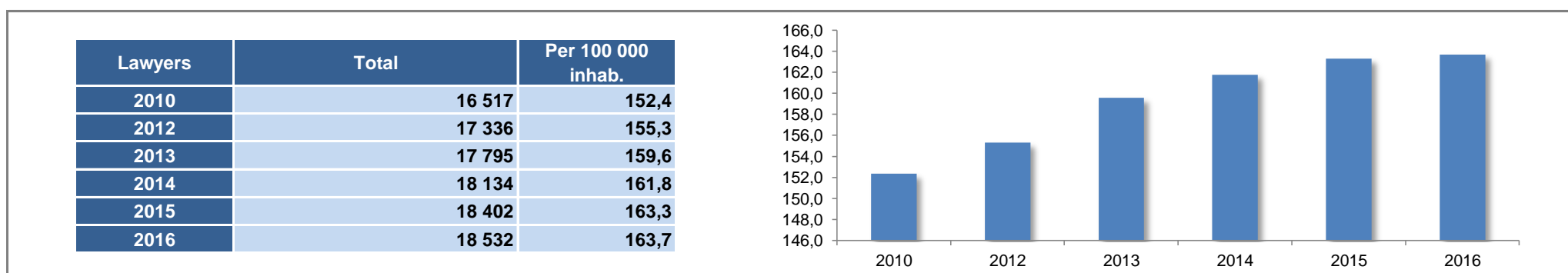
It is noteworthy that no court tax is required for starting a proceeding in labour and tax matters for disputes which value is below 250 000 EUR.

Starting from 1/06/2015, a law was providing for a calculation methodology based on the level of the jurisdiction receiving the application and the value of the latter. In 2017, the Constitutional Court declared void this provision. A draft law is under preparation, establishing a new methodology of calculation which would be based solely on the level of the court seized.

No amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is fixed.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Belgium, in 2016, there are 18 532 lawyers, which is 0,7% more than in 2015.

This data represents 163,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

As at 1 December 2016, there were 7 930 French-speaking and German-speaking lawyers and 10 602 Dutch-speaking lawyers (OVB).

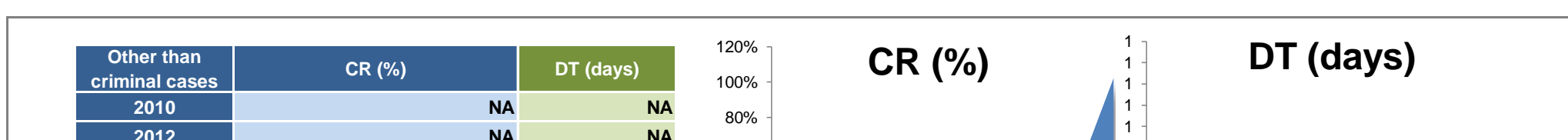
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

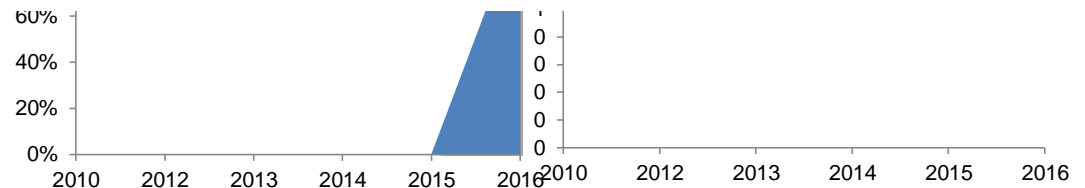
The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



Year	CR (%)	DT (days)
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	102,2%	NA



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,2% in 2016, Belgium seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

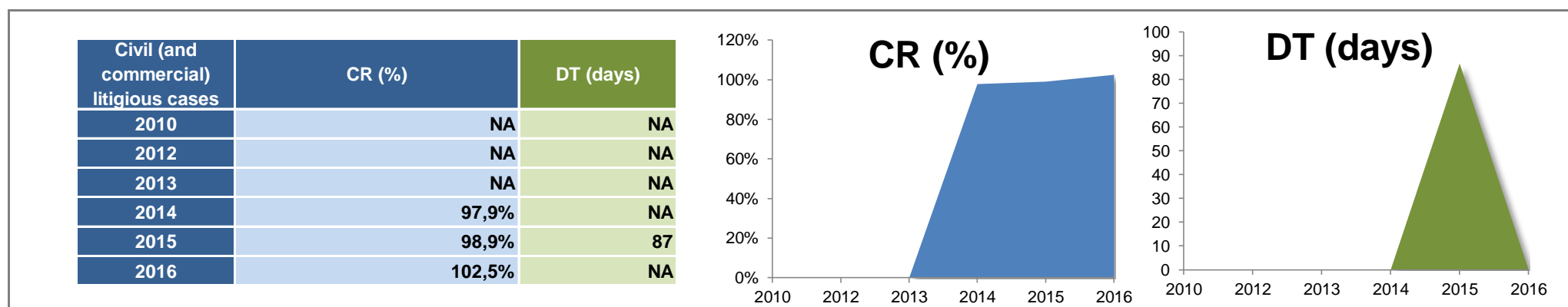
Between 2015 and 2016, the increasing of the Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

Between 2015 - 2016 the variation of the Disposition Time cannot be calculated.

It has to be noted that figures for juvenile courts as well as figures for civil cases treated by the police courts are not included in this cycle. These figure present very small number from the total number of cases.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,5% in 2016, Belgium seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

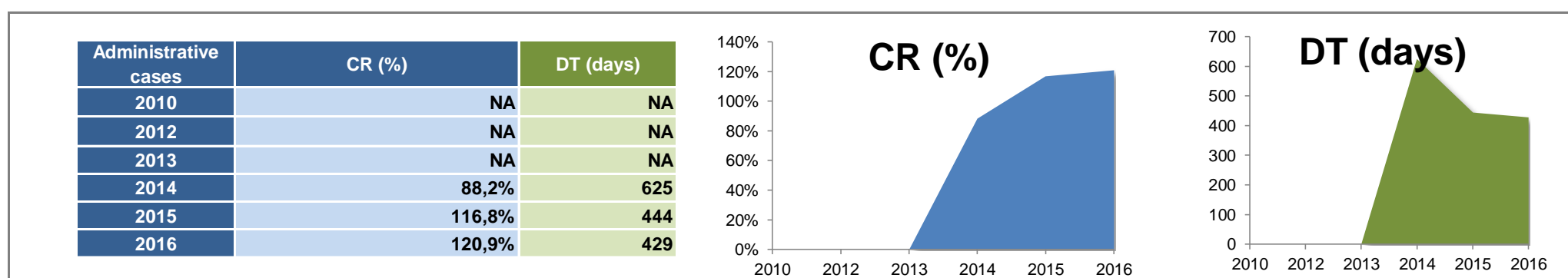
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 3,5 points.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period concerning the Disposition Time cannot be carried out.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 120,9% in 2016, Belgium seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 4,1 points.

In Belgium, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 429 days.

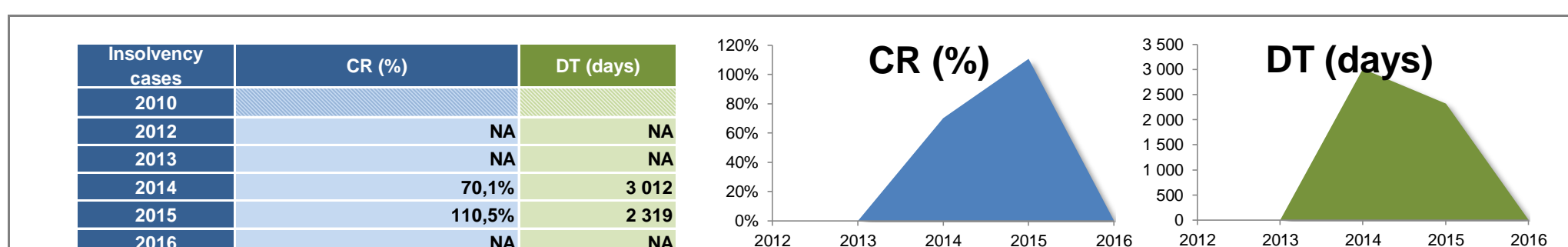
Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -3,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Administrative cases are dealt with by: State Council, Alien Law Litigation Council, de Raad voor Vergunningsbetwistingen, het Milieuhandhavingscollege en de Raad voor Verkiezingsbetwistingen. The important decrease in the number of administrative cases is due to cases pertaining to immigration. There are 5 administrative courts, two of which are functioning at federal level: the State Council and the Alien Law Litigation Council. Before the latter, the number of incoming cases decreased.

Cases related to immigration and asylum are dealt with by the Alien Law Litigation Council – an administrative court at the same level that the State Council. It has a first instance competence on the merit of cases and a cassation competence on annulment or suspension. It is an independent administrative court. The Council can decide on appeals against decisions of the General Commissioner for Refugees and Stateless Persons, decisions of the Foreigners' Office, and other individual decisions taken within the frame of the Law of 15 December 1980 on the Access to the Territory, Stay, Establishment and Removal of Aliens (Law on Aliens).

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period concerning Disposition Time cannot be carried out.

Because of a lack of reliability, data on pending and resolved cases in insolvency matters (commercial courts) are not communicated. Concerning insolvency cases, it has to be noted that: incoming cases concern cases having the nature of insolvency cases, cases having an insolvency number and cases inserted in a registrar concerning insolvencies; cases pertaining to liquidations/dissolutions, to the law on the continuity of companies and to commercial inquiries (which do not result in bankruptcy) are not taken into account. Filter: having the nature of insolvency case or an insolvency number or being registered within the registrar F, G, H, K, L, V.

The category "insolvency cases" encompasses insolvency proceedings of companies (Commercial Court) and personal insolvency proceedings (collective debt settlement before the Labour Court) which was not the case for the previous cycle.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Belgium, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released on intranet and through paper distribution.

The report concerns the overall functioning of the court/public prosecution office (staff, logistics, organization, consultation structures, statistics, measuring of workload, measuring of existing backlogs). Reports on court/public prosecution office functioning are submitted to the head of the immediately higher jurisdiction, the Ministry of Justice, the Superior Judicial Council and the presidents of the Federal Legislative Chambers.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

There could be ad hoc systems monitoring the court's activity within the different jurisdictions. However, there is no centralized monitoring system.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) does not exist and performance and quality indicators are not defined at the court level.

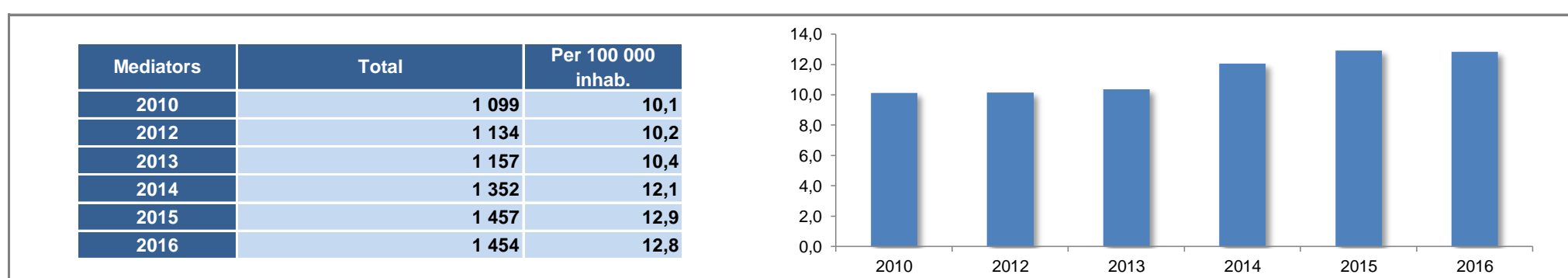
There could be ad hoc evaluation systems within courts. However, there is not a centralized or coordinated such system.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

• Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Belgium provides judicial mediation. However, the number of such procedures is not available, given that there are not official statistics in this respect.



In Belgium, in 2016, there are 1 454 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represents 12,8 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about -0,2%.

Information on mediation can be found on <http://www.mediation-justice.be>.

• The ICT tools of courts and for court users

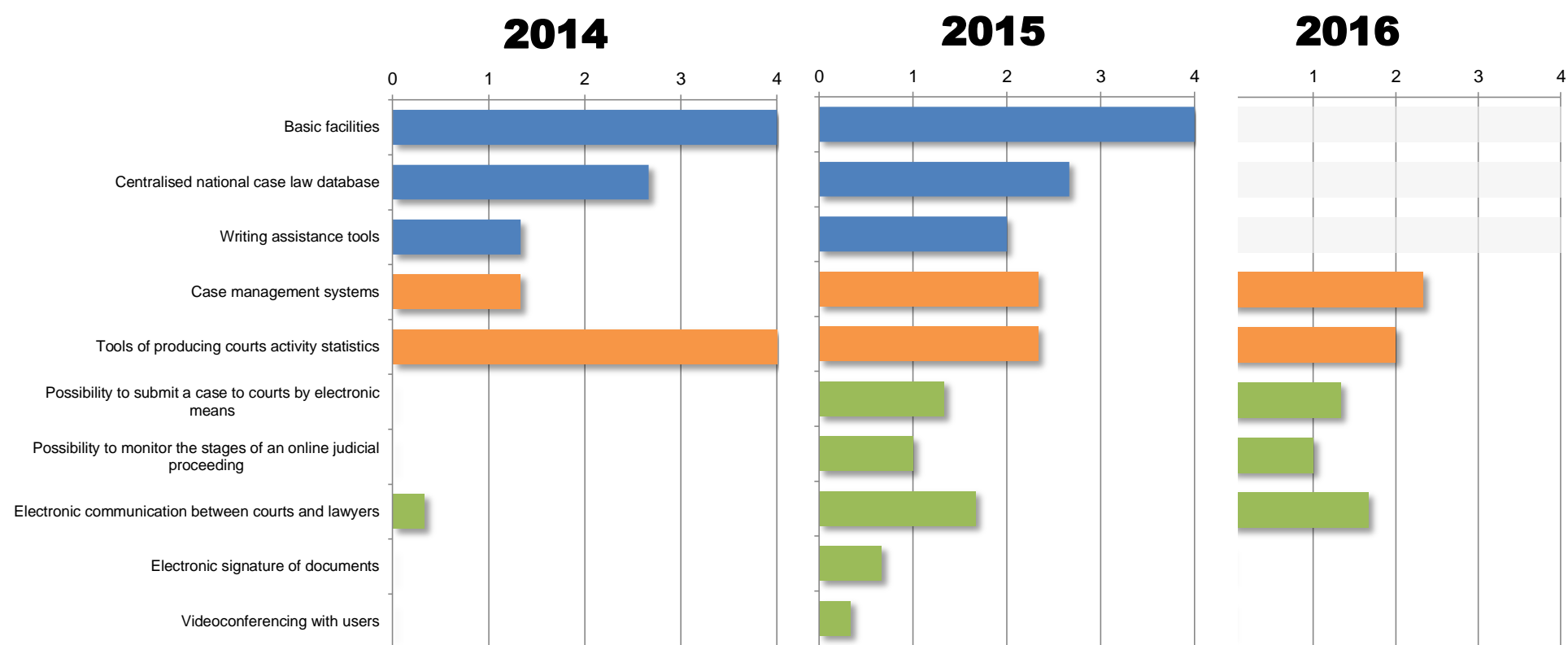
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Belgium has been evaluated at 3,7 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

"other": electronic transmission of data from police reports to prosecutors' offices

4. National data collection system

In Belgium, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Collège des cours et tribunaux.

Satisfaction surveys are carried out in Belgium by the Permanent Bureau of Statistics and measure of workload. <http://vbsw-bpsm.just.fgov.be/fr>

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 400	34 000	34 500	36 000	36 500	37 407	15,5%	7,4%	5,8%	1,4%	2,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	91 998 158	81 734 000	82 832 590	-	-	-	-11,2%	1,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	86,2	89,4	86,8	85,5	85,5	79,3	-8,0%	-4,3%	-1,5%	0,1%	-7,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	86,2	89,3	84,7	-	-	-	-	-5,1%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	86,2	89,4	86,8	85,5	85,5	79,3	-8,0%	-4,3%	-1,5%	0,1%	-7,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	86,2	89,3	84,7	-	-	-	3,6%	-5,1%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	934 837 000	998 125 000	968 018 000	873 740 000	886 055 000	NA	-	-11,2%	-8,5%	1,4%	-
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	621 115 000	697 424 000	660 631 000	666 555 000	662 214 000	NA	-	-5,0%	0,2%	-0,7%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	37 623 000	37 697 000	39 477 000	37 511 000	34 855 000	NA	-	-7,5%	-11,7%	-7,1%	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	107 464 000	87 080 000	88 239 000	87 582 000	107 001 000	NA	-	22,9%	21,3%	22,2%	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	68 767 000	65 782 000	66 013 000	62 897 000	65 804 000	NA	-	0,0%	-0,3%	4,6%	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	6 341 000	7 924 000	7 868 000	8 576 000	4 173 000	NA	-	-47,3%	-47,0%	-51,3%	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	5 220 000	5 220 000	5 220 000	5 222 000	4 470 000	NA	-	-14,4%	-14,4%	-14,4%	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	88 307 000	96 998 000	100 570 000	7 980 000	7 538 000	NA	-	-92,2%	-92,5%	-5,5%	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	86 €	89 €	87 €	85 €	86 €	79 €	-8,0%	-4,3%	-1,5%	0,1%	-7,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 802 642 657	1 855 485 000	1 892 691 000	1 906 878 000	1 833 778 000	1 740 631 000	-3,4%	-1,2%	-3,1%	-3,8%	-5,1%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NAP	NAP	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	934 837 000	998 125 000	968 018 000	873 740 000	886 055 000	NA	-	-11,2%	-8,5%	1,4%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	37 623 000	37 697 000	39 477 000	37 511 000	34 855 000	NA	-	-7,5%	-11,7%	-7,1%	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	34 408 250	34 917 000	-	35 781 147	40 931 536	46 522 120	35,2%	17,2%	-	14,4%	13,7%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	- ppeel, cassation).	- use est inscrite.	ctions de la famille.	le juridiction saisie.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	27	27	27	13	13	13	-51,9%	-51,9%	-51,9%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	262	262	262	225	225	225	-14,1%	-14,1%	-14,1%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	288	288	288	288	288	267	-7,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,3%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	263	262	262	225	225	225	-14,4%	-14,1%	-14,1%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	23	23	23	9	9	9	-60,9%	-60,9%	-60,9%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	21	21	21	9	9	9	-57,1%	-57,1%	-57,1%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	NA	NAP	5	5	5	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	219	218	218	202	202	202	-7,8%	-7,3%	-7,3%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	180 894	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	32 255	37 624	32 080	-	-	-	16,6%	-14,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	990 337	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	687 056	762 164	745 883	752 769	767 875	727 238	5,8%	0,7%	2,9%	2,0%	-5,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	25 092	22 577	19 446	-	-	-	-10,0%	-13,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 012 332	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	736 693	759 712	745 166	-	-	-	3,1%	-1,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	22 139	26 377	23 513	-	-	-	19,1%	-10,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	180 480	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	37 880	32 080	27 615	-	-	-	-15,3%	-13,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,2%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	97,9%	98,9%	102,5%	-	-	-	1,1%	3,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	88,2%	116,8%	120,9%	-	-	-	32,4%	3,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	87	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	625	444	429	-	-	-	-28,9%	-3,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	15 744	15 039	14 905	-	-	-	-4,5%	-0,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	82 398	74 483	NA	-	-	-	-9,6%	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	40 229	37 497	34 588	33 396	29 656	14 332	-64,4%	-20,9%	-14,3%	-11,2%	-51,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	7 762	7 756	7 535	-	-	-	-0,1%	-2,8%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	15 023	10 881	68 681	-	-	-	-27,6%	531,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	40 153	37 635	33 355	32 173	33 317	15 111	-62,4%	-11,5%	-0,1%	3,6%	-54,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	8 523	8 052	7 497	-	-	-	-5,5%	-6,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	10 530	12 021	NA	-	-	-	14,2%	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	14 983	14 743	14 943	-	-	-	-1,6%	1,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	86 891	76 381	NA	-	-	-	-12,1%	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	99,8%	100,4%	96,4%	96,3%	112,3%	105,4%	5,6%	11,9%	16,5%	16,6%	-6,2%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	109,8%	103,8%	99,5%	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,2%
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	70,1%	110,5%	NA	-	-	-	57,6%	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	642	668	728	-	-	-	4,2%	8,9%
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	3 012	2 319	NA	-	-	-	-23,0%	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	44 140	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	44 140	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	27 784	25 697	-	-	-	-	-7,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 745	30 598	29 337	28 319	27 784	25 697	-19,1%	-9,2%	-5,3%	-1,9%	-7,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	29 283	28 286	-	-	-	-	-3,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	29 106	29 283	28 286	-	-	-	0,6%	-3,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	43 390	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	43 390	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	105,4%	110,1%	-	-	-	-	4,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	102,8%	105,4%	110,1%	-	-	-	2,5%	4,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 144	1 272	-	NA	1 624	1 554	35,8%	27,7%	-	-	-4,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1 367	1 304	1 243	-	-	-	-4,6%	-4,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	345	320	311	-	-	-	-7,2%	-2,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	0	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 108	1 272	-	NA	1 593	1 350	21,8%	25,2%	-	-	-15,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	931	881	812	-	-	-	-5,4%	-7,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	698	712	538	-	-	-	2,0%	-24,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 015	1 141	-	1 781	1 658	1 483	46,1%	45,3%	-	-6,9%	-10,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	992	942	905	-	-	-	-5,0%	-3,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	789	716	578	-	-	-	-9,3%	-19,3%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 237	1 403	-	NA	1 554	1 428	15,4%	10,8%	-	-	-8,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1 305	1 243	1 150	-	-	-	-4,8%	-7,5%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	320	311	278	-	-	-	-2,8%	-10,6%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	0	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	91,6%	89,7%	-	NA	104,1%	109,9%	19,9%	16,0%	-	-	5,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	106,6%	106,9%	111,5%	-	-	-	0,3%	4,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	113,0%	100,6%	107,4%	-	-	-	-11,0%	6,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,0%	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	445	449	-	NA	342	351	-21,0%	-23,8%	-	-	2,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	480	482	464	-	-	-	0,3%	-3,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	148	159	176	-	-	-	7,1%	10,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	0	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	180 894	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	32 255	37 624	32 080	-	-	-	16,6%	-14,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	990 337	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	687 056	762 164	745 883	752 769	767 875	727 238	5,8%	0,7%	2,9%	2,0%	-5,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	25 092	22 577	19 446	-	-	-	-10,0%	-13,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 012 332	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	736 693	759 712	745 166	-	-	-	3,1%	-1,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	263 653	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	240 044	243 653	-	-	-	-	1,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	22 139	26 377	23 513	-	-	-	19,1%	-10,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	180 480	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	37 880	32 080	27 615	-	-	-	-15,3%	-13,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	76 938 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	7 690 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	91 998 158	81 734 000	82 832 590	-	-	-	-11,2%	1,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	84 326 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	7 672 158	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	75 326 000	87 024 000	85 241 000	84 628 000	77 891 000	78 826 000	4,6%	-10,5%	-8,6%	-8,0%	1,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	76 938 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	7 690 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ridat.just.fgov.be	juridat	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ingsbetwistingen	www.conseildetat.be	ww.conseildetat.be	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	CKH, HBCA, CTAH	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	NR	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	NR	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	e-ProAdmin	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	is arrêts sur site web	arrêts sur site web	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	1 099	1 134	1 157	1 352	1 457	1 454	32,3%	28,5%	25,9%	7,8%	-0,2%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 607	1 598	1 604	1 602	1 614	1 600	-0,4%	1,0%	0,6%	0,7%	-0,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 275	1 293	1 271	1 271	1 284	1 274	-0,1%	-0,7%	1,0%	1,0%	-0,8%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	305	305	305	302	303	297	-2,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	0,3%	-2,0%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	27	30	28	29	27	29	7,4%	-10,0%	-3,6%	-6,9%	7,4%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	859	819	806	776	768	752	-12,5%	-6,2%	-4,7%	-1,0%	-2,1%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	657	622	616	592	595	582	-11,4%	-4,3%	-3,4%	0,5%	-2,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	180	173	168	161	152	149	-17,2%	-12,1%	-9,5%	-5,6%	-2,0%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	22	24	22	23	21	21	-4,5%	-12,5%	-4,5%	-8,7%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	748	779	798	826	846	848	13,4%	8,6%	6,0%	2,4%	0,2%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	618	641	655	679	689	692	12,0%	7,5%	5,2%	1,5%	0,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	125	132	137	141	151	148	18,4%	14,4%	10,2%	7,1%	-2,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	5	6	6	6	6	8	60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	33,3%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 632	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	-10,3%	-4,7%	-1,9%	-1,6%	-2,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 768	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	10,1%	10,1%	7,4%	-2,4%	3,5%

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	2 921	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	-20,1%	-13,0%	-10,8%	-2,7%	-3,0%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	943	984	855	889	915	773	-18,0%	-7,0%	7,0%	2,9%	-15,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	585	562	557	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	634	689	620	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	248	289	236	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	-	-6,8%	-4,6%	-4,2%	-0,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	-	13,1%	8,8%	-1,8%	5,3%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	-	-17,2%	-15,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	688	595	641	626	537	-	-9,0%	5,2%	-2,3%	-14,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 607	1 598	1 604	1 602	1 614	1 600	-0,4%	1,0%	0,6%	0,7%	-0,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 275	1 293	1 271	1 271	1 284	1 274	-0,1%	-0,7%	1,0%	1,0%	-0,8%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	305	305	305	302	303	297	-2,6%	-0,7%	-0,7%	0,3%	-2,0%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	27	30	28	29	27	29	7,4%	-10,0%	-3,6%	-6,9%	7,4%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	859	819	806	776	768	752	-12,5%	-6,2%	-4,7%	-1,0%	-2,1%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	657	622	616	592	595	582	-11,4%	-4,3%	-3,4%	0,5%	-2,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	180	173	168	161	152	149	-17,2%	-12,1%	-9,5%	-5,6%	-2,0%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	22	24	22	23	21	21	-4,5%	-12,5%	-4,5%	-8,7%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	748	779	798	826	846	848	13,4%	8,6%	6,0%	2,4%	0,2%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	618	641	655	679	689	692	12,0%	7,5%	5,2%	1,5%	0,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	125	132	137	141	151	148	18,4%	14,4%	10,2%	7,1%	-2,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	5	6	6	6	6	8	60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	33,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 632	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	-10,3%	-4,7%	-1,9%	-1,6%	-2,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 768	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	10,1%	10,1%	7,4%	-2,4%	3,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	2 921	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	-20,1%	-13,0%	-10,8%	-2,7%	-3,0%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	943	984	855	889	915	773	-18,0%	-7,0%	7,0%	2,9%	-15,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	585	562	557	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	634	689	620	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	248	289	236	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	-	-6,8%	-4,6%	-4,2%	-0,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	-	13,1%	8,8%	-1,8%	5,3%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	-	-17,2%	-15,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	688	595	641	626	537	-	-9,0%	5,2%	-2,3%	-14,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Belgium tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	16 517	17 336	17 795	18 134	18 402	18 532	12,2%	6,1%	3,4%	1,5%	0,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 839 905	11 161 642	11 150 516	11 209 044	11 267 910	11 322 088	4,4%	1,0%	1,1%	0,5%	0,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	16 517	17 336	17 795	18 134	18 402	18 532	12,2%	6,1%	3,4%	1,5%	0,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 632	5 458	5 307	5 290	5 204	5 054	-10,3%	-4,7%	-1,9%	-1,6%	-2,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 768	1 708	1 752	1 928	1 881	1 946	10,1%	10,1%	7,4%	-2,4%	3,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	2 921	2 766	2 700	2 474	2 408	2 335	-20,1%	-13,0%	-10,8%	-2,7%	-3,0%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	943	984	855	889	915	773	-18,0%	-7,0%	7,0%	2,9%	-15,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 466	1 540	1 413	-	-	-	5,0%	-8,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	585	562	557	-	-	-	-3,9%	-0,9%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	634	689	620	-	-	-	8,7%	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	248	289	236	-	-	-	16,5%	-18,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 930	3 839	3 824	3 664	3 641	-	-6,8%	-4,6%	-4,2%	-0,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 167	1 213	1 343	1 319	1 389	-	13,1%	8,8%	-1,8%	5,3%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	2 076	2 032	1 840	1 719	1 715	-	-17,2%	-15,4%	-6,6%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	688	595	641	626	537	-	-9,0%	5,2%	-2,3%	-14,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Bulgaria (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-2,5%	-2,0%	-1,4%	-0,7%
GDP per capita	4 789 €	5 436 €	5 493 €	5 808 €	6 152 €	6 645 €	38,8%	13,2%	12,0%	5,9%	8,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	1,95583	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

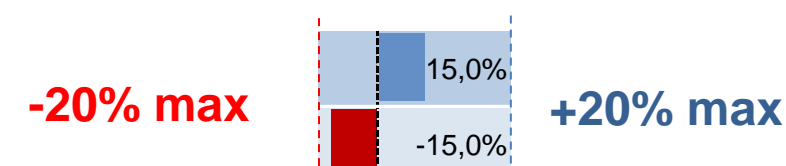
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	15,2	17,1	17,9	18,9	19,2	21,8	43,2%	12,2%	21,7%	15,2%	13,4%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	26,5	28,8	30,0	32,5	33,3	37,0	39,5%	15,6%	23,1%	13,6%	11,2%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	30,0	30,7	30,2	30,8	31,1	31,8	5,7%	1,2%	5,0%	3,0%	2,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	79,7	82,6	82,2	83,5	85,9	86,9	9,1%	4,0%	5,7%	4,1%	1,2%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				5,3	6,3	6,3				18,4%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,370	0,4	0,4	0,344	0,370	0,353	-4,6%	-6,2%	1,4%	7,7%	-4,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	98%	92%	109%	101%	99%	104%	0,06	0,07	-0,09	-0,02	0,05

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	113	150	110	124	122	108	-4,6%	-18,9%	11,1%	-1,4%	-11,4%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-3,2%	-18,3%	2,6%	4,2%	-11,1%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

Bulgaria is endowed with a three-tier judicial system. According to 2016 data, in Bulgaria, there are 113 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (Regional courts) and 32 first instance specialised courts.

Regional Courts intervene in first instance and their decisions are subject to appeal before the relevant District court.

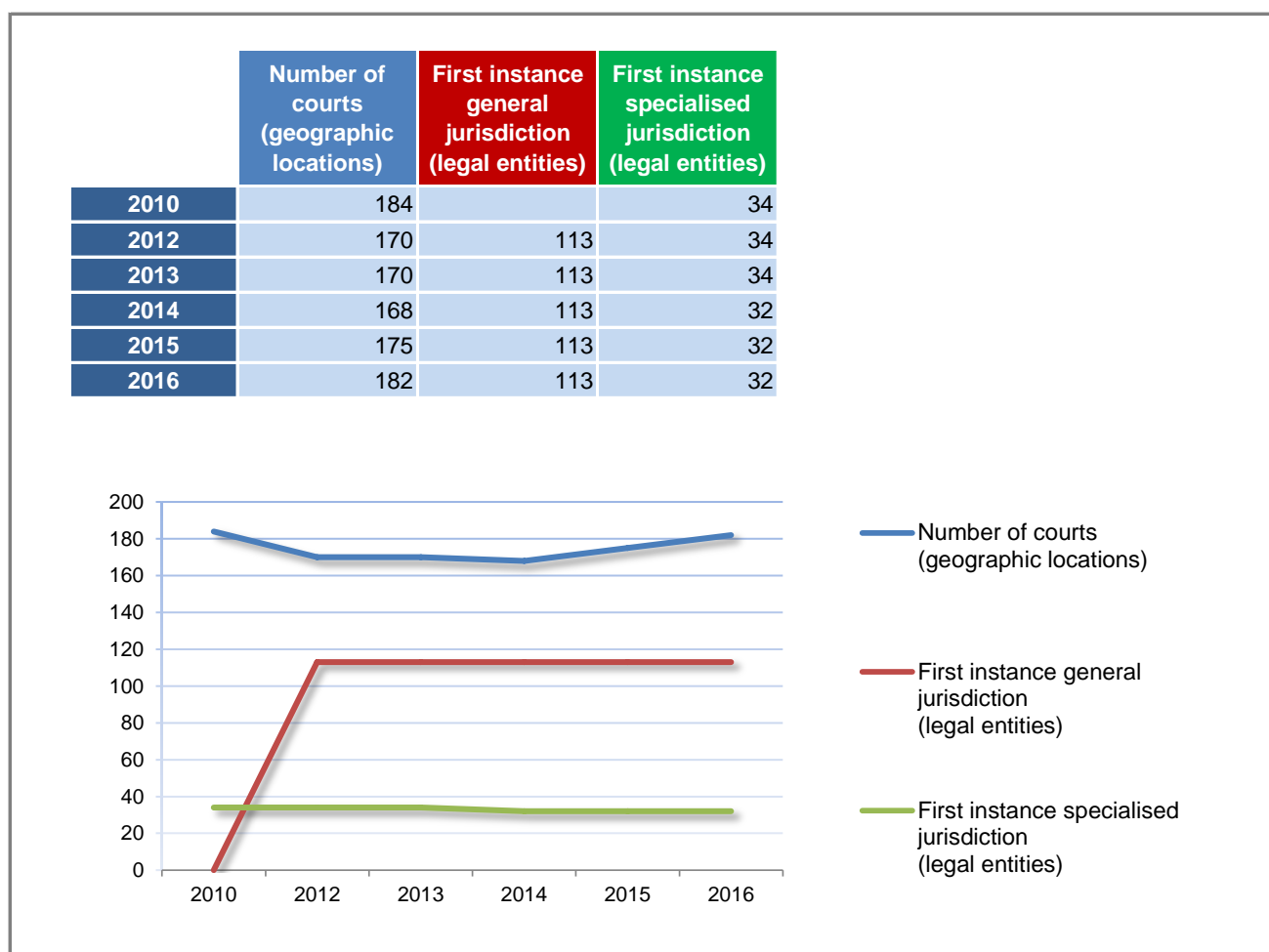
For the second instance, the competence is granted to:

- 28 District courts acting as first and second instance courts (in first instance, they examine specific categories of cases involving significant sums or substantial societal interest, while in second instance they review decisions of the Regional courts);
- 5 Courts of appeal which consider appeals against first-instance decisions adopted by District courts within their territorial jurisdictions;
- 1 Military court of appeal;
- 1 Specialised Criminal Court of appeal.

There are 1 Supreme Court of Cassation and 1 Supreme Administrative Court.

There are in total 182 courts as geographic locations.

Besides the ordinary court system, the judiciary of the Republic of Bulgaria consists also of the Constitutional Court of Bulgaria.



The 32 specialised first instance courts include 28 administrative courts, 3 Military courts (their number was reduced from 5 to 3 following a decision of the Supreme Judicial Council of 13 November 2013) and 1 other specialised first instance court which is the Specialized Criminal Court of Republic of Bulgaria, established in 2011, situated in Sofia and treated as a District Court. Its jurisdiction covers criminal cases of a general nature for crimes carried out throughout the Republic of Bulgaria. Its competence is determined on the basis of the subject of the case and not the quality of the perpetrator. The Criminal Procedure Code exhaustively enumerates cases within the competence of this Court, namely crimes committed by organized criminal groups, or on behalf of them and following their decision.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 154 970 220 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 21,8 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (124 012 010 €)
- Court buildings (11 834 293 €)
- Other (15 026 751 €)

In Category "Other", the amounts for compensations under the Employment Code and Judiciary System Act, costs for apparel, social and cultural services and payments paid for sickness absence have been paid at the expense of the employer. For 2016 this category also includes the amounts for major renovations of court buildings - respectively 119690 euro in implemented budget and 142954 in approved budget. The last is due to the amendments in the Judiciary System Act according to which the budget for investments in new (court) buildings and for major renovations of court buildings is allocated to the Judiciary, not to the Ministry of Justice.

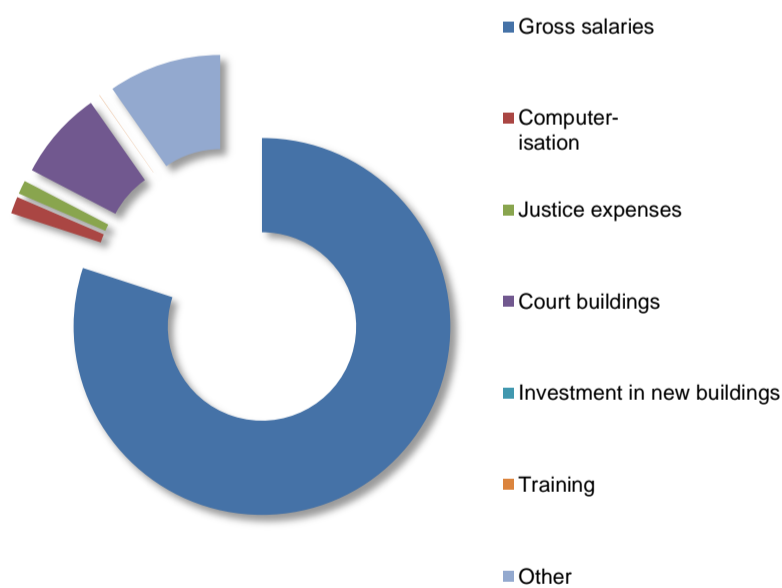
Regarding the approved annual public budget to "court buildings" the increase between 2015 and 2016 is due to the necessary amounts for the maintenance and running costs for the newly acquired building for Sofia regional court (Sofia first instance court) which is used for first time for a full year .

As concerns the category "computerisation", the amount of 631830 euro has been included (approved and implemented budgets) , which is used for purchase of computers for the courts from the budget of the Supreme Judicial Council. The significant difference between approved and implemented budget allocated to computerisation comes from the impossibility of spending the ensured funds for purchase of computers, because of pending procedures under the Public Procurement Act.

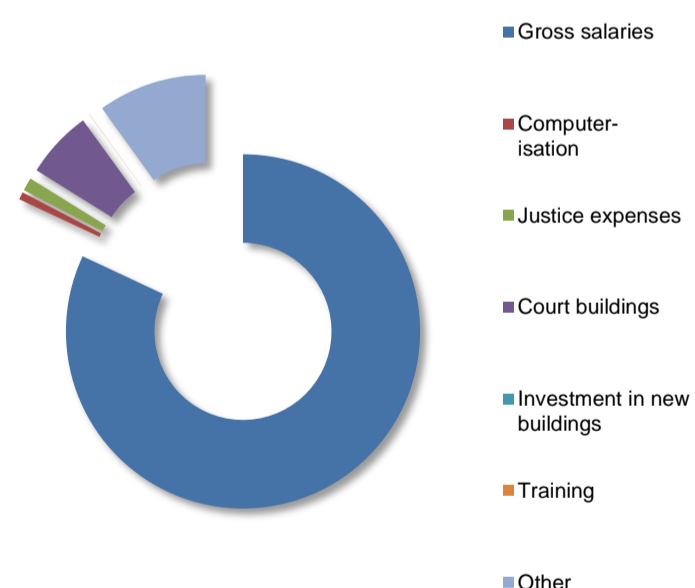
The variation in the approved budget for computerisation between 2015 and 2016 is a result of the additional funds of 631830 euro that have been included for purchase of computers for the courts from the budget of the Supreme Judicial Council, as well as other investments in IT. However due to the delays in procurement procedures, these funds were not spent and this is reflected also in the difference with implemented budget for computerisation for 2016.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	154 970 220 €	124 012 010 €	2 251 935 €	1 810 000 €	11 834 293 €	NAP	35 231 €	15 026 751 €
2016 Implemented budget	150 207 650 €	123 128 396 €	1 031 772 €	1 797 079 €	9 271 684 €	NAP	33 888 €	14 944 831 €
Difference	-3,2%	-0,7%	-118,3%	-0,7%	-27,6%	NAP	-4,0%	-0,5%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 262 647 839 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 37,0 €

The budget per capita (37,0 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Bulgaria belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 11,2%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 377 099 680 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Enforcement services
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services
- Other services

● **Human resources** □

- Judges

2016	Total number of professional judges	Number of professional judges (males)	Number of professional judges (females)
1st instance courts	1 789	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	276	NA	NA
Supreme courts	190	NA	NA
Total	2 255	NA	NA

2016	% / total nb of professional judges	males	females
1st instance courts	79,3%	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	12,2%	NA	NA
Supreme courts	8,4%	NA	NA

According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Bulgaria is 2 255 which is 1,3% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Bulgaria, in 2016, there are 31,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,7 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,8 non-judge staff per judge).

The number of female professional judges (all instances) is not available in 2016.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 789 are sitting in first instance courts ; 276 are sitting in second instance courts and 190 are sitting in Supreme Court.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that:

- the number of first instance professional judges consists of judges in 27 Regional courts within regional centres; 86 out of regional centres; 28 Administrative courts; 1 Specialized Criminal Court; 3 Military courts; and the number of the first instance judges in District courts has been added to them;
- the number of second instance judges consists of judges in 27 District courts; Sofia City Court; 5 Courts of Appeal; 1 Military court of appeal and 1 Appealate Specialized Criminal Court. This number does not include the second instance judges which have served in first instance courts;
- the number of Supreme Court professional judges includes judges working in the Supreme Court of Cassation and the Supreme Administrative Court at 31.12.2016.

In Bulgaria, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: No training offered

- Non-judge staff

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	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	5 866	0	1 679	1 884	2 183	120
2012	6 014	NAP	4 479	1 480	NA	55
2013	5 958	NAP	4 445	1 458	NA	55
2014	6 014	NAP	4 468	1 491	NAP	55
2015	6 143	NAP	4 395	1 191	502	55
2016	6 174	NAP	4 478	1 162	481	53

In Bulgaria, in 2016, there are 6 174 non-judge staff (the number of female staff is not available). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,5%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 478 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 1 162 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 481 technical staff;
- 53 other staff, such as court interpreters;

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 85,3 in 2015 to 86,3 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 31,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 31,8 in 2016.

Since 2012, the category “other” encompasses the number of non-judge staff employees working in the recreational field, while in 2010 it subsumes the number of court assistants.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 4 202 804 € (0,6 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

The annual budget for legal aid in the Republic of Bulgaria is not granted by type of cases and types of legal aid. Legal aid can be provided for all types of civil cases including non-litigious cases. The budget is common to all types of legal aid – consultation (pre-litigation advice for which the Law on legal aid strictly defines the categories of persons amenable to be granted with) with the purpose to achieve a settlement before initiation of court proceedings or filing a case, preparation of documents for filing a case, litigation, and litigation in event of detention by the bodies of the Ministry of Interior and the Customs Act. By contrast, the annual budget for legal aid does not include means of alternative dispute resolution (ADR). The annual budget for legal aid is common to all types of criminal, civil and administrative cases. It includes remuneration of the attorneys providing legal aid, remuneration of the Bar Councils for the work carried out by the administration of legal aid, funds for necessary expenses to visit the places of detention or retention and protection in another village. The National Legal Aid Bureau is an independent State authority, a legal entity and a second grade disposer of budget credits to the Minister of Justice. Its competence consists in preparing a draft budget of legal aid and disposing the funds in the budget of legal aid. The Ministry of Justice supervises the planning and reporting of funds in respect of the budget of legal aid. The annual budget of legal aid is part of the budget of the Ministry of Justice – Chapter 'Policy of Justice'.

In Bulgaria legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Namely, the travel expenses of an official defense counsel are covered by the budget for legal aid administering.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Court taxes are set out in Wage Rate N° 1 to the Law on State Fees, collected by the courts, prosecution, investigative services and Ministry of Justice.

According to the Civil Procedure Code, court fees and court costs are collected upon conduct of the case. Where the action is unappraisable, the amount of the court fees is determined by the court. Where the subject matter of the case is a right of ownership or other rights in rem to an immovable, the amount of the court fees is determined on one fourth of the cost of action.

According to art. 83 of the Code of Civil Procedure:

(1) Fees and costs of the proceeding in the cases shall not be deposited: 1. by the plaintiffs who are factory or office workers or cooperative members in respect of any actions arising from employment relationships; 2. by the plaintiffs: in respect of any actions for maintenance obligations; 3. on any actions brought by a prosecutor; 4. by the plaintiff: in respect of any actions for damages sustained as a result of a tort or delict, for which a sentence has entered into effect; 5. by the ad hoc representatives of the party whose address is unknown, appointed by the court.

(2) Fees and costs of the proceeding shall not be deposited by any natural persons who have been found by the court to lack sufficient means to pay the said fees and costs. Considering the petition for waiver, the court shall take into consideration: 1. the income accruing to the person and to the family thereof; 2. the property status, as certified by a declaration; 3. the family situation; 4. the health status; 5. the employment status; 6. the age; 7. other circumstances ascertained.

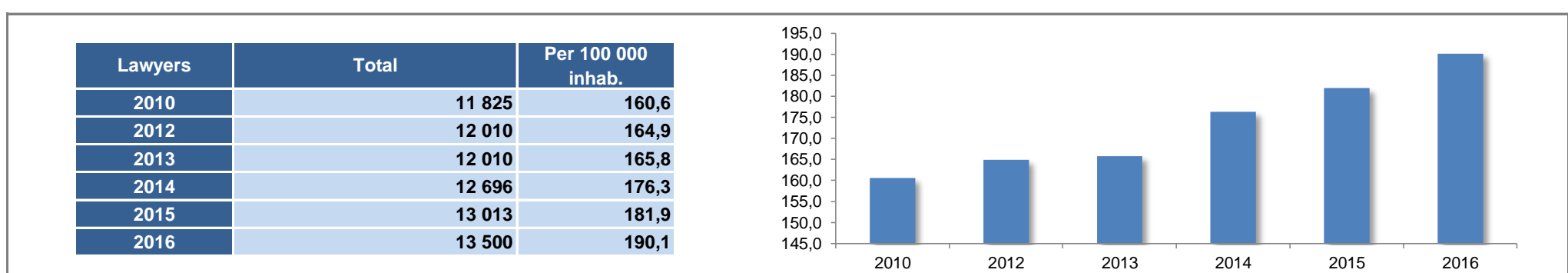
(3) In the cases covered under Paragraphs (1) and (2), the costs of the proceeding shall be paid from the amounts allocated under the budget of the court. According to article 84, payment of stamp duty but not of court costs shall be waived for: 1. the State and the government institutions, except in actions for private state receivables and rights to corporeal things constituting private state property; 2. the Bulgarian Red Cross; 3. the municipalities, except in actions for private municipal receivables and rights to corporeal things constituting private municipal property.

Pursuant to article 2, para. 1 of the Stamp Duty Act, there shall be simple and proportionate stamp duties. The said are determined by Tariff 1 to the Stamp Duty Act for the fees collected by the courts, prosecutor's office, investigation services and the Ministry of Justice adopted by a decree of the Council of Ministers 167/28.08.1992 and the Tariff for the fees collected by the courts under the Civil Procedure Code, adopted by a decree of the Council of Ministers 38/27.02.2008. The Stamp Duty Act enumerates in detail categories of situations, persons and actions in respect of which an exemption from stamp duties should be granted.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 120 euros which represents 4% of the value of the claim.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Bulgaria, in 2016, there are 13 500 lawyers, which is 3,7% more than in 2015.

This data represents 190,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

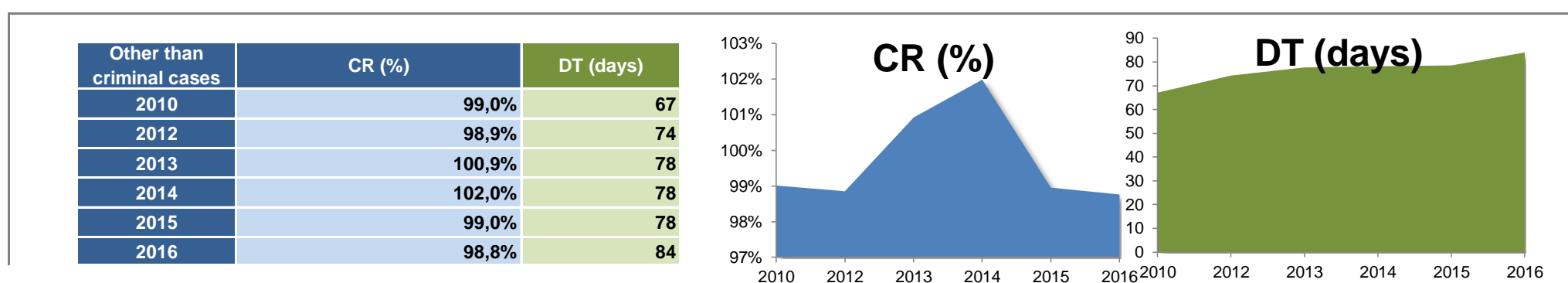
• **Court performance**

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



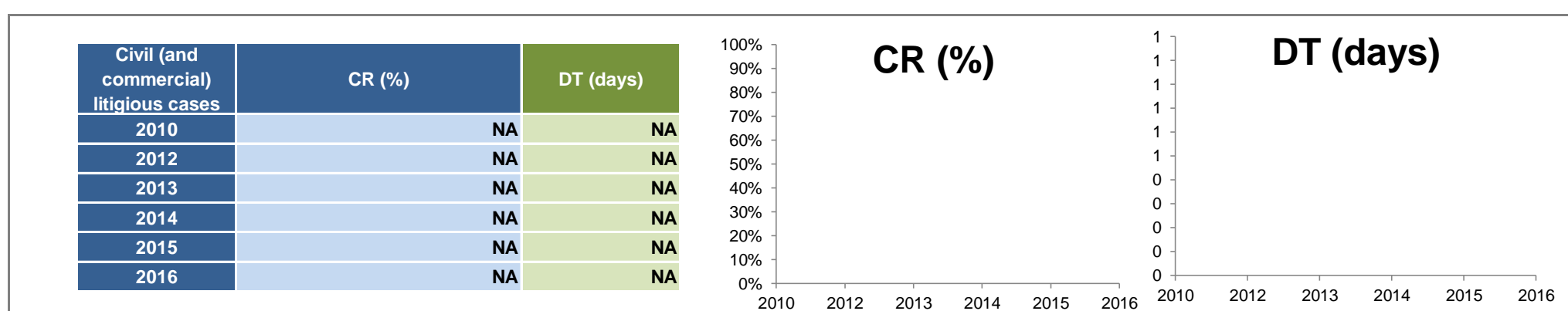
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,8% in 2016, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,2 points.

In Bulgaria, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 84 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 7,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



The division by types of cases in the statistical forms published by the Supreme Judicial Council of Bulgaria is quite different from the CEPEJ categorisation and for that reason breakdown cannot be made. Only administrative cases are possible to differentiate due to existence of administrative courts.

The Clearance Rate of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

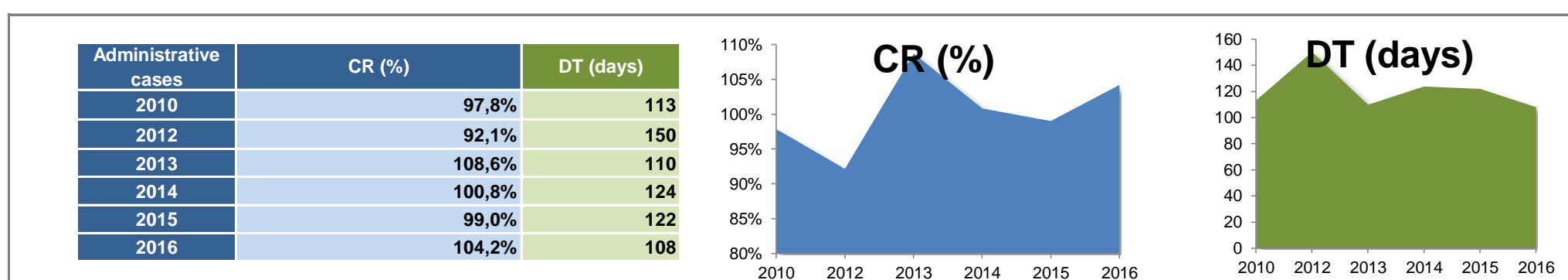
The evaluation of Clearance Rate cannot be carried out.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated

The evaluation of Disposition Time cannot be carried out.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,2% in 2016, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

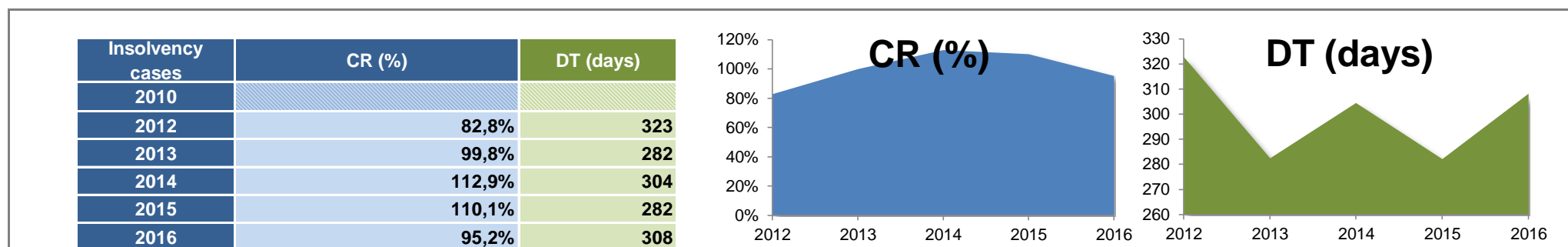
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 5,2 points.

In Bulgaria, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 108 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -11,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 95,2% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -14,9 points.

In Bulgaria, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 308 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 9,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Bulgaria, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released on Internet and contains the following information: recruitment security (number of judges and administrative staff); Summarised data on the court's judicial activity (number of new cases, cases for hearing, completed cases, non-completed cases, workload – staff workload and actual workload, quality of judicial acts-confirmed, amended, repealed and referred back); Material, financial and technical collateralization.

The concerned audience covers judges, court of a higher instance, Supreme Judicial Council, citizens .

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

In Bulgaria, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Bulgaria provides judicial mediation. However, there is no mandatory judicial mediation.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2010	NA	NA
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

In Bulgaria, the number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation is not available. In fact, there is no differentiation between mediators who practice judicial mediation and others.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

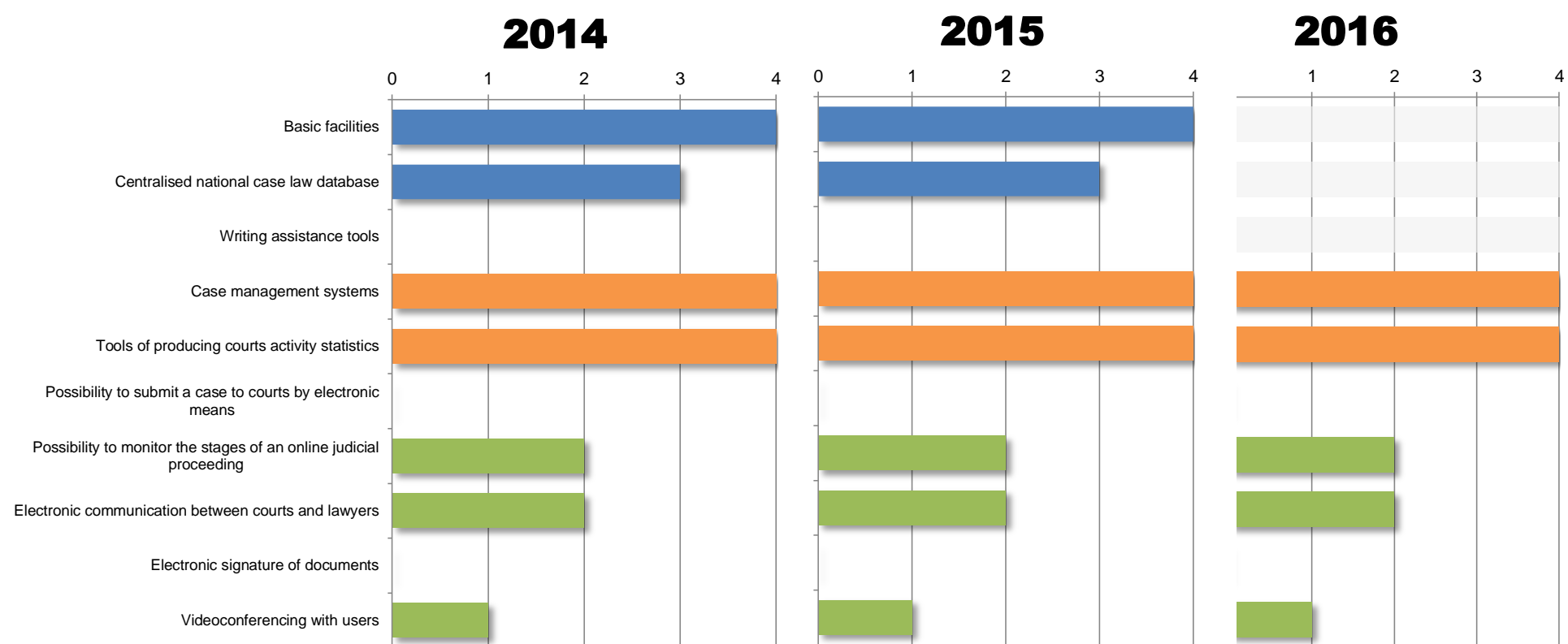
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Bulgaria has been evaluated at 6,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Bulgaria, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Supreme Judicial Council of the Republic of Bulgaria.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform in this respect has been foreseen.

2. Budget

No reform in this respect has been foreseen.

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	4 789	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	38,8%	13,2%	12,0%	5,9%	8,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	112 211 184	124 911 954	129 931 055	136 407 333	137 642 507	154 970 220	38,1%	10,2%	5,9%	0,9%	12,6%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	135 443 721	136 945 724	150 207 650	-	-	-	1,1%	9,7%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	4 796 175	4 660 132	4 197 520	-	-	-	-2,8%	-9,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	79 203 203	81 248 370	83 191 279	93 698 490	95 590 817	103 474 815	30,6%	17,7%	14,9%	2,0%	8,2%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	93 356 800	94 966 603	102 876 460	-	-	-	1,7%	8,3%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	26,5	28,8	30,0	32,5	33,3	37,0	39,5%	15,6%	10,7%	2,2%	11,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	32,4	33,1	36,2	-	-	-	-	9,5%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	79 203 203	81 248 370	83 191 279	93 698 490	95 590 817	103 474 815	30,6%	17,7%	14,9%	2,0%	8,2%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	26,5	28,8	30,0	32,5	33,3	37,0	39,5%	15,6%	10,7%	2,2%	11,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	32,4	33,1	36,2	-	-	-	2,0%	9,5%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	112 211 184	124 911 954	129 931 055	136 407 333	137 642 507	154 970 220	38,1%	10,2%	5,9%	0,9%	12,6%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	76 452 684	80 210 055	107 790 147	110 449 123	112 344 379	124 012 010	62,2%	40,1%	4,2%	1,7%	10,4%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	322 123	375 878	391 660	848 593	881 125	2 251 935	599,1%	134,4%	125,0%	3,8%	155,6%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	10 740 991	NA	1 390 869	1 330 000	1 670 000	1 810 000	-83,1%	-	20,1%	25,6%	8,4%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	202 289	NA	9 641 359	10 801 468	9 751 069	11 834 293	5750,2%	-	1,1%	-9,7%	21,4%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	25 799	25 427	27 466	24 450	36 838	35 231	36,6%	44,9%	34,1%	50,7%	-4,4%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	18 699 888	32 726 448	10 689 554	12 953 699	12 959 096	15 026 751	-19,6%	-60,4%	21,2%	0,0%	16,0%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	27 €	29 €	30 €	33 €	33 €	37 €	39,5%	15,6%	10,7%	2,2%	11,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	79 203 203	81 248 370	83 191 279	93 698 490	95 590 817	103 474 815	30,6%	17,7%	14,9%	2,0%	8,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	224 069 853	NA	324 060 309	337 780 586	359 649 592	377 099 680	68,3%	-	11,0%	6,5%	4,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	112 211 184	124 911 954	129 931 055	136 407 333	137 642 507	154 970 220	38,1%	10,2%	5,9%	0,9%	12,6%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	112 211 184	124 911 954	129 931 055	136 407 333	137 642 507	154 970 220	0 €	10,2%	5,9%	0,9%	12,6%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	322 123	375 878	391 660	848 593	881 125	2 251 935	6 €	134,4%	125,0%	3,8%	155,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	79 203 203	81 248 370	83 191 279	93 698 490	95 590 817	103 474 815	30,6%	17,7%	14,9%	2,0%	8,2%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	112 211 184	124 911 954	129 931 055	136 407 333	137 642 507	154 970 220	38,1%	10,2%	5,9%	0,9%	12,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	58 354 136	61 595 758	-	53 967 580	51 616 390	49 902 118	-14,5%	-16,2%	-	-4,4%	-3,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	- inistry of justice.	- inistry of justice.	rs ? 38/27.02.2008.	Ministry of Justice	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	NA	113	113	113	113	113	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	34	34	34	32	32	32	-5,9%	-5,9%	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	184	170	170	168	175	182	-1,1%	2,9%	2,9%	4,2%	4,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	34	34	34	32	32	32	-5,9%	-5,9%	-5,9%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	28	28	28	28	28	28	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	5	5	5	3	3	3	-40,0%	-40,0%	-40,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	67 929	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	7,7%	-6,2%	-11,7%	-8,3%	4,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	7 671	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	14,2%	-1,9%	-22,4%	-2,1%	3,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	60 258	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	394 840	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	-13,8%	-12,0%	-2,3%	8,1%	-1,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	27 265	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	-8,0%	-7,8%	0,1%	6,9%	-5,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	367 575	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	390 965	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	-14,0%	-11,9%	-4,2%	4,9%	-1,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 675	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	-2,1%	-1,0%	-8,8%	5,0%	-0,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	364 290	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	71 804	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	7,8%	-7,0%	-3,2%	5,2%	5,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	8 261	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	-6,6%	-19,8%	1,3%	3,5%	-11,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	63 543	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,0%	98,9%	100,9%	102,0%	99,0%	98,8%	-0,3%	0,1%	-2,0%	-3,0%	-0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	97,8%	92,1%	108,6%	100,8%	99,0%	104,2%	6,5%	7,4%	-8,9%	-1,8%	5,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,1%	99,4%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	67	74	78	78	78	84	25,4%	5,6%	1,1%	0,3%	7,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	113	150	110	124	122	108	-4,6%	-18,9%	11,1%	-1,4%	-11,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	64	69	75	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	3 009	2 378	2 463	2 280	2 252	2 332	-22,5%	-5,3%	-8,6%	-1,2%	3,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	1 076	936	1 032	871	731	661	-38,6%	-21,9%	-29,2%	-16,1%	-9,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	887	1 173	1 227	1 087	967	-	22,5%	-7,3%	-11,4%	-11,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 221	6 239	6 032	5 822	5 729	5 663	-9,0%	-8,2%	-5,0%	-1,6%	-1,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2 491	2 331	1 741	1 551	1 364	1 604	-35,6%	-41,5%	-21,7%	-12,1%	17,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	1 583	1 523	1 146	1 143	1 281	-	-27,8%	-25,0%	-0,3%	12,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 632	6 151	6 210	5 848	5 795	5 622	-15,2%	-5,8%	-6,7%	-0,9%	-3,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	2 489	2 242	1 908	1 693	1 483	1 527	-38,7%	-33,9%	-22,3%	-12,4%	3,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	1 311	1 520	1 294	1 258	1 219	-	-4,0%	-17,2%	-2,8%	-3,1%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	2 598	2 466	2 285	2 254	2 186	2 373	-8,7%	-11,4%	-4,3%	-3,0%	8,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	1 078	1 025	865	729	612	738	-31,5%	-40,3%	-29,2%	-16,0%	20,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	1 159	1 176	1 079	972	1 029	-	-16,1%	-17,3%	-9,9%	5,9%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	106,6%	98,6%	103,0%	100,4%	101,2%	99,3%	-6,9%	2,6%	-1,7%	0,7%	-1,9%
CR Employment dismissal cases	99,9%	96,2%	109,6%	109,2%	108,7%	95,2%	-4,7%	13,0%	-0,8%	-0,4%	-12,4%
CR Insolvency cases	-	82,8%	99,8%	112,9%	110,1%	95,2%	-	32,9%	10,3%	-2,5%	-13,5%
DT Litigious divorce cases	143	146	134	141	138	154	7,7%	-5,9%	2,5%	-2,1%	11,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	158	167	165	157	151	176	11,6%	-9,7%	-9,0%	-4,2%	17,1%
DT Insolvency cases	-	323	282	304	282	308	-	-12,6%	-0,1%	-7,3%	9,3%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 647	15 436	15 407	16 261	14 841	12 788	9,8%	-3,9%	-3,7%	-8,7%	-13,8%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1 772	3 643	3 628	3 972	3 239	2 932	65,5%	-11,1%	-10,7%	-18,5%	-9,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 875	11 793	11 779	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	53 090	66 182	68 120	64 305	60 271	59 309	11,7%	-8,9%	-11,5%	-6,3%	-1,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	12 245	18 188	20 115	17 598	14 979	15 481	26,4%	-17,6%	-25,5%	-14,9%	3,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	40 845	47 994	48 005	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	52 102	66 226	67 214	65 730	61 852	59 636	14,5%	-6,6%	-8,0%	-5,9%	-3,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	11 524	18 204	19 770	18 330	15 286	15 724	36,4%	-16,0%	-22,7%	-16,6%	2,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	40 578	48 022	47 444	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	12 635	15 392	16 313	14 836	13 260	12 461	-1,4%	-13,9%	-18,7%	-10,6%	-6,0%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2 493	3 627	3 973	3 240	2 932	2 689	7,9%	-19,2%	-26,2%	-9,5%	-8,3%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	10 142	11 765	12 340	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,1%	100,1%	98,7%	102,2%	102,6%	100,6%	2,5%	2,6%	4,0%	0,4%	-2,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	94,1%	100,1%	98,3%	104,2%	102,0%	101,6%	7,9%	2,0%	3,8%	-2,0%	-0,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,3%	100,1%	98,8%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	89	85	89	82	78	76	-13,8%	-7,8%	-11,7%	-5,0%	-2,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	79	73	73	65	70	62	-20,9%	-3,7%	-4,6%	8,5%	-10,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	91	89	95	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 657	11 322	-	8 796	9 462	9 960	-14,6%	-16,4%	-	7,6%	5,3%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	3 736	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	4	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	5 418	5 338	-	4 788	5 590	6 220	14,8%	4,7%	-	16,8%	11,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	6 239	5 984	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 768	31 905	-	27 476	25 012	23 604	-23,3%	-21,6%	-	-9,0%	-5,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	8 605	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	161	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	16 859	15 718	-	16 149	14 931	14 838	-12,0%	-5,0%	-	-7,5%	-0,6%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	13 909	16 187	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 849	34 630	-	26 662	24 571	22 636	-26,6%	-29,0%	-	-7,8%	-7,9%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	8 388	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	162	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	16 554	16 282	-	15 351	14 301	14 086	-14,9%	-12,2%	-	-6,8%	-1,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	14 295	18 348	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 576	8 597	-	9 610	9 903	10 928	-5,6%	15,2%	-	3,0%	10,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	3 953	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	3	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	5 723	4 774	-	5 586	6 220	6 972	21,8%	30,3%	-	11,3%	12,1%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 853	3 823	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,3%	108,5%	-	97,0%	98,2%	95,9%	-4,4%	-9,5%	-	1,2%	-2,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	97,5%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	100,6%	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	98,2%	103,6%	-	95,1%	95,8%	94,9%	-3,3%	-7,5%	-	0,8%	-0,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	102,8%	113,4%	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	137	91	-	132	147	176	28,7%	62,3%	-	11,8%	19,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	172	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	7	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	126	107	-	133	159	181	43,2%	48,3%	-	19,5%	13,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	149	76	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	67 929	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	7,7%	-6,2%	-11,7%	-8,3%	4,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	7 671	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	14,2%	-1,9%	-22,4%	-2,1%	3,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	60 258	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	394 840	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	-13,8%	-12,0%	-2,3%	8,1%	-1,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	27 265	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	-8,0%	-7,8%	0,1%	6,9%	-5,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	367 575	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	390 965	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	-14,0%	-11,9%	-4,2%	4,9%	-1,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 675	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	-2,1%	-1,0%	-8,8%	5,0%	-0,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	364 290	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	71 804	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	7,8%	-7,0%	-3,2%	5,2%	5,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	8 261	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	-6,6%	-19,8%	1,3%	3,5%	-11,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	63 543	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	3 094 184	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	773 546,05	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	4 796 175	4 660 132	4 197 520	-	-	-	-2,8%	-9,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 867 730	3 579 030	4 588 828	4 306 647	4 785 010	4 202 804	8,7%	33,7%	4,3%	11,1%	-12,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	3 094 184	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	773 546,05	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	no training offered	no training offered	no training offered	no training offered	No training offered	no training proposed	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	2 212	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	1,9%	-0,6%	1,6%	0,2%	1,3%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 206	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	48,3%	48,1%	9,0%	0,4%	1,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	831	859	396	277	277	276	-66,8%	-67,8%	-30,1%	0,0%	-0,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	175	192	181	190	188	190	8,6%	-2,1%	3,9%	-1,1%	1,1%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 866	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	5,3%	2,1%	3,1%	2,1%	0,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 679	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	166,7%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,6%	1,9%

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 884	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	-38,3%	-19,5%	-18,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	2 183	NA	NA	NAP	502	481	-78,0%	-	-	-	-4,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	120	55	55	55	55	53	-55,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	2 212	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	1,9%	-0,6%	1,6%	0,2%	1,3%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 206	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	48,3%	48,1%	9,0%	0,4%	1,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	831	859	396	277	277	276	-66,8%	-67,8%	-30,1%	0,0%	-0,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	175	192	181	190	188	190	8,6%	-2,1%	3,9%	-1,1%	1,1%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 866	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	5,3%	2,1%	3,1%	2,1%	0,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 679	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	166,7%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,6%	1,9%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 884	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	-38,3%	-19,5%	-18,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	2 183	NA	NA	NAP	502	481	-78,0%	-	-	-	-4,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	120	55	55	55	55	53	-55,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Bulgaria tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	11 825	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	14,2%	8,4%	8,4%	2,5%	3,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	7 364 570	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	-3,6%	-1,8%	-1,3%	-0,7%	-0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	11 825	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	14,2%	8,4%	8,4%	2,5%	3,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	5 866	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	5,3%	2,1%	3,1%	2,1%	0,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 679	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	166,7%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,6%	1,9%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 884	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	-38,3%	-19,5%	-18,3%	-20,1%	-2,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	2 183	NA	NA	NAP	502	481	-78,0%	-	-	-	-4,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	120	55	55	55	55	53	-55,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-3,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Croatia (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-2,5%	-2,2%	-1,7%	-0,9%
GDP per capita	10 394 €	10 290 €	10 147 €	10 162 €	10 425 €	10 965 €	5,5%	1,3%	2,7%	2,6%	5,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,38430	7,54659	7,62726	7,65771	7,63500	7,55779	2,3%	1,2%	0,1%	-0,3%	-1,0%

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	47,9	36,7	42,9	38,6	39,3	40,1	-16,4%	7,0%	-6,7%	3,6%	1,9%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	59,8	48,5	54,1	51,0	51,6	53,6	-10,4%	6,4%	-0,9%	5,0%	3,8%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	42,8	45,3	45,0	44,4	44,5	43,3	1,1%	-1,9%	-3,9%	-2,5%	-2,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	157,4	146,3	146,5	143,4	141,5	140,3	-10,9%	-3,3%	-4,3%	-2,2%	-0,9%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				3,8	3,3	5,8				-12,2%	74,7%

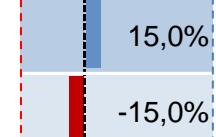
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,3	4,3	4,8	3,9	3,8	3,3	-1,8%	-10,6%	-20,2%	-2,3%	-14,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	10,5	9,9	6,3	4,7	3,8	4,4	-57,7%	-62,2%	-40,7%	-19,5%	17,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	10,9	11,2	11,1	10,4	10,7	11,8	8,4%	-4,1%	-3,6%	3,4%	10,0%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	3,0	2,9	2,9	3,4	NA	NA	-2,8%	-0,7%	16,2%
Administrative law cases	0,328	0,3	0,3	0,330	0,342	0,345	5,2%	21,4%	5,2%	3,7%	0,9%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	95%	101%	113%	107%	118%	0,16	0,13	0,06	-0,06	0,10
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	95%	108%	106%	107%	103%	101%	0,06	-0,05	-0,02	-0,03	-0,02
CR non-litigious land registry cases	105%	101%	103%	99%	100%	98%	-0,07	-0,01	-0,03	0,00	-0,02
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	100%	100%	100%	100%			0,01	0,00	0,00
CR administrative law cases	108%	41%	64%	86%	93%	109%	0,01	1,26	0,44	0,08	0,18

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	462	457	386	380	391	364	-21,3%	-14,5%	1,5%	2,9%	-6,9%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	128	101	149	178	218	189	47,4%	117,0%	46,1%	22,4%	-13,4%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	50	42	32	33	27	32	-35,8%	-36,5%	-17,6%	-19,5%	20,4%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	9	9	8	6			-11,1%	-13,3%	-26,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)	825	523	493	426	413	319	-61,4%	-21,1%	-16,3%	-3,2%	-22,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,3	5,1	5,1	4,6	4,4	3,8	-10,3%	-24,7%	-25,1%	-17,0%	-12,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,5	3,0	2,7	2,4	2,3	2,3	-34,0%	-21,6%	-15,1%	-4,5%	-0,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	1,6	1,3	1,0	0,9	0,8	1,0	-35,5%	-39,7%	-22,9%	-16,4%	30,2%
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	NA	NA	-12,9%	-13,6%	-14,3%
Administrative law cases	0,8	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,3	-58,8%	116,0%	26,9%	8,4%	-8,1%

-20% max



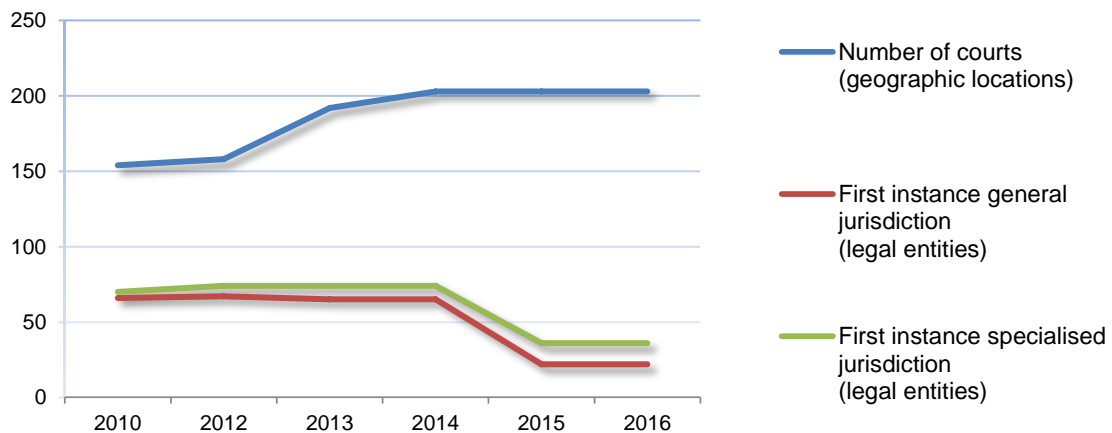
+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According to 2016 data, the Republic of Croatia has 22 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 36 first instance specialised courts. The Supreme Court is the last instance.

The term “other specialised first instance courts” in the Republic of Croatia refers to misdemeanour courts and the Municipal Criminal Court in Zagreb. There was a reform of judicial map implemented in 2015 in which the number of Misdemeanour Courts has decreased from 63 to 22. Therefore, in accordance with the Act on Territorial Jurisdiction and Seats of Courts (Official Gazette, No. 128/14) in force, there are currently 22 Misdemeanour Courts in function.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	154	66	70
2012	158	67	74
2013	192	65	74
2014	203	65	74
2015	203	22	36
2016	203	22	36



Specialised courts	
Total	36
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency)	8
Labour courts	1
Administrative courts	4
Other specialised 1st instance courts	23

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 166 408 056 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 40,1 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (133 850 561 €)
- Computerisation (10 003 698 €)
- Other (9 686 626 €)

1. - The amount includes gross salaries, contributions, transportation costs and other expenses for employees (jubilee awards, severance payments, assistances).

4.- Budget for court buildings refers to the costs of current maintenance and investments of buildings, utilities, phone, inventory, energy.

6. – The budget for training includes the data only from the courts' budget

7. – In Other the following costs are included: postal services, office supplies, insurance premiums, banking services, health services (general medical examinations that are held every 3 years, small inventory items - car tires, ...)

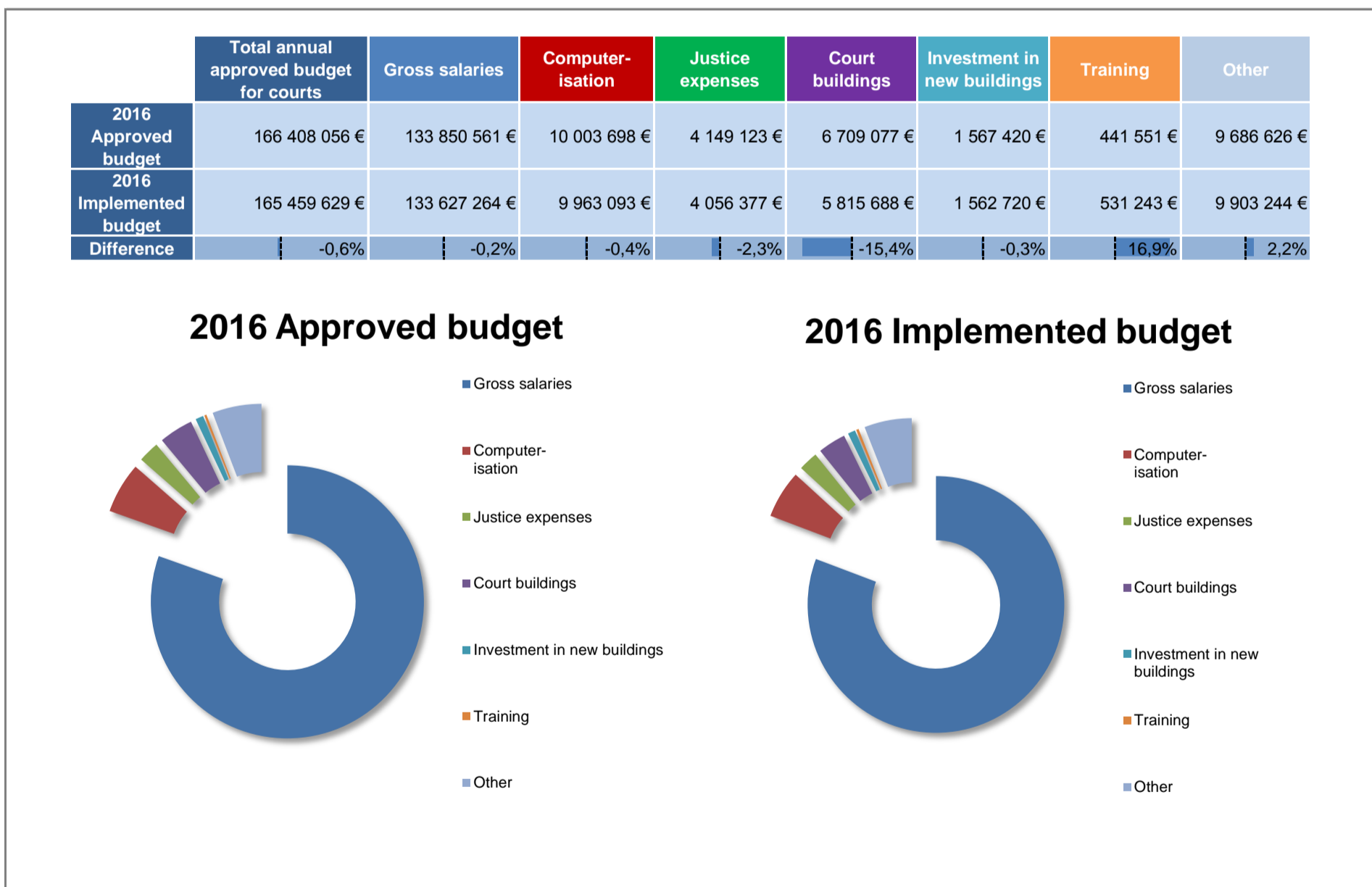
The total budget has not changed much but there are differences within categories. The gross salaries increase is due to the regresses and Christmas bonuses, which did not exist in 2015.

Larger budget have been approved for computerisation.

The amount for justice expenses is smaller because bigger amount had been allocated to state attorney's offices so less remained for the courts.

The implemented and approved budget in these two categories differ because during the year a need for a larger amount had arisen in budget allocated for training and was compensated by the another.

The amount in previous cycle included also the budget of the Judicial Academy and this year only the budget of courts dedicated to training is presented.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 222 534 033 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 53,6 €

The budget per capita (53,6 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and the same than the EU median (53,6 €). Croatia belongs to the group of European States with medium degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 3,8%.

For the evaluation cycles prior to 2014, the budget for criminal cases was not included into the total budget for legal aid. As explained above, in the frame of question 7, the budget for legal aid in criminal cases is a part of the every court's budget, more specifically it is a part of the budget's item "intellectual services". Accordingly, only statistical data for use of free legal aid in non-criminal cases was presented (both brought to the court and not brought to the court).

Generally, the Free Legal Aid Act regulates granting of free legal aid in civil and administrative proceedings. Granting legal aid in criminal proceedings is governed by the Criminal Procedure Act and payments to "lawyers at the expense of budget funds" are performed within other budget lines (namely the "intellectual services" of the courts and the mentioned cost is planned in the budget of each court), within which it is not possible to distinguish between the costs of "lawyer at the expense of budget funds" and costs of "ex officio lawyer".

Basically, in criminal proceedings, the accused person is obliged to have a defence counsel in certain cases stipulated by law. The court shall appoint an ex officio lawyer if the accused person does not hire a defence counsel. The fee and expenses of such a defence counsel are paid from the budget. The accused person shall refund these expenses if held guilty; unless his/her poor financial status precludes him/her from paying these expenses (the criteria are defined in details in the Criminal Procedure Act). Outside the prescribed situations of the mandatory defence, the defendant may submit a request for the appointment of a defence counsel (lawyer) at the expense of budget funds, due to his/her poor financial status. If the request is approved, the fee and expenses of such a defence counsel are paid from the court's budget. The system of free legal aid also enables the approval of legal aid in non-litigious proceedings, in mediation procedures and in out-of-court dispute resolution, according to article 4 of the Free Legal Aid Act, which from 1st January 2014 sets 2 different types of legal aid: 1) Primary legal aid (general legal information, legal advice, drawing up documents before public law bodies, European Court of Human Rights and international organizations in accordance with international agreements and regulations on the work of those bodies, representation in proceedings before public law bodies, legal aid in peaceful out-of-court settlement of disputes) and 2) Secondary legal aid (legal advice, drawing up of submissions in proceeding for protection of the rights of employees before the employer, drawing up of submissions in court proceedings, representation in court proceedings, legal aid in peaceful settlement of disputes, exemption from payment of costs of the proceedings and exemption from payment of court taxes).

The annual approved public budget allocated in other than criminal cases to primary legal aid (for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court) in 2016 was significantly reduced, which results in great differences in total amount approved in other than criminal cases to legal aid in 2015 and 2016.

In the Ministry of Justice of the RoC there is a Department for legal aid in other than criminal cases and it keeps records on the total annual and implemented budget for legal aid in other than criminal cases in detail. The costs for the legal aid in other than criminal cases are paid after the end of the dispute before the first instance court.

The approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of the State Attorney's Office includes all the parameters of the budget allocated to the courts from item 6.

• **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 323 169 516 €**

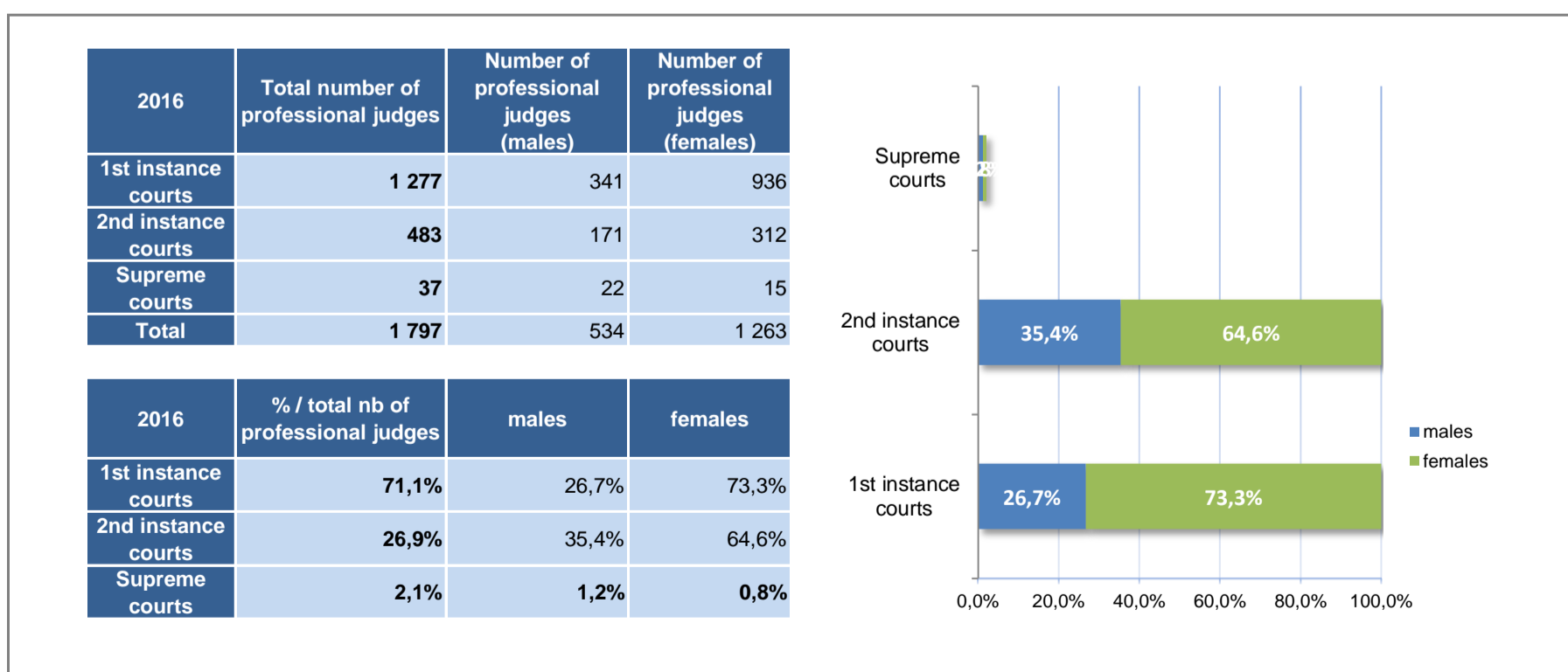
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice

Costs of "judicial management bodies" as well as costs of "judicial protection of juveniles" are an integral part of the costs of the courts.

• **Human resources** □

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Croatia is 1 797 which is -3,6% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Croatia, in 2016, there are 42,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 263 which represents 70,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 277 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 936 are female) ; 483 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 312 are female) and 37 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 15 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that in the total number of judges, only data on actually working judges is presented (the total does not include judges on unpaid leave; judges on maternity leave; judges suspended after disciplinary procedure; judges transferred to other State body- for example to Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Moreover, two judges working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 judge.

In Croatia, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	6 944	389	5 194	576	785	NAP
2012	6 234	311	4 648	544	731	NAP
2013	6 222	285	4 643	562	732	NAP
2014	6 061	381	4 384	579	717	NAP
2015	5 929	474	4 231	534	689	NAP
2016	5 827	523	4 124	498	682	NAP

In Croatia, in 2016, there are 5 827 non-judge staff (among which 5 008 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -1,7%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 523 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 4 124 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 3 774 are women);
- 498 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 385 are women);
- 682 technical staff (among which 419 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 140,3 in 2015 to 139,0 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 44,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 43,3 in 2016.

The total number of non-judicial staff is a result of a deduction and subsumes only actually working staff. Thus, the total does not include staff on unpaid leave; staff on maternity leave; staff suspended after disciplinary procedures; staff transferred to other State bodies (for example the Ministry of Justice or Judicial Academy). Besides, two non-judicial officials working half-time (for the reason of care for a child with special needs) are counted as 1 non-judicial official.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 10 810 000 € (2,6 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court: 10 433 010 €
 - In criminal law cases: 10 147 490 €
 - In other than criminal law cases: 285 520 €
- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court: 376 990 €
 - In criminal law cases: 285 310 €
 - In other than criminal law cases: 91 681 €

For the evaluation cycles prior to 2014, the budget for criminal cases was not included into the total budget for legal aid. As explained above, in the frame of question 7, the budget for legal aid in criminal cases is a part of the every court's budget, more specifically it is a part of the budget's item „intellectual services“. Accordingly, only statistical data for use of free legal aid in non-criminal cases was presented (both brought to the court and not brought to the court).

Generally, the Free Legal Aid Act regulates granting of free legal aid in civil and administrative proceedings. Granting legal aid in criminal proceedings is governed by the Criminal Procedure Act and payments to “lawyers at the expense of budget funds” are performed within other budget lines (namely the “intellectual services” of the courts and the mentioned cost is planned in the budget of each court), within which it is not possible to distinguish between the costs of “lawyer at the expense of budget funds” and costs of “ex officio lawyer”. Basically, in criminal proceedings, the accused person is obliged to have a defence counsel in certain cases stipulated by law. The court shall appoint an ex officio lawyer if the accused person does not hire a defence counsel. The fee and expenses of such a defence counsel are paid from the budget. The accused person shall refund these expenses if held guilty; unless his/her poor financial status precludes him/her from paying these expenses (the criteria are defined in details in the Criminal Procedure Act). Outside the prescribed situations of the mandatory defence, the defendant may submit a request for the appointment of a defence counsel (lawyer) at the expense of budget funds, due to his/her poor financial status. If the request is approved, the fee and expenses of such a defence counsel are paid from the court's budget. The system of free legal aid also enables the approval of legal aid in non-litigious proceedings, in mediation procedures and in out-of-court dispute resolution, according to article 4 of the Free Legal Aid Act, which from 1st January 2014 sets 2 different types of legal aid: 1) Primary legal aid (general legal information, legal advice, drawing up documents before public law bodies, European Court of Human Rights and international organizations in accordance with international agreements and regulations on the work of those bodies, representation in proceedings before public law bodies, legal aid in peaceful out-of-court settlement of disputes) and 2) Secondary legal aid (legal advice, drawing up of submissions in proceeding for protection of the rights of employees before the employer, drawing up of submissions in court proceedings, representation in court proceedings, legal aid in peaceful settlement of disputes, exemption from payment of costs of the proceedings and exemption from payment of court taxes).

The annual approved public budget allocated in other than criminal cases to primary legal aid (for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court) in 2016 was significantly reduced, which results in great differences in total amount approved in other than criminal cases to legal aid in 2015 and 2016.

In Croatia legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. In enforcement proceedings legal aid is granted when it comes to enforcing a claim arising from a civil or administrative court procedure for which legal aid may be granted under the provisions of Free Legal Aid Act (Official Gazette 143/13).

Legal aid can be granted for other costs in other than criminal matters.

The legal aid can be granted in civil and administrative court proceedings (other than criminal cases) for exemption from payment of court proceedings. The exemption from payment of court proceedings includes the exemption from payment of an advance for the costs of witnesses, expert witnesses, investigation, judicial announcements.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

In the proceedings before the courts (litigious, ex-parte, enforcement, inheritance, land registry, criminal cases initiated by private lawsuit, administrative disputes, registration in the company registry, bankruptcy and liquidation and other proceedings prescribed by the Law) the court fees shall be paid pursuant to the Court Fees Act (amended for last time in 2013). The amount is determined by the Tariff of court fees. The proceedings are initiated regardless of the fact whether the party who initiated the proceeding, after being specifically requested by the court, paid the fees or failed to do so. On the one hand, a party may be exempted from paying the court fee if, according to his/her financial asset, he/she cannot pay the court fees without endangering himself/herself and the members of his/her family. Namely, the free legal aid Act came into force on 1 January 2014. According to that Act, the decision on the exemption from paying the court fees is made by the State administration office if the payment of those fees could jeopardize the maintenance of the applicants and members of the household. On the other hand, article 16 of the Court Fees Act enumerates exhaustively nineteen categories of exemptions concerning the Republic of Croatia and State authorities, plaintiffs and State attorneys in some particular fields (family law, labour law, environmental law, constitutional proceedings related to fundamental rights), humanitarian organizations, private persons in labour and administrative disputes or family law proceedings, parties seeking the restitution or the acquisition (minors) of legal capacity, and finally, in close relation with the historical and political background of the country, Croatian Homeland War invalids, spouses, children and parents of the killed, missing and captured in the Homeland War, exiled, refugees and returnees.

As a general rule, foreign countries are exempt from paying fees if that is determined by an international agreement or subject to reciprocity.

According to the Court Fees Act (Official Gazette, No. 74/95, 57/96, 137/02, 26/03, 125/11, 112/12, 157/13, 110/15), 19 subjects are exempt from paying court fees, such as state government bodies, public authorities, employees in administrative and labour disputes, vulnerable groups, etc.

Calculation of court fees is based on determining the amount in dispute or claim in the court procedure (rules of establishing are prescribed by the Court Fees Act and other procedural Act) and depending on the determined amount, application of Tariff of court fees which is part of the Act on Court Fees.

Generally, in the civil litigation proceedings the court fee depends on the value of the subject of the dispute i.e. the value of the principal claim determined at the time of filing the lawsuit. Interest, litigation costs, penalty charges and other subordinate claims shall be taken into account only if they are part of the principal claim.

Depending on the nature of the procedure, different court fees are determined in the Courts Fee Act and Tariff of Courts Fees. When the value of the subject matter of the dispute cannot be determined under the provisions of Court Fees Act, the fee will be charged to the amount of 10,000.00 Croatian kuna.

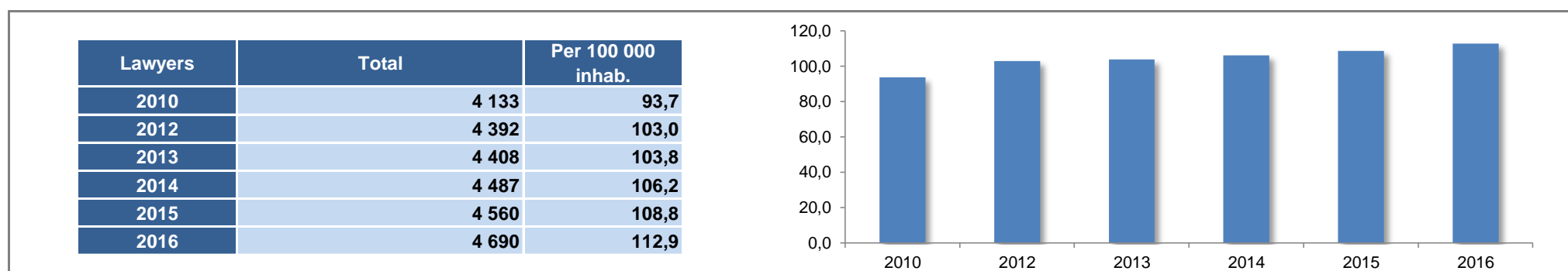
Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 76

If the value of the dispute exceeds 15.000,00 Croatian kuna (1.965 Euro), the amount of court fee to be paid is 500,00 Croatian kuna, plus 1% of the difference above 15.000,00 Croatian kuna but not more than 5.000,00 Croatian kuna.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 76

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Croatia, in 2016, there are 4 690 lawyers, which is 2,9% more than in 2015.

This data represents 112,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 113,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

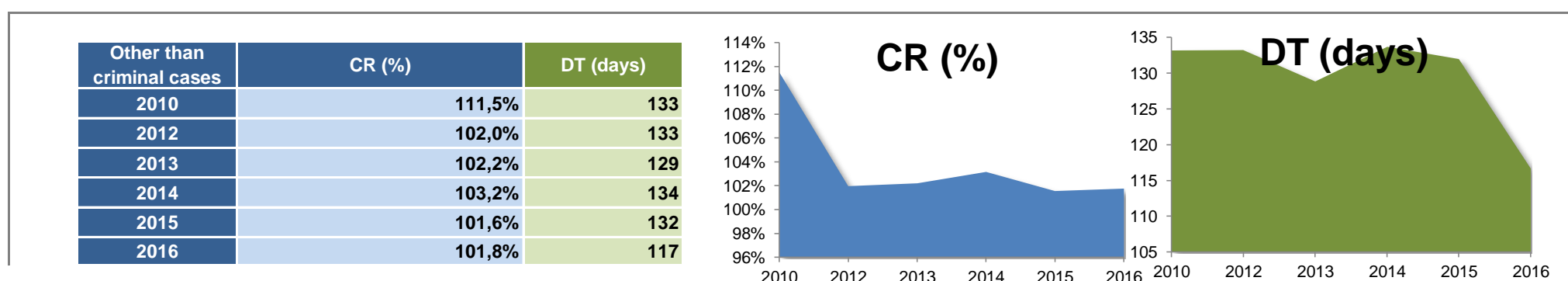
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



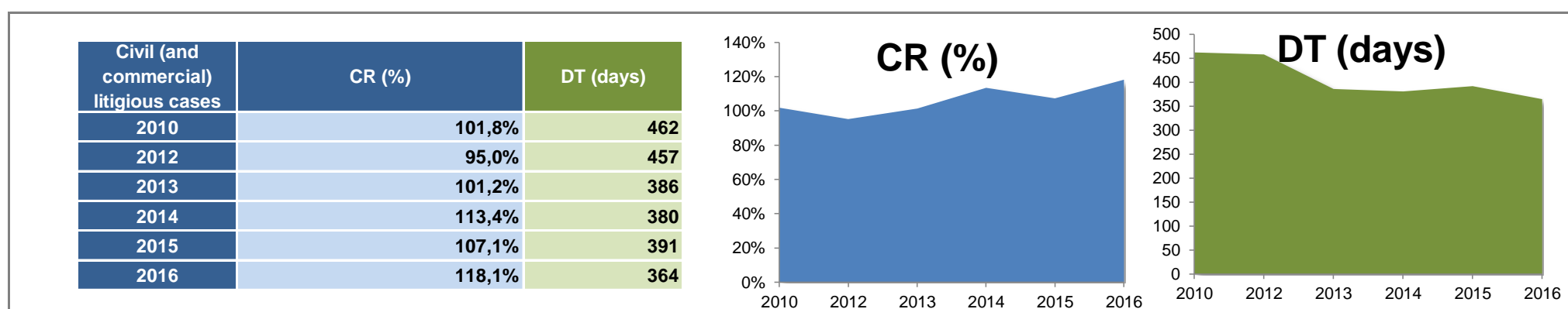
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,8% in 2016, Croatia seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,2 points.

In Croatia, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 117 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -11,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 118,1% in 2016, Croatia seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

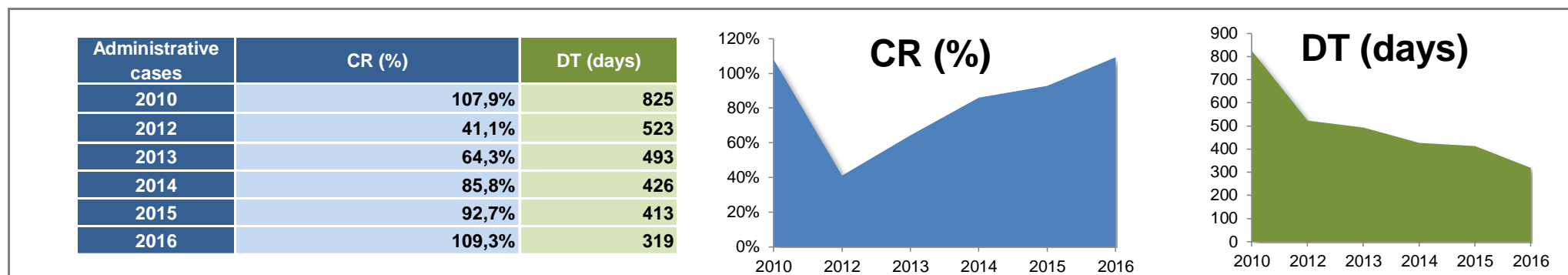
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 11,0 points.

In Croatia, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 364 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -6,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Croatia, there are 52 400 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 32,8% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 109,3% in 2016, Croatia seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 16,6 points.

In Croatia, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 319 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -22,7% decrease of the Disposition Time. The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

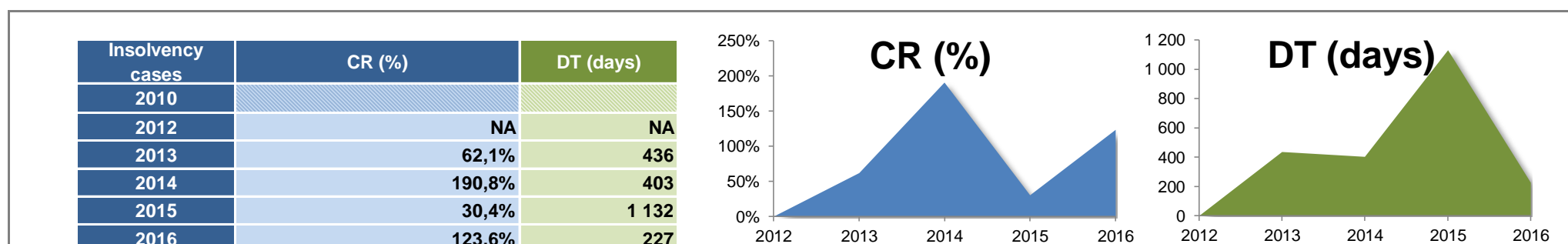
In Croatia, the enforcement cases are within only one type of procedure, and one category - Enforcement. Enforcement cases are non-litigious cases, and are therefore presented within row 2.1.- Civil and Commercial non-litigious cases. It should be noticed that bankruptcy cases are subsumed in the category "civil and commercial litigious cases". A bankruptcy registry has not been established in the Republic of Croatia. In 2014, ICMS was improved as Croatia introduced an updated and very detailed code table, in order to extract more detailed case types from the system. Therefore, now the distinction between all cases in litigious and non-litigious cases as well as other types of cases can be made very accurately. This change of methodology of categorisation affected the difference between pending cases on 31 December 2013 and pending cases on 1 January 2014 which will disappear in the next cycle.

For land registry cases there is a special explanation about the way of presenting unresolved cases. Regarding point 2.2.1. (Non-litigious land register cases) we emphasize that on 1 November 2014 the new monitoring methodology of the unsolved land register cases has been introduced, in a way that regular land register cases (e.g. registration) are monitored separately from other land register cases which include objections, appeals, individual correction procedures, proposals to connect the register of deposited contracts and general register and renewal cases, the establishment and amendment of land register. That is the reason of data horizontal inconsistency when the number of unsolved cases at the end of the 2013 is added to the number of received cases in 2014 and from that number the number of resolved cases is deducted. The same reflects to the 2014, 2015 and 2016 period.

The number of unresolved land registry cases had increased and consequently the total number of "registry cases" had increased as well (in this collective category are also listed the cases of the court register). Simply, more land registry cases had been received in 2016 than in 2015 (about 50000).

The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" encompasses all non-litigious cases that are not stated in the different categories.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 123,6% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Croatia seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 93,2 points.

In Croatia, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 227 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -80,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Regarding insolvency cases, 2015 was the year when, by introducing new Insolvency act, significant number of companies were subject of shortened insolvency proceeding conducted by commercial courts. Cycles defined in aforementioned Law of initiating these procedures by FINA finished, so 2016 actually reflects regular state of insolvency proceedings regarding income of insolvency cases. Relating the reduced number of incoming divorce cases, the number of divorces with minor children dropped in 2016. Namely, according to the new Family Law which came into force on 1 November 2015, couples with children, before initiating the court proceeding, have to undergo mandatory family mediation at social welfare centres. This fact postpones court proceedings and therefore there are fewer cases in court in 2016.

● Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Croatia, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report. A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases

In Croatia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The integrated case management system is software developed to track the performance of each judge in all the courts regarding resolved, pending and unresolved cases. All those data are visible to the court's president so he can evaluate judges' performance. According to the Courts Act, the president of the court supervises accurate performance of court activities in due time. He/she is obliged to ensure court efficiency in the resolution of cases, especially when it comes to the resolution of cases the procedure of which lasts more than three years. The president has a duty to write a report on the performed supervision and its results, as well as on the measures taken, at least once a month. The report has to be inserted into a case file of judicial administration. Moreover, the president of the court, except for the president of the Supreme Court, has to submit a report on the performed tasks of judicial administration, measures and activities undertaken to improve work and efficiency of the court in the resolution of cases directly to a court of higher instance, to the State Judiciary Council and the Ministry of Justice, once a year, at least before 31 March for the previous year. On the basis of these data, the Ministry of Justice makes all sorts of statistics regarding the functioning of each court in Croatia.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

According to the Courts Act (Official Gazette, number 28/13, 33/15, 82/15), the president of the court evaluates the work of every single judge according to Framework for the workload of judges in the period of one year following the standards on the number of judgements delivered by a judge compared with the number of judgements that should have been delivered, according to the Framework for the workload of judges, result of work in different kinds of cases, respecting deadlines in delivery of judgements and drafting of judgements, quality of judgements on the grounds of expressed remedies in legal actions and other activities of judges.

Framework criteria are adopted by the Minister of Justice on the proposal of the General Assembly of Supreme Court. The Criteria prescribe the number of decisions that need to be rendered every year by a judge.

The specialised court staff entrusted for quality standards exist at courts. Namely, certain judges at courts are entrusted with monitoring of judicial practice and courts activities that contribute to improvement of courts' quality.

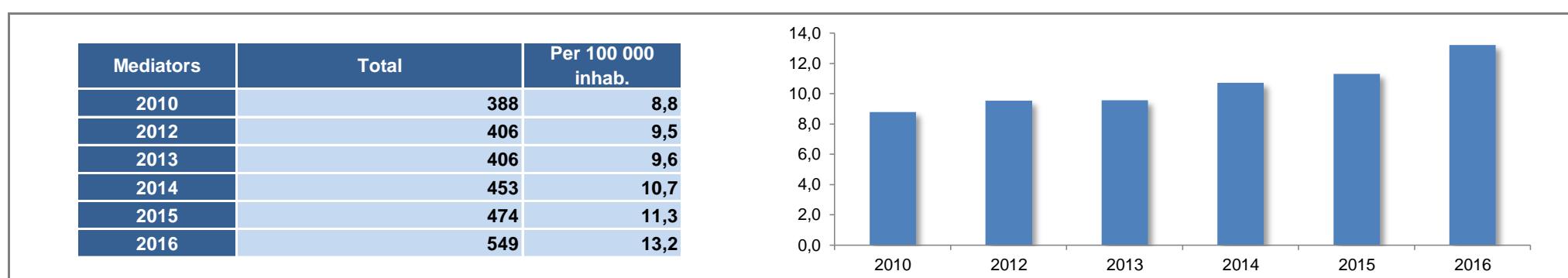
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Croatia provides judicial mediation.

According to the Croatian legislation, mediation is mandatory in three cases:

o When a natural or legal person wishes to file a lawsuit against the Republic of Croatia, it has to refer to the competent State Attorney's Office with the request for peaceful settlement of a dispute; o In labour matters, the Labour Act prescribes the possibility of a voluntary and mandatory mediation on collective labour agreements. Mediation is mandatory in case of a dispute related to concluding, amending or renewing a collective agreement or other similar dispute which could result in a strike or other form of industrial action, and non-payment of salary or salary compensation, if the parties do not agree on other way of dispute settlement;

o The Family Act lays down mandatory counselling and family mediation when a divorce procedure is initiated either by a lawsuit or consensual application, and spouses have their own minor or adopted children or children in parental care which extends after they have reached majority.



In Croatia, in 2016, there are 549 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 13,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 15,8%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	508	12
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

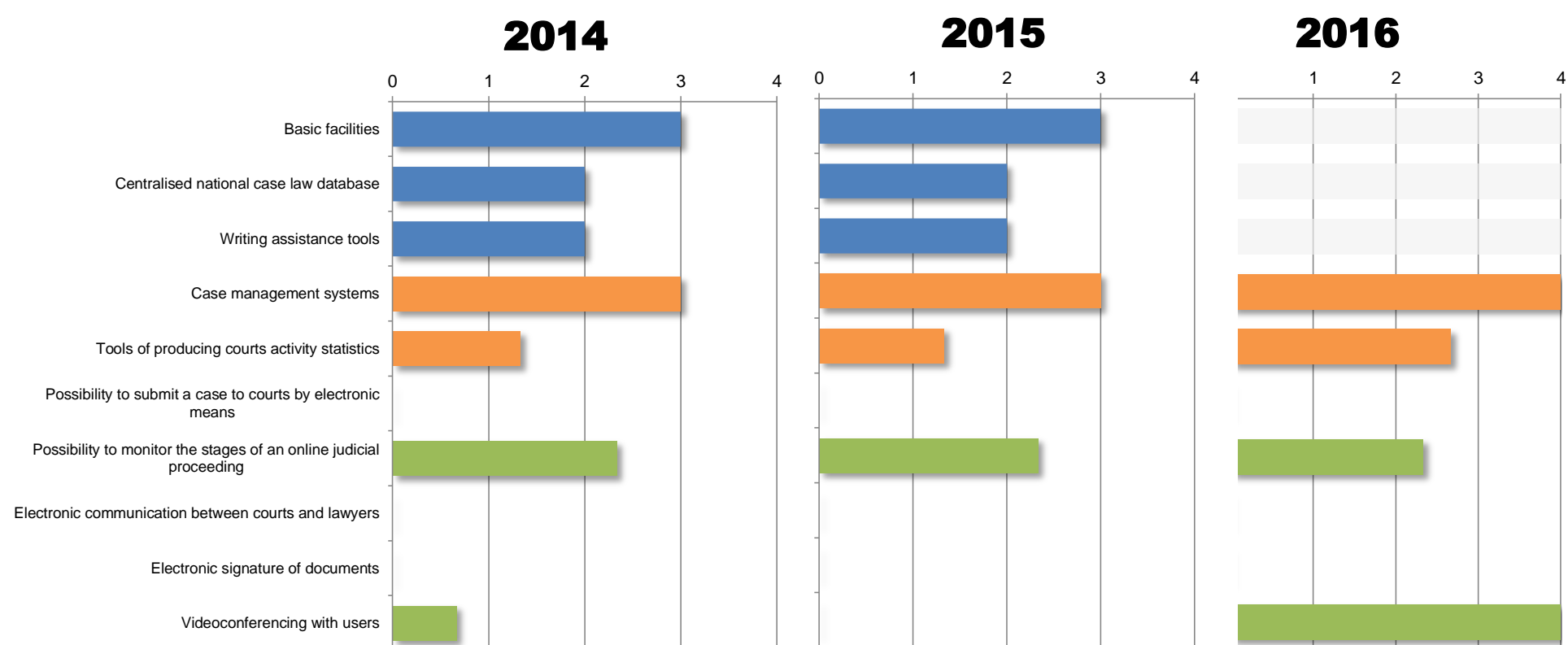
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- o Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- o Administration and management (orange bars);
- o Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Croatia has been evaluated at 5,8 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

As from 2016 the previous system has been abolished and replaced it with a one called One-stop-shop - Organized Land. By streamlining the cadastre and the land registry we have accelerated and simplified the registration of real property and its titles. The information from the cadastre and the land registers can be obtained immediately, and all digitized data can be checked over the Internet, 24/7.

4. National data collection system

In Croatia, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Croatia.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

The fundamental idea of current judicial plans is to ensure a stable and secure environment for a better, faster and more efficient work of judicial bodies in the Republic of Croatia. Implementing the planned objectives will achieve high standards of transparency and independence in the work of judicial bodies and ensure the provision of quality and timely judicial and state-of-the-art services to all system users in accordance with established European and world standards. Ensuring the transparency of judicial work through clear and simplified mechanisms of judicial bodies' communication will further strengthen the role of the judiciary in the protection of legal certainty, the rights of citizens and legal persons and respect of social and moral values.

During 2017. renovations and construction of new buildings at the Justice Square in Zagreb is in process. The Municipal State Attorney Office in Zagreb will be moved into the existing building "E" as soon as its renovation is completed.

2. Budget

No foreseen reforms.

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 394	10 290	10 147	10 162	10 425	10 965	5,5%	1,3%	2,7%	2,6%	5,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	7,38	7,55	7,63	7,66	7,64	7,56	2,3%	1,2%	0,1%	-0,3%	-1,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts court budget	211 304 301	156 601 458	182 292 546	163 302 114	164 695 034	166 408 056	-21,2%	5,2%	-9,7%	0,9%	1,0%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts court budget	-	-	-	162 524 318	162 814 137	165 459 629	-	-	-	0,2%	1,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	10 939 335	11 529 654	10 809 907	-	-	-	5,4%	-6,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	41 296 176	42 040 323	40 667 128	40 820 393	40 018 315	45 315 977	9,7%	-4,8%	-1,6%	-2,0%	13,2%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	40 782 068	39 923 058	45 263 844	-	-	-	-2,1%	13,4%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	59,8	48,5	54,1	51,0	51,6	53,6	-10,4%	6,4%	-4,6%	1,1%	3,8%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	50,7	51,1	53,3	-	-	-	-	4,3%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	7,38	7,55	7,63	7,66	7,64	7,56	2,3%	1,2%	0,1%	-0,3%	-1,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	41 296 176	42 040 323	40 667 128	40 820 393	40 018 315	45 315 977	9,7%	-4,8%	-1,6%	-2,0%	13,2%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	59,8	48,5	54,1	51,0	51,6	53,6	-10,4%	6,4%	-4,6%	1,1%	3,8%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	50,7	51,1	53,3	-	-	-	0,8%	4,3%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	211 304 301	156 601 458	182 292 546	163 302 114	164 695 034	166 408 056	-21,2%	5,2%	-9,7%	0,9%	1,0%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	145 186 639	149 182 668	132 619 498	132 081 857	131 738 970	133 850 561	-7,8%	-11,7%	-0,7%	-0,3%	1,6%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	11 684 416	6 134 132	9 034 210	5 880 600	6 490 963	10 003 698	-14,4%	5,8%	-28,2%	10,4%	54,1%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	31 059 496	NA	18 405 563	5 589 165	6 679 765	4 149 123	-86,6%	-	-63,7%	19,5%	-37,9%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	5 949 553	809 410	9 274 341	7 691 231	7 724 126	6 709 077	12,8%	854,3%	-16,7%	0,4%	-13,1%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	4 497 538	NA	0	0	0	1 567 420	-65,1%	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	1 624 490	475 248	414 862	603 604	604 100	441 551	-72,8%	27,1%	45,6%	0,1%	-26,9%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	11 302 169	NA	12 544 072	11 455 654	11 457 110	9 686 626	-14,3%	-	-8,7%	0,0%	-15,5%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	60 €	48 €	54 €	51 €	52 €	54 €	-10,4%	6,4%	-4,6%	1,1%	3,8%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	41 296 176	42 040 323	40 667 128	40 820 393	40 018 315	45 315 977	9,7%	-4,8%	-1,6%	-2,0%	13,2%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	352 621 340	340 465 130	310 908 394	312 548 932	314 874 728	323 169 516	-8,4%	-7,5%	1,3%	0,7%	2,6%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NAP	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	NAP	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	211 304 301	156 601 458	182 292 546	163 302 114	164 695 034	166 408 056	-21,2%	5,2%	-9,7%	0,9%	1,0%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	211 304 301	156 601 458	182 292 546	163 302 114	164 695 034	166 408 056	0 €	5,2%	-9,7%	0,9%	1,0%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	11 684 416	6 134 132	9 034 210	5 880 600	6 490 963	10 003 698	0 €	5,8%	-28,2%	10,4%	54,1%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	41 296 176	42 040 323	40 667 128	40 820 393	40 018 315	45 315 977	9,7%	-4,8%	-1,6%	-2,0%	13,2%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	211 304 301	156 601 458	182 292 546	163 302 114	164 695 034	166 408 056	-21,2%	5,2%	-9,7%	0,9%	1,0%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	25 168 311	28 759 251	-	26 359 795	19 468 903	17 300 109	-31,3%	-32,3%	-	-26,1%	-11,1%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	- iff of court fees).	- t on Court Fees.	bject of the dispute.	oatian kuna.	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	66	67	65	65	22	22	-66,7%	-67,2%	-66,2%	-66,2%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	70	74	74	74	36	36	-48,6%	-51,4%	-51,4%	-51,4%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	154	158	192	203	203	203	31,8%	28,5%	5,7%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	70	74	74	74	36	36	-48,6%	-51,4%	-51,4%	-51,4%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	7	7	7	7	8	8	14,3%	14,3%	14,3%	14,3%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	1	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	1	4	4	4	4	4	300,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	62	62	62	62	23	23	-62,9%	-62,9%	-62,9%	-62,9%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	457 432	430 500	415 939	391 722	354 707	331 743	-27,5%	-17,6%	-14,7%	-9,4%	-6,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	191 738	208 520	220 356	217 927	195 718	184 289	-3,9%	-6,1%	-11,2%	-10,2%	-5,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	161 792	145 013	132 430	-	-	-	-10,4%	-8,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	133 072	160 545	131 065	115 879	102 786	97 339	-26,9%	-36,0%	-21,6%	-11,3%	-5,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	45 913	42 227	35 091	-	-	-	-8,0%	-16,9%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	95 148	57 484	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	-65,8%	-31,7%	-28,5%	-8,3%	-17,1%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 515	3 102	2 965	2 540	-	-	17,9%	-4,4%	-14,3%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	36 449	NA	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 024	-58,8%	-	97,5%	16,4%	7,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 025	3 951	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 103 864	1 097 909	1 086 228	938 711	903 398	963 825	-12,7%	-17,7%	-16,8%	-3,8%	6,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	146 607	182 693	203 831	165 741	160 537	135 583	-7,5%	-12,1%	-21,2%	-3,1%	-15,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	759 028	728 522	813 903	-	-	-	-4,0%	11,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	461 190	423 669	269 321	197 352	157 484	183 550	-60,2%	-62,8%	-41,5%	-20,2%	16,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	561 676	571 038	630 353	-	-	-	1,7%	10,4%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	480 096	476 543	472 363	438 089	449 321	490 091	2,1%	-5,7%	-4,9%	2,6%	9,1%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	126 900	123 587	121 717	140 262	-	-	-4,1%	-1,5%	15,2%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	14 470	12 011	13 813	13 942	14 339	14 339	-0,9%	19,4%	3,8%	2,8%	0,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 501	2 993	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 230 937	1 119 696	1 110 269	968 422	917 569	980 816	-20,3%	-18,1%	-17,4%	-5,3%	6,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	149 290	173 631	206 291	187 950	171 980	160 153	7,3%	-1,0%	-16,6%	-8,5%	-6,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	768 503	732 299	804 991	-	-	-	-4,7%	9,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	439 764	458 860	284 153	210 569	162 888	185 317	-57,9%	-64,5%	-42,7%	-22,6%	13,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	557 934	569 411	619 674	-	-	-	2,1%	8,8%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	506 113	479 099	484 480	434 210	447 160	479 167	-5,3%	-6,7%	-7,7%	3,0%	7,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	118 853	NA	126 460	123 724	122 251	140 507	18,2%	-	-3,3%	-1,2%	14,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	15 616	4 936	8 885	11 969	13 290	15 672	0,4%	169,2%	49,6%	11,0%	17,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 301	4 170	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	449 212	408 713	391 898	354 707	331 744	313 515	-30,2%	-18,8%	-15,3%	-6,5%	-5,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	189 055	217 582	217 896	195 718	184 289	159 713	-15,5%	-15,3%	-15,4%	-5,8%	-13,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	145 013	132 430	140 109	-	-	-	-8,7%	5,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	154 498	126 354	116 233	102 786	97 339	95 943	-37,9%	-23,0%	-16,3%	-5,3%	-1,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	42 227	35 091	44 166	-	-	-	-16,9%	25,9%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	69 131	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	-39,2%	-40,7%	-24,0%	-17,1%	29,1%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 955	2 965	2 540	2 157	-	-	-14,0%	-14,3%	-15,1%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	35 303	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 025	13 693	-61,2%	112,4%	25,2%	7,5%	-8,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 225	2 774	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	111,5%	102,0%	102,2%	103,2%	101,6%	101,8%	-8,7%	-0,4%	-0,6%	-1,5%	0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,8%	95,0%	101,2%	113,4%	107,1%	118,1%	16,0%	12,7%	5,9%	-5,5%	10,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101,2%	100,5%	98,9%	-	-	-	-0,7%	-1,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	95,4%	108,3%	105,5%	106,7%	103,4%	101,0%	5,9%	-4,5%	-2,0%	-3,1%	-2,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	99,3%	99,7%	98,3%	-	-	-	0,4%	-1,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	105,4%	100,5%	102,6%	99,1%	99,5%	97,8%	-7,3%	-1,0%	-3,0%	0,4%	-1,8%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	99,7%	100,1%	100,4%	100,2%	-	-	0,8%	0,3%	-0,3%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	107,9%	41,1%	64,3%	85,8%	92,7%	109,3%	1,3%	125,5%	44,1%	8,0%	17,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	86,7%	139,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	133	133	129	134	132	117	-12,4%	-1,0%	2,4%	-1,3%	-11,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	462	457	386	380	391	364	-21,3%	-14,5%	1,5%	2,9%	-6,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	69	66	64	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	128	101	149	178	218	189	47,4%	117,0%	46,1%	22,4%	-13,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	28	22	26	-	-	-	-18,6%	15,7%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	50	42	32	33	27	32	-35,8%	-36,5%	-17,6%	-19,5%	20,4%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	9	9	8	6	-	-	-11,1%	-13,3%	-26,1%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	825	523	493	426	413	319	-61,4%	-21,1%	-16,3%	-3,2%	-22,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	344	243	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	6 561	6 276	2 946	3 104	-	-	-55,1%	-53,1%	5,4%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	2 722	2 591	2 773	2 403	-	-	1,9%	7,0%	-13,3%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	2 774	5 664	5 014	19 087	-	-	80,7%	-11,5%	280,7%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	8 553	7 283	4 384	2 566	-	-	-48,7%	-39,8%	-41,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	1 972	2 378	1 603	1 517	-	-	-18,7%	-32,6%	-5,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	7 628	2 378	20 217	19 021	-	-	165,0%	750,2%	-5,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	8 493	8 964	4 233	3 797	-	-	-50,2%	-52,8%	-10,3%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	2 103	2 196	1 980	2 018	-	-	-5,8%	-9,8%	1,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	4 738	4 538	6 151	23 510	-	-	29,8%	35,5%	282,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	6 621	4 595	3 105	1 873	-	-	-53,1%	-32,4%	-39,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	2 591	2 773	2 396	1 902	-	-	-7,5%	-13,6%	-20,6%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	5 664	5 014	19 080	14 621	-	-	236,9%	280,5%	-23,4%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	99,3%	123,1%	96,6%	148,0%	-	-	-2,8%	-21,6%	53,3%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	106,6%	92,3%	123,5%	133,0%	-	-	15,8%	33,8%	7,7%
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	62,1%	190,8%	30,4%	123,6%	-	-	-51,0%	-84,1%	306,2%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	285	187	268	180	-	-	-5,9%	43,1%	-32,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	450	461	442	344	-	-	-1,8%	-4,2%	-22,1%
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	436	403	1 132	227	-	-	159,5%	180,7%	-80,0%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	62 755	101 122	95 677	89 823	81 290	73 230	16,7%	-19,6%	-15,0%	-9,5%	-9,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 755	68 554	61 801	59 534	61 898	60 230	-4,0%	-9,7%	0,2%	4,0%	-2,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 223	17 836	12 278	-	-	-	-19,7%	-31,2%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	517	15 572	14 292	10 839	-	-	2664,4%	-8,2%	-24,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	20	14	1 214	-	-	-	-30,0%	8571,4%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	1 192	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 802	20	14	22	-	-	-99,5%	-30,0%	57,1%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	35	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	6 631	3 530	225	-	-	-	-46,8%	-93,6%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	32 568	18 625	8 066	1 556	722	-	-95,2%	-91,6%	-80,7%	-53,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 048	89 588	95 627	87 801	83 468	79 413	-2,0%	-6,8%	-12,7%	-4,9%	-4,9%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	81 048	85 606	62 684	52 468	52 292	49 743	-38,6%	-38,9%	-16,6%	-0,3%	-4,9%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	33 495	27 740	24 653	-	-	-	-17,2%	-11,1%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	1 165	27 317	23 475	22 045	-	-	1915,0%	-14,1%	-6,1%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	145	149	2 485	-	-	-	2,8%	1567,8%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	2 332	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	3 530	145	149	153	-	-	-95,8%	2,8%	2,7%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	139	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	6 033	4 116	123	-	-	-	-31,8%	-97,0%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	3 982	2 612	1 838	3 436	5 017	-	-13,7%	31,5%	86,9%	46,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	76 368	94 481	100 957	96 325	91 531	88 521	15,9%	-3,1%	-9,3%	-5,0%	-3,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	76 368	76 556	59 231	50 297	54 407	57 939	-24,1%	-28,9%	-8,1%	8,2%	6,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	37 679	32 854	26 255	-	-	-	-12,8%	-20,1%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	1 049	29 029	26 989	23 851	-	-	2472,8%	-7,0%	-11,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	151	141	2 177	-	-	-	-6,6%	1444,0%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	2 018	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	3 970	151	141	159	-	-	-96,4%	-6,6%	12,8%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	154	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	8 499	5 724	227	-	-	-	-32,7%	-96,0%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	17 925	13 073	8 349	4 270	4 327	-	-76,2%	-67,3%	-48,9%	1,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	67 435	96 229	90 347	81 299	73 227	64 122	-4,9%	-23,9%	-18,9%	-9,9%	-12,4%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	67 435	77 604	65 254	61 705	59 783	52 034	-22,8%	-23,0%	-8,4%	-3,1%	-13,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	18 039	12 722	10 676	-	-	-	-29,5%	-16,1%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	633	13 860	10 778	9 033	-	-	1602,7%	-22,2%	-16,2%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	14	22	1 522	-	-	-	57,1%	6818,2%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	1 506	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 362	14	22	16	-	-	-99,1%	57,1%	-27,3%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	20	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	4 165	1 922	121	-	-	-	-53,9%	-93,7%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	18 625	8 164	1 555	722	1 412	-	-96,1%	-91,2%	-53,6%	95,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,2%	105,5%	105,6%	109,7%	109,7%	111,5%	18,3%	4,0%	3,9%	0,0%	1,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,2%	89,4%	94,5%	95,9%	104,0%	116,5%	23,6%	16,3%	10,1%	8,5%	11,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	112,5%	118,4%	106,5%	-	-	-	5,3%	-10,1%

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	90,0%	106,3%	115,0%	108,2%	-	-	27,7%	8,2%	-5,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	104,1%	94,6%	87,6%	-	-	-	-9,1%	-7,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	86,5%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	112,5%	104,1%	94,6%	103,9%	-	-	-15,9%	-9,1%	9,8%
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	110,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	140,9%	139,1%	184,6%	-	-	-	-1,3%	32,7%
CR Administrative law cases	NA	450,2%	500,5%	454,2%	124,3%	86,2%	-	-72,4%	-75,2%	-72,6%	-30,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	322	372	327	308	292	264	-18,0%	-21,5%	-10,6%	-5,2%	-9,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	322	370	402	448	401	328	1,7%	8,4%	-0,3%	-10,4%	-18,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	175	141	148	-	-	-	-19,1%	5,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	220	174	146	138	-	-	-33,8%	-16,4%	-5,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	34	57	255	-	-	-	68,3%	348,1%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	272	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	217	34	57	37	-	-	-73,8%	68,3%	-35,5%
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	47	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	179	123	195	-	-	-	-31,5%	58,7%
DT Administrative law cases	NA	379	228	68	62	119	-	-83,7%	-72,9%	-9,2%	93,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 785	7 435	-	11 541	14 700	17 643	366,1%	97,7%	-	27,4%	20,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 785	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 995	7 440	-	7 910	8 450	7 964	32,8%	13,6%	-	6,8%	-5,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 995	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 546	5 940	-	4 751	5 507	9 069	99,5%	-7,3%	-	15,9%	64,7%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 546	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 234	8 935	-	14 700	17 643	16 538	216,0%	97,5%	-	20,0%	-6,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 234	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	75,8%	79,8%	-	60,1%	65,2%	113,9%	50,2%	-18,4%	-	8,5%	74,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	75,8%	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	420	549	-	1129	1169	666	58,4%	113,0%	-	3,5%	-43,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	420	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	457 432	430 500	415 939	391 722	354 707	331 743	-27,5%	-17,6%	-14,7%	-9,4%	-6,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	191 738	208 520	220 356	217 927	195 718	184 289	-3,9%	-6,1%	-11,2%	-10,2%	-5,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	161 792	145 013	132 430	-	-	-	-10,4%	-8,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	133 072	160 545	131 065	115 879	102 786	97 339	-26,9%	-36,0%	-21,6%	-11,3%	-5,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	45 913	42 227	35 091	-	-	-	-8,0%	-16,9%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	95 148	57 484	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	-65,8%	-31,7%	-28,5%	-8,3%	-17,1%

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 515	3 102	2 965	2 540	-	-	17,9%	-4,4%	-14,3%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	36 449	NA	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 024	-58,8%	-	97,5%	16,4%	7,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 025	3 951	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 103 864	1 097 909	1 086 228	938 711	903 398	963 825	-12,7%	-17,7%	-16,8%	-3,8%	6,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	146 607	182 693	203 831	165 741	160 537	135 583	-7,5%	-12,1%	-21,2%	-3,1%	-15,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	759 028	728 522	813 903	-	-	-	-4,0%	11,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	461 190	423 669	269 321	197 352	157 484	183 550	-60,2%	-62,8%	-41,5%	-20,2%	16,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	561 676	571 038	630 353	-	-	-	1,7%	10,4%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	480 096	476 543	472 363	438 089	449 321	490 091	2,1%	-5,7%	-4,9%	2,6%	9,1%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	126 900	123 587	121 717	140 262	-	-	-4,1%	-1,5%	15,2%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	14 470	12 011	13 813	13 942	14 339	14 339	-0,9%	19,4%	3,8%	2,8%	0,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 501	2 993	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 230 937	1 119 696	1 110 269	968 422	917 569	980 816	-20,3%	-18,1%	-17,4%	-5,3%	6,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	149 290	173 631	206 291	187 950	171 980	160 153	7,3%	-1,0%	-16,6%	-8,5%	-6,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	768 503	732 299	804 991	-	-	-	-4,7%	9,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	439 764	458 860	284 153	210 569	162 888	185 317	-57,9%	-64,5%	-42,7%	-22,6%	13,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	557 934	569 411	619 674	-	-	-	2,1%	8,8%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	506 113	479 099	484 480	434 210	447 160	479 167	-5,3%	-6,7%	-7,7%	3,0%	7,2%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	118 853	NA	126 460	123 724	122 251	140 507	18,2%	-	-3,3%	-1,2%	14,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	15 616	4 936	8 885	11 969	13 290	15 672	0,4%	169,2%	49,6%	11,0%	17,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 301	4 170	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	449 212	408 713	391 898	354 707	331 744	313 515	-30,2%	-18,8%	-15,3%	-6,5%	-5,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	189 055	217 582	217 896	195 718	184 289	159 713	-15,5%	-15,3%	-15,4%	-5,8%	-13,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	145 013	132 430	140 109	-	-	-	-8,7%	5,8%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	154 498	126 354	116 233	102 786	97 339	95 943	-37,9%	-23,0%	-16,3%	-5,3%	-1,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	42 227	35 091	44 166	-	-	-	-16,9%	25,9%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	69 131	54 928	42 811	39 262	32 551	42 009	-39,2%	-40,7%	-24,0%	-17,1%	29,1%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	2 955	2 965	2 540	2 157	-	-	-14,0%	-14,3%	-15,1%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	35 303	7 075	12 003	13 976	15 025	13 693	-61,2%	112,4%	25,2%	7,5%	-8,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 225	2 774	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 433 010	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	376 990	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	10 990 898	10 432 800	-	-	-	-	-5,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 147 490	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	285 310	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	524 804	538 769	377 200	-	-	-	2,7%	-30,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	8 071 016	NA	335 509	338 235	285 520	-	-95,8%	-	0,8%	-15,6%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	189 295	200 534	91 681	-	-	-	5,9%	-54,3%

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	10 939 335	11 529 654	10 809 907	-	-	-	5,4%	-6,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	10 738 787	NA	10 433 010	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	200 548	NA	376 956	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	10 592 511	11 144 634	10 436 871	-	-	-	5,2%	-6,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	10 581 258	NA	10 150 923	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	11 253	NA	286 007	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	346 824	385 020	373 036	-	-	-	11,0%	-3,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	157 529	184 486	282 088	-	-	-	17,1%	52,9%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	189 295	200 534	90 949	-	-	-	5,9%	-54,6%

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	11 160 557	8 071 016	6 694 673	11 464 658	11 529 667	10 810 000	-3,1%	42,9%	72,2%	0,6%	-6,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 433 010	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	376 990	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	10 990 898	10 432 800	-	-	-	-	-5,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 147 490	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	285 310	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	524 804	538 769	377 200	-	-	-	2,7%	-30,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	8 071 016	NA	335 509	338 235	285 520	-	-95,8%	-	0,8%	-15,6%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	189 295	200 534	91 681	-	-	-	5,9%	-54,3%

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	SUPRA NOVA	SUPRANOVA	SUPRANOVA	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	e-Spis (ICMS) Management System	e-Spis (ICMS)		-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	e-Spisi), e-Oglasna ploča	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	land registry cases) (e-Oglasna ploča).	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	388	406	406	453	474	549	41,5%	16,7%	16,7%	4,6%	15,8%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 887	1 932	1 912	1 875	1 864	1 797	-4,8%	-3,5%	-2,5%	-0,6%	-3,6%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 355	1 378	1 366	1 343	1 348	1 277	-5,8%	-2,2%	-1,3%	0,4%	-5,3%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	492	514	506	489	476	483	-1,8%	-7,4%	-5,9%	-2,7%	1,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	40	40	40	43	40	37	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,0%	-7,5%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	614	603	591	583	568	534	-13,0%	-5,8%	-3,9%	-2,6%	-6,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	394	389	379	377	373	341	-13,5%	-4,1%	-1,6%	-1,1%	-8,6%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	200	192	189	180	170	171	-14,5%	-11,5%	-10,1%	-5,6%	0,6%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	20	22	23	26	25	22	10,0%	13,6%	8,7%	-3,8%	-12,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 273	1 329	1 321	1 292	1 296	1 263	-0,8%	-2,5%	-1,9%	0,3%	-2,5%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	961	989	987	966	975	936	-2,6%	-1,4%	-1,2%	0,9%	-4,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	292	322	317	309	306	312	6,8%	-5,0%	-3,5%	-1,0%	2,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	20	18	17	17	15	15	-25,0%	-16,7%	-11,8%	-11,8%	0,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 944	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	-16,1%	-4,9%	-4,7%	-2,2%	-1,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	389	311	285	381	474	523	34,4%	52,4%	66,3%	24,4%	10,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 194	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	-20,6%	-9,0%	-8,9%	-3,5%	-2,5%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	576	544	562	579	534	498	-13,5%	-1,8%	-5,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	785	731	732	717	689	682	-13,1%	-5,7%	-5,9%	-3,9%	-1,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	868	839	819	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	71	83	93	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	399	375	350	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	119	112	113	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	279	268	263	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	-	-5,1%	-4,8%	-2,0%	-1,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	246	222	310	390	430	-	58,5%	75,7%	25,8%	10,3%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	-	-8,8%	-8,6%	-3,2%	-2,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	439	455	460	422	385	-	-3,9%	-7,3%	-8,3%	-8,8%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	452	453	438	421	419	-	-6,9%	-7,1%	-3,9%	-0,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 887	1 932	1 912	1 875	1 864	1 797	-4,8%	-3,5%	-2,5%	-0,6%	-3,6%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 355	1 378	1 366	1 343	1 348	1 277	-5,8%	-2,2%	-1,3%	0,4%	-5,3%
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46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	40	40	40	43	40	37	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	-7,0%	-7,5%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	614	603	591	583	568	534	-13,0%	-5,8%	-3,9%	-2,6%	-6,0%
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46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	20	18	17	17	15	15	-25,0%	-16,7%	-11,8%	-11,8%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 944	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	-16,1%	-4,9%	-4,7%	-2,2%	-1,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	389	311	285	381	474	523	34,4%	52,4%	66,3%	24,4%	10,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 194	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	-20,6%	-9,0%	-8,9%	-3,5%	-2,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	576	544	562	579	534	498	-13,5%	-1,8%	-5,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	785	731	732	717	689	682	-13,1%	-5,7%	-5,9%	-3,9%	-1,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	868	839	819	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	71	83	93	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	399	375	350	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	119	112	113	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	279	268	263	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	-	-5,1%	-4,8%	-2,0%	-1,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	246	222	310	390	430	-	58,5%	75,7%	25,8%	10,3%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	-	-8,8%	-8,6%	-3,2%	-2,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	439	455	460	422	385	-	-3,9%	-7,3%	-8,3%	-8,8%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	452	453	438	421	419	-	-6,9%	-7,1%	-3,9%	-0,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Croatia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	4 133	4 392	4 408	4 487	4 560	4 690	13,5%	3,8%	3,4%	1,6%	2,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 412 137	4 262 140	4 246 809	4 225 316	4 190 669	4 154 213	-5,8%	-1,7%	-1,3%	-0,8%	-0,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	4 133	4 392	4 408	4 487	4 560	4 690	13,5%	3,8%	3,4%	1,6%	2,9%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 944	6 234	6 222	6 061	5 929	5 827	-16,1%	-4,9%	-4,7%	-2,2%	-1,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	389	311	285	381	474	523	34,4%	52,4%	66,3%	24,4%	10,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 194	4 648	4 643	4 384	4 231	4 124	-20,6%	-9,0%	-8,9%	-3,5%	-2,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	576	544	562	579	534	498	-13,5%	-1,8%	-5,0%	-7,8%	-6,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	785	731	732	717	689	682	-13,1%	-5,7%	-5,9%	-3,9%	-1,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	868	839	819	-	-	-	-3,3%	-2,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	71	83	93	-	-	-	16,9%	12,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	399	375	350	-	-	-	-6,0%	-6,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	119	112	113	-	-	-	-5,9%	0,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	279	268	263	-	-	-	-3,9%	-1,9%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	5 364	5 349	5 193	5 090	5 008	-	-5,1%	-4,8%	-2,0%	-1,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	246	222	310	390	430	-	58,5%	75,7%	25,8%	10,3%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	4 227	4 219	3 985	3 856	3 774	-	-8,8%	-8,6%	-3,2%	-2,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	439	455	460	422	385	-	-3,9%	-7,3%	-8,3%	-8,8%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	452	453	438	421	419	-	-6,9%	-7,1%	-3,9%	-0,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---	---	---	---

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
--	---	---	---	---	---	-----------------	---	---	---	---	---

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Cyprus (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
GDP per capita	21 569 €	20 512 €	19 033 €	20 454 €	20 931 €	21 282 €	-1,3%	2,0%	10,0%	2,3%	1,7%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

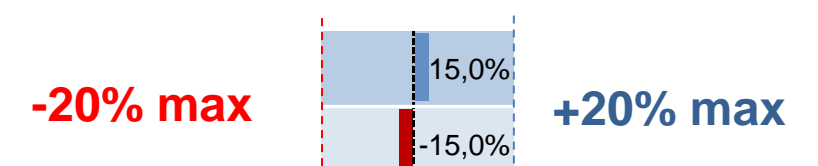
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	41,7	35,4	31,9	30,6	31,4	33,1	-20,5%	-11,2%	3,8%	8,1%	5,6%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	57,9	52,5	NA	NA	61,5	NA	NA	17,0%	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	12,9	11,9	11,8	11,3	13,3	13,1	1,2%	12,0%	11,2%	15,7%	-1,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	57,5	49,0	49,8	52,2	50,0	51,5	-10,5%	2,1%	3,5%	-1,3%	3,1%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				2,2	0,0	0,0				100,0%	

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,3	NA	4,5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,241	0,2	0,8	0,187	0,200	0,182	-24,6%	-17,4%	-74,2%	6,8%	-8,9%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	84%	NC	78%	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR administrative law cases	74%	74%	58%	103%	120%	113%	0,52	0,62	1,08	0,16	-0,06

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	513	NC	638	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 340	1 270	775	1 775	1 391	1 582	18,0%	9,5%	79,5%	-21,6%	13,7%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,9	NA	6,1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,7	0,6	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	35,2%	46,4%	-3,7%	-3,1%	-2,6%

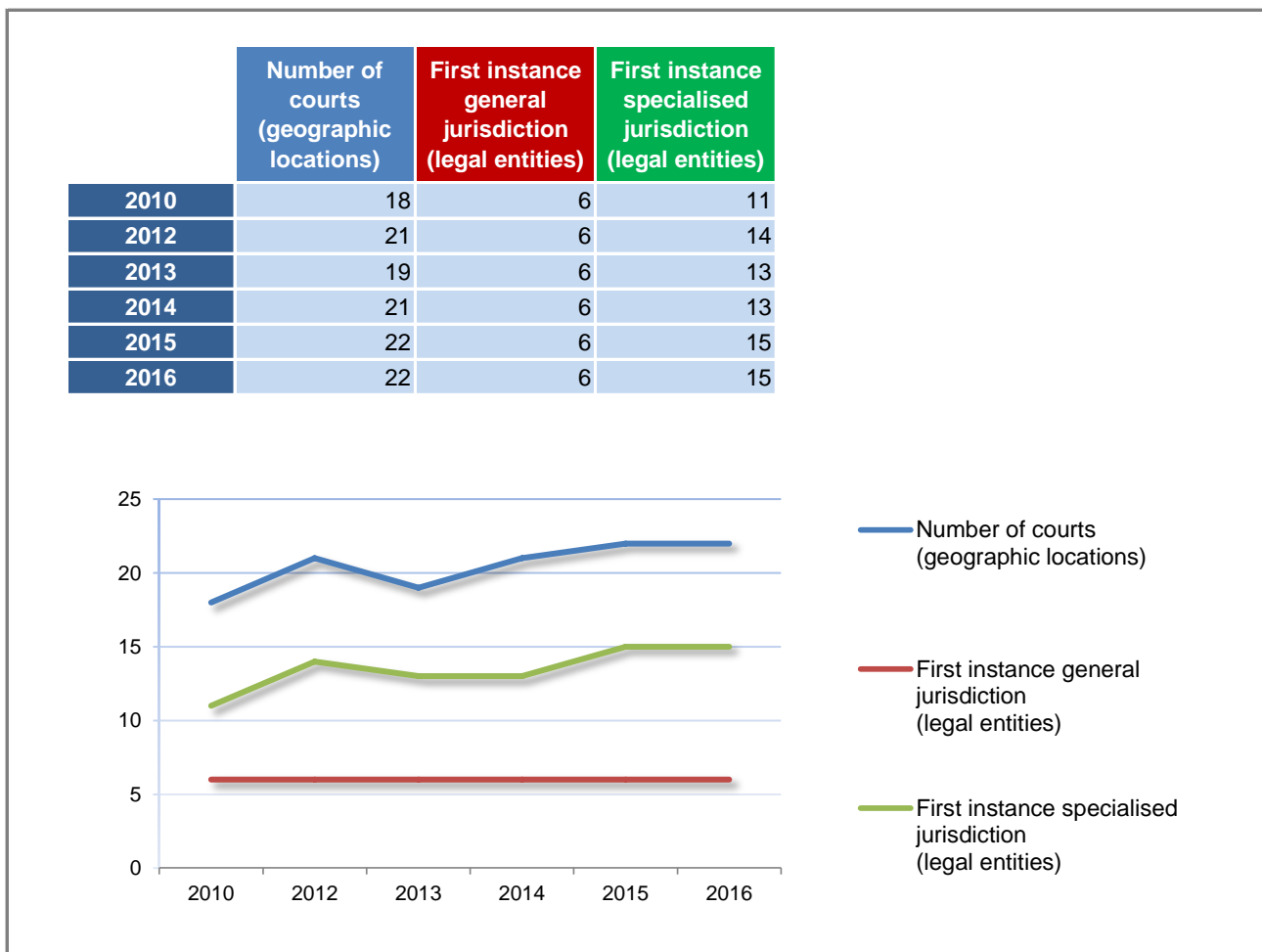


1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

Cyprus has a two tier system. The Supreme Court is the second and final instance court. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals.

According to 2016 data, there are 6 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 15 first instance specialised courts.

The total number of courts as geographic locations is 22.



2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 28 107 307 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 33,1 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

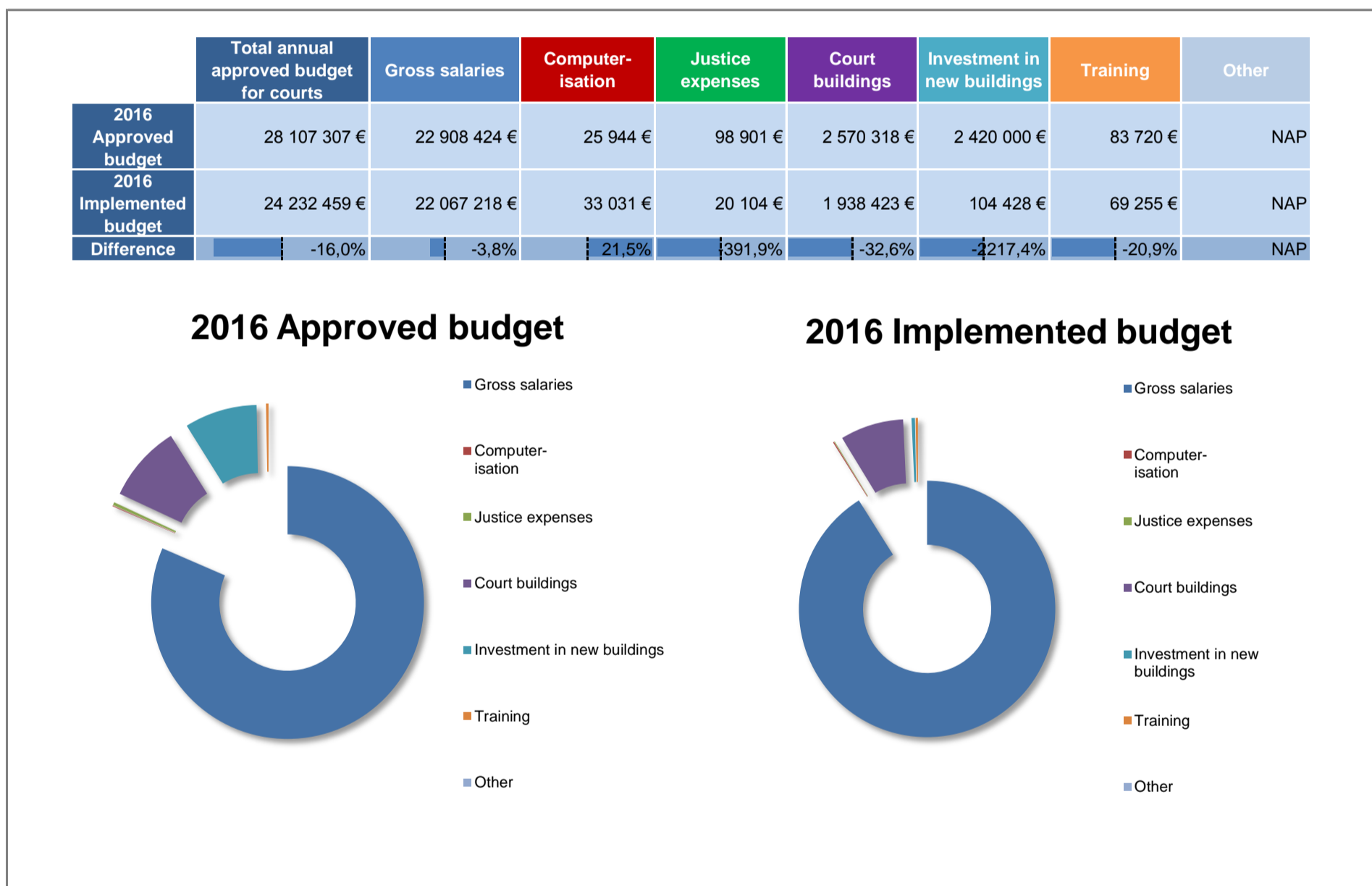
- Gross Salaries (22 908 424 €)
- Court buildings (2 570 318 €)
- New court buildings (2 420 000 €)

It is noteworthy to mention some useful information on certain budgetary components.

The annual public budget (approved and implemented) allocated to computerization decreased between 2015 and 2016 because no new computers were purchased.

Concerning the annual public budget (approved and implemented) allocated to justice expenses, the discrepancy with previous data is due to the fact that in the last cycles (2014 and 2015) legal aid could not be isolated.

The annual public approved budget allocated to training increased between 2015 and 2016 because more training activities were organised. In 2016 the budget allocated to new court buildings includes a budget for the erection of a new district court of Pafos. However this was not achieved in 2016, therefore there is a big difference between the approved and the implemented budget.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 52 137 479 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 61,5 €

The budget per capita (61,5 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Cyprus belongs to the group of European States with relatively low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

The total annual budget allocated to Courts and Prosecution Services is 49 474 464 EUR (approved) and 44 396 391 EUR (implemented). The total annual budget allocated to Courts and Legal Aid is 30 183 507 EUR (approved) and 26 140 076 EUR (implemented). The total annual budget allocated to all three components (Courts, Prosecution Services, Legal Aid) is 51 550 064 EUR (approved) and 46 304 000 EUR (implemented).

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 279 943 425 €

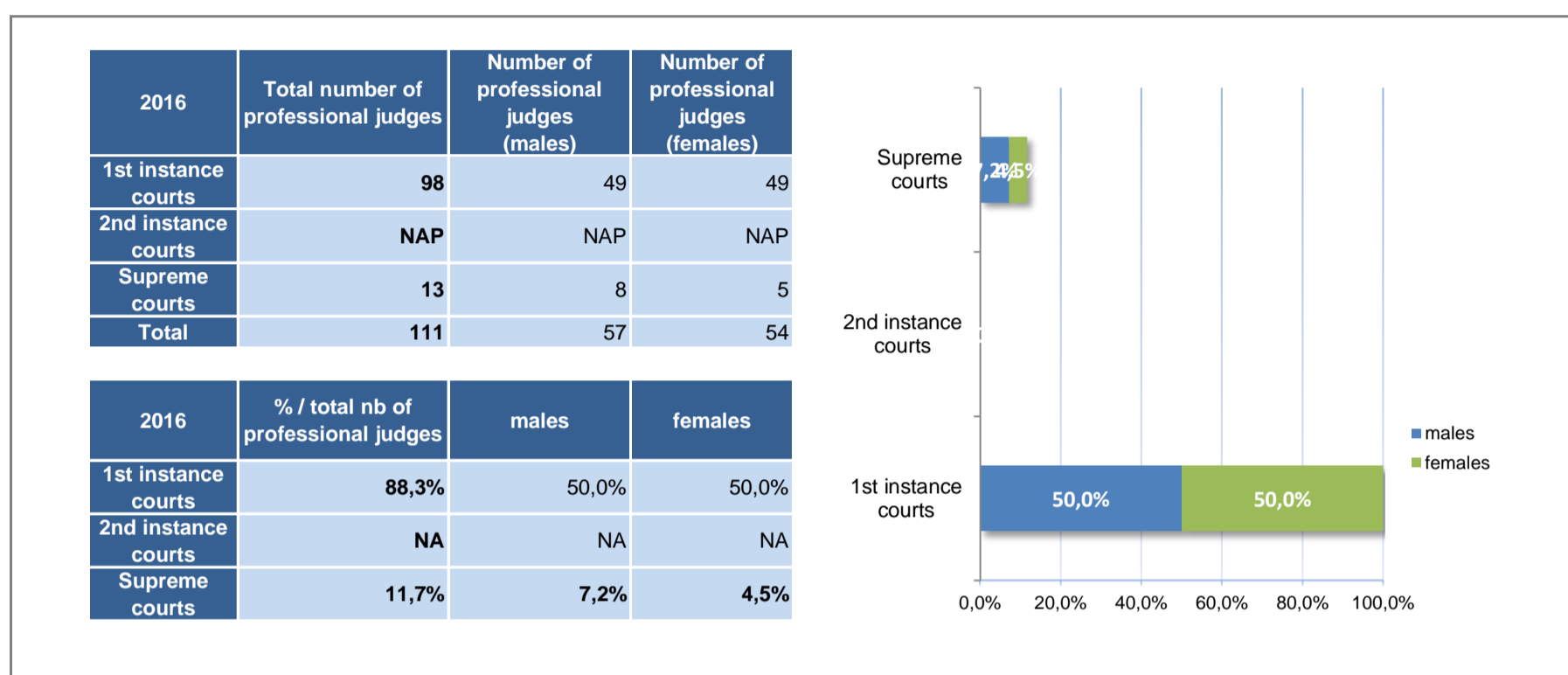
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget

- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Cyprus is 111 which is -1,8% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Cyprus, in 2016, there are 13,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,9 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,8 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 54 which represents 48,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 98 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 49 are female) ; and 13 are sitting in the Supreme Court (among which 5 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be recalled that Cyprus has a two tier system, the Supreme Court being the second and final instance court that. All judges of the Supreme Court hear appeals.

In Cyprus, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: No training offered

It is noteworthy mentioning that starting from 2016, a two week training is provided to all newly appointed judges.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	463	NAP	141	141	133	48
2012	424	NAP	133	124	129	38
2013	427	NAP	133	131	125	38
2014	448	NAP	129	128	151	40
2015	424	NAP	130	130	128	36
2016	437	NAP	138	135	130	34

In Cyprus, in 2016, there are 437 non-judge staff (among which 291 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 3,1%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 138 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 129 are women);
- 135 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 127 are women);
- 130 technical staff (among which 29 are women);
- 34 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 6 are women);

The category "other staff" encompasses court bailiffs.

The total number of non-judge staff includes clerical staff and also court bailiffs.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 49,4 in 2015 to 51,5 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 13,1 in 2016.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 2 076 200 € (2,4 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

Generally, the amount of legal aid is included in the amount for cost of criminal prosecutions, civil procedure and procedures in Family courts.

In Cyprus legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. There is no provision in the law in this regard.

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs.

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in criminal and other than criminal matters.

When a party in a court case is represented by the office of the Attorney General or the party is the Redundancy fund, the exemption from court fee applies.

For criminal cases 5 euros stamp is required for each accused.

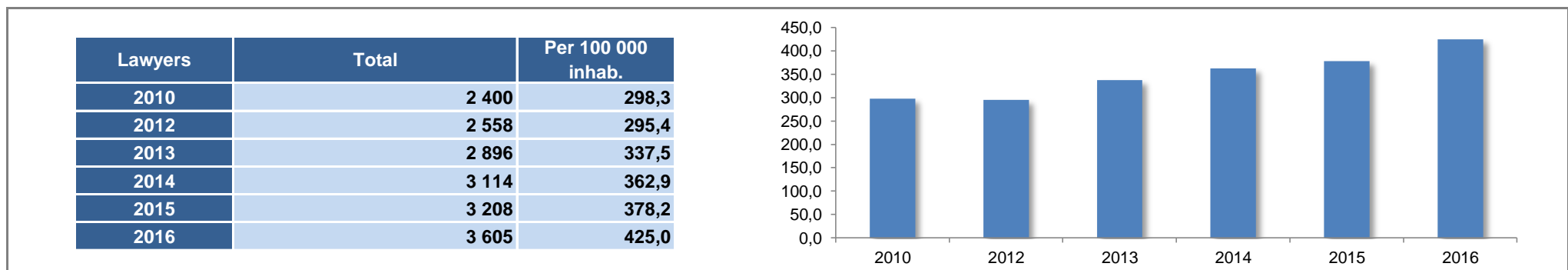
For other cases, the amount of the fee depends on the value of the claim.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 48 euros. This represents the stamp duty.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 48€. This represents the stamp duty.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Cyprus, in 2016, there are 3 605 lawyers, which is 12,4% more than in 2015.

This data represents 425,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Three universities offering law degrees were established which increased the number of lawyers registered.

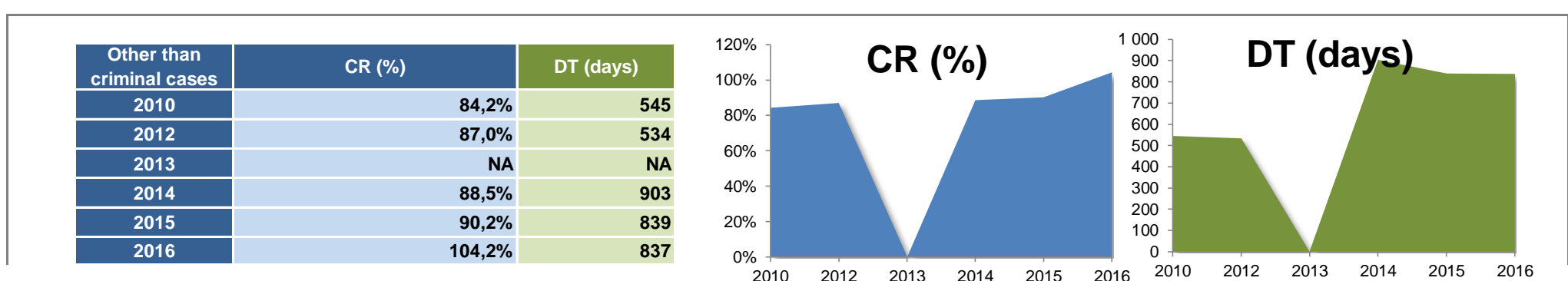
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



At the outset, it should be pointed out that, in Cyprus, the total of other than criminal cases includes military court cases, rent tribunal cases, labour court cases and admiralty cases.

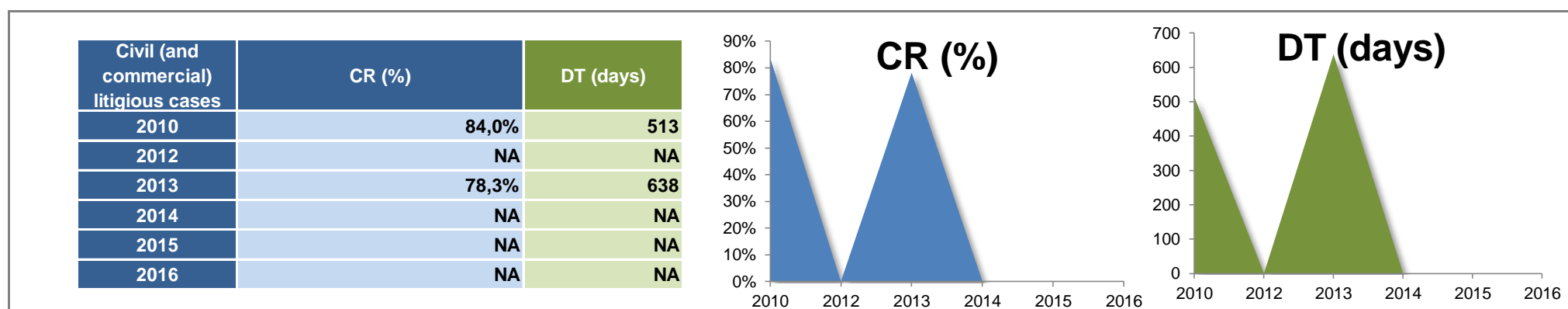
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,2% in 2016, Cyprus seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 14,0 points.

In Cyprus, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 837 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



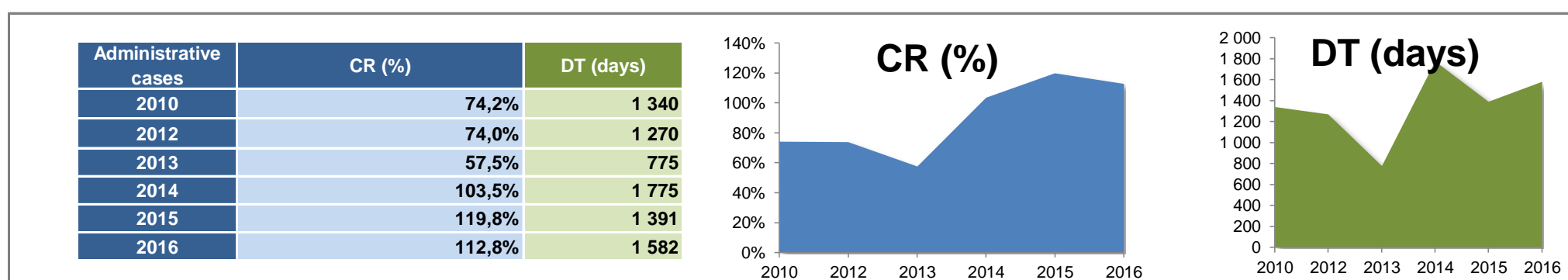
The Clearance Rate of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

In fact, the number of litigious and non-litigious cases cannot be separated and constitute one overall category of civil cases.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 112,8% in 2016, Cyprus seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,1 points.

In Cyprus, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 1 582 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 13,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Insolvency*

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2010		
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

The evolution of Disposition Time cannot be calculated.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Cyprus, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released through paper distribution.

The Supreme Court prepares an activity report on the reserved judgments and the period for which they are reserved. There is no report prepared by each court on the number of cases.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

◦ Age of cases

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

Through monthly and yearly statistics the system evaluates the performance of each judge. The system provides information on how many judgments were given, how many cases are pending, the time they are pending. Statistics on the number of cases filed and pending in each court at each level of jurisdiction (president, senior district judge and district judge) are available for making the necessary allocation of judges. The system also keeps record of the cases that are pending for more than 2 years in order to have the possibility to examine the reason for the delay. Lastly the Supreme Court ruled that if a judgment has been reserved for more than 9 months the Supreme Court can call upon the judge asking the reasons for the delay and giving directions as to the time judgment should be given.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system. However, in practice there are such quality standards.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Cyprus provides judicial mediation.

A law on mediation was introduced in 2012 and applies only to civil cases. The case is transmitted to mediation and the judge does not act as a mediator.

Mediators	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
2010	NA	NA
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

The number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation in Cyprus is not available.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

● **The ICT tools of courts and for court users**

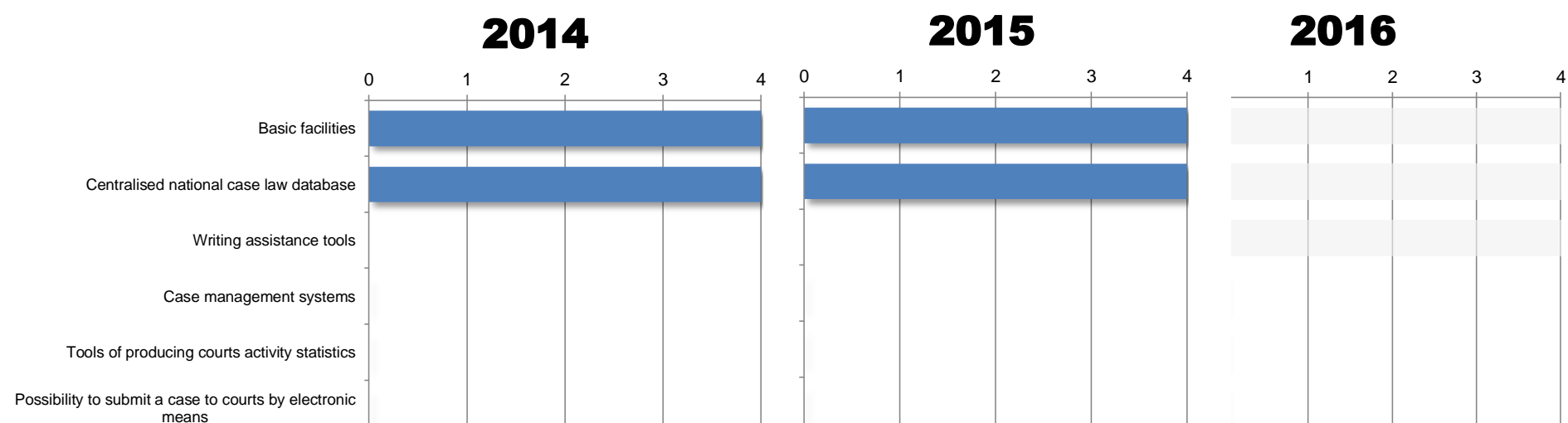
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Cyprus has been evaluated at 0,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Possibility to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding												
Electronic communication between courts and lawyers												
Electronic signature of documents												
Videoconferencing with users												

4. National data collection system

In Cyprus, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Supreme Court of Cyprus (<http://www.supremecourt.gov.cy/>).

Statistics are not at present published on the internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

The supreme court through technical assistance from the Structural Reform Service of the European commission will proceed with reform of the judiciary. A team of experts has undertaken to prepare a report on the reform.

2. Budget

A general reform of the judiciary is under preparation.

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	21 569	20 512	19 033	20 454	20 931	21 282	-1,3%	2,0%	10,0%	2,3%	1,7%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	33 546 827	30 611 480	27 375 949	26 287 423	26 616 189	28 107 307	-16,2%	-13,1%	-2,8%	1,3%	5,6%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	24 843 386	24 546 841	24 232 459	-	-	-	-1,2%	-1,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	895 700	NA	1 907 617	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 964 412	17 971 759	16 600 696	15 798 704	18 562 103	21 953 972	37,5%	3,3%	11,8%	17,5%	18,3%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	36 139 641	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	57,9	52,5	NA	NA	61,5	-	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	73,4	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 964 412	17 971 759	16 600 696	15 798 704	18 562 103	21 953 972	37,5%	3,3%	11,8%	17,5%	18,3%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	57,9	52,5	NA	NA	61,5	-	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	73,4	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	33 546 827	30 611 480	27 375 949	26 287 423	26 616 189	28 107 307	-16,2%	-13,1%	-2,8%	1,3%	5,6%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	22 335 367	22 793 540	22 401 578	21 630 112	22 025 357	22 908 424	2,6%	-3,4%	-1,7%	1,8%	4,0%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	116 180	124 970	71 080	70 028	53 310	25 944	-77,7%	-57,3%	-25,0%	-23,9%	-51,3%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	87 100	117 374	57 960	2 201 320	2 083 585	98 901	13,5%	1675,2%	3494,9%	-5,3%	-95,3%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	2 653 611	2 474 850	2 586 071	2 360 403	2 394 597	2 570 318	-3,1%	-3,2%	-7,4%	1,4%	7,3%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	6 310 040	3 000 060	0	0	NAP	2 420 000	-61,6%	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	98 929	92 480	30 060	25 560	59 340	83 720	-15,4%	-35,8%	97,4%	132,2%	41,1%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	1 945 600	2 008 206	2 229 200	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	58 €	53 €	NA	NA	61 €	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 964 412	17 971 759	16 600 696	15 798 704	18 562 103	21 953 972	37,5%	3,3%	11,8%	17,5%	18,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	79 536 746	76 527 498	68 958 069	279 825 433	326 670 561	279 943 425	252,0%	326,9%	373,7%	16,7%	-14,3%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	33 546 827	30 611 480	27 375 949	26 287 423	26 616 189	28 107 307	-16,2%	-13,1%	-2,8%	1,3%	5,6%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	33 546 827	30 611 480	27 375 949	26 287 423	26 616 189	28 107 307	0 €	-13,1%	-2,8%	1,3%	5,6%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	116 180	124 970	71 080	70 028	53 310	25 944	1 €	-57,3%	-25,0%	-23,9%	-51,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 964 412	17 971 759	16 600 696	15 798 704	18 562 103	21 953 972	37,5%	3,3%	11,8%	17,5%	18,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	33 546 827	30 611 480	27 375 949	26 287 423	26 616 189	28 107 307	-16,2%	-13,1%	-2,8%	1,3%	5,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	9 802 960	11 377 030	-	7 851 964	9 166 370	8 221 486	-16,1%	-19,4%	-	16,7%	-10,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	- s a fixed amount	- it is a fixed fee.	the amount claimed	ount of the claim.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	6	6	6	6	6	6	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	11	14	13	13	15	15	36,4%	7,1%	15,4%	15,4%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	18	21	19	21	22	22	22,2%	4,8%	15,8%	4,8%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	11	14	13	13	15	15	36,4%	7,1%	15,4%	15,4%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	1	1	1	3	3	3	200,0%	200,0%	200,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	2	3	2	3	2	2	0,0%	-33,3%	0,0%	-33,3%	0,0%
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	-	-	-	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	4	NA	NAP	3	5	5	25,0%	-	-	66,7%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 631	42 179	NA	49 655	58 568	61 484	82,8%	38,9%	-	17,9%	5,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 999	NA	44 285	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	4 788	4 851	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 737	61,6%	66,4%	49,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 844	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 612	36 868	NA	23 939	29 667	25 291	-17,4%	-19,5%	-	23,9%	-14,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 455	NA	38 473	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 940	2 094	6 653	1 604	1 694	1 543	-20,5%	-19,1%	-74,5%	5,6%	-8,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 217	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	25 763	32 092	NA	21 182	26 751	26 358	2,3%	-16,6%	-	26,3%	-1,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	22 210	NA	30 125	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 440	1 550	3 828	1 660	2 030	1 740	20,8%	31,0%	-47,0%	22,3%	-14,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 113	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	38 480	46 955	NA	52 412	61 484	60 417	57,0%	30,9%	-	17,3%	-1,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 244	NA	52 633	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	5 288	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 738	7 540	42,6%	43,4%	-4,8%	-4,2%	-2,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 948	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	84,2%	87,0%	NA	88,5%	90,2%	104,2%	23,8%	3,6%	-	1,9%	15,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	84,0%	NA	78,3%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	74,2%	74,0%	57,5%	103,5%	119,8%	112,8%	51,9%	61,9%	108,3%	15,8%	-5,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	95,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	545	534	NA	903	839	837	53,5%	57,1%	-	-7,1%	-0,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	513	NA	638	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1340	1270	775	1775	1391	1582	18,0%	9,5%	79,5%	-21,6%	13,7%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	336	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	3 687	3 450	3 378	3 335	3 282	3 389	-8,1%	-4,9%	-2,8%	-1,6%	3,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	1 067	1 382	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	97,3%	60,6%	26,9%	2,1%	-5,1%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	6 607	7 195	6 846	6 686	6 605	6 663	0,8%	-8,2%	-3,5%	-1,2%	0,9%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	657	1 005	1 038	984	637	1 014	54,3%	-36,6%	-38,6%	-35,3%	59,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	6 697	7 267	6 889	6 737	6 498	6 471	-3,4%	-10,6%	-5,7%	-3,5%	-0,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	649	638	614	938	751	827	27,4%	17,7%	22,3%	-19,9%	10,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	3 597	3 378	3 335	3 284	3 389	3 581	-0,4%	0,3%	1,6%	3,2%	5,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	1 075	1 749	2 173	2 219	2 105	2 292	113,2%	20,4%	-3,1%	-5,1%	8,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,4%	101,0%	100,6%	100,8%	98,4%	97,1%	-4,2%	-2,6%	-2,2%	-2,4%	-1,3%
CR Employment dismissal cases	98,8%	63,5%	59,2%	95,3%	117,9%	81,6%	-17,4%	85,7%	99,3%	23,7%	-30,8%
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	196	170	177	178	190	202	3,0%	12,2%	7,7%	7,0%	6,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	605	1 001	1 292	863	1 023	1 012	67,3%	2,2%	-20,8%	18,5%	-1,1%
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 440	1 918	NA	2 500	2 868	NAP	-	49,5%	-	14,7%	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	884	1 148	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	556	619	NA	801	871	NAP	-	40,7%	-	8,7%	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	647	1 076	NA	865	788	NAP	-	-26,8%	-	-8,9%	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	427	515	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	220	288	NA	180	133	NAP	-	-53,8%	-	-26,1%	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	471	719	NA	437	426	NAP	-	-40,8%	-	-2,5%	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	307	325	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	164	116	NA	110	118	NAP	-	1,7%	-	7,3%	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 616	2 275	NA	2 928	3 230	NAP	-	42,0%	-	10,3%	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 004	303	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	612	791	NA	871	886	NAP	-	12,0%	-	1,7%	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	72,8%	66,8%	NA	50,5%	54,1%	NAP	-	-19,1%	-	7,0%	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	71,9%	63,1%	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	74,5%	40,3%	NA	61,1%	88,7%	NAP	-	120,3%	-	45,2%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1252	1155	NA	2446	2767	NAP	-	139,6%	-	13,2%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1194	340	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1362	2489	NA	2890	2741	NAP	-	10,1%	-	-5,2%	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	3 230	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	886	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	919	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	63	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	461	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	120	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	3 688	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	829	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	50,2%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	190,5%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	2920	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	2522	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 1st instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 1st instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 631	42 179	NA	49 655	58 568	61 484	82,8%	38,9%	-	17,9%	5,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 999	NA	44 285	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	4 788	4 851	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 737	61,6%	66,4%	49,7%	-0,7%	-4,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 844	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30 612	36 868	NA	23 939	29 667	25 291	-17,4%	-19,5%	-	23,9%	-14,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 455	NA	38 473	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 940	2 094	6 653	1 604	1 694	1 543	-20,5%	-19,1%	-74,5%	5,6%	-8,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 217	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	25 763	32 092	NA	21 182	26 751	26 358	2,3%	-16,6%	-	26,3%	-1,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	22 210	NA	30 125	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 440	1 550	3 828	1 660	2 030	1 740	20,8%	31,0%	-47,0%	22,3%	-14,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 113	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	38 480	46 955	NA	52 412	61 484	60 417	57,0%	30,9%	-	17,3%	-1,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 244	NA	52 633	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	5 288	5 395	8 130	8 074	7 738	7 540	42,6%	43,4%	-4,8%	-4,2%	-2,6%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1 948	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	895 700	NA	1 907 617	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	1 526 738	1 098 226	NA	NA	2 076 200	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	www.cylaw.com	www.cylaw.com	www.cylaw.com	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	104	103	101	97	113	111	6,7%	9,7%	11,9%	16,5%	-1,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	91	90	88	84	100	98	7,7%	11,1%	13,6%	19,0%	-2,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	13	13	13	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	59	56	54	53	60	57	-3,4%	7,1%	11,1%	13,2%	-5,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	47	47	44	44	51	49	4,3%	8,5%	15,9%	15,9%	-3,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	12	9	10	9	9	8	-33,3%	0,0%	-10,0%	0,0%	-11,1%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	45	47	47	44	53	54	20,0%	12,8%	12,8%	20,5%	1,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	44	43	44	40	49	49	11,4%	14,0%	11,4%	22,5%	0,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	1	4	3	4	4	5	400,0%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	25,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	463	424	427	448	424	437	-5,6%	0,0%	-0,7%	-5,4%	3,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	141	133	133	129	130	138	-2,1%	-2,3%	-2,3%	0,8%	6,2%

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	141	124	131	128	130	135	-4,3%	4,8%	-0,8%	1,6%	3,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	133	129	125	151	128	130	-2,3%	-0,8%	2,4%	-15,2%	1,6%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	48	38	38	40	36	34	-29,2%	-5,3%	-5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	178	144	146	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	9	9	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	7	8	-	-	-	-	14,3%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	118	99	101	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	29	28	-	-	-	-	-3,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	272	284	280	291	-	-	2,9%	-1,4%	3,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	126	120	121	129	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%	6,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	121	NA	123	127	-	-	1,7%	-	3,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	31	33	29	29	-	-	-6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	7	6	-	-	-	-	-14,3%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	104	103	101	97	113	111	6,7%	9,7%	11,9%	16,5%	-1,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	91	90	88	84	100	98	7,7%	11,1%	13,6%	19,0%	-2,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	13	13	13	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	59	56	54	53	60	57	-3,4%	7,1%	11,1%	13,2%	-5,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	47	47	44	44	51	49	4,3%	8,5%	15,9%	15,9%	-3,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	12	9	10	9	9	8	-33,3%	0,0%	-10,0%	0,0%	-11,1%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	45	47	47	44	53	54	20,0%	12,8%	12,8%	20,5%	1,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	44	43	44	40	49	49	11,4%	14,0%	11,4%	22,5%	0,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	1	4	3	4	4	5	400,0%	0,0%	33,3%	0,0%	25,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	463	424	427	448	424	437	-5,6%	0,0%	-0,7%	-5,4%	3,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	141	133	133	129	130	138	-2,1%	-2,3%	-2,3%	0,8%	6,2%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	141	124	131	128	130	135	-4,3%	4,8%	-0,8%	1,6%	3,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	133	129	125	151	128	130	-2,3%	-0,8%	2,4%	-15,2%	1,6%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	48	38	38	40	36	34	-29,2%	-5,3%	-5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	178	144	146	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	9	9	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	7	8	-	-	-	-	14,3%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	118	99	101	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	29	28	-	-	-	-	-3,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	272	284	280	291	-	-	2,9%	-1,4%	3,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	126	120	121	129	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%	6,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	121	NA	123	127	-	-	1,7%	-	3,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	31	33	29	29	-	-	-6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	7	6	-	-	-	-	-14,3%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Cyprus tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	2 400	2 558	2 896	3 114	3 208	3 605	50,2%	25,4%	10,8%	3,0%	12,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	804 536	865 900	858 000	858 000	848 300	848 300	5,4%	-2,0%	-1,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	2 400	2 558	2 896	3 114	3 208	3 605	50,2%	25,4%	10,8%	3,0%	12,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	463	424	427	448	424	437	-5,6%	0,0%	-0,7%	-5,4%	3,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	141	133	133	129	130	138	-2,1%	-2,3%	-2,3%	0,8%	6,2%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	141	124	131	128	130	135	-4,3%	4,8%	-0,8%	1,6%	3,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	133	129	125	151	128	130	-2,3%	-0,8%	2,4%	-15,2%	1,6%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	48	38	38	40	36	34	-29,2%	-5,3%	-5,3%	-10,0%	-5,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	178	144	146	-	-	-	-19,1%	1,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	9	9	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	7	8	-	-	-	-	14,3%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	118	99	101	-	-	-	-16,1%	2,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	29	28	-	-	-	-	-3,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	272	284	280	291	-	-	2,9%	-1,4%	3,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	126	120	121	129	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%	6,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	121	NA	123	127	-	-	1,7%	-	3,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	31	33	29	29	-	-	-6,5%	-12,1%	0,0%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	7	6	-	-	-	-	-14,3%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Czech Republic (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,7%	0,6%	0,5%	0,2%
GDP per capita	14 324 €	14 557 €	13 473 €	14 602 €	15 985 €	16 700 €	16,6%	9,8%	18,6%	9,5%	4,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	25,06000	25,14000	27,42500	27,72500	27,02500	27,02000	7,8%	7,5%	-1,5%	-2,5%	0,0%

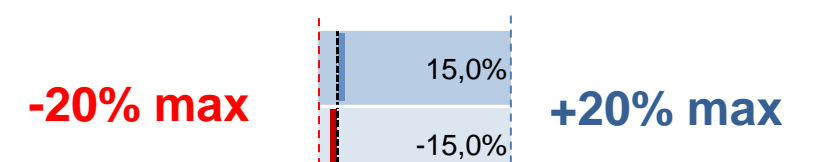
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	32,9	35,3	33,8	32,8	34,7	38,9	17,9%	-1,7%	14,8%	18,3%	12,0%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	43,6	45,6	43,8	NA	NA	47,7	9,4%	NA	8,8%	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	29,1	29,1	29,1	28,8	28,6	28,4	-2,5%	-1,6%	-2,2%	-1,3%	-0,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	90,3	86,9	86,6	88,4	89,2	91,8	1,7%	2,6%	6,0%	3,8%	3,0%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				8,6	9,5	10,0				10,3%	5,3%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,4	3,5	4,5	4,6	3,8	3,1	-28,1%	9,2%	-15,4%	-17,4%	-16,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,8	2,8	8,5	1,4	4,8	4,6	21,7%	74,2%	-43,3%	237,7%	-3,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	2,3	1,7	1,6	NA	NAP	NAP	-24,9%	-6,9%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	0,086	0,087	0,108	NA	NAP	NAP	0,7%	24,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	99%	90%	105%	107%	110%	0,07	0,09	0,19	0,02	0,03
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	100%	103%	102%	84%	104%	105%	0,05	0,01	0,01	0,23	0,02
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	98%	97%	103%				-0,01	0,06
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	91%	92%	80%				0,01	-0,13

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	128	174	187	163	159	153	19,5%	-8,6%	-15,1%	-2,7%	-4,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	41	45	30	160	133	116	184,4%	197,0%	338,8%	-17,4%	-12,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	20	29	16				46,7%	-44,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	415	437	421				5,3%	-3,8%

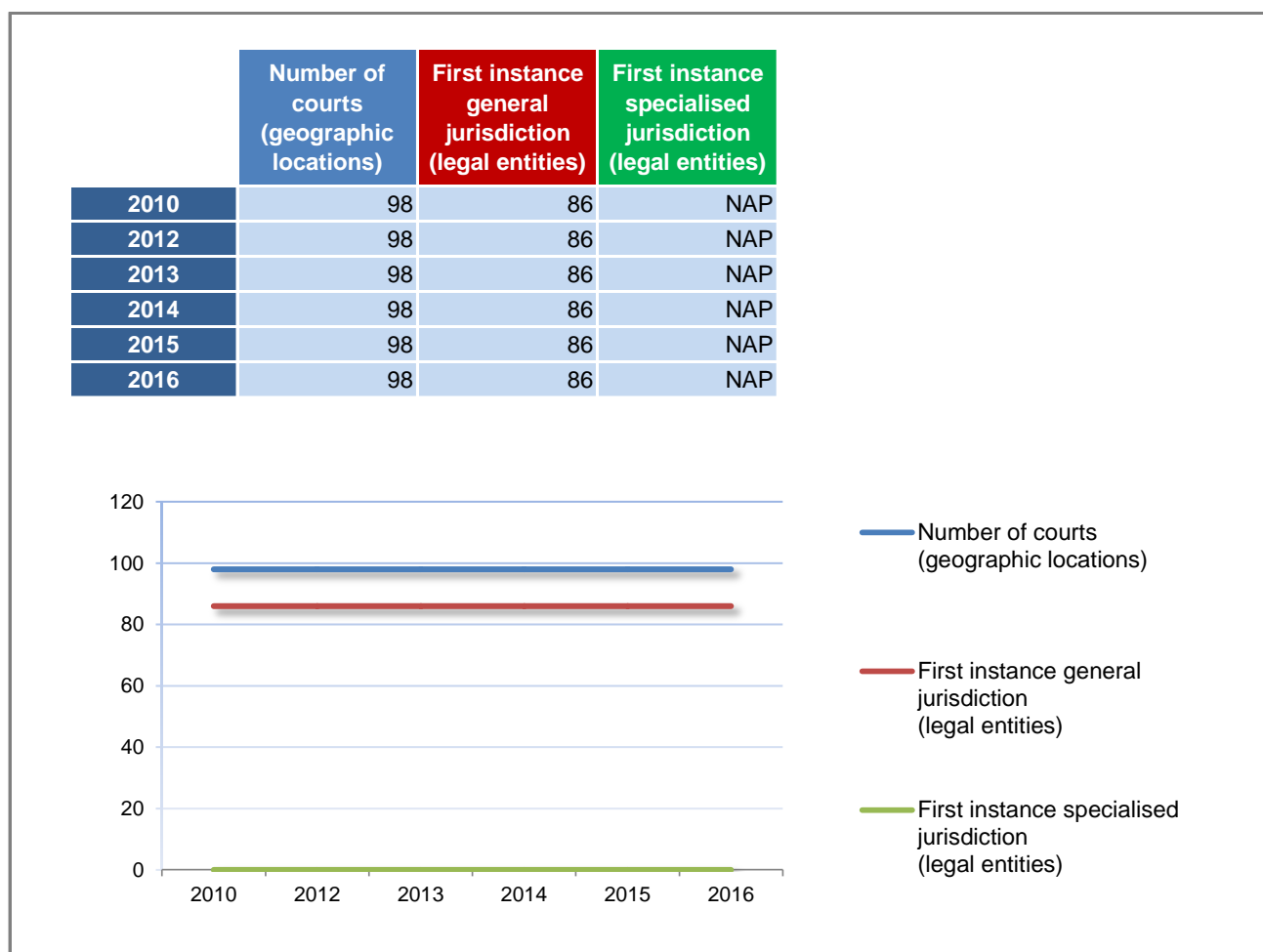
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,6	1,6	2,1	2,1	1,8	1,4	-8,4%	-11,3%	-30,0%	-32,6%	-18,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,4	0,3	0,7	0,5	1,8	1,6	264,3%	423,6%	151,9%	243,3%	-14,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NAP	NAP	0,1	0,1	0,1	NA	NAP	NAP	9,4%	-45,6%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	0,1	0,1	0,1	NA	NAP	NAP	7,5%	4,3%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

The Czech Republic has a four-tier court system. According to 2016 data, in the Czech Republic there are 86 first instance courts of general jurisdiction. There are no specialised first instance courts, but judges within individual courts are specialised (e.g. for family, labour and enforcement cases at district courts, and insolvency and administrative cases at regional courts as first instance courts).

There are 8 Regional courts and 2 High courts as second instance jurisdictions and 1 Supreme Court and 1 Supreme Administrative Court as highest instance courts.



2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 411 012 953 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 38,9 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

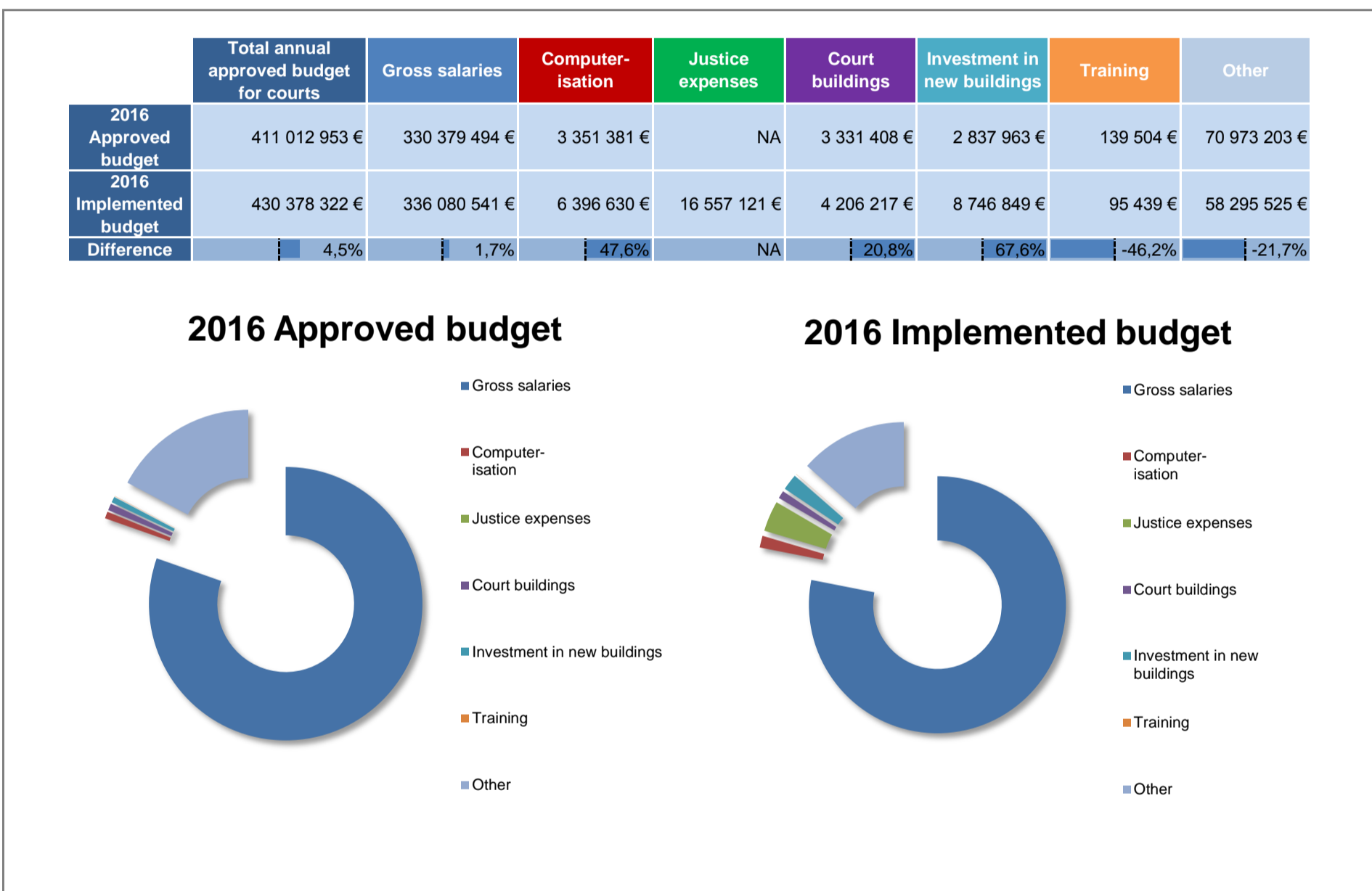
- Gross Salaries (330 379 494 €)
- Computerisation (3 351 381 €)
- Other (70 973 203 €)

The data on approved budget allocated to justice expenses cannot be separated from category “Other” in the approved budget. The data on implemented budget are obtained from individual courts from their economic system.

Please note that budget allocated to training and education does not include education realised by the Judicial Academy.

The implemented budget can be changed during the year, there can be movement even among individual chapters. During the year it also can increase by the expenses that were not used in previous year. That is why the implemented budget can sometimes vary. It is noteworthy that before 2014, the implemented budget was provided instead of the approved one. Accordingly, comparison should be made with care.

The approved Legal Aid budget is included in the court budget and cannot be separated at this stage.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 504 229 982 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 47,7 €

The budget per capita (47,7 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Czech Republic belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

It is noteworthy that before 2014, the implemented budget was provided instead of the approved one.

The data on approved budget allocated to legal aid do not exist, the approved budget is not divided to this level.

The provided data covers only financial means from the State budget and only cases brought to court. Besides, legal aid is also provided by the Czech Bar Association on its own expenses (or on the expenses of the individual lawyers) and it could cover also cases not brought to court.

The data on implemented budget are obtained from individual courts from their economic system.

The provided data covers only financial means from the State budget and only cases brought to court. Besides, legal aid is also provided by the Czech Bar Association on its own expenses (or on the expenses of the individual lawyers) and it could cover also cases not brought to court.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 547 388 294 €

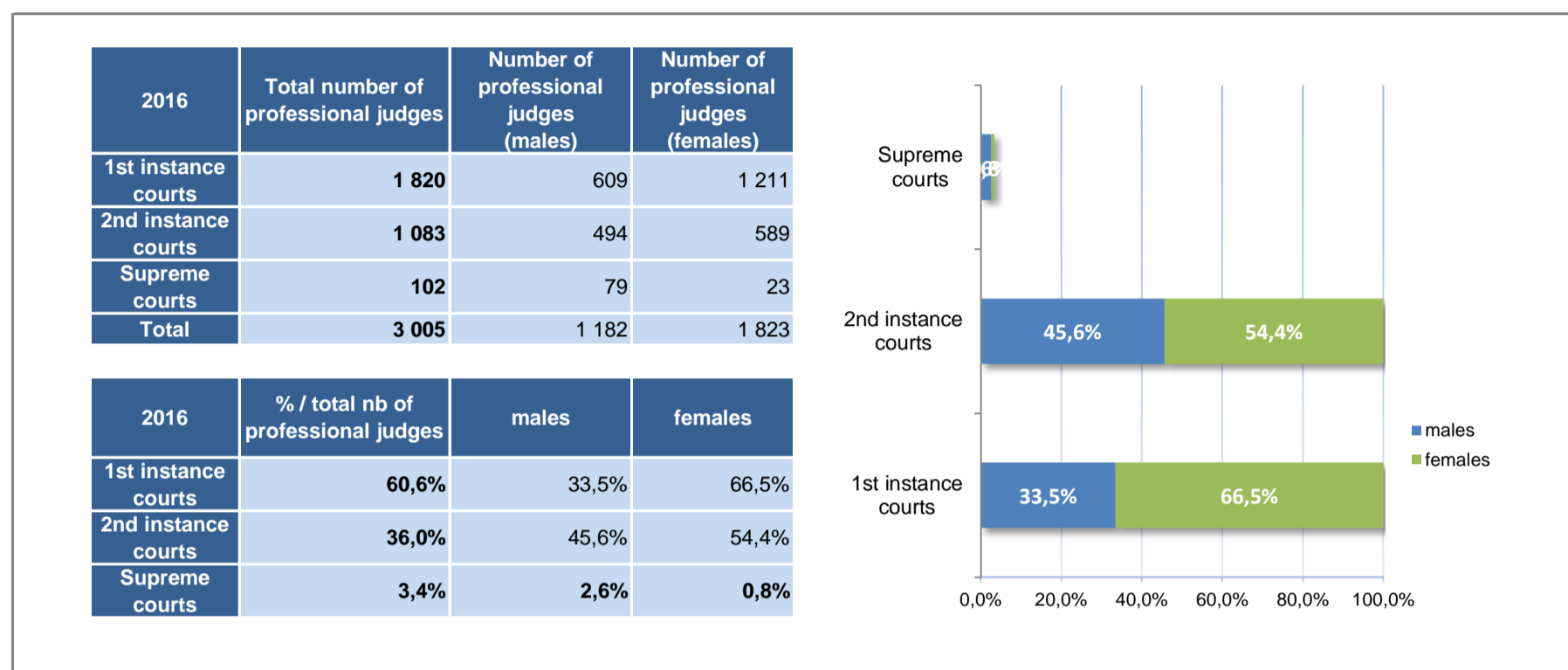
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Probation services
- Judicial management body
- Enforcement services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice

In respect of the component “notariat”, the correct answer should be “no”. Notwithstanding, there are some exceptions, e.g. when a notary acts in probate proceedings and there is no property, his/her costs are paid by the State.

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Czech Republic is 3 005 which is -0,4% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Czech Republic, in 2016, there are 28,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,1 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 823 which represents 60,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 820 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 211 are female) ; 1 083 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 589 are female) and 102 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 23 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the Czech Republic has a four-tier system.

The number of judges of the two High Courts is included in the number of second instance judges. This methodology of presentation of data is applied since 2013, while for the previous evaluations, magistrates of the High Courts were considered as third instance judges.

In Czech Republic, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	9 498	2 105	4 564	1 952	833	44
2012	9 135	1 950	4 463	2 038	636	48
2013	9 107	1 907	4 418	2 131	625	26
2014	9 309	2 073	4 539	2 006	614	77
2015	9 409	2 190	4 519	2 053	610	37
2016	9 714	2 408	4 497	2 091	656	62

In Czech Republic, in 2016, there are 9 714 non-judge staff (among which 8 548 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase c

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 408 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 4 497 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 4 325 are women);
- 2 091 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 783 are women);
- 656 technical staff (among which 387 are women);
- 62 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 39 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 89,4 in 2015 to 92,0 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 28,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 28,4 in 2016.

The category "other" encompasses for 2010 judicial trainees or staff in charge of court documentation. For 2012 to 2016, besides the already mentioned components, it subsumes also press centre and telephone exchange.

Small discrepancy present in some categories is a result of ordinary turnover of staff in 98 organisations.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

It is noteworthy that before 2014, the implemented budget was provided instead of the approved one.

The data on approved budget allocated to legal aid do not exist and the approved budget is not divided to this level.

In Czech Republic legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can be granted in any stage of the proceeding.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

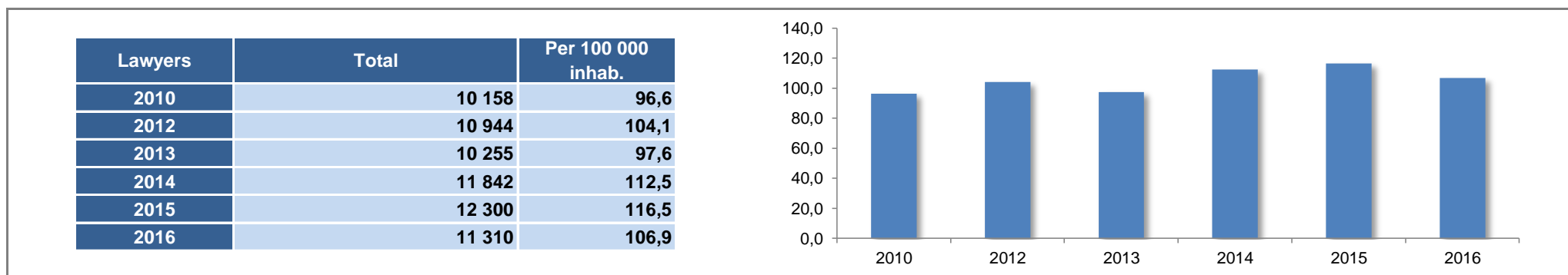
The law regulates exceptions to the duty to pay court fees. On the one hand, the legislator has established a list of certain persons exempt from paying court fees (e.g. the State, diplomatic representations of foreign States, foundations). On the other hand, the law refers to specific types of procedures in respect of which there is an exemption from paying court fees (e.g. proceedings on guardianship, adoption, probate proceedings, election proceedings). Besides these situations, there is a possibility for participants in proceedings to ask for waiver of court fees ordered by the court. Such release should be justified by the participant's personal situation in order to avoid arbitrary or apparently unsuccessful application or protection of law.

The court fee is CZK 1000 if the monetary performance is lower than CZK 20 000 and it represents 5% of the respective amount of money if the monetary performance is higher than CZK 20000. In non-monetary performance the court fee is CZK 2000.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 150

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Czech Republic, in 2016, there are 11 310 lawyers, which is -8,0% less than in 2015.

This data represents 106,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

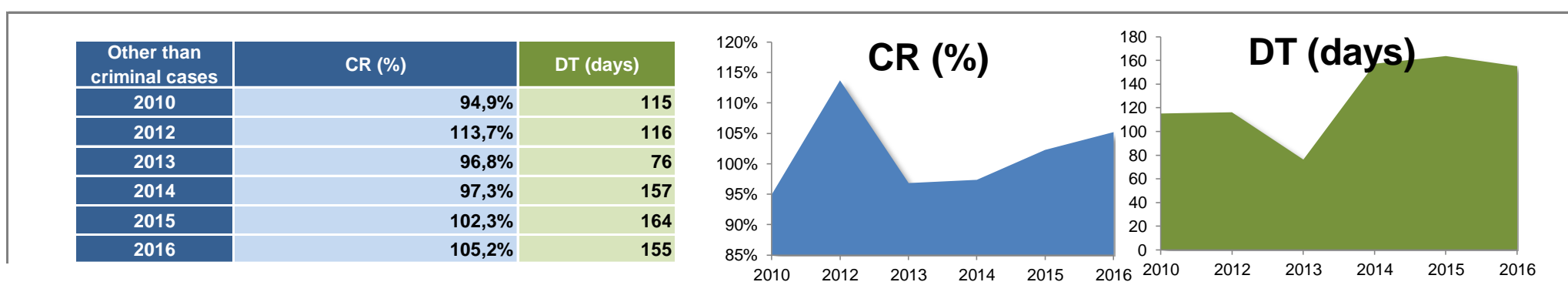
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



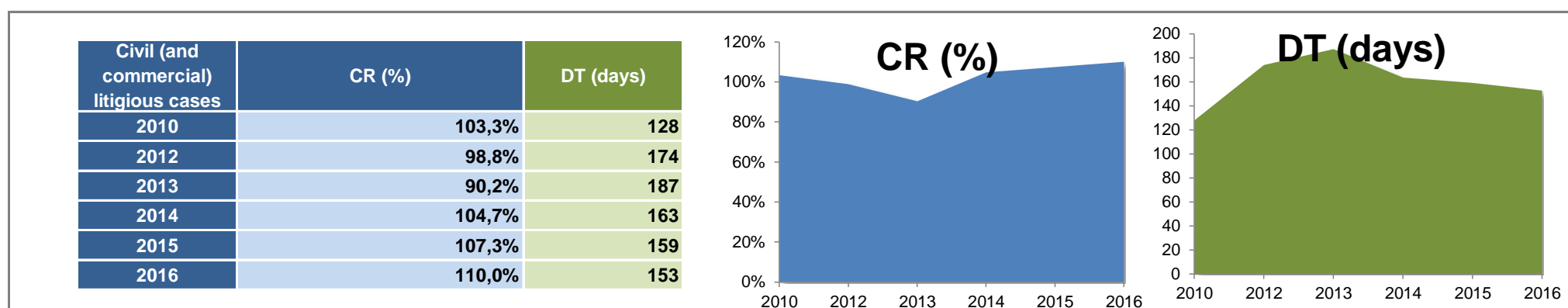
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,2% in 2016, Czech Republic seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 2,9 points.

In Czech Republic, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 155 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -5,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



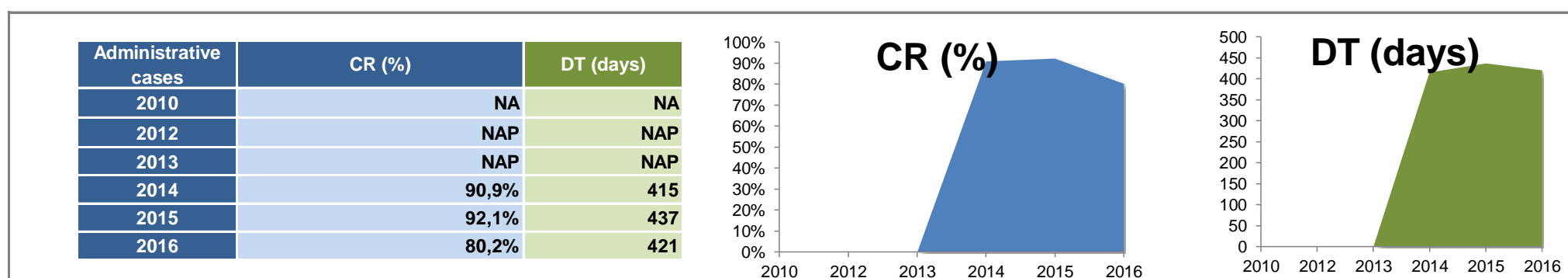
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 110,0% in 2016, Czech Republic seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 2,7 points.

In Czech Republic, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 153 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -4,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 80,2% in 2016, Czech Republic seems not capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,9 points.

In Czech Republic, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 421 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -3,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

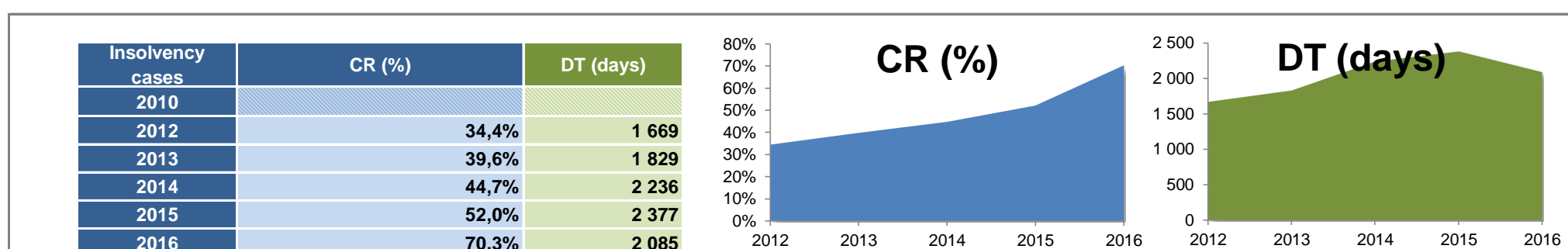
For all evaluation cycles for the Czech Republic it was not possible to identify the number of pending cases solely on 1st instance since, each case is considered pending until the moment a final decision is enacted and no further proceeding is possible.

It is noteworthy that the methodology of presentation of data has been changed for the 2014 exercise. In fact, for 2010, 2012 and 2013, business register cases, administrative cases and insolvency registry cases which are decided by the regional courts (second instance courts) acting as first instance courts, were included in the table concerning the case-load of second instance courts (question 97). On the contrary, in 2014, administrative cases, business registry cases and insolvency cases (and also some litigious cases) which are still decided by the second instance courts acting as first instance courts, are subsumed within the table of question 91 (which was already the case for the 2008 exercise).

Methodology has been changed in "2.1 General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" in year 2015 – more case types have been included, which led to the big increment in the number of cases. In 2016 there was unspecified growth in incoming administrative cases.

Additionally the courts were able to resolve more registry cases that resulted in decrease of pending cases as well as insolvency cases that are included in category "other". However the Clearance rate for category "other" is low only because of the long duration up to 5 years of insolvency cases. Czech Republic can provide cases older than certain period depending on category but can not provide data on cases older exactly more than 2 years.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 70,3% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Czech Republic seems not capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 18,3 points.

In Czech Republic, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 2 085 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -12,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number resolved insolvency cases increases significantly while the incoming number is now stable. The Clearance rate is low due to the long duration of these cases up to 5 years.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Czech Republic, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases

In Czech Republic, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The Department of Supervision of the Ministry of Justice was preparing semi-annual reports on court activities in 2010 and 2012 and annual reports since 2013.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

There are performance indicators such as number of cases that the judge should resolve within a month, but these are not so strictly binding.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

In 2015, a new policy from the Ministry of Justice resulted in the fact that the evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means to this court.

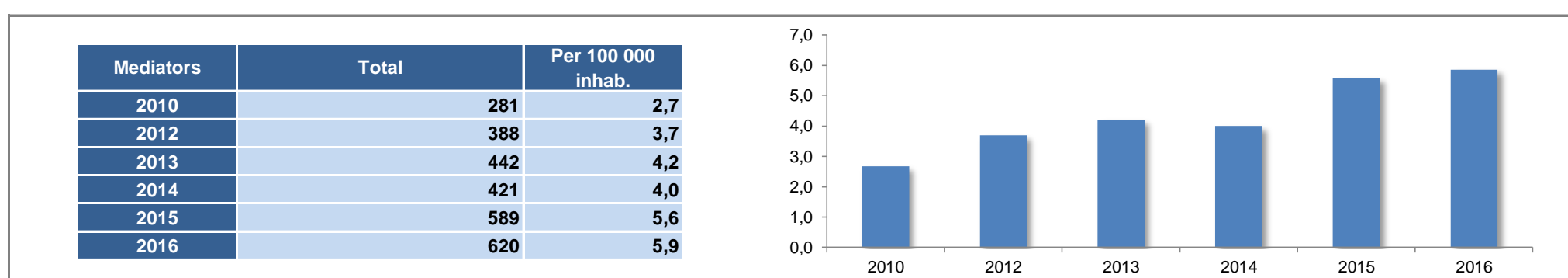
Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Czech Republic provides judicial mediation.

Initially, judicial mediation was regulated by law only in criminal matters. The Act on mediation in non-criminal matters entered into force in September 2012.

Participation in mediation is voluntary for parties to proceedings. In criminal matters, a judge/State prosecutor can refer the case to the Probation and Mediation Service for providing V/O mediation. If the victim and the offender agree on resorting to mediation, a probation officer/mediator provides it (free of charge). In civil law cases, a judge can refer the case to an accredited mediator and can order a three-hour meeting with a mediator.



In Czech Republic, in 2016, there are 620 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 5,9 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 5,3%.

In the frame of the 2012 evaluation, for the first time after the entry into force of the law on judicial mediation in civil matters, it was possible to provide separate data concerning the number of accredited mediators for civil law cases (88, data as of December 2013). For 2013, this number was 145 and for 2014 it is 101. From the above mentioned number of mediators there are 398 probate and mediation officials and 222 mediators in non criminal cases. The number of mediators in non criminal cases is constantly increasing since the entry into force of a law on judicial mediation in civil matters in 2012.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	982	9

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

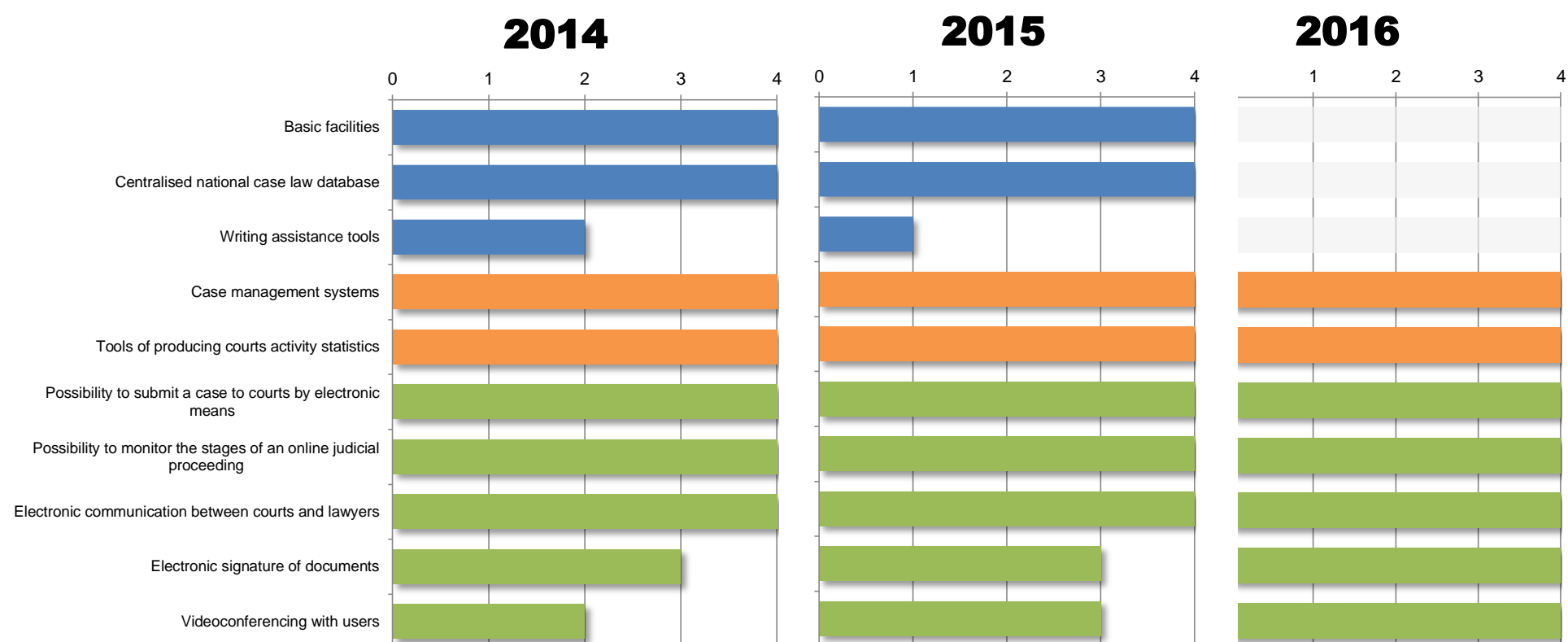
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Czech Republic has been evaluated at 10,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

If there is a specific computer application, it is not provided by the State

Specific computer application to communicate with police - its called VIS (prison inf system).

4. National data collection system

In Czech Republic, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

There is a long ongoing debate about the comprehensive reform of the civil procedural law. The Czech Civil Procedure Code was adopted in 1963 and has undergone tens of amendments since the change of political regime. Accordingly, it has become inhomogeneous and user unfriendly. Moreover, the civil procedure is deemed quite rigid and ineffective. Therefore, a Committee of Experts has been working on the new Draft Civil Procedure Code for more than a year now. The Code should be based on the Austrian Zivilprozessordnung which was in effect in the Czech lands before 1950 - thereby inclining to the social conception of the civil procedure (as opposed to the liberal one). The leading principles of the new civil procedure should be the principle of effectiveness, procedural economy and the principle of material truth. A huge emphasis should be put on the swiftness of the procedure while safeguarding everyone's right to a fair trial. This should be, among others, achieved through a wide resort to modern technologies.

The Committee has submitted the first Draft of the Civil Procedure Code at the end of July 2017. The draft is currently being reviewed by the Ministry of Justice before its public release; the latter will allow open discussion among lawyers and legal experts.

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	14 324	14 557	13 473	14 602	15 985	16 700	16,6%	9,8%	18,6%	9,5%	4,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	25,06	25,14	27,43	27,73	27,03	27,02	7,8%	7,5%	-1,5%	-2,5%	0,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	346 497 809	370 751 152	355 754 925	345 730 027	366 091 233	411 012 953	18,6%	-1,3%	2,9%	5,9%	12,3%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	364 825 574	432 824 571	430 378 322	-	-	-	18,6%	-0,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	20 433 489	20 622 005	21 135 536	-	-	-	0,9%	2,5%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	83 446 289	84 706 722	83 826 142	85 213 339	93 199 782	93 217 029	11,7%	10,0%	11,2%	9,4%	0,0%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	85 249 102	107 147 762	107 167 590	-	-	-	25,7%	0,0%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	43,6	45,6	43,8	NA	NA	47,7	9,4%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	44,7	53,1	52,8	-	-	-	-	-0,6%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	25,06	25,14	27,43	27,73	27,03	27,02	7,8%	7,5%	-1,5%	-2,5%	0,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	83 446 289	84 706 722	83 826 142	85 213 339	93 199 782	93 217 029	11,7%	10,0%	11,2%	9,4%	0,0%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	43,6	45,6	43,8	NA	NA	47,7	9,4%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	44,7	53,1	52,8	-	-	-	18,8%	-0,6%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	346 497 809	370 751 152	355 754 925	345 730 027	366 091 233	411 012 953	18,6%	-1,3%	2,9%	5,9%	12,3%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	200 850 638	274 251 486	273 568 916	267 109 250	294 783 865	330 379 494	64,5%	7,5%	7,8%	10,4%	12,1%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	7 412 689	6 332 315	4 167 430	1 345 503	3 412 359	3 351 381	-54,8%	-46,1%	-18,1%	153,6%	-1,8%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	12 058 220	15 406 078	14 514 284	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	4 608 165	9 648 595	3 570 170	3 157 658	2 829 934	3 331 408	-27,7%	-70,7%	-20,7%	-10,4%	17,7%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	NAP	3 153 783	396 790	4 946 442	2 837 963	-	-	56,8%	1146,6%	-42,6%
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	101 057	455 033	109 773	114 013	124 304	139 504	38,0%	-72,7%	13,2%	9,0%	12,2%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	121 467 040	64 657 645	56 670 569	73 606 813	59 994 329	70 973 203	-41,6%	-7,2%	5,9%	-18,5%	18,3%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	44 €	46 €	44 €	NA	NA	48 €	9,4%	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	83 446 289	84 706 722	83 826 142	85 213 339	93 199 782	93 217 029	11,7%	10,0%	11,2%	9,4%	0,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	557 183 160	509 966 190	487 488 990	504 192 649	547 287 020	547 388 294	-1,8%	7,3%	12,3%	8,5%	0,0%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	346 497 809	370 751 152	355 754 925	345 730 027	366 091 233	411 012 953	18,6%	-1,3%	2,9%	5,9%	12,3%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	346 497 809	370 751 152	355 754 925	345 730 027	366 091 233	411 012 953	0 €	-1,3%	2,9%	5,9%	12,3%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	7 412 689	6 332 315	4 167 430	1 345 503	3 412 359	3 351 381	1 €	-46,1%	-18,1%	153,6%	-1,8%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	83 446 289	84 706 722	83 826 142	85 213 339	93 199 782	93 217 029	11,7%	10,0%	11,2%	9,4%	0,0%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	346 497 809	370 751 152	355 754 925	345 730 027	366 091 233	411 012 953	18,6%	-1,3%	2,9%	5,9%	12,3%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	37 452 793	59 014 432	-	47 868 874	47 312 657	45 005 572	20,2%	-19,8%	-	-1,2%	-4,9%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	- e is CZK 2000.	- s CZK 2000.	fee is CZK 2000.	rt fee is CZK 2000.	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	86	86	86	86	86	86	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	98	98	98	98	98	98	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	94,9%	113,7%	96,8%	97,3%	102,3%	105,2%	10,8%	-10,1%	5,6%	5,1%	2,8%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	103,3%	98,8%	90,2%	104,7%	107,3%	110,0%	6,5%	8,5%	18,9%	2,5%	2,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	93,5%	102,0%	104,8%	-	-	-	9,1%	2,7%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,2%	102,5%	102,4%	84,4%	103,8%	105,5%	5,2%	1,2%	1,3%	23,0%	1,7%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	-	-	-	-0,7%	5,9%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	98,1%	97,3%	103,0%	-	-	-	-0,7%	5,9%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	99,9%	86,4%	79,3%	-	-	-	-13,5%	-8,2%
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	90,9%	92,1%	80,2%	-	-	-	1,3%	-13,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	86,8%	135,7%	91,8%	44,7%	56,4%	74,3%	-14,4%	-58,4%	-38,6%	26,3%	31,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	115	116	76	157	164	155	34,7%	41,0%	114,6%	4,3%	-5,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	128	174	187	163	159	153	19,5%	-8,6%	-15,1%	-2,7%	-4,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	64	107	92	-	-	-	67,3%	-14,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	41	45	30	160	133	116	184,4%	197,0%	338,8%	-17,4%	-12,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	20	29	16	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	20	29	16	-	-	-	46,7%	-44,8%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	24	326	439	-	-	-	1248,5%	34,7%
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	415	437	421	-	-	-	5,3%	-3,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	153	117	62	2236	2011	1782	1066,2%	1615,8%	3121,6%	-10,1%	-11,4%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	14 551	13 150	12 965	13 636	12 448	11 675	-19,8%	-5,3%	-4,0%	-8,7%	-6,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	30 331	52 032	75 256	95 282	111 050	-	214,1%	83,1%	26,6%	16,5%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	34 166	30 025	32 804	29 474	28 941	28 500	-16,6%	-3,6%	-11,8%	-1,8%	-1,5%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	33 083	37 637	34 835	32 801	29 871	-	-0,9%	-12,8%	-5,8%	-8,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	34 515	30 557	32 559	30 719	29 777	29 907	-13,4%	-2,6%	-8,5%	-3,1%	0,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	11 382	14 920	15 556	17 047	20 998	-	49,8%	14,3%	9,6%	23,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	14 543	12 965	13 210	12 391	11 612	10 268	-29,4%	-10,4%	-12,1%	-6,3%	-11,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	52 032	74 749	95 276	111 036	119 923	-	113,4%	48,5%	16,5%	8,0%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	101,8%	99,3%	104,2%	102,9%	104,9%	3,9%	1,1%	3,7%	-1,3%	2,0%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	34,4%	39,6%	44,7%	52,0%	70,3%	-	51,1%	31,1%	16,4%	35,3%
DT Litigious divorce cases	154	155	148	147	142	125	-18,5%	-8,1%	-3,9%	-3,3%	-12,0%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	1 669	1 829	2 236	2 377	2 085	-	42,5%	30,0%	6,3%	-12,3%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	36 702	57 634	NA	20 446	19 856	18 078	-50,7%	-65,5%	-	-2,9%	-9,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	16 696	14 537	16 717	19 680	18 367	16 615	-0,5%	26,3%	9,9%	-6,7%	-9,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	4 281	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	9 155	8 509	8 930	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	6 570	30 331	52 032	766	1 489	1 463	-77,7%	-95,1%	-97,1%	94,4%	-1,7%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	257 518	172 886	NA	94 595	85 012	84 465	-67,2%	-50,8%	-	-10,1%	-0,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	76 101	89 388	82 980	90 549	80 002	79 178	4,0%	-10,5%	-3,6%	-11,6%	-1,0%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	157 224	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	7 815	8 148	8 124	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	16 378	33 083	38 144	4 046	5 010	5 287	-67,7%	-84,9%	-86,9%	23,8%	5,5%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	251 516	152 488	NA	95 586	86 813	85 970	-65,8%	-43,1%	-	-9,2%	-1,0%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	76 899	87 208	83 367	91 922	81 777	80 618	4,8%	-6,2%	-1,9%	-11,0%	-1,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	157 636	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	9 061	7 976	8 511	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	7 920	11 382	14 920	3 664	5 036	5 352	-32,4%	-55,8%	-66,2%	37,4%	6,3%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 704	78 032	NA	19 455	18 055	16 573	-61,2%	-76,9%	-	-7,2%	-8,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	15 898	16 717	16 330	18 307	16 592	15 175	-4,5%	-0,7%	1,6%	-9,4%	-8,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	3 869	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	7 909	8 681	8 543	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	15 028	52 032	75 256	1 148	1 463	1 398	-90,7%	-97,2%	-98,1%	27,4%	-4,4%

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,7%	88,2%	NA	101,0%	102,1%	101,8%	4,2%	15,8%	-	1,1%	-0,3%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,0%	97,6%	100,5%	101,5%	102,2%	101,8%	0,8%	4,8%	1,7%	0,7%	-0,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	100,3%	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	115,9%	97,9%	104,8%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	48,4%	34,4%	39,1%	90,6%	100,5%	101,2%	109,3%	192,2%	157,0%	11,0%	0,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	62	187	NA	74	76	70	13,5%	-59,4%	-	2,2%	-7,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	75	70	71	73	74	69	-9,0%	5,8%	3,6%	1,9%	-7,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	9	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	319	397	366	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	693	1669	1841	114	106	95	-86,2%	-93,6%	-94,2%	-7,3%	-10,1%

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 691	5 100	-	4 017	2 992	4 235	-36,7%	-41,3%	-	-25,5%	41,5%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 628	4 111	-	2 692	2 893	2 836	-49,6%	-29,6%	-	7,5%	-2,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	20	31	79	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	20	31	79	-	-	-	55,0%	154,8%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1 033	983	-	1 216	NAP	1 130	9,4%	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	30	6	-	89	68	190	533,3%	1033,3%	-	-23,6%	179,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 104	7 665	-	8 580	6 128	9 935	9,1%	-20,1%	-	-28,6%	62,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	6 013	3 914	-	5 462	5 757	6 065	0,9%	47,1%	-	5,4%	5,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	253	271	220	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	253	271	220	-	-	-	7,1%	-18,8%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3 044	3 714	-	2 647	NAP	3 246	6,6%	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	47	37	-	218	100	404	759,6%	170,3%	-	-54,1%	304,0%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 688	8 356	-	8 378	6 108	9 481	-2,1%	-26,9%	-	-27,1%	55,2%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	6 515	5 000	-	5 262	5 812	5 971	-8,3%	16,2%	-	10,5%	2,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	242	223	231	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	242	223	231	-	-	-	-7,9%	3,6%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3 130	3 347	-	2 704	NAP	2 954	-5,6%	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	43	9	-	170	73	325	655,8%	711,1%	-	-57,1%	345,2%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 077	4 409	-	4 219	3 012	4 689	-22,8%	-31,7%	-	-28,6%	55,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5 126	3 025	-	2 892	2 838	2 930	-42,8%	-6,2%	-	-1,9%	3,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	31	79	68	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	31	79	68	-	-	-	154,8%	-13,9%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	917	1 350	-	1 159	NAP	1 422	55,1%	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	34	34	-	137	95	269	691,2%	179,4%	-	-30,7%	183,2%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	106,4%	109,0%	-	97,6%	99,7%	95,4%	-10,3%	-8,6%	-	2,1%	-4,3%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108,3%	127,7%	-	96,3%	101,0%	98,5%	-9,1%	-21,0%	-	4,8%	-2,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	-	-	-	-14,0%	27,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	95,7%	82,3%	105,0%	-	-	-	-14,0%	27,6%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	102,8%	90,1%	-	102,2%	NAP	91,0%	-11,5%	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	91,5%	24,3%	-	78,0%	73,0%	80,4%	-12,1%	200,1%	-	-6,4%	10,2%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	229	193	-	184	180	181	-21,2%	-6,5%	-	-2,1%	0,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	287	221	-	201	178	179	-37,6%	-19,3%	-	-11,2%	0,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	47	129	107	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	47	129	107	-	-	-	176,6%	-16,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	107	147	-	156	NAP	176	64,3%	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	289	1379	-	294	475	302	4,7%	-65,6%	-	61,5%	-36,4%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	395 271	522 186	296 269	375 783	546 992	517 801	31,0%	4,8%	84,6%	45,6%	-5,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	181 074	166 919	171 113	248 246	215 113	186 136	2,8%	28,9%	25,7%	-13,3%	-13,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	42 997	221 076	205 370	-	-	-	414,2%	-7,1%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	45 766	43 819	97 177	32 194	210 783	191 171	317,7%	381,0%	116,9%	554,7%	-9,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	7 923	8 995	12 622	-	-	-	13,5%	40,3%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	21 474 461	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	5 723 657	4 903 833	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	6 886 752	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	18 419 178	15 901 721	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	20 433 489	20 622 005	21 135 536	-	-	-	0,9%	2,5%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	20 433 489	20 622 005	21 135 536	-	-	-	0,9%	2,5%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	15 362 385	15 492 736	15 766 130	-	-	-	0,8%	1,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	15 362 385	15 492 736	15 766 130	-	-	-	0,8%	1,8%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	5 071 104	5 129 269	5 369 406	-	-	-	1,1%	4,7%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	5 071 104	5 129 269	5 369 406	-	-	-	1,1%	4,7%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	28 361 213	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	24 142 835	20 805 554	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	21 474 461	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	5 723 657	4 903 833	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	6 886 752	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	18 419 178	15 901 721	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	rajských soudů dů vše v E-Judikatra	and country courts.		-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	IR, ISYZ, CEPR	R, ISIR, ISYZ, CEPR	S, ISIR ISIZ, CEPR	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	lata Boxes via. email	ePodatelna	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	infosoud, infojednání	fosoud, infojednani	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	281	388	442	421	589	620	120,6%	51,8%	33,3%	39,9%	5,3%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	3 063	3 055	3 054	3 028	3 018	3 005	-1,9%	-1,2%	-1,2%	-0,3%	-0,4%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 863	1 857	1 859	1 838	1 838	1 820	-2,3%	-1,0%	-1,1%	0,0%	-1,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	969	964	1 098	1 090	1 081	1 083	11,8%	12,1%	-1,5%	-0,8%	0,2%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	231	234	97	100	99	102	-55,8%	-57,7%	2,1%	-1,0%	3,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	1 186	1 193	1 187	1 192	1 185	1 182	-0,3%	-0,7%	-0,2%	-0,6%	-0,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	655	644	632	632	629	609	-7,0%	-2,3%	-0,5%	-0,5%	-3,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	391	407	483	487	482	494	26,3%	18,4%	-0,2%	-1,0%	2,5%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	140	142	72	73	74	79	-43,6%	-47,9%	2,8%	1,4%	6,8%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 877	1 862	1 867	1 836	1 833	1 823	-2,9%	-1,6%	-1,8%	-0,2%	-0,5%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 208	1 213	1 227	1 206	1 209	1 211	0,2%	-0,3%	-1,5%	0,2%	0,2%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	578	557	615	603	599	589	1,9%	7,5%	-2,6%	-0,7%	-1,7%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	91	92	25	27	25	23	-74,7%	-72,8%	0,0%	-7,4%	-8,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	9 498	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	2,3%	3,0%	3,3%	1,1%	3,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	2 105	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	14,4%	12,3%	14,8%	5,6%	10,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	4 564	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	-1,5%	1,3%	2,3%	-0,4%	-0,5%

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Czech Republic tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	10 158	10 944	10 255	11 842	12 300	11 310	11,3%	12,4%	19,9%	3,9%	-8,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 517 247	10 509 286	10 510 719	10 524 783	10 553 843	10 578 820	0,6%	0,4%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	10 158	10 944	10 255	11 842	12 300	11 310	11,3%	12,4%	19,9%	3,9%	-8,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	9 498	9 135	9 107	9 309	9 409	9 714	2,3%	3,0%	3,3%	1,1%	3,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	2 105	1 950	1 907	2 073	2 190	2 408	14,4%	12,3%	14,8%	5,6%	10,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	4 564	4 463	4 418	4 539	4 519	4 497	-1,5%	1,3%	2,3%	-0,4%	-0,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 952	2 038	2 131	2 006	2 053	2 091	7,1%	0,7%	-3,7%	2,3%	1,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	833	636	625	614	610	656	-21,2%	-4,1%	-2,4%	-0,7%	7,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	44	48	26	77	37	62	40,9%	-22,9%	42,3%	-51,9%	67,6%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 159	1 390	1 166	-	-	-	19,9%	-16,1%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	352	434	394	-	-	-	23,3%	-9,2%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	224	292	172	-	-	-	30,4%	-41,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	322	393	308	-	-	-	22,0%	-21,6%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	240	253	269	-	-	-	5,4%	6,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	21	18	23	-	-	-	-14,3%	27,8%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	7 989	8 105	8 150	8 019	8 548	-	0,4%	-1,1%	-1,6%	6,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	1 600	1 611	1 721	1 756	2 014	-	9,8%	9,0%	2,0%	14,7%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	4 282	4 261	4 315	4 227	4 325	-	-1,3%	-0,8%	-2,0%	2,3%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	1 709	1 842	1 684	1 660	1 783	-	-2,9%	-9,9%	-1,4%	7,4%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	368	372	374	357	387	-	-3,0%	-4,0%	-4,5%	8,4%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	30	19	56	19	39	-	-36,7%	0,0%	-66,1%	105,3%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Denmark (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	5 560 628	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	3,4%	2,6%	2,2%	1,6%	0,7%
GDP per capita	42 446 €	43 738 €	45 171 €	45 744 €	46 836 €	48 474 €	14,2%	7,1%	3,7%	2,4%	3,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,45310	7,46040	7,45840	7,44360	7,46010	7,43490	-0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,2%	-0,3%

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	39,0	43,4	42,9	42,6	42,4	42,1	8,1%	-2,3%	-1,7%	-1,0%	-0,7%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	75,2	NA	NA	NA	59,4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	6,7	6,6	6,3	6,7	6,6	6,5	-3,3%	-1,3%	2,5%	-2,9%	-1,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	32,5	31,1	31,0	30,5	28,6	NA	-6,3%	-8,3%	-7,8%	-6,3%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				4,6	6,1	5,6				33,6%	-8,2%

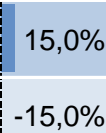
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,1	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,7	-36,5%	-10,7%	-5,6%	0,0%	-1,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	7,7	6,6	6,6	6,4	6,1	6,1	-20,8%	-8,5%	-7,8%	-4,5%	0,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	38,1	37,0	31,3	30,8	36,1	29,4	-22,8%	-2,3%	15,2%	17,1%	-18,6%
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	53,8%	-15,1%	-6,1%	18,2%	40,5%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	109%	107%	102%	102%	101%	-0,01	-0,06	-0,05	0,00	-0,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	106%	100%	99%	99%	98%	-0,04	-0,06	-0,01	0,00	-0,02
CR non-litigious land registry cases	102%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	-0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
CR non-litigious business cases	95%	105%	113%	115%	91%	101%	0,06	-0,13	-0,19	-0,21	0,11
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	182	165	164	177	174	176	-3,5%	5,4%	6,2%	-1,7%	1,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	90	53	56	64	69	79	-12,8%	29,0%	21,7%	7,3%	14,7%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	5	0	0	0	0	0	-91,9%	-61,7%	-53,8%	-48,2%	122,8%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	266	163	139	147	178	106	-60,2%	9,6%	27,9%	21,1%	-40,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,6	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	-39,2%	-13,3%	-6,0%	-3,5%	-1,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,0	1,0	1,0	1,1	1,1	1,3	-34,0%	10,7%	11,1%	2,7%	13,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-93,8%	-62,5%	-46,7%	-39,3%	81,2%
Non-litigious business cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-35,1%	-19,2%	-3,3%	13,0%	-7,7%
Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

-20% max



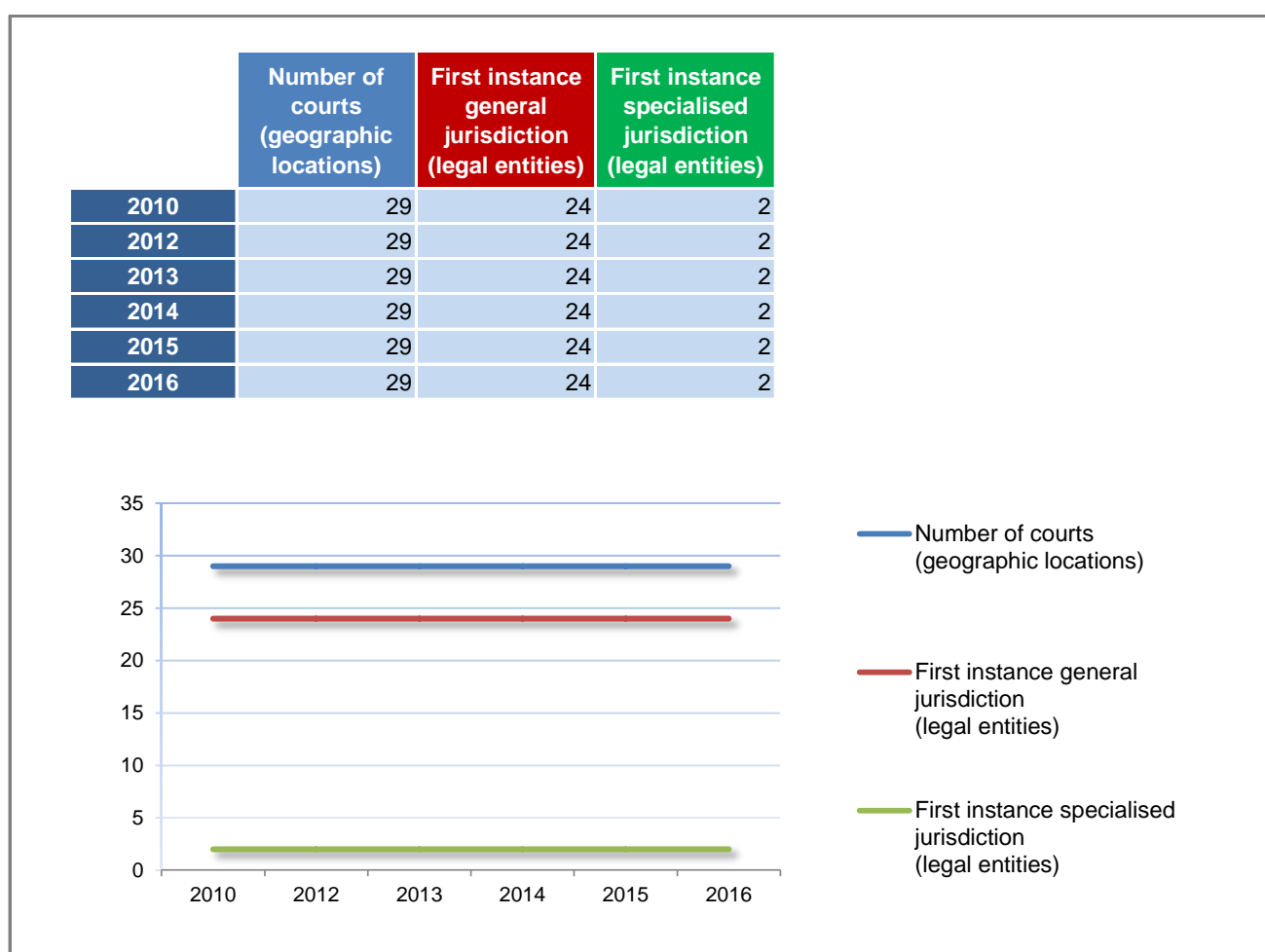
+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

The Danish court system is composed of the Supreme Court, the two High courts, the Maritime and Commercial Court, the Land Registration Court, 24 District courts and the Special Court of Indictment and Revision.

According to 2016 data, Denmark has 24 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (District courts) and 2 first instance specialised courts (the Maritime and Commercial Court and the Land registration Court). As concerns the Maritime and Commercial Court, it is classified as a commercial court while presenting the peculiarity to deal to a great extent, but not exclusively, with insolvency cases (bankruptcies etc.). Accordingly, there is an overlap with the category “insolvency courts”.

The second instance courts are the Eastern High Court and the Western High Court. The Supreme Court is the last instance.



District courts are called 1st instance court, Land Registration court and Maritime and Commercial Court are considered a first instance specialised court. Second and third instance courts are the two High Courts and the Supreme Court.

Specialised courts	
Total	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1
Insolvency courts	1

The data concerning the number of Labour courts; Family courts; Rent and tenancies courts; Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption; Internet related disputes; Administrative courts; Insurance and / or social welfare courts; Military courts; Other specialised 1st instance courts is not available.

The category “other” concerns the Land Registration Court that has been established in 2009.

Both insolvency and Commercial courts are marked with one court. In both cases it is Maritime and Commercial Court. Unfortunately the Maritime and Commercial Court is an insolvency court, but not ONLY an insolvency court, so it is also marked under Commercial Courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 242 289 742 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 42,1 €

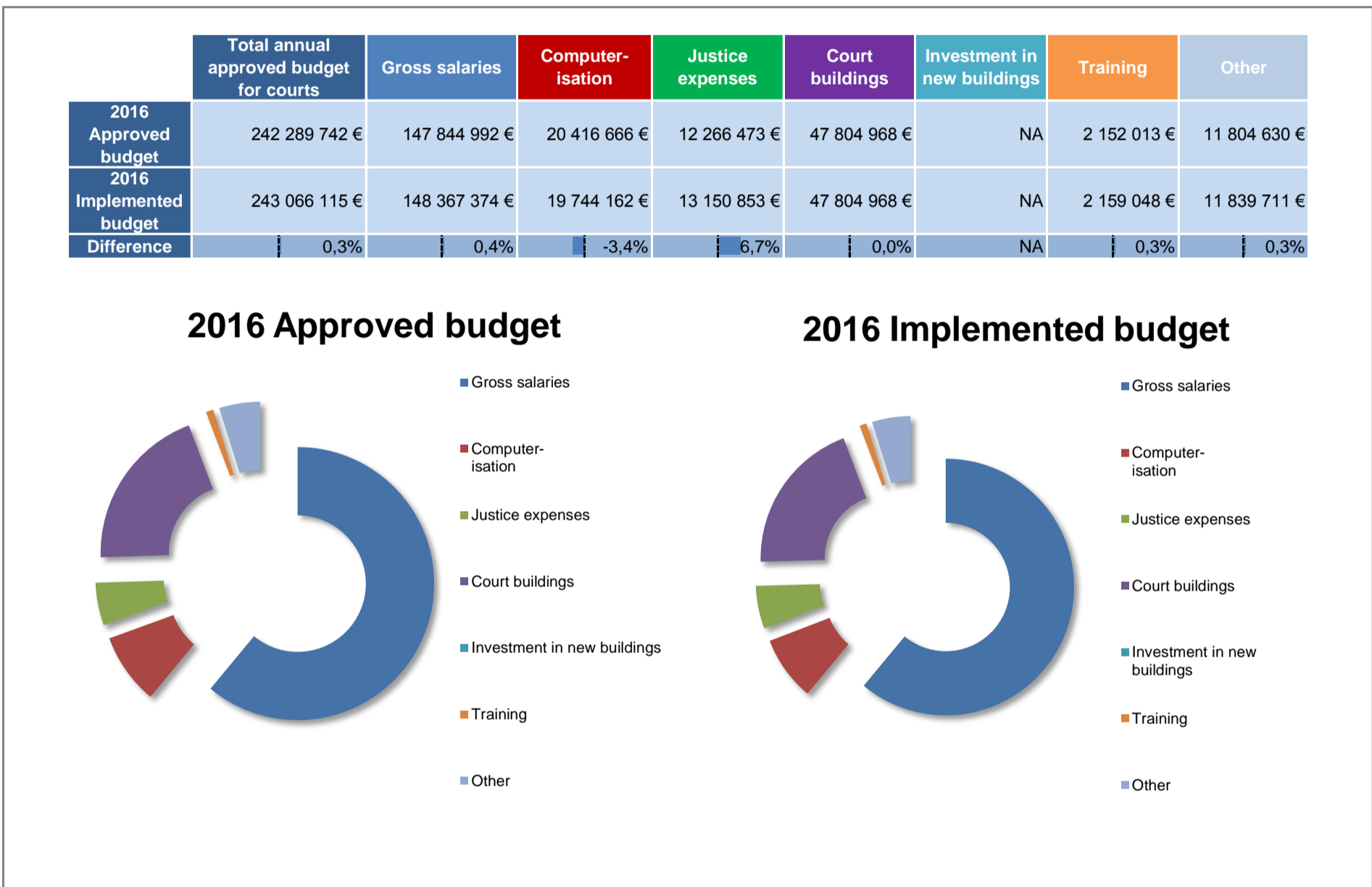
The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (147 844 992 €)
- Court buildings (47 804 968 €)
- Computerisation (20 416 666 €)

The total annual budget does not encompass the budget of the public prosecution services, neither the budget of legal aid.
The annual budget allocated to investments in new (court) buildings is part of the allocated budget to court buildings which justifies the reply NA.

The approved and implemented budget for "5) Investments in new court buildings" are included under "4) Court buildings".
The category "other" includes the courts expenses in connection to case handling, including postage costs, purchases of goods and services and any extraordinary expenses not directly attributable to other items. The category "Other" shows a decrease of 30% between 2014 and 2016, primarily due to exceptional circumstances in 2014, which necessitated large financial provisions.

The category "other" includes costs related to ordinary case management such as postage, office supplies, books, travel and transport, inventory etc.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 341 696 529 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 59,4 €

The budget per capita (59,4 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Denmark belongs to the group of European States in the middle range of investments allocated to the judicial system.

The Danish system presents the peculiarity to include the budget allocated to public prosecution services within the overall budget of the police. Before 2013, it wasn't possible to identify the precise expenditures concerning public prosecution services. As of 2013, due to a change in the registration frame, it is easier to estimate the cost of the public prosecution services.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 1 932 211 597 €

Expenditures on the Refugees and asylum seekers and the Immigration Service are from 2016 no longer a part of the justice system. The total expenditure in 2016 allocated to the whole justice system is therefore significantly lower compared to the corresponding data for 2015.

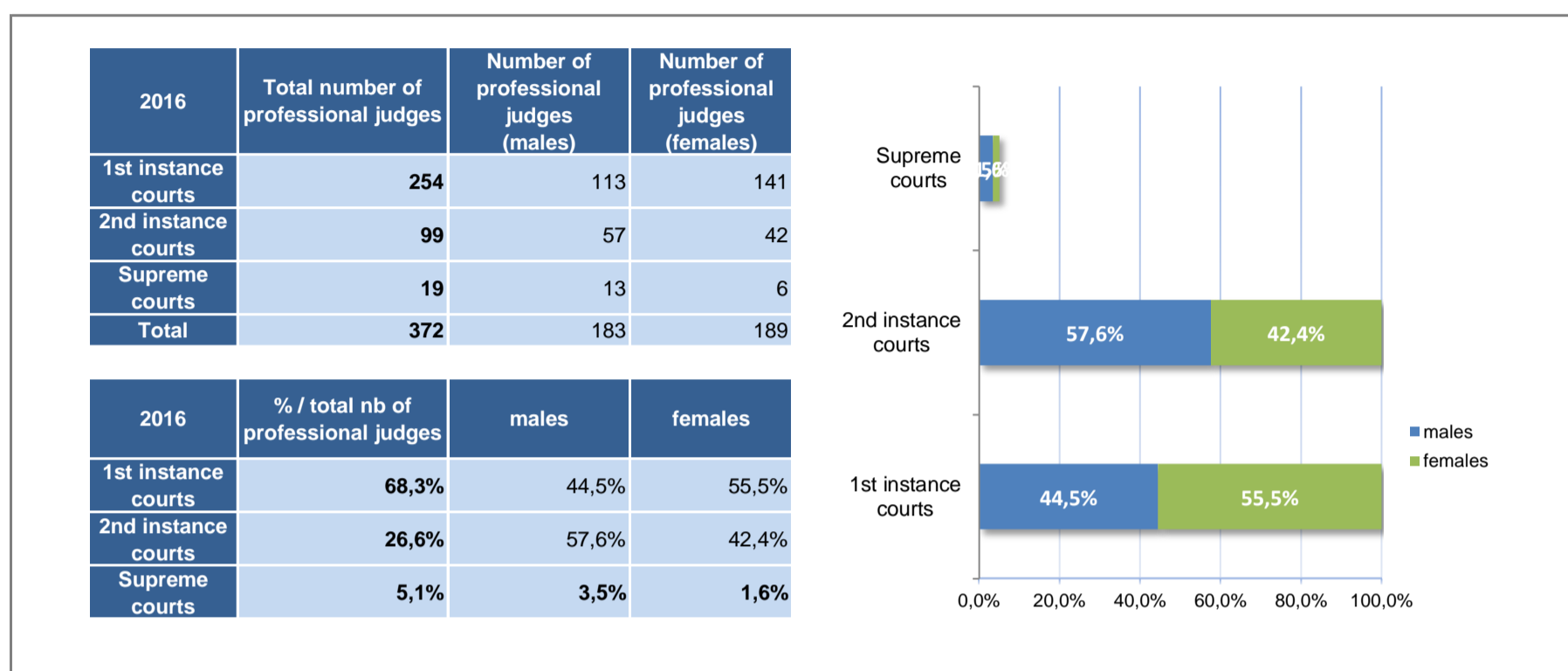
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget

- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Denmark is 372 which is -0,5% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Denmark, in 2016, there are 6,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,4 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 4,7 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 189 which represents 50,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 254 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 141 are female) ; 99 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 42 are female) and 19 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 6 are female).

In Denmark, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

It is note worthy that concerning "No training proposed" category, the answer is "no" because training was in fact offered to the judges. The training is however optional except the initial training that is compulsory for deputy judges. The Danish Court Administration offers on a yearly basis approx. 250 different sessions/seminars.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	NA	275	NA	NA	NA	NA
2012	1 823	319	1 072	201	67	164
2013	1 751	308	17	1 360	61	5
2014	1 754	572	18	1 091	68	5
2015	1 740	568	14	1 089	63	6
2016	1 642	275	12	1 285	63	7

In Denmark, in 2016, there are 1 642 non-judge staff (data concerning the specific number of females is not available). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -5,6%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 275 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which NA are women);
- 12 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (data concerning the specific number of females is not available);
- 1 285 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (data concerning the specific number of females is not available);
- 63 technical staff (data concerning the specific number of females is not available);
- 7 other staff, such as court interpreters, (data concerning the specific number of females is not available);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 30,7 in 2015 to 28,8 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 6,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 6,5 in 2016.

The position of Rechtspfleger appears similar to the position of deputy judge at the Danish courts. Accordingly, deputy judges are counted in the category "Rechtspfleger".

The methodology of presentation of data has been changed in 2013 and 2014, each time with the purpose to deliver more accurate and comparable numbers. As a result, variations appear with regard to the sub-categories, while the total is stable.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court: 139 692 531 €
 - In criminal law cases: 71 029 873 €
 - In other than criminal law cases: 68 662 659 €
- The data concerning the annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court is not available.
 - Data concerning "criminal law cases" is not available.
 - Data concerning "other than criminal law cases" is not available.

In Denmark legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. The bailiff's court can grant legal aid if the person meeting before the court is deemed to need assistance from a lawyer.

Legal aid can be granted for the fees that are related to cases before the bailiff's court (Danish Administration of Justice Act, article 500(2)).

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

E.g. expenses that with good reason have been held in connection with a trial.

Under special circumstances fees for technical advisors or experts are covered in criminal cases.

With regard to other than criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for all necessary costs associated with the proceedings. The court decides which expenses are covered by legal aid.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

The attorney must be qualified to appear before the court in question and must be willing to represent the individual. The court can deny the appointment if appointment of the attorney in question would entail an unreasonable prolonging of the case or if there is a demonstrable risk that the attorney will counteract the resolution of the case.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

There are exceptions to the general rule to pay court taxes or fees. For example, in some civil cases, parties do not pay tax nor fee, e.g. in paternity cases and in custody cases.

As a rule, legal fees must be paid in all civil cases. However, there are types of cases that are exempt from court fees. Cases of marriage, custody and paternity are examples of cases where there is no legal charge. If you have been given a free trial to prosecute, you will not pay a court fee.

The description of the methodology of calculation of court fees has been clarified. The new description applies as well to the 2012-2013 exercises. The methodology of calculation of court fees is based on beforehand established monetary thresholds. The reason for different amounts in different exercises is due to exchange rate fluctuations. The court fee in Danish kroner is the same amount in the 2012 exercise as in the 2014 exercise.

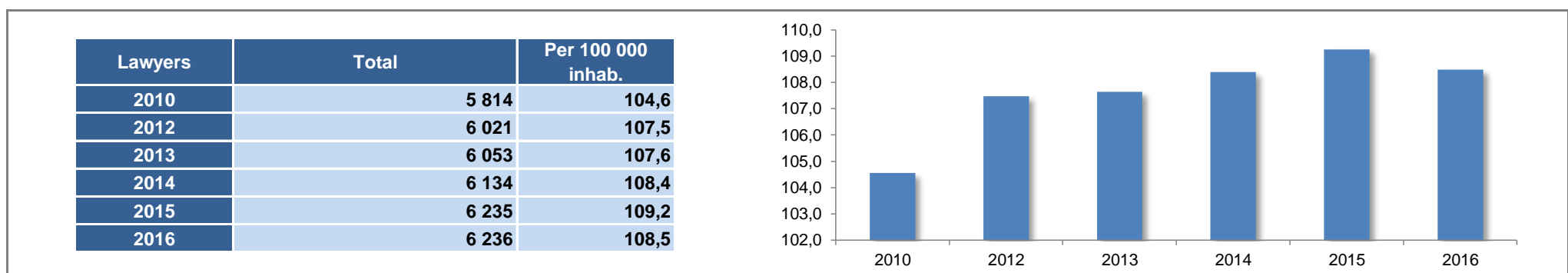
In civil cases you must pay a basic amount of DKK 500. If the value of the case exceeds DKK 50.000, you must pay another DKK 250 and 1.2 percent of the value of the value exceeding DKK 50.000. The value of the case is determined according to the claim in the application. The total legal fee (including the basic amount of DKK 500) may not exceed DKK 75.000. When the court has completed the preparation of the case and it is necessary to convene a court hearing (or written procedure replacing this), you will pay additional court fee if the value of the case exceeds DKK 50.000. This additionally fee is calculated in the same way as the court fee payable on completion of the case.

In enforcement cases the basic fee is DKK 300. If the claim exceeds DKK 3.000, another ½ percent has to be paid of the excess amount.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 54

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Denmark, in 2016, there are 6 236 lawyers, which is 0,0% more than in 2015.

This data represents 108,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

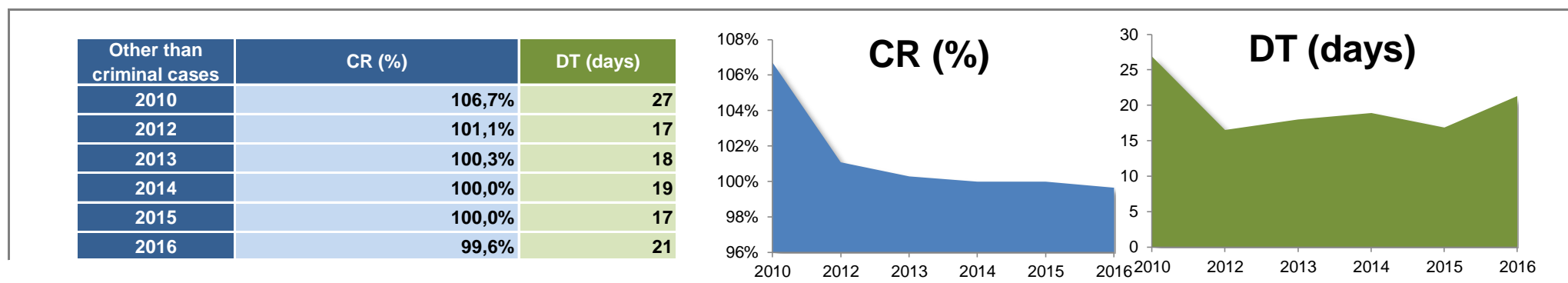
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



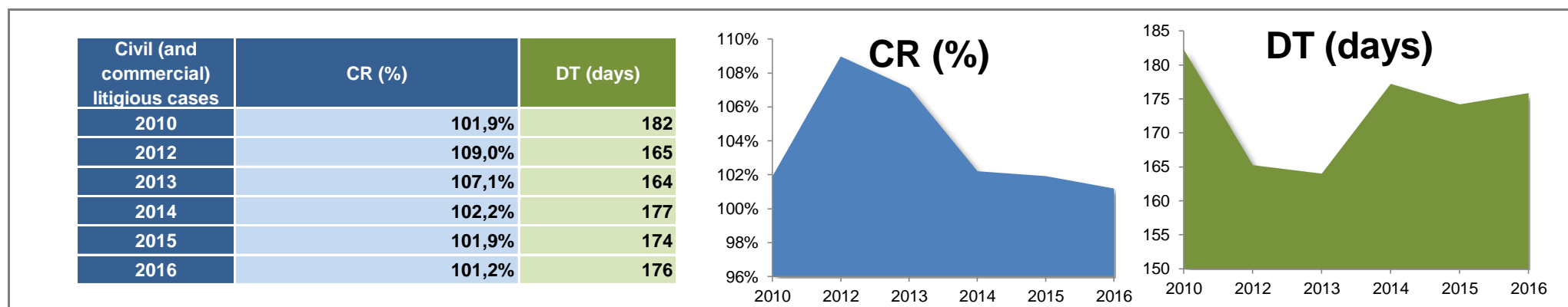
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,6% in 2016, Denmark seems not capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,3 points.

In Denmark, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 21 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 26,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2016, Denmark seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,7 points.

In Denmark, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 176 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 1,0% increase of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*

The number of “administrative law cases” which are litigious is encompassed in the number of “civil and commercial litigious cases”.

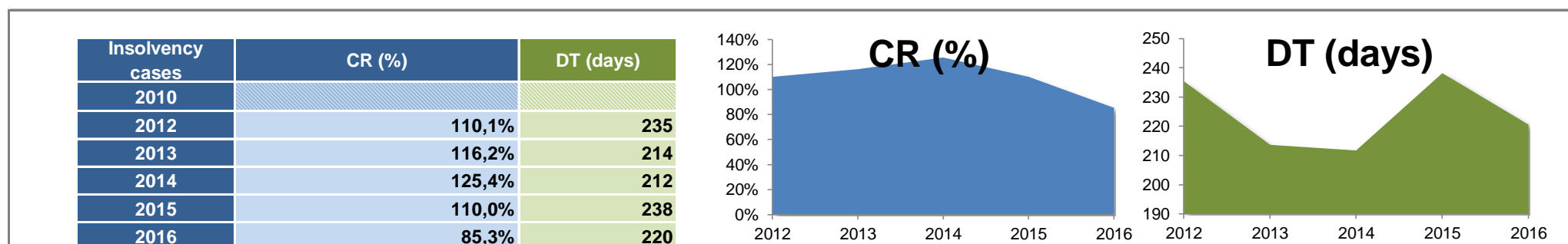
The figures provided in respect of this question are not fully consistent. This is caused by several factors. One is that it is possible in the Danish system to re-open a case, and reopened cases are not counted. In addition, the technical systems generating the statistics cannot fully show the match between the number of pending cases and processed/resolved cases. This means that at the end of a given month, there is no access to exact information on the number of pending cases. This explains a minor part of the horizontal incoherence. Finally, the Maritime and Commercial Court only measures incoming and resolved insolvency cases but not pending cases. Accordingly, when the data on processed/resolved cases from this court are included, there will always be a small incoherence. Therefore, vertical and horizontal figures are not totally consistent.

It is important that because of new regulations/laws, it is possible to start a new company with no prior capital. This causes many more companies and many more closures in some categories and also affect number of pending cases. Besides from that it is important to note that pending cases always may vary a lot as it is a residual figure when pending prior to the period, received and resolved cases are counted.

The category of civil and commercial non litigious cases encompasses cases related to paternity, adoption, guardianship and others in the same category, as well as cases under inquisitorial procedures.

The category other subsumes estate of deceased persons; notary; and insolvency cases not included in the category “non-litigious business registry cases”.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 85,3% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Denmark seems not capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -24,8 points.

In Denmark, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 220 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -7,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Concerning insolvency: The number of cases concerning compulsory dissolution of companies has increased markedly due to new regulation where it is possible to start a company without starting capital. The reason for the marked increase in the number of incoming and resolved cases is as stated above: A new regulation allows a company to be started without starting capital. That means many more companies are started, but many more companies are also then closed that we can see in the figures.

Now - as it is ultimo the period - is the pending number of cases from the District courts.

As we don't know the number of pending cases at the Maritime and Commercial Court, the figure of pending cases, prior + incoming cases does not add up to the number of resolved cases + pending cases ultimo

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Denmark, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Danish Court Administration works out general statistical data on case flows, target attainment, turnover time, weighted cases and productivity and numbers of staff. It is then expected that the individual courts work out a report where they explain the development in the court, plans they might have to deal with problems and challenges and the main occurrences during the year.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

For the evaluations concerning 2012, 2013 and 2014, it is explained with regard to the category "other" that goals have been defined for percentiles number of cases that are completed within different time brackets, i.e. 3 months, 6 months, etc.

The Danish Court Administration produces an annual report concerning cases that involve violent behaviour and rape.

What is called "weighted cases" to have a measure for the activity is also measured.

In Denmark, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The activity of district courts is evaluated on a monthly basis. The district courts have an extended monitoring system for case flow, including weighted cases, pending cases, length of proceeding and timeframes. The Danish Court administration does not take action on the monthly report established by each local District Court, but does take actions half-yearly where more extended reports are worked out, calculating also productivity figures. These data are used to distribute funds and judges etc.

The annual report worked out by the Danish Court Administration encompasses the court system as such. The individual district courts are encouraged to work out an annual report in addition to the yearly key figures that the Danish Court Administration works out and present the individual reports on the courts' websites.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Danish Court administration take action on the half-yearly figures where more extended reports and productivity figures are worked out. These data are used to allocate funds and judges etc.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

Quality is measured as length of time to finalise a case.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Denmark provides judicial mediation.

The Danish Administration of Justice Act provides for two different types of judicial mediation in chapters 26 and 27.

In accordance with article 268(1) in chapter 26 of the Administration of Justice Act the court must provide for judicial mediation in every case in the first instance in an attempt to reach a judicial settlement. The court can however refrain from providing such judicial mediation if, due to the nature of the case, the relationship between the parties to the proceedings, or similar circumstances, it can be assumed in advance that judicial mediation would provide no result, cf. article 268(2).

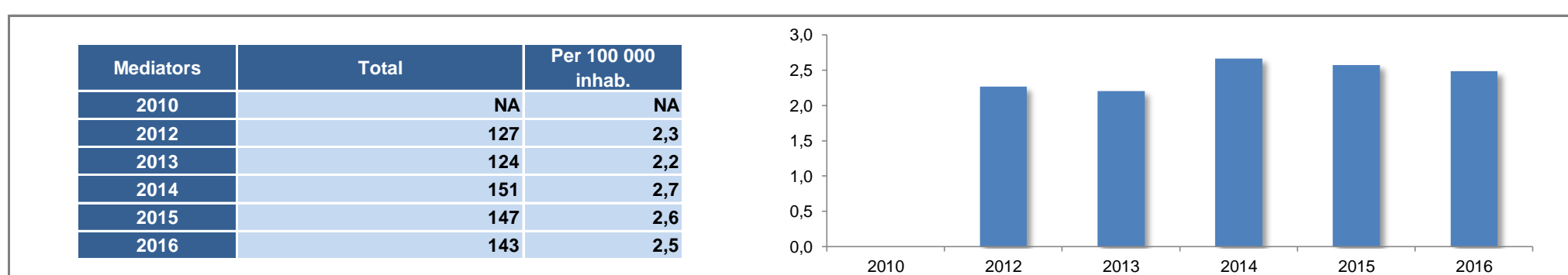
In accordance with article 272 in chapter 27 of the Administration of Justice Act the court can, if so requested by the parties to the proceedings, appoint a judicial mediator to assist the parties in reaching, by themselves, a solution to a dispute, which is at the parties' disposition.

Even if the judicial mediation is not mandatory, in accordance with the Danish Administration of Justice Act, article 268, the court shall provide for judicial mediation in all civil cases.

In all civil cases in the courts of first instance the judge is obliged to try and mediate the parties to a settlement (Article 268 of the Danish Administration of Justice Act). The article orders the court a duty to try and mediate the parties to a settlement in civil cases and the mediation can take place at any time during the case.

In higher courts it is not mandatory but optional for the judge to try and mediate the parties to settlement.

Other types of mediation (besides mediation for settlement) is not mandatory but optional and only by request of the parties.



In Denmark, in 2016, there are 143 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 2,5 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about -2,7%.

In Denmark it is possible to call the services of a mediator on a private basis (out of court mediation) and in civil cases before a court (court mediation). The number of registered judges who serves as mediators in court mediation in 2016 is 89. The number of registered attorneys who is appointed to serve as mediator in court mediation in 2016 is 58.

Mediators in civil cases (court mediation)

Court mediation is regulated by law. Attorneys and judges, including judges in training, with a special training in mediation can serve as mediators, and each court has a panel to choose from. Judges serve this panel as a part of their regular work at court, while attorneys are paid a set fee per case. The attorneys are appointed by the Danish Court Administration to serve as a mediator in court mediation. The attorneys are generally accepted for 4-year period where as there is no time limit for the judges who are appointed as mediators in court mediation. When parties agree to mediate, a mediator is appointed by the district court administration from the panel. The mediator is provided free of charge to the parties as this service is covered by the filing fee.

Mediators on private basis (out of court mediation)

Mediation on a private basis is not regulated by law and the costs have to be borne by the parties. A private mediation is often led by a lawyer who is a trained mediator. There is no specific regulation to function as a private mediator.

The variations in the number of mediators depend only on how many mediators the Court Administration has appointed the given year.

From the total number of accredited mediators there are:

57 attorneys.

86 judges.

The number alters from one year to another depending on how many mediators are being appointed for the given year.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	554	10
Civil and commercial	321	6
Family cases	190	3
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

At the District courts, 548 cases are finalised with an agreement. In the total number is 40 cases from the two High Courts where it can not be seen from the statistics whether it is 1. Civil and commercial cases or 2. Family cases. Source is Danish Court Administration.

A focus area and project for the Courts of Denmark in 2015 and 2016 was ADR. Desired outcomes was to extend people's knowledge of ADR as an alternative to court rulings and orders, to lower the case processing time and to reach better solutions. The project identified 3 main action areas: more cases should be settled through judicial mediation, uniformity in the process prior to the settlement of a case through ADR and knowledge of ADR is disseminated both internally and externally in the courts. The implementation and communication during and after this project has increased public awareness and the increase is a results of these efforts.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Denmark has been evaluated at 5,6 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Videoconferencing with users



Comments of the State about communication tools

Electronic forms are available on website, but can currently only be submitted by e-mail.

4. National data collection system

In Denmark, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data on the functioning of the courts and the judiciary is the Danish Court Administration.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No comprehensive reform plans foreseen.

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen for this category

(2010-2016) data
Denmark tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	and Registration	enforcement system	enforcement system	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Denmark tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	1-9%	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Denmark tables

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64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Denmark tables

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64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	training offered	training offered	training offered	No training offered	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	127	124	151	147	143	-	15,7%	18,5%	-2,6%	-2,7%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 560 628	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	3,4%	1,9%	1,5%	0,8%	0,7%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	372	372	355	377	374	372	0,0%	0,5%	5,4%	-0,8%	-0,5%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	259	259	236	261	260	254	-1,9%	0,4%	10,2%	-0,4%	-2,3%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	94	94	101	97	95	99	5,3%	1,1%	-5,9%	-2,1%	4,2%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	19	19	18	19	19	19	0,0%	0,0%	5,6%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	NA	183	176	NA	NA	183	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	111	101	NA	NA	113	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NA	59	62	58	NA	57	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	NA	14	13	14	14	13	-	0,0%	7,7%	0,0%	-7,1%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	NA	189	179	NA	NA	189	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	148	135	NA	NA	141	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NA	35	39	39	NA	42	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	NA	5	5	5	5	6	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 560 628	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	3,4%	1,9%	1,5%	0,8%	0,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 740	1 642	-	-4,5%	-0,6%	-0,8%	-5,6%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	275	319	308	572	568	275	0,0%	78,2%	84,4%	-0,7%	-51,6%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	NA	1 072	17	18	14	12	-	-98,7%	-17,6%	-22,2%	-14,3%

(2010-2016) data
Denmark tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 560 628	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	3,4%	1,9%	1,5%	0,8%	0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 814	6 021	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	7,3%	3,6%	3,0%	1,6%	0,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 560 628	5 602 628	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	3,4%	1,9%	1,5%	0,8%	0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 814	6 021	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	7,3%	3,6%	3,0%	1,6%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	1 823	1 751	1 754	1 740	1 642	-	-4,5%	-0,6%	-0,8%	-5,6%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	275	319	308	572	568	275	0,0%	78,2%	84,4%	-0,7%	-51,6%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	NA	1 072	17	18	14	12	-	-98,7%	-17,6%	-22,2%	-14,3%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	201	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	-	442,1%	-19,9%	-0,2%	18,0%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	NA	67	61	68	63	63	-	-6,0%	3,3%	-7,4%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NA	164	5	5	6	7	-	-96,4%	20,0%	20,0%	16,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Estonia (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
GDP per capita	10 674 €	13 495 €	14 218 €	15 186 €	15 405 €	16 034 €	50,2%	14,2%	8,3%	1,4%	4,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	20,0	23,1	25,2	29,4	30,9	31,4	57,1%	33,6%	24,5%	6,9%	1,8%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	29,0	33,3	35,6	40,4	42,2	43,1	48,4%	26,7%	21,1%	6,7%	2,2%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	16,7	17,7	17,2	17,6	17,8	17,6	5,5%	0,3%	2,7%	0,3%	-0,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	72,8	74,4	75,2	77,4	73,3	66,7	-8,5%	-1,4%	-11,4%	-13,9%	-9,1%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				10,0	10,0	10,0				0,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,6	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,2	1,2	-22,7%	-9,1%	-14,4%	-9,6%	8,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,8	3,4	3,9	3,6	3,4	3,3	-12,1%	-1,6%	-13,1%	-5,4%	-1,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	6,2	7,1	7,1	7,4	5,5	8,2	30,6%	-22,0%	-21,6%	-25,6%	47,5%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	8,6	6,8	5,5	7,6	11,8	NA	-11,3%	11,6%	37,7%	54,0%
Administrative law cases	0,265	0,2	0,2	0,288	0,256	0,225	-15,3%	15,4%	14,0%	-11,1%	-12,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	112%	108%	104%	102%	98%	0,00	-0,09	-0,05	-0,02	-0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	116%	104%	100%	92%	104%	101%	-0,13	0,00	0,04	0,13	-0,03
CR non-litigious land registry cases	100%	101%	99%	100%	225%	99%	-0,01	1,23	1,27	1,25	-0,56
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	123%	101%	99%	101%	96%		-0,18	0,00	0,02	-0,05
CR administrative law cases	91%	106%	91%	90%	105%	106%	0,16	-0,01	0,15	0,16	0,01

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	215	167	130	125	136	139	-35,2%	-18,6%	4,3%	8,6%	2,6%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	87	91	84	78	61	61	-29,9%	-32,5%	-27,5%	-21,3%	-0,7%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	16	12	15	14	39	13	-21,2%	235,5%	161,2%	180,4%	-68,0%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	32	7	5	11	42		-66,2%	64,2%	105,7%	291,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	146	108	139	141	117	108	-26,5%	8,4%	-16,1%	-17,4%	-7,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,9	0,7	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,5	-49,9%	-28,8%	-10,3%	1,8%	6,0%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,0	0,9	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,6	-46,5%	-34,0%	-34,4%	-15,7%	-5,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3	1,3	0,3	2,3%	482,8%	364,0%	368,1%	-79,2%
Non-litigious business cases	NA	0,9	0,1	0,1	0,2	1,3	NA	-75,5%	82,4%	188,8%	472,0%
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-27,9%	23,9%	9,9%	-15,1%	-18,3%

-20% max

15,0%
-15,0%

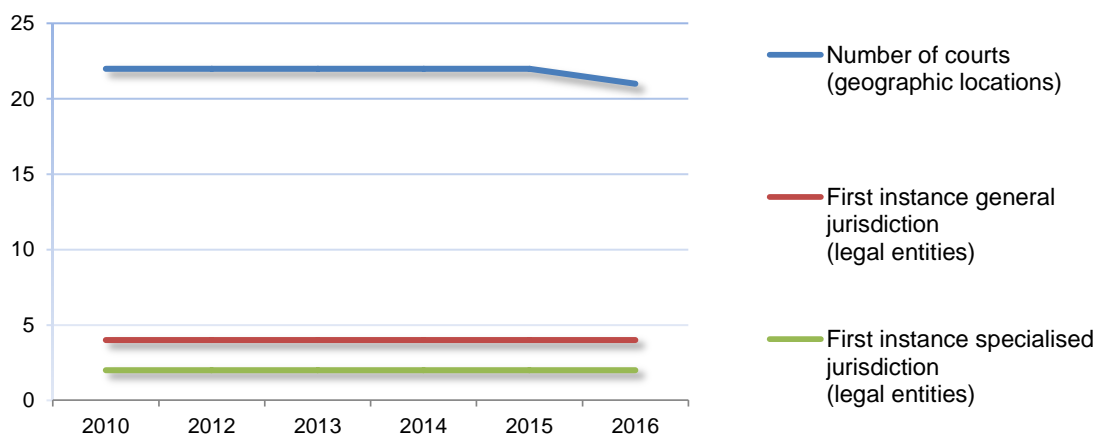
+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

Estonia has 17 courthouses of county courts (first instance courts), 4 courthouses of administrative courts (first instance courts), 2 courthouses of appellate courts (second instance courts) and 1 courthouse of the Supreme Court (highest instance court), all together 24 courthouses. However, as some of the courts are situated in the same house (e.g Tallinn Administrative Court and Tallinn Circuit Court) and taking into account the fact that Pärnu County Court has a courthouse that is divided between two locations, there are 21 actual geographical locations of Estonian courts. A small courthouse was adjoined with another small courthouse. The distance between them was less than 50 km.

There are no specialised first instance courts, other than administrative courts. All the cases are dealt with by ordinary courts of first instance. The two administrative courts of first instance are situated in Tallinn and Tartu. Nevertheless, for guaranteeing wider access to justice, these two courts have several court buildings in other cities, namely in Pärnu and Jõhvi, where judges and their supporting legal staff work.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	22	4	2
2012	22	4	2
2013	22	4	2
2014	22	4	2
2015	22	4	2
2016	21	4	2



Specialised courts	
Total	2
Administrative courts	2

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 41 340 192 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 31,4 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (32 387 989 €)
- Court buildings (5 713 780 €)
- Justice expenses (1 715 388 €)

It is noteworthy that courts of first and second instance are financed from the State budget, through the budget of the Ministry of Justice. The Supreme Court is independently responsible for its own administration and has its own budget. However, the training budget of the Supreme Court includes training costs of justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the first and second instance courts.

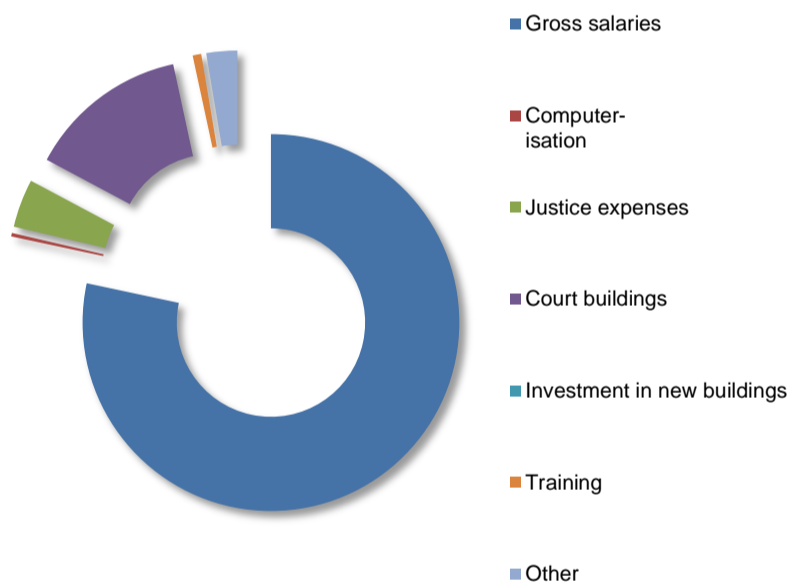
The annual public budget allocated to all courts does not include the budget of legal aid, neither the budget of public prosecution services.

The approved annual public budget allocated to training was bigger than the year before because the implemented budget was taken into account.

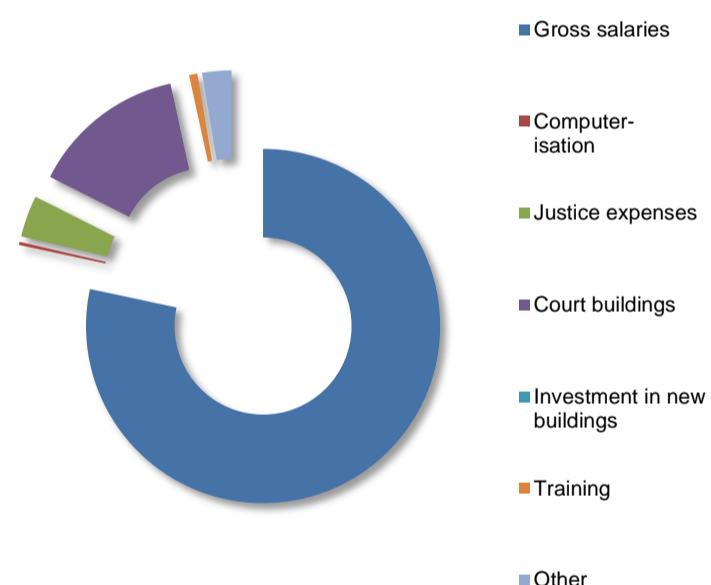
Investment in court buildings is done by Public Real Estate Company and does not appear in courts' budget. Only Supreme Court's investment budget has been shown in previous years. In 2016 they did not invest in court buildings.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	41 340 192 €	32 387 989 €	122 425 €	1 715 388 €	5 713 780 €	NAP	303 662 €	1 096 948 €
2016 Implemented budget	40 318 426 €	31 589 078 €	118 352 €	1 527 800 €	5 704 122 €	NAP	303 662 €	1 075 412 €
Difference	-2,5%	-2,5%	-3,4%	-12,3%	-0,2%	NAP	0,0%	-2,0%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 56 708 551 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 43,1 €

The budget per capita (43,1 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Estonia belongs to the group of European States with lower degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 2,2%.

The attention should be drawn on the fact that the presentation of quantitative data concerning legal aid is not complying with the CEPEJ methodology according to which figures should include only the sums to be paid to those benefiting from legal aid or their lawyers, excluding administrative costs resulting from such procedures. Basically, the provided data encompasses the following components: lawyers' fees for provision of legal aid; costs incurred by lawyers or law offices due to the provision of legal aid; administrative costs incurred by the Bar Association for coordinating and managing the provision of legal aid (e.g. costs of personnel, management, etc.); costs of the IT system.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 151 571 987 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

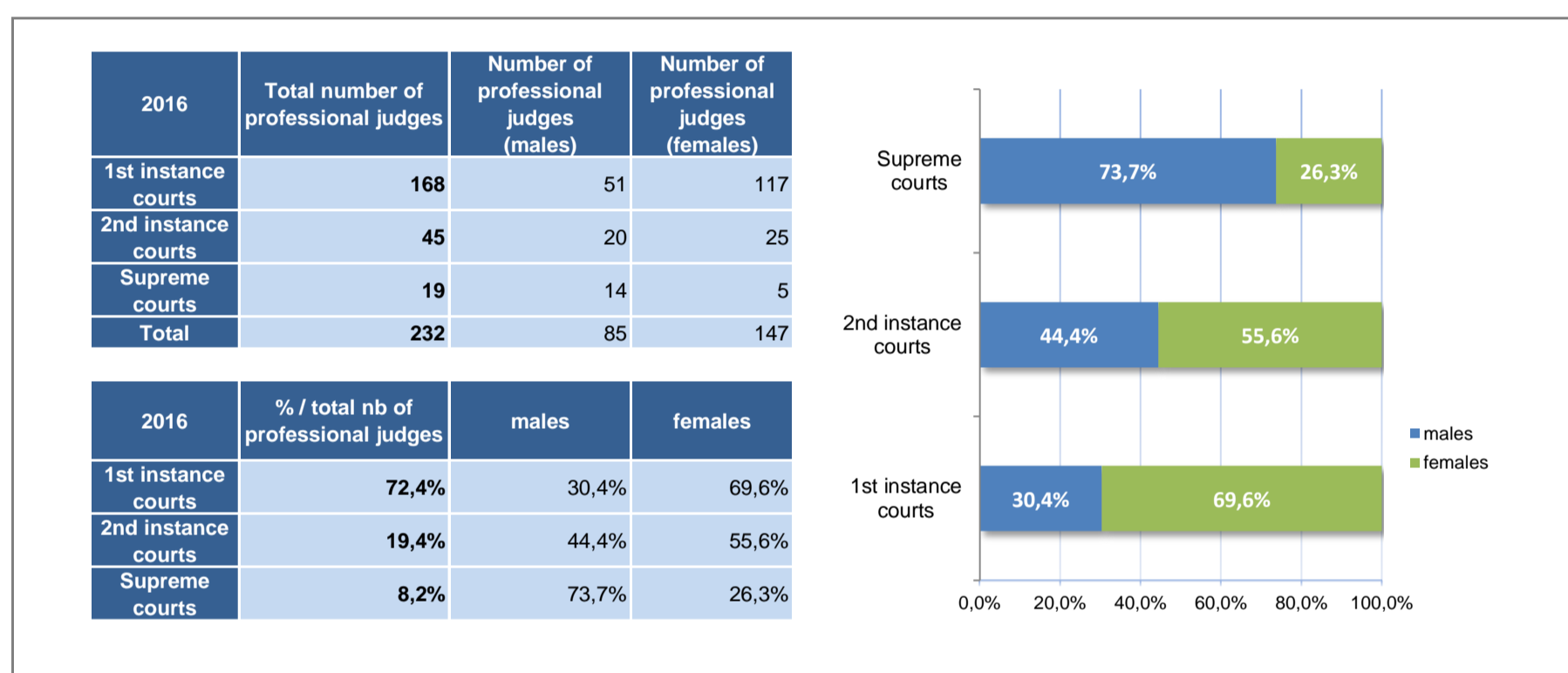
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget

- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice

For 2012 and 2013, the category “other” includes the Centre of Register and Information Systems which presents the peculiarity of being an agency in the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Justice (providing e-services) but granted with a separate budget. For the 2014 evaluation, the category “other” encompasses budgets of the Center of Registers and Information Systems, the Estonian Data Protection Inspectorate and the Estonian Patent Office. As for the category “services for the refugees and asylum seekers”, the latter are in the competence of the Ministry of Interior. The budget allocated to this category is not available and is not subsumed in the total. It is noteworthy that in Estonia there is no body called Council of the Judiciary. Nevertheless, the functions of the latter are ensured by the Council for the Administration of the Courts (a body that administrates first and second instance courts together with the Ministry of Justice), on the one hand, and the Court en banc (a body that comprises all judges and decides some questions regarding judiciary), on the other hand. The budgets of these two institutions are encompassed in the total which justifies the positive reply in respect of the category “Council of the Judiciary).

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Estonia is 232 which is -0,9% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Estonia, in 2016, there are 17,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,8 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 4,1 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 147 which represents 63,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 168 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 117 are female) ; 45 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 25 are female) and 19 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 5 are female).

In Estonia, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	976	67	468	339	91	11
2012	957	63	220	489	138	47
2013	990	54	239	501	149	47

2014	1 017	51	684	78	161	43
2015	965	71	652	87	111	44
2016	877	51	615	82	88	41

In Estonia, in 2016, there are 877 non-judge staff (among which 749 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -9,1%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 51 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 615 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 573 are women);
- 82 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 66 are women);
- 88 technical staff (among which 28 are women);
- 41 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 36 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 73,5 in 2015 to 66,6 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 17,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 17,6 in 2016.

A pilot project has been introduced in 2013 in one county court consisting in providing each judge with a personal legal assistant. After the first year of the pilot project, the average proceeding times in civil cases in that particular court dropped from 201 days to 160 days; after the second year the average proceeding times dropped further to 132 days. In 2015, the project has been extended to all first and second instance courts.

Basically, the differences in figures in the sub-categories between 2010 and the following years are due to the different categorisation of court staff.

The observed variations in the numbers with regard to the different sub-categories are due to a general movement of staff.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 3 835 000 € (2,9 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The attention should be drawn on the fact that the presentation of quantitative data concerning legal aid is not complying with the CEPEJ methodology according to which figures should include only the sums to be paid to those benefiting from legal aid or their lawyers, excluding administrative costs resulting from such procedures. Basically, the provided data encompasses the following components: lawyers' fees for provision of legal aid; costs incurred by lawyers or law offices due to the provision of legal aid; administrative costs incurred by the Bar Association for coordinating and managing the provision of legal aid (e.g. costs of personnel, management, etc.); costs of the IT system.

In Estonia legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Partial or full coverage of the costs related to the enforcement of judicial decisions (incl. fees of an enforcement agent) depending on the financial situation of the claimant. The advance payment of enforcement costs shall not be demanded by the bailiff from the claimant who is a natural person and who has received legal aid for the payment of procedural costs (incl. court fees) as well as in case of collection of compensation for damage caused by a criminal offence as well as in case of collection of maintenance support.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

Based on an agreement of the advocate providing state legal aid and the receiver of such aid, it is possible for another advocate to start providing legal aid to the person in the same matter if the new advocate agrees with the transfer of obligation to provide state legal aid to the person. It is therefore possible to replace advocates based on an agreement of the receiver of legal aid, the current legal counsellor and the new advocate. If this trilateral agreement has been reached an application for the replacement of advocates should be submitted to the court, the prosecutor's office or the investigative body.

A recipient of state legal aid has the right to apply for the appointment of a new provider of state legal aid upon exclusion of the current advocate providing state legal aid from the Bar Association or their disbarment or upon suspension of the professional activities or long-term incapacity for work or the death of an advocate, and in other cases provided by law.

A recipient of state legal aid is also legally entitled to apply for the court to remove an advocate from the provision of state legal aid by a ruling if the advocate has demonstrated incompetence or negligence.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

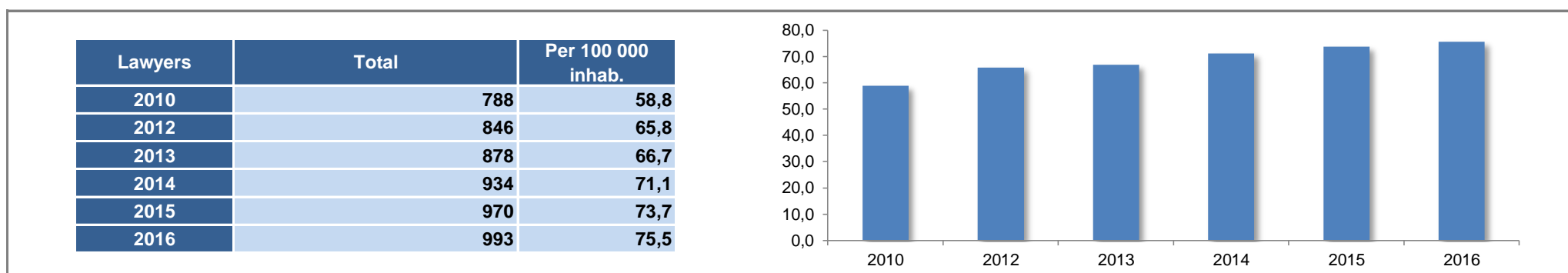
There are exceptions to the rule to pay court fees (called State fee). The law refers to persons or institutions that are exempt of paying court fees and acts for which the State fee is not charged. For example, the State Fees Act exempts from payment of court fees, under certain conditions minors; pension or support claimants; natural persons in matters of elections; guardianship authority; tax authority in matters of bankruptcy or determination of tax; country government in matters of mortgage; bailiffs in matters of enforcement. Besides, an exemption of paying court fees is provided for by the State Fees Act, under certain conditions, with regard to numerous acts. The exemption regime covers the main legal fields, namely labour law (ex: disputes related to wages, reinstatement in employment, end of contracts), family law (ex: filiation, maintenance support for a child), criminal law (ex: initial issue of court documents related to a criminal matter), criminal procedural law (ex: claim for compensation for financial damage caused by unlawful conviction, unlawful prosecution, unlawful deprivation of liberty, unlawful imposition of punishment), civil procedural law (ex: appeals lodged against court rulings in matters of legal aid or exemption from notary fees), administrative law (ex: expropriation), trade law, even constitutional law (hearing of constitutional review cases). In addition, the State grants legal aid in the form of procedural assistance for bearing procedural expenses, including the State fee. In this respect, it is up to the court to decide whether a person should be released in part or in full from payment of court fees.

In administrative court proceedings, the State fee is a set sum. In civil proceedings it usually depends on the value of the action, but it can also be a set sum, namely in such civil cases when it is complicated to determine the value of the action (e.g. divorce, non-proprietary claim). The law provides always a set sum for non-litigious civil cases.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 275

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Estonia, in 2016, there are 993 lawyers, which is 2,4% more than in 2015.

This data represents 75,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

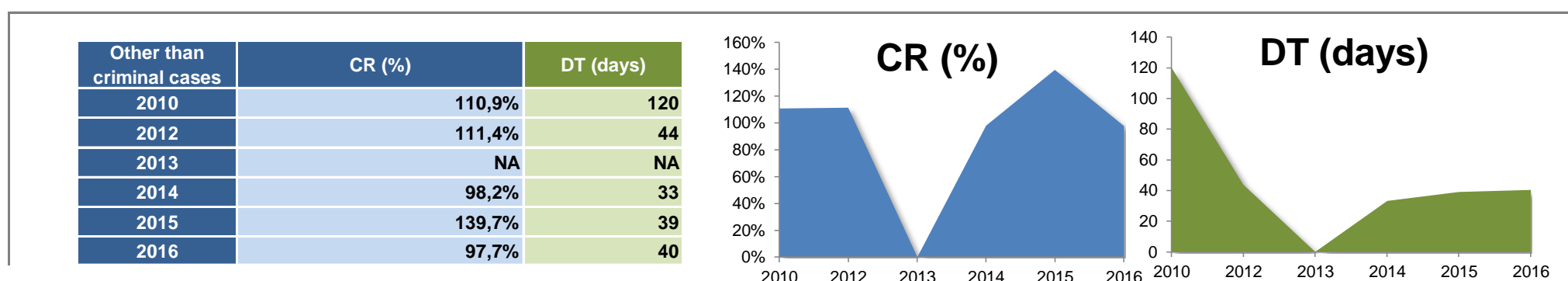
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



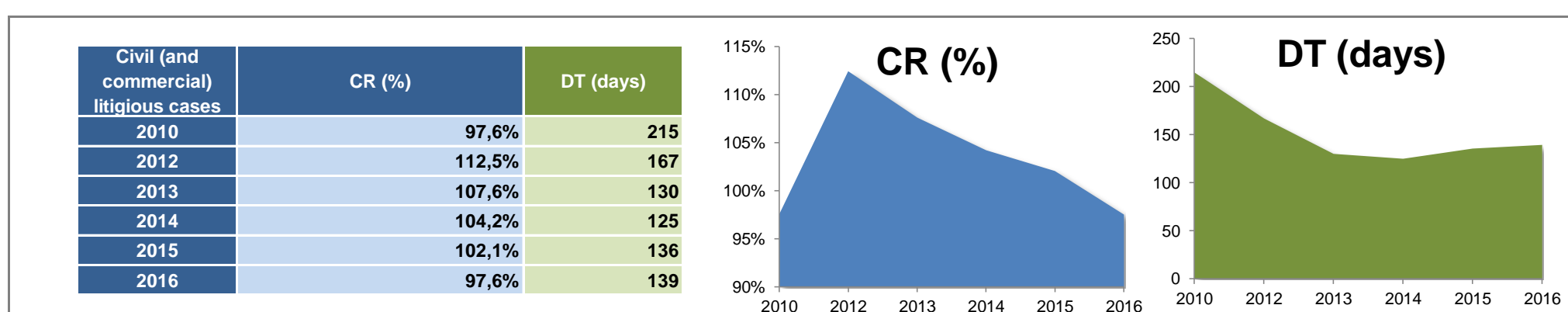
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,7% in 2016, Estonia seems not capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -41,9 points.

In Estonia, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 40 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 3,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,6% in 2016, Estonia seems not capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

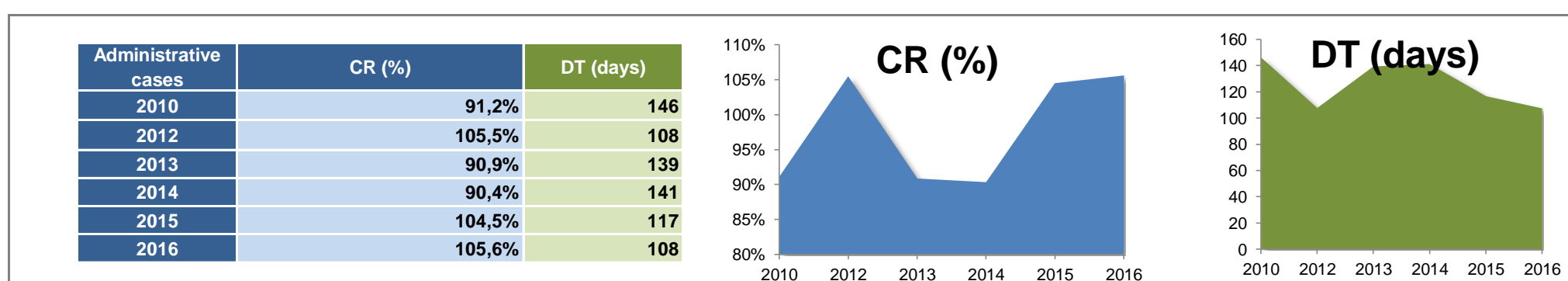
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,5 points.

In Estonia, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 139 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 2,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Estonia, there are 95 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 1,6% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 105,6% in 2016, Estonia seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,1 points.

In Estonia, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 108 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -7,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

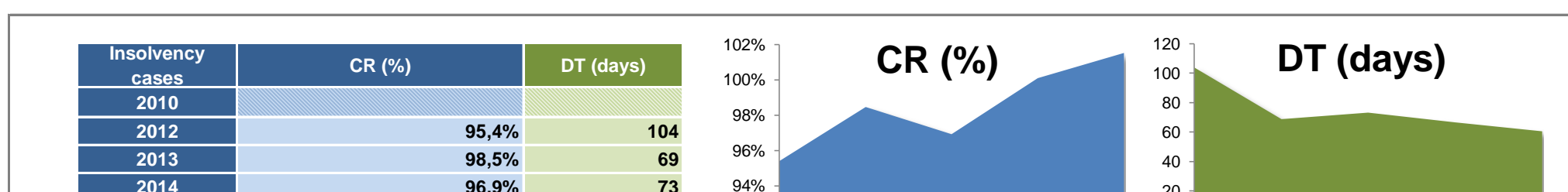
In , there are 14 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 1,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

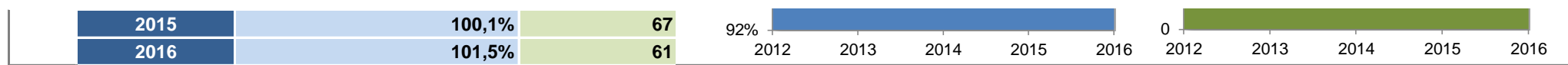
It should be noted that the discrepancies that can be observed between the number of pending cases indicated for December of one year and the number of pending cases communicated for January of the next year, are due to the fact that the statistic system is alive and courts are entitled to modify and update data at any time.

Moreover, differences in the horizontal consistency may be explained by the fact that during the proceedings some cases are joined and some are disjoined.

The decrease in the number of incoming administrative court cases is due to the decrease in the number of inmate complaints. The variations in total and in the non litigious cases are due to increase of incoming business and land registry cases.

◦ *Insolvency*





The Clearance Rate was calculated at 101,5% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Estonia seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,4 points.

In Estonia, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 61 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -9,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It is noteworthy that the discrepancies that can be observed between the number of pending cases indicated for December of one year and the number of pending cases communicated for January of the next year, are due to the fact that the statistic system is alive and courts are entitled to modify and up-date data at any time.

It is possible to observe differences in the horizontal consistency since during the proceedings some cases are joined and some are disjoined.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Estonia, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The scope of the monitoring system is extended to the results of proceedings; the categories of cases; the number of decisions appealed and revoked, fully or partially. The waiting time and the 'age' of pending (not solved) cases are also monitored. It is worthy of mention that every year all the courts and the Ministry of Justice enter into an agreement according to which courts should aim to carry out structural changes and to make changes in case-flow management that will ultimately ensure efficient proceedings. The content of the agreement has changed since 2017. The goals are more general and the same for all the courts (except The Supreme Court).

In Estonia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

First, the chairman of every court of first and second instance has the duty to report once a year to the Council for Administration of Courts on the functioning of the court. The reporting procedure is laid down by the Ministry of Justice and includes on the one hand procedural indicators (for different categories) e.g. number of incoming cases, resolved cases, appealed cases, revoked cases and average proceeding times; and on the other hand – the opinion of the chairman on the quality and efficiency of the proceedings, workload of judges, sufficiency of the resources, quality of the training, data on disciplinary proceedings and complaints and so on. In addition, every chairman of the first and second instance courts has the duty to report in the beginning of each year on old cases (cases pending more than 3 years) and to provide explanation in their respect. In every following quarter, the chairman has to describe how the listed cases have proceeded since their previous reporting. The reporting procedure is laid down by the Ministry of Justice. The reports on old cases and the possible solutions for bringing these cases to the end are discussed with the representatives of the Ministry of Justice. The latter analyses the situation and reports on old cases to the Council for Administration of Courts. Thanks to the system, the number of "old" cases has decreased nearly 10 times in 2014. In 2015, the definition of an old case has been amended – all cases which have been pending for more than 2 years are now considered "old".

Finally, every year the Ministry of Justice and courts agree on performance targets for each court.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

Estonia has developed a quality system consisting of 3 parts. The first part contains the quality standards (good practice) for the management of the court that describe activities related to the chairman of the court. The second part contains the quality standards for the administration of courts and is focused on the different roles of the parties involved in the administration of courts: directors, Ministry of Justice, Council for the Administration of Courts. The third part contains quality standards for the court proceedings and is addressed to all the judges. All of the three parts of the quality standards have been discussed and approved by the Council for Administration of Courts, respectively in 2012, 2013 and 2015.

• Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Estonia provides judicial mediation.

Mandatory mediation procedure is possible in civil proceedings. The court may order the parties to participate in the mediation proceeding if, in the opinion of the court, it is necessary in the interests of adjudication of the matter, considering the circumstances of the case and the process of the proceedings.

In Estonia, in 2016, there are NAP accredited or registered mediators who practise judicial mediation which represent NAP accredited or registered

The variation between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

In Estonia, there are no accredited or registered mediators. The number could be given only with regard to some categories, for example the number of social support workers or the number of registered family mediators. But in all civil, commercial, family and employment dismissal cases, the mediator can be any person whom the parties have entrusted the task of carrying out the mediation according to the Conciliation Act – a private person (lawyer, family mediator) or a public authority (notary, mediation body of the government or a local authority). In criminal matters, mediators are not private but public authorities (victim support workers of the Social Insurance Board, a government authority under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Social Affairs).

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA

Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

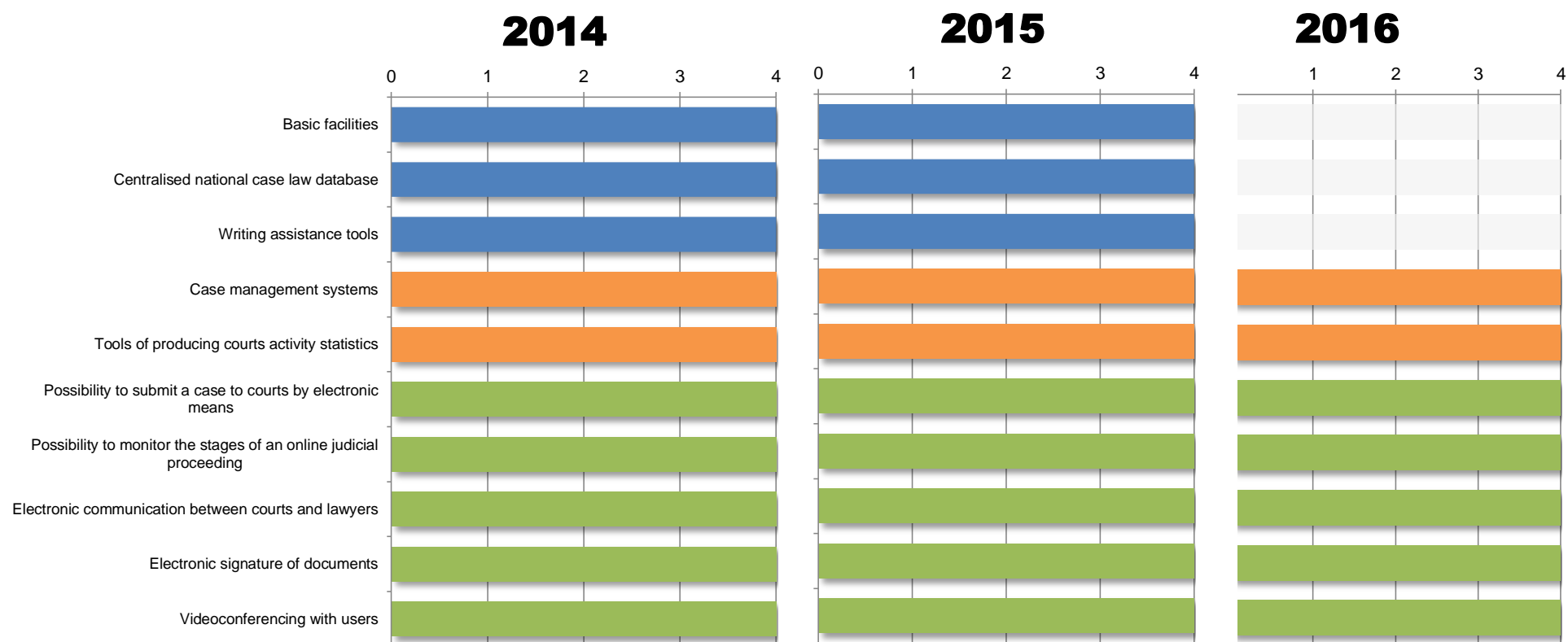
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Estonia has been evaluated at 10,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Estonia, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Ministry of Justice collects statistical data on 1st and 2nd instance courts, while the Supreme Court collects data on the Supreme Court.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

There are no comprehensive reform plans foreseen

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen for this category

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	10 674	13 495	14 218	15 186	15 405	16 034	50,2%	14,2%	8,3%	1,4%	4,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system											
Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)											
Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts	26 797 340	29 728 350	33 212 717	38 589 501	40 621 755	41 340 192	54,3%	36,6%	22,3%	5,3%	1,8%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts	-	-	-	37 893 295	39 758 114	40 318 426	-	-	-	4,9%	1,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	3 989 764	3 838 326	3 835 000	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	9 135 614	9 256 322	9 798 246	10 627 825	11 042 407	11 533 359	26,2%	19,3%	12,7%	3,9%	4,4%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	9 774 016	10 761 496	11 322 578	-	-	-	10,1%	5,2%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	29,0	33,3	35,6	40,4	42,2	43,1	48,4%	26,7%	18,5%	4,4%	2,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	39,3	41,3	42,2	-	-	-	-	2,1%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)											
Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)											
Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	9 135 614	9 256 322	9 798 246	10 627 825	11 042 407	11 533 359	26,2%	19,3%	12,7%	3,9%	4,4%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	29,0	33,3	35,6	40,4	42,2	43,1	48,4%	26,7%	18,5%	4,4%	2,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	39,3	41,3	42,2	-	-	-	5,0%	2,1%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)											
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	26 797 340	29 728 350	33 212 717	38 589 501	40 621 755	41 340 192	54,3%	36,6%	22,3%	5,3%	1,8%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	20 629 784	22 560 006	25 184 227	30 248 518	31 128 914	32 387 989	57,0%	38,0%	23,6%	2,9%	4,0%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	271 414	812 487	739 520	93 140	133 188	122 425	-54,9%	-83,6%	-82,0%	43,0%	-8,1%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	841 964	326 259	443 526	946 995	2 142 835	1 715 388	103,7%	556,8%	383,1%	126,3%	-19,9%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	4 821 159	4 970 552	5 478 730	5 834 221	5 923 596	5 713 780	18,5%	19,2%	8,1%	1,5%	-3,5%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	0	0	31 956	23 908	NAP	-	-	-	-25,2%	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	214 574	177 645	253 938	285 683	237 277	303 662	41,5%	33,6%	-6,6%	-16,9%	28,0%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	18 445	881 401	1 055 117	1 148 988	1 032 037	1 096 948	5847,1%	17,1%	-2,2%	-10,2%	6,3%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3											
Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)											
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	29 €	33 €	36 €	40 €	42 €	43 €	48,4%	26,7%	18,5%	4,4%	2,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	9 135 614	9 256 322	9 798 246	10 627 825	11 042 407	11 533 359	26,2%	19,3%	12,7%	3,9%	4,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	98 519 256	111 404 414	114 093 451	118 145 467	131 874 139	151 571 987	53,9%	18,4%	15,6%	11,6%	14,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	NA	NA	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	26 797 340	29 728 350	33 212 717	38 589 501	40 621 755	41 340 192	54,3%	36,6%	22,3%	5,3%	1,8%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	26 797 340	29 728 350	33 212 717	38 589 501	40 621 755	41 340 192	1 €	36,6%	22,3%	5,3%	1,8%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	271 414	812 487	739 520	93 140	133 188	122 425	1 €	-83,6%	-82,0%	43,0%	-8,1%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	9 135 614	9 256 322	9 798 246	10 627 825	11 042 407	11 533 359	26,2%	19,3%	12,7%	3,9%	4,4%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	26 797 340	29 728 350	33 212 717	38 589 501	40 621 755	41 340 192	54,3%	36,6%	22,3%	5,3%	1,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	12 909 414	7 219 348	-	13 801 463	14 161 498	10 014 384	-22,4%	96,2%	-	2,6%	-29,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	ous civil cases.	-	04/consolide	15004/consolide	ompensation for fi	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	22	22	22	22	22	21	-4,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-4,5%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	110,9%	111,4%	NA	98,2%	139,7%	97,7%	-11,9%	25,3%	-	42,3%	-30,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,6%	112,5%	107,6%	104,2%	102,1%	97,6%	-0,1%	-9,2%	-5,1%	-2,1%	-4,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	97,8%	142,8%	97,7%	-	-	-	46,0%	-31,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	116,0%	104,3%	99,7%	91,7%	103,8%	100,7%	-13,1%	-0,5%	4,2%	13,2%	-3,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	99,5%	152,8%	97,1%	-	-	-	53,5%	-36,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	99,9%	100,9%	99,2%	100,1%	224,7%	99,3%	-0,6%	122,7%	126,5%	124,5%	-55,8%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	123,0%	101,2%	98,8%	100,7%	95,6%	-	-18,1%	-0,5%	2,0%	-5,1%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	91,2%	105,5%	90,9%	90,4%	104,5%	105,6%	15,8%	-1,0%	15,0%	15,6%	1,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	120	44	NA	33	39	40	-66,4%	-11,2%	-	17,4%	3,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	215	167	130	125	136	139	-35,2%	-18,6%	4,3%	8,6%	2,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	24	33	34	-	-	-	39,1%	3,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	87	91	84	78	61	61	-29,9%	-32,5%	-27,5%	-21,3%	-0,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	10	28	30	-	-	-	175,9%	4,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	16	12	15	14	39	13	-21,2%	235,5%	161,2%	180,4%	-68,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	32	7	5	11	42	-	-66,2%	64,2%	105,7%	291,2%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	146	108	139	141	117	108	-26,5%	8,4%	-16,1%	-17,4%	-7,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	245	263	172	280	300	240	-2,0%	14,1%	74,4%	7,1%	-20,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	559	283	306	277	232	218	-61,0%	-18,0%	-24,2%	-16,2%	-6,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	289	267	235	237	230	-	-18,0%	-11,2%	0,9%	-3,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	530	652	691	912	814	828	56,2%	24,8%	17,8%	-10,7%	1,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	682	331	451	375	386	446	-34,6%	16,6%	-14,4%	2,9%	15,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	1 152	1 306	1 331	1 145	1 194	-	-0,6%	-12,3%	-14,0%	4,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	498	598	585	873	876	900	80,7%	46,5%	49,7%	0,3%	2,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	714	320	432	382	390	389	-45,5%	21,9%	-9,7%	2,1%	-0,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	1 099	1 286	1 290	1 146	1 212	-	4,3%	-10,9%	-11,2%	5,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	273	316	275	319	238	166	-39,2%	-24,7%	-13,5%	-25,4%	-30,3%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	485	277	277	228	213	222	-54,2%	-23,1%	-23,1%	-6,6%	4,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	312	242	258	209	201	-	-33,0%	-13,6%	-19,0%	-3,8%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	94,0%	91,7%	84,7%	95,7%	107,6%	108,7%	15,7%	17,3%	27,1%	12,4%	1,0%
CR Employment dismissal cases	104,7%	96,7%	95,8%	101,9%	101,0%	87,2%	-16,7%	4,5%	5,5%	-0,8%	-13,7%
CR Insolvency cases	-	95,4%	98,5%	96,9%	100,1%	101,5%	-	4,9%	1,6%	3,3%	1,4%
DT Litigious divorce cases	200	193	172	133	99	67	-66,4%	-48,6%	-42,2%	-25,6%	-32,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	248	316	234	218	199	208	-16,0%	-36,9%	-14,8%	-8,5%	4,5%
DT Insolvency cases	-	104	69	73	67	61	-	-35,8%	-3,1%	-8,8%	-9,1%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 269	1 284	NA	1 515	1 358	1 432	12,8%	5,8%	-	-10,4%	5,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	743	533	530	732	591	602	-19,0%	10,9%	11,5%	-19,3%	1,9%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	138	123	114	-	-	-	-10,9%	-7,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	117	115	121	138	123	114	-2,6%	7,0%	1,7%	-10,9%	-7,3%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	409	636	726	645	644	716	75,1%	1,3%	-11,3%	-0,2%	11,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 266	4 143	NA	4 583	4 731	4 409	3,4%	14,2%	-	3,2%	-6,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 907	1 825	2 136	2 021	1 932	1 789	-6,2%	5,9%	-9,6%	-4,4%	-7,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	908	1 013	982	-	-	-	11,6%	-3,1%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	942	898	1 153	908	1 013	982	4,2%	12,8%	-12,1%	11,6%	-3,1%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1 417	1 420	1 246	1 654	1 786	1 638	15,6%	25,8%	43,3%	8,0%	-8,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 370	4 048	NA	4 753	4 645	4 626	5,9%	14,7%	-	-2,3%	-0,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 069	1 822	1 942	2 164	1 925	1 897	-8,3%	5,7%	-0,9%	-11,0%	-1,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	939	1 018	998	-	-	-	8,4%	-2,0%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	938	899	1 117	939	1 018	998	6,4%	13,2%	-8,9%	8,4%	-2,0%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 318	1 327	1 327	1 650	1 702	1 731	31,3%	28,3%	28,3%	3,2%	1,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 160	1 374	NA	1 341	1 434	1 209	4,2%	4,4%	-	6,9%	-15,7%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	580	536	723	590	598	494	-14,8%	11,6%	-17,3%	1,4%	-17,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	106	118	98	-	-	-	11,3%	-16,9%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76	114	157	106	118	98	28,9%	3,5%	-24,8%	11,3%	-16,9%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	504	724	640	645	718	617	22,4%	-0,8%	12,2%	11,3%	-14,1%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	102,4%	97,7%	NA	103,7%	98,2%	104,9%	2,4%	0,5%	-	-5,3%	6,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108,5%	99,8%	90,9%	107,1%	99,6%	106,0%	-2,3%	-0,2%	9,6%	-6,9%	6,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	103,4%	100,5%	101,6%	-	-	-	-2,8%	1,1%

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	3 989 764	3 838 326	3 835 000	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	3 941 329	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	48 435	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	2 833 852	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	1 155 912	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	2 982 213	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 835 000	3 838 326	3 835 000	28,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,1%	-0,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	igiteataja.ee/en/	ww.riigiteataja.ee/en/	www.riigiteataja.ee	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	or payment order,	m for payment order	for payment order.	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	e-rik, www.e-toimik.ee	Public E-File (AET)	Public E-File (AET)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	Public E-File (AET)	Public E-File (AET)	Public E-File (AET)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Estonia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	788	846	878	934	970	993	26,0%	14,7%	10,5%	3,9%	2,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	1 340 194	1 286 479	1 315 819	1 313 271	1 315 944	1 315 635	-1,8%	2,3%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	788	846	878	934	970	993	26,0%	14,7%	10,5%	3,9%	2,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	976	957	990	1 017	965	877	-10,1%	0,8%	-2,5%	-5,1%	-9,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	67	63	54	51	71	51	-23,9%	12,7%	31,5%	39,2%	-28,2%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	468	220	239	684	652	615	31,4%	196,4%	172,8%	-4,7%	-5,7%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	339	489	501	78	87	82	-75,8%	-82,2%	-82,6%	11,5%	-5,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	91	138	149	161	111	88	-3,3%	-19,6%	-25,5%	-31,1%	-20,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	11	47	47	43	44	41	272,7%	-6,4%	-6,4%	2,3%	-6,8%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	126	146	128	-	-	-	15,9%	-12,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	4	20	5	-	-	-	400,0%	-75,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	39	40	42	-	-	-	2,6%	5,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	14	17	16	-	-	-	21,4%	-5,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	65	64	60	-	-	-	-1,5%	-6,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	4	5	5	-	-	-	25,0%	0,0%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	828	865	891	819	749	-	-1,1%	-5,3%	-8,1%	-8,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	58	49	47	51	46	-	-12,1%	4,1%	8,5%	-9,8%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	186	210	645	612	573	-	229,0%	191,4%	-5,1%	-6,4%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	466	483	64	70	66	-	-85,0%	-85,5%	9,4%	-5,7%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	75	81	96	47	28	-	-37,3%	-42,0%	-51,0%	-40,4%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	42	39	39	36	-	-	-7,1%	0,0%	-7,7%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Finland (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,4%	1,0%	0,6%	0,3%
GDP per capita	33 608 €	35 571 €	37 018 €	37 559 €	38 162 €	38 959 €	15,9%	7,3%	3,1%	1,6%	2,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

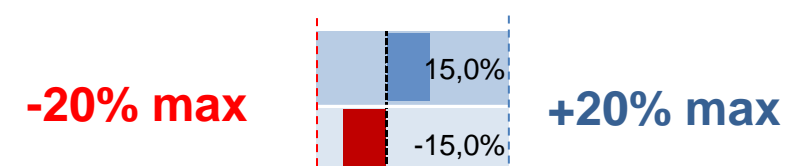
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	45,2	46,0	46,0	50,7	48,5	51,9	14,7%	5,4%	12,6%	2,3%	7,0%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	64,0	66,8	67,5	71,1	70,6	76,5	19,5%	5,7%	13,3%	7,7%	8,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,0	18,1	18,1	18,1	18,1	19,4	7,9%	-0,1%	7,3%	7,5%	7,4%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	42,5	40,8	40,3	39,5	39,1	39,4	-7,2%	-4,2%	-2,1%	-0,2%	0,9%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				6,3	8,0	8,0				27,1%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	-22,7%	6,5%	3,7%	3,8%	-22,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,3	8,8	8,6	7,2	7,2	7,2	13,8%	-18,4%	-16,8%	0,3%	-0,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,584	0,5	0,5	0,516	0,494	0,706	20,8%	-2,8%	-4,5%	-4,3%	42,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	93%	103%	106%	105%	94%	125%	0,34	-0,09	-0,11	-0,10	0,33
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	94%	100%	103%	99%	99%	-0,02	0,05	-0,01	-0,04	0,01
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	99%	101%	95%	97%	102%	79%	-0,20	0,01	0,07	0,05	-0,22

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	259	325	288	289	332	252	-2,6%	2,2%	15,5%	15,1%	-24,2%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	77	84	80	84	91	94	21,5%	9,0%	14,8%	9,3%	2,9%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	238	248	277	280	271	279	17,4%	9,2%	-2,3%	-3,4%	3,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,9%	-23,2%	-17,9%	-16,7%	-22,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,3	1,9	1,9	1,7	1,8	1,8	35,6%	-6,8%	-6,0%	5,4%	3,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,4	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	13,9%	7,0%	0,1%	-3,0%	14,8%

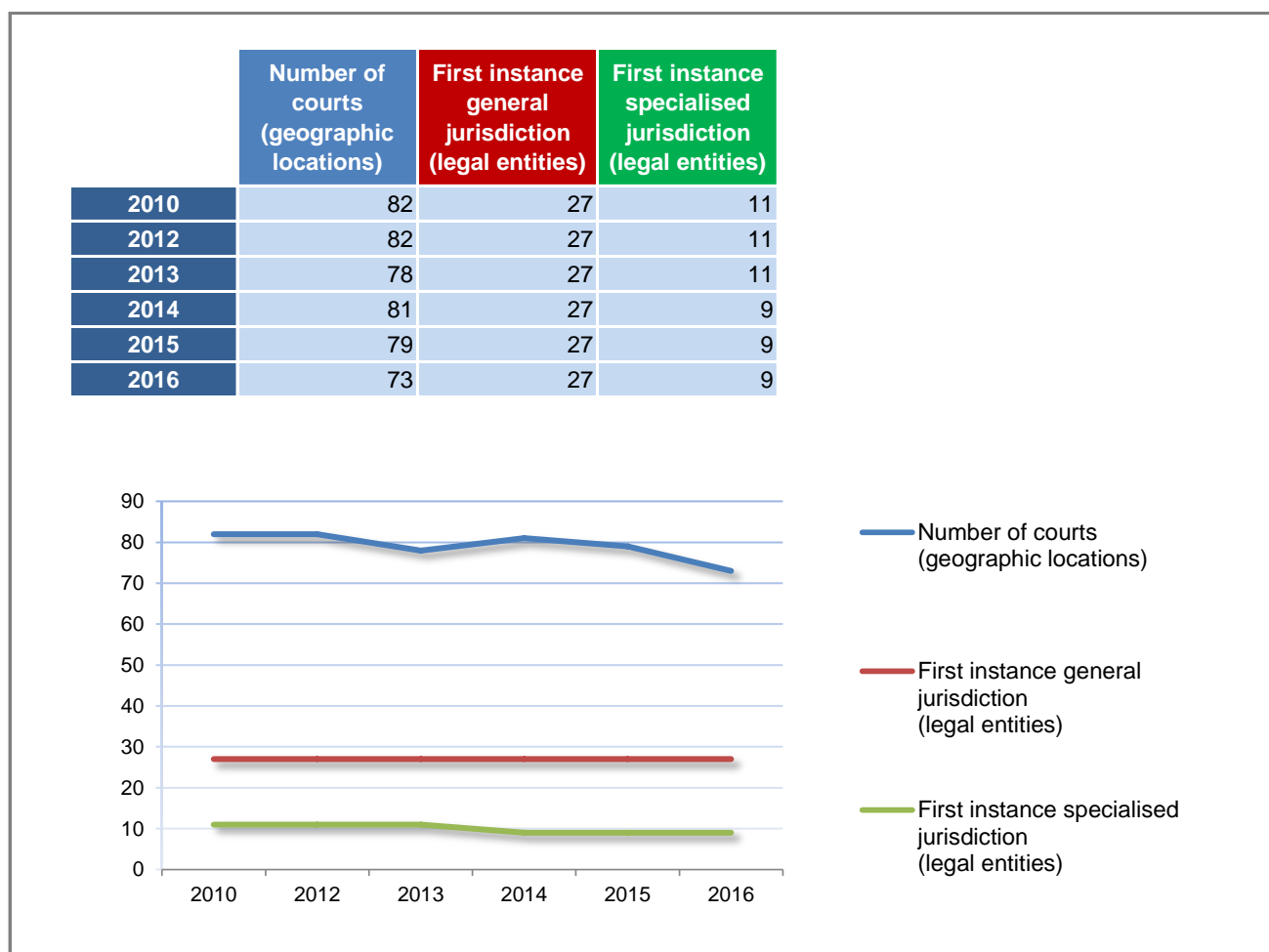


1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Finland the data suggest that there is a slight decrease of the number of 1st instance specialised courts, which dropped from 11 to 9 starting with 2014. Due to these changes, the overall number of the courts as geographic locations fell from 81 to 79 between 2014 and 2015. Besides, some geographic locations of the District Courts have been shut down which explains the decrease between 2015 and 2016 in the number of geographic locations (from 79 to 73). More concretely, what has remained unchanged is the number of: the 1st instance courts as general jurisdiction (27), the branch offices of district courts (13), the auxiliary courtrooms of district courts (25), the courts of appeal (5), the Supreme Court (1), the Supreme administrative Court (1).

The number of first instance specialised courts decreased from 11 to 9 because starting from 2014, the High Court of Impeachment and the Supreme Court Justices are not included within the category of specialised courts as they do not function with a permanent tribunal (since they are convened occasionally at times to hear charges against ministers, chancellor of justice, parliamentary ombudsman for unlawful conduct in office).

Finally, it could be drawn to the conclusion that the court system has remained rather stable apart from some slight changes in the previous cycles, considering the decline in the number of the administrative courts (from 8 to 6) and the courts of appeal (from 6 to 5). Conversely there was a lift of auxiliary courtrooms at district courts (from 23 to 25).



As concerns the first instance specialised courts, in Finland there are 6 regional administrative courts (8 till 2014 when four courts merged into two - this of Kouvola with this of Kuopio and this of Oulu with this of Rovaniemi), 1 Market Court, 1 Labour Court and 1 Insurance Court. Another specific tribunal which can be considered as a specialized court is the High Court of Impeachment. Notwithstanding, as explained above, it is not a permanent tribunal and it is convened only when necessary.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 285 425 000 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 51,9 €

Detailed data on the budgetary components is not available in respect of the approved annual budget, but only with regard to the implemented one.

Accordingly, the three most important categories of the annual implemented public budget are :

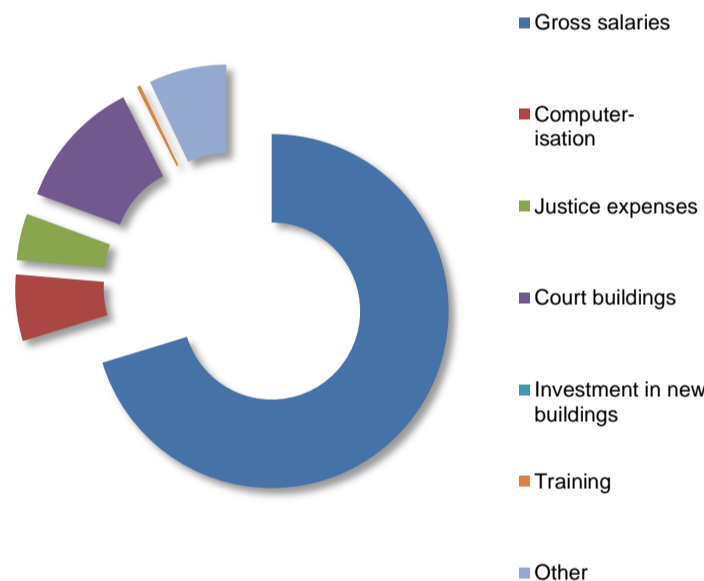
- Gross Salaries (192 126 588 €)
- Court buildings (32 626 220 €)
- Other (19 398 523 €)

It has to be pointed out that the amount for "justice expenses" is estimated appropriation and in fact is not counted as budget, so when calculating the sums of the implemented budget together the approved budget sum is exceeded. However this does not mean that the budget is truly exceeded. The other sums in budget are transferable appropriations and counted as budget allocation.

The category "Other expenses" includes health services, postage, office supplies, telephone and telecommunications services.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	285 425 000 €	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA
2016 Implemented budget	273 337 188 €	192 126 588 €	16 582 298 €	11 656 558 €	32 626 220 €	NAP	947 000 €	19 398 523 €
Difference	-4,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA

2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 421 068 000 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 76,5 €

The budget per capita (76,5 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Finland belongs to the group of European States with high degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 8,3%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 925 500 000 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

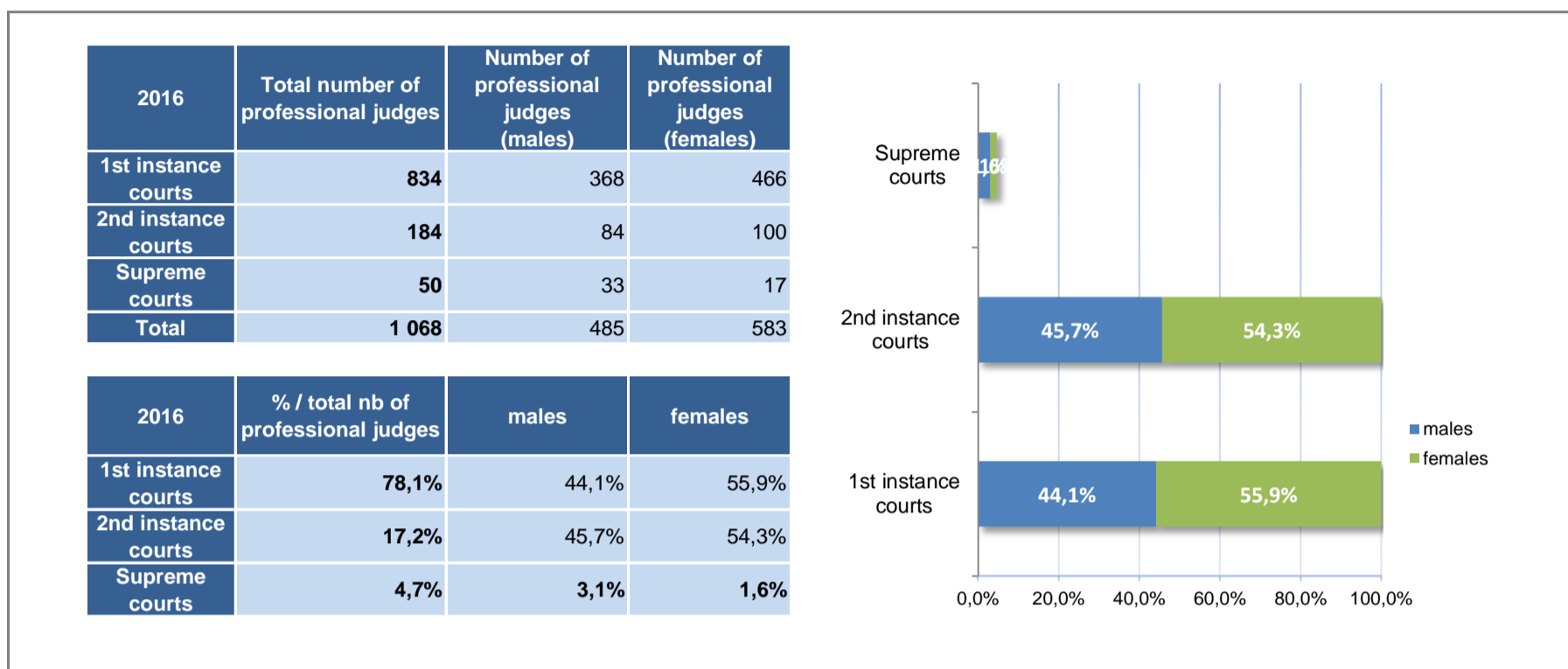
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

The category “other” includes: election expenditure as well as some other offices under the administrative sector of the Ministry of Justice like Legal Register Centre, Office of the Bankruptcy Ombudsman, Office of the Data Protection Ombudsman, Council for Crime Prevention, Safety Investigation Authority, National Research Institute of Legal Policy, Accident Investigation Board, the Consumer Disputes Board.

Another component encompassed in this category before 2014 was the ICT Service Centre for Judicial Administration. In 2014, the ICT services for the overall State administration were centralized to the Government ICT Centre Valtori.

• Human resources

◦ Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Finland is 1 068 which is 7,8% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Finland, in 2016, there are 19,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,0 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 583 which represents 54,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 834 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 466 are female) ; 184 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 100 are female) and 50 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 17 are female).

In Finland, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Optional
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

In Finland, judicial training is traditionally based on practical training in the courts and on the in-service training for judges that the Ministry of Justice provides.

The renewed legislation concerning Courts (Courts Act) entered into force on 1.1.2017. This Act has a new provision which states that every judge has both a right and an obligation to maintain his/her judicial knowledge and train his/herself. However the legislation does not set any timeframes of how much trainings a judge has to have per year. The need will be estimated individually.

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	2 285	0	0	0	0	0
2012	2 214	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2013	2 196	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2014	2 161	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2015	2 145	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016	2 170	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Finland, in 2016, there are 2 170 non-judge staff. Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 1,2%.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 39,2 in 2015 to 39,6 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 18,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 19,4 in 2016.

Owing to the peculiarity of the Finish court administration which organization does not correspond to the CEPEJ sub-categories, only the total of non-judge staff can be provided. Briefly, office staff has tasks mentioned in the categories 2-5. Summoner's task is to see to the service of notices. Trainee district judges work within the judge's responsibility but they do not have competence to deal with the most difficult cases. They are always appointed for a fixed term (one year). In Appeal courts and in Administrative courts the case can be decided on the basis of the presentation by the referendary.

In 2016, there are 1473 office staff, 248 summoners, 136 trainee district judges, 1 junior district judges, 312 referendaries.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 89 400 000 € (16,2 € per capita).

Compared to previous data, the legal aid expenses has been increasing due to the 4 % increase made in the legal fees. Besides, the number of refugees getting legal aid has been risen.

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court. as well as between criminal law cases and other than

A part of the expenses of the legal aid comes from cases which are not heard in the courts.

In Finland legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

More precisely, the granting of legal aid exempts the recipient from liability for the enforcement fees pertaining to the judgment or the court order and any expenses payable in advance. Legal aid covers the first attempt to collect outstanding claims by way of distraint, while for the second attempt a new legal aid decision is needed. All necessary costs of enforcement are covered from State funds, if they cannot be collected from the opposing party.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

The granting of legal aid exempts the recipient from liability for the fees and compensations arising from the interpretation and translation services required in the consideration of the matter. Compensations for witnesses called by a party receiving legal aid are paid from State funds. Other costs incurred by the presentation of evidence by a party receiving legal aid are paid from State funds, if the evidence has been necessary for the resolution of the matter. If a party receiving legal aid, other than the defendant in a criminal case, has been summoned to the court in person in order to have the matter resolved, the compensation for the costs of appearing before the court are paid from State funds.

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Charges are collected once the performance has been completed. Payment liability lies with the initiator of the matter (plaintiff or petitioner); on appeal with the appellant; and with other performances with the person ordering the performance. After the consideration of the matter, the District Court collects a charge from the petitioner in a petitionary matter and the plaintiff in a civil matter; the amount of the charge varies depending on the nature of the matter. Certain matters are by the law free of charge, for example the coercive measures. A beneficiary of legal aid is free from payment liability. Certain parties are likewise free from payment liability (for example the police and other preliminary investigation authorities as well as prosecutors and enforcement authorities).

The amount of the charge varies depending on the nature of the matter and the court time its consideration has required.

The Court fees have been increased recently in Finland. The new legislation (Act on Court fees) came into force in the beginning of 2016. The charges collected by courts are the following:

- Administrative Courts: 250 euros; if the decision is amended to the advantage of the appellant, no processing charge is collected.

- Market Court: 2000 euros; in a case of public supply the fee depends on the value of the supply; if the value is minimum 1 mln. euros, the fee is 4000 euros; if the value is minimum of 10 mln. euros, the fee is 6 000 euros; a Private persons fee in Market Court is 500 euros.

- Labour Court: 2000 euros; a Private persons fee in Labour Court is 500 euros.

- Insurance Court - there is no fee in a matter that has been brought to Insurance Court by a Private person and that concerns his or her right to a benefit, its amount or claim for its recovery; this means that most of the cases in Insurance Court is handled without a fee; in other cases a private persons fee is 250 euros; other than a Private person must pay for a fee (500 euros).

- District Courts:

Trial charges - criminal cases and an appeals under the Enforcement Act and the restraining orders - 250 euros. If the restraining order is imposed, the charge will not be collected. In an enforcement case the charge is not collected, if the decision of the enforcement authority is changed to the benefit of the appellant. No charge is collected in criminal cases that are prosecuted by the public prosecutor;

Civil cases and land court cases - 500 euros;

Non-litigious cases 86 euros (if it is brought to Court electronically - 65 euros; if the case is disputed by the defendant, the fee is 250 euros);

Petitionary matters - normally 250 euros, but if the matter becomes disputed and is transferred to a hearing, charges as in a civil case; however, in the following petitionary matters the charges are: divorce (200 euros); if the matter transferred to a hearing, charges - as in a civil cases; continued hearing after the reconsideration period - 100 euros;

Mediation in civil disputes (if not started - 100 euros; if started - 250 euros; no charge is collected, if mediation is requested in a pending trial matter, then the fee will be collected according to the type of the case);

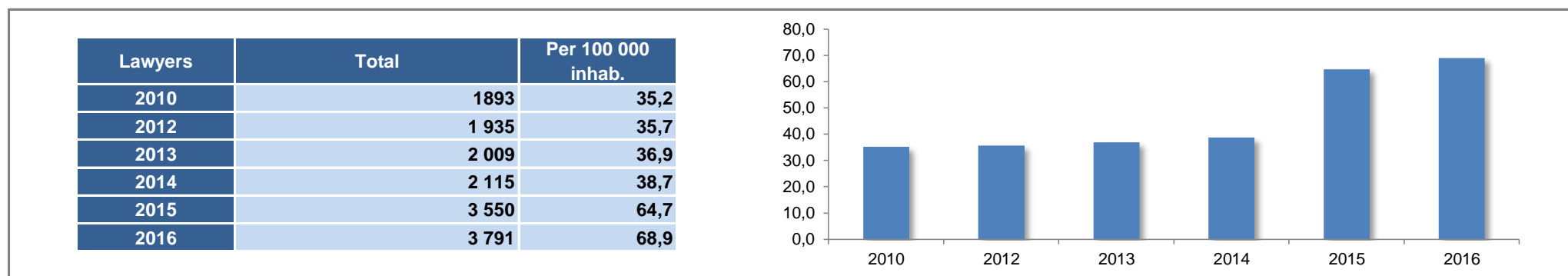
Bankruptcy (bankruptcy declaration - 300 euros, debtor not adjudicated bankrupt; bankruptcy declaration - 650 euros, charged to the bankrupt's estate; when ends in a distribution list - 750 euros; when ends otherwise than in a distribution list - 300 euros; no charge is collected if the process continues in the form of a public investigation; other bankruptcy matter heard separately - 300 euros; no charge is collected in a case concerning imposing of a security measure or coercive measure or certification of an inventory, or other obligation of a debtor, further declaration, or correction or amendment of a confirmed distribution list; in the case of a contested claim: if the matter is referred to court - as one in dispute, a charge equal to the one collected on civil disputes is collected from the contesting party; Corporate restructuring hearing where restructuring is denied - 300 euros; hearing where restructuring is approved - 1000 euros, other matter heard separately - 300 euros; a case handled according to the Act on the Adjustment of the Debts of a Private Individual - 250 euros (there is no charge if the case is brought to court by the debtor))

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 500

As mentioned above, the amount of the charge varies depending on the nature of the matter and the court time its consideration has required.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Finland, in 2016, there are 3 791 lawyers, which is 6,8% more than in 2015.

This data represents 68,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The number of lawyers indicated for 2012, 2013 and 2014 refers to members of the Finnish Bar Association who are entitled to use the professional titles *advokat* (advocate). Law firms (firms owned by members of the Bar) employ also associates. Besides, legal aid offices employ also legal advisers who are not all members of the Bar Association. Till 2014, jurists (persons who have a Master's Degree in law) could offer similar legal services than members of the Bar. From the beginning of the year 2014, only advocates, public legal aid attorneys and counsels who have obtained the license referred to in the Licensed Counsel Act are allowed to represent a client in the court.

In 2016, the total number of lawyers 3,791 includes 2,119 members of the Finnish Bar Association, 1,540 licensed lawyers and 229 public legal aid lawyers (97 public legal aid lawyers are also members of the Finnish Bar Association). Only members of the Finnish Bar Association are entitled to use the professional title "advocate".

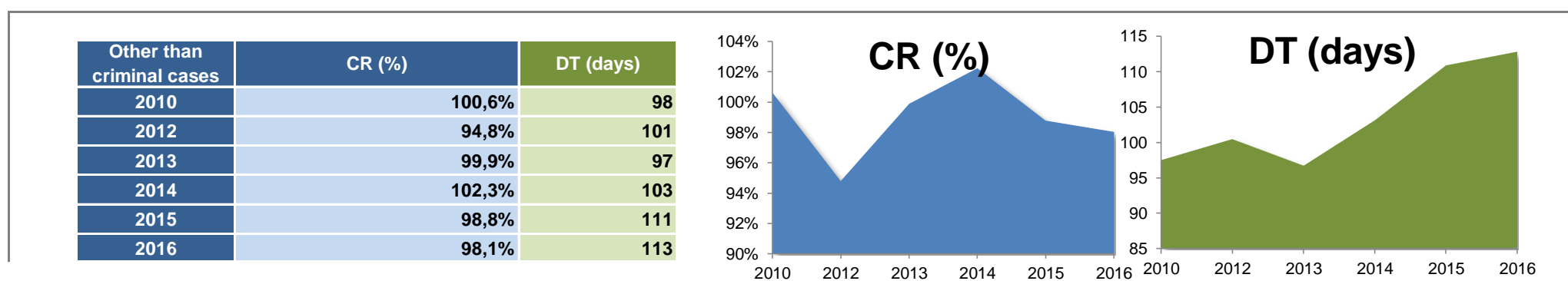
● Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



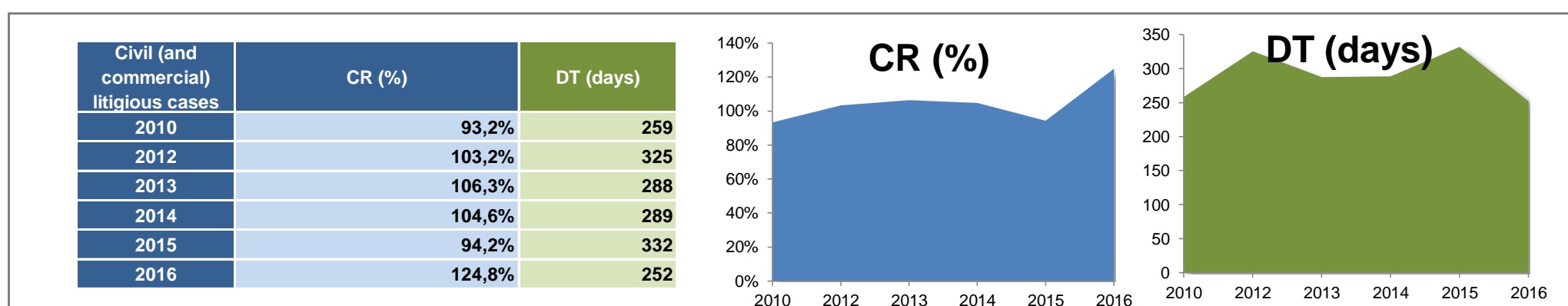
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,1% in 2016, Finland seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,7 points.

In Finland, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 113 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 1,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 124,8% in 2016, Finland seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

It should be noticed that in 2016 the number of civil cases has decreased and the courts have been able to solve pending cases.

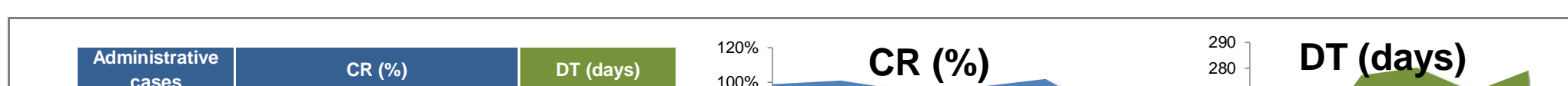
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 30,6 points.

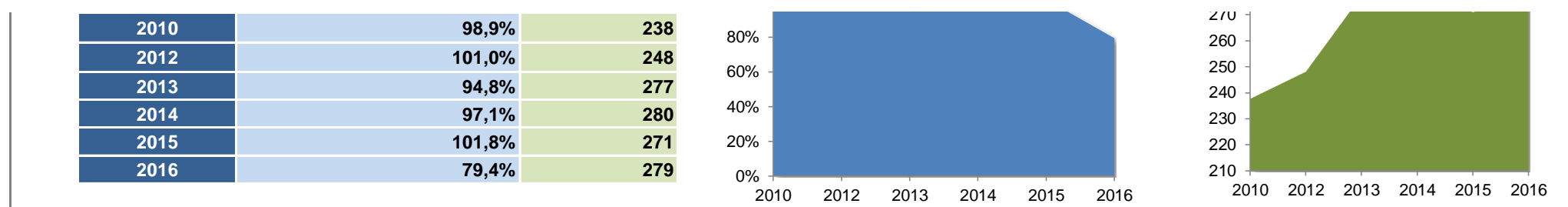
In Finland, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 252 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -24,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Administrative cases





With a Clearance Rate calculated at 79,4% in 2016, Finland seems to face difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

In fact, the number of administrative cases has increased dramatically due to the asylum crisis. Namely, more judges were hired to deal with cases related to asylum seekers and also develop a more effective procedure. The limits in which such cases have to be handled have also been shortened with the aim to reduce the number of pending cases. To tackle this crisis there has also been a legislative reform that decentralized the competence for asylum cases from one Administrative court (Helsinki) to three other Administrative courts as well. Accordingly, statistics show variations on the number of pending cases for 2016. The number of pending cases on 1.1.2016 was 20 4775, but due to the decentralization, about 5000 cases have been transferred from Helsinki to these other courts. The statistics system does not show anymore these cases as pending.

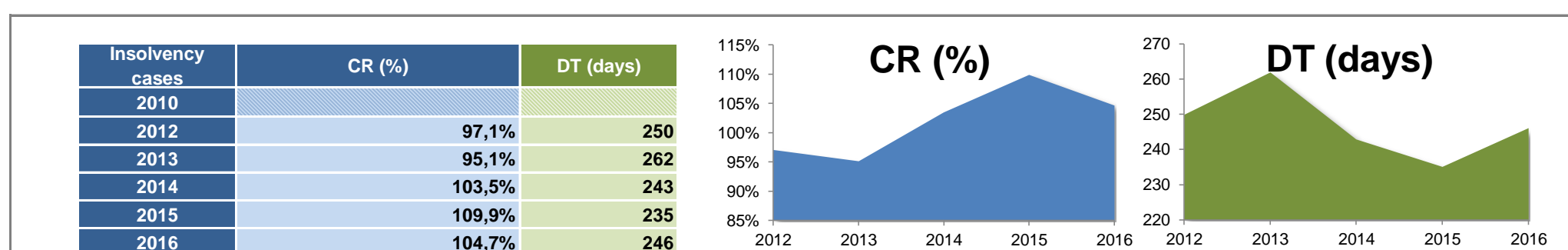
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -22,4 points.

In Finland, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 279 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 3,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 104,7% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Finland seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,3 points.

In Finland, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 246 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 4,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

● Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Finland, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Courts may decide in which form the report shall be published (internet, Intranet, paper distribution). They may also prepare a report together (for example all the general courts and all the administrative courts).

◦ The reporting is less frequent than annual.

Generally, the report is carried out annually but not always. The Courts Act which will enter into force in the beginning of 2017 requires that the report be given annually.

The report is communicated to the government as a part of budgetary information as well as to the public.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases

All Courts of law maintain statistics of the above mentioned items in operational case management systems and the Court Administration Unit of the Ministry of Justice can use these figures through a reporting system.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Annual negotiations between all courts and the Ministry of Justice take place as a part of the method called 'Management by results'. Through these negotiations and the method, the Ministry of Justice allocates budget funds to the Courts of law.

Quality standards are determined for the judicial system, but there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

In 1999, a Quality project has been launched by the courts in the jurisdiction of the Court of Appeal of Rovaniemi, covering both civil and criminal cases. It is aimed at improving quality in adjudication in order to comply with the requirements of fair trial and accessibility of justice. The main working method consists of systematic discussions among judges and also between judges and stakeholders. The development work is steered by a development committee. Normally four working groups for quality are set up for each year, consisting of judges from each of the concerned District Courts, members and referendaries of the Court of Appeal. Prosecutors, private attorneys, public legal aid attorneys and heads of pre-trial investigation may also be involved. Each group is tasked to deal with one of the selected development themes. Their reports are presented at the Quality Conference where they are discussed in order to identify quality objectives for the following year. The Report of Quality, containing the final reports, is published every year. The courts in the jurisdiction of the Court of Appeal of Helsinki have also launched a quality project based on two working methods: cooperation with the University of Helsinki and establishment of working groups similar to these described above. Their reports are presented at the conference called 'Day of Jurisdiction'.

In addition there is a cooperation project between administrative courts. Some topics of the project relate to quality standards, namely to the parameters of quality at administrative courts and the collection of information on quality.

It is also worth mentioning that on the proposal of the presidents of the Finnish Courts of Appeal, the Finnish Association of Judges has elaborated in 2012 Ethical guidelines for judges.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Finland provides judicial mediation in different fields, but it is not mandatory.

In Finland, there are not accredited or registered mediators.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	673	13
Civil and commercial	204	4
Family cases	425	8
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	44	1
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

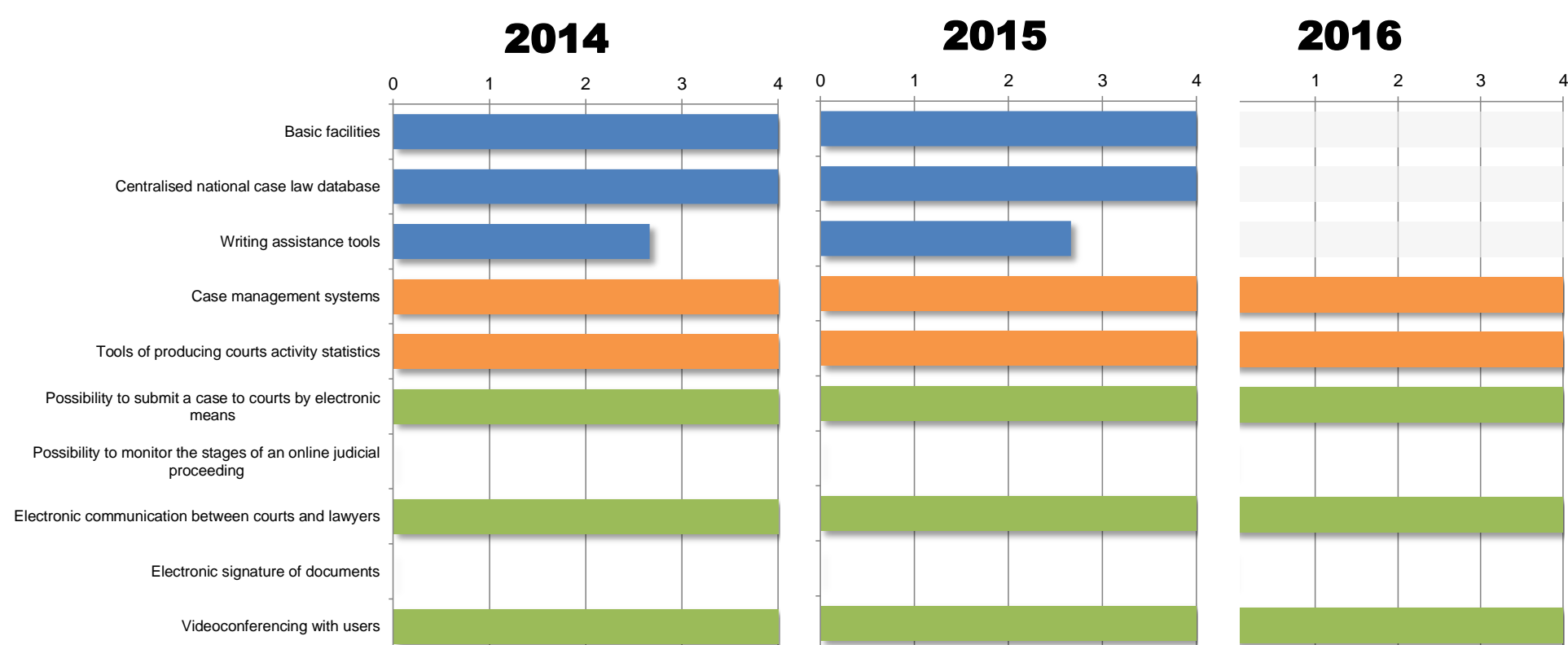
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Finland has been evaluated at 7,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

Preliminary investigation acts and basic information of cases are sent electronically from the police to prosecutors.

4. National data collection system

In Finland, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice.

Since 2014 Statistics Finland no longer collects statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary. The Ministry of Justice collects data and publishes the annual operational statistics on Internet, see:
http://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/79563/OMTH_19_2017_Tuomioistuinten_tyotilastoja.pdf?sequence=1

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

1 (and 5.) Ministry of Justice (MoJ) appointed a working group to develop legislation on courts and judges on December 2011. The working group gave its report on 22.4.2014. A new Project was established the 1.10.2014 to continue the work of the first working group. Deadline for the new project was on 31.12.2015 and the new legislation entered into force at the beginning of the year 2017. The main reforms of the legislation concern court's personnel and their judicial education and training. The Chief Justices of the courts would be appointed for a fixed period of time (7 years), except the president of the Supreme Court and the president of the Supreme Administrative Court who would still be appointed to their offices permanently. One main change has been made to the status and functions of the referendaries (e.g. judicial staff that prepares the case but does not have the power to decide). Some referendaries positions have been changed to new educational judicial offices e.g. Assessors, who will not just prepare the case but also decide it as one member of the panel of judges. One major change is also the establishment of the Judicial Training Board, which will attend to the planning of the training to be arranged for court members, referendaries, draft persons, court notaries and other personnel in cooperation with the Ministry of Justice and the courts. The aim of the reform has been to increase the efficiency of the working practices in Courts. This reform increases the number of judges in courts at the expense of referendaries. The goal has also been to develop personal training for judges and referendaries more systematically than before. After the reform, all legal personnel have a right and a duty to participate in an adequate amount of high quality judicial training every year.

The training will be customized for every individual. Everyone will have a personal training program that would be adjusted year by year during ones whole career in the judiciary. Enhanced quality and amount of training is intended to raise the quality of ruling and to make the judges profession more attractive. New Assessors offices can be established at least in the Courts of Appeal, the Administrative Courts and the Special Courts. The first ones will start on 1.9.2017. The appointment will be for a fixed period of 3 years. Assessors will prepare and hear cases in the same way as other judges of the court. Besides working as a judge Assessors will take part in a training program designed especially for the judge's career. There will be a pre-nomination test and also a final test, but passing the final test will not be a qualification to judges office (not a "Judge Degree" as such). Judges career will still be open for applicants that haven't participated in the new program, for example for experienced attorneys, prosecutors, tax lawyers, professors etc. The Courts Act has been translated to English and you will find it on electronic form on finlex-databank: <http://www.finlex.fi/en/laki/kaannokset/2016/en20160673.pdf>.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,6%	94,8%	99,9%	102,3%	98,8%	98,1%	-2,6%	4,2%	-1,1%	-3,4%	-0,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	93,2%	103,2%	106,3%	104,6%	94,2%	124,8%	33,9%	-8,8%	-11,4%	-9,9%	32,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	-	-	-	-3,9%	0,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,1%	94,2%	100,1%	102,6%	98,6%	99,1%	-2,0%	4,7%	-1,5%	-3,9%	0,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	98,9%	101,0%	94,8%	97,1%	101,8%	79,4%	-19,7%	0,8%	7,4%	4,8%	-22,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	96,3%	97,6%	97,8%	99,4%	101,1%	104,5%	8,4%	3,6%	3,3%	1,7%	3,4%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	98	101	97	103	111	113	15,7%	10,3%	14,7%	7,5%	1,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	259	325	288	289	332	252	-2,6%	2,2%	15,5%	15,1%	-24,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	84	91	94	-	-	-	9,3%	2,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77	84	80	84	91	94	21,5%	9,0%	14,8%	9,3%	2,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	238	248	277	280	271	279	17,4%	9,2%	-2,3%	-3,4%	3,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	203	206	205	196	196	184	-9,4%	-4,7%	-4,2%	0,2%	-6,4%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	12057	11 706	12 203	12 127	12 326	12 384	2,7%	5,3%	1,0%	1,6%	0,5%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	477	559	509	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	2 135	2 251	2 439	2 326	2 050	-	8,9%	3,3%	-4,6%	-11,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	17287	17 075	18 185	18 542	18 579	17 023	-1,5%	8,8%	2,2%	0,2%	-8,4%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	654	577	638	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	3 359	3 553	3 372	2 882	2 725	-	-14,2%	-18,9%	-14,5%	-5,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	18302	17 696	18 262	18 325	18 545	18 145	-0,9%	4,8%	1,5%	1,2%	-2,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	630	647	601	658	666	662	5,1%	2,9%	10,8%	1,2%	-0,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	3 261	3 379	3 489	3 168	2 852	-	-2,9%	-6,2%	-9,2%	-10,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	11042	11 085	12 126	12 344	12 360	11 262	2,0%	11,5%	1,9%	0,1%	-8,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	501	489	546	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	2 233	2 425	2 322	2 040	1 923	-	-8,6%	-15,9%	-12,1%	-5,7%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	105,9%	103,6%	100,4%	98,8%	99,8%	106,6%	0,7%	-3,7%	-0,6%	1,0%	6,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,3%	112,1%	94,2%	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	97,1%	95,1%	103,5%	109,9%	104,7%	-	13,2%	15,6%	6,2%	-4,8%
DT Litigious divorce cases	220	229	242	246	243	227	2,9%	6,4%	0,4%	-1,1%	-6,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	290	276	332	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	250	262	243	235	246	-	-6,0%	-10,3%	-3,2%	4,7%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 873	1 757	1 383	1 843	1 913	1 912	2,1%	8,9%	38,3%	3,8%	-0,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 344	1 220	991	NA	1 651	1 606	19,5%	35,3%	66,6%	-	-2,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	240	206	252	-	-	-	-14,2%	22,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	321	304	198	240	206	252	-21,5%	-32,2%	4,0%	-14,2%	22,3%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	136	163	122	64	56	54	-60,3%	-65,6%	-54,1%	-12,5%	-3,6%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 838	3 587	3 562	3 835	3 780	3 069	-20,0%	5,4%	6,1%	-1,4%	-18,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 045	1 760	1 677	NA	2 806	2 376	16,2%	59,4%	67,3%	-	-15,3%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	828	914	651	-	-	-	10,4%	-28,8%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 175	1 098	1 119	828	914	651	-44,6%	-16,8%	-18,3%	10,4%	-28,8%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	372	487	497	54	60	42	-88,7%	-87,7%	-87,9%	11,1%	-30,0%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 880	3 773	3 538	3 763	3 779	3 618	-6,8%	0,2%	6,8%	0,4%	-4,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 102	1 912	1 730	NA	2 848	2 821	34,2%	49,0%	64,6%	-	-0,9%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	861	869	741	-	-	-	0,9%	-14,7%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 161	1 114	1 043	861	869	741	-36,2%	-22,0%	-16,7%	0,9%	-14,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	373	514	496	62	62	56	-85,0%	-87,9%	-87,5%	0,0%	-9,7%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 831	1 571	1 407	1 915	1 914	1 363	-25,6%	21,8%	36,0%	-0,1%	-28,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 287	1 068	938	NA	1 609	1 161	-9,8%	50,7%	71,5%	-	-27,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	207	251	162	-	-	-	21,3%	-35,5%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	335	288	274	207	251	162	-51,6%	-12,8%	-8,4%	21,3%	-35,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	135	136	123	56	54	40	-70,4%	-60,3%	-56,1%	-3,6%	-25,9%

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,1%	105,2%	99,3%	98,1%	100,0%	117,9%	16,6%	-5,0%	0,7%	1,9%	17,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	102,8%	108,6%	103,2%	NA	101,5%	118,7%	15,5%	-6,6%	-1,6%	-	17,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	-	-	-	-8,6%	19,7%

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,8%	101,5%	93,2%	104,0%	95,1%	113,8%	15,2%	-6,3%	2,0%	-8,6%	19,7%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,3%	105,5%	99,8%	114,8%	103,3%	133,3%	33,0%	-2,1%	3,5%	-10,0%	29,0%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	172	152	145	186	185	138	-20,2%	21,6%	27,4%	-0,5%	-25,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	223	204	198	NA	206	150	-32,8%	1,1%	4,2%	-	-27,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	88	105	80	-	-	-	20,1%	-24,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	105	94	96	88	105	80	-24,2%	11,7%	9,9%	20,1%	-24,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	132	97	91	330	318	261	97,4%	229,2%	251,2%	-3,6%	-18,0%

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	4 730	-	4 536	4 519	4 746	-	-4,5%	-	-0,4%	5,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	364	-	510	579	549	-	59,1%	-	13,5%	-5,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	3788	3 941	-	3 719	3 625	3 916	3,4%	-8,0%	-	-2,5%	8,0%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	425	-	307	315	281	-	-25,9%	-	2,6%	-10,8%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	5 509	-	5 747	5 720	6 195	-	3,8%	-	-0,5%	8,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	960	-	1 013	884	999	-	-7,9%	-	-12,7%	13,0%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4587	3 947	-	4 201	4 319	4 785	4,3%	9,4%	-	2,8%	10,8%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	602	-	533	517	411	-	-14,1%	-	-3,0%	-20,5%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5729	5 388	-	5 741	5 475	6 905	20,5%	1,6%	-	-4,6%	26,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1072	841	-	944	914	1 066	-0,6%	8,7%	-	-3,2%	16,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	285	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4202	3 928	-	4 272	4 012	5 382	28,1%	2,1%	-	-6,1%	34,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	110	619	-	525	549	457	315,5%	-11,3%	-	4,6%	-16,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	4 851	-	4 542	4 764	4 036	-	-1,8%	-	4,9%	-15,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	483	-	579	549	482	-	13,7%	-	-5,2%	-12,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	4173	3 960	-	3 648	3 932	3 319	-20,5%	-0,7%	-	7,8%	-15,6%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	408	-	315	283	235	-	-30,6%	-	-10,2%	-17,0%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	97,8%	-	99,9%	95,7%	111,5%	-	-2,1%	-	-4,2%	16,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	87,6%	-	93,2%	103,4%	106,7%	-	18,0%	-	11,0%	3,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	91,6%	99,5%	-	101,7%	92,9%	112,5%	22,8%	-6,7%	-	-8,7%	21,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	102,8%	-	98,5%	106,2%	111,2%	-	3,3%	-	7,8%	4,7%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	329	-	289	318	213	-	-3,4%	-	10,0%	-32,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	210	-	224	219	165	-	4,6%	-	-2,1%	-24,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	362	368	-	312	358	225	-37,9%	-2,8%	-	14,8%	-37,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	241	-	219	188	188	-	-21,8%	-	-14,1%	-0,2%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	107 120	109 588	137 004	137 261	127 125	128 042	19,5%	16,0%	-7,2%	-7,4%	0,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	6 431	9 829	9 600	9 321	8 883	9 530	48,2%	-9,6%	-7,5%	-4,7%	7,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102 233	91 790	97 217	-	-	-	-10,2%	5,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 302	75 446	103 192	102 233	91 790	97 217	27,4%	21,7%	-11,0%	-10,2%	5,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	19 863	19 203	18 849	20 233	20 955	15 553	-21,7%	9,1%	11,2%	3,6%	-25,8%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 524	5 110	5 363	5 474	5 497	5 742	26,9%	7,6%	2,5%	0,4%	4,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	389 479	524 352	519 154	440 553	441 823	451 430	15,9%	-15,7%	-14,9%	0,3%	2,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 845	10 320	10 644	10 677	11 108	8 587	-20,8%	7,6%	4,4%	4,0%	-22,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	391 260	393 554	393 960	-	-	-	0,6%	0,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	338 180	476 764	470 137	391 260	393 554	393 960	16,5%	-17,5%	-16,3%	0,6%	0,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	31 397	27 579	28 214	28 254	27 112	38 831	23,7%	-1,7%	-3,9%	-4,0%	43,2%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	9 057	9 689	10 159	10 362	10 049	10 052	11,0%	3,7%	-1,1%	-3,0%	0,0%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	391 908	497 063	518 725	450 486	436 443	442 641	12,9%	-12,2%	-15,9%	-3,1%	1,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 112	10 653	11 319	11 164	10 463	10 718	6,0%	-1,8%	-7,6%	-6,3%	2,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	401 590	388 228	390 607	-	-	-	-3,3%	0,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	342 028	449 101	470 722	401 590	388 228	390 607	14,2%	-13,6%	-17,5%	-3,3%	0,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	31 043	27 852	26 745	27 429	27 595	30 815	-0,7%	-0,9%	3,2%	0,6%	11,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	8 725	9 457	9 939	10 303	10 157	10 501	20,4%	7,4%	2,2%	-1,4%	3,4%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	104 691	136 877	137 433	127 328	132 586	136 831	30,7%	-3,1%	-3,5%	4,1%	3,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7 164	9 496	8 925	8 834	9 528	7 399	3,3%	0,3%	6,8%	7,9%	-22,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	91 903	97 116	100 570	-	-	-	5,7%	3,6%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	72 454	103 109	102 607	91 903	97 116	100 570	38,8%	-5,8%	-5,4%	5,7%	3,6%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	20 217	18 930	20 318	21 058	20 475	23 569	16,6%	8,2%	0,8%	-2,8%	15,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 856	5 342	5 583	5 533	5 467	5 293	9,0%	2,3%	-2,1%	-1,2%	-3,2%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	58 100 000	67 697 000	71 208 000	65 276 000	77 700 000	89 400 000	53,9%	14,8%	9,1%	19,0%	15,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	65 276 000	77 700 000	89 400 000	-	-	-	19,0%	15,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	58 100 000	67 697 000	71 208 000	65 276 000	77 700 000	89 400 000	53,9%	14,8%	9,1%	19,0%	15,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	Finlex	Finlex	Finlex	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	Administration courts)	Administration courts)	Administration courts)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ter it has been sent.	er it has been sent.	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	967	981	986	988	991	1 068	10,4%	1,0%	0,5%	0,3%	7,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	731	744	758	758	761	834	14,1%	2,3%	0,4%	0,4%	9,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	193	194	185	186	188	184	-4,7%	-3,1%	1,6%	1,1%	-2,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	43	43	43	44	42	50	16,3%	-2,3%	-2,3%	-4,5%	19,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	514	482	484	473	451	485	-5,6%	-6,4%	-6,8%	-4,7%	7,5%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	380	350	362	356	338	368	-3,2%	-3,4%	-6,6%	-5,1%	8,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	107	105	95	89	85	84	-21,5%	-19,0%	-10,5%	-4,5%	-1,2%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	27	27	27	28	28	33	22,2%	3,7%	3,7%	0,0%	17,9%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	453	499	502	515	540	583	28,7%	8,2%	7,6%	4,9%	8,0%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	351	394	396	402	423	466	32,8%	7,4%	6,8%	5,2%	10,2%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	86	89	90	97	103	100	16,3%	15,7%	14,4%	6,2%	-2,9%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	16	16	16	16	14	17	6,3%	-12,5%	-12,5%	-12,5%	21,4%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 285	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	-5,0%	-3,1%	-2,3%	-0,7%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	967	981	986	988	991	1 068	10,4%	1,0%	0,5%	0,3%	7,8%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	731	744	758	758	761	834	14,1%	2,3%	0,4%	0,4%	9,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	193	194	185	186	188	184	-4,7%	-3,1%	1,6%	1,1%	-2,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	43	43	43	44	42	50	16,3%	-2,3%	-2,3%	-4,5%	19,0%
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46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	380	350	362	356	338	368	-3,2%	-3,4%	-6,6%	-5,1%	8,9%
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46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	27	27	27	28	28	33	22,2%	3,7%	3,7%	0,0%	17,9%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	453	499	502	515	540	583	28,7%	8,2%	7,6%	4,9%	8,0%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	351	394	396	402	423	466	32,8%	7,4%	6,8%	5,2%	10,2%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	86	89	90	97	103	100	16,3%	15,7%	14,4%	6,2%	-2,9%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	16	16	16	16	14	17	6,3%	-12,5%	-12,5%	-12,5%	21,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 285	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	-5,0%	-3,1%	-2,3%	-0,7%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Finland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1893	1 935	2 009	2 115	3 550	3 791	100,3%	83,5%	76,7%	67,8%	6,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 375 276	5 426 674	5 451 270	5 471 753	5 486 616	5 503 297	2,4%	1,1%	0,6%	0,3%	0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1893	1 935	2 009	2 115	3 550	3 791	100,3%	83,5%	76,7%	67,8%	6,8%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 285	2 214	2 196	2 161	2 145	2 170	-5,0%	-3,1%	-2,3%	-0,7%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

France (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	65 026 885	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	64 859 599	-0,3%	-1,1%	-1,5%	-2,2%	-2,7%
GDP per capita	29 805 €	31 059 €	32 112 €	32 227 €	32 796 €	33 337 €	11,9%	5,6%	2,1%	1,8%	1,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

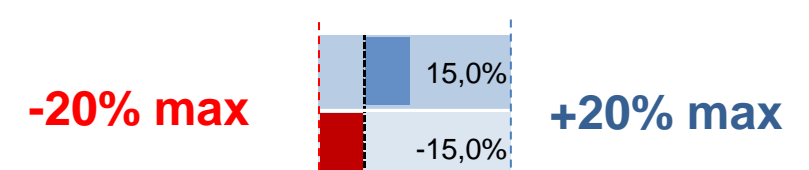
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	44,0	44,5	45,1	47,1	46,5	49,9	13,5%	4,5%	10,6%	6,0%	7,4%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	60,5	61,2	62,0	64,1	63,9	68,6	13,3%	4,5%	10,6%	7,0%	7,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,7	10,7	10,7	10,5	10,5	10,8	1,0%	-2,5%	0,6%	3,1%	3,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	32,5	33,2	33,3	33,7	33,5	35,0	7,9%	1,0%	5,0%	3,9%	4,5%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				4,8	4,5	5,2				-6,5%	14,8%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,8	2,6	2,7	2,6	2,6	2,6	-5,0%	1,4%	-3,9%	-0,9%	0,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,6	11,3%	10,2%	9,1%	3,6%	4,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,270	0,3	0,3	0,295	0,288	0,298	10,6%	5,9%	7,9%	-2,3%	3,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	99%	98%	94%	98%	99%	0,01	-0,02	0,00	0,04	0,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	101%	98%	97%	98%	96%	-0,02	-0,04	-0,01	0,01	-0,02
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	107%	107%	104%	96%	98%	99%	-0,07	-0,08	-0,06	0,02	0,01

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	279	311	308	348	346	353	26,7%	11,2%	12,3%	-0,5%	2,1%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	81	73	80	89	93	111	36,2%	28,0%	16,5%	5,0%	19,0%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	338	302	284	305	313	314	-7,2%	3,7%	10,3%	2,7%	0,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,4	2,4	2,5	21,1%	15,2%	12,2%	5,9%	3,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	48,5%	35,8%	26,2%	9,8%	21,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	-4,7%	1,3%	12,3%	2,5%	4,4%



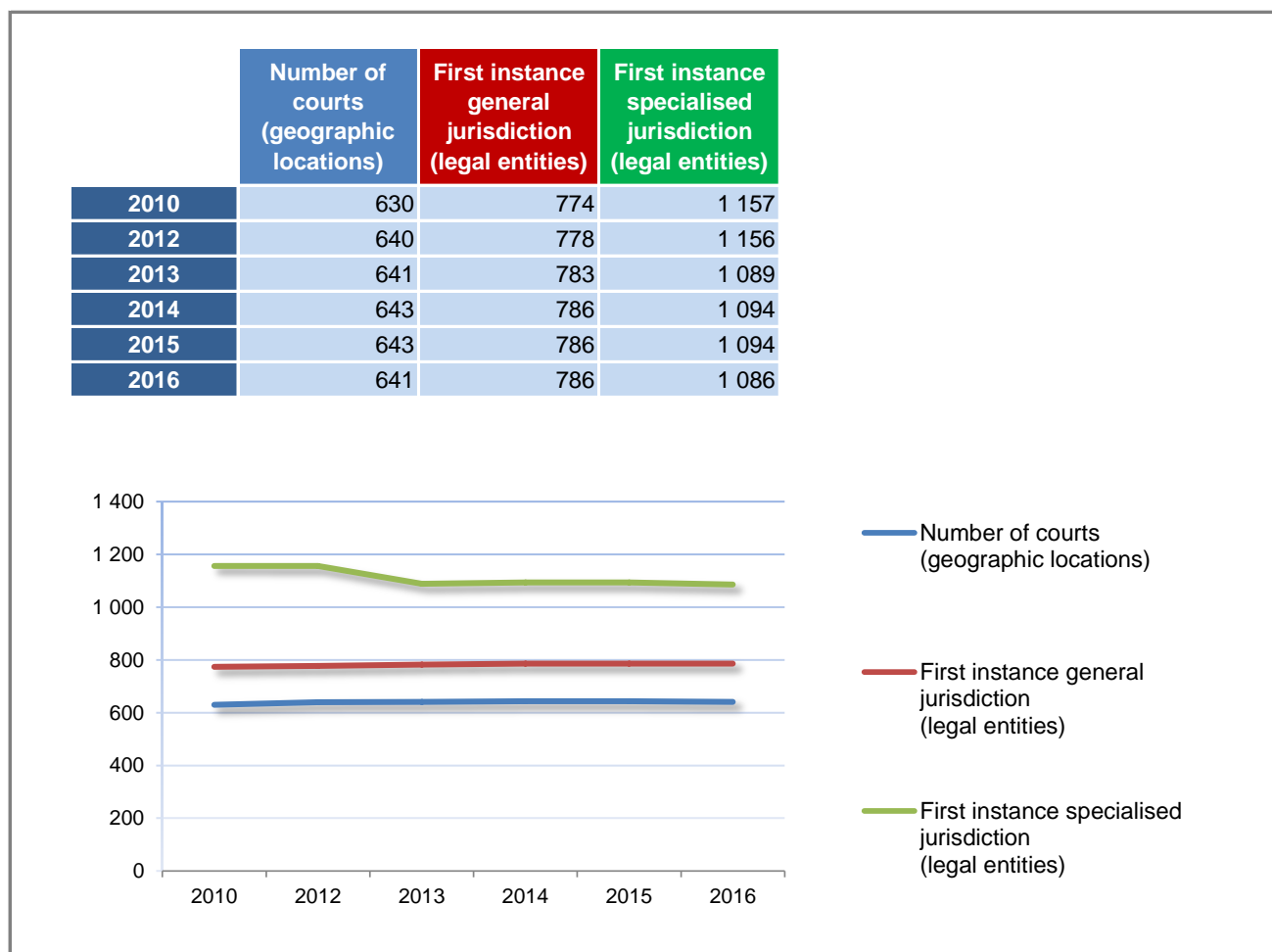
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In France, justice services are provided by two autonomous branches of the courts: ordinary courts, which have jurisdiction over civil and criminal matters, and administrative courts, which have jurisdiction over administrative law. Both of these branches are organised in a three level structure including first instance courts, courts of appeal and one Supreme Court (Cour de cassation and Conseil d'Etat, respectively).

According to 2016 data, in France there are 786 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 1086 first instance specialised courts. The latter category of courts encompasses 143 Commercial courts, 216 Labour courts, 281 Rent and tenancies courts, 50 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption, 42 Administrative courts, 141 Insurance and social welfare courts and 200 other specialised first instance courts.

The courts of appeal decide both on facts and the law. The Court of cassation provides for the possibility of an appeal, but only on issues of law. The Conseil d'Etat decides over appeals on points of law on judgments issued by the courts of appeal and rules as a court of first and last instance on specific cases.

It is noteworthy that one of the aims pursued by the bill of law on the implementation of measures related to the Justice of the XXI century, introduced in the Senate in July 2015, is the integration of the Social courts within the first instance courts of general jurisdiction (Tribunaux de grande instance).



Specialised courts	
Total	1086
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	143
Labour courts	216
Rent and tenancies courts	281
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	50
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and Administrative courts	8
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	42
Other specialised 1st instance courts	141
	200

Other specialised courts are:

- Juvenile courts – 155
- Military Pensions courts – 36
- Court for Navigation on the Rhine – 1
- Court for Navigation on the Moselle – 1
- Commercial Maritime courts – 6
- National Court of Asylum – 1

Moreover, the following reforms are under way:

- The court of Paris which should be functional on 14 May 2018, will encompass the overall services of the tribunal de grande instance which are currently scattered between 5 sites (la Cité, the police court and the tribunaux d'instance).
- Since 1 July 2017, hearings before the police court are taking place in the tribunal de grande instance instead of the tribunal d'instance. The pursued aim is to allow tribunaux d'instance focusing on everyday civil justice, while criminal litigation is centralised within the tribunal de grande instance.
- Since 1 July 2017 the juridictions de proximité are being suppressed (law n° 2011-1862 of 13 December 2011). Their competence is currently exercised by the tribunaux d'instance in civil matters and the police courts attached to the tribunaux de grande instance in criminal matters.
- Starting from 1 January 2019, the competence in social matters which is currently exercised by Social Security courts (TASS), Incapacity Dispute courts (TCI) and Departmental Commissions of Social Aid (CDAS) will be unified and entrusted to tribunaux de grande instance (first instance ordinary courts). The mentioned specialised jurisdictions will be suppressed.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 3 238 063 225 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 49,9 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (2 044 038 579 €)
- Justice expenses (414 531 231 €)
- Other (295 174 280 €)

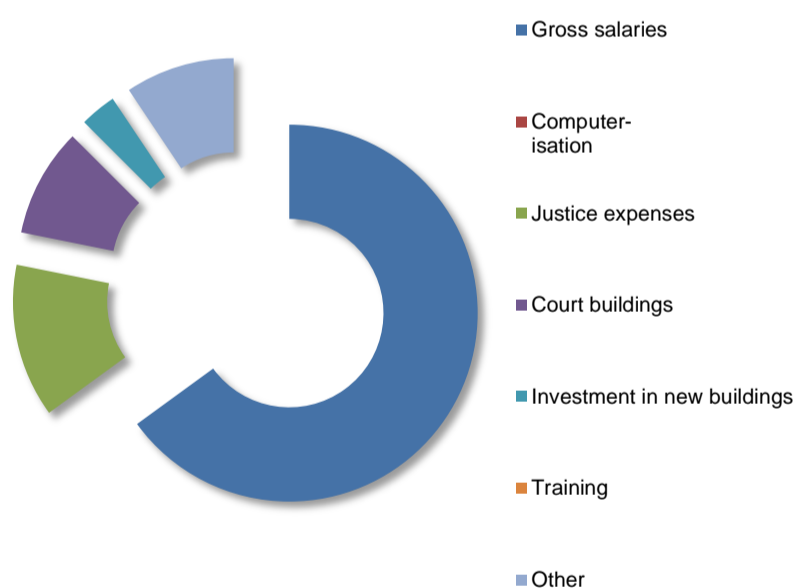
The communicated data correspond to expenses of civil and criminal courts on the one hand and administrative courts on the other hand, regulated through separate programmes.

The budget allocated to the functioning of all courts cannot be distinguished from the one allocated to public prosecution services. The distribution key that has been used results in the following proportion: 80% for courts and 20% for public prosecution services. Besides the budget allocated to the civil and criminal justice, the indicated amount encompasses also:

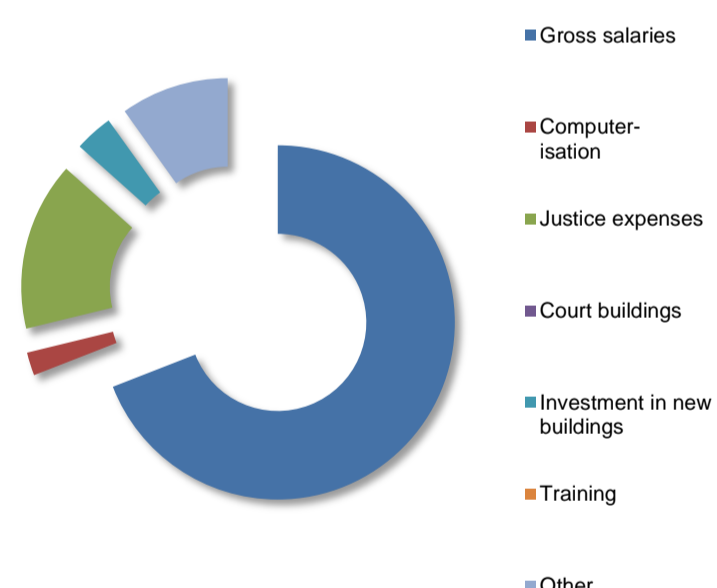
- an evaluation of expenditures pertaining to transfer of individuals under escort, security of courtrooms, and public prosecution officials supported by the Ministry of the Interior (160 million of euros);
- an evaluation of the rental value of court buildings made available to the justice by the regional authorities (55 million of euros);
- an evaluation of the credits related to the staff working in specialised courts in labour matters: Social Security courts (TASS) and Incapacity Dispute courts (TCI) (19,5 million of euros); this estimation is an addition compared to the estimation for previous years of the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts;
- 68 million of euros corresponding to the contribution of the central administration to the functioning of courts (namely, legislative directorates).

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	3 238 063 225 €	2 044 038 579 €	NA	414 531 231 €	293 590 205 €	98 299 284 €	NA	295 174 280 €
2016 Implemented budget	3 228 642 019 €	2 007 712 188 €	61 464 000 €	447 831 671 €	NA	102 002 164 €	NA	287 395 211 €
Difference	-0,3%	-1,8%	NA	7,4%	NA	3,6%	NA	-2,7%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 4 448 411 264 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 68,6 €

The budget per capita (68,6 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). France belongs to the group of European States with middle range degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 7,3%.

Question 7

	Approved	Implemented
Court and	4047579031	4035802524
Court and legal aid	NA	NA
All three	NA	NA

The law refers to different types of legal aid: legal aid granted before courts as well as for out of court proceedings (mediation, transaction etc.); legal aid granted for consultation out of any proceedings; legal aid covering legal representation by a lawyer granted to individuals detained in custody, individuals detained in the frame of disciplinary proceedings, or in matters of mediation and plea bargaining procedures; legal aid granted for legal consultation (Legal Advice Centres and legal access points created by Departmental Councils for Access to the Law offer court users free legal consultations by lawyers, notaries and bailiffs).

The discrepancy between the approved and the implemented annual public budget allocated to legal aid is due to the annulment of credits because of an overvaluation of the allocated budget.

The budget allocated to the public prosecution services is not separate from the one allocated to courts in the French judicial organisation. However, a distribution key was adopted, on the basis of the number of judges and public prosecutors, in order to provide a more detailed answer and to distinguish the budget of the public prosecution office from the budget of all courts.

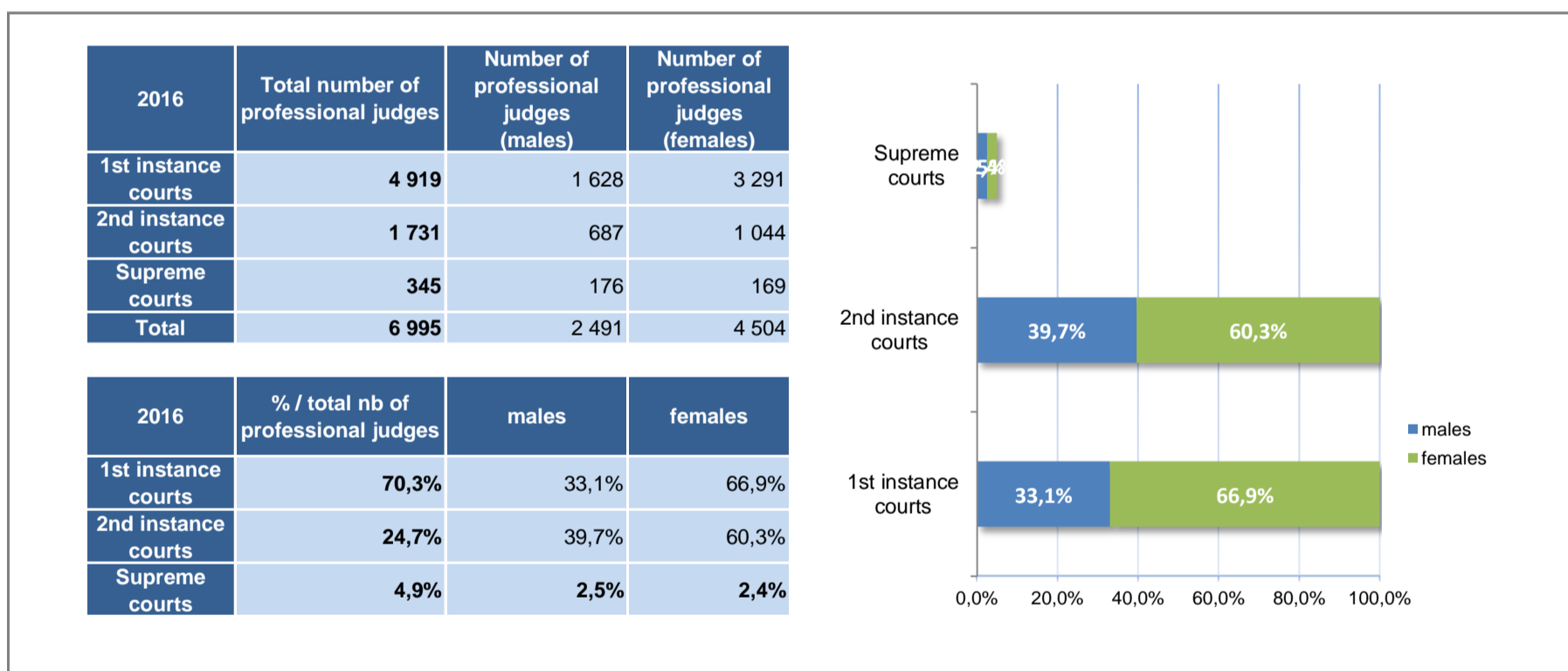
• **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 8 887 412 229 €**

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• **Human resources** □

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in France is 6 995 which is 0,4% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in France, in 2016, there are 10,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 4 504 which represents 64,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 4 919 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 3 291 are female) ; 1 731 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 1 044 are female) and 345 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 169 are female).

In France, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	21 105	0	18 189	1 500	927	489
2012	21 758	NAP	17 663	1 352	964	1 779
2013	21 946	NAP	17 920	2 979	1 047	NAP
2014	22 360	NAP	18 816	2 493	1 051	NAP
2015	22 326	NAP	18 906	2 513	907	NAP
2016	22 712	NAP	18 904	2 613	923	272

In France, in 2016, there are 22 712 non-judge staff (among which 18 743 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 1,7%

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 18 904 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 16 407 are women);
- 2 613 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 992 are women);
- 923 technical staff (among which 164 are women);
- 272 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 180 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 33,7 in 2015 to 34,1 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 10,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 10,8 in 2016.

The distinction between staff attached to judges and staff attached to prosecutors is not possible to be carried out. The category "other" refers to specialised assistants (18) and legal assistants (111) who work in civil and criminal courts.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 400 832 233 € (6,2 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court: 330 748 321 €
It is not possible to differentiate between "criminal law cases" et "other than criminal law cases".
- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court: 7 083 912 €
It is not possible to differentiate between "criminal law cases" et "other than criminal law cases".

The law refers to different types of legal aid: legal aid granted before courts as well as for out of court proceedings (mediation, transaction etc.); legal aid granted for consultation out of any proceedings; legal aid covering legal representation by a lawyer granted to individuals detained in custody, individuals detained in the frame of disciplinary proceedings, or in matters of mediation and plea bargaining procedures; legal aid granted for legal consultation (Legal Advice Centres and legal access points created by Departmental Councils for Access to the Law offer court users free legal consultations by lawyers, notaries and bailiffs).

In France legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. According to article 10 of the Law n° 91-647 on Legal Aid of 10 July 1991, legal aid can also be granted for the enforcement on the French territory of decisions of justice or other enforcement orders, including those delivered by another Member State of the European Union, except for Denmark.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs. According to article 40-1 of the Law n° 91-647 on Legal Aid of 10 July 1991, with regard to cross-border disputes mentioned in article 3-1, legal aid covers translation costs pertaining to the request and the documents needed for the investigation proceedings before transferring the request to the State hosting the court that is competent for ruling on the merits of the case. In respect of the same category of disputes, when proceedings take place in France, legal aid also covers: interpretation costs; translation costs for documents deemed by the judge as essential for the appreciation of the legal aid beneficiary's arguments; travelling costs concerning persons whose presence at the hearings is required by the judge.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

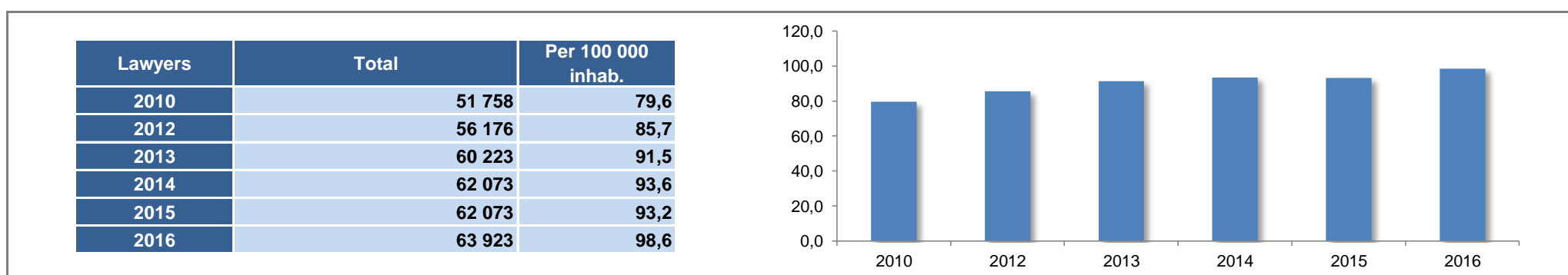
In civil and criminal matters, proceedings before first instance courts and the Court of cassation are free of charge (it is not the case for appeals). In administrative matters, proceedings are free of charge at all instances (first instance courts, courts of appeal and the State Council).

Pursuant to Article 1635 bis P of the General Tax Code, a fee of € 225 is due by the parties to the appeal when the constitution of a lawyer is mandatory before the court of appeal.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 0

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In France, in 2016, there are 63 923 lawyers, which is 3,0% more than in 2015.

This data represents 98,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 113,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

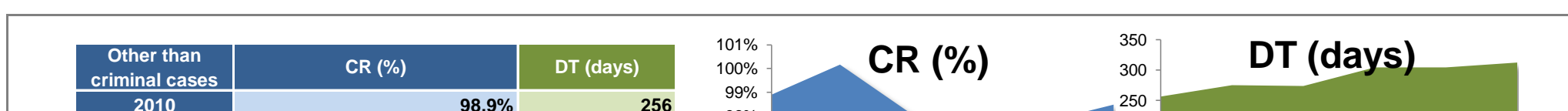
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

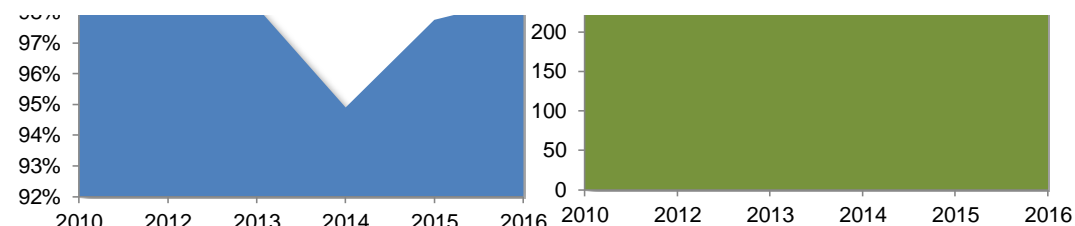
The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



Year	CR (%)	DT (days)
2012	100,2%	275
2013	98,2%	274
2014	94,9%	304
2015	97,7%	304
2016	98,5%	312



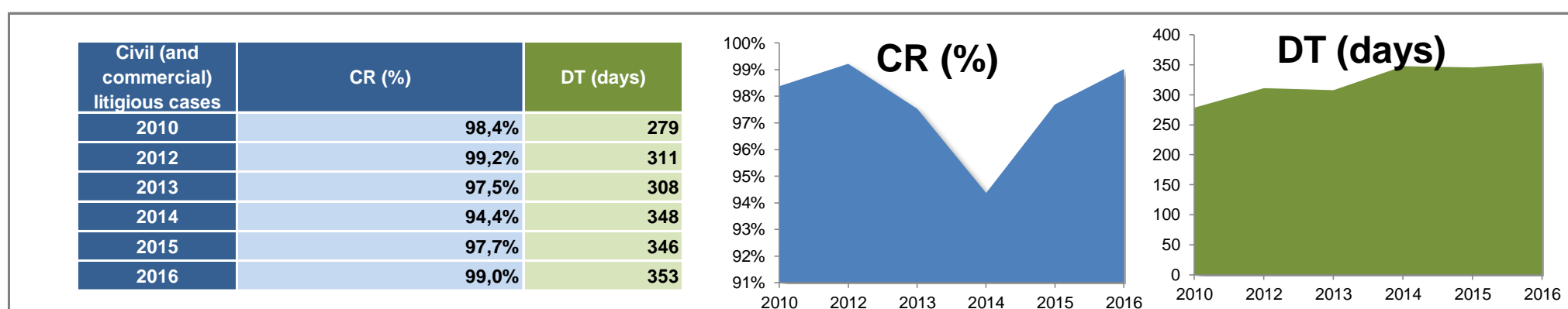
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,5% in 2016, France seems not capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,7 points.

In France, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 312 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 2,7% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,0% in 2016, France seems not capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

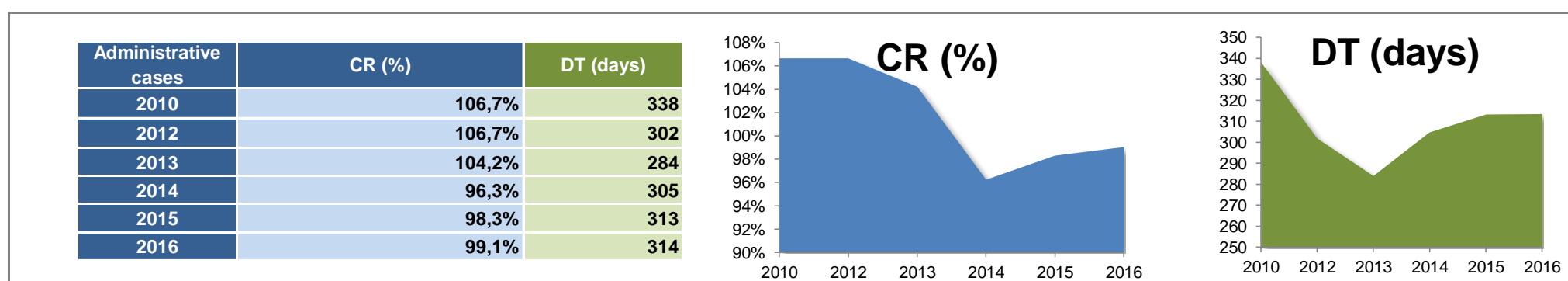
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,3 points.

In France, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 353 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 2,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,1% in 2016, France seems not capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,7 points.

In France, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 314 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 0,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

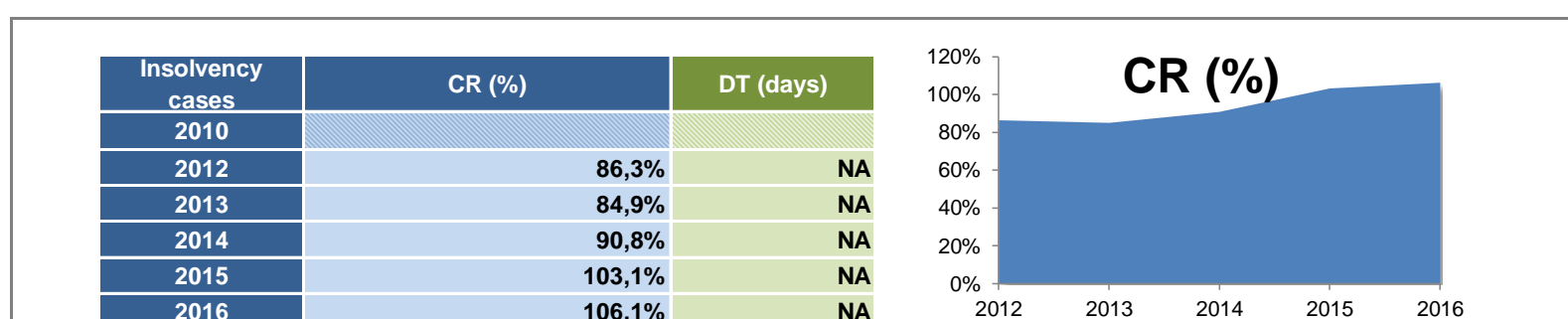
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

Non-litigious cases related to the commercial registry are handled by the registry of the commercial court. The activity of the latter are not included in the Ministry of Justice's perimeter.

The important increase in the number of pending non-litigious cases is due for 60% to the increase in the number of applications for union breakdown (especially in 2016) and for one third, it is due to the increase in the number of pending cases before the enforcement judge in tribunaux de grande instance (it is not the number of incoming cases which has meaningfully increased, but the number of cases under consideration is being constantly increasing, namely for the last two years).

The other non-litigious civil cases comprise the following areas: divorce by mutual consent, judicial separation, change of matrimonial regime, requests relating to parental authority, adoption, medically assisted procreation, incapable minor, inheritances, compensations for the invasion of privacy, change of name, civil status, nationality, functioning of a group and the discipline of notaires and judicial officers.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 106,1% in 2016 for insolvency cases, France seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 3,0 points.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a NA increase of the Disposition Time.

The category "insolvency cases" refers to company bankruptcies (opening of an insolvency procedure, opening of an immediate judicial liquidation procedure, recovery plans pronounced after backup, judicial liquidation pronounced after backup).

Data on asylum seekers for 2016: National Court of Asylum within the State Council

Data relating to the right of entry and stay for aliens for 2016: liberty and custody judge.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In France, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The number of cases being referred is an indicator used only by administrative courts. In civil and criminal matters, courts resort to specialised user software enabling them to monitor their activity. Data stemming from this specialised user software are automatically collected at national level through info centers; data are processed again, crossed between them and finally presented in tables and graphs. These data can be generated monthly, except for some specific activity data (criminal courts, juvenile judges, enforcement judges) which are available annually. The info centers ensure the statistical follow-up and the steering of courts activity. They allow the central administration preparing management dialogues in terms of performance.

In France, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The activity of the courts is assessed every year, in the administrative courts on the one hand and civil and criminal courts on the other hand. Regarding civil and criminal justice, the jurisdictions dashboards provide detailed activity data which may be compared with the staff data. The decisional infocentre Pharos of the judicial services is especially dedicated to the performance analysis; it enables to cross the data regarding activity, available staff, financial information, and to compare the results between similar jurisdictions. It constitutes a shared tool, at the disposal of the Ministry of Justice and the jurisdictions (courts and public prosecution services) all year long. Finally, Pharos publishes once a year a set of analysis tables made by the management control division and serving as support for the management dialogs organised between each court of appeal and the central level, but also within each court of appeal in preparation for this meeting. It allows to assess objectively the level of performances of jurisdictions in order to distribution as well as possible the available human resources.

For administrative courts, the performance indicators include a provisional aspect and objectives updated every three months. The activity is assessed each year in administrative courts during management conferences. A follow-up table of the activity is transmitted monthly to the heads of administrative courts.

Administrative courts resort to monthly dashboards, while civil and criminal courts receive every three months a monitoring board concerning their activity, by means of a specialised user software.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Annual conferences on management are organized either by the Ministry or by the General Secretariat of the State Council depending on the nature of the concerned jurisdictions – civil, criminal or administrative. During these conferences, analyses are carried out on the activity indicators for each court for the past year, while, against the background of the objectives that have been achieved, objectives and means in terms of credits and staff are determined for the coming year.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

Initiated in 2009, the introduction of the "Label Marianne" (référentiel Marianne) in the jurisdictions has been achieved in successive territorial waves. In 2012, 44% of the French jurisdictions were involved in the deployment procedure of the Label (among which 76% of the high courts (tribunaux de grande instance), 53% of the district courts (tribunaux d'instance) and 20% of the labour courts (conseils de prud'hommes).

Its implementation can be validated ultimately by a label issued for three years, after two audits carried out by a qualified external company and at different times. There however no mandatory labelling for the jurisdictions. Taking into account the budgetary constraints, the choice was made not to favour the labelling system, which had only resulted - since the beginning of the measure - in 9 attributed labels.

This deployment of the Label Marianne enables, ultimately, the rationalisation and mutualisation of the tasks concerning the reception of court users, as well as the valorisation of the reception task within the jurisdictions. It allows for an analysis of the organisational schemes concerning the reception services delivered.

The measure is essentially based on the implementation of corrective action plans, defined reflecting an internal analysis of the quality of reception since the beginning of the process.

An inter-ministerial evaluation tool has been set up since 2010, the public barometer of reception, to measure the qualitative leap thus obtained by sites with high reception stakes. For the justice network, the 152 metropolitan high courts are subject to mystery calls and evaluation of the quality of the 4 reception channels by 2 on-site visits, 9 phone calls, 3 letters and 10 e-mails.

The other jurisdictions, courts of appeal, district courts and labour courts which are not assessed by the public barometer of reception, have to engage in the process of improving reception. They benefit from the experience of the high courts of their jurisdiction having implemented the measure.

Therefore, the quality standards defined by the Label Marianne must be deployed on sites with high stakes, such as high courts, before 30 June 2014. The other jurisdictions are highly encouraged to deploy the label which is meant to last, and even to be completed by new programmes developed by the SGMAP (100% efficient contacts programme, in the process of being integrated in 2014 to the Label Marianne)

The directorate of judicial services pays attention to the deployment of the label in the jurisdictions and had initiated an investigation on 2 January 2014 to all jurisdictions in order to take stock of the implementation.

Furthermore, there also are:

- Local initiatives aiming at implementing a "quality system" based on the labelling by an external body, which consists in establishing the procedures describing the reception process, the work organisation, the management of a case, detailing the roles and responsibilities of the participants,
- Surveys of "satisfaction" of users are conducted at regular intervals.

Quality standards developed for public administration are used in the judicial system. The charter of administrations thus sets the rules for the reception of courts' users for all courts and may give rise to certification.

There are also local initiatives to establish a 'quality system' based on certification by an external body, which consists of establishing procedures describing the processes of reception, organisation of work, management of a case .

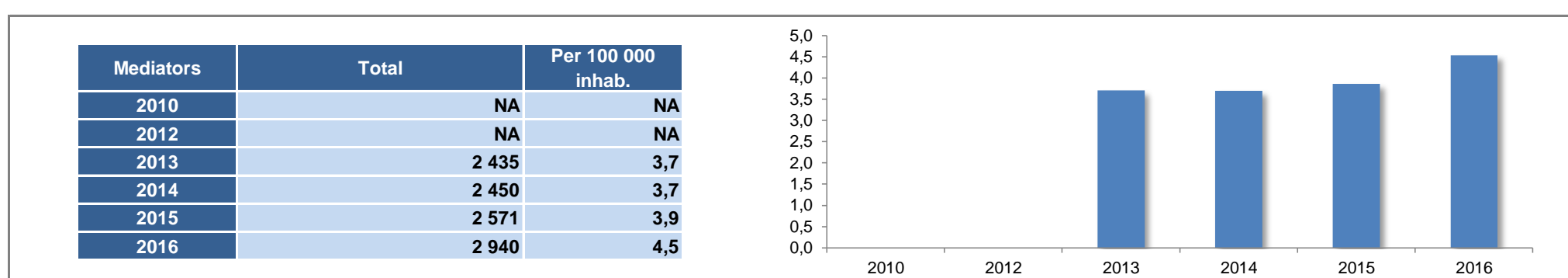
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in France provides judicial mediation.

There is no mandatory mediation in the judicial system, however, a mandatory conciliation phase is provided in labour law before the labour court.

It has to be stressed that in 2012, two experimental measures of mandatory mediation were initiated, in two of the high courts in family matters. Currently, an experimentation is being carried out within a dozen of courts in family matters, in accordance with the Law on Justice Modernization adopted on 26 November 2016.

In labor matters, a mandatory conciliation phase takes place prior to court hearings. It is not ordered by the judge, but it is foreseen by the procedure. The Law on Justice Modernization of 18 November 2016 provides for the experimental implementation of mandatory family mediation prior to the intervention of the family court, in the frame of ten jurisdictions. This measure has entered into force in 2017. In administrative matters, a similar experimentation has been implemented concerning remedies exercised by certain State officials against acts affecting their personal situation, as well as with regard to applications related to benefits, allocations or rights granted in the frame of the social action or aid, housing or in favour of employees deprived of their job. The family court (iudex aux affaires familiales) can decide that parties must apply to a family mediator prior to the hearings. Generally speaking, the civil.



In France, in 2016, there are 2 940 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 4,5 accredited or registered

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 14,4%.

Except for family mediators for which a State diploma is required, the profession of mediator in civil and commercial matters is not regulated in France and there is no national register of mediators. Nevertheless, can be considered as accredited mediators: criminal mediators entrusted with certain measures by prosecutors (312), judicial conciliators who are volunteers and are selected by courts (1958), and family mediators selected by the family allowance fund (670). These data are not provided in full time equivalent.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

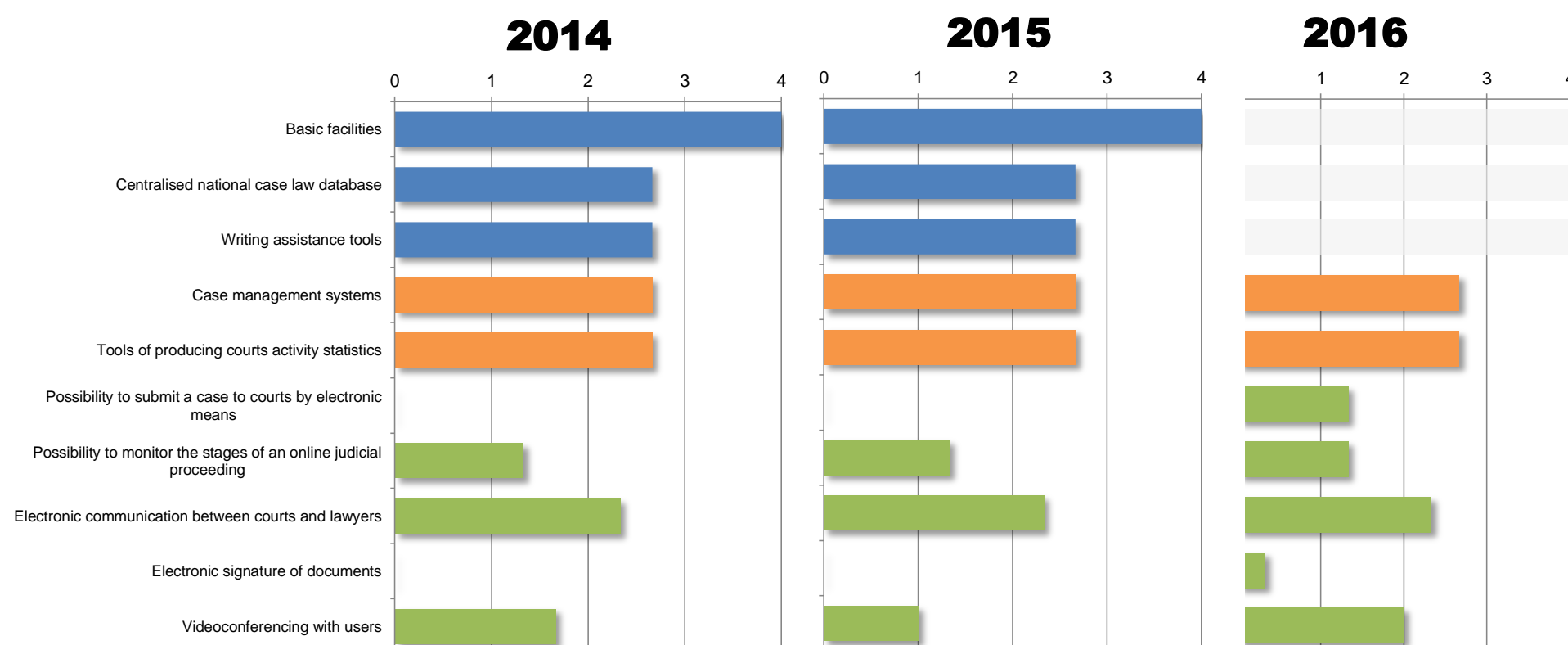
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of France has been evaluated at 4,8 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about administration and management tools

The registers are not managed directly by the courts.

In addition to OUTILGREF, another tool is being rolled out to the Presidents of the High Courts under the name PILOT. It must also be deployed to prosecutors and registry managers.

The equipment rate remains low for 2016. There is still no equivalent for prosecutors.

4. National data collection system

In France, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The central institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the civil and criminal courts is the Sub-Directorate of Statistics and Studies of the Ministry of Justice. Concerning the administrative courts, it is the General Secretariat of the State Council and the Office of analysis and forecasting of the Directorate of prospective and Finance of the State Council.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. Comprehensive reform plans

A justice programming bill is being prepared and should be presented in early 2018. It will deal with procedures, digitization and judicial organization.

2. Budget

No reform is foreseen.

(2010-2016) data
France tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	as cours d'appel)	idem 2014 des cours d'appel)		-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	t Ariane archives	idem 2014, et Ariane archives		-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	merce : ALINEA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	pper Télérecours	ipper et Telerecours		-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
France tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	NA	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
France tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 026 885	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	64 859 599	-0,3%	1,6%	1,2%	0,5%	-2,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	51 758	56 176	60 223	62 073	62 073	63 923	23,5%	10,5%	3,1%	0,0%	3,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	65 026 885	65 585 857	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	64 859 599	-0,3%	1,6%	1,2%	0,5%	-2,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	51 758	56 176	60 223	62 073	62 073	63 923	23,5%	10,5%	3,1%	0,0%	3,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	21 105	21 758	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	7,6%	2,6%	1,7%	-0,2%	1,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	18 189	17 663	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	3,9%	7,0%	5,5%	0,5%	0,0%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 500	1 352	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	74,2%	85,9%	-15,6%	0,8%	4,0%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	927	964	1 047	1 051	907	923	-0,4%	-5,9%	-13,4%	-13,7%	1,8%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	489	1 779	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	-44,4%	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3 902	3 797	3 969	-	-	-	-2,7%	4,5%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 454	2 450	2 497	-	-	-	-0,2%	1,9%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	585	603	621	-	-	-	3,1%	3,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	863	744	759	-	-	-	-13,8%	2,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	92	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	16 767	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	-	10,5%	1,7%	0,4%	1,2%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	15 517	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	-	6,1%	5,1%	0,6%	-0,3%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	1 060	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	-	80,2%	-17,0%	0,1%	4,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	190	253	188	163	164	-	-14,2%	-35,6%	-13,3%	0,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Germany (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	81 751 602	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	0,5%	2,4%	1,7%	1,7%	0,5%
GDP per capita	30 566 €	32 550 €	33 343 €	33 343 €	37 087 €	37 997 €	24,3%	13,9%	11,2%	11,2%	2,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

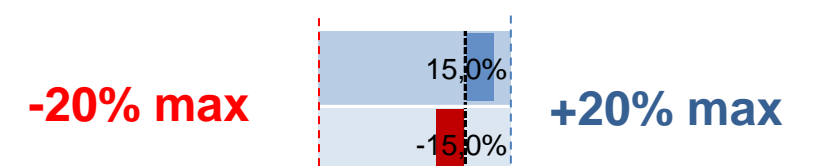
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	95,3	103,5	98,3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	114,3	108,9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,3	24,7	23,9	23,9	23,6	24,2	-0,3%	-4,6%	1,1%	1,1%	2,5%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	65,6	66,9	66,0	66,0	65,2	NA	NA	-2,5%	NA	NA	NA
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				6,7	6,0	6,9				-10,0%	14,6%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,9	2,0	1,8	1,8	1,7	1,6	-16,1%	-11,2%	-12,2%	-23,3%	-36,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	2,9	NA	3,2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	7,1	7,0	6,8	6,8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	0,7	0,1	NA	0,1	NA	0,1	-79,1%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,849	0,9	0,8	0,812	0,804	0,900	6,0%	-6,1%	-13,9%	-11,0%	12,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	100%	99%	100%	102%	103%	0,00	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	75%	NC	72%					
CR administrative law cases	96%	102%	100%	100%	103%	92%	-0,04	0,01	0,03	0,02	-0,10

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	184	183	192	198	190	196	6,4%	3,6%	-1,1%	-4,2%	3,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	7 030					
DT administrative law cases (days)	373	354	357	367	349	375	0,6%	-1,4%	-2,2%	-5,0%	7,5%

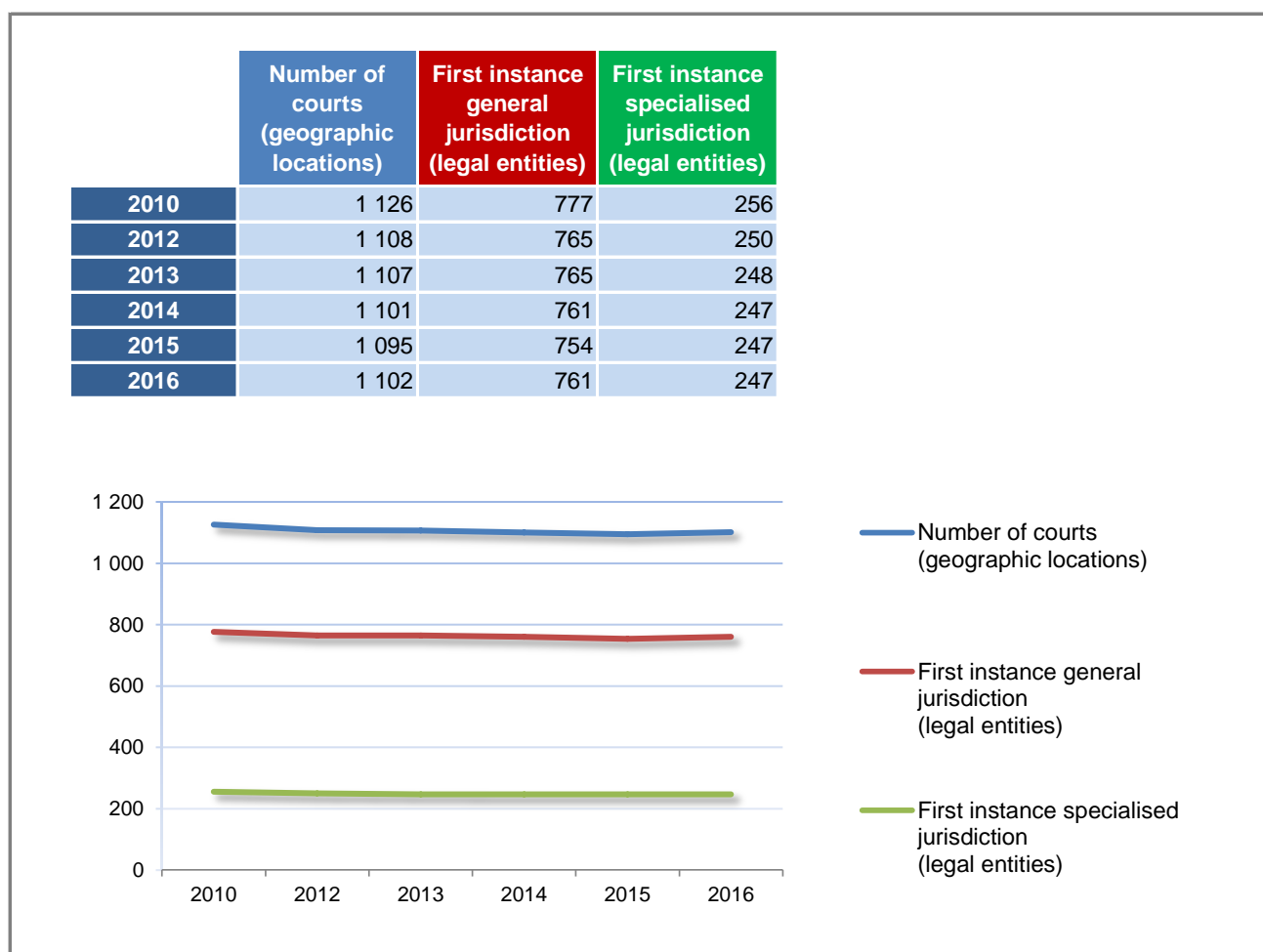
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,0	1,0	0,9	1,0	0,9	0,9	-10,4%	-11,3%	-5,0%	-9,6%	-5,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,9	2,1%	-6,6%	-1,2%	-3,8%	8,3%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

The court system in Germany has a federal structure. The administration of justice is entrusted to federal courts and the courts of the 16 federal states (Landers). The ordinary jurisdiction consists of the civil and criminal jurisdictions. The specialised courts are the Administrative courts, the Finance courts, the Labour courts and the Social courts. In addition, there is the constitutional jurisdiction, which consists of the Federal Constitutional Court and the Constitutional courts of the Landers.

According to the 2016 data, there are 761 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and 247 first instance specialised courts.



Among the 247 first instance specialized courts there are 110 Labour courts, 51 Administrative courts, 68 Social courts and 18 Finance courts.

It is noteworthy that depending on the value at dispute, commercial cases are dealt with at Local or Regional Courts, on application in a chamber established at the Regional Court for commercial cases. There are no separate commercial courts. Likewise, there are no independent rent and tenancies courts, enforcement courts or courts for insurance cases. Depending on the caseload, special panels of judges are established for this purpose at the Local and Regional Courts. Family cases are dealt with at first instance in special departments of the Local Courts. The Federal Armed Forces do not have any military courts of their own; its members are subject to civil jurisdiction.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

The total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts is not available.

Moreover, detailed data on the different components of the approved public budget allocated to all courts is not available.

• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- The total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system is not available.
- The total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita is not available.

The budget per capita cannot be compared with EU average and median.

The variation of the approved judicial system budget between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 15 446 079 387 €

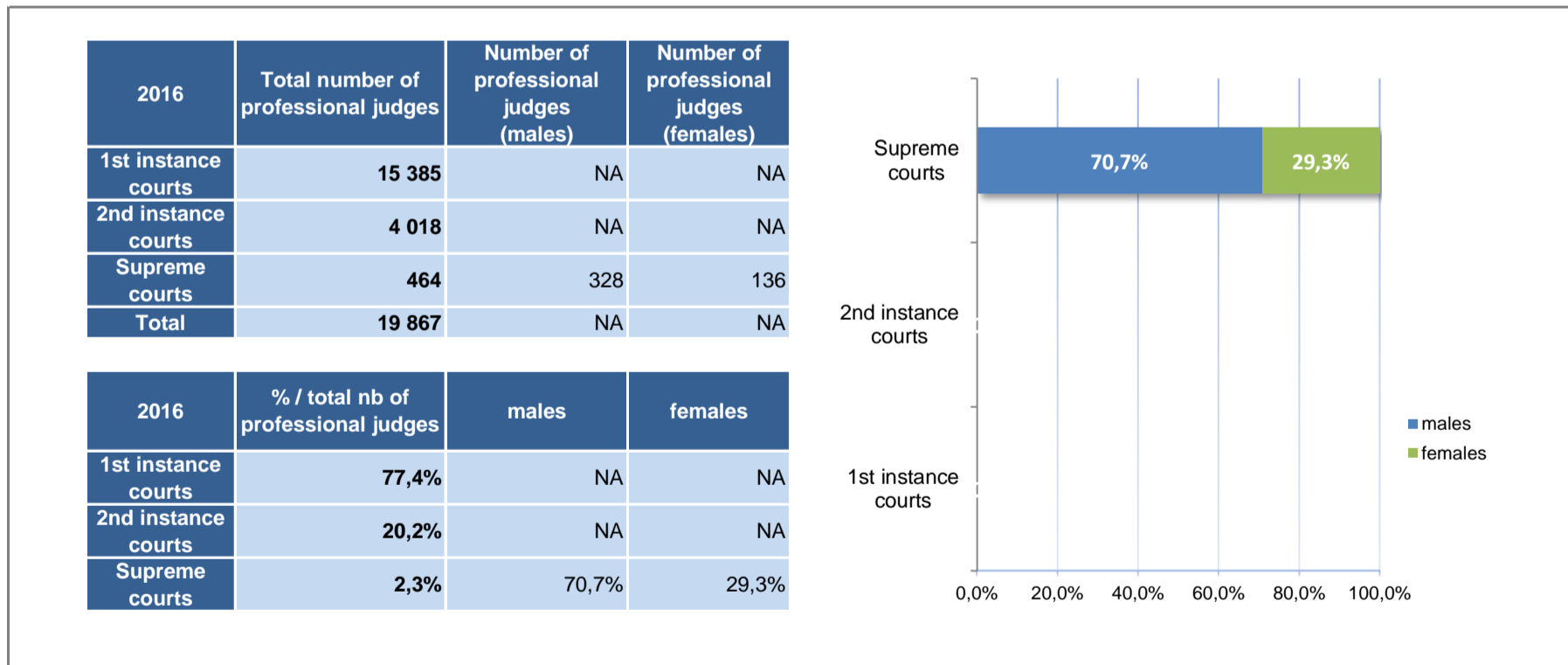
It is noteworthy that the total does not encompass data from the Laender Mecklenburg-Vorpommern and Schleswig-Holstein.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Judicial management body
- Enforcement services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources □

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Germany is 19 867 which is 3,0% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Germany, in 2016, there are 24,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants). The number of non-judge staff per judge is not available (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,8 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is not available.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 15 385 are sitting in first instance courts (the number of female judges is not available) ; 4 018 are sitting in second instance courts (the number of female judges is not available) and 464 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 136 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the information provided counts the number of full-time equivalent staff. There are no absolute figures for the number of persons making up this staff. A judge working full hours is counted as a full-time equivalent (i.e. 1). A judge working part-time is counted as a fraction of 1. This fraction corresponds to the number of hours worked in relation to a full-time equivalent (e.g. 0.5 for a judge working half the usual number of hours).

Data on the number of first and second instance judges imply information based on staffing overviews. These data are ascertained according to a complex calculation mechanism as an annual average of the actual personnel deployed (for example: minus the number of staff absent for more than 20 working days in a single quarter for reasons other than vacation and/or further-training).

The number of Supreme Court professional judges is based on judicial statistics. These data are collected and collated every two years (last updated 31/12/2016). Statistics on the number of judges on file at the end of the year (including staff placed on leave of absence or suffering from long-term illness), permit the following calculation for the total number of full-time equivalent staff (which, however, cannot be broken down according to first instance/appeal court): total number of full-time equivalent staff: 20738, of which 11517 are male and 9222 are female.

In Germany, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	53 649	8 460	29 143	7 477	1 280	7 285
2012	53 649	8 461	29 144	7 478	1 281	7 285
2013	53 302	8 482	28 621	7 503	1 119	7 578
2014	53 302	8 482	28 621	7 503	1 119	7 577
2015	53 292	8 564	28 336	7 626	1 087	7 679
2016	NA	8 720	28 069	6 524	NA	8 002

In Germany, in 2016, the total number of non-judge staff is not available.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 8 720 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (data on femal staff is not available);
- 28 069 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (data on femal staff is not available);
- 6 524 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (data on femal staff is not available);
- 8 002 other staff, such as court interpreters, (data on femal staff is not available);

The trend between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 24,2 in 2016.

It should be highlighted that the provided data denotes the number of staff (full-time equivalent) who are:

- granted unpaid leave for training/further-training purposes,
- released to work in staff representation bodies, as representatives for staff with disabilities, and as gender equality commissioners,
- employed in a special facility,
- employed as reception/security staff,
- employed by the court switchboard,
- motorpool staff,
- cleaners and other non-salaried personnel

These are personnel-deployment figures denoting the number of full-time equivalent employees not exercising judicial office. Personnel-deployment figures are not collected according to reference date. Instead, an annual average is calculated over four quarters. There are no absolute figures for the number of persons making up this staff. An employee working full hours is counted as a full-time equivalent (i.e. 1). An employee working part-time is counted as a fraction of 1. This fraction corresponds to the number of hours worked in relation to a full-time equivalent (e.g. 0.5 for an employee working half the usual number of hours). Figures for the federal courts are not included.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is 690 047 549 € (8,4 € per capita).

It should be pointed out that this total does not encompass data from the Laender Mecklenburg-Vorpommern and Schleswig-Holstein.

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

In Germany legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. In civil matters, legal aid in compulsory enforcement is granted for the entire enforcement proceeding and not for individual enforcement measures.

Legal aid can be granted for other costs in other than criminal cases. Namely, the approval of legal aid includes the costs for the taking of evidence (e.g. witnesses, experts), as well as travel expenses of the recipient to attend a court hearing if personal attendance at the hearing is necessary. Expenditure for the preparation of the proceedings (e.g. expert witnesses, interpreters) may be refundable as necessary expenditure of the appointed solicitor.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

In civil matters, the court is to serve the statement of claim to the respondent party only after the fee covering the proceedings in general has been paid. Thus, any proceedings fundamentally will become pending by service of the statement of claim only after such payment has been received. Where the demand for relief is expanded, no court action is to be taken prior to payment of the fee for the proceedings; this rule also applies before the courts of appeals (section 12 (1) of the German Law on the Costs of Court Proceedings).

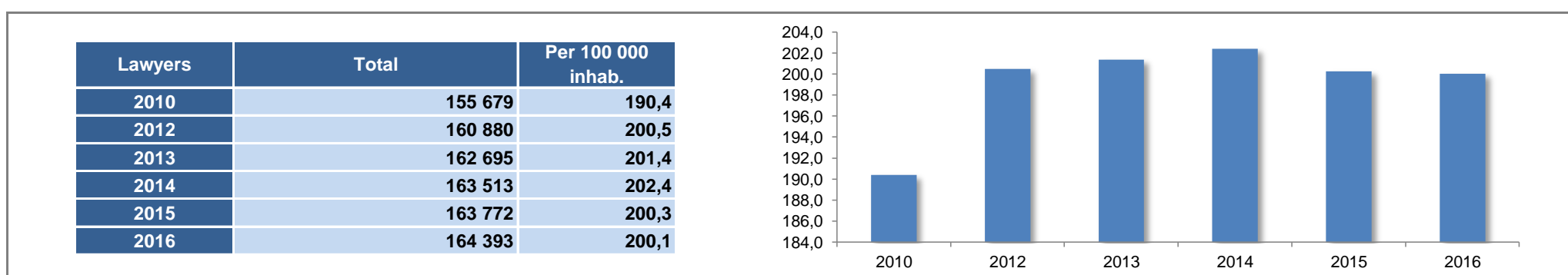
There are exceptions in place for counterclaims, for European small claims procedures (ESCP), for disputes about inventions made by an employee inasmuch as the courts have exclusive competence for patent disputes, and for actions for retrial of a case pursuant to section 580 number 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure. This applies to a counterclaim in light of its close ties to a court dispute already pending; in all other regards, particular reasons are given that relate to the proceedings. Further exceptions have been provided for if a petitioner has been granted legal aid for the costs of the proceedings, if the petitioner is entitled to a release from the obligation to pay fees, or if legitimate interests are given for bringing an action or defending against an action, but the petitioner is unable to make the advance payment or if the delay caused to the proceedings by the obligation to pay the fees in advance would result in damages that it is impossible to compensate, or only with difficulty.

In criminal proceedings, fees related to the proceedings will arise in an amount stipulated by law, while the amounts of fees charged in other court proceedings will be primarily oriented by the amount in dispute or the transaction value.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 324 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Germany, in 2016, there are 164 393 lawyers, which is 0,4% more than in 2015.

This data represents 200,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

All lawyers in Germany are empowered to plead before court. No distinction is made between different groups of lawyers in Germany, such as between solicitors and barristers. In addition to lawyers, certain other individuals may also appear in court as 'legal advisers'; there are no statistical data on these individuals.

• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases

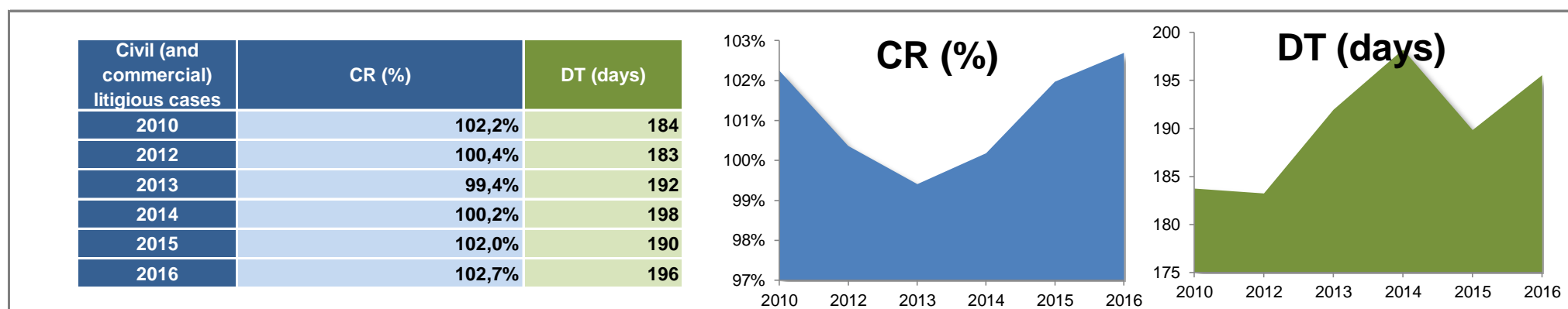
The Clearance Rate of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

The variation in the Clearance Rate between 2015 and 2016 cannot be measured.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period concerning the Disposition Time cannot be carried out.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,7% in 2016, Germany seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

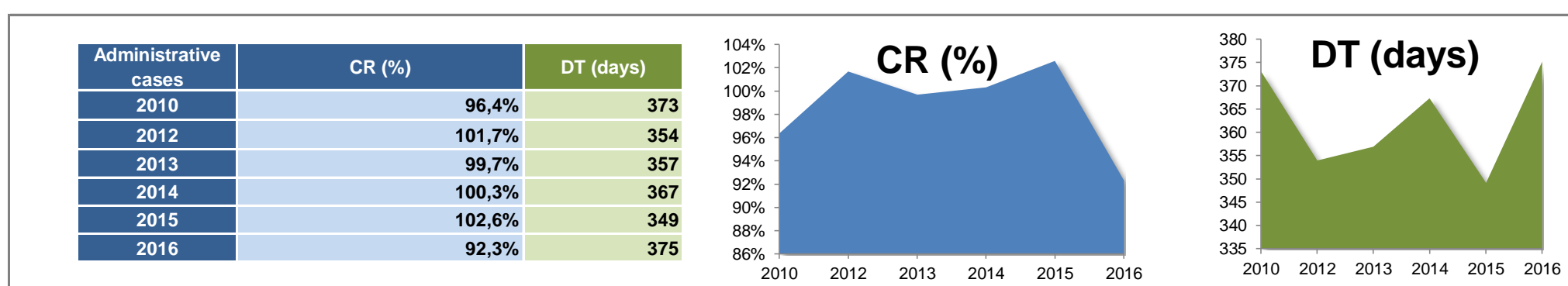
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,7 points.

In Germany, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 196 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 3,0% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,3% in 2016, Germany seems to face some difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

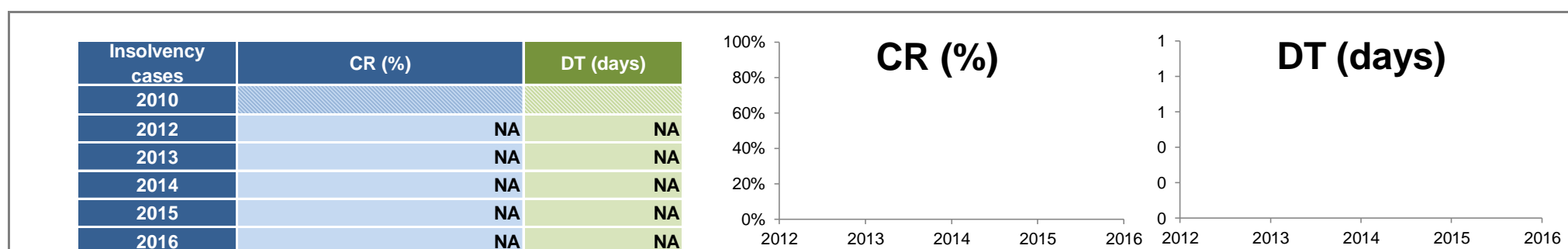
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -10,3 points.

In Germany, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 375 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 7,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period concerning the Disposition Time cannot be carried out.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Germany, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

At the level of the Federal Government, statistics on proceedings encompass the number of incoming cases, the type of proceeding, the form of conclusion, and the time needed for conclusion. Moreover, information regarding other characteristics is also collected (legal aid in litigation and legal aid for proceedings, value of dispute, subject area, remedies, etc.) All of this information can be correlated to one another upon evaluation. The regular evaluations can be found in the publications of the Federal Statistical Office. Data regarding the business overviews usually does not contain – in that it involves manual statistics – additional information beyond the business workload, particularly as regards the duration of proceedings.

In Germany, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The information provided by the Landers was quite inconsistent over the years and the the reply reflects the answer of the majority of the respondent Landers. It is noteworthy that at national level, the figures statistically collected in each Land serve the calculation of personnel requirements for the justice administration pursuant to “PEBBŞY”. Based upon workload an evaluation in accordance with uniform national base figures is undertaken. In the workload calculation these needs are then compared against the agencies and the average deployment of personnel. Judicial activities are depicted as products in the “PEBBŞY” framework. Each product has a specific base number set forth in minutes. Performance and output of each court can be established at any point in time through this system. Courts, accordingly, can be compared against each other.

Performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

According to the reply of the majority of the respondent Landers, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Germany provides judicial mediation. However, no data is available on the number of such procedures.

There are no mandatory mediation procedures before going to court or ordered by a judge in the course of a judicial proceeding in Germany.

In Germany, there are not accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation.

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

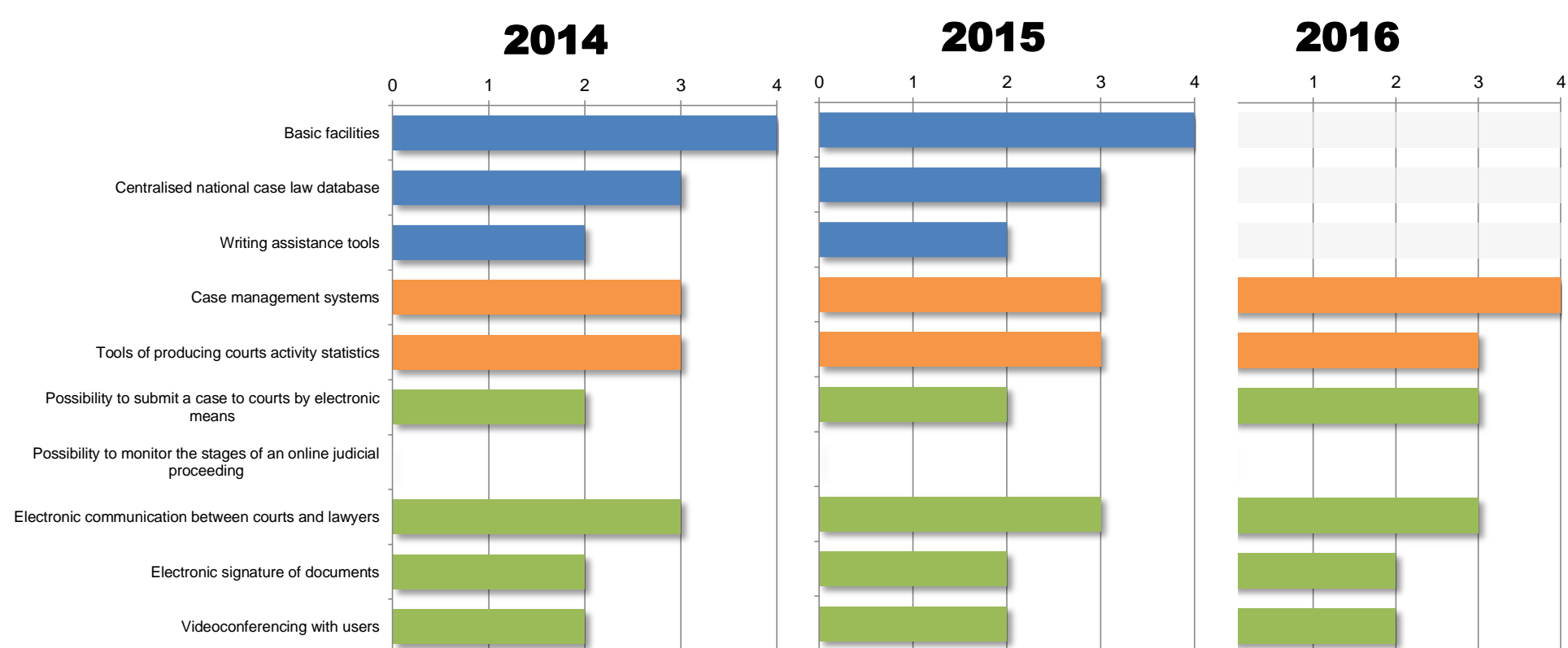
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Germany has been evaluated at 6,9 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Germany, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Federal Statistical Office.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

More precisely, in 1965 the Conference of Justice Ministers established a nationwide committee for judicial statistics. The permanent Chair is held by the Bavarian justice administration department. All of the Land justice administration departments comprise the voting members of the committee. Invited guests are representatives of the Federal Office of Justice, the Federal Statistical Office, and the Land Statistical Offices of Bavaria, Baden-Württemberg, Lower Saxony, and North-Rhine/Westphalia.

The committee is responsible for the introduction and revision of statistics regarding the business of the justice system. This involves the uniform nationwide coordinated collection of statistical data regarding courts of general jurisdiction, the public prosecution offices, and courts of specialized jurisdiction. The collected statistical data is used for the distribution of business, calculation of personnel requirements, supervision, draft legislation, monitoring efficiency as a result of statutory amendments, and public work. Against this background, it is necessary for the committee to regularly examine the statistics regarding the justice system and conform it to the above-named requirements and current information needs. At the same time this ensures that the collected information can be compared at the federal level. The collection documentation is prepared by the courts and public prosecution offices. The evaluation takes place centrally at each Land Statistical Office. The latter summarizes the significant results of the statistics and publishes them annually.

In addition to the collections named above the workload in respect of non-contentious proceedings is encompassed in national reviews of business. The results are collected by each Lander and after that compiled by the Federal Office of Justice at the federal level. All courts and public prosecution offices maintain national personnel data. The effective date for collection of the data is 31 December and the information encompasses the position, gender, and percentage of time for which existing personnel are employed. In addition thereto, the deployment of personnel in the significant business branches of the justice system is collected as an average. The annual results are collected by the Lander justice administration departments. The Federal Office of Justice then creates an overview of the significant results from the Landers overviews.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

The Federal Ministry of Justice and Consumer Protection is conducting a research project into how the Act on Compulsory Auctions and Compulsory Administration (Gesetz über die Zwangsversteigerung und Zwangsverwaltung – ZVG) needs to be reformed.

As of 1 January 2018, all courts of the Federation and the Länder in the ordinary jurisdiction and the specialized courts should, as a matter of principle, be reachable electronically for the citizens, the lawyers, the authorities and the other process participants. At the same time, all courts will generally be subject to uniform technical framework conditions, which are regulated in the Electronic Rights Directive (ERVV) of 24 November 2017. From 1 January 2022, lawyers and authorities will be required to communicate electronically with the authorities.

2. Budget

no foreseen reforms.

(2010-2016) data
Germany tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	81 751 602	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	0,5%	1,9%	1,2%	1,2%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	7 789 169 914 €	8 302 304 846 €	7 943 572 314 €	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	7 789 169 914 €	8 302 304 846 €	7 943 572 314 €	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	161 650 654 €	173 261 525 €	143 596 561 €	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	NA	344 535 431 €	345 878 597 €	686 978 779 €	673 149 670 €	690 047 549 €	-	95,4%	94,6%	-2,0%	2,5%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	479 916 106 €	523 346 503 €	510 067 405 €	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	81 751 602	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	0,5%	1,9%	1,2%	1,2%	0,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	7 789 169 914 €	8 302 304 846 €	7 943 572 314 €	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	3 515 706 357	3 567 436 506	-	3 600 787 657	3 442 704 519	4 336 886 963	23,4%	-3,5%	-	-4,4%	26,0%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	e transaction value.	e transaction value.	e transaction value.	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	81 751 602	80 233 100	80 780 728	80 780 728	81 770 900	82 175 684	0,5%	1,9%	1,2%	1,2%	0,5%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	777	765	765	761	754	761	-2,1%	-1,4%	-1,4%	-0,9%	0,9%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	256	250	248	247	247	247	-3,5%	-1,2%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	1 126	1 108	1 107	1 101	1 095	1 102	-2,1%	-1,2%	-1,1%	-0,5%	0,6%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	256	250	248	247	247	247	-3,5%	-1,2%	-0,4%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	119	113	111	110	110	110	-7,6%	-2,7%	-0,9%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	51	51	51	51	51	51	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	68	68	68	68	68	68	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	18	18	18	18	18	18	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

(2010-2016) data
Germany tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Germany tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Germany tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)

65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)

166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
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(2010-2016) data
Germany tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)											
80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	-	-	-	-	-

Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)											
80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Greece (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-2,5%	-2,5%	-0,6%	-0,7%
GDP per capita	20 108 €	17 161 €	NA	16 250 €	16 181 €	16 181 €	-19,5%	-5,7%	NA	-0,4%	0,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

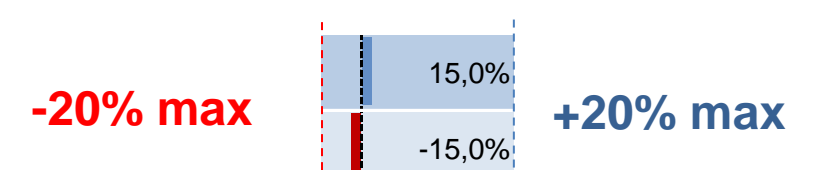
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	55,1	40,8	NA	43,9	39,4	41,3	-25,1%	-3,4%	NA	-5,8%	4,9%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	29,3	23,3	35,0	20,6	20,3	25,4	-13,1%	-12,7%	-27,4%	23,7%	25,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	59,8	48,2	48,6	50,5	51,3	39,3	-34,3%	6,6%	-19,2%	-22,2%	-23,5%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				4,7	4,5	4,4				-3,8%	-2,8%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,0	5,8	6,2	2,2	2,1	1,4	-66,2%	-63,7%	-66,0%	-4,8%	-35,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,848	0,6	0,6	NA	0,501	0,500	-41,0%	-13,8%	-22,6%	NA	-0,2%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	79%	58%	80%	113%	102%	99%	0,25	0,76	0,27	-0,10	-0,03
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR administrative law cases	80%	143%	153%	NC	183%	148%	0,85	0,28	0,20		-0,19

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	190	469	407	330	378	670	252,5%	-19,4%	-7,2%	14,5%	77,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	2 003	1 520	1 148	NC	964	1 086	-45,8%	-36,6%	-16,0%		12,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,7	4,3	5,6	2,3	2,2	2,5	49,1%	-42,9%	-55,6%	8,5%	10,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative law cases	3,7	3,5	3,1	NA	2,4	2,2	-40,9%	-30,0%	-22,2%	NA	-9,2%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Greece there are 298 first instance courts of general jurisdiction. The accurate number of first instance specialised courts encompassing administrative courts, military courts and other courts is not available.

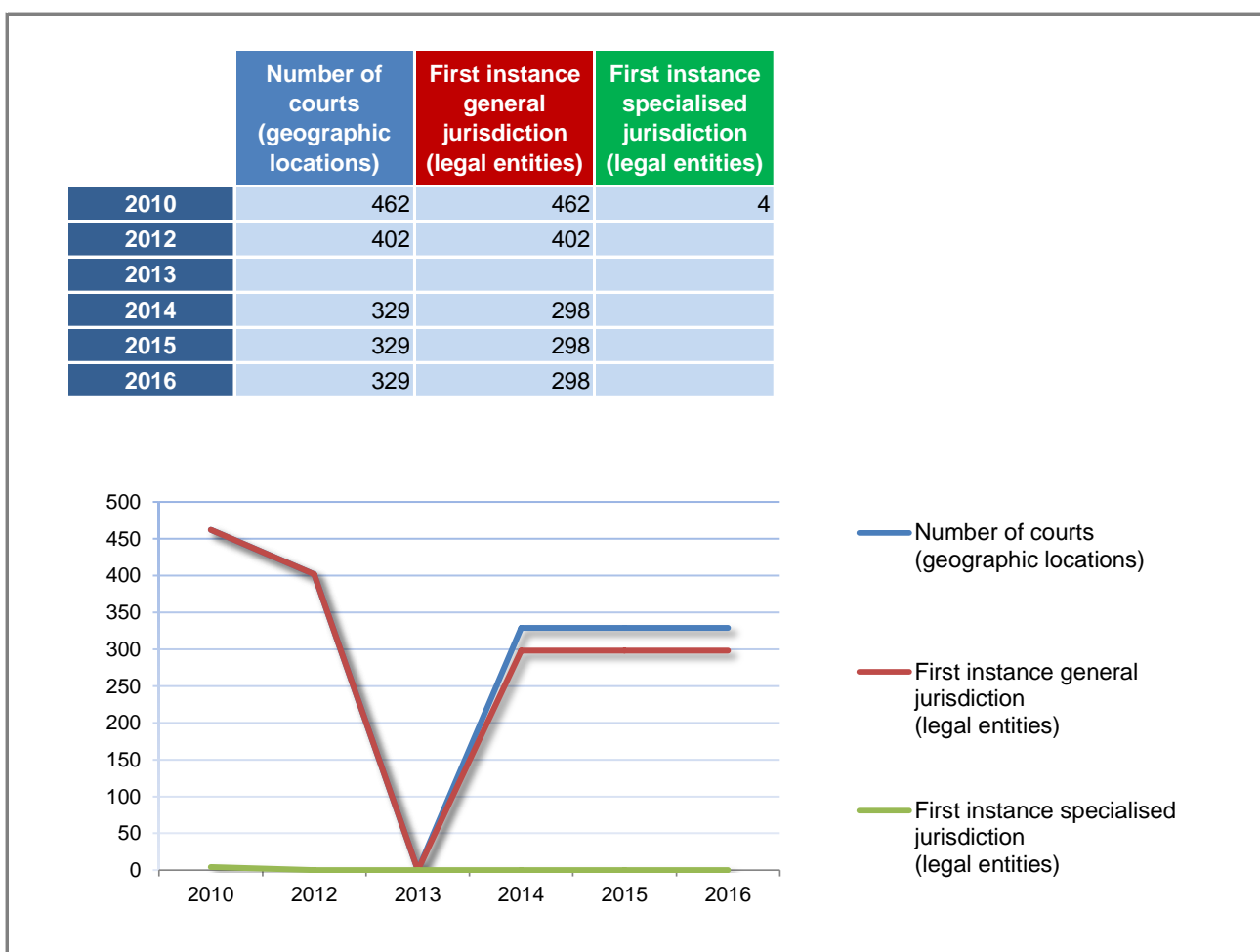
According to the Greek Constitution there are three categories of courts: civil, criminal and administrative. The Supreme Court of the civil and penal justice is the Court of Cassation, while the Supreme Court of the administrative justice is the Council of State.

Civil cases are judged at first instance by the District Courts or the Courts of first instance, according to the estimated value of the matter disputed at law. At second instance, cases are dealt with by the Courts of first instance or the Courts of appeal, again according to the estimated value of the matter disputed at law. At third instance, cases are judged by the Court of Cassation.

Cases concerning employment dismissal follow a special procedure and are dealt with at first instance by the Department of Labour Disputes of the Single-Member first instance court and on appeal by the competent Court of appeal.

The merit of an administrative act can be contested before the administrative courts (of first instance and of appeal) through legal remedies of the recourse or of the suit. In the other cases they must be appealed against with the legal remedy of the writ of annulment and are under the jurisdiction either of the Council of State or of the Administrative Court of appeal.

There are in total 329 courts as geographic locations.



As first instance specialised courts, in Greece, there are 30 administrative courts, as well as military courts and some other specialised courts. The Greek Constitution is reluctant to provide in the Greek legal system special courts. Instead, within the Courts of First Instance and Courts of Appeal of large cities, there are special Chambers, where the task of adjudicating in special categories of law (e.g. family law, commercial law, etc.) is assigned. Judges entrusted with such duties have usually the correspondent specific studies. As far as other special courts are concerned, special provisions regulate the operation of courts for juveniles, military, navy and air force courts.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

In Greece, the public prosecution services budget could not be separated from the courts budget.

The annual public budget allocated to both Courts and Prosecution Services is 435 207 214 euros (approved) and 444 208 068 euros (implemented).

• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 445 529 139 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 41,3 €

The budget per capita (41,3 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Greece belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 4,9%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 619 318 531 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice

It is noteworthy that the budget for the refugees and asylum seekers services and the budget of police services are drawn by other Ministries, while the budget for the State Advocacy, called in Greece Legal Council of State, is drawn by the Ministry of Finance.

• Human resources □

- Judges

2016	Total number of professional judges	Number of professional judges (males)	Number of professional judges (females)
1st instance courts	1 605	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	890	NA	NA
Supreme courts	249	NA	NA
Total	2 744	NA	NA

2016	% / total nb of professional judges	males	females
1st instance courts	58,5%	NA	NA
2nd instance courts	32,4%	NA	NA
Supreme courts	9,1%	NA	NA

According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Greece is 2 744 which is 24,4% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Greece, in 2016, there are 25,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,5 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,5 non-judge staff per judge).

The number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is not available.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 605 are sitting in first instance courts; 890 are sitting in second instance courts; and 249 are sitting in Supreme Court.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the 2015 data concerning the number of second instance judges did not, inadvertently, include all the ranks for criminal and political justice and the respective administrative judges. Accordingly, in 2016 the number is higher and explains also the variation in the total.

In Greece, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

The in-service training is not compulsory in general. Nevertheless, the National School of Judges may, taking into account the special needs of the judiciary, organize special training seminars compulsory for certain categories of judges. For example, in 2016, a training seminar was organized concerning mutual legal assistance in criminal matters that was a compulsory one for certain judges and prosecutors.

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	6 760	0	0	0	0	0
2012	5 327	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA
2013	5 376	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA
2014	5 474	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2015	5 572	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016	4 236	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Greece, in 2016, there are 4 236 non-judge staff (among which 3 103 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -24,0%

Data on different types of non-judge staff is not available.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 51,4 in 2015 to 39,0 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 20,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 25,4 in 2016.

The attention should be drawn on the fact that, unlike previous years, the 2016 data excludes staff working for the public prosecution services.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 10 321 925 € (1,0 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

A reassessment of the annual budgetary needs in legal aid was made by the Courts Building Fund. The annual cost is not a stable amount and depends on the number of cases where the legal aid is used.

In Greece legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Regarding "criminal cases", the ex officio appointment of a lawyer is provided. Furthermore, if an expert's opinion is considered by the court to be necessary then the relevant costs are covered by the State.

With regard to administrative courts, there is not any such legislative provision, while in civil and commercial cases legal aid is granted for expert fees.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

The choice of a lawyer is made through a list drawn by the Bar Association concerned (Law 3226/2004, "providing legal aid to low-income citizens").

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in criminal and other than criminal matters.

Free access to all courts applies only for those who have been provided with legal aid.

Concerning Administrative Tribunals, the deposit as a rule is standard and it varies from 25 to 300 Euros according to the nature of the litigation with the exemption of a) the fiscal and customs cases and b) the interim measures concerning the public procurement cases where the deposit is proportional. Besides, for the admissibility of the claim for damage, there is a proportional judicial stamp (Ref. Law 2717/1999 art. 277 as amended by law 4446/2016 art. 37). There is an exception for the State, the Local Government Authorities and the Legal Entities of Public Law from the court fees, the deposit and the judicial stamp (Ref. Law 2579/1998 art. 28 par. 4 maintained in force by Law 2717/1999 art.285).

Concerning the Civil and Criminal Justice, the calculation of the court fees is based on the following legislation:

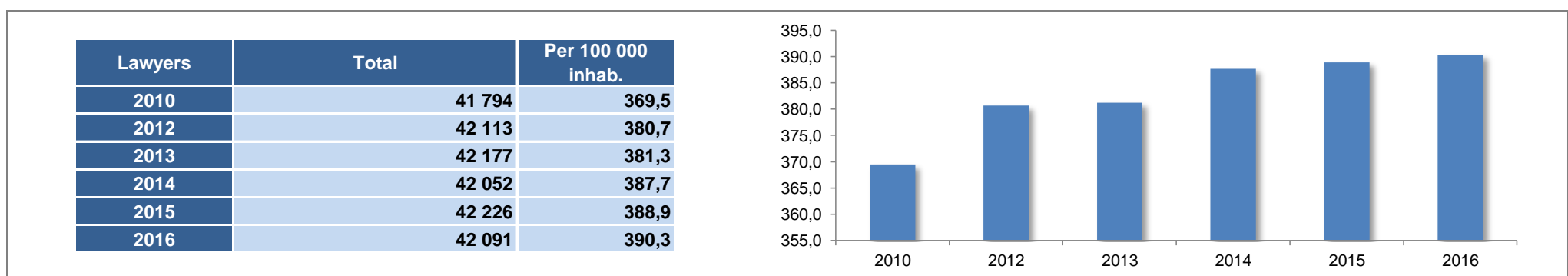
1. the Code of Civil Procedure, which provides for the calculation in detail on the allocation of the Court fees among the litigating Parties (art. 179-193)
2. the Lawyers' Code, which provides for the calculation of the lawyers' fees.

The combination of these two codes and of some supplementary provisions (found in other legislation, applying in cases meeting specific criteria), regulate the calculation of court fees.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is not available.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Greece, in 2016, there are 42 091 lawyers, which is -0,3% less than in 2015.

This data represents 390,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

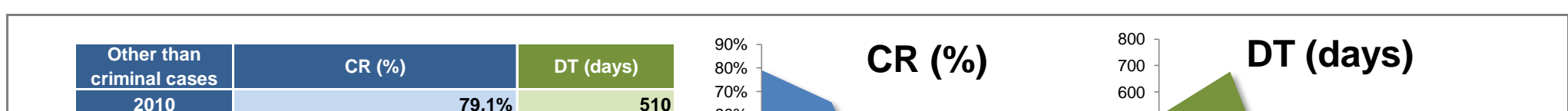
• Court performance

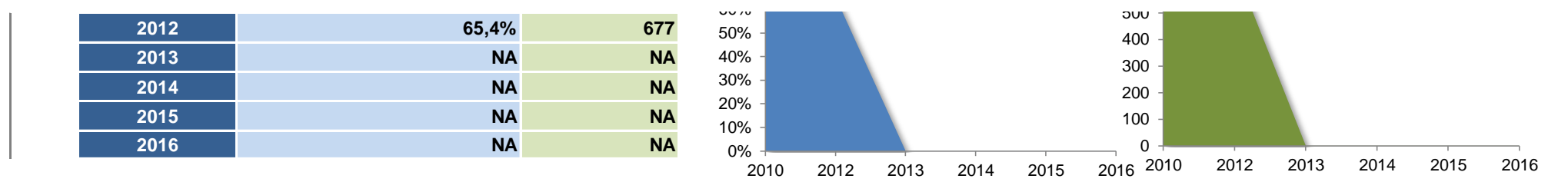
◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases





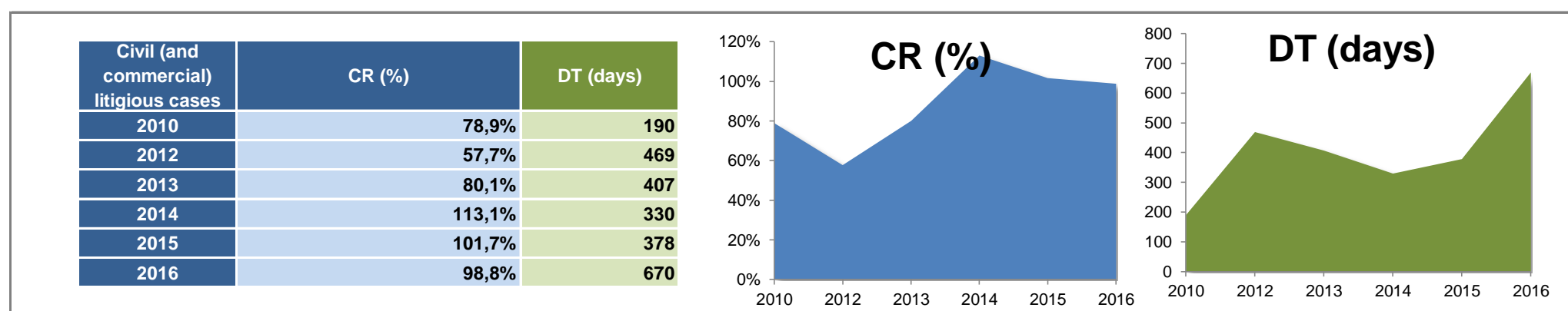
At the outset, it should be highlighted that any deviations from the 2015 figures are due to a new way of collecting statistics. In fact, in 2016, a working group was set up to update and simplify the content of the statistical data requested by the judicial services of the country. The working group created tables followed by detailed instructions and training in relation to the requested information. According to the instructions given to the courts, some procedures they handle, in those which there is no participation of a judge, are not included in the data collected. In addition, in 2016 a long-term abstention by the lawyers of the country took place, resulting in reduction in the number of cases.

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

The evolution of Disposition Time cannot be calculated.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,8% in 2016, Greece seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

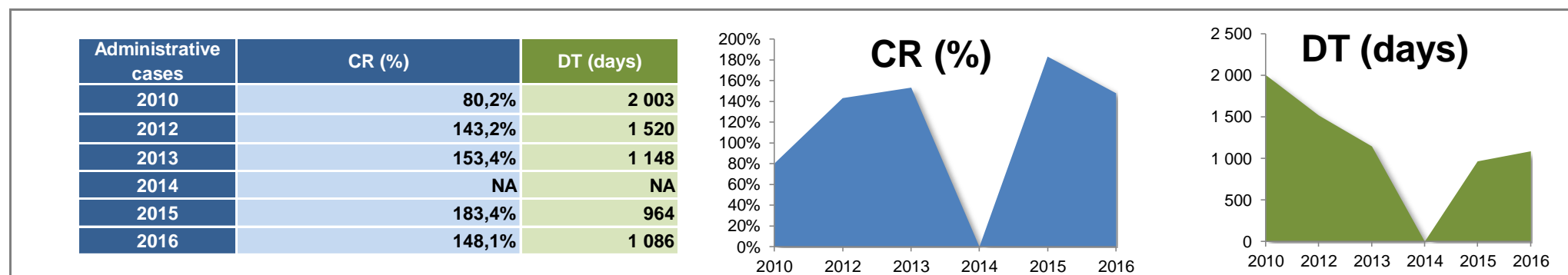
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,9 points.

In Greece, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 670 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 77,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 148,1% in 2016, Greece seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -35,3 points.

In Greece, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 1 086 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 12,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

The number of resolved administrative law cases (79.872) does not include joint cases, i.e. decisions that refer to more than one case. Furthermore, for the 2016 data of the administrative First Instance Courts of Athens and Piraeus a slight deviation has been noted which is due to the data migration to a new information technology (IT) system called "Integrated Court Management System for Administrative Justice (OSDDY-DD)". This deviation that has already been taken into account by the Central Organizational Committee for the due implementation of OSDDY – DD is expected to lapse gradually within the next years.

◦ *Insolvency*

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2010		
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

Data on insolvency cases is not available electronically for the moment.

The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The evolution of Disposition Time cannot be calculated.

• **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Greece, individual courts are asked to prepare an annual activity report but this requirement has no legal basis. The report is released on Internet and through paper distribution.

Regarding administrative justice, all administrative tribunals have the duty to provide the General Commission every three months with a report containing information about cases flow. After complete implementation of the integrated management system of the administrative legal cases, we will be able to follow cases flow via ICT possibilities. More specifically, the above management system refers to the development of a central information monitoring system of the legal cases influx before the administrative courts as a whole, which will lead to a common inter-functional computerized program connecting all the courts.

◦ The reporting is more frequent than annual, namely every three months.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

Regarding administrative tribunals, this task is fulfilled by the General Commission of the State for ordinary administrative courts.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation is based on the annual inspection performed by the Courts Inspectors and the Courts Disciplinary Council of the Supreme Court, Areios Pagos. This annual evaluation system refers to the performance of the judicial system regarding issues that may arise, using indicators and targets. The assessment can be more of a qualitative nature rather than assessing the overall (good) functioning of the court.

According to the Law 3514/2006, inspectors draft a detailed and fully justified report on every judicial functionary of their district, in which the following are evaluated: moral conduct and character; scientific knowledge; perception and sound judgment; diligence, hard work and professional (qualitative and quantitative) performance; the capacity in the award of justice, in phrasing decisions and in organizing the procedure; the judiciary's conduct in general and particularly during the hearing of a case. The existing evaluation system for the judiciary includes a scale from 1 (excellent) to 6 (inadequate). Furthermore, data regarding the flow of cases collected by the Ministry of Justice is used for ad hoc analysis (e.g. to provide a basis for decisions regarding the function of courts or answers to questions of parliamentary control).

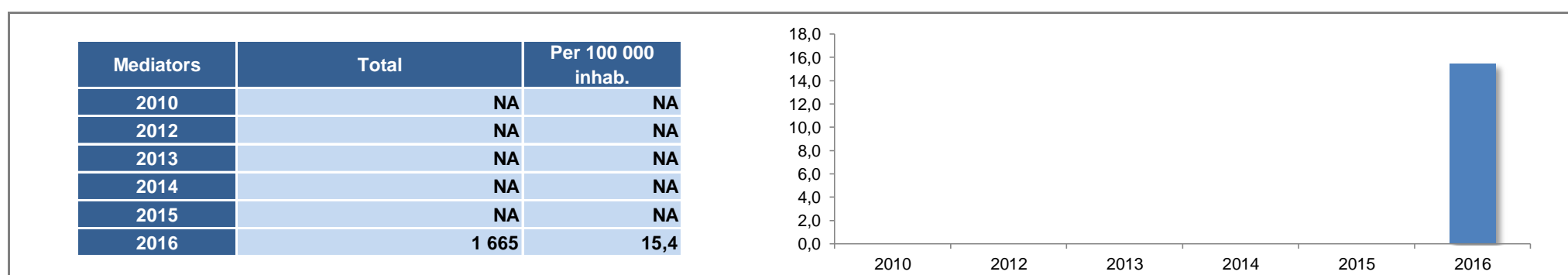
The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards for the judicial system are set by the Code of Organization of Courts and Status of Judicial Officers (Law 1756/1988) and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

• **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Greece provides judicial mediation.

Judicial mediation is regulated by the Law 3898/2010. Judicial mediation is optional and it is possible to resort to it before filing any action or during pendency before the Court of first instance or the Court of Appeal.



In Greece, in 2016, there are 1 665 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 15,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA

Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

There are no official statistical data available for the number of judicial mediation procedures, for the time being. This is due to the fact that there is not yet an official system of collecting such data.

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

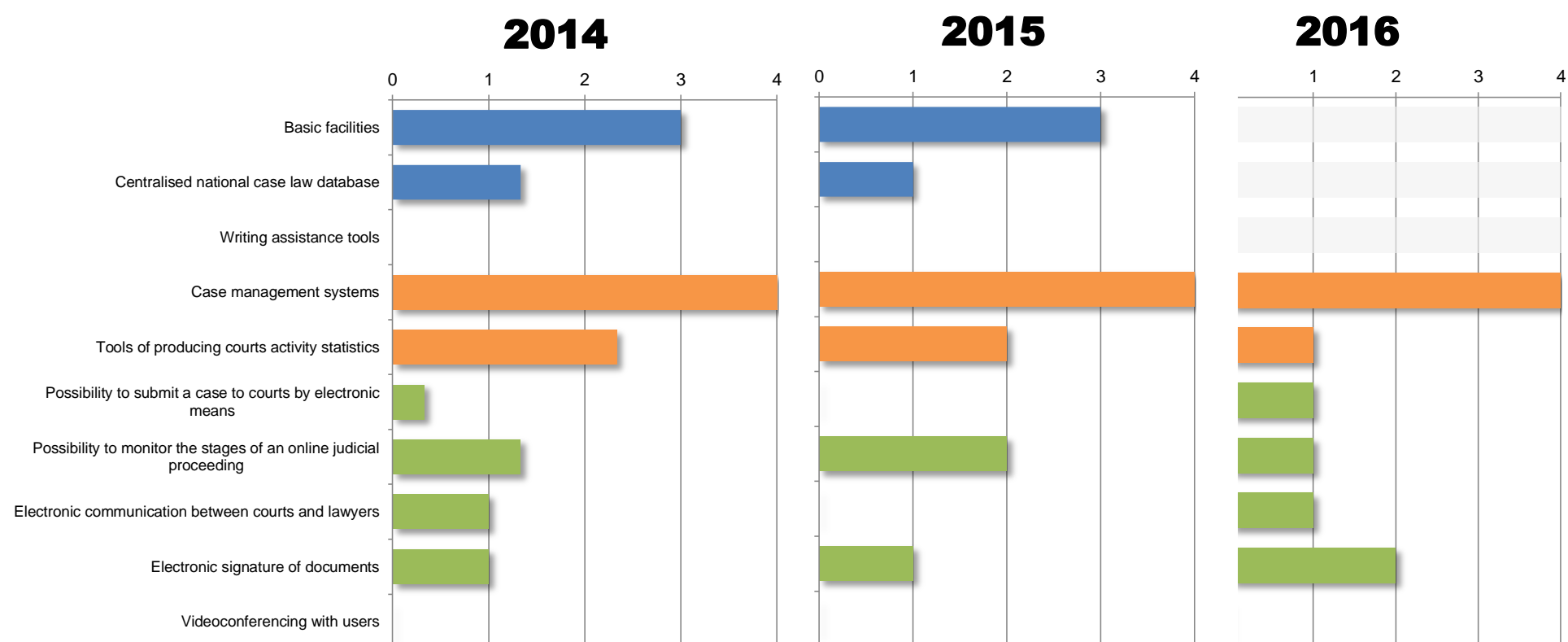
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Greece has been evaluated at 4,4 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

Although courts collect data, each one in its respective jurisdiction, the centralized institution in Greece responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice, Transparency and Human Rights.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	621 000 911	442 670 924	NA	465 750 545	415 678 986	NA	-	-6,1%	-	-10,8%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	330 000	5 947 969	NA	8 540 118	5 398 237	NA	-	-9,2%	-	-36,8%	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	2 500 000	8 300 000	7 970 370	10 225 994	12 010 629	10 321 925	312,9%	44,7%	50,7%	17,5%	-14,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	88 340 000	99 050 000	-	145 783 667	78 521 382	106 539 586	20,6%	-20,7%	-	-46,1%	35,7%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	-	-	-	-	ional judicial stamp,	rovides f	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	462	402	NA	298	298	298	-35,5%	-25,9%	-	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	462	402	NA	329	329	329	-28,8%	-18,2%	-	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NA	30	30	-	-	-	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	79,1%	65,4%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	78,9%	57,7%	80,1%	113,1%	101,7%	98,8%	25,2%	76,3%	27,0%	-10,1%	-2,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	80,2%	143,2%	153,4%	NA	183,4%	148,1%	84,7%	28,0%	19,6%	-	-19,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	510	677	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	190	469	407	330	378	670	252,5%	-19,4%	-7,2%	14,5%	77,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	2003	1520	1148	NA	964	1086	-45,8%	-36,6%	-16,0%	-	12,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	64525	89 875	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	29935	38 192	NA	39 307	38 027	38 244	27,8%	-0,4%	-	-3,3%	0,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	34590	51 683	NA	NA	47 453	43 442	25,6%	-8,2%	-	-	-8,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	65305	53 496	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	43526	25 360	NA	26 719	25 337	18 181	-58,2%	-0,1%	-	-5,2%	-28,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	21779	28 136	NA	NA	19 018	15 714	-27,8%	-32,4%	-	-	-17,4%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	48484	39 203	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	34162	19 711	NA	27 284	23 641	13 599	-60,2%	19,9%	-	-13,4%	-42,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	14322	19 492	NA	NA	23 195	16 867	17,8%	19,0%	-	-	-27,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	69009	105 371	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	27898	45 044	NA	38 027	38 054	42 826	53,5%	-15,5%	-	0,1%	12,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	41111	60 327	NA	NA	43 407	42 289	2,9%	-28,0%	-	-	-2,6%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	74,2%	73,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	78,5%	77,7%	NA	102,1%	93,3%	74,8%	-4,7%	20,0%	-	-8,6%	-19,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	65,8%	69,3%	NA	NA	122,0%	107,3%	63,2%	76,0%	-	-	-12,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	520	981	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	298	834	NA	509	588	1149	285,6%	-29,6%	-	15,5%	95,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1048	1130	NA	NA	683	915	-12,7%	-39,5%	-	-	34,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	980	-	2 207	2 135	18 956	-	117,9%	-	-3,3%	787,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	980	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	16 296	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	1 712	-	1 865	2 322	6 597	-	35,6%	-	24,5%	184,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	1 712	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	4 675	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	1 851	-	1 937	1 797	6 977	-	-2,9%	-	-7,2%	288,3%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	1 851	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

**(2010-2016) data
Greece tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	6 083	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	1 754	-	2 135	2 660	17 197	-	51,7%	-	24,6%	546,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	1 754	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	300	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	14 888	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	108,1%	-	103,9%	77,4%	105,8%	-	-28,4%	-	-25,5%	36,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	108,1%	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	130,1%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	346	-	402	540	900	-	56,2%	-	34,3%	66,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	346	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	893	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	567 685	616 391	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	159 031	205 198	478 241	278 913	246 691	264 484	66,3%	20,2%	-48,4%	-11,6%	7,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

**(2010-2016) data
Greece tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	408 654	411 193	383 402	NA	308 860	263 476	-35,5%	-24,9%	-19,4%	-	-14,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	551 700	709 644	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	455 831	645 339	688 859	241 418	230 068	146 821	-67,8%	-64,3%	-66,6%	-4,7%	-36,2%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	95 869	64 305	71 568	NA	54 402	53 934	-43,7%	-15,4%	-24,0%	-	-0,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	436 484	464 392	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	359 607	372 296	551 755	273 048	233 954	144 998	-59,7%	-37,2%	-57,6%	-14,3%	-38,0%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	76 877	92 096	109 771	NA	99 763	79 872	3,9%	8,3%	-9,1%	-	-19,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	609 306	861 643	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	187 360	478 241	615 345	246 839	242 209	266 307	42,1%	-49,4%	-60,6%	-1,9%	9,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	421 946	383 402	345 199	NA	263 473	237 593	-43,7%	-31,3%	-23,7%	-	-9,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	2 500 000	8 300 000	7 970 370	10 225 994	12 010 629	10 321 925	312,9%	44,7%	50,7%	17,5%	-14,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	7 348 223	6 788 015	6 120 564	-	-	-	-7,6%	-9,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	2 500 000	8 300 000	7 970 370	10 225 994	12 010 629	10 321 925	312,9%	44,7%	50,7%	17,5%	-14,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	Isocratis ciation), OSDDY-DD acle 12 Ent. Edition			-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	(under development)	Judicila Proceedings		-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	-	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	& Civil Procedures	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	s' Bar Associations	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	10-49%	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	OSDDY-DD	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	Oracle portal	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	-	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Greece tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	41 794	42 113	42 177	42 052	42 226	42 091	0,7%	0,3%	0,1%	0,4%	-0,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	11 309 885	11 062 508	11 062 508	10 846 979	10 858 018	10 783 748	-4,7%	-1,8%	-1,8%	0,1%	-0,7%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	41 794	42 113	42 177	42 052	42 226	42 091	0,7%	0,3%	0,1%	0,4%	-0,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 760	5 327	5 376	5 474	5 572	4 236	-37,3%	4,6%	3,6%	1,8%	-24,0%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 523	1 543	1 133	-	-	-	1,3%	-26,6%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	3 951	4 029	3 103	-	-	-	2,0%	-23,0%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

The Hungarian court system is as follows:

- Kúria (1) – the Hungarian Supreme Court - its jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers adjudication of extraordinary remedies and appeals, adopting uniformity decisions. It also decides if municipal decrees are in compliance with higher level legislation.

- Regional courts of appeal (5) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from the regional courts (third instance in criminal cases).

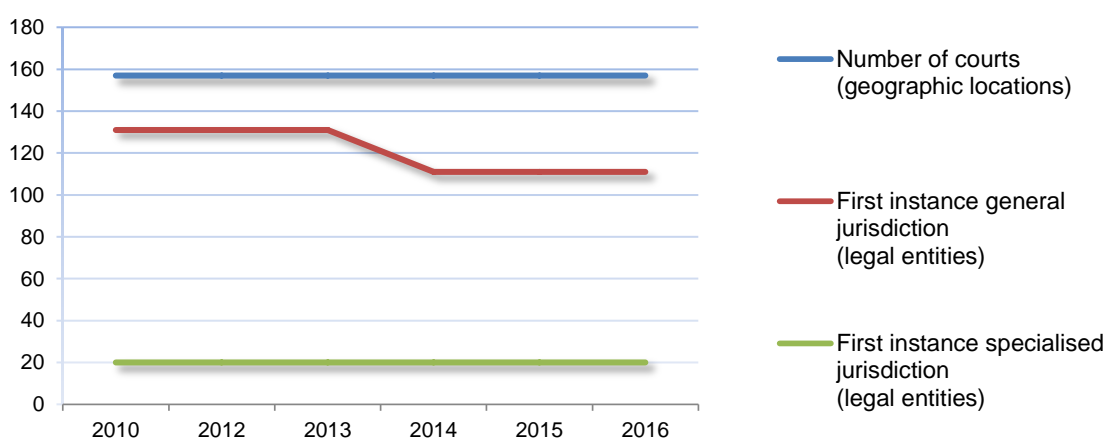
- Regional courts (20) – their jurisdiction in criminal, civil and administrative cases covers the adjudication of appeals received from district courts, administrative and labour courts, and procedure at first instance in certain criminal and civil cases.

- District courts (111) – their jurisdiction in criminal and civil cases covers the procedures at first instance. The number of judges in the largest district court is 357, whereas the smallest court operates with one judge. Out of the 111 district courts, the district courts in the seat of the regional courts have special competences in many cases.

- Administrative and labour courts (20) – their jurisdiction covers procedures at first instance in individual and collective labour disputes and in administrative cases.

There are in total 157 courts as geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	157	131	20
2012	157	131	20
2013	157	131	20
2014	157	111	20
2015	157	111	20
2016	157	111	20



In Hungary, the only specialized 1st instance courts are the Administrative and Labour courts (20) that deal with administrative, labour and social security cases. Till 2013, there were 20 Labour courts which became in 2013 Administrative and Labour courts. More precisely, their jurisdiction covers procedures at first instance in individual and collective labour disputes, and in administrative actions. These courts are not a part of the ordinary 1st instance courts (district courts). Their professional management is the duty of the administrative and labour regional departments (6).

There are military departments at five Regional Courts and at one Regional Court of Appeal. Although they only deal with military related criminal cases, they are not considered as specialized courts as they are a part of the ordinary court system both in administrative and professional management.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 299 893 343 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 30,6 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

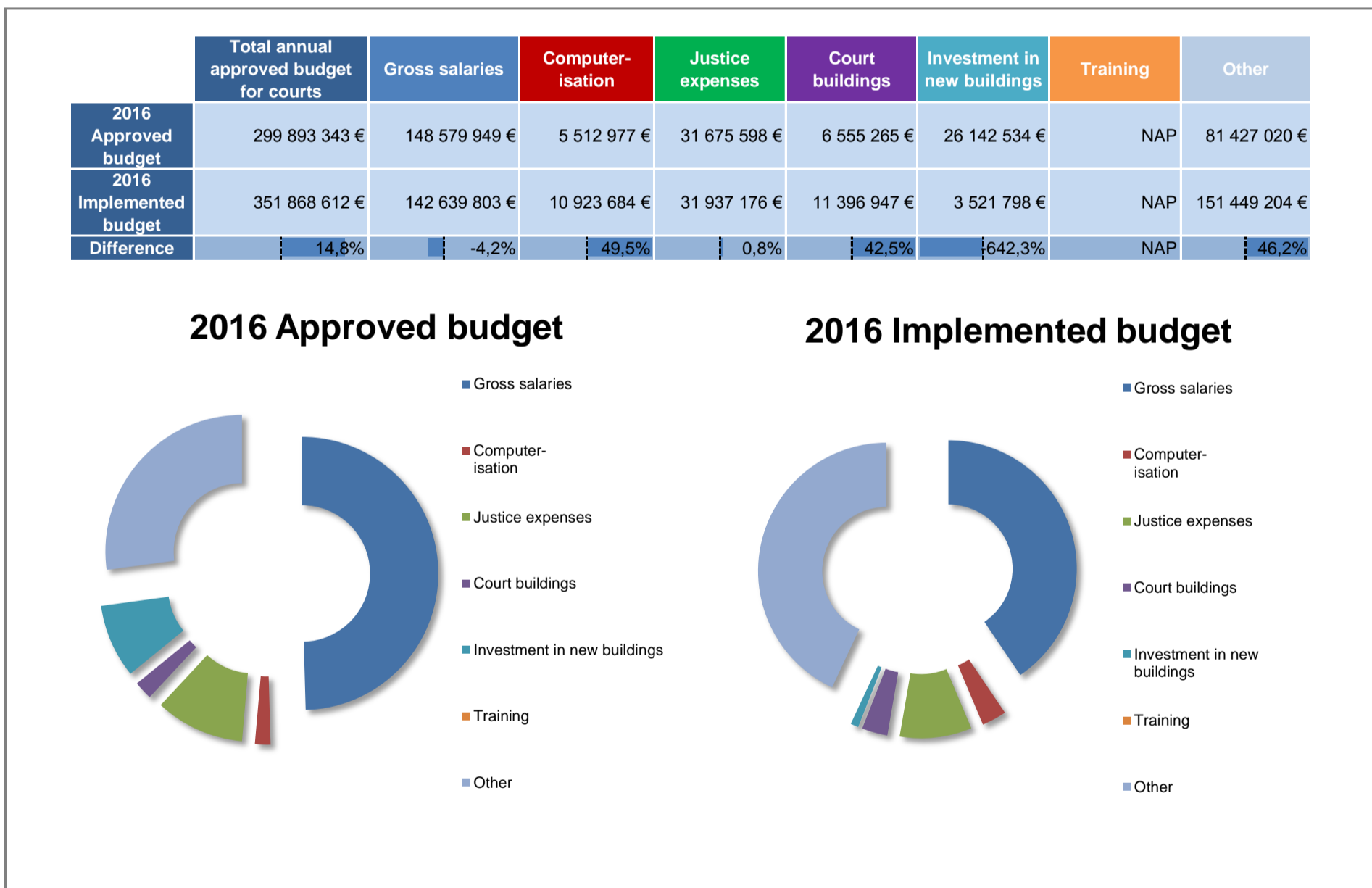
- Gross Salaries (148 579 949 €)
- Justice expenses (31 675 598 €)
- Other (81 427 020 €)

It is noteworthy to mention that the budget allocated to training is included in categories "gross salaries" and "other". The latter includes taxes, unpredicted personal (salary) expenditures, trainings, other maintenance costs.

Since 2012, there is an up-ward trend concerning the budget of the court system which is increasing every year.

As concerns the differences between approved and implemented budgets, the following should be pointed out:

- "gross salaries" - some positions are not filled (at least for a while) during the year and some people are on a leave for a longer time (e.g. serious illness, maternity leave) and get benefits from other sources;
- "computerisation" - the approved budget was modified during the year;
- "court buildings" - the approved budget was modified during the year; the reason of the increase in the implemented annual public budget allocated to court buildings is that many small and some large building reconstruction and modernization projects have been implemented during the year;
- "investments in new court buildings" - some new court building projects take more years to finish, so although the budget has been provided specially for these it takes more years to finish these projects;
- the implemented public budget allocated to the category "other" increased between 2015 and 2016 because there has been an increase in the basis of the salary of judicial employees in 2016 and it was included in this category.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 429 598 903 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 43,8 €

The budget per capita (43,8 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Hungary belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 4,1%.

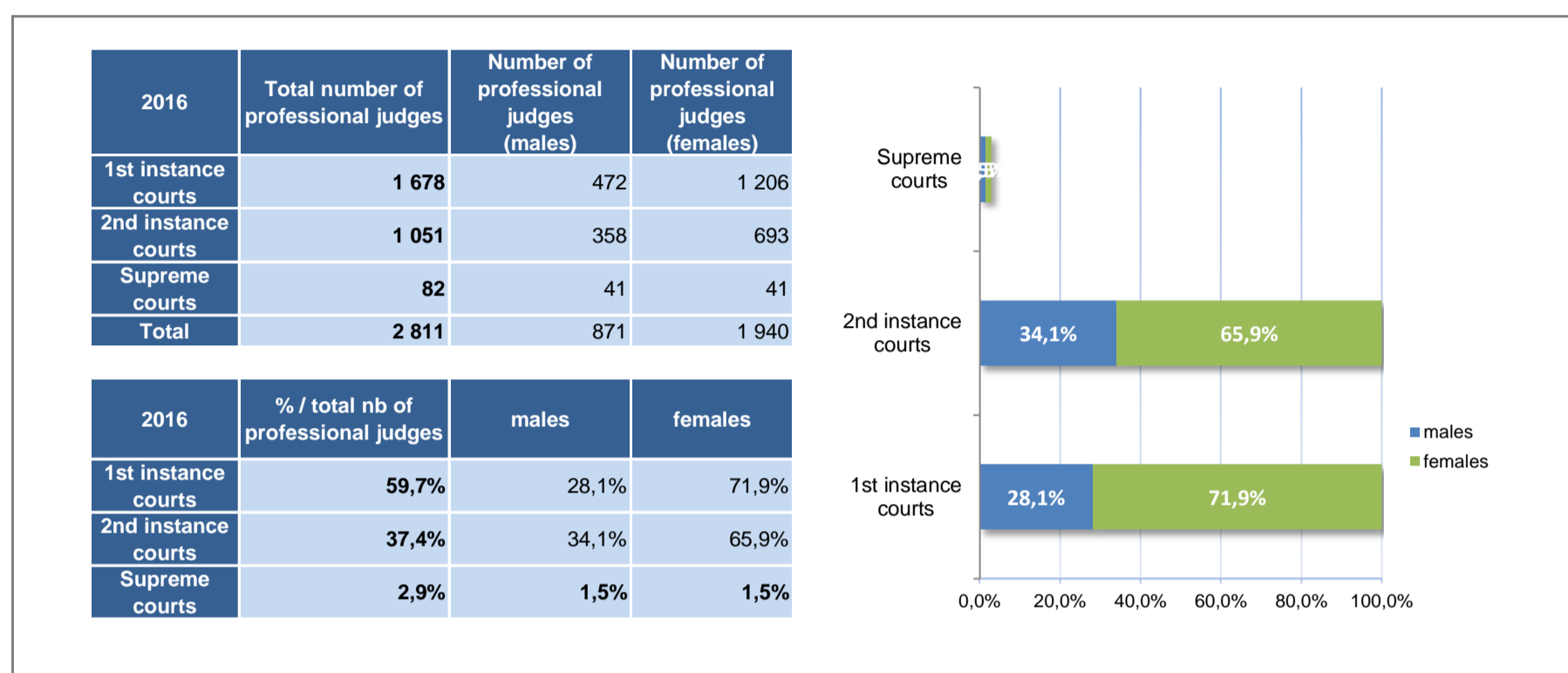
• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 1 341 550 100 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Some police services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Hungary is 2 811 which is -0,1% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Hungary, in 2016, there are 28,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,8 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,8 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 940 which represents 69,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 678 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 206 are female) ; 1 051 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 693 are female) and 82 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 41 are female).

Since 2012 and the establishment of the National Office for the Judiciary, the data collection methodology is the same. Accordingly, the number of first instance professional judges includes judges of the District Courts and the Administrative and Labour Courts. As second instance judges are counted judges of the Regional Courts and the Regional Courts of Appeal. As concerns the Regional Courts, the distribution of first and second instance cases is based on the bylaws which are renewed every year by the president of each court after consultation with the judicial council and the professional department of the court. The number of third instance judges encompasses Supreme Court judges.

In Hungary, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory and Optional
- General in-service training: Compulsory and Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory and Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory and Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Compulsory and Optional

More specifically, the National Office for the Judiciary developed the institutional strategy of the Hungarian Academy of Justice (MIA) in 2013. Its implementation resulted in strengthening the coordinating role of the MIA through the expansion of local and regional training, enabling judges and judicial staff to choose from a wider range of trainings, motivating them for participation in the training courses. It is impossible to provide satisfactory training to the nearly 11,000 persons working in the judicial organisation exclusively in the central premises, so it is important to hold trainings in a coordinated way at local and regional levels of the court system with central coordination offered by the MIA. By fostering a centrally coordinated training system in 2016, 528 central trainings were organised and the number of participants was 25703.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	7 713	590	3 413	0	3 710	0
2012	8 142	767	2 406	NA	NA	4 969
2013	8 000	777	2 254	NA	NA	4 969
2014	8 022	778	907	NA	NA	6 337
2015	7 979	808	899	NA	NA	6 272
2016	8 003	820	897	NA	NA	6 286

In Hungary, in 2016, there are 8 003 non-judge staff (among which 6 747 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,3%

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 820 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 658 are women);
- 897 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 777 are women);
- 6 286 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 5 312 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 81,0 in 2015 to 81,4 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 28,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 28,7 in 2016.

The following clarifications should be mentioned:

- Court secretaries („bírósági titkár”) are employees of the court that are similar to Rechtspfleger. They are lawyers, who after acquiring a degree at a law faculty have made the bar exam (which requires at least 3 years professional practice). They are enabled to perform duties of judges in cases specifically defined by law. According to the Constitution when a court secretary is dealing with a case he/she has the same independence as a judge. In criminal cases they can make out of trial decisions (e.g. order an expert to be included in the case), or they can hear witnesses on request of another court. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In misdemeanour cases they adjudicate the case - this is an area of law in which mostly court secretaries deal with cases of first instance. In civil and labour cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. This practically means they assist the judges in pre-trial phase of the case. In administrative non-litigious cases they can make any decision that can be made without hearing the case. In company registry cases they can make every decision, as well in insolvency cases (with some exceptions).
- As concerns the category "non-judge staff assisting judges", from 2012, this category includes only staff directly assisting judges
- "Other non-judge staff" includes "staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts" and "technical staff".

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 804 784 € (0,1 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

Within the framework of out of court legal assistance ensured by the State, legal counsels assigned for economically and socially disadvantaged people provide legal advice, draft and prepare petitions and other documents to be filed, and study case files upon a power of attorney. For the performance of such tasks, legal counsels are paid or their fees and expenses are advanced by the State instead of the party concerned. The fees and expenses are determined by law.

In Hungary legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

If legal aid is granted, it extends to all stages of the proceedings, including the enforcement phase. However, it concerns only the fee of the legal aid provider. Besides, legal representation cannot be granted in such cases, but only extrajudicial assistance (legal advice, drafting of documents).

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters. The court fee is approximately 32 Euros.

As a rule, litigants are required to pay court fees. However, if a person is not able to pay the amount because of his/her financial situation, he/she may be granted an exemption from paying the court fee. Besides, some civil societies (e.g. churches, associations, foundations) are exempted from paying court fees ex lege. Moreover, the Hungarian legislation provides for a regime of exemptions with regard to specific categories of cases covering numerous law fields, namely: family law, labour law, trade law, administrative law, electoral law, tax law, intellectual property law, criminal law, procedural law etc. The regime of exemptions applies also in respect of enforcement proceedings, liquidation proceedings, proceedings initiated on the basis of favorable decision by the Constitutional Court, court mediation, different auxiliary proceedings related to the main case in criminal matters, etc. It is interesting to notice that according to the law, there could be a reduction of the court fee in some particular situations. For example, the duty is 10% of the duty on judicial proceedings if, during the first hearing, the plaintiff withdraws his claim, the legal action is suspended and subsequently dismissed, the defendant acknowledges the claim, the parties reach a settlement or jointly file for dismissal, the court ex officio rejects the petition. The duty is 30% of the court fee for cases dismissed by suspension following the first hearing or due to the plaintiff's withdrawal, or if jointly requested by the parties. The duty is 50% of the court fee if a settlement is concluded between the parties after the first hearing. Exceptionally, in criminal cases, a court fee should be paid if the cases arrive to court by a private indictment (e.g. slander or defamation cases).

The general amount of the court fee in a first instance civil case is 6% of the value of the case, but the minimum amount is approximately 58 Euro and maximum is approximately 4762 Euro. In some cases laws define different percentage or fix amount, e.g. the court fee of a litigious divorce case is a fix amount of approximately 95 Euro.

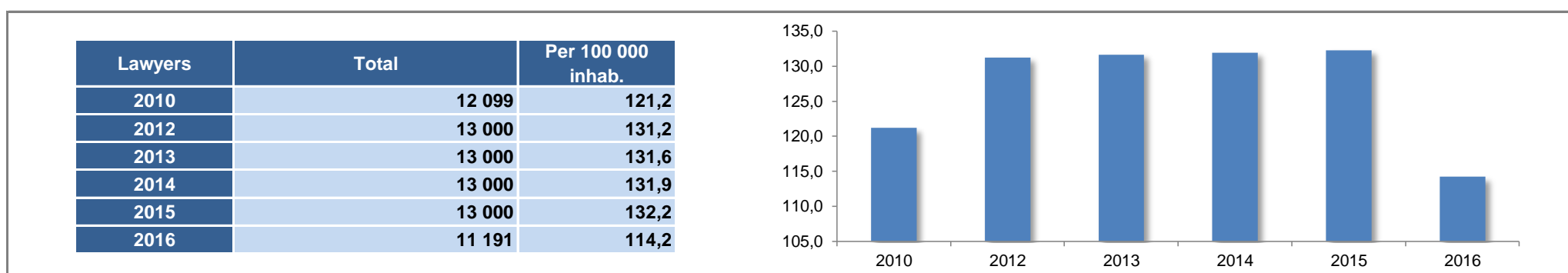
The general amount for a second instance case (paid by the appealing party) is 8% of the value of the case but the minimum amount is approximately 58 Euro and maximum is approximately 7936 Euro.

The general amount for a review of the case at the Supreme Court (Kúria) (paid by the party asking for the review of the case) is 10% of the value of the case but the minimum amount is approximately 159 Euro and maximum is approximately 9524 Euro.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 180 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Hungary, in 2016, there are 11 191 lawyers, which is -13,9% less than in 2015.

This data represents 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

In Hungary attorneys are those who hold a degree in law, have passed the BAR exam and are members of the local bar association. An attorney can only work as an individual attorney, or as a member of a law firm, he/she can't be an employee. Those lawyers who work as employees of a company are called "legal advisors". They have the right to represent their employers in any proceedings, the limitation is that they can only act on behalf of their employers and cannot have any other clients.

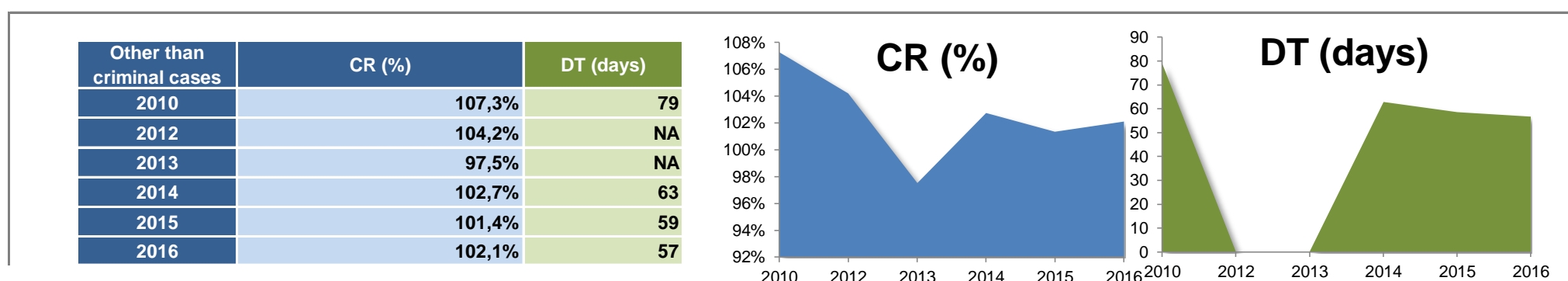
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



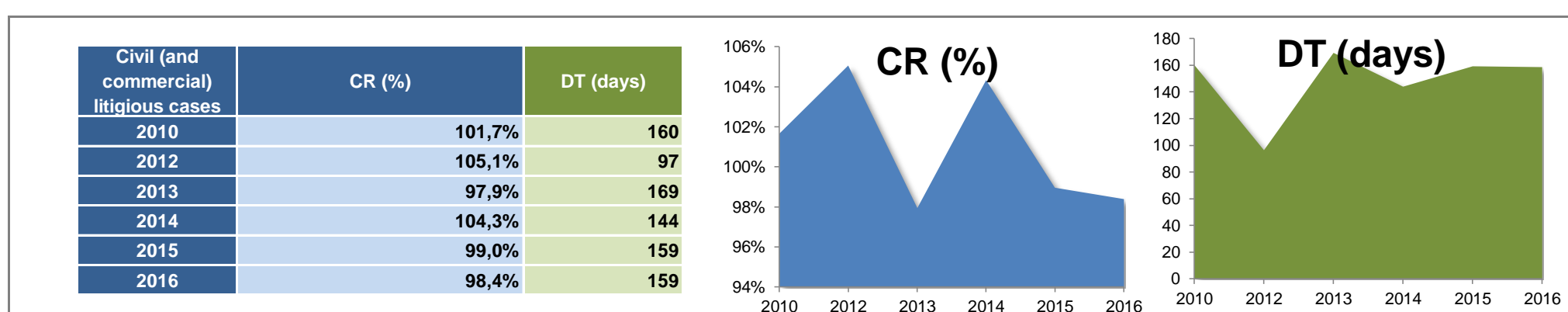
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,1% in 2016, Hungary seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,7 points.

In Hungary, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 57 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -3,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,4% in 2016, Hungary seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,6 points.

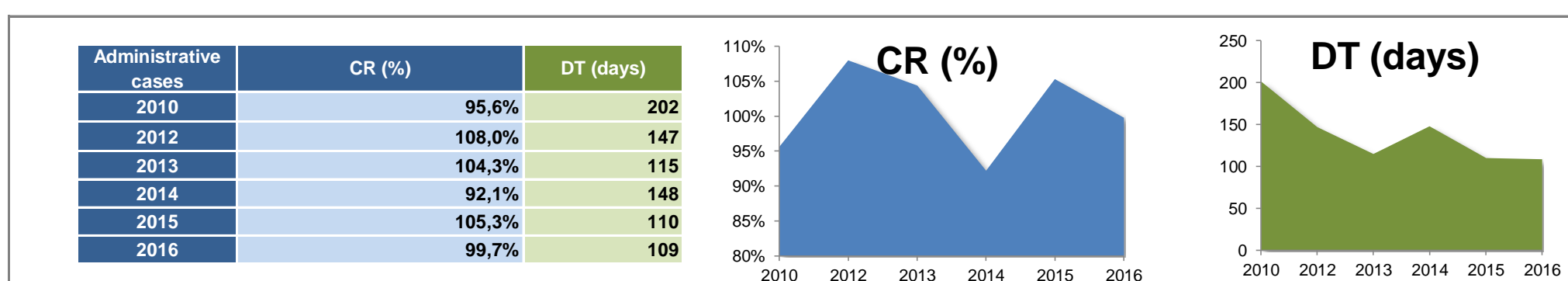
In Hungary, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 159 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The increase in the number of general civil (commercial) non litigious cases pending on 1 January 2016 is due to the change in the statistical methodology at the largest regional court that caused a difference in the figures.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2016, Hungary seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

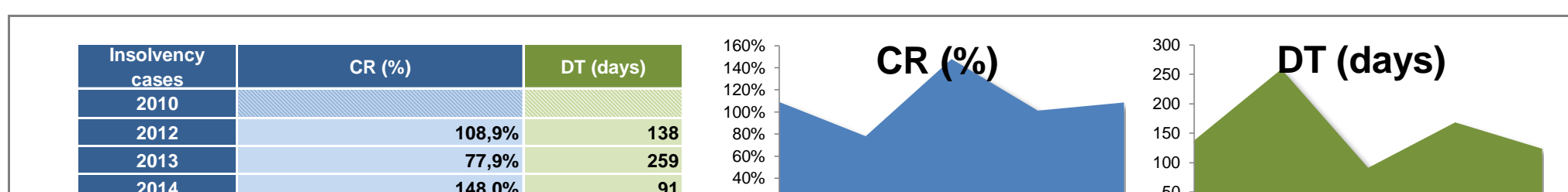
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,5 points.

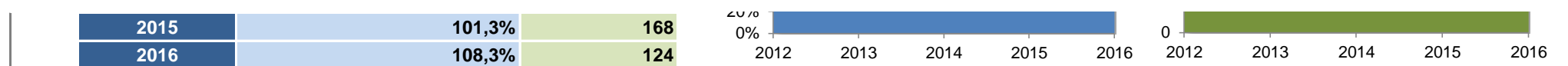
In Hungary, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 109 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -1,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Insolvency*





The Clearance Rate was calculated at 108,3% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Hungary seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 7,0 points.

In Hungary, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 124 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -26,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It should be mentioned that for the category "insolvency cases", the methodology of data collection changed from the year 2015 to 2016. Accordingly, there is a discrepancy between the number of insolvency cases pending on 31 December 2015 and the number of insolvency cases pending on 1 January 2016.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Hungary, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released on Intranet and through paper distribution.

The president of each court has to present an annual report about the performance of the court that is presented at the conference of judges and made available on the intranet site of the court.

Furthermore, the presidents of the Regional Courts and Regional Courts of Appeal have to present their reports to the NOJ as well. The President of the Supreme Court (Kúria) has to present the annual report to the Parliament and make it available on the website of the Kúria.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category "other" encompasses among others: individual judge's statistics, statistics on the reasons of the postpone of the trials; number of trial days in cases, number of tried cases per day; pending cases of an individual judge / court; the time frame of pending cases; number of appealed cases; the subject of incoming / finished / pending cases; the ratio of litigious and non-litigious cases; cases that are pending over 2 or 5 years have a separated statistical report every month; cases in which there were no actions taken in the last 30 days by the court have a separated statistical report every month.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The statistics of the court system are carried out every quarter, half and whole year. It is published on the central internet website of the courts every half year. The data are analyzed by the courts presidents and the National Council of Justice, and if needed they resort to adequate measures (for example staff increase). If it seems necessary, the president of the National Office for the Judiciary can order an examination at the concerned court.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The statistical output of a court (mainly the number of incoming and pending cases) is taken into consideration during the distribution of human resources.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

Second instance courts have to prepare a note on the decision and the trial procedure of the first instance court, based on professional criteria in every case. In this note, the court of appeal has to examine: the application of substantive, procedural and administrative regulations; the preparation of the hearings; the quality of the judges trial leading practice; if the coercive measures were well founded; if the hearings were set timely; if the ruling was transcribed in time; if the decision was edited correctly. The conclusions are summarized and judges of first instance courts are informed about them at least once a year.

Furthermore, the departments of the Supreme Court (Kúria) responsible for examining the judicial practice evaluates the practice of the courts and regularly inform judges about their experience.

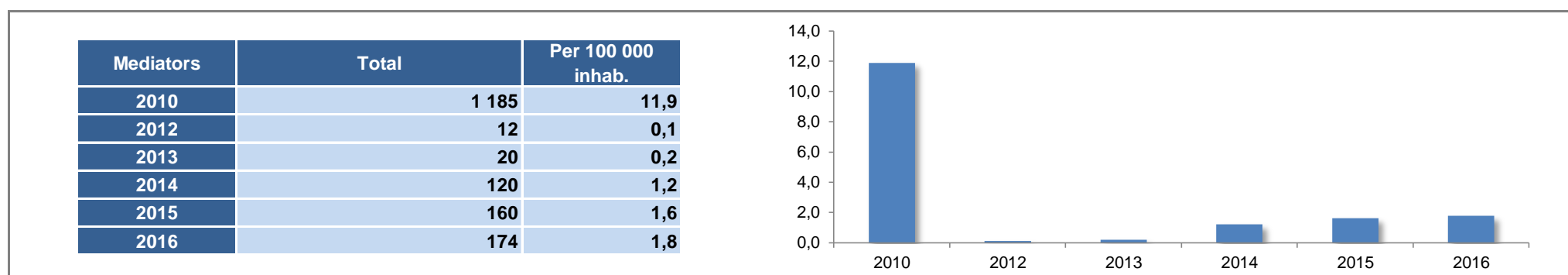
• Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Hungary provides judicial mediation.

Judicial mediation was introduced in the Hungarian legal system in 2012. In this type of mediation, there is always the intervention of a judge or a public prosecutor who facilitates, advises on, decides on or/and approves the procedure. Different laws encourage the parties to choose the mediation procedure in compliance with the voluntary principle. Among these, the most significant are the Civil Procedure Code, the Act on Charges and the Act on the Service of the Judicial Employees. Detailed rules in relation to judicial mediation are provided by the Order 14/2002 (VIII.1.) of the Minister of Justice, the Rules on Judicial Case Management, and the Rules issued by the President of the National Office for the Judiciary. It is noteworthy that the Act LV of 2002 on Mediation covers civil litigation, but excludes mediation in libel proceedings, administrative proceedings, guardianship proceedings, proceedings on the termination of parental responsibility, enforcement proceedings, procedures establishing paternity or ancestry and constitutional appeals.

in legal disputes between business entities with legal personality, the parties must make an attempt before lodging the claim to settle the case out of court. This procedure is not required if the parties make out a joint statement on their disagreement. The court, if there is any possibility to make it successful, particularly if requested by either of the parties, shall inform the parties as to the essence of mediation proceedings, on the availability of such proceedings, and on the rules. If the parties reach a settlement in the mediation proceedings, it may be submitted to the court for approval. However, in case of disputes between business companies, the mediation is mandatory before going to court. In the cases of court annexed mediation only court secretaries can work on mediation procedures.

Since 03/15/2014 the Civil Code disposes, that the court in justified cases can order the parents to have resort to the mediation proceedings in order to guarantee the adequate exercise of parental discretion and the necessary cooperation to it including the relation between the separately living parents and child



In Hungary, in 2016, there are 174 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 1,8 accredited or registered. The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 8,8%.

There is a continuous training for court secretaries and judges in the field of mediation so that is the reason for the increasing number. To be registered as a court mediator one must finish this training (organized by the National Office for the Judiciary).

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	919	9
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

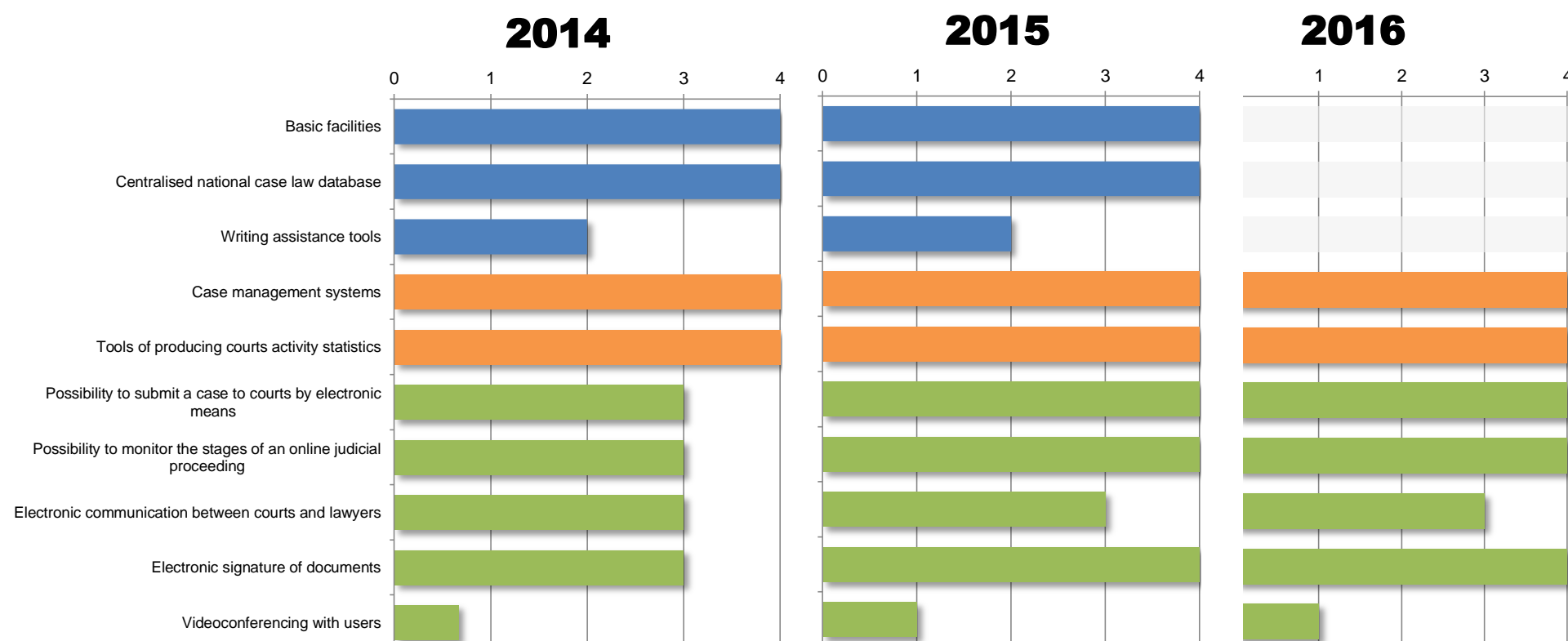
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Hungary has been evaluated at 9,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

If the claimant submits the petition by electronic means, he/she is summoned by electronic means, but the respondent is summoned for the first trial in paper form as well. If a party submits a claim by electronic means this act counts as a consent given to be notified about any action of the court by electronic means. 64.8. Court documents have to be signed on paper as well, although attorneys do not need to produce a paper based copy of an electronically signed document.

4. National data collection system

In Hungary, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the National Office for the Judiciary (Department of Statistical Data Analyses).

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No plans

2. Budget

No plans

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 712	9 800	9 900	10 500	10 900	11 200	15,3%	11,2%	10,1%	3,8%	2,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	278,85	292,96	296,91	315,00	315,68	309,40	11,0%	7,8%	6,3%	0,2%	-2,0%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	259 501 133	325 687 695	299 097 315	283 479 317	286 826 137	299 893 343	15,6%	-11,9%	-4,1%	1,2%	4,6%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	271 123 933	295 148 802	351 868 612	-	-	-	8,9%	19,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	970 353	NA	1 140 272	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	102 321 320	125 851 993	128 848 473	119 744 000	126 336 480	128 900 776	26,0%	0,4%	-1,9%	5,5%	2,0%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	117 130 667	NA	133 882 353	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	36,3	45,7	43,4	41,0	42,1	43,8	20,9%	-7,8%	-2,9%	2,8%	4,1%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	39,5	NA	49,7	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	278,85	292,96	296,91	315,00	315,68	309,40	11,0%	7,8%	6,3%	0,2%	-2,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	102 321 320	125 851 993	128 848 473	119 744 000	126 336 480	128 900 776	26,0%	0,4%	-1,9%	5,5%	2,0%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	36,3	45,7	43,4	41,0	42,1	43,8	20,9%	-7,8%	-2,9%	2,8%	4,1%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	39,5	NA	49,7	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	259 501 133	325 687 695	299 097 315	283 479 317	286 826 137	299 893 343	15,6%	-11,9%	-4,1%	1,2%	4,6%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	209 393 222	235 373 000	136 997 248	143 325 911	143 142 984	148 579 949	-29,0%	-39,2%	4,5%	-0,1%	3,8%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	7 532 956	1 195 000	5 232 074	5 556 563	4 758 418	5 512 977	-26,8%	298,2%	-9,1%	-14,4%	15,9%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	16 030 255	14 426 154	14 458 432	26 391 851	29 690 815	31 675 598	97,6%	105,8%	105,4%	12,5%	6,7%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	26 297 344	27 507 000	19 060 294	6 941 649	6 156 933	6 555 265	-75,1%	-77,6%	-67,7%	-11,3%	6,5%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	7 692 308	1 212 489	25 409 686	23 263 474	26 142 534	-	202,4%	1818,7%	-8,4%	12,4%
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	247 356	318 785	684 110	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	NAP	39 175 448	121 452 668	75 853 657	79 813 513	81 427 020	-	103,7%	-34,3%	5,2%	2,0%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	36 €	46 €	43 €	41 €	42 €	44 €	20,9%	-7,8%	-2,9%	2,8%	4,1%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	102 321 320	125 851 993	128 848 473	119 744 000	126 336 480	128 900 776	26,0%	0,4%	-1,9%	5,5%	2,0%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 604 399 373	1 609 052 020	1 609 052 020	1 395 391 434	1 502 700 119	1 341 550 100	-16,4%	-6,6%	-6,6%	7,7%	-10,7%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	NA	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	NA	NAP	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NA	NAP	No	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NA	NAP	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	NA	NAP	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	NA	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	NA	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	259 501 133	325 687 695	299 097 315	283 479 317	286 826 137	299 893 343	15,6%	-11,9%	-4,1%	1,2%	4,6%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	259 501 133	325 687 695	299 097 315	283 479 317	286 826 137	299 893 343	0 €	-11,9%	-4,1%	1,2%	4,6%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	7 532 956	1 195 000	5 232 074	5 556 563	4 758 418	5 512 977	0 €	298,2%	-9,1%	-14,4%	15,9%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	102 321 320	125 851 993	128 848 473	119 744 000	126 336 480	128 900 776	26,0%	0,4%	-1,9%	5,5%	2,0%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	259 501 133	325 687 695	299 097 315	283 479 317	286 826 137	299 893 343	15,6%	-11,9%	-4,1%	1,2%	4,6%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	17 274 015	6 159 824	-	6 691 245	7 396 653	8 625 404	-50,1%	20,1%	-	10,5%	16,6%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	-	-	-	m is 9524 Euro.	imum is 9524 Euro.	mately 9524 Euro.	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	131	131	131	111	111	111	-15,3%	-15,3%	-15,3%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	157	157	157	157	157	157	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	20	20	20	20	20	20	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	NA	20	20	20	20	-	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	207 740	NA	NA	162 126	150 305	148 425	-28,6%	-	-	-7,3%	-1,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	92 979	142 113	78 381	82 107	74 290	76 124	-18,1%	-47,7%	-5,2%	-9,5%	2,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 503	26 626	31 335	-	-	-	-6,6%	17,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 747	51 785	27 684	27 373	25 154	30 442	-47,3%	-51,4%	-9,1%	-8,1%	21,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	962	1 076	893	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	962	1 076	893	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	168	396	391	-	-	-	135,7%	-1,3%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	6 951	6 483	6 019	5 320	6 734	5 776	-16,9%	3,9%	11,9%	26,6%	-14,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 175	56 882	57 094	46 196	42 655	35 190	-28,4%	-25,0%	-25,3%	-7,7%	-17,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	682 727	1 129 126	1 164 682	848 998	902 411	870 257	27,5%	-20,1%	-22,5%	6,3%	-3,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	200 922	432 443	180 813	180 382	176 407	184 824	-8,0%	-59,2%	-2,4%	-2,2%	4,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	613 158	678 103	637 091	-	-	-	10,6%	-6,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	400 514	246 856	201 578	180 459	212 034	191 575	-52,2%	-14,1%	5,2%	17,5%	-9,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	430 096	463 007	441 767	-	-	-	7,7%	-4,6%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	333 205	385 241	726 545	427 114	459 210	437 387	31,3%	19,2%	-36,8%	7,5%	-4,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	2 982	3 797	4 380	-	-	-	27,3%	15,4%
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	2 603	3 062	3 749	-	-	-	17,6%	22,4%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	14 360	12 595	16 189	18 008	18 149	19 590	36,4%	44,1%	12,1%	0,8%	7,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	63 534	51 991	39 557	37 450	29 752	28 752	-54,7%	-42,8%	-24,8%	-20,6%	-3,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	732 325	1 176 429	1 135 973	872 260	914 672	888 592	21,3%	-22,3%	-19,5%	4,9%	-2,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	204 275	454 369	177 087	188 199	174 573	181 849	-11,0%	-61,6%	-1,4%	-7,2%	4,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	626 526	681 609	650 977	-	-	-	8,8%	-4,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	461 650	262 314	200 004	182 894	206 746	196 915	-57,3%	-21,2%	3,4%	13,0%	-4,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	441 257	471 796	450 414	-	-	-	6,9%	-4,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	354 237	394 348	691 613	438 389	467 816	445 845	25,9%	18,6%	-32,4%	6,7%	-4,7%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	2 868	3 980	4 569	-	-	-	38,8%	14,8%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	2 375	3 067	3 648	-	-	-	29,1%	18,9%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	13 727	13 599	16 888	16 594	19 107	19 539	42,3%	40,5%	13,1%	15,1%	2,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	59 395	51 799	50 381	40 941	39 383	36 227	-39,0%	-24,0%	-21,8%	-3,8%	-8,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	158 142	NA	NA	150 089	146 650	138 177	-12,6%	-	-	-2,3%	-5,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	89 626	120 187	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	-11,7%	-36,7%	-7,3%	2,5%	3,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	26 410	31 726	25 806	-	-	-	20,1%	-18,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	6 611	36 327	29 258	24 938	30 442	25 102	279,7%	-16,2%	4,0%	22,1%	-17,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 076	893	704	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	1 076	893	704	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	396	391	492	-	-	-	-1,3%	25,8%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	7 584	5 479	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	-23,2%	5,4%	8,6%	-14,2%	0,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	53 314	57 074	46 270	42 655	33 024	27 445	-48,5%	-42,1%	-28,6%	-22,6%	-16,9%

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	107,3%	104,2%	97,5%	102,7%	101,4%	102,1%	-4,8%	-2,7%	3,9%	-1,3%	0,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,7%	105,1%	97,9%	104,3%	99,0%	98,4%	-3,2%	-5,8%	1,0%	-5,2%	-0,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102,2%	100,5%	102,2%	-	-	-	-1,6%	1,7%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	115,3%	106,3%	99,2%	101,3%	97,5%	102,8%	-10,8%	-8,2%	-1,7%	-3,8%	5,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	102,6%	101,9%	102,0%	-	-	-	-0,7%	0,1%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	106,3%	102,4%	95,2%	102,6%	101,9%	101,9%	-4,1%	-0,5%	7,0%	-0,7%	0,1%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	96,2%	104,8%	104,3%	-	-	-	9,0%	-0,5%
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	91,2%	100,2%	97,3%	-	-	-	9,8%	-2,9%
CR Administrative law cases	95,6%	108,0%	104,3%	92,1%	105,3%	99,7%	4,3%	-2,5%	0,9%	14,2%	-5,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93,5%	99,6%	127,4%	109,3%	132,4%	126,0%	34,8%	32,9%	3,9%	21,1%	-4,8%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	79	NA	NA	63	59	57	-28,0%	-	-	-6,8%	-3,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	160	97	169	144	159	159	-0,9%	64,9%	-6,0%	10,5%	-0,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	15	17	14	-	-	-	10,4%	-14,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	51	53	50	54	47	790,2%	6,3%	0,7%	8,0%	-13,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-22,4%	-17,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	137	82	56	-	-	-	-40,2%	-31,3%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	61	47	49	-	-	-	-23,5%	5,8%
DT Administrative law cases	202	147	115	148	110	109	-46,0%	-25,0%	-4,0%	-25,5%	-1,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	328	402	335	380	306	277	-15,6%	-23,9%	-8,7%	-19,5%	-9,7%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	14 506	16 416	13 134	12 878	NA	10 682	-26,4%	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	2 974	3 389	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	-40,8%	-35,1%	-30,1%	-11,8%	-19,8%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	62	51	85	37	54	-	-40,3%	-27,5%	-56,5%	45,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	33 608	27 394	28 392	28 512	27 446	27 677	-17,6%	0,2%	-3,3%	-3,7%	0,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	5 146	5 119	4 170	3 872	3 231	2 452	-52,4%	-36,9%	-22,5%	-16,6%	-24,1%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	124	154	100	77	120	-	-37,9%	-50,0%	-23,0%	55,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	34 043	30 676	28 648	28 641	16 764	26 988	-20,7%	-45,4%	-41,5%	-41,5%	61,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	4 849	5 364	4 822	4 166	3 667	2 882	-40,6%	-31,6%	-24,0%	-12,0%	-21,4%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	135	120	148	78	130	-	-42,2%	-35,0%	-47,3%	66,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	14 143	13 134	12 878	12 749	10 682	11 371	-19,6%	-18,7%	-17,1%	-16,2%	6,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	3 271	3 144	2 492	2 198	1 762	1 332	-59,3%	-44,0%	-29,3%	-19,8%	-24,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	51	85	37	36	44	-	-29,4%	-57,6%	-2,7%	22,2%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,3%	112,0%	100,9%	100,5%	61,1%	97,5%	-3,7%	-45,5%	-39,5%	-39,2%	59,6%
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,2%	104,8%	115,6%	107,6%	113,5%	117,5%	24,7%	8,3%	-1,9%	5,5%	3,6%
CR Insolvency cases	-	108,9%	77,9%	148,0%	101,3%	108,3%	-	-7,0%	30,0%	-31,6%	6,9%
DT Litigious divorce cases	152	156	164	162	233	154	1,4%	48,8%	41,7%	43,1%	-33,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	246	214	189	193	175	169	-31,5%	-18,0%	-7,0%	-8,9%	-3,8%
DT Insolvency cases	-	138	259	91	168	124	-	22,2%	-34,8%	84,6%	-26,7%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13083	14 630	14 226	14 768	12 415	11 410	-12,8%	-15,1%	-12,7%	-15,9%	-8,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7278	8 318	8 101	7 898	5 947	5 607	-23,0%	-28,5%	-26,6%	-24,7%	-5,7%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4 628	4 334	3 889	-	-	-	-6,4%	-10,3%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3696	4 040	4 359	4 510	3 803	3 443	-6,8%	-5,9%	-12,8%	-15,7%	-9,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	84	435	317	-	-	-	417,9%	-27,1%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	38	163	217	-	-	-	328,9%	33,1%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	95	45	43	46	272	100	5,3%	504,4%	532,6%	491,3%	-63,2%
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	34	96	129	-	-	-	182,4%	34,4%
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	186	460	312	421	447	406	118,3%	-2,8%	43,3%	6,2%	-9,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1705	1 590	1 231	1 821	1 687	1 508	-11,6%	6,1%	37,0%	-7,4%	-10,6%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	53039	52 532	53 319	52 315	47 429	51 351	-3,2%	-9,7%	-11,0%	-9,3%	8,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	24554	23 451	22 534	17 137	16 439	16 729	-31,9%	-29,9%	-27,0%	-4,1%	1,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 788	24 769	27 741	-	-	-	-14,0%	12,0%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19666	19 728	21 813	26 806	22 072	25 565	30,0%	11,9%	1,2%	-17,7%	15,8%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 257	2 067	1 619	-	-	-	64,4%	-21,7%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	171	783	929	-	-	-	357,9%	18,6%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	301	203	216	1 086	1 284	690	129,2%	532,5%	494,4%	18,2%	-46,3%
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	725	630	557	-	-	-	-13,1%	-11,6%
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	739	1 761	1 791	1 761	1 654	2 151	191,1%	-6,1%	-7,6%	-6,1%	30,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	7181	6 725	6 301	4 629	4 567	4 730	-34,1%	-32,1%	-27,5%	-1,3%	3,6%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	52829	52 936	53 272	53 693	48 434	51 037	-3,4%	-8,5%	-9,1%	-9,8%	5,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	24026	23 668	22 737	19 082	16 759	16 761	-30,2%	-29,2%	-26,3%	-12,2%	0,0%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 113	25 214	27 709	-	-	-	-10,3%	9,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19732	19 409	21 616	26 429	22 432	25 449	29,0%	15,6%	3,8%	-15,1%	13,4%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 021	2 185	1 632	-	-	-	114,0%	-25,3%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	161	729	907	-	-	-	352,8%	24,4%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	343	205	221	860	1 456	725	111,4%	610,2%	558,8%	69,3%	-50,2%
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	663	597	628	-	-	-	-10,0%	5,2%
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	714	1 909	1 682	1 735	1 695	2 085	192,0%	-11,2%	0,8%	-2,3%	23,0%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	7183	7 084	6 357	4 763	4 766	4 482	-37,6%	-32,7%	-25,0%	0,1%	-6,0%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13293	14 226	14 273	13 390	11 410	11 724	-11,8%	-19,8%	-20,1%	-14,8%	2,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7526	8 101	7 898	5 953	5 633	5 575	-25,9%	-30,5%	-28,7%	-5,4%	-1,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	5 303	3 889	3 921	-	-	-	-26,7%	0,8%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3630	4 359	4 556	4 887	3 443	3 559	-2,0%	-21,0%	-24,4%	-29,5%	3,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	320	317	304	-	-	-	-0,9%	-4,1%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	48	217	239	-	-	-	352,1%	10,1%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	53	43	38	272	100	65	22,6%	132,6%	163,2%	-63,2%	-35,0%
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	96	129	58	-	-	-	34,4%	-55,0%
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	251	312	421	447	406	472	88,0%	30,1%	-3,6%	-9,2%	16,3%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1703	1 231	1 175	1 687	1 482	1 756	3,1%	20,4%	26,1%	-12,2%	18,5%

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,6%	100,8%	99,9%	102,6%	102,1%	99,4%	-0,2%	1,3%	2,2%	-0,5%	-2,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,8%	100,9%	100,9%	111,3%	101,9%	100,2%	2,4%	1,0%	1,0%	-8,4%	-1,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	97,7%	101,8%	99,9%	-	-	-	4,2%	-1,9%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,3%	98,4%	99,1%	98,6%	101,6%	99,5%	-0,8%	3,3%	2,6%	3,1%	-2,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	81,2%	105,7%	100,8%	-	-	-	30,1%	-4,6%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	94,2%	93,1%	97,6%	-	-	-	-1,1%	4,9%
CR Other registry cases	114,0%	101,0%	102,3%	79,2%	113,4%	105,1%	-7,8%	12,3%	10,8%	43,2%	-7,3%
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	91,4%	94,8%	112,7%	-	-	-	3,6%	19,0%
CR Administrative law cases	96,6%	108,4%	93,9%	98,5%	102,5%	96,9%	0,3%	-5,5%	9,1%	4,0%	-5,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,0%	105,3%	100,9%	102,9%	104,4%	94,8%	-5,3%	-0,9%	3,4%	1,4%	-9,2%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	92	98	98	91	86	84	-8,7%	-12,3%	-12,1%	-5,5%	-2,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	114	125	127	114	123	121	6,2%	-1,8%	-3,2%	7,7%	-1,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	69	56	52	-	-	-	-18,2%	-8,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	67	82	77	67	56	51	-24,0%	-31,7%	-27,2%	-17,0%	-8,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	114	53	68	-	-	-	-53,7%	28,4%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	109	109	96	-	-	-	-0,2%	-11,5%
DT Other registry cases	56	77	63	115	25	33	-42,0%	-67,3%	-60,1%	-78,3%	30,5%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	53	79	34	-	-	-	49,2%	-57,3%
DT Administrative law cases	128	60	91	94	87	83	-35,6%	46,6%	-4,3%	-7,0%	-5,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	87	63	67	129	113	143	65,3%	78,9%	68,2%	-12,2%	26,0%

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3030	NA	-	2 604	2 308	2 428	-19,9%	-	-	-11,4%	5,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1005	1 240	-	1 073	1 030	1 121	11,5%	-16,9%	-	-4,0%	8,8%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	43	83	47	-	-	-	93,0%	-43,4%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	15	25	-	32	73	38	153,3%	192,0%	-	128,1%	-47,9%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	9	10	8	-	-	-	11,1%	-20,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	4	9	7	-	-	-	125,0%	-22,2%
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	15	6	-	3	1	1	-93,3%	-83,3%	-	-66,7%	0,0%
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	0	1	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	934	1 048	-	980	817	903	-3,3%	-22,0%	-	-16,6%	10,5%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1061	830	-	508	378	357	-66,4%	-54,5%	-	-25,6%	-5,6%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6395	NA	-	5 883	5 799	7 069	10,5%	-	-	-1,4%	21,9%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2673	2 571	-	2 338	2 354	3 301	23,5%	-8,4%	-	0,7%	40,2%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	608	557	707	-	-	-	-8,4%	26,9%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	412	374	-	549	508	626	51,9%	35,8%	-	-7,5%	23,2%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	45	26	47	-	-	-	-42,2%	80,8%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	28	21	39	-	-	-	-25,0%	85,7%
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	22	31	-	3	5	8	-63,6%	-83,9%	-	66,7%	60,0%
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	14	23	34	-	-	-	64,3%	47,8%
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1991	1 824	-	2 143	2 038	2 030	2,0%	11,7%	-	-4,9%	-0,4%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1297	979	-	794	850	1 031	-20,5%	-13,2%	-	7,1%	21,3%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6291	NA	-	6 179	5 679	6 311	0,3%	-	-	-8,1%	11,1%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2618	2 426	-	2 381	2 263	2 843	8,6%	-6,7%	-	-5,0%	25,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	568	593	650	-	-	-	4,4%	9,6%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	421	360	-	508	543	596	41,6%	50,8%	-	6,9%	9,8%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	44	28	21	-	-	-	-36,4%	-25,0%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	23	23	18	-	-	-	0,0%	-21,7%

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	31	19	-	5	5	3	-90,3%	-73,7%	-	0,0%	-40,0%
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	16	22	33	-	-	-	37,5%	50,0%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1900	1 625	-	2 306	1 952	2 009	5,7%	20,1%	-	-15,4%	2,9%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1321	1 074	-	924	871	809	-38,8%	-18,9%	-	-5,7%	-7,1%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3134	NA	-	2 308	2 428	3 186	1,7%	-	-	5,2%	31,2%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1060	1 385	-	1 030	1 121	1 579	49,0%	-19,1%	-	8,8%	40,9%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	83	47	104	-	-	-	-43,4%	121,3%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	6	39	-	73	38	68	1033,3%	-2,6%	-	-47,9%	78,9%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	10	8	34	-	-	-	-20,0%	325,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	9	7	28	-	-	-	-22,2%	300,0%
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	6	18	-	1	1	6	0,0%	-94,4%	-	0,0%	500,0%
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	1	2	-	-	-	-	100,0%
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	1025	1 247	-	817	903	924	-9,9%	-27,6%	-	10,5%	2,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1037	735	-	378	357	579	-44,2%	-51,4%	-	-5,6%	62,2%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,4%	NA	-	105,0%	97,9%	89,3%	-9,2%	-	-	-6,8%	-8,8%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,9%	94,4%	-	101,8%	96,1%	86,1%	-12,1%	1,9%	-	-5,6%	-10,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	93,4%	106,5%	91,9%	-	-	-	14,0%	-13,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,2%	96,3%	-	92,5%	106,9%	95,2%	-6,8%	11,0%	-	15,5%	-10,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	97,8%	107,7%	44,7%	-	-	-	10,1%	-58,5%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	82,1%	109,5%	46,2%	-	-	-	33,3%	-57,9%
CR Other registry cases	140,9%	61,3%	-	166,7%	100,0%	37,5%	-73,4%	63,2%	-	-40,0%	-62,5%
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	114,3%	95,7%	97,1%	-	-	-	-16,3%	1,5%
CR Administrative law cases	95,4%	89,1%	-	107,6%	95,8%	99,0%	3,7%	7,5%	-	-11,0%	3,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	101,9%	109,7%	-	116,4%	102,5%	78,5%	-23,0%	-6,6%	-	-11,9%	-23,4%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	182	NA	-	136	156	184	1,3%	-	-	14,5%	18,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	148	208	-	158	181	203	37,2%	-13,2%	-	14,5%	12,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	53	29	58	-	-	-	-45,8%	101,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	40	-	52	26	42	700,6%	-35,4%	-	-51,3%	63,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	83	104	591	-	-	-	25,7%	466,7%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	143	111	568	-	-	-	-22,2%	411,1%
DT Other registry cases	71	346	-	73	73	730	933,3%	-78,9%	-	0,0%	900,0%
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	0	17	22	-	-	-	-	33,3%
DT Administrative law cases	197	280	-	129	169	168	-14,7%	-39,7%	-	30,6%	-0,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	287	250	-	149	150	261	-8,8%	-40,1%	-	0,2%	74,6%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	207 740	NA	NA	162 126	150 305	148 425	-28,6%	-	-	-7,3%	-1,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	92 979	142 113	78 381	82 107	74 290	76 124	-18,1%	-47,7%	-5,2%	-9,5%	2,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 503	26 626	31 335	-	-	-	-6,6%	17,7%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 747	51 785	27 684	27 373	25 154	30 442	-47,3%	-51,4%	-9,1%	-8,1%	21,0%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	962	1 076	893	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	962	1 076	893	-	-	-	11,9%	-17,0%
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	168	396	391	-	-	-	135,7%	-1,3%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	6 951	6 483	6 019	5 320	6 734	5 776	-16,9%	3,9%	11,9%	26,6%	-14,2%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49 175	56 882	57 094	46 196	42 655	35 190	-28,4%	-25,0%	-25,3%	-7,7%	-17,5%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	682 727	1 129 126	1 164 682	848 998	902 411	870 257	27,5%	-20,1%	-22,5%	6,3%	-3,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	200 922	432 443	180 813	180 382	176 407	184 824	-8,0%	-59,2%	-2,4%	-2,2%	4,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	613 158	678 103	637 091	-	-	-	10,6%	-6,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	400 514	246 856	201 578	180 459	212 034	191 575	-52,2%	-14,1%	5,2%	17,5%	-9,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	430 096	463 007	441 767	-	-	-	7,7%	-4,6%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	333 205	385 241	726 545	427 114	459 210	437 387	31,3%	19,2%	-36,8%	7,5%	-4,8%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	2 982	3 797	4 380	-	-	-	27,3%	15,4%
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	2 603	3 062	3 749	-	-	-	17,6%	22,4%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	14 360	12 595	16 189	18 008	18 149	19 590	36,4%	44,1%	12,1%	0,8%	7,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	63 534	51 991	39 557	37 450	29 752	28 752	-54,7%	-42,8%	-24,8%	-20,6%	-3,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	732 325	1 176 429	1 135 973	872 260	914 672	888 592	21,3%	-22,3%	-19,5%	4,9%	-2,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	204 275	454 369	177 087	188 199	174 573	181 849	-11,0%	-61,6%	-1,4%	-7,2%	4,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	626 526	681 609	650 977	-	-	-	8,8%	-4,5%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	461 650	262 314	200 004	182 894	206 746	196 915	-57,3%	-21,2%	3,4%	13,0%	-4,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	441 257	471 796	450 414	-	-	-	6,9%	-4,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	354 237	394 348	691 613	438 389	467 816	445 845	25,9%	18,6%	-32,4%	6,7%	-4,7%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	2 868	3 980	4 569	-	-	-	38,8%	14,8%
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	2 375	3 067	3 648	-	-	-	29,1%	18,9%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	13 727	13 599	16 888	16 594	19 107	19 539	42,3%	40,5%	13,1%	15,1%	2,3%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	59 395	51 799	50 381	40 941	39 383	36 227	-39,0%	-24,0%	-21,8%	-3,8%	-8,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	158 142	NA	NA	150 089	146 650	138 177	-12,6%	-	-	-2,3%	-5,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	89 626	120 187	82 107	74 290	76 124	79 099	-11,7%	-36,7%	-7,3%	2,5%	3,9%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	26 410	31 726	25 806	-	-	-	20,1%	-18,7%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	6 611	36 327	29 258	24 938	30 442	25 102	279,7%	-16,2%	4,0%	22,1%	-17,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 076	893	704	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	1 076	893	704	-	-	-	-17,0%	-21,2%
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	396	391	492	-	-	-	-1,3%	25,8%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	7 584	5 479	5 320	6 734	5 776	5 827	-23,2%	5,4%	8,6%	-14,2%	0,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	53 314	57 074	46 270	42 655	33 024	27 445	-48,5%	-42,1%	-28,6%	-22,6%	-16,9%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	970 353	NA	1 140 272	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	304 823	907 974	612 980	570 980	788 773	804 784	164,0%	-13,1%	28,7%	38,1%	2,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	hatarozatok-tara	nim-hatarozatok-tara	m-hatarozatok-tara	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	the courts (BIIR)	for the courts (BIIR)	or the courts (BIIR)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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**(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ling program - ANYK	g program (ANYK)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	lectronic client portal	ctronic client portal	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Hungary tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	12 099	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	11 191	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-13,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 986 000	9 908 798	9 877 365	9 855 571	9 830 485	9 797 561	-1,9%	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,3%	-0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	12 099	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	11 191	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-13,9%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	7 713	8 142	8 000	8 022	7 979	8 003	3,8%	-2,0%	-0,3%	-0,5%	0,3%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	590	767	777	778	808	820	39,0%	5,3%	4,0%	3,9%	1,5%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	3 413	2 406	2 254	907	899	897	-73,7%	-62,6%	-60,1%	-0,9%	-0,2%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	3 710	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	4 969	4 969	6 337	6 272	6 286	-	26,2%	26,2%	-1,0%	0,2%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 312	1 248	1 256	-	-	-	-4,9%	0,6%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	162	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	120	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	974	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	6 710	6 731	6 747	-	-	-	0,3%	0,2%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	658	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	777	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	5 312	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Ireland (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,8%	1,6%	1,0%	0,2%
GDP per capita	34 892 €	37 675 €	38 055 €	41 011 €	55 187 €	58 961 €	69,0%	46,5%	45,0%	34,6%	6,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

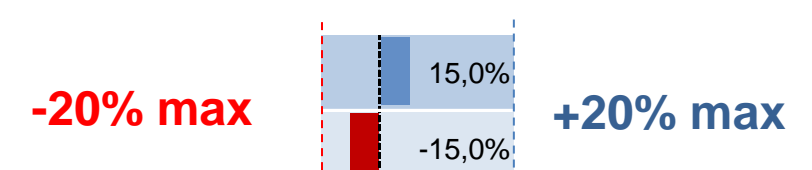
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	32,5	23,3	23,5	22,6	23,1	24,2	-25,4%	-0,8%	3,2%	7,1%	4,6%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	61,1	50,3	50,2	48,1	48,4	50,2	-17,9%	-3,7%	-0,1%	4,3%	3,6%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	3,2	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,4	3,5	8,0%	8,7%	7,8%	0,2%	1,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	22,4	20,6	20,1	20,0	20,2	20,9	-7,0%	-1,9%	3,6%	4,1%	3,3%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				5,1	7,1	6,9				38,6%	-3,5%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	3,9	4,2	3,1	3,0	2,7	NA	-24,4%	-30,0%	-4,6%	-8,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	2,3	2,3	2,2	NA	NA	NA	-0,4%	-0,9%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	56%	63%	59%				0,14	-0,06
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	96%	94%	96%				-0,02	0,03
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



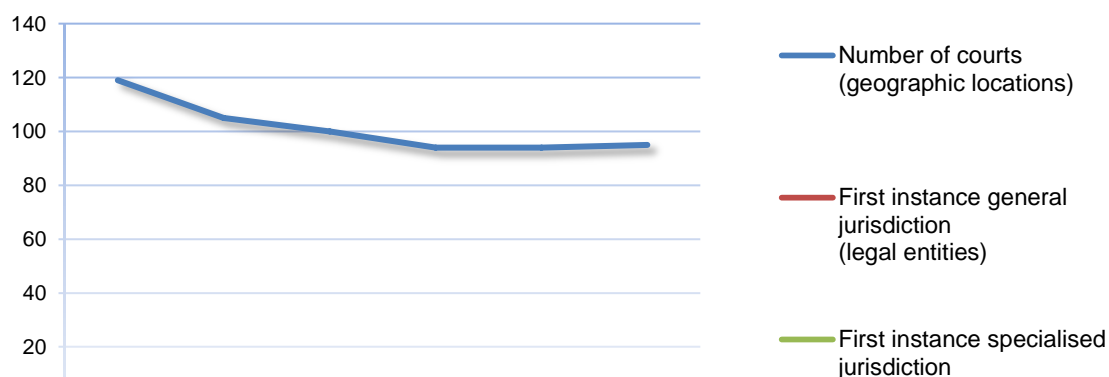
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

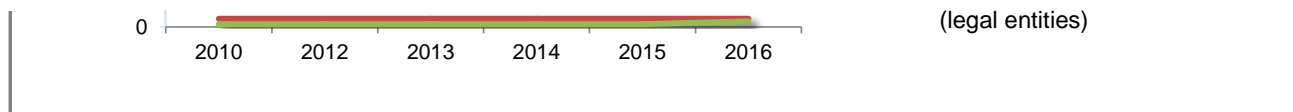
In Ireland there is a two-tier system. The Circuit Court, the District Court and the High Court are first instance courts. The Supreme Court is the court of final appeal for both civil and criminal cases. Accordingly, the total number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) is 3 (District, Circuit and High Courts). Each of those three courts has a single court president only, who exercises a nationwide remit for his/her court. There is one specialised first instance court, namely the Special Criminal Court (High Court jurisdiction) to which one more specialized court was added in 2016 (special criminal court). The number of geographic locations reflects the physical location serving as seats or venues for the three jurisdictions.

Other than distinctions between jurisdictional levels there is no specialisation – all judges within a court jurisdiction may deal with any category of cases falling within the jurisdictional remit of the court concerned. In 2013 a new cadre of specialist judges was created in the Circuit Court with specific jurisdiction in relation to certain types of personal insolvency remedies and certain pre-trial order making powers.

Ireland has a particular regime for the trial of commercial proceedings in the form of the On 4th October, 2013 the Irish electorate approved by Referendum an amendment to the Constitution to enable the establishment of a Court of Appeal. The necessary legislation, the Court of Appeal Act, was enacted in July, 2014. The Court of Appeal is placed immediately below the Supreme Court in the jurisdictional hierarchy, effectively assuming the existing appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and the Court of Criminal Appeal and the Courts-Martial Appeals Court. The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction for decisions of the Court of Appeal where the Supreme Court determines that the decision involves a matter of general public importance or it is necessary in the interests of justice that there be an appeal to the Supreme Court and for decisions of the High Court in exceptional circumstances involving a matter of general public importance and /or the interests of justice. The establishment of the Court of Appeal enabled the Supreme Court to concentrate on cases which are appropriate for consideration by it as the court of Final Appeal under the constitution. The Court of Appeal was established by order of the Government and started functioning in October 2014.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	119	3	1
2012	105	3	1
2013	100	3	1
2014	94	3	1
2015	94	3	1
2016	95	3	2





The specialised courts referred to are the two Special Criminal Courts the jurisdiction of which generally relates to trial of terrorism- and organised crime-related offences. Special Criminal Court No. 2 came into operation in 2016.

Ireland has a specialist regime for the trial of commercial proceedings in the form of the Commercial List of the High Court (known as the 'Commercial Court') but, as it is not a separate legal entity, being a list within and formally a part of the High Court, it is not included as a specialist court as such.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 113 172 000 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 24,2 €

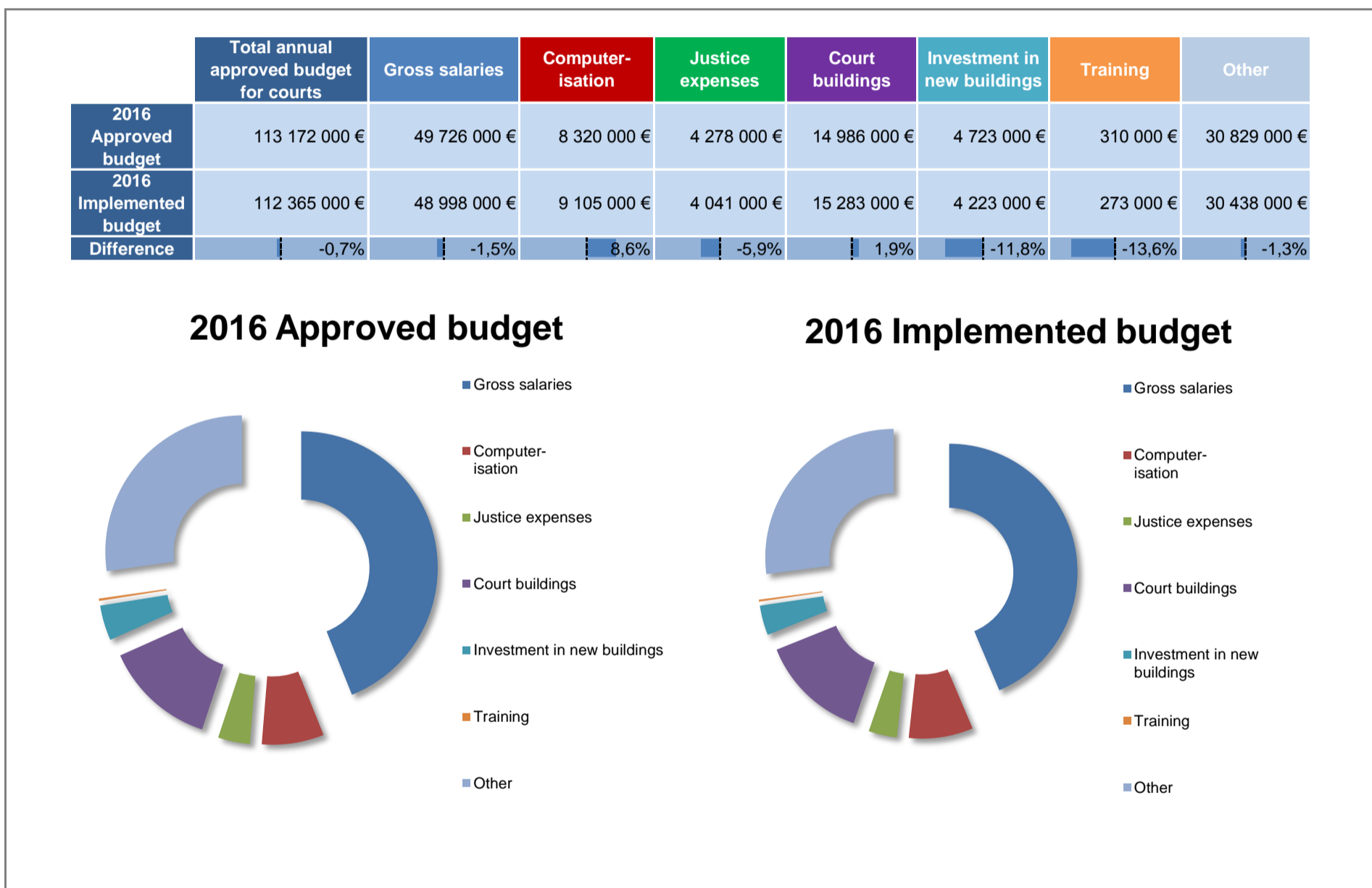
The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (49 726 000 €)
- Court buildings (14 986 000 €)
- Other (30 829 000 €)

The annual public budget allocated to justice expenses includes: Digital Audio Recording, Interpreting and Medical Reports, Judicial Attire, Law Books, Meals for Jurors and Jury Minding. Other includes: Entertainment (Official Functions), Legal Services, Staff Training, Postal Services, Telecommunications, Photocopying Equipment, Office Machinery and related supplies, Consultancy, Travel and Subsistence.

The full budget allocated for training was not spent during the year.

The budget originally approved differs from that implemented due to additional provision made during the year for ICT expenditure. Additional funding of €2.5m was provided to the Courts Service in 2016 by way of Supplementary Estimate. The additional €2.5m spent in 2016 was across the following headings: New video conferencing installations; replacement of equipment - €1.1m; Fines Act - €0.630m; DAR refresh - €0.350m and Prepayment of the ICT managed services charge for Q1 2017 - €0.500m.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 234 448 000 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 50,2 €

The budget per capita (50,2 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Ireland belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 3,6%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 2 418 240 000 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

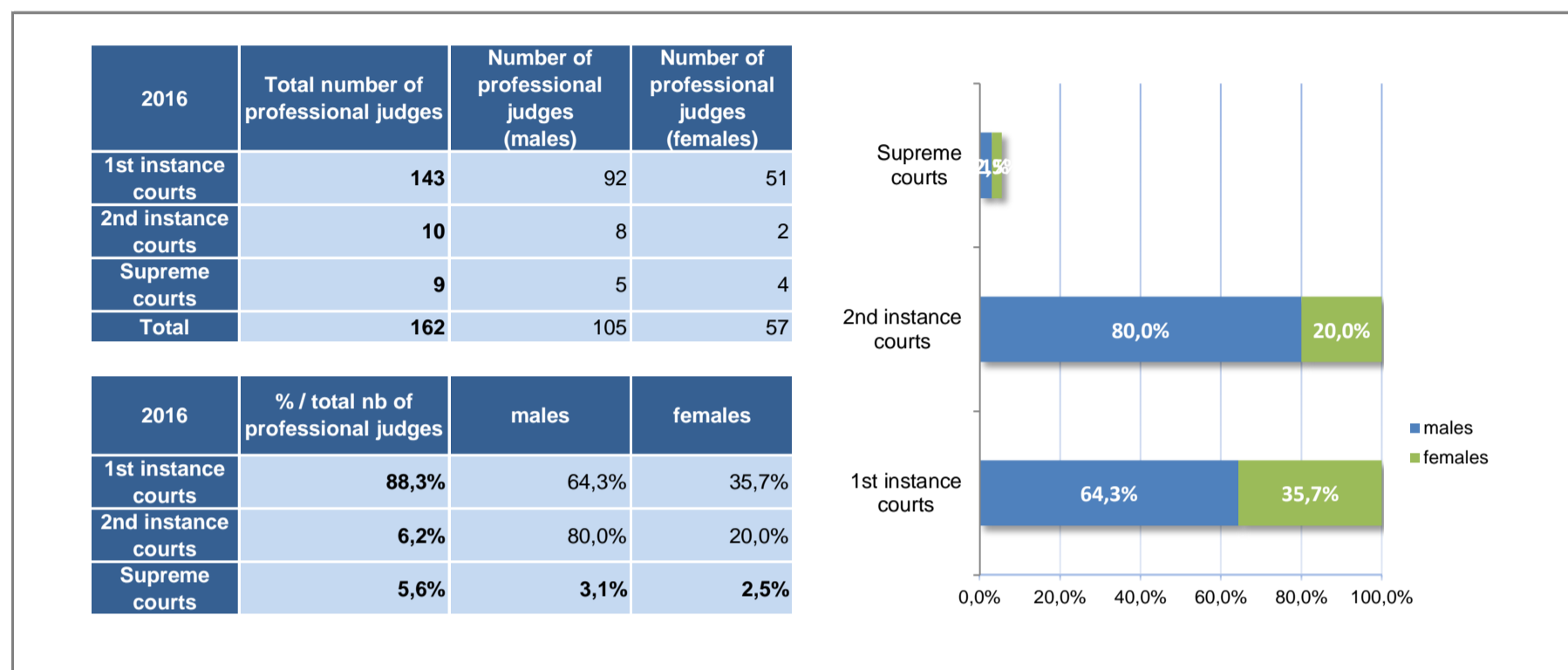
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system

- Probation services
- Constitutionnal court
- Enforcement services
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Immigration services
- Some police services
- Other services

Ireland does not have a Judicial Council, however the costs of the Judiciary are included in the budget allocated to the whole justice system. Legislation to provide for a Judicial Council is under preparation.

• Human resources

◦ Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Ireland is 162 which is 1,9% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Ireland, in 2016, there are 3,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 6,0 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 5,9 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 57 which represents 35,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 143 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 51 are female) ; 10 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 2 are female) and 9 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 4 are female).

It is noteworthy mentioning that the numbers include court presidents.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Ireland presents some particularities: the number of first instance professional judges refers to ordinary judges of the District Court, ordinary and specialist judges of the Circuit Court and ordinary judges of the High Court - including Court Presidents; the number of Supreme Court judges encompasses Supreme Court judges only.

In Ireland, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: No training offered
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Compulsory

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	1 028	29	891	108	0	0
2012	945	31	787	125	2	NAP
2013	927	21	778	128	NAP	NAP
2014	927	24	771	131	1	NAP
2015	942	25	775	141	1	NAP
2016	975	23	790	161	1	NAP

In Ireland, in 2016, there are 975 non-judge staff (among which 601 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 3,5%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 23 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 790 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 522 are women);
- 161 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 68 are women);
- 1 technical staff (among which 0 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 3,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 3,5 in 2016.

Staff numbers in the Irish Courts Service are computed on the basis of "Full-time equivalent" resources, requiring that staff numbers include decimal points, reflecting part-time, work-sharing and other reduced time working arrangements. As decimal points are not inputtable to this question in the data base, it has been necessary round up or round down figures. Additional staff have been employed since the last reporting cycle (3).

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 82 390 000 € (17,6 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court.

Only the annual approved budget for criminal cases brought to courts is available - 47552000 Euros.

The annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in other than criminal cases is the state funding received by the Legal Aid Board in one year. The annual public budget implemented regarding legal aid is the total expenditure of the Legal Aid Board. Please note that:

(1) The Legal Aid Board receives funding from sources other than state funding, in the form of contributions paid by legally aided persons and costs recovered from legally aided persons. This funding is paid into the same Legal Aid Fund as the state funding and therefore it is not possible to distinguish expenditure funded from this source as distinct as from state funding.

(2) The Legal Aid Board does not separately account for the money it spends on the provision of legal advice to the money it spends on the provision of legal representation. Nor does it separately account for the costs of the mediation service from that of the law centre service, and even if it did, that would not represent the full total of the Board's spending on non-litigious cases for the above reason.

In Ireland legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

More precisely, civil legal aid does not generally include fees in respect of enforcement by an enforcement agent (this is distinct from enforcement of proceedings in a court which may be covered).

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

In criminal cases, legal aid can cover the cost of expert witnesses (medical and technical), interpreters, translation service providers, travel costs, disbursements i.e. photocopying costs, prison visits.

In civil cases, fees of other professionals may be covered where it is necessary having regard to the circumstances of the case.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

The Court assigns lawyers, but in practice defenders are free to choose. Conversely, victims are not free to choose a lawyer within the legal aid system and the Legal Aid Board assigns a solicitor to them.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Court fees are charged on a range of transactions and are charged in accordance with fees set out in Court Fees Orders made by the Minister for Justice and Equality.

Court fee amounts are prescribed for the various court jurisdictions by statutory instruments (secondary legislation) – the Court Fees Orders – promulgated by the Minister for Justice and equality with the consent of the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform. The Court Fees Orders set out the various fees payable as listed items. The Court Fees Orders currently in force are:

S.I. No. 492/2014 - Supreme Court, Court of Appeal and High Court (Fees) Order 2014

S.I. No. 23/2014 - Circuit Court (Fees) Order 2014

S.I. No. 22/2014 - District Court (Fees) Order 2014

Court fee amounts are calculated in a number of ways, viz. court fees may be set

•as fixed amounts payable on the issuing or lodgement of a specific document itemised in the Fees Order, e.g. the issuing of an originating document (such as a summons or petition) commencing court proceedings, or on the lodging of a document (such as an affidavit) in the proceedings

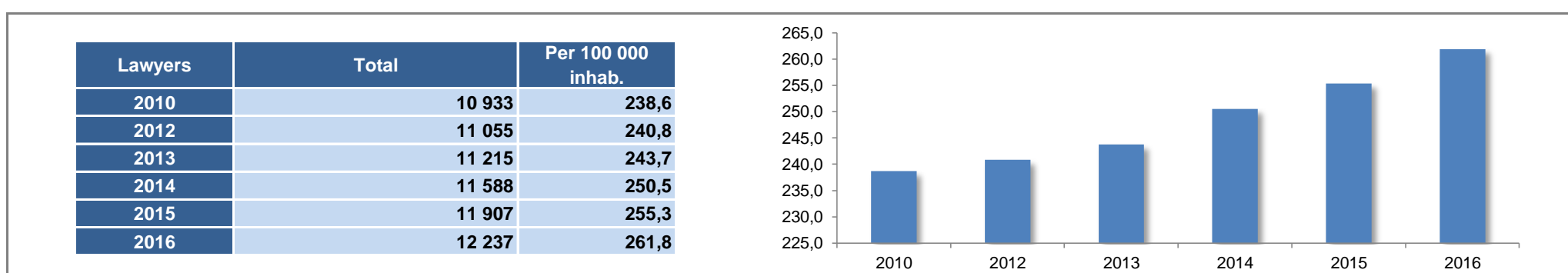
•as fixed amounts which vary by reference to the value associated with the transaction – e.g. the amount payable on issuance of civil proceedings for a liquidated (quantified) debt claim will vary depending on the band within which the value of the claim falls

•as a percentage, e.g. the court fees payable annually on the supervision of the estate of a person taken into the wardship of the court is calculated as a percentage of the net annual income of the ward of court concerned.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 25 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Ireland, in 2016, there are 12 237 lawyers, which is 2,8% more than in 2015.

This data represents 261,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

This figure represents the current membership of the Bar Council of Ireland and the Law Society of Ireland.

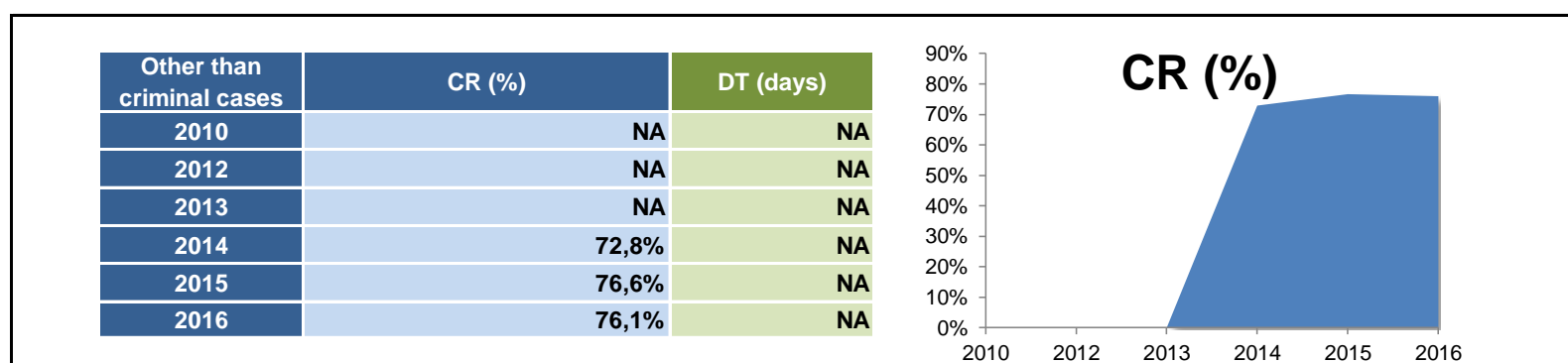
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*

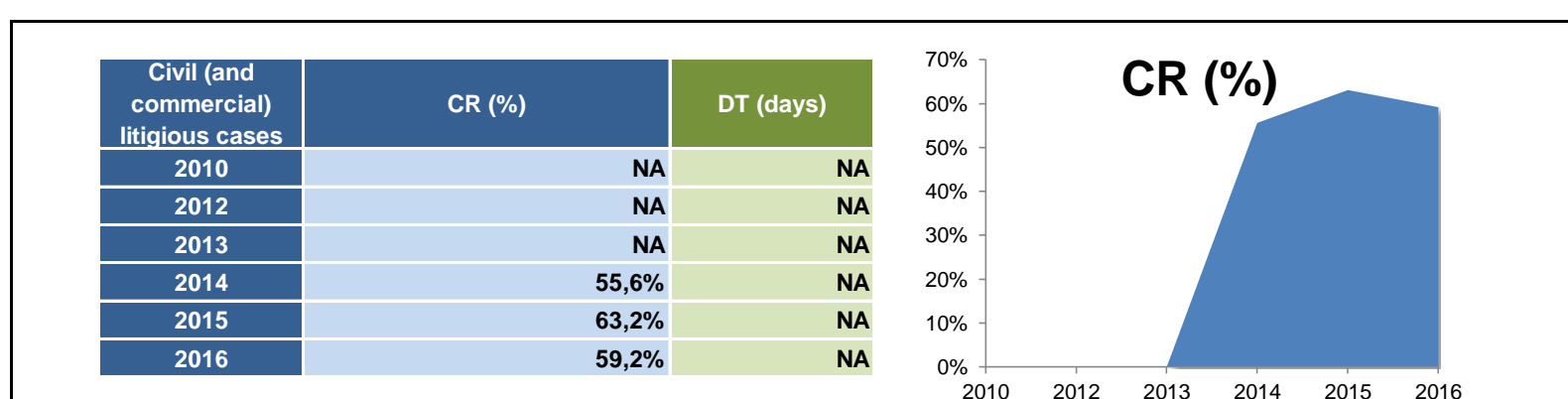


With a Clearance Rate calculated at 76,1% in 2016, Ireland seems to face difficulties to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,5 points.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 59,2% in 2016, Ireland seems to face difficulties to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

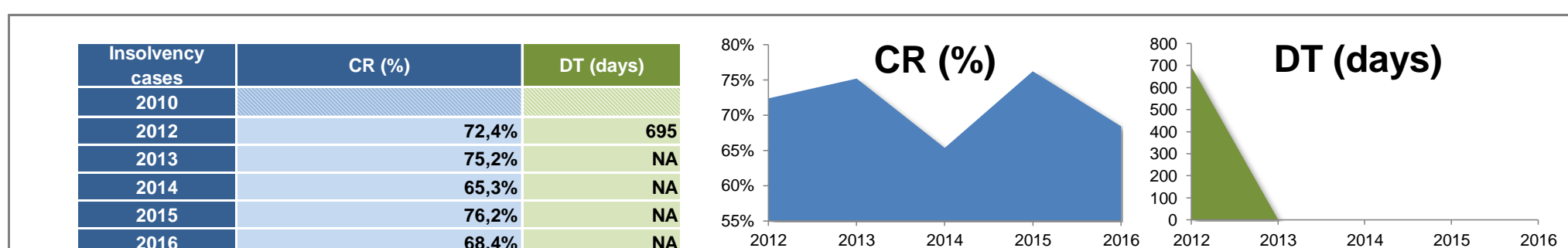
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -3,9 points.

The Disposition Time of the civil and commercial litigious cases cannot be calculated.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

Historically, the number of pending civil cases has not been recorded in caseload data, as many cases initiated before the Irish courts either settle out of court or are not proceeded with by the plaintiff/applicant without there being any procedural requirement that the parties inform the court of either a settlement or an intention not to proceed with the case. Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases include proceedings not resolved inter partes, such as undefended pecuniary claims, deed poll applications, probate (grants of representation), wardship proceedings, registrations of enduring powers of attorney, appointment of care representatives, unopposed personal and corporate insolvency proceedings, liquor licencing applications and marriage notice exemption applications.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 68,4% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Ireland seems to face difficulties to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,9 points.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated.

Data on insolvency cases reflects both corporate and personal insolvency cases. Insolvency figures include both litigious and non-litigious cases.

This figure reflects a significant increase in recourse to bankruptcy and alternative personal insolvency procedures by debtors (over 20%) between 2015 and 2016 and to bankruptcy as a remedy by creditors (69 bankruptcy petitions were presented by creditors in 2016 compared with 46 in 2015).

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Ireland, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

The Courts Service is required by statute to provide an annual report on its activity during the year concerned. The report would include data on caseload for each court jurisdiction.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) does not exist and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

There is no evaluation used for later allocation of means to this court

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

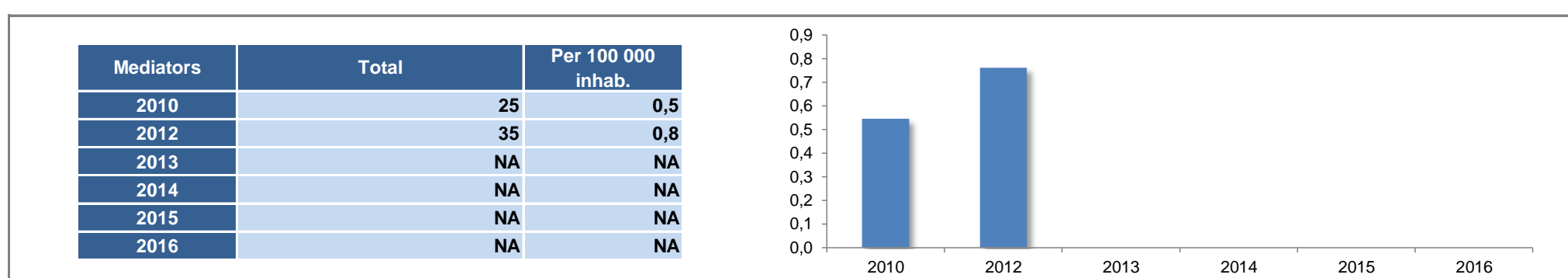
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Ireland provides judicial mediation.

Court procedures facilitate the referring of pending proceedings to various types of ADR (in particular conciliation, mediation and arbitration). One developing area within ADR is collaborative law, involving lawyers for the respective parties seeking to collaborate on reaching a resolution. In this method, the collaborating lawyers do not act for their respective clients should the dispute proceed to litigation.

The Arbitration Act 2010 came into effect on 8 June 2010. It applies to all arbitrations beginning on or after that date. The Act replaces the Arbitration Acts 1954 to 1998 and adopts the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) Model Law on International Commercial Arbitration. The UNCITRAL Model Law represents a global consensus on principles to be applied in respect of international arbitration.

There are no mandatory mediation procedures.



In Ireland, the number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation is not available for 2016.

Within the courts system, rules to promote mediation and conciliation in proceedings in the Superior Courts have been in force since 2010. These rules provide for a mechanism similar to the type used extensively in the Commercial Court whereby a judge can order the parties to engage in ADR. The provisions specify that the refusal or failure without good reason of a party to participate in mediation or conciliation may be taken into account by the court when awarding costs. The aim of this measure is to promote recourse to ADR where this would be appropriate, to minimise the cost of the proceedings and to ensure that the time and other resources of the court are employed optimally.

Please note a change in the reporting starting 2013. The answer is NA as the previous returns do not properly reflect the number of mediators available to the courts and it is difficult to accurately establish the number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation in Ireland.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

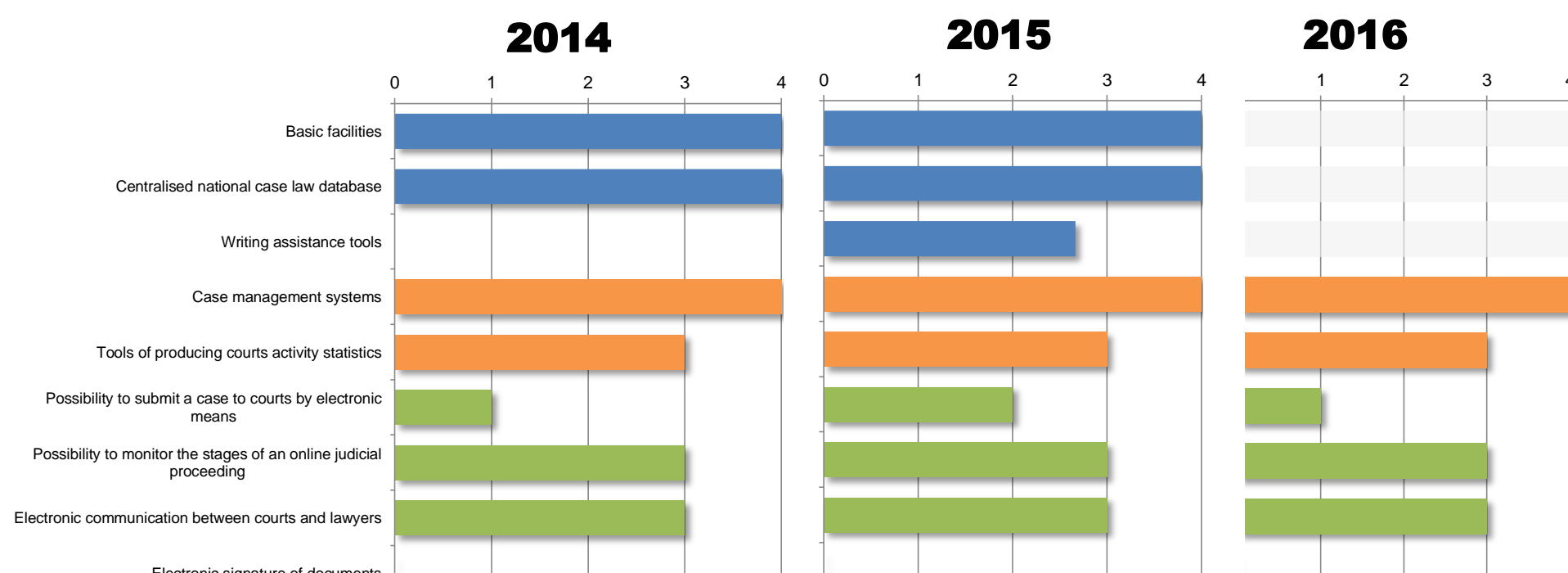
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Ireland has been evaluated at 6,9 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.





Comments of the State about communication tools

There are two jurisdiction specific websites - www.supremecourt.ie and www.highcourtsearch.ie. 64.2 - Electronic case filing is mandatory for personal insolvency cases other than bankruptcy and optional for any small claim. 64.12 - We assume the word "broadcast" to mean display.

4. National data collection system

In Ireland, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary is the Information Officer of the Courts Service.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Annual statistics are also published in the Courts Service Annual Report.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	34 892	37 675	38 055	41 011	55 187	58 961	69,0%	46,5%	45,0%	34,6%	6,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts court budget	148 722 000	107 090 000	107 959 000	104 565 000	107 965 000	113 172 000	-23,9%	0,8%	0,0%	3,3%	4,8%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts court budget	-	-	-	105 399 000	107 204 000	112 365 000	-	-	-	1,7%	4,8%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	85 346 304	87 308 145	91 666 000	-	-	-	2,3%	5,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	43 854 000	40 528 000	38 389 000	37 813 000	37 834 000	38 886 000	-11,3%	-6,6%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,8%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	37 675 000	37 622 987	38 626 000	-	-	-	-0,1%	2,7%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	61,1	50,3	50,2	48,1	48,4	50,2	-17,9%	-3,7%	-3,6%	0,6%	3,6%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	49,4	49,8	51,9	-	-	-	-	4,3%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	43 854 000	40 528 000	38 389 000	37 813 000	37 834 000	38 886 000	-11,3%	-6,6%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,8%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	61,1	50,3	50,2	48,1	48,4	50,2	-17,9%	-3,7%	-3,6%	0,6%	3,6%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	49,4	49,8	51,9	-	-	-	0,8%	4,3%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	148 722 000	107 090 000	107 959 000	104 565 000	107 965 000	113 172 000	-23,9%	0,8%	0,0%	3,3%	4,8%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	52 943 000	49 544 000	49 173 000	47 679 000	50 019 000	49 726 000	-6,1%	1,0%	1,7%	4,9%	-0,6%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	5 457 000	5 581 000	4 381 000	3 820 000	4 820 000	8 320 000	52,5%	-13,6%	10,0%	26,2%	72,6%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	180 000	4 797 000	4 540 000	4 835 000	4 278 000	4 278 000	2276,7%	-10,8%	-5,8%	-11,5%	0,0%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	17 972 000	13 572 000	13 572 000	13 122 000	14 676 000	14 986 000	-16,6%	8,1%	8,1%	11,8%	2,1%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	57 163 000	25 043 000	25 043 000	5 880 000	4 880 000	4 723 000	-91,7%	-80,5%	-80,5%	-17,0%	-3,2%
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	1 172 000	550 000	475 000	425 000	250 000	310 000	-73,5%	-54,5%	-47,4%	-41,2%	24,0%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	13 835 000	8 003 000	7 775 000	28 804 000	29 042 000	30 829 000	122,8%	262,9%	273,5%	0,8%	6,2%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	61 €	50 €	50 €	48 €	48 €	50 €	-17,9%	-3,7%	-3,6%	0,6%	3,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	43 854 000	40 528 000	38 389 000	37 813 000	37 834 000	38 886 000	-11,3%	-6,6%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,8%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 540 438 000	2 346 727 000	2 285 727 000	2 245 651 000	2 261 784 000	2 418 240 000	-4,8%	-3,6%	-1,0%	0,7%	6,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	148 722 000	107 090 000	107 959 000	104 565 000	107 965 000	113 172 000	-23,9%	0,8%	0,0%	3,3%	4,8%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	148 722 000	107 090 000	107 959 000	104 565 000	107 965 000	113 172 000	0 €	0,8%	0,0%	3,3%	4,8%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	5 457 000	5 581 000	4 381 000	3 820 000	4 820 000	8 320 000	1 €	-13,6%	10,0%	26,2%	72,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	43 854 000	40 528 000	38 389 000	37 813 000	37 834 000	38 886 000	-11,3%	-6,6%	-1,4%	0,1%	2,8%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	148 722 000	107 090 000	107 959 000	104 565 000	107 965 000	113 172 000	-23,9%	0,8%	0,0%	3,3%	4,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	47 325 000	43 720 000	-	44 302 000	44 136 000	47 780 000	1,0%	1,0%	-	-0,4%	8,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	- and Equality.	- ice and Equality.	ustice and Equality.	ommencing court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	2	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	119	105	100	94	94	95	-20,2%	-10,5%	-6,0%	0,0%	1,1%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	2	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	NAP	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	250 402	245 462	233 058	-	-	-	-2,0%	-5,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	180 287	195 299	143 993	138 540	127 395	-	-23,2%	-29,1%	-3,8%	-8,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	105 215	105 623	104 848	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	105 215	105 623	104 848	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	1 194	1 299	815	-	-	-	8,8%	-37,3%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	182 409	187 987	177 247	-	-	-	3,1%	-5,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	80 027	87 505	75 463	-	-	-	9,3%	-13,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101 188	99 183	100 969	-	-	-	-2,0%	1,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	120 010	101 188	99 183	100 969	-	-	-17,4%	-2,0%	1,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	35	1 194	1 299	815	-	-	3611,4%	8,8%	-37,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	72,8%	76,6%	76,1%	-	-	-	5,1%	-0,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	55,6%	63,2%	59,2%	-	-	-	13,6%	-6,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	-	-	-	-2,4%	2,6%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	96,2%	93,9%	96,3%	-	-	-	-2,4%	2,6%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	486	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	3381	3 482	3 609	3 831	4 314	4 179	23,6%	23,9%	19,5%	12,6%	-3,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	358	69	135	121	-	-	-62,3%	95,7%	-10,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	380	314	1 615	2 368	2 909	-	523,2%	654,1%	46,6%	22,8%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	3113	2 892	2 949	2 638	3 291	3 277	5,3%	13,8%	11,6%	24,8%	-0,4%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	120	89	102	108	-	-	-15,0%	14,6%	5,9%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	275	236	1 055	1 805	1 989	-	556,4%	664,8%	71,1%	10,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	524	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	92,1%	83,1%	81,7%	68,9%	76,3%	78,4%	-14,8%	-8,2%	-6,6%	10,8%	2,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	33,5%	129,0%	75,6%	89,3%	-	-	125,4%	-41,4%	18,1%
CR Insolvency cases	-	72,4%	75,2%	65,3%	76,2%	68,4%	-	5,3%	1,4%	16,7%	-10,3%
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	695	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	2 084	2 334	2 637	2 679	-	-	26,5%	13,0%	1,6%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	2 084	2 334	2 637	2 679	-	-	26,5%	13,0%	1,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	1 849	1 754	2 227	2 208	-	-	20,4%	27,0%	-0,9%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	1 849	1 754	2 227	2 208	-	-	20,4%	27,0%	-0,9%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	88,7%	75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	-	-	-4,8%	12,4%	-2,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	88,7%	75,1%	84,5%	82,4%	-	-	-4,8%	12,4%	-2,4%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)

99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	334	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	241	-	NA	NA	334	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	462	109	164	-	-	-	-76,4%	50,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	605	-	462	109	164	-	-82,0%	-	-76,4%	50,5%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	702	524	311	-	-	-	-25,4%	-40,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	255	-	702	524	311	-	105,5%	-	-25,4%	-40,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	187	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	591	-	NA	NA	187	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	-	-	-	216,4%	-60,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	42,1%	-	151,9%	480,7%	189,6%	-	1040,6%	-	216,4%	-60,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	219	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	846	-	NA	NA	219	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	250 402	245 462	233 058	-	-	-	-2,0%	-5,1%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	180 287	195 299	143 993	138 540	127 395	-	-23,2%	-29,1%	-3,8%	-8,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	105 215	105 623	104 848	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	105 215	105 623	104 848	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	1 194	1 299	815	-	-	-	8,8%	-37,3%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	182 409	187 987	177 247	-	-	-	3,1%	-5,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	80 027	87 505	75 463	-	-	-	9,3%	-13,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101 188	99 183	100 969	-	-	-	-2,0%	1,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	120 010	101 188	99 183	100 969	-	-	-17,4%	-2,0%	1,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	35	1 194	1 299	815	-	-	3611,4%	8,8%	-37,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	83 159 000	84 623 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	54 967 000	-	-	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	-13,5%	-	-	-0,1%	0,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	50 500 000	50 863 000	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	-	-5,9%	-6,6%	-0,1%	0,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	32 468 000	-	-	32 574 000	32 471 000	34 838 000	7,3%	-	-	-0,3%	7,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	32 659 000	33 760 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	85 346 304	87 308 145	91 666 000	-	-	-	2,3%	5,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	49 900 000	50 900 000	52 998 000	-	-	-	2,0%	4,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	49 900 000	50 900 000	52 998 000	-	-	-	2,0%	4,1%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	35 446 304	36 408 145	38 668 000	-	-	-	2,7%	6,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	87 435 000	83 159 000	84 623 000	80 126 000	79 971 000	82 390 000	-5,8%	-3,8%	-5,5%	-0,2%	3,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	83 159 000	84 623 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	54 967 000	-	-	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	-13,5%	-	-	-0,1%	0,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	50 500 000	50 863 000	47 552 000	47 500 000	47 552 000	-	-5,9%	-6,6%	-0,1%	0,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	32 468 000	-	-	32 574 000	32 471 000	34 838 000	7,3%	-	-	-0,3%	7,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	32 659 000	33 760 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	www.courts.ie	www.courts.ie	www.courts.ie	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	icms	ial Criminal Court.		-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	10-49%	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	ing JBOSS/MySQL	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	le on www.courts.ie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	on www.courts.ie	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	o training offered	o training offered	o training offered	o training offered	No training offered	o training proposed	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	25	35	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	147	144	148	160	159	162	10,2%	10,4%	7,4%	-0,6%	1,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	139	136	138	140	140	143	2,9%	2,9%	1,4%	0,0%	2,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	10	9	10	-	-	-	-10,0%	11,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	8	8	10	10	10	9	12,5%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	112	106	106	108	105	105	-6,3%	-0,9%	-0,9%	-2,8%	0,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	106	99	99	93	92	92	-13,2%	-7,1%	-7,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	8	7	8	-	-	-	-12,5%	14,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	6	7	7	7	6	5	-16,7%	-14,3%	-14,3%	-14,3%	-16,7%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	35	38	42	52	54	57	62,9%	42,1%	28,6%	3,8%	5,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	33	37	39	47	48	51	54,5%	29,7%	23,1%	2,1%	6,3%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	2	1	3	3	4	4	100,0%	300,0%	33,3%	33,3%	0,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 028	945	927	927	942	975	-5,2%	-0,3%	1,6%	1,6%	3,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	29	31	21	24	25	23	-20,7%	-19,4%	19,0%	4,2%	-8,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	891	787	778	771	775	790	-11,3%	-1,5%	-0,4%	0,5%	1,9%

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	108	125	128	131	141	161	49,1%	12,8%	10,2%	7,6%	14,2%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	2	NAP	1	1	1	-	-50,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	361	362	374	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	12	12	12	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	282	272	268	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	66	77	93	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	623	566	580	601	-	-	-6,9%	2,5%	3,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	10	12	13	11	-	-	30,0%	8,3%	-15,4%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	521	489	503	522	-	-	-3,5%	2,9%	3,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	92	65	64	68	-	-	-30,4%	-1,5%	6,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	147	144	148	160	159	162	10,2%	10,4%	7,4%	-0,6%	1,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	139	136	138	140	140	143	2,9%	2,9%	1,4%	0,0%	2,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	10	9	10	-	-	-	-10,0%	11,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	8	8	10	10	10	9	12,5%	25,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-10,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	112	106	106	108	105	105	-6,3%	-0,9%	-0,9%	-2,8%	0,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	106	99	99	93	92	92	-13,2%	-7,1%	-7,1%	-1,1%	0,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	8	7	8	-	-	-	-12,5%	14,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	6	7	7	7	6	5	-16,7%	-14,3%	-14,3%	-14,3%	-16,7%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	35	38	42	52	54	57	62,9%	42,1%	28,6%	3,8%	5,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	33	37	39	47	48	51	54,5%	29,7%	23,1%	2,1%	6,3%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	2	2	2	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	2	1	3	3	4	4	100,0%	300,0%	33,3%	33,3%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 028	945	927	927	942	975	-5,2%	-0,3%	1,6%	1,6%	3,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	29	31	21	24	25	23	-20,7%	-19,4%	19,0%	4,2%	-8,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	891	787	778	771	775	790	-11,3%	-1,5%	-0,4%	0,5%	1,9%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	108	125	128	131	141	161	49,1%	12,8%	10,2%	7,6%	14,2%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	2	NAP	1	1	1	-	-50,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	361	362	374	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	12	12	12	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	282	272	268	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	66	77	93	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	623	566	580	601	-	-	-6,9%	2,5%	3,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	10	12	13	11	-	-	30,0%	8,3%	-15,4%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	521	489	503	522	-	-	-3,5%	2,9%	3,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	92	65	64	68	-	-	-30,4%	-1,5%	6,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Ireland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	10 933	11 055	11 215	11 588	11 907	12 237	11,9%	7,7%	6,2%	2,8%	2,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	4 581 269	4 591 087	4 602 029	4 625 885	4 664 156	4 673 700	2,0%	1,6%	1,3%	0,8%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	10 933	11 055	11 215	11 588	11 907	12 237	11,9%	7,7%	6,2%	2,8%	2,8%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 028	945	927	927	942	975	-5,2%	-0,3%	1,6%	1,6%	3,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	29	31	21	24	25	23	-20,7%	-19,4%	19,0%	4,2%	-8,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	891	787	778	771	775	790	-11,3%	-1,5%	-0,4%	0,5%	1,9%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	108	125	128	131	141	161	49,1%	12,8%	10,2%	7,6%	14,2%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	2	NAP	1	1	1	-	-50,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	361	362	374	-	-	-	0,3%	3,3%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	12	12	12	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	282	272	268	-	-	-	-3,5%	-1,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	66	77	93	-	-	-	16,7%	20,8%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	623	566	580	601	-	-	-6,9%	2,5%	3,6%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	10	12	13	11	-	-	30,0%	8,3%	-15,4%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	521	489	503	522	-	-	-3,5%	2,9%	3,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	92	65	64	68	-	-	-30,4%	-1,5%	6,3%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Italy (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,5%	1,5%	-0,3%	-0,1%
GDP per capita	25 727 €	25 729 €	25 553 €	26 585 €	26 947 €	27 587 €	7,2%	4,7%	5,5%	1,4%	2,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	50,3	50,0	49,2	48,4	50,8	49,0	-2,6%	1,6%	-0,3%	1,2%	-0,6%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	73,0	76,7	73,7	NA	NA	75,0	2,7%	NA	1,8%	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,0	10,6	11,0	11,4	10,9	10,6	-3,8%	2,2%	-1,2%	7,5%	-2,8%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	39,7	38,5	36,0	35,2	35,0	NA	-11,2%	-9,2%	-3,0%	-0,7%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				5,6	5,4	6,0				-4,4%	11,6%

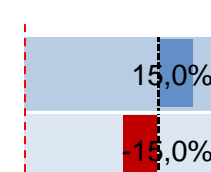
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	4,0	2,6	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,6	-35,2%	-2,5%	-5,3%	-2,4%	0,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,9	4,1	4,3	3,9	3,2	3,4	15,8%	-22,2%	-25,8%	-17,4%	5,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,094	0,1	0,1	0,105	0,102	0,090	-3,7%	18,2%	10,6%	-2,9%	-11,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	118%	131%	118%	119%	120%	113%	-0,04	-0,08	0,02	0,01	-0,06
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	96%	94%	99%	101%	105%	97%	0,00	0,12	0,06	0,04	-0,08
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	316%	280%	190%	156%	142%	153%	-0,51	-0,49	-0,25	-0,09	0,08

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	493	590	608	532	527	514	4,4%	-10,7%	-13,3%	-1,0%	-2,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	232	213	193	228	227	250	7,8%	6,5%	17,8%	-0,3%	10,3%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	1 037	886	1 043	984	1 008	925	-10,9%	13,7%	-3,3%	2,5%	-8,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,3	5,5	5,3	4,5	4,4	4,1	-35,1%	-26,1%	-22,5%	-9,7%	-7,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,8	2,2	2,3	2,4	2,1	2,2	25,2%	7,2%	7,6%	-14,7%	7,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	-56,3%	-31,8%	-20,2%	-9,3%	-12,2%

-20% max



+20% max

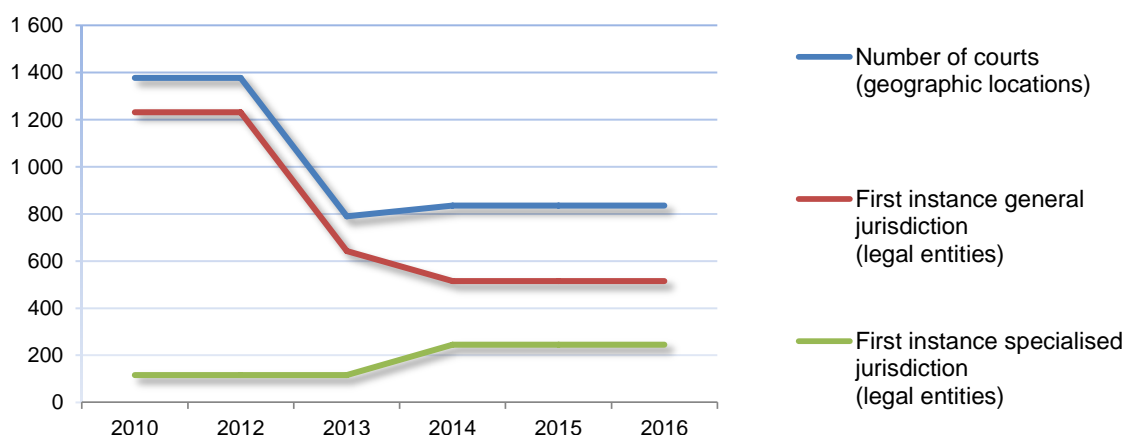
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Italy, there are 515 courts of first instance with general jurisdiction. Since 2012, this number decreased in a significant way as a result of the review of judicial districts. Basically, in September 2013 the Italian judicial system implemented an extensive reorganization of the territorial distribution of offices with the closing (by merger with other offices) of 30 Tribunals, 30 Prosecution offices, 220 branches of Tribunals and 346 Judges of the peace.

There are 245 specialised courts of first instance.

The total number of courts as geographic locations is 836.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	1 378	1 231	116
2012	1 378	1 231	116
2013	790	643	116
2014	836	515	245
2015	836	515	245
2016	836	515	245



As mentioned above, in Italy, there are 245 specialised first instance courts including: 22 Commercial courts, 58 Enforcement of Criminal Sanctions courts, 29 Administrative courts, 4 Military courts and 132 other courts.

The category “other” subsumes 29 Minor (or Juvenile) Courts and 103 Local Tax Commissions. □ Since 2014 in Italy there are 22 Brand Commercial courts (Tribunali delle imprese) that are legal entities of their own and not just internal court divisions for organizational purpose (such as labour, family etc.).

It is noteworthy that in Italy, some of the specialized first instance courts are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice. This is the case for the 29 regional administrative courts, the 21 regional audit commissions, the 103 provincial tax commissions and the military courts.

Moreover, in Italy specific matters (such as labour, family etc.) are dealt by specific divisions within the same Court.

There are also 26 divisions called DDA (Direzioni Distrettuali Antimafia) which deal specifically with mafia and organized crime.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 2 971 094 830 €

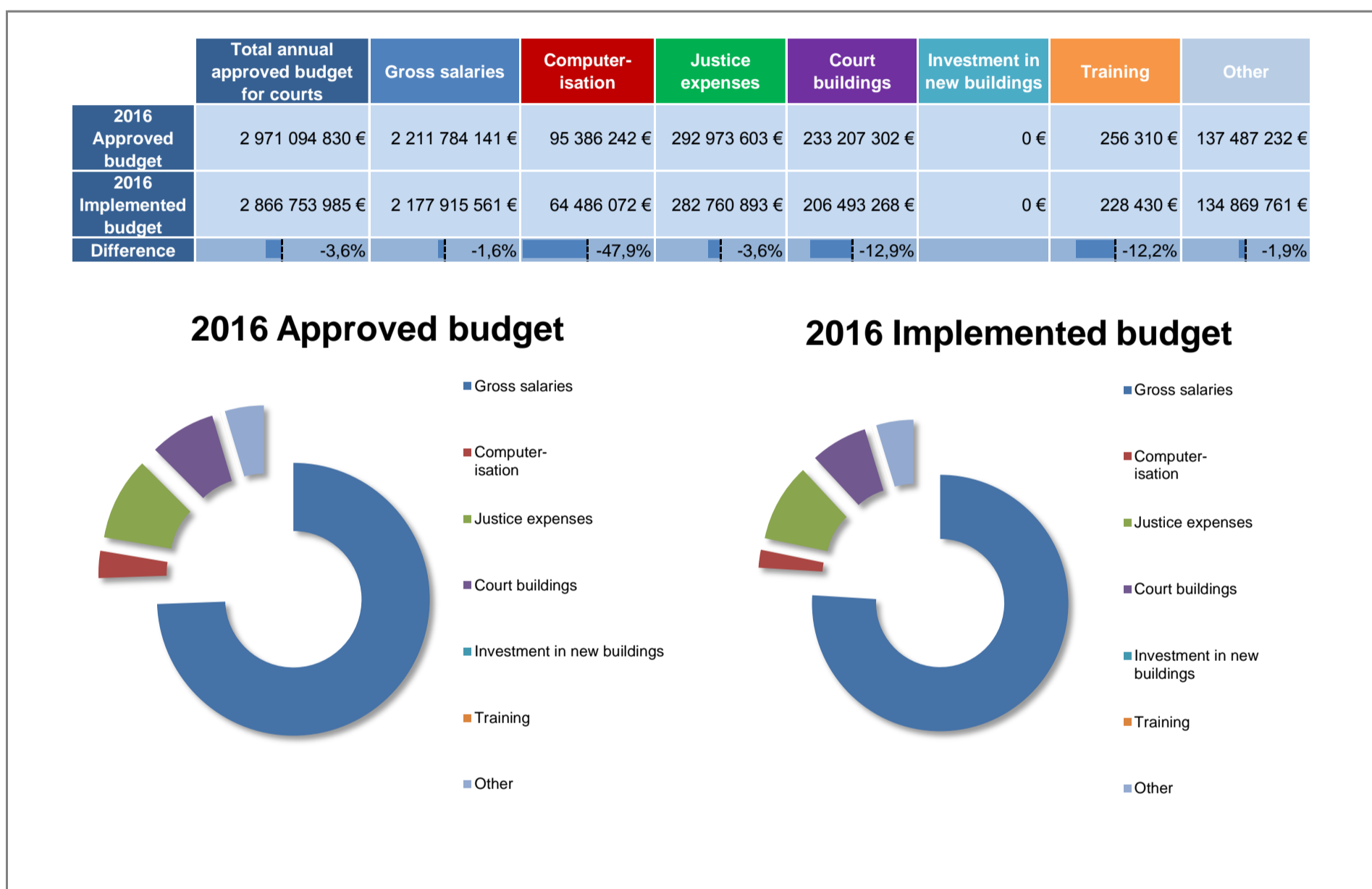
Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 49, €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (2 211 784 141 €)
- Justice expenses (292 973 603 €)
- Court buildings (233 207 302 €)

It is noteworthy that, due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. The figures provided in the questionnaire are the result of a re-classification of the budget statements which takes into consideration several criteria. The administrative courts are not taken into consideration.

In 2016 extra funds were destined to the training of around one thousand employees who joined the justice system from other administrations.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 4 544 426 956 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 75,0 €

The budget per capita (75,0 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Italy belongs to the group of European States with high degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

As highlighted above, due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. The figures provided in the questionnaire are the result of a re-classification of the budget statements which takes into consideration different criteria. The budget of the prosecution services is calculated taking into account several criteria (e.g. the number of staff allocated to the public prosecution services). As to the budget of legal aid, it is part of the general budget allocated to justice expenses.

The budget allocated to Courts and Prosecution Services is 4 371 575 821 EUR (approved) and 4 233 899 475 EUR (implemented).

The budget allocated to Courts and Legal Aid is 3 143 945 965 EUR (approved) and 3 039 605 120 EUR (implemented).

The budget allocated to Courts, Prosecution Services and Legal Aid is 4 544 426 956 EUR (approved) and 4 406 750 610 EUR (implemented).

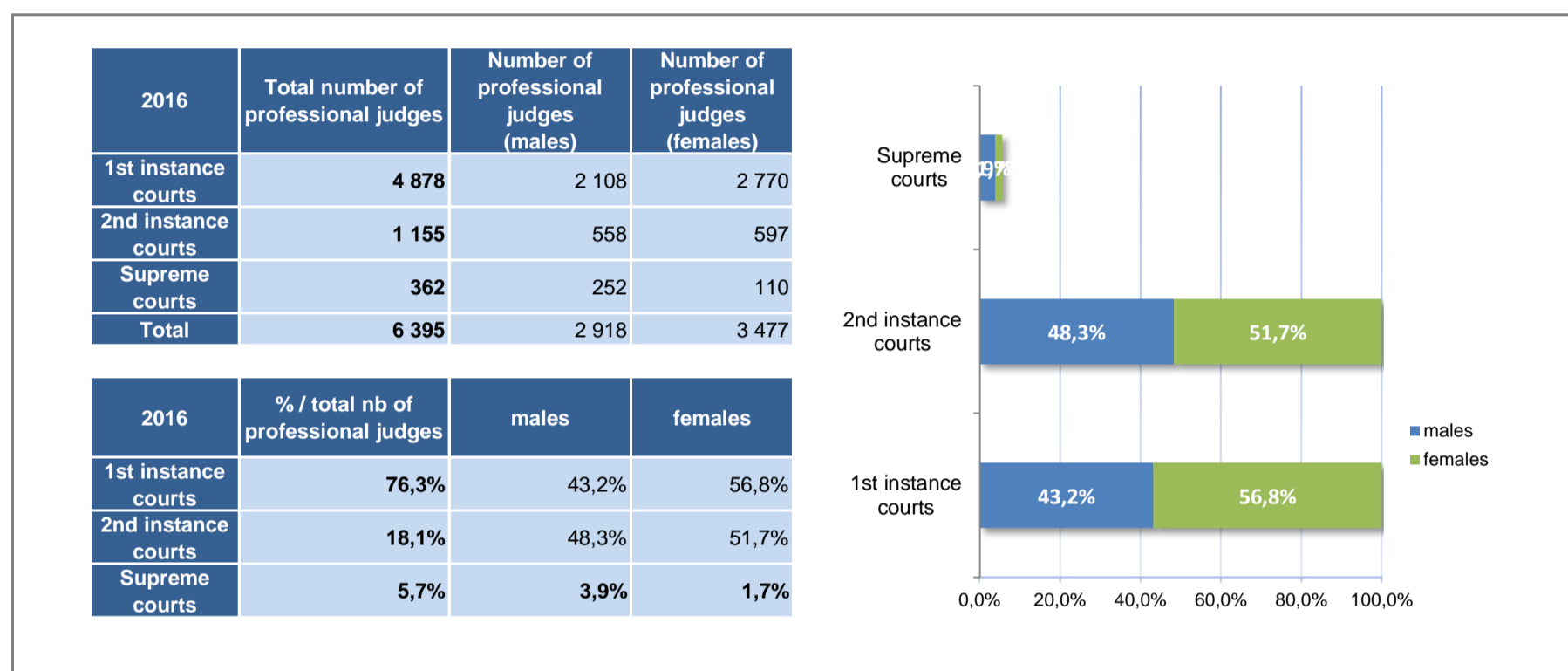
• **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 8 039 945 941 €**

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Judicial management body
- Enforcement services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services

• **Human resources**

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Italy is 6 395 which is -3,0% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Italy, in 2016, there are 10,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,3 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 3 477 which represents 54,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 4 878 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 2 770 are female) ; 1 155 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 597 are female) and 362 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 110 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that judges sitting in the specialized first instance courts that are not administered and financed by the Ministry of Justice (regional administrative courts, regional audit commissions, local tax commissions and military courts) are not taken into consideration.

In Italy, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	NA	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
2012	23 672	NAP	14 811	4 542	497	3 822
2013	22 991	NAP	14 349	4 395	494	3 753

2014	21 903	NAP	13 760	4 116	488	3 539
2015	21 360	NAP	13 392	4 068	474	3 426
2016	21 182	NAP	13 297	4 071	351	3 463

In Italy, in 2016, there are 21 182 non-judge staff (among which 13 929 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -0,8%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 13 297 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 9 538 are women);
- 4 071 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 2 990 are women);
- 351 technical staff (among which 143 are women);
- 3 463 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 1 258 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 35,1 in 2015 to 34,9 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 10,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 10,6 in 2016.

It should be noticed that administrative courts' non-judge staff are not taken into account.

The category "other non-judge staff" encompasses assistants, receptionists, porters and other judicial staff. As a general remark, it should be stressed that the high percentage of "other non-judge staff" in Italy is due to a very strict interpretation of the definition of the main categories.

According to the data provided for 2014, 2015 and 2016, we can notice a downward trend as concerns the number of technical staff (a decrease of 28% between 2014 and 2015 and a decrease of 26% between 2015 and 2016), especially the number of female staff (a decrease of 33% between 2014 and 2015 and of 32% between 2015 and 2016). An explanation of these variations is not available at this stage.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

Due to the structure of the Italian judicial system, the Ministry of Justice has one single budget which does not distinguish between the budget allocated to courts, the budget allocated to public prosecution services and the one allocated to the administration. Therefore, in Italy there is not a specific budget allocated to legal aid. Legal aid is part of the general budget allocated to justice expenses.

In Italy, legal aid can be granted for all categories of civil cases: litigious, non-litigious and also ADR. Nevertheless, in respect of the latter, so far the Ministry of Justice hasn't experienced any payment yet.

In Italy legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

For instance, legal aid can refer to costs in connection with private detectives, interpreters and expert witnesses.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Generally, litigants are required to pay court fees in respect of other than criminal cases, except for cases concerning employment, agriculture, family matters and other specific cases explicitly enumerated by law (DPR 115/2002).

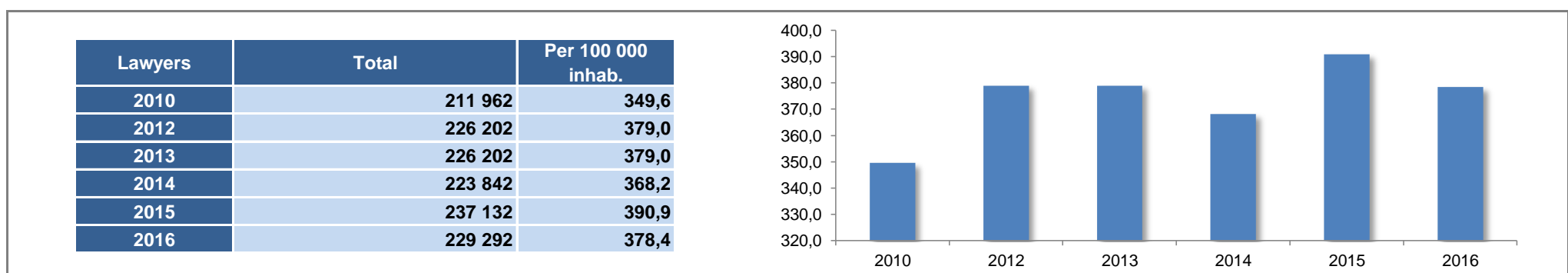
Court fees depend on the value of the dispute and they are provided by law. The following table can be consulted for more information: http://www.professionegiustizia.it/tabella_contributo_unificato.php

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 98 EUR.

To commence a case whose value is 3.000€ the court fee is 98€. The appeal fee for the same case is 147,00€ whilst the cassation fee is 196,00€.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Italy, in 2016, there are 229 292 lawyers, which is -3,3% less than in 2015.

This data represents 378,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

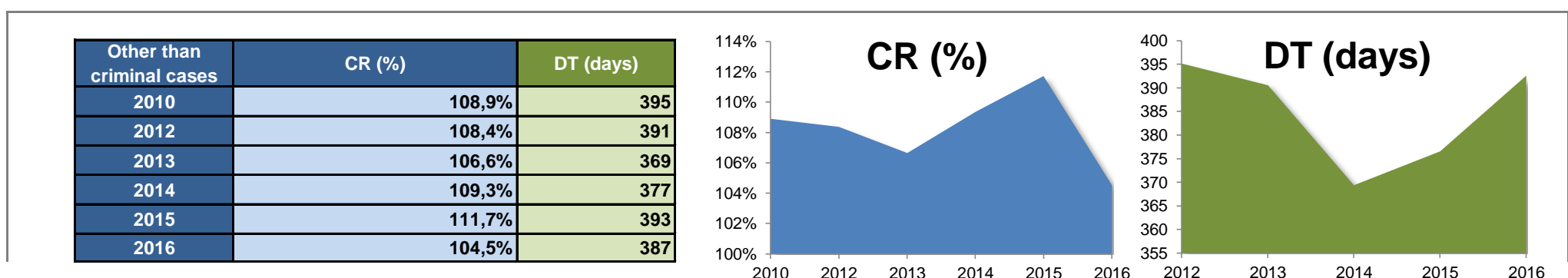
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



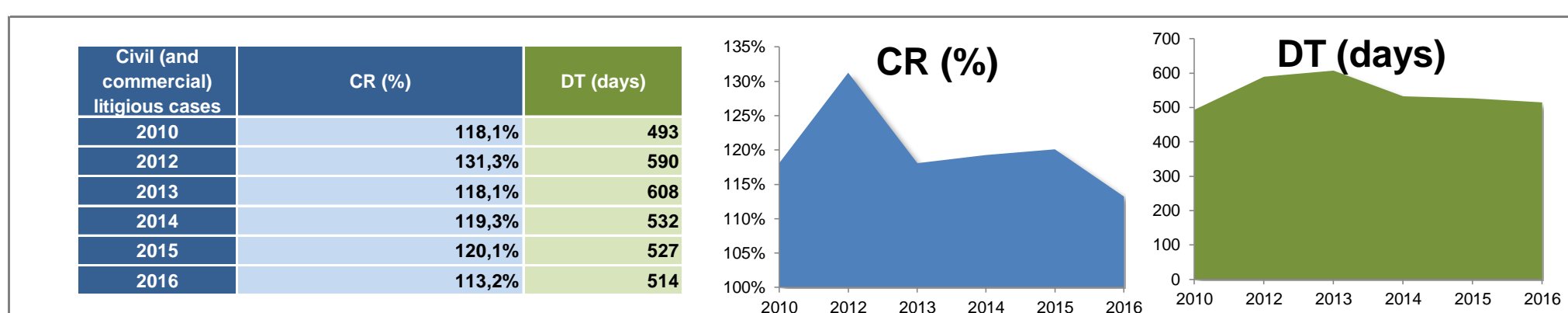
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,7% in 2016, Italy seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,2 points.

In Italy, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 393 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -1,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 113,2% in 2016, Italy seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -6,9 points.

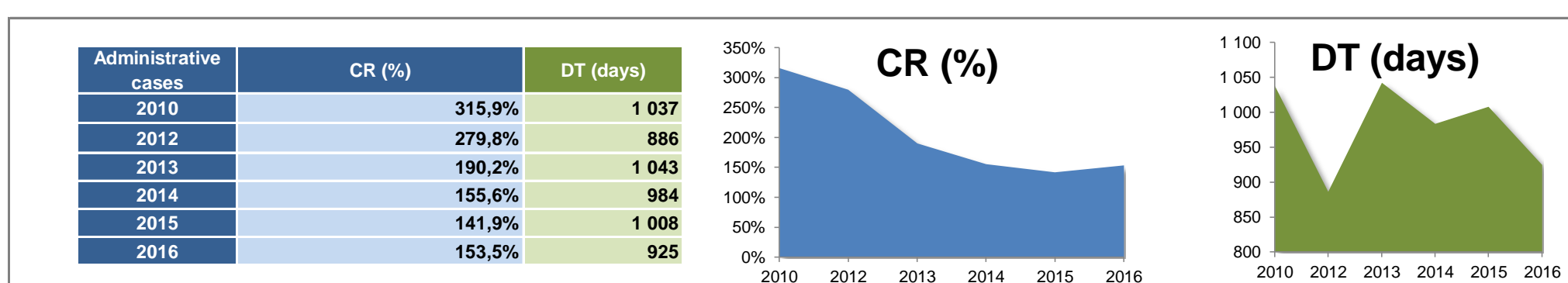
In Italy, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 514 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -2,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

It should be stressed that for 2010, 2012 and 2013, the category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases has an identical content, namely: separation and divorce by mutual consent, interdiction and incapacitation, protective measures for underage, guardianship and trusteeship etc. Since 2014, it subsumes uncontested payment orders, uncontested divorces, technical appraisals, judicial interdiction and incapacitation, hereditament, etc.

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 153,5% in 2016, Italy seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

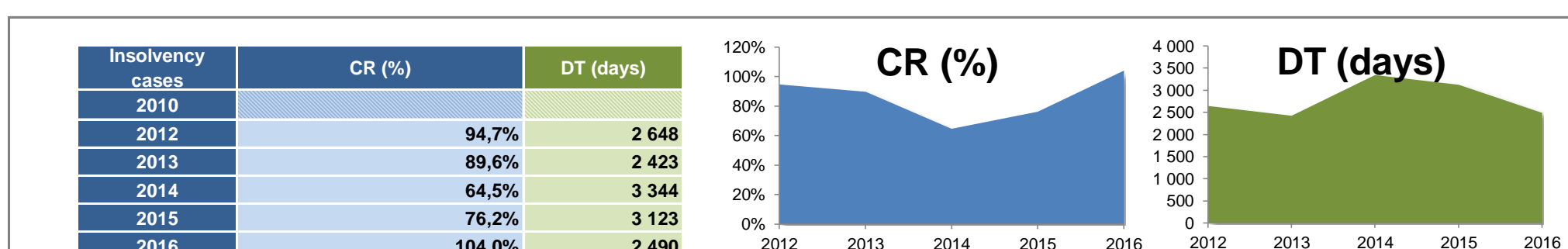
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 11,5 points.

In Italy, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 925 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -8,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 104,0% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Italy seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 27,8 points.

In Italy, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 2 490 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -20,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

With regard to the insolvency cases, the peculiarity of the Italian system consists in distinguishing between “insolvency applications” and “insolvency cases”. The former category concerns the litigious part of the proceeding where creditors and debtors have different goals (dispute). The latter category concerns the part of the proceeding where the judge has already established the insolvency / bankruptcy of the debtor and the case is all about the management of the assets and proceeds of the debtor. Figures at questions 101 and 102 refer to “insolvency cases” rather than “insolvency applications”.

• **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Italy, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released through paper distribution and on Internet. More precisely, courts are required to prepare an annual activity report and they usually publish it on paper. In addition to that, some courts also publish the report on their website, but that's not mandatory. However, the publication on internet is now more and more common.

- The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases

In Italy, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court. Such evaluations are carried out quarterly.

The activity of each court (tribunals and appeal courts) in terms of performance and output is monitored every three months. The output and the indicators (clearance rate, variation of backlogs, age of the proceeding, etc.) are published on the website of the Ministry of Justice.
https://www.giustizia.it/giustizia/it/mg_1_14.page?all=true&facetNode_1=4_26&selectedNode=2_8

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The performance of each court is given by different indicators such as the clearance rate, the variation of backlogs and the age of the proceeding.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

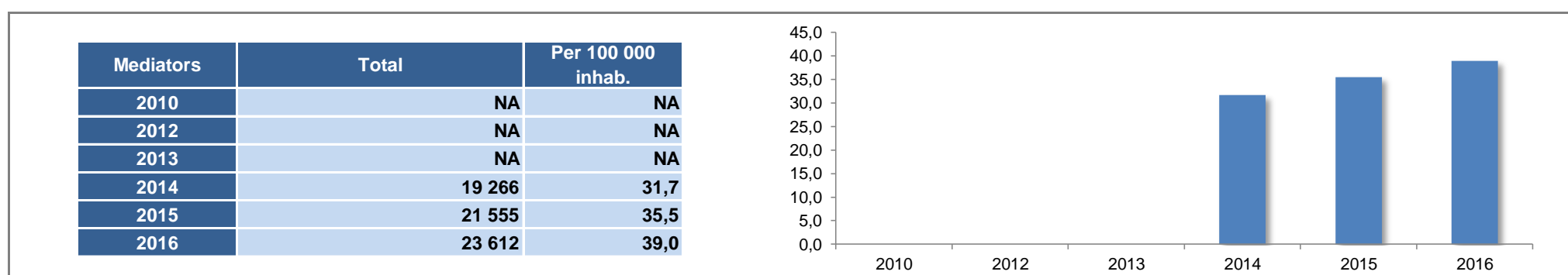
Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

In fact, in Italy there is not a strict quality system as such. However, there is a regular monitoring system in place which tracks the performance of court activities.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Italy provides judicial mediation.

In March 2011, a mandatory mediation was introduced, but in 2012 it was declared unconstitutional. However, in 2013, a new piece of legislation has re-introduced the mandatory mediation in respect of some specific matters in both civil and commercial procedures (e.g. real rights, condominium disputes, division of assets, inheritance, leasing, family covenants and agreements, business rents, medical malpractice damages, libel, insurance, bank and financial contracts etc.). Since the re-introduction in 2013 the number of mediations has systematically increased.



In Italy, in 2016, there are 23 612 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 39,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 9,5%.

Till 2014, the number of accredited mediators was not available. The only data communicated on the occasion of the 2012 and 2013 exercises concern the number of registered mediation organizations which was 963 in December 2012 and 929 in March 2014. At the end of 2014, a new electronic online register of mediators has been introduced allowing providing information on the number of accredited mediators.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	183 977	303
Family cases	NAP	NAP
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NA	NA

The Department of Statistics and Organizational Analysis (within the Ministry of Justice) periodically publishes reports on mediation procedures on its

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

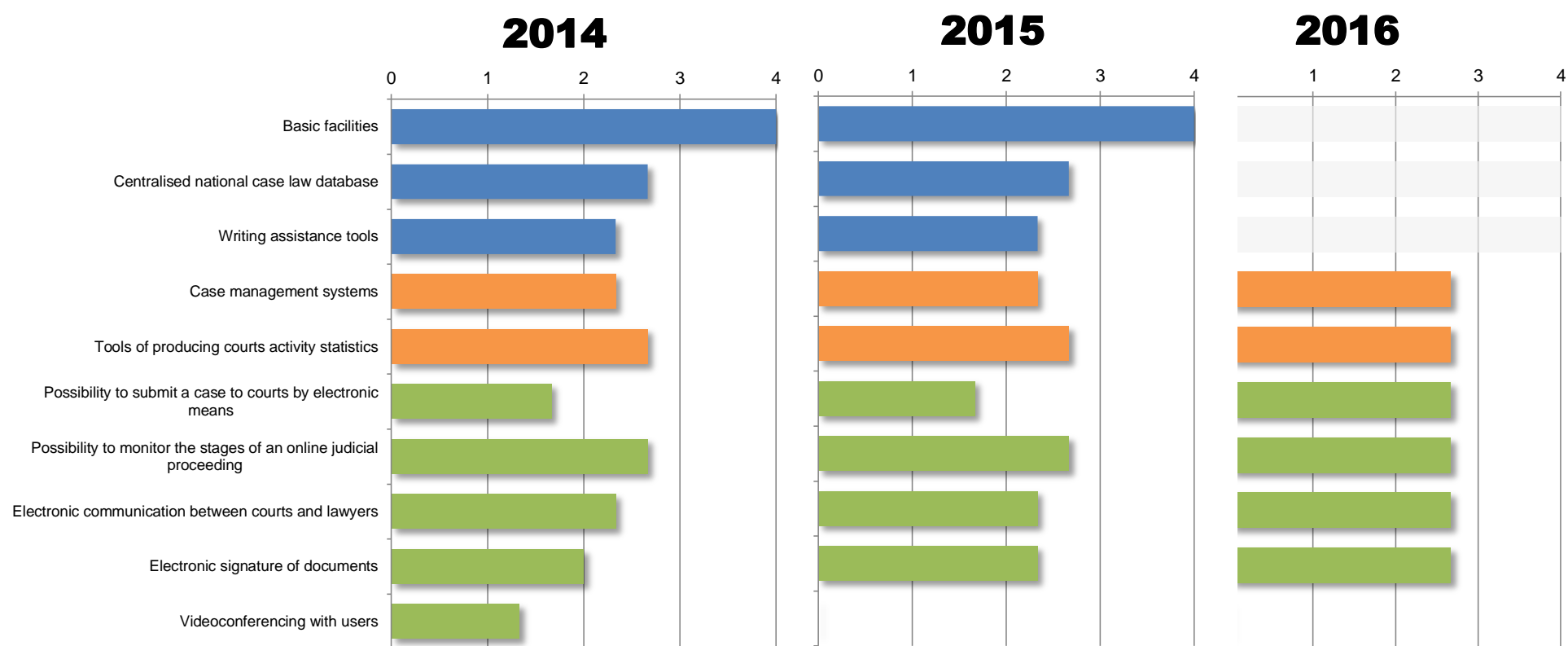
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Italy has been evaluated at 6,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Italy, the centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Department of Statistics and Organizational Analysis of the Ministry of Justice.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Current reform plans are aimed at:

- Reforming the criminal sector (reform of the criminal procedure, efficiency, unloading of appeal and cassation workload, procedural improvement, etc.)
- Enhancing the specialization of judges / courts. In particular, the judiciary authorities are evaluating the introduction of specific courts for family and personal matters ("Berruti" reform)
- Increased competence of Business Courts.
- Revision of the appeal system in order to reduce the appeal rate.

Further steps have been taken in order to streamlining of the proceedings in order to simplify their overall structure. The ultimate aim is to make things easier for judges, prosecutors and lawyers and easier to comprehend for the parties. Judges have the opportunity to switch from ordinary to summary proceedings and can thus avail themselves of a simpler instrument for non-complex cases.

2. Budget

For the first time the Ministry of Justice has been accredited as Intermediate Entity in the NOP Governance for 2014 — 2020 planning. Amongst other projects to be funded: the Digital Civil Trial for the Justice of the Peace, the "Help desk" for issuing certificates to citizens and the Office for trial.

A draft law foresees the inflow into separate special funds of the FUG Fondo Unico Giustizia (literally Single Justice Fund) of the sums collected under the competition procedures and enforcement on of real estate as well as some civil proceedings, in order to optimize their returns and to ensure a greater revenue for the revenue.

Another draft law is intended to establish the budget of the Ministry of Justice for the year 2018 a fund fed by the administrative surplus of the Superior Council of the Judiciary, equal to 20 million euros.

The rule establishes a fund at the Ministry of Justice for the implementation of the provisions of Law 103/2017 on the reform of the criminal process and the penitentiary system. The budget for this project is 10 million euros for the year 2018, 20 million euros for 2019 and 30 million euros for the year 2020.

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	25 727	25 729	25 553	26 585	26 947	27 587	7,2%	4,7%	5,5%	1,4%	2,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	3 051 375 987	2 986 521 397	2 935 413 547	2 945 513 378	3 084 813 712	2 971 094 830	-2,6%	3,3%	5,1%	4,7%	-3,7%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	2 845 480 557	2 987 748 544	2 866 753 985	-	-	-	5,0%	-4,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	143 915 571	172 851 135	233 477 724	-	-	-	20,1%	35,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	1 249 053 619	1 435 025 477	1 302 805 287	1 460 367 057	1 582 477 640	1 400 480 991	12,1%	10,3%	21,5%	8,4%	-11,5%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	1 428 912 997	1 549 305 236	1 367 145 490	-	-	-	8,4%	-11,8%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	73,0	76,7	73,7	NA	NA	75,0	2,7%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	72,7	77,6	73,7	-	-	-	-	-5,0%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	1 249 053 619	1 435 025 477	1 302 805 287	1 460 367 057	1 582 477 640	1 400 480 991	12,1%	10,3%	21,5%	8,4%	-11,5%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	73,0	76,7	73,7	NA	NA	75,0	2,7%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	72,7	77,6	73,7	-	-	-	6,8%	-5,0%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	3 051 375 987	2 986 521 397	2 935 413 547	2 945 513 378	3 084 813 712	2 971 094 830	-2,6%	3,3%	5,1%	4,7%	-3,7%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	2 274 336 102	2 319 976 073	2 293 033 118	2 305 238 151	2 319 990 762	2 211 784 141	-2,8%	0,0%	1,2%	0,6%	-4,7%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	58 083 534	64 830 009	62 643 101	60 047 075	105 230 573	95 386 242	64,2%	62,3%	68,0%	75,2%	-9,4%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	317 399 440	324 337 299	286 072 160	328 166 460	275 032 114	292 973 603	-7,7%	-15,2%	-3,9%	-16,2%	6,5%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	269 968 019	182 503 436	163 732 376	147 416 825	275 800 295	233 207 302	-13,6%	51,1%	68,4%	87,1%	-15,4%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	755 313	229 971	192 976	228 646	197 850	256 310	-66,1%	-14,0%	2,5%	-13,5%	29,5%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	130 833 579	94 644 609	129 739 816	104 416 221	108 562 118	137 487 232	5,1%	14,7%	-16,3%	4,0%	26,6%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	73 €	77 €	74 €	NA	NA	75 €	2,7%	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	1 249 053 619	1 435 025 477	1 302 805 287	1 460 367 057	1 582 477 640	1 400 480 991	12,1%	10,3%	21,5%	8,4%	-11,5%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	7 716 811 123	8 038 108 740	8 011 802 994	7 889 724 845	8 106 150 695	8 039 945 941	4,2%	0,8%	1,2%	2,7%	-0,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	3 051 375 987	2 986 521 397	2 935 413 547	2 945 513 378	3 084 813 712	2 971 094 830	-2,6%	3,3%	5,1%	4,7%	-3,7%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	3 051 375 987	2 986 521 397	2 935 413 547	2 945 513 378	3 084 813 712	2 971 094 830	0 €	3,3%	5,1%	4,7%	-3,7%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	58 083 534	64 830 009	62 643 101	60 047 075	105 230 573	95 386 242	1 €	62,3%	68,0%	75,2%	-9,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	1 249 053 619	1 435 025 477	1 302 805 287	1 460 367 057	1 582 477 640	1 400 480 991	12,1%	10,3%	21,5%	8,4%	-11,5%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	3 051 375 987	2 986 521 397	2 935 413 547	2 945 513 378	3 084 813 712	2 971 094 830	-2,6%	3,3%	5,1%	4,7%	-3,7%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	326 163 179	465 147 222	-	463 052 628	453 626 000	513 761 705	57,5%	-2,5%	-	-2,0%	13,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debpt recovery	-to_unificato.php	-ito_unificato.php	tributo_unificato.php	ibuto_unificato.php	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	1 231	1 231	643	515	515	515	-58,2%	-58,2%	-19,9%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	116	116	116	245	245	245	111,2%	111,2%	111,2%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	1 378	1 378	790	836	836	836	-39,3%	-39,3%	5,8%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	116	116	116	138	138	245	111,2%	19,0%	19,0%	0,0%	77,5%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	22	22	22	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	58	58	58	58	58	58	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	29	29	29	29	29	29	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	4	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	29	29	29	29	29	132	355,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	355,2%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 284 253	4 986 193	4 781 009	4 885 347	4 618 528	4 215 937	-20,2%	-7,4%	-3,4%	-5,5%	-8,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 263 961	3 796 202	3 445 954	3 063 946	2 987 907	2 687 388	-37,0%	-21,3%	-13,3%	-2,5%	-10,1%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	-	-	-	-10,3%	-5,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 020 292	1 189 991	1 335 055	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	26,2%	14,5%	2,1%	-10,3%	-5,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	631 692	441 243	347 728	302 693	267 736	241 266	-61,8%	-39,3%	-23,0%	-11,5%	-9,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 169 012	4 010 588	4 173 702	3 999 586	3 483 179	3 657 690	-12,3%	-13,2%	-16,5%	-12,9%	5,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 399 530	1 559 779	1 605 399	1 585 740	1 545 092	1 554 837	-35,2%	-0,9%	-3,8%	-2,6%	0,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 769 482	2 450 809	2 568 303	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	15,8%	-20,9%	-24,5%	-17,5%	5,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	56 716	51 366	54 902	63 723	61 723	54 565	-3,8%	20,2%	12,4%	-3,1%	-11,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 539 492	4 346 215	4 450 604	4 373 441	3 890 953	3 822 644	-15,8%	-10,5%	-12,6%	-11,0%	-1,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 834 879	2 047 289	1 895 576	1 891 595	1 855 663	1 760 695	-37,9%	-9,4%	-2,1%	-1,9%	-5,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	-	-	-	-14,6%	-2,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 704 613	2 298 926	2 555 028	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	16,1%	-11,5%	-20,3%	-14,6%	-2,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	179 162	143 713	104 409	99 169	87 594	83 736	-53,3%	-39,0%	-16,1%	-11,7%	-4,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 913 773	4 650 566	4 504 107	4 511 492	4 184 883	4 050 983	-17,6%	-10,0%	-7,1%	-7,2%	-3,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 828 612	3 308 692	3 155 777	2 758 091	2 677 336	2 481 530	-35,2%	-19,1%	-15,2%	-2,9%	-7,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	-	-	-	-14,8%	7,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 085 161	1 341 874	1 348 330	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	25,1%	-5,7%	-6,1%	-14,8%	7,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	509 246	348 896	298 221	267 247	241 865	212 095	-58,4%	-30,7%	-18,9%	-9,5%	-12,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	108,9%	108,4%	106,6%	109,3%	111,7%	104,5%	-4,0%	3,1%	4,8%	2,2%	-6,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	118,1%	131,3%	118,1%	119,3%	120,1%	113,2%	-4,2%	-8,5%	1,7%	0,7%	-5,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	-	-	-	3,6%	-8,0%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,3%	93,8%	99,5%	101,4%	105,0%	96,6%	0,3%	12,0%	5,6%	3,6%	-8,0%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	315,9%	279,8%	190,2%	155,6%	141,9%	153,5%	-51,4%	-49,3%	-25,4%	-8,8%	8,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	395	391	369	377	393	387	-2,1%	0,5%	6,3%	4,3%	-1,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	493	590	608	532	527	514	4,4%	-10,7%	-13,3%	-1,0%	-2,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	228	227	250	-	-	-	-0,3%	10,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	232	213	193	228	227	250	7,8%	6,5%	17,8%	-0,3%	10,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	1037	886	1043	984	1008	925	-10,9%	13,7%	-3,3%	2,5%	-8,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	36176	34 114	34 738	36 304	37 027	40 593	12,2%	8,5%	6,6%	2,0%	9,6%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	29 014	28 981	26 665	-	-	-	-0,1%	-8,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	85 736	86 501	85 351	91 010	94 579	-	6,2%	5,2%	6,6%	3,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	25119	19 287	20 580	26 639	31 420	39 304	56,5%	62,9%	52,7%	17,9%	25,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	22 216	27 440	25 411	-	-	-	23,5%	-7,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	12 577	14 792	15 379	14 475	13 250	-	15,1%	-2,1%	-5,9%	-8,5%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	24531	18 174	18 936	26 037	27 959	33 283	35,7%	53,8%	47,6%	7,4%	19,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	22 512	29 933	29 012	-	-	-	33,0%	-3,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	11 909	13 261	9 912	11 037	13 786	-	-7,3%	-16,8%	11,3%	24,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	36764	35 227	36 382	36 906	40 488	46 614	26,8%	14,9%	11,3%	9,7%	15,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	28 718	26 488	23 064	-	-	-	-7,8%	-12,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	86 404	88 032	90 818	94 448	94 043	-	9,3%	7,3%	4,0%	-0,4%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	97,7%	94,2%	92,0%	97,7%	89,0%	84,7%	-13,3%	-5,6%	-3,3%	-9,0%	-4,8%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	101,3%	109,1%	114,2%	-	-	-	7,7%	4,7%
CR Insolvency cases	-	94,7%	89,6%	64,5%	76,2%	104,0%	-	-19,5%	-14,9%	18,3%	36,5%
DT Litigious divorce cases	547	707	701	517	529	511	-6,5%	-25,3%	-24,6%	2,2%	-3,3%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	466	323	290	-	-	-	-30,6%	-10,2%
DT Insolvency cases	-	2 648	2 423	3 344	3 123	2 490	-	17,9%	28,9%	-6,6%	-20,3%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	481595	531 410	499 704	439 933	424 709	399 051	-17,1%	-20,1%	-15,0%	-3,5%	-6,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	478557	528 418	497 217	437 579	419 257	393 213	-17,8%	-20,7%	-15,7%	-4,2%	-6,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 354	5 452	5 838	-	-	-	131,6%	7,1%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3038	2 992	2 487	2 354	5 452	5 838	92,2%	82,2%	119,2%	131,6%	7,1%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	181331	160 832	155 940	135 270	126 652	135 081	-25,5%	-21,3%	-18,8%	-6,4%	6,7%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	177260	156 965	152 029	131 558	117 158	125 912	-29,0%	-25,4%	-22,9%	-10,9%	7,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	3 712	9 494	9 169	-	-	-	155,8%	-3,4%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4071	3 867	3 911	3 712	9 494	9 169	125,2%	145,5%	142,8%	155,8%	-3,4%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	150542	168 276	198 289	160 768	151 988	148 821	-1,1%	-9,7%	-23,4%	-5,5%	-2,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	146588	163 967	194 258	156 913	142 886	139 482	-4,8%	-12,9%	-26,4%	-8,9%	-2,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	3 855	9 102	9 339	-	-	-	136,1%	2,6%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3954	4 309	4 031	3 855	9 102	9 339	136,2%	111,2%	125,8%	136,1%	2,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	512384	523 966	457 355	414 435	399 373	385 311	-24,8%	-23,8%	-12,7%	-3,6%	-3,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	509229	521 416	454 988	412 224	393 529	379 643	-25,4%	-24,5%	-13,5%	-4,5%	-3,5%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 211	5 844	5 668	-	-	-	164,3%	-3,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3155	2 550	2 367	2 211	5 844	5 668	79,7%	129,2%	146,9%	164,3%	-3,0%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	83,0%	104,6%	127,2%	118,8%	120,0%	110,2%	32,7%	14,7%	-5,6%	1,0%	-8,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	82,7%	104,5%	127,8%	119,3%	122,0%	110,8%	34,0%	16,8%	-4,6%	2,3%	-9,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	-	-	-	-7,7%	6,2%

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	97,1%	111,4%	103,1%	103,9%	95,9%	101,9%	4,9%	-14,0%	-7,0%	-7,7%	6,2%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1242	1137	842	941	959	945	-23,9%	-15,6%	13,9%	1,9%	-1,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1268	1161	855	959	1005	993	-21,6%	-13,4%	17,6%	4,8%	-1,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	209	234	222	-	-	-	11,9%	-5,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	291	216	214	209	234	222	-23,9%	8,5%	9,3%	11,9%	-5,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	96233	95 593	-	123 247	125 956	130 953	36,1%	31,8%	-	2,2%	4,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94573	95 124	-	98 285	100 367	104 094	10,1%	5,5%	-	2,1%	3,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	31 968	26 892	-	24 574	25 162	26 392	-17,4%	-6,4%	-	2,4%	4,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	469	-	388	427	467	-	-9,0%	-	10,1%	9,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30383	29 128	-	41 064	40 789	39 793	31,0%	40,0%	-	-0,7%	-2,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30063	28 766	-	29 908	29 587	29 270	-2,6%	2,9%	-	-1,1%	-1,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	10 791	9 302	-	10 761	10 823	10 100	-6,4%	16,4%	-	0,6%	-6,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	362	-	395	379	423	-	4,7%	-	-4,1%	11,6%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	28963	25 012	-	38 507	35 803	37 250	28,6%	43,1%	-	-7,0%	4,0%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	28507	24 637	-	27 842	25 860	26 938	-5,5%	5,0%	-	-7,1%	4,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	15 534	11 562	-	10 309	9 604	9 858	-36,5%	-16,9%	-	-6,8%	2,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	375	-	356	339	454	-	-9,6%	-	-4,8%	33,9%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	97653	99 709	-	125 804	130 942	133 496	36,7%	31,3%	-	4,1%	2,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	96129	99 253	-	100 351	104 094	106 426	10,7%	4,9%	-	3,7%	2,2%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	27 225	24 632	-	25 026	26 381	26 634	-2,2%	7,1%	-	5,4%	1,0%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	456	-	427	467	436	-	2,4%	-	9,4%	-6,6%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,3%	85,9%	-	93,8%	87,8%	93,6%	-1,8%	2,2%	-	-6,4%	6,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,8%	85,6%	-	93,1%	87,4%	92,0%	-2,9%	2,1%	-	-6,1%	5,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	144,0%	124,3%	-	95,8%	88,7%	97,6%	-32,2%	-28,6%	-	-7,4%	10,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	103,6%	-	90,1%	89,4%	107,3%	-	-13,7%	-	-0,8%	20,0%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1231	1455	-	1192	1335	1308	6,3%	-8,3%	-	11,9%	-2,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1231	1470	-	1316	1469	1442	17,2%	-0,1%	-	11,7%	-1,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	640	778	-	886	1003	986	54,2%	28,9%	-	13,2%	-1,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	444	-	438	503	351	-	13,3%	-	14,9%	-30,3%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 284 253	4 986 193	4 781 009	4 885 347	4 618 528	4 215 937	-20,2%	-7,4%	-3,4%	-5,5%	-8,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 263 961	3 796 202	3 445 954	3 063 946	2 987 907	2 687 388	-37,0%	-21,3%	-13,3%	-2,5%	-10,1%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	-	-	-	-10,3%	-5,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 020 292	1 189 991	1 335 055	1 518 708	1 362 885	1 287 283	26,2%	14,5%	2,1%	-10,3%	-5,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	631 692	441 243	347 728	302 693	267 736	241 266	-61,8%	-39,3%	-23,0%	-11,5%	-9,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 169 012	4 010 588	4 173 702	3 999 586	3 483 179	3 657 690	-12,3%	-13,2%	-16,5%	-12,9%	5,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 399 530	1 559 779	1 605 399	1 585 740	1 545 092	1 554 837	-35,2%	-0,9%	-3,8%	-2,6%	0,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	-	-	-	-17,5%	5,7%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 769 482	2 450 809	2 568 303	2 350 123	1 938 087	2 048 288	15,8%	-20,9%	-24,5%	-17,5%	5,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	56 716	51 366	54 902	63 723	61 723	54 565	-3,8%	20,2%	12,4%	-3,1%	-11,6%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 539 492	4 346 215	4 450 604	4 373 441	3 890 953	3 822 644	-15,8%	-10,5%	-12,6%	-11,0%	-1,8%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 834 879	2 047 289	1 895 576	1 891 595	1 855 663	1 760 695	-37,9%	-9,4%	-2,1%	-1,9%	-5,1%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	-	-	-	-14,6%	-2,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 704 613	2 298 926	2 555 028	2 382 677	2 035 290	1 978 213	16,1%	-11,5%	-20,3%	-14,6%	-2,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	179 162	143 713	104 409	99 169	87 594	83 736	-53,3%	-39,0%	-16,1%	-11,7%	-4,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 913 773	4 650 566	4 504 107	4 511 492	4 184 883	4 050 983	-17,6%	-10,0%	-7,1%	-7,2%	-3,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 828 612	3 308 692	3 155 777	2 758 091	2 677 336	2 481 530	-35,2%	-19,1%	-15,2%	-2,9%	-7,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	-	-	-	-14,8%	7,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 085 161	1 341 874	1 348 330	1 486 154	1 265 682	1 357 358	25,1%	-5,7%	-6,1%	-14,8%	7,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	509 246	348 896	298 221	267 247	241 865	212 095	-58,4%	-30,7%	-18,9%	-9,5%	-12,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	NAP	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	NAP	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	87 080 432	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	99 665 697	100 854 891	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	39 925 078	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	53 788 625	59 900 514	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	143 915 571	172 851 135	233 477 724	-	-	-	20,1%	35,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	143 915 571	172 851 135	233 477 724	-	-	-	20,1%	35,1%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	88 159 228	105 129 874	141 769 784	-	-	-	19,2%	34,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	88 159 228	105 129 874	141 769 784	-	-	-	19,2%	34,9%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	55 756 343	67 721 261	91 707 940	-	-	-	21,5%	35,4%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	55 756 343	67 721 261	91 707 940	-	-	-	21,5%	35,4%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	127 055 510	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	153 454 322	160 755 405	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	87 080 432	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	99 665 697	100 854 891	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	39 925 078	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	53 788 625	59 900 514	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	NAP	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	NAP	No	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ItalGiureWeb	ItalGiureWeb	ItalgiureWeb	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	SIGA	SIGA	SIGA	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	:CIC, SIGP, SIC	:CIC, SIECIC, SIGP	SIECIC, SIGP, SIC	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	SIGA	SIGA	SIGA	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ile Telematico (PCT)	PCT	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	vo Telematico (PAT)	PAT	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	PCT	PCT	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	PAT/SIGA	PAT	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	50-99%	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	19 266	21 555	23 612	-	-	-	11,9%	9,5%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	6 654	6 347	6 579	6 939	6 590	6 395	-3,9%	3,8%	0,2%	-5,0%	-3,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	5 366	4 929	5 101	5 404	5 072	4 878	-9,1%	2,9%	-0,6%	-6,1%	-3,8%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	993	1 118	1 164	1 195	1 152	1 155	16,3%	3,0%	-1,0%	-3,6%	0,3%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	295	300	314	340	366	362	22,7%	22,0%	16,6%	7,6%	-1,1%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	3 438	3 100	3 129	3 303	3 074	2 918	-15,1%	-0,8%	-1,8%	-6,9%	-5,1%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	2 602	2 259	2 284	2 429	2 243	2 108	-19,0%	-0,7%	-1,8%	-7,7%	-6,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	598	609	606	618	568	558	-6,7%	-6,7%	-6,3%	-8,1%	-1,8%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	238	232	239	256	263	252	5,9%	13,4%	10,0%	2,7%	-4,2%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	3 216	3 247	3 450	3 636	3 516	3 477	8,1%	8,3%	1,9%	-3,3%	-1,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	2 764	2 670	2 817	2 975	2 829	2 770	0,2%	6,0%	0,4%	-4,9%	-2,1%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	395	509	558	577	584	597	51,1%	14,7%	4,7%	1,2%	2,2%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	57	68	75	84	103	110	93,0%	51,5%	37,3%	22,6%	6,8%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	-	-9,8%	-7,1%	-2,5%	-0,8%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	NA	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	-	-9,6%	-6,7%	-2,7%	-0,7%

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	-	-10,4%	-7,4%	-1,2%	0,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	NA	497	494	488	474	351	-	-4,6%	-4,0%	-2,9%	-25,9%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NA	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	-	-10,4%	-8,7%	-3,2%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	276	265	208	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	-	-	-7,2%	-2,7%	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	-	-	-7,3%	-3,4%	-1,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	-	-	-7,1%	-1,2%	-0,5%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	213	212	209	143	-	-	-1,9%	-1,4%	-31,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	-	-	-7,8%	-1,2%	3,4%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	6 654	6 347	6 579	6 939	6 590	6 395	-3,9%	3,8%	0,2%	-5,0%	-3,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	5 366	4 929	5 101	5 404	5 072	4 878	-9,1%	2,9%	-0,6%	-6,1%	-3,8%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	993	1 118	1 164	1 195	1 152	1 155	16,3%	3,0%	-1,0%	-3,6%	0,3%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	295	300	314	340	366	362	22,7%	22,0%	16,6%	7,6%	-1,1%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	3 438	3 100	3 129	3 303	3 074	2 918	-15,1%	-0,8%	-1,8%	-6,9%	-5,1%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	2 602	2 259	2 284	2 429	2 243	2 108	-19,0%	-0,7%	-1,8%	-7,7%	-6,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	598	609	606	618	568	558	-6,7%	-6,7%	-6,3%	-8,1%	-1,8%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	238	232	239	256	263	252	5,9%	13,4%	10,0%	2,7%	-4,2%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	3 216	3 247	3 450	3 636	3 516	3 477	8,1%	8,3%	1,9%	-3,3%	-1,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	2 764	2 670	2 817	2 975	2 829	2 770	0,2%	6,0%	0,4%	-4,9%	-2,1%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	395	509	558	577	584	597	51,1%	14,7%	4,7%	1,2%	2,2%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	57	68	75	84	103	110	93,0%	51,5%	37,3%	22,6%	6,8%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	-	-9,8%	-7,1%	-2,5%	-0,8%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	NA	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	-	-9,6%	-6,7%	-2,7%	-0,7%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	-	-10,4%	-7,4%	-1,2%	0,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	NA	497	494	488	474	351	-	-4,6%	-4,0%	-2,9%	-25,9%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NA	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	-	-10,4%	-8,7%	-3,2%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	276	265	208	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	-	-	-7,2%	-2,7%	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	-	-	-7,3%	-3,4%	-1,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	-	-	-7,1%	-1,2%	-0,5%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	213	212	209	143	-	-	-1,9%	-1,4%	-31,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	-	-	-7,8%	-1,2%	3,4%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Italy tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	211 962	226 202	226 202	223 842	237 132	229 292	8,2%	4,8%	4,8%	5,9%	-3,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	60 626 442	59 685 227	59 685 227	60 795 612	60 665 551	60 589 445	-0,1%	1,6%	1,6%	-0,2%	-0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	211 962	226 202	226 202	223 842	237 132	229 292	8,2%	4,8%	4,8%	5,9%	-3,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	23 672	22 991	21 903	21 360	21 182	-	-9,8%	-7,1%	-2,5%	-0,8%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	NA	14 811	14 349	13 760	13 392	13 297	-	-9,6%	-6,7%	-2,7%	-0,7%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	NA	4 542	4 395	4 116	4 068	4 071	-	-10,4%	-7,4%	-1,2%	0,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	NA	497	494	488	474	351	-	-4,6%	-4,0%	-2,9%	-25,9%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	NA	3 822	3 753	3 539	3 426	3 463	-	-10,4%	-8,7%	-3,2%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	7 367	7 221	7 253	-	-	-	-2,0%	0,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3 708	3 683	3 759	-	-	-	-0,7%	2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 076	1 064	1 081	-	-	-	-1,1%	1,6%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	276	265	208	-	-	-	-4,0%	-21,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 307	2 209	2 205	-	-	-	-4,2%	-0,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	15 240	14 536	14 139	13 929	-	-	-7,2%	-2,7%	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	10 475	10 052	9 709	9 538	-	-	-7,3%	-3,4%	-1,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	3 232	3 040	3 004	2 990	-	-	-7,1%	-1,2%	-0,5%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	213	212	209	143	-	-	-1,9%	-1,4%	-31,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	1 320	1 232	1 217	1 258	-	-	-7,8%	-1,2%	3,4%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Latvia (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
GDP per capita	8 096 €	10 858 €	11 575 €	12 065 €	12 329 €	12 762 €	57,6%	13,5%	6,5%	2,2%	3,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	0,70280	0,70280	0,70280	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	16,6	21,8	23,8	25,6	27,0	27,1	63,7%	24,0%	13,9%	5,7%	0,5%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,1	32,3	34,4	37,3	39,3	39,8	65,5%	22,0%	15,8%	6,7%	1,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	21,2	21,5	23,8	24,4	25,0	25,5	20,7%	16,6%	7,5%	4,8%	2,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	71,8	78,6	78,8	78,8	77,1	80,3	11,9%	-1,9%	2,0%	1,9%	4,1%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				8,8	10,0	10,0				13,7%	0,0%

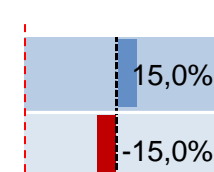
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,3	2,2	2,0	2,3	2,2	2,1	-9,0%	-0,1%	7,0%	-4,4%	-2,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,3	1,4	1,6	1,4	1,3	1,5	-53,9%	-10,1%	-22,3%	-10,9%	17,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,196	0,2	0,1	0,119	0,120	0,120	-38,8%	-38,3%	-15,0%	0,9%	-0,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	86%	118%	109%	98%	105%	101%	0,17	-0,11	-0,04	0,07	-0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	103%	101%	96%	100%	106%	100%	-0,03	0,05	0,10	0,06	-0,06
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	103%	130%	163%	144%	107%	95%	-0,08	-0,18	-0,34	-0,25	-0,12

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	315	241	247	255	234	247	-21,6%	-2,9%	-5,3%	-8,5%	5,6%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	18	37	50	53	36	33	78,3%	-3,6%	-27,9%	-32,2%	-9,1%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	439	300	203	155	197	217	-50,6%	-34,3%	-3,1%	27,1%	10,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,7	1,7	1,5	1,6	1,5	1,4	-16,5%	-14,4%	-3,5%	-7,7%	-1,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	-19,8%	-9,3%	-38,3%	-35,9%	0,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	AP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-72,1%	-66,6%	-45,8%	-4,3%	-2,9%

-20% max



+20% max

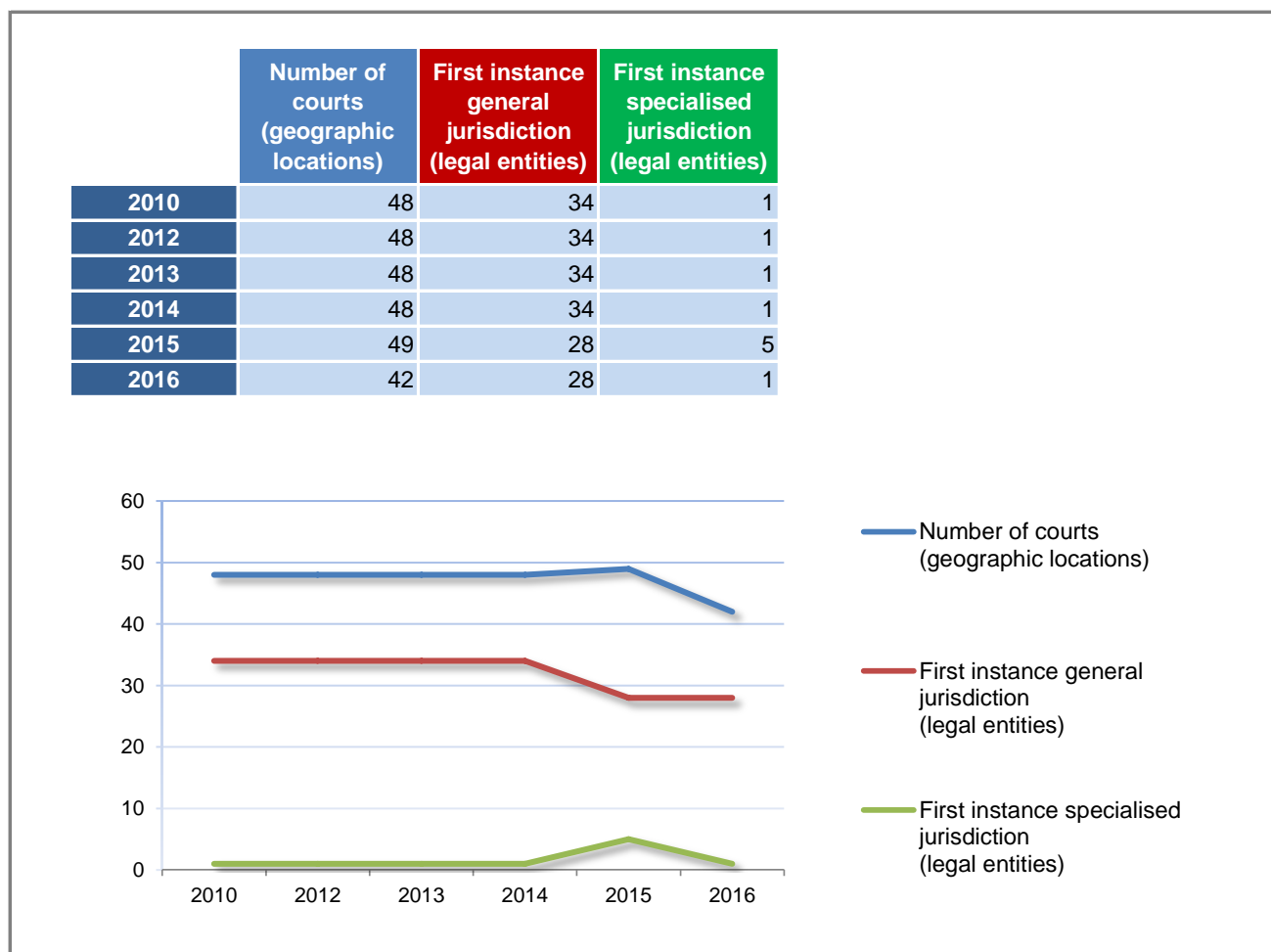
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According to 2015 data, in Latvia, for the first instance, there are: 28 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (district (city) courts intervening in civil, criminal and administrative matters), and 1 first instance specialised jurisdiction.

It is noteworthy that only the Administrative court can be considered as a 1st instance specialised court (which is divided into 5 court houses). As to the category “military courts”, the data is not available as it is justified by the fact that according to the Law on Judicial Power, judicial power in the Republic of Latvia is vested in district (city) courts, regional courts, the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court, but in state of emergencies or during war – also military courts. The rest of the courts in Latvia are not established.

Latvia has also one Court, which is specialised on Commercial cases, but that court working with other civil cases and is first instance court. This court is unchecking separately because it is not a separate commercial court, but just few judges are specialised on commercial cases.

In Latvia there are 34 district (city) courts; 5 regional courts + 2 court houses; 1 Administrative district court + 4 court houses; 1 Administrative regional court ; 1 Supreme court .



Specialised courts	
Total	1
Administrative courts	1

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 53 365 154 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 27,1 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

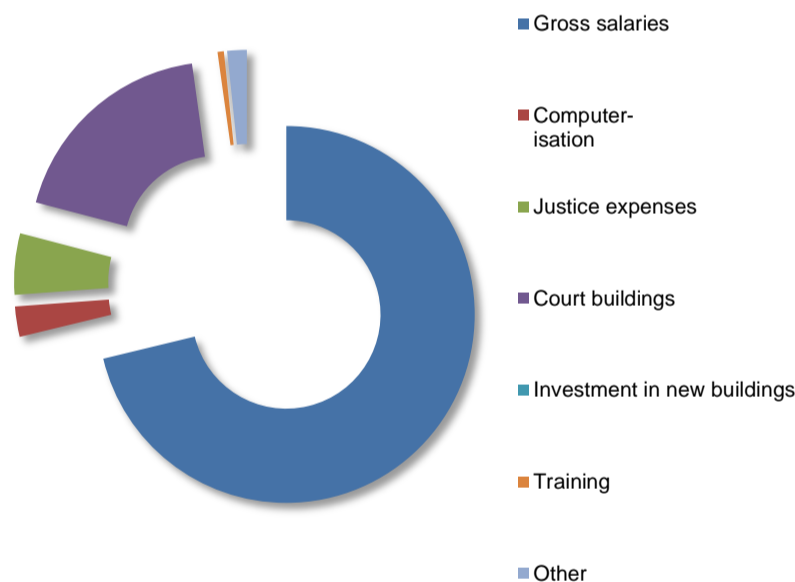
- Gross Salaries (38 010 043 €)
- Court buildings (9 982 438 €)
- Justice expenses (2 802 714 €)

For all of the last five evaluation cycles, the indicated budget for all courts includes budgets for district (city) courts, regional courts, the Administrative regional court, the Administrative district court and the Supreme Court.

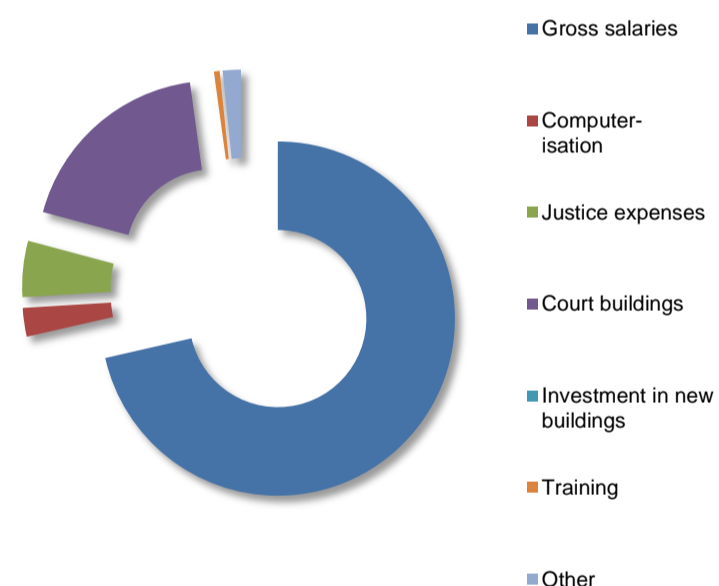
Expenses for new court buildings are not included within the public budget allocated to the functioning of courts. The latter is used to finance only expenses for rent of premises. The competence in respect of the budget intended to new buildings is granted to another institution which is also responsible for planning such expenses. The budget in question exists in Latvia but is not a part of the public budget allocated to courts. The budget position "other" varies each year, depending on the courts requests and budget for capital expenditure distribution. In this section "other" are included following items: taxes, administrative expenditure, purchase of furniture, rent of vehicles, its maintenance. In 2015 there unused funds for category "other" and that's why this budget line was decreased in 2016.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	53 365 154 €	38 010 043 €	1 387 988 €	2 802 714 €	9 982 438 €	0 €	288 054 €	893 917 €
2016 Implemented budget	52 936 937 €	37 810 368 €	1 385 832 €	2 709 349 €	9 882 530 €	0 €	275 564 €	873 294 €
Difference	-0,8%	-0,5%	-0,2%	-3,4%	-1,0%		-4,5%	-2,4%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 78 437 198 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 39,8 €

The budget per capita (39,8 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Latvia belongs to the group of European States with lower degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 1,3%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 194 261 318 €

Budget of Prosecution and Constitutional court were not usually included in this question since these are separate institutions with individual budgets. Prosecution budget is provided and Approved budget of Constitutional court is 1 484 895, but it was not possible to acquire implemented budget.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

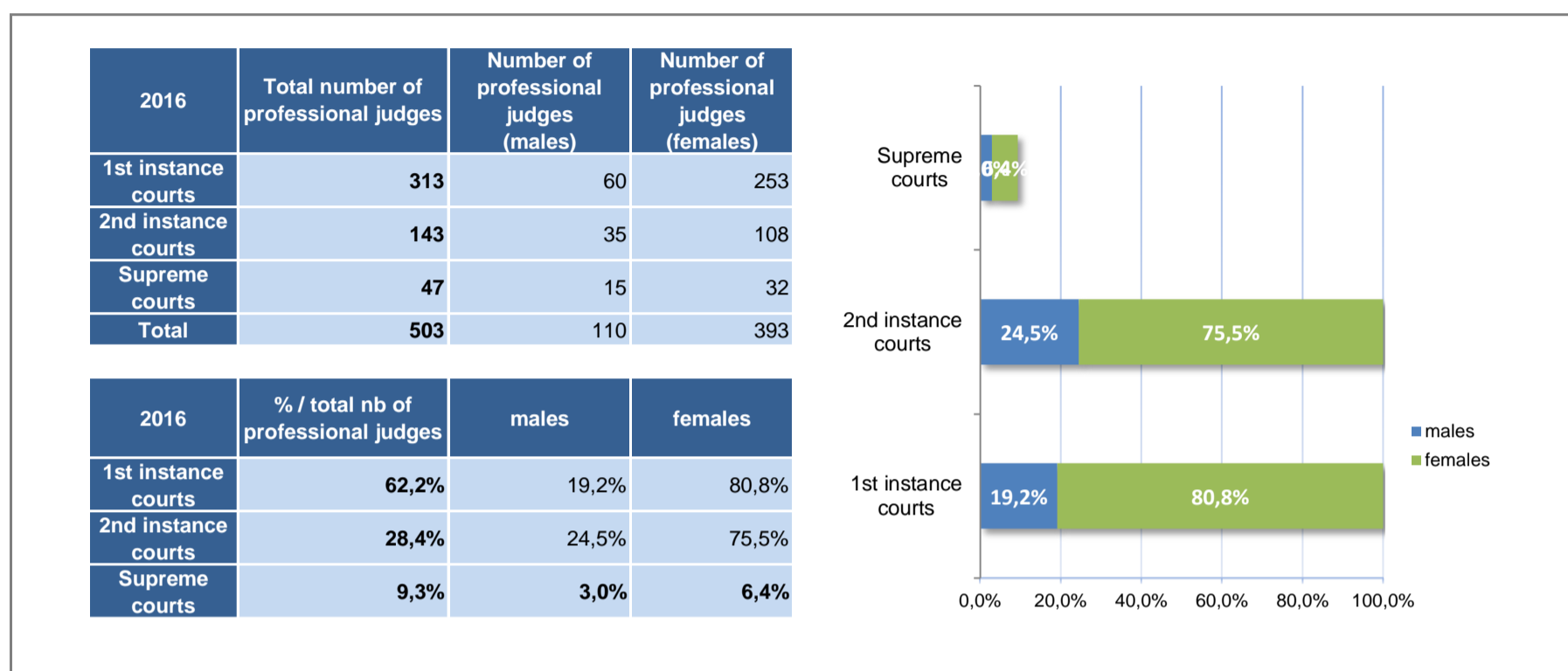
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system

- Probation services
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- Enforcement services
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice

For the last three exercises, the category “judicial management body” covers the Court Administration. As for the category “enforcement services”, the Ministry of Justice’s budget includes compensation of bailiffs related to the enforcement activities. For all of the four evaluations, the section “other” encompasses the budget of institutions under the supervision of the Ministry of Justice, health and life insurance of judges, expenditure for service pension of judges. Data doesn’t include the budget of public prosecution services.

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Latvia is 503 which is 2,0% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Latvia, in 2016, there are 25,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,1 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,1 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 393 which represents 78,1% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 313 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 253 are female) ; 143 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 108 are female) and 47 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 32 are female).

In Latvia, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	1 601	NAP	1 082	354	160	5
2012	1 608	NAP	1 090	351	160	7
2013	1 594	NAP	1 093	347	147	7
2014	1 578	NAP	1 071	354	144	9
2015	1 519	NAP	1 044	323	141	11
2016	1 582	NAP	1 071	355	142	14

In Latvia, in 2016, there are 1 582 non-judge staff (among which 1 454 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 4,1%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 071 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 1 006 are women);
- 355 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 321 are women);
- 142 technical staff (among which 116 are women);
- 14 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 11 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 75,9 in 2015 to 80,3 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 25,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 25,5 in 2016.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 2 514 338 € (1,3 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No. 1493 "Regulations on the Extent of the State Ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of the Payment Due to the Legal Aid Providers, Reimbursable Expenses and Payment Procedure Thereof" of December 22, 2009 provides for the types and extent of legal aid, the amount of payment to be paid to legal aid providers and the reimbursable expenses arising from the provision of legal aid, as well as the amount and payment procedure thereof. In accordance with this Regulation, the following shall be covered from the funds allocated for the provision of legal aid: certain types of legal aid (for example provision of legal consultations, drafting an appellate complaint, representation at court sittings etc.) in criminal matters, civil matters, administrative matters and cross-border dispute matters, as well as in out-of-court dispute matters. Furthermore, reimbursable expenses (road (transportation) expenses and hotel expenses) shall also be paid from the aforementioned funds. Through developing the state ensured legal aid system, the Latvian Cabinet of Ministers has revised amount of payment to be paid to the legal aid providers from 1 July, 2016. Moreover additional funds were allocated from the state budget in 2014 to extend the provision of legal aid to the victims (Amendments to the Criminal Procedure Law on May 29, 2014).

In Latvia legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. In the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism on how persons receive support at the enforcement of judicial decisions stage – a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment to sworn bailiffs of enforcement of the judgment expenditures on the basis of the law (Section 567 of the Civil Procedure Law). Moreover, in accordance with Section 11 of the Cabinet of Ministers Regulations No 454 of 26 June 2012 "Regulations on the Remuneration Rates of Sworn Bailiffs", a sworn bailiff has the right to reduce the remuneration fees.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Additional persons are exempted, for example, from expertise, interpreters and travel expenses.

In accordance with the Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No 1493 of 22 December 2009 "Regulations Regarding the Amount of State-ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of Payment, Reimbursable Expenses and the Procedures for Payment Thereof" the State shall pay to the provider of legal aid also for drawing up procedural documents in all kind of legal aid cases and for representation in pre-trial criminal proceedings.

In the Republic of Latvia there is another mechanism - a legal framework that provides for exemptions from payment of court costs granted on the basis of the law by the judge in civil proceedings (Section 43 of the Civil Procedure Law). Besides, the Criminal Procedure Law stipulates which costs, for example, conducting of inspections, shall be assumed by the State. The mentioned regulation is applying to court proceedings and exemptions rules in their respect (for example concerning the expertise costs etc).

In addition, according to the State Ensured Legal Aid Law, in cross-borders cases a person has the right to receive the following: 1) services of an interpreter; 2) translation of documents requested by the court or the competent authority and submitted by the recipient of legal aid, which are necessary for adjudication of the matter; 3) payment of expenses related to the attendance at court sittings, if the presence of the person in court is provided for by the law or if the court requests so, deciding that the relevant person cannot be heard in another way (the Legal Aid Administration makes a decision).

In accordance with the Cabinet of Ministers Regulation No 1493 of 22 December 2009 "Regulations Regarding the Amount of State-ensured Legal Aid, the Amount of Payment, Reimbursable Expenses and the Procedures for Payment Thereof", if legal aid is provided outside the place of practice of the provider of legal aid, his or her travelling (transport) expenses and hotel (accommodation) expenses shall be covered from the State budget. It is relevant for all cases – civil, administrative and criminal. In asylum cases and cases related to foreigners who are obligated to be returned, the responsible institution – the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs or the Legal Aid Administration – shall ensure the communication of the applicant for legal aid with the provider of legal aid, which covers costs of the interpretation services.

Individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

Exceptions are set forth by article 43 of the Civil Procedure Law. According to this provision:

- Fourteen exhaustively enumerated categories of persons shall be exempt from payment of court costs to the State. Different law fields are affected by the regime of exemptions, namely labour law, family law, criminal law, financial law, insolvency matters etc.;
- If a public prosecutor or State or local government institutions or persons who are conferred the right by law, to defend in court other persons' rights and interests protected by law, of other persons in court, withdraws from an application which has been submitted on behalf of another person, but such person demands adjudication of the matter on the merits, the court costs shall be paid in accordance with generally applicable provisions.
- The parties may also be exempted from payment of court costs to the State in other cases provided for by law.
- A court or a judge, upon considering the material situation of a natural person, shall exempt him or her partly or fully from payment of court costs into State revenues, as well as postpone payment of court costs adjudged into State revenues, or divide payment thereof into instalments.
- In claims for dissolution of marriage upon the request of the plaintiff the judge shall postpone payment of State fees or divide payment thereof into instalments if a minor child is in the care of the plaintiff.

Exceptions are regulated with Civil Procedure Law Article 43. (1) The following persons shall be exempt from payment of court costs to the State: 1) plaintiffs – in claims for recovery of remuneration for work and other claims of employees arising from legal employment relations or related to such; 1.1) plaintiffs – in claims arising from agreement on performance of work, if the plaintiff is a person who serves his or her sentence at a place of imprisonment; 2) plaintiffs – in regard to claims arising from personal injuries that result in mutilation or other damage to health, or the death of a person; 3) plaintiffs – in claims for recovery of child or parent support, as well as in claims for determination of paternity, if the action is brought concurrently with the claim for recovery of child support; 3.1) submitters of applications – in regard to recognition or recognition and enforcement of a decision of a foreign country on recovery of child or parent support; 4) plaintiffs – in claims for compensation for financial loss and moral injury resulting from criminal offences; 5) public prosecutors, state or local government institutions and persons who are conferred the right by law to defend the rights, and interests protected by law, of other persons in court; 6) the submitters of applications – in matters regarding restricting the capacity to act of a person due to mental disorders or other health disorders, revising the restriction of capacity to act or restoration of capacity to act; 6.1) the submitters of applications – in regard to establishment and termination of temporary trusteeship; 7) the submitters of applications – in regard to restricting the capacity to act of a person or establishment of trusteeship for a person due to a dissolute or spendthrift lifestyle, as well as excessive use of alcohol or other intoxicating substances; 8) defendants – in matters regarding reduction of child or parent support adjudged by a court, and reduction of such payments as the court has assessed in claims arising from personal injuries resulting in mutilation or other damage to health, or the death of a person; 9.1) the submitters of applications – in matters regarding the unlawful movement of children across borders or detention; 10) administrators – in claims that are brought for the benefit of persons in respect of which insolvency proceedings of a legal person and insolvency proceedings of a natural person have been announced, as well as when submitting an application in a matter regarding insolvency proceedings of a legal person in the case specified in Section 51, Paragraph three of the Insolvency Law; 11) judgment creditors – in execution matters regarding recoveries for payment into State revenues;

11.1) collectors – in execution matters when recovery should be performed according to the uniform instrument permitting enforcement of claims in the requested Member State; 12) tax (fee) administration – in applications in matters regarding insolvency proceedings of a legal person; 13) the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs – in matters regarding revocation of Latvian citizenship; and 14) the State Social Insurance Agency – in matters regarding recovery of financial resources in the State budget in the part regarding overpayment of social insurance services or State social allowances or disbursement of social insurance services or State social allowances due to road traffic accidents. (2) If a public prosecutor or state or local government institutions or persons who are conferred the right by law, to defend in court other persons' rights and interests protected by law, of other persons in court, withdraws from an application which has been submitted on behalf of another person, but such person demands adjudication of the matter on the merits, the court costs shall be paid in accordance with generally applicable provisions. (3) The parties may also be exempted from payment of court costs to the State in other cases provided for by law. (4) A court or a judge, upon considering the material situation of a natural person, shall exempt him or her partly or fully from payment of court costs into State revenues, as well as postpone payment of court costs adjudged into State revenues, or divide payment thereof into instalments. (5) In claims for dissolution of marriage upon the request of the plaintiff the judge shall postpone payment of State fees or divide payment thereof into instalments if a minor child is in the care of the plaintiff.

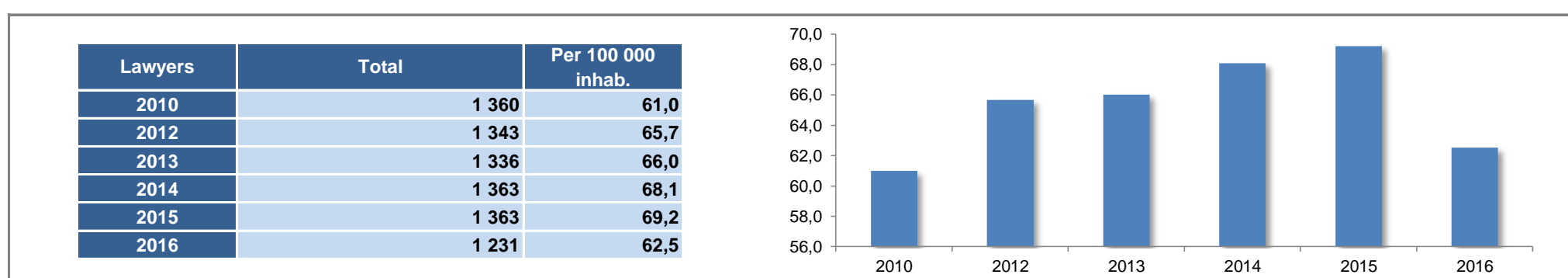
Court fees are calculated according to the Civil Procedure Law (article 34) and the Administrative Procedure Law (article 124). The amount of court fees is calculated taking into account the value of the claim and the type of the claim (claim in divorce cases, application in special procedural cases, claims, which do not have a property nature or cannot be assessed etc.).

Court fees are calculated according to the Civil Procedure Law Article 34 and Administrative Procedure Law Article 124.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 355 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Latvia, in 2016, there are 1 231 lawyers, which is -9,7% less than in 2015.

This data represents 62,5 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

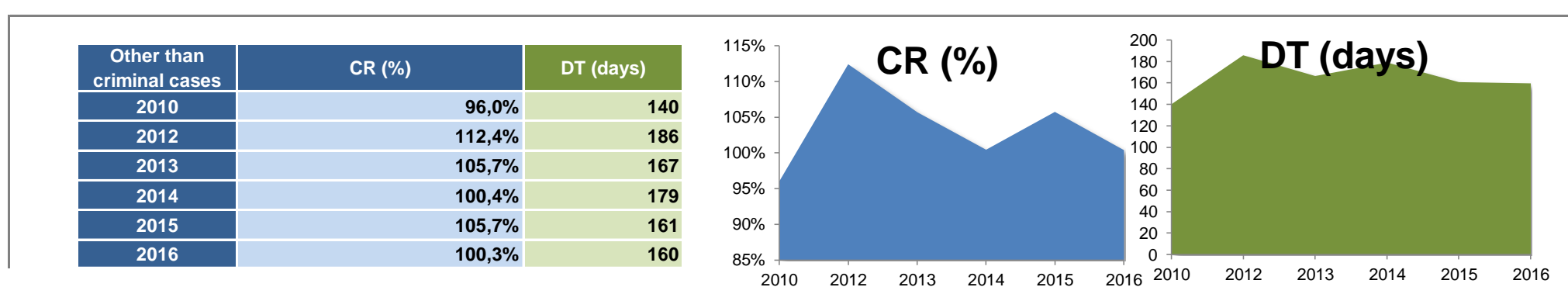
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



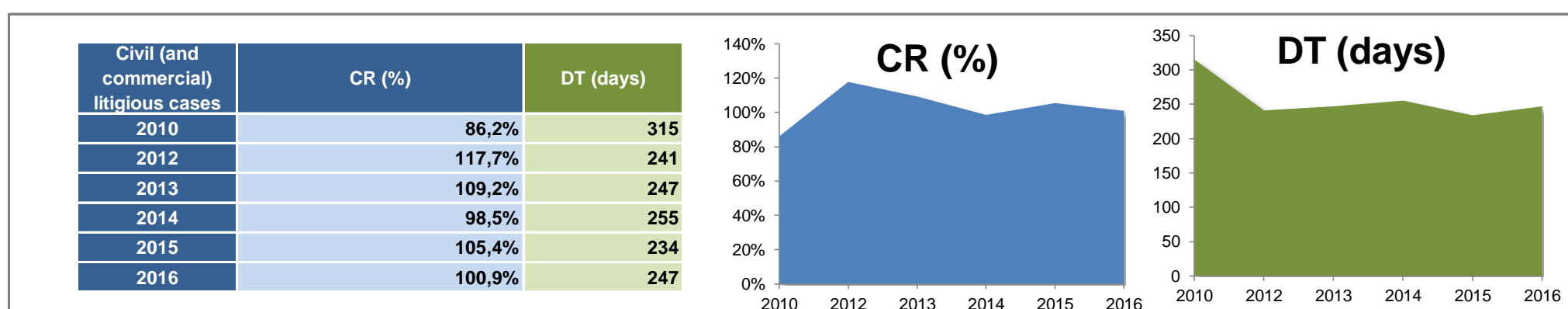
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,3% in 2016, Latvia seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,4 points.

In Latvia, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 160 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,9% in 2016, Latvia seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

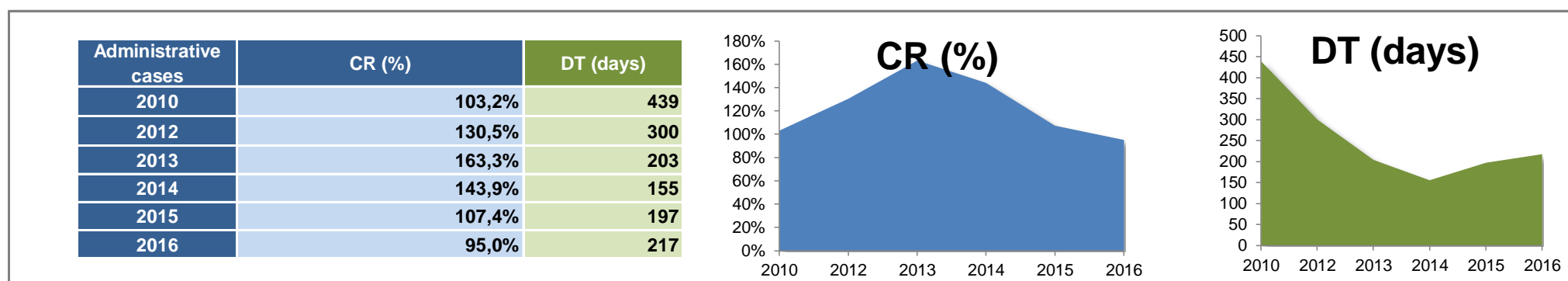
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,5 points.

In Latvia, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 247 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 5,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Latvia, there are civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 0,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,0% in 2016, Latvia seems not capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -12,4 points.

In Latvia, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 217 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 10,1% increase of the Disposition Time.

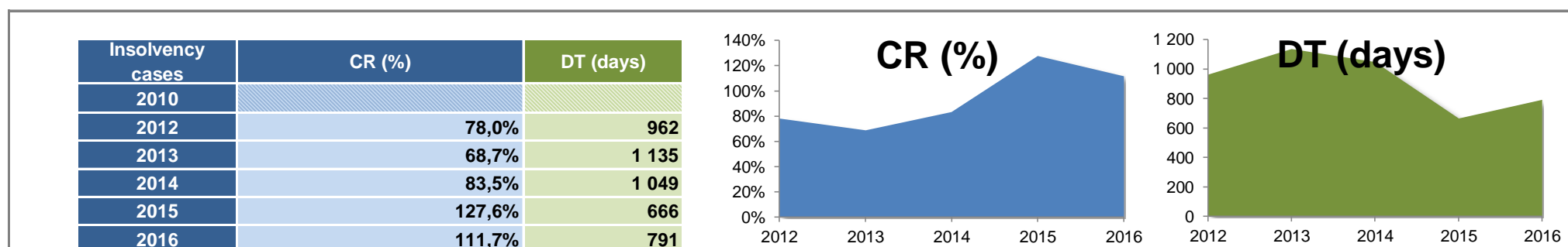
In , there are administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 0,0% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

Within the Court Information System, submissions received in the previous year but registered the next year are considered as incoming cases for the new year. "Non-litigious enforcement cases" and "non-litigious business registry cases" are not defined in the Civil Code and both are not within the competence of courts in the first instance (similar to "non-litigious land registry cases").

The category "civil and commercial non-litigious cases" encompasses: applications for securing claim prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for securing of evidence prior to initiation of the matter in a court; applications for execution of obligations through the court; undisputed compulsory execution of obligations; execution of obligations in accordance with warning procedures; voluntary sale of immovable property at auction through the court; submitting the subject-matter of an obligation for safekeeping in the court; applications for Commercial Court adjudication execution procedures; applications for arbitrary court decision compulsory execution; applications for property protection if there is no inheritance case; applications concerning execution of court adjudications.

Decrease in pending non-litigious cases is due to many resolved cases in 2015.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 111,7% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Latvia seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -15,9 points.

In Latvia, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 791 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 18,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Latvia, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

There are publicly available statistical reports on all courts and cases at <http://tis.ta.gov.lv>

◦ The reporting is less frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

Since 2012 cycle, this category concerns the assessment of the decision stability, i.e. the proportion of decisions appealed in higher instance.

Decision stability (proportion of decisions appealed in higher instance).

In Latvia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The Court Information System of Latvia contains statistical data on court performance which are published in the e-portal (www.tiesas.lv) and regularly analysed by the Court Administration and the Ministry of Justice. The Court Administration summarizes a wide range of parameters of court performance statistics twice a year.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

According to the Law on Judicial Power, a Chief judge of a court shall plan and determine the objectives of the court work in relation to average time periods for adjudication of matters (the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters) prior to the beginning of each calendar year in co-operation with court judges. The standard of time periods for adjudication of matters shall be determined, taking into account the court resources and the necessity to ensure the right of a person to adjudication of a matter in a reasonable time period and in conformity with other basic principles for examination of matters. A Chief Judge of a court shall approve the standard of time periods for adjudication of matters in a court and supervise the actual time periods of examining matters in a court. A Chief Judge of a court shall submit information to the Board of Justice regarding the approved standard of time periods for adjudication of matters until 1 February of each year.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

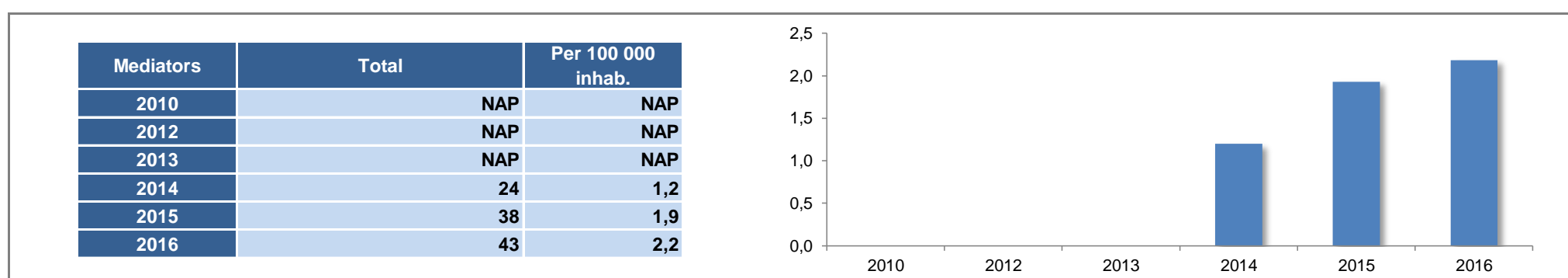
Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

In June 26, 2008 the "Visitors service standards of the district (city) courts and regional courts" were approved. This document summarizes the general principles related to functions such as judicial reception and providing with information. The standards help court staff to raise their professionalism and understand the court visitors servicing values.

The reply is partly "yes" because according to the Law on Judicial Power Section 27.1., a Chief Judge of a court shall plan and determine the objectives of the court work in relation to average time periods for adjudication of matters in a court (standard of time periods for adjudication of matters) prior to the beginning of each calendar year, in co-operation with court judges. This standard shall be determined, taking into account the court resources and the necessity to ensure the right of a person to adjudication of a matter in a reasonable time period and other basic principles related to the guarantee of fair trial. A Chief Judge of a court shall approve the standard and supervise the actual time periods of examining matters in a court. He/she shall submit information to the Board of Justice regarding the approved standard until 1 February of each year. First standards of time periods for adjudication of matters were submitted to the Board of Justice in 2014.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Latvia provides judicial mediation.



In Latvia, in 2016, there are 43 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 2,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 13,2%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

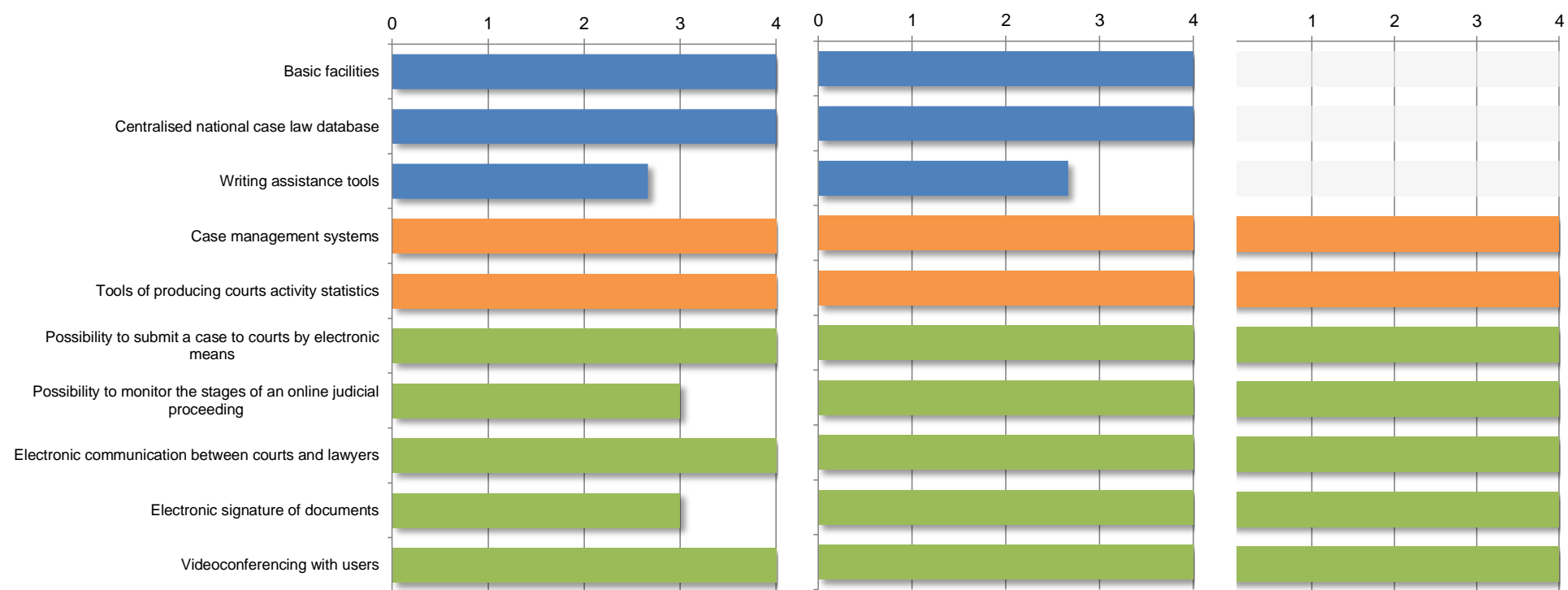
According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Latvia has been evaluated at 10,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7.5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

2014

2015

2016



4. National data collection system

In Latvia, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Court Administration.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Within the scope of European Social Fund co-financed project “Justice for Growth”, the overall performance of the Latvian judicial system is assessed by the CEPEJ. The assessment provides for an independent analysis of the Latvian judicial system, recommendations for possible improvement and modernization. Conclusions will be used as a base for long-term policy planning documents and laws and regulations may be revised. The term for the evaluation is in 2018.

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen in this category.

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	8 096	10 858	11 575	12 065	12 329	12 762	57,6%	13,5%	6,5%	2,2%	3,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	0,70	0,70	0,70	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	36 919 820	44 494 921	48 157 273	51 305 248	53 110 804	53 365 154	44,5%	19,4%	10,3%	3,5%	0,5%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	51 050 079	52 685 854	52 936 937	-	-	-	3,2%	0,5%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	1 159 625	1 691 382	2 035 197	-	-	-	45,9%	20,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 913 545	20 495 958	20 498 625	21 771 366	22 491 558	22 557 706	41,8%	9,7%	9,7%	3,3%	0,3%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	21 393 412	22 478 776	22 533 408	-	-	-	5,1%	0,2%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,1	32,3	34,4	37,3	39,3	39,8	65,5%	22,0%	14,4%	5,4%	1,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	36,8	39,0	39,4	-	-	-	-	0,8%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	0,70	0,70	0,70	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 913 545	20 495 958	20 498 625	21 771 366	22 491 558	22 557 706	41,8%	9,7%	9,7%	3,3%	0,3%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,1	32,3	34,4	37,3	39,3	39,8	65,5%	22,0%	14,4%	5,4%	1,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	36,8	39,0	39,4	-	-	-	6,1%	0,8%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	36 919 820	44 494 921	48 157 273	51 305 248	53 110 804	53 365 154	44,5%	19,4%	10,3%	3,5%	0,5%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	24 194 890	32 592 664	34 728 397	35 971 808	37 726 662	38 010 043	57,1%	15,8%	8,6%	4,9%	0,8%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	1 807 390	1 049 170	1 405 669	2 167 737	1 307 698	1 387 988	-23,2%	24,6%	-7,0%	-39,7%	6,1%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	2 840 282	2 602 683	2 719 912	2 682 038	2 712 514	2 802 714	-1,3%	4,2%	-0,3%	1,1%	3,3%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	6 677 230	7 264 546	7 835 069	9 363 844	9 717 339	9 982 438	49,5%	33,8%	24,0%	3,8%	2,7%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	211 718	249 939	332 224	309 624	334 663	288 054	36,1%	33,9%	0,7%	8,1%	-13,9%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	1 188 310	735 919	1 136 002	810 197	1 311 928	893 917	-24,8%	78,3%	15,5%	61,9%	-31,9%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	24 €	32 €	34 €	37 €	39 €	40 €	65,5%	22,0%	14,4%	5,4%	1,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 913 545	20 495 958	20 498 625	21 771 366	22 491 558	22 557 706	41,8%	9,7%	9,7%	3,3%	0,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	137 747 332	144 823 662	154 007 746	166 768 649	187 009 541	194 261 318	41,0%	29,1%	21,4%	12,1%	3,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	36 919 820	44 494 921	48 157 273	51 305 248	53 110 804	53 365 154	44,5%	19,4%	10,3%	3,5%	0,5%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	36 919 820	44 494 921	48 157 273	51 305 248	53 110 804	53 365 154	0 €	19,4%	10,3%	3,5%	0,5%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	1 807 390	1 049 170	1 405 669	2 167 737	1 307 698	1 387 988	0 €	24,6%	-7,0%	-39,7%	6,1%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	15 913 545	20 495 958	20 498 625	21 771 366	22 491 558	22 557 706	41,8%	9,7%	9,7%	3,3%	0,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	36 919 820	44 494 921	48 157 273	51 305 248	53 110 804	53 365 154	44,5%	19,4%	10,3%	3,5%	0,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	17 650 016	16 573 777	-	16 697 327	14 460 678	14 460 678	-18,1%	-12,7%	-	-13,4%	0,0%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	Law Article 125	-	Law Article 124.	ure Law Article 124.	ire Law Article 124.	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	34	34	34	34	28	28	-17,6%	-17,6%	-17,6%	-17,6%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	1	1	1	1	5	1	0,0%	400,0%	400,0%	400,0%	-80,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	48	48	48	48	49	42	-12,5%	2,1%	2,1%	2,1%	-14,3%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	1	1	1	1	5	1	0,0%	400,0%	400,0%	400,0%	-80,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	1	1	1	1	5	1	0,0%	400,0%	400,0%	400,0%	-80,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 345	48 647	41 425	35 793	36 604	32 453	-23,4%	-24,8%	-11,6%	2,3%	-11,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 177	42 051	33 818	30 395	30 867	28 588	-8,3%	-26,6%	-8,7%	1,6%	-7,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4 213	4 186	2 647	-	-	-	-0,6%	-36,8%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5 606	3 438	3 185	4 213	4 186	2 647	-52,8%	21,8%	31,4%	-0,6%	-36,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	5 562	5 496	4 422	2 510	1 551	1 218	-78,1%	-71,8%	-64,9%	-38,2%	-21,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	128 372	72 547	76 869	71 939	69 946	73 284	-42,9%	-3,6%	-9,0%	-2,8%	4,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	51 466	44 106	40 747	45 127	42 425	41 381	-19,6%	-3,8%	4,1%	-6,0%	-2,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 691	25 152	29 542	-	-	-	-12,3%	17,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	72 538	29 068	33 257	28 691	25 152	29 542	-59,3%	-13,5%	-24,4%	-12,3%	17,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 368	3 989	2 865	2 387	2 369	2 361	-45,9%	-40,6%	-17,3%	-0,8%	-0,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	123 275	81 520	81 225	72 254	73 941	73 532	-40,4%	-9,3%	-9,0%	2,3%	-0,6%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	44 372	51 930	44 500	44 438	44 697	41 752	-5,9%	-13,9%	0,4%	0,6%	-6,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 718	26 699	29 536	-	-	-	-7,0%	10,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	74 396	29 483	32 046	28 718	26 699	29 536	-60,3%	-9,4%	-16,7%	-7,0%	10,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 507	5 205	4 679	3 436	2 545	2 244	-50,2%	-51,1%	-45,6%	-25,9%	-11,8%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	47 442	41 530	37 069	35 478	32 609	32 205	-32,1%	-21,5%	-12,0%	-8,1%	-1,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 271	34 227	30 065	31 084	28 595	28 217	-26,3%	-16,5%	-4,9%	-8,0%	-1,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4 186	2 639	2 653	-	-	-	-37,0%	0,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 748	3 023	4 396	4 186	2 639	2 653	-29,2%	-12,7%	-40,0%	-37,0%	0,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	AP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	5 423	4 280	2 608	1 461	1 375	1 335	-75,4%	-67,9%	-47,3%	-5,9%	-2,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,0%	112,4%	105,7%	100,4%	105,7%	100,3%	4,5%	-5,9%	0,0%	5,3%	-5,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	86,2%	117,7%	109,2%	98,5%	105,4%	100,9%	17,0%	-10,5%	-3,5%	7,0%	-4,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	100,1%	106,2%	100,0%	-	-	-	6,1%	-5,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,6%	101,4%	96,4%	100,1%	106,2%	100,0%	-2,5%	4,7%	10,2%	6,1%	-5,8%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	103,2%	130,5%	163,3%	143,9%	107,4%	95,0%	-7,9%	-17,7%	-34,2%	-25,4%	-11,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	140	186	167	179	161	160	13,8%	-13,4%	-3,4%	-10,2%	-0,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	315	241	247	255	234	247	-21,6%	-2,9%	-5,3%	-8,5%	5,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	53	36	33	-	-	-	-32,2%	-9,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	18	37	50	53	36	33	78,3%	-3,6%	-27,9%	-32,2%	-9,1%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	439	300	203	155	197	217	-50,6%	-34,3%	-3,1%	27,1%	10,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	2847	1 905	1 649	1 454	1 543	1 512	-46,9%	-19,0%	-6,4%	6,1%	-2,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	317	994	779	599	544	397	25,2%	-45,3%	-30,2%	-9,2%	-27,0%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	4 825	5 402	6 328	6 158	6 158	-	27,6%	14,0%	-2,7%	0,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	5232	2 389	2 098	2 035	1 896	1 916	-63,4%	-20,6%	-9,6%	-6,8%	1,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	446	549	575	557	463	462	3,6%	-15,7%	-19,5%	-16,9%	-0,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	2 626	2 961	2 832	2 646	2 429	-	0,8%	-10,6%	-6,6%	-8,2%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	5482	2 645	2 293	1 968	1 927	1 909	-65,2%	-27,1%	-16,0%	-2,1%	-0,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	559	764	755	622	610	538	-3,8%	-20,2%	-19,2%	-1,9%	-11,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	2 049	2 035	2 364	3 376	2 712	-	64,8%	65,9%	42,8%	-19,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	2597	1 649	1 454	1 521	1 512	1 519	-41,5%	-8,3%	4,0%	-0,6%	0,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	204	779	599	534	397	321	57,4%	-49,0%	-33,7%	-25,7%	-19,1%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	5 402	6 328	6 796	6 158	5 875	-	14,0%	-2,7%	-9,4%	-4,6%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	104,8%	110,7%	109,3%	96,7%	101,6%	99,6%	-4,9%	-8,2%	-7,0%	5,1%	-2,0%
CR Employment dismissal cases	125,3%	139,2%	131,3%	111,7%	131,7%	116,5%	-7,1%	-5,3%	0,3%	18,0%	-11,6%
CR Insolvency cases	-	78,0%	68,7%	83,5%	127,6%	111,7%	-	63,5%	85,6%	52,8%	-12,5%
DT Litigious divorce cases	173	228	231	282	286	290	68,0%	25,9%	23,7%	1,5%	1,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	133	372	290	313	238	218	63,5%	-36,2%	-18,0%	-24,2%	-8,3%
DT Insolvency cases	-	962	1 135	1 049	666	791	-	-30,8%	-41,3%	-36,6%	18,8%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5687	5819	5 567	4 449	3 152	3 101	-	-	-43,4%	-29,2%	-1,6%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 713	2 336	2 939	2 362	1 251	1 652	-39,1%	-46,4%	-57,4%	-47,0%	32,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	14	23	14	-	-	-	64,3%	-39,1%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	7	2	17	1	1	14	100,0%	-50,0%	-94,1%	0,0%	1300,0%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	13	22	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	13	22	NAP	-	-	-	69,2%	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	2	31	12	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1 546	2 188	2 559	1 986	1 878	1 435	-7,2%	-14,2%	-26,6%	-5,4%	-23,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	232	60	40	87	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 410	9 700	8 913	7 553	6 897	6 965	-26,0%	-28,9%	-22,6%	-8,7%	1,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 560	4 603	5 820	5 180	5 504	5 719	25,4%	19,6%	-5,4%	6,3%	3,9%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	147	95	6	-	-	-	-35,4%	-93,7%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	44	13	160	11	4	6	-86,4%	-69,2%	-97,5%	-63,6%	50,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	136	91	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	136	91	NAP	-	-	-	-33,1%	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	157	182	142	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2 724	2 761	2 510	1 909	1 388	1 240	-54,5%	-49,7%	-44,7%	-27,3%	-10,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	281	374	281	317	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 017	10 052	9 946	7 539	6 939	7 209	-20,1%	-31,0%	-30,2%	-8,0%	3,9%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 408	5 083	6 291	5 246	5 910	5 507	24,9%	16,3%	-6,1%	12,7%	-6,8%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	148	110	4	-	-	-	-25,7%	-96,4%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	46	15	157	11	11	4	-91,3%	-26,7%	-93,0%	0,0%	-63,6%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	137	99	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	137	99	NAP	-	-	-	-27,7%	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	153	201	141	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	2 608	2 478	3 123	1 931	1 889	1 698	-34,9%	-23,8%	-39,5%	-2,2%	-10,1%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	288	394	234	214	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 080	5 467	4 509	4 463	3 101	2 857	-53,0%	-43,3%	-31,2%	-30,5%	-7,9%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 865	1 856	2 443	2 296	1 652	1 864	-34,9%	-11,0%	-32,4%	-28,0%	12,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	13	14	16	-	-	-	7,7%	14,3%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	0	20	1	0	16	220,0%	-	-100,0%	-100,0%	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	12	14	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	12	14	NAP	-	-	-	16,7%	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	6	12	13	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	1 662	2 471	1 946	1 964	1 435	977	-41,2%	-41,9%	-26,3%	-26,9%	-31,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	225	40	87	190	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,8%	103,6%	111,6%	99,8%	100,6%	103,5%	8,0%	-2,9%	-9,8%	0,8%	2,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	96,7%	110,4%	108,1%	101,3%	107,4%	96,3%	-0,4%	-2,8%	-0,7%	6,0%	-10,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	100,7%	115,8%	66,7%	-	-	-	15,0%	-42,4%

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,5%	115,4%	98,1%	100,0%	275,0%	66,7%	-36,2%	138,3%	180,3%	175,0%	-75,8%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	100,7%	108,8%	NAP	-	-	-	8,0%	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	100,7%	108,8%	NAP	-	-	-	8,0%	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	97,5%	110,4%	99,3%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	95,7%	89,8%	124,4%	101,2%	136,1%	136,9%	43,0%	51,6%	9,4%	34,5%	0,6%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	102,5%	105,3%	83,3%	67,5%	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	246	199	165	216	163	145	-41,2%	-17,8%	-1,4%	-24,5%	-11,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	237	133	142	160	102	124	-47,9%	-23,4%	-28,0%	-36,1%	21,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	32	46	1460	-	-	-	44,9%	3042,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	40	0	46	33	0	1460	3580,0%	-	-100,0%	-100,0%	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	32	52	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	32	52	NAP	-	-	-	61,4%	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	14	22	34	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	233	364	227	371	277	210	-9,7%	-23,8%	21,9%	-25,3%	-24,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	285	37	136	324	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	874	1 180	-	2 195	2 590	NA	-	119,5%	-	18,0%	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1 852	2 085	1 644	-	-	-	12,6%	-21,2%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	25	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	11	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	14	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	14	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	256	NA	-	318	505	671	162,1%	-	-	58,8%	32,9%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2349	1 576	-	2 801	2 646	NA	-	67,9%	-	-5,5%	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1 594	1 420	1 568	-	-	-	-10,9%	10,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	44	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	4	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	40	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	40	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	956	NA	-	1 163	1 226	1 116	16,7%	-	-	5,4%	-9,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2075	1 274	-	2 385	2 957	NA	-	132,1%	-	24,0%	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1 361	1 825	2 282	-	-	-	34,1%	25,0%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	48	72	71	-	-	-	50,0%	-1,4%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	14	36	64	-	-	-	157,1%	77,8%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	34	26	NAP	-	-	-	-23,5%	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	34	26	NA	-	-	-	-23,5%	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	28	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	10	7	-	-	-	-	-30,0%
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	911	NA	-	976	1 060	1 027	12,7%	-	-	8,6%	-3,1%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	0	69	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1176	1 482	-	2 609	2 315	NA	-	56,2%	-	-11,3%	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	2 085	1 644	957	-	-	-	-21,2%	-41,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	19	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	1	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	18	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	18	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	301	NA	-	505	671	760	152,5%	-	-	32,9%	13,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	0	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	88,3%	80,8%	-	85,1%	111,8%	NA	-	38,2%	-	31,2%	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	85,4%	128,5%	145,5%	-	-	-	50,5%	13,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	109,1%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	350,0%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	85,0%	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	85,0%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	95,3%	NA	-	83,9%	86,5%	92,0%	-3,4%	-	-	3,0%	6,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	207	425	-	399	286	NA	-	-32,7%	-	-28,4%	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	559	329	153	-	-	-	-41,2%	-53,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	144	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	26	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	193	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	193	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	121	NA	-	189	231	270	124,0%	-	-	22,3%	16,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	42 345	48 647	41 425	35 793	36 604	32 453	-23,4%	-24,8%	-11,6%	2,3%	-11,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 177	42 051	33 818	30 395	30 867	28 588	-8,3%	-26,6%	-8,7%	1,6%	-7,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4 213	4 186	2 647	-	-	-	-0,6%	-36,8%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5 606	3 438	3 185	4 213	4 186	2 647	-52,8%	21,8%	31,4%	-0,6%	-36,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	5 562	5 496	4 422	2 510	1 551	1 218	-78,1%	-71,8%	-64,9%	-38,2%	-21,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	128 372	72 547	76 869	71 939	69 946	73 284	-42,9%	-3,6%	-9,0%	-2,8%	4,8%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	51 466	44 106	40 747	45 127	42 425	41 381	-19,6%	-3,8%	4,1%	-6,0%	-2,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 691	25 152	29 542	-	-	-	-12,3%	17,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	72 538	29 068	33 257	28 691	25 152	29 542	-59,3%	-13,5%	-24,4%	-12,3%	17,5%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 368	3 989	2 865	2 387	2 369	2 361	-45,9%	-40,6%	-17,3%	-0,8%	-0,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	123 275	81 520	81 225	72 254	73 941	73 532	-40,4%	-9,3%	-9,0%	2,3%	-0,6%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	44 372	51 930	44 500	44 438	44 697	41 752	-5,9%	-13,9%	0,4%	0,6%	-6,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28 718	26 699	29 536	-	-	-	-7,0%	10,6%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	74 396	29 483	32 046	28 718	26 699	29 536	-60,3%	-9,4%	-16,7%	-7,0%	10,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	4 507	5 205	4 679	3 436	2 545	2 244	-50,2%	-51,1%	-45,6%	-25,9%	-11,8%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	47 442	41 530	37 069	35 478	32 609	32 205	-32,1%	-21,5%	-12,0%	-8,1%	-1,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	38 271	34 227	30 065	31 084	28 595	28 217	-26,3%	-16,5%	-4,9%	-8,0%	-1,3%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4 186	2 639	2 653	-	-	-	-37,0%	0,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	3 748	3 023	4 396	4 186	2 639	2 653	-29,2%	-12,7%	-40,0%	-37,0%	0,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	AP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	5 423	4 280	2 608	1 461	1 375	1 335	-75,4%	-67,9%	-47,3%	-5,9%	-2,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	No	No	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	770 366	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	72 619	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	1 159 625	1 691 382	2 035 197	-	-	-	45,9%	20,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	842 985	962 294	962 294	1 650 291	1 863 989	2 514 338	198,3%	93,7%	93,7%	12,9%	34,9%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	770 366	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	72 619	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ormation system	t information system	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	ormation system	t information system	information system	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ther custom systems	er custom systems	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	ēma manas.tiesas.lv	na manas.tiesas.lv	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	s information system	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	s information system	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	s information system	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	24	38	43	-	-	-	58,3%	13,2%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	472	439	481	488	493	503	6,6%	12,3%	2,5%	1,0%	2,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	298	263	298	307	310	313	5,0%	17,9%	4,0%	1,0%	1,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	125	126	133	134	136	143	14,4%	7,9%	2,3%	1,5%	5,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	49	50	50	47	47	47	-4,1%	-6,0%	-6,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	115	101	113	111	180	110	-4,3%	78,2%	59,3%	62,2%	-38,9%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	65	47	59	62	62	60	-7,7%	31,9%	5,1%	0,0%	-3,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	27	31	31	31	33	35	29,6%	6,5%	6,5%	6,5%	6,1%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	23	23	23	18	15	15	-34,8%	-34,8%	-34,8%	-16,7%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	357	338	368	377	313	393	10,1%	-7,4%	-14,9%	-17,0%	25,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	233	216	239	245	248	253	8,6%	14,8%	3,8%	1,2%	2,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	98	95	102	103	103	108	10,2%	8,4%	1,0%	0,0%	4,9%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	26	27	27	29	32	32	23,1%	18,5%	18,5%	10,3%	0,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 601	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	-1,2%	-5,5%	-4,7%	-3,7%	4,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 082	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	-1,0%	-4,2%	-4,5%	-2,5%	2,6%

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	354	351	347	354	323	355	0,3%	-8,0%	-6,9%	-8,8%	9,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	160	160	147	144	141	142	-11,3%	-11,9%	-4,1%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	5	7	7	9	11	14	180,0%	57,1%	57,1%	22,2%	27,3%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	136	110	128	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	67	65	65	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	36	16	34	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	30	18	26	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3	11	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	-	-	-3,5%	-2,3%	3,2%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	-	-	-4,8%	-2,5%	2,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	311	318	307	321	-	-	-1,3%	-3,5%	4,6%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	118	114	123	116	-	-	4,2%	7,9%	-5,7%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	3	6	0	11	-	-	-100,0%	-100,0%	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	472	439	481	488	493	503	6,6%	12,3%	2,5%	1,0%	2,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	298	263	298	307	310	313	5,0%	17,9%	4,0%	1,0%	1,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	125	126	133	134	136	143	14,4%	7,9%	2,3%	1,5%	5,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	49	50	50	47	47	47	-4,1%	-6,0%	-6,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	115	101	113	111	180	110	-4,3%	78,2%	59,3%	62,2%	-38,9%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	65	47	59	62	62	60	-7,7%	31,9%	5,1%	0,0%	-3,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	27	31	31	31	33	35	29,6%	6,5%	6,5%	6,5%	6,1%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	23	23	23	18	15	15	-34,8%	-34,8%	-34,8%	-16,7%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	357	338	368	377	313	393	10,1%	-7,4%	-14,9%	-17,0%	25,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	233	216	239	245	248	253	8,6%	14,8%	3,8%	1,2%	2,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	98	95	102	103	103	108	10,2%	8,4%	1,0%	0,0%	4,9%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	26	27	27	29	32	32	23,1%	18,5%	18,5%	10,3%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 601	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	-1,2%	-5,5%	-4,7%	-3,7%	4,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 082	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	-1,0%	-4,2%	-4,5%	-2,5%	2,6%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	354	351	347	354	323	355	0,3%	-8,0%	-6,9%	-8,8%	9,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	160	160	147	144	141	142	-11,3%	-11,9%	-4,1%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	5	7	7	9	11	14	180,0%	57,1%	57,1%	22,2%	27,3%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	136	110	128	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	67	65	65	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	36	16	34	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	30	18	26	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3	11	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	-	-	-3,5%	-2,3%	3,2%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	-	-	-4,8%	-2,5%	2,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	311	318	307	321	-	-	-1,3%	-3,5%	4,6%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	118	114	123	116	-	-	4,2%	7,9%	-5,7%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	3	6	0	11	-	-	-100,0%	-100,0%	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Latvia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 360	1 343	1 336	1 363	1 363	1 231	-9,5%	1,5%	2,0%	0,0%	-9,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 229 600	2 044 813	2 023 825	2 001 468	1 969 000	1 968 957	-11,7%	-3,7%	-2,7%	-1,6%	0,0%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 360	1 343	1 336	1 363	1 363	1 231	-9,5%	1,5%	2,0%	0,0%	-9,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	1 601	1 608	1 594	1 578	1 519	1 582	-1,2%	-5,5%	-4,7%	-3,7%	4,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 082	1 090	1 093	1 071	1 044	1 071	-1,0%	-4,2%	-4,5%	-2,5%	2,6%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	354	351	347	354	323	355	0,3%	-8,0%	-6,9%	-8,8%	9,9%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	160	160	147	144	141	142	-11,3%	-11,9%	-4,1%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	5	7	7	9	11	14	180,0%	57,1%	57,1%	22,2%	27,3%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	136	110	128	-	-	-	-19,1%	16,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	67	65	65	-	-	-	-3,0%	0,0%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	36	16	34	-	-	-	-55,6%	112,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	30	18	26	-	-	-	-40,0%	44,4%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	3	11	3	-	-	-	266,7%	-72,7%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	1 460	1 442	1 409	1 454	-	-	-3,5%	-2,3%	3,2%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	1 028	1 004	979	1 006	-	-	-4,8%	-2,5%	2,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	311	318	307	321	-	-	-1,3%	-3,5%	4,6%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	118	114	123	116	-	-	4,2%	7,9%	-5,7%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	3	6	0	11	-	-	-100,0%	-100,0%	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Lithuania (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-5,2%	-3,2%	-2,5%	-1,4%
GDP per capita	8 378 €	11 025 €	11 707 €	12 381 €	12 780 €	13 468 €	60,8%	15,9%	9,2%	3,2%	5,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	3,45280	3,45280	3,45280	3,45280		NAP	NAP				NAP

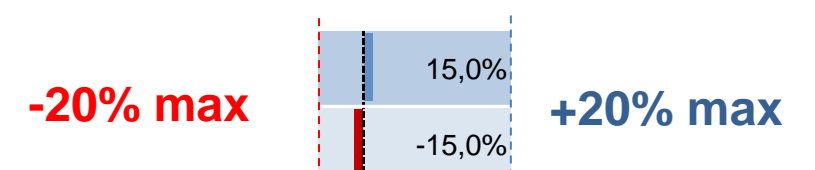
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	15,6	17,7	18,0	21,6	24,8	26,1	67,3%	40,3%	44,4%	20,9%	5,0%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	25,9	27,9	28,2	33,4	36,8	40,3	55,5%	32,1%	42,6%	20,8%	9,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	23,9	25,6	26,2	25,8	26,4	27,3	14,2%	3,2%	4,2%	5,8%	3,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	81,9	87,2	88,4	89,3	94,5	96,2	17,5%	8,4%	8,8%	7,8%	1,8%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				10,0	9,0	9,0				-10,0%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	6,2	3,6	3,6	4,0	3,6	4,4	-29,4%	-0,6%	-2,0%	-10,3%	23,2%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	2,6	2,9	2,8	3,1	2,9	NA	21,3%	8,9%	10,8%	-8,7%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,237	0,3	0,6	0,489	0,586	0,524	121,3%	118,1%	-3,8%	19,9%	-10,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	101%	99%	97%	102%	98%	-0,03	0,02	0,04	0,05	-0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	100%	99%	101%	100%	99%		0,00	0,01	-0,01	-0,01
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	83%	98%	65%	89%	100%	144%	0,73	0,02	0,52	0,12	0,45

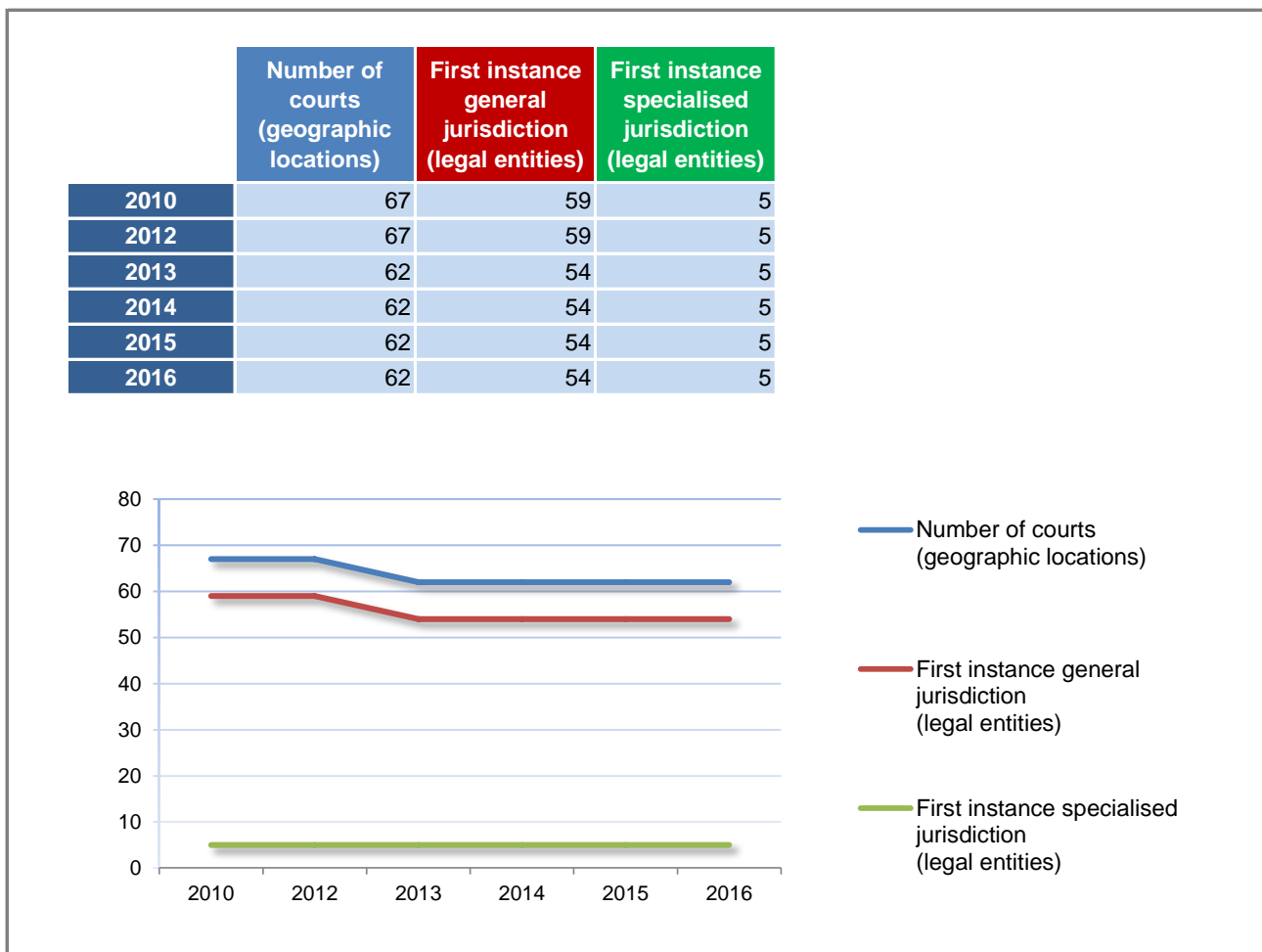
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	55	88	94	97	96	88	59,0%	8,9%	1,8%	-1,8%	-8,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	5	8	3	2	4		-67,4%	-80,5%	-48,2%	137,0%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	160	144	290	310	236	72	-54,7%	63,3%	-18,9%	-24,0%	-69,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,0	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,0	1,0	8,4%	19,8%	12,3%	0,5%	8,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	NA	-60,5%	-78,5%	-43,1%	114,5%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,1	73,4%	262,1%	18,9%	1,6%	-60,2%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

As regional courts of Lithuania function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), for 2016, the number of these courts is also included in the number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction. In Lithuania there are 54 first instance court of general jurisdiction and 5 specialised first instance courts.



Specialised courts	
Total	5
Administrative courts	5

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 74 237 182 €

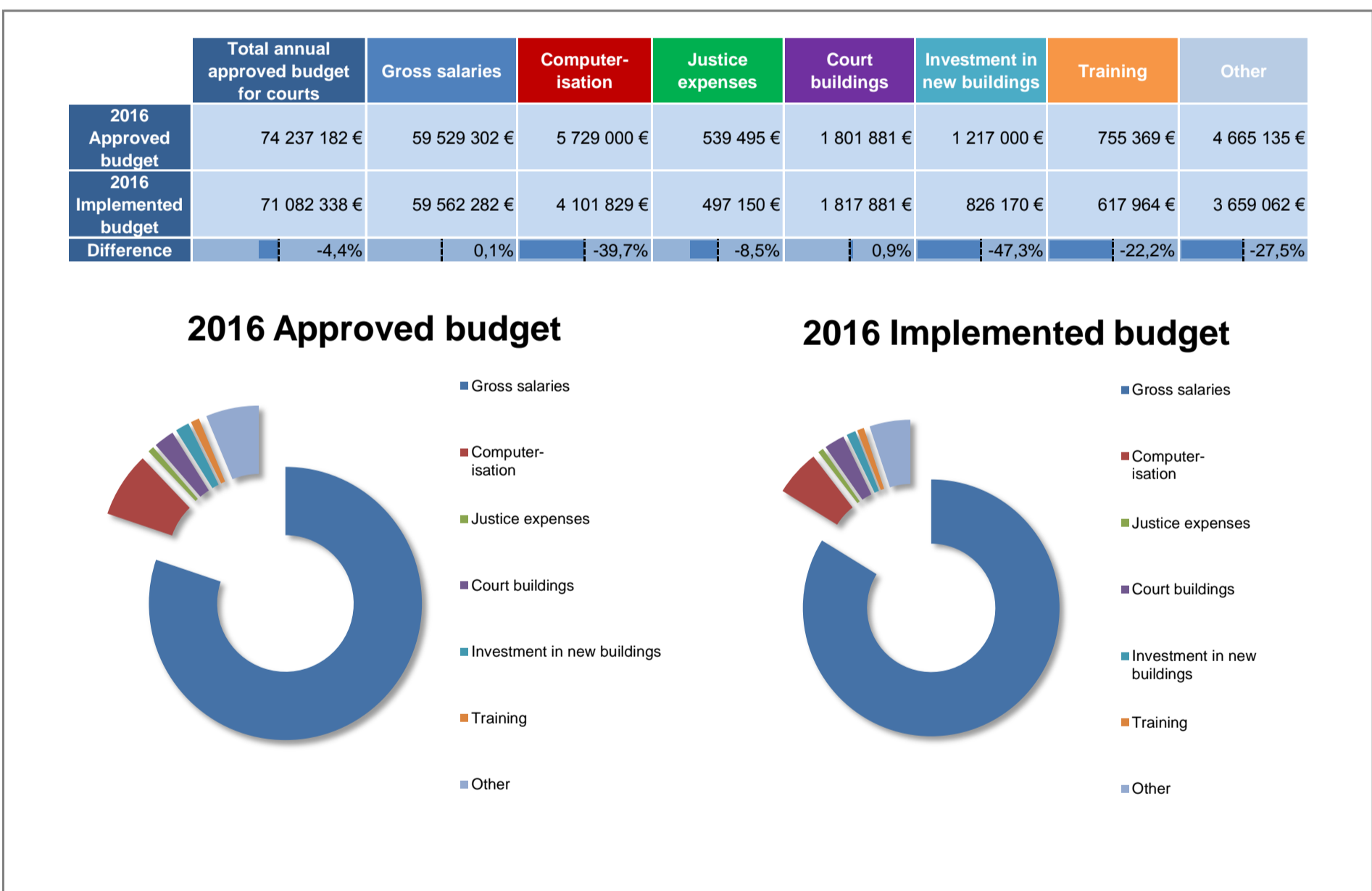
Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 26,1 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (59 529 302 €)
- Computerisation (5 729 000 €)
- Other (4 665 135 €)

It should be noted, that data on the budget of courts for years of 2010-2014 include the budget of all courts together with the part of the budget of the National Courts Administration intended for courts. Data on the budget of courts for years of 2012-2014 was provided according to the same methodology, but for 2010 the methodology may differ. All the issues regarding the increase in the budget for 2014 are related to the end of the crisis in Lithuania. Gradually the budget, which has been reduced in 2009-2010, is re-established. Besides, in 2012-2013 the National Courts Administration took from the Ministry of Justice the authority/functions in providing the courts with property, implementing investment projects for court buildings, training of judges. Accordingly, in the data of recent years we could take into account financing of courts in all these spheres. As the budget, related to the property, needed for courts, investments in court buildings was part of the budget of the Ministry of Justice in 2010-2011, the National Courts Administration did not have data of this budget. Besides, since 2013, data on budget of courts is more precise, because a new system of accounting was established in courts and the National Courts Administration, which provides with the possibility to analyse data on courts budget according to the CEPEJ inquiry.

Taxes related to the salaries (social insurance) paid by employer are included in 1. Finances for 2 (computerisation), for 5 (investment in new buildings), also partly for 3 (expertise), 4 (building repair), 6 (training) are allocated to the budget of the National Courts Administration. "Other" includes other finances for expenses of the courts (telecommunications, post, transport, paper, etc.). The National Courts Administration is implementing programme dedicated to the courts, financed by Norway funds. That hugely influences budgets for 2 (computerisation), 6 (training) and 7 (security devices) in 2016. The approved and implemented budget may differ because of the public procurement procedures.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 114 700 187 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 40,3 €

The budget per capita (40,3 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Lithuania belongs to the group of European States with lower degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 9,3%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 214 590 000 €

The data is presented according to the Law on the approval of State and municipal budget financial rates for 2016 (Law of 10th December, 2015 No. XII-2161):

- Courts' (excluding the budget of National Courts Administration for computerisation, investment in new buildings, expertise, building repair, trainings, which is included in the budget item of National Courts Administration) : budget approved is 63 983 000 (budget specified - 64 215 400, implemented 64 181 700).

- Public prosecution services: budget approved is 34 944 000 (budget specified - 34 962 800, implemented 34 948 500).

- Ministry of Justice :budget approved is 30 510 000 (budget specified - 30 722 700, implemented 27 530 700).The budget for secondary legal aid is included in the budget of the Ministry of Justice. The budget for whole justice system as presented does not include budget for primary legal aid.

The Ministry of Justice implemented less budget because of the economy of the salaries in the subordinate institutions(change of the staff, free vacancies, illness), economy of the budget for the goods and services, for the acquisition of long-term assets, for the repair of premises, decreased workload of the advocates providing secondary legal aid.

- Prison system: budget approved is 69 302 000 (budget specified - 69 526 600, implemented 66 477 500). The discrepancies arise because of the public procurement procedures.

- The Constitutional Court: budget approved is 2 019 000 (budget specified - 2 022 600, implemented 2 018 300). The Constitutional Court implemented less budget than approved because the budget for investment was not implemented at the whole scale.

- The National Courts Administration: budget approved is 13 832 000 (budget specified - 34 962 800, implemented 10 521 900). The difference arises because not all the LITEKO services were acquired, the public procurement procedures prolonged, not all the budget for investments was implemented.

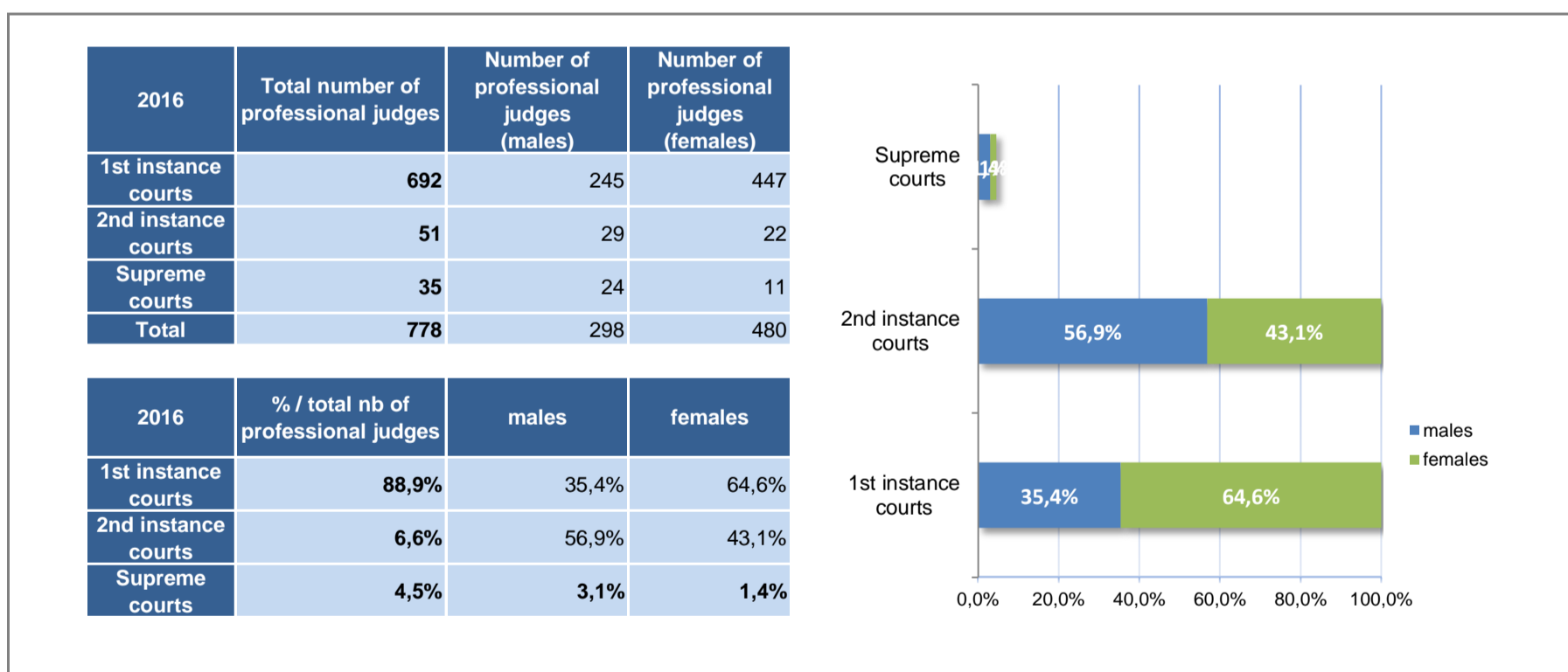
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Constitutionnal court
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

For the last three exercises, the category "other" encompasses the National Courts Administration.

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Lithuania is 778 which is 2,1% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Lithuania, in 2016, there are 26,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,5 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,6 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 480 which represents 61,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 692 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 447 are female) ; 51 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 22 are female) and 35 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 11 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that this data reflects the peculiarities of the Lithuanian court system. Namely, as the regional courts function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), the number of judges of these courts is included in the 1st section. Accordingly, the latter indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) the number of judges of this court is encompassed in the 2nd section. The latter indicates the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania. The 3rd section indicates the number of judges of the Supreme Court of Lithuania.

In Lithuania, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: No training offered
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: No training offered

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	2 656	0	1 211	704	426	315
2012	2 619	NAP	1 348	776	425	70
2013	2 602	NAP	1 358	733	428	83
2014	2 608	NAP	1 369	801	353	85
2015	2 729	NAP	1 475	816	350	88
2016	2 740	NAP	1 526	855	272	87

In Lithuania, in 2016, there are 2 740 non-judge staff (among which NA females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 1 526 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (the number related to non-judge staff women is not available);
- 855 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (the number encompassing women for this category is r
- 272 technical staff (the number encompassing women for this category is not available);
- 87 other staff, such as court interpreters, (the number encompassing women for this category is not available);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 93,4 in 2015 to 94,9 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 26,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 27,3 in 2016.

The category "other" includes for all of the last four exercises translators. For 2014, it also subsumes five court psychologists, while for 2010 it encompasses also other helping staff (civil servants and working under the labour agreement).

Other non-judge staff also includes translators and psychologists.

In 2016, the number of technical staff has decreased while at the same time increasing the number of staff for assistance.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 5 500 227 € (1,9 € per capita).

In Lithuania, two types of legal aid are ensured. On the one hand, primary legal aid comprises the delivering of legal information, legal advice (consultations), drafting of documents to be submitted to State and municipal institutions, with the exception of procedural documents, advice on out-of-court settlement of a dispute, actions for amicable settlement of a dispute and drafting of a settlement agreement.

On the other hand, secondary legal aid comprises preparation of documents, defence and representation in courts, including the process of enforcement, representation in preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (e.g. settlement of a dispute in the Labour disputes commission).

In Lithuania legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

The costs of secondary legal aid cover the costs of the execution process (Article 2, part 1 of the Law on Legal Aid). However, the costs incurred by the debtor in the execution process are not covered.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

The costs of secondary legal aid from which the applicant is exempted are: litigation costs incurred in civil proceedings, the costs incurred in administrative proceedings, the costs related to the hearing of a civil action brought in a criminal matter, the costs related to defence and representation in court (including the appeal and cassation proceedings, irrespective of the initiator) as well as the costs of the execution process, the costs related to the drafting of procedural documents and collection of evidence, interpretation, representation in the event of preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (Article 14, part 2 of the Law on Legal Aid). The costs of state-guaranteed legal aid cover also the costs of interpretation of communication between the lawyer and the applicant where, in the cases provided for in treaties of the Republic of Lithuania, it is impossible to ensure that a person providing state-guaranteed legal aid communicates with the applicant in the language which the latter understands (Article 14, part 10 of the Law on Legal Aid).

Where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by an applicant are borne by the State-guarantee legal aid service (Article 20, part 2 of the Law on Legal Aid).

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The Code of Civil Procedure enumerates categories of persons to be exempted from payment of court costs. Different law fields are affected by the regime of exemptions, namely labour, family, criminal, procedural, financial, bankruptcy law and other cases provided for by the law. The court, while taking into consideration the person's material situation, shall be entitled by means of summary proceedings to release him in part from the payment of the official fee at the request of the person. A petition to release a person in part from the payment of the official fee must be reasoned. Proof confirming the grounds of the request must be annexed to the petition. The court ruling concerning this petition must be reasoned.

According to Article 83(1) of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Republic of Lithuania there are 14 subjects to be released from the payment of the stamp duty (court fee) in cases which are heard by a court.

For instance:

- 1) employees in cases concerning all claims arising from the legal relationships of employment and consumers in cases concerning unfair terms of consumer contracts;
- 2) plaintiffs in cases concerning compensation of material and non-material damages, connected with an incident of harm to a person's health, the loss of his life in an accident at work, or a professional illness;
- 3) a prosecutor, State and municipal institutions, other persons when a claim or petition is lodged in order to defend public, State and/or municipal interests in that part of a case, in which it is sought to defend a public, State and/or municipal interest;
- 4) spouses when lodging petitions to dissolve a marriage by mutual consent and on petition of one of the spouses;
- 5) applicants when lodging applications by the procedure established in Part V, Chapters XXIX (adoption cases) and XXXIX (cases on courts permissions or confirmation of facts, administration of property, the application of procedures of inheritance and other cases, which are heard by a simplified procedure established by the Civil Code and other law) of the Code of Civil Procedure;
- 6) persons in other circumstances, referred to in the Code of Civil Procedure and other law. Article 83(3) of the Code of Civil Procedure establishes that by means of summary proceedings, taking into consideration the person's material situation, the court can partly release from payment of stamp duty. An application for partial release of the stamp duty shall be reasoned. Proof providing the necessity of release of the stamp duty shall be annexed to the application. The court decision on the application has to be motivated.

Article 80 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides for the amounts of stamp duty (court fee). According to the system, established in this article, the stamp duty in non-property cases is an exact amount of money, though in property (pecuniary) cases the calculation of stamp duty is combined with proportional and ordinary value. Stamp duty for separate appeals (when court orders of the 1st instance courts are appealed separately from the court decision) is not paid, except for separate appeals against court orders on the imposition of provisional (protective) measures (Article 334(1) of the Code of Civil Procedure). A request to impose provisional measures or measures for safeguarding or collecting evidence requires also the payment of an official court fee. If the case is filed via electronic means, 75% of the court fee shall be paid, but not less than 2 EUR.

Article 80(1) of the Code of Civil Procedure establishes court fees:

- 1) in pecuniary disputes – depending on the claimed amount: - for claims up to 30 000 EUR – 3 % of claimed amount, but not less than 20 EUR;
- for claims from 30 000 EUR up to 100 000 EUR – 900 EUR plus 2 % of claimed amount of the amount, exceeding 30 000 EUR;
- for claims over 100 000 EUR – 2300 EUR plus 1 % of claimed amount, exceeding 100 000 EUR.

The maximum stamp duty payable for one claim in pecuniary cases shall not be more than 15 000 EUR;

- 2) in other disputes – different court fees depending on the substance of the case.

A request to impose provisional measures shall require the payment of the stamp duty of 50 EUR.

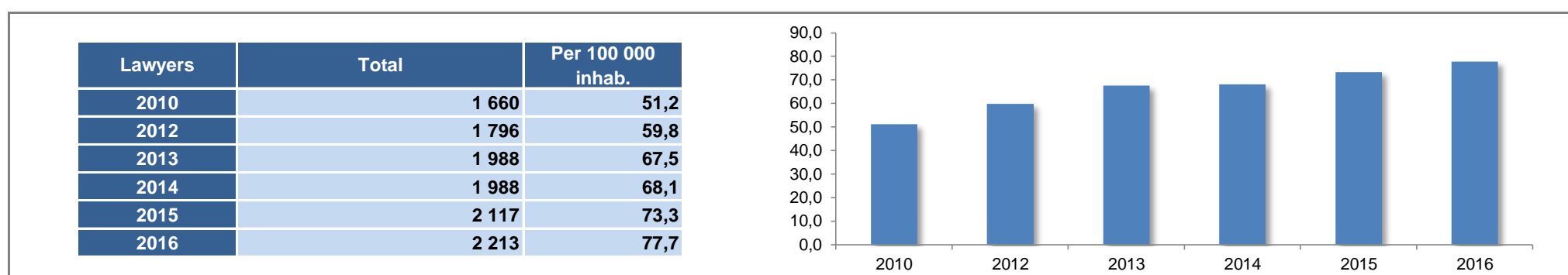
For a petition of an arbitration decision, an official fee of 500 EUR shall be payable.

It shall be noted that according to the Code of Civil Procedure the courts index the stamp duty, except calculated in percents, by taking into consideration the quarter's consumer price index, if it is greater than 110. The applied index is calculated in the period of the law, where the stamp duty is defined, till every quarter.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 90 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Lithuania, in 2016, there are 2 213 lawyers, which is 4,5% more than in 2015.

This data represents 77,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The number is provided by the Lithuanian Bar Association (the number of practising lawyers (advocats). Also there are 870 lawyers' assistants who provide legal service also.

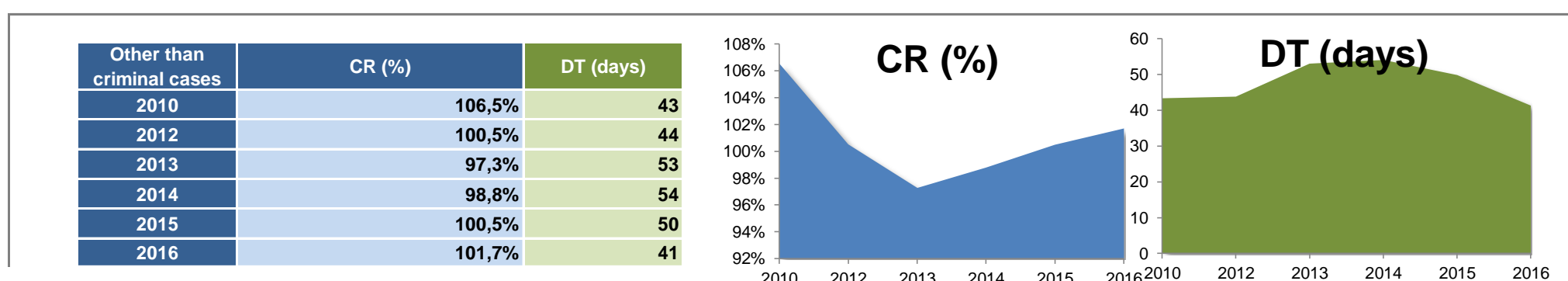
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



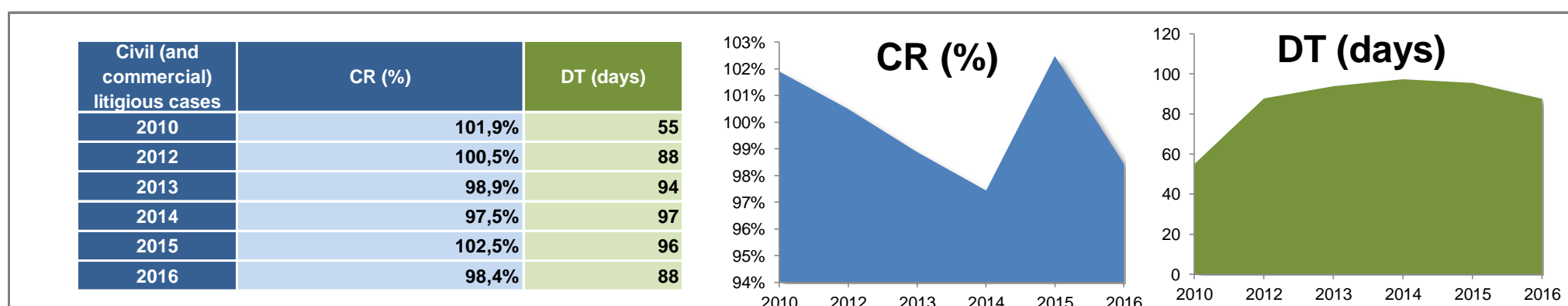
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,7% in 2016, Lithuania seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,2 points.

In Lithuania, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 41 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -17,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,4% in 2016, Lithuania seems not capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

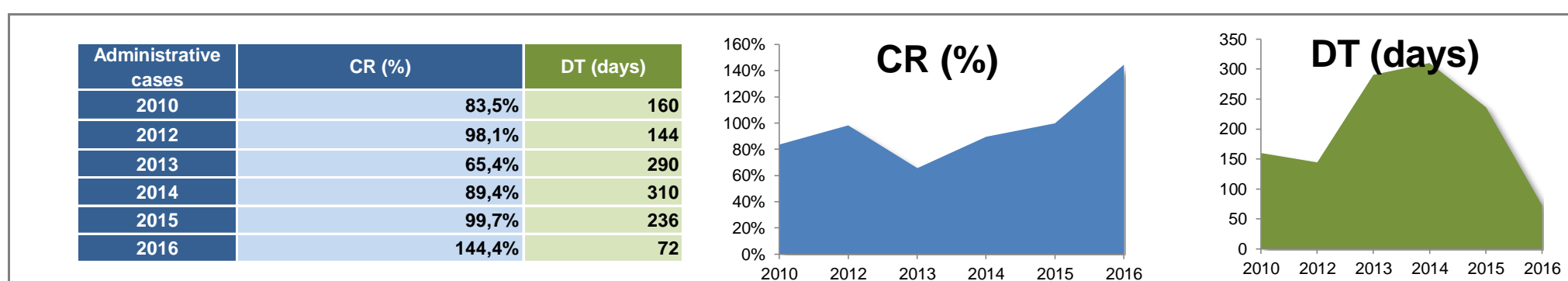
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,0 points.

In Lithuania, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 88 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -8,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Lithuania, there are 1 882 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 6,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 144,4% in 2016, Lithuania seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 44,7 points.

In Lithuania, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 72 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -69,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In 2016 , there are 270 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 6,3% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

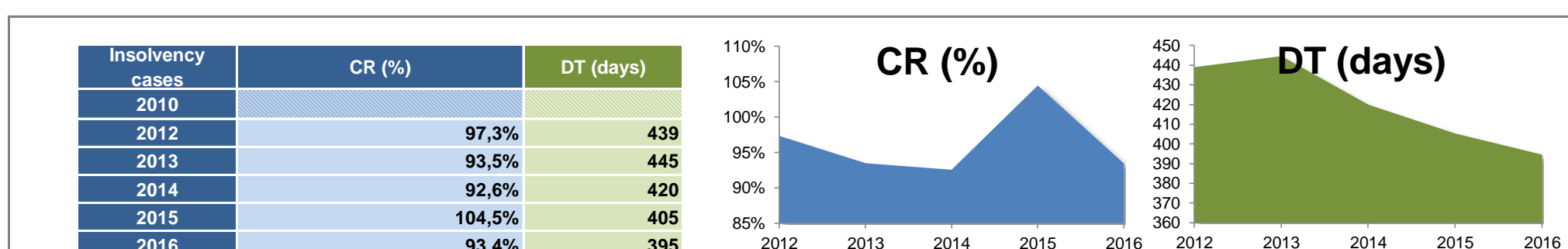
In Lithuania, statistical data on case flow and their classification are made according to the specific regulations and are mainly based on the institutes of Civil, Criminal Codes and the codes of Civil and Criminal procedures, as well as the Code of Administrative Offences and the law on Administrative procedure. Therefore figures for some of the types of cases are unavailable because there is no such classification while making statistical reports.

In respect of the variations that can be observed between figures provided for the different evaluation cycles and in the light of the above described peculiarity of the statistic system of Lithuania, it is noteworthy that cases the number of which is not available are included in other categories, i.e. "civil litigious", "civil non-litigious". Accordingly, the indicated totals are relevant. The changes mainly are influenced by changes in number of incoming cases (due to the crisis, developments of constitutional doctrine or amendments in law).

Administrative law cases - the courts are fighting the backlogs. This led to the growth in the number of resolved cases and consequently to the decrease in the number of pending cases 31 December 2016.

Other non-litigious cases: incoming and consequently resolved civil cases in process of enforcement (execution) are continuously increasing.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 93,4% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Lithuania seems not capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -11,1 points.

In Lithuania, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 395 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -2,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

For the reference year 2016 cases relating to asylum seekers fall within the cases relating to the right of entry and stay for aliens or other administrative cases.

● Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Lithuania, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

All of these data are recorded in the Lithuanian court information system LITEKO, as well as other data, related to the case, it's process and the parties to the proceedings.

In Lithuania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The National Courts Administration performs the analysis of the workload of courts, cases which are heard longer than one year and so on. It analyses the reasons of prolonged hearings of cases and delivers the generalisations to the Judicial Council. In this respect, it should be noticed that during the process of allocation of cases, one of the aspects of allocation is even distribution of the workload of judges. Articles 102-104 of the Law on Courts set forth that administration in courts consists of organisational activities of judicial officers (internal administration of the court) and the supervision of the administration activities performed by the officers provided under the Law on Courts (external administration of courts). The Chairman, the deputy Chairman of the court and the Chairman of a division of the court are the officers of court, who direct the organisational work of the court.

The supervision of administrative activities in accordance with the Regulations on Administration in Courts are exercised:

- 1) for district courts – by the Chairman of the relevant regional court;
- 2) for regional administrative courts – by the Chairman of the Supreme Administrative Court;
- 3) for regional courts – by the Chairman of the Court of Appeal;
- 4) for the Court of Appeal – by the Chairman of the Supreme Court of Lithuania;
- 5) for all courts – the Judicial Council. The subjects of the supervision of administrative activities establish annual plans of planned supervision of organisational and administrative activities of courts (art. 19 of the Regulations on Administration in Courts). The planned complex supervision of administrative activities of courts should be performed not less than once per 5 years (art. 20 of the Regulations on Administration in Courts).

Measures of internal administration, which implementation is also assessed during the supervision of the administrative activities, include measures which warrant the expeditiousness of cases and the process, transparency of activities of courts and openness to the society, the effectiveness of activities of court, judges and court personnel, compliance with the requirements of the Code of Judicial Ethics and high Professional culture of court personnel, related to questions on court finances and budget, the transparent use of material valuables and security, ensuring the permanent in-service trainings of judges and court personnel. The concrete measures are established in the Regulations of Administration in Courts. As a matter of fact, it is important to mention that in the period of 2010-2014, the quality management models have been implemented in 8 courts (Supreme Court, Supreme Administrative Court, regional courts of Kaunas and Panevežys, Kaunas regional administrative court and district courts of Klaipeda, Panevezys and Pasvalys) and the National Courts Administration.

The quality management is based on several models: the international standard ISO 9001:2008, the Common Assessment Framework (CAF) and the Customer Service Standard (CSS). The goal is not just to improve the quality of the work and the services (exception of administration of justice) provided by the courts and National Courts Administration, but also to enhance public trust in these institutions. It should be noted, that CSS is now implemented in 10 additional courts. The main aim of CSS is to form a unified culture of service in the courts of Lithuania.

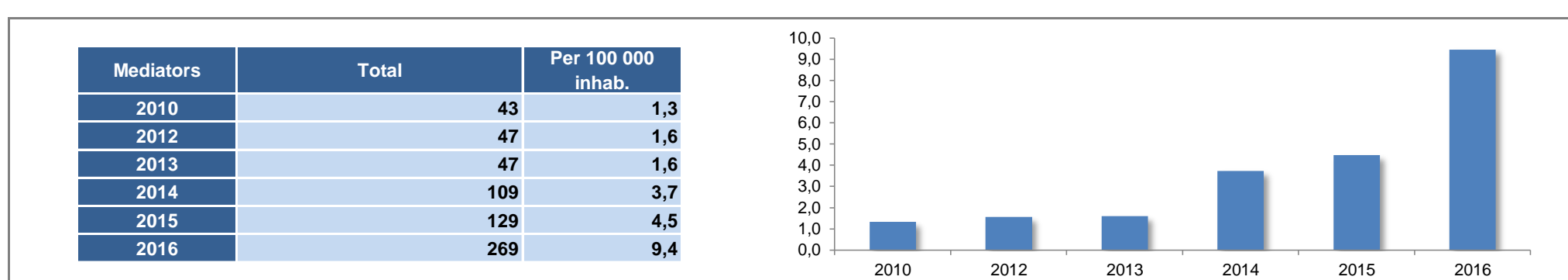
A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Lithuania provides judicial mediation.



In Lithuania, in 2016, there are 269 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 9,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 108,5%.

The judicial mediation is becoming more popular, efforts made by the judiciary and National Courts Administration, as well as the legislator, resulted in the increased number of the mediators.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	313	10
Civil and commercial	139	4
Family cases	172	5
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	2	0
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

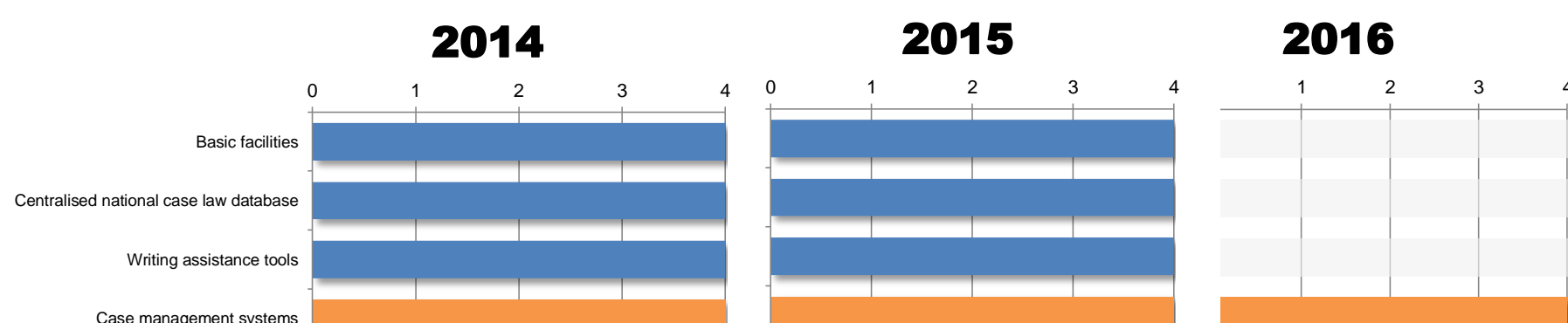
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

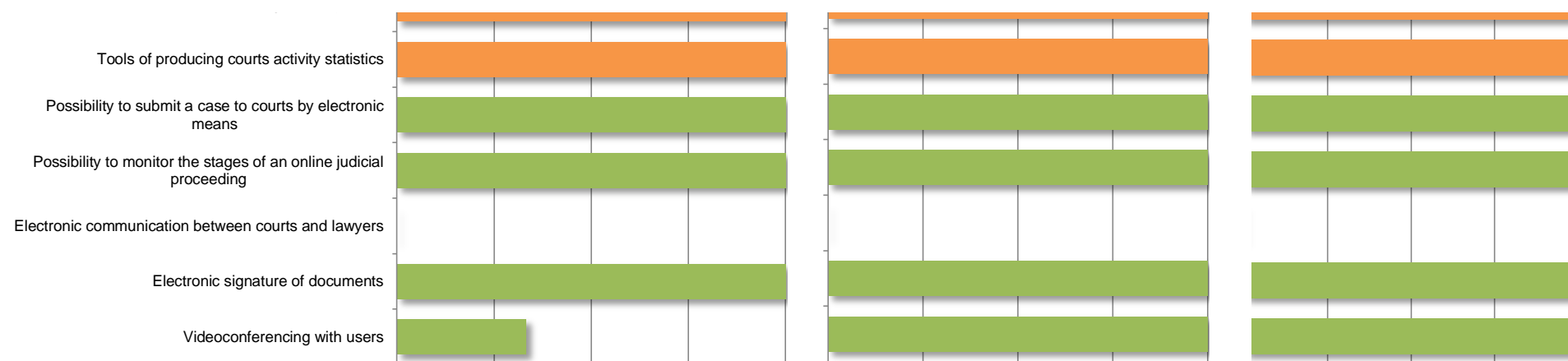
- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Lithuania has been evaluated at 9,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.





Comments of the State about communication tools

Regarding the question 64.2 "Other", in administrative offence cases documents may be submitted to courts via Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt, operating as a part of the Lithuanian Courts Information System, the Lithuanian police portal epolicija.lt and via the integration between the Register of Administrative Offences and the Lithuanian Courts Information System.

For the question 64.4, it shall be noted that the summons may be transmitted to the parties via the Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt. Additionally, it shall be mentioned that upon the national regulations there are particular process participants, who/which are obliged to apply to court and to receive courts documents electronically, for instance, notaries, bailiffs, states institutions, insurance companies and etc. These groups are stated in the legal regulation.

Additionally to the question 64.4 part "Other", the summons may be send via the Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt and the integration between the Lithuanian Courts Information System and the Register of Administrative Offences in administrative offence cases as well.

For the question 64.5 part "Other", the process participants may monitor the stages of the cases examination in administrative offence cases in Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt. Regarding the question 64.8, electronic signatures may be used in administrative offence cases proceedings.

For the question 64.9, the general processes, operating in the Lithuanian courts electronic services portal e.teismas.lt, are applied for the submission of documents and communication with courts in the mentioned proceedings. Using video conferencing equipment, it is expected to save the expenditures referred for the transportation of experts, specialists, imprisoned persons to courts, to protect the rights and interests of vulnerable people, victims, and witnesses, to shorten the terms of the examination of the cases.

4. National data collection system

In Lithuania, there is a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

This centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the National Courts Administration.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

The National Courts Administration publishes statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet, but it should be noted that statistics are published not on each court, but summarised for different instances of courts (the statistics of the first instance courts, courts of appeal).

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

1. On June 2016 the Law on the Reorganization of Courts and related legislation were adopted. From the January 1, 2018, the number of district courts shall be reduced from 49 to 12, the number of regional administrative courts will be reduced from 5 to 2 - instead the separate divisions of courts shall be established.

2. On 11 October 2016 the Parliament adopted the Concept Paper on Lay Judges. This Concept Paper proposes to introduce the institution of lay judges into the Lithuanian legal system in order to increase the trust of the society in the courts' system, to further promote the transparency of the courts' activities and to boost legal education. According to the Concept Paper, lay judges would hear the cases in the courts of first instance together with regular judges. Lay judges would participate only in oral hearing of a case. The Concept Paper proposes the concrete list of categories of civil, criminal and administrative cases where lay judges could be appointed to fulfil their public duty. It is foreseen that lay judges could be appointed either on voluntary basis or on the basis of random selection. The Concept Paper contains provisions on the main requirements for lay judges, their selection procedure, compilation of the lay judges' list, the role of lay judges, their procedural rights and obligations, guarantees, liability etc.

The Constitution and other laws will have to be amended in order to implement the provisions of the Concept Paper. According to the Government's planning, the foreseen deadline for the full introduction of the institution of lay judges into the Lithuanian legal system is the 3rd quarter of 2020.

3. According to the Government's planning, it is foreseen to introduce the right of individual application to the Constitutional Court into the Lithuanian legal system until the 3rd quarter of 2019. It is expected that by providing this additional legal tool persons will be able to better protect their rights and legitimate interests.

2. Budget

The draft amendment of the Law on the Prosecution Service has been referred to the Seimas (Parliament) for consideration wherein certain amendments have been proposed to further improve social guarantees of the prosecutors and it has also been planned to determine the following average proportion between the salaries of prosecutors and judges.

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	8 378	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	60,8%	15,9%	9,2%	3,2%	5,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	3,45	3,45	3,45	3,45	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	50 567 945	53 138 612	53 120 077	62 969 474	71 697 851	74 237 182	46,8%	34,9%	35,0%	13,9%	3,5%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	-	-	-	61 787 585	67 860 535	71 082 338	-	-	-	9,8%	4,7%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	5 883 027	5 917 807	5 494 755	-	-	-	0,6%	-7,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	29 555 000	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	18,3%	10,4%	13,3%	0,9%	21,4%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	28 622 712	28 810 734	34 948 538	-	-	-	0,7%	21,3%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	25,9	27,9	28,2	33,4	36,8	40,3	55,5%	32,1%	30,5%	10,5%	9,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	33,0	35,5	39,2	-	-	-		10,3%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	3,45	3,45	3,45	3,45	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	29 555 000	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	18,3%	10,4%	13,3%	0,9%	21,4%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	25,9	27,9	28,2	33,4	36,8	40,3	55,5%	32,1%	30,5%	10,5%	9,3%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	33,0	35,5	39,2	-	-	-	7,7%	10,3%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	50 567 945	53 138 612	53 120 077	62 969 474	71 697 851	74 237 182	46,8%	34,9%	35,0%	13,9%	3,5%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	34 853 452	46 314 146	46 756 841	55 654 097	57 273 480	59 529 302	70,8%	23,7%	22,5%	2,9%	3,9%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	779 367	397 069	362 894	806 013	5 966 882	5 729 000	635,1%	1402,7%	1544,2%	640,3%	-4,0%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	211 886	329 306	319 509	488 947	489 510	539 495	154,6%	48,6%	53,2%	0,1%	10,2%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	1 387 656	1 644 012	1 676 726	1 692 210	1 784 200	1 801 881	29,9%	8,5%	6,4%	5,4%	1,0%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	1 013 670	1 013 670	1 448 100	1 216 404	1 217 000	-	20,0%	20,0%	-16,0%	0,0%
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	234 882	311 973	356 030	161 091	542 535	755 369	221,6%	73,9%	52,4%	236,8%	39,2%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	13 100 702	3 128 436	2 634 407	2 719 016	4 424 840	4 665 135	-64,4%	41,4%	68,0%	62,7%	5,4%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	26 €	28 €	28 €	33 €	37 €	40 €	55,5%	32,1%	30,5%	10,5%	9,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	29 555 000	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	18,3%	10,4%	13,3%	0,9%	21,4%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	155 377 083	179 756 697	173 980 248	187 687 479	202 009 577	214 590 000	38,1%	12,4%	16,1%	7,6%	6,2%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	50 567 945	53 138 612	53 120 077	62 969 474	71 697 851	74 237 182	46,8%	34,9%	35,0%	13,9%	3,5%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	50 567 945	53 138 612	53 120 077	62 969 474	71 697 851	74 237 182	0 €	34,9%	35,0%	13,9%	3,5%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	779 367	397 069	362 894	806 013	5 966 882	5 729 000	6 €	1402,7%	1544,2%	640,3%	-4,0%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	29 555 000	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	18,3%	10,4%	13,3%	0,9%	21,4%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	50 567 945	53 138 612	53 120 077	62 969 474	71 697 851	74 237 182	46,8%	34,9%	35,0%	13,9%	3,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	6 950 880	7 600 585	-	7 695 204	7 399 000	10 119 000	45,6%	-2,7%	-	-3,8%	36,8%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-rom a lease (ex	-laximum stamp	f a contract – 144 E	the stamp duty of	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	59	59	54	54	54	54	-8,5%	-8,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	67	67	62	62	62	62	-7,5%	-7,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	106,5%	100,5%	97,3%	98,8%	100,5%	101,7%	-4,5%	0,0%	3,3%	1,7%	1,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,9%	100,5%	98,9%	97,5%	102,5%	98,4%	-3,4%	2,0%	3,6%	5,2%	-3,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101,0%	100,2%	99,1%	-	-	-	-0,8%	-1,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	100,5%	99,0%	101,3%	100,4%	99,4%	-	-0,1%	1,4%	-0,9%	-0,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	98,5%	98,8%	98,0%	-	-	-	0,4%	-0,9%
CR Administrative law cases	83,5%	98,1%	65,4%	89,4%	99,7%	144,4%	73,0%	1,7%	52,5%	11,5%	44,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,0%	100,8%	100,2%	99,8%	98,9%	102,3%	2,3%	-1,9%	-1,3%	-0,9%	3,5%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	43	44	53	54	50	41	-4,5%	13,7%	-6,0%	-7,7%	-17,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	55	88	94	97	96	88	59,0%	8,9%	1,8%	-1,8%	-8,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	4	3	6	-	-	-	-25,4%	107,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	5	8	3	2	4	-	-67,4%	-80,5%	-48,2%	137,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	13	13	14	-	-	-	2,3%	4,8%
DT Administrative law cases	160	144	290	310	236	72	-54,7%	63,3%	-18,9%	-24,0%	-69,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	16	15	15	365	18	12	-25,6%	17,3%	22,2%	-95,1%	-35,4%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	1 107	946	867	698	560	784	-29,2%	-40,8%	-35,4%	-19,8%	40,0%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	380	146	122	132	85	84	-77,9%	-41,8%	-30,3%	-35,6%	-1,2%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	4 253	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	-	16,6%	14,0%	7,5%	-3,7%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	7 817	8 196	8 192	8 034	8 164	7 457	-4,6%	-0,4%	-0,3%	1,6%	-8,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	637	453	429	308	273	264	-58,6%	-39,7%	-36,4%	-11,4%	-3,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	3 717	4 051	4 656	4 114	5 058	-	10,7%	1,6%	-11,6%	22,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 017	8 275	8 361	8 172	7 940	7 657	-4,5%	-4,0%	-5,0%	-2,8%	-3,6%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	752	477	419	355	274	264	-64,9%	-42,6%	-34,6%	-22,8%	-3,6%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	3 618	3 788	4 311	4 299	4 725	-	18,8%	13,5%	-0,3%	9,9%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	907	867	698	560	784	584	-35,6%	-9,6%	12,3%	40,0%	-25,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	265	122	132	85	84	84	-68,3%	-31,1%	-36,4%	-1,2%	0,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	-	9,7%	3,5%	-3,7%	7,0%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	102,6%	101,0%	102,1%	101,7%	97,3%	102,7%	0,1%	-3,7%	-4,7%	-4,4%	5,6%
CR Employment dismissal cases	118,1%	105,3%	97,7%	115,3%	100,4%	100,0%	-15,3%	-4,7%	2,8%	-12,9%	-0,4%
CR Insolvency cases	-	97,3%	93,5%	92,6%	104,5%	93,4%	-	7,4%	11,8%	12,9%	-10,6%
DT Litigious divorce cases	41	38	30	25	36	28	-32,6%	-5,8%	18,3%	44,1%	-22,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	129	93	115	87	112	116	-9,7%	19,9%	-2,7%	28,0%	3,8%
DT Insolvency cases	-	439	445	420	405	395	-	-7,7%	-8,8%	-3,5%	-2,7%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6024	8 765	7 510	6 426	6 419	7 782	29,2%	-26,8%	-14,5%	-0,1%	21,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3693	5 164	5 788	4 303	3 995	4 213	14,1%	-22,6%	-31,0%	-7,2%	5,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1658	2 100	1 270	1 656	2 010	3 119	88,1%	-4,3%	58,3%	21,4%	55,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	673	1 501	452	467	414	450	-33,1%	-72,4%	-8,4%	-11,3%	8,7%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	20039	23 324	23 705	23 545	25 440	23 053	15,0%	9,1%	7,3%	8,0%	-9,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	12971	14 623	14 262	14 687	14 992	14 605	12,6%	2,5%	5,1%	2,1%	-2,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	2673	3 482	4 260	3 948	5 635	4 457	66,7%	61,8%	32,3%	42,7%	-20,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4395	5 219	5 183	4 910	4 813	3 991	-9,2%	-7,8%	-7,1%	-2,0%	-17,1%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	17061	24 579	24 789	23 552	24 077	22 994	34,8%	-2,0%	-2,9%	2,2%	-4,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10930	13 999	15 747	14 995	14 774	14 688	34,4%	5,5%	-6,2%	-1,5%	-0,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1706	4 312	3 874	3 594	4 526	4 191	145,7%	5,0%	16,8%	25,9%	-7,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4425	6 268	5 168	4 963	4 777	4 115	-7,0%	-23,8%	-7,6%	-3,7%	-13,9%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9002	7 510	6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	-12,9%	3,6%	21,1%	21,2%	0,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	5734	5 788	4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	-28,0%	-27,2%	-2,1%	5,5%	-2,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2625	1 270	1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	29,0%	145,6%	88,3%	55,2%	8,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	643	452	467	414	450	326	-49,3%	-0,4%	-3,6%	8,7%	-27,6%

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	85,1%	105,4%	104,6%	100,0%	94,6%	99,7%	17,2%	-10,2%	-9,5%	-5,4%	5,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	84,3%	95,7%	110,4%	102,1%	98,5%	100,6%	19,3%	2,9%	-10,7%	-3,5%	2,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	63,8%	123,8%	90,9%	91,0%	80,3%	94,0%	47,3%	-35,1%	-11,7%	-11,8%	17,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,7%	120,1%	99,7%	101,1%	99,3%	103,1%	2,4%	-17,4%	-0,5%	-1,8%	3,9%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	193	112	95	99	118	124	-35,4%	5,8%	24,7%	18,6%	5,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	191	151	100	97	104	103	-46,4%	-31,0%	4,4%	7,0%	-1,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	562	108	156	204	252	295	-47,5%	134,0%	61,2%	23,2%	17,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	53	26	33	30	34	29	-45,5%	30,6%	4,2%	12,9%	-15,9%

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	124	244	-	315	439	281	126,6%	79,9%	-	39,4%	-36,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	124	230	-	293	403	252	103,2%	75,2%	-	37,5%	-37,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	14	-	22	36	29	-	157,1%	-	63,6%	-19,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	662	825	-	820	690	709	7,1%	-16,4%	-	-15,9%	2,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	662	687	-	659	543	576	-13,0%	-21,0%	-	-17,6%	6,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	138	-	161	147	133	-	6,5%	-	-8,7%	-9,5%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	564	739	-	696	848	692	22,7%	14,7%	-	21,8%	-18,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	564	605	-	549	694	550	-2,5%	14,7%	-	26,4%	-20,7%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	134	-	147	154	142	-	14,9%	-	4,8%	-7,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	222	330	-	439	252	298	34,2%	-23,6%	-	-42,6%	18,3%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	222	312	-	403	252	278	25,2%	-19,2%	-	-37,5%	10,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	18	-	36	29	20	-	61,1%	-	-19,4%	-31,0%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	85,2%	89,6%	-	84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	14,6%	37,2%	-	44,8%	-20,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	85,2%	88,1%	-	83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	12,1%	45,1%	-	53,4%	-25,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	97,1%	-	91,3%	104,8%	106,8%	-	7,9%	-	14,7%	1,9%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	144	163	-	230	108	157	9,4%	-33,5%	-	-52,9%	44,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	144	188	-	268	133	184	28,4%	-29,6%	-	-50,5%	39,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	49	-	89	69	51	-	40,2%	-	-23,1%	-25,2%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	40 239	35 363	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	9,7%	29,3%	34,9%	8,9%	-3,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	34 894	26 545	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	-20,9%	13,6%	15,9%	10,9%	-8,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 941	1 041	870	-	-	-	-46,4%	-16,4%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	1 461	1 079	1 765	729	410	-	-50,1%	-32,4%	-58,7%	-43,8%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	176	312	460	-	-	-	77,3%	47,4%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1 536	2 974	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	609,2%	264,7%	246,7%	16,2%	0,4%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 809	4 383	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	25,7%	-15,6%	0,1%	5,3%	29,4%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	297 765	280 708	296 795	312 570	321 474	333 886	12,1%	14,5%	8,3%	2,8%	3,9%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	201 585	107 559	106 890	115 932	102 793	124 885	-38,0%	-4,4%	-3,8%	-11,3%	21,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	91 549	103 334	108 033	-	-	-	12,9%	4,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	77 669	84 829	82 707	90 640	81 613	-	16,7%	6,9%	9,6%	-10,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	8 842	12 694	26 420	-	-	-	43,6%	108,1%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	7 681	8 068	17 932	14 276	16 923	14 917	94,2%	109,8%	-5,6%	18,5%	-11,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 499	87 412	87 144	90 813	98 424	86 051	-2,8%	12,6%	12,9%	8,4%	-12,6%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	317 205	282 163	288 718	308 820	323 062	339 558	7,0%	14,5%	11,9%	4,6%	5,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	205 423	108 099	105 698	112 980	105 347	122 937	-40,2%	-2,5%	-0,3%	-6,8%	16,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	92 449	103 505	107 041	-	-	-	12,0%	3,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	68 252	78 051	83 967	83 743	90 959	81 156	18,9%	16,5%	8,3%	8,6%	-10,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	8 706	12 546	25 885	-	-	-	44,1%	106,3%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	6 411	7 914	11 728	12 763	16 875	21 540	236,0%	113,2%	43,9%	32,2%	27,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 525	88 099	87 325	90 628	97 335	88 040	-0,5%	10,5%	11,5%	7,4%	-9,5%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	37 645	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	2,2%	30,2%	5,1%	-3,5%	-12,8%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 056	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	-4,9%	6,1%	1,5%	-8,5%	7,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 041	870	1 862	-	-	-	-16,4%	114,0%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	1 079	1 941	729	410	867	-	-62,0%	-78,9%	-43,8%	111,5%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	312	460	995	-	-	-	47,4%	116,3%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2 806	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	52,2%	248,2%	16,7%	0,4%	-60,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 783	3 696	3 515	90 628	4 789	2 800	-26,0%	29,6%	36,2%	-94,7%	-41,5%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	4 030 145	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	513 681	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	5 883 027	5 917 807	5 494 755	-	-	-	0,6%	-7,1%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 906 105	4 543 826	4 561 226	5 900 767	5 925 285	5 500 227	40,8%	30,4%	29,9%	0,4%	-7,2%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	4 030 145	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	513 681	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ise law database s information system	nformation System	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	ormation system s information system	nformation System	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	- information system.	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	- information system.	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	- information system.	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	- s information system	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	- s information system	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	- s information system	nformation System	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Optional	No training offered	training proposed	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	training offered	Optional	No training offered	training proposed	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	43	47	47	109	129	269	525,6%	174,5%	174,5%	18,3%	108,5%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	776	768	772	754	762	778	0,3%	-0,8%	-1,3%	1,1%	2,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	693	684	691	671	679	692	-0,1%	-0,7%	-1,7%	1,2%	1,9%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	46	51	48	49	48	51	10,9%	-5,9%	0,0%	-2,0%	6,3%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	37	33	33	34	35	35	-5,4%	6,1%	6,1%	2,9%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	331	315	312	297	291	298	-10,0%	-7,6%	-6,7%	-2,0%	2,4%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	272	259	261	246	240	245	-9,9%	-7,3%	-8,0%	-2,4%	2,1%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	30	31	27	27	27	29	-3,3%	-12,9%	0,0%	0,0%	7,4%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	29	25	24	24	24	24	-17,2%	-4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	445	453	460	457	471	480	7,9%	4,0%	2,4%	3,1%	1,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	421	425	430	425	439	447	6,2%	3,3%	2,1%	3,3%	1,8%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	16	20	21	22	21	22	37,5%	5,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	8	8	9	10	11	11	37,5%	37,5%	22,2%	10,0%	0,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 656	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	3,2%	4,2%	4,9%	4,6%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 211	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	26,0%	9,4%	8,6%	7,7%	3,5%

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	704	776	733	801	816	855	21,4%	5,2%	11,3%	1,9%	4,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	426	425	428	353	350	272	-36,2%	-17,6%	-18,2%	-0,8%	-22,3%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	315	70	83	85	88	87	-72,4%	25,7%	6,0%	3,5%	-1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	665	690	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	268	233	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	80	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	776	768	772	754	762	778	0,3%	-0,8%	-1,3%	1,1%	2,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	693	684	691	671	679	692	-0,1%	-0,7%	-1,7%	1,2%	1,9%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	46	51	48	49	48	51	10,9%	-5,9%	0,0%	-2,0%	6,3%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	37	33	33	34	35	35	-5,4%	6,1%	6,1%	2,9%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	331	315	312	297	291	298	-10,0%	-7,6%	-6,7%	-2,0%	2,4%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	272	259	261	246	240	245	-9,9%	-7,3%	-8,0%	-2,4%	2,1%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	30	31	27	27	27	29	-3,3%	-12,9%	0,0%	0,0%	7,4%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	29	25	24	24	24	24	-17,2%	-4,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	445	453	460	457	471	480	7,9%	4,0%	2,4%	3,1%	1,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	421	425	430	425	439	447	6,2%	3,3%	2,1%	3,3%	1,8%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	16	20	21	22	21	22	37,5%	5,0%	0,0%	-4,5%	4,8%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	8	8	9	10	11	11	37,5%	37,5%	22,2%	10,0%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 656	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	3,2%	4,2%	4,9%	4,6%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 211	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	26,0%	9,4%	8,6%	7,7%	3,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	704	776	733	801	816	855	21,4%	5,2%	11,3%	1,9%	4,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	426	425	428	353	350	272	-36,2%	-17,6%	-18,2%	-0,8%	-22,3%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	315	70	83	85	88	87	-72,4%	25,7%	6,0%	3,5%	-1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	665	690	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	268	233	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	80	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Lithuania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 660	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	33,3%	17,9%	6,5%	6,5%	4,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	3 244 600	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	-12,2%	-3,8%	-1,9%	-1,1%	-1,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 660	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	33,3%	17,9%	6,5%	6,5%	4,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	2 656	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	3,2%	4,2%	4,9%	4,6%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	1 211	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	26,0%	9,4%	8,6%	7,7%	3,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	704	776	733	801	816	855	21,4%	5,2%	11,3%	1,9%	4,8%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	426	425	428	353	350	272	-36,2%	-17,6%	-18,2%	-0,8%	-22,3%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	315	70	83	85	88	87	-72,4%	25,7%	6,0%	3,5%	-1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	665	690	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	268	233	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	80	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Luxembourg (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	12,5%	7,4%	4,9%	4,9%
GDP per capita	82 100 €	83 600 €	83 400 €	88 500 €	88 500 €	92 900 €	13,2%	5,9%	6,1%	0,0%	5,0%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	143,5	152,3	148,2	139,4	149,5	157,3	9,6%	-1,8%	6,1%	12,8%	5,2%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	36,7	40,4	41,3	32,7	32,5	31,7	-13,8%	-19,5%	-23,3%	-3,1%	-2,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	59,2	67,6	36,0	35,2	37,7	32,0	-46,0%	-44,3%	-11,1%	-9,0%	-15,0%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				3,9	4,5	6,2				15,7%	37,0%

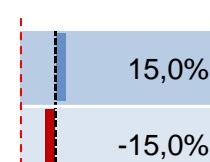
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,4	0,9	0,8	0,9	0,8	0,8	86,8%	-10,0%	-4,2%	-10,2%	-5,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	0,2	0,2	NAP	NAP	0,2	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,057	0,3	0,2	0,244	0,225	0,200	249,9%	-27,0%	-10,0%	-7,9%	-10,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	139%	173%	182%	97%	105%	100%	-0,28	-0,39	-0,42	0,09	-0,05
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	100%	100%	NC	NC	100%					
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	93%	70%	94%	94%	91%	98%	0,05	0,30	-0,03	-0,03	0,08

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	200	73	53	103	86	91	-54,2%	18,1%	64,0%	-15,8%	5,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	-	-	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	172	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	-38,3%	-38,2%	-13,2%	-21,7%	-4,8%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	0,0	0,0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

-20% max



+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

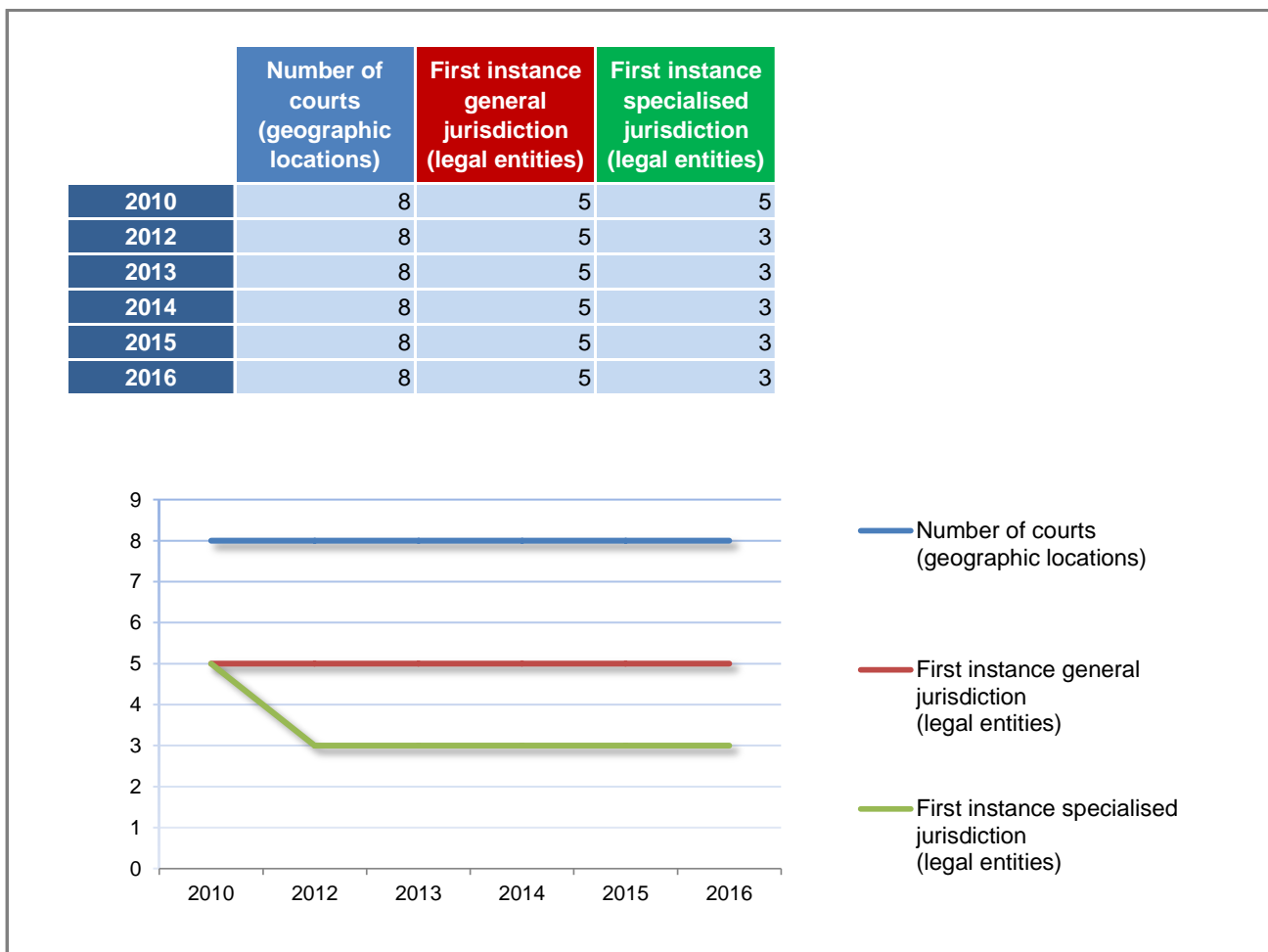
In Luxembourg, the judicial system is divided into a judicial branch and an administrative branch. In parallel, there is also a constitutional branch with the Constitutional Court.

According to 2016 data, there are 5 first instance courts of general jurisdiction – 2 District Courts and 3 Justices of the Peace. District courts have competence in respect of commercial matters, insolvency, family cases if they do not fall under the jurisdiction of the justices of the peace, all penal cases except minor misdemeanours, reserved to the Justices of the Peace, as well as in matters of fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption. Justices of the Peace deal also with labour, rent and tenancies cases.

Besides, there are first instance specialised courts, namely 2 Commercial courts, 3 Labour courts, 2 Family courts, 3 Rent and tenancies courts, 1 Administrative tribunal, 1 Insurance and/or social welfare court and 1 military court. It is noteworthy that in Luxembourg, most specialised courts have no independent existence, but are subdivisions or Justices of the Peace, or District courts. Only the administrative court and the social court are considered as separate tribunals.

The Superior Court includes an appeal court and a court of cassation.

The administrative justice is organised on a two-level structure: an Administrative Tribunal and an Administrative Court. Appeals against the Administrative Tribunal can be lodged with the Administrative Court.



It should be noted that in the judicial organisation of Luxembourg, specialised courts do not have their own existence but are subdivisions of justices of the peace or district courts. Only administrative tribunals, the military court and social security courts are distinct entities. In Luxembourg there are 3 justices of the peace and 2 district courts.

Specialised courts	
Total	13
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency)	2
Labour courts	3
Family courts	2
Rent and tenancies courts	3
Administrative courts	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1
Military courts	1

Please note that the total of question 043 is not identical to the total in 042, as most of the specialised courts are in fact specialised sections of a general court. E.g. the commercial courts (which also deal with insolvency cases) are specialized sections of the district court (tribunal d'arrondissement). Only the administrative, military and 1st instance social security courts are selfstanding.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts

In Luxembourg it is not possible to separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budgets of public prosecution services and/or legal aid.

• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 92 895 711 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 157,3 €

The budget per capita (157,3 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Luxembourg belongs to the group of European States with a higher degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 5,2%.

Question 7

	Approved	Implemented
Court and	88895711	NA
Court and legal aid	NAP	NAP
All three	92895711	NA

The bill containing the implemented budget of 2016 has not been approved yet.

It is noteworthy that concerning legal aid there is no isolated budget for non-litigious cases or criminal cases.

The budget of the prosecution cannot be distinguished from that of the courts.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 149 652 235 €

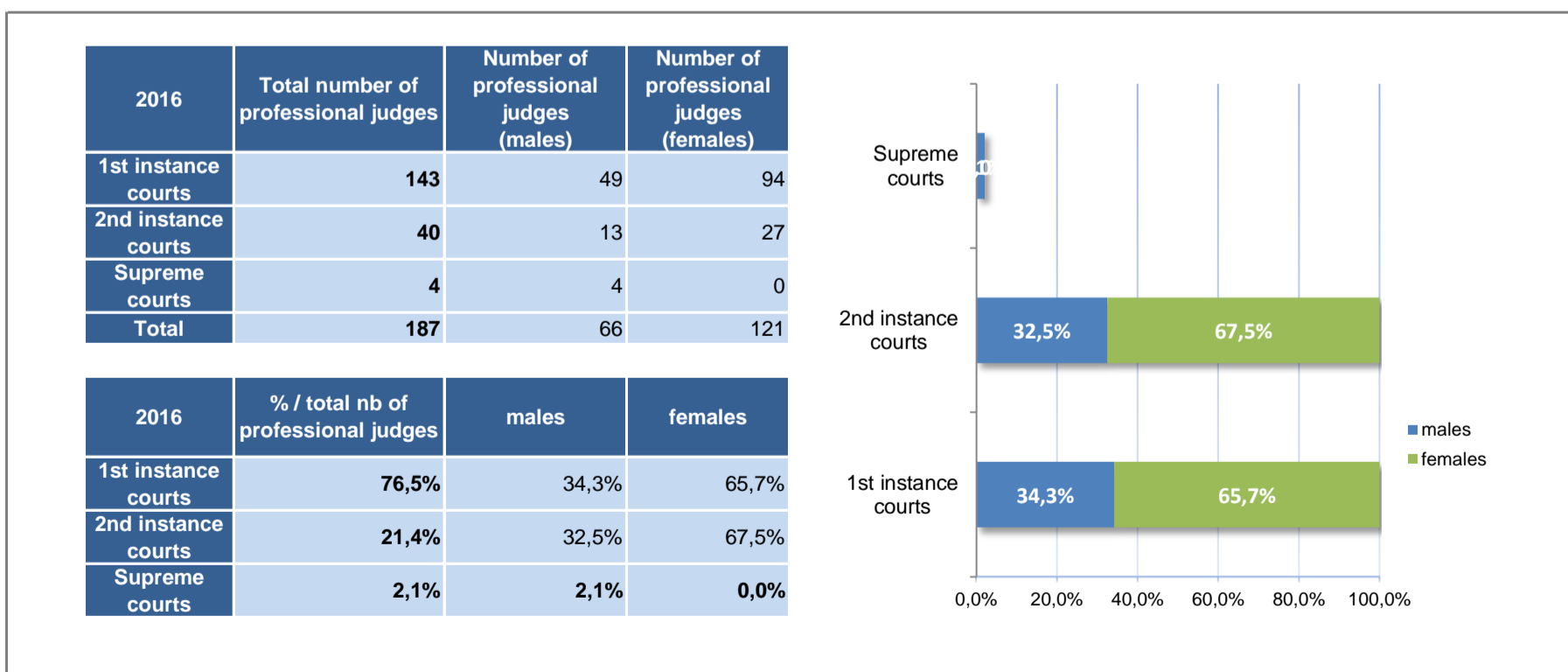
The bill containing the implemented budget 2016 has not been approved yet.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Constitutional court
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services
- Other services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Luxembourg is 187 which is 2,2% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Luxembourg, in 2016, there are 33,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 1,0 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 1,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 121 which represents 64,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 143 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 94 are female) ; 40 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 27 are female) and 4 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 0 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the figures differ from those indicated in the last data collection campaigns on two points.

1) concerning the number of judges at the highest level: starting with 2016, we have distinguished between the judges sitting at the court of appeal and those of the Cour de cassation, which is the highest court in Luxembourg. Until 2016, and as the two courts taken together form the Cour supérieure de Justice (which as such has some very specific competences), we indicated only the total of the judges affected to the Cour supérieure. It might be useful for statistical purposes to distinguish between the two levels.

2) concerning the number of judges at the first level: the figures indicated until 2016 were superior to the real figures, as, erroneously, the prosecutors (which by law are also magistrates affected to these courts) had been included. This error has now been corrected. The same data were also provided for 2014 and 2015.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Luxembourg presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Item 1 "number of first instance professional judges" comprises judges of district courts, the administrative tribunal and justices of peace. Item 2 "number of second instance professional judges" encompasses judges of the court of appeal of the Superior Court of Justice and the administrative court. Item 3 "number of Supreme Court professional judges" refers solely to the Court of cassation judges.

In Luxembourg, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

More specifically, due to the small number of personnel concerned, only some in-house training is proposed on specific issues (e.g. new laws, new electronic procedures, etc.). However, a large portion of the judges participate in training sessions at foreign institutions, e.g. the ENM in Paris or the ERA in Trier.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	303	0	150	108	5	40
2012	355	NAP	191	117	7	40
2013	198	NAP	192	5	1	NAP
2014	196	NAP	132	63	1	NAP
2015	197	NAP	129	67	1	NAP
2016	189	NAP	131	66	3	NAP

In Luxembourg, in 2016, there are 189 non-judge staff (among which 106 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -4%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 131 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 72 are women);
- 66 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 43 are women);
- 3 technical staff (among which 0 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 35,0 in 2015 to 33,6 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 32,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 31,7 in 2016.

Last year the separation of the sections 1, 2 and 3 was not done correctly. This year this task was made by the parquet general RH office. The same data were also provided for 2014 and 2015.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 4 000 000 € (6,8 € per capita).

There is no isolated budget for non-litigious cases or criminal cases.

In Luxembourg legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

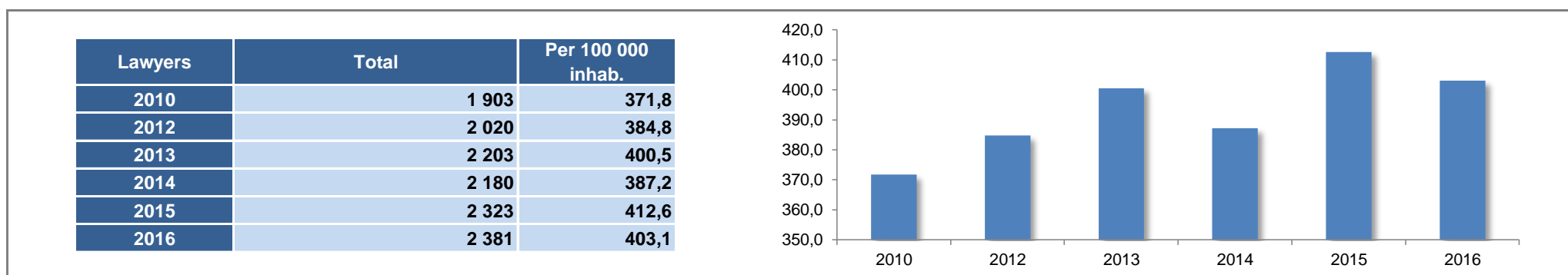
Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

It is not necessary to pay a tax or fees to start a proceeding before an ordinary court. It may be, however, that one of the parties be ordered to pay the costs and expenses but the amount of this sentence is very low (a few euros).

There is no Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Luxembourg, in 2016, there are 2 381 lawyers, which is 2,5% more than in 2015.

This data represents 403,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 113,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

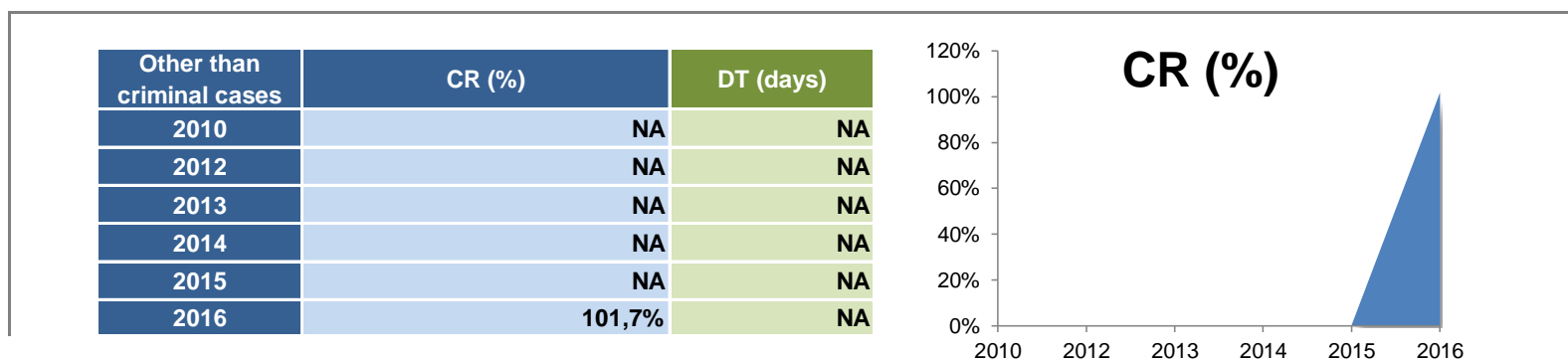
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



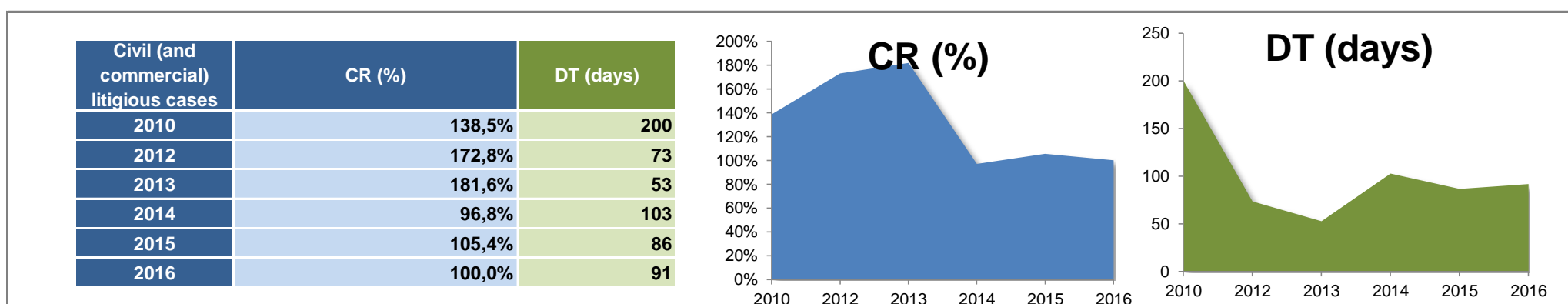
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,7% in 2016, Luxembourg seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the increase of the Clearance Rate is bnot available.

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

It is not possible to do the analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period of the Disposition Time as the data is not available.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



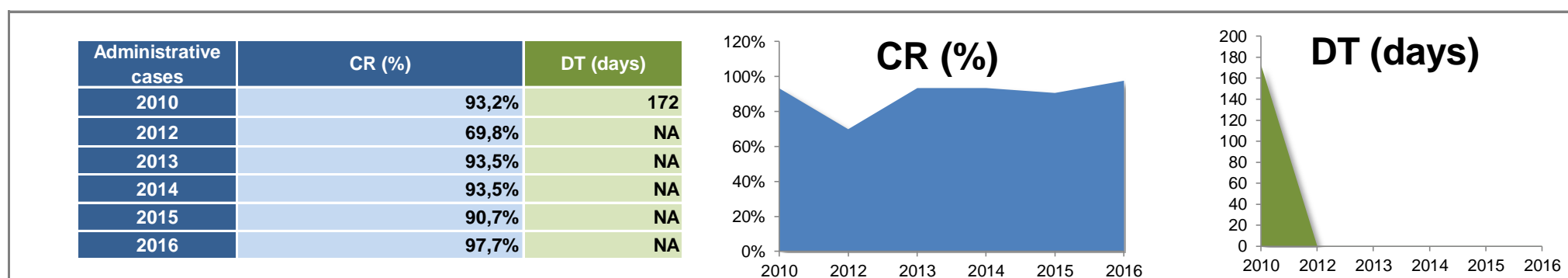
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,0% in 2016, Luxembourg seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,4 points.

In Luxembourg, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 91 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 5,8% increase of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,7% in 2016, Luxembourg seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

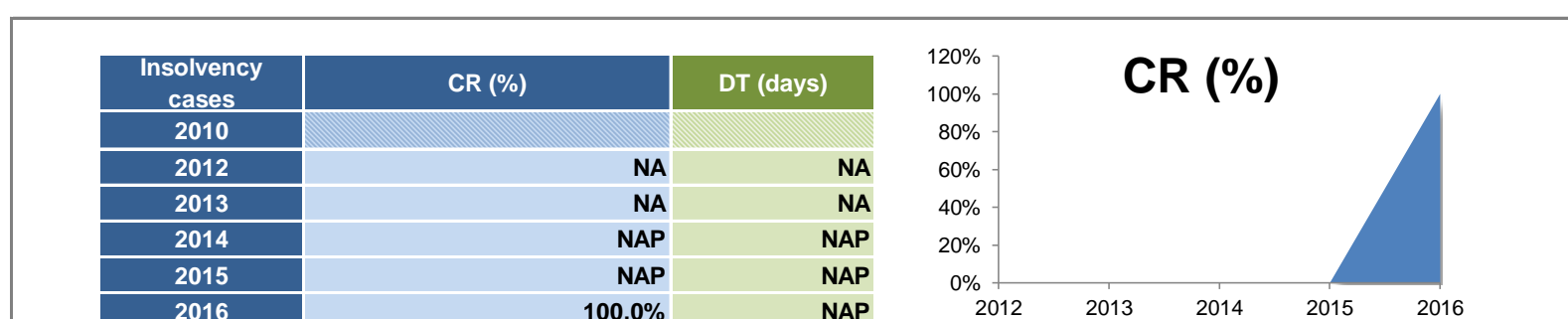
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 7,1 points.

The Disposition Time of the administrative cases cannot be calculated

It is not possible to do the analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period of the Disposition Time as the data is not available.
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

For question 91.1 the new data collection system revealed a higher number of pending cases, previously not considered by those in charge of counting.
For question 91.2.2, the new data collection system provides now information on other non-litigious cases, previously unavailable.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 100,0% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Luxembourg seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for NA points.

In Luxembourg, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of NAP days.

It is not possible to do the analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period of the Disposition Time as the data is not available.

For insolvency cases the number of incoming and resolved cases is identical because these cases are treated immediately.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Luxembourg, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases

No regular system has been implemented up to today. However, a monitoring can be done through the statistical service of the judiciary (SSJ) on an punctual basis and upon request by the competent authorities.

In Luxembourg, there is no system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) does not exist and performance and quality indicators are not defined at the court level.

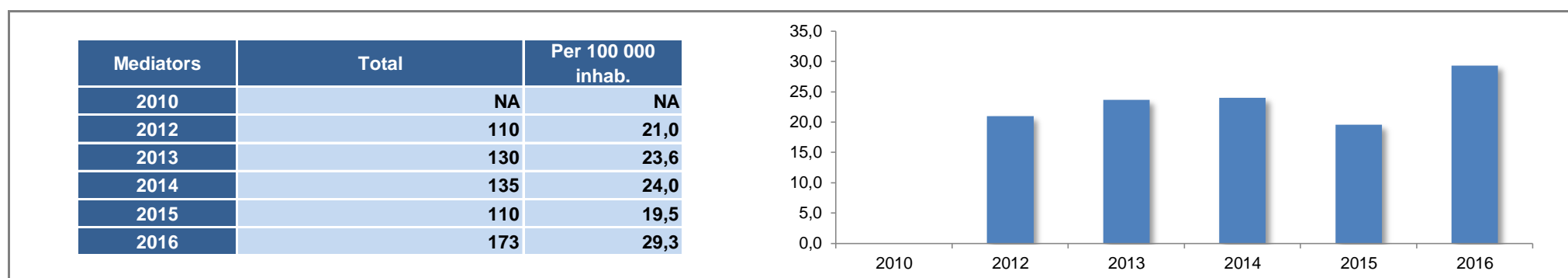
The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

The figures presented by the SSJ are used on a regular basis to allocate (and ask for) means to the courts and prosecutorial services.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Luxembourg provides judicial mediation.



In Luxembourg, in 2016, there are 173 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 29,3 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 57,3%.

There are 92 mediators for criminal matter and 81 in civil and commercial matter.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

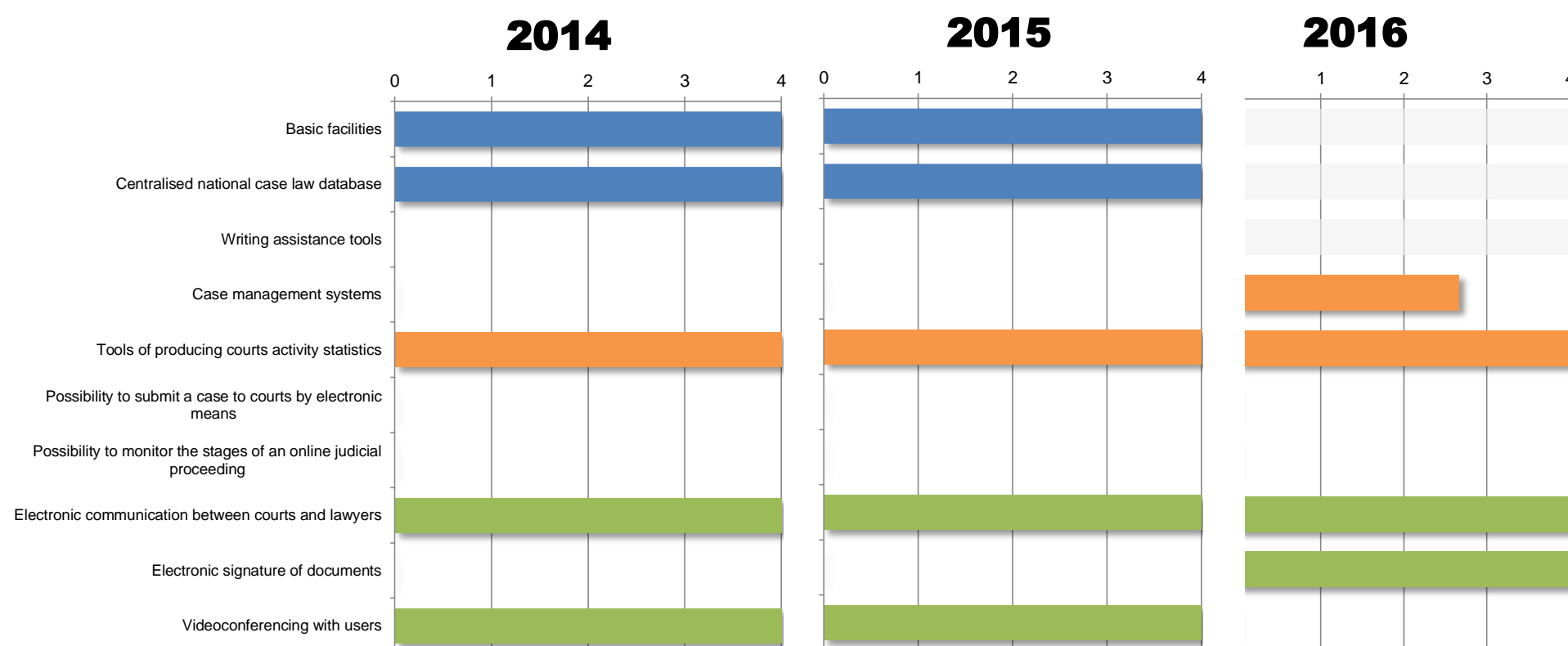
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Luxembourg has been evaluated at 6,2 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

Videoconferencing is widely used in mutual assistance matters (civil and penal) most notably for the hearing of witnesses. Legislation is being drafted to authorize VC in national criminal cases. / ad. 64.11: recordings of certain testimonies is possible (minors deposing as witnesses), court hearings are not registered.

4. National data collection system

In Luxembourg, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The central institution responsible for the collection of statistical data is the General Prosecutor of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (Judicial City, CR Building, L - 2080 Luxembourg). The justice statistics service is attached to the Prosecutor General Office.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

The SSJ started publishing figures a first time in 2017 by publishing a report on the year 2016. This report is available on the internet site of the judiciary (<http://www.justice.public.lu/fr/publications/justice-en-chiffres/La-justice-en-chiffres-2016.pdf>)

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	82 100	83 600	83 400	88 500	88 500	92 900	13,2%	5,9%	6,1%	0,0%	5,0%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 000 000	3 500 000	3 000 000	3 000 000	3 500 000	4 000 000	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	143,5	152,3	148,2	139,4	149,5	157,3	9,6%	-1,8%	0,9%	7,2%	5,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 000 000	3 500 000	3 000 000	3 000 000	3 500 000	4 000 000	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	143,5	152,3	148,2	139,4	149,5	157,3	9,6%	-1,8%	0,9%	7,2%	5,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	70 458 676	76 464 334	78 492 650	75 492 650	80 678 350	NAP	-	5,5%	2,8%	6,9%	-
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	48 884 317	53 460 770	55 572 180	63 583 207	64 764 893	NAP	-	21,1%	16,5%	1,9%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	1 500 000	1 200 000	1 000 000	1 000 000	850 000	NAP	-	-29,2%	-15,0%	-15,0%	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	3 643 000	3 972 000	3 400 000	3 521 600	4 001 500	NAP	-	0,7%	17,7%	13,6%	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	596 100	1 502 000	2 402 540	1 793 250	4 103 700	NAP	-	173,2%	70,8%	128,8%	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	2 452 000	1 815 000	NA	1 921 670	61 500	NAP	-	-96,6%	-	-96,8%	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	15 715 759	16 071 464	16 117 930	3 672 923	6 896 757	NAP	-	-57,1%	-57,2%	87,8%	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	144 €	152 €	148 €	139 €	150 €	157 €	9,6%	-1,8%	0,9%	7,2%	5,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 000 000 €	3 500 000 €	3 000 000 €	3 000 000 €	3 500 000 €	4 000 000 €	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	116 165 559	124 017 268	131 444 869	131 444 869	135 877 524	149 652 235	28,8%	9,6%	3,4%	3,4%	10,1%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	70 458 676 €	76 464 334 €	78 492 650 €	75 492 650 €	80 678 350 €	NAP	-	5,5%	2,8%	6,9%	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	1 500 000 €	1 200 000 €	1 000 000 €	1 000 000 €	850 000 €	NAP	-	-29,2%	-15,0%	-15,0%	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	3 000 000 €	3 500 000 €	3 000 000 €	3 000 000 €	3 500 000 €	4 000 000 €	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	-	-	-	/	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	5	3	3	3	3	3	-40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	5	13	23	-	2	13	160,0%	-84,6%	-91,3%	-	550,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	2	2	2	2	NAP	2	0,0%	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	3	3	3	3	NAP	3	0,0%	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	2	2	5	2	NAP	2	0,0%	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	3	3	3	3	NAP	3	0,0%	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 012	5 072	5 007	1 218	1 382	1 137	-43,5%	-72,8%	-72,4%	13,5%	-17,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	1 646	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	112	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10 911	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 103	4 718	4 643	5 074	4 555	4 533	115,5%	-3,5%	-1,9%	-10,2%	-0,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	5 195	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	937	948	NAP	NAP	1 111	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	4 084	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	293	1 615	1 372	1 372	1 264	1 183	303,8%	-21,7%	-7,9%	-7,9%	-6,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 095	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 913	8 155	8 432	4 910	4 800	4 534	55,6%	-41,1%	-43,1%	-2,2%	-5,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	5 405	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	937	948	1 044	1 104	1 111	-	17,8%	16,5%	5,7%	0,6%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	4 290	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	273	1 127	1 283	1 283	1 146	1 156	323,4%	1,7%	-10,7%	-10,7%	0,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 595	1 635	1 218	1 382	1 137	1 136	-28,8%	-30,5%	-6,7%	-17,7%	-0,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	0	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	1 440	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	129	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	3 700	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)

Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	138,5%	172,8%	181,6%	96,8%	105,4%	-	-	-39,0%	-42,0%	8,9%	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	100,0%	100,0%	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	93,2%	69,8%	93,5%	93,5%	90,7%	-	-	29,9%	-3,0%	-3,0%	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	200	73	53	103	86	-	-	18,1%	64,0%	-15,8%	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	0	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	172	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	782	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	498	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	2509	2 343	NA	1 726	1 670	1 455	-42,0%	-28,7%	-	-3,2%	-12,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NAP	912	915	-	-	-	-	0,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	256	NA	434	589	794	649	153,5%	-	82,9%	34,8%	-18,3%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	2372	1 824	1 606	1 901	1 826	1 735	-26,9%	0,1%	13,7%	-3,9%	-5,0%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	1 029	1 058	869	NAP	915	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	631	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	130,3%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,5%	77,8%	NA	110,1%	109,3%	119,2%	26,1%	40,5%	-	-0,7%	9,1%
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97,2%	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 104	1 483	1 836	1 993	2 111	2 111	0,3%	42,3%	15,0%	5,9%	0,0%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	91	170	170	168	157	-	84,6%	-1,2%	-1,2%	-6,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 211	1 269	1 296	1 259	1 283	1 265	4,5%	1,1%	-1,0%	1,9%	-1,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	268	292	348	348	273	241	-10,1%	-6,5%	-21,6%	-21,6%	-11,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 146	1 312	1 335	1 092	1 283	1 343	17,2%	-2,2%	-3,9%	17,5%	4,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	258	214	350	350	284	245	-5,0%	32,7%	-18,9%	-18,9%	-13,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 483	1 836	1 823	2 160	2 111	2 033	37,1%	15,0%	15,8%	-2,3%	-3,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	170	168	168	157	153	-	-7,6%	-6,5%	-6,5%	-2,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)											
Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	94,6%	103,4%	103,0%	86,7%	100,0%	106,2%	12,2%	-3,3%	-2,9%	15,3%	6,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	96,3%	73,3%	100,6%	100,6%	104,0%	101,7%	5,6%	41,9%	3,4%	3,4%	-2,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	472	511	498	722	601	553	17,0%	17,6%	20,5%	-16,8%	-8,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	290	175	175	202	228	-	-30,4%	15,2%	15,2%	13,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)

99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	72	81	-	NA	70	81	12,5%	-13,6%	-	-	15,7%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	70	81	-	-	-	-	15,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	109	111	-	NA	114	107	-1,8%	2,7%	-	-	-6,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	114	107	-	-	-	-	-6,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	108	69	-	100	103	107	-0,9%	49,3%	-	3,0%	3,9%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	66	NA	-	100	103	107	62,1%	-	-	3,0%	3,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81	91	-	NA	81	81	0,0%	-11,0%	-	-	0,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	81	81	-	-	-	-	0,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,1%	62,2%	-	NA	90,4%	100,0%	0,9%	45,3%	-	-	10,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	90,4%	100,0%	-	-	-	-	10,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	274	481	-	NA	287	276	0,9%	-40,4%	-	-	-3,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	287	276	-	-	-	-	-3,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)											
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid											
Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)											
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)											
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 000 000	3 500 000	3 000 000	3 000 000	3 500 000	4 000 000	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	0	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	0	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)											
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	3 000 000	3 500 000	3 000 000	3 000 000	3 500 000	4 000 000	33,3%	0,0%	16,7%	16,7%	14,3%

(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	0	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	0	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)

8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)

62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	JUDOC	JU-Doc jurisdictions only		-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)

63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	JUCHA	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	JURAD	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)

65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funcit 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)

166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	110	130	135	110	173	-	0,0%	-15,4%	-18,5%	57,3%
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Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice

Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)

Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)

Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)

Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	188	212	227	184	183	187	-0,5%	-13,7%	-19,4%	-0,5%	2,2%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	148	186	186	143	142	143	-3,4%	-23,7%	-23,7%	-0,7%	0,7%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	NA	NA	NA	37	37	40	-	-	-	0,0%	8,1%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	40	41	41	4	4	4	-90,0%	-90,2%	-90,2%	0,0%	0,0%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	72	NA	63	65	64	66	-8,3%	-	1,6%	-1,5%	3,1%

**(2010-2016) data
Luxembourg tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	79	78	83	-	-	-	-1,3%	6,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	58	56	59	-	-	-	-3,4%	5,4%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	20	21	23	-	-	-	5,0%	9,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	0,0%	200,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	120	117	119	106	-	-	-0,8%	1,7%	-10,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	117	74	73	72	-	-	-37,6%	-1,4%	-1,4%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	3	43	46	43	-	-	1433,3%	7,0%	-6,5%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 903	2 020	2 203	2 180	2 323	2 381	25,1%	15,0%	5,4%	6,6%	2,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	511 840	525 000	550 000	563 000	563 000	590 700	15,4%	7,2%	2,4%	0,0%	4,9%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 903	2 020	2 203	2 180	2 323	2 381	25,1%	15,0%	5,4%	6,6%	2,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	303	355	198	196	197	189	-37,6%	-44,5%	-0,5%	0,5%	-4,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	150	191	192	132	129	131	-12,7%	-32,5%	-32,8%	-2,3%	1,6%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	108	117	5	63	67	66	-38,9%	-42,7%	1240,0%	6,3%	-1,5%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	5	7	1	1	1	3	-40,0%	-85,7%	0,0%	0,0%	200,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	40	40	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	79	78	83	-	-	-	-1,3%	6,4%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	58	56	59	-	-	-	-3,4%	5,4%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	20	21	23	-	-	-	5,0%	9,5%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	0,0%	200,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	120	117	119	106	-	-	-0,8%	1,7%	-10,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	117	74	73	72	-	-	-37,6%	-1,4%	-1,4%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	3	43	46	43	-	-	1433,3%	7,0%	-6,5%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Malta (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	4,5%	3,5%	2,6%	1,4%
GDP per capita	20 200 €	16 417 €	16 831 €	18 525 €	21 469 €	22 664 €	12,2%	30,8%	27,6%	15,9%	5,6%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	20,0	27,4	28,9	30,5	31,3	31,5	57,5%	14,2%	9,2%	3,2%	0,8%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	26,4	31,8	33,1	35,1	36,2	36,7	39,4%	13,9%	10,9%	4,6%	1,4%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	9,3	9,5	9,9	9,5	9,7	10,2	9,4%	1,8%	3,5%	7,0%	5,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	89,6	85,4	106,0	90,6	90,5	87,0	-2,9%	5,9%	-18,0%	-4,0%	-3,9%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				6,1	8,0	8,3				30,9%	3,1%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,2	1,0	0,9	1,5	1,6	1,5	26,1%	61,2%	72,1%	2,9%	-5,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,015	0,1	0,1	0,028	0,017	0,020	35,5%	-79,0%	-78,2%	-37,7%	18,4%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	89%	114%	110%	101%	107%	107%	0,21	-0,06	-0,02	0,06	0,00
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious land registry cases	118%	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	29%	40%	40%	149%	411%	114%	3,01	9,22	9,25	1,76	-0,72

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	849	685	750	536	445	432	-49,1%	-35,0%	-40,7%	-17,0%	-3,0%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	1 965	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	2 758	1 457	2 036	1 408	495	1 464	-46,9%	-66,0%	-75,7%	-64,8%	195,5%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,5	2,1	2,1	2,3	2,1	1,9	-22,4%	-9,2%	-8,1%	-16,9%	-8,0%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,1	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	187,9%	-26,9%	-45,6%	-39,5%	-2,5%

-20% max

15,0%

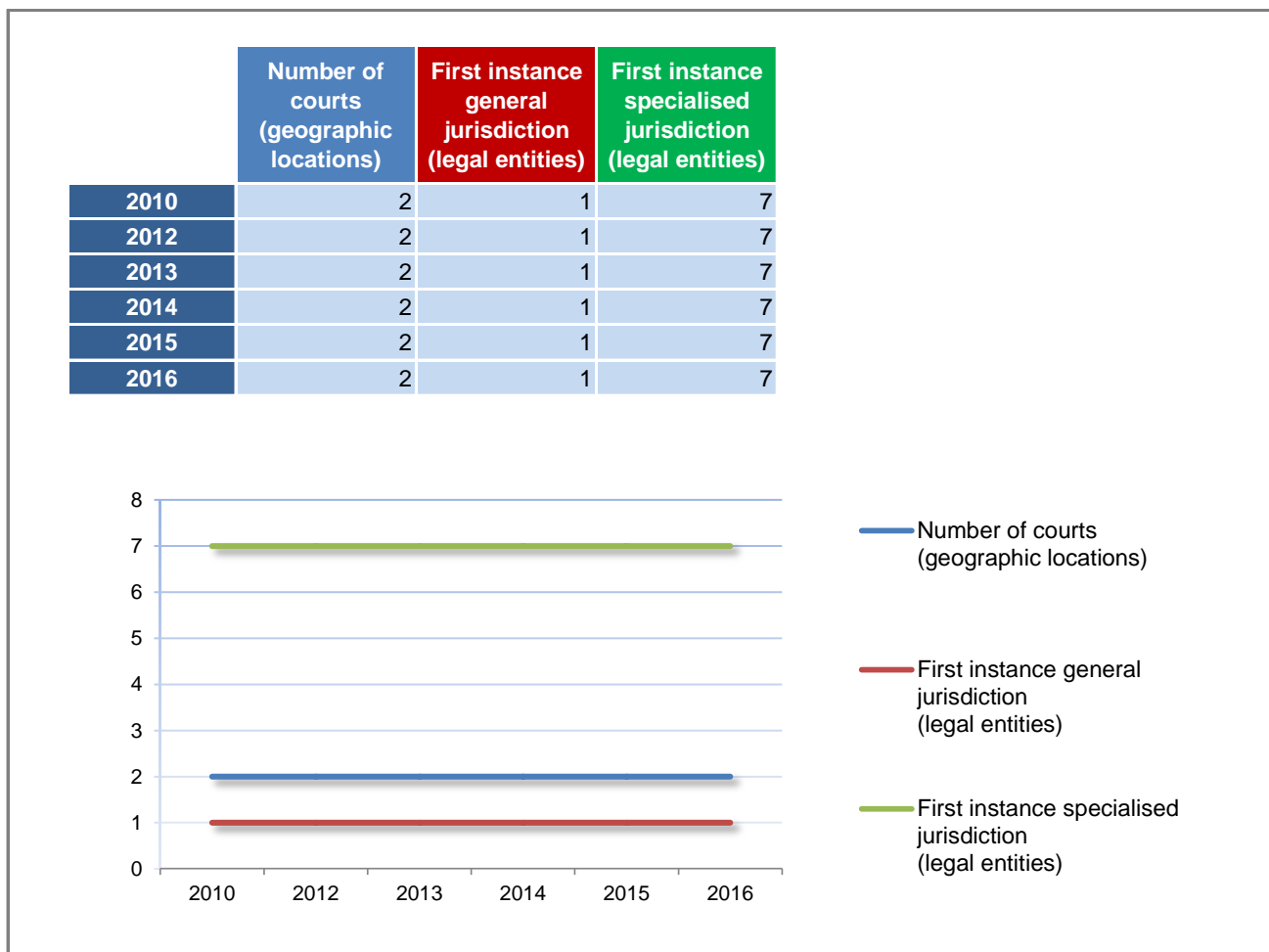
-15,0%

+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According to 2016 data, in Malta there is 1 first instance court of general jurisdiction and 7 specialised first instance courts. More specifically, the 1st instance courts include general jurisdiction and specialised courts, tribunals and boards. Commercial and company law cases are filed before the Civil Court, First Hall which is not a commercial court, but is presided over by judges specialised in commercial and company law cases. There are three specialised first instance courts, namely the Family Court, the Court of First Instance and the Administrative Tribunal. Besides, there are the Industrial Tribunal and the Small Claims Tribunal, as well as several other boards such as the Land Arbitration Board, Rural Leases Control Board, Value Added Tax Board, Partition of Inheritance Board and the Rent Regulation Board.

In Malta there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court, then, is presided over by the 3 judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction. It is interesting to notice that 2 judges presiding over the Second Instance Courts also preside over the Civil Court, First Hall and the Family Court (which are specialised 1st instance courts).



Specialised courts	
Total	7
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency r NAP)	
Family courts	1

Rent and tenancies courts	1
Administrative courts	1
Other specialised 1st instance courts	4

The 1st Instance Courts include general jurisdiction and specialised courts, tribunals and boards. Commercial and company law cases are filed before the Civil Court, First Hall which is not a commercial court, but is presided over by judges specialised in commercial and company law cases. There are three specialised first instance courts, namely the Family Court, the Court of First Instance and the Administrative Tribunal. Besides, there are the Industrial Tribunal and the Small Claims Tribunal, as well as several other Boards such as the Land Arbitration Board, Rural Leases Control Board, Value Added Tax Board, Partition of Inheritance Board and the Rent Regulation Board.

The other specialised 1st Instance courts include:

- the Civil Court, First Hall
- the Land Arbitration Board
- the Rural Leases Control Board
- the Small Claims Tribunal

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 13 879 800 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 31,5 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

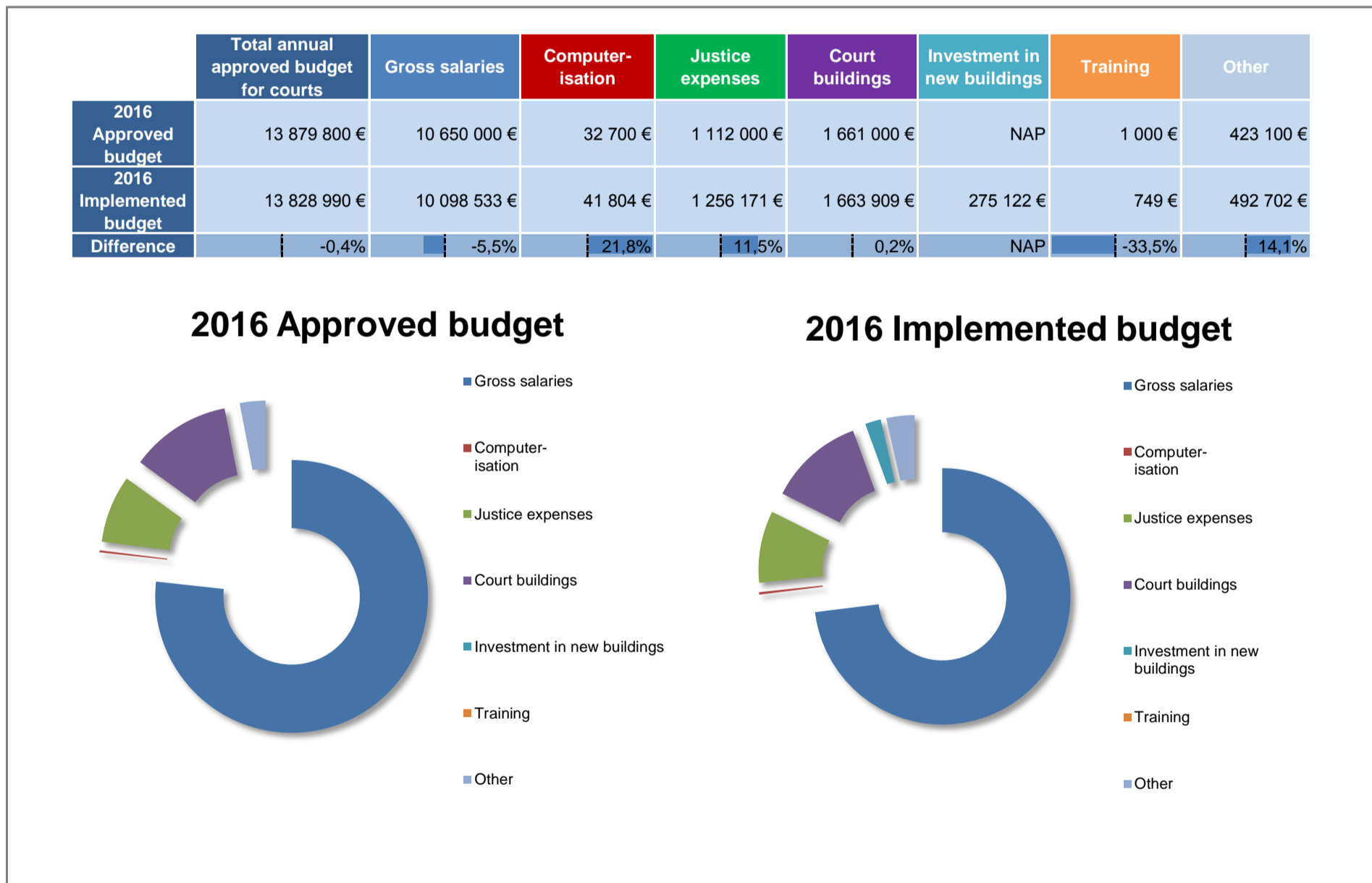
- Gross Salaries (10 650 000 €)
- Justice expenses (1 112 000 €)
- Court buildings (1 661 000 €)

The budget of public prosecution services and the budget of legal aid are not incorporated in question 6 "Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts" and have always been provided separately.

The expenditure under Sub-section "Other" refers to Payment to Criminal Court Jurors and expenses related to their accommodation and transport, payments to transcribers of the civil and criminal courts, payment of overtime to judicial teams, remuneration to mediators in the Family Court, payment to Child Advocates, payments to architects under the reletting of urban property and agricultural leases, and payments related to the Small Claims Tribunal. In addition, this year, we are also incorporating the training budget allocated to the Judicial Studies Committee, which is an independent entity that provides for the training of the judiciary. Despite the fact that this budget is itemised under the court budget, it's management and expenditure falls within the remit of the Chief Justice and not the court administration.

Regarding "4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings (maintenance, operating costs)": Prior to the 2014 budget, a financial request was lodged in respect of a major project that involved the renovation of the Sir Thomas Moore building. Hence, the 2014 budget had a dedicated line item for new court buildings. The 2015 and 2016 budgets showed only an implemented budget because no pre-programmed expense was being forecasted at the time of the budget planning. Hence the implemented budget relates to new court building requirements that emerged during the year in question (hence implemented not forecasted) and that required an injection of additional funds specifically for that purpose. The variations regarding the "annual public budget allocated to justice expenses" might be related to a possible increase in the number of court experts and translators.

The budget of the court administration is separate from that of the Public Prosecution Services and from that of Legal Aid.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 16 179 800 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 36,7 €

The budget per capita (36,7 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Malta belongs to the group of European States with the lowest degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 1,4%.

In Malta, till 2015, there was not a specific budget intended to legal aid. Accordingly, the communicated figures reflect the approximate expenditure from the budget of the Office of the Attorney General allocated to legal aid. Due to the approximate value, it is difficult to explain variations in the budget.

The communicated data represents the full amount allocated by the Government to the appointment of legal aid lawyers for the benefit of persons requiring their services. All judicial fees incurred by such persons are also borne by the Government. However it is not possible to quantify such expenses as these vary from case to case.

It is not possible to distinguish between the budget allocated to criminal cases, and that allocated to other than criminal cases.

In 2015, the government established a Legal Aid Agency which would allow for the forthcoming evaluation cycle providing a more accurate rendition of the budget of legal aid.

The Legal Aid budget does not differentiate between the services offered for criminal cases or the services offered for non-criminal cases. However Legal Aid in Malta is offered mainly for litigation purposes, and not for consultation, and hence the NAP response to question 12.2. 2016 was the first year in which the legal Aid Agency had a budget of its' own. The actual financial requirements needed to run the Agency.

The difference between the approved budget and the implemented budget for the Legal Aid Agency results from additional funds requested in 2016 in order to cover the increase in the honoraria of the lawyers and legal procurators offering their services to the Agency.

It is possible that there will be an additional increase in the budget in the forthcoming evaluations.

It is not possible to differentiate between the budget allocated to criminal and 'other than criminal cases' and that is why it is marked as NAP (There are no means to distinguish between the two).

The public prosecution services are carried out by the Attorney General's office. The Attorney General not only acts as a public prosecutor but also as the principal legal advisor of all the Government Departments. As a result, the amount budgeted cannot be considered as being funds allocated solely for public prosecution services, but also for other purposes relating to legal work and advise for the Government, both locally and internationally.

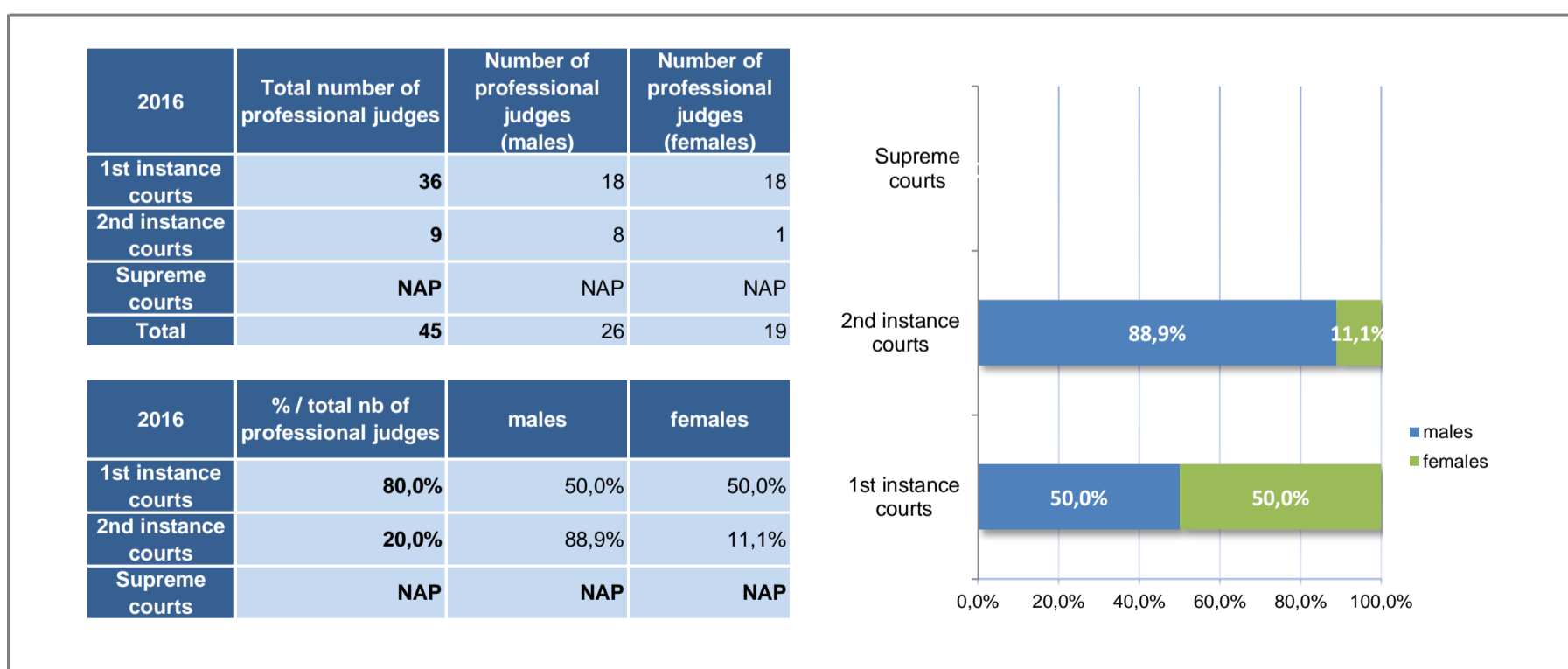
● **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 107 865 200 €**

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Some police services
- Other services

● **Human resources**

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Malta is 45 which is 7,1% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Malta, in 2016, there are 10,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 8,5 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 9,4 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 19 which represents 42,2% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 36 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 18 are female) ; 9 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 1 is female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that despite the categorical manner in which the Maltese judiciary have been classified for the purpose of this exercise, it is important to note that the roles of some of the judges are very fluid. Hence, some of the 1st Instance judges sit, when the need arises, in 2nd Instance courts, whilst 2nd Instance judges hear cases at 1st Instance such as at the Civil Court, First Hall or the Civil Court, Family Section.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Malta presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. In Malta there is no Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal being the Court of second instance. The Constitutional Court, then, is presided over by the 3 judges who compose the Court of second instance also known as the Court of Appeal in its Superior Jurisdiction. It is interesting to notice that 2 judges presiding over the Second Instance Courts also preside over the Civil Court, First Hall and the family Court (which are specialised 1st instance courts).

The number of 1st Instance 'judges' also includes magistrates that preside over 1st Instance Courts.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that there has been an increase of 3 female judges at 1st instance since 2014. There was an increase from 15 to 17 female judges at 1st instance in 2015 and a further increase of 1 female judge at 1st instance

In Malta, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Optional
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: No training offered
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: No training offered

More specifically, judges and magistrates are not trained. They are chosen from the practising lawyers and then no training is given to them, other than the occasional activity which they organise amongst themselves through the Judicial Studies Committee.

Throughout 2016, the Judicial Studies Committee secured the training of the newly-appointed members of the judiciary in judge craft through EJTN. Given the fact that judicial appointments are neither pre-announced nor given at a fixed schedule, organising a proper initial training course can prove to be very difficult. Hence the Judicial Studies Committee, through EJTN, are sending the newly-appointed magistrates to attend such training courses abroad.

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	374	NAP	274	100	0	0
2012	360	NAP	213	111	8	28
2013	451	NAP	156	103	8	36
2014	389	NAP	231	59	9	90
2015	393	NAP	239	60	5	89
2016	383	NAP	227	59	7	90

In Malta, in 2016, there are 383 non-judge staff (among which 203 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -2,5%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 227 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 158 are women);
- 59 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 23 are women);
- 7 technical staff (among which 0 are women);
- 90 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 22 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 9,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 10,2 in 2016.

Other non-judge staff includes:

- Director Civil Courts and staff
- Director Criminal Court and staff
- Registry Criminal Court
- Chief Marshal
- Senior Marshal
- Marshals
- Judiciary Drivers
- Subasti staff

Concerning "Technical Staff", 2 technical staff were employed. Between 2014 and 2015, there was a decrease in the number of tradesman employed with the court administration.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 100 000 € (0,2 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court: 100 000 €
It is not possible to differentiate between "criminal law cases" and "other than criminal law cases"
- The Legal Aid budget does not differentiate between the services offered for criminal cases or the services offered for non-criminal cases.
However Legal Aid in Malta is offered mainly for litigation purposes, and not for consultation, and hence the "NAP" response to question the category " non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court".

In Malta, till 2015, there was not a specific budget intended to legal aid. Accordingly, the communicated figures reflect the approximate expenditure from the budget of the Office of the Attorney General allocated to legal aid. Due to the approximate value, it is difficult to explain variations in the budget. The communicated data represents the full amount allocated by the Government to the appointment of legal aid lawyers for the benefit of persons requiring their services. All judicial fees incurred by such persons are also borne by the Government. However it is not possible to quantify such expenses as these vary from case to case.

In 2015, the government established a Legal Aid Agency which would allow for the forthcoming evaluation cycle providing a more accurate rendition of the budget of legal aid. 2016 was the first year in which the legal Aid Agency had a budget of its own. The actual financial requirements needed to run the Agency.

In Malta legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. Eligible candidates can enforce foreign judgements in Malta through legal aid as long as the procedure is carried out through court representation. The legal aid lawyer will see to the merits of the case till it is totally finalised.

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs

Individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system. Once eligibility for legal aid is established, the lawyers are assigned according to roster.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

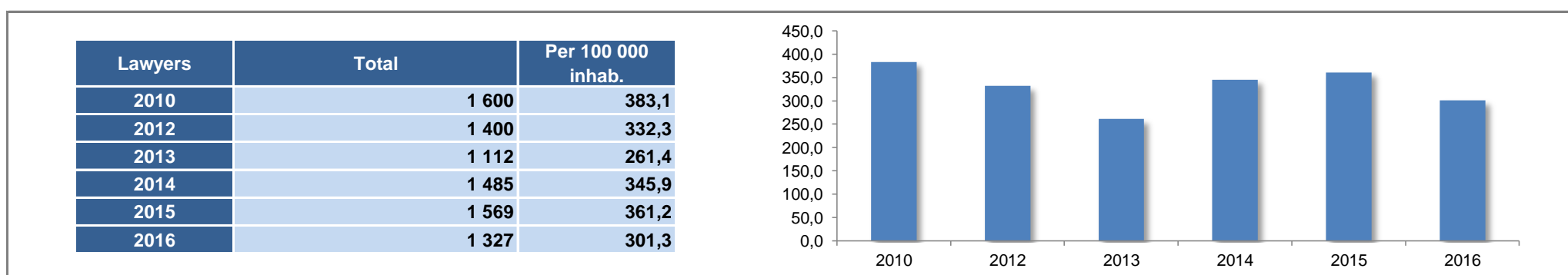
If a litigant is granted legal aid, he/she is exempted from paying court fees or taxes which are borne by the Government. There are no such taxes or fees in relation to criminal cases.

The Code of Organisation and Civil Procedures (Chapter 12) regulates all court fees and taxes, such as registry fees and lawyers' fees that can arise in the course of any civil proceeding. The tariffs are set out in schedules A to K annexed to the COCP.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 54 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Malta, in 2016, there are 1 327 lawyers, which is -15,4% less than in 2015.

This data represents 301,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The number of lawyers quoted in this answer refers to the number of warranted lawyers who are also members of the Chamber of Advocates, at the end of 2016. Throughout 2016, the Chamber of Advocates has been updating their list of members in order to clear the names of the lawyers who have either retired or have passed away. Furthermore, it is important to note that at present membership with the Chamber of Advocates, which is the sole Bar Association in Malta, is not mandatory. Hence over the past few months, the Department of Justice, in collaboration with the Chamber of Advocates, are drawing up the first complete list of warranted and non-warranted lawyers in Malta. Work is still underway so it is important to note that the figure quoted above, which is less than that submitted in the previous evaluation, reflects a more faithful representation of the number of warranted lawyers in Malta.

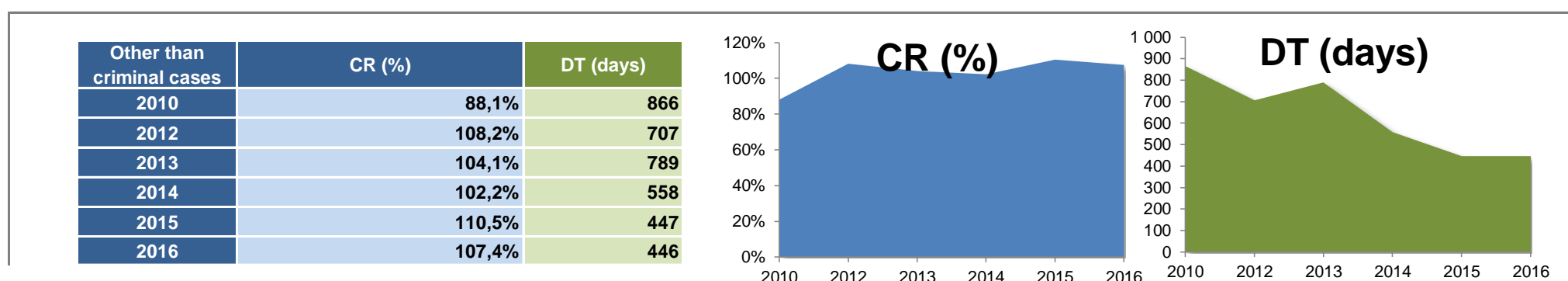
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



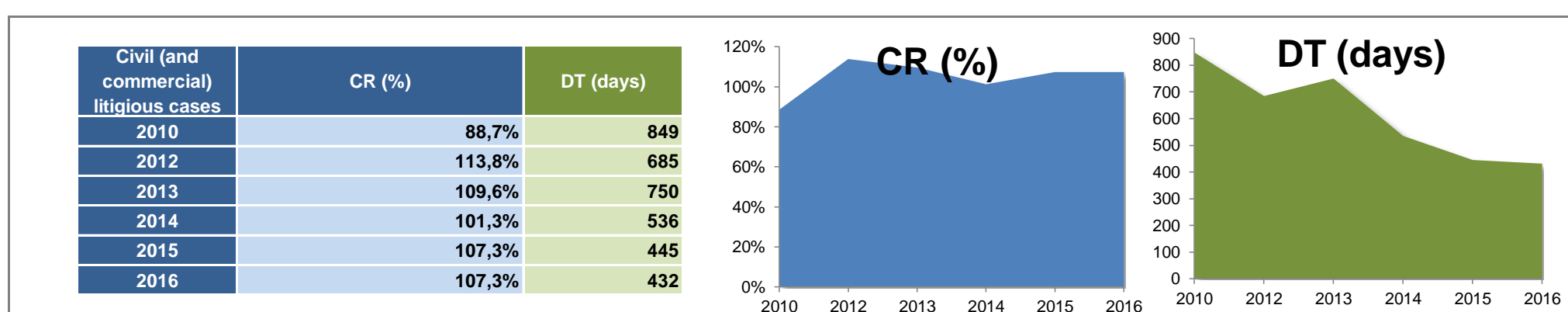
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,4% in 2016, Malta seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -3,1 points.

In Malta, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 446 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



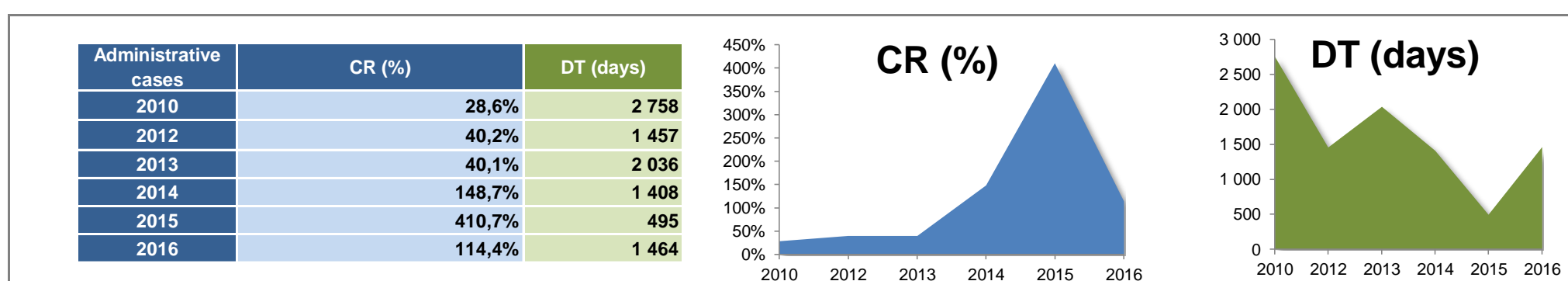
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,3% in 2016, Malta seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,1 points.

In Malta, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 432 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -3,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 114,4% in 2016, Malta seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -296,2 points.

In Malta, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 1 464 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 195,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

In , there are 294 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 71,2% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

The Administrative Review Tribunal was set up in late 2009 and replaced a number of ad hoc tribunals, each with their own varying caseload. From the moment it has been set-up, till practically 2014, the Administrative Review Tribunal was incorporating all these different caseloads within its own, and this resulted in a disproportional increase in the number of administrative incoming cases, as well as an increase in the pending caseload. Only now is the Tribunal starting to settle down to its normal annual caseload. The figures of "administrative cases" reflect the changes resulting from the integration of the caseloads of the ad hoc tribunals, into the Administrative Review Tribunal.

The observed variations for these cases between 2013 and the following years are due to the fact that in 2014 another magistrate started presiding over the Administrative Review Tribunal thereby increasing the judicial complement to 2 members. This change resulted in an increase in the number of administrative resolved cases leading to the increase in the clearance rate.

The low number of incoming cases is reflecting the current intake once all cases from the ad hoc tribunals have been transferred.

As regards the decrease between 2014 and 2015 in the number of pending cases, this is the result of the improvement in the performance and efficiency of the Administrative Review Tribunal during these last 2 years.

Non-litigious data is not available for 2015.

The vast majority of cases heard before the courts of Malta are litigious cases. Nevertheless, there is the Court of Voluntary Jurisdiction which deals with adoptions, appointment of tutor, curators and other administrators, interdiction and incapacitation and opening of secret wills.

Regarding the horizontal consistency: This is a problem encountered also in previous evaluations. Unfortunately this inconsistency results from the way that the data is logged, and it is practically impossible to resolve it at present. Concerning the variations between cycles: In reality, in 2015 the Administrative Review Tribunal worked real hard to reduce the pending caseload and also resolved one set of interrelated cases that translated in the conclusion of about 150 separate cases. So 2015 was a very good year in which the efficiency parameters of the Tribunal spiked. In 2016, the rhythm by which cases were being resolved went back to 2014 figures, hence the apparent decrease in the number of resolved cases between 2015 and 2016. The reduction in the pending caseload is also the result of the additional 150 odd cases that were resolved in 2015 and that dramatically reduced the pending caseload for good, even if the resolved caseload of 2016 was less than that of 2015. Concerning Administrative cases: These figures reflect the pending balance at the beginning of 2016. Throughout 2015, the Tribunal resolved one batch of related cases that resulted in a drop in the number of pending cases and a spike in the number of resolved cases.

◦ Insolvency

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2010		
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The evolution of Clearance Rate cannot be calculated.

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The employment dismissal cases are not heard by the courts but rather by the Industrial Tribunal which is separate from courts and has no connection whatsoever to courts or the Ministry of Justice.

Cases related to asylum seekers are processed by the Refugee Commission and heard by the Refugee Appeals Board, which is an entity separate from the courts.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Malta, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

In Malta, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court. This system started carrying this analysis since 2015.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

Currently Malta carries out systematic quantitative analysis of the performance of the different courts, based on international standards. We are also addressing measures of quality as defined by recognised international institutions, supplemented by internal reports that are purposely commissioned to focus on specific aspects of the functioning of the justice system. These ongoing efforts at measuring the efficiency and quality of our justice system is compared with past performance, but as yet, not with established targets.

Malta does not have defined 'targets' but assesses its performance in terms of indicators defined by international institutions.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Court performance evaluation is brought to the attention of both the Minister for Justice, Culture and Local Government as well as to the attention of the Chief Justice. The Chief Justice, who is vested with the authority to effect changes in judicial duties, does make use of such performance data in the better interest of increased efficiency and expediency of the judicial process.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

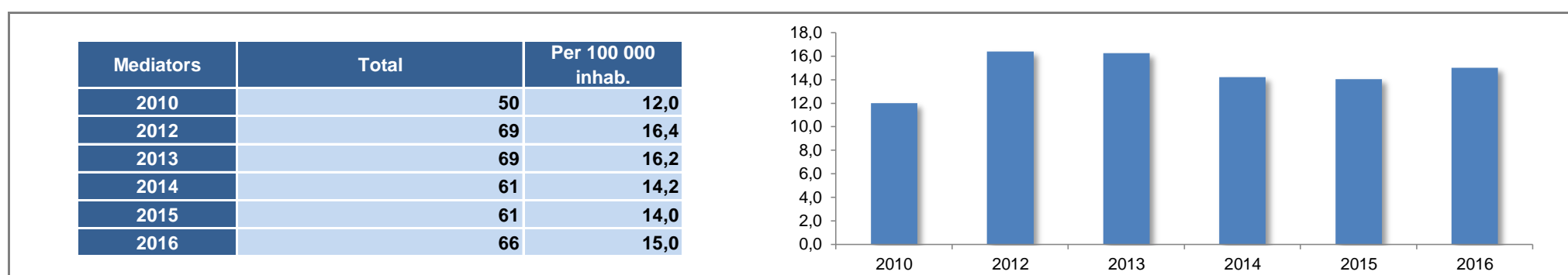
There exists a Code of Ethics for the members of the Judiciary which, though not providing for the organisation and quality of the judicial work, does lay upon the members of the Judiciary certain obligations which are important in ensuring the transparency and independence of the judicial process.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Malta provides judicial mediation.

Mandatory judicial mediation is possible only in Family Civil cases. In such cases, as soon as the parties file a case in court, they have to undergo mediation procedures before professional mediators appointed either by the mediation co-ordinator or directly by the judge. In all cases, the judge, whilst honouring the confidentiality of the mediation process, is following the process that might either lead to a peaceful resolution of the family dispute, or might then be taken up in court. As from the October 2017, compulsory mediation will be enforced in one specific area of civil cases (cases filed in front of the Rent Regulation Board).

Mediation occurs in the initial phase of the judicial proceedings, before contentious proceedings are initiated, in that whilst it is managed by the mediation co-ordinator, the judge oversees the process. If mediation fails, then the case proceeds in open court. Technically the above criteria do not match the Maltese context because it is at the initial phase of the court procedure but given that it is mandatory, the judge does not need to 'order' it. Having said this,



In Malta, in 2016, there are 66 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 15,0 accredited or registered mediators

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 8,2%.

The data regarding the number of mediators was provided by The Malta Mediation Centre, quoting the number of mediators duly accredited and registered in terms of the provisions of the Mediation Act, 2004 (Cap. 474 of the Laws of Malta).

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	1 896	454
Civil and commercial	NAP	NAP
Family cases	1 896	454
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

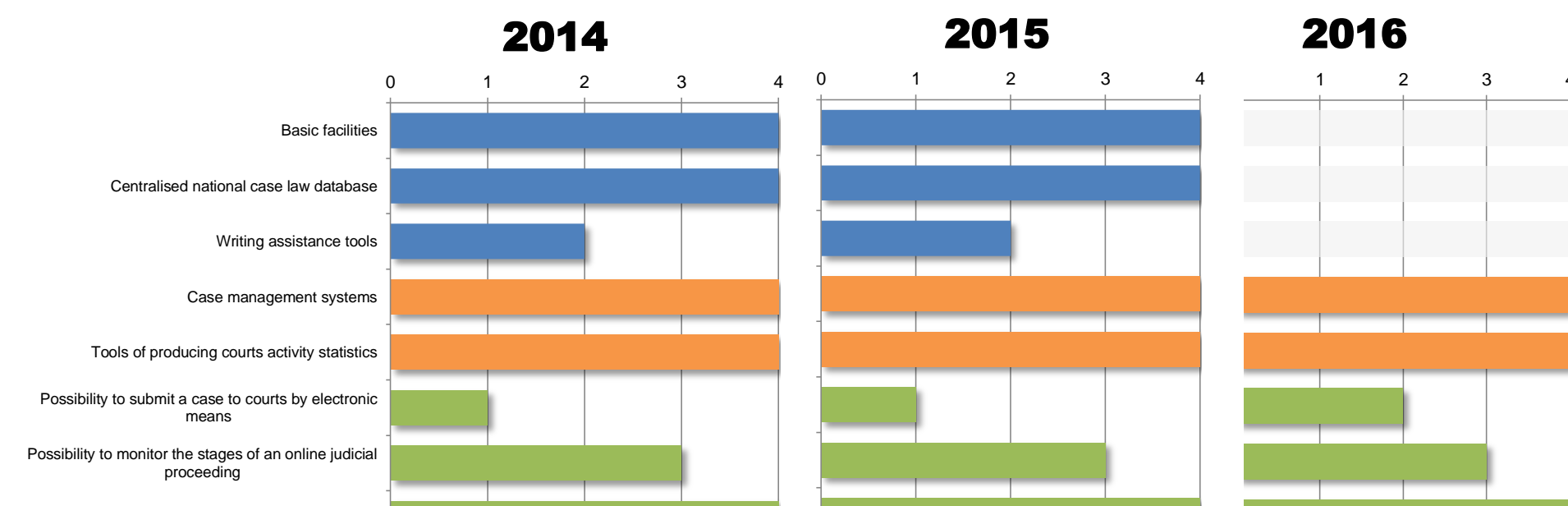
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Malta has been evaluated at 8,3 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Electronic communication between courts and lawyers									
Electronic signature of documents									
Videoconferencing with users									

Comments of the State about communication tools
 Malta does not have any judicial police.

4. National data collection system

In Malta, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Court Administration has an in-house database and case management system that collects statistical information regarding all civil courts, and aspects of criminal procedure. This system is accessed daily by the court officers, but its upkeep and technical back-up are entrusted to the Malta Information Technology Agency (MITA) which is a government agency specialising in ICT services for government entities and departments.

More specifically, the the Malta Information Technology and Training Services Limited (MITTS) was set up in 2000 in order to establish the national IT strategy. In 2008, MITA was established as a government agency tasked with the implementation of the ICT roadmap. It incorporated the functions of MITTS and also took on some other functions that previously fell within the remit of the IT Ministry.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Building on the reforms already implemented in the previous years, the present administration has continued to work on legislative and operational reforms that are intended to improve the efficiency of justice. Throughout 2017, work was carried out in order to introduce a commercial division within the Civil Court in order to facilitate cases filed under the Companies Act. A bill was presented to parliament for the 1st reading on July 2017, and is currently undergoing the legislative process that would see it being enacted as law by the end of the year. The Commercial Division will become operative in 2018. This bill, entitled Code of Organisation and Civil Procedure (Amendment) (No. 2) Act of 2017, also laid out provisions for another 2 major innovations that will translate into more expedited proceedings within the Civil Courts. The first innovation relates to the establishment of a Civil Court, First Hall in Gozo. Up to this day, Magistrates serving the Gozo courts were given a special concession to hear cases normally presided over by a Judge. Following this amendment, the Court of Magistrates (Gozo) in its superior jurisdiction will be abolished, and the jurisdiction of the Civil Court (First Hall), the Civil Court (Family Section) and the Civil Court (Voluntary Jurisdiction) will be extended to the islands of Gozo and Comino. Secondly, the Bill also introduces a legal amendment that will address, once and for all, an issue with efficiency being experienced in the 2nd instance civil courts. The Civil Court of Appeal (Superior Jurisdiction) is composed of two chambers, presided over by the Chief Justice, in order to ensure consistency of sentencing. Current legislation also dictates that certain types of cases should be fast-tracked, and this is creating a backlog with the remaining cases that do not fall within the 'fast-track' criteria. The Bill proposes the setting up of multiple chambers, in such a way that all cases at the 2nd instance court are initiated within a short period of time since filing. Once implemented, it is envisaged that the clearance rate and the disposition time of these courts would drastically improve.

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen for this category.

(2010-2016) data Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	8 355 400	11 527 427	12 278 300	13 115 766	13 575 554	13 879 800	66,1%	17,8%	10,6%	3,5%	2,2%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	8 355 400	11 527 427	12 278 300	13 115 766	13 575 554	13 879 800	1 €	17,8%	10,6%	3,5%	2,2%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	NAP	NA	38 300	33 600	35 454	32 700	-	-	-7,4%	5,5%	-7,8%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	85 000	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	17,6%	3,0%	3,0%	-27,1%	96,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	2 569 000	1 828 559	1 757 000	1 900 000	2 116 000	2 200 000	-14,4%	15,7%	20,4%	11,4%	4,0%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	8 355 400	11 527 427	12 278 300	13 115 766	13 575 554	13 879 800	66,1%	17,8%	10,6%	3,5%	2,2%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	6 702 000	6 399 974	-	6 583 082	6 665 908	6 904 081	3,0%	4,2%	-	1,3%	3,6%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	-	edings in Court.	-	ed to the COCP.	ined to the COCP.	to K of the COCP.	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	7	7	7	7	7	7	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	7	7	7	7	7	7	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	88,1%	108,2%	104,1%	102,2%	110,5%	107,4%	21,9%	2,2%	6,2%	8,2%	-2,8%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88,7%	113,8%	109,6%	101,3%	107,3%	107,3%	21,1%	-5,8%	-2,1%	5,9%	0,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	118,2%	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	28,6%	40,2%	40,1%	148,7%	410,7%	114,4%	300,6%	922,2%	925,1%	176,1%	-72,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	866	707	789	558	447	446	-48,5%	-36,8%	-43,4%	-20,0%	-0,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	849	685	750	536	445	432	-49,1%	-35,0%	-40,7%	-17,0%	-3,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	1965	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	2758	1457	2036	1408	495	1464	-46,9%	-66,0%	-75,7%	-64,8%	195,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	142	162	130	-	-	-	14,1%	-19,8%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	285	299	358	-	-	-	4,9%	19,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	265	331	367	-	-	-	24,9%	10,9%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	162	130	121	-	-	-	-19,8%	-6,9%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	93,0%	110,7%	102,5%	-	-	-	19,1%	-7,4%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	223	143	120	-	-	-	-35,8%	-16,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	797	1 134	1 577	1 841	1 945	1 968	146,9%	71,5%	23,3%	5,6%	1,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	797	1 134	1 577	1 841	1 945	1 968	146,9%	71,5%	23,3%	5,6%	1,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	629	990	829	807	772	801	27,3%	-22,0%	-6,9%	-4,3%	3,8%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	629	990	829	807	772	801	27,3%	-22,0%	-6,9%	-4,3%	3,8%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	628	542	565	703	738	851	35,5%	36,2%	30,6%	5,0%	15,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	628	542	565	703	738	851	35,5%	36,2%	30,6%	5,0%	15,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	808	1 582	1 841	1 945	1 968	1 922	137,9%	24,4%	6,9%	1,2%	-2,3%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	808	1 582	1 841	1 945	1 968	1 922	137,9%	24,4%	6,9%	1,2%	-2,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,8%	54,7%	68,2%	87,1%	95,6%	106,2%	6,4%	74,6%	40,3%	9,7%	11,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,8%	54,7%	68,2%	87,1%	95,6%	106,2%	6,4%	74,6%	40,3%	9,7%	11,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	470	1065	1189	1010	973	824	75,5%	-8,6%	-18,2%	-3,6%	-15,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	470	1065	1189	1010	973	824	75,5%	-8,6%	-18,2%	-3,6%	-15,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)

99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	49	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	46	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	46	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	36	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	36	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	59	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	59	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	78,3%	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	78,3%	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	598	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	598	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 1st instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 1st instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 022	9 805	9 789	10 845	10 568	9 459	-5,6%	7,8%	8,0%	-2,6%	-10,5%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9 729	9 457	9 238	10 092	9 885	9 041	-7,1%	4,5%	7,0%	-2,1%	-8,5%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	216	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

**(2010-2016) data
Malta tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	91	348	551	753	683	418	359,3%	96,3%	24,0%	-9,3%	-38,8%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 090	4 507	4 272	6 762	6 991	6 730	32,2%	55,1%	63,6%	3,4%	-3,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 994	4 161	3 935	6 643	6 916	6 640	33,0%	66,2%	75,8%	4,1%	-4,0%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	33	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	63	346	337	119	75	90	42,9%	-78,3%	-77,7%	-37,0%	20,0%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 485	4 875	4 447	6 909	7 727	7 231	61,2%	58,5%	73,8%	11,8%	-6,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 428	4 736	4 312	6 732	7 419	7 128	61,0%	56,7%	72,1%	10,2%	-3,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	39	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	18	139	135	177	308	103	472,2%	121,6%	128,1%	74,0%	-66,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10 641	9 437	9 614	10 568	9 459	8 843	-16,9%	0,2%	-1,6%	-10,5%	-6,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10 295	8 882	8 861	9 885	9 041	8 430	-18,1%	1,8%	2,0%	-8,5%	-6,8%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	210	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	136	555	753	683	418	413	203,7%	-24,7%	-44,5%	-38,8%	-1,2%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	85 000	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	17,6%	3,0%	3,0%	-27,1%	96,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	-	3,0%	3,0%	-27,1%	96,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	70 000	51 000	161 662	-	-	-	-27,1%	217,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	70 000	51 000	161 662	-	-	-	-27,1%	217,0%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	85 000	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	17,6%	3,0%	3,0%	-27,1%	96,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	49 500	49 500	70 000	51 000	100 000	-	3,0%	3,0%	-27,1%	96,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NAP	-	-	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	LECAM	LECAM	LECAM	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	LECAM	LECAM	LECAM	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	E Forms Framework	eForms framework	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	NR	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	eCourts	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	No training offered	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	No training offered	▷ training proposed	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	▷ training offered	No training offered	▷ training proposed	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	50	69	69	61	61	66	32,0%	-11,6%	-11,6%	0,0%	8,2%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	39	40	42	41	42	45	15,4%	5,0%	0,0%	2,4%	7,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	34	34	36	33	34	36	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%	3,0%	5,9%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	5	6	6	8	8	9	80,0%	33,3%	33,3%	0,0%	12,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	27	26	27	25	24	26	-3,7%	-7,7%	-11,1%	-4,0%	8,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	22	20	21	18	17	18	-18,2%	-15,0%	-19,0%	-5,6%	5,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	5	6	6	7	7	8	60,0%	16,7%	16,7%	0,0%	14,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	12	14	15	16	18	19	58,3%	28,6%	20,0%	12,5%	5,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	12	14	15	15	17	18	50,0%	21,4%	13,3%	13,3%	5,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	0	0	0	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	374	360	451	389	393	383	2,4%	9,2%	-12,9%	1,0%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	274	213	156	231	239	227	-17,2%	12,2%	53,2%	3,5%	-5,0%

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	100	111	103	59	60	59	-41,0%	-45,9%	-41,7%	1,7%	-1,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	8	8	9	5	7	-	-37,5%	-37,5%	-44,4%	40,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	28	36	90	89	90	-	217,9%	147,2%	-1,1%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	187	180	-	-	-	-	-3,7%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	73	73	69	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	40	36	-	-	-	-	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	5	7	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	70	69	68	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	206	203	-	-	-	-	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	158	166	158	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	20	23	-	-	-	-	15,0%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	20	20	22	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	39	40	42	41	42	45	15,4%	5,0%	0,0%	2,4%	7,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	34	34	36	33	34	36	5,9%	0,0%	-5,6%	3,0%	5,9%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	5	6	6	8	8	9	80,0%	33,3%	33,3%	0,0%	12,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	27	26	27	25	24	26	-3,7%	-7,7%	-11,1%	-4,0%	8,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	22	20	21	18	17	18	-18,2%	-15,0%	-19,0%	-5,6%	5,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	5	6	6	7	7	8	60,0%	16,7%	16,7%	0,0%	14,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	12	14	15	16	18	19	58,3%	28,6%	20,0%	12,5%	5,6%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	12	14	15	15	17	18	50,0%	21,4%	13,3%	13,3%	5,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	0	0	0	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	374	360	451	389	393	383	2,4%	9,2%	-12,9%	1,0%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	274	213	156	231	239	227	-17,2%	12,2%	53,2%	3,5%	-5,0%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	100	111	103	59	60	59	-41,0%	-45,9%	-41,7%	1,7%	-1,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	8	8	9	5	7	-	-37,5%	-37,5%	-44,4%	40,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	28	36	90	89	90	-	217,9%	147,2%	-1,1%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	187	180	-	-	-	-	-3,7%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	73	73	69	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	40	36	-	-	-	-	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	5	7	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	70	69	68	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	206	203	-	-	-	-	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	158	166	158	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	20	23	-	-	-	-	15,0%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	20	20	22	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Malta tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 600	1 400	1 112	1 485	1 569	1 327	-17,1%	12,1%	41,1%	5,7%	-15,4%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	417 617	421 364	425 384	429 344	434 403	440 433	5,5%	3,1%	2,1%	1,2%	1,4%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 600	1 400	1 112	1 485	1 569	1 327	-17,1%	12,1%	41,1%	5,7%	-15,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	374	360	451	389	393	383	2,4%	9,2%	-12,9%	1,0%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	274	213	156	231	239	227	-17,2%	12,2%	53,2%	3,5%	-5,0%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	100	111	103	59	60	59	-41,0%	-45,9%	-41,7%	1,7%	-1,7%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	8	8	9	5	7	-	-37,5%	-37,5%	-44,4%	40,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	28	36	90	89	90	-	217,9%	147,2%	-1,1%	1,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	187	180	-	-	-	-	-3,7%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	73	73	69	-	-	-	0,0%	-5,5%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	40	36	-	-	-	-	-10,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	9	5	7	-	-	-	-44,4%	40,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	70	69	68	-	-	-	-1,4%	-1,4%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	206	203	-	-	-	-	-1,5%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	158	166	158	-	-	-	5,1%	-4,8%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	20	23	-	-	-	-	15,0%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	20	20	22	-	-	-	0,0%	10,0%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Netherlands (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,8%	1,5%	1,1%	0,6%
GDP per capita	39 313 €	38 236 €	38 255 €	39 313 €	39 937 €	41 258 €	4,9%	4,4%	4,4%	1,6%	3,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

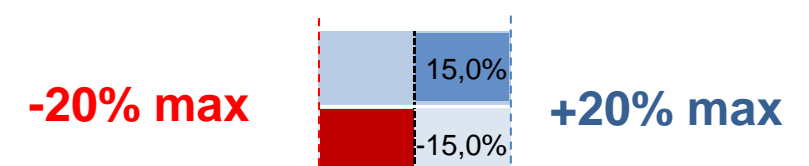
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	59,6	63,7	61,7	63,2	64,0	61,3	2,8%	0,5%	-0,8%	-3,1%	-4,3%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	125,5	131,2	128,6	122,3	119,6	119,2	-5,0%	-8,8%	-7,3%	-2,5%	-0,3%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	15,2	14,4	14,1	14,0	13,9	13,6	-10,2%	-3,3%	-3,4%	-2,2%	-1,7%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	40,1	37,3	43,3	43,9	42,8	42,8	6,9%	14,8%	-1,1%	-2,4%	0,1%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				5,8	5,6	5,0				-4,3%	-10,4%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	1,0	1,0	0,9	NA	NA	NA	-4,1%	-1,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,8	5,7	NA	NA	NA	NA	-2,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,688	0,7	0,7	0,650	0,591	0,662	-3,9%	-13,8%	-9,9%	-9,1%	12,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	99%	100%	101%				0,01	0,00
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	100%	101%					0,00
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	107%	98%	100%	99%	103%	95%	-0,11	0,06	0,03	0,04	-0,08

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	132	115	121				-12,7%	5,3%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	74	66					-9,7%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	159	163	164	171	168	178	11,9%	3,2%	2,2%	-2,0%	6,2%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	0,4	0,3	0,3	NA	NA	NA	-11,5%	4,5%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,2	1,0	NA	NA	NA	NA	-11,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	-3,9%	-6,0%	-5,3%	-7,2%	10,0%



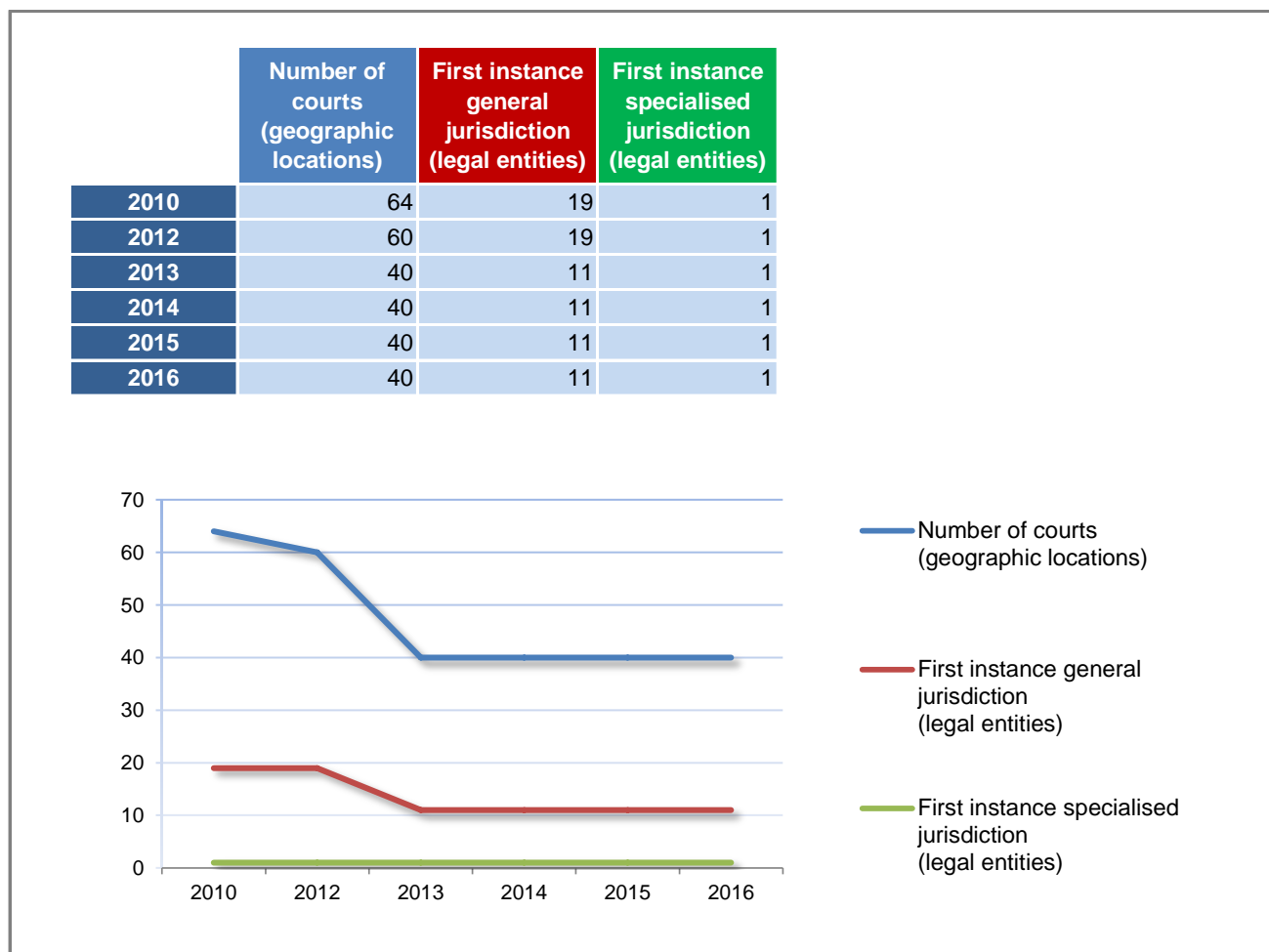
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According to 2016 data, in the Netherlands there are 11 first instance courts of general jurisdiction and only one specialised first instance court.

Since 2013 and following years, due to the implementation of the reform related to the reorganisation of the judicial map, the number of district courts was reduced from 19 in 2012 to 11 in 2013 and following years. Moreover, this reform resulted in the closure of sub-district courts due to which the number of geographic locations decreased from 64 in 2010 to 60 in 2012 and then to 40 in 2013 and following years.

There is only one specialised first instance court, namely the Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal, also known as Administrative High Court for Trade and Industry. The other specialised jurisdictions are not legal entities (Natte kamer, Ondernemingskamer, Militaire kamer) but only chambers within the courts. There is no separate military court, but there is a military chamber in one of the district courts.

Besides, there are 1 Central Appeal Tribunal, 4 General Appeal (second instance) courts, one Trade and Industry Appeals Tribunal (special administrative court, which rules on disputes in the area of social-economic administrative law and other specific laws, such as competition law) and 1 Supreme Court.



Specialised courts
Total

1

Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)

1

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 1 046 578 000 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 61,3 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (779 287 000 €)
- Court buildings (100 692 000 €)
- Computerisation (86 115 000 €)

In the Netherlands, the budget is never formally approved. Basically, the budget for the upcoming year is proposed and published in September, and discussed in Parliament in October/November. It is then adjusted in spring and autumn of the running year. In May of the following year the annual report is published and formally approved by Parliament. So only the actual expenditures are ever formally approved. The figures provided within the CEPEJ report as approved budget correspond to the budget published in September for the upcoming year, while the figures provided as implemented budget relate to the annual report published in May of the following year. Figures communicated on the occasion of the evaluation cycles before 2014 reflect the implemented and not the approved budget. The budget allocated to “justice expenses” did not encompass expenditure related to criminal matters (which fall under the budget of the public prosecution services).

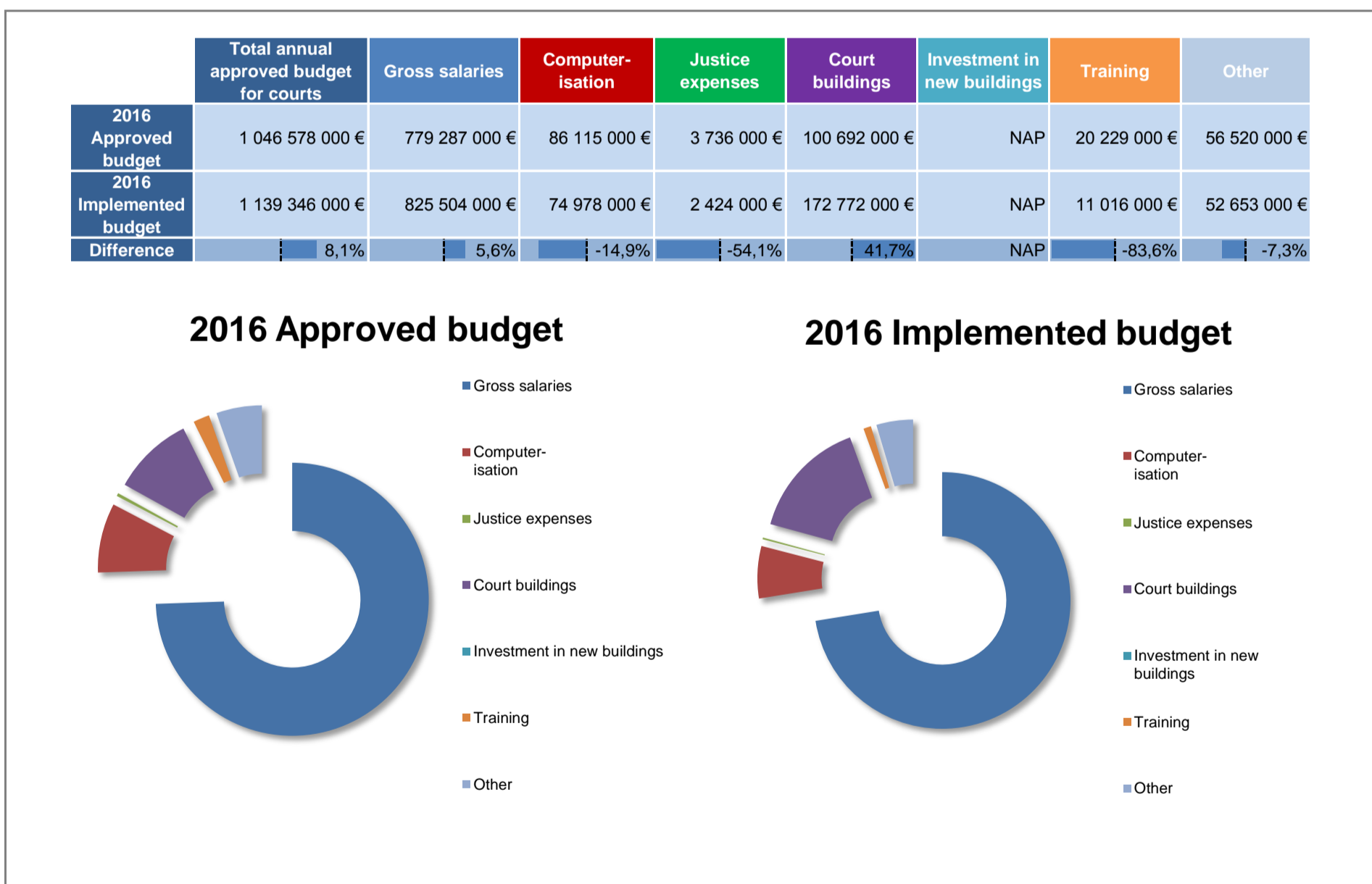
Up to and including 2013 questionnaire the category “other” subsumed the total costs of the Supreme Court. However since 2011 the Supreme Court publishes more detailed financial figures, Therefore, as of 2014 exercise, the costs for the Supreme Court are spread out over all 7 categories.

Source: Statistics Netherlands

the Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses includes the Council of Judiciary only. and Justice expenses are excluding the justice expenses for criminal cases.

the category "Other" includes: depreciation, interest, administration, service centre, etc., since 2012 incl. justice expenses of the Supreme Court.

The category "Annual public budget allocated to court buildings" include exceptionally, a one time, and extra amount of 65.1 million was planned for the new government housing system” (Report Annual Budget).



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 2 036 574 000 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 119,2 €

The budget per capita (119,2 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Netherlands belongs to the group of European States with high degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has decreased by -0,3%.

The budget for public prosecution services includes justice expenses in criminal cases, namely all kinds of cost types, like wiretaps, interpreters, compensation for witnesses, etc.

The total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services include justice expenses, including public prosecution before the Supreme Court and Council of State in criminal cases.

• **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 11 700 989 000 €**

The annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system as it excludes the judiciary part of the Council of State.

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

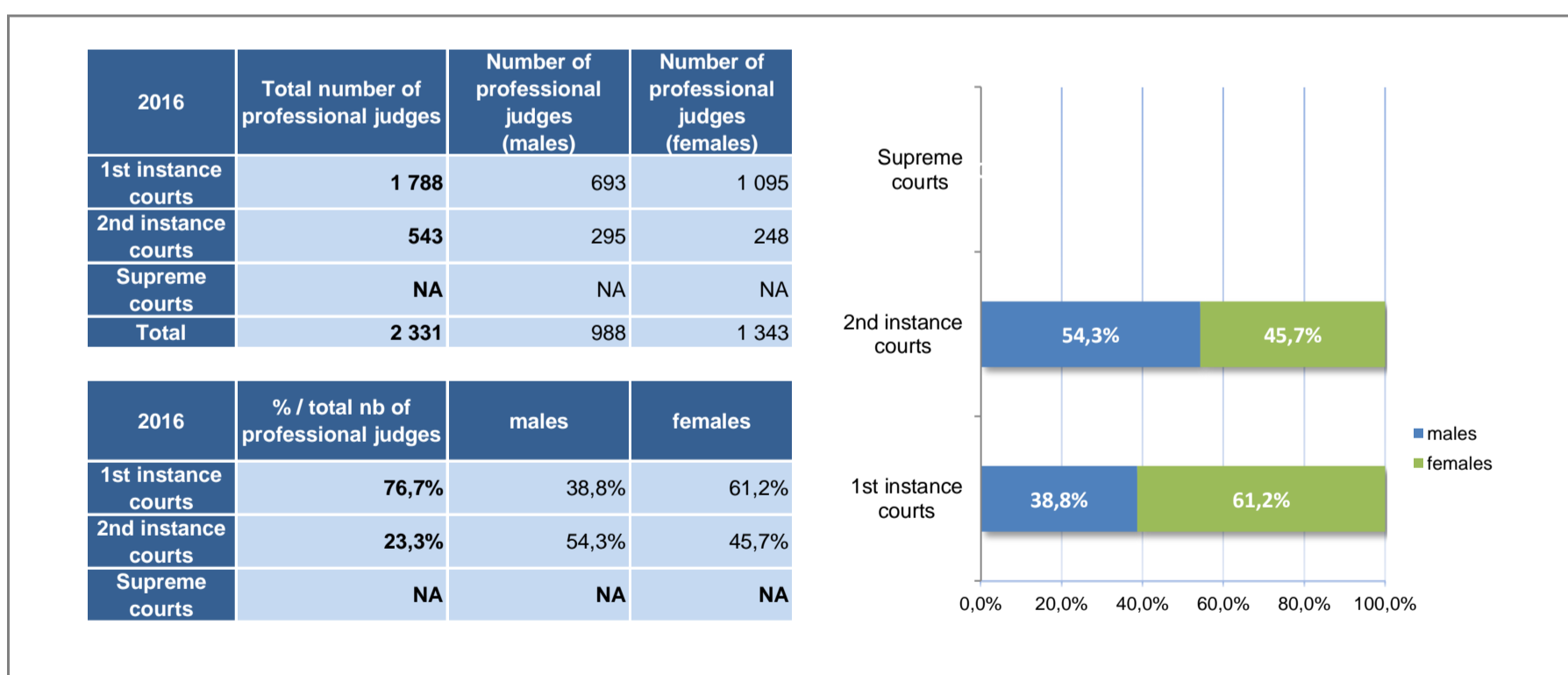
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Refugees and asylum seekers service
- Some police services
- Other services

Figures communicated for the previous evaluation cycles reflect the implemented budget. The provided figure corresponds to the entire budget of the Ministry of Security and Justice. However, other Ministries may also finance parts of the justice system. Likewise, third parties may contribute. Such contributions are not included here. The Netherlands have no Constitutional court as such, but the tasks of a Constitutional court are performed by the Council of State. Its budget is not included in the figure reported in the frame of question 15.1. For the 2012, 2013 and 2014 exercises, the category “other” includes police services and secret services (both since 2011).

This figure is the entire budget of the ministry of security and justice. However other ministries may also finance parts of the justice system. Also third parties may contribute. This is not included here. The Netherlands have no constitutional court as such but the tasks of a constitutional court are performed by the Council of State. Its budget is not included in the figure reported here.

• **Human resources** □

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Netherlands is 2 331 which is -1,1% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Netherlands, in 2016, there are 13,7 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,1 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,1 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 343 which represents 57,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 788 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 095 are female) ; 543 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 248 are female) and the number of judges sitting in Supreme Court is not available.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that since 2010 the provided numbers include court presidents. Besides, figures are not presented in full time equivalent (FTE) since such data were available only for the total. The number of first instance judges encompasses judges 'overig RA' that cannot be assigned solely to 1st or 2nd instance.

All data in number of persons. FTE data are only available for the total: 2148.

In Netherlands, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Compulsory

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	6 674	0	0	0	0	0
2012	6 252	NAP	4 847	NA	NA	1 405
2013	7 287	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2014	7 422	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA
2015	7 265	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2016	7 317	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

In Netherlands, in 2016, there are 7 317 non-judge staff. Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,7%.

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 43,0 in 2015 to 43,1 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 13,9 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 13,6 in 2016.

It is note worthy that only the total of non-judge staff working in courts is available.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 440 400 000 € (25,8 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The Dutch legal aid system encompasses three 'lines' that provide legal aid and constitutes a mixed model consisting of a public preliminary provision, public first-line and private second-line help.

o Firstly, the preliminary provision of the interactive online application called Roadmap to Justice offers digital help to people to find solutions for their legal problems in an interactive manner, initially in the area of divorce. This online platform provides information, objective criteria and self-help tools. With the aid of a reviewer the agreements can be finalised in a divorce settlement. In the near future, after-care will also be possible. The Legal Services Counters also have a website that can be seen as a preliminary provision.

o Secondly, the Legal Services Counters (LSC) who are financed by the Legal Aid Board, act as what is commonly known as the 'front office' (primary help). Legal matters are being clarified to clients and information and advice given. If necessary, clients will be referred to other professionals or support agencies. Clients may also be referred to a private lawyer or mediator who acts as the secondary line of legal aid. Clients may also apply for legal aid from a subsidised lawyer or mediator directly.

o Finally, private lawyers and mediators provide legal aid in more complicated or time-consuming matters (secondary help). They are paid by the Legal Aid Board to provide their services to clients of limited means. Generally they are paid a fixed fee according to the type of case, although exceptions can be made for more extensive cases.

Since 2010 it is possible to get subsidised legal aid for criminal cases that do not go to court. However, for subsidised legal aid in criminal cases it is not possible to make the distinction between "cases brought to court" and "non-litigious cases".

Until 2013 the number of non-litigious criminal cases was negligible. So they were ignored. On the contrary, currently the number of cases is growing and becoming substantial. So they can no longer be ignored, but the actual figures are not available. It is noteworthy that subsidized legal aid has an open end funding, meaning that all applications that meet the criteria are awarded, regardless of the original budget. Accordingly, the difference between the proposed budget and the implemented one could be contentious. For example, in 2015, the Council for legal aid applied to the Ministry of Security and Justice with a claim for about 25 000 000 euros.

Figures communicated for the previous evaluation cycles reflect the implemented budget.

The budget intended to the Legal Counters (one of the providers of primary legal aid) is not included

In Netherlands legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

Legal aid can also be granted for the following costs: travel costs, interpreter and translation costs, administrative costs, medical expert costs in injury cases for which a special regulation exists.

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

Only if the preferred lawyer is registered with the Legal Aid Board.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

A court fee is required in Administrative Law and Civil Law procedures. Only in insolvency cases, child care cases, psychiatric patient cases and asylum cases one does not have to pay a court tax or fee. There are no other exceptions.

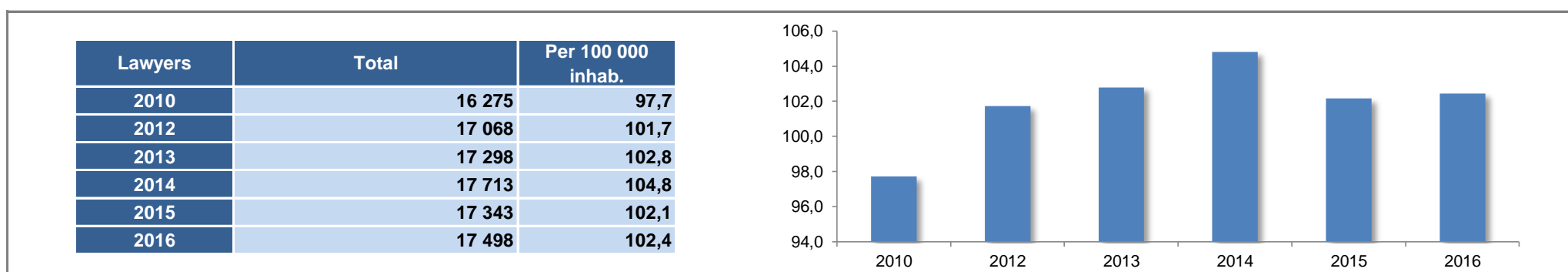
"• In civil cases there are fixed court fee rates based on the underlying value of the claim. There is a flat rate in cases where the value of the claim is undetermined.

- In administrative cases the rate depends on the type of case and whether it is an individual or legal entity.
- There is a fixed flat rate for people with low income.
- Since 1 January 2011 the court registry fee must be paid in advance."

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 471 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Netherlands, in 2016, there are 17 498 lawyers, which is 0,9% more than in 2015.

This data represents 102,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

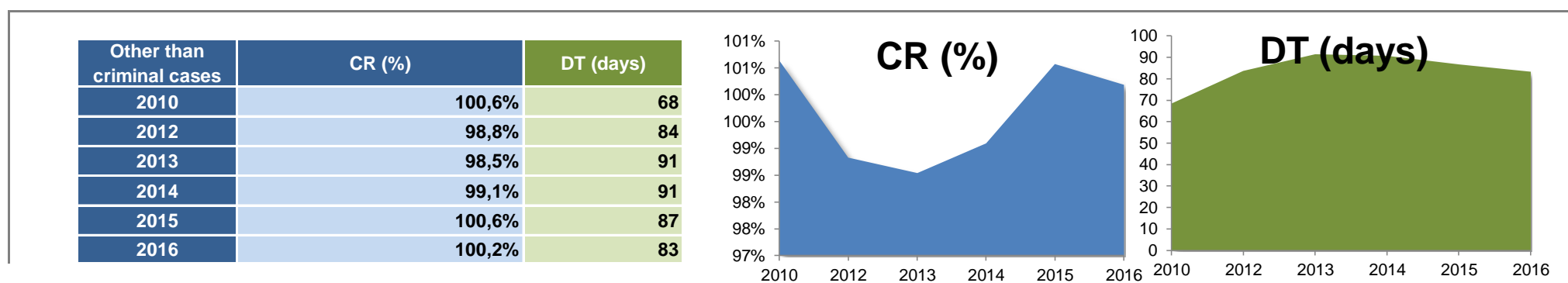
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



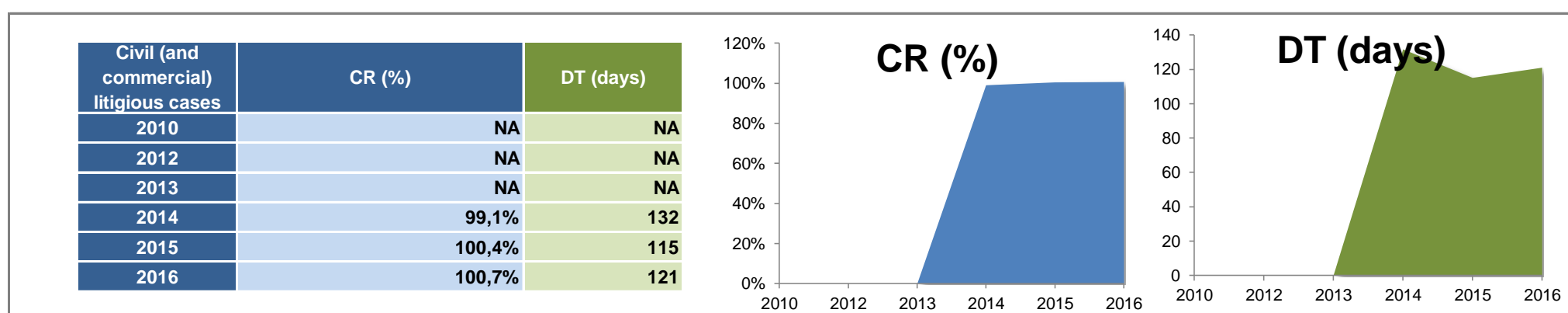
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,2% in 2016, Netherlands seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,4 points.

In Netherlands, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 83 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -4,0% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



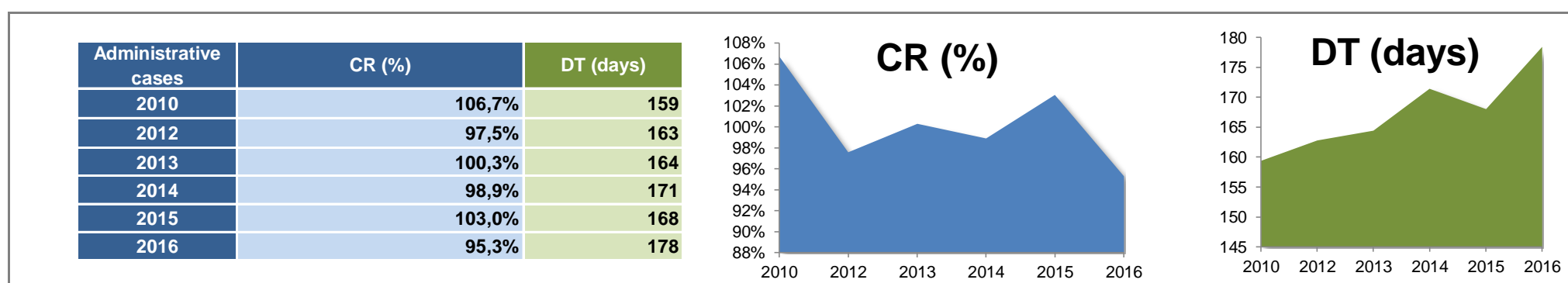
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,7% in 2016, Netherlands seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,3 points.

In Netherlands, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 121 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 5,3% increase of the Disposition Time.
The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 95,3% in 2016, Netherlands seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,8 points.

In Netherlands, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 178 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 6,2% increase of the Disposition Time.
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

It is noteworthy that in the Netherlands, it is not possible to say whether incoming or pending cases will be litigious or non-litigious. Accordingly, this distinction is only made for the resolved cases. As to the lack of horizontal consistency that can be observed, the reason is that the official number of cases pending on January 1st is determined at different time then the other 3 categories (official incoming, official resolved, official pending on December 31st). Due to time lags in registration and dynamics in the data systems, if the cases pending on January 1st are measured at the same time as the others, the result would be different. Land and business registry cases are not handled in Dutch courts. As to the insolvency cases, their number cannot be identified separately and is encompassed within the general category of civil and commercial litigious cases. The category "civil and commercial non-litigious cases" includes uncontested civil/commercial summons, and civil requests (verzoekschriften), both commercial and family cases.

Concerning the number of administrative law cases litigious plus non-litigious:

In 2016, there has been a strong decrease in numbers of cases compared to 2014. This decrease pertains to the group of misdemeanours, in particular the group of traffic offences ("Mulder Law"). The cases of "vorderingen dwangsom" (coercive detention) are no longer treated by the Public Prosecution. This following complaints at the Ombudsman. These coercive detention cases increased at first strongly in 2013 and 2014. But after that decision of the Public Prosecution The "Mulder Law" cases decreased from 200.000 in 2014, via 100.000 in 2015 to 40.000 in 2016.

◦ Insolvency

Insolvency cases	CR (%)	DT (days)
2010		
2012	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA

The Clearance Rate of insolvency cases cannot be calculated

The Disposition Time for insolvency cases cannot be calculated

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Netherlands, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)

In Netherlands, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

In terms of number of cases and finance, all courts are subject to a planning and control cycle, whereby the courts provide data 3 times per year. Other performance indicators are monitored annually in a quality control system.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

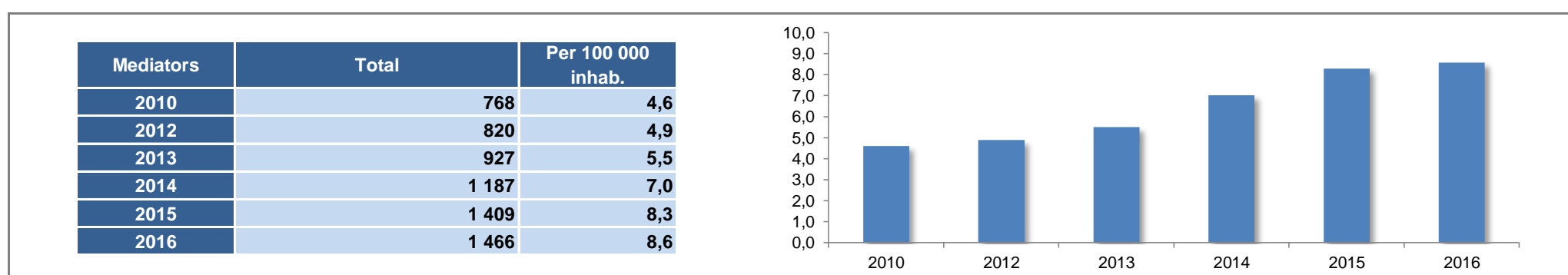
Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

There are quality standards which are measured by annual statistical figures per individual court. Examples are the scores of customer satisfaction surveys, the percentage of cases judged by three instead of one judge and case processing times (the so called 'Kengetallen gerechten').

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Netherlands provides judicial mediation.

Judicial mediation always implies the intervention of a judge or a public prosecutor who facilitates, advises on, decides on or/and approves the procedure. For example, in civil disputes or divorce cases, judges may refer parties to a mediator if they believe that more satisfactory results can be achieved for both parties. In criminal law cases, a public prosecutor can propose that he/she mediates a case between an offender and a victim (for example to establish a compensation agreement).



In Netherlands, in 2016, there are 1 466 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 8,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 4,0%.

Judicial mediators are entitled to carry out judicial mediation as well as other forms of mediation.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	2 399	14
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

The communicated figures concern mediations that were referred by the court.

The source for this data is the Council of Judiciary annual report 2016. The categorisation in our source is different from the categorisation above, so we cannot give the breakdown.

● **The ICT tools of courts and for court users**

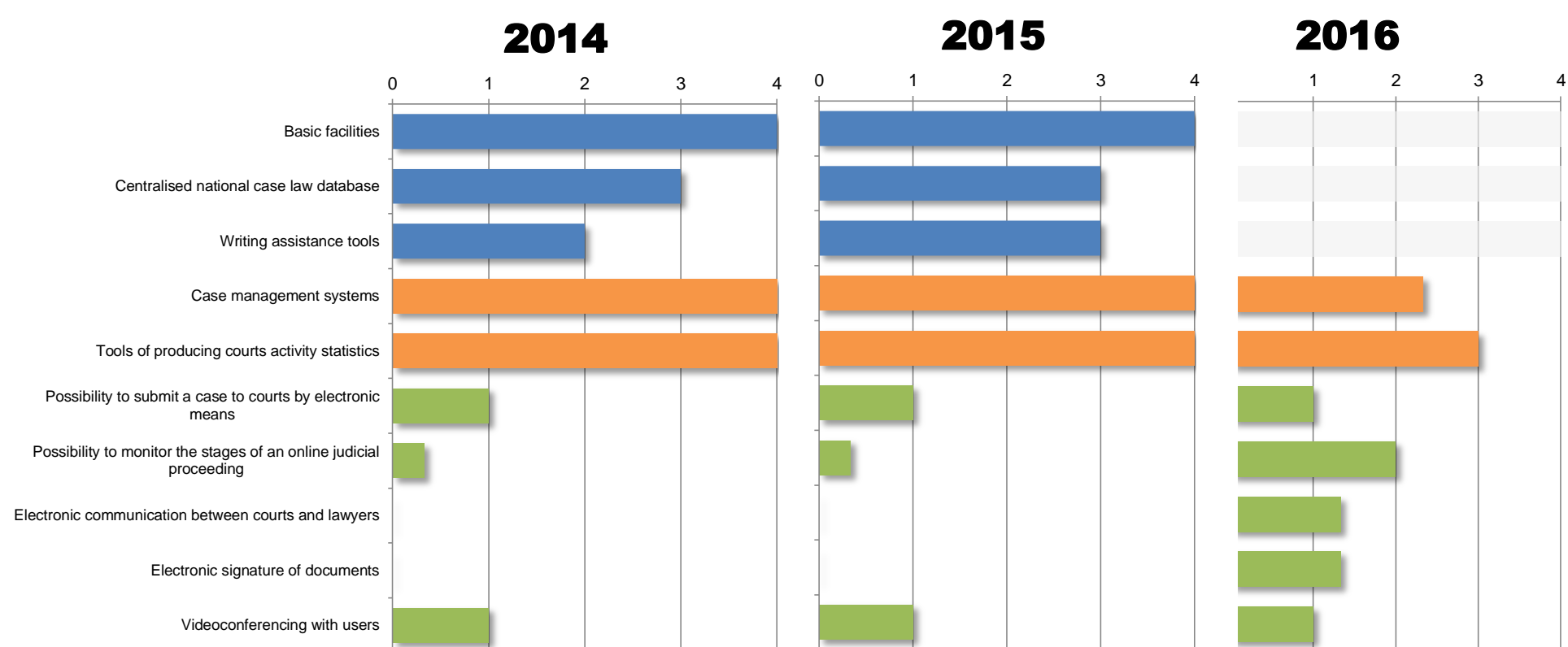
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Netherlands has been evaluated at 5,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Netherlands, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The Council of the Judiciary collects data, both for internal planning and control, and communication with the Department of Justice. Also the Dutch Central Bureau of Statistics collects data directly from the courts or from the Council of the Judiciary in respect of some instances.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reforms foreseen.

2. Budget

No reforms foreseen.

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	993 086 000	1 068 773 500	1 039 027 000	1 068 474 000	1 087 375 000	1 046 578 000	5,4%	1,7%	4,7%	1,8%	-3,8%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	993 086 000	1 068 773 500	1 039 027 000	1 068 474 000	1 087 375 000	1 046 578 000	0 €	1,7%	4,7%	1,8%	-3,8%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	87 769 000	84 448 000	66 569 000	75 462 000	91 734 000	86 115 000	0 €	8,6%	37,8%	21,6%	-6,1%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	481 655 000	495 300 000	498 200 000	430 000 000	417 100 000	440 400 000	-8,6%	-15,8%	-16,3%	-3,0%	5,6%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	615 642 000	636 924 000	627 057 000	568 734 000	525 593 000	549 596 000	-10,7%	-17,5%	-16,2%	-7,6%	4,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	993 086 000	1 068 773 500	1 039 027 000	1 068 474 000	1 087 375 000	1 046 578 000	5,4%	1,7%	4,7%	1,8%	-3,8%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	190 743 000	237 570 000	-	217 194 000	198 293 000	194 428 000	1,9%	-16,5%	-	-8,7%	-1,9%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	administrative cas	-	-	be paid in advance.	paid in advance."	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	19	19	11	11	11	11	-42,1%	-42,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	64	60	40	40	40	40	-37,5%	-33,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	1	1	1	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,6%	98,8%	98,5%	99,1%	100,6%	100,2%	-0,4%	1,8%	2,1%	1,5%	-0,4%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	-	-	-	1,3%	0,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	99,1%	100,4%	100,7%	-	-	-	1,3%	0,3%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	100,4%	100,7%	-	-	-	-	0,3%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	106,7%	97,5%	100,3%	98,9%	103,0%	95,3%	-10,7%	5,6%	2,8%	4,2%	-7,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	68	84	91	91	87	83	21,6%	3,5%	-5,2%	-4,4%	-4,0%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	132	115	121	-	-	-	-12,7%	5,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	75	74	66	-	-	-	-1,3%	-9,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	74	66	-	-	-	-	-9,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	159	163	164	171	168	178	11,9%	3,2%	2,2%	-2,0%	6,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	22132	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	5945	6 118	6 200	5 757	5 827	5 332	-10,3%	-4,8%	-6,0%	1,2%	-8,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	5033	4 676	4 689	3 897	3 289	3 752	-25,5%	-29,7%	-29,9%	-15,6%	14,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	22,7%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	30900	28 220	NA	27 910	26 110	27 510	-11,0%	-7,5%	-	-6,4%	5,4%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	13420	13 020	NA	14 350	14 180	15 110	12,6%	8,9%	-	-1,2%	6,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	26350	26 839	27 880	26 463	27 845	29 324	11,3%	3,7%	-0,1%	5,2%	5,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	10772	11 006	12 196	12 419	13 853	14 904	38,4%	25,9%	13,6%	11,5%	7,6%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	27868	27 298	27 234	27 979	26 482	29 263	5,0%	-3,0%	-2,8%	-5,4%	10,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	11207	10 871	10 947	12 586	12 925	15 349	37,0%	18,9%	18,1%	2,7%	18,8%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	29 610	27 490	27 910	26 110	27 510	27 932	-5,7%	0,1%	-1,4%	5,4%	1,5%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	12990	13 100	14 350	14 180	15 110	14 650	12,8%	15,3%	5,3%	6,6%	-3,0%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,8%	101,7%	97,7%	105,7%	95,1%	99,8%	-5,6%	-6,5%	-2,6%	-10,0%	4,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,0%	98,8%	89,8%	101,3%	93,3%	103,0%	-1,0%	-5,5%	3,9%	-7,9%	10,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	388	368	374	341	379	348	-10,2%	3,2%	1,4%	11,3%	-8,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	423	440	478	411	427	348	-17,7%	-3,0%	-10,8%	3,8%	-18,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1662	1 676	-	1 512	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	1009	NA	-	1 021	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1595	1 688	-	1 405	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	968	NA	-	1 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,0%	100,7%	-	92,9%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	95,9%	NA	-	97,9%	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	287 690	279 460	287 474	305 520	310 170	299 580	4,1%	11,0%	7,9%	1,5%	-3,4%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	51 794	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	204 372	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	204 372	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	60 920	48 010	50 084	49 800	51 020	47 570	-21,9%	6,3%	1,9%	2,4%	-6,8%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 451 879	1 258 187	1 237 427	1 260 111	1 253 987	1 245 537	-14,2%	-0,3%	1,3%	-0,5%	-0,7%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	168 127	161 950	161 171	-	-	-	-3,7%	-0,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	982 142	991 752	971 332	-	-	-	1,0%	-2,1%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	991 752	971 332	-	-	-	-	-2,1%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	114 638	114 930	110 273	109 842	100 285	113 034	-1,4%	-12,7%	-9,1%	-8,7%	12,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 461 153	1 243 457	1 219 381	1 248 701	1 261 182	1 247 910	-14,6%	1,4%	3,4%	1,0%	-1,1%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	159 165	158 722	166 639	162 533	162 270	-	2,1%	2,4%	-2,5%	-0,2%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	973 447	995 325	977 958	-	-	-	2,2%	-1,7%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	972 185	950 102	NA	995 325	977 958	-	2,4%	4,8%	-	-1,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	122 273	112 107	110 557	108 615	103 324	107 682	-11,9%	-7,8%	-6,5%	-4,9%	4,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	274 170	285 340	305 520	310 170	299 580	284 649	3,8%	5,0%	-1,9%	-3,4%	-5,0%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	60 160	51 211	53 826	-	-	-	-14,9%	5,1%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	198 990	200 799	178 174	-	-	-	0,9%	-11,3%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	200 799	178 174	-	-	-	-	-11,3%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	53 410	50 010	49 800	51 020	47 570	52 649	-1,4%	-4,9%	-4,5%	-6,8%	10,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulatedJud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	481 655 000	495 300 000	498 200 000	430 000 000	417 100 000	440 400 000	-8,6%	-15,8%	-16,3%	-3,0%	5,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	462 140 000	463 594 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	33 160 000	34 606 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	170 226 000	156 400 000	174 500 000	-	-	-	-8,1%	11,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	145 366 000	141 854 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	259 774 000	260 700 000	265 900 000	-	-	-	0,4%	2,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	361 773 000	321 740 000	229 003 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	30 771 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	455 000 000	403 110 000	468 300 000	-	-	-	-11,4%	16,2%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	146 734 000	121 946 000	170 700 000	-	-	-	-16,9%	40,0%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	308 266 000	281 164 000	297 600 000	-	-	-	-8,8%	5,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	274 464 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	33 802 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	481 655 000	495 300 000	498 200 000	430 000 000	417 100 000	440 400 000	-8,6%	-15,8%	-16,3%	-3,0%	5,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	462 140 000	463 594 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	33 160 000	34 606 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	170 226 000	156 400 000	174 500 000	-	-	-	-8,1%	11,6%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	145 366 000	141 854 000	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	259 774 000	260 700 000	265 900 000	-	-	-	0,4%	2,0%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	361 773 000	321 740 000	229 003 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	30 771 000	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	chief ("e-archive")	e-archive	archieff ("e-archive")	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	KEI Civiel	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	KEI Bestuur	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	KEI Toezicht	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	1-9%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	loket.rechtspraak.nl	loket.rechtspraak.nl	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	MijnRechtspraak	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	MijnRechtspraak	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	Uitvoerdersportaal	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)

65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges

Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)

127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods

Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)

166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	768	820	927	1 187	1 409	1 466	90,9%	71,8%	52,0%	18,7%	4,0%
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Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)

163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice

Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)

Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)

Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)

Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	2 530	2 410	2 378	2 359	2 357	2 331	-7,9%	-2,2%	-0,9%	-0,1%	-1,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 944	1 855	1 850	1 829	1 811	1 788	-8,0%	-2,4%	-2,1%	-1,0%	-1,3%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	548	519	528	530	546	543	-0,9%	5,2%	3,4%	3,0%	-0,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	38	36	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	1 221	1 122	1 058	1 031	1 026	988	-19,1%	-8,6%	-3,0%	-0,5%	-3,7%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	859	784	757	738	722	693	-19,3%	-7,9%	-4,6%	-2,2%	-4,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	330	306	301	293	304	295	-10,6%	-0,7%	1,0%	3,8%	-3,0%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	32	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 309	1 288	1 320	1 328	1 331	1 343	2,6%	3,3%	0,8%	0,2%	0,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 085	1 071	1 093	1 091	1 089	1 095	0,9%	1,7%	-0,4%	-0,2%	0,6%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	218	213	227	237	242	248	13,8%	13,6%	6,6%	2,1%	2,5%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	6	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 674	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	9,6%	16,2%	-0,3%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	2 530	2 410	2 378	2 359	2 357	2 331	-7,9%	-2,2%	-0,9%	-0,1%	-1,1%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 944	1 855	1 850	1 829	1 811	1 788	-8,0%	-2,4%	-2,1%	-1,0%	-1,3%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	548	519	528	530	546	543	-0,9%	5,2%	3,4%	3,0%	-0,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	38	36	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	1 221	1 122	1 058	1 031	1 026	988	-19,1%	-8,6%	-3,0%	-0,5%	-3,7%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	859	784	757	738	722	693	-19,3%	-7,9%	-4,6%	-2,2%	-4,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	330	306	301	293	304	295	-10,6%	-0,7%	1,0%	3,8%	-3,0%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	32	32	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 309	1 288	1 320	1 328	1 331	1 343	2,6%	3,3%	0,8%	0,2%	0,9%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 085	1 071	1 093	1 091	1 089	1 095	0,9%	1,7%	-0,4%	-0,2%	0,6%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	218	213	227	237	242	248	13,8%	13,6%	6,6%	2,1%	2,5%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	6	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 674	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	9,6%	16,2%	-0,3%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Netherlands tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	16 275	17 068	17 298	17 713	17 343	17 498	7,5%	1,6%	0,3%	-2,1%	0,9%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	16 655 799	16 779 575	16 829 289	16 902 146	16 979 120	17 081 507	2,6%	1,2%	0,9%	0,5%	0,6%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	16 275	17 068	17 298	17 713	17 343	17 498	7,5%	1,6%	0,3%	-2,1%	0,9%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 674	6 252	7 287	7 422	7 265	7 317	9,6%	16,2%	-0,3%	-2,1%	0,7%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	4 847	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	1 405	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Poland (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000		38 433 000	0,6%	-0,3%		-0,2%	
GDP per capita	9 359 €	10 126 €	-	10 538 €		11 370 €	21,5%				
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	3,96030	4,08820	-	4,26230		4,42000	11,6%				

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	35,7	35,8	-	36,5	0,0	37,6	5,3%	-100,0%		3,0%	
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	44,5	47,4	NA	48,5	0,0	51,8	16,4%	-100,0%	NA	6,8%	
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	27,8	26,2	-	26,2		26,0	-6,6%			-1,0%	
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	94,1	106,0	-	107,9		112,3	19,4%			4,1%	
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				4,7	-	8,0					

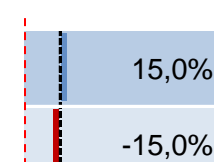
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,1	2,8	-	3,2		2,9	36,3%				
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	11,6	12,5	-	11,5		12,5	8,1%				
Non-litigious land registry cases	8,2	8,3	-	8,4		9,3	13,4%				
Non-litigious business registry cases	1,5	1,6	-	1,9		2,9	94,6%				
Administrative law cases	0,178	0,2	-	0,219		0,200	12,4%				

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	95%	89%	NC	99%	NC	99%	0,04				
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	97%	103%	NC	105%	NC	86%	-0,11				
CR non-litigious land registry cases	105%	101%	NC	100%	NC	97%	-0,07				
CR non-litigious business cases	101%	99%	NC	98%	NC	98%	-0,03				
CR administrative law cases	95%	100%	NC	97%	NC	103%	0,09				

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	180	195	NC	203	NC	216	19,8%				
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	36	42	NC	36	NC	91	148,4%				
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	32	18	NC	23	NC	41	27,7%				
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	13	16	NC	25	NC	39	190,0%				
DT administrative law cases (days)	121	112	NC	139	NC	143	17,8%				

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,0	1,3	-	1,8		1,7	70,1%	30,8%		-2,5%	
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,1	1,5	-	1,2		2,7	138,1%				
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,8	0,4	-	0,5		1,0	34,2%				
Non-litigious business cases	0,1	0,1	-	0,1		0,3	448,1%				
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,1	-	0,1		0,1	44,3%				

-20% max



+20% max

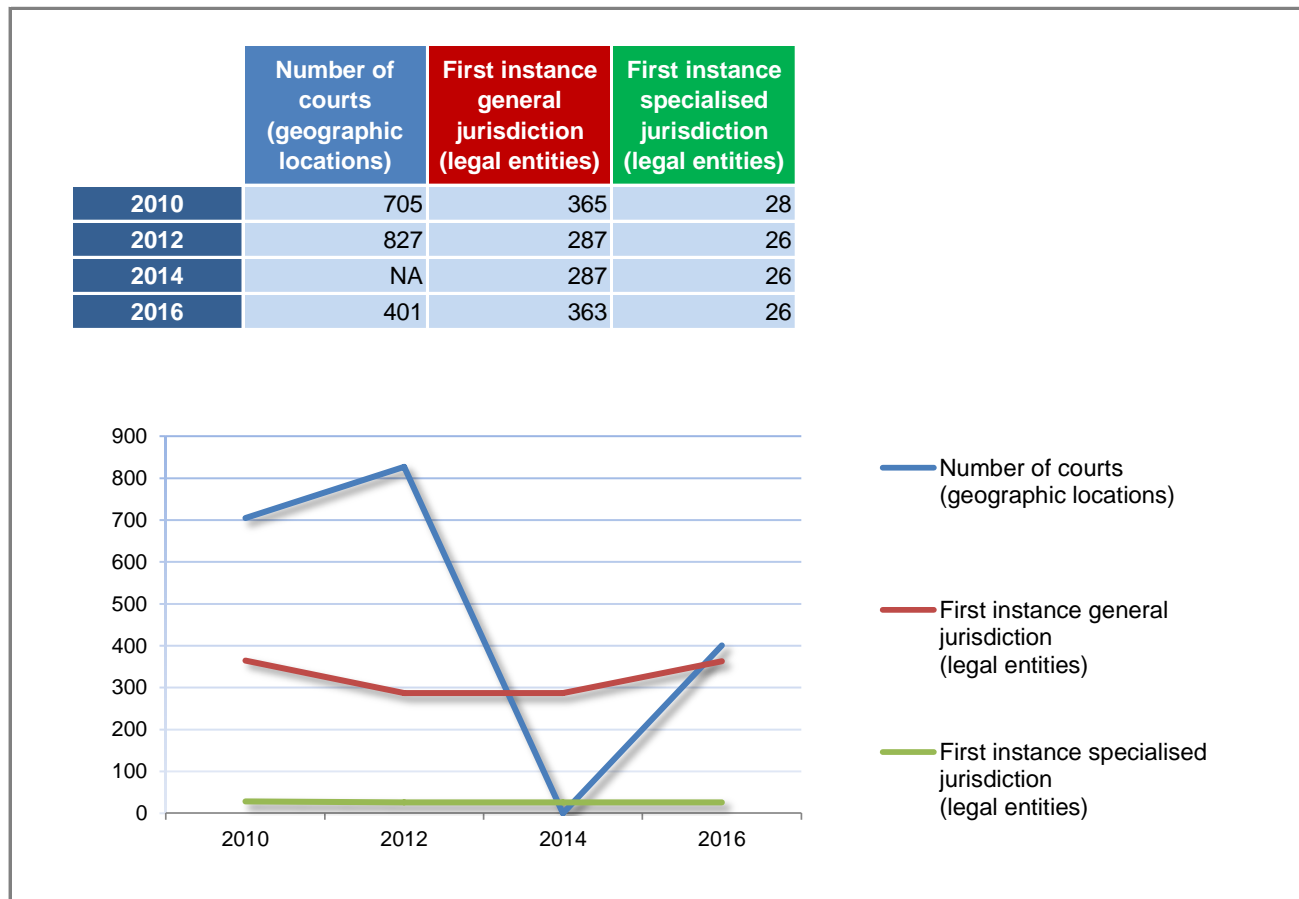
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

According to 2016 data, in Poland, there are 363 first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

First instance courts of general jurisdiction include common courts: 318 regional courts and 45 district courts

There are 26 specialised courts of first instance: - 17 administrative courts, 9 military courts.

It is noteworthy that the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Basically, there are district courts which are first instance courts, regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court and the Supreme Administrative Court.



The differences between presented data and the data from 2014 edition is likely to occurred due to the restoration of District Courts, abolished and converted to divisions of larger units in 2013.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 1 445 686 000 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 37,6 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (1 001 598 000 €)
- Justice expenses (143 525 000 €)
- Other (113 818 000 €)

Category "other" contains expenditures on personal benefits, current expenditures related to purchases of goods and services, investment spendings (construction, purchases), housing loans for judges, various fees and contributions.

Reduction of the amount of funds allocated and spent on computerization in 2016 is because IT spending is mainly dependent on the additional tasks that the public sector faces in the budgetary year, especially technological development in common court proceedings and purchasing of equipment necessary for the implementation of planned IT projects.

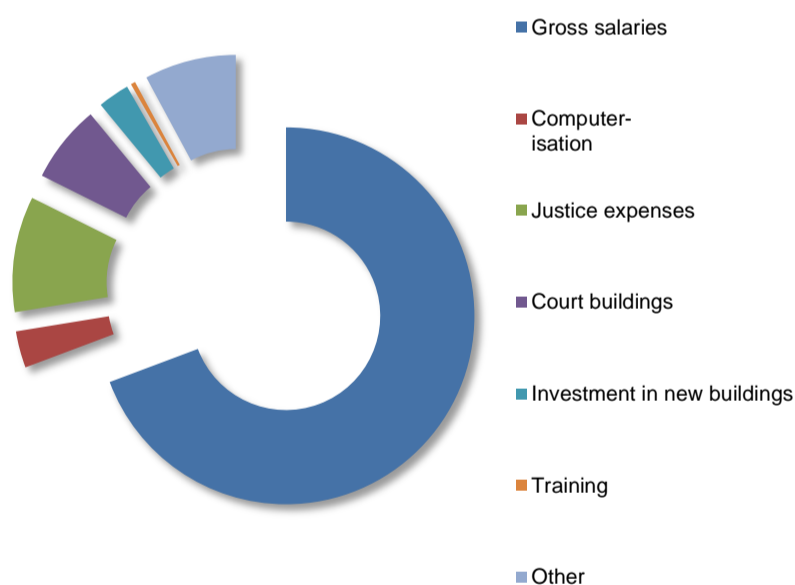
Also in 2014, IT systems have been modified and maintained, in particular in the area of e-payments, integrated accounting and human resources management systems in the common courts and the Ministry of Justice, the electronic protocol, the Land Registry, the Judicial Decisions Portal, the Information Portal, The Central Bankruptcy Register and IT System for the Support of Substantive Processes.

In addition, the comparison of judicial budgets in 2014 and 2016 in euro is affected by the difference of euro exchange rate of PLN that changed from PLN 4.2623 / € in 2014 to PLN 4.4240 / € in 2016. Consequently the amounts presented in the CEPEJ 2016 in Euro are lower.

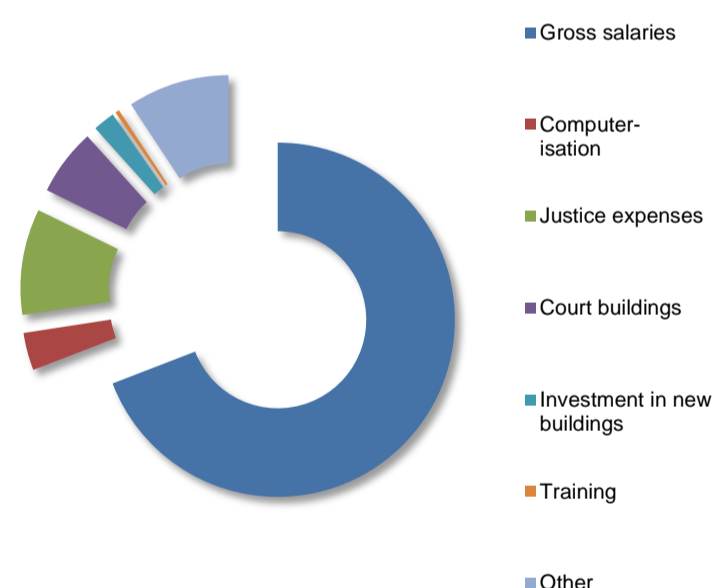
It should be noted that the spendings on training are planned on the basis of the training needs reported by the presidents of the courts, and that annual increase demonstrates the growing need for training of staff in common courts, mainly due to the additional tasks imposed on judicial staff in connection with legislative changes.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	1 445 686 000 €	1 001 598 000 €	45 499 000 €	143 525 000 €	96 375 000 €	39 151 000 €	5 718 000 €	113 818 000 €
2016 Implemented budget	1 428 927 000 €	987 964 000 €	48 981 000 €	138 211 000 €	87 130 000 €	28 622 000 €	5 376 000 €	132 644 000 €
Difference	-1,2%	-1,4%	7,1%	-3,8%	-10,6%	-36,8%	-6,4%	14,2%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 1 991 565 000 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 51,8 €

The budget per capita (51,8 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Poland belongs to the group of European States with medium degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

The variation of the approved judicial system budget between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated. However the variation with 2014 shows increase of 6,8%. Considering the small change of the exchange rate this increase is even more significant.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 2 639 249 000 €

The above data include the budgetary sections of which responsible is the Minister of Justice (part 15 - Common Courts and Part 37 - Justice). Section 15 covers expenditures of common courts, retired judges and the payment of compensation paid from the National Treasury. Part of the expenses are related to the functioning of the Ministry of Justice, prison units, scientific institutes of the Ministry of Justice, the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution, correctional institutions and juvenile shelters and retirement and disability benefits for prison officials.

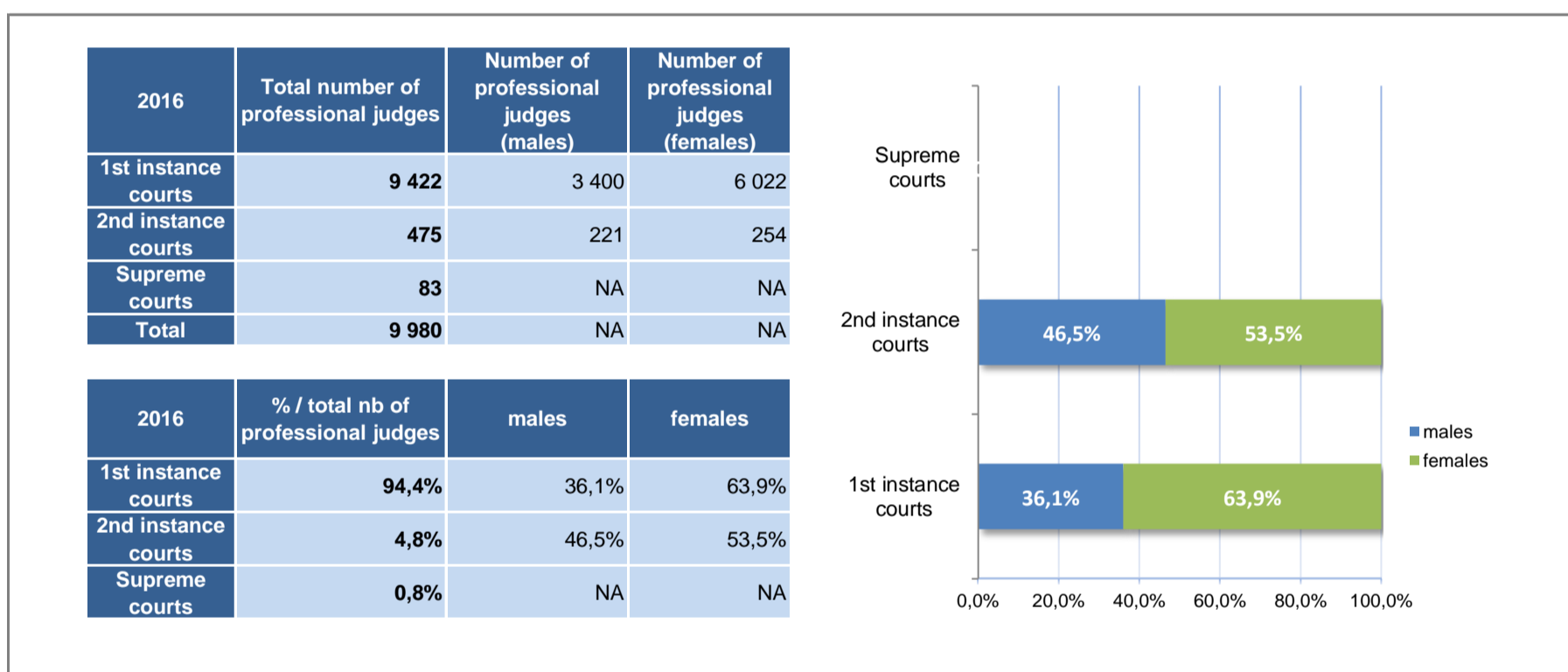
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Enforcement services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services
- Other services

The above data include the budgetary sections of which responsible is the Minister of Justice (part 15 - Common Courts and Part 37 - Justice). Section 15 covers expenditures of common courts, retired judges and the payment of compensation paid from the National Treasury. Part of the expenses are related to the functioning of the Ministry of Justice, prison units, scientific institutes of the Ministry of Justice, the National School of Judiciary and Public Prosecution, correctional institutions and juvenile shelters and retirement and disability benefits for prison officials.

● **Human resources** □

- Judges



The trend of the evolution of the total number of judges is stable and on the same level as 2012 and 2014.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 9 422 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 6 022 or 64% are female) ; 475 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 254 or 53% are female) and 83 are sitting in Supreme Court.

It is relevant to mention that the Polish court structure is characterized by four levels of courts but only three instances. Basically, there are district courts which are first instance courts, regional courts which are first and second instance courts, and appellate courts which are second instance courts. The highest instance courts are the Supreme Court and the Supreme Administrative Court. Owing to this peculiarity, some judges sit as first and second instance magistrates. According to the methodology of presentation of data that has been chosen, judges of regional courts are counted as first instance judges together with judges of district courts. Only judges of appellate courts are considered as second instance magistrates.

In Poland, training of judges is broken down as follows:

Following training is both compulsory and optional:

- Initial training
- General in-service training:

while the remaining category of training are optional:

- In-service training for specialised judicial functions
- In-service training for management functions of the court
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	35 946	1 865	20 283	7 058	3 536	3 204
2012	40 844	1 810	23 110	7 239	3 487	5 198
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	41 534	1 847	23 428	7 324	3 741	5 194
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	43 176	2 138	24 231	7 687	3 261	5 859

In Poland, in 2016, there are 43 176 non-judge staff. The distribution of the non-judge staff by gender is not available.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 2 138 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal;
- 24 231 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 7 687 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 3 261 technical staff;
- 5 859 other staff, such as court interpreters;

The trend between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated. Analysis of the 2014-2016 period reveals an increase of 4,1% in the non-judge staff

Other non-judge staff in Poland include mostly professional probation officers - 5212 and also employed in Consultative Team of Judicial Specialists - 647.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 65 738 000 € (1,7 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid per categories is not possible.

In Poland legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid covers costs related to the enforcement agents' fees and actions.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs like expert fees and travel cost reimbursement.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The general rule implies that a litigant must pay an initial fee. There are two kinds of exceptions. Firstly, there are categories of cases (mainly employment and child support) for which there is no initial fee. Secondly, litigants can be granted exemption from paying court fees after having filled a motion in this respect.

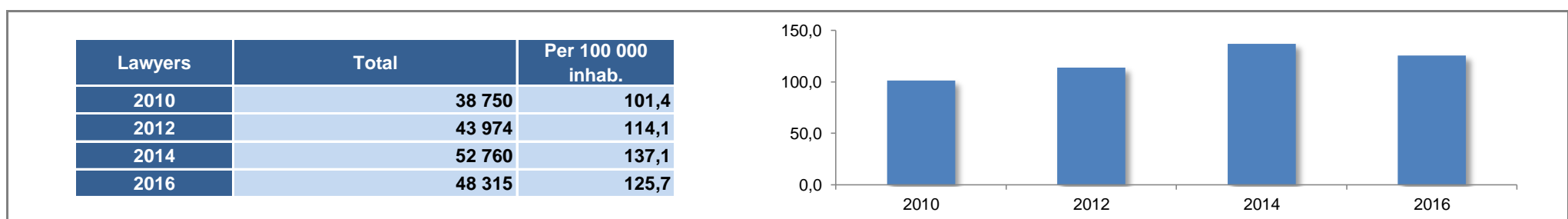
Court fees are calculated according to a special bill of law on cost of judicial proceedings. There are two kinds of fees: these fixed in certain types of cases and those dependent on the case value.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 150 Euros.

150 euros represents 5% of the case value.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Poland, in 2016, there are 48 315 lawyers, which is 8% less than in 2014.

This data represents 125,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

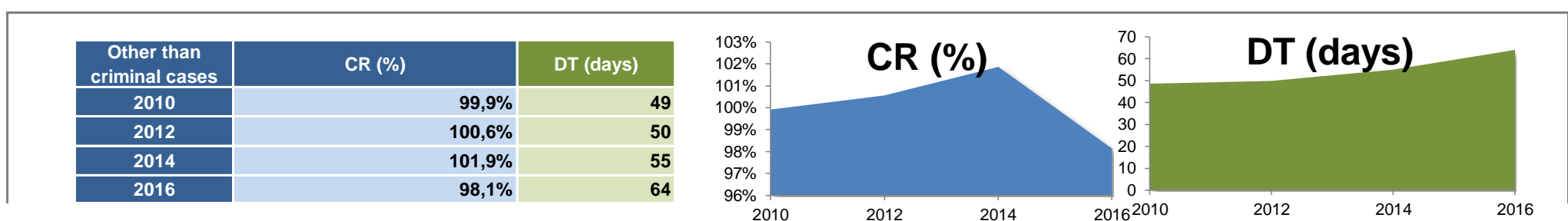
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



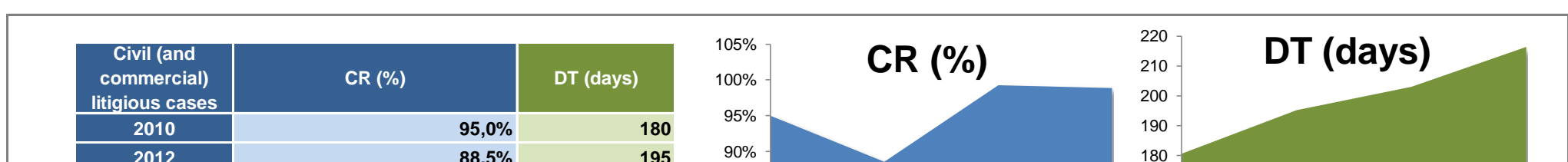
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,1% in 2016, Poland seems able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

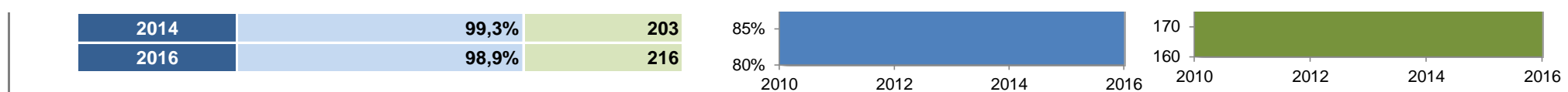
Between 2014 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has slightly decreased but still remains close to 100%.

In Poland, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 64 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 is NA but when comparing with 2014 we see increase of DT as a result of the reduced Clearance Rate.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases





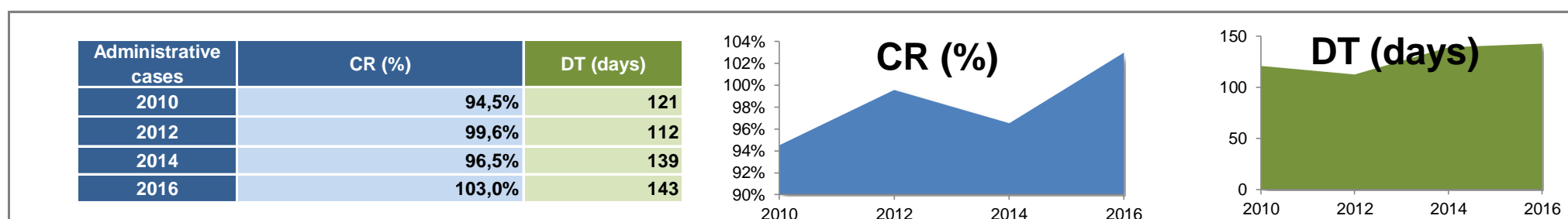
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98,9% in 2016, Poland seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2014 and 2016, the Clearance Rate seems stable.

In Poland, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 216 days.

Analysis of the 2014 - 2016 period reveals an increase of the Disposition Time from 203 to 216 days. The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,0% in 2016, Poland seems in good condition to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2014 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for over 7 points.

In Poland, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 143 days.

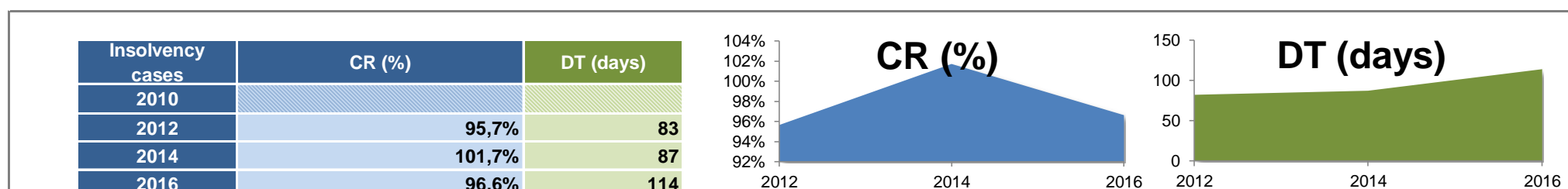
Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a slight increase of the Disposition Time. The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

The attention should be drawn on the fact that it is not excluded to notice horizontal inconsistencies due to omissions or mistakes in statistical information generated by courts as well as to structural changes within the court system. As for the category "civil (and commercial) litigious cases", it includes as well litigious family and labour (employment) cases. Besides, it encompasses also some types of cases decided under chapter II of the Civil Proceedings Code that concern non-litigious cases (such as distribution of inherited assets, separation of common property, demarcation of the real estate) which nature in fact is litigious because of the opposite interests of the parties and contradictory ways of presenting their arguments.

Within the changes in business registry cases we can observe significant increase in all types of Application for registration (first registration) cases, but there is also considerable increase in general business cases (changes in the registry, including cases of removing from registry). In 2016 there were serious problems with the information system which is in use in electronic proceedings therefore the number of pending cases had increased.

The category "other" includes first of all social security cases and cases related to the application of correctional and educational measures as required in juvenile cases and execution of guardianship or tutoring.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 96,6% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Poland seems to have slight difficulties to deal with all its insolvency cases.

Between 2014 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 5 points.

In Poland, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 114 days.

Analysis of the 2014 - 2016 period reveals a slight increase of the Disposition Time due to increased number of insolvency cases. The growth of the number of insolvency cases is a result of the amendment of The Bankruptcy and Reorganisation Act which entered into force on the 31 December 2016.

It should be noted, that this is a very important change, which simplifies the submission of requests for consumer bankruptcy. It also implemented solutions for insolvent consumers which facilitate reaching deal with their creditors. The amended regulations do not establish automatism in declaring consumer bankruptcy - it is still a legal proceeding. Every time the consumer must fulfil a number of conditions, which are subject to an individual assessment conducted by the judge.

Since the implementation of this act the number of incoming insolvency cases has increased significantly (300 in 2014 8694 in 2016)

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Poland, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

The presidents of appellate courts are required to submit, not later than the end of April of each year, the annual information on the activities of the courts acting in the appellate field.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category “other” concerns number of “old cases”, types of cases, number of court sessions, written justification time.

Supervision covers only the administrative activities of the courts. There are the internal supervision exercised by the presidents of the courts and the external supervision exercised by the Minister of Justice within the narrow scope specified in the law.

In Poland, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The system is based on statistical evaluation of number of performance indicators and supervisory tasks of Presidents of courts and the Minister of Justice who monitor performance of courts and individual judges (work appraisals for judges are carried out every 4 years).

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

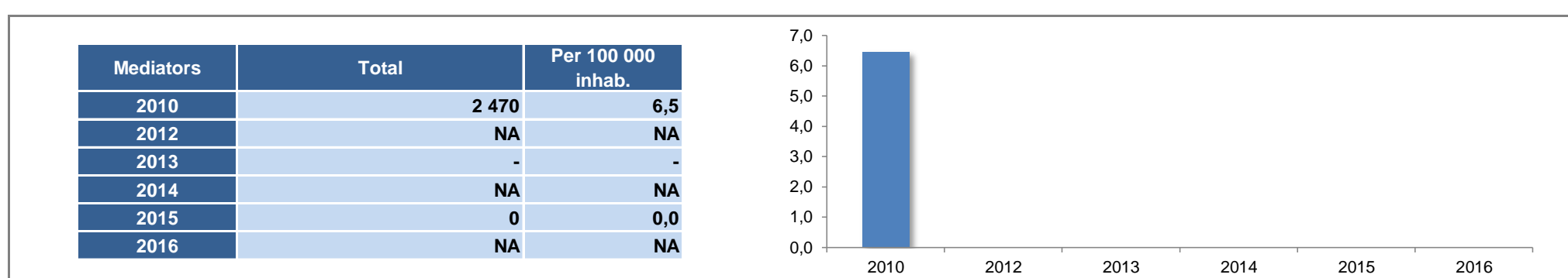
The most important indicator is related to the evaluation of judgments through second instance procedures. In this purpose “judgment stability” ratio is in use as a ratio of judgments reversed or annulled in procedures of appeal.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Poland provides judicial mediation.

In regard to Q163-1 it is necessary to indicate that there are not mandatory mediation procedures.

The number of mediation procedure increased significantly caused by implemented changes in law, especially in Code of Civil Procedure. We can notice that percentage of mediation cases raise in relation to cases in which mediation procedure can be apply.



In Poland, the number of mediators was available only in 2010 since the central register of mediators in Poland is not maintained. There are two separate lists of registered mediators maintained by each regional courts – a list of permanent mediators created by the president of a regional court and a list of mediators created by mediation organisations. There is no possibility to account number of registered mediators because mediators are repeated on both lists and in different courts also.

Number of mediation cases

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	20 856	55
Civil and commercial	12 986	34
Family cases	5 151	13
Administrative	8	0
Employment dismissal	1 536	4
Criminal cases	1 175	3

Information gathered by the Managerial Statistical Information Division in Department of the Strategy and European Funds in Ministry of Justice
<https://isws.ms.gov.pl/pl/baza-statystyczna/publikacje/download,2779,22.html>

With regard to administrative cases: Supreme Administrative Court – Information about activities of Administrative Courts in 2016
<http://www.nsa.gov.pl/download.php?plik=1341>

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

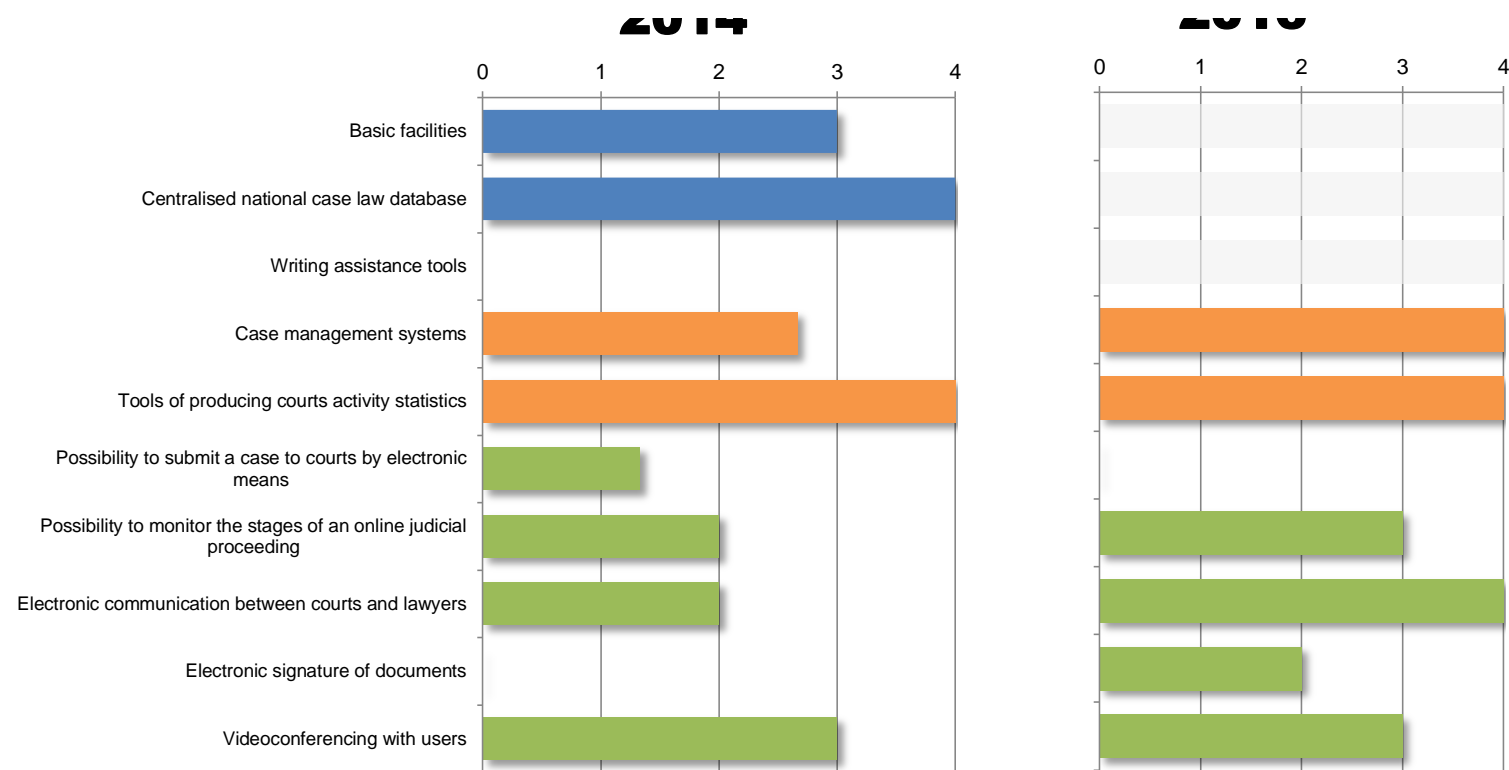
In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Poland has been evaluated at 8,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.

2014

2016



4. National data collection system

In Poland, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralized institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Ministry of Justice (Department of Organisation for 2010, Department of Strategy and Deregulation for 2012 and Department of Strategy and European Funds for 2014).

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

None

2. Budget

None

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	9 359	10 126	-	10 538	-	11 370	21,5%	-	-	-	-
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	3,96	4,09	-	4,26	-	4,42	11,6%	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	1 365 085 000	1 379 338 000	-	1 405 850 000	0	1 445 686 000	5,9%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%	-
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	1 397 725 000	0	1 428 927 000	-	-	-	-100,0%	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	23 328 000	-	27 427 000	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	312 514 570	424 128 567	-	437 424 395	-	480 141 000	53,6%	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	441 872 463	-	478 772 000	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	44,5	47,4	NA	48,5	NA	51,8	16,4%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	48,4	NA	50,4	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	3,96	4,09	-	4,26	-	4,42	11,6%	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	312 514 570	424 128 567	-	437 424 395	-	480 141 000	53,6%	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	44,5	47,4	NA	48,5	NA	51,8	16,4%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	48,4	NA	50,4	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	1 365 085 000	1 379 338 000	-	1 405 850 000	-	1 445 686 000	5,9%	-	-	-	-
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	894 463 000	897 425 000	-	933 075 000	-	1 001 598 000	12,0%	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	10 512 000	56 686 000	-	53 535 000	-	45 499 000	332,8%	-	-	-	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	148 297 000	158 928 000	-	160 269 000	-	143 525 000	-3,2%	-	-	-	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	68 961 000	92 443 000	-	95 658 000	-	96 375 000	39,8%	-	-	-	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	42 381 000	38 237 000	-	33 639 000	-	39 151 000	-7,6%	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	2 329 000	2 822 000	-	5 252 000	-	5 718 000	145,5%	-	-	-	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	198 142 000	132 797 000	-	124 422 000	-	113 818 000	-42,6%	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	45 €	47 €	NA	49 €	NA	52 €	16,4%	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	312 514 570	424 128 567	-	437 424 395	-	480 141 000	53,6%	-	-	-	-
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	2 821 561 570	2 472 780 000	-	2 566 111 000	0	2 639 249 000	-6,5%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%	-
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	1 365 085 000	1 379 338 000	-	1 405 850 000	0	1 445 686 000	5,9%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	1 365 085 000	1 379 338 000	-	1 405 850 000	-	1 445 686 000	0 €	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	10 512 000	56 686 000	-	53 535 000	-	45 499 000	3 €	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	312 514 570	424 128 567	-	437 424 395	-	480 141 000	53,6%	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	1 365 085 000	1 379 338 000	-	1 405 850 000	0	1 445 686 000	5,9%	-100,0%	-	-100,0%	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	530 161 000	408 787 000	-	407 715 000	-	415 418 000	-21,6%	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debpt recovery	- n the case value	- n the case value	-	- t on the case value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	365	287	-	287	-	363	-0,5%	-	-	-	-
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	28	26	-	26	-	26	-7,1%	-	-	-	-
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	705	827	-	NA	-	401	-43,1%	-	-	-	-

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	28	26	-	26	-	26	-7,1%	-	-	-	-
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	16	17	-	17	-	17	6,3%	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,9%	100,6%	-	101,9%	-	98,1%	-1,8%	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	95,0%	88,5%	-	99,3%	-	98,9%	4,1%	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102,4%	-	97,8%	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	97,4%	103,0%	-	104,8%	-	86,3%	-11,4%	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	100,0%	-	97,6%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	105,2%	101,4%	-	100,1%	-	97,5%	-7,3%	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,7%	98,9%	-	98,4%	-	97,7%	-2,9%	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	94,5%	99,6%	-	96,5%	-	103,0%	9,0%	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	95,4%	98,3%	-	98,2%	-	105,6%	10,7%	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	49	50	-	55	-	64	31,5%	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	180	195	-	203	-	216	19,8%	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	30	-	44	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36	42	-	36	-	91	148,4%	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	23	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	32	18	-	23	-	41	27,7%	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	13	16	-	25	-	39	190,0%	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	121	112	-	139	-	143	17,8%	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	117	110	-	154	-	129	9,9%	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	49855	42 786	-	47 162	-	46 315	-7,1%	-	-	-	-
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	9140	11 102	-	7 201	-	5 607	-38,7%	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	794	-	1 166	-	3 167	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	112152	90 933	-	89 791	-	89 135	-20,5%	-	-	-	-
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	20578	22 070	-	9 727	-	8 266	-59,8%	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	4 589	-	4 469	-	11 797	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	112135	89 217	-	88 752	-	88 303	-21,3%	-	-	-	-
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	20051	20 924	-	11 024	-	8 786	-56,2%	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	4 390	-	4 546	-	11 401	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	49872	44 750	-	48 539	-	47 334	-5,1%	-	-	-	-
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	9667	12 249	-	5 904	-	5 087	-47,4%	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	993	-	1 089	-	3 563	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	100,0%	98,1%	-	98,8%	-	99,1%	-0,9%	-	-	-	-
CR Employment dismissal cases	97,4%	94,8%	-	113,3%	-	106,3%	9,1%	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	95,7%	-	101,7%	-	96,6%	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	162	183	-	200	-	196	20,5%	-	-	-	-
DT Employment dismissal cases	176	214	-	195	-	211	20,1%	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	83	-	87	-	114	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	32876	43 509	-	75 994	-	86 082	161,8%	-	-	-	-
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	12588	16 468	-	29 063	-	34 276	172,3%	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	5 834	-	6 675	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1738	3 538	-	5 725	-	6 502	274,1%	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	109	-	173	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	0	-	109	-	173	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	46	114	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	10427	13 243	-	19 271	-	25 867	148,1%	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	8077	9 793	-	21 826	-	19 264	138,5%	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	185567	215 523	-	226 525	-	234 349	26,3%	-	-	-	-
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	110195	128 986	-	139 285	-	144 116	30,8%	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 231	-	24 234	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19399	21 232	-	21 773	-	23 610	21,7%	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	458	-	624	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	0	-	458	-	624	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	297	492	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	15642	15 017	-	17 787	-	18 945	21,1%	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	40034	44 921	-	47 222	-	47 054	17,5%	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	180626	200 797	-	222 883	-	226 459	25,4%	-	-	-	-
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	109231	121 722	-	135 027	-	138 444	26,7%	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	21 713	-	23 300	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19248	19 889	-	21 258	-	22 723	18,1%	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	455	-	577	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	0	-	455	-	577	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	299	479	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	11747	12 276	-	14 994	-	16 829	43,3%	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	40101	41 512	-	51 149	-	47 886	19,4%	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	37817	58 235	-	79 151	-	93 972	148,5%	-	-	-	-
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	13552	23 732	-	32 865	-	39 948	194,8%	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	6 323	-	7 609	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1889	4 935	-	6 211	-	7 389	291,2%	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	112	-	220	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	0	0	-	112	-	220	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	44	127	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	14322	15 984	-	22 064	-	27 983	95,4%	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	8010	13 202	-	17 899	-	18 432	130,1%	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	97,3%	93,2%	-	98,4%	-	96,6%	-0,7%	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,1%	94,4%	-	96,9%	-	96,1%	-3,1%	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	97,7%	-	96,1%	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	99,2%	93,7%	-	97,6%	-	96,2%	-3,0%	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	99,3%	-	92,5%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	-	99,3%	-	92,5%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	100,7%	97,4%	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	75,1%	81,7%	-	84,3%	-	88,8%	18,3%	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,2%	92,4%	-	108,3%	-	101,8%	1,6%	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	76	106	-	130	-	151	98,2%	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	45	71	-	89	-	105	132,6%	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	106	-	119	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	36	91	-	107	-	119	231,3%	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	90	-	139	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	-	-	-	90	-	139	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	54	97	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	445	475	-	537	-	607	36,4%	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	73	116	-	128	-	140	92,7%	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	12400	22 872	-	3 565	-	4 660	-62,4%	-	-	-	-
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	3 565	-	4 660	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	10427	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	22883	21 550	-	8 410	-	8 357	-63,5%	-	-	-	-
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	8 410	-	8 357	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	15642	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	18622	25 013	-	7 926	-	8 723	-53,2%	-	-	-	-
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	7 926	-	8 723	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

**(2010-2016) data
Poland tables**

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	11747	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	16661	19 409	-	4 052	-	4 294	-74,2%	-	-	-	-
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	4 052	-	4 294	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	14322	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	81,4%	116,1%	-	94,2%	-	104,4%	28,3%	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	94,2%	-	104,4%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	75,1%	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	327	283	-	187	-	180	-45,0%	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	187	-	180	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	445	NAP	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 228 163	1 431 356	-	1 721 758	-	1 704 622	38,8%	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	344 160	382 664	-	667 984	-	646 250	87,8%	-	-	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	910 148	-	918 002	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	312 759	718 309	-	667 530	-	372 500	19,1%	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	242 618	-	388 816	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	449 546	204 376	-	203 662	-	298 505	-33,6%	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	24 557	20 595	-	38 956	-	90 311	267,8%	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	17 588	21 837	-	20 070	-	33 167	88,6%	-	-	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	79 553	83 575	-	115 556	-	107 203	34,8%	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 320 293	10 045 154	-	9 991 816	-	11 145 551	19,6%	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	819 861	1 066 935	-	1 226 470	-	1 124 383	37,1%	-	-	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	8 395 454	-	9 694 247	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 427 036	4 800 084	-	4 408 257	-	4 815 988	8,8%	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	3 987 197	-	4 683 663	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 135 852	3 194 947	-	3 245 962	-	3 578 837	14,1%	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	564 172	610 397	-	741 235	-	1 104 826	95,8%	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	67 830	72 160	-	84 161	-	76 692	13,1%	-	-	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	305 542	300 631	-	285 731	-	250 229	-18,1%	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	9 311 414	10 100 564	-	10 177 708	-	10 936 456	17,5%	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	778 641	944 559	-	1 217 579	-	1 111 776	42,8%	-	-	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	8 598 250	-	9 481 429	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	4 309 743	4 944 396	-	4 620 175	-	4 155 304	-3,6%	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	3 987 075	-	4 569 089	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	3 299 519	3 240 327	-	3 248 343	-	3 489 148	5,7%	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	567 840	603 887	-	729 732	-	1 079 941	90,2%	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	64 121	71 865	-	81 240	-	78 992	23,2%	-	-	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	291 550	295 530	-	280 639	-	264 259	-9,4%	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 238 599	1 375 396	-	1 533 930	-	1 913 717	54,5%	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	385 035	505 040	-	676 875	-	658 857	71,1%	-	-	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	707 352	-	1 130 820	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	430 401	573 450	-	455 612	-	1 030 836	139,5%	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	251 740	-	503 390	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	287 462	158 992	-	201 281	-	388 194	35,0%	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	20 889	27 106	-	50 459	-	115 196	451,5%	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	21 267	22 132	-	30 991	-	30 867	45,1%	-	-	-	-
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	93 545	88 676	-	118 712	-	93 173	-0,4%	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	15 559 000	-	41 006 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	-	15 559 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	9 470 000	-	24 732 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	-	9 470 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	23 328 000	-	27 427 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	23 328 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NAP	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	13 682 000	-	16 039 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	13 682 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	9 645 000	-	11 388 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	9 645 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	23 244 000	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	65 738 000	182,8%	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	24 107 000	-	25 029 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	15 559 000	-	41 006 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	-	15 559 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	9 470 000	-	24 732 000	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	-	9 470 000	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NAP	-	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	No	No	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ences Portal)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	, ZETO, PRAETOR	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	fferent systems)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	-	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	L INFORMACYJNY	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	-	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	-	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	-	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	-	Optional	-	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	2 470	NA	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	10 625	10 114	-	10 096	-	9 980	-6,1%	-	-	-	-
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	7 234	9 441	-	9 516	-	9 422	30,2%	-	-	-	-
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	3 213	497	-	494	-	475	-85,2%	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	178	176	-	86	-	83	-53,4%	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	3 899	3 701	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	2 523	3 371	-	3 451	-	3 400	34,8%	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	1 261	221	-	229	-	221	-82,5%	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	115	109	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	6 726	6 413	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	4 711	6 070	-	6 065	-	6 022	27,8%	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	1 952	276	-	265	-	254	-87,0%	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	63	67	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	35 946	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	20,1%	-	-	-	-
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	1 865	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	14,6%	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	20 283	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	19,5%	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	7 058	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8,9%	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	3 536	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	-7,8%	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	3 204	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	82,9%	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	537	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	-	1 310	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	10 625	10 114	-	10 096	-	9 980	-6,1%	-	-	-	-
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	7 234	9 441	-	9 516	-	9 422	30,2%	-	-	-	-
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	3 213	497	-	494	-	475	-85,2%	-	-	-	-
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	178	176	-	86	-	83	-53,4%	-	-	-	-
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	3 899	3 701	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	2 523	3 371	-	3 451	-	3 400	34,8%	-	-	-	-
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	1 261	221	-	229	-	221	-82,5%	-	-	-	-
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	115	109	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	6 726	6 413	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	4 711	6 070	-	6 065	-	6 022	27,8%	-	-	-	-
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	1 952	276	-	265	-	254	-87,0%	-	-	-	-
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	63	67	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	35 946	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	20,1%	-	-	-	-
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	1 865	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	14,6%	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	20 283	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	19,5%	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	7 058	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8,9%	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	3 536	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	-7,8%	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	3 204	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	82,9%	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	537	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	-	1 310	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

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Poland tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	38 750	43 974	-	52 760	-	48 315	24,7%	-	-	-	-
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	38 200 000	38 533 000	-	38 496 000	-	38 433 000	0,6%	-	-	-	-
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	38 750	43 974	-	52 760	-	48 315	24,7%	-	-	-	-
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	35 946	40 844	-	41 534	-	43 176	20,1%	-	-	-	-
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	1 865	1 810	-	1 847	-	2 138	14,6%	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	20 283	23 110	-	23 428	-	24 231	19,5%	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	7 058	7 239	-	7 324	-	7 687	8,9%	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	3 536	3 487	-	3 741	-	3 261	-7,8%	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	3 204	5 198	-	5 194	-	5 859	82,9%	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	537	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	-	1 310	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	-	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Portugal (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,7%	-1,1%	-0,6%	-0,3%
GDP per capita	16 245 €	15 607 €	15 890 €	16 637 €	17 317 €	17 905 €	10,2%	11,0%	9,0%	4,1%	3,4%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

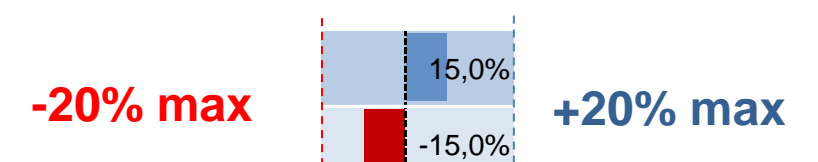
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	49,7	45,5	42,5	39,9	40,4	42,8	-14,0%	-11,1%	0,7%	7,2%	5,8%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	65,9	60,0	55,8	51,7	53,2	56,6	-14,1%	-11,5%	1,4%	9,4%	6,4%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	18,4	19,2	19,4	19,2	19,2	19,3	4,8%	0,5%	-0,8%	0,4%	0,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	62,3	58,3	57,6	54,9	56,1	54,8	-12,1%	-3,8%	-4,8%	-0,2%	-2,2%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				8,1	8,4	10,0				3,4%	19,4%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,0	3,5	3,1	NA	3,1	3,0	1,4%	-13,2%	-1,2%	NA	-2,0%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	0,337	0,253	NA	NA	NA	NA	-25,0%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	102%	98%	103%	NC	116%	112%	0,10	0,19	0,13		-0,03
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	80%	112%					0,40

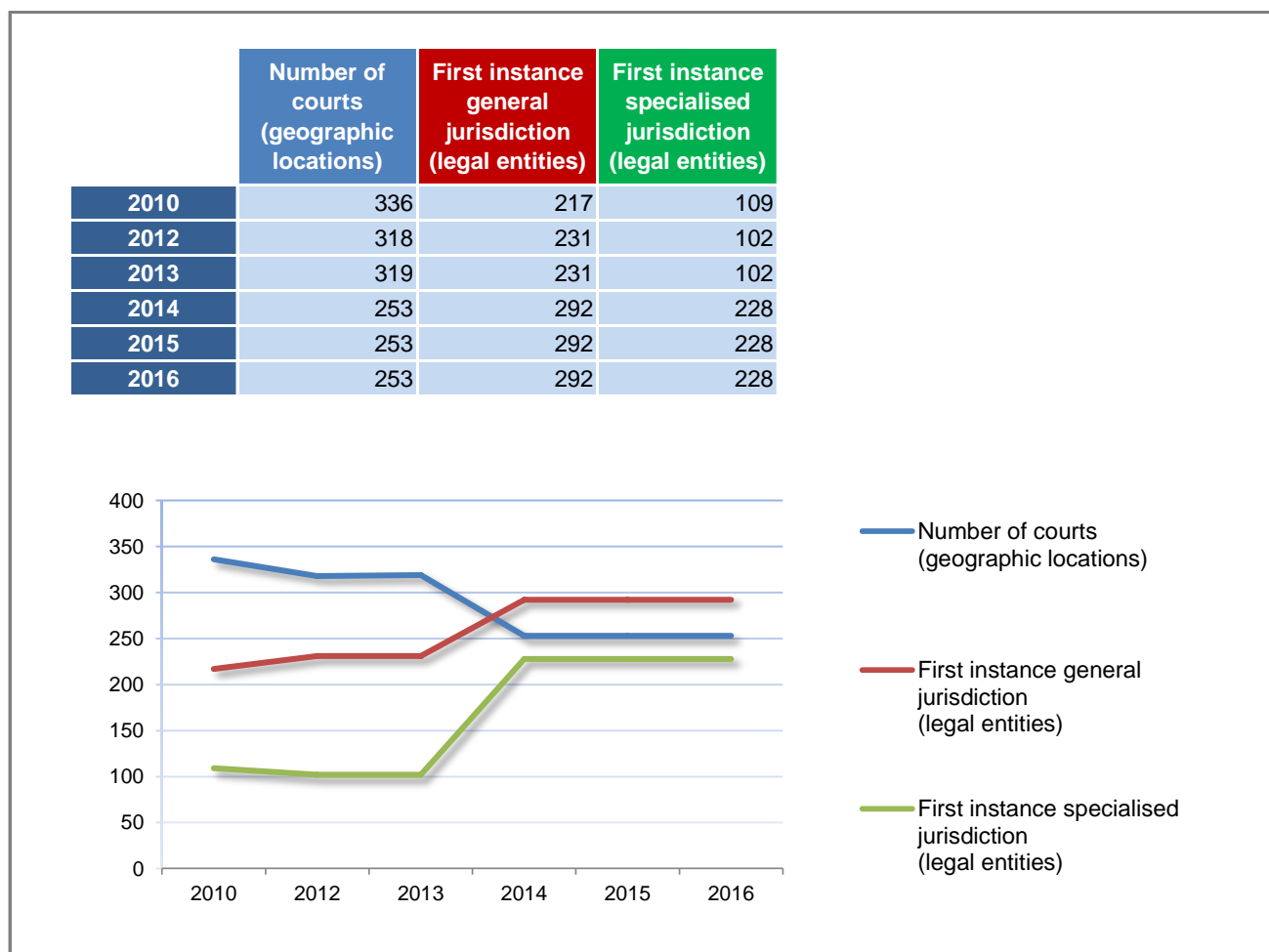
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	417	369	386	NC	315	289	-30,8%	-14,5%	-18,3%		-8,4%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA				NA
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	989	911					-7,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,4	3,5	3,4	NA	3,1	2,7	-22,7%	-23,4%	-21,2%	NA	-13,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	0,7	0,7	NA	NA	NA	NA	-3,5%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Portugal, justice services are provided by ordinary courts and administrative courts. The ordinary justice administration in Portugal is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 292 first instance courts of general jurisdiction, 5 courts of appeal and the Supreme Court of Justice. The administrative justice which is autonomous, i.e. independent from the civil justice, is organised on a three-level structure which includes: 20 Administrative and Tax courts (first instance), the Central Administrative Court and the Supreme Administrative Court. As a result of the implementation of the new Judicial Organization Reform (Law n.62/2013, of 26th August and Decree-Law n.49/2013, 26th August), the number of specialized first instance courts increased since 2014, while the enlargement of the court districts has been promoted.



The ordinary justice administration comprises also 248 (228 different legal entities) first instance specialised courts, such as 20 Commercial courts, 44 Labour courts, 45 Family courts, 5 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 20 Administrative courts and 114 other courts. The category “other” subsumes Criminal Instruction courts, Maritime courts, Intellectual Property and Competition court and Enforcement courts. Additionally, the Rent and tenancy section (Balcão Nacional do Arrendamento) has been established by law in August 2012 and is functioning since 8 January 2013.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 441 024 845 €

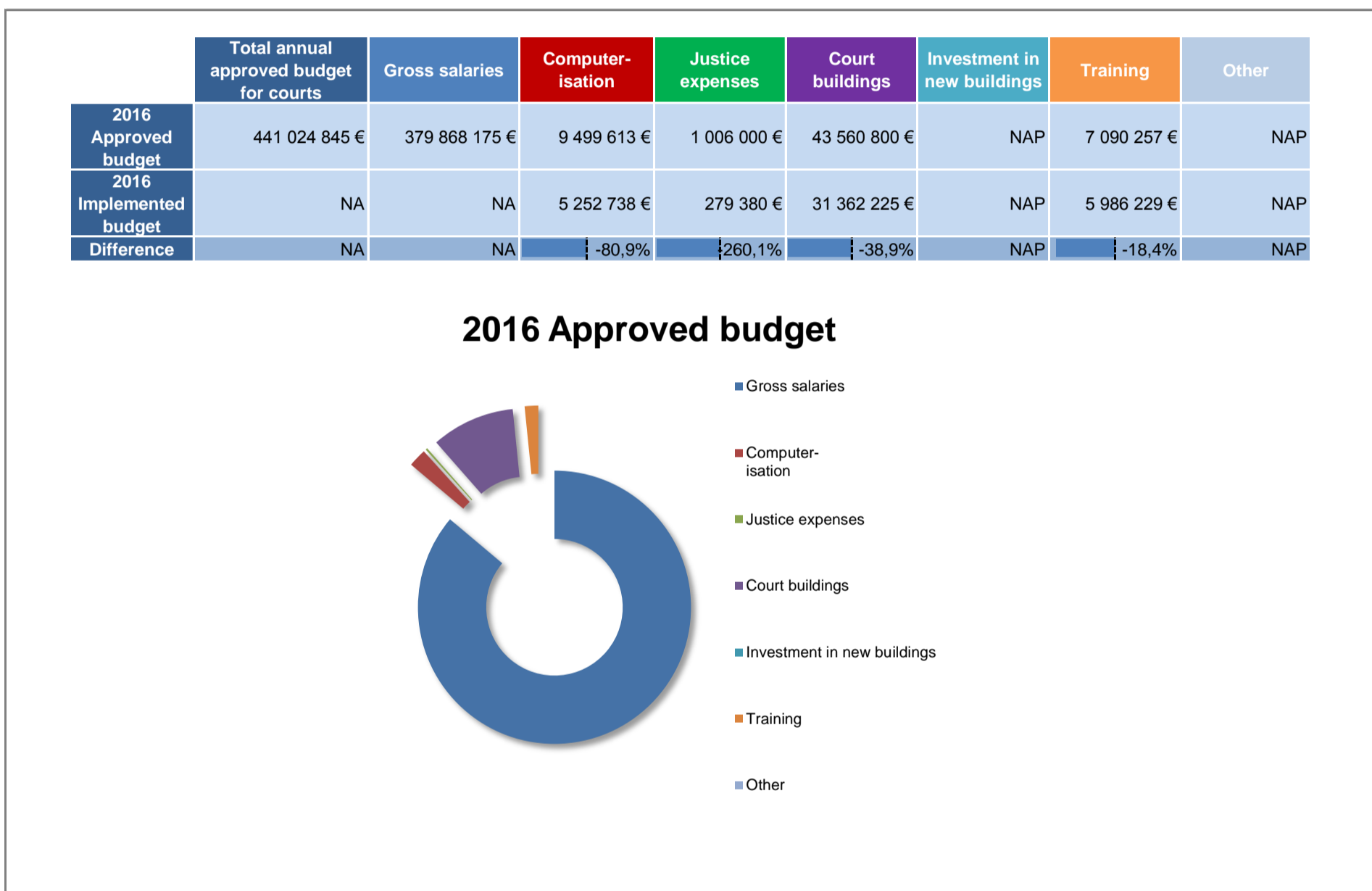
Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 42,8 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (379 868 175 €)
- Computerisation (9 499 613 €)
- Court buildings (43 560 800 €)

The increase in the approved budget allocated to computerisation is explained by the increase of the foreseen investment in IT and software equipment in the Financial and Equipment Institute (Instituto de Gestão Financeira e Equipamentos da Justiça), in administrative equipment and buildings in the Institute of Registry and Notary (Instituto dos Registos e do Notariado) and in administrative equipment and informatics software in the Directorate-General for Justice Administration (Direcção-Geral da Administração da Justiça).

The decrease in the implemented budget allocated to court buildings is explained by the reduction of construction works carried out to guarantee the normal functioning of the courts. In addition, it is noteworthy that the decrease in the implemented budget allocated to justice expenses stems from the decrease in the number of judicial proceedings in relation to 2015.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 583 253 297 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 56,6 €

The budget per capita (56,6 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Portugal belongs to the group of European States with a degree of investments allocated to the judicial system in the middle range when compared with other EU countries. Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 6,4%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 1 624 770 130 €

The approved budget allocated to the whole justice system has increased because the salary cuts that were made in 2012 have been replaced.

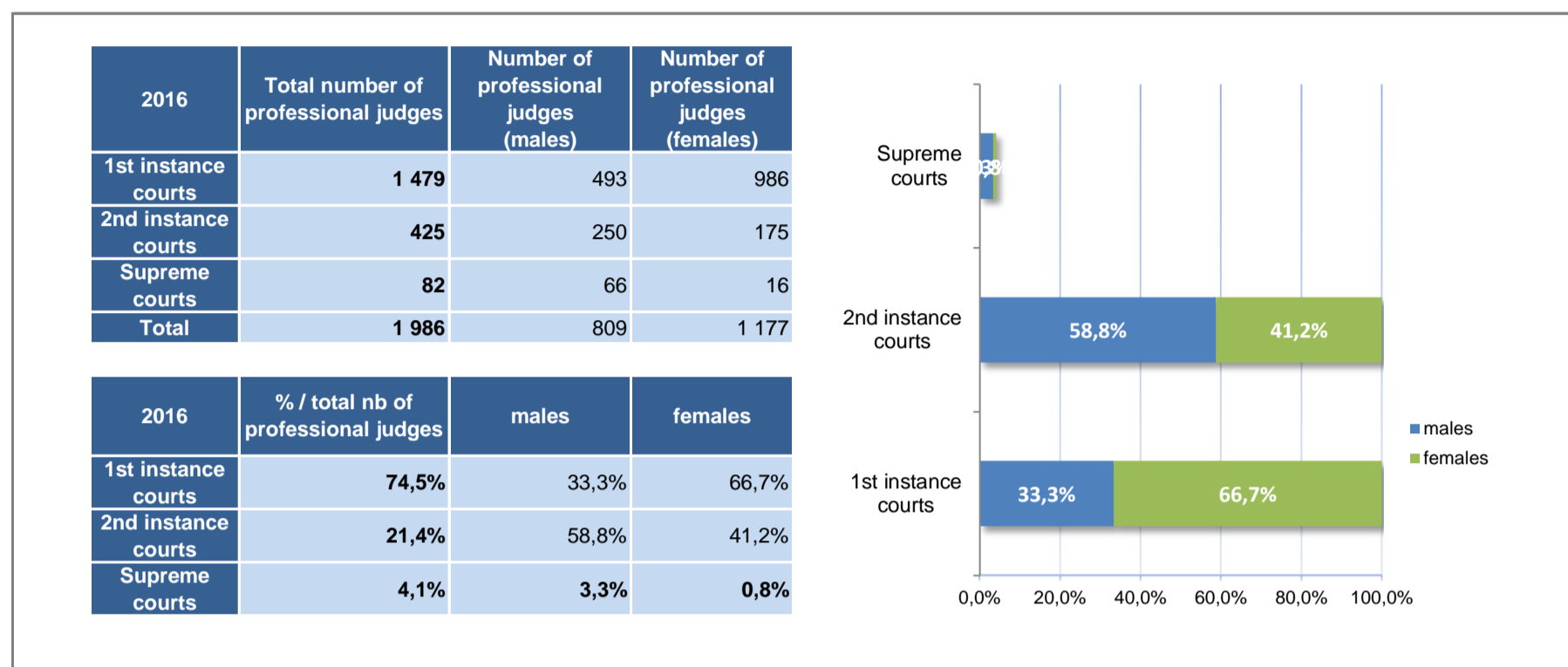
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system

- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Some police services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Portugal is 1 986 which is -0,2% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Portugal, in 2016, there are 19,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,8 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,9 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 1 177 which represents 59,3% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 479 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 986 are female) ; 425 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 175 are female) and 82 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 16 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that for all of the last three exercises, the total includes judges from courts of 1st, 2nd and 3rd instances, except the Constitutional Court.

In Portugal, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Compulsory
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: No training offered

It should be specified that, according to Law 45/2013, 3 July, magistrates have the right and the duty to participate in "in service training" (Article 74). In addition, these training activities are taken into consideration in the judges performance evaluation, for purposes of placement in courts with specialised or specific competence, as well as for career progression (Article 79). Accordingly, the general in-service training is compulsory.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	6 631	0	6 010	339	273	9
2012	6 110	NAP	5 601	256	251	2
2013	6 005	NAP	5 558	217	230	0
2014	5 698	NAP	5 293	101	227	77
2015	5 799	NAP	5 422	88	225	64
2016	5 652	NAP	5 342	92	210	8

In Portugal, in 2016, there are 5 652 non-judge staff (among which 3 736 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -2,5%

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 5 342 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 3 537 are women);
- 92 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 35 are women);
- 210 technical staff (among which 157 are women);
- 8 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 7 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 55,9 in 2015 to 54,7 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 19,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 19,3 in 2016.

The variations in the number of non-judge staff over the different evaluation cycles seem high due to the small numbers.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 31 816 000 € (3,1 € per capita).

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

In Portugal, legal aid can be granted for non-litigious cases. It consists of two types of assistance:

Legal information, which seeks to inform of one's rights and the legal system, providing for the optimum exercise of those rights and the fulfillment of the legally established duties, in particular by means of the gradual creation of services providing access to the courts and judicial services;

Legal protection, which includes:

- legal advice, through law firms which it is intended will cover the entire national territory; legal advice may involve carrying out extra-judicial steps or informal mechanisms of reconciliation;
- legal aid, which takes the following forms: total or partial exemption from court fees and other charges relating to the proceedings; deferment of payment of court fees and other charges relating to the proceedings; appointment and payment of the legal representative's fees, or alternatively, payment of fees to the legal representative chosen by the applicant.

In Portugal, legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions (e.g. fees for enforcement agent).

Legal aid can be granted for other costs. More precisely, the Portuguese law provides for the total or partial exemption from court fees and other expenses related to the case.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding for both criminal and other than criminal cases.

It is noteworthy that the Regulation of Procedural Costs enumerates different categories of persons (natural or legal entities; State authorities; political parties; foundations; associations; individuals; minors; public servants in the exercise of their functions etc.) exempt from costs. The main law fields concerned by the regime of exemptions are: constitutional law in terms of fundamental rights protection; labour law; criminal procedural law; insolvency law; tax justice etc.

The following are also exempt: mandatory pension redemptions; urgent administrative proceedings related to some electoral processes; all processes that run before the Court of Execution of Punishment (Tribunal de Execução de Penas), where the prisoner is in a situation of economic failure; in the procedures concerning the liquidation and partition of assets belonging to social welfare institutions and to syndicate bodies; children proceedings, such as guardianship, adoption and others; inventory proceedings initiated under Law 29/2009 of 29 June.

In general, courts costs and official fees are not related neither to the nature of the case, nor to the volume of activity, but are related to the value of the disputed claim. There are exceptions when certain classes are involved such as the Government or entities recognised to have social utility, e.g. mercy houses or charitable institutions.

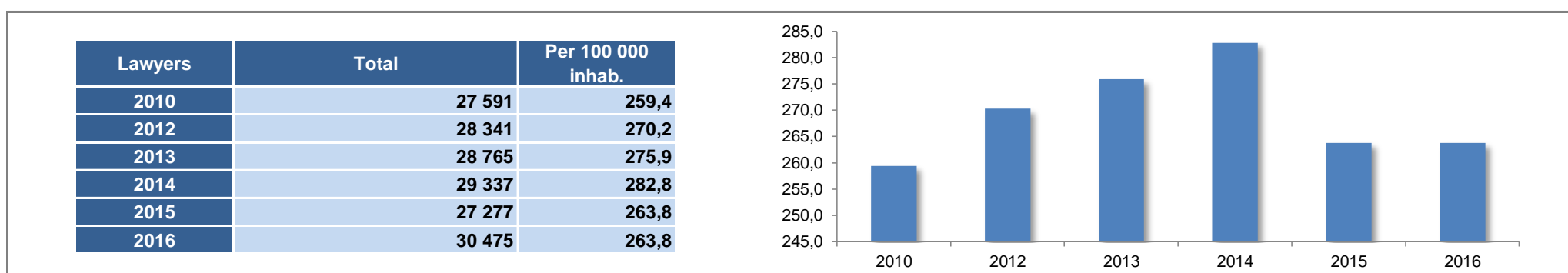
The Portuguese law refers to the concept of value for purposes of calculating the justice tax and this calculation is based on a unit of cost (UC) which varies according to a table and is actualised yearly. In 2012 and 2014 its value was 102 Euros.

The fixed costs for litigants in civil proceedings are set out in articles 5-7 and in the attached tables I and II of the Decree Law 34/2008 of 26th February 2008 (Regulation of Procedural Costs). The fixed costs for litigants involved in criminal proceedings are set out in article 8 and in the attached table III of the same Decree Law.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 204 EUR.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Portugal, in 2016, there are 30 475 lawyers, which is 11,7% more than in 2015.

This data represents 295,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The Portuguese Bar Association grants some titles within several areas of law, under Regulation n° 204/2006 of 30th October. However, only registered lawyers are allowed to carry legal practice and represent people in courts, according to Law 49/2004 of August 24th, thus the registration at the Portuguese Bar Association (OA) is mandatory (article 61 of the Statute).

The number of lawyers provided does not include jurisconsults of recognised competence and law professors. These professionals are registered in the Bar Association and can give legal advice.

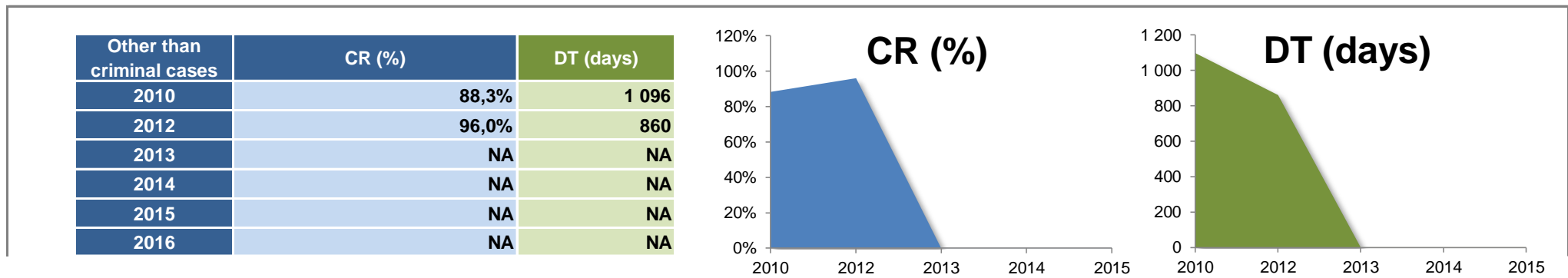
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

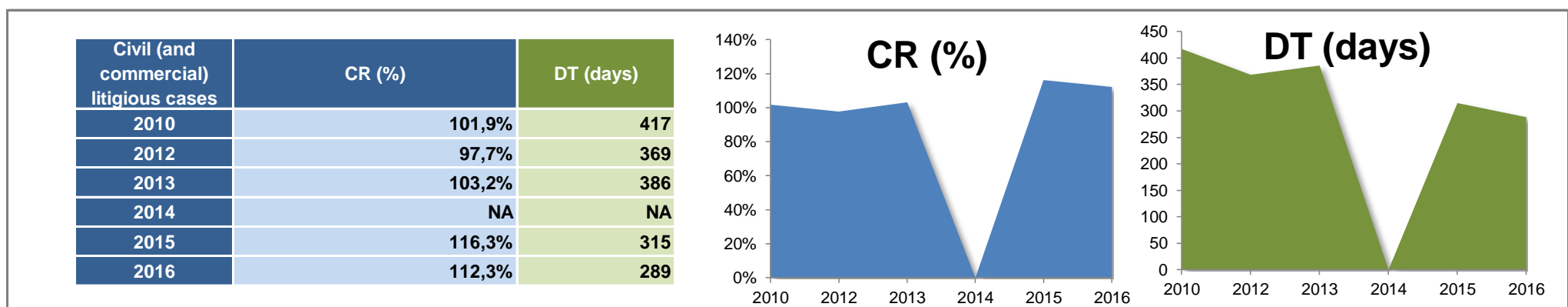
◦ Total other than criminal cases



The Clearance Rate of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

The Disposition Time of other than criminal cases cannot be calculated

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 112,3% in 2016, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,0 points.

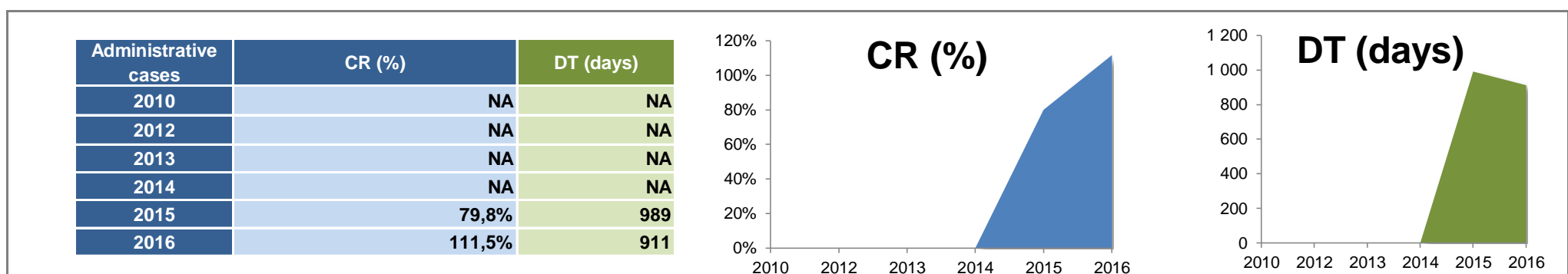
In Portugal, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 289 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -8,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Portugal, there are 81 019 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 29,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

The category “Civil (and commercial) litigious cases” includes the case-flow of civil, labour and juvenile justice. It does not include civil and labour enforcement cases. On 1 September 2013, the new Code of Civil Procedure entered into force, establishing a new regime for the enforcement action in Portugal, based on a new paradigm, which states that the processes that run in court must stand out clearly - those who are dependent on the commission of an act of the judge or the secretary – from those who run out of court. From a statistical point of view, this new model has not yet however been reflected in numbers, as work is still on-going aimed at demarcating the procedures that are in court, waiting for an act, from those that are being handled by other entities. Since it is not yet possible to provide figures that reflect the amount of work taken on by the courts as referred above, the data does not include civil and labour enforcement cases. The data on enforcement cases for the year 2016 is: pending cases on 1 Jan. 2016: 934.860; incoming cases: 158.164; resolved cases: 289.402; pending cases on 31 Dec. 2016: 803.622. These numbers correspond to the total number of existing procedures in Portugal in 2016, following the existing model prior to the entry into force of the said legal diploma. For this reason, the alerts and notes transmitted in previous years with regard to comparisons between countries still remain. A comparative reading of these values must, as we have repeatedly drawn attention, be very cautious, refraining from any comparison in terms of volume or duration of cases and should be limited to the evaluation of the development indicators.

◦ Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,5% in 2016, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 31,7 points.

In Portugal, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 911 days.

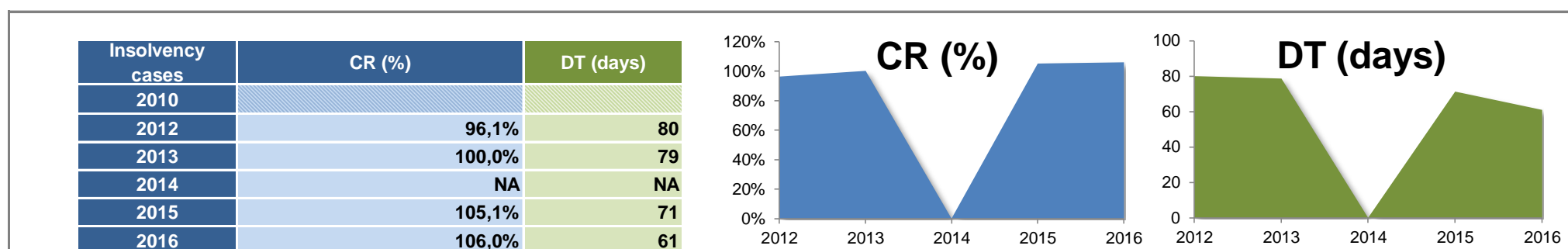
Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -7,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

Statistical data concerning pending cases in 1st instance judicial courts are collected through the courts information systems. Being dynamic systems, allowing regular corrections and up-dating, the data collection may lead to oscillation data from previous years resulting in variations in pending cases.

The category "Administrative law cases", includes administrative and tax cases. The separate data on tax cases is as follows: pending cases on 1 Jan. - 53.597; incoming cases - 16.445; resolved cases - 20.222; pending cases on 31 Dec. - 49.820. Regarding the decrease in the number of incoming administrative law cases, it results from the decrease in the number of incoming tax law cases, in particular in what concerns misdemeanour appeals.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 106,0% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Portugal seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 0,9 points.

In Portugal, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 61 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -14,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

As explained above, statistical data concerning pending cases in 1st instance judicial courts are collected through the courts information systems. Being dynamic systems, allowing regular corrections and up-dating, the data collection may lead to oscillation data from previous years resulting in variations in pending cases.

The decrease in the number of pending cases in the beginning of 2016 in relation to 2015 in respect of litigious divorce cases, employment dismissal cases and insolvency is explained by the fact that the number of resolved cases in 2015 was superior to the number of incoming cases that year. There is no specific explanation as regards the decrease in the number of these cases. However the decrease of these cases follows the general trend of the decrease of incoming and pending cases in civil and labour matters.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Portugal, individual courts are required to prepare an activity report. The latter is released on Internet.

Generally, the waiting time during court procedures is not monitored. However, in some courts, there are such practices.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category "other" includes: Scheduling; delays of judges and sections.

In Portugal, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court. Such evaluations are carried out every 6 months.

Performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

Every month a data collection of all courts is assembled. In addition, in first instance courts the electronic procedures allow a daily basis analysis. The website is very exhaustive and can be consulted on:

http://www.siej.dgpj.mj.pt/webeis/index.jsp?username=Publico&pgmWindowName=pgmWindow_633918141195530467.

Every 4 years, a complete analysis of the work of all courts is carried out, with the local inspectors who are judges appointed by the Judicial Council.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for the judicial system.

The law on the organisation of the judicial system (Law 62/2013 of 26 August) sets out that the High Council for the Judiciary and the Prosecutor-General, in liaison with the member of Government responsible for the justice, establish, within their respective competences, the strategic objectives for first instance courts for a three year period. The resources employed and the adequacy between the procedural reference value and the results recorded in each court are taken in account. Taking into account the results obtained in the previous year and the strategic objectives formulated for the subsequently year, the president of the court and the public prosecutor coordinator, and after the hearing of the judiciary administrator, articulate proposals for the procedural objectives for each court. This system is very recent and is currently being implemented and subject to improvements and only covers civil and commercial cases.

● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

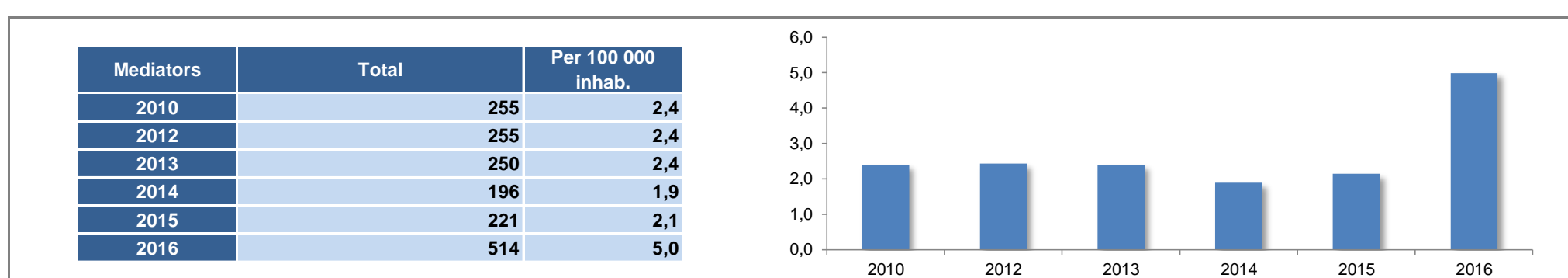
The judicial system in Portugal provides judicial mediation.

incapacity of exercising the rights of the children), is specially foreseen in the General Regime of the Civil Juvenile Procedure (RGPTC), approved by the Law 141/2015. Therein, it is set forth that, at any stage of the proceedings and whenever deemed appropriate, the judge may, on his own motion but with the parties' consent or at their request, determine the intervention of the public or private services on family mediation. To such purpose, it is also established the judge's duty to inform the interested parties on the existence and objectives of the services on family mediation. The agreement reached through mediation shall be homologated by the judge if it meets the interest of the child.

It ought to be referred that a compulsory mediation model, having as reference experiences such as the "ordered" or "mandatory" mediation (California) has been considered in the course of the works that led to the recent approval of RGPTC, in particular with respect to the regulation of the exercise of parental responsibility. Such possibility was set aside as it was considered that, on one hand, the willingness trait would be, by itself, an enhanced factor if not even determinant to the success of the proceedings and, on the other hand, in due consideration to the contraindication of the principle of mediation in cases of domestic violence.

Accordingly, the provisions set forth in article 48(1) of the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention), approved and ratified by Portugal (Res. AR 4/2013, of 21/1), were taken into account: "Parties shall take the necessary legislative or other measures to prohibit mandatory alternative dispute resolution processes, including mediation and conciliation, in relation to all forms of violence covered by the scope of this Convention." Thus, the Portuguese legislator chose to maintain the voluntary basis of the mediation process and, at the same time, establish a "specialized technical hearing", of a compulsory nature, whenever the parties do not reach an agreement at the judicial hearing and do not consent to mediation (Articles 23 and 38 of RGPTC). The "specialized technical hearing" on parental dispute matters is entrusted to the court's technical assistance team and is designed to provide a diagnosed assessment on the parents' competences and on the parties' availability towards an agreement that may better safeguard the superior interest of the child. At the same time, this intervention purports to fulfil the enlightenment and awareness goals inherent to a pre-mediation session.

This is an intervention which is clearly different from the mediation process. It may be highlighted, for instance and among others, its distinct purposes and characteristics: on one hand, the contents of the sessions are not confidential (the outcome of the intervention shall culminate with a reasoned notice to the court) and on the other, the specialized technical auditor is a real court advisor (and not an impartial and independent third party as the mediator).



In Portugal, in 2016, there are 514 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 5,0 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 132,6%.

The data includes mediators of the Ministry of Justice registered public systems mediation and mediators of the Peace Courts. Unlike the 2015 data, it also includes accredited conflict mediators in accordance with Law n.29/2013 of 19 April (Mediation Law).

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	1 679	16
Civil and commercial	1 241	12
Family cases	434	4
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	4	0

The significant increase in the number of family mediations, with initiative in the courts (with the consent of the parties) is due, on the one hand, to a greater dissemination of the Family Mediation System and to a wider perception of its benefits by users and other operators of the System. On the other hand, a legislative reform has been operated in 2015, with the approval of the General Regime of the Civil Guardianship Process (RGPTC) that originated the increase of Family Mediation applications originating in the Courts.

This occurred as a consequence of the new paradigm established in this new legislation, according to which, in the majority of civil juvenile cases, where it is not possible to obtain the agreement of the parties in court, the court must suspend the proceedings and refer the parties to one of two interventions: Family mediation (if the parties agree to submit to the procedure) or the specialized technical hearing, if they do not agree to resort to Family Mediation. The RGPTC entered into force in October 2015 and its effects were immediately felt in the statistical data for the subsequent year.

Regarding the decrease in the number of mediations in civil and commercial matters, we do not have data that allows us to clarify the trend.

As for the decrease in the number of mediations in criminal matters, we do not have data to clarify the trend. Next year, the Directorate-General for Justice Policy (Ministry of Justice) will develop a Monitoring and Diagnostic Evaluation Study of the Criminal Mediation System that may shed light on this trend.

●The ICT tools of courts and for court users

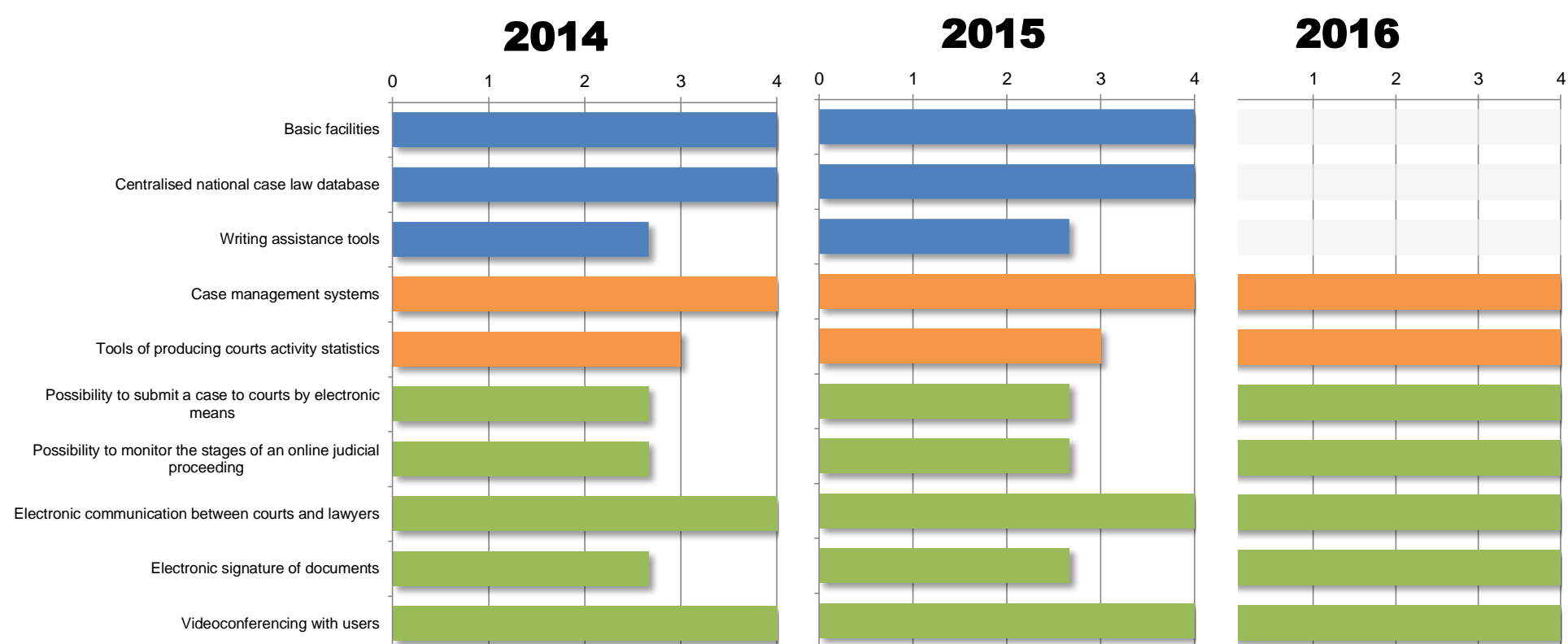
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Portugal has been evaluated at 10 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarised in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

For notaries - inventory; For the Police - Inquiry.

Other comments: the electronic case management is regulated by Regulatory Decree no.280/2013, 26th October that established the mandatory use of the Citius Case Management procedure for civil judicial procedures of 1st instance civil courts. Regulatory Decree no. 114/2008, 6th February, establishes the mandatory use of SITAF for administrative procedures. Regarding criminal courts, the use of electronic case management is still not regulated by law.

4. National data collection system

In Portugal, the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Directorate-General for Justice Policy (Ministry of Justice).

This institution publishes statistics on the functioning of each court on Internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Presently, the chief objective of the reforms in the justice area is to streamline Justice through a managerial perspective mainly geared towards modernization, simplification and rationalization.

Hence, it purports to improve the management of the judicial system, to ease the bottleneck of the courts, simplify and dematerialize court cases, bring Justice closer to the citizens and improve the quality of the Justice public service.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	16 245	15 607	15 890	16 637	17 317	17 905	10,2%	11,0%	9,0%	4,1%	3,4%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	528 943 165	476 924 836	442 879 701	414 114 841	418 190 844	441 024 845	-16,6%	-12,3%	-5,6%	1,0%	5,5%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	68 342 718	59 549 714	60 335 899	-	-	-	-12,9%	1,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	119 901 622	97 551 326	96 640 967	88 786 150	96 054 391	110 412 452	-7,9%	-1,5%	-0,6%	8,2%	14,9%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	114 412 314	121 925 994	126 441 757	-	-	-	6,6%	3,7%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	65,9	60,0	55,8	51,7	53,2	56,6	-14,1%	-11,5%	-4,7%	2,8%	6,4%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	119 901 622	97 551 326	96 640 967	88 786 150	96 054 391	110 412 452	-7,9%	-1,5%	-0,6%	8,2%	14,9%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	65,9	60,0	55,8	51,7	53,2	56,6	-14,1%	-11,5%	-4,7%	2,8%	6,4%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	528 943 165	476 924 836	442 879 701	414 114 841	418 190 844	441 024 845	-16,6%	-12,3%	-5,6%	1,0%	5,5%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	429 475 486	396 291 048	372 296 687	346 872 446	354 134 006	379 868 175	-11,6%	-10,6%	-4,9%	2,1%	7,3%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	10 565 978	23 857 353	20 056 577	13 177 591	6 362 184	9 499 613	-10,1%	-73,3%	-68,3%	-51,7%	49,3%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	27 544 641	13 550 000	6 518 899	610 000	1 155 000	1 006 000	-96,3%	-91,5%	-82,3%	89,3%	-12,9%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	38 762 543	35 936 606	36 653 891	47 374 381	50 216 610	43 560 800	12,4%	39,7%	37,0%	6,0%	-13,3%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	22 594 517	7 289 829	7 353 647	6 080 423	6 322 650	7 090 257	-68,6%	-13,3%	-14,0%	4,0%	12,1%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	66 €	60 €	56 €	52 €	53 €	57 €	-14,1%	-11,5%	-4,7%	2,8%	6,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	119 901 622	97 551 326	96 640 967	88 786 150	96 054 391	110 412 452	-7,9%	-1,5%	-0,6%	8,2%	14,9%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	1 693 952 793	1 744 093 667	1 734 250 908	1 527 115 078	1 352 562 645	1 624 770 130	-4,1%	-22,4%	-22,0%	-11,4%	20,1%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	528 943 165	476 924 836	442 879 701	414 114 841	418 190 844	441 024 845	-16,6%	-12,3%	-5,6%	1,0%	5,5%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	528 943 165	476 924 836	442 879 701	414 114 841	418 190 844	441 024 845	0 €	-12,3%	-5,6%	1,0%	5,5%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	10 565 978	23 857 353	20 056 577	13 177 591	6 362 184	9 499 613	0 €	-73,3%	-68,3%	-51,7%	49,3%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	119 901 622	97 551 326	96 640 967	88 786 150	96 054 391	110 412 452	-7,9%	-1,5%	-0,6%	8,2%	14,9%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	528 943 165	476 924 836	442 879 701	414 114 841	418 190 844	441 024 845	-16,6%	-12,3%	-5,6%	1,0%	5,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	217 961 874	207 899 840	-	171 890 423	137 412 266	148 596 268	-31,8%	-33,9%	-	-20,1%	8,1%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	-	-	s). Costs).	ne Decree Law.	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	217	231	231	292	292	292	34,6%	26,4%	26,4%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	109	102	102	228	228	228	109,2%	123,5%	123,5%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	336	318	319	253	253	253	-24,7%	-20,4%	-20,7%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	109	102	102	248	248	248	127,5%	143,1%	143,1%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	4	4	4	20	20	20	400,0%	400,0%	400,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	48	47	47	44	44	44	-8,3%	-6,4%	-6,4%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	27	19	19	45	45	45	66,7%	136,8%	136,8%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	4	NA	5	5	5	5	25,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	17	20	20	20	20	20	17,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	9	12	7	114	114	114	1166,7%	850,0%	1528,6%	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 493 108	1 595 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	372 085	355 821	362 099	NA	369 190	312 255	-16,1%	3,8%	2,0%	-	-15,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	68 332	75 515	-	-	-	-	10,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	589 286	718 369	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	314 317	369 178	322 689	NA	316 060	308 880	-1,7%	-14,4%	-2,1%	-	-2,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	34 850	26 049	-	-	-	-	-25,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	520 085	689 351	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	320 267	360 694	332 948	NA	367 725	346 863	8,3%	1,9%	10,4%	-	-5,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	27 810	29 048	-	-	-	-	4,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 562 309	1 624 277	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	366 135	364 305	351 840	NA	317 525	274 272	-25,1%	-12,8%	-9,8%	-	-13,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	75 372	72 516	-	-	-	-	-3,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	88,3%	96,0%	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,9%	97,7%	103,2%	NA	116,3%	112,3%	10,2%	19,1%	12,8%	-	-3,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	79,8%	111,5%	-	-	-	-	39,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	1096	860	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	417	369	386	NA	315	289	-30,8%	-14,5%	-18,3%	-	-8,4%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	989	911	-	-	-	-	-7,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)

101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	9917	7 627	7 195	NA	7 801	5 294	-46,6%	2,3%	8,4%	-	-32,1%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	7161	6 448	5 721	NA	3 533	2 493	-65,2%	-45,2%	-38,2%	-	-29,4%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	3 568	4 316	NA	4 527	3 482	-	26,9%	4,9%	-	-23,1%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	10640	9 638	9 281	NA	9 167	9 131	-14,2%	-4,9%	-1,2%	-	-0,4%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	7754	7 897	5 951	NA	4 498	3 663	-52,8%	-43,0%	-24,4%	-	-18,6%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	20 776	20 068	NA	17 325	14 746	-	-16,6%	-13,7%	-	-14,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	11419	9 975	9 590	NA	11 387	9 966	-12,7%	14,2%	18,7%	-	-12,5%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	7120	8 659	7 662	NA	5 529	4 598	-35,4%	-36,1%	-27,8%	-	-16,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	19 969	20 065	NA	18 206	15 625	-	-8,8%	-9,3%	-	-14,2%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	9138	7 290	6 886	NA	5 581	4 459	-51,2%	-23,4%	-19,0%	-	-20,1%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	7795	5 686	4 010	NA	2 502	1 558	-80,0%	-56,0%	-37,6%	-	-37,7%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	4 375	4 319	NA	3 556	2 603	-	-18,7%	-17,7%	-	-26,8%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)

CR Litigious divorce cases	107,3%	103,5%	103,3%	NA	124,2%	109,1%	1,7%	20,0%	20,2%	-	-12,1%
CR Employment dismissal cases	91,8%	109,6%	128,8%	NA	122,9%	125,5%	36,7%	12,1%	-4,5%	-	2,1%
CR Insolvency cases	-	96,1%	100,0%	NA	105,1%	106,0%	-	9,3%	5,1%	-	0,8%
DT Litigious divorce cases	292	267	262	NA	179	163	-44,1%	-32,9%	-31,7%	-	-8,7%
DT Employment dismissal cases	400	240	191	NA	165	124	-69,0%	-31,1%	-13,5%	-	-25,1%
DT Insolvency cases	-	80	79	NA	71	61	-	-10,8%	-9,3%	-	-14,7%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6399	5 493	NA	5 031	11 039	11 776	84,0%	101,0%	-	119,4%	6,7%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	5 230	NA	4 731	5 733	-	-	-9,5%	-	21,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	6 308	6 043	-	-	-	-	-4,2%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	18099	19 056	NA	18 220	24 269	24 755	36,8%	27,4%	-	33,2%	2,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	19 408	NA	20 684	20 946	-	-	6,6%	-	1,3%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 585	3 809	-	-	-	-	6,2%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	18009	19 319	NA	18 520	25 532	23 666	31,4%	32,2%	-	37,9%	-7,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	19 607	NA	19 682	20 332	-	-	0,4%	-	3,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	3 850	3 334	-	-	-	-	-13,4%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6492	5 230	NA	4 731	11 776	12 865	98,2%	125,2%	-	148,9%	9,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	5 031	NA	5 733	6 347	-	-	14,0%	-	10,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	6 043	6 518	-	-	-	-	7,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	99,5%	101,4%	NA	101,6%	105,2%	95,6%	-3,9%	3,8%	-	3,5%	-9,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	101,0%	NA	95,2%	97,1%	-	-	-5,8%	-	2,0%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	107,4%	87,5%	-	-	-	-	-18,5%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	132	99	NA	93	168	198	50,8%	70,4%	-	80,6%	17,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	94	NA	106	114	-	-	13,5%	-	7,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	573	714	-	-	-	-	24,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	706	599	-	447	1 320	1 492	111,3%	120,4%	-	195,3%	13,0%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	414	416	-	-	-	-	0,5%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	906	1 076	-	-	-	-	18,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2579	2 524	-	2 253	4 094	4 069	57,8%	62,2%	-	81,7%	-0,6%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	2 610	2 748	-	-	-	-	5,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	1 484	1 321	-	-	-	-	-11,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2716	2 608	-	2 285	3 922	4 002	47,3%	50,4%	-	71,6%	2,0%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	2 608	2 728	-	-	-	-	4,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	1 314	1 274	-	-	-	-	-3,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	569	515	-	415	1 492	1 559	174,0%	189,7%	-	259,5%	4,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	416	436	-	-	-	-	4,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	1 076	1 123	-	-	-	-	4,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,3%	103,3%	-	101,4%	95,8%	98,4%	-6,6%	-7,3%	-	-5,5%	2,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	99,9%	99,3%	-	-	-	-	-0,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	88,5%	96,4%	-	-	-	-	8,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	76	72	-	66	139	142	85,9%	92,6%	-	109,5%	2,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	58	58	-	-	-	-	0,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NA	-	NA	299	322	-	-	-	-	7,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 493 108	1 595 259	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	372 085	355 821	362 099	NA	369 190	312 255	-16,1%	3,8%	2,0%	-	-15,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	68 332	75 515	-	-	-	-	10,5%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	589 286	718 369	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	314 317	369 178	322 689	NA	316 060	308 880	-1,7%	-14,4%	-2,1%	-	-2,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	34 850	26 049	-	-	-	-	-25,3%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	520 085	689 351	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	320 267	360 694	332 948	NA	367 725	346 863	8,3%	1,9%	10,4%	-	-5,7%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	27 810	29 048	-	-	-	-	4,5%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 562 309	1 624 277	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	366 135	364 305	351 840	NA	317 525	274 272	-25,1%	-12,8%	-9,8%	-	-13,6%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	75 372	72 516	-	-	-	-	-3,8%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	68 342 718	59 549 714	60 335 899	-	-	-	-12,9%	1,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	51 641 260	55 184 100	42 241 300	33 403 315	35 466 326	31 816 000	-38,4%	-35,7%	-16,0%	6,2%	-10,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	www.dgsi.pt	www.dgsi.pt	DGSI /ECLI	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	citius/SITAF	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	citius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	sitaf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	business registry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	SITAF.WEB/ BNA	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	citius	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	sitaf	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	.NET / SITAF.WEB	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	citius	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	sitaf	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Compulsory	No training offered	No training proposed	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	255	255	250	196	221	514	101,6%	-13,3%	-11,6%	12,8%	132,6%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 956	2 009	2 025	1 990	1 990	1 986	1,5%	-0,9%	-1,7%	0,0%	-0,2%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 449	1 480	1 525	1 478	1 495	1 479	2,1%	1,0%	-2,0%	1,2%	-1,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	422	445	425	430	411	425	0,7%	-7,6%	-3,3%	-4,4%	3,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	85	84	75	82	84	82	-3,5%	0,0%	12,0%	2,4%	-2,4%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	880	864	849	828	815	809	-8,1%	-5,7%	-4,0%	-1,6%	-0,7%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	511	507	518	494	498	493	-3,5%	-1,8%	-3,9%	0,8%	-1,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	290	282	263	267	249	250	-13,8%	-11,7%	-5,3%	-6,7%	0,4%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	79	75	68	67	68	66	-16,5%	-9,3%	0,0%	1,5%	-2,9%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 076	1 145	1 176	1 162	1 175	1 177	9,4%	2,6%	-0,1%	1,1%	0,2%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	938	973	1 007	984	997	986	5,1%	2,5%	-1,0%	1,3%	-1,1%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	132	163	162	163	162	175	32,6%	-0,6%	0,0%	-0,6%	8,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	6	9	7	15	16	16	166,7%	77,8%	128,6%	6,7%	0,0%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 631	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	-14,8%	-5,1%	-3,4%	1,8%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	6 010	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	-11,1%	-3,2%	-2,4%	2,4%	-1,5%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	339	256	217	101	88	92	-72,9%	-65,6%	-59,4%	-12,9%	4,5%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	273	251	230	227	225	210	-23,1%	-10,4%	-2,2%	-0,9%	-6,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	9	2	0	77	64	8	-11,1%	3100,0%	-	-16,9%	-87,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	62	57	57	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	58	57	53	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	44	36	1	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	-	-2,7%	-1,3%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	-	-1,6%	-0,8%	4,2%	-1,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	96	83	39	31	35	-	-67,7%	-62,7%	-20,5%	12,9%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	179	166	169	168	157	-	-6,1%	1,2%	-0,6%	-6,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	0	33	28	7	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 956	2 009	2 025	1 990	1 990	1 986	1,5%	-0,9%	-1,7%	0,0%	-0,2%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 449	1 480	1 525	1 478	1 495	1 479	2,1%	1,0%	-2,0%	1,2%	-1,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	422	445	425	430	411	425	0,7%	-7,6%	-3,3%	-4,4%	3,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	85	84	75	82	84	82	-3,5%	0,0%	12,0%	2,4%	-2,4%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	880	864	849	828	815	809	-8,1%	-5,7%	-4,0%	-1,6%	-0,7%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	511	507	518	494	498	493	-3,5%	-1,8%	-3,9%	0,8%	-1,0%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	290	282	263	267	249	250	-13,8%	-11,7%	-5,3%	-6,7%	0,4%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	79	75	68	67	68	66	-16,5%	-9,3%	0,0%	1,5%	-2,9%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	1 076	1 145	1 176	1 162	1 175	1 177	9,4%	2,6%	-0,1%	1,1%	0,2%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	938	973	1 007	984	997	986	5,1%	2,5%	-1,0%	1,3%	-1,1%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	132	163	162	163	162	175	32,6%	-0,6%	0,0%	-0,6%	8,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	6	9	7	15	16	16	166,7%	77,8%	128,6%	6,7%	0,0%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 631	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	-14,8%	-5,1%	-3,4%	1,8%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	6 010	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	-11,1%	-3,2%	-2,4%	2,4%	-1,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	339	256	217	101	88	92	-72,9%	-65,6%	-59,4%	-12,9%	4,5%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	273	251	230	227	225	210	-23,1%	-10,4%	-2,2%	-0,9%	-6,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	9	2	0	77	64	8	-11,1%	3100,0%	-	-16,9%	-87,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	62	57	57	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	58	57	53	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	44	36	1	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	-	-2,7%	-1,3%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	-	-1,6%	-0,8%	4,2%	-1,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	96	83	39	31	35	-	-67,7%	-62,7%	-20,5%	12,9%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	179	166	169	168	157	-	-6,1%	1,2%	-0,6%	-6,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	0	33	28	7	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Portugal tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	27 591	28 341	28 765	29 337	27 277	30 475	10,5%	-3,8%	-5,2%	-7,0%	11,7%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	10 636 979	10 487 289	10 427 301	10 374 822	10 341 440	10 309 573	-3,1%	-1,4%	-0,8%	-0,3%	-0,3%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	27 591	28 341	28 765	29 337	27 277	30 475	10,5%	-3,8%	-5,2%	-7,0%	11,7%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	6 631	6 110	6 005	5 698	5 799	5 652	-14,8%	-5,1%	-3,4%	1,8%	-2,5%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	6 010	5 601	5 558	5 293	5 422	5 342	-11,1%	-3,2%	-2,4%	2,4%	-1,5%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	339	256	217	101	88	92	-72,9%	-65,6%	-59,4%	-12,9%	4,5%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	273	251	230	227	225	210	-23,1%	-10,4%	-2,2%	-0,9%	-6,7%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	9	2	0	77	64	8	-11,1%	3100,0%	-	-16,9%	-87,5%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	2 024	1 994	1 916	-	-	-	-1,5%	-3,9%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 860	1 844	1 805	-	-	-	-0,9%	-2,1%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	62	57	57	-	-	-	-8,1%	0,0%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	58	57	53	-	-	-	-1,7%	-7,0%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	44	36	1	-	-	-	-18,2%	-97,2%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	3 910	3 856	3 674	3 805	3 736	-	-2,7%	-1,3%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	3 635	3 607	3 433	3 578	3 537	-	-1,6%	-0,8%	4,2%	-1,1%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	96	83	39	31	35	-	-67,7%	-62,7%	-20,5%	12,9%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	179	166	169	168	157	-	-6,1%	1,2%	-0,6%	-6,5%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	0	33	28	7	-	-	-	-15,2%	-75,0%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Romania (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,8%	-1,5%	-11,9%	-0,6%
GDP per capita	5 700 €	6 660 €	7 217 €	7 533 €	8 100 €	8 600 €	50,9%	21,6%	12,2%	7,5%	6,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	4,28480	4,41530	4,48470	4,48210	4,52450	4,54110	6,0%	2,5%	0,9%	0,9%	0,4%

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	16,6	15,2	18,9	23,9	23,8	20,0	20,6%	56,1%	5,5%	-16,5%	-15,9%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,5	22,6	27,9	35,1	35,8	30,4	24,1%	58,5%	9,2%	-13,2%	-14,9%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	19,0	20,2	22,6	20,5	23,3	23,6	23,8%	15,3%	4,2%	14,7%	1,1%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	39,6	43,6	48,3	45,5	51,9	52,4	32,5%	19,1%	8,5%	15,1%	1,1%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				7,1	9,0	9,3				26,2%	2,8%

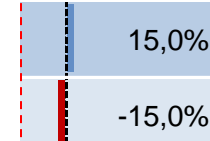
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	5,0	5,2	4,2	6,9	6,8	6,8	35,7%	32,3%	64,7%	-0,1%	-0,7%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,7	2,4	2,9	0,1	0,1	0,1	-96,5%	-95,9%	-96,6%	8,5%	-3,6%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	181,7%	208,3%	203,0%	-0,8%	-1,0%
Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	NA	44,8%	26,4%	30,6%	-28,4%
Administrative law cases	0,470	1,1	1,0	0,352	0,331	0,598	27,2%	-69,3%	-66,3%	-5,9%	80,5%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	90%	99%	112%	109%	105%	102%	0,14	0,06	-0,07	-0,04	-0,03
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	96%	100%	110%	107%	107%	0,09	0,11	0,07	-0,03	0,00
CR non-litigious land registry cases	108%	104%	110%	101%	113%	110%	0,02	0,08	0,02	0,12	-0,02
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	70%	55%	46%	56%	68%		-0,20	0,02	0,22	0,22
CR administrative law cases	71%	78%	130%	161%	133%	92%	0,30	0,70	0,02	-0,18	-0,31

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	217	193	187	146	154	153	-29,4%	-20,4%	-17,8%	5,7%	-0,7%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	38	47	39	73	54	33	-13,8%	15,0%	38,6%	-25,3%	-40,0%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	235	228	194	295	258	235	0,3%	13,3%	33,5%	-12,3%	-8,9%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	1 632	2 249	2 919	2 357	2 900		44,4%	4,8%	-19,3%	23,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)	269	272	106	179	170	170	-36,8%	-37,4%	60,2%	-4,9%	-0,1%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,7	2,7	2,4	3,0	3,0	2,9	8,9%	7,1%	21,4%	-2,1%	-3,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	-96,7%	-94,7%	-95,0%	-21,4%	-42,1%
Non-litigious land registry cases	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	187,1%	277,9%	314,4%	-2,7%	-11,9%
Non-litigious business cases	NA	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	NA	67,0%	35,2%	28,6%	7,0%
Administrative law cases	0,2	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,3	4,4%	-67,3%	-45,0%	-26,2%	24,7%

-20% max



+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Romania there are 233 first instance courts of general jurisdiction including 176 judecatorii (first instance courts), 42 tribunals and 15 courts of appeal. The tribunals and the courts of appeal are ruling in more important cases or in the situations where the competence is established in personam.

More generally, in Romania there are 4 court levels: first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ). First instance courts (judecatorii) have a general jurisdiction and most of the cases start at this level. The appeals against the decisions of the first instance courts in civil matters are decided at the tribunals. The appeals in criminal matters against the decisions of the first instance courts are decided at the courts of appeal. More important cases may start at tribunals or at the courts of appeal and the appeals against the decisions of these courts are decided by higher courts. It is noteworthy that, according to the law, in Romania there are two types of appeal: first appeal which is an appeal on the merits and second appeal which is an appeal on the law /"recurs"). The competence of dealing with appeals is granted to tribunals, courts of appeal and the High Court of Cassation and Justice (HCCJ).

All of the first instance courts deal with cases in first instance, but also the tribunals and the courts of appeal may have material or personal jurisdiction in first instance.

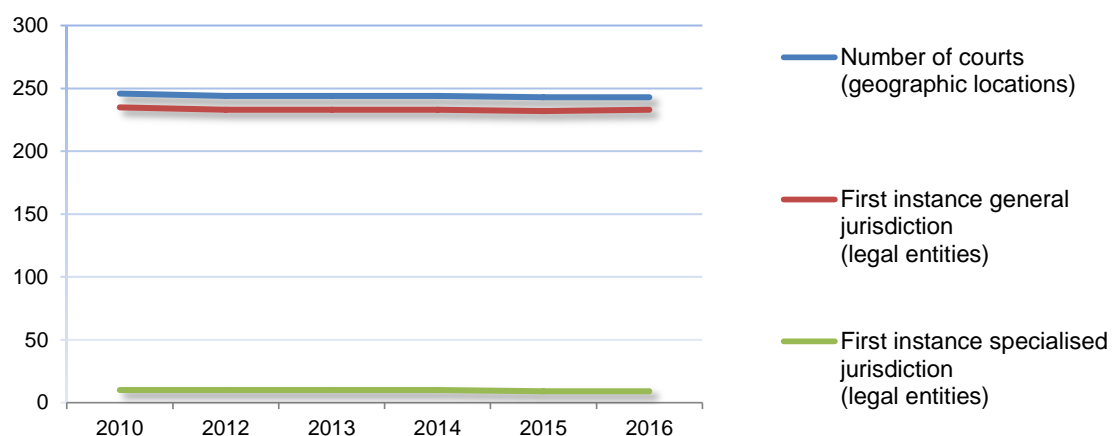
More specifically, the hierarchy within the ordinary court system of Romania is the following:

- o 176 Courts of first instance which have full competence for judging in first instance; competence in first and last instance for trials and requests concerning claims for payment of an amount of money that does not exceed a specific legal threshold; competence with regard to complaints against judgments of the public administration authorities with jurisdictional activity and of other bodies with such activity, in the cases stipulated by law);
- o 42 Law courts (tribunals) that have the competence to judge in first instance categories of cases stipulated by law. As courts of appeal, they judge the appeals against judgments pronounced at first instance by the courts of first instance. As courts of (second) appeal, they judge the second appeals (recurs) against the judgments pronounced by the courts of first instance which, according to the law, are not submitted to the appeal;
- o 15 Courts of appeal, which are second level appeal courts (appeal on the law /"recurs"), but also rule in some cases at first instance (the processes and requests related to contentious administrative matters concerning the acts of the central authorities and institutions) and at appeals level on the merits (the appeals against the judgments pronounced by the courts of first instance and the appeals against the judgments pronounced by the law courts in appeal or against the judgments pronounced in the first instance by law courts which, according to law, are not submitted to the appeal, as well as in any other cases expressly stipulated by law);
- o HCCJ, unique and Supreme Court which is competent in respect of the appeals against the judgments of the courts of appeal and of other judgments, in the cases stipulated by law (the appeals in the interest of the law; in any other cases expressly stipulated by law).

Besides the ordinary court system, the judiciary consists of the Constitutional Court of Romania.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	246	235	10
2012	244	233	10
2013	244	233	10
2014	244	233	10

2015	243	232	9
2016	243	233	9



In Romania, there are 9 specialised first instance courts (3 commercial courts, 1 family court and 5 military courts).

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 392 582 194 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 20, €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (249 022 263 €)
- Court buildings (30 122 878 €)
- Other (98 215 190 €)

The category "other" includes other salary expenses such as for example temporary transfer in the employer's interest and secondment pays, contributions owed by the employer, other rights which judges and ancillary staff are entitled to (reimbursement of the sums paid for medicines, transportation, rent, travel expenses, fuel and lubricants expenses, periodical medical checks, labor protection etc.), the amounts (allocated in 2016) provided in the writs of execution, having as object the granting of salary rights for the judiciary staff.

As to the category "other", the allocated funds for payment of wage rights established by court decisions allocated in 2016 were lower than those allocated in 2015.

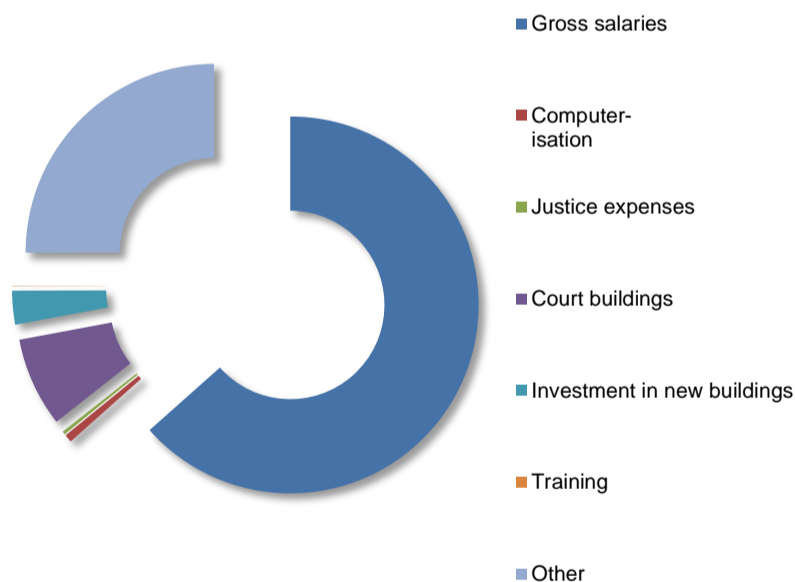
The significant difference between the approved and implemented budgets allocated to "training" is mainly due to the fact that during the development of the activities organised within the training programs were made savings that could not be predicted at the time of the budget allocation.

The increase in funds for "annual public budget allocated to training" in 2016 is mainly explained by the significant increase in the percentage of participation in training courses, especially for the economists in the courts (participation permitted by the modification of legislation in the financial accounting field and the implementation of the FOREXEBUG system).

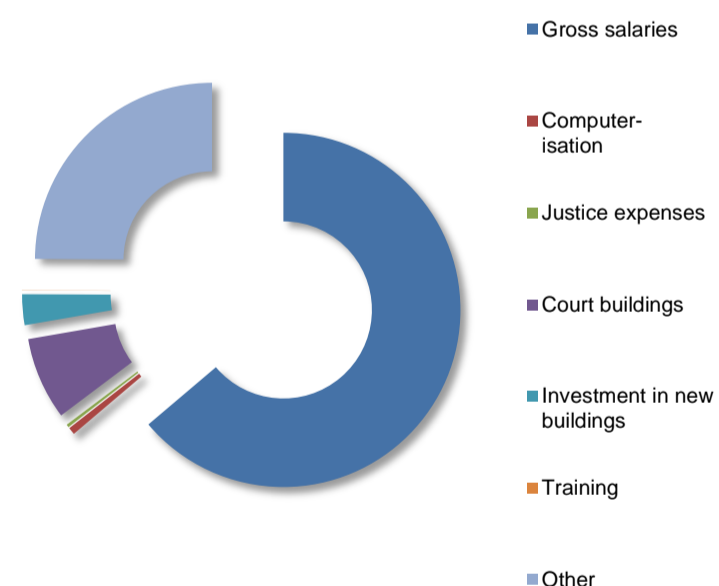
The decrease of the amounts of "annual public budget allocated to investments in new (court) buildings" in 2016 is mainly explained by the fact that in 2015 larger funds were allocated for the rehabilitation of several court offices- these buildings have been received in early 2016, thus the funds provided for this destination in 2016 (the payments to be made in the course of 2016) were lower.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	392 582 194 €	249 022 263 €	2 627 777 €	1 100 614 €	30 122 878 €	11 352 536 €	140 935 €	98 215 190 €
2016 Implemented budget	389 594 829 €	248 573 120 €	2 557 371 €	1 054 620 €	29 370 499 €	10 922 035 €	81 707 €	97 035 476 €
Difference	-0,8%	-0,2%	-2,8%	-4,4%	-2,6%	-3,9%	-72,5%	-1,2%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 597 649 028 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 30,4 €

The budget per capita (30,4 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Romania belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has decreased by -14,9%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 908 247 781 €

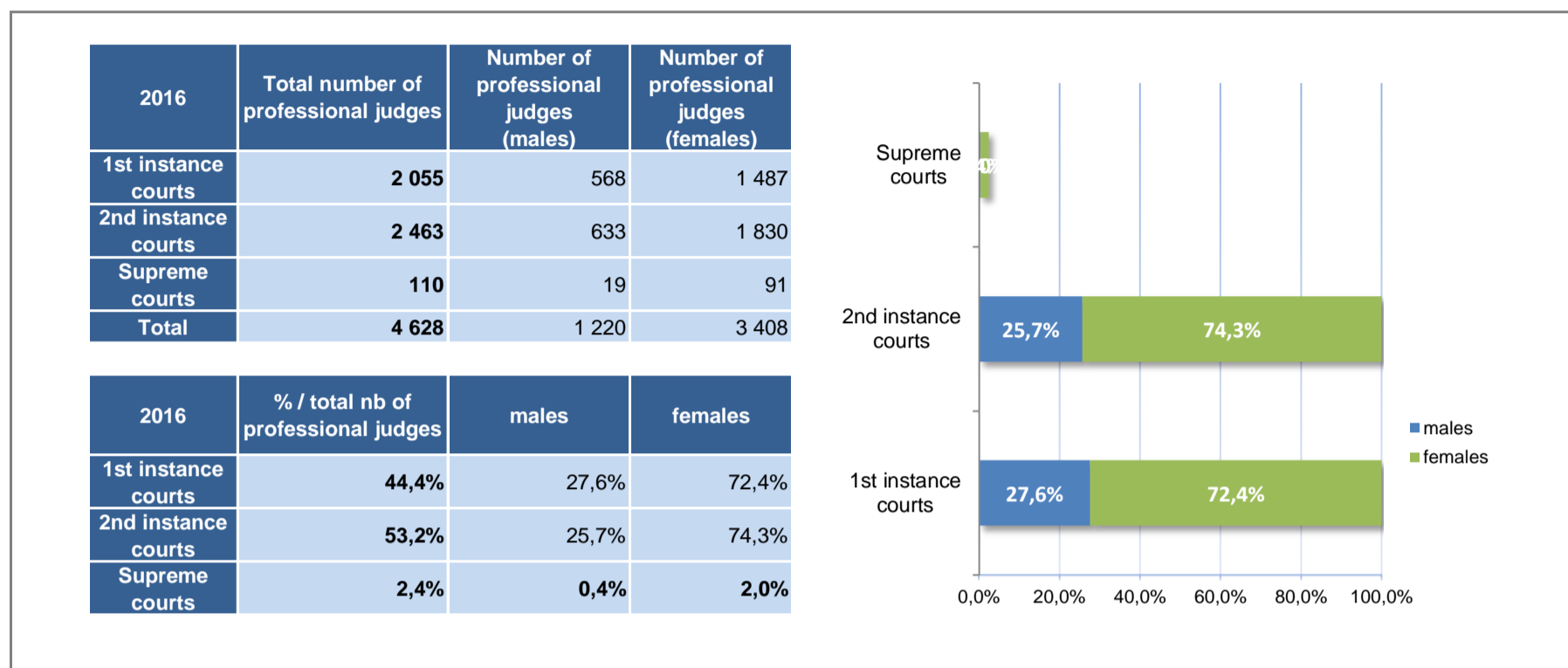
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget

- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Forensic services
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Romania is 4 628 which is 0,4% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Romania, in 2016, there are 23,4 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 2,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 2,2 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 3 408 which represents 73,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 2 055 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 1 487 are female) ; 2 463 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 1 830 are female) and 110 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 91 are female).

In Romania there are four level of courts (first instance courts (judecatorii), tribunals (tribunale), courts of appeal (curti de apel) and the High Court of Cassation and Justice). First instance courts have a general jurisdiction and most of the cases start at this level. The appeals against the decisions of the first instance courts in civil matters are decided at the tribunals. The appeals in criminal matters against the decisions of the first instance courts are decided at the courts of appeal. More important cases may start at tribunals or at the courts of appeal and the appeals against the decisions at these courts are decided by higher courts. Judges from tribunals are included in the category "second instance professional judges".

In Romania, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Compulsory and Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

As concerns continuous training, judges have to follow a continuous training, but they are free to select the specific training sessions.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	8 481	NAP	5 325	1 427	1 729	544
2012	9 283	NAP	5 489	1 486	1 762	546
2013	9 639	NAP	5 743	1 563	1 784	549
2014	10 147	NAP	6 072	1 585	1 854	636
2015	10 251	NAP	6 149	1 615	1 844	643
2016	10 297	NAP	6 191	1 621	1 822	663

In Romania, in 2016, there are 10 297 non-judge staff (among which NA females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,4%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 6 191 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which NA are women);
- 1 621 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which NA are women);
- 1 822 technical staff (among which NA are women);
- 663 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which NA are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 46,0 in 2015 to 52,1 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 23,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 23,6 in 2016.

6191 represents the number of clerks with judicial tasks (- 165 work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice); 1621 - the number of registering clerks, documentary clerks, statistician clerks, archivist clerks and public servants (- 9 work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice); 1822 - number of IT staff, contractual personnel and other personnel / drivers, ushers, procedural agents (- 109 work only within the High Court of Cassation and Justice).

Other categories of personnel which function within the Romanian courts (663):
Assistance magistrates: 113; Judicial assistants: 173; Probation counselors: 377.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 10 306 534 € (0,5 € per capita).

The distribution of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is as follows:

- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court: 10 306 534 €
 - In criminal law cases: 9 606 247 €
 - In other than criminal law cases: 700 287 €
- Annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court: NA
 - In criminal law cases: NA
 - In other than criminal law cases: NA

Despite the reply NA in respect of the category “budget allocated to legal aid for non-litigious cases”, the indicated totals are correct. In fact, the budget of this item is included in the budget concerning “other than criminal law cases”. There is no separate budget classification for the moment with regard to litigious and non-litigious matters. Expenditure on legal aid covers costs incurred for beneficiaries’ justice. Thus, they do not have the character of regularity and depend on different factors (number of cases, such legal assistance: in civil, criminal, international judicial cooperation in civil and criminal matters, the service provided, the number of persons the court accepts the application for legal aid and the amount granted, etc.).

As a general remark, it is worth emphasizing that since 2008 the approved budget for legal aid has recorded an ascendant trend.

In Romania legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

According to Article 6 letter d) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, legal aid can also be granted as waivers, discounts, time schedules or delays at the payment of the stamp duties stipulated by law, inclusively of those owed in the enforcement phase. Namely, for the enforcement phase, legal aid may be granted as facilities at the payment of judicial duties. Moreover, according to Article 6 letter c) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, it can also be the payment of the bailiff’s fee.

Legal aid can be granted for other costs with regard to other than criminal law cases.

According to Article 6 letter b) of the Government Emergency Ordinance 51/2008, legal aid may also cover costs of the expert, translator or interpreter services during the trial, with the consent of the court or of the jurisdictional authority, if this payment is the obligation of the one requiring judicial public aid, according to law.

Individuals are not free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

The Government Emergency Ordinance no. 80/2013 on the judicial fees provides for the exceptions in cases regarding: payment of pensions and other social rights; determination and payment of unemployment benefits, professional integration aid and support allowance, social assistance, the state allowance for children, the rights of persons with disabilities and other forms of social protection provided by law; legal and contractual maintenance obligations, including actions for nullity, annulment, termination of maintenance; establishment and granting of damages resulting from illegal conviction or illegal preventive measures; adoption, protection of minors, trusteeship, guardianship, judicial interdiction, assistance of people with mental disorders and the exercise by the guardianship authority of its duties; protection of consumer rights when individuals and consumer associations bring claims against economic operators that damaged the legitimate rights and interests of consumers; g. enforcement/exploitation of National Red Cross Society rights; voting rights; criminal cases, including civil compensation for material and moral damages arising therefrom; establishment and granting of civil damages for alleged violations of the rights provided for in art. 2 and 3 of the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, ratified by Law no. 30/1994, as amended; alleged legitimate rights and interests of former prisoners and persecuted for political reasons during the Communist regime in Romania; any other actions, claims or proceedings which are provided by special laws, judicial stamp duty exemptions.

The following are also exempt from judicial stamp duties:

- claims, actions and appeals of the prefect or mayor to annul the legal acts made or issued by breaching Land Law no. 18/1991, republished, as amended and supplemented are also;
- applications for dissolution of companies regulated by Law no. 31/1990, republished, as amended and supplemented, and economic interest groups, if introduced by the National Trade Register Office.

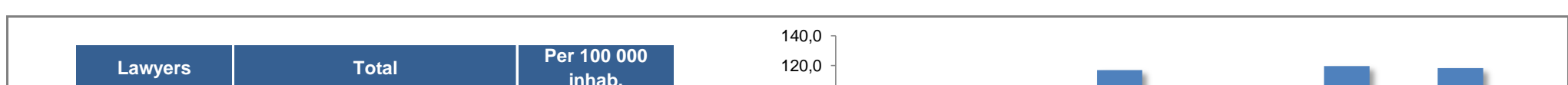
Actions and claims of civil servants and public servants with special status are assimilated to labor disputes as far as judicial stamp duties are concerned. The copy of documents submitted to the court, if copying services are not performed by the court but by private providers operating in courthouses are free of charge.

According to the relevant legislation, namely the Law 146/1997 on Judicial Stamp Duties and the Government Emergency Ordinance 80/2013, court fees are set differently depending on the nature of disputes. In respect of patrimonial disputes which value can be estimated in money court fees are fixed as a percentage of the value of the case. The latter gradually diminishes as the amount increases. For non-patrimonial disputes that cannot be evaluated in money, (e.g. guardianship cases, establishment of paternity), the law provides for fixed court fees. There are 5 categories of fixed fees: 5 euro, 12 euro, 24 euro, 48 euro, 72 euro. For each type of non-patrimonial dispute the law expressly provides for the quantum of the fixed fee. It is worth noticing that the Government Emergency Ordinance 80/2013 eliminated the judicial stamp, which was accessory to the judicial stamp duty, simplifying thus the procedure.

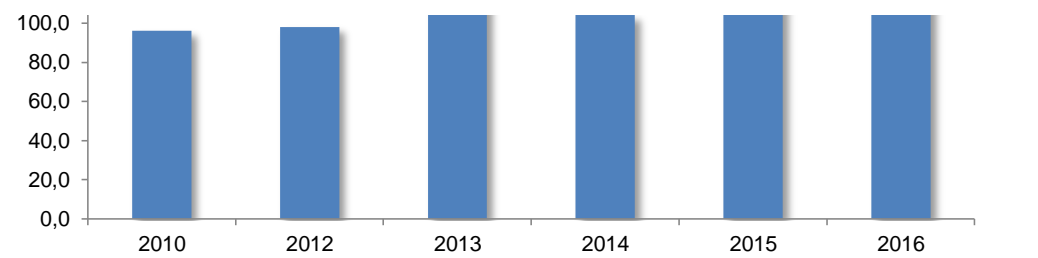
Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 173

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



2010	20 620	96,2
2012	20 919	98,2
2013	23 332	117,0
2014	23 244	104,3
2015	23 635	119,6
2016	23 205	118,2



In Romania, in 2016, there are 23 205 lawyers, which is -1,8% less than in 2015.

This data represents 118,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

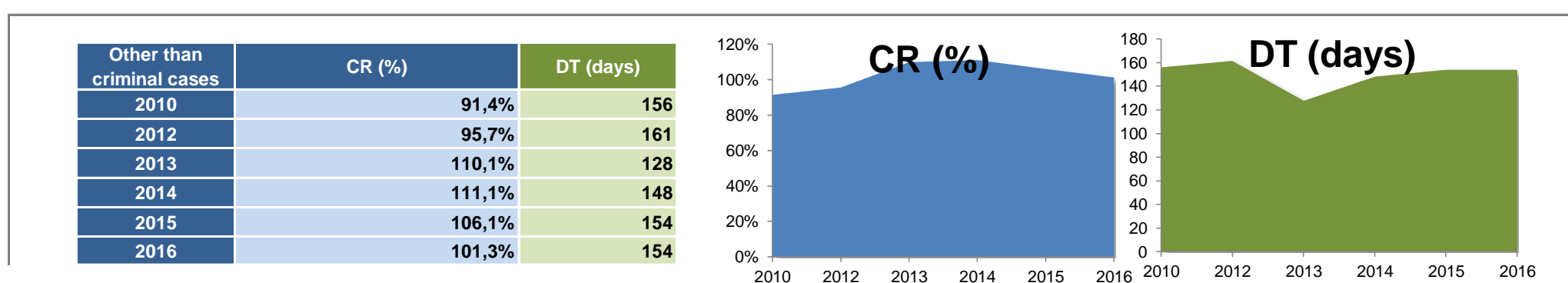
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



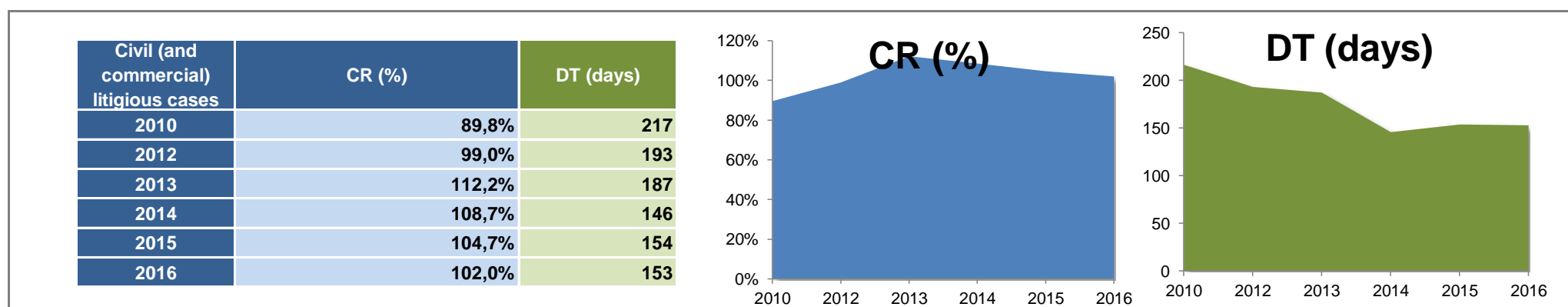
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,3% in 2016, Romania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,8 points.

In Romania, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 154 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ Civil (and commercial) litigious cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,0% in 2016, Romania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

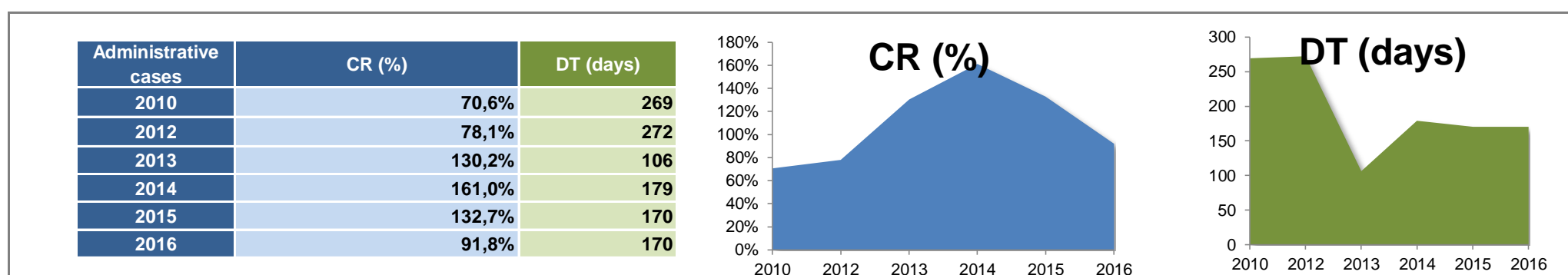
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -2,7 points.

In Romania, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 153 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Romania, there are 24 571 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 3 years. This is 4,3% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 91,8% in 2016, Romania seems to face some difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -40,9 points.

In fact, the high clearance rate of administrative cases in 2015 has led to lower significantly the number of pending cases. The increase of the number of incoming cases in 2016 is a consequence of a higher number of requests filed in administrative domain that also triggers an increase in the number of resolved cases.

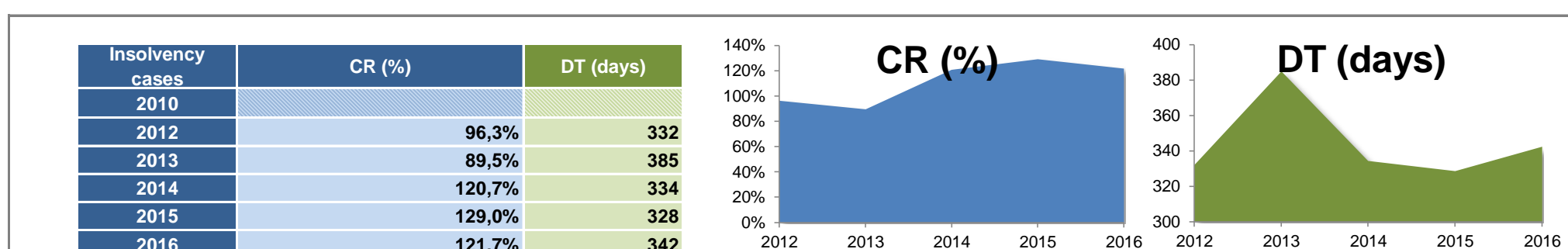
Due to the high absolute number of incoming and resolved cases compared with the pending cases the disposition time is not much affected even though the clearance rate dropped in this cycle.

In Romania, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 170 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -0,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

In Romania, there are 1 731 administrative law cases older than 3 years. This is 3,5% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ Insolvency



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 121,7% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Romania seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -7,3 points.

In Romania, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 342 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 4,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Romania, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report. The latter is released through paper distribution and on Internet.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category "other" encompasses suspended cases etc.

In Romania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level..

There is not a formally adopted (by law or by subsequent regulatory act) periodic evaluation system of the activity (performance and result) of each court, but the Superior Council of Magistracy uses a series of performance indicators concerning the activity of courts. Namely, it uses an IT tool, called Stasis Ecris which monitors in real time the situation of the court cases, following specific indicators on efficiency. Periodical assessments are being carried out and further measures are implemented depending on the highlighted results. By the decisions 1305/2014 and 149/2015 of the SCM, there were approved the reports on implementing these indicators and there were established new margins for their implementation.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

The reply to this question varied over the evaluation cycles because there are no formal standards for quality established for the whole judiciary. However, informal standards are being used (such as training, quality of the reasoning, assessment of the activity of the judges, assessment of the good reputation of the judges etc.).

More precisely, the activity of courts is evaluated and monitored periodically, on the basis of certain statistical data/performance indicators. The evaluation is achieved by verifications carried out by inspectors of the Judicial Inspection of the SCM, by elaborating periodical reports. The schedule and thematic of those verifications are approved every year by the SCM.

At organizational level, there are no quality standards established for courts. It may be considered that such standards exist at individual level, for each judge, by the indicators for the evaluation of professional activity.

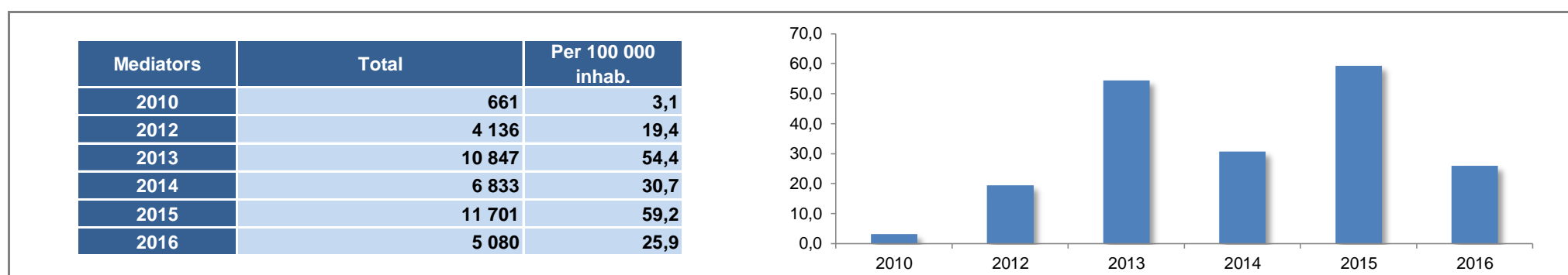
● **Alternative dispute resolutions**

The judicial system in Romania provides judicial mediation.

In Romania, the mediation procedure is regulated by Law no. 192/2006 concerning the mediation and the organization of the mediator profession. Even if in certain circumstances, according to the Civil Procedure Code, the judge may recommend the parties to use mediation, we cannot talk about a judicial mediation. According to the Law no. 192/2006, the mediation activity is organized as a liberal profession and the control mechanism of mediation is given to an inside body; also, taking into consideration the fact that it is a new profession, the law encourages and promotes a free development of the mediation – as an alternative method for judicial proceedings – without any interference from the State authorities regarding the selection of mediators. The parties (natural or legal persons) may have voluntary recourse to mediation, inclusively after the beginning of a trial in front of the courts, convening to settle in this way any conflicts in civil, criminal and other matters (e.g. family disputes, consumers' protection litigation etc.). According to the Civil Procedure Code, the judge has the duty to try, during the whole trial, the reconciliation of the parties. If necessary, taking into account the circumstances of the case, the judge shall recommend to the parties to have recourse to mediation, for the dispute settlement on amiable way, in any stage of the trial. Mediation is not compulsory for the parties. If, in the mentioned conditions, the parties reconcile, the judge shall ascertain their agreement in the content of the judgment he/she will pronounce.

For a short period of time (July 2013 – May 2014), the Law on mediation provided for a mandatory information session regarding the benefits of mediation (only the information session on mediation was mandatory and not the mediation itself). By Decision no. 266/2014, the Romanian Constitutional Court found the abovementioned provisions unconstitutional, violating the right of access to court.

There are not mandatory mediation procedures in Romania.



In Romania, in 2016, there are 5 080 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 25,9 accredited or registered

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about -56,6%.

Regarding the variation registered in the number of authorizations granted to the mediators during the period 2014-2016, we mention that this was due to the legislative changes in the field of mediation occurred during that period.

In fact, for a short period of time (July 2013 – May 2014), the Law on mediation provided for a mandatory information session regarding the benefits of mediation. (NB: only the information session on mediation was mandatory and not the mediation itself). More exactly, article 2 of Law no. 192/2006 imposed an obligation on the parties to attend an informative session on the advantages of mediation prior to initiating several types of court proceedings. If this obligation was not fulfilled, the application before the court would to be rejected as inadmissible. By Decision no. 266/2014, the Romanian Constitutional Court found the abovementioned provisions unconstitutional, as they contravened to Article 21 of the Constitution which guarantees the right of access to court. The Constitutional Court considered that rejecting the application for failure to attend the informative session on the advantages of mediation prevents the exercise of the right of access to court. Consequently, the abovementioned provisions are no longer in force.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NAP	NAP
Criminal cases	NA	NA

There are no statistics on the number of mediation procedures (Council of Mediation).

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

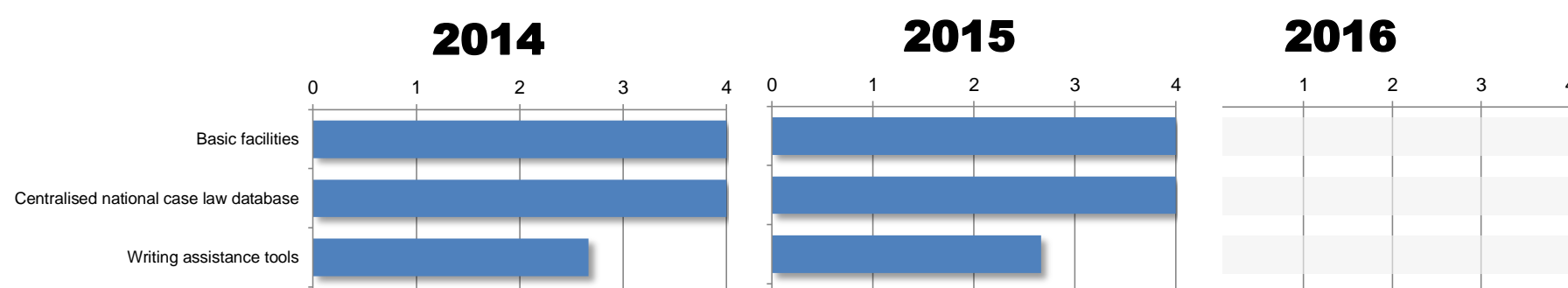
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

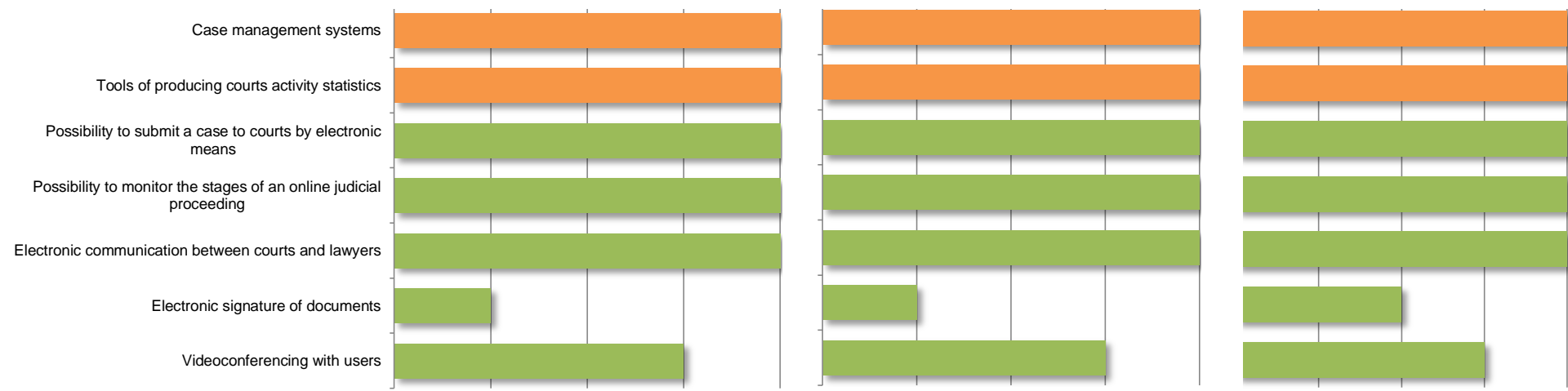
- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Romania has been evaluated at 9,3 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.





4. National data collection system

In Romania, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

There are also statistics departments in the Ministry of Justice and Prosecutors' Office by the High Court of Cassation and Justice. Each court implements in a shared application its own statistical information. Such data is centralized automatically in the statistics server managed by the Ministry of Justice. The access to the information is ensured to an equal extent also to the Judicial Statistics Unit within the Superior Council of Magistracy.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

Detailed statistical information is available on intranet for judges and general information is being published in the reports on the activity of the courts which are published on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 700	6 660	7 217	7 533	8 100	8 600	50,9%	21,6%	12,2%	7,5%	6,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	4,28	4,42	4,48	4,48	4,52	4,54	6,0%	2,5%	0,9%	0,9%	0,4%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	355 246 737	324 611 610	377 801 754	533 090 063	469 843 530	392 582 194	10,5%	44,7%	24,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	530 035 828	466 267 785	389 594 829	-	-	-	-12,0%	-16,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	9 511 348	8 824 399	10 173 620	-	-	-	-7,2%	15,3%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	162 428 333	148 321 292	169 122 126	238 801 232	228 155 155	194 760 300	19,9%	53,8%	34,9%	-4,5%	-14,6%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	236 693 083	225 564 926	192 213 562	-	-	-	-4,7%	-14,8%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,5	22,6	27,9	35,1	35,8	30,4	24,1%	58,5%	28,4%	2,0%	-14,9%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	34,8	35,5	30,1	-	-	-	-	-15,0%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	4,28	4,42	4,48	4,48	4,52	4,54	6,0%	2,5%	0,9%	0,9%	0,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	162 428 333	148 321 292	169 122 126	238 801 232	228 155 155	194 760 300	19,9%	53,8%	34,9%	-4,5%	-14,6%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	24,5	22,6	27,9	35,1	35,8	30,4	24,1%	58,5%	28,4%	2,0%	-14,9%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	34,8	35,5	30,1	-	-	-	1,8%	-15,0%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	355 246 737	324 611 610	377 801 754	533 090 063	469 843 530	392 582 194	10,5%	44,7%	24,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	181 192 857	186 052 154	212 594 016	218 291 760	220 320 222	249 022 263	37,4%	18,4%	3,6%	0,9%	13,0%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	774 286	682 766	450 197	809 219	2 330 879	2 627 777	239,4%	241,4%	417,7%	188,0%	12,7%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	71 190	115 873	521 586	1 063 810	1 101 779	1 100 614	1446,0%	850,9%	111,2%	3,6%	-0,1%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	33 529 762	34 669 478	29 817 331	30 480 497	29 937 247	30 122 878	-10,2%	-13,6%	0,4%	-1,8%	0,6%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	11 571 429	11 567 120	19 522 599	20 136 989	18 217 262	11 352 536	-1,9%	57,5%	-6,7%	-9,5%	-37,7%
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	421 975	3 554 195	3 181 056	165 410	62 560	140 935	-66,6%	-98,2%	-98,0%	-62,2%	125,3%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	127 685 238	87 970 023	111 714 969	262 142 378	197 873 581	98 215 190	-23,1%	124,9%	77,1%	-24,5%	-50,4%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	25 €	23 €	28 €	35 €	36 €	30 €	24,1%	58,5%	28,4%	2,0%	-14,9%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	162 428 333	148 321 292	169 122 126	238 801 232	228 155 155	194 760 300	19,9%	53,8%	34,9%	-4,5%	-14,6%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	569 175 715	718 812 448	820 011 595	1 066 905 023	1 008 256 161	908 247 781	59,6%	40,3%	23,0%	-5,5%	-9,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	355 246 737	324 611 610	377 801 754	533 090 063	469 843 530	392 582 194	10,5%	44,7%	24,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	355 246 737	324 611 610	377 801 754	533 090 063	469 843 530	392 582 194	0 €	44,7%	24,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	774 286	682 766	450 197	809 219	2 330 879	2 627 777	2 €	241,4%	417,7%	188,0%	12,7%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	162 428 333	148 321 292	169 122 126	238 801 232	228 155 155	194 760 300	19,9%	53,8%	34,9%	-4,5%	-14,6%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	355 246 737	324 611 610	377 801 754	533 090 063	469 843 530	392 582 194	10,5%	44,7%	24,4%	-11,9%	-16,4%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	46 177 039	54 301 587	-	60 935 285	56 498 813	59 499 517	28,9%	4,0%	-	-7,3%	5,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debpt recovery	-	-	- lei/79,16 eur + 0 lei/approx 5.574 e	0 lei/.....5.574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance courts specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	235	233	233	233	232	233	-0,9%	-0,4%	-0,4%	-0,4%	0,4%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	10	10	10	10	9	9	-10,0%	-10,0%	-10,0%	-10,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	246	244	244	244	243	243	-1,2%	-0,4%	-0,4%	-0,4%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	10	10	10	10	9	9	-10,0%	-10,0%	-10,0%	-10,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	3	3	3	3	3	3	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	6	6	6	6	5	5	-16,7%	-16,7%	-16,7%	-16,7%	0,0%
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	533 633	698 506	777 991	918 286	733 382	649 920	21,8%	5,0%	-5,7%	-20,1%	-11,4%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	462 023	566 796	578 043	793 683	661 619	597 721	29,4%	16,7%	14,5%	-16,6%	-9,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	14 940	13 356	11 750	-	-	-	-10,6%	-12,0%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	47 003	44 812	62 572	6 418	4 375	3 049	-93,5%	-90,2%	-93,0%	-31,8%	-30,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 522	8 981	8 701	-	-	-	5,4%	-3,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	1 786	1 454	1 366	5 601	5 550	4 788	168,1%	281,7%	306,3%	-0,9%	-13,7%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 281	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	-	50,4%	35,8%	17,5%	14,0%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	22 821	83 163	133 484	109 663	61 838	40 449	77,2%	-25,6%	-53,7%	-43,6%	-34,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 751 088	1 837 799	1 599 815	1 632 597	1 443 850	1 477 959	-15,6%	-21,4%	-9,7%	-11,6%	2,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 073 669	1 102 677	829 193	1 526 483	1 353 189	1 335 498	24,4%	22,7%	63,2%	-11,4%	-1,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	27 733	26 313	25 099	-	-	-	-5,1%	-4,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	574 469	502 594	571 575	19 973	19 224	18 421	-96,8%	-96,2%	-96,6%	-3,8%	-4,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	7 760	7 089	6 678	-	-	-	-8,6%	-5,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 287	2 099	1 999	6 821	6 001	5 904	158,2%	185,9%	200,2%	-12,0%	-1,6%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	810	869	939	1 088	774	-	34,3%	25,2%	15,9%	-28,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	100 663	229 619	196 179	78 381	65 436	117 362	16,6%	-71,5%	-66,6%	-16,5%	79,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 600 580	1 758 314	1 760 885	1 814 070	1 531 225	1 496 900	-6,5%	-12,9%	-13,0%	-15,6%	-2,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	963 742	1 091 430	929 973	1 658 547	1 417 087	1 362 471	41,4%	29,8%	52,4%	-14,6%	-3,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	29 317	27 919	26 737	-	-	-	-4,8%	-4,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	563 249	484 834	572 830	22 016	20 550	19 714	-96,5%	-95,8%	-96,4%	-6,7%	-4,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	7 301	7 369	7 023	-	-	-	0,9%	-4,7%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 479	2 187	2 199	6 872	6 763	6 499	162,2%	209,2%	207,5%	-1,6%	-3,9%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	565	474	429	606	524	-	7,3%	27,8%	41,3%	-13,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	71 110	179 298	255 409	126 206	86 825	107 692	51,4%	-51,6%	-66,0%	-31,2%	24,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	684 141	777 991	616 921	736 813	646 007	630 979	-7,8%	-17,0%	4,7%	-12,3%	-2,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	571 950	578 043	477 263	661 619	597 721	570 748	-0,2%	3,4%	25,2%	-9,7%	-4,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	13 356	11 750	10 112	-	-	-	-12,0%	-13,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	58 223	62 572	61 317	4 375	3 049	1 756	-97,0%	-95,1%	-95,0%	-30,3%	-42,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 981	8 701	8 356	-	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	1 594	1 366	1 166	5 550	4 788	4 193	163,0%	250,5%	310,6%	-13,7%	-12,4%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	-	54,9%	34,0%	14,0%	6,4%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	52 374	133 484	74 254	61 838	40 449	50 119	-4,3%	-69,7%	-45,5%	-34,6%	23,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	91,4%	95,7%	110,1%	111,1%	106,1%	101,3%	10,8%	10,8%	-3,6%	-4,6%	-4,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	89,8%	99,0%	112,2%	108,7%	104,7%	102,0%	13,7%	5,8%	-6,6%	-3,6%	-2,6%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	105,7%	106,1%	106,5%	-	-	-	0,4%	0,4%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,0%	96,5%	100,2%	110,2%	106,9%	107,0%	9,2%	10,8%	6,7%	-3,0%	0,1%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	94,1%	103,9%	105,2%	-	-	-	10,5%	1,2%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	108,4%	104,2%	110,0%	100,7%	112,7%	110,1%	1,6%	8,2%	2,4%	11,9%	-2,3%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	69,8%	54,5%	45,7%	55,7%	67,7%	-	-20,1%	2,1%	21,9%	21,5%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	70,6%	78,1%	130,2%	161,0%	132,7%	91,8%	29,9%	69,9%	1,9%	-17,6%	-30,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	156	161	128	148	154	154	-1,4%	-4,7%	20,4%	3,9%	-0,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	217	193	187	146	154	153	-29,4%	-20,4%	-17,8%	5,7%	-0,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	166	154	138	-	-	-	-7,6%	-10,1%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	38	47	39	73	54	33	-13,8%	15,0%	38,6%	-25,3%	-40,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	449	431	434	-	-	-	-4,0%	0,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	235	228	194	295	258	235	0,3%	13,3%	33,5%	-12,3%	-8,9%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	1632	2249	2919	2357	2900	-	44,4%	4,8%	-19,3%	23,0%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	269	272	106	179	170	170	-36,8%	-37,4%	60,2%	-4,9%	-0,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	27003	20 926	19 247	16 334	16 814	15 912	-41,1%	-19,7%	-12,6%	2,9%	-5,4%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	2167	3 041	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 253	4,0%	5,6%	17,5%	-2,0%	-29,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	48 643	50 774	60 239	50 739	40 599	-	4,3%	-0,1%	-15,8%	-20,0%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	56962	42 582	35 422	34 125	36 435	36 041	-36,7%	-14,4%	2,9%	6,8%	-1,1%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	4309	3 274	3 789	3 075	2 413	2 030	-52,9%	-26,3%	-36,3%	-21,5%	-15,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	57 956	60 536	45 896	34 981	29 883	-	-39,6%	-42,2%	-23,8%	-14,6%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	57793	44 261	37 508	33 645	37 337	36 200	-37,4%	-15,6%	-0,5%	11,0%	-3,0%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	3464	3 581	3 246	3 140	3 372	2 485	-28,3%	-5,8%	3,9%	7,4%	-26,3%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	55 825	54 184	55 396	45 121	36 369	-	-19,2%	-16,7%	-18,5%	-19,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	26172	19 247	17 161	16 814	15 912	15 753	-39,8%	-17,3%	-7,3%	-5,4%	-1,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	3012	2 734	3 277	3 212	2 253	1 798	-40,3%	-17,6%	-31,2%	-29,9%	-20,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	50 774	57 126	50 739	40 599	34 113	-	-20,0%	-28,9%	-20,0%	-16,0%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,5%	103,9%	105,9%	98,6%	102,5%	100,4%	-1,0%	-1,4%	-3,2%	3,9%	-2,0%
CR Employment dismissal cases	80,4%	109,4%	85,7%	102,1%	139,7%	122,4%	52,3%	27,8%	63,1%	36,9%	-12,4%
CR Insolvency cases	-	96,3%	89,5%	120,7%	129,0%	121,7%	-	33,9%	44,1%	6,9%	-5,6%
DT Litigious divorce cases	165	159	167	182	156	159	-3,9%	-2,0%	-6,9%	-14,7%	2,1%
DT Employment dismissal cases	317	279	368	373	244	264	-16,8%	-12,5%	-33,8%	-34,7%	8,3%
DT Insolvency cases	-	332	385	334	328	342	-	-1,1%	-14,7%	-1,8%	4,2%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13920	12 635	11 714	30 794	77 399	91 360	556,3%	512,6%	560,7%	151,3%	18,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	12924	12 149	11 205	29 428	76 099	90 175	597,7%	526,4%	579,2%	158,6%	18,5%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 366	1 300	1 185	-	-	-	-4,8%	-8,8%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	541	20	23	294	295	285	-47,3%	1375,0%	1182,6%	0,3%	-3,4%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 072	1 005	900	-	-	-	-6,3%	-10,4%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	1 072	1 005	900	-	-	-	-6,3%	-10,4%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	408	432	410	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	29423	18 934	42 569	141 636	194 760	204 986	596,7%	928,6%	357,5%	37,5%	5,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	27039	17 833	38 219	139 457	192 335	202 441	648,7%	978,5%	403,2%	37,9%	5,3%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 179	2 425	2 545	-	-	-	11,3%	4,9%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	975	55	27	631	785	824	-15,5%	1327,3%	2807,4%	24,4%	5,0%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 548	1 640	1 721	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	1 548	1 640	1 721	-	-	-	5,9%	4,9%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	1300	836	1 681	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	27091	19 855	28 043	95 031	180 799	217 920	704,4%	810,6%	544,7%	90,3%	20,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	24910	18 777	25 141	92 786	178 259	215 244	764,1%	849,3%	609,0%	92,1%	20,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 245	2 540	2 676	-	-	-	13,1%	5,4%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	997	52	19	630	795	837	-16,0%	1428,8%	4084,2%	26,2%	5,3%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 615	1 745	1 839	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	1 615	1 745	1 839	-	-	-	8,0%	5,4%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	1087	858	1 666	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	16252	11 714	26 240	77 399	91 360	78 426	382,6%	679,9%	248,2%	18,0%	-14,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	15053	11 205	24 283	76 099	90 175	77 372	414,0%	704,8%	271,4%	18,5%	-14,2%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 300	1 185	1 054	-	-	-	-8,8%	-11,1%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	519	23	31	295	285	272	-47,6%	1139,1%	819,4%	-3,4%	-4,6%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 005	900	782	-	-	-	-10,4%	-13,1%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	1 005	900	782	-	-	-	-10,4%	-13,1%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	621	410	425	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	92,1%	104,9%	65,9%	67,1%	92,8%	106,3%	15,5%	-11,5%	40,9%	38,4%	14,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	92,1%	105,3%	65,8%	66,5%	92,7%	106,3%	15,4%	-12,0%	40,9%	39,3%	14,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	103,0%	104,7%	105,1%	-	-	-	1,7%	0,4%

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102,3%	94,5%	70,4%	99,8%	101,3%	101,6%	-0,7%	7,1%	43,9%	1,4%	0,3%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	-	-	-	2,0%	0,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	104,3%	106,4%	106,9%	-	-	-	2,0%	0,4%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	83,6%	102,6%	99,1%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	219	215	342	297	184	131	-40,0%	-14,4%	-46,0%	-38,0%	-28,8%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	221	218	353	299	185	131	-40,5%	-15,2%	-47,6%	-38,3%	-28,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	211	170	144	-	-	-	-19,4%	-15,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	190	161	596	171	131	119	-37,6%	-18,9%	-78,0%	-23,4%	-9,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	227	188	155	-	-	-	-17,1%	-17,6%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	227	188	155	-	-	-	-17,1%	-17,6%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	209	174	93	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	58594	123 724	-	153 873	83 098	40 023	-31,7%	-32,8%	-	-46,0%	-51,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	49544	88 114	-	101 691	50 537	18 702	-62,3%	-42,6%	-	-50,3%	-63,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	695	424	256	-	-	-	-39,0%	-39,6%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	135	245	-	137	65	29	-78,5%	-73,5%	-	-52,6%	-55,4%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	558	359	227	-	-	-	-35,7%	-36,8%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	558	359	227	-	-	-	-35,7%	-36,8%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	183	288	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	4509	27 444	-	51 487	32 137	21 065	367,2%	17,1%	-	-37,6%	-34,5%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	238386	249 556	-	159 055	78 841	58 015	-75,7%	-68,4%	-	-50,4%	-26,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	189826	169 951	-	77 548	35 265	22 103	-88,4%	-79,2%	-	-54,5%	-37,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	938	438	221	-	-	-	-53,3%	-49,5%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	705	817	-	89	70	37	-94,8%	-91,4%	-	-21,3%	-47,1%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	849	368	184	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	849	368	184	-	-	-	-56,7%	-50,0%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	473	847	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	30897	58 569	-	80 569	43 138	35 691	15,5%	-26,3%	-	-46,5%	-17,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	214274	231 253	-	229 830	121 916	65 812	-69,3%	-47,3%	-	-47,0%	-46,0%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	173802	170 341	-	128 702	67 100	27 860	-84,0%	-60,6%	-	-47,9%	-58,5%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 209	606	306	-	-	-	-49,9%	-49,5%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	547	795	-	161	106	58	-89,4%	-86,7%	-	-34,2%	-45,3%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	1 048	500	248	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	1 048	500	248	-	-	-	-52,3%	-50,4%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	494	831	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	25738	40 441	-	99 919	54 210	37 646	46,3%	34,0%	-	-45,7%	-30,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	82706	142 027	-	83 098	40 023	32 226	-61,0%	-71,8%	-	-51,8%	-19,5%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65568	87 724	-	50 537	18 702	12 945	-80,3%	-78,7%	-	-63,0%	-30,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	424	256	171	-	-	-	-39,6%	-33,2%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	293	267	-	65	29	8	-97,3%	-89,1%	-	-55,4%	-72,4%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	359	227	163	-	-	-	-36,8%	-28,2%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	359	227	163	-	-	-	-36,8%	-28,2%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	162	304	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	9668	45 572	-	32 137	21 065	19 110	97,7%	-53,8%	-	-34,5%	-9,3%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	89,9%	92,7%	-	144,5%	154,6%	113,4%	26,2%	66,9%	-	7,0%	-26,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	91,6%	100,2%	-	166,0%	190,3%	126,0%	37,7%	89,8%	-	14,6%	-33,8%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	128,9%	138,4%	138,5%	-	-	-	7,3%	0,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77,6%	97,3%	-	180,9%	151,4%	156,8%	102,0%	55,6%	-	-16,3%	3,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	-	-	-	10,1%	-0,8%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	123,4%	135,9%	134,8%	-	-	-	10,1%	-0,8%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	104,4%	98,1%	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	83,3%	69,0%	-	124,0%	125,7%	105,5%	26,6%	82,0%	-	1,3%	-16,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	141	224	-	132	120	179	26,9%	-46,5%	-	-9,2%	49,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	138	188	-	143	102	170	23,2%	-45,9%	-	-29,0%	66,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	128	154	204	-	-	-	20,5%	32,3%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	196	123	-	147	100	50	-74,2%	-18,5%	-	-32,2%	-49,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	125	166	240	-	-	-	32,5%	44,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	125	166	240	-	-	-	32,5%	44,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	120	134	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	137	411	-	117	142	185	35,1%	-65,5%	-	20,8%	30,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NA	-	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	533 633	698 506	777 991	918 286	733 382	649 920	21,8%	5,0%	-5,7%	-20,1%	-11,4%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	462 023	566 796	578 043	793 683	661 619	597 721	29,4%	16,7%	14,5%	-16,6%	-9,7%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	14 940	13 356	11 750	-	-	-	-10,6%	-12,0%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	47 003	44 812	62 572	6 418	4 375	3 049	-93,5%	-90,2%	-93,0%	-31,8%	-30,3%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 522	8 981	8 701	-	-	-	5,4%	-3,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	1 786	1 454	1 366	5 601	5 550	4 788	168,1%	281,7%	306,3%	-0,9%	-13,7%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 281	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	-	50,4%	35,8%	17,5%	14,0%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	22 821	83 163	133 484	109 663	61 838	40 449	77,2%	-25,6%	-53,7%	-43,6%	-34,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 751 088	1 837 799	1 599 815	1 632 597	1 443 850	1 477 959	-15,6%	-21,4%	-9,7%	-11,6%	2,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 073 669	1 102 677	829 193	1 526 483	1 353 189	1 335 498	24,4%	22,7%	63,2%	-11,4%	-1,3%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	27 733	26 313	25 099	-	-	-	-5,1%	-4,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	574 469	502 594	571 575	19 973	19 224	18 421	-96,8%	-96,2%	-96,6%	-3,8%	-4,2%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	7 760	7 089	6 678	-	-	-	-8,6%	-5,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 287	2 099	1 999	6 821	6 001	5 904	158,2%	185,9%	200,2%	-12,0%	-1,6%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	810	869	939	1 088	774	-	34,3%	25,2%	15,9%	-28,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	100 663	229 619	196 179	78 381	65 436	117 362	16,6%	-71,5%	-66,6%	-16,5%	79,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 600 580	1 758 314	1 760 885	1 814 070	1 531 225	1 496 900	-6,5%	-12,9%	-13,0%	-15,6%	-2,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	963 742	1 091 430	929 973	1 658 547	1 417 087	1 362 471	41,4%	29,8%	52,4%	-14,6%	-3,9%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	29 317	27 919	26 737	-	-	-	-4,8%	-4,2%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	563 249	484 834	572 830	22 016	20 550	19 714	-96,5%	-95,8%	-96,4%	-6,7%	-4,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	7 301	7 369	7 023	-	-	-	0,9%	-4,7%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	2 479	2 187	2 199	6 872	6 763	6 499	162,2%	209,2%	207,5%	-1,6%	-3,9%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	565	474	429	606	524	-	7,3%	27,8%	41,3%	-13,5%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	71 110	179 298	255 409	126 206	86 825	107 692	51,4%	-51,6%	-66,0%	-31,2%	24,0%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	684 141	777 991	616 921	736 813	646 007	630 979	-7,8%	-17,0%	4,7%	-12,3%	-2,3%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	571 950	578 043	477 263	661 619	597 721	570 748	-0,2%	3,4%	25,2%	-9,7%	-4,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	13 356	11 750	10 112	-	-	-	-12,0%	-13,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	58 223	62 572	61 317	4 375	3 049	1 756	-97,0%	-95,1%	-95,0%	-30,3%	-42,4%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 981	8 701	8 356	-	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	1 594	1 366	1 166	5 550	4 788	4 193	163,0%	250,5%	310,6%	-13,7%	-12,4%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	2 526	2 921	3 431	3 913	4 163	-	54,9%	34,0%	14,0%	6,4%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	52 374	133 484	74 254	61 838	40 449	50 119	-4,3%	-69,7%	-45,5%	-34,6%	23,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	-	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	7 485 586	-	-	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	28,3%	-	-	-3,7%	16,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	7 251 927	8 101 251	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	-	13,8%	1,9%	-3,7%	16,4%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	429 652	-	-	950 326	626 522	700 287	63,0%	-	-	-34,1%	11,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	706 123	637 906	950 326	626 522	700 287	-	-11,3%	-1,8%	-34,1%	11,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	9 511 348	8 824 399	10 173 620	-	-	-	-7,2%	15,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	9 511 348	8 824 399	10 173 620	-	-	-	-7,2%	15,3%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	8 561 022	8 201 911	9 483 803	-	-	-	-4,2%	15,6%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	8 561 022	8 201 911	9 483 803	-	-	-	-4,2%	15,6%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	950 326	622 487	689 817	-	-	-	-34,5%	10,8%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	950 326	622 487	689 817	-	-	-	-34,5%	10,8%
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	7 915 238	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	30,2%	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	7 958 050	8 739 157	9 518 975	8 877 666	10 306 534	-	11,6%	1,6%	-6,7%	16,1%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	7 485 586	-	-	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	28,3%	-	-	-3,7%	16,4%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	7 251 927	8 101 251	8 568 650	8 251 144	9 606 247	-	13,8%	1,9%	-3,7%	16,4%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	429 652	-	-	950 326	626 522	700 287	63,0%	-	-	-34,1%	11,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	706 123	637 906	950 326	626 522	700 287	-	-11,3%	-1,8%	-34,1%	11,8%
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	atis, Emap, Rolii	MAP, STATIS, ROLII	AP, STATIS, ROLII	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	ECRIS Courts	ECRIS Courts	ECRIS Courts	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	OSOFT EXCHANGE	Outlook	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	JUST Portal, ROLII	JUST Portal, ROLII	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	661	4 136	10 847	6 833	11 701	5 080	668,5%	182,9%	7,9%	71,2%	-56,6%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	4 081	4 310	4 511	4 577	4 608	4 628	13,4%	6,9%	2,2%	0,7%	0,4%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 872	1 998	3 571	2 101	2 097	2 055	9,8%	5,0%	-41,3%	-0,2%	-2,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	2 101	2 217	825	2 360	2 404	2 463	17,2%	8,4%	191,4%	1,9%	2,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	108	95	115	116	107	110	1,9%	12,6%	-7,0%	-7,8%	2,8%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	1 100	1 187	1 213	1 195	1 204	1 220	10,9%	1,4%	-0,7%	0,8%	1,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	547	619	985	569	573	568	3,8%	-7,4%	-41,8%	0,7%	-0,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	529	554	210	608	613	633	19,7%	10,6%	191,9%	0,8%	3,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	24	14	18	18	18	19	-20,8%	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	5,6%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	2 981	3 123	3 298	3 382	3 404	3 408	14,3%	9,0%	3,2%	0,7%	0,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 325	1 379	2 586	1 532	1 524	1 487	12,2%	10,5%	-41,1%	-0,5%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	1 572	1 663	615	1 752	1 791	1 830	16,4%	7,7%	191,2%	2,2%	2,2%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	84	81	97	98	89	91	8,3%	9,9%	-8,2%	-9,2%	2,2%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	8 481	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	21,4%	10,4%	6,3%	1,0%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 325	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	16,3%	12,0%	7,1%	1,3%	0,7%

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 427	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	13,6%	8,7%	3,3%	1,9%	0,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	1 729	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	5,4%	4,7%	3,4%	-0,5%	-1,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	544	546	549	636	643	663	21,9%	17,8%	17,1%	1,1%	3,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	4 081	4 310	4 511	4 577	4 608	4 628	13,4%	6,9%	2,2%	0,7%	0,4%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	1 872	1 998	3 571	2 101	2 097	2 055	9,8%	5,0%	-41,3%	-0,2%	-2,0%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	2 101	2 217	825	2 360	2 404	2 463	17,2%	8,4%	191,4%	1,9%	2,5%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	108	95	115	116	107	110	1,9%	12,6%	-7,0%	-7,8%	2,8%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	1 100	1 187	1 213	1 195	1 204	1 220	10,9%	1,4%	-0,7%	0,8%	1,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	547	619	985	569	573	568	3,8%	-7,4%	-41,8%	0,7%	-0,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	529	554	210	608	613	633	19,7%	10,6%	191,9%	0,8%	3,3%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	24	14	18	18	18	19	-20,8%	28,6%	0,0%	0,0%	5,6%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	2 981	3 123	3 298	3 382	3 404	3 408	14,3%	9,0%	3,2%	0,7%	0,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 325	1 379	2 586	1 532	1 524	1 487	12,2%	10,5%	-41,1%	-0,5%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	1 572	1 663	615	1 752	1 791	1 830	16,4%	7,7%	191,2%	2,2%	2,2%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	84	81	97	98	89	91	8,3%	9,9%	-8,2%	-9,2%	2,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	8 481	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	21,4%	10,4%	6,3%	1,0%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 325	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	16,3%	12,0%	7,1%	1,3%	0,7%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 427	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	13,6%	8,7%	3,3%	1,9%	0,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	1 729	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	5,4%	4,7%	3,4%	-0,5%	-1,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	544	546	549	636	643	663	21,9%	17,8%	17,1%	1,1%	3,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Romania tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	20 620	20 919	23 332	23 244	23 635	23 205	12,5%	13,0%	1,3%	1,7%	-1,8%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	21 431 298	21 305 097	19 942 642	22 279 183	19 759 968	19 638 309	-8,4%	-7,3%	-0,9%	-11,3%	-0,6%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	20 620	20 919	23 332	23 244	23 635	23 205	12,5%	13,0%	1,3%	1,7%	-1,8%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	8 481	9 283	9 639	10 147	10 251	10 297	21,4%	10,4%	6,3%	1,0%	0,4%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	5 325	5 489	5 743	6 072	6 149	6 191	16,3%	12,0%	7,1%	1,3%	0,7%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 427	1 486	1 563	1 585	1 615	1 621	13,6%	8,7%	3,3%	1,9%	0,4%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	1 729	1 762	1 784	1 854	1 844	1 822	5,4%	4,7%	3,4%	-0,5%	-1,2%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	544	546	549	636	643	663	21,9%	17,8%	17,1%	1,1%	3,1%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Slovakia (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,2%
GDP per capita	12 125 €	13 207 €	13 319 €	13 880 €	14 400 €	14 910 €	23,0%	9,0%	8,1%	3,7%	3,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	25,7	28,2	28,9	27,9	29,6	34,5	34,0%	5,0%	19,3%	23,5%	16,3%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	37,7	39,7	41,3	NA	NA	49,8	32,0%	NA	20,6%	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	24,9	24,2	24,8	24,4	23,8	24,1	-3,0%	-1,4%	-2,7%	-1,1%	1,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	82,2	82,8	83,0	82,4	80,9	82,5	0,3%	-2,3%	-0,7%	0,1%	1,9%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				3,3	3,4	4,5				2,5%	31,7%

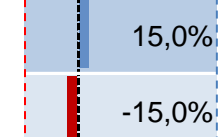
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,3	3,0	3,0	2,8	2,1	3,7	59,7%	-31,2%	-31,8%	-26,4%	80,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,4	2,6	2,3	2,2	2,1	1,1	-52,1%	-17,6%	-7,2%	-3,1%	-46,8%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	1,7	1,8	2,1	2,0	2,0	2,1	24,6%	10,8%	-4,7%	0,7%	6,6%
Administrative law cases	0,777	0,3	0,2	0,214	0,198	0,163	-79,0%	-42,9%	-4,9%	-7,4%	-17,8%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	82%	81%	92%	133%	132%	0,35	0,63	0,65	0,45	-0,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	106%	98%	103%	101%	101%	93%	-0,12	0,03	-0,03	-0,01	-0,07
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	126%	100%	99%	101%	99%	99%	-0,22	-0,01	0,00	-0,02	0,00
CR administrative law cases	102%	47%	85%	125%	124%	112%	0,10	1,63	0,47	-0,01	-0,10

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	364	437	505	524	401	130	-64,4%	-8,3%	-20,7%	-23,5%	-67,7%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	183	191	193	197	202	184	0,6%	6,0%	4,7%	2,6%	-9,2%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	32	25	27	23	26	27	-15,4%	6,5%	-1,7%	17,2%	3,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	66	733	746	397	374	203	205,3%	-49,1%	-50,0%	-5,9%	-45,8%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,3	2,9	3,4	3,7	3,0	1,7	-23,3%	-40,5%	-48,4%	-52,8%	-42,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,2	1,2	0,5	-57,8%	-10,5%	-5,3%	-1,1%	-55,3%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	-17,7%	17,2%	-5,8%	15,3%	10,1%
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,3	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,1	-29,7%	-23,5%	-30,2%	-13,4%	-59,8%

-20% max



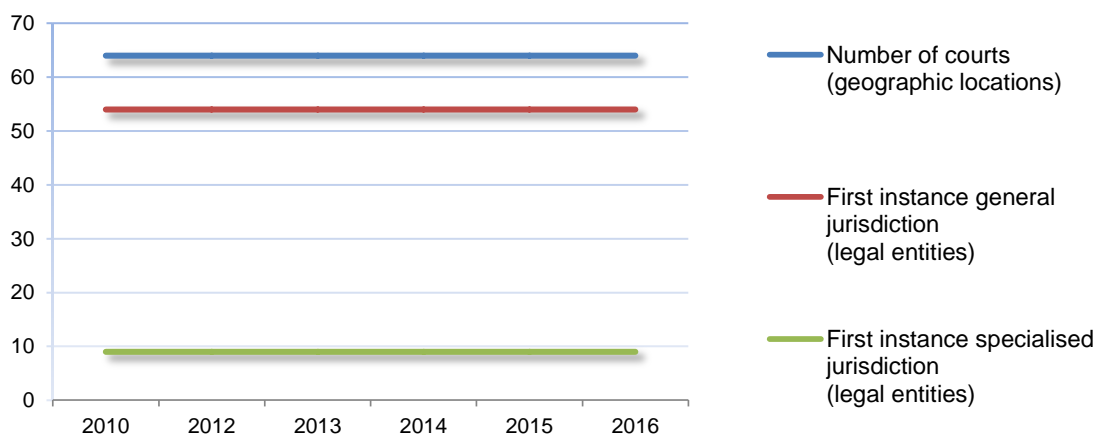
+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

The court system of the Slovak republic consists of 54 District Courts, 8 Regional Courts, The Specialised Criminal Court and The Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic.

There are 8 Regional courts which are the courts with dual competence. The Regional courts are the courts of appeal with the general jurisdiction in the civil, commercial and the criminal cases. In the appellate procedure they decide the appeals lodged against the decisions of all District courts within their local jurisdiction. At the same time the Regional courts have the jurisdiction as the courts of first instance in administrative matters. They act as the administrative courts. The 54 District courts act as courts of first instance in civil and criminal cases, unless otherwise stipulated by rules governing court proceedings. They also hear electoral cases, where stipulated by specific legal provisions.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	64	54	9
2012	64	54	9
2013	64	54	9
2014	64	54	9
2015	64	54	9
2016	64	54	9



Specialised courts	
Total	9
Fight against terrorism, organised crime &	1
Administrative courts	8

The Specialised Criminal court is competent to judge the grave criminal matters enumerated in the § 14 of the Criminal procedure Code (e. g. premeditated murder, corruption, terrorism, organised crime, severe economic crimes, damaging the financial interests of the EU etc.)

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 187 347 666 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 34,5 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Computerisation (346 390 €)
- Gross Salaries (98 883 930 €)
- Other (60 456 382 €)

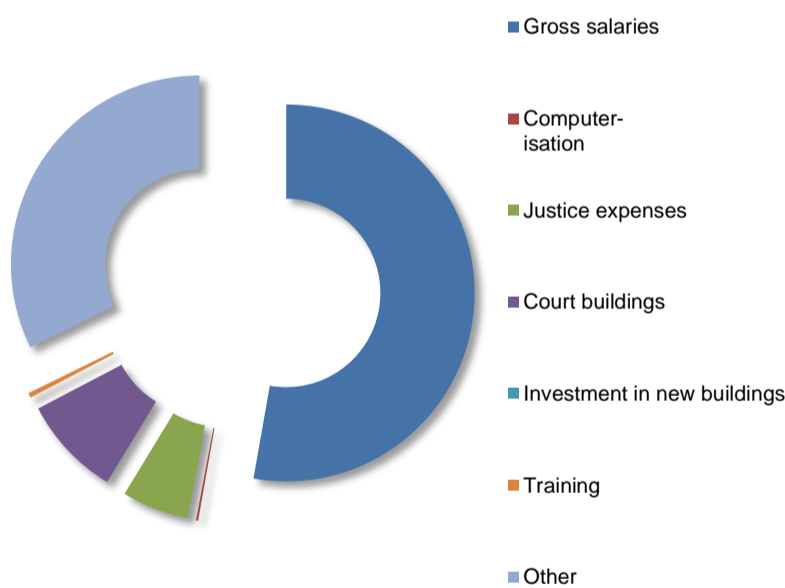
The budgetary data have been collected from the Ministry of Justice and the Supreme Court of the Slovak republic. It is noteworthy that the budgetary structures of both institutions are different from the structure of question 6.

The budget allocated to salaries was increased by providing the funds for increasing salaries, functional surcharges and lump sum compensation for judges and increasing the salaries of employees of the state budget chapters based on the application of Art. 5 of Act no. 411/2015 Z. z. on the state budget for 2016. The increase of budget allocated to IT - the budget was increased by European funds and co-financing. The approved budget anticipated the EU funding. The decrease of the budget allocated to court buildings compared with the year 2015 was caused by the lower investments to reconstruction of court premises.

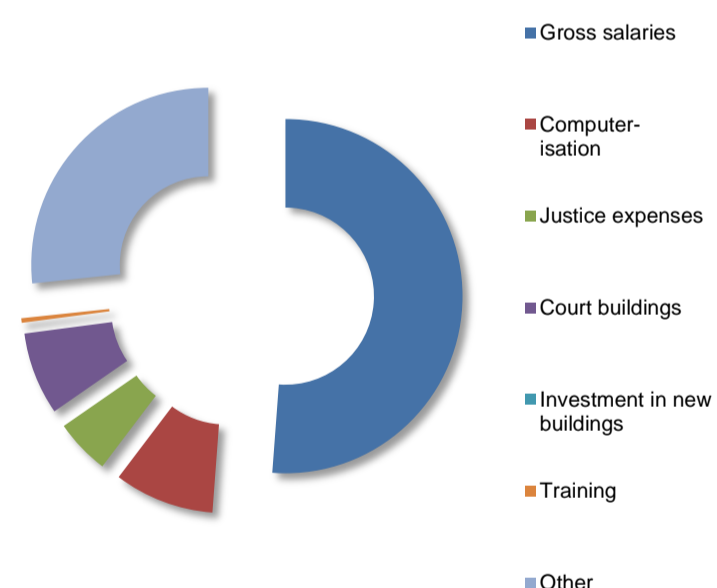
The budget allocated to training represents solely the budget of the Judicial Academy which is the only training institution for judges, prosecutors and the court staff. In the category "Other" we include the expenditures on social insurance and the health insurance, the supplements to sickness benefit for judges, the supplement to maternity pay for judges, the severance payment. In this sum there is included the expenditures paid by the state upon the findings of the Constitutional court as a financial satisfaction for the violation of the right to hear the case within a reasonable time.

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	187 347 666 €	98 883 930 €	346 390 €	10 736 946 €	16 148 549 €	0 €	771 455 €	60 456 382 €
2016 Implemented budget	212 482 178 €	108 762 423 €	19 403 837 €	10 706 073 €	16 060 916 €	0 €	873 987 €	56 674 942 €
Difference	11,8%	9,1%	98,2%	-0,3%	-0,5%		11,7%	-6,7%

2016 Approved budget



2016 Implemented budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 270 468 669 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 49,8 €

The budget per capita (49,8 €) is lower than the EU average (63,8 €) and below the EU median (53,6 €). Slovakia belongs to the group of European States with low degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

In Slovakia, the legal aid is financed by two different sources which are the budget of the Legal Aid Centre and the budget allocated to courts. The figure stated in the table represents exclusively the approved budget of the Legal Aid Centre which is the institution granting legal aid to persons in material need in all types of legal disputes except for criminal cases. The sum of total approved budget in question 12 does not include the costs of ex officio appointed counsels in criminal proceedings in case of compulsory defense. The sum of these costs is included in the budget allocated to the functioning of the courts and cannot be separated.

The difference between the total approved budget and the implemented budget in 2016 for the General Prosecutor's Office of the Slovak Republic is € 12,117,561.

Main reasons for this difference:

- for the settlement of the salary requirements of the prosecutors in 2015 according to the finding of the Constitutional Court of SR sp. no. PL. ÚS 27/2015 for a total amount of € 4,224,311.
- for reconstruction and modernization of the office premises and buildings of district prosecutors and regional prosecutors in the amount of € 195,966.
- to increase salaries, functional surcharges, lump sum compensation of prosecutors, salary and lump sum compensation of the Attorney General and to increase the salaries of other employees of the Chapter of the Prosecutor General's Office in connection with the application of Section 5 of Act no. 411/2015 Z. z. on the state budget of 2016 for € 6 299 638.
- to accomplish the tasks related to the Presidency of the SR in the EU Council - SK PRES 2016 in the amount of € 105,338.
- to finance the project OPIS - Electronic Services of the General Prosecutor's Office in the amount of € 877,500.
- for paying damages according to the amendment to Act no. 514/2003 Z. z. on liability of the state for damage caused by the public authorities in the amount of € 100,000.
- Other costs of € 314,808 provided for the operation of GP SR.

• **Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 443 323 127 €**

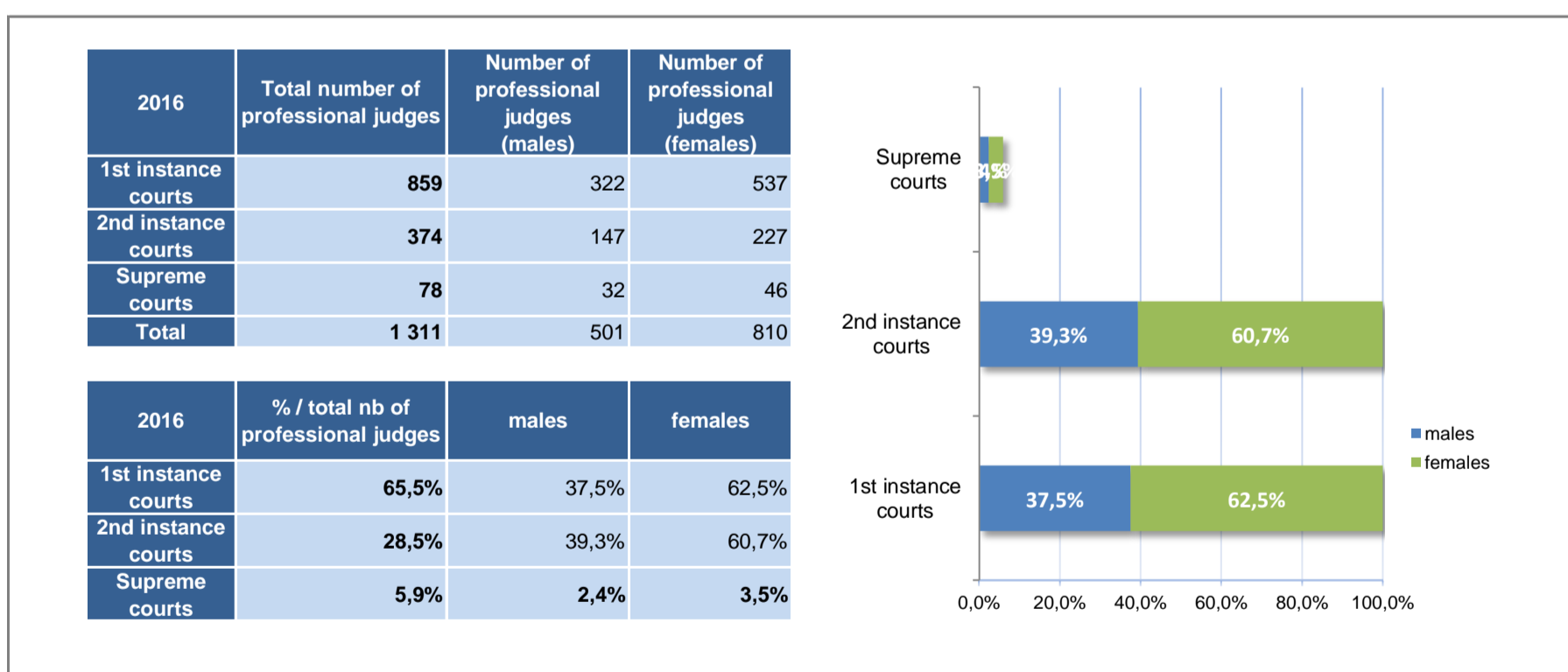
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

The global budgetary sum consists of the approved budget of three bodies with their individual budget: the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court and the General Prosecutors Office. The budget of the Ministry of Justice is composed of two parts – the budget of the prison service and the budget assigned both to courts (except the Supreme Court) and to the ministry itself. The budget of the Supreme Court comprises the budget for its own functioning and the budget of the Judicial Council of the Slovak republic. In the category “other” the budget of the Judicial Academy which is the educational and training institution for judges, prosecutors and court staff is subsumed.

• **Human resources** □

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovakia is 1 311 which is 1,5% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Slovakia, in 2016, there are 24,2 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,4 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,4 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 810 which represents 61,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 859 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 537 are female) ; 374 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 227 are female) and 78 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 46 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the provided total corresponds to the number of judges actually performing their functions. Put differently, judges who are temporary assigned to other institutions (Ministry of Justice, Judicial Academy, other judicial institutions), judges granted maternity leave etc. are not considered in the provided figure. In 2016, total number including judges temporary not performing their functions was 1348 (506 men, 842 women).

In Slovakia, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	4 468	813	2 086	1 569	0	0
2012	4 482	1 046	2 079	1 357	NA	NA
2013	4 497	1 083	2 055	NA	NA	1 359
2014	4 468	1 030	2 105	NA	NA	1 333
2015	4 390	1 001	2 011	NA	NA	1 378
2016	4 482	937	2 143	NA	NA	1 402

In Slovakia, in 2016, there are 4 482 non-judge staff (among which 3 783 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 2,1%

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 937 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 2 143 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 2 093 are women);
- 1 402 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 1 025 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 81,0 in 2015 to 82,6 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 23,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 24,1 in 2016.

The Department of Human Resources Development of the Ministry of Justice keeps records of the number of staff for all courts, including for the Supreme Court. The latter has also its own records on the number of staff. It should be highlighted that the records of the Ministry of Justice sorts all non-judge staff to various categories which differ from the categories listed in the CEPEJ questionnaire. For the purpose of this questionnaire the numbers include:

1. Rechtspfleger: includes higher judicial officers.
2. This category includes at the level of district and regional courts the court assistants (clerks) and the court secretaries. At the level of the Supreme court it includes Judicial assistants (lawyers helping judges in legal research, drafting decisions and providing legal support) and court clerks.
5. In this category we included the rest of total number of non-judge court staff. This include civil servants responsible for court administration, supervision of the staff, contact with the public (information centre, filing office), archives, technical staff, drivers etc.

Due to different categorisation of non-judge staff in the records of the central court management institution (Ministry of Justice) it was not possible to divide the rest of non-judge staff to categories 3.and 4.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

In Slovakia, the legal aid is financed by two different sources which are the budget of the Legal Aid Centre and the budget allocated to courts.

The total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available.

The data available corresponds to the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid for other than criminal cases (1 714 751). This figure represents exclusively the approved budget of the Legal Aid Centre which is the institution granting legal aid to persons in material need in all types of legal disputes except for criminal cases.

The sum of total approved budget in question 12 does not include the costs of ex officio appointed counsels in criminal proceedings in case of compulsory defense. The sum of these costs is included in the budget allocated to the functioning of the courts and cannot be separated

In Slovakia legal aid can not be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

Legal aid can not be granted for other costs

Under the section 5c of the Act on Providing Legal Aid to persons in material need No. 327/2005: Legal aid shall also include:

- appointment of an interpreter
- translation of documents necessary for decision on merits
- inevitable travel costs of foreign applicant

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system

In the non-criminal procedure the Legal Aid Centre appoints a lawyer who represents the client before the court.

In the criminal procedure the court appoints a lawyer to a defendant.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

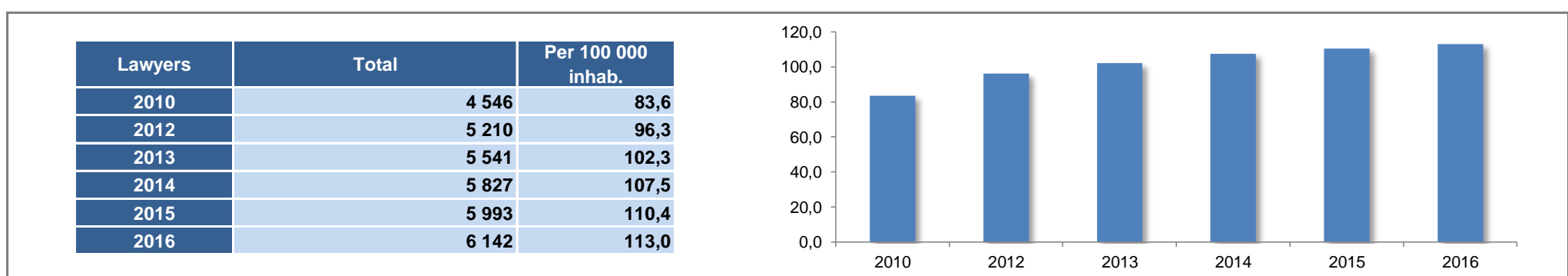
There is a general rule that the plaintiff is obliged to pay a court fee to commence the civil proceedings. The Act on the Court fees (No. 71/1992 Coll.) provides for the exceptions to the general obligation to pay the court fee. The law stipulates the exhaustive list of the subjects who as litigants are not obliged to pay the court fee (e.g. the state, prosecutor, foundations, consumers in disputes arisen from consumer contracts etc.) as well as the list of specific types of court proceedings wholly exempted from the court fees (e.g. the proceedings on guardianship and trusteeship, the maintenance proceedings, etc.).

The amount of the court fee depends on the type of claim. As a general rule, the amount should represent 6% of the claim value. The minimum fee is 16,50€ and the maximum fee in civil matters is 16 596,50 €. With regard to commercial disputes the maximum is 33 193,50 €. If it is not possible to determine the accurate value of a claim, the court fee is 99,50 €. For certain types of claims and/or applications, the Act No 71/1992 on court fees stipulates different rates or amounts of court fees. Court fees have to be paid to start proceedings except for claims (proceedings) where exemption is awarded by law or granted by the court.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 180 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Slovakia, in 2016, there are 6 142 lawyers, which is 2,5% more than in 2015.

This data represents 113,0 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The Slovak Bar Association registers lawyers who fulfilled the statutory conditions for being a practising lawyer (advocate).

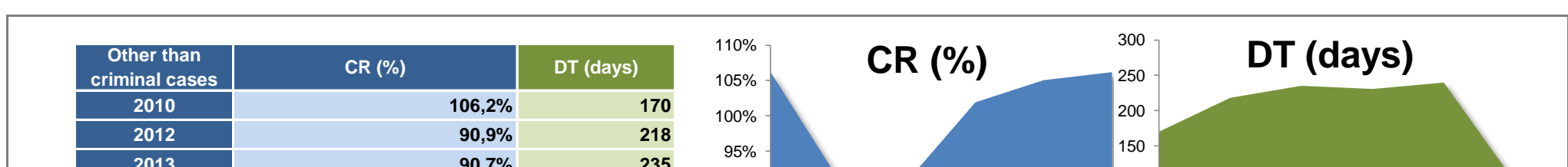
• Court performance

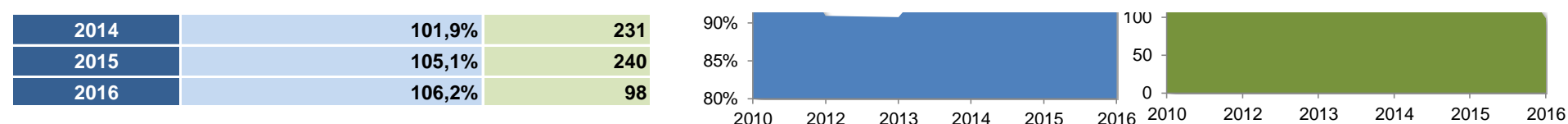
◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases





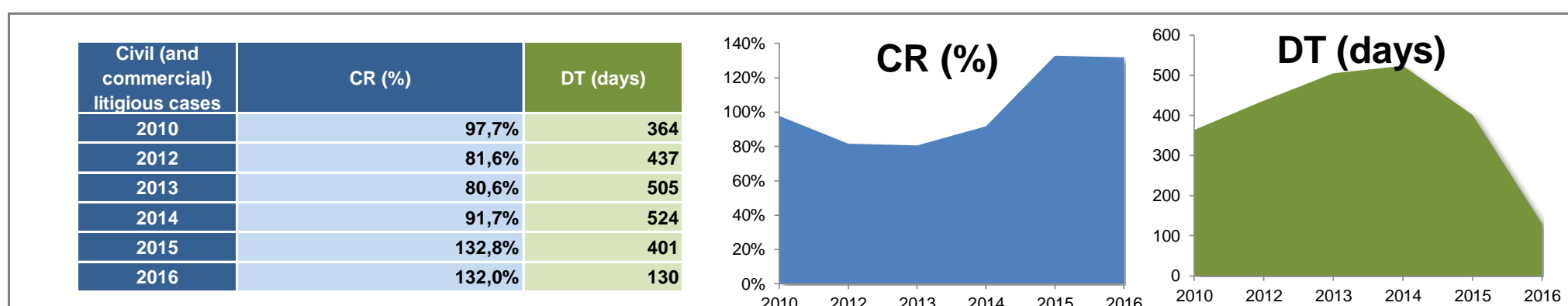
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,2% in 2016, Slovakia seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,1 points.

In Slovakia, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 98 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -58,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 132,0% in 2016, Slovakia seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

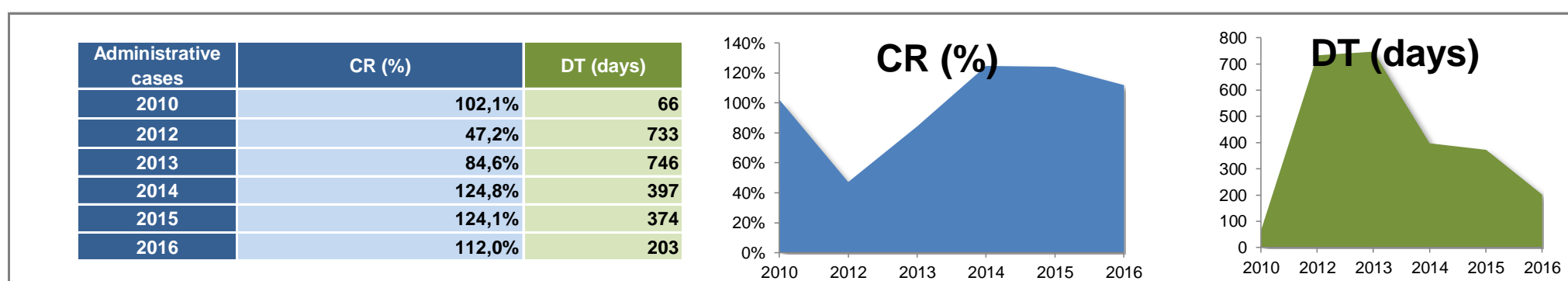
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -0,9 points.

In Slovakia, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 130 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -67,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 112,0% in 2016, Slovakia seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -12,1 points.

In Slovakia, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 203 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -45,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available

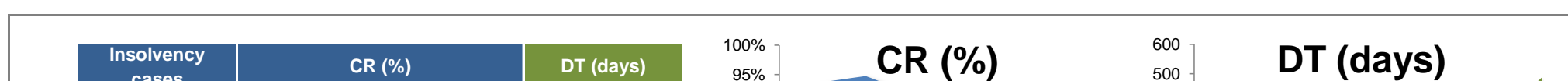
For 2016 data, new methodology was implemented based on the working group's conclusions and CEPEJ mission's recommendation (06/2016). Former reporting structure was not consistent with the methodology of CEPEJ, which could lead to inappropriate comparison of Slovak Republic (SR) with other countries. Also, the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) realised that evaluation of courts' performance by disposed and unresolved (decided and undecided) cases is discriminating SR in comparison with other countries in European Union (EU) as this methodology is not counting a decision of first instance court as disposed until the case becomes valid. This results into reporting such case as unresolved despite respective court has already made a decision and it is no longer in its disposition how - and more importantly when - the case will be resolved (disposed) by the second instance court. This is the nature of reporting of many "unresolved" cases on courts despite court already decided, in fact. Newly proposed way of reporting extracts the numbers of decided cases in respective court instances from "unresolved" and allocates these numbers to those court instances that made an actual decision in respective time. This means that decision validity state is not being awaited for as it could potentially contain an appeal and thus also a time that a case spends on second instance court. Upon decision's validity the case would become „disposed/resolved“ at the first instance court but most probably it would not be disposed in the same period when it was decided by the (first instance) court. This past methodology (applied by 2016) resulted (visually) in accumulation of unresolved cases while some of them were already decided by first instance court.

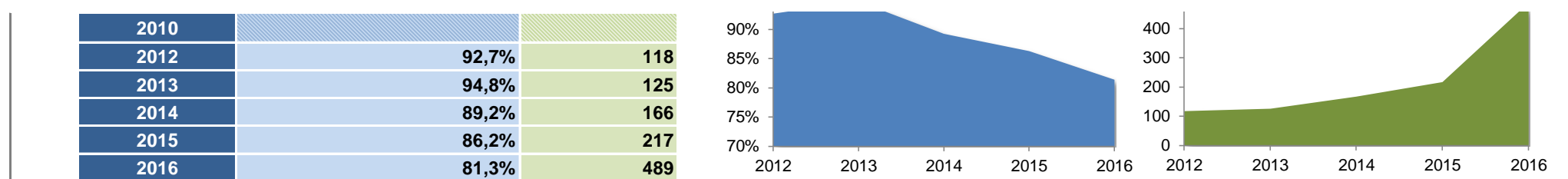
The new structure of data presented by the Ministry of Justice might cause the discrepancies and incompatibility of the data with the previous cycles. As regards the category "general civil non.litigious cases" we notice the decrease of incoming cases as of the year 2013. In this cycle the succession cases were classified as "Other non litigious cases" while in previous years they were classified as "general civil (and commercial) non litigious cases."

The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes all cases arisen from legal relationships regulated by the family law (maintenance cases, custody of the child, visiting rights, guardianship, divorce cases with the ruling on rights and obligations towards the minor child etc.), cases related to assessment of the legal capacity of natural persons, requests for legal assistance.

The category "other" encompasses bankruptcy and debt restructuring cases, enforcement cases including decisions on the enforcement permission for the enforcement agents, enforcement of court rulings on the visiting rights to minor child and enforcement of court fees receivables.

◦ *Insolvency*





The Clearance Rate was calculated at 81,3% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Slovakia seems not capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,9 points.

In Slovakia, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 489 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 125,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

Comparison with previous cycles is not possible due to the change of methodology of calculation of cases introduced by the Analytical centre. The methodology now can identify cases finalised at each instance. The inconsistency between pending cases at the beginning of 2016 and pending at the end of 2015 is disturbed because of introduction of new methodology of calculation by the Analytical centre.

• Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance

In Slovakia, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Every court sends the monthly statistical report on the number of pending and resolved cases to the Ministry of justice. The more detailed are the semiannual and the annual statistical reports.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category “other” encompasses: the number of cases according to types of disputes, the result of the case (reconciliation, dismissals, full satisfaction, partial satisfaction, etc.). Statistical data of the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic are very detailed and regularly collected and published in a yearbook which is publicly accessible at <http://www.justice.gov.sk/stat/statr.htm>.

In Slovakia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

Each court has to provide monthly the Ministry of Justice with the detailed statistical output concerning the number of the incoming and resolved cases, the types of the cases, length of proceedings, the result of the case etc. Moreover, as explained in the frame of question 66, each court has to undergo an internal inspection every five years, aimed at reviewing the current state of performing of justice in order to detect reasons for potential weaknesses and to propose remedies. The report on the internal inspection is discussed and approved by the Judicial Council of the Slovak Republic.

Among the assessed parameters are: personal and material conditions and workload of judges; status and reason of existing backlogs and eventual delays in proceedings; observance of procedural rules and legal time limits; timeliness of executing and dispatching of court decisions; the quality of preparation and the course of hearings; the effective utilization of the trial days and the reasons of adjourning of court sessions; the quality of work of court departments, record offices and court files; allocation of files according to the working schedule; the dignity of professional conduct of judges, judicial officials and court staff as well as the dignity of the court environment; the effectiveness of the complaint procedure.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is not used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

According to the Act on the courts (No. 757/2004 Coll.) each court should undergo the internal inspection usually every five years.

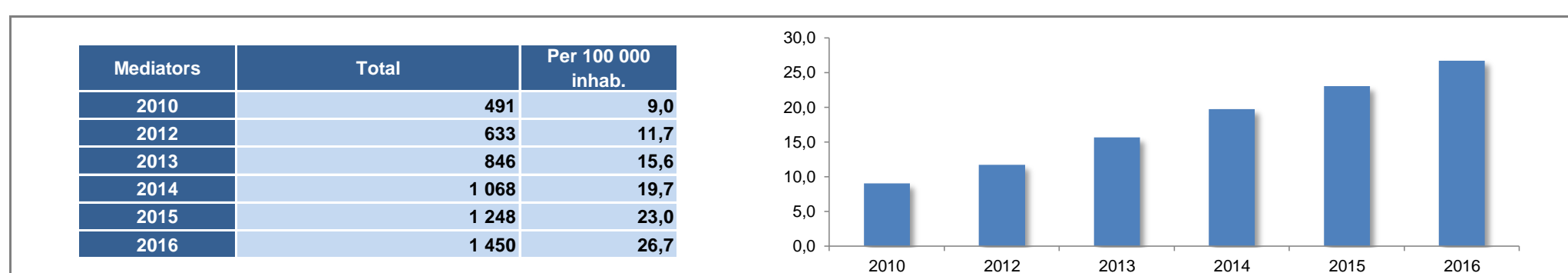
The internal inspection examines the current state of performing of justice at the given court to detect the reasons for possible weaknesses and to propose the remedies. The report on the internal inspection is discussed and approved by the Judicial Council of the Slovak republic.

Statistical data of the each court are published on an intranet website of Ministry of Justice and are available only to judges and staff of a particular court. At the same time, courts send the same statistical data to the Ministry of Justice which after their processing and completion publishes the data for the whole judiciary on the internet. The complete statistical data for the whole judiciary are released in the form of an electronic Statistical yearbook publicly accessible on the website of the Ministry of Justice.

• Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Slovakia provides judicial mediation.

There is no mandatory mediation procedure in civil nor criminal matters.



In Slovakia, in 2016, there are 1 450 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 26,7 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about 16,2%.

The Ministry of Justice keeps the register of mediators and the mediation centres practicing the mediation in the non-criminal matters. The ministry registers as a mediator every person meeting the statutory conditions for being a mediator. The increase in the total number of registered mediators follows from the interest of qualified persons in being mediators. Any registered mediator is entitled to practice the mediation procedure in the non-criminal matters either recommended by court or out of the court.

In the criminal procedure the mediation is performed at the court by the special member of the court staff - the probation and mediation officer.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

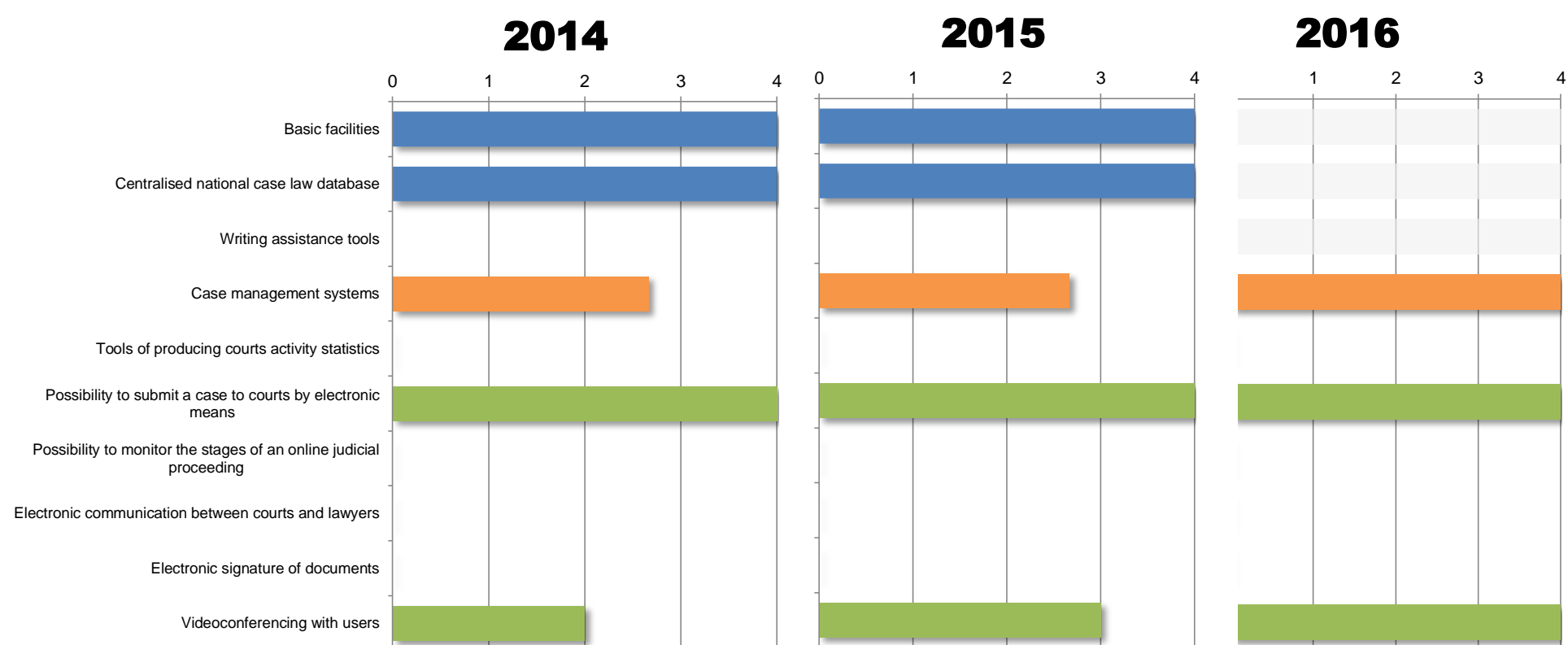
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Slovakia has been evaluated at 4,5 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Slovakia, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the judiciary is the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic, Župné námestie 13, 813 11 Bratislava
www.justice.gov.sk

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

Under the mission statement of the Slovak government for 2016-2020 the main priorities of the government in the area of justice and judiciary concern increasing the public trust in the judiciary and its bodies. For this purpose the government gradually adopts legislative, organizational and other measures in order to secure effective court management systems, court administration and functioning of processes conducted by courts. It also aims to strengthen the administrative support of courts. Great emphasis is also laid on removal of backlogs and delay in court proceedings, which directly affect the law enforcement. Under the cooperation program between Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic (MoJ) and the CEPEJ the audit of the Slovak judiciary and the proposal of the recommendations that can be useful for the future reforms are expected. More specifically, CEPEJ should recommend how to proceed in specialization of courts, how to divide workload among judges, judicial clerks and other employees of the court. Apart from that MoJ should get advice on possible reform of the judicial map. CEPEJ should also provide MoJ with help regarding the capacity building of the analytical center and give the advice on how to proceed in the further use of IT-technologies. In this respect MoJ expects proposals how to collect and evaluate statistical data as well as how to improve the IT systems.

2. Budget

On January 01, 2017 the Amendment of the Act on Courts, which established the Office of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic, came into effect. The Office of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic is a budgetary organization managed by its head, who acts on its behalf. Under the Act on Courts, the Office of the Supreme Court fulfils tasks related to Supreme Court's professional, organizational, personnel, economic, administrative and technical activities securing. The establishment of the office is based on the idea of organizational and personal separation of management of justice administration from administration of courts. Freshly established office became a part of so called service bodies such as the Office of the National Council of the Slovak Republic, the Office of the President of the Slovak Republic, the Office of the Ombudsman of the Slovak Republic, the Office of the Judicial Council of the Slovak Republic, the Office of the Constitutional Court of the Slovak Republic.

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	12 125	13 207	13 319	13 880	14 400	14 910	23,0%	9,0%	8,1%	3,7%	3,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts	139 851 564	152 715 786	156 488 854	151 291 595	160 877 873	187 347 666	34,0%	5,3%	2,8%	6,3%	16,5%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts	-	-	-	165 291 143	187 420 014	212 482 178	-	-	-	13,4%	13,4%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	63 702 886	60 309 536	65 324 149	70 099 751	76 888 494	83 121 003	30,5%	27,5%	17,7%	9,7%	8,1%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	83 601 297	83 902 472	95 238 564	-	-	-	0,4%	13,5%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	37,7	39,7	41,3	NA	NA	49,8	32,0%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	56,6	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	63 702 886	60 309 536	65 324 149	70 099 751	76 888 494	83 121 003	30,5%	27,5%	17,7%	9,7%	8,1%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	37,7	39,7	41,3	NA	NA	49,8	32,0%	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	56,6	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	139 851 564	152 715 786	156 488 854	151 291 595	160 877 873	187 347 666	34,0%	5,3%	2,8%	6,3%	16,5%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	90 173 951	86 354 081	91 554 459	91 314 993	93 907 143	98 883 930	9,7%	8,7%	2,6%	2,8%	5,3%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	2 152 994	3 555 096	2 834 628	2 754 090	1 796 935	346 390	-83,9%	-49,5%	-36,6%	-34,8%	-80,7%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	312 818	8 423 500	7 580 700	8 580 970	9 165 573	10 736 946	3332,3%	8,8%	20,9%	6,8%	17,1%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	8 900 352	13 362 799	10 676 846	10 790 146	15 274 040	16 148 549	81,4%	14,3%	43,1%	41,6%	5,7%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NAP	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	1 336 296	1 414 040	1 149 030	1 169 989	634 931	771 455	-42,3%	-55,1%	-44,7%	-45,7%	21,5%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	36 975 153	39 606 270	42 693 191	36 681 407	40 099 251	60 456 382	63,5%	1,2%	-6,1%	9,3%	50,8%

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	38 €	40 €	41 €	NA	NA	50 €	32,0%	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	63 702 886	60 309 536	65 324 149	70 099 751	76 888 494	83 121 003	30,5%	27,5%	17,7%	9,7%	8,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	341 964 685	371 154 038	385 279 142	391 868 332	396 153 210	443 323 127	29,6%	6,7%	2,8%	1,1%	11,9%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	139 851 564	152 715 786	156 488 854	151 291 595	160 877 873	187 347 666	34,0%	5,3%	2,8%	6,3%	16,5%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	139 851 564	152 715 786	156 488 854	151 291 595	160 877 873	187 347 666	0 €	5,3%	2,8%	6,3%	16,5%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	2 152 994	3 555 096	2 834 628	2 754 090	1 796 935	346 390	1 €	-49,5%	-36,6%	-34,8%	-80,7%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	63 702 886	60 309 536	65 324 149	70 099 751	76 888 494	83 121 003	30,5%	27,5%	17,7%	9,7%	8,1%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	139 851 564	152 715 786	156 488 854	151 291 595	160 877 873	187 347 666	34,0%	5,3%	2,8%	6,3%	16,5%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	57 661 794	53 448 064	-	49 053 890	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	- if the court fees.	- ed by the court.	anted by the court.	anted by the court.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	54	54	54	54	54	54	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	9	9	9	9	9	9	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	64	64	64	64	64	64	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	9	9	9	9	9	9	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NA	8	8	8	8	8	-	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	9	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	337 441	289 064	339 930	407 586	396 248	320 952	-4,9%	37,1%	16,6%	-2,8%	-19,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	120 032	128 073	150 579	186 707	199 203	158 706	32,2%	55,5%	32,3%	6,7%	-20,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	74 501	71 696	71 485	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,3%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 466	69 073	71 944	66 370	65 066	24 605	-67,8%	-5,8%	-9,6%	-2,0%	-62,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 131	6 630	6 946	-	-	-	-18,5%	4,8%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	34 430	6 224	6 510	8 131	6 630	6 946	-79,8%	6,5%	1,8%	-18,5%	4,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	39 934	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	8 733	7 883	17 815	18 656	16 271	6 575	-24,7%	106,4%	-8,7%	-12,8%	-59,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97 770	77 811	93 082	127 722	109 078	84 186	-13,9%	40,2%	17,2%	-14,6%	-22,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	606 454	638 571	690 648	614 273	535 414	922 805	52,2%	-16,2%	-22,5%	-12,8%	72,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	126 087	161 645	163 200	151 315	111 489	201 368	59,7%	-31,0%	-31,7%	-26,3%	80,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	225 116	222 348	256 154	-	-	-	-1,2%	15,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	128 625	139 784	124 144	119 088	115 467	61 557	-52,1%	-17,4%	-7,0%	-3,0%	-46,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	106 028	106 881	114 075	-	-	-	0,8%	6,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	91 567	96 186	111 931	106 028	106 881	114 075	24,6%	11,1%	-4,5%	0,8%	6,7%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	80 522	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	42 220	18 797	11 296	11 612	10 764	8 861	-79,0%	-42,7%	-4,7%	-7,3%	-17,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	217 955	222 159	280 077	226 230	190 813	456 422	109,4%	-14,1%	-31,9%	-15,7%	139,2%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	643 917	580 653	626 660	626 110	562 478	979 689	52,1%	-3,1%	-10,2%	-10,2%	74,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	123 203	131 856	131 609	138 819	148 107	265 746	115,7%	12,3%	12,5%	6,7%	79,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	227 921	221 995	246 135	-	-	-	-2,6%	10,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	136 676	137 139	128 210	120 392	116 136	57 312	-58,1%	-15,3%	-9,4%	-3,5%	-50,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	107 529	105 859	112 579	-	-	-	-1,6%	6,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	115 742	95 900	110 331	107 529	105 859	112 579	-2,7%	10,4%	-4,1%	-1,6%	6,3%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	76 244	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	43 115	8 865	9 560	14 496	13 361	9 927	-77,0%	50,7%	39,8%	-7,8%	-25,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	225 181	206 893	246 950	244 874	179 015	457 881	103,3%	-13,5%	-27,5%	-26,9%	155,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	299 978	346 982	403 918	395 749	369 184	264 068	-12,0%	6,4%	-8,6%	-6,7%	-28,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	122 916	157 862	182 170	199 203	162 585	94 328	-23,3%	3,0%	-10,8%	-18,4%	-42,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	71 696	72 049	81 504	-	-	-	0,5%	13,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	68 415	71 718	67 878	65 066	64 397	28 850	-57,8%	-10,2%	-5,1%	-1,0%	-55,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	6 630	7 652	8 442	-	-	-	15,4%	10,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	10 255	6 510	8 110	6 630	7 652	8 442	-17,7%	17,5%	-5,6%	15,4%	10,3%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	44 212	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	7 838	17 815	19 551	15 772	13 674	5 509	-29,7%	-23,2%	-30,1%	-13,3%	-59,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	90 554	93 077	126 209	109 078	120 876	82 727	-8,6%	29,9%	-4,2%	10,8%	-31,6%

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	106,2%	90,9%	90,7%	101,9%	105,1%	106,2%	0,0%	15,5%	15,8%	3,1%	1,1%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,7%	81,6%	80,6%	91,7%	132,8%	132,0%	35,1%	62,9%	64,7%	44,8%	-0,7%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101,2%	99,8%	96,1%	-	-	-	-1,4%	-3,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	106,3%	98,1%	103,3%	101,1%	100,6%	93,1%	-12,4%	2,5%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-7,4%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	-	-	-	-2,3%	-0,4%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	126,4%	99,7%	98,6%	101,4%	99,0%	98,7%	-21,9%	-0,7%	0,5%	-2,3%	-0,4%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	94,7%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	102,1%	47,2%	84,6%	124,8%	124,1%	112,0%	9,7%	163,2%	46,7%	-0,6%	-9,7%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,3%	93,1%	88,2%	108,2%	93,8%	100,3%	-2,9%	0,7%	6,4%	-13,3%	6,9%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	170	218	235	231	240	98	-42,1%	9,8%	1,8%	3,8%	-58,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	364	437	505	524	401	130	-64,4%	-8,3%	-20,7%	-23,5%	-67,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	115	118	121	-	-	-	3,2%	2,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	183	191	193	197	202	184	0,6%	6,0%	4,7%	2,6%	-9,2%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	23	26	27	-	-	-	17,2%	3,7%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	32	25	27	23	26	27	-15,4%	6,5%	-1,7%	17,2%	3,7%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	212	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	66	733	746	397	374	203	205,3%	-49,1%	-50,0%	-5,9%	-45,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	147	164	187	163	246	66	-55,1%	50,1%	32,1%	51,6%	-73,2%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	7 675	7 181	7 283	7 403	7 338	3 063	-60,1%	2,2%	0,8%	-0,9%	-58,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 331	1 965	-	-	-	-	-15,7%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	341	456	544	740	1 926	-	117,0%	62,3%	36,0%	160,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	14 972	13 749	14 096	13 529	12 562	12 335	-17,6%	-8,6%	-10,9%	-7,1%	-1,8%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	1 616	1 684	1 600	1 725	1 632	-	6,7%	2,4%	7,8%	-5,4%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	1 505	1 668	1 819	1 977	2 134	-	31,4%	18,5%	8,7%	7,9%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	15 437	13 647	13 977	13 594	12 583	9 800	-36,5%	-7,8%	-10,0%	-7,4%	-22,1%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	1 317	1 127	1 254	1 415	1 827	-	7,4%	25,6%	12,8%	29,1%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	1 395	1 581	1 623	1 705	1 736	-	22,2%	7,8%	5,1%	1,8%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	7210	7 283	7 402	7 338	7 317	5 598	-22,4%	0,5%	-1,1%	-0,3%	-23,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	2 641	1 770	-	-	-	-	-33,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	451	543	740	1 012	2 324	-	124,4%	86,4%	36,8%	129,6%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	103,1%	99,3%	99,2%	100,5%	100,2%	79,4%	-22,9%	0,9%	1,0%	-0,3%	-20,7%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	81,5%	66,9%	78,4%	82,0%	111,9%	-	0,7%	22,6%	4,7%	36,5%
CR Insolvency cases	-	92,7%	94,8%	89,2%	86,2%	81,3%	-	-7,0%	-9,0%	-3,3%	-5,7%
DT Litigious divorce cases	170	195	193	197	212	208	22,3%	9,0%	9,8%	7,7%	-1,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	681	354	-	-	-	-	-48,1%
DT Insolvency cases	-	118	125	166	217	489	-	83,6%	72,8%	30,2%	125,5%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	10239	17 493	21 467	26 041	36 764	31 216	204,9%	110,2%	71,3%	41,2%	-15,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23 367	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	7 841	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 841	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	8	8	8	8	6	8	0,0%	-25,0%	-25,0%	-25,0%	33,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	45202	55 256	69 217	87 676	87 688	68 142	50,7%	58,7%	26,7%	0,0%	-22,3%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	34 974	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	33 156	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	33 156	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	34	29	29	18	21	12	-64,7%	-27,6%	-27,6%	16,7%	-42,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	41345	51 282	64 643	76 953	86 002	77 663	87,8%	67,7%	33,0%	11,8%	-9,7%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	43 843	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	33 809	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	33 809	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	37	27	27	20	19	11	-70,3%	-29,6%	-29,6%	-5,0%	-42,1%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	14096	21 467	26 041	36 764	38 450	21 695	53,9%	79,1%	47,7%	4,6%	-43,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	14 498	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	7 188	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7 188	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	8	10	10	6	8	9	12,5%	-20,0%	-20,0%	33,3%	12,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	91,5%	92,8%	93,4%	87,8%	98,1%	114,0%	24,6%	5,7%	5,0%	11,7%	16,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	125,4%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	102,0%	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	102,0%	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	108,8%	93,1%	93,1%	111,1%	90,5%	91,7%	-15,8%	-2,8%	-2,8%	-18,6%	1,3%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	124	153	147	174	163	102	-18,1%	6,8%	11,0%	-6,4%	-37,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	121	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	78	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	78	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	79	135	135	110	154	299	278,4%	13,7%	13,7%	40,4%	94,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2950	2 475	-	9 240	11 948	12 799	333,9%	382,7%	-	29,3%	7,1%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	1572	1 236	-	2 280	3 333	4 086	159,9%	169,7%	-	46,2%	22,6%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7612	8 554	-	17 941	20 477	13 460	76,8%	139,4%	-	14,1%	-34,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	3210	3 421	-	4 966	4 800	3 641	13,4%	40,3%	-	-3,3%	-24,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	7945	7 171	-	15 233	19 301	18 267	129,9%	169,2%	-	26,7%	-5,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	3575	2 997	-	3 913	4 031	3 920	9,7%	34,5%	-	3,0%	-2,8%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2617	3 858	-	11 948	13 124	7 992	205,4%	240,2%	-	9,8%	-39,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	1207	1 660	-	3 333	4 102	3 807	215,4%	147,1%	-	23,1%	-7,2%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	104,4%	83,8%	-	84,9%	94,3%	135,7%	30,0%	12,4%	-	11,0%	44,0%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	111,4%	87,6%	-	78,8%	84,0%	107,7%	-3,3%	-4,1%	-	6,6%	28,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	120	196	-	286	248	160	32,8%	26,4%	-	-13,3%	-35,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	123	202	-	311	371	354	187,7%	83,7%	-	19,5%	-4,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NA	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	337 441	289 064	339 930	407 586	396 248	320 952	-4,9%	37,1%	16,6%	-2,8%	-19,0%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	120 032	128 073	150 579	186 707	199 203	158 706	32,2%	55,5%	32,3%	6,7%	-20,3%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	74 501	71 696	71 485	-	-	-	-3,8%	-0,3%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	76 466	69 073	71 944	66 370	65 066	24 605	-67,8%	-5,8%	-9,6%	-2,0%	-62,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	8 131	6 630	6 946	-	-	-	-18,5%	4,8%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	34 430	6 224	6 510	8 131	6 630	6 946	-79,8%	6,5%	1,8%	-18,5%	4,8%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	39 934	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	8 733	7 883	17 815	18 656	16 271	6 575	-24,7%	106,4%	-8,7%	-12,8%	-59,6%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97 770	77 811	93 082	127 722	109 078	84 186	-13,9%	40,2%	17,2%	-14,6%	-22,8%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	606 454	638 571	690 648	614 273	535 414	922 805	52,2%	-16,2%	-22,5%	-12,8%	72,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	126 087	161 645	163 200	151 315	111 489	201 368	59,7%	-31,0%	-31,7%	-26,3%	80,6%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	225 116	222 348	256 154	-	-	-	-1,2%	15,2%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	128 625	139 784	124 144	119 088	115 467	61 557	-52,1%	-17,4%	-7,0%	-3,0%	-46,7%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	106 028	106 881	114 075	-	-	-	0,8%	6,7%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	91 567	96 186	111 931	106 028	106 881	114 075	24,6%	11,1%	-4,5%	0,8%	6,7%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	80 522	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	42 220	18 797	11 296	11 612	10 764	8 861	-79,0%	-42,7%	-4,7%	-7,3%	-17,7%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	217 955	222 159	280 077	226 230	190 813	456 422	109,4%	-14,1%	-31,9%	-15,7%	139,2%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	643 917	580 653	626 660	626 110	562 478	979 689	52,1%	-3,1%	-10,2%	-10,2%	74,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	123 203	131 856	131 609	138 819	148 107	265 746	115,7%	12,3%	12,5%	6,7%	79,4%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	227 921	221 995	246 135	-	-	-	-2,6%	10,9%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	136 676	137 139	128 210	120 392	116 136	57 312	-58,1%	-15,3%	-9,4%	-3,5%	-50,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	107 529	105 859	112 579	-	-	-	-1,6%	6,3%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	115 742	95 900	110 331	107 529	105 859	112 579	-2,7%	10,4%	-4,1%	-1,6%	6,3%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	76 244	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	43 115	8 865	9 560	14 496	13 361	9 927	-77,0%	50,7%	39,8%	-7,8%	-25,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	225 181	206 893	246 950	244 874	179 015	457 881	103,3%	-13,5%	-27,5%	-26,9%	155,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	299 978	346 982	403 918	395 749	369 184	264 068	-12,0%	6,4%	-8,6%	-6,7%	-28,5%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	122 916	157 862	182 170	199 203	162 585	94 328	-23,3%	3,0%	-10,8%	-18,4%	-42,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	71 696	72 049	81 504	-	-	-	0,5%	13,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	68 415	71 718	67 878	65 066	64 397	28 850	-57,8%	-10,2%	-5,1%	-1,0%	-55,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	6 630	7 652	8 442	-	-	-	15,4%	10,3%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	10 255	6 510	8 110	6 630	7 652	8 442	-17,7%	17,5%	-5,6%	15,4%	10,3%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	44 212	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	7 838	17 815	19 551	15 772	13 674	5 509	-29,7%	-23,2%	-30,1%	-13,3%	-59,7%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	90 554	93 077	126 209	109 078	120 876	82 727	-8,6%	29,9%	-4,2%	10,8%	-31,6%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	only on Intranet	only on Intranet	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	1 719 516	1 582 960	1 714 751	-	-	-	-7,9%	8,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	1 719 516	1 848 274	2 131 004	-	-	-	7,5%	15,3%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	1 357 776	1 771 287	1 687 629	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	1 719 516	1 582 960	1 714 751	-	-	-	-7,9%	8,3%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	oznam/rozhodnutie	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	Súdny manažment	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	idny manažment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	idny manažment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	Portál e-žaloby	eŽaloby Portal	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	491	633	846	1 068	1 248	1 450	195,3%	97,2%	47,5%	16,9%	16,2%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 351	1 307	1 342	1 322	1 292	1 311	-3,0%	-1,1%	-3,7%	-2,3%	1,5%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	908	871	888	877	846	859	-5,4%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-3,5%	1,5%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	363	352	370	369	369	374	3,0%	4,8%	-0,3%	0,0%	1,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	80	84	84	76	77	78	-2,5%	-8,3%	-8,3%	1,3%	1,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	506	489	503	496	493	501	-1,0%	0,8%	-2,0%	-0,6%	1,6%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	329	310	319	318	313	322	-2,1%	1,0%	-1,9%	-1,6%	2,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	139	140	145	146	151	147	5,8%	7,9%	4,1%	3,4%	-2,6%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	38	39	39	32	29	32	-15,8%	-25,6%	-25,6%	-9,4%	10,3%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	845	818	839	826	799	810	-4,1%	-2,3%	-4,8%	-3,3%	1,4%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	579	561	569	559	533	537	-7,3%	-5,0%	-6,3%	-4,7%	0,8%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	224	212	225	223	218	227	1,3%	2,8%	-3,1%	-2,2%	4,1%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	42	45	45	44	48	46	9,5%	6,7%	6,7%	9,1%	-4,2%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 468	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	0,3%	-2,1%	-2,4%	-1,7%	2,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	813	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	15,3%	-4,3%	-7,6%	-2,8%	-6,4%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 086	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2,7%	-3,3%	-2,1%	-4,5%	6,6%

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 569	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	-	-	1,4%	3,4%	1,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	693	714	699	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	316	292	272	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	42	30	50	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	335	392	377	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	-	-	-3,3%	-2,6%	2,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	751	714	709	665	-	-	-5,6%	-0,7%	-6,2%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%	5,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	-	-	-2,0%	-1,2%	4,0%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 351	1 307	1 342	1 322	1 292	1 311	-3,0%	-1,1%	-3,7%	-2,3%	1,5%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	908	871	888	877	846	859	-5,4%	-2,9%	-4,7%	-3,5%	1,5%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	363	352	370	369	369	374	3,0%	4,8%	-0,3%	0,0%	1,4%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	80	84	84	76	77	78	-2,5%	-8,3%	-8,3%	1,3%	1,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	506	489	503	496	493	501	-1,0%	0,8%	-2,0%	-0,6%	1,6%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	329	310	319	318	313	322	-2,1%	1,0%	-1,9%	-1,6%	2,9%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	139	140	145	146	151	147	5,8%	7,9%	4,1%	3,4%	-2,6%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	38	39	39	32	29	32	-15,8%	-25,6%	-25,6%	-9,4%	10,3%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	845	818	839	826	799	810	-4,1%	-2,3%	-4,8%	-3,3%	1,4%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	579	561	569	559	533	537	-7,3%	-5,0%	-6,3%	-4,7%	0,8%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	224	212	225	223	218	227	1,3%	2,8%	-3,1%	-2,2%	4,1%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	42	45	45	44	48	46	9,5%	6,7%	6,7%	9,1%	-4,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 468	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	0,3%	-2,1%	-2,4%	-1,7%	2,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	813	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	15,3%	-4,3%	-7,6%	-2,8%	-6,4%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 086	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2,7%	-3,3%	-2,1%	-4,5%	6,6%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 569	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	-	-	1,4%	3,4%	1,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	693	714	699	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	316	292	272	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	42	30	50	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	335	392	377	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	-	-	-3,3%	-2,6%	2,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	751	714	709	665	-	-	-5,6%	-0,7%	-6,2%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%	5,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	-	-	-2,0%	-1,2%	4,0%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Slovakia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	4 546	5 210	5 541	5 827	5 993	6 142	35,1%	15,0%	8,2%	2,8%	2,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	5 435 273	5 410 836	5 415 949	5 421 349	5 426 252	5 435 343	0,0%	0,3%	0,2%	0,1%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	4 546	5 210	5 541	5 827	5 993	6 142	35,1%	15,0%	8,2%	2,8%	2,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	4 468	4 482	4 497	4 468	4 390	4 482	0,3%	-2,1%	-2,4%	-1,7%	2,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	813	1 046	1 083	1 030	1 001	937	15,3%	-4,3%	-7,6%	-2,8%	-6,4%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 086	2 079	2 055	2 105	2 011	2 143	2,7%	-3,3%	-2,1%	-4,5%	6,6%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 569	1 357	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	1 359	1 333	1 378	1 402	-	-	1,4%	3,4%	1,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	693	714	699	-	-	-	3,0%	-2,1%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	316	292	272	-	-	-	-7,6%	-6,8%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	42	30	50	-	-	-	-28,6%	66,7%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	335	392	377	-	-	-	17,0%	-3,8%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 801	3 775	3 676	3 783	-	-	-3,3%	-2,6%	2,9%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	751	714	709	665	-	-	-5,6%	-0,7%	-6,2%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 044	2 063	1 981	2 093	-	-	-3,1%	-4,0%	5,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	1 006	998	986	1 025	-	-	-2,0%	-1,2%	4,0%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Slovenia (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
GDP per capita	17 286 €	17 172 €	17 128 €	18 065 €	18 680 €	19 262 €	11,4%	8,8%	9,1%	3,4%	3,1%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	86,9	78,0	78,5	80,0	76,2	78,8	-9,4%	-2,2%	0,4%	-1,5%	3,3%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	99,1	89,2	88,7	89,8	86,6	89,7	-9,5%	-3,0%	1,1%	-0,1%	3,6%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	49,9	47,1	46,1	44,8	43,5	42,6	-14,7%	-7,8%	-7,7%	-5,0%	-2,0%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	159,7	161,7	157,2	162,8	159,9	161,2	0,9%	-1,2%	2,6%	-1,0%	0,8%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				8,3	8,0	8,0				-4,0%	0,0%

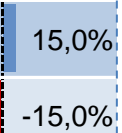
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	3,2	3,0	3,1	2,9	2,8	2,5	-23,0%	-9,0%	-10,1%	-4,7%	-9,9%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	12,0	12,2	12,2	11,1	10,0	8,9	-25,6%	-18,0%	-18,1%	-10,2%	-10,4%
Non-litigious land registry cases	13,2	14,9	13,8	14,4	12,9	11,7	-11,9%	-13,5%	-6,7%	-10,2%	-9,5%
Non-litigious business registry cases	2,2	2,4	2,8	3,1	3,0	2,8	27,5%	22,9%	5,8%	-1,9%	-6,6%
Administrative law cases	0,260	0,2	0,3	0,259	0,233	0,144	-44,7%	-2,8%	-8,4%	-10,3%	-38,2%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	99%	101%	102%	109%	105%	106%	0,08	0,03	0,02	-0,04	0,01
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	110%	104%	104%	105%	125%	120%	0,09	0,19	0,20	0,18	-0,04
CR non-litigious land registry cases	98%	110%	102%	101%	100%	100%	0,02	-0,09	-0,02	-0,01	-0,01
CR non-litigious business cases	100%	101%	99%	101%	100%	100%	0,00	0,00	0,01	0,00	0,00
CR administrative law cases	114%	110%	102%	103%	101%	87%	-0,24	-0,08	-0,01	-0,02	-0,14

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	315	318	301	270	277	280	-11,0%	-12,9%	-8,1%	2,6%	1,2%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	288	263	248	249	162	127	-55,8%	-38,6%	-34,7%	-35,0%	-21,3%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	69	16	11	7	6	8	-88,6%	-61,9%	-43,8%	-8,5%	29,8%
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	5	3	6	4	2	3	-42,6%	-31,4%	-62,8%	-35,4%	11,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)	139	130	126	112	122	282	103,3%	-6,5%	-3,4%	9,2%	131,6%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,8	2,7	2,6	2,3	2,2	2,0	-26,3%	-24,2%	-21,7%	-12,9%	-7,4%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	10,4	9,2	8,6	8,0	5,5	3,7	-64,1%	-39,9%	-36,0%	-31,0%	-32,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	2,4	0,7	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,3	-89,8%	-69,9%	-48,5%	-18,5%	16,6%
Non-litigious business cases	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-26,5%	-15,9%	-60,3%	-36,7%	4,1%
Administrative law cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-14,4%	-16,6%	-12,2%	-3,9%	23,4%

-20% max



+20% max

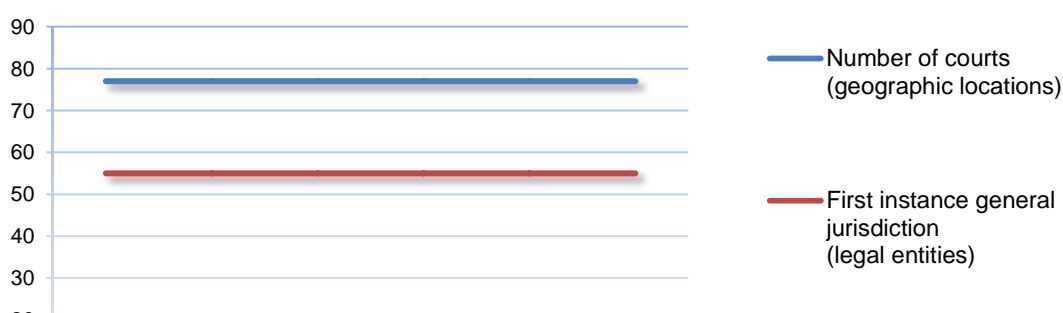
1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

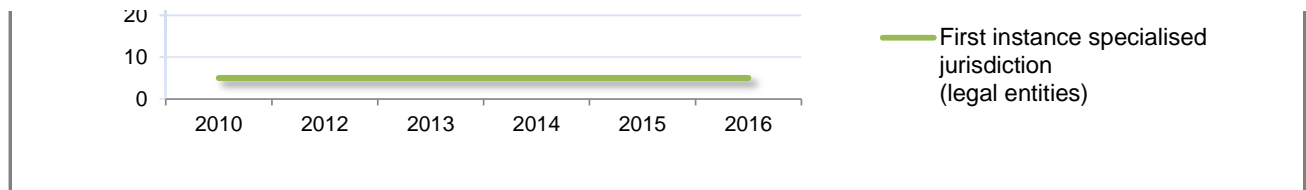
Slovenia is characterised by a unified system of courts, which consists of courts with general and specialised jurisdiction. According to 2016 data, there are 55 courts of first instance with general competence over civil and criminal cases, namely 44 local courts (okrajna sodišča) and 11 district courts (okrožna sodišča). Local courts have jurisdiction over less serious criminal cases, non-contentious matters, probate cases, enforcement and insurance of claims and various litigation matters, notably disputes over property rights, where the value of the disputed property does not exceed the determined by law threshold, as well as disputes relating to trespass, easement, real encumbrance and disputes on lease or tenancy relations. Disputes under the jurisdiction of the local courts are heard by a single judge. District courts have first instance jurisdiction over criminal and civil cases which exceed the jurisdiction of local courts, e.g. forced settlements, bankruptcy and liquidation, intellectual property rights and over litigation matters such as property rights where the value of the disputed property exceeds the determined by law threshold, family law matters and commercial disputes.

Appeals are dealt with by 4 high courts (višja sodišča).

The higher instance is the Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia (Vrhovno sodišče) which generally decides on extraordinary legal remedies and is the court of third instance in some cases. In addition to these general courts, there are also 5 other courts of first instance – 3 labour courts (delovna sodišča), 1 labour and social court (socialno sodišče) and one administrative court. A High labour and social court (višje delovno in socialno sodišče) is competent to deal with individual and collective labour and social cases at the second instance. The Administrative court which has a high court status is competent to deal at first level with appeals against administrative decisions. The number of all courts considered as geographic locations is 77, including: first instance courts of general jurisdiction (55) + first instance specialised courts (4 labour courts + 1 social court + 7 branch offices of labour and social courts + 1 administrative court + 3 branch offices of administrative court) + second instance courts and courts of appeal (4 higher courts of general jurisdiction + 1 higher labour and social court) + the Supreme court.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)	First instance general jurisdiction (legal entities)	First instance specialised jurisdiction (legal entities)
2010	77	55	5
2012	77	55	5
2013	77	55	5
2014	77	55	5
2015	77	55	5
2016	77	55	5





In Slovenia there are 5 first instance specialized courts. On the one hand, there are 4 labour courts, but one of them is both labour and insurance/social welfare court. On the other hand, there is one administrative court.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

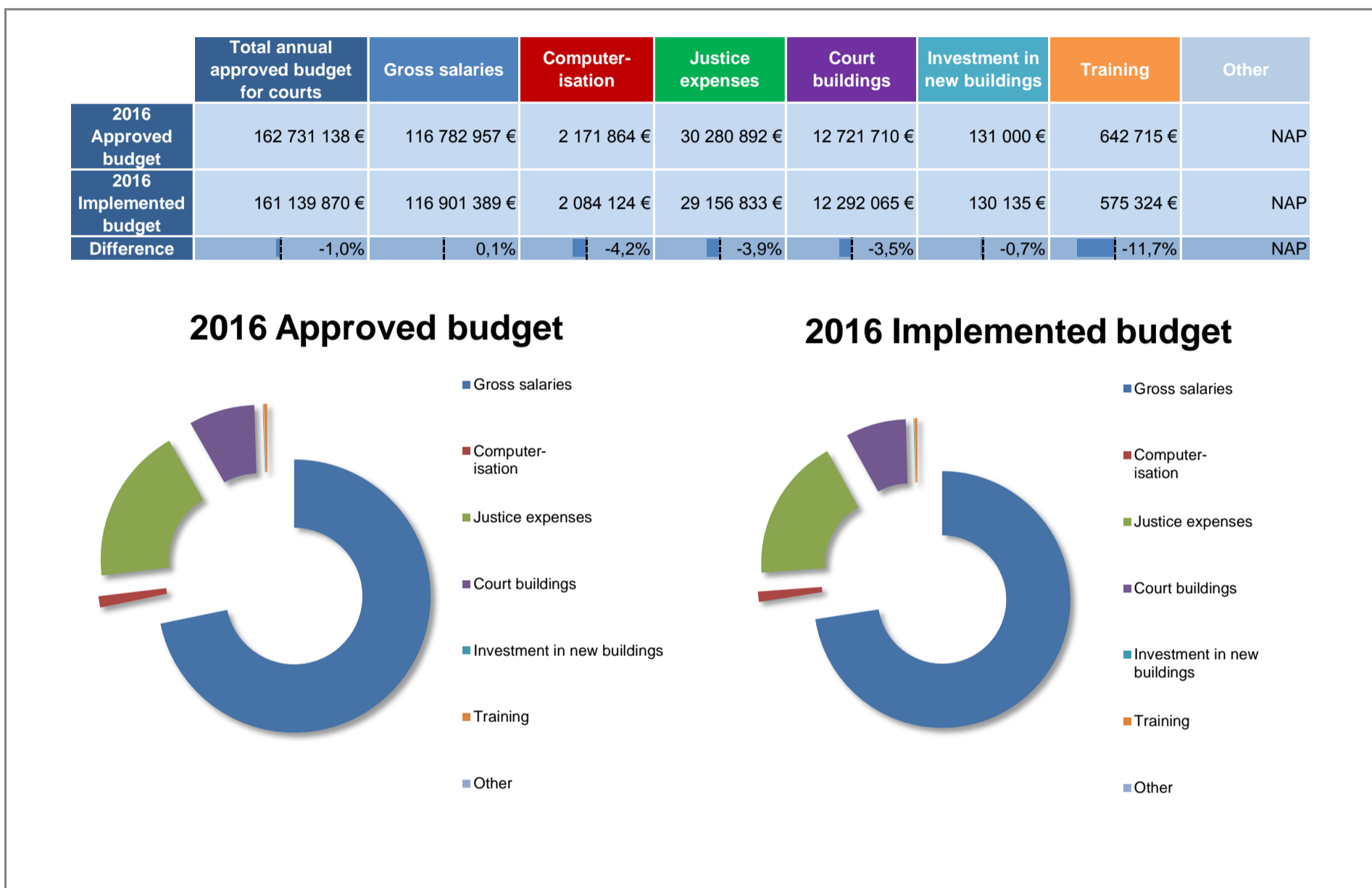
Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 162 731 138 €

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 78,8 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (116 782 957 €)
- Justice expenses (30 280 892 €)
- Court buildings (12 721 710 €)

The figures above represent the budget, approved by the Parliament, while financing from EU sources is not included (in 2016, no EU funds were spent). Concerning the categories "computerisation" and "training", it should be mentioned that in past years, the annual amount was cut down due to austerity measures while in the recent years, the spending returned close to the level before the budgetary cuts.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 185 314 973 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 89,7 €

The budget per capita (89,7 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Slovenia belongs to the group of European States with high degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 3,6%.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 250 570 939 €

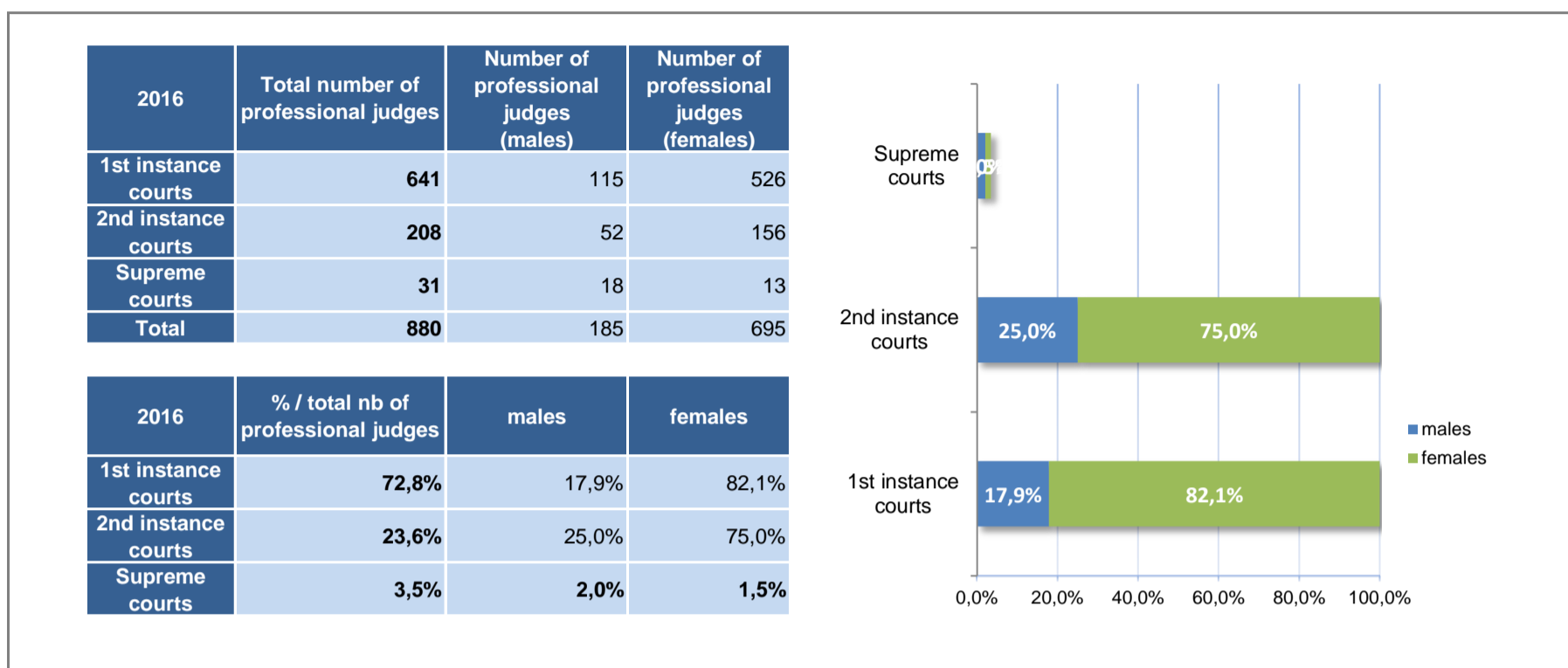
This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Council of the judiciary
- Constitutionnal court
- State advocacy
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

The annual public budget for the whole justice system includes: 'Courts' (total at Q 6 without the amounts financed by the Ministry of Justice); 'Legal aid', 'Public prosecution services', 'Prison system' – Prison Administration of the Republic of Slovenia; 'Council of the judiciary' – the Judicial Council of the Republic of Slovenia; 'Constitutional court' – Constitutional Court of the Republic of Sloveni; 'State advocacy' – State Attorney's Office of the Republic of Slovenia; 'Functioning of the Ministry of justice' – Ministry of Justice without prison system.

• Human resources

◦ Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovenia is 880 which is -1,9% less than in 2015.

More precisely, in Slovenia, in 2016, there are 42,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,8 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 3,7 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 695 which represents 79,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 641 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 526 are female) ; 208 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 156 are female) and 31 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 13 are female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the provided total number of judges corresponds to of de facto occupied judicial posts performing their functions. The number of actual active judges excludes the ones that are on maternity or sick leave, but includes those on annual leave. The number of full time equivalent based on working hours is also available. At the end of 2016, 897 judicial posts were formally occupied (full-time equivalent method), although some posts were de facto vacant (e.g. judge absent due to maternity leave). The actual presence is also calculated, based on number of hours judges are actually present in court (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave). The number of judges in Slovenian judicial system in 2016 was 811,52 according to actual presence calculations. The indicated total (880) corresponds to professional judges sitting in courts, since the rest of the judges (17 judges - difference to the total of 897 judges) were assigned to other duties (e.g. the Ministry of Justice, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council) and do not sit in courts.

In Slovenia, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Compulsory
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Compulsory
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

The Judicial Training Centre is a body of the Ministry of Justice which tasks consist in: implementing the training of judicial trainees; organizing and supervising the execution of legal state exams, organizing and supervising the execution of other forms of exams required in the justice system; organizing and supervising the execution of different types of permanent in-service training of judges, judicial advisers and court personnel; conducting the obligatory professional training for presidents and directors of courts; publishing professional literature. The director of the Centre is a higher judge that is delegated to work at the Ministry of Justice. The Courts Act states that the Expert Council is set up for providing expert assistance to the Centre in the implementation of its tasks. The JTC carried out also education and professional training of public prosecutors.

Initial training for judges includes training before election for a judge, as well as seminars and other educational events for first-instance judges (workshops, simulations of main hearings carried out by higher-court judges).

General in-service-training includes various courses, lectures and conferences, e.g. ethics for judges, foreign language law terminology, attitude towards problematic parties, etc. International exchange and visits for judges are also provided. In-service training for management functions of the court is compulsory for all newly appointed presidents and directors of courts within one year of their appointment. The training is a five-day course in the field of public management and basic managerial skills, like human resources management, conflict management, public appearance, etc. One day workshops on the use of new IT solutions designed to better manage the judicial authorities are carried out for managerial staff as well. In-service training for specialised judicial functions includes judicial schools for different legal fields, where individual chapters of substantive and procedural law are studied. It includes seminars on specific questions for instance: seminars on the appropriate way to carry out contacts with the child, understanding accounting balances, fighting cyber-crime, etc. E-learning is implemented for the use of information systems in the field of Criminal Law, Insolvency Law, Land Register Law and Enforcement Law. There are also courses for the use of law information systems – the case law data-base.

The approved budget of the Judicial Training Center for 2016 was 220.000 EUR and the implemented one - 412.020 EUR.

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	3 274	436	0	0	0	0
2012	3 330	346	481	NA	NA	NA
2013	3 239	425	838	1 562	414	NAP
2014	3 355	505	1 080	1 639	131	NAP
2015	3 300	481	659	1 998	162	NAP
2016	3 330	516	826	1 796	192	NAP

In Slovenia, in 2016, there are 3 300 non-judge staff (among which 2 924 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 0,9%

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 516 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 826 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 702 are women);
- 1 796 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 1 660 are women);
- 192 technical staff (among which 95 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 160,1 in 2015 to 161,3 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 43,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 42,6 in 2016.

In Slovenia the total number contains the following categories:

- court clerks: (Land register clerks, Enforcement court clerks and Commercial register clerks). They have a role of 'Rechtspfleger'.
- judicial advisers: non-judge staff whose task is to assist judges, since they, in particular matters outside the main proceedings, perform the work connected with the hearings of parties, witnesses and experts, perform more complex preparatory work for the main trial proceedings, report at the panel sessions, draft decisions, conduct the main trial proceedings under the guidance of the judge and perform other work under the order of the judge. These are lawyers with law degree and the Legal State Examination.
- judicial assistants: non-judge staff, who have graduated in law (not necessarily) and assist the judge in various fields, but do not help in preparing decisions for the cases. They mainly help with the preparations of decisions about the costs of proceedings, execution of the proceedings (summoning witnesses and other participants), etc.
- secretaries of courts
- other court staff

It is noteworthy that, the Supreme Court can, in order to ensure timeliness of proceedings, distribute additional finances for temporary employment of additional staff to individual courts. The evaluation and distribution of funds is conducted yearly.

The Supreme Court's strategic orientation according to this matter is to decrease the number of judges, while increasing the number of staff (corresponding mainly to „Non-judge“ and „Administrative“ categories). Besides, it should be highlighted that the number of court staff is reported according to the actual work tasks of the staff. Between years, court staff can be assigned to different departments and tasks and therefore the variation of Rechtspfleger/Non-judge/Administrative staff categories and male/female ratio within categories can change, even though no major hiring or letting go for different categories of court staff had occurred.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 3 200 000 € (1,5 € per capita).

The law prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding (Free Legal Aid Act).

Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services laid down in this Act, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding. On the other hand the approved legal aid shall not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person authorised by the opposing party. The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid: legal advice; the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; legal advice and representation before international courts; legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding.

Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of:

1. Costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs;
2. Security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments);
3. Costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court;
4. Other costs of the proceeding.

No distinction can be carried out between cases brought to court and cases not brought to court, as well as between criminal law cases and other than criminal law cases.

Roughly 20% of legal aid budget was spent on criminal cases and 80% on other than criminal cases. Detailed budgetary data on criminal and other cases is available at the level of the case management system and will differ from final budgetary data (in the table) due to accounting rules.

Detailed budgetary data on cases brought to court or not is currently not available, due to the data structure of the case management system. In single "legal aid" cases, the request can be granted for multiple forms (costs) of legal aid, some of them fitting in the category "cases, brought to court" while others not (i.e. in one case, legal aid can be granted for verification of documents and representation before courts), however the amount spent for legal aid is currently not recorded by form of legal aid, therefore the sums for cases brought to court or not cannot be calculated.

In Slovenia legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions. More precisely, in the proceeding of enforcement of judicial decisions the exemption from court fees (according to the Court Fees Act) and legal aid in the form of legal advice, legal representation and the exemption from payment of the procedural costs (the Free Legal Aid Act) are possible.

Legal aid can be granted for other costs.

The Free Legal Aid Act (FLAA) prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding. Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding.

The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid: for legal advice; for the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; for legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; for legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; for legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; for legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; for legal advice and representation before international courts; for legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding. Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of: costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs; security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments); costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court; other costs of the proceeding. The legal aid system does not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person representing the opposing party.

Individuals are free to choose their lawyers in the frame of the legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

According to the Court Fees Act the court shall exempt from payment of court fees a party, if such payment would significantly affect the funds needed for the maintenance of the party or his/her family members.

The Labour and Social Courts Act specifies that in collective labour disputes and social disputes no court tax is required. An employee is not required to pay a court fee in individual labour disputes on conclusion, existence and termination of labour contract.

The parties are not required to pay court fees in court proceedings for judicial enforcement, when:

- enforcing decisions related to workers and labour disputes or
- recovering debt, if the debt in question is alimony.

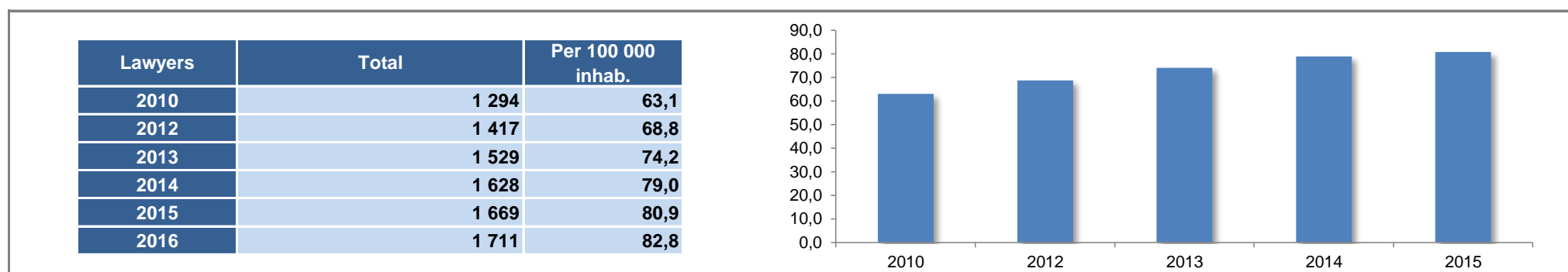
In criminal cases, the payment of court fees is required for assuming prosecution as an injured party or filing a private charge only. The public prosecutor is not required to pay a court fees to start the proceeding before a criminal court, however if the accused is found guilty, he is required to pay the court fees.

Court fees are generally calculated according to the value of the dispute and a specific quotient which is prescribed for certain kinds of court proceedings. In some cases (e.g. divorce cases, insolvency cases) court fees are in fixed amounts.

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 125 EUR.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Slovenia, in 2016, there are 1 711 lawyers, which is 2,5% more than in 2015.

This data represents 82,8 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

There are no obligatory rules about continuous training for lawyers in Slovenia.

Article 14 of the Code of Professional Conduct of the Bar Association of Slovenia enacts that the lawyer shall permanently engage in his expert advance studies and shall mind his general education and broad knowledge. Through his professional practice he shall assert and intensify the importance of legal aid as well as the good reputation of the social function of the Bar. The Code also provides that the lawyer shall help other lawyers with his expert knowledge and shall contribute to the expert and general education of prospective entrants and pupils.

Every year a "Lawyers school" is organized in order to introduce them the latest education about the newer legislation and other issues important to Slovenian lawyers by the Slovenian Bar Association. Nevertheless, the attendance of lawyers is not obligatory.

The lawyer who has been awarded the title of specialist in a certain subject or the academic title of Master of Law shall on his demand be recognized the status of specialist lawyer, provided that he has practiced the legal profession and/or has held a judicial office in the claimed domain for at least five years.

The lawyer who has been elected assistant senior lecturer, associate professor or full professor of the Faculty of Law, shall be recognized the status of lawyer specialized in the legal domain where he practiced his pedagogical and scientific work, even if he does not fulfil the conditions of the five years' practice (Article 33 of the Attorneys Act).

• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

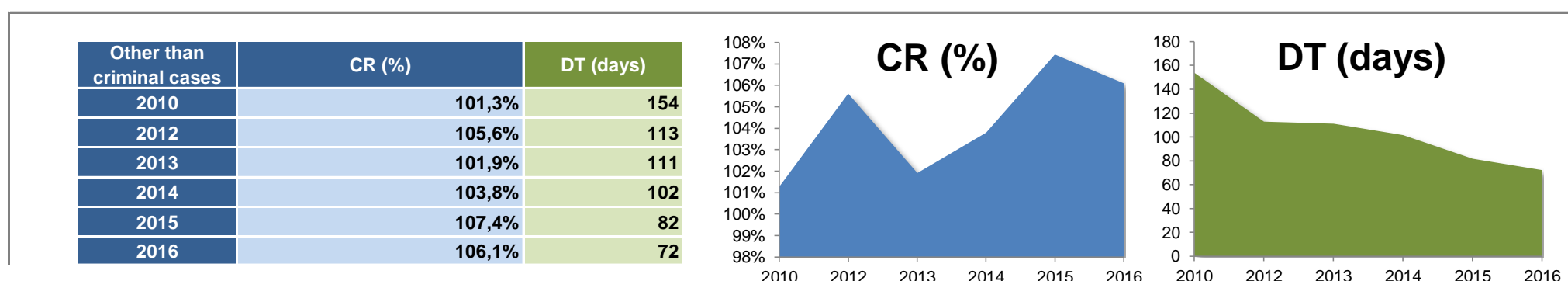
At the outset, it should be mentioned that the cases are classified into CEPEJ categories slightly differently over the years.

Inconsistencies within the tables are possible due to the peculiarity of the Supreme Court's Data Warehouse (PSP Project). The latter is a single collection of data important to the business of courts. Data from all different Case Management Systems (CMS) are extracted (E), transformed (T) and loaded (L) into the Data Warehouse automatically. The Data Warehouse has been used in the Slovenian judiciary as the official source of data since January 1st 2012, at every court, and for providing data to the Ministry of Justice and at the Judicial Council.

The Data Warehouse provides up to date information about performance of the courts and the most accurate figures on the number of cases possible. If queries in the database are done periodically, the reported figures for a specific date or period of time inevitably vary because of different reasons: in most cases, where the figures do not change considerably, this can be attributed to the fact that the data was not promptly entered into the CMS; in some instances, the decision, in which category some specific new cases should be included, may be subsequently changed and when data are unified some figures change; there is also the possibility that a mistake was done when entering the data and was later detected in the quality check and corrected.

It is noteworthy that, in recent years, the number of incoming cases is generally decreasing due to several reasons, partly due to a better economic situation in Slovenia and mainly to a successful introduction of new business models in the Slovenian judiciary (informatisation, change of perception when litigants and debtors do not see any profit in prolonging court procedures, gradual settlement of case-law). Considering the higher number of incoming cases (number of pending cases is approx. 20%-30% of all incoming cases), a slight variation in incoming cases might have a considerable effect on the number of pending cases.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



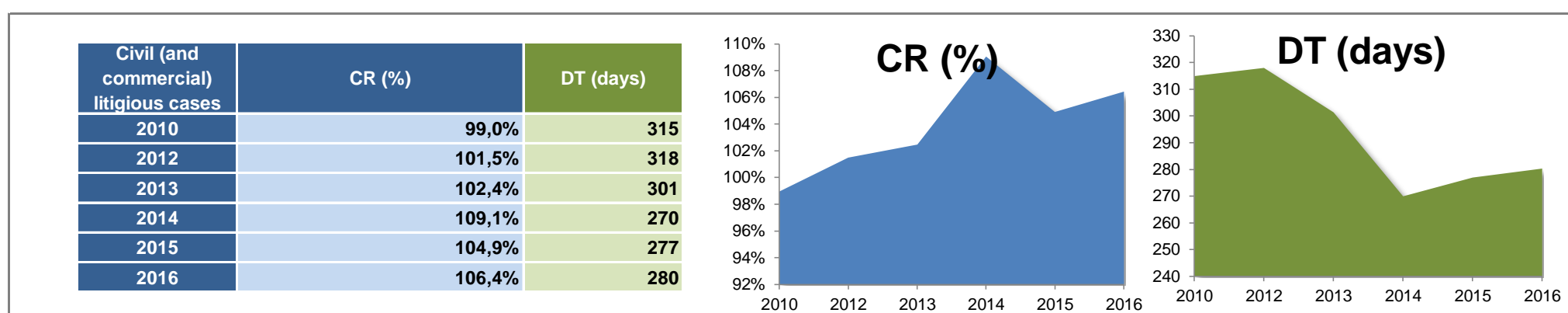
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,4% in 2016, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -1,3 points.

In Slovenia, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 82 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -11,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 106,4% in 2016, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

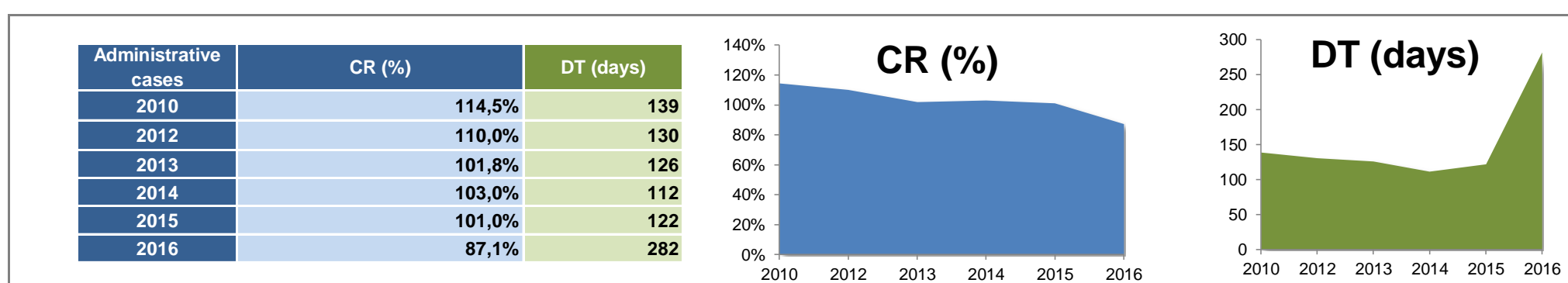
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 1,5 points.

In Slovenia, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 280 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 1,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Slovenia, there are 9 660 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 22,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 87,1% in 2016, Slovenia seems to face difficulties to deal with its administrative cases.

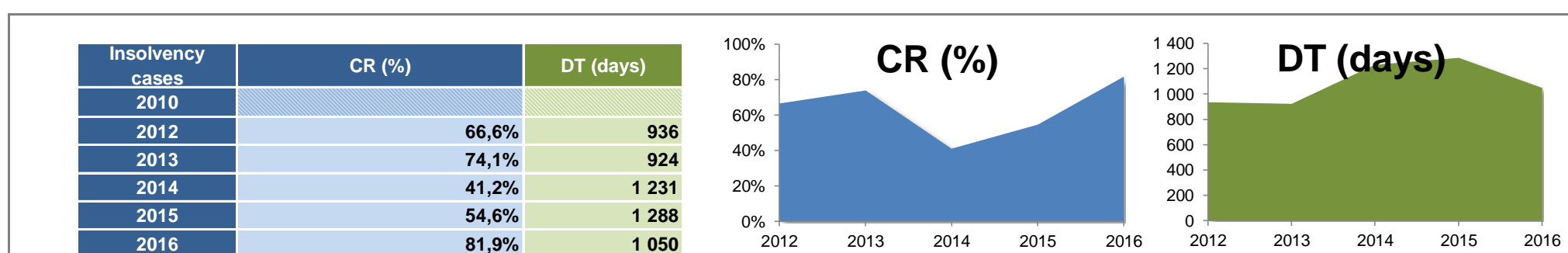
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -13,9 points.

In Slovenia, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 282 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 131,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

In 2016, there are 7 administrative cases older than 2 years. This is 0,4% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year.

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 81,9% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Slovenia still seems to face some difficulties to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 40,7 points.

In Slovenia, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 1 050 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -14,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

It should be mentioned that, the effects of the past economic situation are still producing a high number of incoming insolvency cases, with a high percentage of personal bankruptcies. Following the legislation changes, introducing new, simplified types of (preventive) compulsory settlement, there has been an increase in pending cases due to the overburdening of courts with new cases, as well as lengthy procedures (the case cannot be resolved until the debtor's assets are liquidated – corporate; the case cannot be resolved until the end of probation period for the discharge of debt – personal insolvency; in this period the court cannot influence the duration and the case is still classified as not finished).

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Slovenia, individual courts are required to prepare an activity report. The latter is released through paper distribution. Besides, the law provides for annual report to be submitted to the higher court, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council and the Ministry of Justice. The courts are recommended to make their annual reports publicly available through their web pages, however this is not mandatory.

◦ The frequency of the reporting is annual.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

In Slovenia there is a regular monitoring system in a form of collecting data on court statistics. Court statistics are collected and published four times a year by the Ministry of Justice. They include the data on the number of judges and court staff, number of incoming, resolved and pending cases, age of unresolved cases, length of proceedings, average time to resolve a case, type of decision, court backlogs, legal remedies and time to issue a court decision.

Besides that, courts themselves are equipped by special reports produced in the Court management information system on general statistics, as well as priority areas that are set in the beginning of year. They include more detailed information on court activities (length of specific phases in a court procedure, top 20 oldest cases in certain area of law for each specific court, etc.) and human resources, as well as performance indicators (the critical indicators are marked red) that provide guidance to presidents and directors of courts. In that respect Slovenia in its monitoring system has also "other" data available.

In Slovenia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court. Such evaluations are carried out annually.

According to the Courts Act (art. 60.a) every court has to prepare the annual report, which includes data on human resources (such as the number of judges), court statistics (such as the number of solved cases, unsolved cases, legal remedies, their outcome), and time frames of judicial proceedings (such as clearance rate or the number of solved cases considered backlogs). Beside that, the court has to analyse the achieving of objectives, set in the yearly plan (look below) of work. This report is sent to the higher court, the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council and the Ministry of Justice.

The Courts Act (art. 71.a) also provides that court presidents have to prepare a yearly plan (the Courts Act, art. 71.a, b) that is sent to the president of the higher court, the Supreme Court and the Minister of Justice. The yearly plan includes estimations of the number of new cases and targets in terms of time frames for typical acts in judicial procedures and the disposition time indicator. It also includes a plan of results with estimations of the number of solved cases and criteria regarding efficiency rate, disposition time, case per judge, etc. Additionally, the criterion of costs per case is monitored and evaluated. Court presidents are responsible for meeting the targets set and they can be removed from the position of president, if the targets are not met.

Until the 2013 amendment to the Courts Act the Judicial Council was tasked with monitoring and evaluating the performance of courts and issuing a yearly report on the execution of judicial power (Courts Act, art. 28). With the amendment of the Courts Act that came in force in 2014 this responsibility is entrusted with the Supreme Court.

In the process of budget preparation each court has to set targets, the achieving of which is subject of a yearly report of the courts to the Ministry of Finance.

Performance and Quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The Annual work programme (see Q75) consists of the assessment of the expected number of incoming cases, timeframes for typical procedural acts and solving the cases and the plan of operating results. The latter includes the expected number of resolved cases and criteria of efficiency (resolved cases to staff ratio), effectiveness (expected time to resolution) and economy (budgetary funds to solved cases ratio) (the Courts Act, art. 71.b). The number of complaints is monitored as a performance indicator, however it is not directly considered as a measure of quality of work. The data on satisfaction of court staff and users is also collected, however it is not yet used as quality indicator.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for the judicial system.

The Supreme Court's Data warehouse, containing all court cases, as well as financial data and human resources data was implemented in 2011. The data are collected based on CEPEJ Guidelines on Judicial statistics (GOJUST). A special office at the Supreme Court with specialised knowledge was introduced in order to monitor the quality and define quality policies on the level of entire judiciary and individual courts. Quality standards based on SATURN guidelines are taken into account in several predefined BI system reports.

The important role in the determination of quality standards is played by the Supreme Court's „Opening of the judicial year“ document, in which a set of priorities is determined. The priorities are subsequently monitored throughout the judicial year by automated BI tools and customised analysis at the Supreme Court.

The 2013 amendment to the Courts Act provides that the Supreme Court shall adopt the Criteria for quality of work for courts for the next (judicial) year, based on its Yearly report on efficiency and effectiveness of courts. In 2015 and 2016 the Supreme Court adopted the timeframes for different types of procedures as well as for different procedural phases for next year (as a part of the Criteria for quality of work).

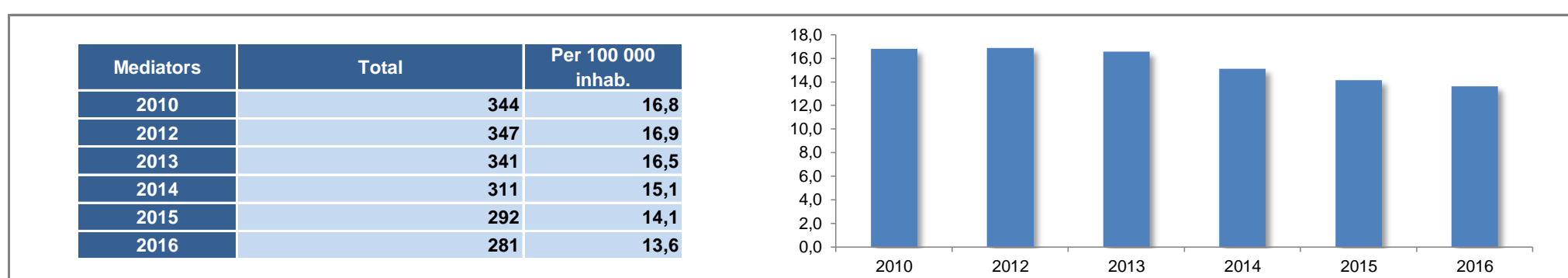
•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Slovenia does provide judicial mediation.

According to the Act on Alternative Dispute Resolution in Judicial Matters, all courts of first and second instance have to adopt ADR programmes. On the basis of these programmes, mediation is offered in disputes arising from commercial, labour, family and other civil relationships, with regard to claims that are at parties' disposal and that parties can agree upon. Courts may also introduce other forms of ADR. The Act refers to local, district and labour courts, as well as to high courts and the Higher labour and social disputes court. The court may adopt and implement the programme as an activity organised directly in court (court-annexed programme) or on the basis of a contract with a suitable provider of ADR (court-connected programme). Courts can also cooperate when implementing the programme. Mediators in these programmes have to fulfil conditions, determined by the Act. The courts' budget shall provide the funds for the programmes that are offered by courts. Mediation in disputes in relations between parents and children and in labour disputes due to termination of an employment contract is free of costs for parties. In other disputes, the first three hours of mediation are free of costs for parties. The only exception is mediation in commercial disputes; parties pay the costs of such mediation. Parties may be referred to mediation in two different ways: on the basis of parties' agreement or on the basis of the information session (in this case they may oppose to referral and in such case, mediation does not start). In case mediation starts, the court proceedings are suspended for 3 months. The Act expressly refers to cases in which the state is a party. In all judicial disputes where this Act is applied and where the Republic of Slovenia is a party, the State Attorney shall give consent for mediation when such a decision is appropriate, given the circumstances of the case. If the State Attorney deems mediation to be unsuitable, he shall submit an explanation and a proposal to the Government of the Republic of Slovenia and ask for a decision. Criminal matters: The possibility of a settlement proceeding has been introduced in 1998, with the changes of Criminal Procedure Act. The proceeding is not called 'mediation' but 'settlement in criminal matters'. It may be introduced before filing a request for investigation or before filing a charge sheet without the investigation; it may be applied in case of minor criminal offences. The aim of such proceedings is to reach a settlement, which contains certain moral or material satisfaction for the victim. It is up to the public prosecutor to transfer the case into the settlement proceedings. In doing so, the public prosecutor shall take account of the type and nature of the offence, the circumstances in which it was committed, the personality of the perpetrator and his prior convictions for the same type of / or for other criminal offences, as well as his degree of criminal liability. The settlement proceedings shall be run by the settlement agent. The settlement proceedings may only be implemented with the consent of the suspect and the victim. The suspect and the victim bear the costs of the proceedings. The control over these proceedings is exercised by a board, established by the Supreme Public Prosecutor's Office.

Other specific legislation that regulates mediation and other ADR: the Patient Rights Act regulates the mediation proceeding between patients and health-care service providers; the Employment Relationship Act stipulates in article 201 the possibility that the employer and the employee agree on resolving their dispute in mediation or arbitration proceedings.

A special mandatory referral to mediation is regulated by the Financial Operations, Insolvency Proceedings and Compulsory Dissolution Act in the field of insolvency proceedings.



In Slovenia, in 2016, there are 281 accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation which represent 13,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 is about -3,8%.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	2 844	139
Civil and commercial	2 320	113
Family cases	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	524	26
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP

The abovementioned statistical data refers (only) to mediation in civil and commercial matters under the Act on Alternative Dispute Resolution in Judicial Matters. It does not refer to settlement proceedings in criminal matters that cannot be defined as mediation. The aim of such proceedings is to reach a settlement, which contains certain moral or material satisfaction for the victim. It is up to the public prosecutor to transfer the case into the settlement proceedings.

The figures represent resolved mediation cases (no matter what was the outcome of mediation). The category 1. "Civil cases" includes family cases. The figure at the category 4. "Employment dismissals cases" is the number of mediations at the labour and social courts and includes employment dismissals cases.

The difference (decrease) in number of mediation cases compared to 2014 can be partially due to decrease in number of incoming court cases. In 2016, the mediation was offered in 7.969 civil and 1.475 labour cases.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

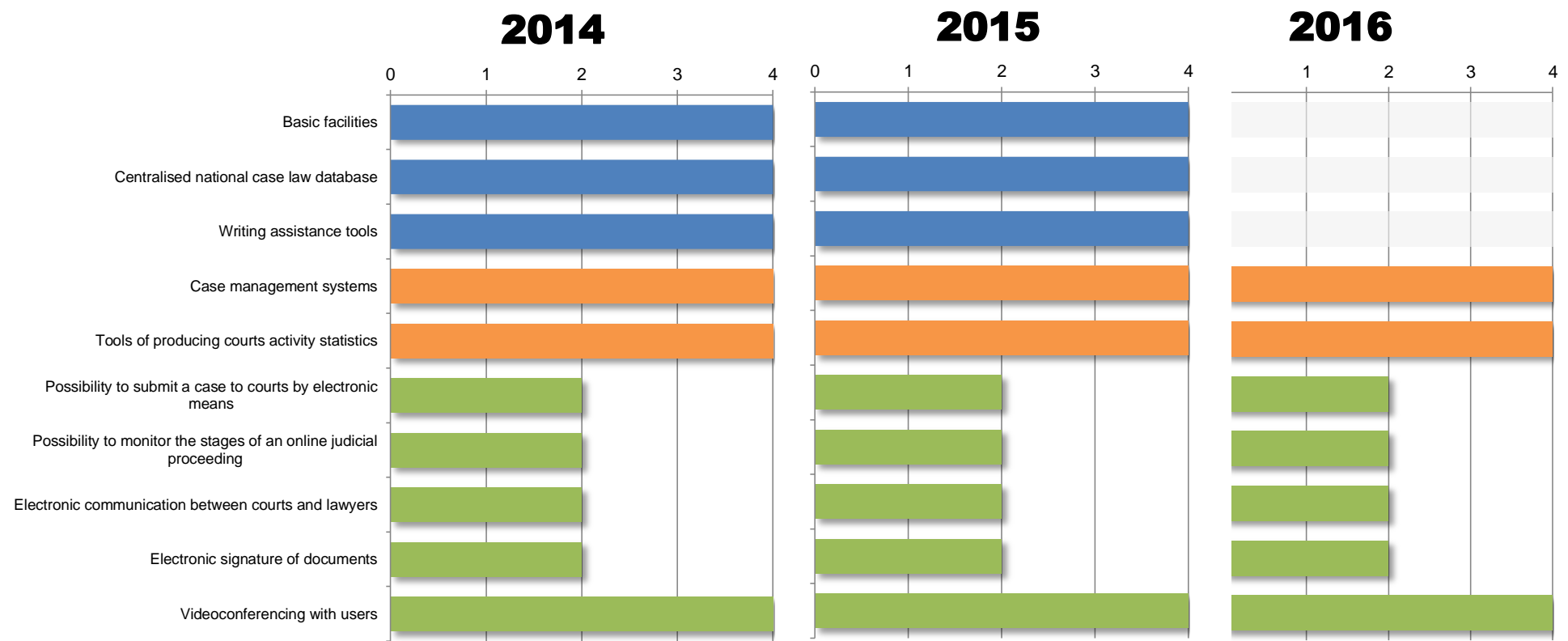
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Slovenia has been evaluated at 8,0 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



4. National data collection system

In Slovenia, the Ministry of Justice, is the centralised institution that is responsible for publishing statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary. The data for Court statistics, published by the Ministry of Justice is obtained from the Supreme Court's Data warehouse (PSP Project).

This institution publishes statistics of each court on Intrenet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

There are no comprehensive reform plans to be mentioned.

2. Budget

No reform has been foreseen in this respect.

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 286	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	11,4%	8,8%	9,1%	3,4%	3,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts court budget	178 158 919	160 526 569	161 730 711	164 850 383	157 386 726	162 731 138	-8,7%	-2,0%	-2,7%	-4,5%	3,4%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts court budget	-	-	-	166 508 710	160 883 575	161 139 870	-	-	-	-3,4%	0,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	3 492 487	3 184 217	3 091 043	-	-	-	-8,8%	-2,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	19 263 376	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	0,6%	3,5%	7,0%	9,2%	6,1%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	17 244 379	18 134 349	19 351 893	-	-	-	5,2%	6,7%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	99,1	89,2	88,7	89,8	86,6	89,7	-9,5%	-3,0%	-2,4%	-3,5%	3,6%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	90,8	88,3	88,9	-	-	-	-	0,7%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	19 263 376	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	0,6%	3,5%	7,0%	9,2%	6,1%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	99,1	89,2	88,7	89,8	86,6	89,7	-9,5%	-3,0%	-2,4%	-3,5%	3,6%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	90,8	88,3	88,9	-	-	-	-2,8%	0,7%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	178 158 919	160 526 569	161 730 711	164 850 383	157 386 726	162 731 138	-8,7%	-2,0%	-2,7%	-4,5%	3,4%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	126 167 405	116 762 256	117 611 277	116 857 250	114 426 191	116 782 957	-7,4%	-2,0%	-2,7%	-2,1%	2,1%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	4 074 203	3 841 867	2 614 064	1 763 606	2 252 090	2 171 864	-46,7%	-41,4%	-13,8%	27,7%	-3,6%
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	37 976 296	27 364 881	28 458 636	33 668 847	28 291 643	30 280 892	-20,3%	3,4%	-0,6%	-16,0%	7,0%
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	7 634 034	11 911 695	12 226 375	12 076 052	11 914 378	12 721 710	66,6%	0,0%	-2,6%	-1,3%	6,8%
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	1 077 240	0	276 000	0	0	131 000	-87,8%	-	-100,0%	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	1 229 741	645 870	544 359	484 628	502 424	642 715	-47,7%	-22,2%	-7,7%	3,7%	27,9%
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	99 €	89 €	89 €	90 €	87 €	90 €	-9,5%	-3,0%	-2,4%	-3,5%	3,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	19 263 376	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	0,6%	3,5%	7,0%	9,2%	6,1%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	263 000 000	294 370 565	260 608 342	255 495 825	240 006 378	250 570 939	-4,7%	-18,5%	-7,9%	-6,1%	4,4%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	178 158 919	160 526 569	161 730 711	164 850 383	157 386 726	162 731 138	-8,7%	-2,0%	-2,7%	-4,5%	3,4%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	178 158 919	160 526 569	161 730 711	164 850 383	157 386 726	162 731 138	0 €	-2,0%	-2,7%	-4,5%	3,4%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	4 074 203	3 841 867	2 614 064	1 763 606	2 252 090	2 171 864	0 €	-41,4%	-13,8%	27,7%	-3,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	19 263 376	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	0,6%	3,5%	7,0%	9,2%	6,1%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	178 158 919	160 526 569	161 730 711	164 850 383	157 386 726	162 731 138	-8,7%	-2,0%	-2,7%	-4,5%	3,4%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	50 858 000	40 461 043	-	41 131 998	36 992 780	33 239 643	-34,6%	-8,6%	-	-10,1%	-10,1%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debtp recovery	-	fixed amounts.	-	fixed amounts.	ed in fixed amounts.	it in fixed amounts.	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	55	55	55	55	55	55	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	5	5	5	5	5	5	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	77	77	77	77	77	77	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	6	6	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 907	356 071	303 220	285 279	251 889	192 231	-51,1%	-29,3%	-16,9%	-11,7%	-23,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 180	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	-18,9%	-14,6%	-12,8%	-10,1%	-5,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	-	-	-	-8,8%	-30,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	237 755	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	-52,2%	-17,7%	-12,6%	-7,3%	-30,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	-	-	-	-37,1%	-19,4%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	44 806	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	-90,1%	-88,1%	-63,4%	-37,4%	-17,4%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	394	839	477	957	633	402	2,0%	-24,6%	32,7%	-33,9%	-36,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	3 092	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	-47,6%	-31,4%	-13,8%	-9,4%	-2,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	50 680	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	-47,8%	-39,1%	-26,1%	-26,7%	-14,9%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	892 470	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	-20,4%	-13,9%	-13,1%	-8,2%	-11,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	66 607	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	-22,4%	-8,7%	-10,0%	-4,5%	-9,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	245 897	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	-25,0%	-17,8%	-18,0%	-10,0%	-10,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	271 314	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	-11,2%	-13,3%	-6,6%	-10,1%	-9,5%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	44 971	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	28,4%	23,2%	6,0%	-1,8%	-6,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	5 333	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	-44,3%	-2,6%	-8,2%	-10,1%	-38,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	258 348	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	-33,2%	-19,5%	-20,8%	-6,6%	-15,6%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	903 841	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	-16,6%	-12,4%	-8,4%	-5,0%	-12,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 917	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	-16,6%	-5,7%	-7,8%	-8,2%	-8,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	-	-	-	-3,0%	-11,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	269 839	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	-18,1%	-1,8%	-1,9%	6,3%	-13,9%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	265 964	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	-9,8%	-20,8%	-8,2%	-10,7%	-10,1%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	44 797	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	28,9%	22,8%	6,9%	-1,9%	-6,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	6 105	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	-57,6%	-10,5%	-8,9%	-11,8%	-46,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	251 219	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	-29,4%	-20,5%	-18,9%	-9,2%	-15,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	380 614	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	-60,9%	-36,6%	-32,6%	-23,7%	-22,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 863	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	-25,7%	-17,9%	-15,3%	-5,8%	-7,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	-	-	-	-30,6%	-30,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	212 956	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	-63,8%	-39,7%	-35,9%	-30,9%	-32,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	-	-	-	-20,3%	15,7%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	50 165	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	-89,7%	-69,8%	-48,5%	-18,4%	16,7%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	566	477	1 011	634	402	419	-26,0%	-15,7%	-60,2%	-36,6%	4,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2 320	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	-13,8%	-16,4%	-12,1%	-3,7%	23,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	57 744	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	-62,3%	-37,1%	-37,7%	-14,9%	-17,8%

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,3%	105,6%	101,9%	103,8%	107,4%	106,1%	4,8%	1,7%	5,4%	3,5%	-1,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	99,0%	101,5%	102,4%	109,1%	104,9%	106,4%	7,5%	3,4%	2,4%	-3,8%	1,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102,7%	109,7%	107,4%	-	-	-	6,8%	-2,1%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	109,7%	104,5%	104,2%	105,5%	124,7%	119,8%	9,1%	19,3%	19,6%	18,2%	-3,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	101,0%	100,4%	99,7%	-	-	-	-0,6%	-0,6%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	98,0%	109,8%	102,1%	101,1%	100,4%	99,7%	1,7%	-8,6%	-1,7%	-0,7%	-0,7%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	99,6%	100,7%	99,5%	100,5%	100,4%	100,0%	0,4%	-0,3%	0,9%	-0,1%	-0,4%
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	114,5%	110,0%	101,8%	103,0%	101,0%	87,1%	-23,9%	-8,2%	-0,8%	-1,9%	-13,8%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	97,2%	103,5%	99,9%	105,2%	102,3%	102,7%	5,6%	-1,2%	2,4%	-2,8%	0,4%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	154	113	111	102	82	72	-53,2%	-27,7%	-26,4%	-19,7%	-11,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	315	318	301	270	277	280	-11,0%	-12,9%	-8,1%	2,6%	1,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	103	74	58	-	-	-	-28,4%	-21,2%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	288	263	248	249	162	127	-55,8%	-38,6%	-34,7%	-35,0%	-21,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	6	5	7	-	-	-	-12,2%	27,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	69	16	11	7	6	8	-88,6%	-61,9%	-43,8%	-8,5%	29,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	5	3	6	4	2	3	-42,6%	-31,4%	-62,8%	-35,4%	11,9%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	139	130	126	112	122	282	103,3%	-6,5%	-3,4%	9,2%	131,6%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	84	58	60	49	46	45	-46,6%	-20,9%	-23,2%	-6,3%	-3,0%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	1 104	1 068	1 022	1 048	1 033	896	-18,8%	-3,3%	1,1%	-1,4%	-13,3%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	818	622	657	743	598	551	-32,6%	-3,9%	-9,0%	-19,5%	-7,9%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	3 667	4 558	5 288	9 169	11 999	-	150,0%	101,2%	73,4%	30,9%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	1 903	1 954	1 917	1 839	1 709	1 748	-8,1%	-12,5%	-10,9%	-7,1%	2,3%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	987	1 038	1 085	932	905	887	-10,1%	-12,8%	-16,6%	-2,9%	-2,0%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	2 669	2 819	6 596	6 224	5 517	-	133,2%	120,8%	-5,6%	-11,4%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	1 937	2 000	1 891	1 851	1 842	1 829	-5,6%	-7,9%	-2,6%	-0,5%	-0,7%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 147	1 003	999	1 075	952	868	-24,3%	-5,1%	-4,7%	-11,4%	-8,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	1 778	2 089	2 717	3 398	4 519	-	91,1%	62,7%	25,1%	33,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	1 070	1 022	1 048	1 036	900	815	-23,8%	-11,9%	-14,1%	-13,1%	-9,4%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	658	657	743	600	551	570	-13,4%	-16,1%	-25,8%	-8,2%	3,4%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	4 558	5 288	9 167	11 995	12 997	-	163,2%	126,8%	30,8%	8,4%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,8%	102,4%	98,6%	100,7%	107,8%	104,6%	2,8%	5,3%	9,3%	7,1%	-2,9%
CR Employment dismissal cases	116,2%	96,6%	92,1%	115,3%	105,2%	97,9%	-15,8%	8,9%	14,2%	-8,8%	-7,0%
CR Insolvency cases	-	66,6%	74,1%	41,2%	54,6%	81,9%	-	-18,0%	-26,3%	32,5%	50,0%
DT Litigious divorce cases	202	187	202	204	178	163	-19,3%	-4,4%	-11,8%	-12,7%	-8,8%
DT Employment dismissal cases	209	239	271	204	211	240	14,5%	-11,6%	-22,2%	3,7%	13,5%
DT Insolvency cases	-	936	924	1 231	1 288	1 050	-	37,7%	39,5%	4,6%	-18,5%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	5 684	6 794	6 492	6 158	4 818	4 215	-25,8%	-29,1%	-25,8%	-21,8%	-12,5%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 113	3 901	3 923	3 924	3 141	2 887	-7,3%	-19,5%	-19,9%	-20,0%	-8,1%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	2 234	1 677	1 328	-	-	-	-24,9%	-20,8%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	257	418	298	2 129	1 590	1 249	386,0%	280,4%	433,6%	-25,3%	-21,4%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	105	87	79	-	-	-	-17,1%	-9,2%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	83	74	54	-	-	-	-10,8%	-27,0%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	193	162	141	22	13	25	-87,0%	-92,0%	-90,8%	-40,9%	92,3%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	25	25	23	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	25 008	22 442	22 542	22 257	20 565	18 684	-25,3%	-8,4%	-8,8%	-7,6%	-9,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	13 177	11 744	12 040	12 913	11 943	10 798	-18,1%	1,7%	-0,8%	-7,5%	-9,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	9 344	8 622	7 886	-	-	-	-7,7%	-8,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 213	1 129	1 146	8 730	8 096	7 442	513,5%	617,1%	606,5%	-7,3%	-8,1%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	614	526	444	-	-	-	-14,3%	-15,6%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	526	411	345	-	-	-	-21,9%	-16,1%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	1 125	646	713	88	115	99	-91,2%	-82,2%	-83,9%	30,7%	-13,9%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	174	132	95	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	24 155	22 744	22 869	23 597	21 170	18 756	-22,4%	-6,9%	-7,4%	-10,3%	-11,4%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	12 764	11 723	12 040	13 696	12 199	10 817	-15,3%	4,1%	1,3%	-10,9%	-11,3%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	9 901	8 971	7 939	-	-	-	-9,4%	-11,5%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 148	1 249	1 160	9 269	8 437	7 484	551,9%	575,5%	627,3%	-9,0%	-11,3%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	632	534	455	-	-	-	-15,5%	-14,8%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	535	431	339	-	-	-	-19,4%	-21,3%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	1 021	666	765	97	103	116	-88,6%	-84,5%	-86,5%	6,2%	12,6%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	160	134	96	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 537	6 492	6 162	4 818	4 216	4 143	-36,6%	-35,1%	-31,6%	-12,5%	-1,7%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	3 526	3 923	3 926	3 141	2 888	2 868	-18,7%	-26,4%	-26,4%	-8,1%	-0,7%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	1 677	1 328	1 275	-	-	-	-20,8%	-4,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	322	298	284	1 590	1 249	1 207	274,8%	319,1%	339,8%	-21,4%	-3,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	87	79	68	-	-	-	-9,2%	-13,9%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	74	54	60	-	-	-	-27,0%	11,1%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	297	141	83	13	25	8	-97,3%	-82,3%	-69,9%	92,3%	-68,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	39	23	22	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	96,6%	101,3%	101,5%	106,0%	102,9%	100,4%	3,9%	1,6%	1,5%	-2,9%	-2,5%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	96,9%	99,8%	100,0%	106,1%	102,1%	100,2%	3,4%	2,3%	2,1%	-3,7%	-1,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	106,0%	104,0%	100,7%	-	-	-	-1,8%	-3,2%

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	94,6%	110,6%	101,2%	106,2%	104,2%	100,6%	6,3%	-5,8%	3,0%	-1,8%	-3,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	102,9%	101,5%	102,5%	-	-	-	-1,4%	0,9%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	101,7%	104,9%	98,3%	-	-	-	3,1%	-6,3%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	90,8%	103,1%	107,3%	110,2%	89,6%	117,2%	29,1%	-13,1%	-16,5%	-18,7%	30,8%
CR Other registry cases	92,0%	101,5%	101,1%	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	99	104	98	75	73	81	-18,4%	-30,2%	-26,1%	-2,5%	10,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101	122	119	84	86	97	-4,0%	-29,3%	-27,4%	3,2%	12,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	62	54	59	-	-	-	-12,6%	8,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	102	87	89	63	54	59	-42,5%	-38,0%	-39,5%	-13,7%	8,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	50	54	55	-	-	-	7,5%	1,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	50	46	65	-	-	-	-9,4%	41,3%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	106	77	40	49	89	25	-76,3%	14,6%	123,7%	81,1%	-71,6%
DT Other registry cases	89	63	84	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 142	2 479	-	1 375	1 377	1 282	-69,0%	-44,5%	-	0,1%	-6,9%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 389	1 668	-	1 091	903	798	-66,6%	-45,9%	-	-17,2%	-11,6%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	28	20	13	-	-	-	-28,6%	-35,0%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	17	15	-	25	15	11	-35,3%	0,0%	-	-40,0%	-26,7%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	3	5	2	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	3	5	2	-	-	-	66,7%	-60,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	2	4	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	869	378	-	256	454	471	-45,8%	20,1%	-	77,3%	3,7%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	850	402	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 229	3 030	-	2 770	2 715	2 719	-15,8%	-10,4%	-	-2,0%	0,1%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 668	1 349	-	1 782	1 885	1 808	8,4%	39,7%	-	5,8%	-4,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	37	30	22	-	-	-	-18,9%	-26,7%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	26	28	-	26	27	21	-19,2%	-3,6%	-	3,8%	-22,2%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	11	3	1	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	11	3	1	-	-	-	-72,7%	-66,7%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	6	2	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	974	1 215	-	951	800	889	-8,7%	-34,2%	-	-15,9%	11,1%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	545	431	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 210	3 732	-	2 768	2 810	2 770	-34,2%	-24,7%	-	1,5%	-1,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 971	1 728	-	1 970	1 991	1 847	-6,3%	15,2%	-	1,1%	-7,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	45	36	26	-	-	-	-20,0%	-27,8%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	24	26	-	36	30	24	0,0%	15,4%	-	-16,7%	-20,0%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	9	6	2	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	9	6	2	-	-	-	-33,3%	-66,7%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	3	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	1 411	1 297	-	753	783	897	-36,4%	-39,6%	-	4,0%	14,6%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	782	669	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3 161	1 777	-	1 377	1 282	1 231	-61,1%	-27,9%	-	-6,9%	-4,0%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2 086	1 289	-	903	797	759	-63,6%	-38,2%	-	-11,7%	-4,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	20	14	9	-	-	-	-30,0%	-35,7%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	19	17	-	15	12	8	-57,9%	-29,4%	-	-20,0%	-33,3%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	5	2	1	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	5	2	1	-	-	-	-60,0%	-50,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	5	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	432	296	-	454	471	463	7,2%	59,1%	-	3,7%	-1,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	613	164	-	0	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	130,4%	123,2%	-	99,9%	103,5%	101,9%	-21,9%	-16,0%	-	3,6%	-1,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	118,2%	128,1%	-	110,5%	105,6%	102,2%	-13,5%	-17,5%	-	-4,5%	-3,3%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	121,6%	120,0%	118,2%	-	-	-	-1,3%	-1,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	92,3%	92,9%	-	138,5%	111,1%	114,3%	23,8%	19,7%	-	-19,8%	2,9%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	-	-	-	144,4%	0,0%
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	-	-	-	144,4%	0,0%
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	50,0%	150,0%	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	144,9%	106,7%	-	79,2%	97,9%	100,9%	-30,3%	-8,3%	-	23,6%	3,1%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	143,5%	155,2%	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	274	174	-	182	167	162	-40,8%	-4,2%	-	-8,3%	-2,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	386	272	-	167	146	150	-61,2%	-46,3%	-	-12,7%	2,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	162	142	126	-	-	-	-12,5%	-11,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	289	239	-	152	146	122	-57,9%	-38,8%	-	-4,0%	-16,7%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	203	122	183	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	203	122	183	-	-	-	-40,0%	50,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	608	365	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	112	83	-	220	220	188	68,6%	163,6%	-	-0,2%	-14,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	286	89	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 907	356 071	303 220	285 279	251 889	192 231	-51,1%	-29,3%	-16,9%	-11,7%	-23,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 180	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	-18,9%	-14,6%	-12,8%	-10,1%	-5,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	-	-	-	-8,8%	-30,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	237 755	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	-52,2%	-17,7%	-12,6%	-7,3%	-30,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	-	-	-	-37,1%	-19,4%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	44 806	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	-90,1%	-88,1%	-63,4%	-37,4%	-17,4%

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	394	839	477	957	633	402	2,0%	-24,6%	32,7%	-33,9%	-36,5%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	3 092	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	-47,6%	-31,4%	-13,8%	-9,4%	-2,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	50 680	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	-47,8%	-39,1%	-26,1%	-26,7%	-14,9%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	892 470	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	-20,4%	-13,9%	-13,1%	-8,2%	-11,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	66 607	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	-22,4%	-8,7%	-10,0%	-4,5%	-9,8%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	245 897	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	-25,0%	-17,8%	-18,0%	-10,0%	-10,4%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	-	-	-	-8,6%	-8,9%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	271 314	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	-11,2%	-13,3%	-6,6%	-10,1%	-9,5%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	44 971	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	28,4%	23,2%	6,0%	-1,8%	-6,5%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	5 333	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	-44,3%	-2,6%	-8,2%	-10,1%	-38,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	258 348	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	-33,2%	-19,5%	-20,8%	-6,6%	-15,6%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	903 841	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	-16,6%	-12,4%	-8,4%	-5,0%	-12,3%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 917	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	-16,6%	-5,7%	-7,8%	-8,2%	-8,5%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	-	-	-	-3,0%	-11,4%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	269 839	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	-18,1%	-1,8%	-1,9%	6,3%	-13,9%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	-	-	-	-9,2%	-9,5%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	265 964	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	-9,8%	-20,8%	-8,2%	-10,7%	-10,1%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	44 797	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	28,9%	22,8%	6,9%	-1,9%	-6,9%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	6 105	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	-57,6%	-10,5%	-8,9%	-11,8%	-46,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	251 219	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	-29,4%	-20,5%	-18,9%	-9,2%	-15,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	380 614	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	-60,9%	-36,6%	-32,6%	-23,7%	-22,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 863	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	-25,7%	-17,9%	-15,3%	-5,8%	-7,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	-	-	-	-30,6%	-30,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	212 956	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	-63,8%	-39,7%	-35,9%	-30,9%	-32,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	-	-	-	-20,3%	15,7%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	50 165	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	-89,7%	-69,8%	-48,5%	-18,4%	16,7%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	566	477	1 011	634	402	419	-26,0%	-15,7%	-60,2%	-36,6%	4,2%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2 320	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	-13,8%	-16,4%	-12,1%	-3,7%	23,5%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	57 744	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	-62,3%	-37,1%	-37,7%	-14,9%	-17,8%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	3 492 487	3 184 217	3 091 043	-	-	-	-8,8%	-2,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	5 834 338	5 514 089	4 059 128	3 414 646	3 043 999	3 200 000	-45,2%	-44,8%	-25,0%	-10,9%	5,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	by a contractor.	ided by a contractor.	id by a contractor.	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	PUND	PUND, eINS, eZK	PUND, eINS, eZK	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	PUND	PUND	PUND	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	isnik, eZK, eINS	iVpisnik	iVpisnik	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	a, eZK, i-SRG, eINS	eZK, i-SRG, eINS		-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NR	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	elzvršba	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	elzvršba	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	lzvršba, eZK, AJPES	vršba, eZK, AJPES		-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	elzvršba	elzvršba	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	344	347	341	311	292	281	-18,3%	-15,9%	-14,4%	-6,1%	-3,8%

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 024	970	951	924	897	880	-14,1%	-7,5%	-5,7%	-2,9%	-1,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	793	753	738	724	665	641	-19,2%	-11,7%	-9,9%	-8,1%	-3,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	194	183	116	171	202	208	7,2%	10,4%	74,1%	18,1%	3,0%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	37	34	33	29	30	31	-16,2%	-11,8%	-9,1%	3,4%	3,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	229	217	212	202	201	185	-19,2%	-7,4%	-5,2%	-0,5%	-8,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	154	148	122	139	126	115	-25,3%	-14,9%	3,3%	-9,4%	-8,7%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	53	48	16	45	57	52	-1,9%	18,8%	256,3%	26,7%	-8,8%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	22	21	20	18	18	18	-18,2%	-14,3%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	795	753	739	722	696	695	-12,6%	-7,6%	-5,8%	-3,6%	-0,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	639	605	589	585	539	526	-17,7%	-10,9%	-8,5%	-7,9%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	141	135	73	126	145	156	10,6%	7,4%	98,6%	15,1%	7,6%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	15	13	13	11	12	13	-13,3%	-7,7%	-7,7%	9,1%	8,3%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	3 274	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	1,7%	-0,9%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	436	346	425	505	481	516	18,3%	39,0%	13,2%	-4,8%	7,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	481	838	1 080	659	826	-	37,0%	-21,4%	-39,0%	25,3%

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	-	-	27,9%	21,9%	-10,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	414	131	162	192	-	-	-60,9%	23,7%	18,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	420	405	406	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	49	49	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	109	124	-	-	-	-	13,8%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	172	136	-	-	-	-	-20,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	75	97	-	-	-	-	29,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	429	467	-	-	-	-	8,9%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	550	702	-	-	-	-	27,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	-	-	-	-	-9,1%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	87	95	-	-	-	-	9,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 024	970	951	924	897	880	-14,1%	-7,5%	-5,7%	-2,9%	-1,9%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	793	753	738	724	665	641	-19,2%	-11,7%	-9,9%	-8,1%	-3,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	194	183	116	171	202	208	7,2%	10,4%	74,1%	18,1%	3,0%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	37	34	33	29	30	31	-16,2%	-11,8%	-9,1%	3,4%	3,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	229	217	212	202	201	185	-19,2%	-7,4%	-5,2%	-0,5%	-8,0%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	154	148	122	139	126	115	-25,3%	-14,9%	3,3%	-9,4%	-8,7%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	53	48	16	45	57	52	-1,9%	18,8%	256,3%	26,7%	-8,8%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	22	21	20	18	18	18	-18,2%	-14,3%	-10,0%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	795	753	739	722	696	695	-12,6%	-7,6%	-5,8%	-3,6%	-0,1%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	639	605	589	585	539	526	-17,7%	-10,9%	-8,5%	-7,9%	-2,4%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	141	135	73	126	145	156	10,6%	7,4%	98,6%	15,1%	7,6%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	15	13	13	11	12	13	-13,3%	-7,7%	-7,7%	9,1%	8,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	3 274	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	1,7%	-0,9%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	436	346	425	505	481	516	18,3%	39,0%	13,2%	-4,8%	7,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	481	838	1 080	659	826	-	37,0%	-21,4%	-39,0%	25,3%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	-	-	27,9%	21,9%	-10,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	414	131	162	192	-	-	-60,9%	23,7%	18,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	420	405	406	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	49	49	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	109	124	-	-	-	-	13,8%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	172	136	-	-	-	-	-20,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	75	97	-	-	-	-	29,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	429	467	-	-	-	-	8,9%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	550	702	-	-	-	-	27,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	-	-	-	-	-9,1%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	87	95	-	-	-	-	9,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Slovenia tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 294	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	32,2%	17,8%	9,2%	2,5%	2,5%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	2 050 189	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	0,8%	0,3%	0,2%	0,2%	0,1%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	1 294	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	32,2%	17,8%	9,2%	2,5%	2,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	3 274	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	1,7%	-0,9%	1,9%	-1,6%	0,9%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	436	346	425	505	481	516	18,3%	39,0%	13,2%	-4,8%	7,3%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	-	481	838	1 080	659	826	-	37,0%	-21,4%	-39,0%	25,3%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	-	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	-	-	27,9%	21,9%	-10,1%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	NA	414	131	162	192	-	-	-60,9%	23,7%	18,5%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	420	405	406	-	-	-	-3,6%	0,2%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	49	49	-	-	-	-	0,0%
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	109	124	-	-	-	-	13,8%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	172	136	-	-	-	-	-20,9%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	75	97	-	-	-	-	29,3%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	-	-	-	-1,5%	1,1%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	429	467	-	-	-	-	8,9%
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	NA	NA	550	702	-	-	-	-	27,6%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	-	-	-	-	-9,1%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NA	NA	87	95	-	-	-	-	9,2%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Spain (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	1,1%		0,2%	0,2%
GDP per capita	23 100 €	22 300 €	-	22 800 €	23 300 €	23 985 €	3,8%	4,5%		2,2%	2,9%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	NA	70,8	0,0	65,7	63,9	67,6	NA	-9,8%		2,9%	5,8%
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	79,5	80,9	NA	76,6	75,1	79,1	-0,5%	-7,2%	NA	3,2%	5,2%
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	10,2	11,2	-	11,5	11,6	11,5	13,1%	3,1%		0,1%	-0,2%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	97,3	-	104,6	107,1	105,7	NA	10,1%		1,1%	-1,3%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				8,1	8,4	7,8				4,7%	-8,1%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,3	3,8	-	2,2	2,3	2,1	-5,0%	-38,9%		8,0%	-8,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	2,2	0,4	-	2,1	2,1	1,7	-21,0%	426,6%		0,7%	-17,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,543	0,4	-	0,393	0,368	0,354	-34,7%	-14,1%		-6,5%	-3,7%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	93%	100%	NC	98%	95%	103%	0,11	-0,05		-0,03	0,09
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	110%	100%	NC	102%	102%	105%	-0,05	0,02		0,00	0,03
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	101%	124%	NC	113%	117%	112%	0,10	-0,05		0,04	-0,05

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	314	264	NC	318	325	282	-10,2%	22,8%		2,2%	-13,2%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	229	115	NC	142	134	143	-37,9%	16,3%		-5,9%	6,6%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	473	427	NC	361	317	312	-33,9%	-25,8%		-12,3%	-1,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,8	2,8	-	1,8	2,0	1,7	-5,0%	-38,1%		-7,3%	-13,1%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	1,5	0,1	-	0,8	0,8	0,7	-53,4%	522,4%		-5,3%	-9,2%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,7	0,6	-	0,4	0,4	0,3	-52,4%	-39,6%		-14,5%	-9,6%

-20% max

15,0%

-15,0%

+20% max

1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Spain there are 2 223 first instance courts of general jurisdiction.

Besides, there are 1 434 first instance specialised courts, namely 64 Commercial courts, 345 Labour courts, 104 Family courts, 18 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts, 7 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption courts, and 241 Administrative courts. Also there are 655 other specialised courts.

Spain's judicial organisation is structured in accordance with its territorial organisation. Pursuant to article 26 of Organic Law on the Judiciary, the exercise of jurisdictional authority is attributed to the following judicial organs:

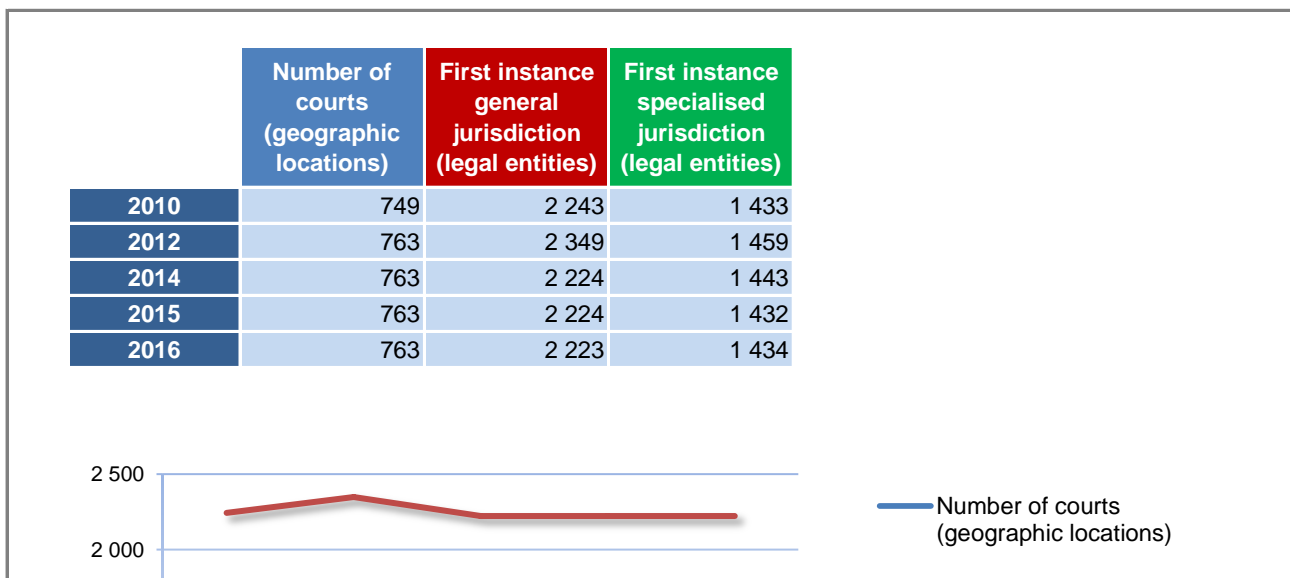
- Sole judge courts: Justices of the Peace, Civil and Enquiry Courts, Commercial Courts, Violence against Women Courts, Penal Courts, Administrative Courts, Labour Courts, Juvenile Courts and Prison Courts.

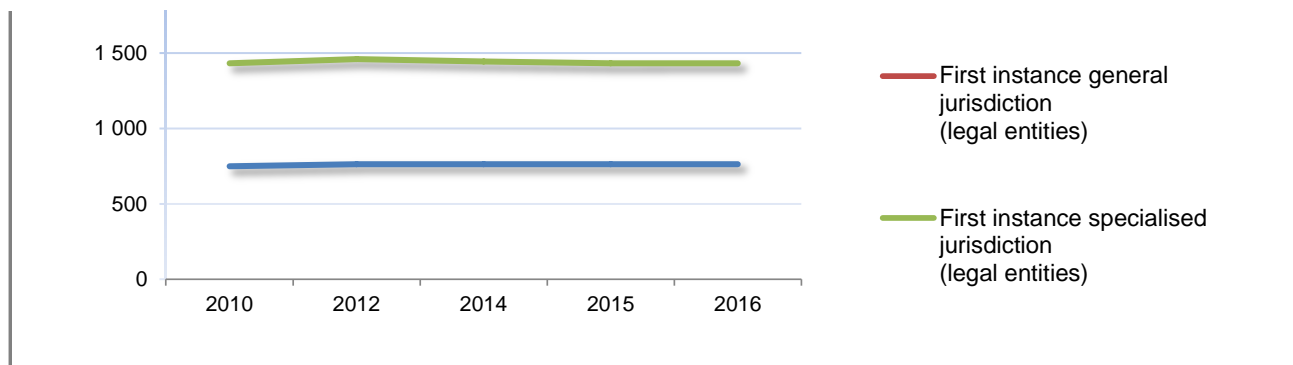
- Bench judges: Provincial Courts, High Courts, National Court and Supreme Court.

Sole judge courts – except for Justices of the Peace, located in municipalities – are established at the top of legal districts, while benches of judges operate in the provinces, the Autonomous Regions and at the national level in the case of the Supreme Court and the National Court.

Provincial Courts try civil and criminal cases and are located in the capitals of the provinces.

The Supreme Court, based in Madrid, is the sole judiciary body in Spain with jurisdiction throughout the nation and the highest court in all legal fields, except for issues of constitutional guarantees and rights, the competence for which resides with the Constitutional Court. The Supreme Court has five divisions: civil, criminal, labour, administrative and military. Specifically, the Supreme Court is the pinnacle of the appeals system and therefore ultimately responsible for the uniform interpretation of jurisprudence in Spain. It takes care, inter alia, of judging appeals for reversal, reviews and other extraordinary cases, as well as the prosecution of members of upper institutions of the State and the processes for declaring political parties to be illegal. High Courts act in each Autonomous Region and have different geographical locations to guarantee access to justice. They have four divisions: civil, criminal, administrative and labour. The National (Criminal) Court has its seat in Madrid and is a unique legal organ in Spain with jurisdiction over the entire national territory. It constitutes a centralised court, specialised in the knowledge of certain matters attributed by law such as crimes committed against the Royal Family, major drug trafficking, counterfeiting and offences committed outside the Spanish territory that are prosecuted in Spain. It has four divisions: review, criminal, administrative and labour.





Specialised courts	
Total	1434
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	64
Labour courts	345
Family courts	104
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	18
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption courts	7
Administrative courts	241
Other specialised 1st instance courts	655

The Arbitration Court was created by decision of the General Council of the Judiciary of 25 November 2010. The latter assigns exclusive jurisdiction over arbitration matters to the Court of First Instance No. 101 of Madrid. This measure seeks to foster the development of uniform criteria in court proceedings for the assistance and control of arbitration in Madrid.

"other specialised 1st instance courts":

- 335 Criminal courts
- 30 Criminal courts specialised in violence against women
- 106 violence against women courts
- 83 juvenile courts
- 51 Prison courts
- 3 foreclosure proceedings courts
- 1 Arbitration court
- 18 Civil Capacity courts
- 28 Civil register courts

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts □

Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts: 3 145 396 555 €

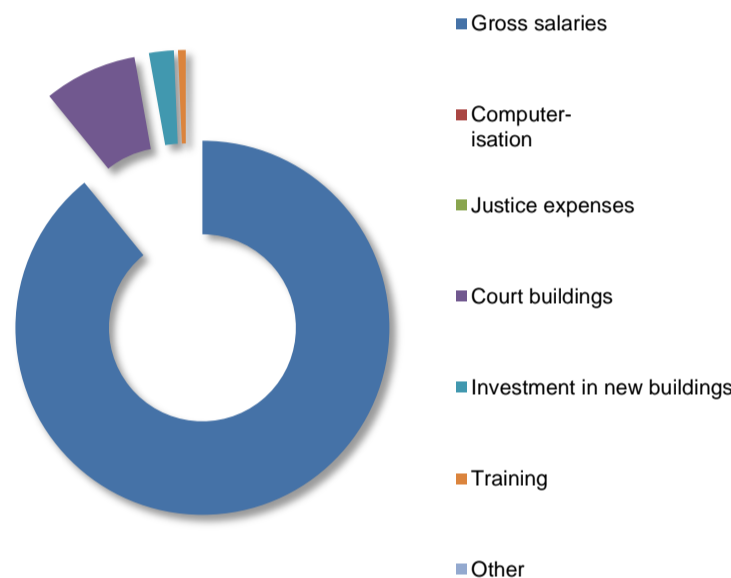
Total annual approved public budget allocated to all courts per capita: 67,6 €

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

- Gross Salaries (2 324 558 841 €)
- Court buildings (210 071 494 €)
- New court buildings (55 984 925 €)

	Total annual approved budget for courts	Gross salaries	Computerisation	Justice expenses	Court buildings	Investment in new buildings	Training	Other
2016 Approved budget	3 145 396 555 €	2 324 558 841 €	NA	NA	210 071 494 €	55 984 925 €	17 345 639 €	NA
2016 Implemented budget	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Difference	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

2016 Approved budget



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 3 678 267 652 €
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 79,1 €

The budget per capita (79,1 €) is higher than the EU average (63,8 €) and above the EU median (53,6 €). Spain belongs to the group of European States with high degree of investments allocated to the judicial system.

Between 2015 and 2016, the approved judicial system budget has increased by 5,2%.

It is noteworthy that the indicated amount of the budget for prosecution service is partial and includes only two components. On the one hand, it encompasses the budget allocated for personnel and training of the public prosecution services, which can be clearly separated. On the other hand, it subsumes "other" expenses referred to the public prosecution services (such as buildings and material resources). The budget of the latter cannot be identified but only estimated because it is part of the total budget of the Ministry of Justice or of that of the autonomous regions. Accordingly and because of the difficulty to estimate this budgetary element, some variations can be observed over the years in respect of the indicated figures.

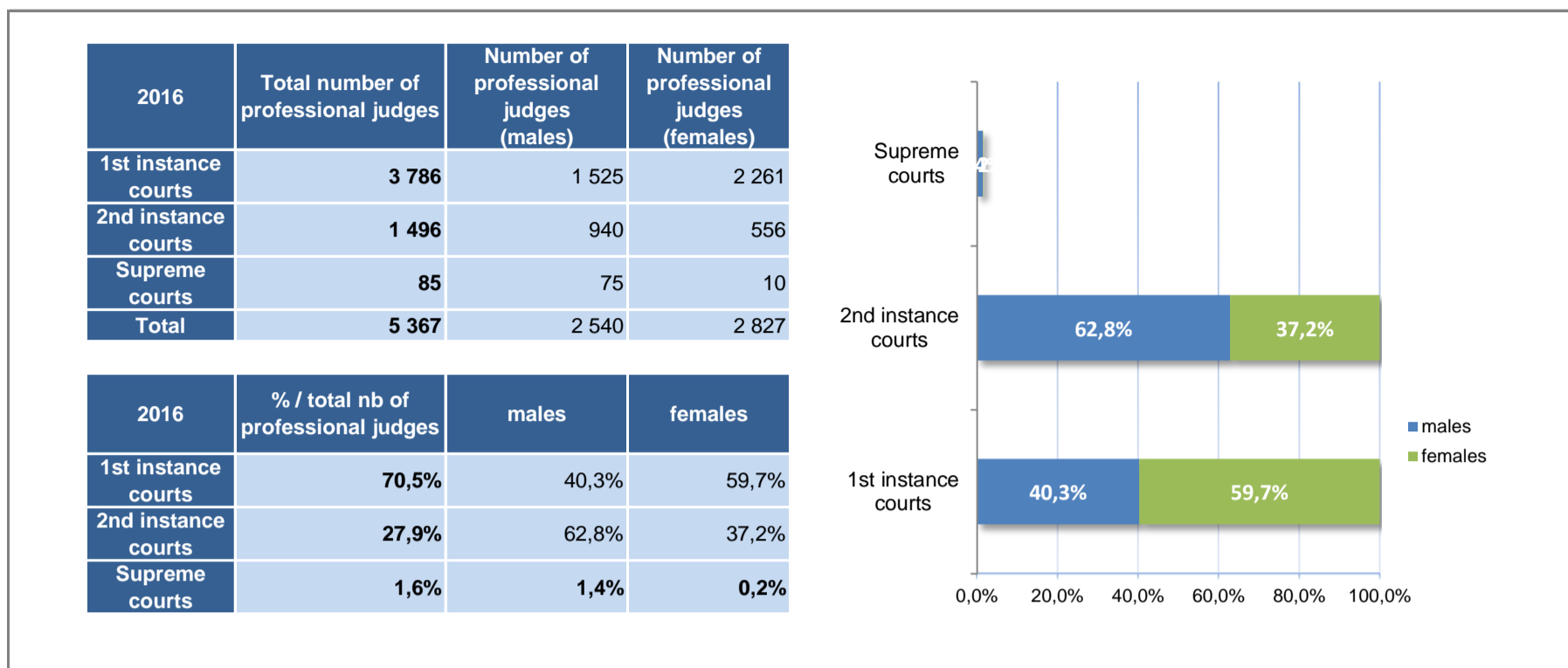
• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 5 302 201 029 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

- Court budget
- Legal aid budget
- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Council of the judiciary
- Judicial management body
- State advocacy
- Enforcement services
- Notariat
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Functioning of the Ministry of Justice
- Other services

• Human resources

◦ Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Spain is 5 367 which is 0,0% equal than in 2015.

More precisely, in Spain, in 2016, there are 11,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 9,2 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 9,3 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 2 827 which represents 52,7% of the total number of judges. The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 3 786 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 2 261 are female) ; 1 496 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 556 are female) and 85 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 10 are female).

In Spain, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training may be compulsory or optional
- General in-service training may be compulsory or optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions may be compulsory or optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

◦ Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	NA	4 456	0	0	0	0
2012	44 748	3 559	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	48 563	3 667	NAP	NAP	NAP	44 896
2015	49 746	3 710	NAP	NAP	NAP	46 036
2016	49 186	4 379	NAP	NAP	NAP	44 807

In Spain, in 2016, there are 49 186 non-judge staff. Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals a decrease of -1,1%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 4 379 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions
- 44 807 other staff, such as court interpreters;

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 107,1 in 2015 to 105,9 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 11,5 in 2016.

The State approach of classification of the Spanish non-judge staff does not coincide with the CEPEJ methodology. Basically, the non-judge staff perform tasks that may be included in different sub-categories or do not exactly coincide with the given description. Accordingly, it is not possible to distribute them among the enumerated sub-categories contemplated in the frame of question 52. The Spanish judicial system distinguishes between three categories of non-judicial staff: Gestor Procesal, Tramitador Procesal and Auxilio Judicial. The figure for other non judge staff includes the judicial civil servants who are in charge of the processing of files, communication acts.

It is noteworthy that, since 2010 and the reform of the procedural legislation, a new type of judicial entities exists in several regions – Procedural Court Services. These joint services are endowed with judicial competences (such as preliminary appraisal of lawsuits or supervision of judgment enforcement) and work for several courts. The court secretaries carry out the Procedural Court Service on autonomous basis and can issue procedural orders to the proceedings. The implementation of this new model of Judicial Office has continued during the last years in more Spanish Cities (Ceuta, Melilla and Ponferrada).

Other non judge staff encompasses also the civil servants assigned to courts in charge of the processing of the case files as well as the forensic doctors who work as experts in the courts.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 260 079 600 € (5,6 € per capita).

It is not possible to distinguish between the amounts dedicated to the "annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases brought to court" and the "annual public budget allocated to legal aid for cases not brought to court".

In Spain legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents. According to the general rule set forth by the Act on Legal Aid, legal aid covers all the stages of a judicial proceeding, including the lodging of appeals and enforcement. However, it may not be applied to different proceedings.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs. Litigants who have been granted legal aid are exempted of paying costs of publishing announcements in official journals, expert's fees, issuance fees, documentary copies, certificates and other legal documents for which the intervention of a notary is required, deposits required to lodge certain appeals. Specifically, with regard to cross-border disputes, beneficiaries of legal aid do not have to pay costs related to interpretation services, translation of documents and travel expenses if the applicant has to appear in person.

Individuals are not free to choose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system. The solicitor and, where necessary, a barrister-at-law, are appointed by the Bar Association on a rotation basis. In any case, an officially appointed solicitor can act with a freely chosen barrister-at-law, or vice-versa, except when the freely chosen professional renounces in writing to his/her fees or charges before the holder of the benefit of legal aid and before the Association where he/she is registered.

◦ Court fees

Litigants do not have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

According to the relevant legislative provisions (Law 53/2012, 20 November), litigants have to pay a court fee to start a proceeding in civil, contentious-administrative and labour cases. Objective and subjective exemptions are set forth. The first category of exemptions includes for example: capacity, civil status, family and minors procedures, protection of fundamental rights, procedures against the electoral administration, insolvency proceedings initiated by the debtor, claims for recovery of debts under 2000€, administrative-contentious appeals when the claim is related to the silence of the administration etc. The second category of exemptions applies to natural persons, juridical persons granted with legal aid; public prosecutors, public administration and the Parliament.

Nowadays in Spain, the Law 10/2012 that regulates certain fees in the area of the Administration of Justice require to pay court fees to start the proceeding only to companies, not to natural persons. The Law mentioned was reformed on this point by Royal Decree 1/2015, 27 February.

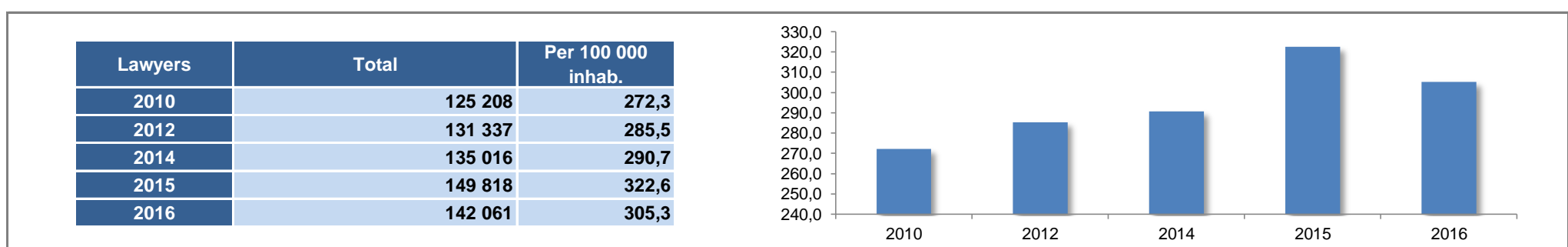
The amount of the fee depends on the nature of the case – civil, contentious-administrative or labour matter, on the one hand, and on the type of procedure in each jurisdiction (oral trial or ordinary trial and so on), on the other hand. At any rate, the amount to pay is a sum of a fixed amount and a variable amount according to a scale determined by the law.

Because of the effects of some Judgments of the Constitutional Court, currently, there is only a fixed quantity whose amount depends on the quantity of the claim. (It was declared the nullity of the variable part of the fee).

The amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 150 Euros.

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Spain, in 2016, there are 142 061 lawyers, which is -5,2% less than in 2015.

This data represents 305,3 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is higher than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

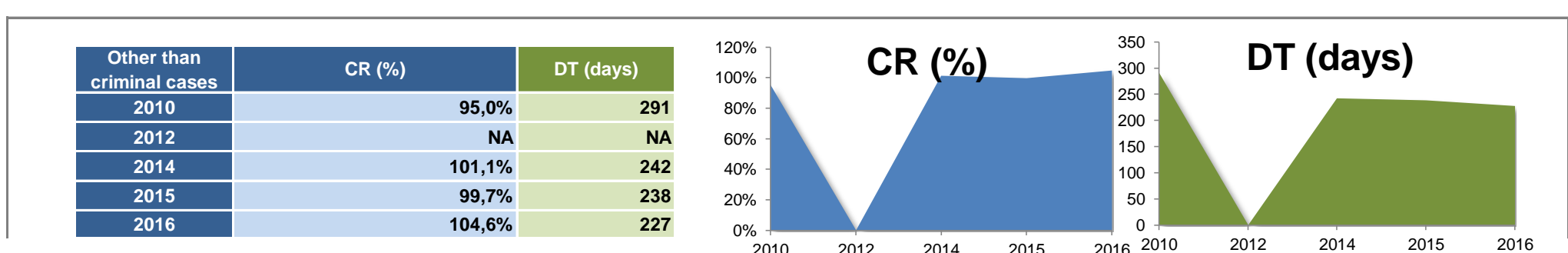
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ Total other than criminal cases



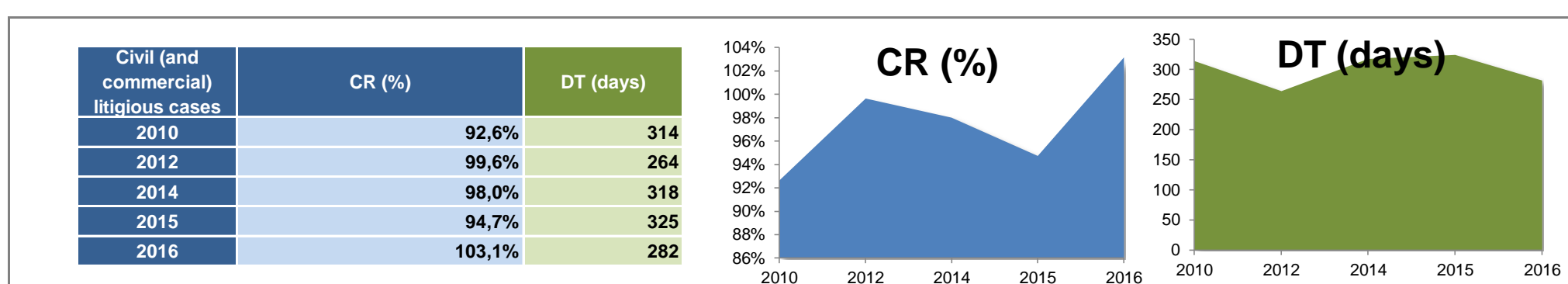
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 104,6% in 2016, Spain seems capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 4,9 points.

In Spain, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 227 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -4,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,1% in 2016, Spain seems capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

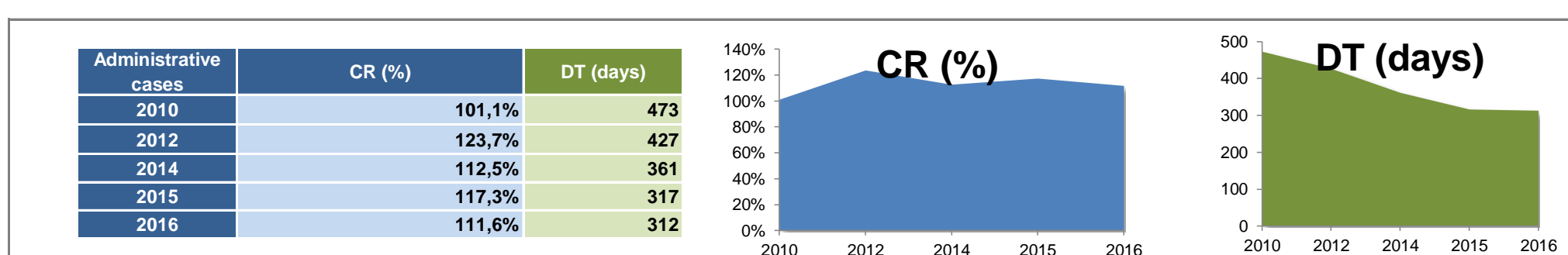
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 8,4 points.

In Spain, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 282 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -13,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The number of civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years is not available.

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 111,6% in 2016, Spain seems capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -5,7 points.

In Spain, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 312 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -1,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

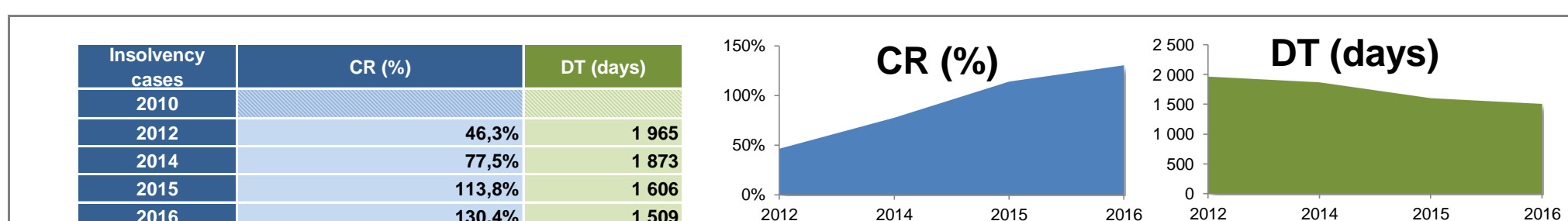
The number of administrative law cases older than 2 years is not available.

Regarding the Horizontal Consistency: When an error is detected in the statistics of a Court is allowed doing a regularisation, what means that the Court communicates the correct figure and rectify the wrong one even if this does not concord with figures offered for previous exercises. This situation can happen for example in the control of cases that the Court makes when a Judge leaves the Court (called "alarde"), but in general, in any case in which the Lawyer of the Administration of Justice detects an error that comes from previous exercises but cannot be localised. The system prefers to correct the data than continue and amplify the error.

These regularisations and the cumulated cases and the re-opened cases are the causes for the horizontal inconsistencies.

Concerning the Administrative Law cases, between 2014 and 2016, the decrease of 'Pending cases' is probably because the number of resolved cases, both in 2015 and 2016 has been higher than the number of registered cases (reinforcement measures have been applied).

◦ *Insolvency*



The Clearance Rate was calculated at 130,4% in 2016 for insolvency cases, Spain seems capable to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has increased for 16,6 points.

In Spain, in 2016, insolvency cases are solved in a maximum of 1 509 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a -6,1% decrease of the Disposition Time.

As concerns employment dismissal cases: in 2014, 2015 and 2016 an important decrease in the number of registered cases has been observed, while the resolved cases have kept similar numbers, so, every year the number of resolved cases has been higher than the number of registered cases. In respect of insolvency cases: the decrease in registered cases may be due to a certain decrease in some effects of the economic crisis.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Spain, individual courts are required to prepare an annual activity report.

Courts do not prepare an annual report. They have to submit statistics to the General Council of the Judiciary every three months. Based on these data, the General Council of the Judiciary prepares an annual report and each High Court of the autonomous regions also prepares an annual report.

- The reporting is more frequent than annual

Every Court prepare an statistical report every three months.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Number of postponed cases
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

The category “other” encompasses: number of enforcement procedures, number of decisions appealed, number of rogatory letters issued, received and resolved.

In Spain, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The Inspection Service of the General Council of the Judiciary elaborates monitoring reports once a year on the basis of information provided by the Judicial Statistics Departments. Furthermore, the judicial counselor of each court provides every three months statistical data about the functioning of the court. The information is mainly quantitative and focused on procedural characteristics. Statistical reports are also used to obtain administrative information such as staff organisation, staff movement, deposit accounts and appropriations.

The General Council of the Judiciary keeps detailed and updated aggregated and disaggregated online records of the main parameters that pertain to the functioning of every judicial body, including timeframe and enforcement.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are not defined at the court level.

On one hand the “Citizens’ bill of rights before the law” is the document approved by the Parliament at 2002 that includes the list of rights of the citizen in their relation with the administration of justice, and the principles and good practices that must guide the service of the Justice to the citizens. It sets the principles of transparency, appropriate attention and information, gives special care and attention to the citizens who are most vulnerable (victims of crime, gender violence, minors, and other). The document is compulsory for all the professionals involved in Justice. According to this Bill of rights, the Parliament, through the Committee for Justice, will carry out a follow-up monitoring and continuous evaluation of the evolution of, and compliance with this Bill. The annual report submitted by the Council for the Judiciary to the Parliament will include a specific and sufficiently detailed reference to the claims, complaints, and suggestions made by citizens about the running of the Administration of Justice.

On the other hand, the statistic report that the Court sends every three months, and the reports and studies that the Council for the Judiciary carry out with the information provided, serve to measure and control the burden of work of the Judges, Lawyers of the Administration of Justice, and Courts in general. Finally, the hierarchical structure of the Lawyers of the Administration of Justice allow the Ministry of Justice control and ensure the compliance of standards and parameters of quality fixed, and achieve the new objectives fixed for the implementation of new measures (such the digitalisation of Justice or the implementation of electronic tools right now).

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court.

Quality standards are determined for judicial system and there is no specialised court staff entrusted with these quality standards.

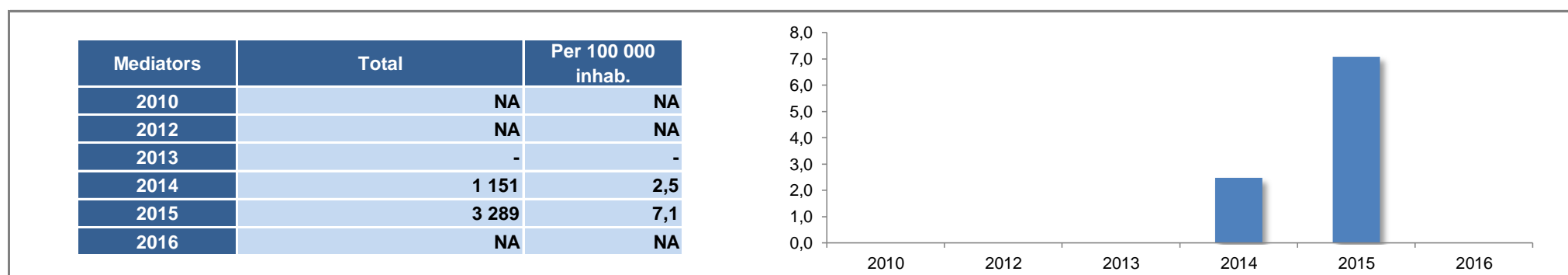
●Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Spain provides judicial mediation.

The Law 5/79 created the Institute of Mediation, Arbitration and Conciliation. This institute depends on the Labour Ministry and is focused on labour procedures. The aim is to grant agreements between employers and employees as a previous and mandatory step before the case is submitted to court. Now this service has been decentralised to the autonomous communities. Other civil and commercial jurisdictions allow mediation but it is not mandatory.

The Law 5/2012 on Mediation in civil and commercial matters set the mediation as a voluntary option (not mandatory). The exception is on labor matters. In these cases, the procedural Law says it is mandatory.

In the cases in which mediation is not mandatory, the Court is obliged in some phases of the proceeding to inform the parties about the possibility of submitting the case to mediation. If the parties chose this option, the Court suspend the proceeding.



In Spain, in 2016, the number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation is not available.

The variation between 2015 and 2016 cannot be calculated.

In the Registry of the Ministry of Justice there are 1160 private mediators registered who work in the whole territory. The mediation takes place out of Courts. The Court during the first hearing informs to the parties about the possibility of going to mediation, and can suspend the procedure if the parties decide to try the mediation.

The registry mentioned is voluntary (not mandatory), so the figure is a possible approximation. The number of Institutions of Mediation is 66.

Type of cases	Total	Per 100 000 inhab.
All cases	15 437	34
Civil and commercial	951	2
Family cases	7 336	16
Administrative	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	4 571	10
Criminal cases	2 579	6

The data provided is based on cases diverted by courts to mediation once the judicial proceeding has started. However, data is not available regarding cases diverted to mediation prior to the initiation of the judicial proceeding.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

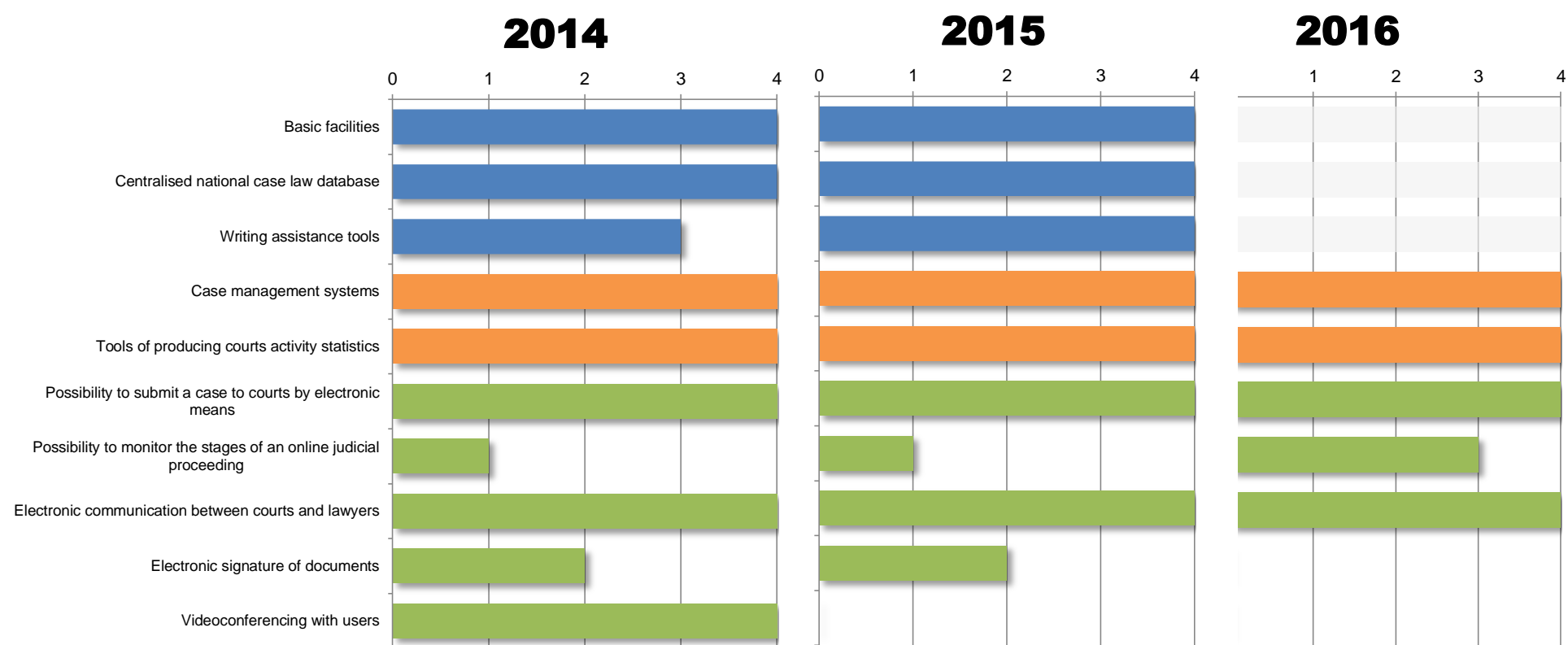
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Spain has been evaluated at 7,8 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

In Spain there are websites of the Ministry, Council for the Judiciary and some Autonomous Regions with general information. Moreover there is a special web of the Constitutional Court and another one of the Council for the Judiciary. In this latter, there are different sections with specific news of the main Courts, but not about the Courts of first Instance.

4. National data collection system

In Spain, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institutions responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary are the National Judicial Statistics Commission within the Spanish Ministry of Justice on the one hand, and the Judicial Statistics Department within the General Council of the Judiciary, on the other hand.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

The New Judicial Office (Nueva Oficina Judicial) has been implemented in many territories and its development continues. The New Judicial Office (NOJ) has, as base, the called 'Procedural Unit of Direct Support (UPAD), a small office with personnel necessary for the strict aid of the work of the Judge. On the other hand, and for the uniform processing of repetitive tasks, the called Common Procedural Services have been created. The Lawyer of the Administration of Justice is the Director of these services, and is responsible of processing the phase of the judicial file of a strictly procedural nature. The Decrees of the Lawyer of the Administration of Justice can be appealed before the Judge. The common services are: Common Service of Procedure Ordinance (SCOP); Common Enforcement Service (SCEJ); Common Service of Communication Acts (SCAC).

2. Budget

- The Permanent Commission of the General Council for the Judiciary approved this year the specialization of 54 Courts of First Instance, which from June 1 2017 have exclusive competence in the litigations related to financing contracts with real property rights whose borrower is a natural person. A question that the Ministry of Justice and the Autonomous Regions have tackled in 2017 is the need for human and material resources for the Courts that have been specialized by the Council for the Judiciary in litigations related to financing contracts with real property rights whose borrower is a natural person.
- On the other hand, in the context of certain agreements with the majority trade unions in order to reduce the temporality in the public employ, it is foreseen a significant increase in the number of places in the Public Employment Offers for Justice for 2017, 2018 and 2019 with two lines of action: 1) Replacement rate of up to 100% is expected. 2) A process for the stabilization of public employment in order to reduce the temporary employment by offering places which have been occupied for at least three years by interim staff. This will allow the extraordinary call of thousands of places throughout the 2017, 2018 and 2019 financial years.

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	23 100	22 300	-	22 800	23 300	23 985	3,8%	4,5%	-	2,2%	2,9%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	NA	3 258 327 418	0	3 050 594 663	2 966 652 534	3 145 396 555	-	-9,0%	-	-2,8%	6,0%
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courtscourt budget	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	262 316 223	-	-	-	-	-
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	211 352 960	-	270 480 209	266 685 555	272 791 497	-	26,2%	-	-1,4%	2,3%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	79,5	80,9	NA	76,6	75,1	79,1	-0,5%	-7,2%	-	-2,0%	5,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	211 352 960	-	270 480 209	266 685 555	272 791 497	-	26,2%	-	-1,4%	2,3%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	79,5	80,9	NA	76,6	75,1	79,1	-0,5%	-7,2%	-	-2,0%	5,2%
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	3 654 891 484	3 258 327 418	-	3 050 594 663	2 966 652 534	3 145 396 555	-13,9%	-9,0%	-	-2,8%	6,0%
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	2 696 813 381	NA	-	NA	NA	2 324 558 841	-13,8%	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	158 163 660	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	210 071 494	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	55 984 925	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	17 345 639	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	79 €	81 €	NA	77 €	75 €	79 €	-0,5%	-7,2%	-	-2,0%	5,2%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	211 352 960	-	270 480 209	266 685 555	272 791 497	-	26,2%	-	-1,4%	2,3%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 632 278 011	4 111 000 000	-	5 486 241 554	5 228 505 163	5 302 201 029	14,5%	27,2%	-	-4,7%	1,4%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	3 258 327 418	0	3 050 594 663	2 966 652 534	3 145 396 555	-	-9,0%	-	-2,8%	6,0%
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	3 654 891 484	3 258 327 418	-	3 050 594 663	2 966 652 534	3 145 396 555	0 €	-9,0%	-	-2,8%	6,0%
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	158 163 660	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	NA	211 352 960	-	270 480 209	266 685 555	272 791 497	-	26,2%	-	-1,4%	2,3%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	NA	3 258 327 418	0	3 050 594 663	2 966 652 534	3 145 396 555	-	-9,0%	-	-2,8%	6,0%
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	173 486 000	172 950 000	-	304 416 000	214 613 000	117 458 000	-32,3%	24,1%	-	-29,5%	-45,3%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debt recovery	-	ordinary trial.	-	mined by the law	onal Court 140/2016	ple part of the fee).	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	2 243	2 349	-	2 224	2 224	2 223	-0,9%	-5,3%	-	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	1 433	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	0,1%	-1,9%	-	-0,8%	0,1%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	749	763	-	763	763	763	1,9%	0,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	1 433	1 459	-	1 443	1 432	1 434	0,1%	-1,9%	-	-0,8%	0,1%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	65	65	-	64	64	64	-1,5%	-1,5%	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	342	345	-	345	345	345	0,9%	0,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	103	103	-	105	109	104	1,0%	5,8%	-	3,8%	-4,6%
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	17	17	-	16	17	18	5,9%	0,0%	-	6,3%	5,9%
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NA	-	7	7	7	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	241	241	-	241	241	241	0,0%	0,0%	-	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	665	688	-	665	649	655	-1,5%	-5,7%	-	-2,4%	0,9%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 775 082	NA	-	1 470 400	1 445 180	1 382 963	-22,1%	-	-	-1,7%	-4,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	787 193	1 299 099	-	836 967	857 047	840 840	6,8%	-34,0%	-	2,4%	-1,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	655 431	59 995	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	-44,2%	541,3%	-	-5,5%	-4,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	322 961	335 512	-	226 273	203 406	176 418	-45,4%	-39,4%	-	-10,1%	-13,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 454 497	NA	-	2 154 560	2 230 166	1 972 326	-19,6%	-	-	3,5%	-11,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 039 483	1 761 051	-	1 004 976	1 085 451	999 383	-3,9%	-38,4%	-	8,0%	-7,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	-	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 011 285	183 225	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	-20,1%	431,5%	-	0,7%	-17,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	249 520	196 995	-	182 681	170 800	164 826	-33,9%	-13,3%	-	-6,5%	-3,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 332 344	NA	-	2 178 205	2 222 912	2 062 884	-11,6%	-	-	2,1%	-7,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	962 995	1 754 816	-	984 896	1 028 225	1 030 805	7,0%	-41,4%	-	4,4%	0,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	-	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 117 009	184 107	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	-24,1%	440,1%	-	0,7%	-14,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	252 340	243 718	-	205 548	200 375	183 981	-27,1%	-17,8%	-	-2,5%	-8,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 857 032	NA	-	1 446 755	1 452 434	1 284 483	-30,8%	-	-	0,4%	-11,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	828 019	1 270 383	-	857 047	914 273	795 722	-3,9%	-28,0%	-	6,7%	-13,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	-	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	702 065	57 993	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	-52,8%	528,2%	-	-5,3%	-9,1%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	326 948	285 005	-	203 406	173 831	157 476	-51,8%	-39,0%	-	-14,5%	-9,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	95,0%	NA	-	101,1%	99,7%	104,6%	10,1%	-	-	-1,4%	4,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	92,6%	99,6%	-	98,0%	94,7%	103,1%	11,3%	-4,9%	-	-3,3%	8,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	-	-	-	-0,1%	2,8%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	110,5%	100,5%	-	102,2%	102,1%	104,9%	-5,0%	1,6%	-	-0,1%	2,8%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,1%	123,7%	-	112,5%	117,3%	111,6%	10,4%	-5,2%	-	4,3%	-4,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	291	NA	-	242	238	227	-21,8%	-	-	-1,6%	-4,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	314	264	-	318	325	282	-10,2%	22,8%	-	2,2%	-13,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	142	134	143	-	-	-	-5,9%	6,6%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	229	115	-	142	134	143	-37,9%	16,3%	-	-5,9%	6,6%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	473	427	-	361	317	312	-33,9%	-25,8%	-	-12,3%	-1,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	35539	37 586	-	36 349	39 093	37 354	5,1%	4,0%	-	7,5%	-4,4%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	32206	38 417	-	78 832	78 820	55 514	72,4%	105,2%	-	0,0%	-29,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	20 306	-	30 530	32 356	30 928	-	59,3%	-	6,0%	-4,4%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	48622	49 330	-	50 604	49 941	46 830	-3,7%	1,2%	-	-1,3%	-6,2%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	111942	147 404	-	118 213	104 457	94 877	-15,2%	-29,1%	-	-11,6%	-9,2%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	10 290	-	8 132	6 288	5 449	-	-38,9%	-	-22,7%	-13,3%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	45019	47 572	-	47 860	48 799	45 469	1,0%	2,6%	-	2,0%	-6,8%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	105293	108 570	-	118 225	110 098	101 480	-3,6%	1,4%	-	-6,9%	-7,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	4 763	-	6 306	7 155	7 105	-	50,2%	-	13,5%	-0,7%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	37247	37 472	-	39 093	40 235	37 148	-0,3%	7,4%	-	2,9%	-7,7%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	29197	64 705	-	78 820	55 514	48 738	66,9%	-14,2%	-	-29,6%	-12,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	25 647	-	32 356	31 489	29 367	-	22,8%	-	-2,7%	-6,7%

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	92,6%	96,4%	-	94,6%	97,7%	97,1%	4,9%	1,3%	-	3,3%	-0,6%
CR Employment dismissal cases	94,1%	73,7%	-	100,0%	105,4%	107,0%	13,7%	43,1%	-	5,4%	1,5%
CR Insolvency cases	-	46,3%	-	77,5%	113,8%	130,4%	-	145,8%	-	46,7%	14,6%
DT Litigious divorce cases	302	288	-	298	301	298	-1,3%	4,7%	-	0,9%	-0,9%
DT Employment dismissal cases	101	218	-	243	184	175	73,2%	-15,4%	-	-24,4%	-4,8%
DT Insolvency cases	-	1 965	-	1 873	1 606	1 509	-	-18,3%	-	-14,2%	-6,1%

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	97 468	88 370	95 062	-	-	-	-9,3%	7,6%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	74875	83 971	-	74 481	67 444	73 802	-1,4%	-19,7%	-	-9,4%	9,4%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	42429	32 556	-	22 987	20 926	21 260	-49,9%	-35,7%	-	-9,0%	1,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	152 002	169 070	184 339	-	-	-	11,2%	9,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	144554	158 065	-	131 025	145 418	160 153	10,8%	-8,0%	-	11,0%	10,1%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	31955	26 263	-	20 977	23 652	24 186	-24,3%	-9,9%	-	12,8%	2,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	161 100	162 788	180 825	-	-	-	1,0%	11,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	144861	153 656	-	138 062	139 070	156 564	8,1%	-9,5%	-	0,7%	12,6%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	37870	29 288	-	23 038	23 718	24 261	-35,9%	-19,0%	-	3,0%	2,3%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	88 370	94 652	98 712	-	-	-	7,1%	4,3%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	75207	88 791	-	67 444	73 792	77 538	3,1%	-16,9%	-	9,4%	5,1%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	35847	28 653	-	20 926	20 860	21 174	-40,9%	-27,2%	-	-0,3%	1,5%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	106,0%	96,3%	98,1%	-	-	-	-9,2%	1,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,2%	97,2%	-	105,4%	95,6%	97,8%	-2,4%	-1,6%	-	-9,2%	2,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	118,5%	111,5%	-	109,8%	100,3%	100,3%	-15,4%	-10,1%	-	-8,7%	0,0%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	200	212	199	-	-	-	6,0%	-6,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	189	211	-	178	194	181	-4,6%	-8,2%	-	8,6%	-6,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	346	357	-	332	321	319	-7,8%	-10,1%	-	-3,2%	-0,8%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	13 671	16 127	21 022	-	-	-	18,0%	30,4%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9062	7 566	-	7 125	9 140	10 732	18,4%	20,8%	-	28,3%	17,4%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	13260	12 322	-	6 546	6 987	10 290	-22,4%	-43,3%	-	6,7%	47,3%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	14 749	18 092	19 956	-	-	-	22,7%	10,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	9048	8 069	-	8 742	9 289	10 649	17,7%	15,1%	-	6,3%	14,6%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8924	5 909	-	6 007	8 803	9 307	4,3%	49,0%	-	46,5%	5,7%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	12 293	13 121	14 502	-	-	-	6,7%	10,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	10362	8 333	-	6 727	7 234	8 893	-14,2%	-13,2%	-	7,5%	22,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	9079	9 910	-	5 566	5 887	5 609	-38,2%	-40,6%	-	5,8%	-4,7%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	NA	NA	-	16 127	20 635	25 613	-	-	-	28,0%	24,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	7748	7 302	-	9 140	10 732	12 488	61,2%	47,0%	-	17,4%	16,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	14070	8 084	-	6 987	9 903	13 125	-6,7%	22,5%	-	41,7%	32,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	83,3%	72,5%	72,7%	-	-	-	-13,0%	0,2%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	114,5%	103,3%	-	77,0%	77,9%	83,5%	-27,1%	-24,6%	-	1,2%	7,2%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	101,7%	167,7%	-	92,7%	66,9%	60,3%	-40,8%	-60,1%	-	-27,8%	-9,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	NA	NA	-	479	574	645	-	-	-	19,9%	12,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	273	320	-	496	541	513	87,8%	69,3%	-	9,2%	-5,3%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	566	298	-	458	614	854	51,0%	106,2%	-	34,0%	39,1%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 Fist instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 Fist instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 775 082	NA	-	1 470 400	1 445 180	1 382 963	-22,1%	-	-	-1,7%	-4,3%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	787 193	1 299 099	-	836 967	857 047	840 840	6,8%	-34,0%	-	2,4%	-1,9%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	-	-	-	-5,5%	-4,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	655 431	59 995	-	407 160	384 727	365 705	-44,2%	541,3%	-	-5,5%	-4,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	322 961	335 512	-	226 273	203 406	176 418	-45,4%	-39,4%	-	-10,1%	-13,3%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 454 497	NA	-	2 154 560	2 230 166	1 972 326	-19,6%	-	-	3,5%	-11,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 039 483	1 761 051	-	1 004 976	1 085 451	999 383	-3,9%	-38,4%	-	8,0%	-7,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	-	-	-	0,7%	-17,0%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 011 285	183 225	-	966 903	973 915	808 117	-20,1%	431,5%	-	0,7%	-17,0%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	249 520	196 995	-	182 681	170 800	164 826	-33,9%	-13,3%	-	-6,5%	-3,5%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 332 344	NA	-	2 178 205	2 222 912	2 062 884	-11,6%	-	-	2,1%	-7,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	962 995	1 754 816	-	984 896	1 028 225	1 030 805	7,0%	-41,4%	-	4,4%	0,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	-	-	-	0,7%	-14,7%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 117 009	184 107	-	987 761	994 312	848 098	-24,1%	440,1%	-	0,7%	-14,7%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	252 340	243 718	-	205 548	200 375	183 981	-27,1%	-17,8%	-	-2,5%	-8,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 857 032	NA	-	1 446 755	1 452 434	1 284 483	-30,8%	-	-	0,4%	-11,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	828 019	1 270 383	-	857 047	914 273	795 722	-3,9%	-28,0%	-	6,7%	-13,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	-	-	-	-5,3%	-9,1%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	702 065	57 993	-	384 727	364 330	331 285	-52,8%	528,2%	-	-5,3%	-9,1%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	326 948	285 005	-	203 406	173 831	157 476	-51,8%	-39,0%	-	-14,5%	-9,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	Yes	Yes	-	No	No	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	Yes	Yes	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	262 316 223	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	237 898 199	253 034 641	-	237 581 907	254 818 057	260 079 600	9,3%	0,7%	-	7,3%	2,1%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	-	-	-	-	0,0%	-
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	mentation center)	ocumentation center)	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	rocessing System	rocessing System	ntences transferred.	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	1-9%	1-9%	50-99%	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	Yes	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	No	No	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	-	Compulsory	Optional	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	Compulsory	Compulsory	Compulsory Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	-	No training offered	No training offered	-	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Compulsory	Compulsory	-	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	-	1 151	3 289	NA	-	-	-	185,8%	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	4 689	5 155	-	5 353	5 367	5 367	14,5%	4,1%	-	0,3%	0,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	3 209	3 647	-	3 855	3 781	3 786	18,0%	3,7%	-	-1,9%	0,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	1 401	1 431	-	1 416	1 505	1 496	6,8%	5,2%	-	6,3%	-0,6%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	79	77	-	82	81	85	7,6%	5,2%	-	-1,2%	4,9%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	2 422	2 565	-	2 572	2 555	2 540	4,9%	-0,4%	-	-0,7%	-0,6%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	1 402	1 533	-	1 574	1 520	1 525	8,8%	-0,8%	-	-3,4%	0,3%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	950	964	-	927	965	940	-1,1%	0,1%	-	4,1%	-2,6%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	70	68	-	71	70	75	7,1%	2,9%	-	-1,4%	7,1%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	2 267	2 590	-	2 781	2 812	2 827	24,7%	8,6%	-	1,1%	0,5%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 807	2 114	-	2 281	2 261	2 261	25,1%	7,0%	-	-0,9%	0,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	451	467	-	489	540	556	23,3%	15,6%	-	10,4%	3,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	9	9	-	11	11	10	11,1%	22,2%	-	0,0%	-9,1%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	-	11,2%	-	2,4%	-1,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	4 456	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	-1,7%	4,2%	-	1,2%	18,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	-	-	-	0,2%	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	-	7,0%	-	1,6%	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	4 689	5 155	-	5 353	5 367	5 367	14,5%	4,1%	-	0,3%	0,0%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	3 209	3 647	-	3 855	3 781	3 786	18,0%	3,7%	-	-1,9%	0,1%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	1 401	1 431	-	1 416	1 505	1 496	6,8%	5,2%	-	6,3%	-0,6%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	79	77	-	82	81	85	7,6%	5,2%	-	-1,2%	4,9%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	2 422	2 565	-	2 572	2 555	2 540	4,9%	-0,4%	-	-0,7%	-0,6%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	1 402	1 533	-	1 574	1 520	1 525	8,8%	-0,8%	-	-3,4%	0,3%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	950	964	-	927	965	940	-1,1%	0,1%	-	4,1%	-2,6%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	70	68	-	71	70	75	7,1%	2,9%	-	-1,4%	7,1%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	2 267	2 590	-	2 781	2 812	2 827	24,7%	8,6%	-	1,1%	0,5%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	1 807	2 114	-	2 281	2 261	2 261	25,1%	7,0%	-	-0,9%	0,0%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	451	467	-	489	540	556	23,3%	15,6%	-	10,4%	3,0%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	9	9	-	11	11	10	11,1%	22,2%	-	0,0%	-9,1%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	-	11,2%	-	2,4%	-1,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	4 456	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	-1,7%	4,2%	-	1,2%	18,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	-	-	-	0,2%	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	-	7,0%	-	1,6%	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Spain tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	125 208	131 337	-	135 016	149 818	142 061	13,5%	14,1%	-	11,0%	-5,2%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	45 989 016	46 006 414	-	46 439 864	46 438 422	46 528 966	1,2%	0,9%	-	0,0%	0,2%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	125 208	131 337	-	135 016	149 818	142 061	13,5%	14,1%	-	11,0%	-5,2%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	44 748	-	48 563	49 746	49 186	-	11,2%	-	2,4%	-1,1%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	4 456	3 559	-	3 667	3 710	4 379	-1,7%	4,2%	-	1,2%	18,0%
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	0	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	0	NAP	-	44 896	46 036	44 807	-	-	-	2,5%	-2,7%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 221	1 224	NA	-	-	-	0,2%	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	2 323	-	2 446	2 486	NA	-	7,0%	-	1,6%	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	NAP	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%

Sweden (2016 data)

Economic and demographic data	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Population	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	4,6%	3,6%	2,5%	1,5%
GDP per capita	39 408 €	43 867 €	44 384 €	42 800 €	46 378 €	46 125 €	17,0%	5,7%	4,5%	8,4%	-0,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	8,95000	8,56880	8,86130	9,43230	9,19840	9,56100	6,8%	7,3%	3,8%	-2,5%	3,9%

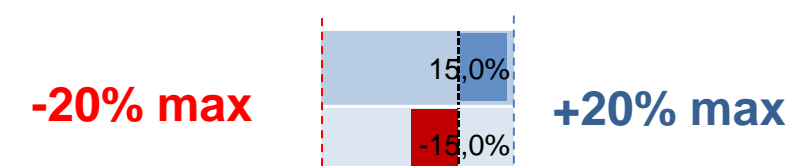
Means	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Amount granted for all courts per capita	59,2	66,7	66,4	62,5	69,7	NA	NA	4,5%	NA	NA	NA
Amount granted for judicial system per capita	93,5	106,5		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,5	11,8	11,7	11,8	11,8	11,8	2,7%	0,1%	0,5%	0,0%	0,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	NA	54,1	48,9	49,2	48,7	48,6	NA	-10,0%	-0,6%	-1,2%	-0,2%
IT Equipment Rate (/10) <i>New index based on 2016 available data</i>				6,7	7,5	7,5				12,5%	0,0%

First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	-11,5%	-10,6%	-9,8%	-6,6%	-2,6%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	-10,0%	-8,6%	-9,4%	-5,0%	-2,0%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	1,143	1,1	1,1	1,088	1,034	1,040	-9,0%	-4,7%	-6,0%	-5,0%	0,6%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016 (in points)	Variation 2012-2016 (in points)	Variation 2013-2016 (in points)	Variation 2014-2016 (in points)	Variation 2015-2016 (in points)
CR litigious civil (and commercial) cases	98%	99%		104%	104%	99%	0,01	0,05		0,00	0,04
CR non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	101%	96%		102%	101%	100%	-0,01	0,05		0,00	-0,01
CR non-litigious land registry cases	NC	NC		NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR non-litigious business cases	NC	NC		NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
CR administrative law cases	88%	105%		103%	104%	100%	0,13	-0,01		0,01	0,04

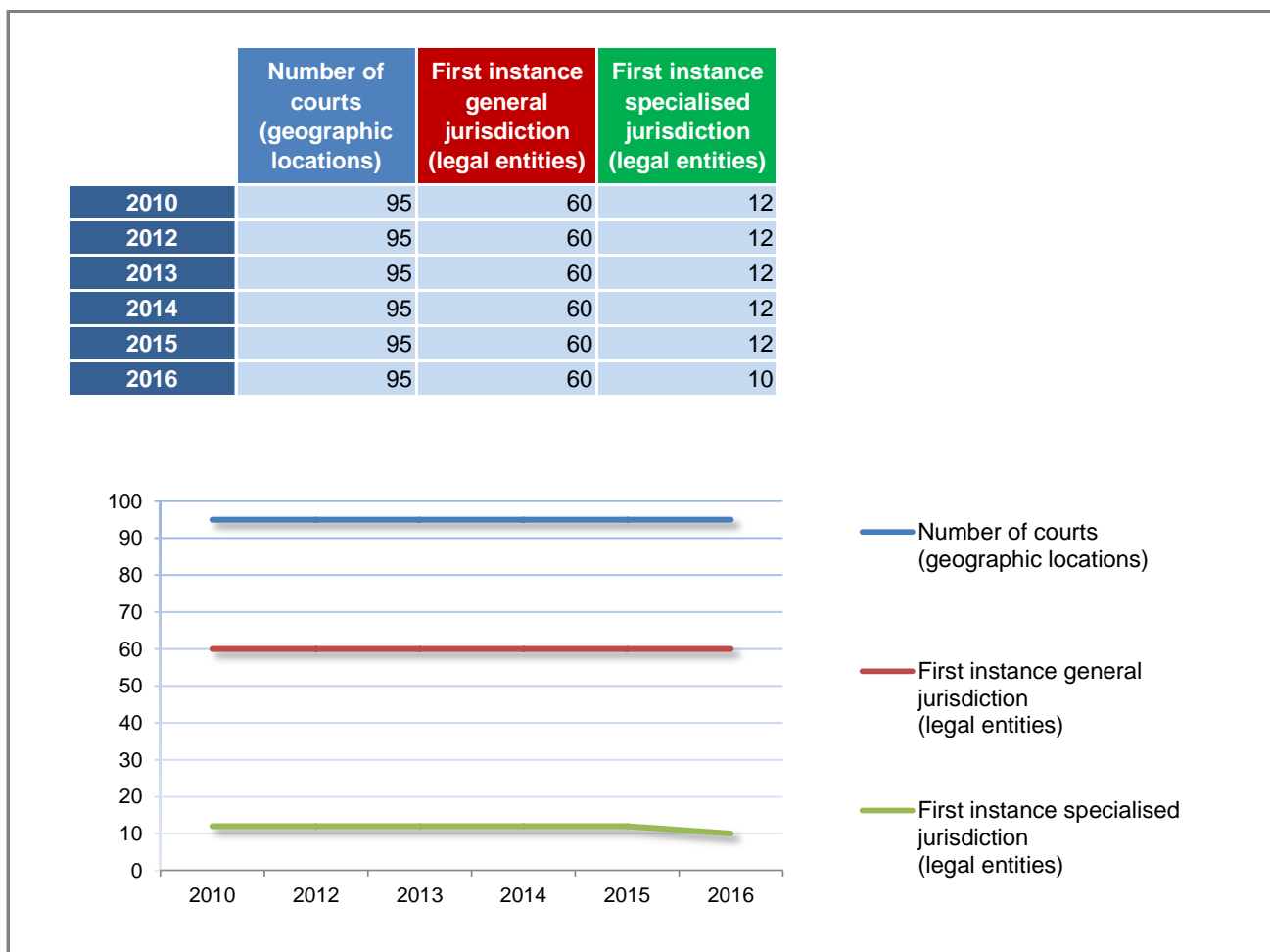
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
DT litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	187	179		157	152	164	-12,2%	-14,7%		-2,7%	7,8%
DT non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases (days)	144	156		141	141	144	-0,4%	-9,6%		-0,1%	1,9%
DT non-litigious land registry cases (days)	NC	NC		NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT non-litigious business cases (days)	NC	NC		NC	NC	NAP	NAP				NAP
DT administrative law cases (days)	190	126		114	105	108	-43,1%	-17,3%		-5,0%	3,3%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2016	Variation 2013-2016	Variation 2014-2016	Variation 2015-2016
Litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	-21,3%	-19,6%	-17,2%	-5,9%	0,3%
Non-litigious civil (and commercial) cases	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-11,8%	-12,8%	-9,8%	-5,1%	-1,7%
Non-litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Non-litigious business cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Administrative law cases	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3	-41,7%	-22,1%	-19,9%	-11,9%	-0,1%



1. Presentation of the functioning of the judicial system

In Sweden the court system consists of (a) the 'general jurisdiction' courts (district courts, appellate courts and the supreme court) (b) the general administrative courts (1st instance administrative courts, the appellate administrative courts, the supreme administrative courts), (c) the specialised courts (the Labour Court, the Market Court). From 2010-2016, the overall number of courts (95), the 1st instance general jurisdictions (60) has remained the same. Between 2010-2015 there were 12 1st instance specialised jurisdictions. In 2016 the number of 1st instance specialised jurisdiction is 10. More specifically, the 60 general jurisdictions comprise 48 district courts and 12 general administrative courts. Whereas the 10 first instance specialised courts comprise the labour court (1), the rent and tenancies courts (8) and other specialised courts (1). In more concrete terms, the labour courts adjudicate labour disputes as the first and the only instance, but in certain cases it can adjudicate as a second instance court. From September 1st 2016, the Patent and Market Court and the Patent and Market Court of Appeal merged to be Market Court (that dealt with the disputes based on the Competition Act and marketing practices Act), and the Court of Patent Appeals (that dealt with appeals against the Swedish Patent and registration Office). Additionally, the second instance courts comprise the (i) the general appellate courts (6) and (ii) administrative appellate courts (4). The Supreme Court and the Supreme Administrative Court make the highest level of the court system.



There are 10 specialised courts in Sweden of following categories:

Labour courts	1
Rent and tenancies courts	8
Other specialised 1st instance courts	1

The other specialised 1st instance courts include the Defence Intelligence Court.

The 2 specialised 1st instance Courts: Market Court and the Court of Patent appeals were replaced from September 1st 2016 by one Patent and Market Court and a Patent and Market Court of Appeal which is a part of the Stockholm district Court and Svea Hovrätt Court of appeals.

2. Resources of justice and courts framework

• Implemented budget allocated to the functioning of the courts

Sweden does not have the approved budget allocated to the functioning of the courts but only implemented one.

Total annual implemented public budget allocated to all courts: 682 093 650 EUR

The three most important categories of annual public budget are :

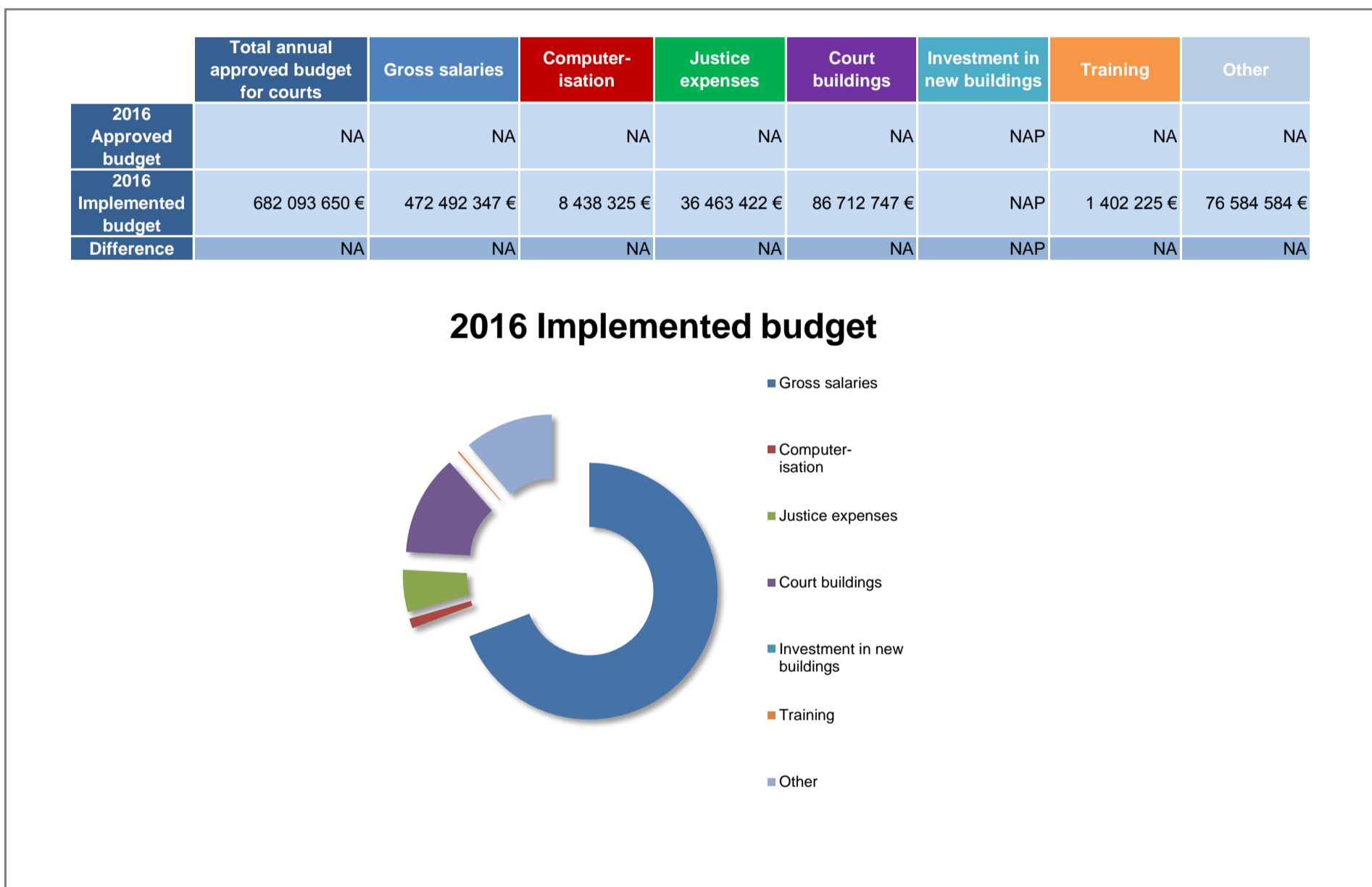
- Gross Salaries: 472 492 347 EUR
- Court buildings: 86 712 747 EUR
- Other: 76 584 584 EUR

The implemented budget allocated to:

-“Justice expenses” is included within the figure provided in respect of item “other”. It cannot be identified accurately, because there is not such a category in the Swedish statistical system.-“Other” also includes Deprecation, Consulting services, Bailiffs, Security services, Costs for Printing matters, Postage, Costs for enouncements, Traveling expences.

-The category of “new court buildings” does not exist since all court buildings are rented from different property owners.

Due to differences in nomenclature within different audit systems there is an inherent problem in comparing numbers. As a result, the figures presented in question 6 should be used with prudence. Annual implemented budget allocated to training now excludes expenses for food and lodging, these expenses are now included in “Other”.



• Approved budget allocated to the judicial system (courts, prosecution services and legal aid)

- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system: 1 194 454 596 EUR
- Total annual approved public budget allocated to the judicial system per capita: 119,5 EUR

The budget per capita (119,5) is well above the EU average (63,8) and EU median (53,6) and one of the highest in EU with Austria and Netherlands.

Between 2015 and 2016 the implemented budget of the judicial system has increased for around 7%.

The numbers for 2016 include legal aid in cases involving aliens and aliens cases.

• Approved budget allocated to the whole justice system: 4 591 423 491 €

This budget includes the following budgetary elements:

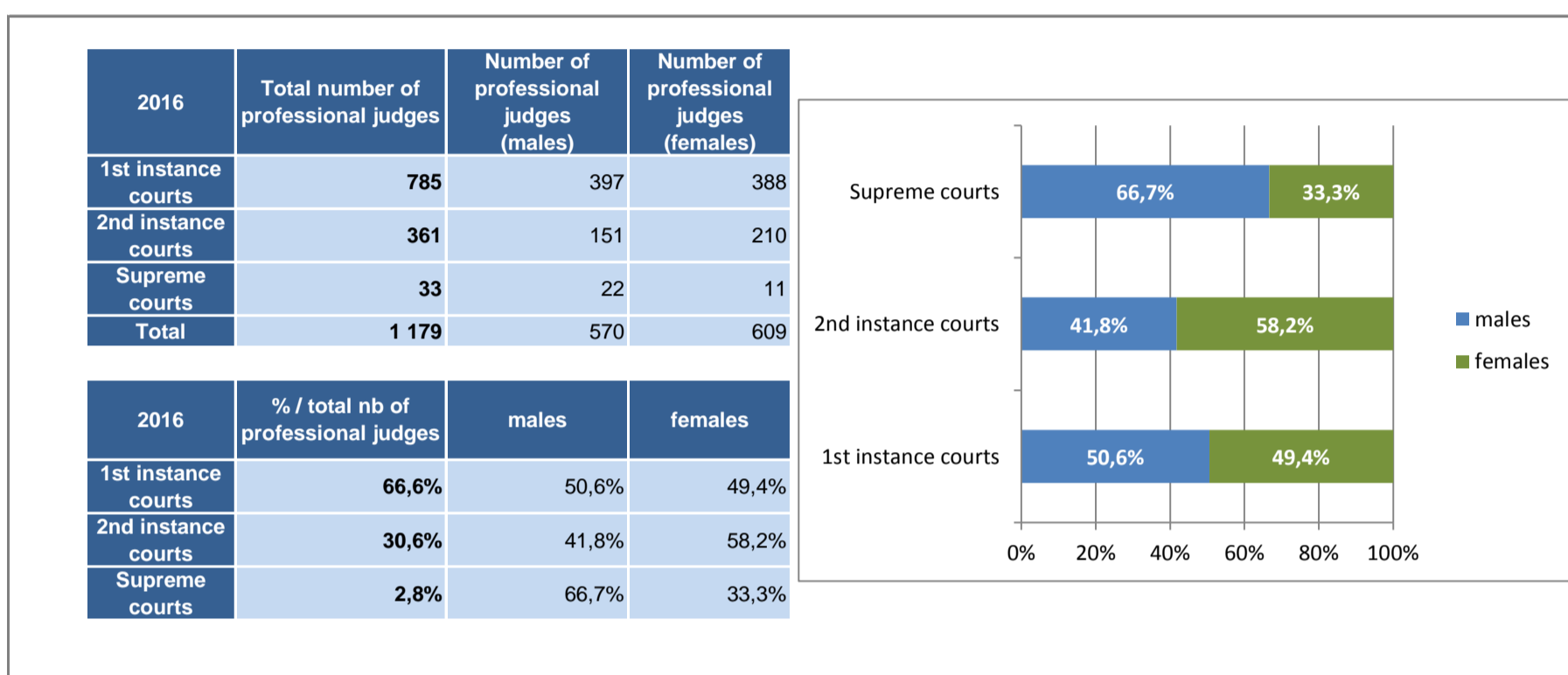
- Court budget
- Legal aid budget

- Public prosecution services budget
- Prison system
- Probation services
- Judicial management body
- Forensic services
- Judicial protection of juveniles
- Other services

The category “other” encompasses namely the Swedish Police; the Swedish Security Service; the Swedish Economic Crime Authority; the Swedish National Council for Crime Prevention; the Swedish Gene Technology Advisory Board; the Crime Victim Compensation and Support Authority; the Swedish Commission on Security and Integrity Protection; Economic compensation for damages suffered due to crime; Economic costs for certain claim settlements; Economic contributions to local crime prevention; the Judges Proposals Board.

• Human resources

- Judges



According to 2016 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Sweden is 1 179 which is 1,7% more than in 2015.

More precisely, in Sweden, in 2016, there are 12,0 judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 23,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,1 non-judge staff per judge (in 2015, this ratio was at 4,1 non-judge staff per judge).

The total number of female professional judges (all instances), in 2016, is 609 which represents 51,7% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 785 are sitting in first instance courts (among which 388 are female) ; 361 are sitting in second instance courts (among which 210 are female) and 33 are sitting in Supreme Court (among which 11 are female).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that due to the fact that the Supreme Court judges are few, the variations affecting the distribution male/female could appear significant in terms of percentage, while in actual numbers the difference is not that significant (one or two judges). The statistics needs to be viewed over a longer period of time

In Sweden, training of judges is broken down as follows:

- Initial training: Optional
- General in-service training: Optional
- In-service training for specialised judicial functions: Optional
- In-service training for management functions of the court: Optional
- In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts: Optional

More specifically, the Swedish Judicial Academy established in 2009 is a part of the Swedish National courts administration and ensures the training of all judicial staff. There are two ways to become a judge in Sweden. On the one hand, it is possible to have an initial training of four years which includes compulsory courses at the Academy. On the other hand, it is possible to become a judge without this initial training.

After their appointment, the new judges have a large range of different courses to choose between their needs.

Human rights issues are encompassed in the courses of general law, as the European Convention is a part of the general law in Sweden. Accordingly, trainings of judges and prosecutors include lectures on the ECtHR case-law and humanitarian law.

- Non-judge staff

	Total	Rechtspfleger or equiv.	Non-judge staff assisting the judge	Staff in charge of administrative tasks	Technical staff	Other
2010	NA	0	2 800	1 179	0	0
2012	5 173	NAP	3 500	1 054	119	500
2013	4 716	NAP	3 260	688	91	677
2014	4 797	NAP	3 290	707	106	694
2015	4 800	NAP	3 269	708	104	719
2016	4 859	NAP	3 343	706	104	706

In Sweden, in 2016, there are 4 859 non-judge staff (among which 3 754 females). Analysis of the 2015-2016 period reveals an increase of 1,2%.

In 2016, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 3 343 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (among which 2 746 are women);
- 706 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (among which 472 are women);
- 104 technical staff (among which 41 are women);
- 706 other staff, such as court interpreters, (among which 495 are women);

In the light of the data relevant for the judges, it is possible to notice that in 2016, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 49,2 in 2015 to 49,3 in 2016).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolves from 11,8 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2015 to 11,8 in 2016.

The numbers do not include staff on leave or Swedish National Courts Administration (SNCA) employees. The SNCA is a government agency responsible for the service organization of courts, namely the overall coordination and joint issues. It has no authority over the courts' judicial business and their verdict. It also provides support to the courts, rental and tenancy tribunals and legal aid. It deals with issues related to staff development, training and information, development of regulations, instructions and guidance. It ensures that operations are conducted in an effective and accessible way for citizens. In 2012 and 2013, there were about 330 employees with diverse professional backgrounds.

3. Efficiency and quality of the judicial system

• Access to justice

◦ Legal aid

The total annual approved public budget to legal aid is 332 168 392 € (33,2 € per capita).

The distribution per categories of the total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid is not available

The budget of legal aid has significantly increased (over 23%) due to the fact that numbers for 2016 include legal aid in cases involving aliens and aliens cases.

In Sweden legal aid can be granted for fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents.

According to section 19 of the Legal Aid Act, an individual who is granted legal aid does not have to pay fees to the Swedish Enforcement Authority.

Legal aid can also be granted for other costs.

In criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for travel expenses and subsistence in respect of the accused person. The latter can also be granted legal aid for expenses for witnesses who are not called by the prosecutor.

In other than criminal cases, an individual granted with legal aid can have expenses covered for traveling and subsistence, evidence in court, investigation costs to a certain amount (10 000 SEK, approximately 1000 EUR) and for costs for a mediator appointed by the court.

Individuals are free to chose their lawyers in the frame of legal aid system.

◦ Court fees

Litigants have to pay taxes to start a proceeding in other than criminal matters.

As a rule, litigants are required to pay a court fee to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction for other than criminal cases. The administrative law cases constitute an exception to the general tenet. Till 2014, there was another exception concerning cases for obtaining an order to pay when the person objects the order to pay issued by the enforcement authority. From the 1st of July 2014, there is an additional court fee in these cases when a claim is disputed and therefore transferred from the Enforcement Authority to the court of first instance.

Besides, a person who is granted legal aid does not have to pay court fees.

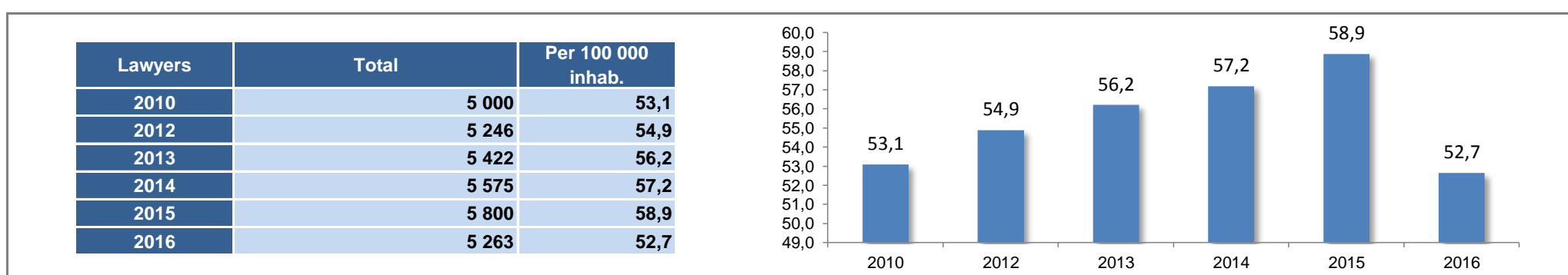
Following case types are excepted from the rule to pay a court tax or fee: administrative law cases, court cases about obtaining an order to pay when the person the claim is directed at objects to an order to pay already issued by the Enforcement Authority, cases where the litigant applies for bankruptcy as well as cases where the litigant has been granted legal aid.

The calculation method for court fees is based on the costs of the general lawyer's offices. The debitable time is set at 72,5 %. The cost components included are salary costs and subsidiary salary costs for lawyers, salary costs and subsidiary salary costs for counsels, court building costs as well as other costs. A conversion of all these costs is done with regard to changes in the cost level of each component. The consumer price index is used as a conversion factor. Consideration of the development of costs during the last three years is taken by using the average increase to convert last year's hourly standard.

Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery is 293 Euro

• Other professionals of justice

◦ Lawyers



In Sweden, in 2016, there are 5 263 lawyers, which is -9,3% less than in 2015.

This data represents 52,7 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants in 2016 and is lower than the EU median of 114,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The number includes all members of the Swedish Bar Association that incorporates: "advokater"= advocates and 1 900 associate lawyers at law firms (not fully qualified to become advocate, but qualified to represent clients in court and give legal advice).

Only those who have qualified and passed all the mandatory requirements are able to be admitted as member of the Swedish Bar Association. Only members of the Swedish Bar may give legal advice and represent client in courts under the professional title "Advokat". The title "advokat" (advocate) is protected by law and it is a criminal offence to act under the title without being a member of the Bar. An interesting characteristic of the lawyers profession in Sweden is that we have an open and free legal market and no monopoly for advocates; everyone can act as a counsel in legal matters and represent clients in a court of law (even in the Supreme courts – but not under the title "advokat", which is reserved for members of the SBA).

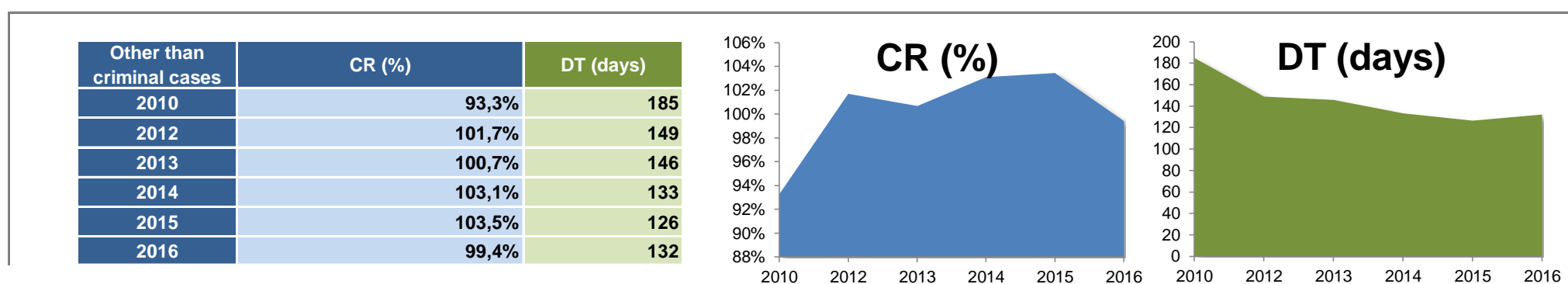
• Court performance

◦ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the maximum estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

◦ *Total other than criminal cases*



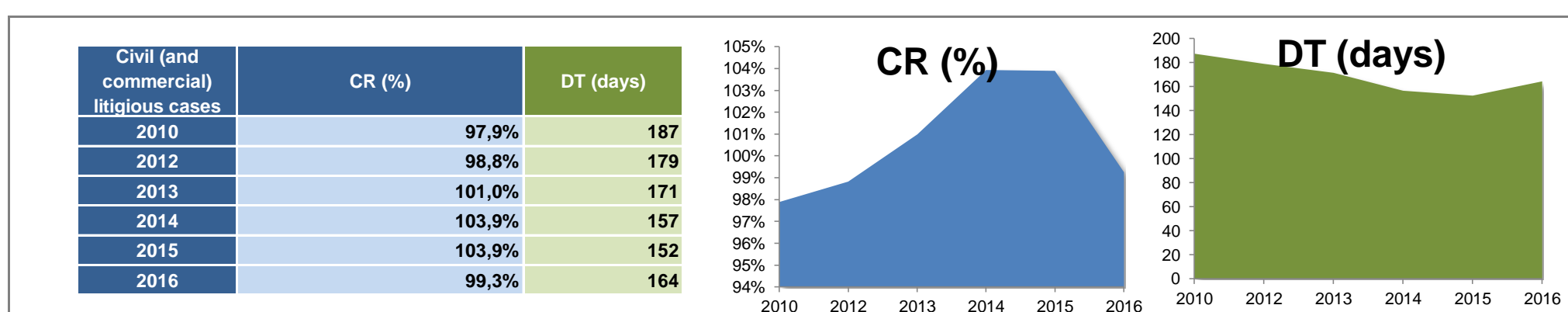
With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,4% in 2016, Sweden seems not capable to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,1 points.

In Sweden, in 2016, other than criminal cases are solved in a maximum of 132 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 4,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

◦ *Civil (and commercial) litigious cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,3% in 2016, Sweden seems not capable to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

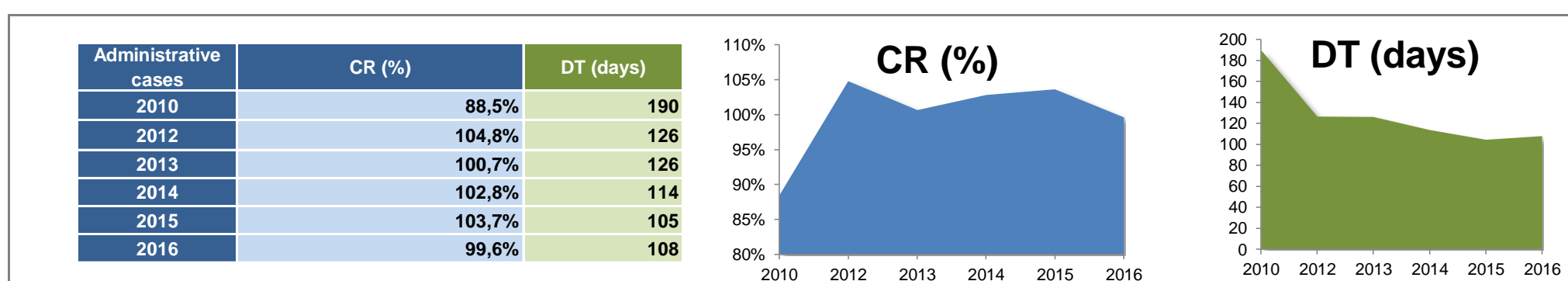
Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,7 points.

In Sweden, in 2016, the civil and commercial litigious cases are solved in a maximum of 164 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 7,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

In Sweden, there are 763 civil and commercial litigious cases older than 2 years. This is 2,9% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

◦ *Administrative cases*



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,6% in 2016, Sweden seems not capable to deal with its administrative cases.

Between 2015 and 2016, the Clearance Rate has decreased for -4,0 points.

In Sweden, in 2016, the administrative cases are solved in a maximum of 108 days.

Analysis of the 2015 - 2016 period reveals a 3,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

In , there are 329 administrative law cases older than 2 years. This is 1,1% of the total number of pending cases at the end of the year

In respect of the discrepancies that can be observed between the number of pending cases indicated for December of one year and the number of pending cases communicated for January of the next year, it is noteworthy that it is possible to register data afterwards in the operational system Vera which is 'alive'. Accordingly, if one produces data for the same dates at two different moments, one can get small differences in the results.

Land registry cases and business registry cases are not handled at courts in Sweden. Owing to that the reply in their respect is NAP.

The category of civil and commercial non-litigious cases includes joint petitions for divorce and cases related to custody of children.

◦ *Insolvency*

The data on insolvency cases is not available.

● **Systems for measuring and evaluating the court performance**

In Sweden, individual courts are not required to prepare an activity report.

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

- Number of incoming cases
- Number of decisions delivered
- Length of proceedings (timeframes)
- Age of cases
- Other court activities

Statistics concerning review permits in a superior court (this is often required when you appeal to a superior court)

- Number of incoming cases where there is a demand for a review permit
- Number of cases that receives a review permit
- Time to examine if a review permit will be given

Statistics concerning hearings

- Number and duration of hearings in a case
- Number of cancelled hearings in a case

Statistics concerning parties

- Number and type of parties in a case (defendants, witnesses, parties injured, plaintiffs)
- Number of detained persons (in custody) in a criminal case
- Number of cases including minor offenders (< 18 years old)

Statistics concerning various types of decisions

- Number of times a judicial decision is changed in a superior court

Statistics concerning unit within court used to handle the case

Statistics concerning number of judges used to handle the case.

In Sweden, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court.

The number of incoming cases, this of decided cases, the backlogs, as well as the age structure of the cases are relevant parameters of regular evaluation of the activity of each court. The latter can be carried out on a day-to-day basis.

A system to evaluate regularly the activity of each court (in terms of performance and output) exists and performance and quality indicators are defined at the court level.

The evaluation of the court activity is used for the later allocation of means in this court. Quality standards are not determined for the judicial system.

•Alternative dispute resolutions

The judicial system in Sweden provides judicial mediation.

In civil cases amenable to out of court settlement, ADR forms part of the judge's direction of proceedings. One of the main purposes of the preparatory hearing is to examine the possibilities to reach a friendly settlement. It is a mandatory task for the judge unless it is inappropriate due to the nature of the case.

In Sweden, in 2016, there are no accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation.

Judicial mediation can be a part of the court procedure but judicial mediation is not registered as a specific kind of case.

•The ICT tools of courts and for court users

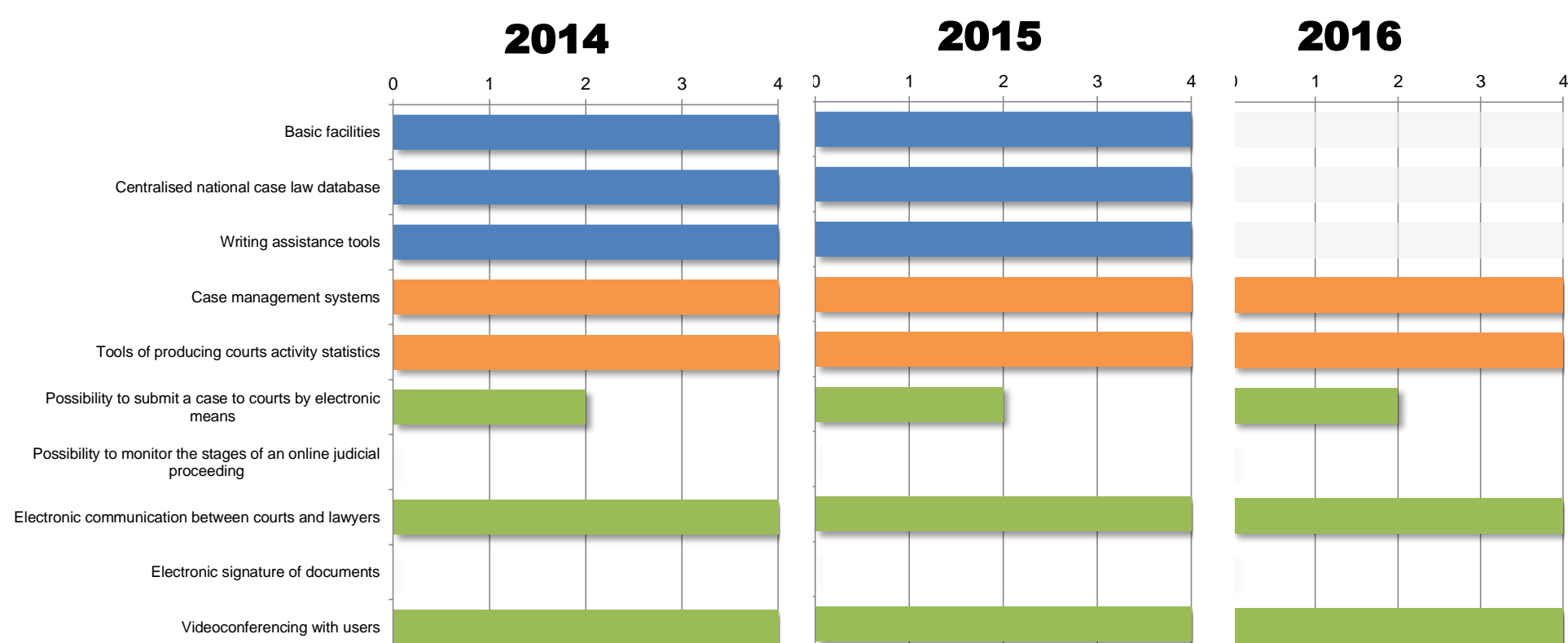
The use of ICT in courts had been evaluated in 3 fields in 2015 (graphic on the left below):

- Direct assistance to judges and court clerks (blue bars below);
- Administration and management (orange bars);
- Communication between court and users (green bars).

In 2016, the evaluation has been focused on the administration and management tools (graphic on the right below, orange bars) and the communication between courts and users (green bars). Hence, the bars for direct assistance facilities are now shown in grey and the global IT evaluation is about administration and communication tools.

According to the answers communicated to the CEPEJ in 2016, the global IT equipment rate of Sweden has been evaluated at 7,5 points on 10. The EU median is 7,5 points.

The break-down of this result by field may be summarized in these graphics, where each field has been evaluated from 0 to 4 points.



Comments of the State about communication tools

In some areas it is possible to initiate a case by electronic means and in others not. In some areas submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory and in others it is not.

4. National data collection system

In Sweden, there is the centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary.

The centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary is the Swedish National Courts Administration.

The Swedish courts use the same case management system with regard to all categories of cases, but with different set-ups. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. The system also provides data on a daily basis. In criminal cases, it communicates with the National Police Board and the prosecutor's offices.

The statistics are encapsulated in ready-made reports accessible to all courts and persons employed by the latter. The system contains operational statistics, as well as historical data. The statistics database and reports are updated every night.

The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups with regard to all courts and the National Courts Administration, annual reports addressed to the government, official statistics (annual publication), inquiries from media, different authorities and the public, as well as for the distribution of budgetary resources between different courts.

This institution publishes statistics of each court on internet.

5. Reforms

1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

The new Patent and Market Courts were established on 1 of September 2016. The courts handle most cases relating to intellectual property law, competition law and market law. The Patent and Market Court is part of the District Court of Stockholm and the Appellate Patent and Market Court is part of the Svea Court of Appeal. The Patent and Market Court and the Appellate Patent and Market Court are composed of legally trained judges and patent judges. Jurisdiction is also exercised by technical and economic experts. On 12 May 2016 the Government appointed an Inquiry instructed to analyse if a legal framework assuring law enforcement agencies the right to use equipment interference (legal possibilities to break into automated information systems) should be proposed. The Inquiry will present its final report in November 2017.

On 23 July 2015 the Government appointed an Inquiry to submit proposals aimed at reducing the use of pre-trial detention and restrictions. The Inquiry report was delivered in August 2016 and is now being prepared within the Government Offices. The Inquiry report proposes for example alternatives to detention such as house arrest and area arrest, limitation of detention periods and expanded examination of restrictions by the courts. It also proposes a statutory right to human contact for at least two hours every day. Finally it proposes special regulations for children such as detainees who are under 18 years of age must be held in special youth homes and that children must be entitled to spend time with another person for at least four hours every day.

On 7 April 2016 the Government appointed another Inquiry instructed to analyse how processing of major criminal cases with extensive evidence could be modernised and made more effective while upholding legal security requirements. The Inquiry will identify possible main objectives in a forthcoming work to modernize and streamline the handling of major criminal cases and to assess what actions in the framework of these main objectives as may be necessary to investigate further. The work of the Inquiry also includes analysing whether it is appropriate to introduce increased opportunities to use documented interrogation as evidence in courts and in that case submit the proposals deemed necessary. An interim report was presented in February 2017 and The Inquiry will present its final report in December 2017.

In March 2016 the Government appointed an inquiry to investigate certain issues related to seizure and search of premises. The rules on seizure and search of premises entered into force in the 1940s. The legislation focuses on physical objects and written documents. The task includes analysing how the

2. Budget

No reform foreseen for this category.

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	39 408	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	17,0%	5,7%	4,5%	8,4%	-0,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	8,95	8,57	8,86	9,43	9,20	9,56	6,8%	7,3%	3,8%	-2,5%	3,9%

Indicator 1: The budget and resources of courts and the justice system

Tables 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 Public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution, in € (Q6, Q12, Q12-1, Q13)

Q6. Annual approved budget allocated to all courts/court budget	557 260 358	637 246 965	640 850 593	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q6. Annual implemented budget allocated to all courts/court budget	-	-	-	609 190 589	686 514 080	682 093 650	-	-	-	12,7%	-0,6%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
Q12-1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	-	-	-	257 883 019	276 604 518	361 941 952	-	-	-	7,3%	30,9%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	127 316 425	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	22,6%	5,0%	6,3%	9,6%	2,8%
Q13. Total annual implemented public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	-	-	-	138 875 248	147 410 202	150 418 994	-	-	-	6,1%	2,0%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	93,5	106,5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	103,2	112,7	119,5	-	-	-	-	6,0%

Table 1.2.1 Variations of the public budget allocated to courts, legal aid and public prosecution in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.1 Cost of approved budget of judicial system* in absolute value and per capita in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.2.3 Variation of approved budget of the judicial system* in € (Q1, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan 2015	8,95	8,57	8,86	9,43	9,20	9,56	6,8%	7,3%	3,8%	-2,5%	3,9%
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	127 316 425	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	22,6%	5,0%	6,3%	9,6%	2,8%
Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	93,5	106,5	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Implemented amount granted for judicial system per capita	-	-	-	103,2	112,7	119,5	-	-	-	9,2%	6,0%

Table 1.2.4 Approved public budget allocated to courts* (in €) by components (Q6, Q7)

6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	557 260 358	637 246 965	640 850 593	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.2 Approved budget of all courts - Gross salaries	394 206 713	446 449 529	448 241 725	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	13 108 158	15 379 625	15 006 256	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.4 Approved budget of all courts - Justice expenses	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.5 Approved budget of all courts - Court buildings	78 077 930	90 513 800	90 355 364	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.6 Approved budget of all courts - New court buildings	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.7 Approved budget of all courts - Training	6 873 752	7 706 415	6 782 035	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.8 Approved budget of all courts - Other	70 688 129	77 197 596	80 465 213	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1.3.1 Annual approved and implemented budgets allocated to the whole justice system and the judicial system in € (Q6, Q12, Q13, Q15.1, Q15.2), Q15.3

Table 1.3.2 Budgetary elements of the budget allocated to the whole justice system (Q15.2, Q15-3)

Approved amount granted for judicial system per capita	93 €	107 €	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	127 316 425	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	22,6%	5,0%	6,3%	9,6%	2,8%
15-1.1.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in €	4 064 159 050	4 519 656 078	4 628 439 958	4 369 453 368	4 509 284 767	4 591 423 491	13,0%	-0,2%	-2,6%	3,2%	1,8%
15-2.1.1 Court budget (Q6) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.2 Legal aid budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-2.1.3 Public prosecution services budget (Q12) included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.1 Prison system included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.2 Probation services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.3 Council of the judiciary included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.4 Constitutionnal court included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.5 Judicial management body included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.6 State advocacy included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
15-3.1.7 Enforcement services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.8 Notariat included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.9 Forensic services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.10 Judicial protection of juveniles included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.11 Functioning of the Ministry of Justice included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.12 Refugees and asylum seekers service included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.13 Immigration services	-	-	-	-	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.14 Some police services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
15-3.1.15 Other services included in whole justice system budget (Q15-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 1.4 Correlation between the GDP per capita and the total approved budget of judicial system (Q1, Q3, Q6, Q12, Q13)

Table 1.5 ICT: Computerisation budget as part of the total approved budget allocated to the courts* (Q6, Q7)

Table 1.6 (EC) Budget for courts and judicial system* in €, per capita (Q1, Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	557 260 358	637 246 965	640 850 593	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.1 Approved budget of all courts - Total annual budget	557 260 358	637 246 965	640 850 593	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6.1.3 Approved budget of all courts - Computerisation	13 108 158	15 379 625	15 006 256	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
Q13. Total annual approved public budget allocated to the public prosecution services (in €)	127 316 425	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	22,6%	5,0%	6,3%	9,6%	2,8%

Figure 1.7 Evolution of revenues from court taxes and fees in 2010, 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q9)

Figure 1.8 Participation of the court taxes and fees in the budget of the judicial system for 2010 2012, 2014 and 2015 in € (Q1, Q6, Q9)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
Q6. Amount granted for judicial system per capita	557 260 358	637 246 965	640 850 593	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
Q9. Annual income of court taxes or fees received by the state	4 469 274	5 134 908	-	9 011 588	13 480 605	12 802 008	186,4%	162,5%	-	49,6%	-5,0%

Figure 1.9 Methodologies to calculate court fees and taxes (Q8-1, Q8-2)

Q8-2. Amount of court fees to commence an action for 3000 Euro debpt recovery	- hourly standard.	- hourly standard.	r's hourly standard.	s hourly standard.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

Table 2.1 Number of first instance courts (general and specialised) as legal entities and number of all courts (first, appeal and high courts) as geographic locations (Q42)

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts (Q43)

Table 2.3 (EC) Variation of the absolute number of all courts (geographic locations) (Q42)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
42.1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction 2014	60	60	60	60	60	60	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
42.1.2 Specialised first instance courts 2014	12	12	12	12	12	10	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%
42.1.3 All the courts (geographic locations) 2014	95	95	95	95	95	95	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

Table 2.2 Number of (legal entities) first instance specialised courts and its break-down (Q43)

43.1.1 Total Nr of first instance specialised courts 2014	12	12	12	12	12	10	-16,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-16,7%
43.1.2 Nr_commercial courts 2014	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.3 Nr_insolvency courts 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.4 Nr_labour courts 2014	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Nr_family courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.6 Nr_rent and tenancies courts 2014	8	8	8	8	8	8	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.7 Nr_enforc_crim_sanctions courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.8 Nr_fight against terrorism_org crim_corruption 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.9 Nr_internet related disputes 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.10 Nr_administrative courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.11 Nr_insurance_soc welfare courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
43.1.12 Nr_military courts 2014	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
43.1.13 Nr_other specialised 1st instance courts 2014	3	3	3	3	3	1	-66,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-66,7%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

Tables 3.1.1 to 3.1.1.4 (all years) and 3.1.1.5 First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q91)

91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	79 621	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	67 865	-14,8%	-12,7%	-9,2%	-7,6%	-8,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 539	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	-14,2%	-7,7%	-9,9%	-8,0%	-8,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 303	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	-9,7%	2,8%	-6,4%	-4,2%	-3,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	37 146	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	30 273	-18,5%	-20,3%	-9,9%	-8,1%	-11,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 633	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	13,8%	-0,9%	-1,4%	-8,0%	-4,1%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	196 544	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	191 850	-2,4%	-4,0%	-5,6%	-4,3%	1,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 428	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	-6,0%	-7,8%	-7,9%	-5,6%	-1,2%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	-	-	-	-4,0%	-0,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 373	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	-4,5%	-5,8%	-7,4%	-4,0%	-0,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	107 654	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	103 997	-3,4%	-1,8%	-4,0%	-4,0%	2,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 089	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	123,2%	5,4%	-1,5%	3,4%	19,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	183 343	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	190 676	4,0%	-2,4%	-3,0%	-4,0%	-2,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 095	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	-4,7%	-3,1%	-5,2%	-5,7%	-5,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	-	-	-	-4,0%	-2,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 704	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	-5,9%	-0,6%	-6,9%	-4,0%	-2,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	95 262	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	103 601	8,8%	-2,9%	-1,1%	-3,2%	-1,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 282	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	100,1%	8,1%	4,7%	0,7%	11,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	92 822	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	69 039	-25,6%	-17,1%	-15,8%	-8,8%	1,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 872	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	-16,4%	-17,4%	-15,7%	-8,2%	1,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	-	-	-	-4,1%	-0,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 972	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	-6,3%	-10,1%	-7,8%	-4,1%	-0,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	49 538	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	30 669	-38,1%	-19,7%	-18,2%	-11,0%	1,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 440	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	36,3%	-5,3%	-11,8%	-3,9%	10,9%

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.4 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time in different type of other than criminal cases (Q91)											
Table 3.10.1 to 3.10.12 First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases, litigious civil and commercial cases and administrative cases (Q91)											
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	93,3%	101,7%	100,7%	103,1%	103,5%	99,4%	6,5%	1,7%	2,8%	0,3%	-3,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,9%	98,8%	101,0%	103,9%	103,9%	99,3%	1,4%	5,1%	2,9%	0,0%	-4,5%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	-	-	-	0,0%	-1,5%
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	101,5%	96,2%	100,9%	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	-1,5%	5,5%	0,6%	0,0%	-1,5%
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	88,5%	104,8%	100,7%	102,8%	103,7%	99,6%	12,6%	-1,1%	3,0%	0,8%	-3,9%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	106,2%	99,7%	96,1%	104,9%	102,2%	95,2%	-10,4%	2,5%	6,4%	-2,6%	-6,8%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	185	149	146	133	126	132	-28,5%	-15,1%	-13,2%	-5,0%	4,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	187	179	171	157	152	164	-12,2%	-14,7%	-11,0%	-2,7%	7,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	141	141	144	-	-	-	-0,1%	1,9%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	144	156	142	141	141	144	-0,4%	-9,6%	-1,1%	-0,1%	1,9%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	190	126	126	114	105	108	-43,1%	-17,3%	-17,2%	-8,0%	3,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	271	212	220	194	185	185	-31,9%	-12,4%	-15,7%	-4,6%	-0,4%

Table 3.3.1 (all years) First instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q101)											
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Litigious divorce case	5045	5 535	5 677	5 738	5 411	5 292	4,9%	-2,2%	-4,7%	-5,7%	-2,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8812	8 972	9 503	9 254	8 939	9 174	4,1%	-0,4%	-5,9%	-3,4%	2,6%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8214	8 824	9 444	9 601	9 070	9 056	10,3%	2,8%	-4,0%	-5,5%	-0,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Litigious divorce case	5643	5 683	5 736	5 391	5 280	5 410	-4,1%	-7,1%	-7,9%	-2,1%	2,5%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Insolvency	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.4.1 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
Table 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 First instance courts: Variation of clearance rate and disposition time between 2010 and 2013 (litigious divorce, employment dismissal and insolvency cases) (Q101)											
CR Litigious divorce cases	93,2%	98,4%	99,4%	103,7%	101,5%	98,7%	5,9%	3,2%	2,1%	-2,2%	-2,7%
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
CR Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Litigious divorce cases	251	235	222	205	212	218	-13,0%	-9,6%	-4,2%	3,7%	2,6%
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
DT Insolvency cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.5.1.1 to 3.5.1.4 Second instance courts: Number of other than criminal cases (Q97)											
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(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	13345	14 214	11 786	11 076	13 457	14 390	7,8%	-5,3%	14,2%	21,5%	6,9%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	900	927	938	1 046	874	825	-8,3%	-5,7%	-6,8%	-16,4%	-5,6%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	10832	11 784	9 175	8 237	10 842	11 638	7,4%	-8,0%	18,2%	31,6%	7,3%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1613	1 503	1 673	1 793	1 741	1 927	19,5%	15,8%	4,1%	-2,9%	10,7%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35993	41 573	39 472	42 217	40 137	39 287	9,2%	-3,5%	1,7%	-4,9%	-2,1%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2951	2 818	2 940	2 824	2 771	2 646	-10,3%	-1,7%	-5,7%	-1,9%	-4,5%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	21138	25 452	22 824	24 837	23 362	22 820	8,0%	-8,2%	2,4%	-5,9%	-2,3%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	11904	13 303	13 708	14 556	14 004	13 821	16,1%	5,3%	2,2%	-3,8%	-1,3%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	38239	43 999	40 181	39 836	39 204	39 101	2,3%	-10,9%	-2,4%	-1,6%	-0,3%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	2950	2 807	2 833	2 996	2 820	2 723	-7,7%	0,5%	-0,5%	-5,9%	-3,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	23383	28 060	23 765	22 233	22 567	22 352	-4,4%	-19,6%	-5,0%	1,5%	-1,0%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	11906	13 132	13 583	14 607	13 817	14 026	17,8%	5,2%	1,7%	-5,4%	1,5%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11099	11 788	11 077	13 457	14 390	14 576	31,3%	22,1%	29,9%	6,9%	1,3%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	901	938	1 045	874	825	748	-17,0%	-12,0%	-21,1%	-5,6%	-9,3%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	8587	9 176	8 234	10 847	11 637	12 106	41,0%	26,8%	41,3%	7,3%	4,0%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	1611	1 674	1 798	1 742	1 928	1 722	6,9%	15,2%	7,2%	10,7%	-10,7%

Table 3.6.1: Second instance courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.6.2: Second instance courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	106,2%	105,8%	101,8%	94,4%	97,7%	99,5%	-6,3%	-7,7%	-4,0%	3,5%	1,9%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,0%	99,6%	96,4%	106,1%	101,8%	102,9%	2,9%	2,2%	5,6%	-4,1%	1,1%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	110,6%	110,2%	104,1%	89,5%	96,6%	97,9%	-11,5%	-12,4%	-7,2%	7,9%	1,4%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,0%	98,7%	99,1%	100,4%	98,7%	101,5%	1,5%	-0,1%	-0,4%	-1,7%	2,9%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	106	98	101	123	134	136	28,4%	37,0%	33,1%	8,7%	1,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	111	122	135	106	107	100	-10,1%	-12,5%	-20,7%	0,3%	-6,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	134	119	126	178	188	198	47,5%	57,7%	48,8%	5,7%	5,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	49	47	48	44	51	45	-9,3%	9,5%	5,4%	17,0%	-12,0%

Table 3.7.1.1 to 3.1.1.4: Supreme courts, number of other than criminal law cases (Q99)											
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4155	3 630	-	4 235	3 237	2 831	-31,9%	-10,8%	-	-23,6%	-12,5%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	168	176	-	149	153	135	-19,6%	-13,1%	-	2,7%	-11,8%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	3035	2 410	-	2 856	1 996	1 905	-37,2%	-17,2%	-	-30,1%	-4,6%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	952	1 044	-	1 230	1 088	791	-16,9%	4,2%	-	-11,5%	-27,3%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11965	11 369	-	11 585	11 886	11 289	-5,6%	4,5%	-	2,6%	-5,0%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	308	343	-	358	336	347	12,7%	-2,0%	-	-6,1%	3,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	7713	7 310	-	7 036	7 380	6 989	-9,4%	1,0%	-	4,9%	-5,3%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3944	3 716	-	4 191	4 170	3 953	0,2%	12,2%	-	-0,5%	-5,2%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	12635	11 057	-	12 583	12 280	11 471	-9,2%	11,1%	-	-2,4%	-6,6%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	327	348	-	353	354	369	12,8%	1,7%	-	0,3%	4,2%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	8316	6 900	-	7 896	7 460	6 907	-16,9%	8,1%	-	-5,5%	-7,4%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3992	3 809	-	4 334	4 466	4 195	5,1%	17,2%	-	3,0%	-6,1%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	3485	3 942	-	3 237	2 843	2 649	-24,0%	-27,9%	-	-12,2%	-6,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	149	171	-	154	135	113	-24,2%	-21,1%	-	-12,3%	-16,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	2432	2 820	-	1 996	1 916	1 987	-18,3%	-32,1%	-	-4,0%	3,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	904	951	-	1 087	792	549	-39,3%	-16,7%	-	-27,1%	-30,7%

Table 3.8.1: Supreme courts, clearance rate (in %) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

Table 3.8.2: Supreme courts, disposition time (in days) in different types of other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,6%	97,3%	-	108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	-3,8%	6,2%	-	-4,9%	-1,6%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	106,2%	101,5%	-	98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	0,2%	3,8%	-	6,8%	0,9%
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	107,8%	94,4%	-	112,2%	101,1%	98,8%	-8,3%	7,1%	-	-9,9%	-2,2%
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	101,2%	102,5%	-	103,4%	107,1%	106,1%	4,8%	4,5%	-	3,6%	-0,9%
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	101	130	-	94	85	84	-16,3%	-35,1%	-	-10,0%	-0,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	166	179	-	159	139	112	-32,8%	-22,4%	-	-12,6%	-19,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	107	149	-	92	94	105	-1,6%	-37,2%	-	1,6%	12,0%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	83	91	-	92	65	48	-42,2%	-29,0%	-	-29,3%	-26,2%

Table 3.9.1 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Table 3.9.9 to 3.9.10 First instance courts: Variation of caseload in the EU of other than criminal cases pe 100 inhabitants (Q1, Q91)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	79 621	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	67 865	-14,8%	-12,7%	-9,2%	-7,6%	-8,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 539	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	-14,2%	-7,7%	-9,9%	-8,0%	-8,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	-	-	-	-4,2%	-3,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 303	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	-9,7%	2,8%	-6,4%	-4,2%	-3,9%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Administrative law cases	37 146	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	30 273	-18,5%	-20,3%	-9,9%	-8,1%	-11,0%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 633	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	13,8%	-0,9%	-1,4%	-8,0%	-4,1%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	196 544	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	191 850	-2,4%	-4,0%	-5,6%	-4,3%	1,3%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 428	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	-6,0%	-7,8%	-7,9%	-5,6%	-1,2%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	-	-	-	-4,0%	-0,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 373	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	-4,5%	-5,8%	-7,4%	-4,0%	-0,6%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	107 654	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	103 997	-3,4%	-1,8%	-4,0%	-4,0%	2,1%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 089	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	123,2%	5,4%	-1,5%	3,4%	19,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	183 343	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	190 676	4,0%	-2,4%	-3,0%	-4,0%	-2,7%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 095	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	-4,7%	-3,1%	-5,2%	-5,7%	-5,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	-	-	-	-4,0%	-2,1%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 704	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	-5,9%	-0,6%	-6,9%	-4,0%	-2,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	95 262	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	103 601	8,8%	-2,9%	-1,1%	-3,2%	-1,9%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 282	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	100,1%	8,1%	4,7%	0,7%	11,3%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	92 822	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	69 039	-25,6%	-17,1%	-15,8%	-8,8%	1,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 872	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	-16,4%	-17,4%	-15,7%	-8,2%	1,7%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	-	-	-	-4,1%	-0,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 972	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	-6,3%	-10,1%	-7,8%	-4,1%	-0,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other registry cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Administrative law cases	49 538	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	30 669	-38,1%	-19,7%	-18,2%	-11,0%	1,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. '14_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	2 440	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	36,3%	-5,3%	-11,8%	-3,9%	10,9%

Indicator 4: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts

Table 4.1: Modalities of monitoring systems (Q81, Q70)

81 Are individual courts required to prepare an annual activity report?	No	only on Intranet	only on Intranet	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.1 Nr_Incoming cases 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.2 Nr_Decisions delivered 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.3 Nr_Postponed cases 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.4 Length of proceedings (timeframes) 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.5 Age of cases 2014	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
70.1.6 Other 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4.2: Performance and evaluation of the judicial systems (Q77, Q73, Q73.1, Q66, Q67)

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards 2014	No	No	No	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
73.1 Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of means to this court? (new question)	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
77 Perf and quality indicators of court activities 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 5: Legal aid

Table 5.1: Type of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16)

16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.2: Legal aid coverage (Q17)

17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 5.3.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12)

12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.3.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid by type (Q12-1)

12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	257 883 019	276 604 518	361 941 952	-	-	-	7,3%	30,9%
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.4 Total annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid in 2010 to 2014 (absolute number and per inhabitant) (Q1, Q12)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total (12.1 + 12.2)	195 683 782	236 399 146	255 679 979	244 442 713	268 378 957	332 168 392	69,7%	13,5%	5,0%	9,8%	23,8%
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) - Total other than criminal cases (12.1 + 12.2)	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.1 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for cases brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
12.2 Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (in €) for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court - Total other than criminal cases	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 5.6: Court fees required to start a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction in (Q8)											
8.1.1 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Criminal cases	Yes	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
8.1.2 Have litigants to pay taxes to start a proceeding - Other cases	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5.7 (EC): Coverage of legal aid (other than criminal cases) (Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19)											
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
17 Legal aid included the coverage of or the exemption from court fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users											
Table 6.1 (EC) Centralised databases for decision support (Q62.4)											
62.4 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.1.1 Is there a centralised national case law database?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
62.4.2.2 All matters - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.2.3 All matters - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	ie lagrummet.se	edande avgöranden"	ormation/rattspraxis	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.2 Civil - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.3.3 Civil - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.2 Administrative - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.5.3 Administrative - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.2 Other - Link to ECHR case law	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62.4.6.3 Other - Name(s) of the database(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2 (EC) Technologies used for court management and administration (Q63.1, Q63.3)											
63.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.1.1 Is there a case management system?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
63.1.2.2 All matters - Centralised database	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.3 All matters - Early warning signals	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	Vera	Vera	Vera	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.2 Civil - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.3 Civil - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.2 Administrative - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.3 Administrative - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.2 Other - Centralised database	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.3 Other - Early warning signals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.1.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the system(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
63.3.1.1 Are there tools of producing courts activity statistics?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.3 (EC) Technologies used for communication between courts, professionals and/or court users (Q64.2, Q64.5, Q64.6, Q64.8)											
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(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.2 Is there a possibility to submit a case to courts by electronic means?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	10-49%	10-49%	10-49%	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.2 All matters - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.3 All matters - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.2.4 All matters - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	ial cases) and e-mail	e-mail programme	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.2 Civil - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.3 Civil - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.3.4 Civil - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.2 Administrative - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.3 Administrative - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.5.4 Administrative - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.2 Other - Submission of cases in paper form remains mandatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.3 Other - Specific legislative framework authorising the submission of a case	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.2.6.4 Other - Name(s) of the software dealing with online submission of cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5 Is it possible to monitor the stages of an online judicial proceeding?	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.2 All matters - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.3 All matters - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.4 All matters - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.2.5 All matters - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.2 Civil - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.3 Civil - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.4 Civil - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.3.5 Civil - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.2 Administrative - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.3 Administrative - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.4 Administrative - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.5.5 Administrative - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.2 Other - Monitoring linked to the case management system	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.3 Other - Monitoring including the publication of an online decision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.4 Other - Do court users have to pay?	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.5.6.5 Other - Name of the software used for the online monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.1.1 Are there possibilities of electronic communication between courts and lawyers?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	-	-	-	0,0%	0,0%
64.6.2.2 All matters - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.3 All matters - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.4 All matters - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.5 All matters - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.6 All matters - E-mail	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.7 All matters - Specific computer application	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.8 All matters - Other	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.2.9 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.2 Civil - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.6.3.3 Civil - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.4 Civil - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.5 Civil - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.6 Civil - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.7 Civil - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.8 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.3.9 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.2 Administrative - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.3 Administrative - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.4 Administrative - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.5 Administrative - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.6 Administrative - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.7 Administrative - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.8 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.5.9 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.2 Other - Submission of a case to a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.3 Other - Pre-hearing phases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.4 Other - Schedule of hearings and/or appeals management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.5 Other - Transmission of courts decisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.6 Other - E-mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.7 Other - Specific computer application	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.8 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.6.6.9 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.1.1 Is there a device for electronic signatures of documents between courts, users and/or professionals?	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.1 All matters - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.2 All matters - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.3 All matters - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.4 All matters - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.5 All matters - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.6 All matters - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.2.7 All matters - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.1 Civil - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.2 Civil - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.3 Civil - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.4 Civil - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.5 Civil - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.6 Civil - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.3.7 Civil - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.1 Administrative - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.2 Administrative - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.3 Administrative - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.4 Administrative - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.5 Administrative - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.6 Administrative - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.5.7 Administrative - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.1 Other - Equipment rate	-	-	-	0% (NAP)	NR	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.2 Other - Conclusions exchanged between lawyers aimed at a court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.3 Other - Judicial administration deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
64.8.6.4 Other - Decisions of other courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.5 Other - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.6 Other - Signature mandatory on a paper original	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64.8.6.7 Other - Specific legal framework	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.5 Other aspects related to information technologies in 2015 (Q65-4, Q65-5, Q65-6)											
65-4 Measurement of actual benefits resulting from one or several components of your information system	-	-	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-
65-5 Global security policy regarding the information system based on independent audits or other	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
65-6 A law guarantee the protection of personal data handled by courts	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 7: Career and status of judges											
Table 7.1 (EC): Trainings for judges (Q127)											
127.1.1 Judges training: Initial Tr 2014	Compulsory	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.2 Judges training: Gen in-service Tr 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.3 Judges training: In serv Tr_jud_funct 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.4 Judges training: In serv Tr_management 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-
127.1.5 Judges training: In serv Tr_use of computer 2014	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
Table 8.1 Number of accredited or registered mediators (absolute values and per 100 000 inhabitants) in 2012, 2013 and 2014 (Q1, Q166)											
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8.2 and 8.3 (EC): Availability of alternative dispute methods in 2014 (Q163, Q168)											
163-1.1 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_before going to court! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-
163-1.2 Provision of mandatory mediation procedures_ordered by a judge in a course of jud. proc.! 2014	-	No	-	No	-	No	-	-	-	-	-

Indicator 9: Professionals of justice											
Table 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 Number of professional judges (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q46)											
Table 9.1.3 and 9.1.3b Distribution of professional judges by instances and per 100 000 inhabitants (Q46)											
Table 9.1.4 to 9.1.7 Distribution of male and female professional judges within the total number of professional judges in first instance in 2010 and 2012 (Q46)											
Table 9.5.1 (EC) Number of professional judges sitting in courts per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q46)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 081	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	9,1%	3,2%	2,4%	0,8%	1,7%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	734	766	764	771	780	785	6,9%	1,8%	2,1%	1,2%	0,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	308	324	334	343	343	361	17,2%	5,9%	2,7%	0,0%	5,2%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	39	33	34	36	36	33	-15,4%	9,1%	5,9%	0,0%	-8,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	606	600	584	584	572	570	-5,9%	-4,7%	-2,1%	-2,1%	-0,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	428	428	414	412	410	397	-7,2%	-4,2%	-1,0%	-0,5%	-3,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	159	152	149	150	140	151	-5,0%	-7,9%	-6,0%	-6,7%	7,9%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	19	20	21	22	22	22	15,8%	10,0%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	475	523	548	566	587	609	28,2%	12,2%	7,1%	3,7%	3,7%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	306	338	350	359	370	388	26,8%	9,5%	5,7%	3,1%	4,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	149	172	185	193	203	210	40,9%	18,0%	9,7%	5,2%	3,4%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	20	13	13	14	14	11	-45,0%	7,7%	7,7%	0,0%	-21,4%

Table 9.2.1 to 9.2.3 Total number of non-judge staff (absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants) and its distribution per category (Q1, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	-	-7,2%	1,8%	0,1%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 800	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	19,4%	-6,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	2,3%

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 179	1 054	688	707	708	706	-40,1%	-32,8%	2,9%	0,1%	-0,3%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	119	91	106	104	104	-	-12,6%	14,3%	-1,9%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	500	677	694	719	706	-	43,8%	6,2%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	565	595	597	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	238	235	234	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	54	56	63	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	203	212	211	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	-	-	0,9%	-0,9%	1,4%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	-	-	-1,0%	-1,9%	2,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	443	469	473	472	-	-	6,8%	0,9%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	49	52	48	41	-	-	-2,0%	-7,7%	-14,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	476	491	507	495	-	-	6,5%	3,3%	-2,4%

Table 9.2.4 Number of non-judge staff vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q46, Q52)

Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
46.1.1 Total Nr_professional judges 2014	1 081	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	9,1%	3,2%	2,4%	0,8%	1,7%
46.1.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges 2014	734	766	764	771	780	785	6,9%	1,8%	2,1%	1,2%	0,6%
46.1.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges 2014	308	324	334	343	343	361	17,2%	5,9%	2,7%	0,0%	5,2%
46.1.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges 2014	39	33	34	36	36	33	-15,4%	9,1%	5,9%	0,0%	-8,3%
46.2.1 Nr_professional judges_males 2014	606	600	584	584	572	570	-5,9%	-4,7%	-2,1%	-2,1%	-0,3%
46.2.2 Nr_1st instance professional judges_males 2014	428	428	414	412	410	397	-7,2%	-4,2%	-1,0%	-0,5%	-3,2%
46.2.3 Nr_2nd instance professional judges_males 2014	159	152	149	150	140	151	-5,0%	-7,9%	-6,0%	-6,7%	7,9%
46.2.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_males 2014	19	20	21	22	22	22	15,8%	10,0%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Nr_professional judges_females 2014	475	523	548	566	587	609	28,2%	12,2%	7,1%	3,7%	3,7%
46.3.2 Nr_1st inst professional judges_females 2014	306	338	350	359	370	388	26,8%	9,5%	5,7%	3,1%	4,9%
46.3.3 Nr_2nd inst professional judges_females 2014	149	172	185	193	203	210	40,9%	18,0%	9,7%	5,2%	3,4%
46.3.4 Nr_Supreme court professional judges_females 2014	20	13	13	14	14	11	-45,0%	7,7%	7,7%	0,0%	-21,4%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	-	-7,2%	1,8%	0,1%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 800	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	19,4%	-6,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	2,3%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 179	1 054	688	707	708	706	-40,1%	-32,8%	2,9%	0,1%	-0,3%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	119	91	106	104	104	-	-12,6%	14,3%	-1,9%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	500	677	694	719	706	-	43,8%	6,2%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	565	595	597	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	238	235	234	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	54	56	63	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	203	212	211	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	-	-	0,9%	-0,9%	1,4%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	-	-	-1,0%	-1,9%	2,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	443	469	473	472	-	-	6,8%	0,9%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	49	52	48	41	-	-	-2,0%	-7,7%	-14,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	476	491	507	495	-	-	6,5%	3,3%	-2,4%

Table 9.3.1 Number of lawyers* (absolute number, per 100 000 inhabitants and variations) (Q1, Q146, Q147)

(2010-2016) data
Sweden tables

Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Variation 2010-2016	Variation 2012-2015	Variation 2013-2015	Variation 2014-2015	Variation 2015-2016
Table 9.5.2 (EC) Number of lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants (Q1, Q146)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 000	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 263	5,3%	10,6%	7,0%	4,0%	-9,3%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	No	No	-	No	No	No	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.3.3 Number of lawyers vs professional judges (values per 100 000 inhabitants) (Q1, Q146, Q52)											
Q1. Number of inhabitants	9 415 570	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	6,2%	3,1%	2,1%	1,1%	1,5%
146 Total number of lawyers practising in your country.	5 000	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 263	5,3%	10,6%	7,0%	4,0%	-9,3%
52.1.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014	NA	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	-	-7,2%	1,8%	0,1%	1,2%
52.1.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.1.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014	2 800	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	19,4%	-6,6%	0,3%	-0,6%	2,3%
52.1.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014	1 179	1 054	688	707	708	706	-40,1%	-32,8%	2,9%	0,1%	-0,3%
52.1.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014	-	119	91	106	104	104	-	-12,6%	14,3%	-1,9%	0,0%
52.1.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014	-	500	677	694	719	706	-	43,8%	6,2%	3,6%	-1,8%
52.2.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (men)	-	-	-	1 060	1 098	1 105	-	-	-	3,6%	0,6%
52.2.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (men)	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.2.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (men)	-	-	-	565	595	597	-	-	-	5,3%	0,3%
52.2.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (men)	-	-	-	238	235	234	-	-	-	-1,3%	-0,4%
52.2.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	54	56	63	-	-	-	3,7%	12,5%
52.2.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (men)	-	-	-	203	212	211	-	-	-	4,4%	-0,5%
52.3.1 Total Nr_non judge staff who are working in courts 2014 (women)	-	-	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	-	-	0,9%	-0,9%	1,4%
52.3.2 Nr_Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger) 2014 (women)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	-	-	-
52.3.3 Nr_Non-judge staff assisting the judges 2014 (women)	-	-	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	-	-	-1,0%	-1,9%	2,7%
52.3.4 Nr_Staff in charge of administrative tasks 2014 (women)	-	-	443	469	473	472	-	-	6,8%	0,9%	-0,2%
52.3.5 Nr_Technical staff 2014 (women)	-	-	49	52	48	41	-	-	-2,0%	-7,7%	-14,6%
52.3.6 Nr_Other non judge staff 2014 (women)	-	-	476	491	507	495	-	-	6,5%	3,3%	-2,4%

Indicator 10: The methods, sources and efficiency of national data collection

Table 10.1: Centralised institution responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary (Q80)

80.1 Centralised instit resp_collecting data_func_C&J 2014	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-	-	-	-
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Table 10.2: Publication of statistics on the functioning of each court on the internet (Q80.1)

80-1 Published statistics on the functioning of each court	-	-	-	-	-	Yes on Internet	-	-	-	-	-
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Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 20%