

Deepening the market for EU-Bonds

EU-Bond Investor Survey Summary of responses September 2023

THE SURVEY

Purpose of the EU Investor Survey



- Since the launch of NGEU in June 2021, the EU has implemented a diversified funding strategy in line with standard practice of European Government Bonds (EGB) issuers.
- The Commission undertook an inaugural **investor survey** (07/06 to 07/07 2023) to:
 - collect feedback from market participants on the extent to which the functioning of the EU-Bond market resembles the markets of the larger and more liquid EGB issuers;
 - receive feedback on how the new measures the Commission announced in December 2022
 to further develop the EU's position in financial markets are perceived by investors;
 - solicit views on further steps to improve the functioning of markets in EU-Bonds from an investor perspective. In this context, one part of the survey collected feedback on the importance of inclusion of EU Bonds in sovereign EGB indices used as key benchmarks for investment decisions.





- 80% of investors see EU-Bonds as substitutes for core area EGBs and over half (53.7%) regard EU-Bonds as comparable to large, highly-rated issuers (versus 26% who compare to medium-size sovereigns).
- Investors focus on liquidity in the secondary market (88% "strong importance") and long-term perspective of the issuance programme (60% "strong importance") when investing in EGB bonds. EU compares well to EGB issuers on these fundamentals. Respondents also appreciate the high volumes of outstanding debt (60%) and regular high-volume supply which are seen as comparable to large EGBs (98%).
- Investors see **EU's communication** (62%), **use of auctions** (58%) **and overall funding strategy** (55%) as **highly comparable to EGB market practices**.
- Work is underway to introduce quoting arrangements and build a repo facility. Both are seen as very important in further aligning the functioning of markets for EU bonds with those of large EGBs.







- Inclusion of EU-Bonds in 'sovereign indices' is the single-most important remaining step to align further with EGB markets (strong importance for 75% of the sample). This would significantly boost demand for EU-Bonds for about 48% of respondents.
- The absence of direct taxing powers for EU often advanced as reason for distinguishing EU from sovereign – is not seen as important by investors (23% "strong importance").
- The use of EU bonds as collateral needs to be further developed. Investors see the introduction of a "futures" contract as an important additional measure (strong importance for 53% of respondents).



THE RESPONDENTS

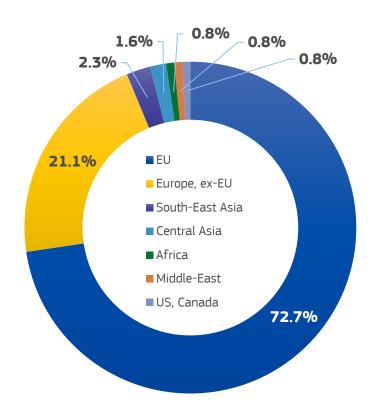
Profile of respondents



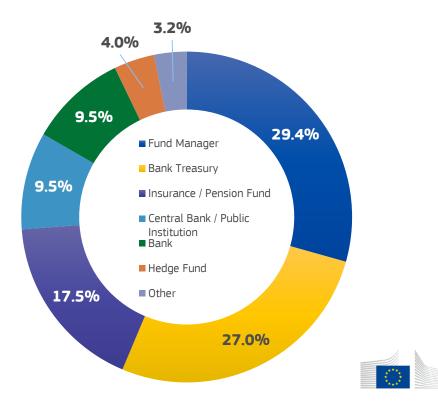
European Commission

128 responses accounting for over 60% of EU-Bond volumes issued over the last 3 years

Well diversified geography



Well diversified by **investor category** (16 out of 20 largest EU-Bond purchasers)



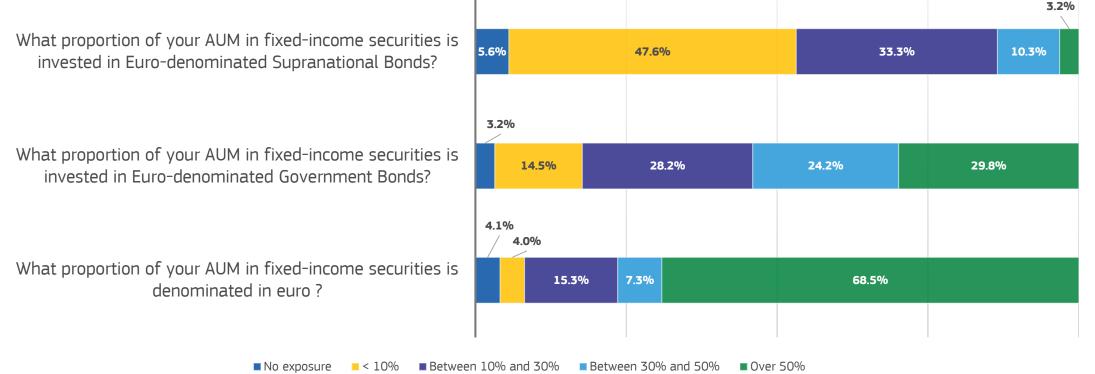


THE RESPONDENTS

Respondents: strongly euro-focussed



Investment **portfolios of respondents** heavily oriented towards **euro-currency investments**, with large share of their fixed-income euro **investments in government bonds**.



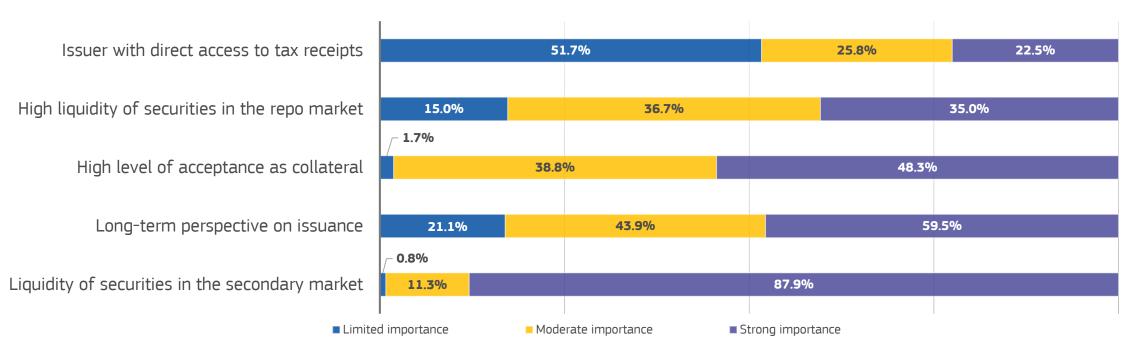




Views on key features of the EGB market



Respondents main focus when assessing prospective bond investments: **secondary market liquidity** and **longer-term perspective** on the **issuance programme**. Direct taxing powers of the issuers of much lower importance.



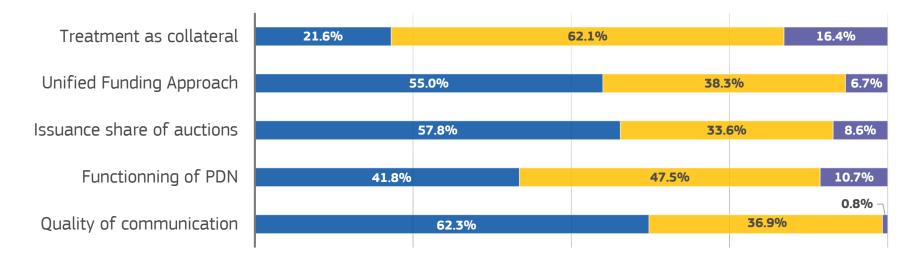




Comparability of EU Bond programme versus EGB

EU's transparency of communication, the Unified Funding Strategy and syndication/auction mix are assessed by the majority of respondents as **highly comparable to the EGB issuers**.

The treatment of **EU-Bonds as collateral** is seen as requiring **further progress** by about 62% of respondents.



EU-Bond programme is highly comparable EU-Bond programme is somewhat comparable but further progress can be made EU-Bond programme is not comparable



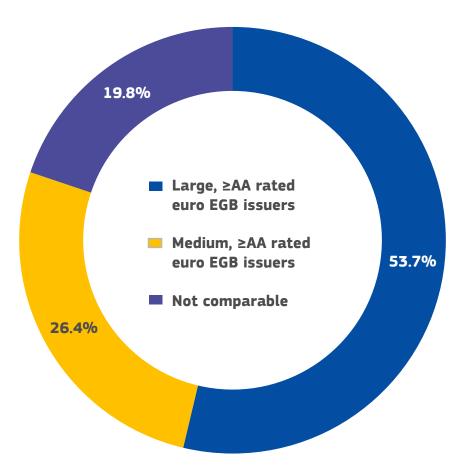
THE RESULTS

Comparability of EU Bond versus EGB

For **80% of the respondents,** the functioning of the **EU Bond** market **resembles closely** that of the bond markets for liquid and highly rated (at least AA) **euro government bond issuers.***

54% consider the EU Bond comparable to the larger issuers in this group

* Defined for the purposes of this survey as: Germany, France, Belgium, Finland, Netherlands, Austria





THE RESULTS

Relevance of EGB indices



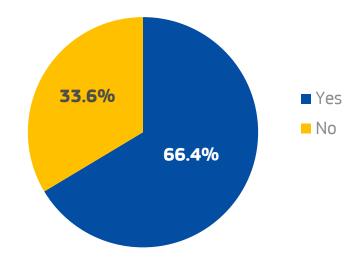
79% of respondents use indices from the

main index providers (customized indices: 38%, non-customized indices: 41%).

About 2/3 of investors would increase their

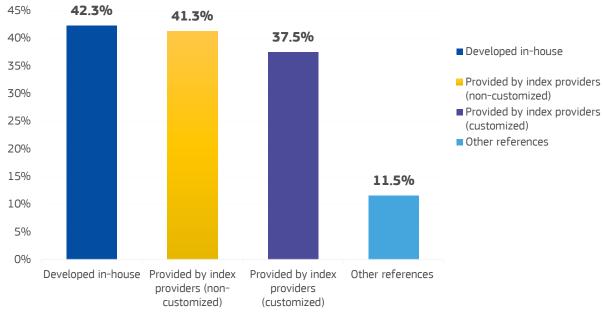
exposure to EU debt if EU-Bonds were to be included in an EGB/sovereign index. **This increase would be significant for almost 48% of respondents.**

Impact of EU-Bonds inclusion in EGB indices





Benchmarking approach of respondents (in-house or external providers)





Further steps to deepen the EU Bond market



Investors regard the planned **introduction of quoting arrangements for EU Bonds this autumn and of the repo facility by mid-2024** as very important steps in aligning EU Bond markets with those of EGBs.

The introduction of a "futures" contract (alongside a repo facility) is seen as being of 'strong importance' by 53% of respondents.

Investors consider the **inclusion of EU securities in 'sovereign indices' as the single-most important remaining step** in order for EU Bonds to trade and price similarly to the EGB.

