



A Recovery plan for Europe:

The Recovery and Resilience Facility

DENMARK

Financial Counsellors Working Party, 28 June 2021



Overview of the Danish RRP



7 components



39 measures

6 reforms and **33** investments



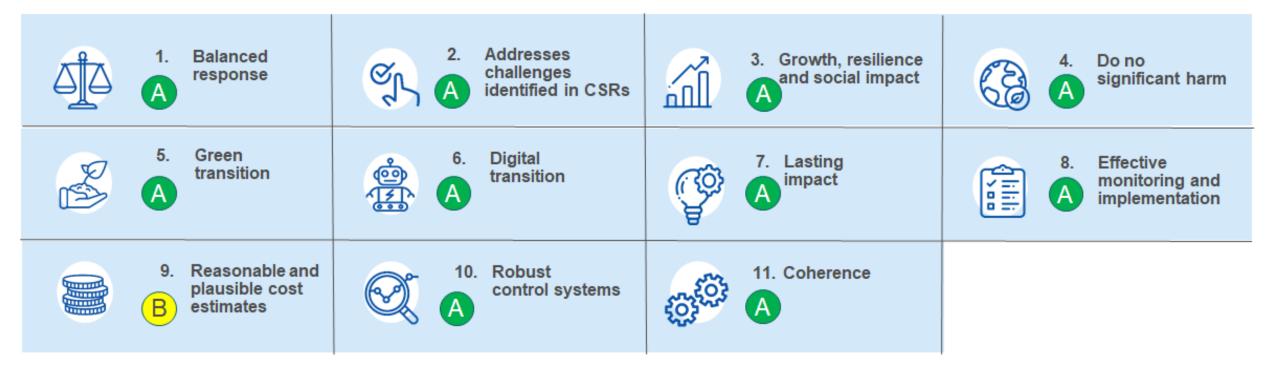


€ 1.5 bn in grants





Assessment summary







Green transition

59% of plan allocated to **climate** objectives









Key reforms

- Green tax reform with incentives for green/digital investments and subsequent energy taxes
- Change in car registration taxes to support low-emission cars

Key investments

- Energy efficiency in buildings and industries
- Removing carbon rich soils from agricultural production
- Sustainable road transport infrastructure, diesel car scrappage schemes
- Retrofitting of zero emission ferries

DNSH: No measure in the plan harms environmental objectives

Cross-border projects

Several projects with crossborder potential: power-to-x investments (wind to hydrogen), carbon capture and storage





Digital transition

25% of plan allocated to digital objectives

Key investments

Key reforms

A new digital strategy focusing on:

- Further modernisation of the public sector
- Improving the digital-readiness of the regulatory framework
- Enhancing cyber- and IT security

- Public sector IT infrastructures
- Investments in IT skills and competences
- Extending rural broadband coverage

Sectors specific actions

- Digitisation of health care
- Strengthening SMEs digital transition





Resilience

Economic

- Reduce dependence on fossil fuels through green and climate investments
- Green R&D projects focusing on CCS, power-to-X energy and other promising green technologies

Business environment

 Strengthen competitiveness through green and digital investments



Social

- Preventing shortages of critical medical products through strategic storages to strengthen supply chains
- Telemedicine for disadvantaged groups

Institutional

 Digital strategy for public IT infrastructure, data management and IT security





Social impact and equality screening



Equality including gender balance and diversity of research teams

Energy efficiency
measures will
benefit less affluent
households

Digital solutions in healthcare will benefit people in rural areas and vulnerable people

Broadband roll-out will benefit people and enterprises in rural areas







Audit and control – Protection of the EU's financial interests

Audit and control systems to protect against serious irregularities:

- Fraud
- Corruption
- Double funding



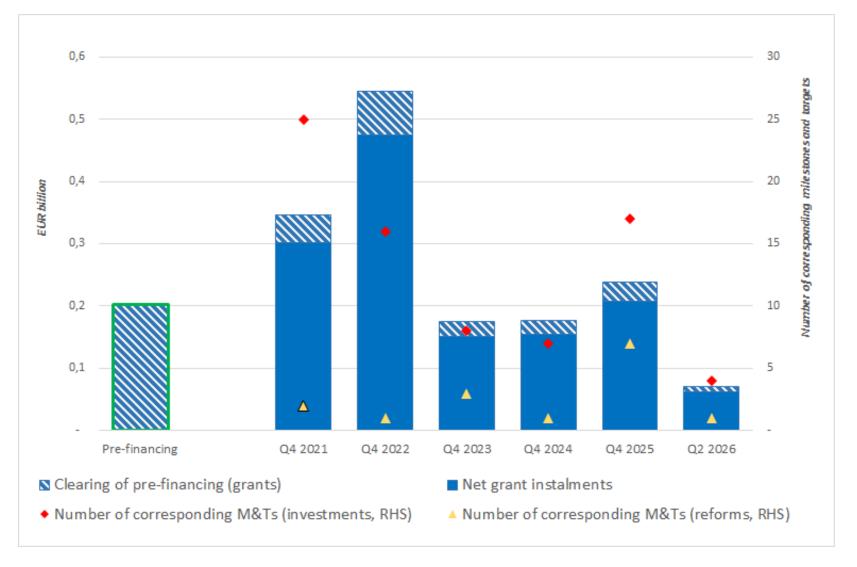
Control and audit systems:

- Sufficient and robust
- Two levels of control and audit:
 a central level, which is
 additional to the
 existing decentralised level.
- The Ministry of Finance is responsible for coordinating and ensuring that the line ministries' audits and controls are sound and well-functioning





Milestones & targets and payment requests







Thank you

